

# Carrizozo News.

Probate \$1.00  
\$2.00  
Per  
Annum

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 17.

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN-COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1916.

NUMBER 27

## Pan-Americanism, Its Origin and Development

By Monroe R. Hill, Professor of History,  
University of New Mexico.

Pan-Americanism had its origin at the time of the establishment of the Spanish-American republics and has had an interesting history. The two earliest advocates of the idea were Henry Clay in the United States and Simón Bolívar in Columbia. Clay was the most ardent advocate of recognition of the Spanish-American republics and desired that the sympathy of the United States should extend to practical means for assuring the independence of the new nations. Bolívar believed in an American federation which should resist the aggressions of the Old World. He was the prime mover of the Panama congress of 1826. The idea of Bolívar included an offensive and defensive alliance, but as the United States and some of the other countries were opposed to this plan no concrete results were secured from the congress.

The early conception of Pan-Americanism was purely political. The United States, as well as other countries were not prepared for such an arrangement. The numerous other attempts to work out Pan-Americanism along this line failed just as did the congress of 1826.

A new and more practical type of Pan-Americanism came into being when the emphasis was placed not upon the political relations but upon economic, financial, social and cultural relations. The new epoch began with the preparation for the first international conference of the American states, which was held in Washington in 1889-90. The organizer and leading spirit of this assembly was James G. Blaine, then secretary of state. The conference considered measures for the preservation of peace and the promotion of prosperity of the countries, formation of an American customs union, the establishment of regular and frequent communication between the republics, adoption of uniform customs regulations, weights and measures, and the formation of a definite plan of arbitration.

The work of the first conference had been carried on in others, held in Mexico in 1901-2, in Rio de Janeiro in 1906, and in Buenos Aires in 1910. They are now termed the Pan-American Conferences and the next session will be held in Santiago de Chile after the close of the European war. The subjects for discussion in these meetings include international law, commercial and economic relations, customs regulations and many other kindred subjects.

The Pan-American Union at Washington is the official organization maintained by the twenty-one American republics, which labors most effectively for the promotion of Pan-Americanism. It collects and publishes all kinds of information regarding the various countries and in addition is ready to answer queries which may be directed to it. The Pan-American Bulletin is a monthly magazine issued by the Union, which is replete with valuable information upon the American republics.

In addition to the official Pan-American conferences there are numerous semi- or non-official bodies which seek to promote the cause of Pan-Americanism. Chief among these is the Pan-American Scientific Congress, which met in its second session at Washington in December, 1916-January, 1917. It was composed of delegates from the twenty-one

## Five Die in Flames

A mother and four children lost their lives Monday morning at 12:30 when the house in which they were sleeping burned to the ground. Mrs. Lawrence Olsen and her four children—three girls and one boy—were the victims and the fire occurred at their home near Oscuro. The husband and father was in this section at the time engaged in drilling a well, and is, therefore, the sole survivor of the family.

It is not known positively how the building caught on fire, but the supposition is that the fire started from the cook-stove, which had a fire in it during the preceding evening.

When neighbors discovered the fire the entire building was enveloped in flames and the first to reach the scene could offer no assistance nor discover any signs of life.

The remains of the five bodies were collected, an inquest held and interment made Monday afternoon. Only the trunks remained and they were charred beyond recognition. The oldest child was twelve years old, the youngest less than a year. The husband and father has the deepest sympathy of the people, not only of his own community, but in Carrizozo as well, where he has many friends and acquaintances.

## Railroad Publicity

Publicity gets another boost, this time coming from the railroads. The railroads, through a publicity committee, have begun to use the press for the purpose of reaching the public, and in doing so are not confining their efforts to the metropolitan press. The country weekly, the one which is closest to the fireside, is receiving the patronage as well as the largest daily, and we point to the space in the News this week as corroborative of this statement.

We make no pretense to a knowledge of the merits involved between the railroads and their employes, which is leading up to a threatened strike, but quite readily see the advantage railroads may derive from giving their case to the public—for the question involved is one that interests the public, though not in the same ratio as the railroads and their employes.

All agree on one thing, viz.: that industrial war means disaster to railroads and their employes and discomfort and loss to the general public. If publicity, reaching the third party at interest in this impending struggle, can bring about a fair and just settlement of differences it will have become one of the biggest things in our industrial life.

Henry Lutz returned from Rio, Texas, Sunday night. He had been down in that section the past two weeks, buying sheep, and secured two fine flocks.

American nations and from their universities, learned societies, and similar organizations from each country.

The work of these agencies has served to make Pan-Americanism a practical reality, instead of a political ideal. Pan-Americanism may now be defined as the spirit of con-fraternity and co-operation which recognizes the mutual obligations and responsibilities of the American states. In the future Pan-Americanism will have to deal with the political, commercial, financial, intellectual and cultural relations of the American republics, and with the solution of the great world problems of international arbitration and world peace.

## Military Institute Issues Fine Catalog

The catalog of the New Mexico Military Institute, which recently came from the press and is being distributed to present and prospective patrons of the school, is one of the most attractive and ornate publications ever issued by the iron and steel tariff schedule. It is interesting to note in this connection that the wage cost of steel production dropped from \$19.41 per ton in 1908 to \$15.03 per ton in 1915. Here is a shrinkage of \$4.38 in wage cost of steel production coincident with \$200 rise in the annual wage.

This proves two vital points in our national economy: First, that a high wage standard is consistent with efficiency and economy of production; and second, that the old republican doctrine of the high tariff school, that well-paid labor needs protection against cheap labor, is discredited by actual results as disclosed by the reports of the greatest industrial enterprise on the globe.

## Fourth at the Jics'

Horse, foot and dragoon went to the Jicarillas to spend the Fourth. It was one of the biggest gatherings in the county for many years and attendants report a very pleasant day at the little mountain community. The day was given over principally to sports. One address was delivered, that by Attorney Buel R. Wood, of this place, in which our forefathers received their due share of praise for giving the American people an opportunity to recall this glorious date in our history. The old-timers especially enjoyed the occasion, for it was a renewal of old acquaintances, revived old friendships and brought out many reminiscences.

## WIN WITH WILSON

The Democratic slogan of four years ago, "Win With Wilson," is going to be overwhelmingly repeated in 1916.

The Democratic nominees are not only receiving the loyal and enthusiastic support of the united and triumphant Democratic party, but the "independent voter," who is a very decisive factor in presidential campaigns, is "in the Democratic camp"—horse, wagon and dragoon.

The fact of it is the country never fails to re-elect the president who carries it safely through a great crisis; and, as President Wilson recently said, "the whole world is on fire, and our roof is not fireproof." Nevertheless, he has steered the ship of state safely off the

## The Chautauqua

Friday night, July 14, is the date of the beginning of the Chautauqua series for Carrizozo. There are five in the series and they will be presented nightly from the 14th to the 18th at the Methodist church. We have previously given an outline of the features, and this notice is to again call attention of the public to these entertainments.

Buy your season tickets, save money and help make the series a success.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fulmer, Jr., are here from Chicago. Mr. Fulmer is president of the Parsons Mining Co., and with other associates is looking after the operation of the company's property.

R. E. Hoffman and S. G. Anderson returned Sunday from their Ruidoso fishing trip.

## Facts Discredit High Republican Tariff

The average wage of the U. S. Steel Corporation rose from \$729 in 1908, to \$925 in 1915. This is an increase of nearly \$200 per man, and it was brought about under a democratic cut in the iron and steel tariff schedule. It is interesting to note in this connection that the wage cost of steel production dropped from \$19.41 per ton in 1908 to \$15.03

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## Two Petitions Laid Over

Two petitions were presented to the Board of County Commissioners this week, involving interests beyond the ordinary. One was for a local option election, in which six precincts were involved, and the other was for the incorporation of Carrizozo. Owing to a technicality that was involved, however, the board laid both petitions over until its next regular meeting in October.

Mora Ferguson accompanied her father down this week, and while her father was busy as a member of the board of county commissioners she visited her girl friends in town.

Judge Lucero came in from his home at Arabela and held a regular three-day session of probate court this week.

## One Democratic Plank

"The part that the United States will play in the new day of international relationship, which is now upon us, will depend upon our preparation and our character. The democratic party, therefore, recognizes the assertion and triumphant demonstration of the indivisibility and coherent strength of the nation as the supreme issue of this day in which the whole world faces the crisis of manifold change. It summons all men, of whatever origin or creed, who would count themselves Americans, to join in making clear to all the world the unity and consequent power of America."

"This is an issue of patriotism. To taint it with partisanship would be to desile it. In this day of test, America must show itself not a nation of partisans, but a nation of patriots. There is gathered here in America the best of the blood, the industry and the genius of the whole world, the elements of a great race and a magnificent society to be melted into a mighty and splendid nation."

"Whoever, actuated by the purpose to promote the interest of a foreign power, in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injure this government in its foreign relations or cripple its industries at home, and whoever by arousing prejudices of a racial, religious or other nature, creates discord and strife among our people so as to obstruct the whole, some process of unification, is faithless to the trust which the privileges of citizenship repose in him, and disloyal to his country."

"We therefore condemn as subversive of this nation's unity and integrity, and as destructive of its welfare, the activities and designs of every group or organization, political or otherwise, that has for its object the advancement of the interest of a foreign power, whether such object is promoted by intimidating the government, a political party, or representatives of the people, or which is calculated and tends thus to destroy that complete agreement and solidarity of the people and that unity of sentiment and national purpose so essential to the perpetuity of the nation and its free institutions."

"We condemn all alliances and combinations of individuals in this country of whatever nationality or descent, who agree and conspire together for the embarrassing or weakening our government or of improperly influencing or coercing our public representatives in dealing or negotiating with any foreign power. We charge that such conspiracies among a limited number exist and have been instigated for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our own country. We condemn any political party which, in view of the activity of such conspirators, surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy."

## Summer Assembly

A Bible Conference and Chautauqua will be held at Ruidoso August 4 to 21, when religion and recreation will be combined. Under the guidance of Dr. W. E. Goodsell, of Roswell, a program is prepared including sermons, lectures, readings and other advantages of employments.

Camp privileges are free to all desiring to attend the assembly. Detailed information may be obtained by addressing Dr. Goodsell, of Roswell.

## Governor Voices

### A General Opinion

Editor Carrizozo News:

In the issue of June 23rd of the Carrizozo Outlook appeared an article headed "The Paragon of Jesters," taken from the Taos Valley News, reflecting upon the management of the state penitentiary. I doubt very much whether this will fool anyone, though it is possible that some gullible citizen may think there may be some truth in it. I suggest that those who might be deceived inquire about the standing of the Taos Valley News. I think that the Outlook is about the only paper that wants to be considered reputable that would copy anything from that paper without comment.

The article quoted is simply untrue, as any one can learn by a little investigation. The reports of the penitentiary board may be had for reference to the facts generally.

The appropriation for maintenance of the penitentiary is the same that it has been since 1905, notwithstanding the fact that the number of convicts has about doubled, and the cost of all supplies increased very much.

The last legislature made an investigation for the purpose of attempting to discredit the superintendent in some way, and it was an ignominious failure.

I say, and no one well informed will, in my opinion, undertake to deny, that John D. McManus is the most capable and efficient superintendent the penitentiary has ever had. His record is one of which he and all the people of the state may well be proud.

In 1912 an appropriation of \$16,313.70 was provided to cover deficiencies which occurred during the 1st, 62nd and 63rd fiscal years. There have been no deficiencies since Mr. McManus has been in charge.

The records are available. There is nothing concealed or covered up about the penitentiary now.

W. C. McDONALD.

## Nuggets of Brass

The natives of the town of Paramount, on the edge of the famous Death Valley, in California, received a rude shock the other day when an eastern tourist dashed into their midst with news of a big gold strike in an abandoned mine nearby, and exhibited several nuggets to prove his assertion. The whole district seized their trusty picks and pans and dashed out in search of wealth, only to be led to the abandoned mine, where the Lasky company had been taking scenes for Victor Moore in "Chimie Fadden Out West," and had left a few "prop" nuggets scattered about.

"Chimie Fadden Out West" in the first of a series of Chimie Fadden pictures, each complete in itself, in which Victor Moore will appear at the Crystal theater Saturday, July 8.

## Two Boards In Session

The Board of County Commissioners and the County Road Board have held their sessions this week. Both boards were busy transacting routine business and passing upon public matters presented by the people.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed R. Kelley and Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Kelley are on the Bosque this week, angling for mountain trout and enjoying the cool of the mountains.

Mrs. Mildred Parker is here this week from Capitan.

## A REMARKABLE STATEMENT

Mrs. Sheldon Spent \$1900 for Treatment Without Benefit. Finally Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Englewood, Ill.—"While going through the Change of Life I suffered with headaches, nervousness, flashes of heat, and suffered so much I did not know what I was doing at times. I spent \$1900 on doctors and not one did me any good. One day a lady called at my house and said she had been sick as I was at one time, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made her well, so I took it and now I am just as well as I ever was. I cannot understand why women don't see how much pain and suffering they would escape by taking your medicine. I cannot praise it enough for it saved my life and kept me from the Illinois Hospital."—Mrs. E. Sheldon, 6667 B. Halsted St., Englewood, Ill.

Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

Her Champion.

Miss Gable—I think you were present when she remarked that I had a big mouth.

Miss Kate—Yes, and I took occasion to set her right.

Miss G.—That was very nice of you. Miss K.—I told her your mouth wasn't really so big, it only seemed so because you kept it open so constantly.—Boston Transcript.

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Safety First.

"You say you don't care to argue about the war?"

"No—at least, not this morning."

"Why not?"

"The plumbing is out of order at my house and that has used up my stock of patience so completely that I would be sure to lose my temper."

Two lovers can make a street car full of people awfully seasick.

## KEEP YOUNG

As well be young at 70 as old at 50.

Many elderly people suffer lame, bent, aching backs, and distressing urinary disorders, when a little help for the kidneys would fix it all up. Don't wait for gravel, or Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands, young and old, and are recommended by thousands.

**A Colorado Case**

Mrs. A. E. McKeithie, 163 Main St., Denver, Colo., says: "If I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills I don't believe I would be alive today. I was in agony with kidney trouble and didn't help myself. I was abandoned, blighted and I had almost given up hope of getting well. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of all this suffering and I have used them since with fine results."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box.  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**Kill All Flies!** They Spread Disease.

These carriers, Drosophila melanogaster and Mycetophilidae, are the chief carriers of many diseases. They are found in every part of the world, and are particularly numerous in the tropics. They are also found in the United States, especially in the southern states.

Drosophila Melanogaster is a small fly, about 3 mm. long, with black wings and a yellow body. It is found in the United States, especially in the southern states.

Harold Bowens, 114 Dodge Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

**Make the Liver Do its Duty.**

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**

Gently but firmly compacted to give the liver time to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Inflammation, Indigestion, Sore Throat, Headache, and Diseases After Eating.

**SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.**

Genuine must bear Signature

**BLACK LEG**

Locomotive Preventive.

# SUCCESSFUL BOY FARMERS

By MELVIN RYDER.

**D**EWEY HANES is my hero." That's what Gov. Frank B. Willis of Ohio said about the seventeen-year-old corn and wheat champion grower of the Buckeye state, after hearing the boy tell over a thousand farmers how they ought to go about raising corn and wheat in order to get three and four times as large yields per acre at much less cost per bushel and much greater profits per acre.

The secret of the success of the boys' and girls' club work and the dozen different projects which the "farmers of the future" are carrying on so successfully is to be found in Governor Willis' five-worded remark. The boys who are showing the men how to farm are the heroes of the agricultural world of today. They are the evangelists who are carrying the gospel of better farming into every section of the state and showing their fathers and mothers how to farm better and how to live better on the farms.

The United States department of agriculture is in charge of this work. Their experts have built up a national organization with each state and county as a unit, and their paid agents are in charge of the details of organization and tabulation of all the work that has been done and is to be done. The season of 1916 is now under way, and even the most optimistic in charge hesitates to predict how far the boys and girls will go before the season's results are known in solving the problems before the farmers of today and leading these same farmers into the bigger and happier farming life that is possible through the use of better methods and the gaining of better crops of higher quality and market value.

Not many years ago a Southern lad, Jerry Moore, started the entire country by growing more corn on one acre than many farmers are now growing on ten acres. Newspapers and magazines throughout the country commented on his excellent work, and predicted that farmers would find that they might also grow larger and better quality crops if they would follow his methods. They did not realize until after the next season just what this boy's achievement was worth to the country, not until they learned that the entire South was following Jerry Moore and growing more corn than sold for millions of dollars.

Each year the work of the boys and girls has grown, and the end is farther than ever away. The boys have been specializing in growing crops and live stock, the girls in tending gardens, canning farm products and studying home economics and better home-life. In numbers the boys and girls are several times greater than the standing army of the United States. In enthusiasm they are far ahead of any other organized body in the world. In importance and in recorded results the world has never seen the equal of the same boys and girls. And the season of 1916 has just opened—the season that is certain to double or triple in results the last and greatest season of 1915.

To best understand what the boys and girls found when they started their work, it is necessary to look back through the centuries and see how the science of farming began. The occupation of farming is one of the oldest in the history of the world. When men knew little else, they knew how to plant seed and reap a harvest that was sufficient for their daily needs. During many centuries, the farmer was a plodder, who worked that he and his family might exist. Probably he found little joy and happiness in his work. The production of life in a seed was a mystery to him, and he accepted the mystery without trying to solve it. It was enough that the plant grew and produced fruit, and the early farmer never asked himself how he could treat his soil and the seed so that it would produce twofold instead of one. There was plenty of land, and so when one field did not produce well, he moved to another field or region, and did not bother about the first area.

There came a time, however, when his soil became barren in great areas. The seed no longer grew as it had, and the plants were weak and the fruit of little value. Then it was that science stepped in and the really scientific farming had a start. Science showed that soil that had been cropped until it was partly worn out could be restored to its productive ability by the return of the elements that had been removed. Science showed the farmer that the soil was a live thing, and that the life in the soil must be maintained. It examined the roots of the plants and studied the way that the plant transforms the raw materials in the soil into the finished product of the fruit of the plant. It found that some plants had nodules on their roots that were filled with bacteria which had the power to take up nitrogen from the air, and it found many other truths that have since been the basis for much of the work done by agricultural teachers.

During the last ten years the advance of the science of farming has been very rapid, but the practical application by the farmers of the principles and practices that have been proved valuable has not kept pace with the discoveries. It is the boys and girls who are catching up, and there is the explanation of the results that they have been getting. Their parents might have done the same things, but they did not. The boys who are growing corn started where their fathers left off, and put into practice the teaching that the fathers considered impractical theories. In most cases the parents kept their hands off, so far as the boys' work was concerned. Many of them were suspicious of the entire work, and were content to let their boys enter because they thought that would be the best way for the "young fags" to be

THE country lads and lasses, are the nation's hope of future prosperity and strength



kept on the farms and contented. Now the attitude has been changed and the parents are as deeply interested as the boys and girls themselves, and in many states and sections the parents and children are contesting between themselves in order to see which can grow the bigger crops. A notable instance of this was shown in Bartholomew county, Indiana, where two years ago the boys beat the parents by a wide margin in the production of corn per acre, but where last year the parents "came back" by making their acres yield more than the acres tilled by the boys. This year the boys have put their heads together and have their plans laid to win back the records.

Rapid as has been the advance of agriculture during the last ten years, the future is going to be filled with more wonderful revelations, through the work of the boys and girls and the inspiration that their work has been upon the farmers of today. If in the last ten years a farm has been able to produce double the former crops, the next ten years it will produce four times as much per acre with proper soil treatment and cultivation. On the acre of ground that last year yielded 200 bushels of potatoes, 400 and 600 bushels will be raised, because the boys have demonstrated that such yields can be produced. Over in the field where 30 bushels of corn was considered a good crop—in a state where the average yield was only a few bushels more per acre—at least 90 to 100 bushels per acre will be raised in the future, because such boys as Dewey Hanes of Ohio raised 152.7 bushels per acre, and the winners in some other states outgrew him.

"True education" is the basis for the work that the boys and girls are doing. The clubs are the mediums of practical instruction in the common duties of the farm and farm homes. The boys are taught better methods of farming, and the girls are taught better home methods. The agricultural colleges and experiment stations are finding that the boys and girls are better teachers and more practical experimenters because they are carrying the entire country with them toward better farming and better living on the farm. The "old folks" are learning the value of crop rotation, the use of fertilizers and manures, the need of proper tillage, good seed, and the other factors that enter into the efficient management of the soil and the farm.

How can the parents help the boys and girls? Is the question being asked the leaders in the club work by farmers in every section of the United States. Parents can and should help by encouraging them to enter the contests and organized clubs, and allowing the children the time from regular work with farm chores to tend their own plots of ground. The children should feel that they are partners on the farms.

Parents, think what this work means to you before you refuse to help. You don't want your children to have the same hardships, the same toll with little to show for the years spent such as many of you have had in the past. You don't want your children to have the same discouragement because of seasons when the crops were poor and the market prices were low. You don't want your children leaving the farms and taking up lines of work that are less profitable, healthful and productive of happiness.

You cannot afford to refuse your support and your co-operation during the coming season. From a financial reason alone—if for no higher reason—you cannot afford to go on with the same methods that you have been using in growing your crops and getting only half the yields that you should receive.

If your boys can raise four times as much corn

## GETTING AN EARLY START

Illustration by J. E. Dickey

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

When a noble deed is wrought,  
Whene'er is spoken a noble thought,  
Our hearts in glad surprise  
To higher levels rise.  
—Longfellow.

### DAINTY PUDDINGS.

Boil a cupful of water and pour into it six tablespoonfuls of corn-starch, mixed with a cupful of fruit juice; cook until clear, add sugar to taste and fold in the beaten whites of three eggs; cook two or three minutes to set the eggs, then add a pinch of salt and pour into a wet mold to cool. Serve with a custard sauce made of the yolks of the eggs. Serve cold.

**Prune Whip.**—Stew a half a pound of prunes until soft, then set aside to cool after draining off the liquor. When perfectly cold chop very fine. Beat the whites of six eggs to a close, firm meringue, add six tablespoonfuls of sugar and add the prunes. Bake half an hour in a deep buttered dish, covered for 20 minutes so that the souffle has risen to its full height. Send to the table immediately with a sauce made of a cupful of whipped cream, sweetened and flavored.

**Rhubarb Pudding.**—Roll out a thin piecrust and heap on a cupful or two of chopped rhubarb and a half cupful of raisins. Roll up and place in a deep dish. Add a cupful of brown sugar, two tablespoonfuls of butter and a cupful of boiling water. Place in the oven and bake an hour. There will be sauce enough to serve with the pudding of the juice and sugar.

**Date Pudding.**—Take a third of a cupful of softened butter, add a half cupful of sugar, one egg beaten, a cupful of milk, two and a half cupfuls of granulated flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a little salt and a cupful of dates, cut fine. Steam two hours in a covered mold. A tube mold is better.

**Caramel Rice Pudding.**—Wash a cupful of rice and cook it in salted water (one cupful) until it is absorbed. Add a quart of hot milk and cook until the rice is soft; then add two well-beaten eggs. Melt three-fourths of a cupful of sugar until a light brown; cover the bottom and sides of a pudding dish with this caramel. Turn in the rice and cook in hot water for half an hour. Turn upside down on a serving dish and let stand ten minutes, and it will slip out easily.

Character must stand behind and back up everything—the sermon, the poem, the picture, the play... None of them is worth a straw without it.—J. G. Holland.

### DIFFERENT SAUCES.

The art of making and serving an appropriate sauce is one which should be cultivated as many plain dishes may be made most appetizing by a fitting sauce.



**Drawn Butter Sauce.**—Cook together a tablespoonful of butter and a tablespoonful of flour until brown and dry. Add a cupful of boiling water, cook two minutes, stirring well; add salt and pepper to taste. Using milk and adding it before the flour is brown makes a white sauce. With half cream and half white stock flavored with mushrooms and a dash of lemon juice it becomes Bechamel; cut out half the flour and add the yolks of three eggs, lemon juice, onion and another tablespoonful of butter for a Hollandaise; double the proportion of flour and it furnishes a thick sauce for delicate croquettes.

**Brown Sauce.**—Cook a half a tablespoonful of flour in a tablespoonful of butter until well browned; add a tablespoonful of chopped onions with other vegetables if liked; cover and simmer until soft. Add one cupful of water or stock, a half teaspoonful of salt, six peppercorns, a half a bay leaf and simmer gently ten minutes. Strain and serve.

**Oyster Sauce.**—Parboil and drain a half pint of oysters. Add cream to the liquor to make one cupful; prepare as white sauce adding the oysters at the last.

**Lobster sauce.**—Prepare the same way, using stock instead of cream and mincing the lobster before adding it to the sauce.

**Bread Sauce.**—Crumble fine stale bread crumbs in a saucepan with a half cupful of cold milk and six cracked peppercorns. Let simmer five minutes, then add a half cupful of cream, a teaspoonful of salt but do not stir; simmer until all is absorbed. This is excellent to serve with roast birds.

Nellie Maxwell

Turk Care Little for Stage.

At Kadi Keul, the ancient Chalcedon, is situated the one and only Turkish theater in or near Constantinople, a rickety, wooden construction capable of accommodating, however, a large number of onlookers. Performances are witnessed only by men, are given three times a week, and take place in broad daylight.

Mr. Peeler is Unkind.

"Does your nice wife?" "That is what she calls it," replied Mr. Peeler. "I don't know why." —Judge

No bother to get summer meals with these on hand.

Vienna Style Sausage and Potted Meats  
Libby's Just open and serve!  
Excellent for sandwiches!

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



## DEFIANCE STARCH

is constantly growing in favor because it Does Not Stick to the Iron and it will not injure the finest fabric. For laundry purposes it has no equal. 16 oz. pack 10c. 1/2 more starch for same money.

DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Nebraska

## THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE

## NEW HOME

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME

Write for booklet "Points to be Considered Before Purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts.

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No Bill too Steep, No Hand too Damp, No Job too Hard, No Body too Weak, All parts carried in Denver  
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THE MAD AUTO GYM CO., 11th & Eddy, Denver  
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He Had the Price.

BILL McCABE's Poughkeepsie team was playing the Kingston team one day years ago, in the Atlantic league, and a guy named Fogarty was umpire. In the ninth inning, with the score tied, two of McCabe's men played out, and as Bill had only one man extra, he had to rush the bleacher seats to find a man to fill in. He drew a big stick, who said he couldn't play, but for the fun could fill in. There were two out of the time, and the game was called.

Our hero, the hick, came to bat. He drew three balls and the next one across he pounced over the left field fence to be picked up by the fathead. Instead of running, the fathead stood there while the crowd howled itself mad. McCabe ran out to him and yelled, "Run, you boob, run!"

The hick turned and faced Bill and in a slow voice drawled: "No, sir, I won't run. I'm no coward. I'll admit I lost your ball, but I got the money right here in my pocket to pay for it."

Similar Brand.

The fair maid was toying with the engagement ring.

"Did I understand you to say that your first wife's name was Katherine—same as mine?" she quorled.

"Yes, darling," replied the widower.

"And," continued the fair one, "I suppose you loved her very dearly?"

"Indeed I did," answered the party of the bereaved part. "That is why I am anxious to secure a duplicate."

A Man's Worth

depends upon his power to produce what the world recognizes as of value.

And when you skirmish around, you'll find that this power—which is just power of mind and body—depends to a remarkable degree on the food one eats.

For highest accomplishment one must have the best values in food—food which builds well-balanced bodies and brains.

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Grape-Nuts comes ready to eat, is easy to digest, nourishing, economical, wonderfully delicious—a help in building men of worth.

"There's a Reason."

## THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

Published Every Friday at  
Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office at Carrizozo, N. M., June 2, 1908.

Subscription-Rates: \$2.00 per year; six months, \$1.00

HALEY &amp; DINGWALL

Publishers

## POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

## For Sheriff

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party. JNO. B. BAIRD,

## For Sheriff

I hereby announce as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party. O. W. HYDE.

## For Assessor

I hereby announce my candidacy for Assessor of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party. HARRY EDMISTON.

## For Assessor

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Assessor and solicit the support of Democrats for the Democratic nomination. POFIRIO CHAVEZ.

During fifty years of democracy following Thomas Jefferson, 80 per cent of American exports were shipped in American bottoms. This compares well with 8 per cent under fifty years of republican high tariff propaganda. In three years of democratic administration, under Wilson, much of the lost ground has been recovered—American registry covering 30 per cent of the present tonnage cleared. And with the passage of the new shipping bill creating a federal shipping board and a merchant fleet of 400 government transports, the American flag will again become conspicuous in international trade upon the high seas.

The foreign commerce of the United States for the fiscal year ending on the 30th of this month is estimated at \$6,400,000,000—or 80 per cent greater than the highest commercial year under republican Payne-Aldrichism—and both farmer and workingman share in the prosperity wave. The only hard times in sight are those of the republican calamity howlet.

It is fair to assume that republican congressmen and senators, nearly all of whom voted for the rural credits bill, will, when making a campaign in their respective districts, be silent about that plank in the republican platform which specifically condemns their action.

At least, there is one issue on which Candidate Hughes has a clearly announced public policy. He was the only governor among the forty-eight states to issue an exhaustive message against ratification of the Federal Income Tax amendment.

The Philadelphia North American estimated that Hughes would draw 60 per cent of the progressive vote, while Wilson would get only 40 per cent. Even that division would give Wilson the election by some 2,000,000 plurality.

The 1,200,000 tonnage of steel merchant ships now building in American shipyards is one answer to the republican platform, which declares that only subsidy can build an American merchant marine.

Meeting more difficult problems than any president since Lincoln, Wilson has to his credit a greater record of achievement than any of his predecessors in that period—a double measure of his capacity.

The republican platform denounced the rural credits measure, yet nearly every republican member of both houses actually voted for this particular measure when put on its passage.

T. R. says Wilson is the weakest president since Buchanan; and he doesn't have to say who he thinks was the strongest President since—since—oh, well, since John Hancock.

## J. K. SUCH.

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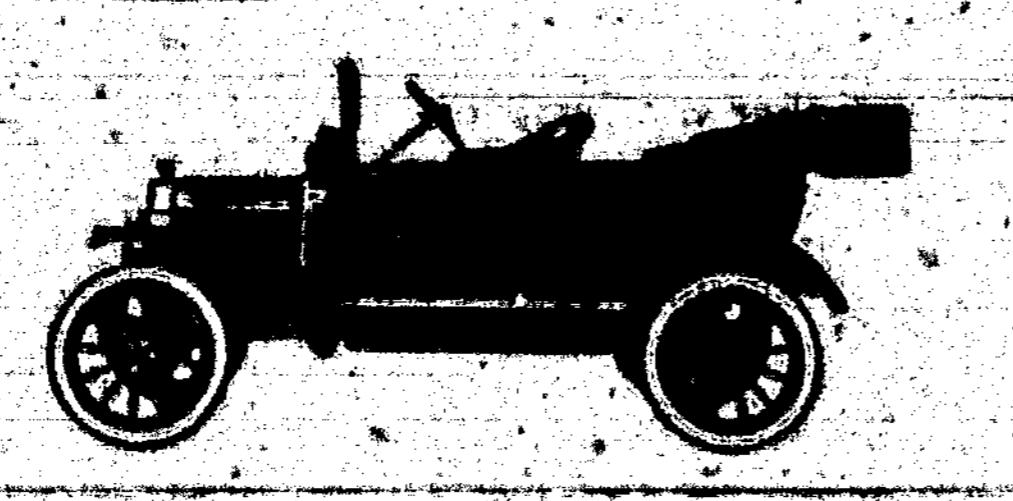
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WESTERN GARAGE  
F. B. SHIELDS, Proprietor.



&lt;/

**Busts the "Game"  
At Monte Carlo**

Theodore Roberts, the distinguished star, will be seen at the Crystal next Wednesday in the photo-dramatic version by Jesse L. Lasky of E. Phillips Oppenheim's thrilling novel, "Mister Grex of Monte Carlo," which recently appeared in serial form in the Saturday Evening Post and is now one of the most widely discussed books of the day. It is a Paramount picture.

Mr. Oppenheim is said to have written this story nearly two years ago while on a visit to Monte Carlo. There he saw, and recognized, three of Europe's greatest diplomats, all apparently upon pleasure bent, but meeting in secluded parts to discuss international relations. Taking this as a theme for his story and involving an impetuous young American millionaire on a yachting cruise, he constructed his wonderful unconscious prophecy of the present European conditions.

A young American falls headlong in love with the daughter of one of the diplomats, posing as "Mister Grex" and is greatly chagrinned, but not undaunted, when he learns that she is the Grand Duchess Fedora. His unconscious and unintentional interference in the plans of the statesman stamps him as a spy and he is ordered "removed." How he causes confusion in the world's greatest diplomatic circles, and wins the hand of the grand duchess, makes many gripping incidents and unusual situations.

S. W. Perry, the lumberman, left Saturday night for Plainview, Texas, to visit a short while with his two daughters.

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**DAVID R. BOYD,**  
President,  
Albuquerque, N. M.

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In the District Court for Lincoln County,  
State of New Mexico.

Frank B. Coo., Plaintiff,  
Juan B. Blea and Florinda Chavez, Defendants.

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Department of the Interior

# THE GIRL AND THE GAME

A STORY OF MOUNTAIN RAILROAD LIFE  
BY FRANK H. SPEARMAN

NOVELIZED FROM THE MOVING PICTURE PLAY  
OF THE SAME NAME, PRODUCED BY THE SIGNAL  
FILM CORPORATION.

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## SYNOPSIS.

Little Helen Holmes, daughter of General Holmes, railroad man, a general manager of a mountain railroad, is a newsboy. Grown to young womanhood, Helen saves Storm, now a新聞man, his father, and his friends. Amos Rhinelander, financier, and later, Seagru, promoter, finance the building of a mine. Helen is employed by Seagru, who has survey plans of the cut off line for the Tidewater, which would the general and escape. Her father's estate badly involved by his debts, Helen returns to the Tidewater, and removes the survey plans from Seagru, and though they are taken from her hands accidentally made proof of the survey blueprint. Storm is employed by Rhinelander. Spike, his double agent, is sent to the Tidewater to waylay contracts when Seagru kills her. Helen and Storm win for Rhinelander, a race against Seagru for right-of-way. Helen, Storm, and Rhinelander run out of town from the Tidewater, and Storm is captured in prison. Rhinelander and Storm and Helen save Spike from death in the burning of the courthouse.

## ELEVENTH INSTALLMENT

## Salting of the Superstition Mine.

Outwitted in his effort to obtain possession of the coveted right-of-way record and defeated once more in his plans through the failure of Spike to betray those who had befriended him, Seagru's wrath concentrated on Spike as being chiefly responsible for his discomfiture.

But standing in the room which had just been the scene of his last defeat, Seagru felt that he could at least enjoy revenge. Helen, Storm and Rhinelander were still facing him, with Spike near, and the sheriff was just leaving the room when Seagru called to him. As he did so, he drew from his pocket a worn pamphlet and handed it ostentatiously to the sheriff. "There's something of interest to you!"

"What do you mean?" returned the official focularly. He glanced at the pamphlet, saw set forth on the cover a reward of five hundred dollars offered for the apprehension of Spike and laughed. "We see these things every day," said he, handing it back to Seagru. If I were to chass up all of the pointers I get like that, my salary wouldn't buy gasoline."

"You don't have to burn any gasoline to get this money," retorted Seagru. "Your man is right here."

"Where?" demanded the sheriff skeptically.

Seagru pointed to Spike. "That is the man," he said coldly.

Spike decided the game was up. He made a bolt for the door. The sheriff stopped him.

The moment was an unpleasant one. Helen was furious. "Of all the mean things you've ever done," she said to Seagru, "this is about the meanest. I should think you would want to go and hide yourself," she exclaimed with cutting emphasis, "from the sight of all living men."

Stung, Seagru retorted in like: "That sounds fine from your lips, Miss Helen Holmes! It's a new role for you to become the champion of prison birds like this fellow." He nodded insolently towards Spike. "Especially," he added, "since this very man—he pointed a finger relentlessly at Spike—"this very man," he almost thundered, "was implicated in the death of your own father!" He meant, with his retort, to beat poor Helen to the ground. He almost did so.

pointed to the last spot at which they had got high-grade quartz.

The expert stooped and took up a handful of rock from the ground. Answering Seagru, in reply to a hopeful question, he shook his head. "I don't know much, and we, after the two had canvassed the matter from all sides, if it is possible to recover the vein."

At the entrance to the shaft Seagru dismissed his own two men and turned to the expert. They talked together a few moments. The mining man saw what was in Seagru's mind and was not surprised a moment later to hear him say, without further beating about the bush: "If I can get a bidder for the mine, I'll pay five thousand dollars for a good report on it."

Each understood the other as they left the scene together. And summoning his men, Bill and Lug, and getting into his motor car with the expert, Seagru drove away toward Las Vegas. The machine was stopped a little distance from Rhinelander's camp and Seagru on a scratch pad wrote a note to Amos Rhinelander. Giving this to Lug, he directed him to deliver it. He then told Bill to drive back to town.

Helen, cut to pieces over the disclosure of Spike's complicity in the death of her father, returned with Rhinelander and Storm to the construction camp. Storm offered such consolation as he could, but this was very little. And it was almost a relief to him when Rhinelander directed him to see about getting the men to work.

Rhinelander himself was watching the progress of the construction a little while later when Lug handed him Seagru's note.

Dear Rhinelander:

Without a cut-off we cannot operate the Superstition mine profitably. This would make a good investment for your company and I am giving you the first chance to bid for it.

Yours,

SEAGRU.

Rhinelander, somewhat puzzled, read the note over two or three times. He dismissed Lug with the verbal message to Seagru that he would look into it, and, calling Storm and Helen into conference, Rhinelander read

in a couple of men and when Seagru asked Rhinelander if he would like to have it fired, and upon Rhinelander's assent, the party got into safety and the shot was discharged.

Coming out of their retreat, the different members of the group picked up specimens of the shattered ore and examined it.

"Certainly, Helen," said Rhinelander in an undertone, "this looks good."

The expert was at hand with a handful of quartz. "That stuff," he said, showing it to the prospective buyer with an air of certainty, "will average two hundred dollars to the ton."

Helen and Storm consulted together, Seagru watching. In a moment he asked them and Rhinelander to follow him outside. Leaving the shaft, he took the three to the big pile.

"These sacks," said he to Rhinelander, "contain high-grade ore, ready for shipment to the smelter. They are to be included in whatever deal I make with a buyer for the mine."

Rhinelander, Storm and Helen continued to discuss the purchase apart. They counted the number of bags. Rhinelander made an effort to roughly reckon the value of them, Seagru and the expert taking together the white some little distance away. A further conference with Seagru disclosed that the price he wanted for the mine was one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. After the usual haggling, Rhinelander proposed to take the property, including the ore ready for the wagons, at one hundred and ten thousand dollars—twenty-five thousand dollars to be paid down.

Seagru accepted, Rhinelander made out his check and the transaction was complete, Rhinelander only requesting that the foreman keep the men at work until he should have a chance to get started. This was assented to and Storm was placed temporarily in charge of the mine.

While the negotiations had been taking shape, a freight train had pulled in a few miles distant at Valley station, where the crew set out an empty box car for loading. A teamster from the mine was summoned by the agent who handed him a note for the mine and Storm was placed temporarily in charge of the mine.

When the engine shut off to coast down the grade the three sections came together and the train, except for the absence of air in the hind end of the train-line pipe, was complete.

The escaped guard, running every step of the way to sound the alarm, had by this time arrived exhausted at the mine. At the foot of the aerial railway he found Storm with Helen watching the ore come down. Grasping the situation from the disconnected words the man was able to utter, Storm dashed into the chemist's office close at hand and seized a Winchester rifle. Helen sprang to a team and empty wagon, waiting for a load, and climbing up to the seat seized the reins at the moment Storm, rifle in hand, ran out of the office to join her.

She dashed the horses forward and headed with a very different load from what they had expected, for Valley.

Bill and his confederate in the box car, elated by their huge success, looked out of the side door for observers and seeing none, began to dump the sacks of precious quartz one after another out on the right of way.

But it was a day of surprises for everybody. The agent at Valley—who had asked to be sent out to the desert on account of his rheumatism—was peacefully lighting his pipe, after the one great event of the day—the departure of the local freight—when he heard somewhere out of doors an unexpected rattle.

Storm was given authority to put this part of the job through as quickly as possible. While the details were being talked over between Rhinelander and his assistant, neither of them noticed that they were overheard by Seagru's tools, Bill and Lug, who now decided that there might be a chance to break into the mining business at their own proper risk and for their own private account. When Seagru called them from the discussion of their ambitious project, he gave orders to Bill to drive back to Las Vegas. Reaching the station he took the train for the city.

With their boss out of the way, his two worthies thought the moment opportune for their own plans and taking the machine they started back for the mine.

Wagons—conveyed by two guards carrying sawed-off shotguns—had been loaded at the mine with the valuable quartz ore. They had reached Valley and while the teamsters were loading the sacks into the box car the two guards found a shady spot under the car door.

The wagon had been under surveillance for some time by the Seagru crooks, Bill and Lug, who were secreted a mile away in the bed of a wash.

The two waited patiently until the wagon had been unloaded and started back to the mine. Then scouting their way cautiously down the siding, the thieves, creeping under the farther side of the box car, surprised the guards, disarmed and bound them.

Having done this without loss of time, they went to work loading the last of the quartz into the car.

But the guards, though taken unaware, proved no fools. One of them, working quickly and quietly with his bonds, got his hands partly loose; in the next moment he had freed his feet. Without betraying himself, he rolled close to his companion—a fat man—bade him turn to him back to back and was releasing him when a shout from Bill warned him he had been seen.

There was no time for hesitation.

Springing to his feet the free guard dashed down the road, Bill opening fire on him as he fled.

Bill and Lug, dragging the fat guard down hill, hid him in a ravine near the side track. The two then hiding in turn, watched the train as it stopped at the station below. The agent came out of the office after a few minutes. When the conductor asked about the car the agent and he walked together over to it. They saw it would not be ready to start for some time.

The predicament in which the thieves now found themselves was an awkward one. They knew full well that Storm, the minute the escaped guard reached the mine, would be after them with men as fast as horses could travel.

But Bill, the craftier of the pair,

thought that by working quick, they still might make it. Between the siding and the main line were two cables used by the teamsters to switch cars with and they gave him an idea. Pointing to the cables on the ground, he outlined his suggestion to Lug: "There's one way to work it, Lug, and just one."

Lug, like another Watson, stared at his companion until he should hear more. "We must drop this car into the train," explained Bill. "Throw the ore out on the right of way as we run along and pick it up afterwards with the machine. See?"

Together they crossed over to where the train stood, pulled a pin in the middle of the swing and attached the longer of the cables securely between the two sections of the train thus cut in two. The second cable was attached to the hind end car of the first cut, and fastened to the partly loaded box car on the side track. The plotter then rested.

The conductor, deciding there was no use waiting longer for the box-car, was making ready to go without it. The head-end brakeman signaled the cab and the train pulled out. As the slack was taken up the box car answered first to the strain on the shorter cable and with a jerk started down the siding. Approaching the switch, as its momentum increased, it sprung on the connecting rods and swung in on the main line contact, at Bill's insistence, between the two sections of the train.

When the engineer shut off to coast down the grade the three sections came together and the train, except for the absence of air in the hind end of the train-line pipe, was complete. The escaped guard, running every step of the way to sound the alarm, had by this time arrived exhausted at the mine. At the foot of the aerial railway he found Storm with Helen watching the ore come down. Grasping the situation from the disconnected words the man was able to utter, Storm dashed into the chemist's office close at hand and seized a Winchester rifle. Helen sprang to a team and empty wagon, waiting for a load, and climbing up to the seat seized the reins at the moment Storm, rifle in hand, ran out of the office to join her. She dashed the horses forward and headed with a very different load from what they had expected, for Valley.

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"The Superstition mine," observed Rhinelander, "has always been a good producer."

At the mine matters were being pushed rapidly forward for the selling campaign. Driving back with Bill and Lug, Seagru had summoned the foreman, bidden him dismiss the men and dispatched his own two worthies to the mine to investigate. Seagru was returning from the bank when the mine messenger stopped him in the street of Las Vegas. "This Mr. Seagru?" he demanded.

Seagru nodded curtly. "What do you want?"

For answer the man handed him a folded letter. Seagru, tearing open the envelope, read:

Dear Sir:

Can you come to the mine at once? Vein has pinched out in main workings.

S. ROE.

Seagru, startled at the last sentence, volleyed questions at the messenger. The man could confirm the intelligence of what he himself had seen before leaving the mine, and Seagru, telling him to hunt up Bill and bring him to the assay office in Main street, hurried back to the bank.

Bill reached the assay office almost as soon as his employer. Seagru directed him to go get the car, and as Bill left Seagru's assay expert, an old chum of his in Oceanside, came out of the inner office.

To him Seagru explained as hurriedly as possible what had happened.

"Will you go right out with me to the mine?"

At the mine the foreman was still examining the walls. He showed Seagru the lost seam. The latter examined the spot carefully and turned to question the head foreman. This man

foreman, when the teamster reached the mine, the new purchasers were taking possession. He handed the message to the foreman. The foreman read:

"Have empty box car here for high-grade ore. Send it down right away and local will pick the car up this P.M."

LEN.

He turned to Rhinelander, showing him the message and pointing to the sacks ready for shipment.

Rhinelander was willing to ship the ore ready for the wagons at once.

"All right," he said, nodding to the foreman. "Send what you have to the mine."

Have empty box car here for high-grade ore. Send it down right away and local will pick the car up this P.M.

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Have empty box car here for high-grade ore. Send it down right away and local will pick the car up this P.M.

LEN.

He turned to Rhinelander, showing him the message and pointing to the sacks ready for shipment.

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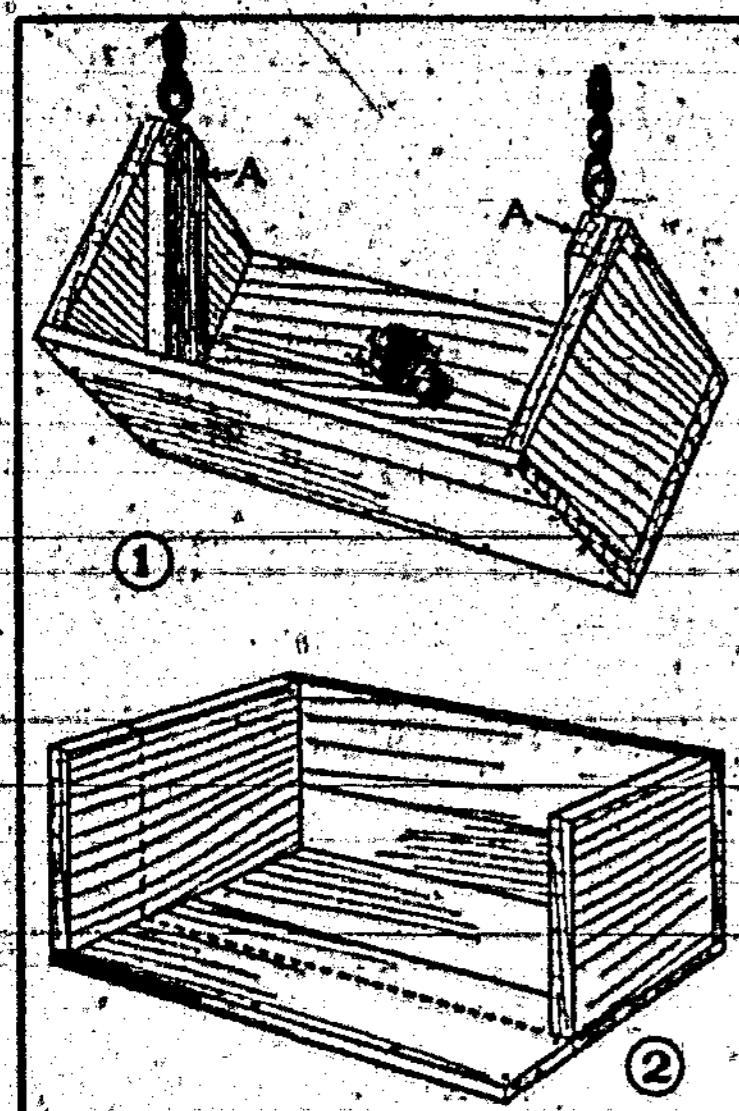
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**HANDICRAFT FOR BOYS AND GIRLS**By  
A. NEELY HALL and DOROTHY PERKINS

(Copyright, by A. Neely Hall)

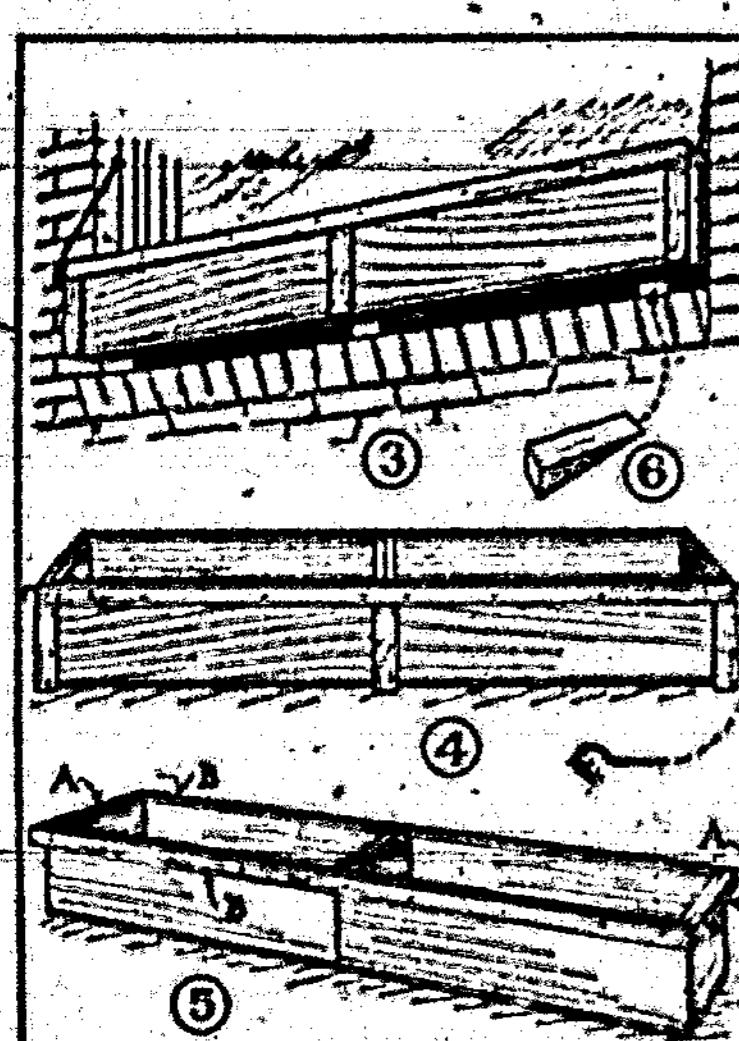
**PORCH AND WINDOW FLOWER BOXES.**

The hanging box in Fig. 1 must be made of a box of equal width and depth; if you cannot get one of these proportions, take a wide box and saw off enough to make the width and depth the same, as indicated in Fig. 2. Re-enforce the nailing of all boards by driving in additional nails; then cut the hanger uprights A (Fig. 1) and



nail them diagonally across the ends. The tops of these strips must be trimmed off even with the corners of the box ends. Screw a screw-eye into each upright and connect a 30-inch piece of iron jack-chain to it by which to hang up the box.

Figures 3 and 4 show how to join two grocery boxes end to end to make a long window box. These may be cut down in length so the combined boxes will exactly fit the window opening. Nail the boxes end to end. Then cut strips A and B (Fig. 5) 1 1/4 inches wide—strips A a trifle longer than the boxes

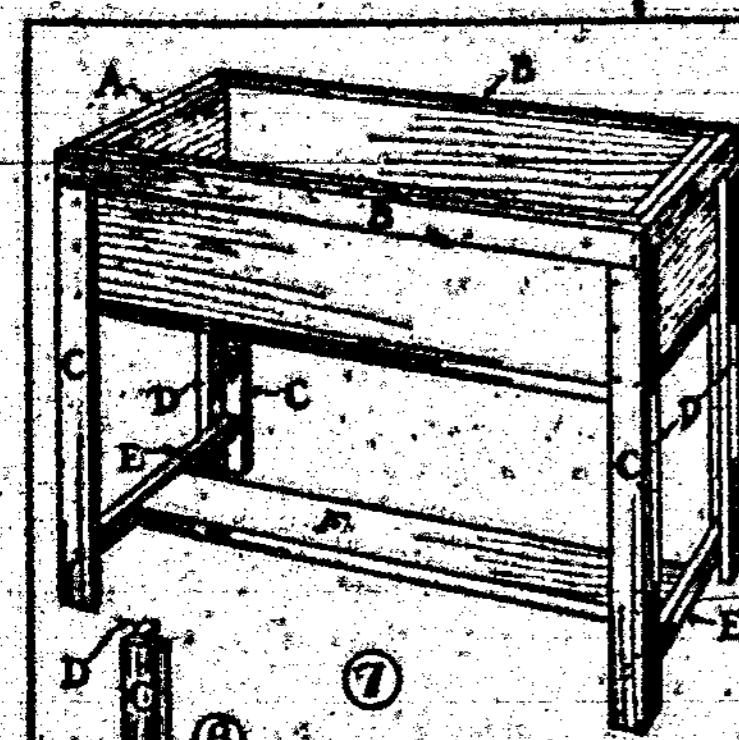


are wide, and strips B several inches longer than the combined length. Nail strips A to the box ends, even with the top edge, and with a saw trim off their ends even with the box sides. Nail strips B to the sides of the boxes and saw off their ends even with the surfaces of strips A. The vertical strips shown in Figs. 3 and 4 are of the same widths as strips A and B. They finish off the corners and conceal the joint between the boxes.

If the window sill is wide, the flower box will not require fastening, but if narrow it will be necessary to support the box by chains fastened to screw-hooks screwed into both the window frame and the box ends (Figs. 3 and 4). Wedge-shaped blocks will relieve the supporting chains of a considerable portion of the weight of the filled boxes (Figs. 3 and 4).

The plant stand in Fig. 7 is made similar to the window box in Fig. 4, with the corner strips extended for legs, and a shelf fastened between to brace them.

Nail strips A and B in place first, then cut and nail together each pair of corner strips C and D (Fig. 8), cutting D enough narrower than C to al-



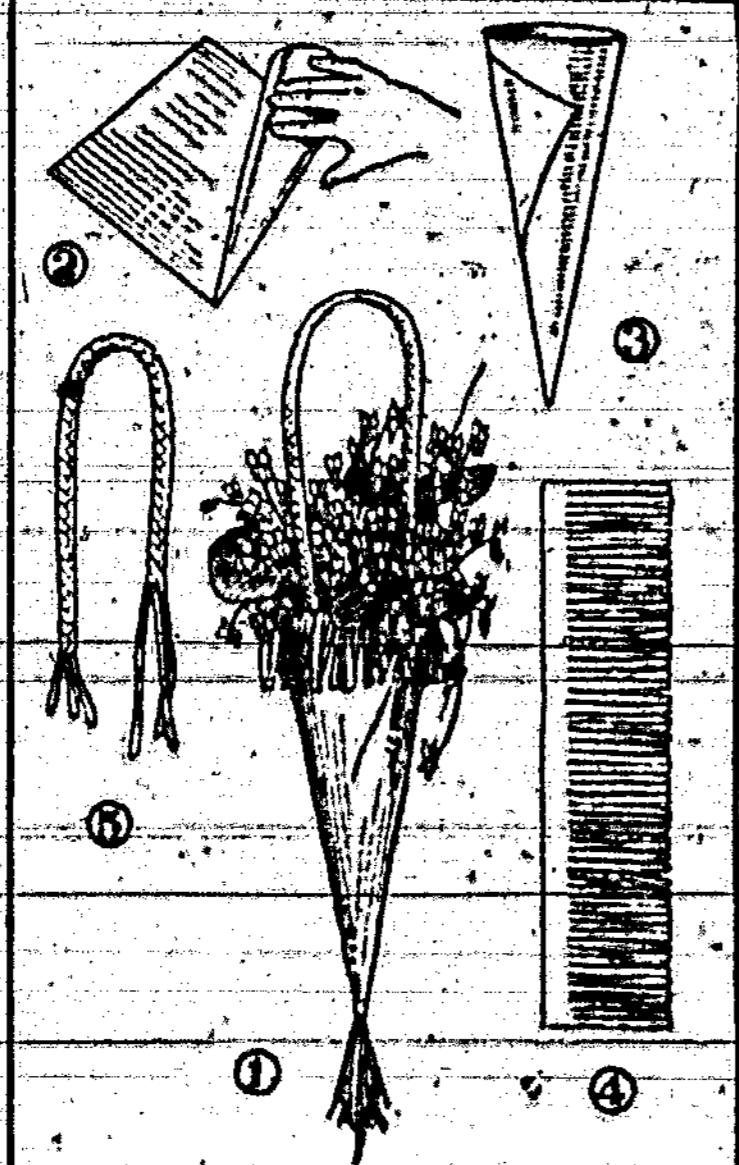
low for the thickness of C when nailed to it. Twenty-six inches is a good length to make these legs. When you have nailed them to the box corners, fasten the cross-strips E between, and cut and fasten the shelf board F between cross-strips E.

If the plant pot is to be used indoors it must have a metal liner, so water will not drain on to the floor. A tin can will make a sheetiron box for between \$2 and 25 cents, according to size.

Paint your flower boxes with at least two coats of paint. After the first coat has dried, putty all cracks, joints and nail holes.

**FLOWER BASKETS.**

The cornucopia basket in Fig. 1 is a dainty holder for wood violets and other small flowers, and its depth makes it a desirable shape for long-stemmed flowers also. Fig. 2 shows how to roll up a sheet of heavy writing paper into a cornucopia. Lap and paste



the edge of the paper as in Fig. 3, then cover the outside with colored tissue paper, gathering this into small pleats at the bottom, and slashing it to form fringe. Cut a strip of paper 2 inches wide, slash it as shown in Fig. 4 to form fringe, and paste it around the top, allowing the fringe to hang down. The basket handle is made of strips of tissue paper 2 inches wide, rolled lengthwise into slender tubes, then braided together (Fig. 5). Stitch the ends to the top edge of the cornucopia.

Fig. 6 shows a unique form of basket made from a writing-paper box. The dotted lines in Fig. 7 indicate how to cut the box ends at their centers, and the dotted line in Fig. 8 shows how to score the box bottom with a

CODING MOTH DESTROYS MILLIONS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF FRUIT IN EVERY STATE IN UNION.

The coding moth is one of the worst of orchard pests, and destroys two million dollars worth or more of fruit throughout every state of the Union.

Early in the spring the moth, a brownish gray insect about three-fourths inch over wings, emerges from a cocoon of yellowish silk about one-half inch long which has been hidden in the crevices of the tree's bark, and lays 50 or more white eggs on leaves and apples.

In two weeks the apple worm, a horn-colored worm about one and one-half inches long, dull black, due to

knife, along the center, to provide for telescoping one half into the other as shown in Fig. 9. Stitch the telescoped ends together, then cover the outside of the box with tissue paper, and attach a ribbon to the corners for a handle.

A berry box furnishes the material for the pretty little hooded basket in Fig. 10. The first thing to do is to cut the bottom of the box in half, diagonally, from corner to corner, as indicated by the dotted line in Fig. 11, and remove one half (Fig. 12). Then prepare a triangular piece of cardboard like that shown in Fig. 12 of the same size as the remaining half of the box bottom, with flaps along the two short edges, and glue the piece between the box sides opposite the bottom half (Fig. 13). Instead of cardboard, the triangular piece may be cut out of berry-box wood. Cover

spots, commences work by boring into the apples, causing them to fall before maturity is reached and also a shortage in the tree's production.

The larva now makes its way out of the fallen apple beneath a piece of bark, or board, or rubbish, and there spins a tight cocoon in about four weeks the adult moth makes its debut.

The pupa stage is only reached in the first brood of the year while the second brood winter as larvae.

The pest may be held in check by spraying before the calyxes of the fruit close; by turning the hogs into the orchard to eat the fallen apples; by sawing and trimming off all harbors for it; and the July brood may be checked by wrapping gunny sacks around the bodies of trees.

WORK OF STRAWBERRY GRUB

INSECT ANNUALLY CAUSES MUCH MORE LOSS THAN IS REALIZED—HUNT HIM OUT AND KILL HIM.

The working of the white grub in newly set strawberry fields annually causes much loss, much more, perhaps, than is commonly realized. Vaccines here and there amount to quite a little sometimes, when taken in the aggregate.

The more intensive the culture and higher the prices prevailing, the greater the loss in money.

The grub begins his work as soon as the plants are set and continues his operations throughout the life of the plantation.

As this strawberry pest works on the roots of the plants only, there is no chance to reach his case with arsenites. The only thing to do is to hunt him out and kill him.

If a plant appears to be wilting or out of condition, not keeping up with its fellows, nine chances in ten a grub will be feeding on its roots.

Keep your flower boxes with at least two coats of paint. After the first coat has dried, putty all cracks, joints and nail holes.

**ORCHARD GLEANINGS****HOW TO CONTROL BLACK ROT**

Spraying With Bordeaux Mixture Is Perhaps One of Most Reliable Means of Checking.

(By JOHN H. CARMODY, Kentucky Experiment Station.)

Black rot of grapes is by no means a new trouble, as it is very general in all of the sections where the grape is grown. Black rot first shows itself upon the berries and leaves. Usually the berries are most seriously affected and the disease manifests itself upon the latter by small, clear-cut, brown spots. These spots gradually enlarge until all of the berries on the stem are affected. It is a noticeable fact that the diseased berries do not shed, but continue to cling to the vine long after the grape season is past. It is needless to say that this serves as a means whereby the disease is carried over from one season to another.

Spraying with bordeaux mixture is perhaps one of the most reliable means of control. Where the trouble is known to exist the vines should be thoroughly sprayed in the spring, just as the buds are swelling. This application should be repeated several times during the summer. The number of applications will depend somewhat on the nature of the season. If the season happens to be dry, a fewer number of applications will be needed than if the season is warm and moist.

Bordeaux mixture for this purpose may be prepared as follows: Dissolve four pounds of copper sulphate (blue stone) and four pounds of stone lime in 25 gallons of water. Then pour the two together into a 50-gallon barrel and stir thoroughly. The best way to dissolve the copper sulphate is to suspend it in a cloth bag in water over night. Care should be taken not to let it come in contact with any metal. Pumps should be brass-lined where bordeaux is to be used.

**WORST OF ORCHARD ENEMIES**

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**FURRED TONGUE NO PROOF**

Why It Is Supposed to Indicate Digestive Disturbance Never Has Been Explained.

Just why a furred tongue is supposed to be an indication of a disturbance of the digestive apparatus has never been explained. The Medical Record calls to mind "the respected (and feared) spinster in our community a good many years ago who had her own opinion about doctors. Urged to consult one of their fraternity when a little indisposed, she would repel the suggestion with scorn. 'All they do,' she would say, 'is to say, "Let's see your tongue." How's your bowels? Two dollars, please.'"

The editor says he has known physicians of the old school who could diagnose a case by looking at the tongue, just as he has known a physician who could "diagnose" a case of pneumonia in a child he had never seen before when he got ten feet away from the bed. And what is more, he could tell which side it was on and even designate the lobe affected in some cases."

Of course this is sarcasm. The editor is ridiculing the furred-tongue as a symptom of trouble in the digestive apparatus.

**TORTURING SKIN TROUBLES**

That Itch, Burn and Disfigure Healed by Cuticura. Trial Free.

Bathe with plenty of Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. This stops itching instantly, clears away pimples, removes dandruff and scalp irritations, and heals red, rough, sore hands.

Free sample each by mail with Book Address postcard. Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere. Adv.

**ASSOCIATIONS ARE A HABIT**

We Even Form Clubs Over Question of Teething Rings Vs. Thumb.

Our passion for getting up associations is a bad symptom of intellectual foolishness. Every trade and profession among us, every interest and prejudice, every aspiration, hypothesis or question about a question has a gang of club members at its back.

The fashionable mothers get up societies to determine what plays their children shall see during the holidays. I know of one woman who was not able to decide whether she should give a rubber ring or a coral to her teething child or should leave him to nature and the thumb. She accordingly formed a society. It is called the Ring and Coral association and meets twice a month. It has recently split into two organizations through the secession of the anitring and corallites. By means of those two societies any mother may today escape the mental anguish of making a decision for herself upon this teething matter.—John J. Chapman, in Atlantic Monthly.

Hard to Answer.

"Phillips is greatly interested in chemistry."

"So I hear."

"He's always busy with retorts."

"Naturally."

"But the kind that gives him most concern are made by Mrs. Phillips when she visits his laboratory to lecture him about wasting his time and spoiling his clothes."

Efficiency.

Mrs. Knicker—We can't keep a cook.

Mrs. Becker—Advertise for a food dictator.

Rubber Stamps.

Patents.

Castor Oil.

Patent Medicine.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

The Misses Harris were visitors here this week from their Three Rivers home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. White were here a couple of days this week from their Bonito home.

Just received, a car of Table and Stock Salt, Humphrey Bros. Justice Thurston was up Monday from Oscuro.

L. R. Lamay has purchased from Mr. Austin the old Joe Beckman place on the Mesa.

A wire was received Tuesday by L. R. Lamay conveying that sad intelligence that his mother had died at the old Kansas home.

For Sale—Yearling Hereford bulls. The Tisworth Co., Captain.

Dr. and Mrs. T. W. Watson returned Tuesday from their summer camp on the Doso.

Mrs. A. C. Austin returned Saturday from a visit to her daughter in Kansas City, and will make her home for a time with her daughter, Mrs. Wallace L. Gunn.

Bring your wool and pelts—highest prices paid always. Carrizozo Trading Co.

John H. Canning came in Monday night from Perris, California, reaching here in time to spend the Fourth with old-time friends. He will remain two weeks.

Miss Edna Baird arrived Saturday from Mason, Texas, to visit her brothers, John and Roy. Miss Edna once lived here and feels very much at home among old friends.

Manuel Gonzales and John Mack returned Monday from the Jemez hot springs. They have been absent since the first of June and feel much improved from their trip.

Mrs. Maggie Espy has leased the Commercial Hotel on Main street and is now ready to serve the public. Attention is called to her announcement in this week's issue.

## COMMERCIAL HOTEL

I wish to announce that I have leased the Commercial Hotel and solicit a share of the public patronage.

The rooms are comfortable, clean and sanitary.

Our table will be supplied with the best the market affords and served in an appetizing manner.

## RATES REASONABLE FOR ROOM AND BOARD

Apply to  
MRS. MAGGIE ESPY  
Lessee

R. L. Ransom  
Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work  
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

## Ancho

Sam Fambrough's father, mother and three brothers, two of whom have families, and a brother-in-law, with his family, arrived here from Stephens county, Texas, in their autos on Monday and are visiting with Mr. Fambrough and his brother-in-law, Ad Carey, and his family. They will remain here the next week or ten days.

One finds it difficult to say much with regard to our celebration of the 4th at the Jicarillas. Too big a thing to put in a short newspaper item. Will say that it was about the biggest thing any of us ever saw in the Jicarillas.

Our depot has an assistant night agent in the person of V. V. Brinnom, on account of increased business.

Mrs. Graves made her departure from Ancho Monday for Magdalena, N. M., S. W. Shive taking her place in the postoffice. On

Walter McMillan and family were over Sunday from White Oaks, visiting his father-in-law, J. P. Thompson.

Sherwood Corn has just finished shearing his sheep and tells us that he got an extra good clip.

Sephers Brown has discovered some valuable iron deposits in the Tecolote mountains.

Our Sunday school hour will be changed after next Sunday from 2:30 p.m. to 10:30 a.m. Preaching at 8 p.m.

William Bixler returned from Cloudcroft on the 1:30 p.m. train today, where he had been celebrating.

## Methodist Church

Rev. D. D. Lewis, Pastor.

"Life Among the Heights" will be the subject of the sermon at 10 a.m. There will be no evening service. Sunday school at 9:45. League at 7. You are invited.

Wait until the afternoon to take your automobile rides. Come to church. The church needs you—need the church. Come.

J. D. Thomas was here Wednesday from his home on the Bonito and informed us that a wife had been received from Bisbee, Arizona, to the effect that T. C. Jacobs was not expected to live.

Mr. Jacobs was one of the early settlers of Lincoln county, but left here a few years ago for Arizona. He has two daughters in this county, Mrs. Clara Larsen, postmistress at Capitan, and Mrs. J. D. Thomas, of Bonito.

## Less Warlike

Except for the fact that troop trains continue to pour through here and other points on the way to the border, indications are that war with Mexico is still in the future. In fact, the Carranza

war to our government was very conciliatory in tone, even if lacking in direct essentials. He practically proposes a direct negotiation between his government and ours for the purpose of adjusting differences, which will probably be agreed to.

The main feature in which our government is interested, after a compliance with our demand for the release of the prisoners taken at Carrizal, is the attitude of the de facto government toward the punitive expedition, and what responsibility the de facto government would assume for the Carrizal massacre. On

this point the Mexican answer was very indefinite. This remains to be settled, and also a general understanding as to the

pursuit of bandits and border raiders. Our government has

announced to Carrizal its intention to keep Pershing's army in Mexico until such time as the border is safe from attack by bandits, and also to chase into Mexico after any bandits anywhere along the line, if further raids are made on this side the international boundary.

So, while everything is far from being settled and a clash may yet result by reason of the failure to reach an understanding on some of these vital points, for the present, at least, the tension has

slackened and the general belief is expressed that war will be averted. If, however, war should come it will find this country well prepared to conduct it; for this delay has aided this country in

getting troops and equipment to the border in sufficient proportions to take care of any emergency that may arise, as we now have about 150,000 men facing the line and in Mexico.

## CARD OF THANKS

I wish to extend to the people of Oscuro and Carrizal my sincere thanks for their kindly sympathy and generous aid extended, as a result of a fire that visited my home, causing the death of my wife and four children.

Sincerely,  
LAWRENCE ORMS.

Minutes—Hours—Days—Are Passing  
ARE YOU SAVING?

A Deposit in our Savings Department works Every Minute of Every Hour of Every Day

THE STOCKMENS STATE BANK  
OF CORONA, NEW MEXICO

Pays Four Per Cent Interest on Savings Deposits

W. E. DESTEIGER, Pres. E. T. CHASE, 1st V. P.  
C. W. WALKER, 2nd V. P. J. C. Neales, 3rd V. P.  
J. M. BRYANT, Sec-Treas.

Stockmens Guaranty  
Loan Company

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER \$100,000

## FULLY ORGANIZED, READY FOR BUSINESS

An organization of the stockmen of New Mexico, whose purpose is to obtain money at reasonable rates of interest on cattle and range security.

Applications for loans will receive prompt attention. Address, LOAN COMMITTEE, Stockmens Guaranty Loan Building, ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

Efficiency isn't a Birthright  
but an education

Even a diamond can't flash its fire until it has been cut and polished. Its brilliance must be ground out of it, and so must your merit be rubbed out of you! —Herbert Kaufman

Saving a little each week is a grind at first, but as the fire of the diamond flashes after it has been ground so will a BANK ACCOUNT brighten your aspect of life.

START  
SAVING  
TODAY

THE EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

START  
SAVING  
TODAY

For these HOT  
SUMMER DAYS

You will find any of these accessories a comfort, as well as a touch of style to your dress.

KEEP COOL CLOTHES  
FOR MEN

Muslin Union Suits, no sleeves and knee length. Elastic waist band adds to their comfort.

65c to \$1.25

WOMEN'S WAISTS and  
SILK MIDDIES

## REDUCED

A very nice assortment of cool, airy Blouses, from—

\$1.00 to \$5.00

## Light, Cool Half Hose

In Silk and Silk Lisle. Gray, Black, Fancy, and a good supply of White.

25c and 50c

## White Shoes

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Leather and Rubber Sole Oxfords, as well as Tennis Shoes.

## Men's Sport Shirts

In a nice assortment of patterns.

65c and \$1.50

## Men's Silk Hats

## STRAW HATS,

LIGHT TROUSERS, ETC.

## ZIEGLER BROS.

## Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—cheap, child's crib and sewing machine. Inquire at Dr. Walker house.

See us for poultry, butter, eggs etc. Patty & Hobbs, Phone 46.

Home rendered lard that is pure. Patty & Hobbs.

FOR SALE—A good horse, also some Jersey yearlings and six months old calves. Address, Mrs. Ellen E. Potts, Carrizal, N. M.

Phone 46 any cut of Fresh meat. Also groceries and lunch foods.

## Pure Distilled Water

## ICE

CARRIZOZO ICE COMPANY  
PHONE 100

DRINK ONLY PURE DISTILLED WATER

TOWNE & GIBRALT

## LUMBER COMPANY

Shingles, Doors, Sash, Mouldings Building Paper, &c.

Sewell's Paint, and everything in the line of Building Material.

CARRIZOZO : : : New Mexico

THROUGH DAILY SERVICE

Roswell-Carrizal Mail Line

Leave Roswell.....7:00 a.m.

Leave Carrizal.....1:15 p.m.

Arrive Roswell.....8:30 p.m.

Arrive Carrizal.....2:15 p.m.

## INTERMEDIATE POINTS

Picacho - Tinie

Hondo - Lincoln

Capitan - Nogal

Through fare one way \$3.40.

Intermediate points 8 cents per mile.

ROSWELL AUTO COMPANY

DRIVERS AND OPERATORS

## KEEP COOL, NOW!

## Get

One of our Palm Beach or Panama Suits

New and exclusive patterns and styles, made expressly for these hot days. You can be comfortable, and at a reasonable price. These suits will fit and the styles will please you, at

\$6.50, \$8.50, \$10.00

But should you prefer the Best in Tailoring, we recommend our Complete Line from

## "THE ROYAL TAILORS"

## Why Don't You Get That Royal Tailored Look?

This store is the authorized dealer for THE ROYAL TAILORS.

Royal Tailored-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at \$16, \$17, \$20, \$25, \$30 and \$35.

## Straw, Panama and Palm Beach Hats

A Style For Every Taste

Watch Our Show Windows

## CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

Walk Over Shoes