

### The Gran Quivira Highway

LAST Sunday Morning four cars left Carrizozo and vicinity, carrying members of the Gran Quivira Highway Association and their families, bound for Mountainair. There were twenty in the party, as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spence, A. J. Lahan, Miss Grace Spence; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. French, two children, Miss Lorena Sager; Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Spence, Charlie, Joe, Miss Florence and Catherine Spence and Will H. Keehn; Mr. and Mrs. Wallace L. Gumm and Mr. and Mrs. John A. Haley.

The road was found to be in very fair condition, but owing to car trouble which delayed the party to such an extent that the last twenty miles had to be made after dark, the procession missed the road, wandering around over the dead and buried cities which abound in that region, and did not reach Mountainair until the midnight hour.

The following day was spent in visiting the ruins of La Cuarai, at Punta de Agua, six miles from Mountainair, the famous four-century old apple orchard at Manzano, eight miles further and the many interesting things in connection with these non-historic places. In the afternoon the crowd attended the Chautauqua and heard an interesting discussion on roads, that day's program being given to Good Roads. In the evening the Gran Quivira Association held a meeting, presided over by J. B. French, its president.

A constitution and by-laws were adopted and reports made by the executive committee. The portion of the road from the Gran Quivira ruins to Mountainair has been dragged and partially graded, and arrangements have about been perfected for similar work on this end of the road. The executive committee, of which the president of the association is ex-officio chairman, has outlined not only plans for the completion of the road but will also start an advertising campaign to interest other counties and towns as far north as Santa Fe and as far east and south as Roswell. Not only will this be done, but efforts will be made to secure aid from the state board, as well as the counties through which the road goes, for aid, as it can be easily shown that the road is a much more feasible north and south road than any one in the state during the wet season, and at all times the most interesting in the state—if not in the union.

One of the most interesting features of the meeting of the association was the presence of A. H. Hilton, of San Antonio, the prince of road boosters, who pledged his individual efforts to furthering the completion of the road, and, in a talk before the association, volunteered to take the matter up with Socorro county and expressed the belief that aid would be forthcoming from that source. Mr. Hilton, not residing on the highway, could not, under the constitution, become an active member of the association, but he was unanimously elected an honorary member, and the association anticipates splendid results from such a membership.

Next morning, after a day and night's entertainment by the courtous people of Mountainair, the Carrizozo contingent started for home. Again the gods were against them and one of the cars was pulled back to Mountainair for repairs, the other three proceeding to the ruins, where they were to await the arrival of the repaired car. At 2:30 p. m. the last car reached Gran Quivira and the four cars started to make the last leg of the journey. Rain had fallen, however, in that section of country and more than one car had to be dug out. So, to make a long story short, all pilgrims did not reach home until eleven o'clock Tuesday night.

The trip was an enjoyable one, notwithstanding the hardships, the country was most beautiful, and the route passing, as it does, over and near so many of the

prehistoric ruins of this great southwest, furnished a fund of thought full of interested speculation. And the crowd, in rain or sun, supperless or bedless, was always good humored, there being only four cranks along—they belonged to the cars—and two of them were lost before reaching home.

### Mayer-Gilmore

TO the surprise of many of their friends, cards were received this week announcing the marriage of Paul Mayer, of White Oaks, and Miss Ula Gilmore, of Ruidoso, the ceremony having taken place at the home of the bride's parents Wednesday evening. The newly wedded couple left yesterday for California on an extended honeymoon.

The contracting parties are among the most prominent people of the county: the groom is one of the leaders in the political, business and social life of Lincoln county, and is one of the earliest settlers of White Oaks. The bride is the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Gilmore, of Ruidoso, has grown to womanhood in Lincoln county, and known far and wide for her womanly attractions. The News extends to this estimable couple best wishes for a long and happy life.

### Daughters of the Confederacy

THE Robert E. Lee Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy, El Paso, will entertain the state federation on the 26th and 27th of this month. The El Paso chapter has extended an invitation to all eligible ladies in the surrounding country, including New Mexico, to become members of the chapter and to be present at the gathering in El Paso on the dates mentioned. Mrs. H. S. Fairbanks, Miss Sallie B. Hilderbrand and Mrs. M. B. Foreman have already sent in their applications and a number of others will do so at an early date.

### Republican County Convention

THE republicans of Lincoln county held their county convention at Capitan last Saturday. Dr. T. W. Watson was made temporary chairman and O. T. Nye temporary secretary, and later the temporary organization was made permanent.

Two names were presented for the nomination for the legislature from Lincoln county, Clement Hightower, of Hondo, and E. W. Hulbert, of Lincoln. A vote of the convention gave the nomination to Mr. Hightower.

J. V. Tully, Clement Hightower, Rinaldo A. Duran, Robert Brady, Leopoldo Pacheco, Chas. Spence, Emilio Miranda and William E. Blanchard were chosen as delegates to represent Lincoln county in the state republican convention which meets at Santa Fe August 24. This delegation, in addition to representing this county in the state convention which is to nominate a candidate for congress and a candidate for corporation commissioner, will also meet with delegates from Otero and Socorro counties to name a candidate for the legislative house from the three counties. The delegation goes unopposed. Alfredo Gonzales was elected chairman of the county committee and O. T. Nye secretary.

### The Corona School

WE are just in receipt of the announcement of the Corona school, which is in the form of a neatly printed booklet, showing the advantages of the school, the material interests of the town and surrounding country and an outline of the course of study for the coming year. The school will have three departments, of which E. W. Campbell is principal and instructor in the grammar department and high school, Miss Donnie Franks has the intermediate grades and Miss Rebecca Livingston the primary grades.

### Extra Examination for Teachers' Certificates

The last examination of this year for teachers' certificates will be held in Carrizozo, August 28 and 29.

Questions for any grade of certificate may be had by informing the county school superintendent in time. Teachers wishing to build on their second or first grade certificates may take such subjects as they wish, at this time.

Fee for all or part one dollar. Mrs. W. L. Gumm, 8-7-3t Supt. Lincoln Co. Schools.

### Capitan Baptist Church

PREACHING services Friday to Monday nights, inclusive, August 7-10, in the Meeting Hall. Every member is requested to be at the services on Sunday morning at 11, as we shall have under consideration the erection of the church house. All others are cordially invited to come and worship with us.

### Tax Collections Good

BY request, County Treasurer Watson has furnished the News with a synopsis of taxes collected, including the taxes for 1913, 1912 and prior.

The taxes for 1913 became delinquent June 1, since which date \$8,925.90 have been collected. Up to June 1 the amount collected was \$112,765.40, making a total collection to date of 1913 taxes \$121,691.30. The total amount on the tax rolls for 1913 was \$127,000.00, which shows a total collection for 1913 taxes of almost 97 per cent.

Delinquent taxes of 1912 and prior have recently been collected to the amount of \$5,317.84. Total collections for 1912 amount to \$98,704.44 out of a total of \$102,000.00, which is again almost 97 per cent. Few counties, we think, can show a closer collection of taxes.

### Will Build Addition

THE Gurney building, occupied by Kelley & Sons, furniture, will have an 18x50 foot addition as soon as it can be built. The brick and other material are now being placed on the ground and work will begin at once. Kelley & Sons will also occupy the addition, which will have a south entrance, and will carry their stock of guns, ammunition, stoves, etc. in the addition.

### Methodist Church

Sunday school at the usual time. We desire to have your children and you to come and spend a short time on the Sabbath morning in the study of God's Word. How can you consider you have given your child a fair chance and make no effort to make known to them the unsearchable riches of Christ? Preaching both morning and evening by the pastor. Theme: At 11 a. m., "Sinner Deposit;" Subject for evening, "Ancient Deliverer and Modern Need."

After we made the announcement a week or two ago we went on a trip and there was no services. Now comes the third of a series on "Social Justice." Would be glad to have you come. At both services there will be rendered plenty of good music. The services are to be called on time and dismissed on time. We will try to give you in a brief way the lessons we desire you to have and let you go. Give yourself and us a chance.

### As Old Citizen Goes

DEATH claimed Amos Eaker Monday night, and in his death Lincoln county lost one of its oldest citizens, both in point of years and residence. Cancer, with which he had been afflicted for the last year of his life, was the direct cause of death.

### EUROPEAN WAR ON

THE European war is, in full blast, a number of land engagements have been fought and announcement is daily expected of a clash between the German and English fleets in the North Sea. It is England, France and Belgium on the west and Russia and Serbia on the east against Germany and Austria in the center. Italy, though tied by agreement to Germany and Austria, is still maintaining her neutrality.

### LAHAN WINS MINING SUIT

THE state supreme court this week affirmed the decision of the lower court in a suit involving title to a White Oaks mining property. A. J. Lahan applied for patent to the Smuggler, covering a large portion of the famous Compromise. The Childers estate contested, the matter went to court, Lahan won and now again wins in the supreme court; Hewitt & Hudspeth represented Lahan.

### The Wayside Workers

Mrs. Cribbs' Sunday school class has organized a society to be known as "The Wayside Workers."

They will meet every two weeks at the homes of respective members.

Tuesday of this week the meeting was held at home of Miss Harriet Kimbrell. Among those present were Mrs. Cribbs, Ruth Edmiston, Isabella Tinon, Esther Bixler, Ruth Schaeffer, Margie Lacey, Florence Lacey, Eulice Williams, Parola Stevens, Charisa Leggett, Margie Sterns, Pearl Kennedy, Harriet Kimbrell.

A very enjoyable afternoon was spent. Music and games were indulged in after which refreshments were served.

The society will meet with Miss Ruth Edmiston Aug. 18th.

### Carrizozo Takes Another Scalp

G. O. N.

THE Carrizozo Browns added another victory to their long string last Sunday, when they took Ancho in by the score of 24 to 0, and could have made it much more, but the Browns turned the game into a farce when they saw what easy picking they had.

The Ancho team has been daring Carrizozo to meet them in a ball game, since the season started, and were supposed to have had a reasonably fast team, but they proved a failure in every position.

Dolan started pitching for Carrizozo and it was soon seen that it was unnecessary for him to waste his arm against such slow company, and he was relieved by Lee who pitched four innings not allowing a hit, and then Reily took a turn at pitching.

The Carrizozo boys fielded in fine form and hit and ran bases at will. Manager Rolland filled the score card in the second inning, and could not keep up with the hits and runs and it is said that he lost count of about 10 runs which should have been marked up for Carrizozo.

Next Sunday Carrizozo meets Alamogordo on the local grounds and a very fast game is expected, as Alamogordo comes here with a very good record, not losing a game this season having defeated El Paso; Cloudcroft, Mesalero Indians and Tularosa. They claim the championship of Otero county; and Carrizozo has practically won the championship of Lincoln county, and a very fast game should be played next Sunday.

### An Old Citizen Goes

DEATH claimed Amos Eaker Monday night, and in his death Lincoln county lost one of its oldest citizens, both in point of years and residence. Cancer, with which he had been afflicted for the last year of his life, was the direct cause of death.

Mr. Eaker came to Lincoln county from Texas about thirty years ago, reared a family here and constantly resided here since first settling in the county. A number of years ago he suffered a partial stroke of paralysis, but had largely overcome the attack when stricken with cancer. He leaves a wife, two sons and two daughters, of whom all but two were present when the end came. The funeral took place at the Methodist church Tuesday afternoon, Rev. John W. Hendrix conducting the services. Interment was made in the local cemetery,

the pall bearers being, A. W. Adams, E. F. Gray, T. E. Kelley, C. A. Stevens, Harry Henley and R. F. Norris.

The passing of this old citizen, while not unexpected, causes a feeling of genuine regret among old friends of the family. His life was largely interwoven with much of the history of Lincoln county during his long residence, and friendships were formed that lasted unto his death.

### Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for the many kindnesses bestowed during the illness of our husband and father and the sympathy extended us at his death.

MRS. EAKER AND FAMILY.

### JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12

Joint Resolution providing for the Amendment of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, entitled "Taxation and Revenue." S. Sub. S. J. R. No. 12; filed March 15, 1913.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

That Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, entitled "Taxation and Revenue," be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

### ARTICLE VIII

#### TAXATION AND REVENUE

Section 1. Taxes levied upon tangible property shall be in proportion to the value thereof, and taxes shall be equal and uniform upon subjects of taxation of the same class.

Sec. 2. Taxes levied upon real or personal property for state revenue shall not exceed four mills annually on each dollar of the assessed valuation thereof except for the support of the educational, penal and charitable institutions of the state, payment of the state debt and interest thereon; and the total annual tax levy upon such property for all state purposes exclusive of necessary levies for the state debt shall not exceed ten mills.

Sec. 3. The property of the United States, the state and the counties, towns, cities, and school districts, and other municipal corporations, public libraries, community ditches and all laterals thereof, all church property, all property used for educational or charitable purposes, all cemeteries not used or held for private or corporate profit, and all bonds of the state of New Mexico, and of the counties, municipalities and districts thereof shall be exempt from taxation.

Sec. 4. Any public officer making any profit out of public monies or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and shall be punished as provided by law, and shall be disqualified to hold public office. All public monies not invested in interest bearing securities shall be deposited in national banks in this state or in banks or trust companies incorporated under the laws of the state, and the interest derived therefrom shall be applied in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 5. The legislature may exempt from taxation property of each head of a family to the amount of two hundred dollars.

Sec. 6. Lands held in large tracts shall not be assessed for taxation at any lower value per acre than (than) lands of the same character or quality and similarly situated, held in smaller tracts. The plowing of land shall not be considered as adding value thereto for the purpose of taxation.

Sec. 7. No execution shall issue upon any judgment rendered against the board of county commissioners of any county, or against any incorporated city, town or village, school district or board of education; or against any officer of any county, incorporated city, town or village, school district or board of education, upon any judgment recovered against him in his official capacity and for which the county, incorporated city, town or village, school district or board of education, is

liable, but the same shall be paid out of the proceeds of a tax levy as other liabilities of counties, incorporated cities, towns or villages, school districts or boards of education; and when so collected shall be paid by the county treasurer to the judgment creditor.

Proposing an Amendment of (to) Section Two of Article Ten of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, S. Sub. S. J. R. No. 10; Filed March 15, 1913.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

That Section Two of Article Ten of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, be amended so as to read as follows:

### ARTICLE X

Section 2. All county officers shall be elected for a term of two years, and after having served two consecutive terms, shall be ineligible to hold any county office for two years thereafter.

Proposing an Amendment of (to) Section One of Article Five of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, S. J. R. No. 19; Filed March 17, 1913.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

That Section One of Article Five of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, be amended so as to read as follows:

### ARTICLE V

Section 1. The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction and commissioner or (of) public lands, who shall be elected for the term of two years beginning on the first day of January next after their election.

Such officers shall, after having served two consecutive terms, be ineligible to hold any state office for two years thereafter.

The officers of the executive department except the lieutenant-governor, shall, during their terms of office, reside and keep the public records, books, papers and seals of office at the seat of government.

Miss Mildred Peters is visiting her father at Capitan this week.

Bill Doering is training for a chauffeur—he has the fever. Jake Ziegler is doing the coaching.

Oliver Peaker was in Wednesday, purchasing lumber and other material for his ranch north of town.

Will H. Keehn was in yesterday from the Spence well near Gran Quivira. He is sinking this particular well deeper with the hope of obtaining a greater amount of water.

Dr. J. W. Compton, optician, has established an office in the Burrell House, Eyes carefully tested and glasses scientifically adjusted.

J. O. Nabours was up yesterday from White Mountain. He returned today accompanied by two daughters, Mrs. Hulbert and Mrs. Chase.

Mrs. William C. McDonald returned Friday evening from Hermosa Beach, California, where she has been since the first of July. She went to Santa Fe this week.

Seabert Jones stopped over yesterday on his way from St. Louis to El Paso. He will spend a month in El Paso with his mother and sister and spent a day here with his cousin, Fred W. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Bell arrived yesterday from Dubuque, Iowa, for a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. John E. Bell. Mr. Tom Bell is a nephew of our fellow townsman, John E. Bell, and took advantage of a trip to California to pay his uncle a visit.

Dr. J. W. Compton came in this morning and has opened an office in the Burrell House. Dr. Compton is an optician of twenty years experience and is well known to many of our people, having visited this town and community at various times in the past.

# INDUSTRY MECHANICS

## PRESERVING WOOD IN SUGAR

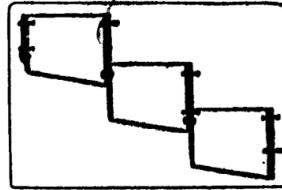
New Method Discovered by English Scientist Has Been Tested With Satisfactory Results.

Preserving wood in sugar, actually candying it as fruit and flowers are candied, is the newest process of treating timber, just taken from the forest, to prevent dry rot and to bring about rapid seasoning. The new method was discovered by an English scientist and has since been tested with highly satisfactory results. Woods of all kinds and of all degrees of density have been subjected to test, and the sugar process has been found not only efficient but less expensive than many older methods for the same purpose. The wood is placed in tanks filled with a solution of sugar or saccharine products, the character of the solution differing for the various woods. The tanks are heated and the wood is allowed to remain for a stated length of time, which also varies with the kind and size of timber treated. The whole process, including the drying, takes but a few days and the cost, as stated, is very low.

## MOLD FOR CONCRETE STEPS

May Be Adjusted to Different Heights for Holding Building Material—Work Done Quickly.

Now that concrete plays such an important part in building operations, new molds for its use are being invented from time to time. One of the newest is the step mold, designed by a Missouri man and shown in the illustration.



Mold for Steps.

A series of end pieces are connected by a vertical gauge which have detachable clamps on them. In this way it is an easy matter to adjust the mold for steps of any height desired. Longitudinal two pieces are connected with the end pieces and the whole structure forms a box for the reception of concrete. It takes but a few minutes to fill this box and when the concrete has solidified, the mold may be taken apart and removed. For the making of short flights of steps, as for front doors or porches, this device is especially useful.

## PRODUCE ACID-PROOF GLASS

Consul General Mansfield of Zurich Reports Important Achievement in Chemical Industry.

An important achievement just reported by Consul General R. E. Mansfield of Zurich, Switzerland, is the discovery of a method of producing suitable apparatus for the chemical industry from quartz, containing 95 per cent silicic acid, which is melted in an electric furnace in which the temperature rises to 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit. It is now possible to melt and mold into almost any desired form as much as fifty pounds of quartz. Even boiling acid, with the possible exception of hydrofluoric or phosphoric, will not corrode it.

# NOTES OF INDUSTRY AND MECHANICS

Wattless boxes held together by wires, have been patented by a Florida man for shipping fruit.

Of all the copper produced in the world at the present time the United States furnishes 54.8 per cent.

An aluminum cover cloth which reflects light without heating has been invented for automobile tops.

Oil instead of coal ranges will be used on the newest United States battleships because of its greater cleanliness in cooking.

Nowfoundland is now regarded as one of the most promising future sources of supply of petroleum within the British Empire.

At the bottom of a recently patented ladder is an adjustable curved brace, so that it may stand firmly on an uneven surface.

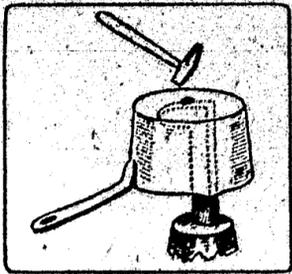
A glass of water placed in the bottom of a piano will help to prevent the wood warping and to keep the instrument in tune.

For cutting metals under water a German has invented an oxyhydrogen torch in which the gases are applied at high pressure.

## MENDING HOLES IN UTENSILS

Permanent Repair May Be Made by Use of a Shot or Piece of Lead—Hammer Will Flatten It.

It is easy to repair holes in pots and pans without the aid of a tinsmith. Make the hole round by inserting the point of a knife and twisting it. Place the pot or pan upon any firm, flat piece of metal, such as an anvil, a bar of iron or an inverted flatiron, so that the hole is immediately over and touching the



Mending a Hole.

iron. In the middle of the hole place a shot about the size of the hole. Any piece of lead will serve if shot is not handy. A few sharp blows with a hammer will flatten the lead and spread it out, filling the hole lightly and overlapping enough to hold it in place. A few strokes with a file and a rub with sandpaper completes the operation. The repair is permanent.

## MAKES VARNISH DRY QUICKLY

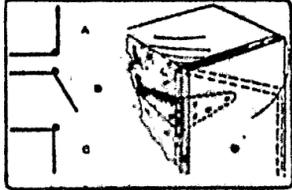
Product From Wood Oil Tree of China Said to Have Had Revolutionary Effect on Industry.

Five million gallons of wood oil (also known as tung oil), made from the seeds of the wood oil tree, was imported from China last year, and the product is said to have had a revolutionary effect on the varnish industry of the United States. It has largely taken the place of kauri gum and has made possible the manufacture of a quicker drying varnish, which is less liable to crack than that made from kauri gum, and has been found of special value in waterproof priming for cement. The tree is climatically adapted for cultivation in the southern states, and the department of agriculture is distributing one-year-old specimens to bona fide experimenters.

## ARRANGING A STRAP HINGE

Jointed Piece of Metal May Be Applied So That Only One Wing Will Be in Sight.

An ordinary strap hinge can be applied to a door or box cover in such a way that only one wing will show, says Popular Mechanics. Ordinarily the hinge opens as at A, and, on reversing it, the hinge will open to the limit as shown at B. If one wing is



Applying Strap Hinge.

hinged toward the other, as shown at C, the hinge may be applied as shown at D. As this process reverses the hinge, the screw holes must be countersunk on the opposite side.

## Air Compressor

A single stage air compressor which produces a pressure of 2,000 pounds to the square inch, which engineers have declared impossible, has been perfected by a New Jersey inventor.

## Hardening Steel

A process of hardening steel with compressed air is said to be in successful operation by a German firm in cases where only certain parts of the metal require hardening.

## Paper Made of Waste

Sawmill waste of Douglas fir, of which an enormous quantity is found in the Western forests, is being used to make paper pulp by a mill at Marshfield, Ore.

## Soap Made From Nuts

Government chemists in the Philippines are investigating the soap-making possibilities of a new species of obliterating nut that has been discovered.

## Boys Prove Their Worth

Just to prove that their manual training is of the practical sort, the boys in the Newquahoming (Pa.) public schools have erected a domestic science building.

## Gas in Louisiana

According to the geological survey, there is good reason to believe that Louisiana is underlain by one of the greatest natural gas fields in the United States.

## Silver From Sheffield

The English city of Sheffield has a great deal of experience engaged in the manufacture of solid silver and plated ware and sources of much valuable waste.

## DAINTY LITTLE DRESS

PARTICULARLY DESIGNED FOR WOMEN OF SLENDER FIGURE.

Nothing Better in Summer Evening Frocks Has Been Offered Than This Typically French Confession Described.

If you are slender and rather tall you can wear the dress of the sketch and know that it was designed for your particular type, but if you are well, if you are not, it will certainly never do. It was worn by a young woman to whom it was not at all suited at a recent private dance, but the dress itself was so altogether dainty and youthful that I am sending home a sketch in case any one wishes to copy it for a lovely summer evening frock, writes Lillian E. Young in a letter from Paris to the Washington Star.

These many ruffled skirts are extremely modish just now, and are most becoming to the type that suits, for, naturally, the design lends fullness to a slight figure and cuts the height as well.

In this instance dawn-pink chiffon was used throughout, though if something a little more substantial is preferred the skirt may be of taffeta, and the bodice of chiffon to match. The little bow knots set at the top of each flounce down the left side of the skirt



were in azure-blue velvet ribbon, and lent a delightfully quaint touch to the costume. The sleeves were similarly trimmed.

Don't get the idea that such a skirt is hard to make. It isn't—but it will require some time and care to arrange the flounces evenly. They are simply straight strips of the material (doubled if of chiffon, but single in taffeta) about six to seven inches deep and evenly gathered at the top

## MANY USES FOR THE SCARF

Remarkable Number of Ways by Which Modish Accessories May Be Made Effective.

One of the latest uses of the scarf is to be converted into an elongated fichu by being trimmed all around with a gathered frill. When worn, this frill lies back on the scarf around the neck, but falls forward in front and around the ends.

One of these is in sulphur colored crepe de chine with frills of black silk midline over white ones. Another is made of brocaded gauze in purple or deep green, and the frills are in the shade of green chiffon over others of pale mauve harmonizing with the tone of purple. The hat worn with this was a bergerie in purple straw, with cachepoigne of white flowers and green leaves.

The upward curve from the back characterizes many of the new coats as well as a great number of the dresses on skirts. One coat has three bequeas superposed, each a little shorter than the one beneath, and each moved up toward the waist; the upper one reaching to the chest, where it fastens across with a large button, partly covering a fancy silk waistcoat, the points of which fall below the topmost bequea, but over the second one. These, as well as the lowest, cross over each other and are kept as flat as possible in front, though rather full at the sides and back.

The waistcoat in the case has a wide black velvet collar which turned back over the top of the coat. Another waistcoat is in white and black

and attached to a plain foundation skirt underneath. This may be of strong net or of chain silk or mousseline.

The bodice will need a net inner waist. The chiffon over-part was cut with short kimono sleeves finished with a frill of chiffon, and the open neck, too, had a finishing frill.

The girle was rather broad, and topped by an upstanding ruffle of the skirt material. It tied at one side with a long end and loop caught under a natural-looking rose.

The same dress would be delightful in taffeta and chiffon of that lovely cream shade that suggests it might have lain for years in some old attic chest, and the girle could be of turquoise blue velvet caught with a silver gauze rose, while the small bowknots in the skirt could be made of very narrow silver gauze ribbon. Again, flowered taffeta, in one of the small wreath patterns, will make another charming variation.

You will probably be able to guess from designs such as this that fuller skirts are really on the way.

## WAIST SHOULD BE NORMAL

Correct Corseting Always One of the Most Important Aids to Health and Beauty.

At the root of the ills to which feminine flesh is heir is incorrect corseting and tight lacing. These are by no means synonymous terms. One may be incorrectly yet loosely corseted. Today it is the exceptional woman who wears her corset so tightly that her figure assumes an unnatural contour. Ten years ago many women did. This improvement is to some degree to the credit of the wearers of corsets, but to a still greater degree it is to the credit of corset manufacturers and the mandates of fashion.

Women who have just regard for their health and beauty realize that the normal waist measurement is an important adjunct thereto. This is proved by the fact that all ready-made garments are two inches larger around the waist than they were two years ago, which means that most women who used to wear a 22 corset now wear a 24, and so on through the different sizes.

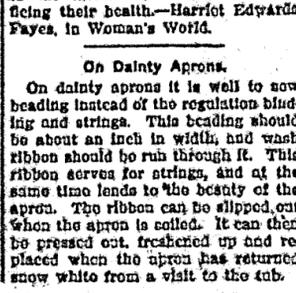
Leading physicians all admit that women require support for the abdomen. Support is entirely different from suppression. If the abdomen is suppressed, a lot of trouble is brought on, the first sign of which is constipation. The colon cannot function properly. More depends upon the colon than most people are aware of, even some physicians. The direct results of restricting the action of the colon are weakness, insomnia and dyspepsia; the indirect results are too numerous to mention and would be superfluous, because the prevailing styles in corsets conform in a great degree to nature's demands.

The wise physician raises his voice not against the use but the abuse of the corset. A corset which supports the abdomen will never be condemned by those who are conversant with the structure of the human body, masculine or feminine. More men wear abdominal belts than is dreamed of by the public. Some of the most advanced scientists state that women can wear corsets now which conform to the latest fashion without sacrificing their health.—Harriet Edwards Fayer, in Woman's World.

On Dainty Aprons. On dainty aprons it is well to now beading instead of the regulation binding and strings. This beading should be about an inch in width, and wash ribbon should be run through it. This ribbon serves for strings, and at the same time lends to the beauty of the apron. The ribbon can be slipped out when the apron is soiled. It can then be pressed out, freshened up and replaced when the apron has returned snowy white from a visit to the tub.

check, the sort known as shepherd's plaid; the skirt with a wide flat plait down the front, no other fullness, the coat with basques curved away to the sides and faced with the check put on bias. A waistcoat and wide collar in white pique complete the costume. A third, with a seam down the front of a plain skirt, is in green satin cloth, with a short coat, the waistcoat cut in one with the collar, and both in white pique, the cuffs matching.

## OF PARISIAN DESIGN



Striking a Hut in a Bad Road.

roads would be good, and you could vote to rescind the law if you wanted it, and you would have your good roads and no tax for thirty or forty years, the balance of your life.

## Price is Sticker

The farmer believes in good roads, but he doesn't feel that he has the price.

## Are Making Differences

The road question looks different to a man after he has bought an auto.

## Bring Both Together

Good roads bring the producer and consumer in personal contact.

## Good Road Benefits

Good roads mean good schools; good schools good citizenship.

## Speech Brothers

Speech brothers meet not weigh over three-quarters of a pound each; generally a half pound is most acceptable.

Hot made of white straw used trimmed with small white wings.

# FOR BETTER ROADS

## COST OF LIVING INCREASED

There Are Times When It Is Impossible for Farmer to Haul His Products to Market.

The people who groan under the high cost of living and wonder why necessities of life like potatoes and cabbages and turnips and apples should be rotting on the farms when they would bring high prices in the cities do not realize the condition of the country roads. When roads are bad farmers experience difficulty in getting their produce to market. When roads are very bad there are states of the weather in which the hauling of heavy wagon loads from farms to railway stations becomes impossible.

The farmer would like to sell what he grows. The city dweller would like to buy it. Both have an interest in the building and maintenance of good roads, providing at all seasons of the year available highways between the cities and the farms.

Sometimes roads that would be in fair condition for teaming are cut up by reckless automobilists. The wanton destruction of highways by auto scorchers should not be permitted.

Automobile owners as a class have done much to improve some of the roads, but on the whole western roads are a disgrace. There must be aroused public sentiment in favor of good roads. There will be when it is realized that good country roads are a benefit to all classes of the community.

## COST OF REPAIRING WAGONS

Farmers' Profits Are Greatly Decreased in Various Ways by Neglected Thoroughfares.

How much do you suppose it costs you a year to repair your wagons and harness on account of bad roads? How much does it cost you a year for shoes and clothing that are ruined by your children wading through the mud to school? How much does it cost you a year for medicine to cure your children's colds contracted in wading through the mud to school and church?

How much of a damage a year to you is the mud that prevents your children from attending school; or damage to them, rather in the loss of an education? How much damage to you are our bad roads in preventing your going to market? You are perfectly willing to spend money in the buying of reapers and mowers and other farm machinery. You are willing to purchase carriages and harness. At the price potatoes are today, one load would be the average farmer's tax for ten years for good roads. At the end of that time the



## LARGE BALD PATCH ON HEAD

Longmont, Colo.—"About one year ago our little girl was bothered greatly with what seemed a very bad case of dandruff. Her beautiful hair got dry and dead and fell in all directions. One morning I noticed a large bald patch on her head, larger than a dollar, covered with tiny blisters surrounded with an angry red ring. They finally began running. They itched and she never rested at night.

"It was pronounced a bad case of eczema. I was given a prescription which I continued to use till my baby's head was entirely covered with sores and she had lost all her hair. She was compelled to wear a silk cap and I thought she was disgraced for life. A visitor in our neighborhood recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Ointment at night and gave her a shampoo in the morning with the Cuticura Soap. In less than three months my girl was entirely healed." (Signed) Mrs. G. E. Dills, Apr. 8, 1911. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 22-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

## Ruin Throatening Hip

The great pianist was weeping bitterly. "What is it?" asked his devoted wife. "In a few more years I shall have to desist from my beloved pianoforte—my hair is coming out something fierce."

## Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. In Use For 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

## Welcome Words

Muriel (after the fifth solo)—Professor Bonefischer can make a piano fairly talk, can't he? Waverly (suppressing a yawn)—I wish he'd try to make it say good-night.—Judge.

## The Happy Use Red Cross Bag Line

most better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All goods. Adv.

# Libby's Selected Olives

Every one from Seattle, long famous as the home of the world's best olives. Only the pick of the crop is offered to you under the Libby's label.

## Sweet, Sour and Dill Pickles

Nature's Sweet, put up like the home made kind and all your trouble saved. This extra quality is true of all Libby's Pickles and Condiments and there is real economy in their use.



## Throw Away

your complexion troubles with your powder puff—no need of either when you use pure, harmless

# Zona Face Pomade

The ALL DAY BEAUTY POWDER

At all dealers or by mail 50c.

Zona Co., Wichita, Kansas.

## LAUGH ON OLD CAL CLAY

Jack London Makes a Comparison in Story That Has the Elements of Humor.

Jack London said in Vera Cruz, where he was sojourning as a war correspondent: "Some of these young war correspondents whom I see about me are as ignorant of war correspondence as old Cal Clay was ignorant of astronomy."

"I found old Cal Clay sitting in his shirt sleeves on his front stoop one day, puffing like mad on his pipe, and never getting a puff of smoke from it. "As I drew near he struck three matches and held them to the box, he sucked and sucked till his cheeks seemed to meet inside; still never a puff of smoke.

"And burnt matches lay all round his chair. There must have been a boxful of them. "Why, Cal," I said, "what on earth are you doing?"

"That chump of a Wash White's been tryin' to fool me, I expect," said he, and he took another puff and put his pipe down in disgust. That chump Wash told me if I smoked a bit of glass I could see the spots on the sun."

## LARGE BALD PATCH ON HEAD

Longmont, Colo.—"About one year ago our little girl was bothered greatly with what seemed a very bad case of dandruff. Her beautiful hair got dry and dead and fell in all directions. One morning I noticed a large bald patch on her head, larger than a dollar, covered with tiny blisters surrounded with an angry red ring. They finally began running. They itched and she never rested at night.

"It was pronounced a bad case of eczema. I was given a prescription which I continued to use till my baby's head was entirely covered with sores and she had lost all her hair. She was compelled to wear a silk cap and I thought she was disgraced for life. A visitor in our neighborhood recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Ointment at night and gave her a shampoo in the morning with the Cuticura Soap. In less than three months my girl was entirely healed." (Signed) Mrs. G. E. Dills, Apr. 8, 1911. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 22-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

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## The Happy Use Red Cross Bag Line

most better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All goods. Adv.

## The Much of One

First Actor—Did you get a notice of your performance last night? Second Dittie—Yes—a notice to quit.

## A Tin Wedding

"An' what's a tin wedding, Pa?" "That's," he when ye've been married tin years."

# The Carrizozo Trading Company

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR

"The House of Knppenheimer"

MAKERS OF HIGH GRADE

## Clothes for Men and Young Men

## New Fall Styles Arriving Daily

## Your Inspection is Invited

# THE CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

O. M. BAMBERGER, Mgr.



How does a burglar know which house has money and valuables in it? That's the burglar's business. He "spots" those houses to rob, because he knows he will make a good haul. Will he get your valuables? Not if you are "prudent." Put them in our strong vaults. Then they are safe. Your life is not in danger. You have peace of mind. A private box only costs \$2.00 and up for a whole year.

**BUEL E. WOOD**  
ATTORNEY  
State and Federal Courts  
CARRIZOZO - NEW MEXICO

**LEE B. CHASE**  
LANDS  
Homesteads, Desert, State Lands, Contests,  
Mineral Lands and Water Rights  
Information Cheerfully Furnished  
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**JOHN H. BOYD**  
United States Commissioner  
All Land Office Business  
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**SETH F. CREWS**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Will practice in Federal and  
State Courts  
OSCURO - NEW MEXICO

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Exchange Bank Building  
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**FRANK J. SAGER**  
FIRE INSURANCE  
Notary Public  
Office in Exchange Bank Building

**CHARLES L. KENNEDY**  
LAWYER  
Mining Law a Specialty  
Office days: Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays  
With John Y. Hewitt, WHITE OAKS, N. MEX.

**GEORGE B. BARBER**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW  
CARRIZOZO - - - New Mexico

**DRS. PRESLEY & SWEARINGIN**  
Specialists: Eye, Ear, Nose and  
Throat, and Fitting Glasses  
Built 4 & 5, First National Bank BLDG., N.M.

**W. W. STADTMAN & BYRON**  
-Dealer In- Fire Insurance  
Real Estate, Rents and Localities  
Surety Bonds  
Office opposite post office Carrizozo, N. M.

**BONHAM & SPENCE**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
216-41 CAPITAL BUILDING  
EL PASO - - - TEXAS

**T. E. KELLEY**  
Funeral Director and  
Licensed Embalmer  
Phone 96  
CARRIZOZO - - - NEW MEXICO

provisions of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stat., 517), pursuant to the application of Luis A. Skionet, Serial No. 02322, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.00 per acre, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 17th day of August, 1914, at this office, the following tract of land:  
N 1/4 SW 1/4, SW 1/4, and SW 1/4, SE 1/4 Sec. 2, T. 28 N., R. 13 E., N. M. P.

Any persons claiming adversely the above-described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.  
1st pub. 5-10; 2d pub. 5-10; 3d pub. 5-10  
EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication  
02302  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 20, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Volencio Flores of Pecos, N. M., who, on Oct. 23, 1909, made HD, E. Serial No. 02022 for SE 1/4, E 1/4, SW 1/4

**CASH MEAT MARKET**  
AND FAMILY Groceries  
FRESH AND SALT MEATS  
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES  
FULL LINE OF STAPLE GROCERIES  
Phone 46  
Phone Orders Receive Prompt Attention  
**PATTY & ADAMS**  
SECOND BLOCK NORTH OF POSTOFFICE

Keep Cash! phone 46.  
Humphrey Bros. have just received a car of the well-known and reliable Home Old Homestead and Price Winner.

Just received a car of Studebaker wagons. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

See Geo. J. Dingwall for Ice. Out of town orders given prompt attention.

Just received a car of Seed Barley. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

We have just received a car of wire, bale ties, etc. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

LOST—Gold Cuff Button with quartz set. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Frank J. Sager.

HEAVY CROP OF BLACK GRAMA HAY—Can be harvested on shares. Can supply some water for camps. Apply Box 43. 7-31-3

WANTED—Horses to graze on good pasture, with plenty of good water for them to drink. Rate \$1.50 per head per month. Apply to A. F. Roselle, Carrizozo, N. M. 5-1-14.

LOST—Sorrel pony, white streak in face, about 4 yrs. old, branded rather 8 on right hip and OV-barred out on left hip. Last heard of near Vera Cruz. \$5.00 will be paid for information leading to recovery.  
OLIVER PRAKER,  
5-7-21  
White Oaks, N. M.

made HD, E. Serial No. 01048, for 89 3/4 SEC. 14, NE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 28 N., R. 13 E., and 1/4 SW 1/4 Section 20, Township 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Roselle, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Albert H. Harvey, County Clerk, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on Sept. 10, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Henry Silva, of Captain, N. M., Precincto Pico, Gregorio Pico, Francisco Chavez, those of Carrizozo, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
1st pub. Aug. 7; last pub. Sept. 1 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02303  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 20, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Leopoldo Montoya, of Captain, N. M., who, on Aug. 25, 1909, made HD, E. Serial No. 02326, for SW 1/4, Section 21, T. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. U. Marchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Captain, N. M., on Sept. 6, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
J. J. Bonham, Antonio Montoya, Daniel Vigil, those of Captain, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
1st pub. 8-7; last pub. 9-4 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02304  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
June 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906, and June 25, 1908, and acts supplementary thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands:  
Section 20, Township 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02305  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02306  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02307  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
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Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02308  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02309  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02310  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02311  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02312  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02313  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02314  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02315  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02316  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02317  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02318  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02319  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02320  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02321  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02322  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02323  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Keep Cash! phone 46.  
Humphrey Bros. have just received a car of the well-known and reliable Home Old Homestead and Price Winner.

Just received a car of Studebaker wagons. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

See Geo. J. Dingwall for Ice. Out of town orders given prompt attention.

Just received a car of Seed Barley. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

We have just received a car of wire, bale ties, etc. Welch & Titworth, Captain, N. M.

LOST—Gold Cuff Button with quartz set. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Frank J. Sager.

HEAVY CROP OF BLACK GRAMA HAY—Can be harvested on shares. Can supply some water for camps. Apply Box 43. 7-31-3

WANTED—Horses to graze on good pasture, with plenty of good water for them to drink. Rate \$1.50 per head per month. Apply to A. F. Roselle, Carrizozo, N. M. 5-1-14.

LOST—Sorrel pony, white streak in face, about 4 yrs. old, branded rather 8 on right hip and OV-barred out on left hip. Last heard of near Vera Cruz. \$5.00 will be paid for information leading to recovery.  
OLIVER PRAKER,  
5-7-21  
White Oaks, N. M.

made HD, E. Serial No. 01048, for 89 3/4 SEC. 14, NE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 28 N., R. 13 E., and 1/4 SW 1/4 Section 20, Township 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Roselle, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Albert H. Harvey, County Clerk, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on Sept. 10, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Henry Silva, of Captain, N. M., Precincto Pico, Gregorio Pico, Francisco Chavez, those of Carrizozo, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
1st pub. Aug. 7; last pub. Sept. 1 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02303  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 20, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Leopoldo Montoya, of Captain, N. M., who, on Aug. 25, 1909, made HD, E. Serial No. 02326, for SW 1/4, Section 21, T. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. U. Marchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Captain, N. M., on Sept. 6, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
J. J. Bonham, Antonio Montoya, Daniel Vigil, those of Captain, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
1st pub. 8-7; last pub. 9-4 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02304  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
June 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906, and June 25, 1908, and acts supplementary thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands:  
Section 20, Township 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02305  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Eliza G. Underhill of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February 2, 1914, made desert land entry, No. 02224, for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 20, Twp. 28 N., Range 13 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Oscuro, N. M., on the 23rd day of August 1914.  
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Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02306  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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Claimant names as witnesses:  
Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02307  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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Horace E. Bidalo, Leo H. Ubaso, William J. McAllam and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Oscuro.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02308  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.  
July 12, 1914  
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JOHN L. RUMBLE,  
7-21-5 Register.

Notice for Publication  
02309  
DEPARTMENT OF

# Mark Spots Where Heroes Fell

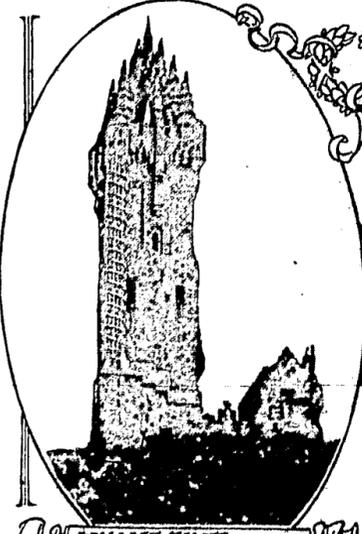
PHOTO'S COPYRIGHT BY  
UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD, N.Y.



GRAVE OF GREEK HEROES WHO FELL IN BATTLE OF MARATHON (GREECE)



MEMORIAL AT CAWNPORE, INDIA



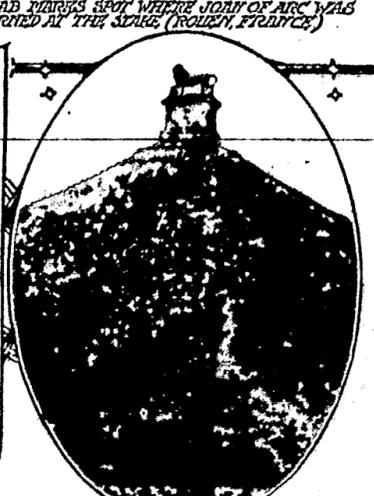
WALLACE TOWER  
STIRLING, SCOTLAND



SLAB MARKS SPOT WHERE JOAN OF ARC WAS  
BURNED AT THE STAKE (ROUEN, FRANCE)



WHERE KING OF BOHEMIA FELL, BY GREECE



THE LION OF WATERLOO—ON THE  
BATTLEFIELD



THE LION OF CHERONNEA (AT PAROS) GREECE

**C**RECY, a town of northern France, is famous in history for the great victory gained near by on August 26, 1346, by the English, under Edward III, over the French of King Philip of Valois. The first attack resulted in disaster for the French, who were driven back. The second attack was made by a large body of French knights who had arrived, and served only to increase the number of casualties of the French forces. A few of the more valiant charged up to the English line and fell near it. The blind king of Bohemia, with a party of devoted knights, succeeded in penetrating the English line, and the king was killed among the ranks of the prince of Wales' men-at-arms. The tablet in the illustration marks the spot where he fell, as near as can be told at the present time.

**WHERE WALLACE GATHERED HIS HOSTS.** Wallace tower, Stirling, Scotland, marks a spot famous in Scottish history. It was here Wallace gathered the Scots for his greatest battle. Six centuries ago, when Robert Bruce was fighting for the throne of Scotland, the patriotic William Wallace led a royal army of Scots to the hill in preparation for a battle with the English under Surrey and Cressingham. Here they camped one September night in 1297 and the next day utterly defeated the English in an encounter at a bridge over the river. Up to that time the English forces of Edward I had had the advantage; Wallace's victory here turned the tide of fortune, and though he himself was afterward taken prisoner and put to death (1330), the splendid triumph of the Scots a few years later at Bannockburn (only three or four miles from here at the other side of Stirling) did secure the independence of the land. The memory of Wallace is dear to every lover of Scotland.

**WHILE THE GREAT ROCK HE WATCHED FROM ABILE** His monument is sure, though low-bald high. The great name cannot die.

**GRAVE MOUND OF GREEK HEROES.** The scene is the mound erected over the graves of 192 Athenians who fell in the battle of Marathon, August 12, B. C. 490. The mound is about forty feet high and 300 yards in circumference. Underneath the mound lie the heroes

who died in this most decisive victory which prevented Persian influence from invading Europe. The battle had hardly begun when the Persians, in immensely superior force, doubtless ten to one, pulled themselves together and by sheer mass broke through the Greek center. But this had been calculated upon beforehand. Militaries employed strategy, making his line weak at the center, and allowed the Persians to break it. Then with his heavy masses at the ends he ground the Persian wings to pieces and fell upon the Persian center. The most stubborn fighting, apart from the battle at ships, was probably at this spot, just a mile from the shore. Six thousand four hundred Persian bodies lay on this plain and along the shore, while 192 men of Marathon lay wrapped in glory on this bloody field.

**THE MASSACRE AT CAWNPORE.** A beautiful memorial was erected at Cawnpore, India, in memory of the women and children murdered by Nana Sahib in 1857. Perhaps the saddest, most pathetic incident in the entire history of the world is marked by this brooding angel. In the terrible Indian mutiny, half a century ago, 200 women and children who had escaped slaughter at the massacre of Cawnpore, were brought back by Nana Sahib, and were hacked to pieces here by professional butchers. The bodies were thrown into a well beneath that stone upon which the angel now stands. Her arms are folded, denoting resignation; she holds in her hands the martyr's palms. Around the well curb is inscribed: "Sacred to the perpetual memory of the great company of Christian people, chiefly women and children, who near this spot were massacred by the followers of the rebel Nana, and cast the living with the dead, into the well below, on the 10th day of July, 1857."

**THE LION OF CHERONNEA.** One of the illustrations shows the Lion of Cheronnea, which guards the graves of patriots who fell on Mt. Paros, Greece, 333 B. C. A few years ago one traveled past this spot and saw only massive pieces of marble, evidently parts of a lion. The head lay with its muzzle upward; other fragments lay scattered about. There was never any doubt among intelligent Greeks that these were remains of a lion set up over the Thebans who fell in the battle on or near this spot, when the Thebans and Athenians made a last heroic struggle for the liberty

of Greece, 338 B. C. All who honor a lost cause will bring their offerings to this sacred spot. The heroes who fought here did not propose to submit until they had done their utmost to save Greece from Macedonian Philip. The battle was fiercely contested, especially by the Thebans, who formed the right wing thrown out into the plain, resting on the Kephalos and facing west, while the Athenians at the other end of the line rested on the hills, one of which appeared just behind the lion. The Macedonians were commanded by the veteran Antipater with the youthful Alexander by his side.

When after a stubborn fight, the Thebans were beaten, the Athenians were isolated and rolled up a loss of over a thousand slain. Demosthenes, the soul of the enterprise, fought in the ranks in the enclosure where the lion now stands, 254 skeletons were found and carried to the Athenian museum. The lion is a funeral monument not only to the Theban dead, but to dead Greece. Greece remained a power by its art and literature, but the Macedonian and then the Roman were its rulers.

**WHERE JOAN OF ARC WAS BURNED.** A slab in the sidewalk of the Place du Vieux Marche, Rouen, France, marks the spot where Joan of Arc was burned at the stake. For a century and a half after the conquest (1066) this northern district belonged to England, by virtue of the sovereign's inheritance from William of Normandy. Rouen here was an English town. Then the French captured and held it until 1419, when it fell once more into French hands. While the inspired peasant girl, Jeanne d'Arc, was leading the French armies against the English, this was a stronghold of her enemies, and every victory she won made their hatred bitter. According to the old chronicles, she had pronouncements that her mission for France was accomplished when she raised the siege of Orleans and secured the coronation of Charles VII at Rheims; but the king would not let her go back to private life.

In 1430 at Compiègne, she was taken prisoner by the Burgundian allies of the English, and by them sold to those against whom she had defended her country. It was in an old castle half a mile away behind us (the building itself is not now in existence), that she was tried for heresy and condemned to death as a witch; on the spot where the slab is set in the pavement (1431) she was burned at the stake.

**THE LION OF WATERLOO.** The battle of Waterloo was one of the most important military engagements of all history. It was fought on June 18, 1815, between the allied forces of Great Britain, the Netherlands and Prussia, under General Wellington, and the army of France under Napoleon. This battle was the culmination of the campaign following the escape of Napoleon from his exile at Elba. Napoleon was defeated; he left the field in the center of a square "with a somber but calm countenance, his far-seeing glance probing fatality, and seeing that more than a battle had been lost that day." On the 21st of June, three days after his defeat, Napoleon reached Paris, and the following day pronounced his abdication.

The huge statue shown in the illustration stands on a 200-foot mound in the center of the battlefield, about ten or twelve miles from the city of Brussels.

## HOME TRADE BOOSTS

Paying the Fiddler

**W**HEN ALL realize that when there is dancing going on, whether it be the new-fangled tango or the old-fashioned polka or waltz—some one must pay the fiddler.

We cannot have music without paying for it, nor can we have much of anything in this world without paying for it.

If we expect any person to do something for us, we expect, naturally, to do something in exchange for such favors as we receive. If we accept favors, but evade the responsibility of making any returns for them it will not be long before we discover that the unpaid for favors become curtailed.

Probably we become provoked, after the favors have stopped, and acknowledge our own stupidity. It is generally too late when we wake up and then it is merely the old story over again—of locking the door after the horse has been stolen.

Many of us in this community devote more or less of our time to the raising of produce of various kinds. We have vegetables, butter, eggs, milk, etc., to sell.

We find it a convenience to sell such products in the local stores. Some of our business men buy up the small quantities, as well as the larger lots, and ship all together to the more central markets.

This facility for disposing of such articles is a great convenience to us. If the local storekeepers did not buy our produce it would be difficult for us to find a market. In fact, there would be no market for small quantities except at ruinous prices.

Therefore, we are favored, to a very considerable extent, by the fact that our local storekeeper stands ready to buy from us. This places us under certain obligations. The local storekeepers are entitled to some consideration from us in return.

**HOW MANY OF US APPRECIATE AND ACKNOWLEDGE THIS FACT?** How many of us think of this when we have some cash to spend? How many of us consider that the local storekeeper is entitled to our trade and that we are morally bound to consider him as the proper repository for our orders and the recipient of our trade?

It is regrettable that many of us must plead guilty to an entire forgetfulness of any feeling of obligation. Therefore, we send our orders, with the cash, to the mail order houses, to whom we owe nothing.

We are enticed by cleverly written advertisements and neatly worded descriptions of goods and merchandise so that we deceive ourselves into believing them to be true. We forget the local storekeeper and his favors; we forget that he is a benefit to the community and to every individual in the community; we forget that he is affording us an opportunity to dispose of our produce—that he has his money invested in a stock of merchandise that he has selected because he believed we would need such articles and would wish to buy them at home.

Every dollar we send away from home to the mail order houses brings us closer to the limitations of our local opportunities. Every dollar diverted from local trade adds to the restrictions of our trade facilities at home so that we are not only permitting, but we are inviting, our local merchants to close up shop and go out of business; or to move to some community where their efforts will be more appreciated.

By our lack of appreciation we are urging our local storekeepers to restrict their efforts to carrying only the lines of merchandise that are the most profitable for them and to cut out all goods that we can buy in the city. We are actually inviting disaster.

**LET US AWAKEN TO A REALIZATION OF THE CONDITIONS WHICH CONFRONT US. LET US PLACE SOME LIMITATIONS ON OUR DISREGARD FOR EXISTING CONDITIONS AND LOOK INTO THE FUTURE.**

We can see what the consequences must be if we fail to do our share toward supporting the establishments of our business men in town, for the handwriting is written plainly on the wall.

Shall we read the writing and profit by the message or shall we continue to dance merrily and foolishly on until the time shall come when we must pay? And how shall we pay?

There will be only one way to pay and that will be with much more than the profit we shall have derived from our dealings with the mail order houses. **WE WILL PAY DEARLY UNLESS WE AWAKEN TO A FULL SENSE OF OUR RESPONSIBILITIES, AND AT ONCE.**

We wish to dance, but let us change the tune—or the fiddler.

## GETTING OUR MONEY'S WORTH

**I**N EVERY transaction we expect to get our money's worth. When we buy merchandise from our local storekeepers we examine everything with the utmost care, we test for strength and look for quality. We discuss with the merchant the desirability and value of everything and after we shall have decided that we will effect a purchase we are convinced that we have obtained full value and that we can depend on our purchase as being what we want.

Then, again, if for any reason, we have reason to be dissatisfied with that which we have bought we can talk it over with our merchant and any discrepancy will be readily adjusted.

This is the principle of all good business. The buyer meets the seller, face to face and examines the goods before closing the deal. The seller is responsible for his representations and the buyer can always find him and adjust any differences which may occur.

On the other hand there is the mail order method. We receive a book from the mail order house, illustrated with expensive pictures of various articles. The descriptions of these articles are always optimistic and gloriously pleasing. Our minds are impressed by the charming wording of the descriptions and the selection of adjectives creates in our minds a desire to possess these wonderful things.

All sorts of promises are made in the book, or catalog. We will be accorded the greatest possible consideration, we will be allowed all kinds of privileges; we can return the goods at the expense of the house if not satisfactory; shipments will be made with promptness and dispatch; any damages in shipping will be adjusted at once; "Our Mr. So-and-So will give your orders his personal attention," etc.

We are flattered and caajoed by the clever wording of the catalogue and the statements made in the "fake" personal letters sent to follow up the catalogue. We are touched in that tiny spot of vanity which, though small, seems to be everywhere and to respond to the slightest touch.

We are assured by the prospect of obtaining such magnificent and desirable articles at such remarkably low (if) prices and we are flattered by the statement that Mr. So-and-So will give our order his personal attention.

We begin to believe ourselves to be "some punkins" and we are inclined to swell up and look askance at our less fortunate townsmen who have not been singled out for such distinction as a letter, signed in person by Mr. So-and-So.

Therefore, we decide that we will send an order for something. We forget that we can go into the store of our own local So-and-So, whom we know and to whom we are perhaps responsible for past favors. But it is easy to forget all this in the happiness and exultation of having been singled out by the great mail order "boss" as a desirable person with whom to do business. **SO WE SEND AN ORDER, CASH WITH IT, OF COURSE.**

Then we wait for the article to come. More waiting. Then we write to the mail order "boss."

We get a succession of form letters in reply, but no merchandise. We waste a lot of time and patience and postage stamps and stationery. Finally the shipment arrives.

We are astounded. This hardly looks like the article we expected. So we write again. Then follows more correspondence. We are told to examine the article again thoroughly and compare the description with it. We do so.

Yes, the technical description is the same. **BUT THE CLEVER STYLE IN WHICH IT IS WRITTEN HAS DELIBERATELY MISLED US.** The illustration has led to be deliberately, because the picture was toned up and exaggerated for the sole purpose of misleading us.

We are stung. We could have gotten a far better value from our local storekeeper for the money. The lying letters we received from Mr. So-and-So were merely printed form letters and were probably never seen by the alleged signer, who is in Europe spending the dollars which we, and other similar dupes, have sent him.

Dah! Why will he persist in such foolishness? Our common sense should tell us better. But no, probably we will do the same thing over again when we get the same sort of flattering and lying hope from another mail order house that has bought a lot of names, containing ours, from the house which stung us.

**YES, THEY WILL FAME OUR NAMES ALONG, ONE TO THE OTHER. WE HAVE PLACED OURSELVES ON RECORD AS BEING "BASTY MARRIES."**

In the meantime we may go to our local dealer and buy the article we really need. He will guarantee it and, perhaps, give us credit for it if we need it.

**LET US SUPPORT OUR LOCAL BUSINESS MEN. THEY ARE ENTITLED TO OUR TRADE AND WE KNOW WHAT TO EXPECT FROM THEM.**

# THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

Published Every Friday at  
Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office at Carrizozo, N. M., June 2, 1906

Subscription Rates, \$2.00 per year; six months, \$1.00

HALEY & DINGWALL

Publishers

It will require a car load of splints to tie up the fractures in the G. O. P. at Albuquerque and elsewhere in the state.

Texas refused to shut down on the third parlors through a constitutional amendment, and all gentlemen with thirsts are comparatively safe in flocking to El Paso, as they can work Juarez Sundays.

Newspapers outside of New Mexico are favorably commenting upon the democratic policy of selecting only proper men for the legislative positions, regardless of political pressure from many sources. The policy will win.

Quay county crowds itself into the political limelight by sending contesting delegations to the republican state convention. Splendid; and the fellows thrown out can join with the losers from Bernalillo county and swell the volume of harmony.

If the gentleman with a political silencer capable of more or less efficiency when applied to one Elfege Baca, of Bernalillo county, will show himself at state republican headquarters he will learn something to his advantage. Any old price will be cheap.

Bursum, the actual noise of the republican party in New Mexico, insists upon watching the little lambs play on the green grass at the ranch, far from civilization and the troubles of politics.

Bursum played peace angel for those Bernalillo county politicians once and has not yet recovered from the effects of what they did to him.

There is said to be an ever increasing demand for arnica and other soothing salves for the Elephant in Bernalillo county. The animal is without a sound limb, and doctors have given up hope of ever being able to graft new skin over the old running sores.

Republicans of New Mexico have no hopes of electing a congressman this fall, but, owing to the manner the legislative districts are gerry-mandered, will make a still hunt--though a determined one--for a two-thirds majority in the house. They are content to let the enemy run the nation if New Mexico will only permit them to handle the purse strings.

### The Nation Mourns

THE First Lady of the Land, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson passed into eternity yesterday afternoon. The wife of the president had been in delicate health for a number of months, but her illness had not aroused any great uneasiness until the last few days. Nervousness, aggravated by Bright's disease, produced death. The entire nation mourns the death of the mistress of the White House, and messages of condolence have been sent from all parts of the world to the sorrowing chief executive and his family.

### Rudolf Will Not Fight

If all Germans in America were like Rudolf Schult, der Kaiser's army would not be increased from this side the pond. Rudolf is in receipt of a command from der Kaiser to come at once to der Vaterland and rally to der flag. Rudolf says nay; he's an American citizen and owes no allegiance to the war lord of Germany. So, therefore, the food for cannon is reduced to that extent.

### Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
United States Land Office, Roswell, N. M.,  
July 7, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that George H. Wilson, of Ocaso, N. M., who, on July 25, 1909, made H. D. E. Serial No. 20913, for N 1/4 SW 1/4; S 2 1/4 SW 1/4; SW 1/4 SE 1/4; Section 22, Twp. 9 S., Range 2 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Ocaso, N. M., on Aug. 18, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Dr. Guido Lumber, Encino F. Jones, Horacio K. Riddle and George L. Castle, all of Ocaso, New Mexico.

ENMETT PATTON,  
Register.

### Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
United States Land Office, Roswell, N. M.,  
July 7, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Isabel Peralta, of Capitan, N. M., who, on July 31, 1907, made H. D. E. No. 1225, Serial No. 01202, for W 1/2 NW 1/4; SW 1/4 NW 1/4; NE 1/4, Section 20, Twp. 6 S., Range 1 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. C. Hommer, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitan, N. M., on Aug. 18, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Jose Herrera (Herrero) Herrera, Amador Jirón and Filomeno P. Palma, all of Capitan, N. M.

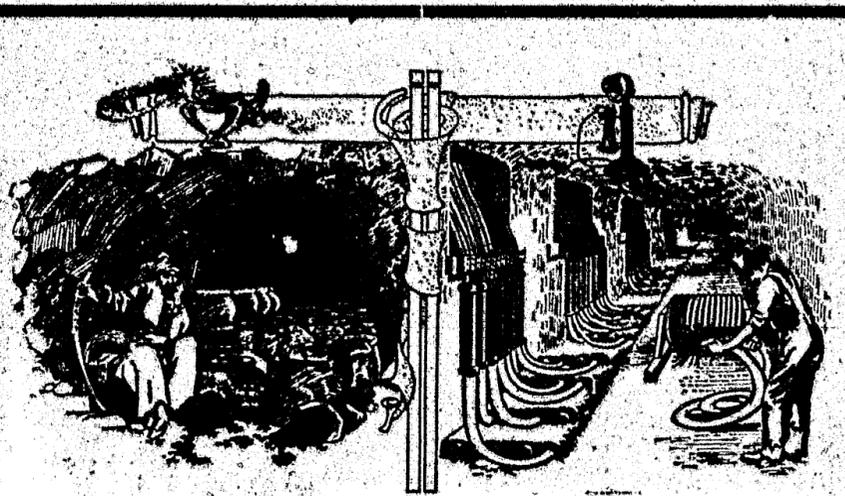
ENMETT PATTON,  
Register.

### Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
United States Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
July 8, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that George M. Morris, of Ocaso, N. M., who, on April 3, 1909, made H. D. E. Serial No. 01722, for NW 1/4, Section 2, Twp. 1 S., Range 2 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Ocaso, New Mexico, on Aug. 18, 1914.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Charles H. Thornton, Leo E. Chase, Dr. Guido Lumber and Horacio K. Riddle, all of Ocaso, New Mexico.

ENMETT PATTON,  
Register.

Phone 62 for Ice.



## Buried Treasure

Aladdin's lamp was the fabled key to untold treasure buried underground.

Its owner, by a single rub, could summon genii, and have access to the hidden wealth of kings.

You, too, have buried treasure at your command, and Electricity, more powerful than mythical genii, to do your bidding.

Instead of rubbing a lamp, you take off your telephone receiver and immediately a wealth of treasure is at your service.

A tiny spark flashes over the wires overhead and underground and carries the sound of your voice wherever you wish.

Over three and a half million dollars lie buried under the streets of this mountain region in cables, wires and conduits, ready for your use every minute of the day and night.

## The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Co.

"The Corporation Different"

## Saved Girl's Life

"I want to tell you what wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Thedford's Black-Draught," writes Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky.

"It certainly has no equal for la grippe, bad colds, liver and stomach troubles. I firmly believe Black-Draught saved my little girl's life. When she had the measles, they went in on her, but one good dose of Thedford's Black-Draught made them break out, and she has had no more trouble. I shall never be without

## THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

in my home." For constipation, indigestion, headache, dizziness, malaria, chills and fever, biliousness, and all similar ailments, Thedford's Black-Draught has proved itself a safe, reliable, gentle and valuable remedy.

If you suffer from any of these complaints, try Black-Draught. It is a medicine of known merit. Seventy-five years of splendid success proves its value. Good for young and old. For sale everywhere. Price 25 cents.

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General Transfer and  
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and all the articles usually found in an up-to-date drug shop. We believe in the Good Service Idea and will give you the best we know how. Call.

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For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

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F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best  
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CAPITAN, N. M.

CHOICE LIQUORS, BRANDIES & WINES

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Tinware, Paints, Glass, Oils of all kinds,  
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### TILL ON THE MAP

I buy Cow Hides, Sheep and  
Goat Pelts--  
Sell Dry Goods, Groceries, Hay  
and Grain.

LOOK ME UP ON THE MAP

John H. Boyd, Ocaso, N.M.

### Foxworth-Galbraith

## LUMBER COMPANY,

Shingles, Doors, Sash, Mouldings  
Building Paper, Ac.

Sewell's Patent  
and everything in the line  
of Building Material.

Carrizozo New Mexico

# PHIN'S GOOD LUCK

By GEORGE MUNSON.

Phineas Kelly was accustomed to see "a look in th' old woman's eye," as he phrased it, when he came home to his tea, after eight hours of peaceful employment as a bricklayer. Years of practice had enabled him to interpret it accurately. It meant, "He low, Phineas, for things have been at sixes and sevens all day."

On such occasions Phineas, good, honest man that he was, would slip out quietly after tea to the corner saloon, where he would sit talking politics and domestic with his cronies over a glass or two, till the time came to retire home, strictly sober, and prepared to find that the odd and even numerals had straightened themselves out during his absence.

On this occasion there was an altogether different look in Mary's eye.

"What is it, woman?" he exclaimed, sensing that something quite different from anything in his experience had happened. "Speak out, Mary, girl! Is it the measles? If Tim's got them I'll whine the life out of him!"

"No, it isn't!" snapped his better half. "Uncle Jim's dead and has left me all his money. The lawyer thinks it will come to five thousand dollars."

While Phineas sat, exhausted from emotion, in his chair, Mary read him the letter from Ireland.

"What'll I do wid it?" ejaculated her husband.

"You're going to be a contractor, Phineas, as you have always wanted to be," answered Mary. "And at the end of the month we leave."

Phineas uttered various exclamations, but he was as straw in his wife's hands. Before he went to bed it was understood that he and Mr. Hogan, with whom the subject had been broached at times of day-dreaming, should go into the contracting business. Hogan had saved a tidy sum, and with this legacy their dreams could be realized. During the twenty-eight days remaining before Juno Phineas was to continue laying bricks. The days that followed were not of unalloyed bliss. Phineas wanted to remain in the little flat, even if he was to be a contractor. But Mary had the "social bee" and she did not fail to impress it upon her husband that, for Tim's sake, they must move to a lo-

cal'ty more suited to their new station in life. And as the days went by, and the whole neighborhood assumed a more cordial friendship than ever before, Phineas found that he was no longer free of Rafferty's saloon.

"We can't afford to be too friendly with that sort, Phineas," explained his wife. "Flaherty and his wife are good enough people, but just common clay."

"We've shook dice together each Saturday night in years," pleaded Phineas. "And what about that Sunday picnic with them and the Hooligans?"

"There won't be any picnic," asserted Mary irritably.

Nevertheless Phineas did manage to meet his old friends by various subterfuges, and he carefully explained the situation to them.

"The best woman in the world, Mike," he told Flaherty. "But you know how it is with women, Mike. The money's sort of turned her head."

"That's all right, Phin," responded Mike Flaherty. "This one's on me."

To the neighbors, indeed, it seemed a natural thing that Mrs. Kelly should want to rise in the world; and if there was a little envious gossiping, the sight of the good woman, as she went down the street resplendent in her new gown, (purchased with the last of their saved money) turned away to admiration.

Meanwhile Hogan and Kelly had arranged their partnership. There was a fine opening in the town, and Hogan was to put in a couple of thousand, supplementing his smaller contribution with his political "pull." The new apartment was leased and the Kellys were preparing to leave.

Mrs. Kelly only required a week to pack, being a methodical woman. But as the week progressed that look came into her eye more and more frequently, till Phineas, having no refuge save, to which to fly, was driven to buy.

"What is it, Mary?" he asked and yawning, when his wife had been more than usually morose.

He half expected the tartest of rejoinders; but, to his astonishment, his wife burst into tears and laid her head upon his shoulder. And Phineas found himself caressing her as he had not done since Tim was a baby.

"Phineas," she wept, "I feel so mean and hateful, the way I've treated the Flahertys and the Hooligans, after the friends we've been. It's for the boy's sake, Phineas, dear, isn't it?"

"Sure, that's all right," answered her husband. "They understand."

"Do you think they think I think they aren't good enough for us?" inquired his wife, raising her face, wet with tears.

"I guess they think they'd do as much, if they were in your place, Mary," he answered.

"For half a pin," said Mary, "I'd stay right on here for old times' sake, and—invited the Hooligans and Flahertys to the picnic after all. But—" she sighed—"It's for Tim's sake, isn't it?"

"Sure," answered her husband, bravely, though he, too, was thinking of his old friends and those merry evenings at Rafferty's.

But three days remained when the post brought a letter from the lawyers in Ireland. Phineas brought it dutifully to his wife. She opened it, and gave a scream.

"Phineas! We haven't got any money at all!" she gasped.

Phineas Kelly, with a mixed feeling of joy and sadness, took up the missive and spooled it out:

"We beg to inform you," he read, "that an error was made in stating that the estate of your late uncle, Mr. James Smylie, was likely to be proved at five thousand dollars. The total amount of the estate is seventeen thousand, all of which goes to you under the will, and—"

"Seventeen thousand!" cried Mary Kelly, springing from her chair and grasping the letter from her husband's hand. "Phineas! It's true! Listen! And a check for this amount will be forwarded in a few days to you."

Suddenly the excited woman began to exclaim a pas soul before her husband's eyes.

"Mary!" he exclaimed, "you'll be too tired to pack if you—"

"But we're not moving, Phineas! We're going to stay right on here."

"But we've got seventeen thousand, woman!" he cried.

"That's why, Phineas," she answered. "With five thousand we could never be sure that the neighbors really looked up to us, but with seventeen thousand we know. We can afford to now. See?"

Phineas saw. He saw a welcome corner in Rafferty's and the familiar faces of his old friends smiling out of a cloud of tobacco smoke.

And the king he gave Mary drove away the "look" forever. (Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

## REAL INVENTOR OF SEXTANT

Thomas Godfrey of Philadelphia is the Man to Whom the Honor Properly Belongs.

One of the earliest of America's "self-made" men was Thomas Godfrey, who invented the sextant. Godfrey, born in 1704, was a humble glazier, but a man of intellectual force.

John Hadley also invented a sextant, evidently carrying out a suggestion of Newton which was found in Sir Isaac's original draft among Hadley's papers after his death.

Godfrey antedated Hadley by about one year, but for a long time his claims were not recognized, and Hadley received all the credit.

How the humble glazier received his first inspiration to design the instrument of so great use to mariners is an interesting story.

One day, while replacing a pane of glass in a window of a house on the north side of Arch street, in Philadelphia, opposite a pump, a girl, after filling her pail, placed it upon the sidewalk.

Godfrey, on turning toward it, saw the sun reflected from the window on which he had been at work into the bucket of water, and his philosophic mind seizing upon the incident was thus led to combine the plan of an instrument by which he could draw the sun down to the horizon by a contrivance incomparably superior to any that had ever before been used for the purpose of ascertaining angular measurements.

Test of Character. But responsibility is the great character-developer, and very few of us really know what we can do until we are put to the test. The market is long on men who can take orders, but short on those who can intelligently issue them. Responsibility requires a certain amount of initiative; the willingness to act when occasion demands and the courage to fall under honest effort and take the consequences.

Of course you may fail; but you can't tell whether you will succeed until you try; and having tried to the utmost of your ability and failed, is better than never to have tried at all. Better because in every loss there is the compensation of experience, while mere inaction means mental and physical stagnation, the aim and sire of annihilation.—Lottie's.

The Best Kind. "The poor widow, who lost her only support in her husband, has received a large number of notes of sympathy from her friends."

"How many of them were bank notes?"

# One ONLOOKER

HENRY HOWLAND

## HOW TO WIN HER LOVE

A lady who writes essays for a New York newspaper says for the benefit of the man who wishes to make a woman care for him: "Critique her taste in dress. This will prove to her that you are interested in her appearance."



If you long to make her love you, tell her that her hair is a lovely shade of brown. If she thinks but little of you, you can make her pulses leap by disconcertingly declaring that she is a proper blue. Or, if pink is what she is wearing, tell her she should dress in blue.

Tell her that it makes you roughly to behold her honestly waiting. Gently hint that she should look at you with a look of adoration.

And appears devoid of taste; she may seem to hear you sadly, but she'll learn to love you madly if you criticize enough.

Say her clothes are mismatched. Tell her that her stockings sag; let it candidly be stated that her coat hangs like a bag; to some quiet corner take her and there criticize her skirt if it is in your wish to make her love so hard her heart will hurt.

No change, indeed! "But," said the man who had gone back to the little, old town, after many years, "the change has not been as great as I expected it would be. Things look very much as they did when I went away."

"No change," exclaimed the old inhabitant, "gosh, I should say there had been a change! My, just look around you. Over there where Hammond's livery used to be we've got a two-story bank buildin'; Squire Harvey's built an office onto the side of his house; Mrs. Watson's had two new buildin's put up inside of four years, and bahn't you noticed that there's an extra wing on the hotel that wasn't there when you went away? No change! Why, say, this is the metropolis of Kent township now!"

Just Enough. "I never could use money with a clear conscience," said Mrs. Opodolo, "that had been made in stocks; I never could forget that somebody else had lost it."

"That being the case," replied her husband, "I guess I'll give to some charity the \$200 I made today."

"Oh, Charley! Did you, really? That with the \$200 I have saved will be just enough to pay for the European trip that I've been dreaming of for years."

OBLIGING. "Here," said the customer, "is a shoe button that I found in the salad."

"Well," replied the proprietor of cheap restaurant, "why do you want to tell me about it?"

"I merely wished to let you know that I scouted to have proof that there was something more than old rubber in the stuff."

A Little Word. How much a little word can mean! It may bring gladness or despair; Her heart was glad, her soul serene, When he referred to her as "fair."

His Faith. "Remember," said the preacher, "that it will be an easy feat for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle as for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven."

"Oh," replied the great magnate, "I guess my lawyer will be able to get me through on a technicality."

Caught. "Would you," he asked, "propose to a man if you were convinced that he loved you and was afraid to say so?"

"Ah," replied Miss Wallflower, "how clever you are! Who else would ever have thought of letting me know in such an original way that he wanted me for his own?"

No Danger. "Are you sure this horse will not run away?" asked the man who was getting into the buggy.

"Yes," replied the heavy stable keeper, "there ain't the least danger that he'll run away, but he may get some down' back."

Not What She Would Call It. "How well Mrs. Tripley bears her trouble," I declare, she looks as fresh and fair as a young girl, yet she has buried two husbands."

"You don't call burying two husbands trouble, do you?" replied Mrs. Mumpsh.

## Sunshine Method of Preserving Is Declared to Be Superior to Any Other Form.

Unlike many fruits, the strawberry changes its character completely when it is cooked. It neither gains nor loses; it simply becomes something else almost the moment heat touches it. Long cooking is, however, detrimental to the flavor. It destroys that peculiar flavor which is imparted to the berry by heat. This flavor, which in a way is just as delicious as that of the raw fruit, should be preserved. Strawberries, too, will not only lose all flavor with long cooking, but they will lose their shape as well. Three or five minutes of a boiling temperature will drive the heat into the berries thoroughly and yet preserve their shape and that flavor imparted to them by the heat.

To preserve the flavor of the raw strawberry, which is entirely different from that of the cooked fruit, the sunshine method of preserving must be followed. The origin of this delightful method is ascribed by some to Southern housekeepers, declaring it originated in Virginia, where it is a favorite process, and others tracing the first use of the method to Europe. The sun-cooked preserves are, however, difficult to prepare, and in many cases out of question, especially in city apartments, where sunshine is not a free gift.

Berries of the finest quality are placed on heated platters dredged with heated sugar and covered with heated sheets of glass. The platters are placed in strong sunshine to stand all day long. By evening the juice which surrounds the fruit is placed in anenameled pan on the fire and brought to the bubbling stage, then immediately poured over the fruit again. The fruit is then put into heated, sterilized jars or jelly glasses. Usually the sirup, if the familiar rule of "pound per pound" is followed, will, when cold, be sufficiently jellylike to permit the fruit to keep perfectly in jelly glasses, with only a paraffin covering. Care should be taken not to cook the juice too long nor beyond the boiling point, or it will be sirupy.

## DON'T FORGET

A little minced ham added to the omelet makes a savory change. Small sweet peppers are excellent mixed with celery in a potato salad.

Vegetables which grow under the ground should be cooked with the lid on. Broiled veal served with tomato sauce and spaghetti makes a delicious dish.

Clean nickel and silver pieces with ammonia applied with a flannel cloth. Black stockings should be rinsed in blue water to give them a good color. Discolored gilt-frames can be brightened if rubbed with a sponge dipped in turpentine.

Try adding a little chopped parsley to the mashed potatoes; it gives them a delicious flavor. When mixing pie crust or baking powder biscuits they will be much lighter if a fork is used.

## Aluminum Ware.

The attractive appearance, light weight and the durability of a good quality of aluminum have brought this ware into public favor. It is claimed, too, that food does not burn as easily in an aluminum utensil as in those of other ware. Aluminum, however, stains easily, this its first good appearance is somewhat hard to keep up. Even water containing an alkali or iron will tarnish it. This comes off with whitening or any cleansing powder that is free from alkali. Strong lye cleaners must not be used upon it, and when it is necessary to scrape it the scraping should be done with a wooden spoon. A mild acid will also remove stains from it, such as tart apples or sour milk boiled in the dish. Aluminum's one great fault is that it will not stand excessive heat, especially the poorer grades.

## English Fudding.

One-half cup-chopped salt pork. Fill cup with boiling water, let stand a few minutes to dissolve, two-thirds cup molasses, shall-dilling cup with sugar milk, one teaspoon each of soda, cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg, one cup chopped raisins, 3/4 or 4 cups flour. Steam two hours.

Sauce for Fudding—one cup sugar, two cups boiling water, one-half teaspoon each of salt and nutmeg. Thickened with two teaspoons flour. Remove from stove, add a tablespoon of good sharp vinegar and piece of butter.

## Chicken a La Boston.

One cup cold cooked chicken cut in strips, three cold boiled potatoes, cut in one-third inch slices, one tomato cut in strips, three tablespoons butter, three tablespoons flour, 1/2 cup salted milk, salt and pepper. Make a sauce of butter, flour and milk. Add chicken, potatoes and tomato and as soon as heated add seasoning.

Mrs. Brown's Green Currant Pie. To make a delicious pie take the currants when half ripe and make a pie the same as a berry pie, using, however, twice as much sugar. Some families like it very sweet—two cups of sugar to one of the currants is the demand.

## Apple Cream.

Wash four apples and put them through a sieve. Dissolve a half cup of gelatin in a little water, add to the apples and cream and pour into molds. Serve with fruit sauce.

# Along the Spanish Main

CRUISING along the Spanish Main, upon the glistening bosom of the Caribbean, the ocean tourist, no matter how care-burdened, is quite apt to form the "rolling" habit. The air is soothing to tired nerves, and I have little respect for an imagination that would not fall under the spell of those perfect moonlit nights. For myself, en route from Trinidad to Colon, I just wanted to "roll" and dream of the days when pirates held sway in these waters, of the days of adventure and romance. It didn't seem quite right that I should be enjoying all the luxuries of travel while possibly some of my forbears had to wrest their living from the sea. There were several distinguished passengers besides myself on board, including Lady Hope and the duchess of Kalamazoo. The passenger list presented a cosmopolitan assortment of Britishers, Americans, Spaniards and West Indians. I must not neglect the young Irish patriot, an ardent champion of home rule, who had had several verbal set-toes with antagonistic Englishmen before our troupe-boarded the steamer, writes C. Nick Stark in the Detroit Free Press.

A ripple of melodramatic climax was reached on the second day out from Port-of-Spain, when, during a tell-us it wasn't much more than a huge swamp—a yellow fever pest hole—when Uncle Sam began his clean-up operations.

From Colon to Kingston, Jamaica, it is a short jump for a sea-going troupe—only about 500 miles. We played the City of Panama, Monday night, and opened in Kingston Thursday night of the same week. This is what the small-time vaudeville would term a "split week." Jamaica is justly termed the "Gem of the Antilles." One can well appreciate the enthusiasm of Columbus when, upon approaching this beautiful island, with its background of mountains melting into the sky, he exclaimed, "Santa Gloria!" Its history is filled with romance and thrills, and the exploits of Morgan and other famous buccaneers would afford material for the most blood-stirring melodramas. Frequently devastated by volcanic eruptions, earthquakes and tornadoes, it endures today as the most prosperous and commercially important of the British West Indies. Only seven years ago the island was visited by an earthquake which killed 1,300 persons and almost wiped Kingston off the map. It is something of a revelation, therefore, to find a city with as much bustle and real business activity as can be shown by the aver-



JUBILEE MARKET, KINGSTON.

aged argument between a Britisher and the Duke of Cork, the latter started to warble "The Sun Is Now Rising on Ireland." The incensed Englishman called the Irishman a "bally rutter," or something like that, when bing!—the home rule advocate's right shot into his adversary's eye with such force as to break a bone in the smiter's right hand and temporarily impair the Englishman's eye for sight-seeing purposes. The incident almost caused international complications, and a general melee was only averted by prompt action on the part of the skipper, who ordered the combatants to be confined in their staterooms, where the only visitors were the surgeon and the stewards.

Bargain in Sea Constrictors. The distance from Port-of-Spain to Colon, latitudes of Panama, is only a little over 1,000 miles, just an ordinary jump for an ocean-going theatrical company. The jump is broken by stops at Savanilla and Cartagena, the Colombian coast. Panama has declared a strict quarantine against those towns, and passengers are not permitted to stray from the wharves. It is said that the sanitary grounds upon which the quarantine is based are merely a subterfuge. The Panamanian authorities are anxious to keep out undesirable, revolution-breeding pests from South America, and the quarantine serves the purpose. It is contended that the very best bargains in Panama hats can be obtained at Savanilla and Cartagena. The vendors that offered them for sale at the wharves had a sliding scale of prices. One needed only be patient and wait until nearly sunset time, when prices rapidly descended. This was also true of the hostilities in parrots, monkeys and sea constrictors. By not showing weakness hats one could secure a also sleek young sea constrictor for \$1.50.

Where Color Regulates Caste. Social caste in Jamaica is regulated by the grade of color. There are black people, colored people and very light (though not quite white) people. As to the whites, the English, Jew predominates, though he does not control. The mayor and nearly all the members of the Kingston city council are colored men. Among the dark shades of humanity the women do most of the work. There are few legal marriages in this class. The women realize that if she is bound by the marriage tie she will probably be obliged to work so much harder to support her husband and maintain in idleness, while if there is no legal bond she can leave her man if he doesn't trust her right.

ago American city of its size. They make a lot of noise about it, too. If one happens to be domiciled in the business section he will find the din of street traffic as annoying during hours of repose as in the larger metropolitan cities.

The natives of Jamaica speak an almost unintelligible language that is alleged to be English. It is a sort of Afro-Cockney dialect which has condescended for its keynote. It is not a musical tongue. The black people are constantly jabbering and they have a habit of conversing earnestly and in low tones with themselves as they wamble along the thoroughfares. Though the obese man who once practiced voodooism amongst them, has been suppressed by law, some religious impostor periodically appears to work on their superstitious and simple natures. Only the other day the newest "Meenah" was ordered to be banished to Barbadoes, which the Jamaican regards as the extreme penalty. This fellow came in town astride a donkey, wearing a nondescript uniform and equipped with a sword. His solemn mien and weird incantations soon won a host of followers, whom he led to the harbor, where he baptized the crowd at two shillings a head. He was draining the money-washed negroes of every penny they could get, and when he made a bluff at crucifying himself on Good Friday the law stepped in and grabbed him.

It is worth a long journey to see the wonderful Panama canal, but I won't advertise the City of Panama or Colon as ideal watering places for honeymoon couples. Except for the sand and the general amuse of the sea is unattractive. American residents



# Greatly Reduced Prices on Oxfords

We are clearing all Oxfords in order to make room for fall arrivals

It's a wonderful chance for you to get acquainted with the Ziegler Bros. quality.

So have decided to continue our Clearance Sale a few days longer.

All \$3.50 and \$4.00 Values \$2.65

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We also have about One Doz. Suits to offer at \$10.00 for Choice

See our Ladies' Spring Suits in Window at \$8.95

Mr. A. Ziegler is now in the eastern markets buying our fall stock and the New Goods are arriving daily.

So Come at Once and Take Advantage of the Reduced Prices and Get First Choice of New Goods

## Ziegler Bros.

THE HOME OF STANDARD MERCHANDISE

### The Carrizozo Bar

All Bonded Whiskey \$1.75 per Quart.  
Port Wine .50 per Quart.  
Blackberry Brandy .50 per Quart.  
Old Kingdom Blended Whiskey \$4.00 per Gallon.

Wholesale Prices on Seipp's Beer to Outside Dealers.

THE STAG SALOON  
GRAY BROS.

The Best Brands of BOTTLE AND BARREL WHISKIES.  
SEIPP'S & BUDWISER BEER.  
BILLIARDS AND POOL.  
Choice Cigars.

### CORONA A POINT TO REMEMBER

Our Continued Growth is the Best Evidence of the Confidence of the People. We Give Three Essentials:  
Complete Security, Availability and Courteous Treatment  
THE STOCKMENS STATE BANK, Corona, New Mexico

### HUMPHREY BROS.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
Flour, Hay, Grain, Feed Stuffs, Etc.  
Phone 16 Wood and Coal Carrizozo, N. M.

PABST BLUE RIBBON BEER

HEADLIGHT SALOON..... PORFIRIO CHAVEZ Manager  
Carrizozo, New Mexico  
Whiskies, Beer, Wines and Cigars  
Pool Room in Connection

Subscribe for The News, \$2.00 per year

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,  
July 20, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that Adolfo Montoya, of Capitan, N. M., who on June 18, 1908, made L. D. No. 15870 Serial No. 01540 for N. W. 1/4 Section 29, Twp. 3 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitan, N. M., on Sept. 8, 1914.  
Claimant named as witnesses:  
Felix H. Blanchard, of Arabela, N. M., Leopoldo Montoya, Antonio Montoya, and Daniel Villi, those of Capitan, N. M.  
EMILETT PATTON,  
1st pub. & 7; last pub. 3-4 Register.

Notice of State Selection  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M.,  
July 23, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, under and by virtue of the Act of Congress, approved June 20, 1907, has made application for the following described, unappropriated, unreserved and non-mineral public lands:  
Indemnity School List Number 2033, Serial No. 60949.  
NE 1/4 Sec. 5, T. 2 N., R. 2 E., N. M. P. M.  
The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such selection with the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Las Cruces, N. M., and to establish their interests therein or the mineral character thereof.  
JOHN L. BURRHIDE,  
8-1-21 Register.

Notice for Publication  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
July 23, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of Acts of Congress approved June 21, 1908, and June 29, 1910, and gets supplementary and amendatory thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands:  
List No. 2410. (Serial No. 2751) SW 1/4 Sec. 4, N. 2 E., R. 2 E., T. 2 N., containing 40 acres.  
List No. 2411. (Serial No. 2752) SE 1/4 Sec. 5, N. 2 E., R. 2 E., T. 2 N., containing 40 acres.  
List No. 2412. (Serial No. 2753) SE 1/4 Sec. 5, T. 2 N., R. 2 E., N. W. 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 10, T. 2 N., R. 2 E., containing 80 acres.  
List No. 2413. (Serial No. 2754) SE 1/4 SW 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, N. 2 E., R. 2 E., T. 2 N., containing 80 acres.  
List No. 2414. (Serial No. 2755) NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 10, T. 2 N., R. 2 E., containing 80 acres.  
Persons or entities claiming any or all of such selections may file in this office during the period of publication hereof, or any time thereafter, and before final approval and certificate, a statement of objection, or a certificate.  
EMILETT PATTON,  
7-23-14 Register.

Notice for Publication  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.,  
July 15, 1914  
Notice is hereby given that Elias G. Hefner, of Capitan, N. M., who on January 20, 1914, made mineral entry, No. 0212 for N. 1/4 Sec. 29, SW 1/4, Section 29, Twp. 3 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 23rd day of August, 1914.  
Claimant named as witnesses:  
Horace E. Hiddle, Lee H. Chase, William J. McCallum and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Capitan, N. M.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. BURRHIDE,  
7-23-14 Register.

Notice for Publication  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
United States Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.,  
July 15, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that Hannah Rafferty, of Capitan, N. M., who on January 20, 1914, made mineral entry, No. 0212 for N. 1/4 Sec. 29, SW 1/4, Section 29, Twp. 3 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John H. Boyd, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 23rd day of August, 1914.  
Claimant named as witnesses:  
Horace E. Hiddle, Lee H. Chase, William J. McCallum and Chas. H. Thornton, all of Capitan, N. M.  
Special notice is hereby given to the State of New Mexico of above intention to make proof.  
JOHN L. BURRHIDE,  
7-23-14 Register.

#### Jicarilla

Miss Edie McBryar is visiting her sister, Mrs. Myler, in White Oaks the past few days.

A. N. Price was in the Jicarilla settlement Wednesday last.

A. H. Norton went to White Oaks the middle of last week on business.

F. M. Deel has been attending to business at the store for a week, in Mrs. Campbell's place, as she has been seriously sick.

Ed Ortherfer and his son-in-law, Mr. White, came out from White Oaks last week to look after mining interests here.

Mr. McBrayer made a trip to White Oaks last week on a shopping expedition.

There was a most refreshing rain fall here Sunday night.

Mrs. Mary Campbell is up and about again after a week's siege of rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Wilson were in from their ranch on the cantonide, Sunday.

Mr. R. C. Pitts is putting in a cement dam in the canyon near his place, to reserve some of the rain water now so plentiful.

Dan Dawson was distributing the mail to tardy recipients Sunday morning.

#### White Oaks

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Campbell and Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Squier motored up from Carrizozo Sunday evening.

Paul Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. C.

D. Mayer, and Miss Bertha Mayer left Monday for a short trip to the eastern part of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Weaver arrived from Iowa the first of the week for a short visit with Mrs. Weaver's aunt, Mrs. L. H. Rudisille.

Messrs. W. Van Schoyck, Sullivan, McAdams, and Chas. Littell spent Sunday at Pine Lodge, returning Monday.

Antonio Silva died Sunday evening after a short illness and was buried Monday in the local cemetery.

W. A. Franklin passed through town Monday on his return from Chicago to his home in Jicarilla.

Mr. McKenzie who has been here for the past two weeks looking over mining properties, left Monday for El Paso.

W. T. Swoyer is reported on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Ed. Tomkins of Carrizozo has been here for a few days the guest of her father, J. M. Keith.

Lin Braun was in from his ranch in Coyote canyon Monday.

#### Oscuro Outlook

Copious rains still continue to visit Oscuro community and the season is the finest in years. Hay cutting will start here next week.

Mrs. Donj. Burns, wife of the local station agent, left on Saturday for Plano, Illinois, where she will visit relatives and friends for sometime.

Mrs. Geo. Morris is spending

two weeks in El Paso, where her husband is engaged in business.

Dr. Guido Ranniger, L. B. Chase and Joe Ashford were the Carrizozo visitors Monday.

Jake Ziegler, Will Doering, Mr. and Mrs. Pierce and Miss Mandell were visitors from Carrizozo Sunday morning.

Considerable of the big crop of Three Rivers fruits is being shipped through this point to markets.

Miss Myrtiss Perry, of Oenaville, Texas, is visiting her uncle, John H. Boyd and family here.

George Wilson is spending a few days with August Lantz in Carrizozo.

Mrs. Groff was a visitor to Polly Tuesday.

Ray Stoddard, who is connected with the Surveying Corps in the White Mt., was in over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Chase and babies, and Mrs. L. Black, and son, Earl motored over to Three Rivers Thursday after fruit.

The addition to local school house is nearing completion and will be finished it is said within two weeks.

A reception-dance will be given at the Boyd hotel Saturday evening, August 7 for Mrs. Maude Blaney who will return here to teach school this year after a year in Carrizozo.

Mrs. Thos. McDonald, of Mooking Bird Gap ranch, has been in Carrizozo for a few days under the doctor's care.

Frank Harvie, a homesteader near here left a few days ago for a three months' visit to his old home in Chicago.