

New Mexico Tax Problem

Santa Fe, N. M., April 29.—That the New Mexico tax problem is not the impossible bugaboo, beyond solution, but that it is a plain business problem for business men, which can be settled and settled fairly to all by thoughtful, concerted effort; this is the first and most important impression gathered from watching the full week of operation of the new state tax commission here last week. First, as to the commissioners; one gathered the impression as the representatives of corporation after corporation passed before them, that they were fair; men not likely to jump at conclusions; men of judgment and men who can be depended upon to get the best results which are to be had from a law admitted to be defective; with inadequate financial resources; and introduced to correct a taxation system almost hopelessly muddled by years of inattention and slipshod administration.

The big corporations sent their big men to appear before the commission, and it was perfectly plain that these big men got just that impression of the commissioners; of fairness and justice and the effort of business men to do the right thing. The commission affirmed its tentative order of a ten per cent increase in valuation against most of the railroads—against all of the big ones. Yet in the face of the final order W. C. Reid, New Mexico attorney for the Santa Fe expressed what seemed to be the sentiment of all the corporation representatives when he said in an interview given out in Albuquerque that "we felt that our limit had been reached in the increased assessment levied against the Santa Fe last year. But in view of the fair attitude of the commission; its recognition that injustice is being done, and its plain desire to correct such injustice as exists as soon as it can find a way our disposition is to go to a further limit before entering into a controversy in court over an increase in valuation which we know will place a still more unjust burden on our company, unless all other classes of property are similarly increased in valuation."

In further evidence of its disposition to help the commission rather than hinder it by a legal controversy, the Santa Fe placed all its tax investigation facilities at the commission's disposal. And the other railroads followed suit. That this will be of vast assistance to the commission, in the detailed survey of the state which it must make, is recognized. In offering the taxing equipment of the Santa Fe, Mr. Tunnell, the general tax commissioner of the company said that the railroads had felt that in the past the taxing officials of New Mexico had not made their best efforts, or exhausted their resources to the end of getting omitted property onto the rolls, or at proper values. But neither he nor any of the others suggested that the present commission would not exhaust its resources to that end.

The commission starts, then, not only with the confidence of the people but of the big corporations as well, and this alone averted what might have been a serious legal controversy over the increase in valuations which the commission found it necessary to make and sustain in order to even hope to realize the amount necessary to meet the appropriate

tions for the fourth and fifth fiscal years, upon the 5 mill maximum levy basis.

As the corporation hearings proceeded, it became plain that the four commissioners serving not only had a desire to be fair, and a determination to get the best results possible, but that they have a comprehensive grasp of conditions in New Mexico and of the problem itself; that of equal valuations and complete assessments. The commission will not meet again until July. Then all the county tax rolls will have been turned in and the commissioners will have a tangible basis to work upon. In the meantime they will put a comprehensive survey of the state to working. This will be in the hands of competent field men, and while the resources of the commission are very limited, still enough will have been done so that when they attack a county assessment roll they will no longer be working by guess; but it is hoped with an accurate knowledge of individual values in that county. It will not produce an accurate full value assessment for the purposes of the fourth fiscal year, but it bids fair to come closer to it than ever has been the case before, and it points the way to the goal.

The week of hearings made it more plain than it ever has been before in New Mexico that sound taxation rests not so much in the law as in the justice and determination of the taxing officials to enforce the law and secure fair play. And this is what makes the hope of those who have watched the situation most carefully so strong; that this tax commission is in deadly earnest about tax law enforcement and the securing of fair play.

The hearings brought out some very interesting things. One of these is the fact, not generally known before, that the big railroads, the Santa Fe, the Southern Pacific, the El Paso & Southwestern, the Rock Island and the Denver and Rio Grande, joined in a tax survey of New Mexico in 1913 which covered every individual piece of property in the state for which agents of the companies could find an owner, and that it was then for the first time that the railroads realized what has since come to be generally conceded, that they, the railroad corporations, have been assessed upon a higher valuation than any other class of property in the state; and that they have been paying taxes for some years past far above their proportionate share of the load. A corporation may not be kind-hearted, but it is just, and it is a notable fact that the railroads blame themselves more than any one else because they didn't find it out before.

Another curious thing; the railroads, the big soulless corporations are in exactly the same fix as Bill Smith of the town, or village, with a house and lot. Their property, like Bill Smith's is readily accessible, and when the state needs more money, to meet bigger appropriation bills, the readily accessible property must bear the load and continue to stand the increase until the system is worked out which will reach and tax fairly the property that is less accessible. So for once, at least, the little man and the big corporation are in the same boat and the only remedy for both is to secure fair valuation, complete assessment, and public economy in order to beat the game.

What the railroads hope to accomplish by lending the tax commission their active co-operation the small property owner may accomplish through the medium of the state taxpayers' league, now being actively agitated throughout the state and which found enthusiastic support on every hand during the commission's meeting. The object of this league, to encourage respect for taxation laws and fair play in assessments, and to work for economy in the administration of public moneys, fits in precisely with the chief word before the tax commission and will prove of material help to it. Its organization on a statewide basis is now assured.

Some rather amazing facts came out during the tax commission's corporation hearings. For instance: There are five counties in the state, which but for taxes paid by the railroads would go into immediate bankruptcy. The Mountain States Telephone company last year earned \$40,000 net on its lines in New Mexico and paid \$17,000 taxes; or 38 percent of its earnings. The Colorado and Southern railroad, serving a considerable part of Union county, paid more taxes than it earned net in the state.

The Santa Fe railroad on its 10,724 1/2 miles of main line track in 1914 paid a total of \$5,525,585.30 in taxes; 17.5 cents per second; \$10.50 every minute; \$630.77 per hour; \$15,138.59 per day, or \$460,465.44 per month. "That's the main reason," said one of the Santa Fe officials, "why we have to stop paying more than our share of taxes. We have about reached our limit."

In New Mexico in 1911 the Santa Fe paid 14.1 percent of all taxes assessed. In 1912 it paid 16 percent. In 1913, 22.1 percent and in 1914 24.1 percent, being assessed at \$50,155,000 of the total assessment for the state of \$267,611,817. Its valuation for 1915 is increased by the commission's last order, by 11.3 percent over 1914.

In 1912 the Santa Fe paid taxes on a basis of \$365 per mile. In 1914 it paid \$452 per mile, or an increase of 24 per cent. The total amount paid in 1912 as \$424,597 as against \$691,468 in 1914, an increase of 41.6 per cent. It paid in 1913, 52.8 percent of the total assessed against all railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, and in 1914 56.8 per cent, so that the representation of its attorneys before the commission that it pays 28 cents out of every dollar of taxes paid in the state, is absolutely accurate.

The Rock Island on its 111 miles of New Mexico line in 1914 earned \$31,000 net. It paid on that 111 miles \$41,000 in taxes. The American Lumber company, for the present year in the three counties of Bernalillo, where its plant is, and McKinley and Valencia where its timber is, is assessed at a total value of \$973,280.07. C. F. Wade, receiver for the company, and its former general manager told the tax commission the receivers would be glad to accept a cash offer of \$600,000 for the entire property, its 34 miles of standard gauge railroad thrown in.

The Arizona and New Mexico railroad, operating 67.29 miles of track in New Mexico, and which caught the ten per cent increase assessed against the other railroads, showed the tax commission that its net earnings in 1914 decreased 57 per cent from 1913. These are but a few instances

of a vast mass of information piled up before the tax commission which is being digested and which when put before the people will give a clearer idea of the actual nature and scope of the tax problem in this state than any one has had before. It is no easy job the tax commission is up against, but the commission is going to do this job if it can be done, and it thinks it can.

Monthly School Report

Primary, neither absent nor tardy: Mandie Hamilton, Kathryn Stidham, Tressie Sanchez, Robert Poage, Leslie Lopez, Earl Carl, Frank Patty, Ray Lovelace. Excellent: Lillie May Elliott, Ray Lovelace, Kastler Taylor, Julian Lalone, Frank Patty, Freddie Lalone, Albert Roberts, George Vent, Andres Sandoval, Roy Schaeffer, Earl Carl, Robert Poage, Edward Hale, Tressie Sanchez, Mersed Oroso, Mandie Hamilton, Maggie Lujan, Erma Poage, Lucile Jones, Ethel Johnson, Jose Oroso.

Grade 2, neither absent nor tardy: Robana Corn, Lois Stidham, Maurine Collier, Avelina Lujan, Ollie Niles, Velma Niles, Clint Brannum, Elmo Lovelace, Sam Kennedy, Elbert Collier, Delbert Carl, Walter Foster. Excellent: Pecipiano Padilla, Elbert Collier, Isidoro Chavez, William Kahler, Sophia Sanchez, Avelina Lujan, Asleen Haley, Mela Lueras, Lois Stidham, Maurine Collier.

Grade 3, neither absent nor tardy: Mary Miller, Ada Corn, Ellie Rowland, Vaden Gallacher, Clayton Rust, Beal Foster, Edward Corn, Bruce Duggar, Blake Lovelace. Excellent: Bruce Duggar, Charles Goddard, Alvina Porter, Edward Corn, Daniel Elliott, Ada Corn, Ellie Rowland, Lois Jones, Harry Cole, Blake Lovelace.

Grade 4, neither absent nor tardy: Helen Hanson, Nellie Sandoval, Lucy Sandoval, Alta Carl, Lucile Dutton, Myrtle Lowland. Excellent: Lorene Brazil, Ros Goddard, Lucille Dutton, Janette Johnson, Mary White, Myrtle Rowland, Herndon Riley, Lucy Sandoval, Nellie Sandoval.

Grades 5 and 6, neither absent nor tardy: Harriet Kimbell, Nelle Hanson, Clarissa Leggett, Ruth Edmiston, Kathryn Spence, Johnnie Cole, Johnny Rowland, Elmer Eaker, Dean Miller, Oreno Stevens, Floyd Gray. Excellent: Ruth Schaeffer, Thelma Perrett, Ruth Edmiston, Clarissa Leggett, Elmer Eaker, Dean Miller.

Grade 7, neither absent nor tardy: Lorena Haley, Pearl Hyde, Perola Stevens, Mayo Hamilton, Pink Roberts, Gordon Pine, Homer Donaldson, Pearl Kennedy. Excellent: Lawrence Rowland, Pink Roberts, Gordon Pine, George McGee, Mayo Hamilton, Pearl Hyde, Perola Stevens, Lorena Haley.

Grade 8, neither absent nor tardy: Margie Lacey. Excellent: Margie Lacey, Gladney White, Joe Spence, Dean Gumm.

Trouble Over an Estate

News reached here Tuesday from Ruidoso of some trouble between Gordon Gray and Ira Robinson and Ike N. Wingfield. The three are brothers-in-law, and the latter is the administrator of his father's estate, over the division of which the difficulty arose. It is said a warrant was issued for Gray and Robinson, charging them with compelling Wingfield to write a check in their favor for the amounts

claimed. They were arrested, according to reports which reached here last night, taken before a Ruidoso justice and required to give bond for their appearance at the next district court. We understand, also, that payment on checks was stopped. We know nothing concerning the merits of the case and the foregoing is based on reports received here. All parties to the transaction are connected with the oldest and best known families of the county.

Carrizozo 3, El Paso 6

The above caption is somewhat misleading to those who failed to witness the ball game played here Sunday by Carrizozo and El Paso. The score, without any trimmings, indicated that El Paso won easily, when, as a matter of fact, she did not do so. It required the 13th inning to decide the contest, a statement sufficient to show that it was no walk-off.

Neither team scored until the third inning, at which time Carrizozo sent a run around the diamond. In the sixth Carrizozo again scored, making two runs; and El Paso made three runs in the same inning, thus evening the score. In the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th neither side scored, but a bad error on the part of Carrizozo, in the 13th, after two of El Paso's men were down, gave the visitors 3 runs, the game at its conclusion standing Carrizozo 3, El Paso 6.

Speaking of errors; that is exactly where the superiority, if it may be so called, of the El Paso team lay; that and the further fact that the length of the game just about used up our boys, as this was their first game, and 13 innings was too far for raw recruits to travel a rapid gate. Be it said, however, notwithstanding the excessive number of errors our boys made, only two were costly; but therein lies the tale of disaster. Be it further said, that it was one of the best games ever played on the local diamond, with little chance of it being beaten during the season. Even in defeat, our boys are elated over their ability to fight a crack El Paso team to a standstill; and the local team was also encouraged by the attendance at Sunday's game, which showed that Carrizozo is again awakening to baseball and willing to support a good team.

The result:

	Runs	Hits	Errors
El Paso	6	9	1
Carrizozo	3	13	8

Batteries: El Paso, Fisher and Ainslow; Carrizozo, Dolan and Var-Selwyck.

Grandma Putnam

Passes Away
Mrs. Jane M. Putnam died Monday, the 26th, at her home, south of town and was buried the following afternoon in the local cemetery. Mrs. Putnam, whose maiden name was Titus, was born at Leverage, New York, February 15, 1835, and was, therefore, in her 81st year.

In early childhood she moved with her parents to Erie, Pennsylvania, and there was married to N. H. Putnam in 1851. Three children were born to this union, two of whom survive, Mrs. Allie E. Joyce and Mrs. Emma A. Flower, both of whom reside near Carrizozo. Mr. Putnam was a veteran of the civil war, enlisting in the 8th Illinois cavalry and serving throughout that conflict. He died in 1895. Mrs. Putnam came to Lincoln

county and filed on a homestead in 1913, and just recently made final proof. Besides the two daughters living here, she is also survived by several grandchildren, one of whom, Mrs. Lola S. Rowden, the well known nurse, resides here.

District Court

A special session of district court for Lincoln county was held here this week. Present, Judge Edward L. Medler, District Attorney H. B. Hamilton, Interpreter C. S. Pedregon, Court Reporter J. B. Newel, Deputy Sheriff J. B. Baird, Clerk A. H. Harvey.

Neither grand nor petit jury had been summoned, but a number of cases were disposed of without a jury. In civil matters a number of judgments were rendered, either in a hearing upon briefs and testimony submitted, or by default; others were dismissed and a few continued. Two informations were presented to the court and in each case a plea of guilty was entered and sentence imposed. They were Tom Rily, charged with forgery, and sentenced to not less than one year and not more than eighteen months in the penitentiary. The other was Guillermo Torres, charged with assault, and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and to pay the costs. Deputy Sheriff J. B. Baird, accompanied by Ernest Cole, left in an auto with the prisoners Tuesday noon for Santa Fe. They reached Santa Fe Wednesday, delivered the prisoners to the authorities and reached home yesterday. Court recessed subject to the call of the judge.

Entertain at

Hamilton Home

Last Friday evening a large number of guests gathered at the Hamilton home in response to joint invitations from Mesdames Hamilton, Donaldson and Nye. Eleven tables indulged in whist, at which a number of hours were pleasantly passed. Following the games and an inviting lunch, the spacious rooms were cleared and those so inclined indulged for a time in the pleasure of terpsichore. It was a jolly crowd and the gracious attentions of hostesses gave an additional pleasure to the occasion.

Carrizozo Takes

Tennis Games

Last Saturday in response to an invitation from Captain, Professor McCurdy and some of the High school boys, accompanied by a party of friends, visited Captain to play tennis. The first game began at 1:30 p. m. It was agreed that the side winning two sets were to be declared the victors.

In the first game the players were, Captain: Howard and McDaniels; Carrizozo, E. A. Anderson and Geo. Barber. Carrizozo won the first two sets, Captain taking only three games in the two sets.

The next contest was between Professors Schreck and Thompson for Captain and Professor McCurdy and Ray E. D. Lewis for Carrizozo. Carrizozo again won the two sets.

The third game was played by Miss Irving for Captain, and Miss North, a sister of Mrs. Lewis, for Carrizozo. This was a single, Miss North scoring 6 and Miss Irving 3.

Judge Seth F. Crews was here from Oscura the early part of the week, attending the session of district court.

Dr. E. L. Enloe, president of the Silver City Normal, arrived last night and visited the schools today. He had intended visiting a number of county schools with Superintendent Gumm, but the latter is indisposed from an attack of la grippe and the trip was postponed. Dr. Enloe, therefore, left at noon today for Tucumcari, expecting to return to this point later and deliver an address.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

How Income Tax Law Hits Members of Congress

WASHINGTON.—There isn't the slightest doubt that if the last congress had it all to do over again it would nail fast a provision to the income tax law allowing senators and representatives to deduct their election expenses from their income in making up their income tax returns. Members of congress have awakened to the fact that they must allow the "reigns-of-arms" of both houses to deduct the income tax in advance from congressional salaries without taking campaign expenses into consideration. Thus there are several congressmen who have paid out large amounts to be re-elected who must still pay income taxes on the money they spent.

The income tax division of the internal revenue bureau will not give help; it has ruled that campaign expenses are personal, and are, therefore, returnable as a part of net income and subject to the tax.

This decision, it is said at the treasury, might be altered if congressmen appealed to the secretary of the treasury and could show a basis for an interpretation of the law more favorable to their desires and pocketbooks.

Congressmen, it is explained, have hesitated to take this course for two reasons: first, because such an argument has been difficult to invent, and second, because it might prove embarrassing to any congressman adopting such a course. The treasury department officials hint that a decision favorable to congressmen might also put the secretary of the treasury in a bad light.

It remains now for some congressman bolder than his fellows to introduce an amendment to the income tax law allowing campaign expenses to be deducted from net congressional incomes. In the house, it is learned, those responsible for the income tax law have steadily opposed any such change.

"In reply to your verbal inquiry," says the nearly stereotyped reply of the income tax division to the many applicants for information, "you are advised that the expenses incurred by a member of congress in conducting a campaign for re-election are regarded by this office as purely personal in character, and, therefore, not deductible in a return of your income under the provisions of the income tax law."

The treasury will not divulge the names of the thrifty legislators who have telephoned and written letters on this subject, but it is a matter of wide comment and gossip at the capitol; so the treasury ruling has been spread about from one congressman to another.

English Sparrows Are Still Considered Aliens

IN the recent bird census conducted under the supervision and inspiration of the department of agriculture with the aid of bird lovers and enthusiasts throughout the United States no consideration was paid to that bird which in popular parlance is called the English sparrow. It might seem that enough generations of this bird have come into being and have passed away in the United States to have it looked upon as naturalized, but still people interested in birds continue to look upon this species of the sparrow as aliens. In the census enumeration the numerous sparrows marked as native species were taken into account. It may be that one reason for the evident slight to the English sparrow was because of the difficulty of making a census of him and her or them.

The estimate reached by the department of agriculture was that our native field bird population is something over two billions, exclusive of sparrows, or about one thousand to the square mile of land not planted to crops. The most numerous of these birds were the robins, estimated as averaging fifty pairs to the square mile east of the Mississippi river. The highest average of field birds, seven pairs to the acre, was reported in the suburban area of the District of Columbia, and the lowest estimate was one pair for every three acres in Montana, the forest birds being much less numerous than the birds which dwell in open lands.

The history of the English sparrow in Washington goes back to 1872, in which year, under the supervision of Col. O. E. Babcock, in charge of public buildings and grounds, about one hundred pairs of these birds were purchased and set free in the parks of Washington.

Legal Education Is Paramount at the Capital

LEGAL education is paramount in Washington and court vernacular is common. There are many clerks here who take a law course in college as a diversion, and more lawyers are graduated per capita in the national capital than in any other city in the country. The law course is especially attractive because the distinguished members of the Supreme court deliver lectures from time to time. Justices Brewer and Justice Harlan were very popular with their law classes, and legal education is so prevalent that even in drawing-room conversation young ladies cautiously state, "In my judgment this procedure should be so and so," or "Whereas the parties differed, the facts were set forth in this manner," and the young swain insists on her direct answer "Yes" or "No" when the proposal of marriage is made, leap year or otherwise. At a quick lunch you may hear the expression, "Give me a potato, or potatoes," with pebbles attached thereto.

"In detail state to the best of your knowledge and belief the component parts of the hash as set forth." When a lawyer reads a document the lines are perused by words, differentiating the various shades of meaning with all the adjectives known attached, so that there may not be any loopholes for an extra word. Many a student dreams of the time when he may come back to the capital a full-fledged lawmaker, insisting with the confidence and exuberance of youth that he can make better laws than those over which he was compelled to pore while a student in Washington—not to except Blackstone or any other authorities cited.—National Magazine.

All Original Plantation Restored to Monticello

REPRESENTATIVE JEFFERSON M. LEVY of New York is entitled to a vote of gratitude for his preservation of Monticello, the revolutionary home of Jefferson, which perches high on the side of the mountain overlooking Charlottesville and the University of Virginia.

There is one feature of Monticello which has so far escaped most narrators, and that is that under the house, which crowns a high knob on the western side of the mountain, is a subterranean passage through which, it is said, Jefferson escaped once when the British cavalry officer Tarleton raided that section.

The grave of the author of the Declaration of Independence is at Monticello, but the spot is still owned by the descendants of Jefferson, as that stipulation was made in the sale. Mr. Levy's affection for the place and his wealth have restored to the plantation all of its original land belongings, so that now the estate comprises 724 acres, the farm just as it was owned by Jefferson.

The house stands almost an exact duplicate of what it was 100 years ago, the colonial furniture being reproduced when the original could not be found, but most of the things, especially those of great value, were those used by Jefferson.



DAINTY SLUMBER ROBE

BELONGS TO THE CLASS OF FILMY, FRILLY LINGERIE.

White or Colored Crepe de Chine or Very Fine Nainsook May Be Employed for Construction—Eyelet Work Used.

This is the sort of alluring trifle that the heroine of a "best seller" would appear in, in the frontispiece illustration; propped up in bed, luxuriously languid, sipping at a cup of Keated breakfast chocolate, writes Lillian E. Young in the Washington Star. They always do, you know, while clad in something mystic and lacy, with a young Matterhorn of dainty pillows as a background and—oh, we almost forgot the telephone, located just at the lady's elbow on a small stand, without which no boudoir is complete—in fiction.

This penchant of ours for dainty underthings may be induced by reading of such perfect creatures, though it is more than likely that they serve only as a stimulus for an inherent and already manifest love of filmy, frilly lingerie.

The lovely "nighty" of the sketch may be made up in white or flesh-col-



Glorified Gown for the Trousseau.

ored crepe de chine or in a very fine nainsook. The little outside sack is not a separate feature, but is attached to the gown by the corage ribbon, which is run through the two together. It is cut very short and circular, and flares nicely over the gown. The lower edge and the wing sleeves are button-holed and eyelet-embroidered.

The gown itself is sleeveless, being held over the shoulders by narrow straps. At a decidedly empire waist line appear, in brief sections across the front, back and sides, several close rows of shirring. The plain spaces between are ornamented with a touch of eyelet work.

Such a design will grace the best of trousseaus.

Volunuous Vells.

One of the new veils, of the voluminous sort, has a small embroidered flower in bright color placed so that it will come over one cheek. Another big veil is unusually voluminous, and is a big, irregular circle with a circumference of almost three yards. It is thrown over the hat so that the center of the veil and the center of the hat crown coincide, and the wide edges hang unevenly down over the arms and back and chest.

USE POSIES FOR TRIMMINGS

One Will Not Go Far Wrong if That Method of Decoration is Adhered To.

If you are in doubt about trimming the new evening frock, whether or not it is cut on the empire lines, place your minds on flowers. They have returned to favor out of the decades gone by.

They are used to catch the drapery on skirt or bodice, or as shoulder straps, or as moyenage girdles, when they are fragile as orchids or rose-huds.

The short full skirt has crept in. Gathered ruffles are even used on the lower edge of underskirts. A tub frock that is as good an example as has been seen of the tendency of spring clothes has long, slim raglan sleeves combined with a standing collar and an exceedingly full skirt. The blouse, too, while it fits smoothly across the shoulders, is so circularly cut that it is fully gathered into the waistband. The circular skirt has many gathers at the belt and a circular and gathered ruffle is found at the bottom of the underskirt. This gown is a combination of cream batiste, pale blue or pink linen and cluny lace.

Silk Fruit.

Silk fruit in pale colors, silk fruit in intense colors, or, for that matter, silk fruit in any color will continue to be a most popular trimming this spring. Purchased at a shop, the prices are prohibitive for many girls, but made at home the cost is proportionately nothing. Circles of silk or

AFTERNOON TEA FROCK



Reminiscent of crinoline days, is this quaint frock of chiffon in a combination of bisque and belgian blue. The corage is traced in an embroidery motif. The sleeves are of the new tube type, gathered into a puff at wrist. The hat is a picturesque shepherdess of leghorn, covered with blue soldat chiffon, embroidered in contrasting shades. The streamers fasten under the chin.

FOLLOW FASHION OF ELDERS

Costumes for Small Girls Are More or Less a Copy of Those Worn by the Grownups.

Faithful to tradition, the fashions of the nursery and school room are following those of the drawing room, and girls from seven to seventeen are wearing long-waisted dresses with trills or plaits to give the basque or full effect.

A very soft shade of red, like the wild rose, is popular for their tailor-made suits, and with it is worn black headgear in the form of plaited velvet or chenille, black shoes and stockings and black gloves.

Military overcoats are designed for little boys and girls, as well as for senior wearers. The collars and belts are distinctive characteristics of the models and on the collars are emblems of gilt or silver braid.

When the Russian inspiration is not pressed unduly it is accountable for some very handsome effects in braiding and finger-width fur trimmings upon open-air suits, and for particularly becoming collar bands, short and upright, or a roll of fur that clings closely round the neck. Pure colors are accepted now. It would seem that everything is to be simple. So we see a green that is the usually accepted dye, not olive, lime or pastel, but just a pure green, and a brown as honest. Both are called Russian, and the brown is the accepted tint of the leather that smells so sweet.

Afternoon Frocks.

Afternoon dresses, whether in taffetas or cloth, will be worn with a neutral sort of coat or cloak. Pekine taffeta in black, blue and white is being used for afternoon frocks made with box plaits and panels, loose straight bodice with long sleeves, a straight sash and a little sleeveless bolero. Lace is used a great deal. Some of the skirts dip at the sides, and most of them are longer in front than behind. The tunic is out, although there are still tunic effects. The loose waist line is noticeable in every model.

CONVEYED ONLY PLAIN TRUTH

Advertisement of Boston Physician Merely Stated Facts Exactly as They Were.

A Boston physician tells of a Doctor Reed who, in his time, was one of the prominent medics of the Hub. His large practice included many patients outside the city limits, and these he visited in his buggy.

One day Doctor Reed bought a new horse, with which he was much pleased until he discovered that the animal had an insurmountable objection to bridges of all kinds, and could not be made to cross one.

Inasmuch as at that period it was necessary to cross certain bridges in order to reach any one of the surrounding towns, the doctor decided to sell the horse. He did not think it necessary to mention the animal's peculiarity, but was much too honest to misrepresent him, and, after some thought, produced the following advertisement, which he inserted in a local paper:

"For Sale.—A bay horse, warranted sound and kind. The only reason for selling is because the owner is obliged to leave Boston."

His Tour.

"That man never seems to stay long at any one place. What is he doing, anyway?"

"He is helping to take a census of the birds."

"Oh, that accounts for his being constantly on the wing."

The Man's View.

Penelope.—My book of dancing rules says, "Don't hold the lady too close." Percival.—Impossible!—Judge.

Don't be misled.

Ask for Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful white clothes. At all good grocers. Ady.

Pity is akin to love,

but a girl is never willing to accept it as a substitute.

MRS. WILLIAMS' LONG SICKNESS

Yields To Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Elkhart, Ind.—"I suffered for fourteen years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregularities. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sanative Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me.

"If these lines will be of any benefit you have my permission to publish them."—Mrs. SADIE WILLIAMS, 455 James Street, Elkhart, Indiana.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

J. C. Fitcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

Rheumatism Muscle Colds

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing."

Read What Others Say:

"Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold or sore throat. I wish to say I think it one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it were it not recommended to me by a friend of mine who, I wish to say, is one of the best doctors for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.

"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of the Liniment and three applications gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tamplin, 615 Congress Street, McKeenport, Pa.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Good for Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains and Bruises.

All Dealers 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOTTLE.

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. Dept. B Philadelphia, Pa.

White Oaks

H. E. Kelt is again able to be about after a severe attack of pneumonia.

James Lee and Clay Van Schoyck went to Carrizozo Sunday to take part in the ball game at that place.

John W. Harrison and son-in-law, Mr. Campbell, of St. Louis, arrived last week to look after mining interests of the former.

Messrs. McDonald and Stanton have a force of men at work on the properties recently acquired by them.

Oscar Rowden was called to his home near Carrizozo Monday by the death of Mrs. Rowden's mother.

Mrs. M. E. Dyer and children left last week to spend the summer at their ranch near Tucumcari.

H. H. Newberry, left Tuesday for his home at Santo, Texas.

Col. G. W. Prichard, Dr. M. G. Paden and A. C. Wingfield were visitors here Sunday.

E. L. Queen and daughter, Eilyn, returned Thursday from El Paso where the latter had been undergoing treatment at a hospital. They were accompanied from Carrizozo by Mrs. Queen, who had been at the Paden hospital for some time.

Mrs. Phil Reasoner and son, J. C., returned Tuesday from San Antonio, Texas, called by the serious illness of a younger son, Phillip, Jr.

Instruments Recorded

DEEDS

Herbert E. Cawley to A. W. Whitaker, south half northeast quarter, and east half southeast quarter section 34, township 7 south, range 18 east, 160 acres.

Cornelia P. de Sanchez to Jose Gonzales, tract in section 5, and section 8, township 9 south, range 18 east.

Welch & Titsworth to Arch Parker, southeast quarter section 12, township 8 south, range 13 east, 160 acres.

Aurora, Gonzales y Lucero to P. G. Peters, west half southeast quarter, south half northeast quarter section 33, township 6 south, range 14 east (correction deed).

Arch Parker to Welch & Titsworth, northwest quarter, section 21, township 9 south, range 14 east, 160 acres.

David Gallegos et ux to John M. Penfield, tract in Lincoln.

Ed. Fitzpatrick to Mrs. E. Peaker, southeast quarter northwest quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter, and the west half southeast quarter, section 7, township 6 south, range 13 east, 160 acres.

Frank J. Bright et ux to Orr K. Ingram, lot 10 and the southeast quarter southwest quarter, section 7; and lot 1 and the northeast quarter northwest quarter, section 18, township 9 south, range 13 east, 161 acres.

Carrizozo Townsite Co., to O. T. Nye, lots 5, 6, and 7; block 3, Carrizozo.

PATENTS

United States to William T. Sterling, west half southeast quarter and east half southwest quarter section 22, township 9 south, range 13 east, 160 acres.

United States to Susie Lee Sterling, northwest quarter, section 27, township 9 south, range 13 east, 160 acres.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Jesse Hotaling and Harriett S. Wingfield, Manrillo Campos and Maria Castillo.

PROOF OF LABOR

J. C. Bender, group Nogal district, by J. C. Bender.

Educational Legislation

To County Commissioners School Directors, Boards of Education, County Superintendents and City Superintendents:

We are sending you herewith copies of six school laws enacted at the last session of the Legislature. You will be interested in all of these laws and I urge a careful reading of each one, but your particular attention is directed to the laws involving the matter of school revenues: Senate Bill No. 75 and House Bill No. 232.

The present school year is governed by Senate Bill No. 75, which amends Chapter 51, Laws of 1912, under which school revenues have been provided only so far as it provides for a minimum term of seven months. The only matter in this bill to which attention need be directed is that school must be maintained for seven months where conditions have been met and the amount of State Aid allowed is increased to make up what is lacking to provide a total of \$420 for each school room instead of \$300 as heretofore.

The matter of vital concern at the present time is to see to it that estimates of school needs for the fiscal year, beginning September 1, 1915, are properly made and that levies shall be made by the county commissioners in accordance with the needs of each school district.

Under the County Unit Law, there will be no reserve fund available for weak districts, but there is a very good School Building Fund to assist districts having little taxable property in constructing a substantial school house.

The entire State Current School Fund will be distributed pro rata and the income for each district from this source will be double that distributed heretofore, because nothing will be reserved for weak districts.

The county school fund will continue as heretofore and will be filled from the same sources, except that there will be no three mill county tax. This county fund will be distributed pro rata among the districts of the county as heretofore.

The only change in sources of revenue provided for the maintaining of schools lies in the elimination of the county three mill tax which was distributed pro rata according to school population among the districts of the county and the elimination of a special school district tax for the purposes of maintenance. All other revenues belonging to the district will be placed to its credit as heretofore including a special levy for "purchase of site for, purchase, construction and first equipment of school houses, and the interest on, and provide a sinking fund for the payment of the principal of any indebtedness of such district."

For maintaining a term of nine months in incorporated city, town and village, and in rural districts where a graded school of at least four teachers is or is to be established and for maintaining a term of seven, eight or nine months in all other districts. House Bill No. 232 provides that the board of directors or board of education shall make an estimate of its needs and a sufficient special county school levy will be made on all the taxable property of the county, from the proceeds of which levy, sufficient funds with other moneys belonging to the district will be provided to maintain term of school as mentioned. Please note that in rural school districts, directors must make the estimate of needs to the county superintendent on or before the first of May, 1915, and said county superintendent shall certify the estimate approved by him to the county commissioners on or before the first of June, 1915. Boards of education in incorporated districts must make their

estimate of school needs direct to the county superintendent on or before the first of June, 1915. We suggest that for the school year beginning September 1, 1915, estimates be made as provided for in House Bill No. 232 on the basis of the expenditures for the school year ending August 31st, 1915. It is desirable that expenditures under the new law should be practically the same as for the year ending August 31st, 1915, so that a fair comparison of results may be obtained. A form for making estimates may be found in this pamphlet.

There is no limit fixed for expenditures, except necessary expenses allowed by the board of county commissioners, in incorporated city, town, and village districts, and in rural districts where a graded school of four teachers is, or is to be, established.

In other rural districts, the expenditures shall not exceed \$60.00 per month for each third grade teacher, \$75.00 for each second grade teacher, and \$90.00 for each first grade teacher, allowing one school room for each fifty children or fraction thereof. This limitation, however, does not include the expenditures for "construction, purchase, lease, repair, or equipment of good houses," which will be provided for in addition to the amounts as limited above.

Note that districts which feel aggrieved by any action of the county commissioners have the right to appeal to the district court.

This law is, of course, one in which we are tremendously interested. It must be kept in mind that the county unit of school administration and school taxation is generally approved throughout the United States and has the endorsement of the strongest and most practical educators throughout the country. In principle it is entirely correct and in administration it has proved successful wherever it has been established. It lies with the people of New Mexico to prove that all the people are interested in the education of all the children, all of the people of the State. We are able to show that the burden of taxation for school purposes will be considerably less on account of the equal distribution of the taxes levied and, upon this lower levy, considerable more revenue will be provided for the schools than heretofore. It is our confident belief that the people of the State of New Mexico are ready for this advanced legislation, and that we are entering upon a new period of educational progress which shall surpass even the remarkable advancement of the past few years. If New Mexico, one of the two newest states of the Union, shall be able to provide eight or nine months of school for each district in the state, she will assume a position in educational matters to which older and richer states have been unable to attain.

Let us, therefore, study this county unit taxation measure carefully and appreciate the far reaching possibilities for using it in training the children of the state. Let us each see to it that it is administered effectively and with fairness and justice to the claims of every school district in New Mexico.

Very truly yours, ALVIN N. WHITE, April 15, 1915. State Supt.

Call For Bids

Notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County New Mexico, will receive bids for the construction of a cement side-walk at the Court House in Carrizozo, according to plans and specifications on file with the County Clerk, on the 10th day of May A. D. 1915, at the hour of 2:00 p. m. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids and requires that a certified check in the sum of \$50.00 accompany all bids as

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

FEDERAL: H. B. Ferguson, Congressman; Wm. H. Pope, Federal Judge; Summers Burkhardt, Federal Dist. Atty; A. H. Haddock, U. S. Marshal; Lucius Dill, U. S. Marshal; Emmett Patton, Roswell, Reg. Land Office; W. G. Cowan, Roswell, Reg. Land Office.

STATE: W. C. McDonald, Governor; E. C. de Bova, Lieut. Governor; Antonio Lucero, Secretary of State; F. W. Cheney, Attorney General; W. B. Gargant, Auditor; O. N. Marron, Treasurer; R. P. Ervin, Land Commissioner; Alvan N. White, Supt. Pub. Instruction; C. J. Roberts, Chief Justice; Justices of the Court: W. Parker, Member; R. H. Hoona, Member; H. B. Williams, Chairman; Corporation Com. H. S. Groves, Member; O. L. Owen, Member.

DISTRICT: Edward L. Medler, Judge; H. B. Hamilton, Attorney.

COUNTY: Melvin Franks, Chairman; Commissioner W. M. Ferguson, Member; Commissioner R. A. Duran, Member; Probate Judge Daniel Lucero; County Clerk H. Harvey; Sheriff John Cole; Assessor Henry M. Cova; Treasurer T. W. Watson; School Superintendent Mrs. W. L. Gumm; Frank E. Theurer, Surveyor.

an evidence of good faith. MELVIN FRANKS, Chairman. Attest: ALBERT H. HARVEY, Clerk.

Notice for Publication DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. LAND OFFICE at Roswell, N. M. April 12, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that George W. Smith, son of Captain N. M. who, on April 2, 1902, made HD. E. Serial No. 07312 for W. S. S. S. W. 1/4, Sec. 9, and on June 8, 1914, made additional entry, Serial No. 07322 for S. 1/4, Sec. 9, T. 12 N., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian. The first entry of the above tract was made by the said George W. Smith, in his office, at Roswell, N. M., on June 1, 1915.

Notice for Publication DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office, Roswell, N. M. March 29, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Charles C. Elliott, of Richardson, N. M., who, on November 27, 1911, made HD. E. Serial No. 02143 for S. 1/4, Sec. 7, W. 1/4, Sec. 9, and N. 1/4, Sec. 9, T. 12 N., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian. The first entry of the above tract was made by the said Charles C. Elliott, in his office, at Roswell, N. M., on May 11, 1915.

Notice of State Selections DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M. March 12, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, under the Act of Congress, approved June 29, 1910, has filed the following Township School Lands Selection for the unappropriated unreserved and unmineral public lands described below: Lot 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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It Always Helps says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill. I wish every suffering woman would give CARDUI The Woman's Tonic a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good." Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years. Get a Bottle Today!

THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

Published Every Friday at
Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office at Carrizozo, N. M., June 2, 1908

Subscription Rates, \$2.00 per year; six months, \$1.00.

HALEY & DINGWALL

Publishers

The Vermicellis are about to mix with the Wienerwursts at last. What a mixture in the Tyroloesel!

And now it is said the Germans are going to bombard the coasts of Canada. Johnny Bull continues to "see" lots of things and feels some.

The Canadians are said to have given a good account of themselves when recently attacked by the Germans. That was to be expected; the Canadians are nearly as good as Americans.

The Germans accuse us of violating the laws of neutrality, because of shipment of arms and ammunition to her enemies. We are just as willing to sell them to her if she will come and get them.

England says we should go after Germany for violating Belgium's neutrality. Germany says we are equally remiss in favoring her enemies. As a neutral, your Uncle Samuel is having a hard time to please the warring nations.

Prayers for peace are not in accord with the ideas of Dr. Charles W. Eliot. He warns the clergy not to pray for peace until Germany is overthrown. The close relations of the Kaiser with the ruler of the universe may also have something to do with the doctor's advice.

Another German Raider Interns

Washington, April 26. Announcement from Newport News late today that the commander of the big German sea raider, Kronprinz Wilhelm, had given notice he would intern for the war without awaiting expiration of the time allotted him by the United States government to make his ship seaworthy was received with surprise and relief by government officials.

The raider's action relieves the navy department of the necessity of keeping watch over the Wilhelm and an eye on the cordon of allied ships off the Virginia capes to assure the maintenance of American neutrality during the remainder of the time the cruiser had been allowed to make repairs. It is understood that several days of that period still remained.

Only today the navy department had determined to permit the Wilhelm to take on 4,500 tons of coal, and on the heels of reports from Newport News that the cruiser had begun to coal came Lieutenant Captain Thier-

felder's unexpected announcement to the collector of the port. The German commander's communication was laconic and gave no reason for the internment, as had the letter presented by Captain Hierichens when he interned the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, the first of the raiders to seek a haven in Hampton roads.

It was suggested here today Thierfelder's announcement was made after he had received instructions from the German government through the embassy here not to attempt a rush through the line of hostile warships off the capes.

The Wilhelm, which arrived at Newport News on April 11, after an eight months' cruise, during which she sank fourteen merchantmen, will be interned at the Norfolk navy yard and her officers and men will be allowed the freedom of the cities about Hampton roads under the same rules made for the crew of the interned Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

A Message from Lincoln

During one of the darkest and most difficult periods of the civil war a volunteer committee called at the White House to express its dissatisfaction with various actions and various omissions of the administration.

To the complaint of the committee President Lincoln replied: "Gentlemen, suppose all the property you were worth was in gold and you had put it in the hands of Blondin to carry across the Niagara on a rope. Would you shake the cable or keep shouting to him, 'Blondin, stand up a little straighter—Blondin, stoop a little more—go a little faster—lean a little more to the north—lean a little more to the south?' No, you would hold your breath as well as your tongue, and keep your hands off until he was safe over. The government is carrying an enormous weight. Untold treasures are in their hands; they are doing the best they can. Don't badger them. Keep silence, and we will get you across."

What Lincoln said then applies with equal force to the present situation. "The government is carrying an enormous weight"—the heaviest weight that any president of any administration has carried since the civil war.

The issue of peace or war, so far as the United States is concerned, may depend upon the loyalty and patriotism with which the American people sustain their president and their govern-

ment. "Don't badger them." It was fifty years ago today that Abraham Lincoln died, but the lips that are now dust still carry a message of supreme wisdom to the American people. Let them heed it. Let them abide by his counsel.—New York World.

Same Old Filling

One of the local stores is advertising a showing of the "latest things in ladies' hose." Are they putting anything in ladies' hose now that was never put in hose before? We inquire to ask.—The Pine Bluff (Ark.) Graphic.

Notice for Publication
022502 027055
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. LAND OFFICE at Roswell, New Mexico

April 23, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Lorenzo Guibara, of White Oaks, N. M., who, on April 29, 1909, made T1D, E. Serial No. 022502 for W 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 2, T14 S 1/4, R. 11 E, N. 12 S, made additional entry, Serial No. 027055, for 1/2 SW 1/4, S 1/4, Sec. 2, T14 S, R. 11 E, N. 12 S. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William H. Osborn, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on June 1, 1915.

(Claimant names as witnesses:
James Morris, Felix Guerrero, Francisco Gallegos, Ignacio Gonzalez, all of White Oaks, N. M.)
EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Notice
STATE ENGINEERS' OFFICE
Number of Application 231.

Santa Fe, N. M., March 25, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of March 1915, in accordance with Section 20, Chapter 49, Irrigation Laws of 1907 Mollie A. Thornton, of Oscura, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, made formal application to the State Engineer of New Mexico for a permit to appropriate the Public Waters of the State of New Mexico.

Such appropriation is to be made from Godfrey arroyo at a point whence the NE corner of Section 21 Township 9 South, Range 9 East, bears N 81° 25' 45" E 200 feet distant by means of diversion works and two cu. ft. per sec. is to be conveyed to lands in Sections 21 and 22, Twp 9 S, Range 9 East, N. M. P. M., by means of works in connection applications Nos. 022 and 023 and there used for the irrigation of 40 acres or more and domestic purposes.

Any person, firm, association or corporation desiring that the granting of the above application would be truly detrimental to their rights in the water of said stream, system shall file a complete statement of their objections substantiated by affidavits with the State Engineer and serve a copy on applicant on or before the 2nd day of June, 1915, the date set for the State Engineer to take the application up for final consideration unless so provided. In case of protest all parties will be given a reasonable length of time in which to submit their evidence in detail or arrange a date convenient for a hearing or appoint a referee satisfactory to all to take testimony. Appearance in and a hearing unless advised officially by letter from the State Engineer.
4232 JAMES A. FRENCH, State Engineer.

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E. F. MILLER, Sec'y E. K. FINE, W. M.

I. O. O. F.
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NO. 30
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Slowly but surely farmers are everywhere coming to the realization that good roads increase the value of every acre adjoining or in proximity to them, and that the best of land will be hard to sell if it can be reached only through heavy, muddy roads the greater portion of the year. In so far as our section (northern Indiana) is concerned, the progress in making good roads has been quite marked during the last five years, says a writer in Farmers' Review. As soon as it was announced that the Lincoln highway would have its course through our section, the value of farms lying along and near this course increased to quite a degree, in some instances as much as 25 per cent.

It is really astonishing how foolishly the methods of road making were formerly carried on. Farmers had fallen into a habit of working on the roads in a very different way from what they worked on their own farms. It often looked as if some feared they might do more work than their neighbors—hence they were determined to do less. Sometimes, in fact nearly always, the most incompetent man in the district was chosen supervisor, and he often had great difficulty in prevailing upon the farmers to do enough work to enable him to make proper returns to the commissioners.

Another matter quite noticeable in those days was that in making roads, all principles of good road making were as a rule violated. No effort was made to drain the roadway. It was simply thrown up a little higher than the roadsides so that when the heavy rains came the water, instead of running off, would settle into the depressions made by the wagon wheels and remain there until slowly evaporated, the ruts in the meantime growing deeper and deeper. The farmers themselves despised the roads heartily.

As to materials for road making, it was the almost universal rule to take that most convenient. If it happened to be good gravel, well and good, but if, as in a large majority of cases, it happened to be sand, it was used just the same.

But in these days such roads will no longer be tolerated. We have in northern Indiana any number of good gravel beds and from these gravel is drawn and spread upon the roadbed to a good depth. In the course of a short time it is possible with such good ma-

Consideration.
"What is your reason for believing in the nebular hypothesis?" asked the man who is always seeking information.
"I don't know that I exactly believe in it," replied the scientist. "But after a man has gone to the trouble of finding out what it is, it seems a shame to contradict it."

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Cuticura Soap and Ointment are most effective in clearing the skin of pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness, itching and irritation as well as freeing the scalp of dandruff, dryness and itching, besides satisfying every want of the toilet and nursery.

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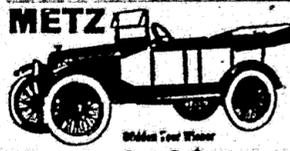
Hidden defects in Roofing

If your roofing is not guaranteed by a responsible company you run the risk of finding out its defects after it is on the roof. It costs no more to get a written guarantee with the best responsibility behind it.

Buy materials that last Certain-teed Roofing

Our leading product is guaranteed 3 years for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply and 15 years for 3-ply. We also make lower priced roof tiles, slate surfaced shingles, building papers, wall boards, out-door paints, plastic cement, etc. Ask your dealer for products made by us. They are reasonable in price and we stand behind them.

General Roofing Manufacturing Co.
World's largest manufacturer of Roofing
New York City Boston Chicago Philadelphia St. Louis Cleveland Detroit San Francisco Seattle London Sydney



METZ
5-Passenger, Gray \$600
Davis, Electric Lights and Starter, 25 H. P.

The Colorado Cattle Co.
1638 Broadway, Denver, Colorado
LIVE AGENTS WANTED

Special London Afternoon Tea
BRAND name Tea, 20¢ 3/4, 30¢ 1/2, 40¢ 1/4, 50¢ 1/4, 60¢ 1/4, 70¢ 1/4, 80¢ 1/4, 90¢ 1/4, 1.00 1/4, 1.10 1/4, 1.20 1/4, 1.30 1/4, 1.40 1/4, 1.50 1/4, 1.60 1/4, 1.70 1/4, 1.80 1/4, 1.90 1/4, 2.00 1/4, 2.10 1/4, 2.20 1/4, 2.30 1/4, 2.40 1/4, 2.50 1/4, 2.60 1/4, 2.70 1/4, 2.80 1/4, 2.90 1/4, 3.00 1/4, 3.10 1/4, 3.20 1/4, 3.30 1/4, 3.40 1/4, 3.50 1/4, 3.60 1/4, 3.70 1/4, 3.80 1/4, 3.90 1/4, 4.00 1/4, 4.10 1/4, 4.20 1/4, 4.30 1/4, 4.40 1/4, 4.50 1/4, 4.60 1/4, 4.70 1/4, 4.80 1/4, 4.90 1/4, 5.00 1/4, 5.10 1/4, 5.20 1/4, 5.30 1/4, 5.40 1/4, 5.50 1/4, 5.60 1/4, 5.70 1/4, 5.80 1/4, 5.90 1/4, 6.00 1/4, 6.10 1/4, 6.20 1/4, 6.30 1/4, 6.40 1/4, 6.50 1/4, 6.60 1/4, 6.70 1/4, 6.80 1/4, 6.90 1/4, 7.00 1/4, 7.10 1/4, 7.20 1/4, 7.30 1/4, 7.40 1/4, 7.50 1/4, 7.60 1/4, 7.70 1/4, 7.80 1/4, 7.90 1/4, 8.00 1/4, 8.10 1/4, 8.20 1/4, 8.30 1/4, 8.40 1/4, 8.50 1/4, 8.60 1/4, 8.70 1/4, 8.80 1/4, 8.90 1/4, 9.00 1/4, 9.10 1/4, 9.20 1/4, 9.30 1/4, 9.40 1/4, 9.50 1/4, 9.60 1/4, 9.70 1/4, 9.80 1/4, 9.90 1/4, 10.00 1/4, 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LOCAL & PERSONAL

Miss Rose Lutz went to Santa Fe Sunday.

B. K. Robinson was here yesterday from his home on the Benito.

Joe R. Adams and family have moved to their ranch south of town.

Dr. Lucas is building an adobe garage on a lot adjoining his home.

Mrs. Samuel Kelsy returned last Saturday from El Paso. She is greatly improved.

Mrs. McLaughlin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Perry, who has been quite ill, is much better.

The foundation of the Wetmore garage is about completed and the adobes are now being made.

Clark Hust was in this week from his place west of the malpais where he is sinking a new well.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Gray were over from Capitan last Saturday. Mrs. Gray returned this week to have some dental work done.

Dr. and Mrs. T. W. Watson and little Jean returned Sunday from the province of Ontario, Canada. They were called there three weeks ago upon a wire announcing the death of the doctor's father.

Mrs. Burke and son, who recently returned from El Paso,

where the son was in a hospital, will leave soon for their home in Illinois.

Sheriff Chavez is up and about, although quite weak, after having been confined to his bed the past two weeks with an attack of lumbago.

Joe Cochran was down from the Nogal country Monday. Joe has been engaged in some mining development work in the mountains the past few months.

Rains and melting snows in the mountains have swollen the streams on the east side and interfered with travel to some extent. The mail car, especially, is having a hard time for it is not of an aquatic nature.

Will J. Doering came up Saturday from El Paso to which point he went in January to establish branch headquarters for his lighting systems. He returned this week.

L. B. Crawford for ice. Phone 65.

When in need of Millet, Maize, Feterita and Cane Seed call at Humphrey Bros. For they have a supply of tested seeds, at prices that are right. 42 tf.

Mrs. W. C. McDonald left Sunday night for Santa Fe. From there she and the governor go to San Diego, California. The New Mexico building is to be dedicated May 3, and the governor will deliver an address on that occasion.

The younger set gathered at the Club home Tuesday night and a very enjoyable evening was spent. Dancing was the order of the evening.

Mrs. Douglas Cojin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Green, was brought here last Saturday from Oscuro, seriously ill. Her condition is slightly improved this week.

J. K. Such arrived yesterday from Tucumcari and will become a citizen of this place. Mr. Such is a watchmaker and Jeweler and has recently been given the position of watch inspector for the E. P. & S. W. He will office with Denny & Osborn and use a portion of that room for his jewelry and repair business.

Odd Fellows Anniversary

In honor of the Ninety-sixth anniversary of the birth of the order, the local Odd Fellows lodge held a special meeting Monday night. Following the ceremonies commemorative of the occasion a lunch was served in the banquet hall. The members and their families were present.

Baptist Church

Services next Sunday at the usual hours. You are invited to be with us. Did you ever see anybody make it pay by not serving the Lord? If you will wait until an hour after the Judgment

Buy Your Goods at Home and Help Carrizozo Grow

Such values as offered below will meet any and all competition. Don't be deceived by the pretty pictures of the catalogue house, but come to our store and see the real thing at prices just as low.

Little Boys' Overall Suits in Blue and Tan, 75c values

55^c

Ladies' Low Shoes and Oxfords, \$3.50 values

\$1.95

Ladies' 75c Crepe and Muslin Gowns

59^c

Little Children's Patent Leather Slippers

95^c

Our May White Sale begins Saturday, May 1st. See the many pretty Gowns, Skirts, Combination Suits, Ladies' White Waists, etc., etc., in our windows.

Boys' and Youths' Wool Suits many with 2 pairs of trousers, sizes from 4 to 14 years Reduced to 25^o

Carrizozo's Economy Center

ZIEGLER BROS.

We Live up to Our Advertisements

QUALITY FIRST

It would'nt be fair to you if we didn't put "quality first." It is very easy to tempt people with the glamour of low prices; it's really wonderful how a small price, in large type, fills the eye so completely that the quality back of the price is lost sight of.

Our Twenty Dollar Values

Our \$20 values in Suits are a real triumph, the result of the best achievement of the "Kuppenheimer Tailors."

Special Reductions for May!

We haven't selected a few hard sellers from our line, but will give you your own choice of any suit in stock at the following reduced prices:

Regular Stock, Satisfaction Guaranteed

\$25.00 Suits reduced to	\$21.95
23.50 " " "	20.35
22.50 " " "	19.35
20 and \$18 Suits reduced to	16.50
16.50 and \$15 " " "	12.65

Straw Hats for Spring 1915

The Newest Merchandise for Summer is always displayed here. You will be pleased with our styles. Priced \$1.00 to \$6.00

The Carrizozo Trading Co.

Quality First

Walkover Shoes

Then Price

you can answer this query more accurately. Come and serve and worship the Lord while you have a chance.

The El Paso Herald and the Woman's Home Companion, both publications for one whole year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and Metropolitan magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and Sunset magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and American magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and the Santa Fe New Mexican, both publications for one year \$8.00. The above combinations at the remarkable low prices are good temporarily only. Therefore, if you intend to take advantage of any of these offers, kindly send your check or money order to the El Paso Herald, and indicate which of the offers you desire. Adv.—1f.

WESTERN GARAGE

REAL BUILDING
Shields & Sale, Props.

General Garage and Repairs of all kinds. We specialize on starting, lighting and ignition work.

All Work Guaranteed

Classified Advertisements

Home rendered lard that is pure. Patty & Adams.

See us for poultry, butter, eggs etc. Patty & Adams. Phone 46.

Phone 46 any cut of Fresh meat. Also groceries and lunch goods.

WALL PAPER:—Largest stock, nice patterns.—Doering, 4th St. 4-9-41.

Exchange Bank

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Transacts a General Banking Business. Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of the World. Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety.

Accounts Solicited Interest Paid on Time Deposits

Moving Pictures

Saturday Night and Tuesday and Thursday Nights of Each Week

AT THE

CRYSTAL THEATRE

Splendid Program for Tomorrow Night

Don't Fail to Come Out