

# Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 9.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, MAY 22, 1908.

NUMBER 12

## The House of Quality and Low Prices.

Prompt attention given to Delivery Orders.

WE BUY HIDES, WOOL AND MOHAIR.

Call and See  
Our  
O. V. B.  
Tinware  
The Best  
Made

We now have a supply of  
**FINE NATIVE WHITE OATS.**

Do not forget that we still have the Arkansas  
**Sun-Dried and Evaporated Apples.**

COME IN  
AND LEARN  
OUR LOW  
PRICES

The Hamilton-Brown  
American Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes.

Stock and Dairy Salt.  
Walnuts, Pecans and Peanuts.

We want your business, and will make it to your interest to trade with us. A trial order will bear out this statement.

# CAPITAN MER. CO.

P. G. Peters,  
Proprietor.

### Lincoln County Democrats Meet.

Pursuant to call, the democrats of Lincoln county met at the court house in Lincoln last Saturday, at 10:30 a. m.

J. M. Pawley, chairman of the county central committee, called the meeting to order, and announced that the committee had recommended the selection of Jno. A. Haley as temporary chairman, John M. Penfield as secretary, and Juan B. Blea interpreter. A motion prevailed to endorse the action of the committee, and the foregoing were declared the temporary officers of the convention. The temporary chairman, in a few words, thanked the convention for the honor conferred, and congratulated the assemblage on the bright prospects for democratic victory in county, territory and nation.

A motion to name three committees, on a roll call of precincts, consisting of one member from each precinct, was adopted, and the following were named:

On Credentials:—Scipio Salazar, Juan B. Blea, Modesto Chavez, S. C. Wiener, George A.

Montgomery, C. W. Wingfield, Emmett Barton and W. C. Hyde.

On Resolutions:—Porfirio Chavez, George Kimbrell, A. H. Hudspeth, Jno. A. Haley, Pablo Chavez and John Beard.

On Permanent Organization and Order of Business:—Stephen Pearce, J. M. Pawley, Paul Mayer, J. W. Craig and John Kahler.

Pending the preparation of the reports by these committees, the convention took a recess until 1:30 p. m.

At the hour named, the convention reconvened, and the first matter presented was the report of the committee on credentials. This committee, through its chairman, Scipio Salazar, reported the presence of thirty-seven delegates and proxies entitled to seats, and the report was adopted as read.

The committee on permanent organization and order of business recommended for permanent officers the following: S. C. Wiener, chairman; Porfirio Chavez, secretary, and Juan B. Blea, interpreter. The order of business

(Continued on Editorial Page.)

### Hydrographic Survey Under Way

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan was in Capitan last Friday, and while here gave the News some information of the work being done under his direction, concerning water, its uses, etc. in this county.

C. H. Neel, of Albuquerque, will have charge of the hydrographic survey, and Rinaldo Duran, of Lincoln, has been appointed to assist Mr. Neel in making measurements. John W. Lewis, assistant engineer, residing at Carlsbad, will make the land survey, which will give the number of irrigated acres in cultivation in each farm along the stream systems, the kind of crops grown, the nature of the soil, alignment of ditches and a general topographic map of the entire irrigated district. The work is being done under the authority of the court, and, when completed, the engineer will file a report with the district court.

Mr. Sullivan informed us that wiers had been installed on about all the ditches along the Bonito and the Hondo, and that the

complete survey, including the flow of streams, how much used by ditches, how much wasted, if any, and the number of irrigated acres would be concluded within thirty or forty days. Other stream systems of the county will then be surveyed and measured in the same manner as the Bonito and Hondo. We were further informed by Mr. Sullivan that the abnormal flow of the Bonito this season would likely necessitate a subsequent examination along the same lines, in order to ascertain the minimum flow of the stream.

This special work was made necessary by the irrigation act of the last legislature, which placed all waters of the territory under the direct supervision of the territorial engineer. In other words, we understand from the engineer, that individual suits, over the amount of water used, is a thing of the past, as the amount will be adjudicated by the court for whole systems, and priority will figure very largely in adjusting the matter.

As Dirty as Possible.

Hundreds of young women are being trained all over the country for charity workers. Philanthropy is now recognized as a profession, for which one needs a special education as truly as for teaching. One of the first lessons a warm-hearted woman needs in dealing with poverty is to distinguish dirt from misery. To one accustomed to clean surroundings, the filth in which many poor people live seems intolerable. It would entail absolute wretchedness on the visitor. But, in point of fact, the families who live embedded in dirt usually do so because it does not offend them. The poor woman whose senses are tortured by bad odors and foul sights manages that her rooms shall be clean, no matter how bare they may be, or how empty her cupboard and coal-bin. The friendly visitor who thinks that tidiness is a sure sign of comfort and dirty disorder an equally sure sign of extreme want will make serious mistakes in her dispensing of gifts. Said a poor woman to a sympathetic and experienced visitor, "Thank you, miss, for praising my clean room and giving me the coal order in the same breath. You aren't like most of the rich folks, who think if you're too dirty to touch with a ten-foot pole you must be poor, and there's no end to what they'll give you; but if you're clean and decent—no matter what it costs you—you're lucky people, who want nothing from anybody." Intelligent philanthropy looks below the surface, says the Youth's Companion, and discovers that real suffering may have a clean face and real comfort a dirty one. The helpful friend is sympathetic without being sentimental, and knows how to seek out the pain which hides itself, and how to ignore the plea of those who try to appear as dirty and miserable as possible.

The laws of some states require that savings banks shall advertise the names of depositors to whose accounts no additions have been made during a specified time, usually 20 years. Many of these dormant accounts are never claimed. Depositors forget, or die intestate, or simply drop out of sight. The same thing happens in other countries. Thus in 1888-9 the Panama Canal company of France made an issue of bonds having a par value of 400 francs. Although they bear no interest, several hundred bonds are redeemed each year at a premium. One would suppose that the bondholders would watch for those premiums; yet the company's current statement shows that nearly 300 of the bonds drawn previous to 1905 have never been presented for payment, although two of them are entitled to premiums of 100,000 francs, and none is worth less than a thousand francs. Making all allowances for accidents that destroy bonds, bank-books and the owners, it seems that many persons who are wise enough to save money are unwisely indifferent as to what becomes of their savings.

It has been settled by a professor that man did not live in California during the time of the three-toed horse. That is too bad. Man would have so liked to see that curious beast without paying an admission fee.

South Dakota's divorce mills continue to rank among the most flourishing industries of that commonwealth.

DOCTORS REMOVE PORTION OF SPINE

REMARKABLE OPERATION ON MINER'S BACKBONE PERFORMED AT ST. LOUIS.

PATIENT LIKELY TO RECOVER

Victim Buried Under Tons of Rock and Coal Which Crushed Bones of Vertebrae Which Are Taken Out.

St. Louis.—Joseph Pittoria, a miner from Bush, Ill., will be walking about and doing his regular work minus a portion of his backbone if he recovers from an operation performed on him at the Evangelical Deaconess' hospital a few mornings since.

Pittoria, who had recently come from Italy, was working in a mine at Bush when a cave-in occurred. He was buried under tons of rocks and coal, which broke his back in the lum-



The Operation.

bar region. The mass of rock fell on his head, doubling him up and crushing the transverse and spinous processes of the first, second and third vertebrae.

The crushing of these bones immediately affected the network of nerves which branch off from the spinal cord at the point of injury.

The motor tract of the spinal cord, or those nerves which control locomotion of the lower limbs, were deadened so that he was paralyzed in the lower half of his body. The sensory tract, or those nerves which governed the senses, were rendered acute, so that the man suffered intense agony constantly, making it necessary to keep him under the influence of opiates. So great was the agony that he would have succumbed soon unless relieved by an operation.

According to information obtained at the hospital the subject was on the operating table three hours.

It was believed to be necessary to remove the arches of the three vertebra, take out the crushed bone and reach the spinal canal, through which the spinal cord runs to the brain, in order to remove the mass of clotted blood and splintered bone which was pressing on the sensory nerves and causing the man such intense agony.

Another difficult factor in the operation was the excessive hemorrhage due to the crushed vertebrae, and the two arteries which run up each side of the spine, the walls of which were torn and crushed, filling the spinal cavity with blood and spicula of splintered bone. All during the operation Dr. Menstrina was working with

his instrument under the flow of blood and entirely by the sense of touch.

The skin was lifted back from the seat of the injury and then the heavy muscles that guard the spine were divided and lifted away, being held out of the way by retractors so that the operator could get at fractured bones.

The periosteum, a cartilaginous or fibrous substance which covers the bones, was chipped away and the spinous process, or the bone which projects from the spine outward, was chiseled and broken away by forceps.

After the spinous process had been removed the operator was able to get into the spinal canal through which the spinal cord runs to the brain.

For the length of the three vertebrae, the spinal cord was lifted from the canal with delicate instruments and the canal cleared of fluid and spicula, or splinters of bone, which were pressing against it. Then with forceps-like instruments the transverse processes were crushed and taken out until all the bony structure of the three vertebrae nearest the outside of the back had been removed.

The body of the bony structure of the spine, that which lies back of or behind the canal, was left and forms the bed or support of the remaining portions of the spine.

When the spinous and transverse processes had been removed, the anterior portion of the canal, a fibrous substance, was cleaned and sewed as a protection to the spinal cord, and the heavy muscles brought over and joined as an artificial wall for the canal.

Dr. Menstrina said that his patient was doing as well as he had expected, and he had strong hopes for his recovery.

TWELVE HOURS ON AN ICE FLOE IN THE LAKE

MAN HAD CLOTHES FROZEN AND HAD TO KEEP HOPPING TO KEEP BLOOD CIRCULATING.

Chicago.—For 12 hours a man, hungry and weak and with his clothes frozen around him, leaped from one small-ice cake to another as they bumped and tumbled in a heavy sea out in Lake Michigan, three miles from Gary, Ind., the other day.

He was Carl Reisen, a workman employed on the railroad at Gary. He left home shortly after two o'clock in the morning to go out on the lake and shoot ducks. He had just taken a position on the lake edge of a floe, when a large piece broke loose from the shore and floated out into the lake.

As it got farther from shore the waves began to break it into small pieces, until Reisen was compelled to keep constantly on the move, jumping from one crumbling, slippery raft to another.

Once he fell into the lake, and after a swim which deprived him of almost all the strength and energy he had in him he caught another cake.

He was seen about noon from Gary and a message was sent to South Chicago asking for a tug. For hours throngs of people lined the shore of Gary watching the frantic struggles of the man to keep alive and watching eagerly for the expected tug.

About 2:30 p. m. Chief Charles Bowser of the steel company's guards, issued a call for volunteers to go out in a rowboat after the man. The trip through the rough waters covered with shifting ice which could crush the rowboat like an egg shell was dangerous, and for some time no one responded.

At last J. P. Frederickson and Christ Christenson offered to make an attempt at rescue. They reached Reisen shortly after three o'clock in the afternoon, when he had been on the ice and in the water for more than 12 hours. He fell unconscious in the boat and was not revived for an hour. It was announced that he will recover.

The Evolution of Household Remedies.

The modern patent medicine business is the natural outgrowth of the old-time household remedies.

In the early history of this country, EVERY FAMILY HAD ITS HOME-MADE MEDICINES. Herb teas, bitters, laxatives and tonics, were to be found in almost every house, compounded by the housewife, sometimes assisted by the apothecary or the family doctor. Such remedies as picra, which was aloe and quassia, dissolved in apple brandy. Sometimes a hop tonic, made of whiskey, hops and bitter barks. A score or more of popular, home-made remedies were thus compounded, the formulae for which were passed along from house to house, sometimes written, sometimes verbally communicated.

The patent medicine business is a natural outgrowth from this wholesome, old-time custom. In the beginning, some enterprising doctor, impressed by the usefulness of one of these home-made remedies, would take it up, improve it in many ways, manufacture it on a large scale, advertise it mainly through almanacs for the home, and thus it would become used over a large area. LATTERLY THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY BUSINESS TOOK A MORE EXACT AND SCIENTIFIC FORM.

Peruna was originally one of these old-time remedies. It was used by the Mennonites, of Pennsylvania, before it was offered to the public for sale. Dr. Hartman, THE ORIGINAL COMPOUNDER OF PERUNA, is of Mennonite origin. First, he prescribed it for his neighbors and his patients. The sale of it increased, and at last he established a manufactory and furnished it to the general drug trade.

Peruna is useful in a great many climatic ailments, such as coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and catarrhal diseases generally. THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES HAVE LEARNED THE USE OF PERUNA and its value in the treatment of these ailments. They have learned to trust and believe in Dr. Hartman's judgment, and to rely on his remedy, Peruna.



**Economy**

in decorating the walls of your home, can be most surely effected by using

**Alabastine**  
The Sanitary Wall Coating

The soft, velvety Alabastine tints produce the most artistic effects, and make the home lighter and brighter.

Sold by Paint, Drug, Hardware and General Stores in carefully sealed and properly labeled packages, at 50c the package for white and 50c the package for tint. See that the name "Alabastine" is on each package before it is opened either by yourself or the workman.

The Alabastine Company  
Grand Rapids, Mich.  
Eastern Office, 205 Water Street,  
New York City.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES in great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. H. KELLER NEWSPAPER CO., 78 W. Adams St., Chicago

**NEURALGIA**

The real meaning of the word Neuralgia is nerve-pain, and any one who has suffered with the malady will not be so anxious to know of its nature as to hear of its antidote. Though scarcely recognized by the profession and people half a century ago, it is now one of the most common and painful ailments which afflict humanity. As now generally understood the word signifies an affection of the nervous system, with pain in the course of the principal nerves.

The two great causes of Neuralgia are, Impoverishment of the Blood and Deficiency of Nerve Force; and the treatment of it is not so obscure as many would be led to suppose. The first thing is to relieve the pain, which is done more quickly and satisfactorily by ST. JACOBS OIL than by any other remedy known; the second object is to remove the cause, which is accomplished by the abundant use of nourishing food, of a nature to strengthen and give tone to both the muscular and nervous systems.

Time is precious, but truth is more precious than time.—Beaconsfield.

**FOUR GIRLS**

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Read What They Say.



Miss Lillian Ross, 534 East 84th Street, New York, writes: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcame irregularities, periodic suffering, and nervous headaches, after everything else had failed to help me, and I feel it a duty to let others know of it."



Katharine Craig, 2385 Lafayette St., Denver, Col., writes: "Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am well, after suffering for months from nervous prostration."



Miss Marie Stoltzman, of Laurel, Ia., writes: "I was in a run-down condition and suffered from suppression, indigestion, and poor circulation. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and strong."



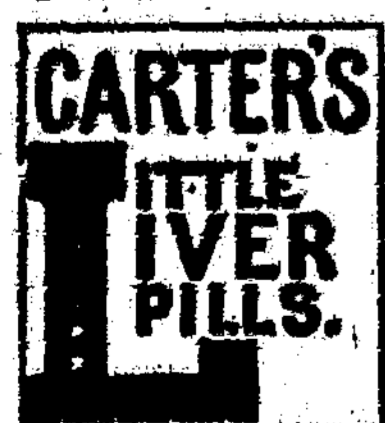
Miss Ellen M. Olson, of 417 N. East St., Keokuk, Ill., says: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me of backache, side ache, and established my periods, after the best local doctors had failed to help me."

**FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.**

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

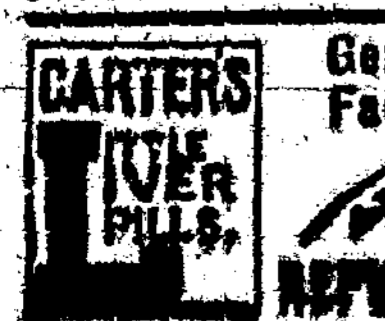
**SICK HEADACHE**



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Disress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

BEWARE SUBSTITUTES

**REAL WEDDING CAKE**

**BOSTON GIRL MADE OWN WEDDING CONFECTION.**

Used Same Recipe as That Her Mother Had Used Forty Years Before—Directions for Mixing and Cooking.

Any girl can have a caterer at her wedding, but not every girl can make the wedding cake with her own hands, as one well-known Boston girl did recently. People are getting a bit bored at having to carry home the invariable little box of baker's cake that the bride never saw. So there's a reaction toward the home cooked wedding feast, cake and all.

This Boston girl who surprised all her friends by having a bona fide wedding cake in the middle of the table, says she used the same recipe that her mother had at her wedding 40 years ago.

It takes six cups of currants, washed, dried and picked. Three cups of raisins, three cups of citron cut in fine strips, one-half cup of candied lemon peel, two cups of almonds, blanched and cut in shreds.

In a warm bowl mix four cups of butter and four cups of sugar, granulated or confectioner's; beat these together until light. Break ten eggs into another bowl, but do not beat them.

Cover a walter with a big sheet of paper; sift four pints of flour over this; add the fruit and the following spices: Two teaspoons each of nutmeg, mace and cinnamon, one tablespoon each of cloves and allspice. Mix these together and stand aside ready for use.

Have ready in a little pitcher half-pint of best brandy. Select a deep cake tin and grease with butter, line it inside with white paper and on the outside and bottom four or five thicknesses of coarse wrapping paper, which you must tie on. Have your oven hot and the fire banked so it will not burp out quickly.

Now beat the butter and sugar once more, add the eggs two at a time, beating the mixture with each addition. When this is done turn in the flour and fruit with brandy. Mix thoroughly, pour into the cake tin, cover with several thicknesses of brown paper and bake eight hours in a steady oven. Ice with thin coating made with the whites of eggs, a few drops of cold water and confectioner's sugar.

**Good Cake Fillings.**

**Lemon**—Two small lemon rinds grated and juice, one cupful sugar, one-half cupful water; heat almost to boiling, then add one egg well beaten and let it boil. Add two tablespoonsfuls cornstarch with one-quarter cupful of water.

**Mock banana**—Apple sauce cooked in usual way, sweetened and flavored with banana flavoring. Add the white of beaten egg. This makes a delicious filling.

**Caramel**—One cup sugar and one cup sour cream boiled slowly till it thickens. Whip till almost cold, then spread on cake.

**Almond custard**—Whip one pint of thick sour cream stiff; add the well-beaten yolk of one egg, one cupful of powdered sugar, vanilla to taste, one-half pound shelled almonds blanched and chopped, and, lastly, the well-beaten white of one egg.

**Mock cream**—Wet one-quarter cup flour with a little milk; let boil until thick, stirring carefully. When cool flavor with vanilla.

**Emergency Hook and Eye.**

When a skirt placket opens in spite of hooks and eyes, or if an eye has mysteriously disappeared, fasten a black safety-pin on the wrong side of the skirt, so a mere loop extends where the eye has been, and hook in this. The safety pin forms a sort of emergency hook that can do service in many ways.

**BUT WAS IT THE SAME MELON?**

Paper Carried by Darky Amounted Almost to Perpetual Permit.

"A negro just loves a watermelon," said Representative Johnson of South Carolina. "Strange, too, that when a policeman sees a negro with a melon at an unreasonable hour he has it right down that the darky has stolen that watermelon. I heard a story about a policeman who met a negro in the early hours of the morning, and he had a big melon on his shoulder.

"I see you have a melon there?" "Yes, sah," answered the darky. "I've got er melon; but I've fixed for you, sah, and pulling out a paper he handed it to the officer, who read: 'This bearer of this is O. K. He paid me ten cents for the melon, and he is a pillar in the church. James Elder.'

"You are fixed," said the officer. "Dat's what I lowed," answered the negro, and he moved on."—Washington Herald.

**A Mind Reader.**

Pat had got hurt—not much more than a scratch. It is true, but his employer had visions of being compelled to keep him for life, and had adopted the wise course of sending him at once to the hospital. After the house surgeon had examined him carefully, he said to the nurse:

"As subcutaneous abrasion is not observable, I do not think there is any reason to apprehend tegumental cicatrization of the wound."

Then, turning to the patient, he asked, quizzically:

"What do you think, Pat?" "Sure, sir," said Pat, "you're a wonderful thought-reader, doctor. You took the very words out of my mouth. That's just what I was going to say!"

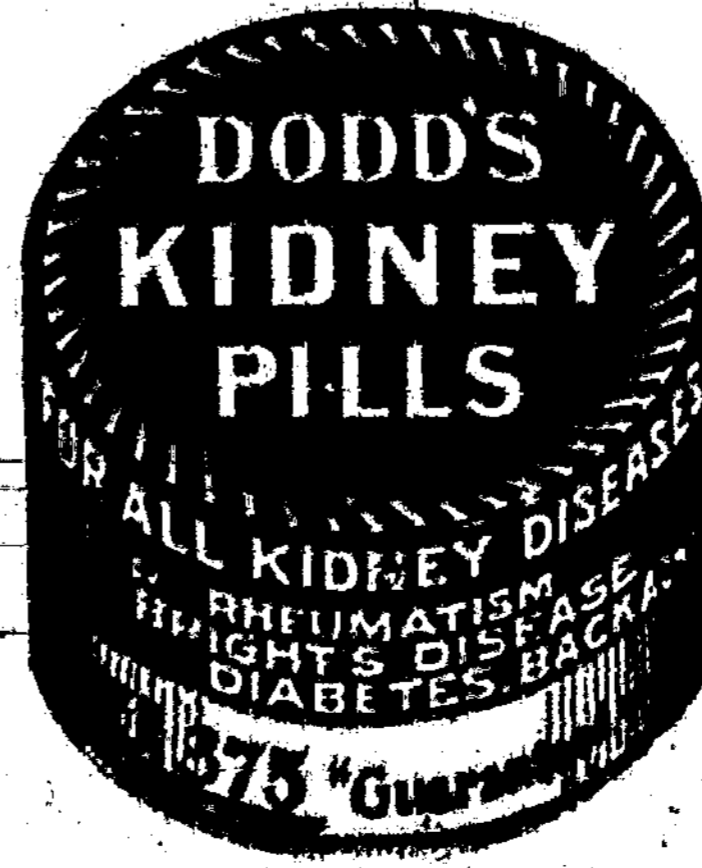
**PRESCRIBED CUTICURA**

After Other Treatment Failed—Raw Eczema on Baby's Face Had Lasted Three Months—At Last Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, 1907."

**Woman's Rule.**

It is becoming more and more evident that women mean to have and will sooner or later gain the suffrage, which all thoughtful persons of both sexes are coming to see is only a reasonable claim, but one could wish that men would accede to it in a more generous spirit, and that women would plead for it in womanly fashion, and without treating man as if he were the sole possessor of all the vices.—Lady's Pictorial.



**One of the Essentials**

of the happy homes of to-day is a vast fund of information as to the best methods of promoting health and happiness and right living and knowledge of the world's best products.

Products of actual excellence and reasonable claims truthfully presented and which have attained to world-wide acceptance through the approval of the Well-Informed of the World; not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting and obtaining the best the world affords.

One of the products of that class, of known component parts, an Ethical remedy, approved by physicians and commended by the Well-Informed of the World as a valuable and wholesome family laxative is the well-known Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.



The greatest test of shoe quality is in the work shoe—and it is in this particular branch that we lead. Farmers, miners, lumbermen, mechanics, and working men in all occupations, will find that they can get double the wear out of



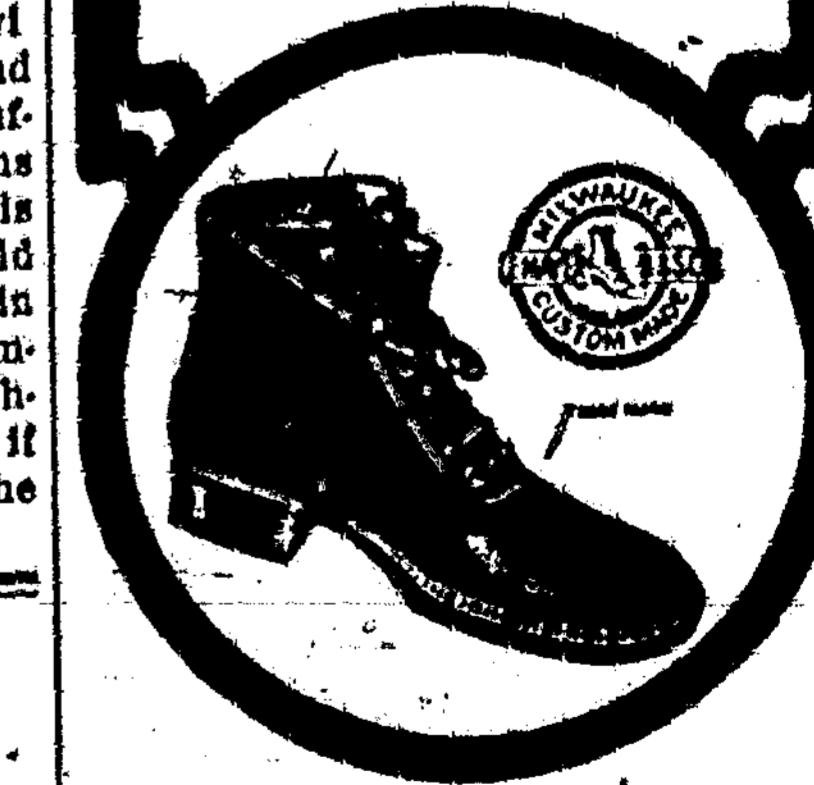
**WORK SHOES**

They are stoutly made throughout of the most durable upper stock and toughest sole leather obtainable. Their strength and wearing qualities cannot be equalled.

Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. Look for the Mayer Trade Mark on the sole.

Wear Honor-Bilt Shoes for Sunday.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Company MILWAUKEE, WIS.



Mount Beautiful Birds as Taxidermy. Mount your own trophies, such as birds and animals. Decorate your home or make money mounting for others. Taxidermy is a handsome and successful business. Success guaranteed or no tuition. Book + Map in Letters to: Wood & Lothrop, Dept. 5, Free Will, 1250 Broadway, N. Y. City.

**DEFIANCE STARCH**—16 ounces in the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY. **PATENTS**

# CAPITAN NEWS.

Published every Friday at  
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

Entered at the post-office at Capitan, New Mexico, for transmission through the mails as second class matter, August 14, 1903

JNO. A. HALEY, Editor.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year. \$1.50  
Six Months. \$1.00

## Announcements.

### FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR

The News is authorized to announce that W. H. Beatty is a candidate for re-election to the office of County Surveyor, subject to the action of the democratic party

### Lincoln County Democrats Meet.

(Continued from first page.) recommended by the committee was, first, the presentation of platform and resolutions, and second, the election of five delegates and five alternates to the democratic-territorial convention. This report was duly adopted. The permanent chairman, on assuming his station, confessed no burning ambition to make a speech, but did make a neat little hit about the emptiness of the republican dinner pail, and the duty devolving upon democrats to refill that vessel.

The committee on resolutions made the following report:

To the Chairman and members of the Lincoln County Democratic Convention:

We, your committee on resolutions, beg leave to submit the following report, and respectfully request its adoption:

We, the democrats of Lincoln county, in convention assembled, hereby reaffirm our allegiance to the democratic party, and proclaim our fidelity to its principles; and congratulate the common people of the country on the bright prospects of being relieved of high taxation, trust domination and favoritism that have been imposed upon the people by republican administrations.

WHEREAS, we recognize that the people demand for president of the United States a man of unbounded patriotism, unsullied character, and undoubted loyalty to the common people, and we believe that in the person of William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, the people have a champion who preeminently possesses these qualities, and in whom the people have every confidence;

Therefore,  
BE IT RESOLVED, That the delegates from Lincoln county to the territorial democratic convention be and they are hereby instructed to present and support a resolution in said territorial convention endorsing William J. Bryan for president and instruct-

ing the delegates to the National Democratic Convention to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

WHEREAS, we feel that Lincoln county is entitled to one of the delegates from the territory of New Mexico to the Democratic National Convention, and

WHEREAS, many loyal and worthy democrats of Lincoln county covet this honor, all recognize that only one can succeed, and they have, with a most magnanimous spirit, withdrawn and united in the support of Hon. A. H. Hudspeth, of White Oaks; and the delegates of this county to said territorial democratic convention are hereby instructed to present the name of Hon. A. H. Hudspeth for this honor, and to use all honorable means to secure his election as a delegate from the territory of New Mexico to the National Democratic Convention which convenes at Denver, Colorado, July 7, 1908.

Believing that Hon. O. A. Larrazolo was fairly elected delegate to congress in 1906 and fraudulently counted out by the republican gang of New Mexico, and recognizing in him a champion of the people, a loyal democrat and a man of the highest integrity, and desiring to give the people of New Mexico an opportunity to again elect him to this high office, we, therefore, instruct the delegates from Lincoln county to said territorial democratic convention to vote for Hon. O. A. Larrazolo as the democratic nominee for delegate to congress as long as his name is before the convention."

An amendment was offered to the effect that the delegates to the national convention go uninstructed; but in order to get the amendment before the house it became necessary for a supporter of the majority report to second the motion: and when the discussion had ended the sentiment in favor of the majority report was so overwhelming that the amendment was withdrawn, and the resolutions as presented by the committee unanimously adopted.

The following list of delegates and alternates was then presented and elected without division:

Delegates:—W. C. McDonald, John Y. Hewitt, Jno. A. Haley, Scipio Salazar and Juan B. Blea.

Alternates:—Martin Chavez, A. H. Hudspeth, John M. Penfield, C. W. Wingfield and Porfirio Chavez.

Vacancies in the county central committee were then filled, as follows: Antonio Cordoba, precinct No. 3, Las Pallas; John W. Stephenson, precinct 12, Bonito.

The thanks of the convention were tendered to its officers, and adjournment followed.

## The Exchange Bank, Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Transacts a General Banking Business  
Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of the World; Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety. Accounts solicited.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

## Southwestern Hotel and Wine Company.

(Branch at Capitan)

### Liquors, Brandies and Wines

For Family and Medical Use.

Sole Agents for Cedar Run Whiskey, bottled at the Distillery in Kentucky under Government supervision.

Anheuser-Busch (St. Louis) celebrated Budweiser Beer.

Nothing but the Best.

## S. T. GRAY'S

## Livery and Feed Stable

NEW STABLE.

GOOD RIGS. SAFE TEAMS.

## General Transfer and Baggage

CAPITAN, N. M.

WM. S. BOURNE

W. H. REILLY

### BOURNE & REILLY

If in the market for Teams or Rigs Call on us.

## Livery Feed and Sale Stable.

Good Rigs, Fast Teams, Careful Drivers.

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Prompt Attention Given all Phone Orders.

CITY PHONE NO. 22

LONG DISTANCE PHONE

### \$35,000 Robbery at French.

Thursday afternoon, one week ago yesterday, the Wells-Fargo safe at French was robbed of \$35,000 by three masked men. French is a station on the Santa Fe, at the crossing of the Dawson branch.

The money had been consigned by the First National Bank of Albuquerque to the Southwestern Coal company at Dawson, and was to have been used in the payment of labor for last month.

The safe containing the money, consisting of \$20,000 in currency and \$15,000 in gold and silver, was in charge of an armed messenger, and the messenger had transferred the safe from the Santa Fe train to the station de-

pot and was awaiting the arrival of the Dawson train.

The robbers invaded the depot, got the "drop" on the guard, the agent and a by-stander and bound each of them. Two unsuccessful attempts were made to blow the safe open with nitroglycerin, and the safe was finally demolished with a sledge hammer. The booty was secured and sacked, the robbers fired a few parting shots, mounted their horses and hit the trail for the hills.

The authorities were notified at once, and posses were soon scouring the country in every direction. Two suspects have since been arrested, but none of the swag secured.

# Welch & Titsworth

## NEW SCHOOL BOOKS

As per List adopted by the Territorial Board of Education.

### Barbed Wire.

Sash Doors, Glass, Paints and Oils.

SCREEN DOORS.

McCALL'S PATTERNS.

We Buy Mohair.

STETSON HATS — BOOTS & SHOES — HOG FENCE

WAGONS — IRON ROOFING — CHICKEN NETTING

# WELCH & TITSWORTH.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Williamson returned to Carrizozo on Monday's train.

Mrs. B. H. Moeller and children left last week for El Paso, where they will remain for some time.

H. Lutz and Dr. Watson, accompanied by their wives, were in Capitan a short time Monday from Lincoln.

H. D. Hyde is setting up his well drilling machine on the hill north of town, where he will sink a well for Wm. S. Bourne.

For Sale—A second-hand windmill at Welch & Titsworth's.

Skating is one of the pleasing diversions among our young people, and many are becoming quite expert in their movements.

Steve Pearce was up from Lincoln Monday to meet Miss Pablita Kimbrell, who came over from Carrizozo on that day's train and was returning home.

Bert McMains was over from Carrizozo Monday. Bert, with another White Oaks boy, Roy Treat, in the butcher business, and are enjoying a good trade.

The old Southwestern Mercantile building, now occupied by Welch & Titsworth, has undergone a rough coating of plaster, which adds very materially to its appearance.

Jas. H. Kinney, who has been ill at Lincoln the past month, has recovered and returned to Capitan and assumed charge of the reserve as supervisor.

Mrs. J. C. West, a highly esteemed and well known lady of Lincoln county, died at her home in San Patricio last Saturday from an attack of pneumonia.

S. T. Gray is this week having the adobe building, formerly used by the Capitan Mercantile Co., plastered, which will go a long way towards lengthening the life of the building, as well as making its appearance much more pleasing to the eye.

George Kimbrell and wife came up from Picacho Wednesday and went to Carrizozo on yesterday's train. Mrs. Kimbrell will visit in Carrizozo while Mr. Kimbrell goes to Alamogordo as a witness in the celebrated Hondo water case, mentioned elsewhere in this issue.

A very important water case has been set for hearing at Alamogordo next week. The case is entitled the United States versus Mrs. Lillie K. Klasner, and, as we understand it, Mrs. Klasner has been enjoined by the government from taking a ditch out of the Hondo. Most of the old settlers in the Picacho country have been subpoenaed as witnesses, and are now on their way to court.

Mrs. J. G. Riggle and children

returned last week from White Oaks, where they had spent the winter. The head of the house brought them down, and has been all smiles since—he doesn't have to prepare his own meals now.

W. H. Sexton returned yesterday from El Paso, where he had gone a month previous to place his wife in a hospital. Mrs. Sexton has undergone a very successful operation, and, though far from well, strong hopes are entertained for her ultimate recovery.

We have been requested to announce that the people of the Bonito country have arranged to meet at the Angus cemetery on the second Saturday in June for the purpose of repairing the grounds and looking after the graves of the departed. All that can be requested to bring dinner and remain throughout the day. At night an entertainment will be given at the school house to which all are invited.

The lambing and kidding season is about over in this county, and the increase will exceed 100 per cent, and in some instances will be as much as 130 per cent. From R. A. Hurt's goat ranch the report comes that the increase will probably be 120 per cent. Grass is good and water less scarce than a year ago, although in some places it has to be hauled to the lambing grounds. The little ones are thriving, and taken all in all, those interested in the business are well satisfied with the outlook.

Preparing for the Fourth.

At a meeting held at Angus last Saturday, a start toward a Fourth of July celebration was made. The place selected is just above the old brewery site on the Bonito, at which point there is a good spring of cool water and a well shaded spot.

The proposition, as outlined at the meeting, is to have various communities unite in one big celebration, and a committee was named, having a representative from each place, as follows:

W. G. Wells, Parsons; R. J. Copeland, Angus; M. C. West, Little Creek; John W. Stephenson, Alto; C. W. Wingfield, Upper Ruidoso; Charles Coe, Lower Ruidoso; P. M. Carrington, Fort Stanton; W. F. Bingham, Capitan, and Joseph Cochran, Nogal. This committee has been requested to meet at Angus the second Saturday in June, at which time arrangements for the celebration will be made.

Eduardo Peppin returned last week from Albuquerque, where he had been attending the University of New Mexico the past session.

F. M. Hobbs has purchased one of the last remaining houses at Coalora, and intends to move it to Capitan soon and place it upon a lot here.

E. J. COWART  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Office in Capitan Hotel  
Capitan New Mexico.

**AN INTERESTING CHEMICAL EXPERIMENT**

**Any Child Can Do It—The Result is Almost Like Magic—Useful, Too.**

Anything in the nature of a chemical experiment is always interesting and usually educative. Here is a simple experiment which any child can perform and which is instructive in a very practical way: Get a bit of White Lead about the size of a pea, a piece of charcoal, a common candle in a candlestick, and a blow-pipe. Scoop out a little hollow in the charcoal to hold the White Lead, then light the candle, take the charcoal and lead in one hand and the blow-pipe in the other, with the large end of the blow-pipe between the lips; blow the flame of the candle steadily against the bit of White Lead on the charcoal and if the White Lead is pure it will presently resolve itself into little shining globules of metallic lead, under the intense heat of the blow-pipe, leaving no residue.

If, however, the White Lead is adulterated in the slightest degree, it will not wholly change into lead. So, it will be seen, that this experiment is not only an entertaining chemical demonstration, but also of practical use in the home. White Lead is the most important ingredient of paint. It should be bought pure and unadulterated and mixed with pure linseed oil. That is the best paint. The above easy experiment enables anyone to know whether the paint is the kind which will wear or not.

The National Lead Company guarantee that white lead taken from a package bearing their "Dutch Boy Painter" trade-mark will prove absolutely pure under the blow-pipe test; and to encourage people to make the test and prove the purity of paint before using it, they will send free a blow-pipe and a valuable booklet on paint to anyone writing them asking for Test Equipment. Address National Lead Company, Woodbridge Building, New York City.

**CONSCIENCE HAD SLEPT LONG.**

**Purloiner of Cake of Soap Makes Restitution After Twenty Years.**

Imagine a conscience that would span 20 years and drive a man to remember a theft of a cake of soap. That there is such a conscience, however, is proved by the receipt a few weeks ago of two cakes of soap by a storekeeper in a little town in Minnesota. Twenty years ago this man, Edward Hamilton, had a small store in St. Paul. In front of his establishment he had a showcase in which he displayed several large cakes of soap of special make. One morning he found the glass broken open and one of the cakes of soap missing. The theft was so small that the matter was never reported, and Hamilton had forgotten it, till he received a letter from the thief, which read:

"Dear Sir: I send you two cakes of soap in payment for one I took from your showcase in St. Paul many years ago. I recently saw your advertisement in a country paper and learned of the change of your place of business. I regret deeply having taken the soap, and trust that this which I send will satisfactorily take its place."—Sunday Magazine.

**PUBLIC LAND OPENING.**

245,000 acres of irrigated government land in Big Horn Basin, Wyoming, will be thrown open for settlement May 13, under the Carey Act, affording an opportunity to secure an irrigated farm at low cost on easy payments. Only 30 days residence is required. A report containing official notice of the drawing, maps, plats, and full information has been published by the Irrigation Department, 405 Home Ins. Bldg., Chicago. Any one interested may obtain a free copy by applying to the Department.

**The harder a man works the harder it is to work him.**

**Too Risky.**  
"Where is old Postmaster Daniel?" asked the drummer.  
"Resigned last week," drawled the loafer in the Beacon Ridge post office.  
"What caused the old man to resign?"

"Why, he read in the paper that the Florida people were shipping live alligators through the mail. Said he could stand queen bees, but when it came to live alligators he drew the line, because he had never learned to be a circus trainer, he gosh."

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.  
F. J. CLENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**Class Favoritism.**  
"The Indian appropriation bill puts an end to the relations of the five tribes, I notice," remarked Reeder, looking up from his paper.  
"Humph!" growled Grump, whose wife's cousin is making a protracted visit at his home. "I wish we were Indians."—Kansas City Times.

**Important to Mothers.**  
Examine carefully every bottle of **CASTORIA** a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

**Doing True Work.**  
It is not by regretting what is irreparable that true work is to be done, but by making the best of what we are. It is not by complaining that we have not the right tools, but by using well the tools we have.—Ruskin.

**In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.**  
A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**Common Sense the Main Factor.**  
One pound of learning requires ten pounds of common sense to apply it.—Peralan Proverb.

**Pettit's Eye Salve First Sold in 1807**  
100 years ago, sales increase yearly, wonderful remedy; cured millions weak eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Once in a great while you meet women who boast of the skeletons in their closets.

There is need for Garfield Tea when the skin is sallow, the tongue coated, and when headaches are frequent.

The hardest work some men do is inventing excuses to keep from going to work.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See bottle.

It isn't easy to fool the man who knows himself.

**There is Only One**

**"Bromo Quinine"**

**That is Laxative Bromo Quinine**

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLIC IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. *E. W. Grove*

**PUTNAM FADELESS DYES**

Color more made brighter and faster color than any other dye. See the picture below. This dye is sold in better than any other dye. You can see the difference in the color of the cloth. Putnam's Dyes are sold by all druggists and grocers.

**Mother's Modest Demands.**  
Lawyers will take almost any case, and Chicago lawyers, it seems, will take anything. A Chicago woman put her son in a children's home there, and is now bringing suit because they cut off the boy's curls. "Every curl was worth \$1,000 to me," she says, "and they gave him a bath, too, against my wishes. He is a delicate child and bathing makes him sick. I haven't given him a bath since a year ago Christmas." She will ask \$15,000 because of the curls and bath.

How some women do enjoy taking a whack at some other woman's reputation!

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
Promotes and restores the hair. Never falls to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair itching. 25c, and \$1.00 at Druggists.

**PILES**  
ANAKESIS gives instant relief. IS A SIMPLE CURE. At all druggists or by mail. Sample FREE. Address: "ANAKESIS" Tribune Bldg., New York.

**PATENTS**  
Send sketch and description of invention and I will advise you without charge how to secure protection. Send for my free booklet. Edgar M. Mitchell, 600 F Street, Washington, D. C.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 14, 1908.

**IRRIGATED LANDS**

Altitude only 3700 feet above the sea level. Inexhaustible water supply, taken from the great Snake River, the seventh largest river in America. No alkali, no cyclones. 420,000 acres of the finest fruit and agricultural land in the West. The man who wants a home where everything grows that makes farming profitable—on easy terms—or the man who wants land for investment should write us, as we quote nothing but absolutely reliable information. Address

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**K C BAKING POWDER**

25 Ounces for 25 Cents

A real power that raises and sustains the dough with absolute certainty. No failures. A cake made with K C cannot fall.

We insist upon refunding your money if a trial does not convince you.

**W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES**

\$3.00 \$3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape in better, longer, and use of material more than any other shoes in the world today.

W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equaled At Any Price

CAUTION: W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitutes. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

THE DUTCH BOY PAINTER STANDS FOR PAINT QUALITY

IT IS FOUND ONLY ON PURE WHITE LEAD

MADE BY THE OLD DUTCH PROCESS

**PUTNAM FADELESS DYES**

# HORTICULTURE



## ROOT GRAFTING.

Considered Easier Method Than Other Forms of Grafting.

Trees may be propagated by root grafting more easily than by any other method. The main part of the work can be done in winter, assuming that the roots are obtained before the ground is frozen too hard. Roots from nursery trees of medium size about one year old are best. The scions may be cut any time before the buds swell. The grafting may be done any time in winter in the farm workshop or basement.

The scions should be five or six inches long and cut so that a strong bud will be at the top of each piece. Cut the lower end as shown in the il-



How the Root Graft is Made.

Illustration. Make a long, sloping cut at the butt end about 1 1/4 inches long, tapering to a point. Then cut a slit one-half inch long, parallel to the cut just made, forming a tongue, and with its point a little below the middle of the slope. Then, taking a piece of root five or six inches long, cut it in precisely the same way as the scion, so that the two fit together and correspond. Join scions and roots of the same size, so that the cut edges will fit well. If a number of scions are cut at the same time it will be easier to find one which will fit each root as it is cut.

When root and scion are fitted together, says Farm and Home, hold the graft firmly, and with the spliced part between the thumb and forefinger, take a piece of waxed thread in the right hand, put the end of it under the left thumb to hold it fast while the thread is passed around the graft and made to bind down the end. Wind the thread, or roll the graft in the left hand, so as to bind the cut surfaces together, and snap off the thread without tying it, as the wax will hold it in place. The tying is a very simple operation, and children can learn to do it, but cutting and fitting the graft should be done with care.

Tie the completed grafts in bundles and store away in sawdust or similar material until planting time, keeping them in a damp, cool place where they will not freeze, and where mice will not get at them. At tree-planting time set them out in rich, mellow soil, placing them deep enough to cover the point of union. If kept cultivated these grafts should make good growth the first season.

## HORTICULTURAL NOTES.

Don't plant too many fruit trees, but enough so that you can give them the right attention.

Keep your orchard as near like a garden as possible from the time it is planted to the day of its death.

Three fine requisites are necessary to secure early potatoes, viz. early soil, early planting, early variety.

Every farmer should take an interest in the forestry question. It vitally concerns the farmer as well as others.

In taking up young trees for transplanting they should be marked so they can be put in the ground just as they came out.

Onion land should be plowed in the fall or early winter. Give a shallow harrowing just before planting the seed. Plant early in drills 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 inches apart.

## STARTING HORSE RADISH.

Set Out the Roots as Early as It is Possible.

Horse-radish is started by setting out roots as early in the spring as the ground will permit. These roots are known as waste roots, cut from the sides of the marketable crop. In taking up horse-radish, there are always several small roots radiating from the main or tap root which is used largely for

grating. These small roots are cut off and used for starting new beds. Roots as large as a lead pencil, and larger, are taken off and used to good advantage. They are cut into lengths from 4 to 6 inches and taper at the top or thick end, that is, they are cut on a slant as seen in the cut, and not square off.

These are put in the ground so that the thick end is upward. They are planted about 2 or 3 inches deep. This is to prevent any water from accumulating on the end of the plant, thus causing decay. Horse-radish delights in a rich soil and is ready for market by October 1. It can be left all winter and marketed early in the spring if desired.

I know of but one variety, says a writer in Orange Judd Farmer, and it is as hardy as a dock root when once started. Usually from two to five plants can be cut from each root during harvest, besides having roots for sale. I started with 1,500 plants and in three years set out 40,000 besides selling a considerable number. The cost of horse-radish sets or plants ranges from \$2.50 to \$3 per 1,000 roots. When set out, the rows should be set about 3 feet apart and plants about 14 inches in the row.

## PRUNING FRUIT TREES.

Apple Trees Should Allow of Passage of Wagon Beneath Limbs.

Apple trees should not be given such low heads that a horse and cart cannot be driven around in the orchard quite close to them. It is convenient to pick fruit standing on the ground, but the inconvenience of low trees overbalances that advantage. If the branches start from the trunk five feet from the ground and the pruning is properly done afterward large horses can be driven along as closely to the trees in plowing the orchard as is necessary, without interfering with the branches.

In pruning, keep an open top, and as straight branches as possible. Trim from the trunk or from the branches and look after the tree closely enough so a heavy pruning knife or a pair of shears will do the work where a saw would be required later. If big limbs are cut one to two inches in diameter, don't forget to cover the stubs with thick paint.

## Plan Bed for Next Year.

To make a success of strawberries, the ground should be well manured the year before planting and should have grown a crop of potatoes that have been well cultivated and no weeds allowed to mature. This ground should be plowed late in the fall; some soils will be better plowed again in spring, some may be disked and well dragged.

## A Withholding That is Wasteful.

The most expensive feed upon the farm is that which you keep away from the cows. Give them liberal rations. That which they get above what is necessary for maintenance is what determines the profit.

## Don't Do It.

No truck gardener or farmer should contract to sell his products at stipulated prices the entire season.

## LANGUID AND WEAK.

A Condition Common with Kidney Trouble and Backache.

Mrs. Marie Sipple, 416 Miller St., Helena, Mont., says: "Three years ago my back grew weak and lame and I could not stoop without a sharp pain. It was just as bad when I tried to get up from a chair. I was languid and listless and had much pain and trouble with the kidney secretions. This was my state when I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me from the first and four boxes made a complete, lasting cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## WORKS FOR CIVIC PRIDE.

Excellent Scheme Devised by Merchants of Western City.

A new scheme for arousing local pride is being worked in an enterprising western city. The plan in brief is, instead of attempting to vitalize the civic spirit of the whole community, to organize clubs in different localities and to clean up and light up certain sections, without regard to what may be done elsewhere. For instance, a club is organized in a single block, and merchants on each side of the street are persuaded to join. If it is desired to make the block brilliant with light at night an investigation is had to see how it can be done, how much it will cost and what it is worth. The plan has worked so successfully that organizations are springing up all over the same city to devote their attention to cleaning or lighting a certain restricted territory. It is much easier to secure co-operation between 20 merchants than between 200, and the influence of the few spreads in a widening circle.—Baltimore News.

How Her Life Was Saved When Bitten By a Large Snake.

How few people there are who are not afraid of snakes. Not long ago a harmless little garter snake fell on the wheel of an automobile which was being driven by a woman. The woman promptly fainted and the car, left to its own resources, ran into a stone wall and caused a serious accident.

The bite of a poisonous snake needs prompt attention. Mrs. K. M. Fisher, Route No. 1, Box 40, Dillsburg, Pa., tells how she saved her life when bitten by a large snake.

"On August 29, 1906, I was bitten on the hand twice by a large copper-head snake. Being a distance from any medical aid, as a last resort I used Sloan's Liniment, and to my astonishment found it killed all pain and was the means of saving my life. I am the mother of four children and am never without your Liniment."

## POOR GEORGE!



Johnny—I'm glad I didn't live in the time when George Washington was a boy.

Father—Why not, my son? Johnny—Why, his dad didn't wear a plug hat for him to throw snowballs at.

## Classification.

"That man is a great friend of yours," said the campaign assistant. "Which kind of a friend?" queried Senator Borghum, "one who wants to do something for me or one who wants me to do something for him?"—Washington Star.

In the April Century. The story of "The Transformation of the Southwest" through the legal abolition of gambling—a surprising but most salutary transformation—will be told in the April Century by Barton Wood Currie, who shows that enforcement of the Territorial anti-gambling law was the price Arizona and New Mexico were glad to pay for statehood. This law not only provides for the punishment of the proprietors of gambling places, but all persons concerned in gambling of any sort are liable; the man who runs the business, the person or persons who own the premises in which the offense is committed, and the player or victim. Each particular game or device in an establishment is a separate offense each day that it is in operation.

## A True Epitaph.

Marie Lloyd, the famous English music hall star, had been describing at a dinner, in New York, an actor whose career drink had ruined.

"Yes, he," said Miss Lloyd, "was a frightful drinker. As hard a drinker, in fact, as an old ancient tavernkeeper in Yorkshire, on whose tomb is inscribed:

"He has lost his best customer."

## Invitation That Failed.

She (in a friendly tone)—"By the way, are you going to take supper anywhere tomorrow evening?"

He (eagerly)—"Why, no—not that I know of."

She (serenely)—"My! won't you be hungry the next morning!"—Yale Record.

## His Delicate Sarcaam.

Lounger—The lady who went out just now was Mrs. Wiggins, the authoress, wasn't she?

Bookstore Salesman—Yes, she's one of the best—or—customesses we have.—Chicago Tribune.

## Denver Directory

A \$40 Saddle for \$28 C.O.D.



For a short time only we offer this saddle, steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 21-inch skirts, 2 1/2-inch stirrup leathers, steel leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and actual to saddles sold for \$40 everywhere. Catalogue free.

The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co. 1413-1415 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Fellen, 1331 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 712.

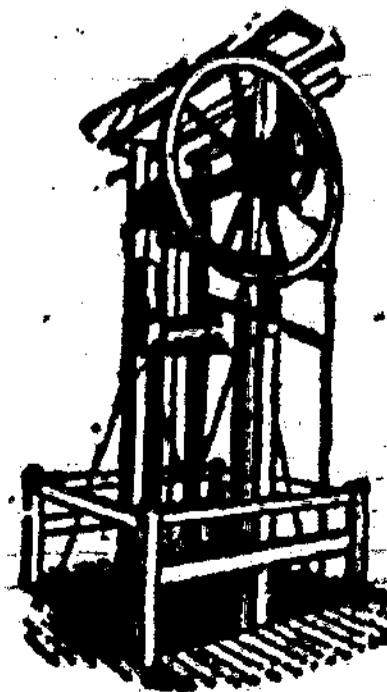
BROWN PALACE HOTEL. Absolutely Fire-proof. European Plan. \$1.50 and upward.



## Seeds, Plants ROSES

BULBS, VINES, SHRUBS, FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES. COLORADO GROWN—BEST ON EARTH. LOW PRICES. Free Catalogue. International Nurseries, "The Big Growers," Denver, Colorado.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY. Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed OR PURCHASED. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.



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Manufacturers of Electric, Hydraulic, Belt Power Head and Slatwalk ELEVATORS

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HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer. Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, 50¢; gold, silver, 75¢; gold, 100¢; zinc or copper, 1¢. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and sample work solicited. Leadville, Colo. References: Carbonate National Bank.

## POULTRY COLUMN.

By  
WILLIAM EWART,  
FORT STANTON, NEW MEXICO.

Member of Scottish and Canadian  
Poultry Breeders' Association.

### ON FEEDING CHICKENS.

A reply to "W. W.," Lincoln.—  
A number of experiments have been made with hens, and it has been found that to do well a hen should be fed five or six ounces of food per day, or, as one writer puts it, one ounce of food to every pound of hen. This, however, is only an approximate rule, for hens that are laying require more food than hens that are not, and so on. You can easily realize that when a hen is making either feathers or eggs she will need more food than at other times. Of the six ounces two should be green feed and the balance from one-half to an ounce of animal food, and the rest grains or their by-products. I do not think you are feeding enough either in the morning or evening for forty-five hens. I do not know how much table scraps you are giving them, nor the quality of the scraps. A hen should have about an ounce of fresh meat per day when she is laying or when you want her to lay. I think that by giving them a little more animal food and adding a little red pepper (a teaspoonful three times a week per dozen hens) that in a very short time you will have plenty of eggs. After the hens are laying stop giving pepper except in cold or wet weather.

### PULLETS FOR LAYERS.

It is the pullets that do the late fall and early winter laying, and if we would have an abundant supply of eggs at the time of highest prices, a goodly proportion of our birds must be early hatched and well-grown pullets. An experiment illustrating the doubled profits to be secured from pullets as compared with year-old hens was tried at the Utah experiment station a few years ago, and the result was most instructive. Two pens of old hens averaged 85 eggs apiece, while two pens of pullets averaged 170 eggs apiece, exactly double.

### EMULSION FOR SPRAYING CHICKEN HOUSES.

In one gallon of water boil one bar of laundry soap, or one pound of soap powder, until thoroughly dissolved; remove from fire and add one gallon of kerosene and one pint of crude carbolic acid; churn or agitate violently until cold or until you wish to use it. Take one dipperful of the mixture and add to it nine dipperfuls of water. This is an effectual remedy for mites, besides a thorough disinfectant.

### DISEASES OF POULTRY.

**Gapes.**—This is a disease of chickens or young fowls, and consists in the wind-pipe becoming infested with small white worms, causing the chicken to strangle and gape for breath, waste away and finally die from actual suffocation. The worm is about three-fourths of an inch in length, of a pale reddish color, and the num-

ber in each chick varies from two to twelve. It is most always found double, a smaller worm (the male) being attached about one-fourth from the upper end. These worms develop from an egg, which finds its way into the chickens' mouth, caused from eating angle worms. Take a rich soil that is damp, and you will find more gapes as they get more angle worms. Treatment—Swab throat with a strong solution of one-third kerosene, one-third turpentine and one-third lard.

### It Is Epidemical.

The fishing fever has struck this office with full force and effect this week, and we are left alone in our glory. We confess the reading of Will H. Maupin has created a longing in our placid breast for the mountain air, the sylvan dells and the speckled beauties that swarm in the limpid depths of the Bonito and Ruidoso. This longing may become all-compelling, irresistible and overwhelming, and in that event the end of the week may find this office without a pencil-pusher, as it is now short on mechanical force. We recognize the fact that the News, like the little brooklet, should go on forever; but the flesh is weak, and the "call of the wild" sounds clear and distinct—maybe we can resist, 'fraid not.

A big excursion is advertised to arrive at Bonito City tomorrow. The excursionists are to come mainly from El Paso. A sale of lots is scheduled for that occasion and high hopes are entertained from the results of the gathering.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

H. B. HAMILTON, JR.,  
Administrator et al., Appellee,  
vs. NO. 1178.  
EAGLE MINING & IMPROVEMENT  
Co., Appellant.

By virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico, dated the 6th day of March, A. D. 1908, to me directed, whereby I was commanded that of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the Eagle Mining & Improvement Company, in my County, I cause to be made the sum of Eight Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-Three and 60-100 (\$8933.60) Dollars, with interest thereon from the twenty-eighth day of August, A. D. 1907, at the rate of six per cent per annum, which by the judgment of the said Supreme Court, Humphrey B. Hamilton as Executor recovered against the said the Eagle Mining & Improvement Company,

I, the undersigned sheriff of Lincoln County, New Mexico, have levied upon and will sell on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1908, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, at the front door of the Lincoln County Court House, at

Lincoln, New Mexico, at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, all the following described lands and tenements, mines, mining claims, and mining rights and privileges and interest therein, within the said County of Lincoln, of the said the Eagle Mining & Improvement Company, to-wit:

All the interest of said Company which said interest does not exceed a 1/2 half interest in and to that certain mine or mining claim known and called as the "Hopeful Mine," which said mine was patented by the government of the United States of America to R. C. Parsons, by patent duly issued on August 3, 1892, and filed for record in the Recorder's office on October 15, 1895, and duly recorded in Book D at page 522, of the records of Lincoln County, New Mexico, said patent being described in the record of said patent and Land Office as Number 652 A. and 652 B. and to which reference is hereby made for a more full and complete description of said mine and mining claim; Also all that interest not to exceed a 1/2 half interest in that certain mine and mining claim, known as the Hopeful Millsite, which said Millsite is patented in connection and conjunction with the said Hopeful Mine, and is fully and particularly described in the above described patent to said Hopeful Mine;

Also the following described mining claims:

Lady Frances Mine; Buckshot; Etta Emma Mine; Bismark No. 1 Mine; Bismark No. 2 Mine; Silver King Mine; Rising Star Mine; which said several mines and mining claims are located adjoining and near the Hopeful Mine, and each of which said mining claims is more particularly described in the several Location Notices, of said several claims now on record in the Recorder's office of Lincoln County, New Mexico, and to which record reference is hereby made for a more full and complete description of said mining claims;

Also the Golden Placer; Bon Ton; Haven, Independence; Fay; Mint; Top of the Morning; Only Chance; Popnot; Top; Mandrake; Red Jacket; Jocker; Stanton; Venus; Warsaw; Jennie; Amazon; Good Fortune; Red Bird; Little Hubert; Queen of the Hills; Wedge; Max; Thrifty Millsite; Legal Tender; Climax; Savage; Wild Irishman; Mammoth Giant; Phoenix; Cabin view; Lone Pine; El Plata; Grande Lode; Iron Mask; Monument Lode; El Oro Lode; Castle Rock Group comprising Castle Rock; Pyramid; Monument; Sphinx; El Oro; El Plata; Granite; Iron Mask; Cleveland; Chicago, New York; Porphyry; Gallinas; Oso; Indiana; Illinois; Gold Bug; Gold King 12-18-94; Ohio; Turkey Placer; Big Buck; White Pine; Potato Placer; Two Districts; Iowa; Excelsior; Little Fortune; Realto; Verness; Expansion; Dream Placer; Imperial; White Cloud; Raven; Blank Tiger; Washington; Jasper; Little Annie; Mountain Lion; Spider; North American; Oregon; Lost Pine; Main; Doltle; Alabama; Deer Head; Clifton; McKinley; John D. Lee; Jeffer-

sonian; Wild Cat; North Dakota; Nevada; Abe Lincoln; Barry; Forks; Roiderico; North of England; Waverly; Big Blue; Eureka; Brannock; Klondike No. 2; Willow Twig; White Cloud; South Fork; Waterloo; Anaconda; Espanal; Blackbird; Mary Ann; William Waller; Ben Bragg; Ringgold No. 1; Ringgold No. 2; Atlanta Lode; White Bird Lode; Maggie Lode; Big Dick Lode; Alto Lode; Juniper Lode; Bace Lode; Timber Lode; Horace Greeley; Queen Ann; Divide; Tom Hill Lode; Calhoun; Aaron; Sandy Lode; Mammoth Lode; Ridge Lode; Saddle Lode; Fleet Lode; Robinson; Rufus Lode; Littleton Lode; Tom Lode; Land Lode; Christmas Gift; Louis; New York; Maud; Jennie; Guardsman; Christmas; Soldier; Felix; Red Sheep; Samaritan; Queen Bess; White Swan; Stepup; Harry Addison; Mavrick; Amazon; Good Fortune; Ajax; Perplexity; Wayup; Bobtail; Expansion; Conundrum; Spring Rocky; Hamlet; Desdemonia; Othelo; Romeo; Juliet; Lewis; Stanton; Saratogo; Valley; Yours Truly; Prosperity; Humboldt; Wedge; Climax; Alabama; Elk; Tom Cat; Redpath; South Dakota; Oregon; New Orleans; Elm; Red Spruce; Ben Harrison; Isabelle; Highland; Pandora; Bannock; Blue Wing; Great Western; Capital; Turquoise; Osceola; Half Moon; Hard Times; the location notices of which mining claims are duly recorded in the records of location notices of the records of Lincoln County, New Mexico, in said Recorder's office of Lincoln County, New Mexico, and reference is hereby made to same for a more full and complete description of said mines and mining claims. All of which mines and mining claims are located in the Bonito Mining District, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

To satisfy said judgment for Eight Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-Three and 60-100 (\$8933.60) Dollars with interest thereon from August twenty-eighth, 1907, together with all costs of execution of this writ.

Dated this 21st day of April, A. D. 1908.

JOHN W. OWEN,  
Sheriff, Lincoln County,  
New Mexico.

By E. C. SMITH,  
4-24-5t. Deputy.

### CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior.

United States Land Office.

Roswell, New Mexico, April 11, 1908.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by J. L. Crawford, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 2375, made March 11, 1902, for SW 1/4 SW 1/4 & SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 13 and E 1/2 NW 1/4 Section 24, Township 10 S., Range 13 E., by Joseph H. Williams, contestee, in which it is alleged, under date of March 16, 1908, that said Joseph H. Williams has wholly abandoned said land, by in the month of July, 1903, leaving said land and going to the State of Texas, and not being upon said land at any time since said abandonment took place as aforesaid; that said Williams left no family upon said land and that at the time he departed for Texas as aforesaid, he sold all his improvements upon said land to one W. G. Wear, who removed said improvements off said land; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps of the United States in time of war; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond, and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on June 12, 1908, before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at Lincoln, N. M.; (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on June 22, 1908, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roswell, N. M.)

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

5-5-t HAROLD HUBB, Receiver.