

# Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 5.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, DECEMBER 9, 1904.

NUMBER 40

## THE FARMING WEALTH

The Secretary of Agriculture Makes Some Interesting Deductions.

### THE AMERICAN HEN A HUMMER

Washington, Nov. 29.—In his annual report James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, after showing that the products of United States farms in one year are worth \$4,900,000,000, states that the hens of the United States lay 1,666,000,000 dozens of eggs a year, or enough in one month to pay the interest of the entire national debt for one year. Mr. Wilson figures that the corn crop would be sufficient to pay off the debt. The cotton crop he estimates at \$600,000,000.

Secretary Wilson says that all the gold mines of the entire world have not produced since Columbus discovered America greater value of gold than have the farmers of this country in two years. This year's product of the farms is more than six times the capital stock of all the national banks, three times the gross earnings of the railways; four times the value of all minerals produced, twice the sum of the imports and exports, and comes within three-quarters of a billion dollars of equalling the value of all manufactures for the year 1900.

Secretary Wilson is pleased with the Bureau of Plant Industry, which after eight years' work has produced an orange that will grow as far north as North Carolina and is proof against the frosts of Florida, thus insuring a crop. For several years the experiments for an orange resulted in a lemon, but this year a sweet orange was produced and Secretary Wilson ate one of them on Thanksgiving with his dinner.

The Secretary shows that the deposits in banks have greatly increased.

"The farmer may not become a millionaire," he says, "but he is surer than the millionaire to retain his wealth and to have independence in living."

Mr. Wilson advises young men not to leave the farm.

**Wanted.**—Hides, sheep pelts goat skins, etc. Highest market price paid by Welch & Titsworth.

## ALL MIGHT BE RICH.

By Joseph Hall.

In a relative sense, the terms rich and poor are of course frequently used. Among those who are on the verge of starvation by the tribute wrung from them to maintain the luxury of the tariff barons and trust magnates, a person with a small number of cows, or other stock, will be looked upon as rich, and their social standing is good, while in a society of millionaires a man with only \$100,000 will be regarded as poor, and he will have no social standing among the 400.

We cannot, of course, all be rich in the sense of having more than others; but when people say, as they often do, that we cannot all be rich, or that we must always have the poor with us, they do not use the words in this comparative sense. They mean by the rich those who have enough, or more than enough, wealth to gratify all reasonable wants, and by the poor those who have not.

Now, using the words in this sense, I join issue with those who say we cannot all be rich, and I also join issue with those who contend that in human society the poor must always exist and be with us. I do not mean to say that we might all have an array of servants, outshine each other in dress, elegant dinners and the magnificence of our houses. This would be a contradiction of terms. I wish to be understood as contending that we all might have liesure, comfort and abundance, not merely of the necessaries, but even of what are now counted the elegancies and luxuries of life. I do not mean to infer that absolute equality could be had, or would be desirable; or that we could all have, or would want, the same quantity of the different forms of wealth. But I do wish to be distinctly understood to mean that that we might all have enough wealth to satisfy reasonable desires; and have a sufficient quantity of the material things we now struggle for, so that no one would want to rob or swindle his neighbor; or worry all day and lie awake half the night, fearing he might be brought to poverty, and thinking how he can acquire wealth by defrauding

his friend, and avoid the law, thus maintaining the legal standard of honesty.

You will say that such a condition seems a Utopian dream. My reply is, what would people one hundred years ago have said of any one who would dare to even suggest that we would now be using steam power to sew our clothes; that we would harness steam to our commerce on land and sea; that we would lace the air with wire and call to it the lightning from the heavens and make it carry our messages around the world, and enable us to talk to our friends and recognize their voices 50 miles away, as well as, give us light and heat and carry us from place to place in our cities; he would have been looked upon by the wise men of that time somewhat as the mediæval European mind regarded the powers which it believed might be gained by the Black Art, but for which the user must finally pay in destruction of body and damnation of soul.

Did you ever see a pail of swill given to a pen of hungry hogs? That is human society as it is.

Did you ever see a company of well-bred men and women sitting down to a good dinner, each knowing that his own appetite will be satisfied, deferring to and helping the others? That is human society as it might be.

"Devil catch the hindmost" is the motto of our so-called civilized society of today. We learn early to take care of No. 1 lest No. 1 should suffer; we learn early to grasp from others what we may not want ourselves. The fear of poverty makes us admire

great wealth; and so habits of greed are formed and we see the pitiable few struggling and grasping to add to their store of wealth up to the verge of the grave—that grave which, whatever else it may mean, does certainly mean the parting with such earthly possessions.

On Sundays, at the appointed hour, in the churches, the preacher reads the parable of Dives and Lazarus. What can it mean in churches where Dives is welcomed and Lazarus is shown the door? The same preachers preach of the vanity of riches, while poverty engulfs the hindmost. Such preaching is in vain, as the

[Continued on Editorial Page.]

## Congressmen Want Raise

Washington, Nov. 29.—Republican leaders in the House and Senate are discussing a bill to increase the salaries of the President, Vice-President and members of Congress, and say it will be introduced the coming session. It is proposed to increase the President's salary from \$50,000 to \$100,000, the Vice-President's from \$8,000 to \$20,000, and that of members of Congress from \$5,000 to \$10,000. Some of the Representatives think an increase of \$2,500 in the pay of Congressmen would be all the people would stand. It is asserted that the members cannot live at Washington on their present salaries, and that men of brains will not stay in Congress because the pay is so small.

It is proposed to make the increases operative at the beginning of a new Congress, probably the 4th of March, 1907.

## THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPITAN, - - NEW MEXICO.

The Hague conference might take note of the fact that 95,000 accidents, fatal and otherwise, occurred on railroads in this country last year.

Signs of the times: When she is carrying the package they are married. When he is carrying one she is thinking about getting a divorce.

Poverty, according to J. G. Phelps Stokes of college settlement experience in New York, will one day cease to exist. So also in that day will riches.

It is a more hopeful and not more hazardous enterprise for the duke of Orleans to try to reach the north pole than to attempt to set up the throne of his fathers.

Evidently the Cleveland judge who holds that a man with a nagging wife has a right to get drunk is of that school of philosophers who believe that what is is right.

President Eliot of Harvard says the true gentleman will be deferential to age, beauty and all worthy things. He probably classes the homely girls as one of the worthy things.

Marconi has been held up by a policeman for violating the speed law in running his automobile, and was unable to pull any wires to save himself from going to the station.

The man who writes to a New York paper declaring that housework is all the exercise that women need to make them beautiful, strong and healthy simply signs his letter "Crank."

There is a race horse that has been given the name of Togo. As soon as the Togo 5-cent cigar appears the admiral may retire, knowing that he has reached the limit of earthly glory.

A heretofore esteemed contemporary makes a great display of the announcement that Chauncey Depew has cracked a new joke. Nothing could be baser or crueller than this.

France is about to have another crisis. Nobody seems to know what it is going to be, but it is bound to come. The people have stood the present calm about as long as possible.

It is a sad fact that thousands of substantial American citizens are less interested in the announcement that Mr. Jeffries is going off the stage than in the news that Mr. Jeffries is going on.

James A. Garland, millionaire, of New York, who has just remarried his divorced wife, tried George Meredith's scheme, but found it didn't work. He discovered he couldn't get any substitute for the woman he loved.

The statement that 150 Chicago teachers are suffering from overstudy is respectfully referred for cogitation to that western university professor who said the other day that school teachers ought not to have such long vacations.

It is asserted that civilization as it advances weakens man's sense of smell, but, perhaps, on the whole, people who live in congested districts ought to be thankful for this. Taken by and large nature generally knows her business pretty well.

Queer that Rudyard Kipling should write a letter to the Paris Figaro in which he speaks of an England which he describes as spoilt by too much ease and which sleeps and, because it snores aloud, imagines that it thinks! Why didn't he make a poem of it?

## Cat Made Poor Choice

It was a mean thing to do, certainly, but the cat meant no harm. On the contrary, she evidently thought she was doing a very graceful act.

A well-known resident of Baltimore county left home the other day for a trip to the seashore. A short time previous to his departure he bought a silk hat of excellent quality and dazzling finish, but he deemed the weather too hot to use such a headpiece on his trip, and consequently left it at home. He put it carefully away on the second shelf of a wardrobe and did not give a thought to any possible harm befalling it during his absence.

Upon his return from the sandy beach and out of hearing of the "sad sea waves" there arose within a day an occasion demanding his presence, together with the full dress regalia, at a function of large moment in the county. He dressed carefully and when the job was done he smiled with infinite satisfaction as he regarded the impression his mirror gave him of himself.

All that remained was to take his silk hat and cane and go forth. He went to the wardrobe to get the hat which he had never worn, except to test its "becomingness." As he opened the door of the wardrobe he was sur-

prised to see the family cat come bouncing into the room, making the most cordial "meows" he had ever heard. She rubbed against his legs and seemed very anxious about something. He was fond of the cat and stooped and stroked her back very gently. But her agitation increased when he raised his hand to the shell where the hat was. He found the hat unusually heavy. In fact, it was so heavy it seemed that it would be impossible to lift it by the brim. He curiously looked inside and—well, he is a humane man, but he kicked the cat out of the room, called the servant and said things of which he has since repented. The trouble was the cat had taken advantage of his absence and had placed a brand new family of kittens in his hat. At that very moment five of the prettiest little feline infants in the world were sleeping serenely where their fond mother had put them.

The friends of this gentleman have heard the story and he is having a hard time finding an antidote for their "digs." There is no doubt the cat thought she was paying her master a big compliment, and it would be interesting to know what she now thinks of her master's lack of gratitude and his disposition in general.—Baltimore Sun.

## Why Literary Men Drink

"Has eyestrain anything to do with the drinking habit?" asked a writer in the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "Some of the men who claim to know have declared that this increasing habit is due, in a great many instances, to eyestrain, and so they reason the habit into the list of ailments to be treated by oculists. Come to think of it, the theory is a plausible one in many respects, though I doubt whether any considerable percentage of drunkenness is due to eyestrain. But you take men whose callings require them to use their eyes a great deal, men, for instance, who have to read and write nearly all the time, and you will, as a rule, find that a large majority of them naturally take to the habit of drinking.

"Literary men drink a great deal. Newspaper men drink. Lawyers drink. Many doctors, particularly those who give more attention to the theoretical side of the science of medicine than to the practical side, are in

the habit of taking a stimulant now and then. Do you suppose in these cases eyestrain has anything to do with the drinking habit? I am inclined to think so. Of course it would not be reasonable to assume that in all cases of drinking among men of this class the habit is due to eyestrain, because in some instances we will find other special causes, maybe an inherited taste, environment and other influences that might be mentioned.

"If we take the most favorable view of the theory, allowing all that is claimed for it by those who advance and advocate it, we will yet find that other causes and excuses must be found for the vast majority of cases of drunkenness. Still these theories are all interesting, and we do not lose anything by considering them. We must not permit them, however, to lead us to wrong conclusions, nor must we accept as altogether true that drinking is a necessary thing when we overstrain our eyes."

## First of the Castellanes

A friend of the Gould family related the other day the story of the origin of the Castellanes of France.

"I know that this story is true," he began, "for I got it from Count Boni himself.

"It seems that centuries ago the Castellanes were only poor folk—tillers of the soil, warders, armorers, and so on. Finally a youth appeared among them of a different caliber from his simple, timid, frugal relatives. He was a bold fellow, tall, strong, gay, with blue eyes and yellow curls, ready to laugh always, and equally ready to fight.

"He became, as was natural, a soldier. He bore arms under one of the warrior kings of France. But he was only a dragoon and, though he served his country well, promotion did not come to him.

"One day it happened that the king, reviewing the troops, rode at the head

of the column to which Castellane belonged. The young man's horse was restive. It shied now to the right and now to the left. Finally, with a quick, sidling movement it lunged against the mount of the king himself. The shoulders of the monarch and of the soldier hurled together, and the king was nearly thrown.

"He turned pale with rage, and struck Castellane across the cheek with his riding whip. The blow was seen by the whole army.

"The young man, a red welt across his face, bowed low over his horse's neck, and, drawing his pistol, extended it, butt forward, to the king.

"Sire," he said, "you have taken away my honor—take my life."

"This picturesque gallantry impressed the king. He took the young man into his favor, ennobling him in due course. From this youth the Castellanes descend."

### Animals Not Immune from Plague.

For the first time in the history of plague, says a correspondent from Mysore, the plague virus has become known to effect the elephants. Recently one of the elephants belonging to the palace succumbed to the disease. A bullock, also of the palace,

which was placed along with others within a hundred yards from the elephant, developed symptoms of plague almost simultaneously and is yet lingering. This proves beyond doubt that quadrupeds and all domestic animals are not immune from plague infection.—Bombay Gazette.

Wiggle Stick  
WASH BLUE.  
Costs 10 cents and equals 20 cents worth of any other kind of bluing. Won't Freeze, Spill, Break.  
Nor Spot Clothes  
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:  
Wiggle Stick  
around in the water.  
At all wise Grocers.

### ELECTRIC LINES.

Rapidly coming into use near large Eastern Cities.

"Electricity is proving to be of immense benefit to suburban dwellers and railroads are electrifying their lines for this travel. I am not surprised that the Colorado & Southern proposes to electrify part of its system," said Geo. B. Beard, an electrician of New York, at the Brown Palace hotel yesterday, says the Denver Republican.

"The Erie will electrify its lines in New Jersey for about sixty miles of track, and it will connect with the new tunnel under the Hudson river between Jersey City and Manhattan. This means that the Erie will be enabled to handle double the number of passengers it now does and also that these thousands of people daily can be handled much easier and more rapidly than by steam. Several other important eastern roads are to electrify their lines out of the big cities, and I believe that in a few years there will be no steam used for suburban travel.

"Indianapolis and Cleveland have demonstrated what can be done by electric lines, and the constant improvements being made insure the future of electric lines for passenger travel. I do not think that electricity will ever play a very important part in freight traffic. In handling freight a large number of loaded cars makes the profit, and therefore steam is necessary, and I doubt if electricity ever cuts much figure on long distances.

"However, there is an electric line from Indianapolis to Chicago, and it is possible that these electric trains for long distances will become paying. But for short distances, for suburban travel where there are crowds to handle, and handle rapidly, the trolley is far ahead of the steam trains."

### BY PROXY.

#### What the Baby Needed.

I suffered from nervousness and headache until one day about a year ago it suddenly occurred to me what a great coffee drinker I was and I thought maybe this might have something to do with my trouble, so I shifted to tea for awhile but was not better, if anything worse.

"At that time I had a baby four months old that we had to feed on a bottle, until an old lady friend told me to try Postum Food Coffee. Three months ago I commenced using Postum, leaving off the tea and coffee, and not only have my headaches and nervous troubles entirely disappeared, but since then I have been giving plenty of nurse for my baby, and have a large, healthy child now.

"I have no desire to drink anything but Postum and know it has benefited my children, and I hope all who have children will try Postum and find out for themselves what a really wonderful food drink it is." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Both tea and coffee contain quantities of a poisonous drug called Caffeine that directly affects the heart, kidneys, stomach and nerves. Postum is made from cereals only, scientifically blended to get the coffee flavor. Ten days trial of Postum in place of tea or coffee will show a health secret worth more than a gold mine. There's a reason.

Get the book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

# STOMACH ON FIRE

ONLY A SKELETON CROUCHING BY A STOVE.

Mrs. Doherty has an Extraordinary Experience and Undergoes a Marvelous Change.

Mrs. E. Doherty, of No. 115 Coates street, Moberly, Mo., is today a picture of robust health, and yet five years ago, she barely escaped death from progressive emaciation. To a reporter she told the following story:

"In 1896 I began to have distressing attacks of indigestion that continued for two years. My stomach was constantly sore and burned as if it was on fire. It became finally so delicate that it would not retain even plain water. My inability to take food reduced my weight to ninety-eight pounds, and faintness and dizziness kept me in bed most of the time. I was really starving to death and besides I was extremely nervous. The doctor was perplexed. He gave me tonics which did me no good, and prescribed exercise which I was too weak to attempt.

"One day when I was so faint and chilled that I could do nothing but crouch down on the floor by the fire, my father brought me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I found on trial that they would stay on my stomach unlike everything else. I really felt better after three doses and I kept on using them. Food began to taste well and to stay down. The pain and the burning in the pit of my stomach lessened and at last went away altogether. My weight began to increase until it reached 165 pounds and my neighbors, who were convinced that I was wasting to death before, were astonished at the change. I resumed my housework and have hardly had occasion to call a doctor since. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to several friends, and I say to the pale, thin ones particularly, if you want to get strong and well take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

These pills cure stomach trouble by their tonic action, building up the digestive organs and enabling them to do the work that nature intended them to do. They are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and a half, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A diet book giving useful information will be sent free on request.

## Farm Land in Indian Territory.

The available farm land in Indian Territory is estimated at 15,000,000 acres. These figures are taken from the records of the Daves commission. Of this fifteen per cent. was in cultivation last year. There are about 2,000,000 acres of land where pine is found in commercial quantities and there is an abundance of hard woods of all kinds. The latest statistics obtainable give the value of farm animals at \$55,000,000. The per cent. of the population engaged in agriculture is exceeded in only three states—Mississippi, Oklahoma and Arkansas.

## TEA

Good tea is better than poor coffee, and costs less money.

Go by the book.

Write for our Knowledge Book, A. Schilling & Company, San Francisco.

### Bride or Wife?

The important question, when does a bride cease to be a bride? is decided by the London Queen, which says she becomes a wife at the expiration of six weeks after the wedding.

"I ain't got no objections at all to de man what assumes to be superior," said Uncle Eben, "pervided he makes an hones' effort to live up to his own representations."

He—I wish I had money enough to travel; I wouldn't be here. She—Wouldn't that be delightful?

## PATRIOTISM OF THE JAPS.

Mikado's Troops Examples of Self-Sacrificing Devotion.

The following are reproduced as they were printed in a Japanese newspaper:

Midshipman Shibuye saw his mother before his departure to the front, when the following conversation passed between them:

"Mother, I shall not come back alive this time."

"Why should you not?"

"Mother, how can I live when I ought to die?"

Kikuchi was one of the sailors who went to block up Port Arthur. Just before his departure he wrote to his wife these few lines:

"There is no doubt but that you are my wife and will behave accordingly."

These few words show the spartan spirit of the Japanese, to suffer in silence and be strong.

At the battle of the Yalu, Soldier Suzuki was shot through the stomach and fell down. But he cried out: "Yes, it is only a scratch." He bandaged his wound himself and told his friends to march on. The wound proved fatal and he died three days after.

Soldier K. Suzuki in one of his letters to his home mentions a most popular song sung by the soldiers at the front, which runs as follows:

He—"When I go to the front, bring up this child as a good citizen. When I die, do not weep."

She—"Why should I weep? Am I not a soldier's wife? Fight for our emperor; the honor will abide with this child."

### Where Trees Grow Fast.

A tree which grew nearly twenty feet in a year and a half has been taken from the experiment station in Santa Monica canyon to the world's fair to show what California can do in a hurry for a place in the shade. It is a variety of the eucalyptus. A small grove of these trees was planted on a shaggy cliff back of the experiment station, where it seemed as though no tree could grow at all.

When this particular tree was about a year and a half old it measured four inches in diameter. In order to get it safely to the fair the whole tree was carefully packed in mosses and soaked cloths.

One of the most interesting features of the work of the station is importing trees from foreign countries and trying them in California soil and climatic conditions. First one soil and then another is tried until a congenial one is found.

One of the additions to the California tree family thus made is one of the most beautiful trees in the world—a jacaranda, covered with immense lilac flowers. The whole makes an effect of bewildering beauty.

### The Little Japanese.

Once I knew a Japanese,  
With a little blue chemise,  
Socks and sandals and a pretty paper fan,  
Lady foot and dandy hand,  
Microscopically planned;  
And he didn't seem at all a fighting man.

He was neat and he was clean,  
Most delightful to be seen;  
He was spotless, he was spic and he was span;  
He was sugar, he was spice,  
Happy tempered to a vice;  
And he didn't seem at all a fighting man.

He would greet you with a smile  
That would carry half a mile,  
Sweet as summer, and expansive in its plan;

He would nod his beaming noll,  
Like a polished little doll;  
And he didn't seem at all a fighting man.

Which is why I'd give a lot,  
Could I camp upon the spot,  
Where he's winning bloody laurels for Japan,  
Just to watch him wading in,  
With that smile above his chin;  
For he didn't seem at all a fighting man.  
—Bertrand Shadwell in Chicago Post.

### New Style Color.

A London fashion authority states that the new winter color will be "eminence"—the peculiar shade of purple



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.

### FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

### A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more.—LITTLE E. SINCLAIR, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life; with it she can go through with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

TEA  
Of all the drinks that we drink, a nice cup of tea is the daintiest.

25 CENTS  
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.



If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

# CAPITAN NEWS.

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JNO. A. HALEY, Editor.  
SILAS MAY, Business Manager.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

### For Constable.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Constable of Precinct No. 9, subject to the will of the voters of said precinct.

NEWT KEMP.

### For Constable.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Constable of precinct No. 9, subject to the will of the voters of said precinct.

IRA O. WETMORE.

### For Justice of the Peace.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Justice of the Peace of precinct No. 9, subject to the will of the voters of said precinct.

JNO. A. HALEY.

### ALL MIGHT BE RICH.

mad struggle will will never cease until the fear of poverty has vanished. Then, and not till then, will a truly Christian civilization become possible.

We are so accustomed to poverty that we regard it as the natural lot of the great masses of the people, and that they can only get a bare living by the hardest toil. There are teachers of political economy who teach that this condition of things is the result of social laws of which it is idle to complain! There are men who stand in the pulpit and preach that this is the condition which a Just Creator intended for the great body of his children! We are so accustomed to poverty as our natural lot, that we readily believe that the Great Architect of the Universe, to whose infinite skill all nature testifies, has made such a botch job of this world that the vast majority of human creatures whom he has called into it are condemned by the conditions he has imposed to want, suffering and toil that gives no time for the development of the mind, and must pass their lives in a hard and cruel struggle to merely live.

Who can look about him without seeing that to whatever cause poverty may be due, it is not due to the short-comings of nature; and must admit that it is blindness or blasphemy to assume that the Creator—the Just God—has condemned men to a hard and brutal toil to live.

Here I wish to call to the attention of the reader the report of the Secretary of Agriculture. Read this report carefully. Think of the enormous amount of wealth now produced. The figures stagger the mind, yet, in what branch of production is there in which the limit has been reached? Is our land all in use? Is our labor all employed? Is our capital all utilized? No. There is idle

capital, there are idle lands, there are idle hands. Even in what we call good times a large number of men are unemployed. Do not large operators combine and shut down their machinery to limit the output, raise prices and cut wages?

So true is it that poverty does not come from the inability to produce wealth that from every side we hear that the power to produce is in excess of the ability to find a market; and we seem to fear not that too little, but that too much will be produced. So we keep an army of custom house officials at every port, to prevent other countries from flooding us with their good things.

We are in constant fear that other nations may do for us some of the work we might do for ourselves, and we guard our shores with a tariff to prevent them. We laud as statesmen and public benefactors those who, as we say, furnish employment! To listen to much that is said and written, one would think that the cause of poverty is because there is not work enough for so many people; and that if the Creator had made the rock harder, the soil less fertile, iron as scarce as gold, and gold as diamonds; or if ships would sink and cities burn down oftener, there would be less poverty, because there would be more work to do.

On every hand there is an enormous waste of productive power, and this waste is due, not to defects in the laws of nature, but social maladjustments which deny to labor access to the natural opportunities of labor and rob the laborer of his just reward.

The glut in the markets does not come from over-production when so many want the things said to be over-produced, and would gladly exchange labor for them if natural rights were not denied by our stupid laws. It cannot come from any natural limitation, so long as human desires remain unsatisfied, and nature yet offers to man the raw material of wealth in the greatest abundance. In soil and sunshine, in vegetable and animal life, in veins of minerals, and in pulsing forces which we are only beginning to use, are capabilities which we cannot exhaust—materials and powers from which human effort, guided by intelligence, may gratify every natural want of every human creature, and there is in nature no reason for poverty.

But if we will not use the intelligence with which we have been gifted to adapt social organization to natural laws—if we allow trusts and combines to rob honest labor, we must have chron-

[Concluded on last Page.]

# SOUTHWESTERN MERCANTILE COMPANY.

## THE BIG STORE.

The following are a few of our specialties, but we keep in stock everything usually kept in a first class general store.

|                     |                    |            |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------|
| General Merchandise | Groceries          | Guns       |
| Hardware            | Boots and Shoes    | Revolvers  |
| Tinware             | Dry Goods          | Ammunition |
| Graniteware         | Hats and Caps      | Saddles    |
| Miners' Supplies.   | Gent's Furnishings | Bridles    |
|                     | Ladies' Wear, &c.  | Harness    |

The largest stock in the County.

COALORA, N. M.

# JACKSON-GALBRAITH-FOXWORTH CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

DEALER IN

## Lumber, Shingles, Doors, Sash, etc.

Window Glass and Plate Glass a Specialty.

Prices to Meet Competition.

Capitan,

New Mexico

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <p>We Want<br/>Your<br/>Livery Business</p> | <p>The Capitan<br/><b>TRANSFER COMPANY.</b></p> <p>We especially solicit the trade<br/>of Commercial Travelers.</p> <p><b>A. V. GOODIN,</b><br/>Manager.</p> | <p>Stage Line<br/>from<br/>Capitan to Carrizozo<br/>Daily</p> <p>Teams Boarded<br/>by the Day<br/>Week or Month</p> |
|---|--|---|

In this issue of the News appears the announcement of Ira O. Wetmore for constable of precinct No. 9. Mr. Wetmore is one of our substantial business men, has resided here since the organization of the town, and has the confidence and respect of the people. He was recently appointed to this place by the Board of County Commissioners and has given general satisfaction in the discharge of his official duties; and if elected will, judging by the past, continue to efficiently serve the people of this precinct.

Jno. A. Haley announces his candidacy for justice of the peace of precinct No. 9, in this week's News. Mr. Haley will be pleased to have the support of the people of this precinct, and, if elected, promises to serve them to the best of his ability.

### Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, December 3, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on January 14, 1905: viz: Mae Gilmore, upon Homestead Application No. 1221, for the SE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$  & NW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Sec. 35, T. 10 S., R. 13 E.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

W. H. Walker, of Alto, New Mexico;  
W. N. Hightower, " " "  
Matt Gilmore, " " "  
J. V. Tully, of Ft. Stanton, New Mexico.  
HOWARD LELAND, Register.

First pub 12 9 04

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HOWARD LELAND, Register.

1st pub. 12 9, 04.

Pride of Denver flour at Welch & Titsworth.

### Patent Medicines at Welch & Titsworth.

John T. Brown and wife have returned to Coalora, after a visit to relatives in Arizona.

Capt. P. L. Krouse passed through Capitan yesterday, en route home from Lincoln.

Wanted—All the fresh eggs we can get. Welch & Titsworth.

A fine snow fell Saturday night and Sunday—more than had fallen in the previous eighteen months.

After an eight-day session the United States court adjourned at Alamogordo, without any convictions.

Barbed Wire for sale at Welch & Titsworth's.

Judge H. B. Tompkins, of White Oaks, was in Capitan yesterday, and made this office a pleasant call.

Wanted:—Live Chickens.

Welch & Titsworth.

W. R. White was down this week from the Mesa. He and others are preparing to make final proof on their homesteads.

For Sale:—Hodkins gloves at Welch & Titsworth's.

M. M. L. McReynolds and J. A. Norman were over Wednesday unloading a pump and piping for a well at the Parsons mine, which they transported by wagon to the mine. Mac says the mill is about ready to begin operations.

J. M. Blocker, of Bridgeport, Texas, arrived this week. Mr. Blocker is a member of the Montezuma Mining Co., a Lincoln county corporation, and in company with Col. Jewett and Jack Greer left yesterday morning for Eagle Creek, where the company's property is located. This company expects to do only assessment work now, but intend to begin development soon.

Star Brand Shoes are the best. They cost no more than the other kind: for sale by Welch & Titsworth.

Abe May, one of our best citizens, was accidentally injured by the explosion of some powder, while doing some assessment work on his claim in the Nogal Mining District, last Monday morning. His face, hands and body were badly burned by the explosion. His hat was torn to pieces and his clothing into shreds. He was stooping over to move the dynamite from a fire, where it had been placed to thaw out, when it exploded. Dr. Laws was phoned for and went at once to relieve Mr. May's injuries. It was a very narrow escape, and fortune certainly favored him; for his injuries might have been fatal.

### White Oaks Acorns.

Correspondence.

White Oaks, N. M.

Dec. 7, 1904.

Acorns scarce since the election.

Albert Ziegler, who has been visiting his family in Trinidad, Colorado, has returned.

John Gallacher has gone to the Roswell country after sheep.

Gracie Chew, who has been sick for some time, is able to be in school again.

Roy Treat, who has been away since last summer, has returned, and will remain in White during the winter.

Will Glenn and family are in Alamogordo this week.

George Ulrick returned from Alamogordo yesterday where he has been serving as a juror.

S. C. Wiener is in El Paso on business.

Clarence Ridgeway, who has been away from home since last summer, is expected home.

Mrs. Hamilton will leave for Denver this week. Mr. Hamilton is working in the mines near that place, and will join Mrs. Hamilton at Denver.

Miss Georgia Stubbs, of Nogal, is visiting friends in White Oaks. Miss Stubbs has been engaged in teaching at Nogal, but closed her school last week on account of shortage of funds.

M. H. Koch is near Corona this week, building a house for Will Lane.

J. P. C. Langston has moved to Tucumcari. Captain Lee has moved into the house vacated by Mr. Langston; in other words, the Captain has moved to town.

Several inches of snow fell Saturday night and Sunday.

Meadow Gold butter at Welch & Titsworth.

Geo. R. Stewart and Chas. E. Jackson, of Quincy, Illinois, respectively president and director of the Quincy Ranch Co., Michael Flick Kinderhook, Ill., Thomas Sinnock and a Mr. Fleer, Quincy, Ill., and Dr. C. N. Frame, Ewing, Mo., who have been inspecting the property of the Quincy Ranch Co. the past ten days, have returned to their several homes, highly pleased with the possibilities of the stock industry in Lincoln county. This company in a short time expect to have in operation one of the largest sheep ranches in the West on the plains north of the Capitan mountains.

Wanted:—30 or 40 head of cows on shares. For particulars apply at this office.

Emil Fritz, G. B. Greer, B. R. Robinson, W. B. Puckett, C. C. Bourne, Chas. A. Stevens and J. G. Riggle returned this week from Alamogordo, where they had served as grand and petit jurors in the U. S. court.

## Welch & Titsworth

CARPETS,

COMFORTS,

HATS,

SHOES.

REASONABLE PRICES.

Welch & Titsworth

## The One-Price Store.

W. A. HYDE, Proprietor.

J. C. WHARTON, Manager.

Kondo, N. M.

Hay, Grain and Flour in Carload Lots  
Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, Etc.

Paints and Oils, Harness, Saddles, Wagons and Farm Implementents.  
Also, Fine Whiskies and Cigars.

Highest Prices Paid for Produce.

## THE CAPITAN HOTEL,

MRS. S. T. GRAY, Lessee.

Rooms Renovated and  
Neatly Furnished.

TABLE SUPPLIED WITH  
FRESH MARKETINGS.

A SHARE OF YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

### From Jicarilla.

Jicarilla, N. M.

Nov. 29, 1904.

This camp is about to wake up again. The ground has been covered with snow for quite awhile, but is now leaving. Grass very good for winter feed.

The Free Gold Mining and Milling Co. are about to start up again after a shut down of a few months. W. A. McIvers will be in charge of the work.

Messrs. McIvers and Harbin are spending quite a time with us, sampling the ground for placer.

James Simms and Mr. Tompkins are doing some work for Dr. M. G. Paden and Col. George W. Prichard, on the Yukon claim.

J. D. Brotherton is examining the well of the Ora Vista Mining Co., with the intention of taking a contract to recover the tools lost some time ago.

W. S. Peters is in the camp, rustivating and looking over his

ground, preparatory to doing some work in the near future.

Messrs. Frost and Wishar are going to do some work on their Jack mountain iron and copper claims.

Philetus Smith, of Chicago, one of the owners of the Hawkeye mine, has arrived in camp, and expects to start work at once and patent the claim before he returns.

### Knights Elect Officers.

The Knights of Pythias of Myrtle Lodge No. 19 elected officers last Saturday night, for the ensuing six months. They are:

Silas May, C. C.;  
W. B. Puckett, V. C.;  
Lewis Mundell, P.;  
G. L. Bradford, K. of R. & S.;  
Alex. Jergason, M. of F.;  
G. H. Herbert, M. of E.;  
W. H. Sevier, M. at A.;  
W. I. Brooks, I. G.;  
Jas. Anderson, O. G.;  
S. W. Elwood, M. of W.

**Trying to Be Agreeable.**  
 Jones is nothing if not gallant. Mrs. Brown is exactly the same age as her husband, but she will not admit it. "My husband is 40," she said to some friends the other day; "you wouldn't believe it, but there's actually ten years' difference in our ages." "Impossible, dear, madam," hastily interposed Jones, anxious to say something agreeable; "I'm sure you look every day as young as he does."

**Worse Than Traveling Alone.**  
 "You say that you came from Denver alone."  
 "Yes, sir."  
 "Now, isn't it the truth," roared the lawyer, "that your husband came with you?"  
 "Sure, but I didn't think it would be component and relevant to say that I was worse than alone."—Detroit Free Press.

**In Real Money, Too.**  
 Foyer—"You remember what gorgeous diamonds Mrs. Footlight used to wear on the stage?"  
 Parket—"Yes."  
 Foyer—"Well, they were sold at a pawnbroker's auction to-day."  
 Parket—"So? I suppose they brought a neat little sum."  
 Foyer—"Yes; \$3.90."

**His Experience.**



**Fuzzyhead—**Confound it, barber, what are you doing with my hair? Did you ever handle the shears before to-day?  
**The Barber—**Yes, sir, I used to trim hedges.

**A Many-Sided Affair.**  
 "The other members of his family are as mean and contemptible as they can be, according to his story."  
 "Oh, I guess there are two sides to that story."  
 "Huh! If it's a family row I guess there are at least half a dozen sides to it."

**Active and Passive.**  
 "When did Peckham marry Miss Strong?"  
 "He didn't."  
 "Why, they told me when I got home yesterday that he was married to her."  
 "Yes, but she married him."

**Not Hard on the Horse.**  
 Fuddy—Oh, yes, horseback exercise may be all right for you, but isn't it rather hard on the horse?  
 Duddy—I don't see why it should be. You know I rest the horse right along; I'm up in the air half the time.—Boston Transcript.

**A Question of Grammar.**  
 "Did I understand you to say that you summered in the mountains?" asked the man with a precise manner.  
 "Yes."  
 "Well, in stating where you spent the autumn will you say that you falled or you fell?"

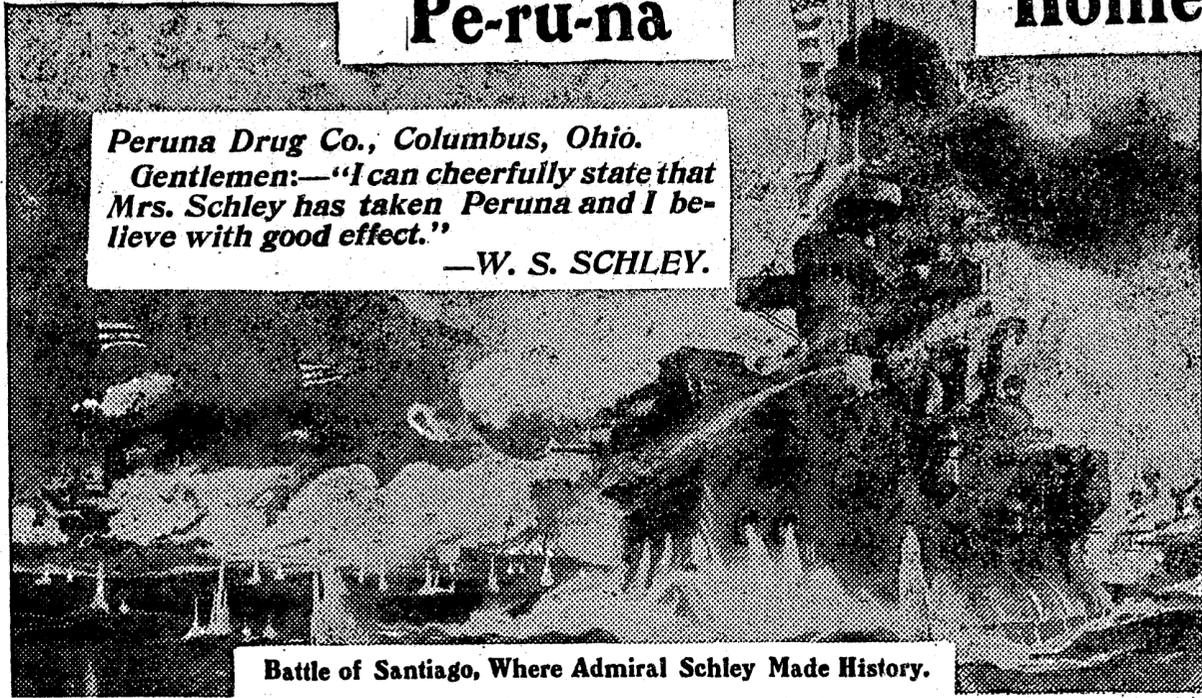
**Has a Groundless Claim.**  
 "She claims she's a fine singer. Do you think she ought to see a vocal teacher?"  
 "No."  
 "Who then?"  
 "A claim adjuster."

**Still Has Some Hope.**  
 Chumpley (gloomily)—What makes you thing there is hope for me?  
 Miss Kidder—She told me she wouldn't marry the best man living.

# Admiral Schley Uses Pe-ru-na

In His Home.

Peruna Drug Co., Columbus, Ohio.  
 Gentlemen:—"I can cheerfully state that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."  
 —W. S. SCHLEY.



Battle of Santiago, Where Admiral Schley Made History.

**A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE.**  
 ONE of the greatest naval battles in the world was the Fight Off Santiago. Never since the dispersion of the Spanish Armada been a more epoch making victory in the onward march of civilization than in the notable event of July 23, 1898, in which the great hero, Admiral Schley, took a leading part.

It was a great naval battle. Without a moment's warning it began. Quick decision, undaunted courage, excellent discipline, resolute self-confidence—these combined in Admiral Schley to produce that dash and daring so characteristic of the American soldier.

A man must think quickly in these days. There is no time for slow action. New enterprises arise in an hour. Old ones pass away in a moment.

A multitude of great themes clamor for notice. A man must take sides for or against by intuition, rather than logical deduction.

One day this fighting admiral, Schley, happened to be in company with others who were on various topics of popular interest. The subject of Peruna was raised,—its popularity as a catarrh remedy, its national importance, its extensive use.

One asked his opinion. Without a moment's hesitation, he said: "I can cheerfully say that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."

Like the Battle of Santiago, the thought was sprung upon him without any warning, and he disposed of it with the same vim and decision as he did with the Spanish fleet led by the ill-fated Viscaya.

His words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them.

Like the news of his victory over Cervera, his words concerning will be by the ADMIRAL'S WORDS CARRY WEIGHT. Peruna caught up multitudes and passed from mouth to mouth, across oceans and continents.

Except for an in-born manly independence, in a country of free speech, these words never would have been uttered by an officer in such a notable position as that of Admiral Schley.

Except for a world-wide notoriety and popularity, such as Peruna enjoys, no remedy could ever have received such outspoken public endorsement by such a man.

## TEA

There's a difference in advertisements.

Also in tea.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Of course there are exceptions, but when a girl's shoestrings are dragging she's untied-y.

**Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease.**  
 "I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently, and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now.—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Camden, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

"I am told that Bilks is a bad egg."  
 "Yes, and the worst of it is that he's broke."

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured.**  
 by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.  
 We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.  
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
 Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
 Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Love is never satisfied until it gets both arms full.

## Percheron and Shire Stallions

When you go to buy a horse stop at Lincoln, Neb., and see Watson, Woods Bros. & Kelley's Percheron and Shire. Fifty Head on Hand!

Send for Beautiful Photographs of Latest Importation and Price List FREE!

Mention this paper when writing

WATSON, WOODS BROS. & KELLEY, Lincoln, Neb.

For  
Sprains  
and  
Strains

FOR  
Burns  
and  
Scalds

Mexican  
Mustang  
Liniment

use

FOR  
Cuts  
and  
Bruises

**WE WANT YOUR NAME** and will send you prospectus and full particulars of NINE SUCCESSFUL GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, ZINC AND, QUICKSILVER Mining Companies, if you will send us your name and address. Mining Maps Free. ARBUCKLE-GOODE COMMISSION CO., 325 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

# St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as the promptest, surest cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia

## TEA

Schilling's Best is a Challenge: almost nobody takes the money, almost nobody takes the money.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Does anybody know,  
Can anybody say,  
Who docked the rabbit's tail,  
In such a funny way.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used, for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. C. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Some flat buildings are owned by sharps—so the tenants think.

### THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be out in all sorts of weather, will be given on application.)

A. J. TOWER CO.  
Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN  
COMPANY, Limited  
Toronto, Canada

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

## HERE IT IS! JUST OUT!

and you should have it

### Cram's Quick Reference Atlas of the World

We have just published a Complete Up-to-Date Handy Atlas of 574 pages, containing 105 Beautifully Colored Maps of the United States, Canada and Foreign Countries—Railroads up to 1904. This work contains 40,000 alphabetically arranged names, keyed to the maps, for locating geographically. It gives latest official Census. Just the thing you want.

#### OFFER UNPRECEDENTED.

I will mail one copy (only) of this Atlas, in (Best) Cloth Binding—postpaid to any address in the United States or Canada—by return mail, on receipt of money order for 44 cents, or 23 two-cent stamps. Address,

H. A. LINAWEAVER, Mgr.  
552-556 Wabash Ave. - CHICAGO

## Denver Directory

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Pullen, 1331 Lawrence St., Denver. Phone 720

## Oxford Hotel

Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fire-proof. C. H. Morse, Mgr.

## The Colorado Tent & Awning Co.

Lawn Swings, Camp Furniture. Largest Cotton Duck House in the West. Write for illustrated catalogue. Denver, Colo.

## CENTRAL Business College

Established 1887. Oldest, largest and most progressive in Colorado. Courses: Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy. Send for beautiful pictorial and descriptive catalogue, free. Cost over \$400.00 to produce it. L. A. Arnold, Pres., 301 Enterprise bldg., Denver, Colo.

## DENVER BEST LAUNDRY SOAP

Absolutely pure. Send for our new premium list. The Geyserite Soap Mfg. Co., Denver.

## Strawberry and Vegetable Dealers

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have recently issued a publication known as Circular No. 12, in which is described the

### best territory in this country

for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such products should address a postal card to the undersigned at Dubuque, Iowa, requesting a copy of "Circular No. 12."

J. F. MERRY, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

W. N. U.—DENVER.—NO. 45.—1904.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

## BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

## BIBLE OF LONG AGO

### SACRED BOOK BEYOND DOUBT THREE CENTURIES OLD.

Given by Fond Mother to Son Who Left Scotland to Come to America in 1611—Has Been Family Heirloom Since That Time.

Yellow with age, yet held together firmly by its strong calfskin binding, "The Grate Booke," which was printed in England more than three centuries ago, was exhibited to the descendants of John Cory and his brothers at the family reunion held in the Cory grove, near Oaklandon, Thursday. The book, which is a priceless heirloom in the family, has passed down through nine generations, is now the property of James E. Cory of Pennsylvania, who at the recent reunion was re-elected president of the Cory organization.

The history of the "Grate Booke" has been traced back as far as 1611, when the family records show that John Cory's mother gave the Bible to her son as she wished him God-speed when he left his home in Scotland to try his fortune in America. John Cory landed at or near Boston soon after the coming of the Mayflower.

For a while he lived at New London, Conn., where he was married. He afterward crossed Long Island sound and for a short time lived at Southampton, where the records show that on March 7, 1644, he was made whale commissioner for the district of Southampton. He died at Hashamomack, L. I., in 1685, leaving four sons and two daughters.

When John Cory died he willed the Bible to his son Elnathan. Thus the book has been handed down through nine generations, and the time-worn Bible that was exhibited in the grove near Oaklandon Thursday bids fair to remain a family heirloom for many years to come. It has about 500 leaves of English parchment of pages 8 by 12, and it is printed in old English type in the spelling of that age. It was published in 1603.

About 300 descendants of the young man who first received the book with his mother's blessing as he left to set sail for an unknown land gathered on Thursday in the old Cory grove, where the old volume was an object of reverence. They came from various parts of the United States, representatives being present from Pennsylvania, Alabama, California, Ohio and Indiana.—Indianapolis News.

#### Natural Inference.

At a dinner party recently given the subject of regular hours and plain diet was discussed. Several had spoken, when one of the guests remarked:

"You may not believe it, but for ten years I rose on the stroke of 6, half an hour later was at breakfast, at 7 was at work, dined at 1, had supper at 6 and was in bed at 9:30. In all that time I ate the plainest food and did not have a day's sickness."

The silence that followed was awful, but finally another guest asked:

"Will you permit a question?"  
"Certainly," was the reply. "What do you wish to know?"

"Well, just out of curiosity," said the other, "I would like to know what you were jailed for."

#### No Danger.

One cool day last June, just after the public bathhouses had been opened, a boy of ten or twelve years came into school with his hair very wet. The teacher at once surmised that he had been indulging in a bath, and asked him about it. He admitted the fact.

"Weren't you afraid you'd take cold?" she asked.

"No, ma'am, the water is filtered."  
—Philadelphia Ledger.

#### Railways on Mount Blanc.

There may be two railways to the top of Mt. Blanc.

#### South Africa Slang.

South Africans have their own characteristic colloquialisms and slang, and as a result of their surroundings frequently use Kaffir and Dutch words that render their conversation puzzling to a "new chum." For example, the variety of meanings attached to the word "ikona" (the first Kaffir word Tommy Atkins learns in that country) which may signify "haven't got," and, inversely, "I want," or "not to be caught," proves an early stumbling block. But it is with the ordinary slang that it is proposed to deal.

In the first place the colonial loves to draw, particularly in describing anything. "Man! it's such a le-etle thing," he will say. Or "Man! we want r-i-i-ght over there." He addresses man, woman or child as "Man," it may be observed. Nobody ever steals (unless the police catch him), he only "jumps" the article, or, since the war, "commandeers" it. As in America, all shows are "stores," while public houses become "canteens," a la militaire. Having entered the canteen, he will have either a "shandy" of beer and lemonade (the staple drink of the colonial), a "long" or a "pony" beer. Should he go on a spree, he is only "having a birthday." With his "skoff," or food, he prefers tea to anything else, the water being doubtful in most places.—Tit-Bits.

#### Soup From Leather.

Rawhide, or even leather, if boiled for hours, will make a nutritious soup. Many a man has bridged the awful gap by boiling his boots, whence the phrase to express the final extreme, "I'll eat my boots first." According to a story going the rounds of the press, Mark Twain was once put to this final resort, and recorded afterward that "the holes tasted the best."

#### Cured Her Rheumatism.

Deep Valley, Pa., Oct. 31.—(Special.)—There is deep interest in Green county over the cure of the little daughter of I. N. Whipkey of Rheumatism. She was a great sufferer for five or six years and nothing seemed to do her any good till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. She began to improve almost at once and now she is cured and can run and play as other children do. Mr. Whipkey says:

"I am indeed thankful for what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my daughter; they saved her from being a cripple perhaps for life."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have proved that Rheumatism is one of the results of diseased Kidneys. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. If the Kidneys are right there can be no Uric Acid in the blood and consequently no Rheumatism. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the Kidneys right.

Horses may become extinct, but the donkey will remain with us until society has ceased to be.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

#### Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 80,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Turn about's fair play, methinks,  
For instance, when  
Men set up the drinks, the drinks  
Upset the men.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar, made of extra quality tobacco. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The more ciphers attached to the widow's mite, the more men sigh for it!

## TEA

There is such a thing in the world as tea-toper, slave of the cup; one can hardly imagine it.

The smallest ideas are often clothed in the largest words.

"Why," asked the fat policeman, "do you say the prisoner is a married man?"  
"Because," replied the great detective, "he is wearing safety pins instead of suspender buttons."

#### HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare,

wife of C. B.

Pare, a prom-

inent resi-

dent of Glas-

gow, Ky.,

says: "I was

suffering

from a com-

plication of

kidney trou-

bles. Besides

a bad back,

I had a great

deal of trouble

with the se-

cretions,

which were

exceedingly

variable,

sometimes

excessive

and at other

times scanty.

The color was

high, and

passages were

accompanied

with a scalding

sensation. Doan's

Kidney

Pills soon

regulated the

kidney secre-

tions, making

their color

normal, and

banished the

inflammation

which

caused the

scalding sensa-

tion. I can

rest well, my

back is strong

and sound, and

I feel much

better in every

way."

For sale by all

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### ALL MIGHT BE RICH.

ic poverty, and all the social evils it inevitably brings. Under such conditions there would be poverty in paradise.

In spite of all our great advances we have yet with us the poor, those who, without fault of their own, cannot get healthful and wholesome conditions of life, is our fault, our shame and our greatest sin. Who that looks about him can fail to see that it is only the injustice that denies natural opportunities to labor, and robs the producer of the fruits of his toil, that prevents us from all being rich.

If the immense amount of wealth produced by labor as shown by the report of the Secretary of Agriculture, had been distributed justly, there would not be poverty in our land today. A just and natural distribution of wealth is that which gives to him who makes and secures to him who saves.

That I may be clearly understood, let me state my position again. It is: that our social institutions be conformed to justice: to those natural and eternal principles of right that are so obvious that no one can deny or dispute them—so obvious that by a law of the human mind even those who try to defend social injustice must invoke them. I ask in behalf of the poor nothing that properly belongs to the rich. Instead of weakening and confusing the rights of property, I would surround it with stronger sanctions. Instead of lessening the incentive to the production of wealth, I would make it more powerful by making it more certain. I would not place a limit on the acquisition of wealth, so long as the methods used to acquire it did not violate the law of equal freedom, or involve the robbery of others.

What we must do if we would cure social disease and avert social danger is to remove the causes which prevent the just distribution of wealth. A simple fiscal change in conformity with the following natural law will accomplish the purpose:

"As individuals come together in communities, and society grows, integrating more and more its individual members, and making general interest and general conditions of more and more relative importance, there arises, over and above the value which individuals can create for themselves, a value which is created by the community as a whole, and which, attaching to land, becomes tangible, definite and capable of computation and appropriation. As society grows, so grows this value, which springs

from and represents in tangible form what society as a whole contributes to production, as distinguished from what is contributed by individual exertion. By virtue of natural law in those aspects which it is the purpose of the science we call political economy to discover, as it is the purpose of the sciences which we call chemistry and astronomy to discover other aspects of natural law—all social advance necessarily contributes to the increase of this common value, to the growth of this common fund."

Here is a provision made by natural law for the increasing needs of social growth; just as natural laws provide for the increasing needs of man from infancy to old age. And but for this natural law animal life and social life could not exist.

When we consider the phenomenon of this law, it reveals to us one of those beautiful and beneficent adaptations, in which more than in anything else the human mind recognizes evidences of Mind infinitely greater, and catches glimpses of the Master Workman.

A conforming of our social laws to the principles involved in the foregoing will elevate morals, simplify government, purify politics, solve the labor problem, increase the production of wealth, raise wages, remove poverty, give homes to the young men, so they can stay upon the farms, and is the best homestead law that can be devised, as well as, a death blow to trusts and monopolies of every description.

It is not by accident that government grows corrupt and passes out of the hands of the people. If we would really make and continue this a government of the people, for the people and by the people, we must give to our politics earnest attention; we must be prepared to review our opinions, to give up old worn out ideas and to accept new ones. We must abandon prejudice, and make our reckoning with free minds.

If we fail to do this, then the two opposing tendencies to human rights and to human greed will clash. And whoever will, think of these opposing tendencies now beginning to develop will appreciate the gravity of the social problems we must face. He will also more fully understand the meaning of Christ's words when he said:

"Think not I am come to send peace on earth. I come not to send peace, but a sword."

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