

Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 6.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, AUGUST 11, 1905.

NUMBER 23

A JUST SOCIAL STATE.

The Single Tax Theory in Actual Operation

The Fairhope, Alabama, Colony:
Published in Maxwell's Talisman:
Article by R. F. Powell.

(Continued from last week.)

Marked Results of Land Tenure System.

The efforts resulting from this system of land tenure are becoming very marked. 1st: No one takes and holds more of the colony's land than he can put to good use. It does not pay. New-comers can always find good land open to settlement. They do not need to buy some one out in order to get a foot hold. All of their savings are available for the improvement of their holdings. If they want improved places they can usually get them at about what the improvements are worth, that is about what it would cost to replace them.

Second. The public fund that is here annually provided through the payment of rent to the community is so large when compared with the public funds of similar communities elsewhere, that many public utilities are provided that other similar communities never even dream of being able to enjoy.

Among those already provided, although the settlement is only ten years old, may be mentioned a public water supply, public bath houses, one for men and one for women. A public telephone system—which has been extended through a reciprocal traffic agreement over another telephone system to every important point in the country—all maintained free of charge to the colonists. The public school—usually not over a four or five month term in other rural communities of the state—has been extended to ten months term, and enlarged into a grade school with an industrial agricultural department, perhaps the first rural school garden and industrial institute in America maintained wholly out of local public revenues. A public library of more than two thousand volumes is also maintained free of charge to all occupants of colony land. It is claimed that there is no better library in the state, even in her largest cities. The largest and best kept public park, per capita population, that can be found in any American city. A sewer system of the latest and most approved type is being started and already cottages are being supplied with all the modern city conveniences, modern bath-rooms, hot and cold water, sewer connections, etc.

Building of a Public Wharf.

The most important public utility, however, is yet to be mentioned. It is sixteen miles as the crow flies, from this colony to the nearest railroad or city

market (Mobile), which is directly across the bay. The only way of reaching the colony or getting away from it is through this entry-port. When the work of establishing the colony was begun a steamship company had a complete monopoly of all the traffic between Mobile and from the eastern shore of the great bay. This company got rid of all their competitors from time to time as they sprang up by putting the price of freights and passage down far below cost of service until competition was destroyed, then by putting prices up to "all that the traffic would bear" they soon recouped themselves of any loss they had sustained and more.

They had a landing three and a half miles south of the colony's site and another about the same distance north. The price for carrying passengers from either of these points to Mobile and return was \$1.00. It required about two and a half hours each way to make the trip. No amount of complaining or petitioning improved the service or reduced the charges; yet notwithstanding all these drawbacks viewed from the standpoint of the settler who wanted to make a home on the eastern shore, it was perfectly evident that the steamship company was not making very much money.

This condition of affairs might readily have discouraged even this band of stout hearted pilgrims, if they had not had plans of their own already in mind. One of their very first efforts at providing public utilities therefore, was the building of a public wharf.

To finance this piece of public improvement was a serious problem. No public interest bearing debt can be created (for future generations to pay) for this method of financing is strictly prohibited both in the charter and in the constitution and by-laws of the association. So the council or board of managers made to the people living on the colony lands this proposition: "To build a wharf, only labor and material are needed. We already have the land, that is the place to put it. You have plenty of labor and there is plenty of timber on our land. Let's get each settler to furnish such labor or material as he can and each take a non-interest bearing certificate in return, which will be receivable by the corporation for all dues, that it is in any way authorized to collect: let us in this way build and own our own wharf." This proposition was readily agreed to and the wharf immediately became a reality. The merchants in the village accepted these certificates, par value, for goods, since they could use them so readily in the payment of wharfage and rents.

Others took them just as readily, since they could use them in the same way, especially since the merchants were so willing to take them in exchange for goods.

Public Works Without Public Bonds.

About \$1,500 of these certificates were issued and in less than three years \$1,300 of them returned to the treasury (some of them many times) and were cancelled. The whereabouts of the others is still unknown to the association. So, instead of issuing bonds and paying interest for fifteen or twenty years and finally paying the full face value of the bonds, this public improvement cost the community 15 per cent less than the face value of the certificates issued. The community not only saved interests but actually made interest on the first cost of this piece of public work. The wharf is now yielding annually more than \$1,500 in public revenues. The scheme was so successful and was so easily carried out that four years later it was decided to build a steamboat along practically the same line. The boat was put into commission about six months later and has become a most important factor in the colony's development. The steamship company was still in the field and still charged the same old rates and made the same slow time. "The Fairhope" (for such is the little steamer's name) adopted a very different policy—she was to be operated in the interest of the people. When she leaves Fairhope wharf she goes straight to Mobile, making the trip in one and a half hours, and the price for service is just half what was formerly charged.

From the first she had a good business, which year by year has increased at the rate of from 30 per cent to 40 per cent, until now the question of a larger boat is becoming a problem that must soon be solved.

The reader can readily see what a radically different environment has here been established to that usually found in other communities. Its influence upon the personal conduct and character of the people who voluntarily come under its sway is readily observed and frequently referred to by strangers within her gates.

Character Shaped by Environment.

The character of men are shaped almost wholly by environment, not hereditary. Personal investigation and a study of fundamental principles may have the greater influence with some, but the number is so small as to be the exception, not the rule. The education which is absorbed from one's surroundings is far more potent in shaping his future than any resolution which he may adopt through abstract reasoning, on the theoretical teachings of others."

"It therefore becomes the public's most important duty to the individual to establish a healthy and inspiring environment for all who come under its sway." On the other hand since the public is invariably composed of individuals the influence of personal example is not ignored. "Each individual owes to himself and to all mankind the duty of observing the golden rule. No man can speak in stronger terms to others or exert a higher influence over them than his daily example implies.

"If he preaches one doctrine and practice another his influence for good is nullified by the bad example that he sets." Thus they reason and upon this foundation they are building. The officers are elected by vote of all the members (male and female being admitted to equal suffrage) and all acts of the officers are subject to a referendum and all officers are subject at all times to recall by a majority vote.

(Concluded on last page.)

GO TO

CAPITAN MERCANTILE COMPANY.

For all kinds of Dry Goods, Hats,
Shoes, and Gloves

For Men, Women and Children

PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT

Capitan Mercantile Company

P. G. PETERS, PROP.

THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPITAN, - - NEW MEXICO.

New York is looking forward to another increase in the tax rate and doesn't seem surprised. New York is used to it.

"All Hars are not dead yet," says the Calhoun Democrat. Wouldn't that editor find this a lonesome world if they were?

It is a great deal easier to persuade a girl that archery is coming in again if she has pretty arms, than it is otherwise.

We learn from the hypercritical New York Sun that the presents at Capt. Hobson's wedding were "numerous and costly."

Even though Jim Jeffries has retired he should not take so despondent a view of the country, as it may yet grow other great men.

One of the best-known Russian newspaper correspondents is Mr. Nemirovich Danchenko. Will he, too, consent to Bill for short.

Now that Oliver Herford is going to be married, perhaps he will realize his life-long dream of being able to live some day on a farm and keep a bee.

A contemporary points at the number of literary men who are marrying of late as a proof that the profits of literature are increasing. Queer idea of "profits."

Salisbury, N. C., thoughtlessly contributes to the tense excitement of the hour by reporting a shooting scrape in which Clay Grubb was hurt by Nat Crump.

Col. Watterson says that if Paul Jones was a pirate then George Washington was a footpad and Franklin a lobster. We judge that Paul Jones was not a pirate.

New York is much perturbed because trade has invaded the aristocratic residence districts of that city. Still, if trade can stand it the aristocratic districts ought to be able to do so.

Mr. "Kid" McCoy is about to marry a lady who inherited \$5,000,000. If this will serve to take Mr. McCoy out of pugilism and the saloon business the public may well offer the lady its good wishes.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, attired in a magnificent gown, recently paraded in a drenching rain in Washington. All fashiondom is expected to follow the new fad and the fool-killer will get in his work at last.

The czar of Russia, it is said, has \$25,000,000 invested in English securities and \$6,000,000 in American rails, iron and coal. And doubtless he would give it all if that would make everybody love him.

Judge U. S. Kendall of West Virginia says that mothers-in-law causes nine-tenths of the divorces. This will interest those who have believed that the other woman whom he wants to marry is the usual cause.

The American government will put whisky in a warehouse and keep it for the benefit of the owner. Why not put some barons and counts in cold storage till American girls demand them for home consumption?

It is painful to read in the New York papers that Mr. Yerkes has had to take in his bronze gate at night to keep it from being stolen. Mr. Yerkes' faith in the honesty and goodness of his fellow men has received a severe shock.

VALUE OF INTRENCHING TOOLS

Spade Has Played a Great Part in Both Japanese and Russian Armies During the War

American military attaches with the Japanese and Russian armies are much impressed by the importance which intrenching tools have had in the far-eastern war. In a recent report to the war department Capt. P. C. March writes: "On Oct. 15, 1904, during the battle of the Shabo, I witnessed a practical exhibition of the Japanese use of the intrenching tools carried by the men. The 40th regiment of the 10th division, fourth Japanese army, took a position along the crest of a hill near the River Sha, which marked the farthest point of the Japanese advance at that time and on the front of the fourth army. The Russians were visible in force immediately in front of us and an attack was expected. The companies detailed to construct the trenches came up without arms and squatted on their haunches under cover on the reverse slope of the hill. Noncommissioned officers stepped forward from the companies and threw themselves on their faces on the crest of the hill. They then worked themselves forward by their hands and feet until they arrived at a point where they could see all the ground in the immediate front—no dead space—and put a peg

in the ground at that point. The pegs thus established were joined by marking a line on the ground with the point of a pick.

"Then the men came forward, working parties alternating with pick and intrenching spade, the files taking intervals from each other by extending hands at full length, each man covering that much of the line of the trench. While one relief was working the other men of the company remained below the rest, squatting on their haunches, and after the first batch had worked about five minutes relieved them. The soil had not been under cultivation and apparently was virgin and hard. The trench was finished in twenty minutes."

To Capt. March's testimony of the value of intrenching tools Capt. Carl Reichmann, military attache with the Russian army, gives his unqualified support, saying: "I certainly was powerfully impressed by the mobility of the Japanese and by the Russian heaviness and I realized the terrible power given an army by mobility. So far as I am concerned I shall certainly leave nothing undone to promote mobility in our infantry and the adoption of a spade that is a spade."

HIS SCHEME FOR REVENGE

Former Gold Brick Specialist Went Back to Old Practices Just to Get Even

We meet our acquaintance, the reformed green goods man and gold brick operator. He has a package under his arm.

"What's that?" we ask. "Soap?" "No. It's a gold brick. I'm going to sell it to a fellow up here in the country a little way."

Noting our look of shocked surprise, he hastens to say:

"Now, wait a second. Don't condemn me until you have the evidence. I've been a regenerated and reformed man all right nough for a good, long time, and I was sincere in my reformation. But last month I went out into the country to live—leased a little bit of ground with a house and some farm buildings on it, just for a summer home for me and the wife and kiddies. Had to have a horse, and some chickens, of course, and a cow, and some vegetables and fruit occasionally. Well, I go to Mr. Reuben and Mr. Farmer and Mr. Corn-tassel and all the rest of the com-ions I used to meet in my line of business and they sell me the horsey

and the chickieiddies and the moo cow and the nice fresh fruits and vegetables."

"And then?" "Ain't that enough?" "Enough?"

"Sure. Say, didn't you ever buy anything from a farmer? No? Well, you want to make the experiment, and if you get out of the trade with the skin left on your teeth you'll be lucky. We've had to prop the horse up with fence pickets to keep it from lying down and killing the lawn; the chickens are the old inhabitants of the hen roost, made of rubber and cast steel; the cow is so old that the beef trust would be ashamed to can her for the brave boys in blue in the farthest islands of the sea; the fruit and vegetables were worse than any canned goods two years old that had been condemned by the health board."

"But the gold brick?"

"Oh, that. I'm just going to backslide long enough to sell five or six in my neighborhood and catch even." —Chicago Tribune.

WHERE FAMOUS FRIGATE RESTS

Philadelphia, Destroyed in Tripoli Harbor, Located by Charles Wellington Furlong

Charles Wellington Furlong made a systematic search at Tripoli of Barbary for the lost remains of the famous American frigate Philadelphia, destroyed in the harbor of Tripoli 100 years ago. He tells in Harper's Magazine the romantic story of how he found the vessel at last:

"In less than an hour my search was rewarded by seeing the broken ends of the great ribs of a vessel protruding through dull-colored eel-grass. I noticed that this grass seemed to follow the line of the ribs, and carefully noted its character, further to aid me in my search. Examining these closely, no doubt was felt in my mind, but that they belonged to a large vessel, and ordered the boatman to let fall the anchor.

"The lead gave us two and a half and three fathoms. Hastily undressing, we dived several times. Mr. Riley first succeeded in buoing the spot by going down with the line and slipping it over one of the ribs. While on the bottom I carefully examined the tim-

bers. These were honey-combed in certain parts in a peculiar way. The continual sea-wash of a century seemed to have made its inroads at the softest places, and they gave every appearance in form of partially burned stumps. The wood seemed almost as hard as iron. Much of it was inclosed in a fossil crust, and only by repeated efforts I succeeded in breaking off a small piece. The many winds from the desert and the shifting shoals of sand had filled in and around the frigate and her keel must have lain buried nearly two fathoms deeper than the present sea-bottom. The freshening breeze made further investigation impossible, so after taking bearings and leaving the spot buoyed, we returned to the shore, landing amid an awaiting, curious crowd of Turks, Arabs and blacks.

"Six days later, through the courtesy and interest of the officers of the Greek warships Crete and Paralos, a ship's cutter and machine boat with divers were placed at my disposal."



MISS GENEVIVE MAY.

CATARRH OF STOMACH CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Genevive May, 1317 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind., Member Second High School Alumni Ass'n, writes:

"Peruna is the finest regulator of a disordered stomach I have ever found. It certainly deserves high praise, for it is skillfully prepared."

"I was in a terrible condition from a neglected case of catarrh of the stomach. My food had long ceased to be of any good and only distressed me after eating. I was nauseated, had heartburn and headaches, and felt run down completely. But in two weeks after I took Peruna I was a changed person. A few bottles of the medicine made a great change, and in three months my stomach was cleared of catarrh, and my entire system in a better condition."—Genevive May.

Write Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

A man has to have a whole lot of faith in himself to have none at all in anybody else.

TEA

Anti-nervous prostration.

A little more tea; take a little more time with your tea.

This world owes every man a chance to earn an honest living.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 10c package contains 16 ozs., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

Every time a man takes a tumble he falls against his inclination.

Church Trustees

should investigate Acetylene Gas. See ad of Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. in this paper.

Wigg—"Sapphede is the most credulous fellow I know." Wagg—"Yes, I think he actually believes in himself."

\$36.00 per M. Lewis' "Single Binder," straight 6c cigar, costs more than other brands, but this price gives the dealer a fair profit—and the smoker a better cigar. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

There is generally an opening in the hospital for the young man who has appendicitis.

PENALTY PAID FOR FAME.

Renunciation is Necessary for Genius in Literature.

Why is so much of our present literary output so unrelated to literature, so depressingly banal, so devoid of distinction, power and vitality? Is the answer merely that greatness is rare in all ages, and this chance to be a period of exceptional sterility? Or is it the result of the marked vulgarity of prevailing ideals? Not only our writers measure success by popularity, but the trend of criticism itself is to magnify the importance of a wide appeal.

A high degree of excellence has never won quick or wide applause; witness Shakespeare, Milton, Shelley, Keats, Browning, Swinburne. It cannot be too often or too emphatically repeated that literature, real additions to the realms of letters, must forego cheap successes. A difficult and determined withdrawal from prevailing ideals is demanded of those authors who would fain see English letters reinstated in the realm of bartered glory. Before we can have another poet like Browning we must have another man content to do his work unknown for twenty years and willing to pay for his own publishing. Before we have a second Tennyson we shall have to have another man who shall as well understand that there are no cheap and quick methods of forcing the poetic faculty, that the best of our thoughts come to us in a state of wise passivity and reverent waiting. The superficial and deeper parts of our nature do not function at one and the same time. A Mary and a Martha are not combined in their highest powers in one personality. Greatness demands renunciation. We cannot flap around with the daws and yet be an eagle with eye fixed on the sun. All really fine production, says Harper's Weekly, demands a definite choice and firm adhesion, and it bears no nearer relation to popular applause and liking than a frog in a swamp to a nightingale in an oak grove.

Latest Physical Culture Fad.

Recently an American visitor in London complained in the press that English people blew their noses with singular freedom in restaurants and other public places. Thereupon one of the newspapers said: "The American visitor who is astonished at the Englishman's performance with the pocket handkerchief is evidently unaware that this very performance is the latest thing in physical culture. Adenoids, the fashionable malady of the twentieth century nursery, is now said by many experts to be largely caused by insufficient blowing of the baby nose, and nose blowing forms a class exercise in most enlightened systems of drill. That American visitor should attend one of Fraulein Wilke's classes at the Southwestern Polytechnic, Chelsea, to see the 'tombone blast' being done as elegantly as it can be done. He would be greatly edified by the spectacle of thirty or forty ladies in gymnastic costume all blowing their noses at the word of command."

Always.

Little pink feet
That have trotted all day,
Wee dimpled hands
That are tired of play,
And teeth white as pearls,
And tousled gold curls,
You're dad's queen of girls
To-night and always.

Now, and always,
Just dad's queen of girls!
Weary of play
Your tousled gold curls
Lie spread on my breast;
And sweetly to rest
As day reddens the west
Drifts dad's best of girls.

Dear, for all time,
For all time and always,
When weary, come climb
As you climb, dear, to-day
Up in your dad's lap
When wanting a nap
Or to ward off mishap,
Or when weary of play.

Always to me,
All your life to your dad,
Laughing with glee
Or sorry and sad;
Bring all to me, dear,
Your bright days and drear,
Your joy and your fear,
And make your dad glad.

—Houston Post.

The more enemies a man has the more apt he is to believe in eternal punishment.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

Lots of people would be glad to get rid of their experience, for less than they paid for it.

TEA

We make four different types: Schilling's Best.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it.

Give to others the best you have and something better will come back to you.

There is one good thing about swearing off: the oftener you do it the oftener you can swear on again.

The man who stands in his own light must expect to be thrown in the shade.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Economy is wealth—but most of us would prefer to get rich in some other way.

The money of the self-made person is apt to talk regardless of grammar.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

TEA

We don't know how good it can be, nor how bad it is—some of us.

A young man always takes a girl's hand before asking for it.

W. N. U.—DENVER.—NO. 26.—1905.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Nothing pleases the eye so much as a well made, dainty

**Shirt
Waist
Suit**



if properly laundered. To get the best results it is necessary to use the best laundry starch.

Defiance Starch

gives that finish to the clothes that all ladies desire and should obtain. It is the delight of the experienced laundress. Once tried they will use no other. It is pure and is guaranteed not to injure the most delicate fabric. It is sold by the best grocers at 10c a package. Each package contains 16 ounces.

Other starches, not nearly so good, sell at the same price per package, but they contain only 12 ounces of starch. Consult your own interests. Ask for DEFIANCÉ STARCH, get it, and we know you will never use any other.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Neb.

900 DROPS CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Prepared by **DR. SAMUEL PITCHER**

Pumpkin Seed - Aloxenna - Rochelle Salts - Anise Seed - Peppermint - Bi Carbonate Soda - Worm Seed - Clarified Sugar - Wintergreen Flavor.

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac Simile Signature of *Dr. H. Fletcher* **NEW YORK.**

At 6 months old **35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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CAPITAN NEWS.

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JNO. A. HALEY, - - - Editor.

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Six Months, - - - - - \$1.00

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The representatives of Russia and Japan formerly met at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, this week. The Japanese peace envoys, headed by Baron Komura, arrived several days ago, but Russia's representatives, of whom M. Witte is the leading spirit, reached America this week. President Roosevelt received the missionaries of peace on board the yacht Mayflower, and the representatives of the belligerent natives ate the bread of peace.

Considerable talk has been indulged in as to what Japan's envoys would demand and what Russia would not grant. It has been stated that Japan would demand an enormous indemnity, and the abandonment by Russia of certain territory in the east which the latter has occupied, and which really brought about the war. On the other hand, the Czar is reported to have repeatedly said that he "would not submit to a humiliating peace," but what terms he considers "humiliating" have not become known.

It is hoped, and believed, that this is a species of bluff on the part of both countries and that terms of peace will be agreed upon, to which both countries can subscribe, and that permanent peace will result. The most important affairs of the conference, however, are likely to remain a secret until the conclusion of the session.

The governors of Louisiana and Mississippi are having trouble over the quarantine declared by the latter state against the former, over the yellow fever epidemic, and threats are flying in the air. This incident recalls the Carolinian episode, and will, in all probability, have as peaceful an ending.

President Roosevelt designs calling an extra session of congress, to convene in November. The most important subject to be considered will be the Panama canal; for the session will be so short that rate legislation and tariff revision will have to lay over until the long session which will open in December.

Federal Government Controls.

The yellow fever report at noon, August 8th:

New cases at New Orleans	60
Total cases	605
Deaths	4
Total deaths	117

Dr. J. H. White, of the Federal forces, took charge of the fever situation at New Orleans shortly before noon today, on final instructions from Washington. No new cases have been reported outside of Louisiana for several days.

New Orleans, Aug. 7—There is \$75,000 in hand resulting from the assessment on the citizens of New Orleans, and no difficulty standing in the way of immediate federal control over the fever situation.

Dr. White estimates the total expense for eradication at \$1,500 to \$2,000 per day, or \$180,000 to \$240,000 for the fever months, which would carry the campaign into December, by which time frost may be expected. It is possible that the fever will be completely under control by the 15th of September.

Every authority wanted by the federal bureau is assured. Adequate police power will be given the marine hospital surgeons to aid their scientific work. It is expected that all the resources of the federal government will be used in obtaining modifications of the extreme quarantine regulations now in effect, so that New Orleans will be able to resume commercial relations with surrounding states. Louisiana parishes are already becoming more reasonable and some are announcing a willingness to receive goods from this city.

Eight hundred men started today on a general cleaning movement. This force will be largely increased, and on Wednesday there is to be general suspension of business in the city for cleaning purposes.

Advices from the bedside of Archbishop Chapelle today report the venerable clergyman better, and Dr. Larue is beginning to hope the archbishop will pull through. Many telegrams and some cablegrams have been received inquiring as to the condition of the archbishop, and expressing sympathy.

[NOTE: Archbishop Chapelle is well known in New Mexico, having, until about seven years ago, been at the head of the Catholic church in this territory.]

LATER: The death of the venerable archbishop is announced in the dispatches of the 9th.]

Star Brand Shoes are the best. They cost no more than the other kind: for sale by Welch & Tittworth.

Lumber At Cost

Jackson Galbraith Foxworth Co. . . . Capitan, New Mexico.

We will sell all lumber, shingles, doors and windows at cost. If you want a bargain come soon. We mean business.

F. M. Wylder, Agent.

Santa Fe Central Railway System Sunshine Route via Torrance.

Connecting with the E. P. & N. E. and Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Ry. Shortest line out of Santa Fe or New Mexico, to Chicago, Kansas City or St. Louis.

No. 1 makes close connection at Torrance with the Golden State Limited, No. 44, east bound, on the Rock Island.

No. 2 makes close connection with Golden State Limited, No. 43, west bound.

W. H. ANDREWS,
President and Gen'l Mgr.

S. B. GRIMSHAW,
G. F. & A. P.

A. L. GRIMSHAW,
Traveling F. & P. A.

FRANK DIBERT,
General Immigration Agt.

J. P. LYNG,
City Freight and Passenger Agent,
Santa Fe New Mexico

Wool Highest in 22 Years,

The Albuquerque Morning Journal has the following to say on the wool question:

"Robert J. Craig, representative of the firm of C. Shillard Smith & Co., wool commission merchants of Boston, left last night for Las Vegas after buying in the local market for some time past.

"I have been in the wool business for 22 years and there is not a year during that time that I have not been in Albuquerque," said Mr. Craig yesterday. "Wool is now higher than at any time during those 22 years and the way the market is staying up shows that it will remain at about the present figure for some time at least.

"Scoured wool sells at 61 to 64 cents and the grease wool sells goes at from 18 to 22 cents very readily. It means a great bonanza to your wool growers and the man who has a few thousand sheep today in New Mexico is a wealthy man. Montana growers always considered that they were getting a very good price for their wool when it was at 18 and the man who could have predicted the prices last year and contracted this year's clip would have made a barrel of money!"

LOST: A Corduroy hunting coat, on the road between Capitan and Angus. Some papers of considerable value to the owner, Geo. L. Bradford, were lost with the coat. Finder will please return same to this office.

J. H. Skinner was down from his Bonito ranch yesterday.

J. Ross Thomas, architect at Fort Stanton, went to El Paso on yesterday's train.

Barbed Wire for sale at Welch & Titsworth's.

Dont forget the campmeeting begins at Angus next Friday night, the 18th of August.

Miles May passed through yesterday from Nogal on his way to the Hondo meeting.

Pride of Denver flour at Welch & Titsworth.

Wm. Burns, auditor of Henry Pfaff's business along the railroad lines, was in Capitan this week.

H. B. Hamilton, of Lincoln, and S. J. Franks, of Roswell, were in Capitan Saturday and Sunday.

Meadow Gold butter at Welch & Titsworth.

J. T. Keough, representing Simmons Hardware Co., St. Louis, was among our merchants Wednesday.

The News is in receipt of a letter from Leslie Ellis, which says "send my paper to La Luz, as I am here to stay."

Kansas stock salt 60 cts per cwt, at Welch & Titsworth.

Three or four wagons passed up this week from Roswell, containing people seeking the cool shades of our mountains.

Walker Hyde was up from Hondo this week. Mr. Hyde says the rains have damaged a great of the alfalfa in stacks.

For a first-class shave, hair-cut and shampoo, drop in to rear of printing office.

The work train was over this week, taking up sidings that have not been used since the abandonment of the coal camp.

S. Means, accompanied by his family, came up from Picacho Monday to meet his sister, who came in on that day's train from Texas.

Wanted.—Hides, sheep pelts goat skins, etc. Highest market price paid by Welch & Titsworth.

Link Shely started to Roswell Wednesday to deliver 240 head of steers which he had contracted. Frank Divers was here to receive them.

Dr. J. W. Laws was up from his home at Lincoln, Wednesday. The doctor is fitting up his place, the old Ellis ranch, for a private sanatorium.

Rev. R. P. Pope and wife came from Estancia, Torrance county, Tuesday, and left yesterday for Hondo, where they go to attend the Lincoln Baptist association which convened there last night.

Bear Tracks!

Monday morning considerable excitement prevailed over a current report that bear tracks were found on the main street of the town. It is a well known fact that the Capitan mountains contain bear, but none have been known to wander this far down; and yet no menagerie has passed near here from which such an animal might have escaped.

However, W. M. Reiley put his hounds on the trail and back tracked to the school house but beyond there no tracks existed. The trail was again taken up, but was again lost on the front porch of the Capitan Mercantile company store; though some seemed to have halted at the Capitan hotel. Chamberlain was called in, and gave his opinion. He said they were bear tracks alright, but spelled it "bare." Then it was as plain as Holy Writ.

The church attendants the night before were caught in the heavy rain. Chamberlain has not since been seen, and it will be difficult to get the young ladies again to attend church on a cloudy evening.

City Improvements.

A few citizens of the town with a little enterprise and energy, and with considerable more muscle than money, went to work and built cinder walks in the business part of town in the immediate vicinity of the depot.

It is now possible to get from the depot to either hotel without getting in the mud, and other crossings were made that add considerable comfort to all pedestrians. This, however, is only a starter; for the work is now begun and more will follow; and it is also believed the town company and the railroad company will lend their aid in this laudable improvement.

Sale of Mining Property.

J. A. Norman and wife passed through Tuesday en route from Roswell to Nogal. Mr. Norman has returned to Nogal to do some assessment and development work on the Ball Hornet group of claims, situated in the Nogal district.

Mr. Norman informed the News that he had sold a two-third interest in this group to J. O. Hamilton and A. R. Forsythe, of Roswell, and that the intention was to develop the properties. These are located in a rich mineral belt, and, with depth, will no doubt prove valuable.

Finest kind of fresh bread always on hand at Welch & Titsworth, Capitan, and Aragon Bros., Lincoln.

A number of the Mesa and Bonito people were over Wednesday, delivering steers to Shely and Titsworth. One, two and threes were delivered, the prices ranging from \$12 to \$18.

Welch & Titsworth

Welch & Titsworth

General & Merchandise

Wholesale and Retail

Welch & Titsworth

THE CAPITAN HOTEL,

MRS. S. T. GRAY, Lessee.

Rooms Renovated and
Neatly Furnished.

TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
FRESH MARKETINGS.

A SHARE OF YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

To Fight Yellow Fever.

Dr. J. B. Green, passed assistant surgeon at Fort Stanton, received orders this week to report at New Orleans to aid in the fight on yellow fever, and left on yesterday's train for the scene. Dr. H. G. Ebert, assistant surgeon at the Fort, but now in Detroit enjoying a vacation, has also been summoned to New Orleans.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. }
June 14, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Probate Clerk at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on August 23, 1905, viz: Jose Herrera, upon Homestead application No. 1431, for the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, section 21, T. 8 S., R. 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Olapio Herrera, of Capitan, N. M.
Jose Herrera, " " " "
Isidro McKinley, " " " "
Juan C. Chavez, " " " "
7-21-0t HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
August 5, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on September 19, 1905, viz: Benito Rodriguez, upon Homestead Application No. 5320, for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ section 7, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ section 8, T. 9 S., R. 17 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Juan Najas, of Picacho, N. Mexico;
Rumaldo Fresquez, of Lincoln, N. M.
Jose Archuleta, of Lincoln, N. M.
Martin Chavez, of Picacho, N. M.
8-11-0t. HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mex. }
August 5, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on September 19, 1905, viz: Juan Najas, upon Homestead Application No. 5409, for the Northeast quarter of section 7, T. 9 S., R. 17 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Benito Rodriguez, of Picacho, N. M.
Rumaldo Fresquez, of Lincoln, " "
Jose Archuleta, of Lincoln, " "
Martin Chavez, of Picacho, " "
8-11-0t HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
July 31, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on September 13, 1905, viz: Matrana Lucero, upon Homestead Application No. 1288, for the Southeast quarter of section 31, T. 8 S., R. 18 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Lucas Gallegos of Arabela, N. M.
Jesus Mes " " " "
Epimeno Lucero " " " "
Severo Gallegos " " " "
8-4-0t HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
July 31, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk, at his office at Lincoln, New Mexico, on September 11, 1905, viz: Leroy Lamay, upon Homestead Application No. 1396, for the Northwest quarter of Section 33, T. 9 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
A. Bowen Zumwalt, of Angus, N. M.
William E. White, of Nogal, " "
William S. Bourne, of " " "
Lute A. Skinner, of " " "
8-4-0t HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
June 14, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on August 23, 1905, viz: Kirk E. Jacobs, upon Homestead Application No. 1636, for the S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ section 22, T. 7 S., R. 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Thomas C. Jacobs, of Capitan, N. M.
Jefferson D. Thomas, " " "
George A. Hunt, of Richardson, " "
William A. Yates, of " " "
7-21-0t HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
July 24, 1905. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on September 2, 1905, viz: Ellen Mundell, upon Homestead Application No. 1415, for the N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ section 29 and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ section 28, T. 9 S., R. 14 E.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Thomas H. Moore, of Capitan, N. M.
Sallie Moore, " " "
Sarrah C. Gray, " " "
Louis J. Mundell, " " "
1st pub. 8-4-0t. HOWARD LELAND, Register.

CHANGE IN CHINESE LAWS

Barbarous Modes of Punishment Long in Use in the Celestial Empire Have Lately Been Abolished

Wu Ting-fang, long Chinese minister in Washington, has succeeded in inducing the imperial government at Peking to abolish some of its cruel punishments. An imperial edict of April 24 gives Wu and Shen Chiapen credit for suggesting the changes and then proceeds: "At the beginning of the dynasty when our sovereignty extended within the great wall, the most severe punishment was beheading. In the year of Hsin Jui, however, when we revised the laws, we permitted the introduction of those punishments which had been prevalent in the Ming dynasty, hence ling chi (cutting to pieces) was allowed for certain crimes. It has always been distasteful to us to resort to these punishments, and it does not fulfill our imperial idea of showing mercy to the people. Now that we are once more revising the laws, therefore, we hereby order that for all variations of the crime of taking life, beheading shall be the extreme penalty in future; ling chi, exposure of the detached head and mutilation of the corpse must be abolished forever."

As a consequence of this abolition all the other punishments are moved down a grade in severity. The laws where the words ling chi occur, for instance, will have chan chueh, or simple decapitation, substituted. The penalty of chan hsiao, or what might

be termed compound decapitation, or the entire removal of the head and exposure of the same, must hereafter read chao chueh or strangulation on sentence. This is supposed to be a far more honorable death than decapitation and was formerly reserved for princes and other great men. Strangulation, however, has its own subtle distinctions, and the penalty of chao chueh will be hereafter modified to chiao chien hou, or awaiting in prison under sentence of strangulation. This difference is the difference between certain death and having a chance of reprieve.

Among other complications of Chinese law and its execution is a unique and rather racy method of dealing with prisoners by lottery. Once a year the vermilion pencil of imperial authority is waved over a chart on which the names of convicted criminals are written, and those which it includes in a haphazard sweep are executed forthwith. The rest are either reprieved altogether or their executions are postponed for another year.

Another important reform is the abolition of the "condemned" brand on the faces of prisoners. Hitherto all who have been sentenced to banishment for robbery and other serious crimes have been tattooed on the face, in order to mark them as criminals for life.

CUSTOM OF DEEP DRINKING

Students at German Universities Attain Marvelous Proficiency in Draining Deep Draughts

A clever writer in the London Chronicle says: "A Rhodes scholar has been telling The Chicago Daily News that in Oxford a man has only to drink a quart of small beer without a breath and at once he becomes a hero. This is a picturesque way of referring to the ancient and honorable custom of 'sconcing' at dinner in hall. For certain offenses against etiquette, such as punning, swearing or talking 'shop,' an undergraduate may be 'sconced' or fined by the head of his table, the sconce being a quart of beer or similar fluid. In the normal course of things the sconced one simply takes a sip at the tankard and then circulates it round the table for all who choose to follow suit. But, at some colleges at least, if he can drink the quart off without taking breath he 'sconces' everybody at the table in a like penalty.

"If the Rhodes scholar who has been describing to Chicago the Oxford system of 'sconces' had gone on to a German university he would have

found that the man who can drink a quart of beer without taking breath is not a hero, but only an ordinary student. At the German kneipe, or club meeting for the drinking of beer and the singing of students' songs, there is a special challenge to a bierkonig (beer-king) contest. The huge pots are filled, the duelists face each other and at the word of command they drink. The first who can invert an empty pot and sputter 'bier konig' wins."

Drinking without going to the trouble of swallowing is thus described by the same writer: "This form of friendly duel has evolved a method of drinking that may be seen in Egypt, where a native seems to pour water down his throat without that sort of lock system that our less educated canals demand. A German student will bring pot and mouth to the intimate angle and down goes the beer without a tremor of the throat. This, of course, gives no pleasure, but to the wondering onlooker; it is merely an acrobatic feat."

SYSTEM THAT DIDN'T WORK

Fatal Flaw in Young Man's Scheme for Remembering Names and Faces

Some of the feats in remembering names and faces of persons only seen once performed by bank clerks and persons in similar positions are astonishing, but it is a fact that very few of them owe this faculty to any of the artificial systems of mnemonics so widely advertised. Either the gift is a natural one or is acquired at the expense of much hard work.

The cashier of a downtown bank who is noted for his memory for names and faces got talking the other day about his faculty and confessed that it had been acquired with much labor.

"When I was a young fellow," he said, "I was secretary to the president of a New Jersey bank, and I made up my mind that a good memory for names and faces would be a valuable asset, and set to work to supply what nature had not given me. I invested \$50 in an elaborate system of mnemonics, and the first opportunity I had to use it was when my employer

sent me to a hardware store on a personal errand.

"My system consisted in associating the man in my mind with some simple article connected with his trade and prefixing or suffixing a letter or more as necessary. For instance, Sanders the grocer would be associated in my mind with sand, and I would of course remember to add the three letters needed to form his name.

"Well, I framed up a plan on this system to remember the hardware man's name, and in two weeks I came back again. My system was working beautifully. I walked in as brisk as you please and hailed my friend.

"How are you, Mr. Snails?" I said. "Something in the man's face made me fear that there had been a slip somewhere. 'Are you not Mr. Snails?' I asked.

"Young man," he said, "you are too blamed fresh. My name is Stacks."

More Converts Every Year



Every day in every year that comes, more housewives are giving up their exorbitant priced Baking Powders and turning to K.C., the honest and reliable, which has stood so well the test of years. They are finding out that

K.C. BAKING POWDER

costs one-third the price of powder anywhere near K.C. quality, and makes better, purer, more healthful baking. 25 ounces for 25c.

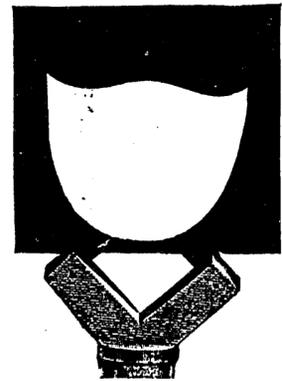
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JAQUES MFG. CO.
Chicago, Ill.

Make Your Own Gas

Any country home, store, hotel, church or building can be as brilliantly and conveniently lighted as a city house.

Acetylene Gas is cheaper than kerosene, brighter than electricity, safer than either.



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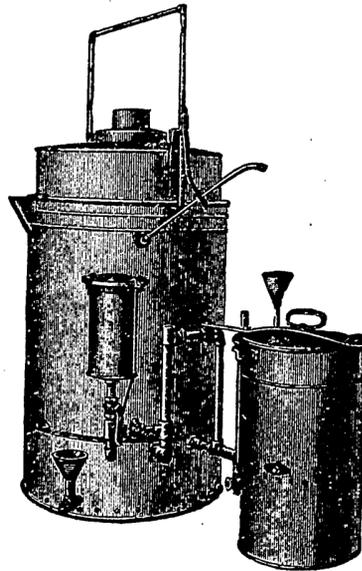
Automatic Generators

require little care, do the work perfectly and can be operated by anyone—anywhere.

Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace.

Send for booklet, "After Sunset." It gives full information regarding this wonderful light, and is sent free to anyone.

Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co.,
157 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.



LOW RATES TO LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION

—PORTLAND, OREGON—

Round Trip \$40.00



from Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Trinidad to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Everett, Bellingham, Victoria and Vancouver, daily until Sept. 30. \$51.00 to Portland and return, on certain dates, one way through California. Tickets limited 90 days, but not later than Nov. 30. Stopovers anywhere.

J. C. FERGUSON, General Agent.

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E. E. BURLINGAME & CO.,
ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY
Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Refined, Melted and Assayed Gold & Silver Bullion OR PURCHASED. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms.
1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

BANKING BY MAIL

We pay 4 per cent—Assets \$1,800,000. Write for booklet and instructions. Depositors in 20 states. Why shouldn't your savings be earning?

The Central Savings Bank
Denver, Colorado.

FOR WORK AND REST

The Sunday Surprise SERVICE

BY EARL M. PRATT

Forethoughts for Speakers.

One easy error is to use given or sir names in an undesirable sense, for illustration and then find that in the audience there were people with the same names.

No one enjoys hearing or reading about a villain with the same name as he has been given.

If speakers can get along without mentioning names when talking about objectional qualities it would improve their lectures, talks or sermons.

But a recent example of another kind of an easy error is the subject of this service.

In front of me a few Sundays ago there sat a woman with earrings and the speaker got away from his subject so far that he drifted into non-essentials and gave earrings a hard hit.

Now some of the speaker's friends are just as much disgusted over the cut of his coat as he is disgusted over the wearing of earrings, but his friends believe him to be earnest, honest, energetic and useful, and do right in forgetting his irritating peculiarities by admiring his desirable qualities.

The woman complimented the speaker by her presence and what did

he do? We can hope that the many good things he said caused her to forget the remark that hit her on both sides of the head.

In some way no speaker or no person in the world is free from the criticism which was made of ear ornaments. Each one of us is open to attack when it comes to simplicity.

Earrings are an incidental event in the evolution of genuine intelligence or that high mindedness which characterized the teachings of the son of man.

At a dinner party a guest held up the ring carrying hand of a young lady and asked the most prominent person there what he thought of that hand. The guest expected criticism of the ornament because the prominent person believed in simplicity.

If you have or have not heard the reply "That is a beautiful hand," just try to get the reply so thoroughly into your individuality that you will forever be skillfully kind.

When the anti-earring speaker reads this will he have a right to say that I have not taken my own advice in talking about what I think to be his error? He may answer me in a way to make it interesting reading for you.

LEFT THEM BOTH GUESSING.

Trick of Traveler That Caused Coolness Between Companions.

"Courtesy always pays," said Mme. Rejane, the French actress, to an interviewer. "If we are courteous to people, they like us and they try to help us. If we are discourteous to them, they hate us and oppose us."

"Two women occupied a compartment in a railway carriage with one man, a stranger. They were extremely rude to this man. In whispers that he could overhear, they criticised his costume, his figure and his manner. He, to be revenged, did a singular thing.

"The blackness of a tunnel enveloped the car, and under cover of the darkness the man kissed the back of his hand loudly and repeatedly. Then, when the train entered the light again, he looked from one woman to the other with a significant smile.

"They exchanged glances of suspicion.

"Was it you he kissed?"

"No, of course not. Was it you?"

"And neither lady would believe the other's denial, and each, in her inmost heart, was offended to think that the man had chosen her companion instead of herself to kiss. The man looked cool and complacent. When, finally, he rose to go, he said, lifting his hat with a jocular air:

"Have no fear, ladies. I shall never tell which of you it was."

Advice to Englishmen.

The charm of the Irish girl—pretty, witty and bright—is generally acknowledged, but it is not often that she is so complimented by one of her own sex, and an Englishwoman, as in the comment made recently by a distinguished resident of London.

"An Irish woman," she says, "is invariably a delightful companion, not so much from the things she says, as from the way they are uttered. We English have no romance, we are practical and commonplace, and poetry takes no part in our life. So, when a man meets an Irish girl, impulsive, pretty, coy and natural, she inevitably proves irresistible. Instead of sending Nationalist members to parliament, Ireland should send over a few of her women to convert the English legislators."

BLIND MAN TELLS THE TIME.

Holding Watch in Hand, He Is Correct Almost to Second.

Charles Brannan of Taylorsville is totally blind. Light and darkness are the same to him, but he makes his certain way about the streets with the aid of a cane and sometimes puts to shame men possessed of two good optics. Yesterday Charlie visited the county jail. After talking a while he pulled out his watch, an ordinary gold timepiece, with a double case, held it in his hands a moment in the usual way and then snapped it shut with a sight of relief.

"Well, it's time for me to start home," he remarked.

"What time is it, Charley?" he was asked quizzically.

"One minute to three," was the prompt response.

Every watch in the crowd except Charlie's came into view. It required longer for the men with good eyes to verify Charlie's observation than it did for him to ascertain the time, but he was declared correct almost to the second.

"Good-by," and he was off, without waiting to hear the discussion his feat had precipitated.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Dean Stanley's Simplicity.

A story which illustrates the amiable simplicity of that famous English divine, Dean Stanley, is told by Mr. Andrew Lang.

On one occasion the dean was dining out and arrived very late. His hostess was horrified to find that his collar was unfastened, its two ends flying like wings on either side of his face.

She hardly liked to draw his attention to the fact, but at last, with the greatest delicacy, she ventured to ask if he knew the condition of his collar.

"Oh, yes," replied the dean; "do you mind?"

"Not at all," replied the lady.

"Then I don't mind either," said the dean, peacefully; "the button dropped off while I was dressing."

It was not, Mr. Lang continues, absence of mind, but unrivaled presence of mind that Stanley displayed. Any other human being would have been at the point of changing his shirt.

A wise man has all the money he needs, but a fool never has enough.

Some women seem to have an idea that the whole world has no business to attend to except to insult them.



Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful ailments of women. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhoea than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development. That

Bearing-down Feeling, causing pain, weight and headache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system. It corrects

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

You can write Mrs. Pinkham about yourself in strictest confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

TEA

It is a companion in pleasure or misery, one or the other; and some of us don't know one from the other.

Denver Directory

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Pullen, 1331 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 725.

THE C. W. FAIR CORNICE WORKS CO. Metal skylights, stamped steel ceilings, piping and slate, tile and metal roofs, etc.

The A. E. MEEK TRUNK & BAG MFG. CO. 1207 16th St., Denver, Colo. Write for catalog.

THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

THE COLORADO TENT & AWNING CO. Hammocks, Camp Furniture, Flags, 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colorado.

BLACKSMITHS and wagonmakers' supplies, wholesale and retail. Moore Hardware & Iron Co., 15th & Wazee, Denver.

The New England Electric Co., 1551 Blake St., Denver, for your **ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES** Write for catalogue.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European plan, \$1.50 and upward.

COLUMBIA HOTEL 3 blocks from union depot, up 17th St. Rates \$1.50 to \$2.00. American plan.

AMERICAN HOUSE Two blocks from union depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

Oxford Hotel Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.

ST. ELMO HOTEL Two blocks from Union Depot, up 17th St., Denver. New fire-proof Building. European plan. All outside rooms, 75 cts. and \$1.

WHOLESALE GROCERS Bakers' Supplies, etc. Western Agents for **Otto Brands of Canned Goods** The P. S. Hessler & Hall Mer. Co., Denver

DENVER ANALYTICAL & ASSAYING CO. 1747 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo. GOLD \$60, GOLD AND SILVER 75c, GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER \$1.00. Reports on specimens received by mail before noon sent out same day. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on request.

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Lead75 Gold, Silver, Copper ... 1.50
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Denver Camera Exchange

335 16th Street, Opposite Court House. We are agents for Cyko Paper and Non-Trust supplies. Developing a specialty. Mail your films.

The Colorado Saddlery Co.

Wholesale Manufacturers of Harness and Saddles of every style. Ask your dealer for our goods. If he does not keep them we will put you in touch with one who does.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk coffee** he sells you. How can he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how can you expect purity and uniform quality?



LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

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(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

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WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

FOR WORK AND REST

The Sunday Surprise SERVICE

BY EARL M. PRATT

Forethoughts for Speakers.

One easy error is to use given or sir names in an undesirable sense, for illustration and then find that in the audience there were people with the same names.

No one enjoys hearing or reading about a villain with the same name as he has been given.

If speakers can get along without mentioning names when talking about objectional qualities it would improve their lectures, talks or sermons.

But a recent example of another kind of an easy error is the subject of this service.

In front of me a few Sundays ago there sat a woman with earrings and the speaker got away from his subject so far that he drifted into non-essentials and gave earrings a hard hit.

Now some of the speaker's friends are just as much disgusted over the cut of his coat as he is disgusted over the wearing of earrings, but his friends believe him to be earnest, honest, energetic and useful, and do right in forgetting his irritating peculiarities by admiring his desirable qualities.

The woman complimented the speaker by her presence and what did

he do? We can hope that the many good things he said caused her to forget the remark that hit her on both sides of the head.

In some way no speaker or no person in the world is free from the criticism which was made of ear ornaments. Each one of us is open to attack when it comes to simplicity.

Earrings are an incidental event in the evolution of genuine intelligence or that high mindedness which characterized the teachings of the son of man.

At a dinner party a guest held up the ring carrying hand of a young lady and asked the most prominent person there what he thought of that hand. The guest expected criticism of the ornament because the prominent person believed in simplicity.

If you have or have not heard the reply "That is a beautiful hand," just try to get the reply so thoroughly into your individuality that you will forever be skillfully kind.

When the anti-earring speaker reads this will he have a right to say that I have not taken my own advice in talking about what I think to be his error? He may answer me in a way to make it interesting reading for you.

LEFT THEM BOTH GUESSING.

Trick of Traveler That Caused Coolness Between Companions.

"Courtesy always pays," said Mme. Rejane, the French actress, to an interviewer. "If we are courteous to people, they like us and they try to help us. If we are discourteous to them, they hate us and oppose us."

"Two women occupied a compartment in a railway carriage with one man, a stranger. They were extremely rude to this man. In whispers that he could overhear, they criticised his costume, his figure and his manner. He, to be revenged, did a singular thing.

"The blackness of a tunnel enveloped the car, and under cover of the darkness the man kissed the back of his hand loudly and repeatedly. Then, when the train entered the light again, he looked from one woman to the other with a significant smile.

"They exchanged glances of suspicion.

"Was it you he kissed?"

"No, of course not. Was it you?"

"And neither lady would believe the other's denial, and each, in her inmost heart, was offended to think that the man had chosen her companion instead of herself to kiss. The man looked cool and complacent. When, finally, he rose to go, he said, lifting his hat with a jocular air:

"Have no fear, ladies. I shall never tell which of you it was."

Advice to Englishmen.

The charm of the Irish girl—pretty, witty and bright—is generally acknowledged, but it is not often that she is so complimented by one of her own sex, and an Englishwoman, as in the comment made recently by a distinguished resident of London.

"An Irish woman," she says, "is invariably a delightful companion, not so much from the things she says, as from the way they are uttered. We English have no romance, we are practical and commonplace, and poetry takes no part in our life. So, when a man meets an Irish girl, impulsive, pretty, coy and natural, she inevitably proves irresistible. Instead of sending Nationalist members to parliament, Ireland should send over a few of her women to convert the English legislators."

BLIND MAN TELLS THE TIME.

Holding Watch in Hand, He Is Correct Almost to Second.

Charles Buchanan of Taylorsville is totally blind. Light and darkness are the same to him, but he makes his certain way about the streets with the aid of a cane and sometimes puts to shame men possessed of two good optics. Yesterday Charlie visited the county jail. After talking a while he pulled out his watch, an ordinary gold timepiece, with a double case, held it in his hands a moment in the usual way and then snapped it shut with a sight of relief.

"Well, it's time for me to start home," he remarked.

"What time is it, Charley?" he was asked quizzically.

"One minute to three," was the prompt response.

Every watch in the crowd except Charlie's came into view. It required longer for the men with good eyes to verify Charlie's observation than it did for him to ascertain the time, but he was declared correct almost to the second.

"Hoop-by," and he was off, without waiting to hear the discussion his feat had precipitated.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Dean Stanley's Simplicity.

A story which illustrates the amiable simplicity of that famous English divine, Dean Stanley, is told by Mr. Andrew Lang.

On one occasion the dean was dining out and arrived very late. His hostess was horrified to find that his collar was unfastened, its two ends flying like wings on either side of his face.

She hardly liked to draw his attention to the fact, but at last, with the greatest delicacy, she ventured to ask if he knew the condition of his collar.

"Oh, yes," replied the dean; "do you mind?"

"Not at all," replied the lady.

"Then I don't mind either," said the dean, peacefully; "the button dropped off while I was dressing."

It was not, Mr. Lang continues, absence of mind, but unrivaled presence of mind that Stanley displayed. Any other human being would have been at the point of changing his shirt.

A wise man has all the money he needs, but a fool never has enough.

Some women seem to have an idea that the whole world has no business to attend to except to insult them.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful ailments of women. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

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It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development. That

Bearing-down Feeling,

causing pain, weight and headache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system. It corrects

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

You can write Mrs. Pinkham about yourself in strictest confidence.

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Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the bulk coffee he sells you. How can he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—or with what—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how can you expect purity and uniform quality?



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[Continued from 1st. page.]

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A community that collects no state, county or local taxes and yet has the largest public income of any rural community in America.

Permits for Cash Only.

The department of Forestry has made a ruling, to take effect January 1, 1906, that all who graze stock on the reserve must pay so much per head. The price ranges from 35c. to 50c per head.

The head of the department evidently doesn't realize, or else doesn't care, that the principal industry in Lincoln county is stockraising, and that conditions, even now, are bad enough and that they will be immeasurably worse after January 1st. A large portion of the reserve is fit only for grazing purposes, but the department suffers under the hallucination that it is protecting timber and water.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, }
July 24, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner, at his office, at Lincoln, New Mexico, on September 6, 1905, viz: Elishia Wright, upon Homestead Application No. 1333, for the northwest quarter of section 9, T. 11 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

- Anson J. Gilmore of Alto, N. M.
- William H. Walker of Alto, " "
- Charles W. Wingfield of Ruidoso, N. M.
- Edward J. Coe of Glencoe, " "

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
July 24, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office at Lincoln, New Mexico, on September 6, 1905, viz: John P. Jones, upon Homestead Application No. 1256, for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4 SW 1/4 NE 1/4 and N 1/2 SW 1/4 section 26, T. 9 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

- Geo. W. Barrétt, sr. of Angus, N. M.
- Lute Skinner of " "
- N. A. Zummalt, of " "
- G. L. Bradford, of " "

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M. }
July 24, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Probate Clerk, at his office at Lincoln, New Mexico, on September 2, 1905, viz: William S. Bourne upon Homestead Application No. 920, for the S 1/2 NE 1/4 and N 1/2 SE 1/4 section 20, T. 9 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

- A. Bowen Zumwalt, of Angus, N. M.
- William B. White of Nogal " "
- Leroy Lamay, of " "
- Lute A. Skinner, of " "

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

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Administrator's Sale of Land.

In the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Lincoln.

John A. Haley, administrator of the estate of M. Cronin, deceased plaintiff,

vs.

The unknown heirs of M. Cronin, deceased defendant.

By virtue of a decree of the District Court for the county of Lincoln, duly made and entered in the above entitled cause, the subscriber administrator of the estate of M. Cronin, late of the county of Lincoln, deceased, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the town and county of Lincoln, on the 19th day of August, 1905, between the hours of nine o'clock, a. m. and the setting of the sun on said day, the following described land situated in the said county of Lincoln and territory of New Mexico, described as follows to wit:

Commencing at corner No. 1, a boulder, 16x12 x14 set in ground, marked S 1-14; thence var. 13-31 E N 38 E 356 and 74-100 feet to corner No. 2 a juniper post five inches in diameter, marked No. 2 S, 14; thence var. 13.40 E N 30.4) E 149.16 to corner number three, a juniper post 6 1/2 inches in diameter, marked No. S 3-4; thence var. 12.35 E N 42 W 79 21-100 feet to corner No. 4, a boulder built in wall 16x12x6 marked S 4-14; thence var. 12.15 E N 37.30 W, 131.03 feet to corner No. 5; cedar post at end of wall 7 inches in diameter, marked S 5-14; thence var. 12.15 E N 57 30 W 153.78-100 feet to corner No. 6, a juniper post 9 inches in diameter, marked S 6-14; thence var. 12. 15 E S 23 W 27 feet to corner No. 7, a granite boulder 24x18x18, marked S 7-14; thence var. 12.15 E S, 42.15 W 112.21-100 feet to corner No. 8, a cedar post 5 inches in diameter marked S 8-14; thence var. 13.05 E S 50.35 W 132.16-100 to corner No. 9, a cedar post 8 inches in diameter marked S 9-14; thence var. 13 E N 44.50 W 130 31 100 feet to corner No. 10 a, cedar post 6 inches in diameter marked O A W side No. S, 10-14; thence var. 13 E S 36 30 W 150 6-100 feet to corner No. 11, a cedar post 5 inches in diameter marked S 11-14; thence var. 13.05 E S, 53.25 E 539 88-100 feet to corner No. 12, a granite boulder 21x16x10 marked S 12-14. This is also corner No. 2, survey No. 12 and is so marked. Thence 13.05 E S 53.30 E 63 6-10 feet to corner No. 13, a granite boulder 14x10x15 marked S 13-14, which is also corner No. 4, of survey No. 14; thence var. 13.05 E. S, 52 E 130 84-100 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning.

Also all that land described as follows, to wit: Commencing at corner No. 6, survey No. 15, series of Lincoln county surveys, in a northerly direction five yards to a stone and cedar post; thence in a southwesterly direction 238 feet and 5 inches to a stone monument marked S 2-12; thence in a southeasterly direction 77 yards to corner No. 11, of survey No. 14, aforesaid, all of this land lying and being in a section 19, T. 9 S. R. 16 E. of New Mexico meridian in said Lincoln county, New Mexico, which said land is to be sold under the decree of said Court, for the purpose of raising money to pay off the debts made by the said M. Cronin in his life time, together with the costs of administration, etc.

John A. Haley, administrator of the estate of M. Cronin, deceased

Dated July 19, 1905.

J. E. WHARTON, Atty for plaintiff. 7-21-5t.

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CHANGE IN CHINESE LAWS

Barbarous Modes of Punishment Long in Use in the Celestial Empire Have Lately Been Abolished

Wu Ting-fang, long Chinese minister in Washington, has succeeded in inducing the imperial government at Peking to abolish some of its cruel punishments. An imperial edict of April 24 gives Wu and Shen Chiapen credit for suggesting the changes and then proceeds: "At the beginning of the dynasty when our sovereignty extended within the great wall, the most severe punishment was beheading. In the year of Hsin Jui, however, when we revised the laws, we permitted the introduction of those punishments which had been prevalent in the Ming dynasty, hence ling chi (cutting to pieces) was allowed for certain crimes. It has always been distasteful to us to resort to these punishments, and it does not fulfill our imperial idea of showing mercy to the people. Now that we are once more revising the laws, therefore, we hereby order that for all variations of the crime of taking life, beheading shall be the extreme penalty in future; ling chi, exposure of the detached head and mutilation of the corpse must be abolished forever."

As a consequence of this abolition all the other punishments are moved down a grade in severity. The laws where the words ling chi occur, for instance, will have chan chueh, or simple decapitation, substituted. The penalty of chan hsiao, or what might

be termed compound decapitation, or the entire removal of the head and exposure of the same, must hereafter read chao chueh or strangulation on sentence. This is supposed to be a far more honorable death than decapitation and was formerly reserved for princes and other great men. Strangulation, however, has its own subtle distinctions, and the penalty of chao chueh will be hereafter modified to chiao chien hou, or awaiting in prison under sentence of strangulation. This difference is the difference between certain death and having a chance of reprieve.

Among other complications of Chinese law and its execution is a unique and rather racy method of dealing with prisoners by lottery. Once a year the vermilion pencil of imperial authority is waved over a chart on which the names of convicted criminals are written, and those which it includes in a haphazard sweep are executed forthwith. The rest are either reprieved altogether or their executions are postponed for another year.

Another important reform is the abolition of the "condemned" brand on the faces of prisoners. Hitherto all who have been sentenced to banishment for robbery and other serious crimes have been tattooed on the face, in order to mark them as criminals for life.

CUSTOM OF DEEP DRINKING

Students at German Universities Attain Marvellous Proficiency in Draining Deep Draughts

A clever writer in the London Chronicle says: "A Rhodes scholar has been telling The Chicago Daily News that in Oxford a man has only to drink a quart of small beer without a breath and at once he becomes a hero. This is a picturesque way of referring to the ancient and honorable custom of 'sconcing' at dinner in hall. For certain offenses against etiquette, such as punning, swearing or talking 'shop,' an undergraduate may be 'sconced' or fined by the head of his table, the scone being a quart of beer or similar fluid. In the normal course of things the sconced one simply takes a sip at the tankard and then circulates it round the table for all who choose to follow suit. But, at some colleges at least, if he can drink the quart off without taking breath he 'sconces' everybody at the table in a like penalty.

"If the Rhodes scholar who has been describing to Chicago the Oxford system of 'sconces' had gone on to a German university he would have

found that the man who can drink a quart of beer without taking breath is not a hero, but only an ordinary student. At the German kneipe, or club meeting for the drinking of beer and the singing of students' songs, there is a special challenge to a bierkonig (beer-king) contest. The huge pots are filled, the duelists face each other and at the word of command they drink. The first who can invert an empty pot and sputter 'bier konig' wins."

Drinking without going to the trouble of swallowing is thus described by the same writer: "This form of friendly duel has evolved a method of drinking that may be seen in Egypt, where a native seems to pour water down his throat without that sort of lock system that our less educated canals demand. A German student will bring pot and mouth to the intimate angle and down goes the beer without a tremor of the throat. This, of course, gives no pleasure, but to the wondering onlooker; it is merely an acrobatic feat."

SYSTEM THAT DIDN'T WORK

Fatal Flaw in Young Man's Scheme for Remembering Names and Faces

Some of the feats in remembering names and faces of persons only seen once performed by bank clerks and persons in similar positions are astonishing, but it is a fact that very few of them owe this faculty to any of the artificial systems of mnemonics so widely advertised. Either the gift is a natural one or is acquired at the expense of much hard work.

The cashier of a downtown bank who is noted for his memory for names and faces got talking the other day about his faculty and confessed that it had been acquired with much labor.

"When I was a young fellow," he said, "I was secretary to the president of a New Jersey bank, and I made up my mind that a good memory for names and faces would be a valuable asset, and set to work to supply what nature had not given me. I invested \$50 in an elaborate system of mnemonics, and the first opportunity I had to use it was when my employer

sent me to a hardware store on a personal errand.

"My system consisted in associating the man in my mind with some simple article connected with his trade and prefixing or suffixing a letter or more as necessary. For instance, Sanders the grocer would be associated in my mind with sand, and I would of course remember to add the three letters needed to form his name.

"Well, I framed up a plan on this system to remember the hardware man's name, and in two weeks I came back again. My system was working beautifully. I walked in as brisk as you please and hailed my friend.

"How are you, Mr. Snails?" I said. "Something in the man's face made me fear that there had been a slip somewhere, 'Are you not Mr. Snails?' I asked.

"Young man," he said, "you are too blamed fresh. My name is Stacks."

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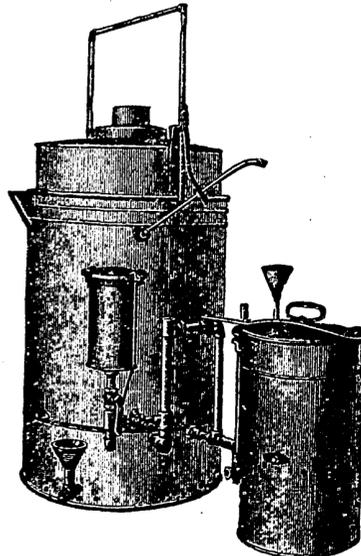
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