

# Capitan News.

Probit Clerk

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 9.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, MARCH 20, 1908.

NUMBER 3

## The House of Quality and Low Prices.

Prompt attention given to Delivery Orders.

WE BUY HIDES, WOOL AND MOHAIR.

Call and See  
Our  
O. V. B.  
Tinware  
The Best  
Made

### SOME NEW STOCK:

HAVE YOU GIVEN US A TRIAL ORDER?  
JUST TO START YOU--SALT BACON 10, per lb.  
CORN, BRAN, CHOPS, OATS, CORN-MEAL,  
STOCK AND DAIRY SALT.  
BANANAS, ORANGES, APPLES, LEMONS.

COME IN  
AND LEARN  
OUR LOW  
PRICES

The Hamilton-Brown  
American Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes.

Walnuts, Pecans & Peanuts:

We want your business, and will make it to your interest to trade with us. A trial order will bear out this statement.

# CAPITAN MER. CO.

P. G. Peters,  
Proprietor.

### A BIG BLAZE IN CAPITAN. The Southwestern Hotel Burned. The Town Threatened with Destruction.

The first destructive fire in the history of Capitan occurred here Saturday evening. At about six o'clock, when most of the people were at supper, fire broke out in the Southwestern hotel, which in a short time was reduced to a smoldering black mass of debris. The fire originated in one of the upper rooms of the hotel, and was caused by the explosion of an oil stove. The fire was first discovered by one of the roomers, who, in attempting to put it out, was severely burned on the hands, face and head by the burning oil. The alarm was given, and every one in town rushed for the scene to do their part, but in less than fifteen minutes from the time of the explosion the whole building was on fire, the flames shooting through the roof and wooden walls. The rapidity with which the fire spread gave little time to the fire-fighters to remove any of the contents from the building,

consequently everything went up in smoke save one trunk and a few articles of furniture.

By this time a large crowd had gathered, and the adjacent buildings being now threatened, they turned from the doomed hotel and concentrated their efforts to prevent the fire spreading. Every man took a hand in drawing water from the wells or carrying it others who dashed it where it did most good. The women joined in the battle, carrying water in wash tubs.

The News office, being opposite the burning building, was in most danger--in fact it was the key to the situation--if it was saved, the fire would exhaust itself, but if caught fire it meant the destruction of more than half the town, as the water was giving out. The fire-fighters saw this, and worked like one man, keeping the front and roof deluged with water, not ceasing their efforts until all danger had passed. The Welch & Titsmerchandise store was for a short time in danger, as was also the Capitan hotel. Those who had rooms in the hotel lost all their

personal effects.

Among those who lost personal property in the burned building are the following: Mrs. F. G. Walmsley (lessee), \$400; Mrs. Peters, \$75; Miss Agnes Pfingsten, \$175; Miss Clara Jacobs, \$100; Bert Provine, \$100; John Ritter, \$40. A generous amount was subscribed the following day to partially reimburse the losers. The subscription list will remain open for some time, and it is expected that a good sum will be raised.

The Southwestern hotel was formerly known as the McCorkle house, and was insured for \$1000.

### A Serious Accident at the Nogal Reservoir.

On Saturday afternoon one of the men employed at the Nogal reservoir, known as "Slim," was badly injured by a premature explosion of giant powder. It appears they were sinking holes around the lake for to place posts to support a fence, giant powder being used to assist the excavators in the work. "Slim's" business was to place the powder

charge in the hole and connect the wires with it, while another man had charge of the battery. Before "Slim" had time to get away the current was turned on, and the charge exploded. When the man in charge went to investigate the result of the shot he found "Slim" among the debris. An examination showed that his hands, arms and breast were bruised and lacerated by flying splinters of rock and gravel, and his face and eyes filled with the same material. The unfortunate man was immediately conveyed to Carrizozo, where his injuries were dressed by Dr. Paden, who sent him to the hospital at Alamogordo. No bones were broken, and it is believed he will recover, but it is doubtful if his sight can be saved.

The Rev. Dr. Nicholas, of Albuquerque, will preach in the schoolhouse chapel, Capitan, on Sunday morning. He expects a large congregation to be present on that occasion. He is a clever and impressive talker, and his discourse Sunday should be well worth hearing.

# THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPTAN, NEW MEXICO

The hearty daily laborer is happier than a dyspeptic prince.

Zanesville (O.) eggs are passing for currency. Got change for an egg?

Gold is still coming our way—speaking, of course, nationally, and not personally.

New York, it is reported, rests upon a bed of garnets. Still, the pickings above ground are richer.

A coal man has been fined for selling 1,916 pounds to the ton. That's a weigh they have sometimes.

A bulldog figured as a witness in a Chicago case. Opposing counsel refrained from cross-examination.

It is unsafe to trifle or temporize with anything that makes a noise like a grip germ getting in its work.

Spain produces over three billion corks every year. No wonder potatoes regard Alfonso as a corker.

A Detroit prisoner has admitted stealing 3,000 fountain pens. A fitting punishment would be to make him fill them.

Some Ohio authorities are using pictures in an attempt to cure the insane. Not, however, souvenir postal cards.

If the sultan of Turkey is not permitted to make overdrafts on his bank the poor man is horribly circumscribed.

A Philadelphia man has just given his daughter a \$100,000 coming-out party. That's right. Put the money in circulation.

The czar, by banishing all the editors from Russia, would leave the political novelists in exclusive possession of the field.

A wise person should ever be in confidential relations with his digestion and not allow any tough traveler to hinder its felicity.

Variety of thought is as universal as the leaves, blades of grass or innumerable stars that glitter in the spheres of omnipotence.

Over 27,000 women in New York support their husbands. A husband is a convenience about the house if a woman can afford one.

People are now utilizing the telephone to talk through their chests, but the process of talking through the hat requires no telephone.

A lady poet declares that "it is pleasant to die for those we love." If it is not impertinent we would like to ask whether she has ever tried it.

Eleanor Glyn, the English novelist, has called the "Pilgrim Mothers" of New York a parcel of "tabby cats," and a Kilkenny time of it impends.

When the Rev. Dr. Aked wants to raise a specific sum of money he refuses to dismiss the congregation until he gets it. Put up or stay shut up.

One hundred brand-new ten-dollar gold pieces. Can you imagine a prettier sight?—Atlanta Georgian. Yes. Two hundred brand-new ten-dollar gold pieces.

Although clouds, rain and storms prevail in the realm of Dame Nature, there can ever linger in the brave heart and soul the sunshine of immortal hope.

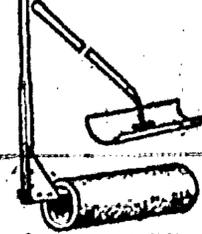
Wearing a peekaboo shirt waist in winter is highly recommended for women who want to catch the grip. Plenty of men catch it without any special rules, thus demonstrating again the superior ingenuity of the starker sex.



## LAYING A TILE DRAIN.

How the Work Can Be Done the Most Satisfactorily.

Secure a tile scoop and narrow-pointed spade, and if you are cutting wild grass turf, keep a file near to occasionally touch up the edge. Watch for inequalities in surface as you proceed. Cut no wider than will accommodate your feet, then carefully grade bottom of the first course as it is much easier to take out the inequalities now in the bottom of the ditch. This



advice, when I began, would have been worth \$50 to me, says a writer in Farm and Home. The second course need not be so wide, if for laterals, and you need not cut the sides, but thrust your spade in, cutting lightly on one side and deeper on the other; then contrariwise push forward to break loose, then lift out. Keep your scoop lying near you, and when you have gone far enough so you can reach back, scoop out the crumbs before they become slushy.

Be very precise with the spade in the last course. If you strike soft soil don't even allow a half-inch variation. Then when the crumbs are removed the floor is almost ready to lay a perfect drain. Trow up bottom with scoop. Take a two-inch piece, reinforced at one end, and nail or bolt a foot piece on this to hold the tile. Tuck them into the trough and you'll have done one thing that will be a joy forevermore.

In meeting obstructions, if they do not throw you out of line too much, cut back under the bank six or eight feet on each side and you can get around nicely without removing them.

A manure hook is very convenient for drawing in cuds in filling, but on large jobs a plow with a long whiffletree, or a road grader, can be used.

## TACKLE FOR LIFTING BARRELS.

Try This Method of Handling the Heavy Barrels and Putting in Barn.

Where a man has occasion to lift a heavy barrel, either filled or empty, from one floor to another or from a wagon to the second floor of a building, a tackle made and arranged after the method shown in the accompanying illustration will be found to be a thing of great convenience.

I think, says the correspondent of Prairie Farmer, that the general idea is quite clearly brought out in the sketch. All that is necessary are two hooks to catch onto the oblong of a barrel. These hooks connected with a short rope, which is in turn connected with the tackle rope.

Its Capacity. A cubic foot of ensilage after it is well packed down and settled in the silo weighs about 40 pounds, the usual daily ration for cattle per head. By this our readers can determine how large they should build their silos for a given number of cattle.

## STEAM PLOWS ON BIG FARMS.

It Solves the Problem of Farm Labor to a Certain Extent.

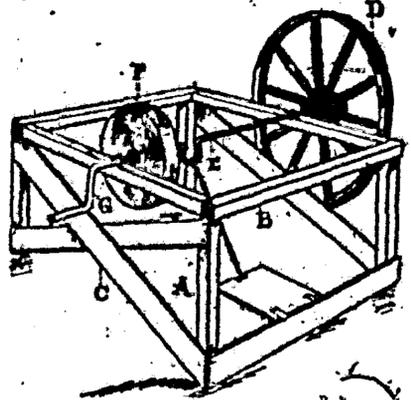
That steam plows are a success under some conditions has been demonstrated. But one of the conditions is that the farms be of good size. It is obvious that small farms militate against the use of the steam plow. An agent for steam plows told a representative of the Farmer's Review that his chief work was with the men that had big farms and had trouble in getting competent laborers. He said it was easier to find a competent engineer and competent fireman and pay them good wages than it was to find steady competent men to plow with smaller plows. In fact, the farm labor problem is mixed up with the question of what kind of implements to use.

The great farms of the west where the soil is hard, due to a semi-arid climate, are now the scene of plowing by steam more than elsewhere. The greatest saving is in cost of labor, for it takes but three men to run a plow that turns 16 furrows at a time and gets over the ground as rapidly as any other kind of a plow. This phase of plowing will doubtless be confined to the big farms, for in the small fields can not be advantageously plowed by these monster plowing machines.

## EASY-RUNNING GRINDSTONE.

One Which the Farmer Can Rig Up for Himself.

The grindstone shown in the accompanying illustration may be made by using four pieces of 4x4 lumber, 2 1/2



A Grindstone Frame.

feet in length as seen at A; and four pieces of 4x4, 3 feet long, as at B, with the braces made from 1x16 inch stuff. The frame should be firmly put together.

E is an iron rod one inch thick and 54 inches long. Make a bend in the rod 1 1/2 feet from one end to which a treadle is attached to be worked with the foot. This treadle is fastened to the frame with leather hinges.

A grindstone wheel, F, is placed on the rod at one end just inside the frame, explains the Prairie Farmer, while at the further end a wagon wheel is fastened to the rod outside the frame. A crank, G, can be added if desired.

## THIS AND THAT.

It pays to have good fences at all seasons of the year.

A poor old lantern is a bad thing to go through the winter with. Throw it away and buy a good one.

Fall plowing kills many injurious insects, which are thus turned up to the air and the frosts.

In the winter map out all the field work that is to be done after the frost gets out of the ground.

It makes a great difference what variety of a plant is grown on a farm, as some yield twice as much as others.

There is a great fight on between commercial fertilizers and the manure spreader. The latter, however, seems to be still spreading.

After finishing the fall plowing clean up the plow, grease the bright parts and put it away dry, so it will be ready to use in the spring.

## AN ADVERTISING TRICK FOR WESTERN FARMERS.

Real Estate "Agents" Go After Men with Land for Sale and Reap Rich Harvest.

A smooth scheme for separating farmers from their money has been worked with much success in South Dakota. An oily grafter calls on a farmer and makes a bid for his land. The figures are absurdly low at first, but by degrees are raised as high as \$60 an acre, and the farmer consents. Then the visitor explains that he is only an agent, but that he can sell the land at the price named if the owner will agree to pay for advertising at the rate of fifty cents an acre. The "agent" promises orally that the advertising money will not be payable until the land is sold, but this stipulation is not contained in a contract that the farmer signs.

In a few days he receives a copy of an ad and not over-courteous demand for money. It is said that twenty-two agriculturists were caught with this bait in Brown County and that one of them gave up \$320. Others declare hotly that they will not pay but they will make a fight in the courts.

## What Hubby Misses.

"I was telephoning the other night," said the girl, "and a voice crossed mine, a whispering voice. I couldn't help wondering what the game was. 'What are you whispering for?' I asked.

"Hush," she said, still in the whisper. "I'm trying to talk under my breath. I don't want my husband to hear. Please get off the wire. Won't you?"

"I got off the wire, but I couldn't sleep very well that night for wondering what it was she didn't want her husband to hear."

This is the law of benefits between men: The one ought to forget at once what he has given; the other ought never to forget what he has received. —Seneca.

## Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

Cleanses the System Effectually. Dispels Colds and Headaches due to Constipation; Acts naturally, acts truly as a Laxative.

Best for Men, Women and Children—Young and Old.

To get its Beneficial Effects Always buy the Genuine which has the full name of the Company.

## CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

by whom it is manufactured, printed on the front of every package. SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS, one size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

## SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Bile, Nausea, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, They regulate the Bowels. Family Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTERS' LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

## SOME FRUIT SALADS

DESIRABLE ADDITIONS TO THE DINNER MENU.

Apples Cut in the Shape of Tulips Are the Foundation of One of the Best of These Recipes.  
—Lettuce Salad.

This is the season when salads are a noticeable feature of a dinner. The fruit salads are very nice and may be prepared in numerous ways. One pretty way to make a fruit salad is known as the tulip salad. Select very bright red apples and do not pare. Remove the cores and slice the sides in little points to give the appearance of a tulip and scoop out the contents. Make a filling of chopped oranges, bananas, pineapples and the meat from the apple. Drain off all juice and mix the fruit with chopped nuts. In each dish place an apple on white lettuce leaves, preferably the small ones from the heart of the lettuce, and mix a few pieces of parsley in it to give a neat effect. Fill the apples with the fruits. After the dessert is served pass a dressing made of mayonnaise and the fruit juices previously extracted.

Orange shells may be filled in the same manner and just as pretty are the lemon receptacles made from lemon rinds. A lettuce salad is made by filling lettuce leaves with finely chopped cabbage and celery. This is placed in a small dish and surrounded with a layer of beets run through the ricer. You have no idea what a pretty decoration the beets make and the color can be changed by mixing the nuts with finely chopped celery. The meat chopper is best for making this. Save celery tops for decorative purposes.

In making the mayonnaise, one really should use a good egg beater to make all ingredients very light, for this gives the desired smoothness to the mixture. Oils should be gradually added, and all acids added when the mayonnaise is done to prevent it from curdling. By all means cook your mayonnaise if you do not wish it to taste of raw eggs. Use sliced eggs, pickled onions, and olives to garnish vegetable salads.

### German Marzipan.

One pound sweet almonds, two ounces bitter almonds, blanched and chopped fine. Add one pound powdered sugar and two tablespoons of rose water, just enough to moisten the ingredients so they may be kneaded by hand. Form the mass into a ball and let stand 15 minutes or so. Cut slices from the ball on a board sprinkled well with powdered sugar. Sift sugar over rolling pin and roll slices to about one-quarter inch thick. Cut in fancy shapes, hearts, diamonds, etc. Cut strips from plain sheet and fasten to edge of shapes like tart crusts, with rose water, crimping them with a fork.

Sprinkle sheets of paper with sugar, lay on a board and bake the cakes on this in a moderate oven till a light brown. Fill them while hot with the following mixture, prepared before-hand: One and one-half pounds powdered sugar, juice of a large lemon, two tablespoons rosewater; stir slowly a long time, till it looks quite clear. If it gets too hard add more rosewater. After filling the cakes do not remove from the board till they are cold.

### To Mend Underwear.

To mend knit underwear, turn wrong side out and whip together closely all rents and worn places, stretch carefully and add a patch of some old knit goods over the whole whipped portion. Then darn down on right side with darning cotton or wolen yarn. This insures a nice looking and serviceable darn, and the garment, if not too badly worn, will last as long as when first bought.

## ECZEMA INSTANTLY RELIEVED.

Instant relief for that awful itch! The Itch gone the moment the soothing liquid is applied to the skin! That is what oil of wintergreen, mixed with thymol, glycerine and other mild ingredients, will do for any skin sufferer.

Try a free sample of this oil as compounded in D. D. D. Prescription.

We urge it and recommend it, and surely would not recommend it and offer it to our regular patrons if we did not know what D. D. D. Prescription will do for skin sufferers.

Write to the D. D. D. Co., 112 Michigan St., Dept. 97, Chicago, for a free sample of the wonderful soothing liquid, enclosing only 10c to pay for postage and packing. Now don't fail to try this wonderful soothing refreshing liquid.

### EXPLAINED.



"I have called," said the captious critic, "to find out what reason you can give for representing the New Year as a nude small boy."

"That is done," responded the art editor, "because the year does not get its close until the 31st of December."

### Second-Hand Goods.

"I don't think it is so nice to have a truthful child," said she. "Not so truthful a child as my neighbor has across the hall. The other morning I missed my paper that is left at my door. I knocked and asked her if she had seen it. She said no, but her small son, aged five, ran to the table and got it and brought it to me."

"Here," he said, "mamma took it to read it, but you can have it. She is through with it now."

### CUBS' FOOD

They Thrive on Grape-Nuts.

Healthy babies don't cry and the well-nourished baby that is fed on Grape-Nuts is never a crying baby. Many babies who cannot take any other food relish the perfect food, Grape-Nuts, and get well.

"My little baby was given up by three doctors who said that the condensed milk on which I fed her had ruined the child's stomach. One of the doctors told me that the only thing to do would be to try Grape-Nuts, so I got some and prepared it as follows: I soaked 1 1/2 tablespoonfuls in one pint of cold water for half an hour, then I strained off the liquid and mixed 12 teaspoonfuls of this strained Grape-Nuts juice with six teaspoonfuls of rich milk, put in a pinch of salt and a little sugar, warmed it and gave it to baby every two hours.

"In this simple, easy way I saved baby's life and have built her up to a strong, healthy child, rosy and laughing. The food must certainly be perfect to have such a wonderful effect as this. I can truthfully say I think it is the best food in the world to raise delicate babies on, and is also a delicious healthful food for grown-ups as we have discovered in our family."

Grape-Nuts is equally valuable to the strong, healthy man or woman. It stands for the true theory of health. "There's a Reason. Read 'The Road to Wellville,' in press.

What Becomes of the Coke? A teacher was explaining to her class the various ways in which gas is obtained.

"Much of the gas we use is extracted from coal," she said, "and after the gas has been taken out, the coal becomes coke. In some parts of this country gas is obtained by boring deep holes in the ground and such gas is called natural gas."

"Does the natural gas come from the fires down in the bad place?" inquired a boy eagerly. "If it does, what does Satan do with all the coke he has left?"

It is needless to say that the teacher did not answer the question.—Illustrated Magazine.

### Moravian Barley and Speltz.

two great cereals, makes growing and fattening hogs and cattle possible in Dak., Mont., Ida., Colo., yes, everywhere, and add to above Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass, the 12 ton Hay wonder Teosinte, which produces 80 tons of green fodder per acre, Emperor William Oat prodigy, etc., and other rare farm seeds that they offer.

JUST CUT THIS OUT AND RETURN IT WITH 10c in stamps for packing, etc., to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. K. & W.

### Better Qualifications.

"Yes," said the political boss, "we'll have to give Crookley this nomination."

"But," protested the unsophisticated one, "why not Goodley? He's better able to fill the office."

"Perhaps, but Crookley is better able to get it."

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### The Reason for Marrying.

"They say that he married her for her money."

"And what did he do when she lost her wealth?"

"He lost his reason."—Harvard Lampoon.

### Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the

Signature of *Wm. L. Douglas*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

### Sing at Your Work.

Whenever the baby at midnight is inclined to be noisy and tearful, whatever you do,

As you tramp the house through, Oh, do not forget to be cheerful.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

It's easy for the average man to make a bad break.

## HOUSE WORK



Thousands of American women in our homes are daily sacrificing their lives to duty.

In order to keep the home neat and pretty, the children well dressed and tidy, women overdo. A female weakness or displacement is often brought on and they suffer in silence, drifting along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have help to overcome the pains and aches which daily make life a burden.

It is to these faithful women that

## LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

comes as a boon and a blessing, as it did to Mrs. F. Ellsworth, of Mayville, N. Y., and to Mrs. W. P. Boyd, of Beaver Falls, Pa., who say:

"I was not able to do my own work, owing to the female trouble from which I suffered. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me wonderfully, and I am so well that I can do as big a day's work as I ever did. I wish every sick woman would try it.

### FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

## SPOT CASH

FOR SOLDIERS AND HEIRS

All federal soldiers and sailors who served 90 days between 1861 and 1865 and who homesteaded less than 160 acres before June 23, 1874, are entitled to additional homestead rights which I buy. If soldier is dead, his heirs can sell. Talk to old soldiers, widows and heirs. Find a true soldier relative who went West or South after the war and homesteaded government land. Get busy and make some easy money. Write HENRY N. COPE, Washington, D. C., for further particulars.

# W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$3.00

\$3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY.

MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. Because they hold their shape in better wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world today.

W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price.

CAUTION: W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take W. L. Douglas shoes by the best shoe dealer everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address.



Principal of Geographic Department is a Court Reporter. Principal of Bookkeeping Department is a Public Accountant and Auditor. Send for our legends. 1125 Champs Street, Denver, Colorado.

# CAPITAN NEWS.

Published every Friday at  
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

Entered at the post-office at Capitan, New Mexico, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter, August 14, 1903.

W. A. HALEY, Editor.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, \$1.50  
Six Months, \$1.00

"My policies" are making a heavy load for Mr. Taft to carry. Big Bill may be equal to the task, but many believe he will be wind-blown before he comes under the wire.

The long, severe winters and warm, wet summers of the north, are driving many people to seek homes in a milder climate. The high price of land, too, is an additional incentive for leaving that unfavored section. Hence it is that New Mexico, with its wonderful climate and cheap lands, is attracting homeseekers and homebuilders.

New Mexico's population is increasing at a very rapid rate, and almost every portion of the territory is receiving a portion of immigrants from all quarters of the union. If the present rate of increase is maintained for three years, New Mexico will have a greater population than any of the states in the Rocky mountain region, with the possible exception of Colorado.

The Missouri republican delegation to the national republican convention is split, divided, torn all to pieces, between Taft and Hughes, and rival delegations will present credentials. As no republican hopes to carry Missouri, the present fight is interesting only to the contesting candidates at the Chicago convention; for after that date the republicans will cease to manifest any further political interest in the state.

That must have been a slight jar to the Taft boomers when a Nebraska delegate from a Omaha district declared that he represented five thousand labor votes, and that if Taft was endorsed the entire number would oppose him in the election. A similar feeling throughout the labor districts will bury the man who upholds "my policies" under an avalanche of ballots. Labor looks Taft as its inveterate foe, and it is easy to see that something will be doing—but not for Taft, when election day rolls around.

The true test of a man is when under trial, and, taking this as a rule, the people of Capitan and

surrounding country, showed the material of which they were composed when confronted with a proposition like that of Saturday night. The town was threatened with destruction, and to save it all labored in the most heroic manner to prevent the fire spreading until all danger was over. True, one building with practically all its contents was totally consumed, but that was inevitable after the fire started. It very often takes a disaster like the one of Saturday night to break the crust of selfishness, but once broken, the purse-strings are loosened and the "milk of human kindness" flows from the pent-up fountains.

## Orchard Sentenced to Death.

Harry Orchard, who pleaded guilty to the murder of Governor Stuenberg of Idaho, and confessed to seven other murders, was sentenced to death by Judge Wood, at Caldwell, Idaho, on Wednesday. The judge, however, recommended that the state board of pardons commute Orchard's sentence of death to imprisonment in the penitentiary. The judge was compelled to sentence him to death, for this is the only punishment for murder in the first degree under the Idaho statutes.

## ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, Francisco Cordoba and Mariana Cordoba, his wife, of the County of Lincoln and Territory of New Mexico, by their certain mortgage deed, dated the twenty-third day of May, 1902, and recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Lincoln County, in Book "E" of the record of mortgages, on page 279, did convey to J. E. Wharton, as mortgagee, the following described real estate and personal property, situated in the County of Lincoln and Territory of New Mexico, as follows, to-wit: South half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-two, in township eight south, of range eighteen east, in Lincoln County, New Mexico; together with one pair of work mules, described as follows: One dun male branded thus, 7 on right hip, and one bay male branded thus, 5 on left hip, to secure the payment of three promissory notes, dated May 22, 1902; two of said notes being each for the sum of one hundred dollars, and the other note for the sum of seventy-five dollars, and all three of said notes are payable to the order of the said J. E. Wharton, respectively, in the following order: one note in six months after date, one note in one year after date and one note in eighteen months after date, and all three notes bear interest at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from maturity, until paid.

AND WHEREAS, the said mortgagee, J. E. Wharton, for a valuable consideration to him paid by the First National Bank of Alamogordo, New Mexico, did, on the 11th day of October, 1902, sell, assign, and transfer to said First National Bank of Alamogordo, New Mexico, the above mentioned mortgage deed and three promissory notes; which said assignment of said notes and mortgage deed was recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Lincoln County, in Book "E" of the record of mortgages, on page 279. And whereas also, said mortgage deed provides for the sale of the mortgaged property described therein, provided default be made in the payment of said promissory notes or either of them, and default having been made in the payment of all of said notes, which are long since past due, which said default still continues.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1903, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and the setting of the sun on said day, at the front door of the court house, in the town and county of Lincoln, the said assignee, "The First National Bank of Alamogordo, New Mexico," its agent or attorney, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the premises and personal property hereinafore and in said mortgage deed described, pursuant to the power and provisions of said mortgage deed, and will make to the purchaser or purchasers at such sale, a good and sufficient conveyance of the property sold.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO, ASSIGNEE.  
By G. E. BARNES, Its Agent and Attorney.  
Dated February 2nd, 1903.

## The Exchange Bank, Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Transacts a General Banking Business  
Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of  
the World. Accords to Borrowers  
every accommodation consistent with  
safety. Accounts solicited.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

## Southwestern Hotel and Wine Company.

(Branch at Capitan)

### Liquors, Brandies and Wines

For Family and Medical Use.

Sole Agents for Cedar Run Whiskey, bottled at the Distillery in  
Kentucky under Government supervision.

Anheuser-Busch (St. Louis) celebrated Budweiser Beer.

Nothing but the Best.

## FORMWALT & COMPANY

LINCOLN

Solicit a share of  
public patronage

### Best Wines, Liquors & Cigars

Always kept in stock.

Call and sample them when you visit Lincoln.

## S. T. GRAY'S

### Livery and Feed Stable

NEW STABLE.  
GOOD RIGS. SAFE TRANS.

### General Transfer and Baggage

CAPITAN, N. M.

## BOURNE & HALEY

### Real Estate & Commission Brokers

Will handle Farms, Ranches, Mines, Horses, Cattle,  
Sheep, Goats, Etc.

If you desire anything in our line, write to or call upon us.  
Particular attention given to all business entrusted to us.

List Your Property with Us.

## BOURNE & HALEY

CAPITAN

NEW MEXICO.

# Welch & Titsworth

## NEW SCHOOL BOOKS

As per List adopted by the Territorial Board of Education.

Cane Granulated Sugar, per cwt. \$5.85.

Barbed Wire.

Sash Doors, Glass, Paints and Oils.

We Buy Mohair.

STETSON HATS — BOOTS & SHOES — HOG FENCE

WAGONS — IRON ROOFING — CHICKEN NETTING

# WELCH & TITSWORTH.

J. B. Blea of San Patricio was a visitor in Capitan Tuesday.

Our stock of bulk dried apples have arrived. — Capitan Merc. Co.

Mesdames Robert Bourne and White were down from the Mesa Wednesday, shopping.

Rev. R. P. Pope and wife of Glencoe boarded Monday's train Estancia, where they intend to spend a week or two.

Richard Brockman, an employe at Fort Stanton for several years past, left Thursday for Oakland, California, on a ninety-day vacation.

J. H. Greer was over from Nogal this week investigating the cause of the burning of the Southwestern hotel, of which property he was agent.

Ira O. Wetmore passed through Monday night from Carrizozo on his way to Lincoln to attend the republican convention at Lincoln Tuesday.

S. T. Gray is still wrestling with the demon, la grippe. Although no longer confined to his room, he is still in a shaky condition, but improving slowly.

Supervisor Booth, of the third district, has begun work on the roads with a small force of men. He is confining his work at present to bad crossings in arroyos.

Col. G. W. Prichard and Chas. Spence came over on Monday's train from White Oaks to represent that precinct in the republican county convention at Lincoln the following day.

C. C. Bennett, of the Capitan Mercantile company, was among those who went over to Carrizozo Wednesday en route for Silver City to attend the big republican pow-wow.

The coal entry from which Fort Stanton and the local people secured their supply of coal has been exhausted, and, until further development, no more coal can be taken out.

R. A. Duran, commissioner from the first district, came over from Carrizozo Monday, where he has been employed for the past month, and went to Lincoln to attend the republican county convention, which met there on Tuesday.

W. M. Reily and the editor of the News left yesterday for Silver City. The former goes to look after some personal business matters, and the latter to attend a meeting of the Territorial Bureau of Immigration. They expect to return early next week.

Two delegations from Lincoln county, reference to which is

made in another column, will attend the republican territorial convention at Silver City on the 21st inst. A number of others took advantage of the low rate offered by the railroads and help to swell the number. This county will be well represented Saturday in the city with the metallic name.

E. W. Hulbert, receiver of the Thomas & Co. stock of merchandise at Picacho, was in Capitan Monday night. Mr. Hulbert informed the News that many fruit trees are in full bloom down the valley and the cottonwoods are in leaf. The frosts of last week, he believes, did little if any injury to fruit trees in his section, notwithstanding its advanced condition.

A. C. Austin was doing business in Capitan Monday. In the afternoon while returning to his Bonito Park farm a sack of corn slipped off the wagon and was not missed for some time. A search failed to discover a trace of the missing goods, and Mr. Austin is inclined to believe that the impact of the sack of corn on striking the ground caused the earth to open and swallow it.

Elbert T. Collier, a long-time resident and business man of the White Oaks country, was in Cap-

itan Tuesday interviewing the Forest Supervisor Kinney. Mr. Collier is now engaged in the goat business, and is running a flock of the best grade at his ranch in Coyote Canon, an ideal goat country, but his home and range is on the reserve; therefore he is an applicant for a grazing permit.

Miguel Luna, a deputy sheriff, charged with murder, was acquitted by the justice of the peace at Carrizozo last Friday. This was his second hearing, he having been previously acquitted by the justice of the peace at Lincoln. At the conclusion of the evidence and arguments at Carrizozo the accused was put under bond of \$2,500 to appear before the grand jury, but later the justice rescinded this action and discharged the prisoner. It is learned, however, that the case will be laid before the grand jury when it meets, on the first Monday in May.

Miss Bennie Morrison, a qualified school teacher of Big Springs, Texas, arrived in Capitan yesterday, and will open a subscription school here on Monday.

An exceptionally cold wave struck this section last night, the thermometer recording a drop of 22 degrees.

### WORN OUT WOMEN

Will Find Encouragement in Mrs. Merritt's Advice.

Mrs. W. L. Merritt, 207 S. First Ave., Anoka, Minn., says: "Last winter I began to suffer with my kidneys. I had pains in my back and hips and felt all worn out. Dizzy spells bothered me and the kidney secretions were irregular. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills brought decided relief. I am sure they would do the same for any other woman suffering as I did."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

You can't make good ginger ale if anything ails the ginger.



After the First Kiss.  
Geraldine—Well, I like that!  
Gerald—All right; have another.

Many Old People Suffer from Bronchial Affections particularly at this time of year. Brown's Bronchial Troches give immediate relief.

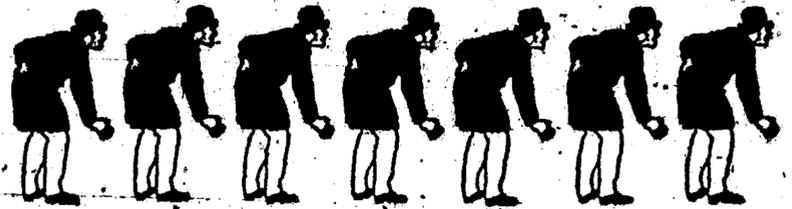
It is vain to be always looking towards the future, and never acting toward it.—Boyes.

Don't worry about your complexion—take Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative and blood-purifier! An improvement will be seen in a week.

However things may seem, no evil thing is success, and no good thing failure.—Samuel Longfellow.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"  
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 2c.

Show us a man who lives the simple life and wait show you a cynic.



"OUCH, OH MY BACK"

NEURALGIA, STITCHES, LAMENESS, CRAMP TWINGES, TWITCHES FROM WET OR DAMP ALL BRUISES, SPRAINS, A WRENCH OR TWIST THIS SOVEREIGN REMEDY THEY CAN'T RESIST

# ST. JACOBS OIL

PRICE 25c AND 50c

Associated with Thompson's Eye Water | W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 5, 1908.

## Commissioner Smith vs. The Standard Oil Co.

From the Railway World, January 3, 1908.

Mr. Herbert Knox Smith, whose zeal in the cause of economic reform has been in no wise abated by the panic which he and his kind did so much to bring on, is out with an answer to President Moffett, of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. The publication of this answer, it is officially given out, was delayed several weeks, "for business reasons," because it was not deemed advisable to further excite the public mind, which was profoundly disturbed by the crisis. Now that the storm clouds have rolled by, however, the Commissioner rushes again into the fray.

Our readers remember that the chief points in the defence of the Standard Oil Company, as presented by President Moffett, were (1) that the date of six cents on oil from Whiting to East St. Louis has been issued to the Standard Oil Company as the lawful rate by employees of the Alton, (2) that the 18-cent rate on file with the Interstate Commerce Commission was a class and not a commodity rate, never being intended to apply to oil, (3) that oil was shipped in large quantities between Whiting and East St. Louis over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois at 6 1/2 cents per hundred pounds, which has been filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission as the lawful rate, and (4) that the 18-cent rate on oil was entirely out of proportion to lawful rates on other commodities between these points of a similar character, and of greater value, such, for example, as lincseed oil, the lawful rate on which was eight cents. President Moffett also stated that thousands of tons of freight had been sent by other shippers between these points under substantially the same conditions as governed the shipments of the Standard Oil Company.

This defence of the Standard Oil Company was widely quoted and has undoubtedly exerted a powerful influence upon the public mind. Naturally the Administration, which has staked the success of its campaign against the "trusts" upon the result of its attack upon this company, endeavors to offset this influence, and hence the new deliverance of Commissioner Smith.

We need hardly to point out that his rebuttal argument is extremely weak, although as strong, no doubt, as the circumstances would warrant. He answers the points made by President Moffett substantially as follows: (1) The Standard Oil Company had a traffic department, and should have known that the six-cent rate had not been filed, (2) no answer, (3) the Chicago & Eastern Illinois rate was a secret rate because it read, not from Whiting, but from Dolton, which is described as "a village of about 1,500 population just outside of Chicago. Its only claim to note is that it has been for many years the point of origin for this and similar secret rates." The Commissioner admits in describing this rate that there was a note attached stating that the rate could also be used from Whiting.

The press has quite generally hailed this statement of the Commissioner of Corporations as a conclusive refutation of what is evidently recognized as the strongest rebuttal argument advanced by the Standard.

In fact, it is as weak and inconclusive as the remainder of his argument. The lines of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois do not run into

Chicago. They terminate at Dolton, from which point entrance is made over the Belt Line. Whiting, where the oil freight originates, is not on the lines of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, which receives its Whiting freight from the Belt Line at Dolton. The former practice, now discontinued, in filing tariffs was to make them read from a point on the line of the filing road, and it was also general to state on the same sheet, that the tariff would apply to other points, e. g., Whiting. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois followed this practice in filing its rate from Dolton, and making a note on the sheet that it is applied to Whiting. This was in 1895 when this method of filing tariffs was in common use.

Now let us see in what way the intending shipper of oil could be misled and deceived by the fact that the Chicago & Eastern Illinois had not filed a rate reading from Whiting. Commissioner Smith contends that "concealment is the only motive for such a circuitous arrangement," i. e., that this method of filing the rate was intended to mislead intending competitors of the Standard Oil Company. Suppose such a prospective oil refiner had applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for the rate from Chicago to East St. Louis over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, he would have been informed that the only rate filed with the commission by this company was 6 1/2 cents from Dolton, and he would have been further informed, if indeed he did not know this already, that this rate applied throughout Chicago territory. So that whether he wished to locate his plant at Whiting, or anywhere else about Chicago, under an arrangement of long standing, and which applies to all the industrial towns in the neighborhood of Chicago, he could have his freight delivered over the Belt Line to the Chicago & Eastern Illinois at Dolton and transported to East St. Louis at a rate of 6 1/2 cents. Where then is the concealment which the Commissioner of Corporations makes so much of? Any rate from Dolton on the Eastern Illinois or Champaign on the Alton, or Harvey on the Illinois Central, or Blue Island on the Rock Island, applies throughout Chicago territory to shipments from any other point in the district. So far from the Eastern Illinois filing its rate from Dolton in order to deceive the shipper, it is the Commissioner of Corporations who either betrays his gross ignorance of transportation customs in Chicago territory or relies on the public ignorance of these customs to deceive the public too apt to accept unquestioningly every statement made by a Government official as necessarily true, although, as in the present instance, a careful examination shows these statements to be false.

The final point made by President Moffett that other commodities of a character similar to oil were carried at much lower rates than 18 cents, the Commissioner of Corporations discusses only with the remark that "the reasonableness" of this rate is not in question. The question is whether this rate constituted a discrimination as against other shippers of oil, and he also makes much of the failure of President Moffett to produce before the grand jury evidence of the alleged illegal acts of which the Standard Oil Company and East St. Louis

large shippers in the territory had been guilty. Considering the fact that these shippers included the packers and elevator men of Chicago the action of the grand jury in calling upon President Moffett to furnish evidence of their wrong-doing may be interpreted as a demand for an elaboration of the obvious; but the fact that a rate-book containing these freight rates for other shippers was offered in evidence during the trial and ruled out by Judge Landis, was kept out of sight. President Moffett would not, of course, accept the invitation of the grand jury although he might have been pardoned if he had referred them to various official investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission and other departments of the Government.

We come back, therefore, to the conclusion of the whole matter, which is that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana was fined an amount equal to seven or eight times the value of its entire property, because its traffic department did not verify the statement of the Alton rate clerk, that the six-cent commodity rate on oil had been properly filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission. There is no evidence, and none was introduced at the trial, that any shipper of oil from Chicago territory had been interfered with by the 18-cent rate nor that the failure of the Alton to file its six-cent rate had resulted in any discrimination against any independent shipper.—we must take this on the word of the Commissioner of Corporations and of Judge Landis. Neither is it denied even by Mr. Smith that the "independent" shipper of oil, whom he pictures as being driven out of business by this discrimination of the Alton, could have shipped all the oil he desired to ship from Whiting via Dolton over the lines of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois to East St. Louis. In short, President Moffett's defence is still good, and we predict will be so declared by the higher court.

The Standard Oil Company has been charged with all manner of crimes and misdemeanors. Beginning with the famous Rice of Marietta, passing down to that apostle of popular liberties, Henry Demarest Lloyd, with his Wealth Against the Commonwealth, descending by easy stages to Miss Tarbell's offensive personalities, we finally reach the nether depths of unfair and baseless misrepresentation in the report of the Commissioner of Corporations. The Standard has been charged with every form of commercial piracy and with most of the crimes on the corporation calendar. After long years of strenuous attack, under the leadership of the President of the United States, the corporation is at last dragged to the bar of justice to answer for its misdoings. The whole strength of the Government is directed against it, and at last, we are told, the Standard Oil Company is to pay the penalty of its crimes, and it is finally convicted of having failed to verify the statement of a rate clerk, and is forthwith fined a prodigious sum, measured by the car. Under the old criminal law, the theft of property worth more than a shilling was punishable by death. Under the interpretation of the Interstate Commerce law by Theodore Roosevelt and Judge Kenesaw Landis, a technical error of a traffic official is made the basis for the confiscation of a vast amount of property.

**The Original.**  
 "Darling, you are the only woman I ever loved!" the manly young fellow avowed in accents of soul-reaching ardor.

The fair young girl looked into his face with her big child-like eyes overbrimming with trust and confidence. "I guess," she murmured, dreamily, "that is the way Ananias began when he was courting Sapphira."

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

**A Feat.**  
 "Do you imagine it possible for a camel to go through the eye of a needle?"

"Oh, I wouldn't be surprised. You know how large my wife is?"

"Yes."  
 "Well, she goes through my pockets regularly."—Houston Post.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

**A New Excuse.**  
 "What do you mean, by coming home at this time in the morning?"  
 "'Tain't my fault, my dear. They'd all gone, and I didn't have any one to talk to!"

By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of Defiance Starch, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either gloss or domestic finish. Try it, 16 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

The more judgment a man has, the slower and the more careful will he be to condemn.—Maurer.

**FARM OPPORTUNITIES**  
 Near Salem, Ore., "The Cherry City" on the beautiful Willamette River. Good water and fruit farms for sale to \$200 per acre, net; dairy farms pay \$200; improved farms \$200 per acre; unimproved, \$50 to \$100. Excursion rates to Salem in March and April. For information address: Board of Trade, Salem, Ore.

**DEFIANCE STARCH**—It saves to the consumer only 1¢ extra—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

**PATENTS**—Wanted: K. Coleman, Patent Attorney, 1000 Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms 100¢. Respectful.

**DRINK FOR THE SICK.**

Acceptable Concoctions in the Period of Feverish Colds.

With la grippe and feverish colds prevalent, cooling drinks are in demand. Chilled fruit ices are always acceptable, whether they be the juice of dried fruits soaked over night, then cooked in the same water, tart homemade jellies dissolved in a glass of cold water, allowing a tablespoonful of jelly to a glass of water, or the juice of lemons, limes, oranges or grapefruit diluted with water and sweetened to taste. One patient finds nothing more acceptable than the juice of an orange squeezed in a glass the same as lemon for lemonade. Another finds apple the most refreshing. To prepare it peel and quarter a tart apple, cover with water and cook until tender. Press to a pulp while hot; sweeten slightly, then cool and strain into a glass of cold water. The water in which rice has been cooked when strained, cooled and slightly sweetened or lightly salted is both nourishing and cooling. The addition of lemon juice makes an Oriental drink greatly in demand in case of cold or fever. Oyster broth made with milk and chilled is often relished.

The peculiar acid of buttermilk appeals to many palates, while with others oatmeal water stands first. To make the latter, put one cup oatmeal in a stone jar with a cup of sugar, the juice and thin yellow rind of three lemons. Cover with three quarts boiling water and let stand until the sugar is dissolved. Strain and put on the ice.

**Beef Stew.**

For this choose an inexpensive cut having the bone lean and fat. Cut the lean meat into small pieces. Put the bones, trimming, and fat into a saucepan and cover with cold water. Bring slowly to the boiling point, then push back on the fire, while it will simmer slowly for half an hour. Meanwhile dredge the lean meat with salt, pepper and flour, and brown in a little hot drippings with a few slices of onion. When the meat is well browned, turn in with the liquor and the bones; simmer gently for three or four hours.

About an hour before serving, take the bones out of the kettle and add for two or three pounds of meat and bones a half cupful each of sliced carrots and turnips that have been saturated in the drippings long enough to have become slightly cooked. Twenty minutes before serving add four potatoes that have been parboiled for five minutes. At the last, season with salt, pepper, celery salt, strained, stewed tomatoes, and a tablespoonful of chopped parsley. This may be served with or without dumplings.

**Transforming Plain Cake.**

A plain cake is transformed by an icing. The simplest known of these is that of white of an egg and powdered sugar. Baked frosting is not difficult, and when coconut or chopped nut meats are added the frosting may be as elaborate as you please. Maple sugar, which is a boon to dessert inventors, lends its delicious flavor to cake frosting. Boil one pound—two cupfuls of grated maple sugar with half a cupful of water until a soft ball can be formed in cold water; then pour onto the stiff whipped whites of two eggs, beating constantly; return to the fire for two or three minutes, beating carefully to avoid burning; then remove and beat steadily until it can be spread without running down the sides of the cake.

**Stuffed Celery.**

One bunch celery; one cream cheese or one small soft cheese; ten drops onion juice; two or three pounds cream; salt, cayenne; separate, wash, drain celery, and trim into six or eight lengths. With a silver fork work the sweet cream into the cheese, season and stuff into the hollow of each celery stalk. Serve cold.

**The Cause of Many**

**Sudden Deaths.**

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

**COMPLAINTS MANY AND VARIED.**  
 Complete Harmony Had to Obtain in Organizations.  
 "All clubs," said the secretary, "keep complaint books, and some of the complaints set down in them are funny. In our book yesterday a member complained that the hot water was always cold, and moreover, there never was any."  
 "A novelist last week had the nerve to complain that his last new novel hadn't been added to the club library."  
 "Young swells sometimes complain about the club wines and cigarettes and cigars in order to introduce brands that they are touting for on the sly."  
 "Sometimes anonymous scandal soils the complaint book's pages. Thus, last year, appeared this entry about a very popular member:  
 "'Maj. Hawkins is flirting with too many of our wives. By the way, he still owes that tenner—he knows to whom.'"

**CUTICURA CURED FOUR**

Southern Woman Suffered with Itching, Burning Rash—Three Little Babies Had Skin Troubles.

"My baby had a running sore on his neck and nothing that I did for it took effect until I used Cuticura. My face was nearly full of tetter or some similar skin disease. It would itch and burn so that I could hardly stand it. Two cakes of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment cured me. Two years after it broke out on my hands and wrist. Sometimes I would go nearly crazy for it itched so badly. I went back to my old stand-by, that had never failed me—one set of Cuticura Remedies did the work. One set also cured my uncle's baby whose head was a cake of sores, and another baby who was in the same fix. Mrs. Lillie Wilcher, 770 Eleventh St., Chattanooga, Tenn., Feb. 16, 1907."

**Try It on the Piano.**

There was a young chap in Des Moines who ordered a T. bone arloinae. Said the waiter: "Not so, Sir, unless you can show a sufficient amount of des coins."

**PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.**  
 PAIN OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money returned. No.

Talk is cheap—unless a lawyer is handing it out.

**How Helen Keller "Sees."**

Think of one blind and deaf from early childhood who finds the world "alive, ruddy, and satisfying." That is Helen Keller's own expression; and certainly it is a unique and important human document which is promised in her essays on "Sense and Sensibility," the first to appear in the February Century. Here she tells, to the world for the first time, how she "sees" and "hears":

"How can the world be shriveled when this most profound, emotional sense, touch, is faithful to its service? I am sure that if a fairy bade me choose between the sense of sight and that of touch, I would not part with the warm, endearing contact of human hands or the wealth of form, the nobility and fullness that press into my palms."

Justus Granich, aged fifteen, was recently arrested in Philadelphia for wife desertion.

\$5.00 in Gold, Free.

Send us the names of your friends who want a piano, and if we secure an order as a result we will give you \$5 in gold for your trouble. Send all the details you can and write plainly. The Knight-Campbell Music Co., 1625-31 California St., Denver, Colo.

The crushers of the Edison cement works, at Stewartstown, N. J., can crush a six-top stone.

**RANCH LIFE IN THE WEST.**

Still Plenty of Chances to Get Rich and Secure Free Homes.—Book of 100 Views and Map Free.

A new book has been published describing ranch life in the West. There is an enormous demand for the volume—truly, everybody wants it. Ready for action, yet absolutely true. It describes big ranches, tells how farmers and ranchmen are amassing huge fortunes and shows how new citizens may do likewise. The book gives the government land and mining laws, and the best ways of getting with a late county map of Colorado. Contains 100 photo-illustrations of farm and ranch views, cowboy life, etc. Editions cost \$2,000 to issue. The book is free—do you want it? To introduce our new illustrated western family magazine (established 1903) we will send you the above-described ranch book and our famous monthly magazine a whole year, all for only 50¢ cash or postage stamps. Clubs of 2 and 3 books 50¢ for 1¢. Money back if not more than pleased. Our magazine prints views of scenery, stories of adventure and sketches and tells all about the West. Act quick, send to-day. Address: Ranch Life Magazine, Bldg. 107, Denver, Colo.

**Denver Directory**

**THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES**  
 Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

**STOVE REPAIRS** of every known make. Repairs, gas, furnaces or tanks. Geo. A. Feltus, 1231 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 720.

**BROWN PALACE HOTEL** Absolutely Fire-proof. European Plan. \$1.50 and upward.

**THE COLORADO SADDLERY CO.**  
 Factory 1801-s Market St., Denver.

Harness in every style. Saddles of every description. Ask your dealer for "the Smoothest Made in the West"

**AGENTS WANTED**

To secure Homeseekers for the Gulf Coast of Texas. Flowing Artesian Wells—Crops a Year—Big Commission. **THE KIMBALL AGENCY CO.**, 909 17th St., Denver, Colo.

**E. E. BURLINGAME & CO.,**  
**ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY**  
 Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Refined, Melted and Assayed. Gold & Silver Bullion. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1724-1726 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

**REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.**

**An Interesting Session.—Two Sets of Delegates Elected.**

Never, no, never again, will the republicans of Lincoln county attempt to purloin our day, the 17th of Ireland, and use it for holding their convention. They did meet at Lincoln on that day, however, pursuant to call, and it was an occasion "long to be remembered and never to be forgotten."

Harold Blanchard was elected chairman, and immediately the fun began over the selection of delegates to the territorial convention. The wrangle continued throughout the day, and no action was taken, when an adjournment was declared for supper; but the supposition is that they took something else, not on the bill of fare, "just in honor of the day that was in it, and to put a little heart in them."

After supper (and other things) the convention reassembled, displaying more "spirit," and the wind-jamming proceeded at a lively rate. Epithets were hurled, briny tears flowed and old wounds were reopened. In fact, it was such a result as one would naturally expect from a crowd usurping a day to which they had no right or title, and which belongs to "us."

Five names were submitted to the convention for its approval as delegates, but before a vote was taken an open sesame appeared, the convention divided, one half retiring and holding a convention on its own hook. Dr. T. W. Watson was elected chairman of the retiring, protesting and bolting delegates.

The original delegates, the ones who held the floor, led by H. B. Hamilton, elected the following delegates to the Silver City convention: Arthur Rolland, H. B. Hamilton, R. A. Duran, Harold Blanchard and Robert Brady. The other, or rump convention, led by Col. G. W. Prichard, chose another list as follows: G. W. Prichard, Robt. A. Huff, T. W. Watson, C. C. Bennett and W. A. McKean.

The republicans have a share in some days—only a share—such as Washington's birthday, the Fourth of July, etc., but when they break in on a day to which they have no moral or legal claim, they must expect a kind of "Kilkenny cat fight," and they should profit by the experience, and never again use the day set apart for the "wearing of the green" to hold a convention.

P. Gunn was up from Lincoln this morning.

**A FIRE-FIGHTING PARSON.**

Saturday night, while the South-western hotel was burning, the tall form of Rev. R. P. Pope, the genial Baptist minister from Ruidoso, was conspicuous among the fire fighters. The minister is very tall, lithe and active, and his efforts to subdue the flames reminded those who saw him of his "fire-fighting" qualities in the pulpit, to which he has devoted most of his life, trying to rescue human souls from the danger of falling headlong into that region below where Satan is head fireman. In fact, to the most observant he appeared like a huge hose-cart, and certainly justified the comparison; water was hard to get, but by some means he got hold of a bucket that seemed inexhaustible, and kept up a continuous play on the fire. The minister, of course, believes in the efficacy of prayer on all occasions, and also of the saving-power of plenty of water on some occasions. Only for a brief minute did the reverend pastor cease work, and that was when an over-zealous, but excited, individual, dashed a bucket of water on the fire, which, however, went wide of the mark, and hit the minister full, sprinkling him from head to foot. Sprinkling would naturally disturb the equanimity of a Baptist at any time who believes that immersion only can save, so the feelings of the reverend gentleman can be more easily imagined than described, as he mildly rebuked the young man who had deluged him with water: "Brother, that bucket of water would have had a better effect if you had thrown it on the fire; besides, brother, I have been baptized once, and believe I am saved. We are now trying to save this building, and if you confine your efforts to the fire we may yet succeed." The minister shook the water from his dripping locks and continued to fight the flames with renewed vigor.

**Their First Experience.**

About eleven prospectors, mostly from Oklahoma, in charge of J. L. Wiggins, arrived on Thursday's train for the purpose of investigating the possibilities of Bonito City and vicinity. They left immediately after dinner for the "city of destiny," being anxious to get in "on the ground floor." Three of them returned to Capitan late that evening, and to say they were disgusted would be putting it mildly. A wire fence is being stretched around the place to prevent the others escaping. The three men who returned, hail from Texas, and learning that the editor of this

paper came from the same state, they looked him up for the purpose of acquainting him of their sad experience, but the editor being temporarily absent, they were compelled to nurse their feelings till they reached Fort Worth when they propose to interview the Gazette. As they were leaving this morning they stated they were out several hundred dollars each, and that it was their first experience of a brace game.

**Save the Child.**

Dr. C. E. Luken, superintendent of the Children's Home Society of New Mexico and Arizona, a charitable organization, the object of which is to protect children from the contaminating influence of evil surroundings, was in Capitan yesterday between trains. The Children's Home Society finds good homes for abandoned and orphan children, and sees that they are made happy by good treatment, education and training, and develop into respectable members of society. During the Doctor's brief stay in Capitan he conferred with local parties relative to certain children in this county, who, it is alleged, are being reared in an improper manner, and in a vicious atmosphere.

An excursion of prospective investors are expected to arrive here about the end of this week from Oklahoma and Tennessee. They are coming to look over the field and investigate the possibilities at Bonito, where a new townsite has been laid out, and mining development is under way. If they don't see what they want at Bonito, they can at Capitan—either mining ground, improved farms, ranches or government land.

**A MARCH IDYL.**

Oh, she was young, she was fair,  
Was pretty Rose;  
And she possessed a dainty pair  
Of azure hose.  
She'd often look them fondly o'er  
And often say:  
"Tis my intent to save them for  
A rainy day."  
March came in March was dry,  
As it did hap.  
No moisture fell from out the sky  
Upon our map.  
Whereat Rose was heard to say,  
The foxy belle:  
"I rather think a windy day  
Will do as well."

Selected.

**J. E. Wharton...**

Attorney at Law,  
Alamogordo, New Mexico.

I do a general practice in all territorial, state and federal courts, including the Supreme Court of the United States. Give prompt, reasonable attention to business.

**Notice for Publication.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,  
March 7, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ray R. Rogers, of Richardson, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 2021, made October 15, 1902 for the W<sup>1/2</sup> of NW<sup>1/4</sup> of Sec. 4, and E<sup>1/2</sup> NE<sup>1/4</sup> of Sec. 5, Township 9 S, Range 16 E, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, probate clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on April 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

O. N. Morris, of Lincoln, N. M.; Benton Yates, of Lincoln, N. M.; D. C. Parker, of Angus, N. M.; J. S. Horst, of Lincoln, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
February 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William T. Starling, of Nogal, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 2300, made January 12, 1901, for the W<sup>1/2</sup> SW<sup>1/4</sup> and E<sup>1/2</sup> SW<sup>1/4</sup> of Section 22, Township 8 South, Range 12 East, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, probate clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on March 23, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

L. A. Skinner, R. C. Skinner, W. C. Lea, all of Capitan, N. M.; and N. A. Zomwalt, of Angus, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
February 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Marion B. Crockett of Angus, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 1500, made March 8, 1903, for the NW<sup>1/4</sup> NE<sup>1/4</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup> Section 24; SW<sup>1/4</sup> SE<sup>1/4</sup> and SE<sup>1/4</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup> of Section 27, Township 8 South, Range 12 East, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on March 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

Ed. C. Pickett, of Nogal, N. M.; W. M. Ferguson, of Nogal, N. M.; P. G. Peck, of Capitan, N. M.; Jno. A. Hater, of Capitan, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,  
February 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Elena P. De Vigil, widow of Francisco A. y Vigil (deceased), of Lincoln, New Mexico, has filed notice of her intention to make final five-year proof in support of her claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 2750, made Feb. 23, 1903, for the SW<sup>1/4</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup> SW<sup>1/4</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup> Section 30; NE<sup>1/4</sup> SE<sup>1/4</sup> and SE<sup>1/4</sup> NE<sup>1/4</sup> of Section 17, Township 11 South, Range 17 E, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on March 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

Tudis Sowers, of San Patricia, N. M.; L. M. Casares, of Carrizosa, N. M.; Sam. Juan Vigil, of Lincoln, N. M.; Esiquiel Vigil, of Lincoln, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,  
February 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John W. McPherson, of Meek, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 3154, made November 8, 1906, for the SW<sup>1/4</sup> SW<sup>1/4</sup>, Sec. 12; S<sup>1/2</sup> SE<sup>1/4</sup> and NW<sup>1/4</sup> SE<sup>1/4</sup> of Section 14, Township 7 South, Range 12 East, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver, at Roswell, New Mexico, on March 28, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

Joseph Pendergrass, Jeff Wiley, Thomas H. Welch, Robert Shields, all of Meek, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Notice for Notice.**

Department of the Interior,  
Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
February 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James L. Goodell, of Capitan, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz.: Homestead Entry No. 2000, made Sept. 8, 1902, for the E<sup>1/2</sup> SW<sup>1/4</sup>, Sec. 3; N<sup>1/2</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup> and SE<sup>1/4</sup> NW<sup>1/4</sup>, of Section 20, Township 7 South, Range 12 East, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, probate clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on March 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.:

Kirk E. Jacobs, L. F. Armit, Roy Jacobs, Milton Reed, all of Capitan, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.**

MYRTLE LODGE NO. 17.

Meets every Saturday night at 8 o'clock at K. F. Hall, in school building. Visiting Knights cordially invited.

JAMES FARRAN, J. C. CORNMAN,  
K. of P. & S. O. O.