

Carrizozo News

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER --- DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 18

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1917.

NUMBER 11

NEW LAWS BY THE LEGISLATURE

We are unable to give a list of article, the same to be numbered all laws passed by the legislature. Twenty-three, proposed by Committee Substitute for Senate Joint up to the time of going to press Resolution Numbers Two and Three. Approved March 5, 1917.

S. B. No. 3.—Providing for the payment of per diem and mileage of the Lieutenant Governor and members of the Third Legislature of the State of New Mexico, and per diem of the employees of said Legislature. Approved January 26, 1917. Carries emergency clause and is now law.

S. B. No. 145.—An act authorizing the Town of Alamogordo to issue and sell bonds for the purchase and acquirement of an Electric Light and Power Plant. Approved February 13, 1917. Carries emergency clause and is now law.

S. B. No. 60.—Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 60.—An act relating to corporations or organized under Chapter 86 of the Laws of 1891, or Chapter 54 of the Laws of 1897, for the management and control of community land grants. Approved February 16, 1917. Carries emergency clause and is now law.

S. B. No. 73.—An act declaring the road from the Town of Las Vegas in the County of San Miguel, which runs via Auto Chico and Santa Rosa, in Guadalupe county, thence to Clovis, in Curry county, a state highway. Approved February 19, 1917.

S. B. No. 25.—An act declaring the road from Silver City in Grant county, which runs via Buckhorn, Jackson, to Pleasanton in Socorro county, Whitewater, Glenwood and Graham and thence to Mogollon in the County of Socorro, a state highway, and providing a tax levy for the purpose of maintaining such highway. Approved February 20, 1917.

S. B. No. 158.—An act transferring certain moneys from the Insurance Fund and the Interest on Deposits Fund to the Legislative Expense Fund. Approved February 20, 1917. Carries emergency clause and is now law.

S. B. No. 9.—An act to prohibit life insurance agents from selling or hypothecating premium notes until after the issuance and delivery of policies. Approved February 20, 1917.

S. B. No. 189.—An act providing for the issuance and date of certificate of indebtedness of the State of New Mexico to provide funds to meet deficits in the State Institution Fund, Miscellaneous Fund and salary Fund occasioned by failure of revenue. Approved March 1, 1917. Carries emergency clause and is now law.

S. B. No. 16.—As amended. An act to exempt new sugar factories from taxation for the period of four years from and after their establishment. Approved March 1, 1917.

S. B. No. 19.—Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 19.—An act relating to elections upon proposed Constitutional Amendments and providing penalties. Approved March 5, 1917.

S. B. No. 64.—Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 64.—An act relating to garnishment proceeding, providing for the construction of a bridge at Santa Fe across the Rio Grande, also to repeal Section 2546 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Codification 1915, and Chapter 26 of the Laws of 1915. Approved March 5, 1917.

S. B. No. 21.—Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 21.—An act fixing the time for holding the election on the proposed amendment to the Constitution of New Mexico by adding thereto another

Mrs. Harriett Pons Getty

Saturday morning, March 11, at 6:30 o'clock, Mrs. Harriett Pons Getty, who for several days had been hovering between life and death, passed peacefully to the Great Beyond. Her husband, brother and family were at the bedside when the end came. Funeral services were held at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Arthur Marston, assisted by Rev. J. M. Gardner and a select choir, conducted the services. The church was filled to its capacity and the floral tributes were profuse and beautiful. Scarcely a dry-eye remained in the vast concourse as

it moved past the casket and gazed for the last time upon the face that everyone had known so well. Following the services at the church, the remains were conveyed to the local cemetery, where an impressive ceremony was conducted by the Rebekahs, an order of which Mrs. Getty had long been an active and valuable member.

Harriett Reily was born in Louisiana, December 16, 1868; at the age of sixteen she was married to T. Pons. Losing her husband, some years later she came to Lincoln county and had, until 1914, made her home with her brother, W. M. Reily, and family. In 1914 she was married to Fred W. Getty, and is therefore survived by a husband besides a brother here and a sister in Louisiana. She was known to almost every man, woman and child in this community and poignant grief marked every countenance when it became known that she was no more; for she always had "a tear for pity, and a hand open as day for melting charity." The sympathy of all go out to the bereaved husband and sorrowing relatives.

The H. S. Minstrels

The High School pupils presented a matinee Friday afternoon and minstrels that night. They were greeted by a fair crowd at the matinee and at night had a packed house, the two performances netting a neat sum. The presentation has been highly commended by those who attended and many compliments have been passed upon the production.

The Village Dads

The village dads held a lengthy session Monday night, and various matters were discussed concerning the best means for the government of the town. The board had read for the first time

the proposed ordinances for the city government, and they will later be adopted, amended or discarded. A marshal will probably be appointed at the next meeting.

Catholic Church

Rev. J. J. Gaskin, Pastor, I will heat Carrizozo Thursday to Sunday, March 22 to 25th. Sunday the 25th mass, at 8 and 10 o'clock a. m.

Lands Designated

Santa Fe, March 11.—The land offices have been notified that Secretary of the Interior Lane has designated an additional 461,800 acres in New Mexico as subject to entry under the 320-acre homestead act. No designations have been made as yet under the 640-acre homestead act, but it is understood that practically all the lands now designated as subject to entry under the 320-acre act will also be subject under the 640-acre act.

S. B. No. 262.—(As amended) An act authorizing the state engineer to extend the time for the completion of the construction of irrigation systems and power project, etc. (Carries emergency clause and is now law.)

The State Song

Among other things performed by the New Mexico legislature, which adjourned last Saturday, was the adoption of a State Song. The title of the song is: "O Fair New Mexico." Miss Elizabeth Garrett, author of both words and music, is well known in this county and is a relative of Mrs. Sarah C. Gray, who now resides here. Miss Garrett sang the song here at one time to an appreciative audience, and we here-with reproduce the song in the belief that our readers will be pleased to see our state song in print.

O FAIR NEW MEXICO

Under a sky of azure, where balmy breezes blow; Kissed by the golden sunshine, is Nuevo Mejico.

Home of the Montezuma, with fiery heart aglow,

State of the deeds historic, is Nuevo Mejico.

Chorus

O, fair New Mexico, we love, we love you so;

Our hearts with pride overflow no matter where we go,

O, fair New Mexico, we love, we love you so;

The grandest state to know, New Mexico.

Rugged and high Sierras, with deep canyons below;

Dotted with fertile valleys, is Nuevo Mejico.

Fields full of sweet alfalfa, richest

perfumes, bestow,

State of apple blossoms, is Nuevo Mejico.

Days that are full of heart-dreams, nights when the moon hangs low;

Beaming its benediction o'er Nuevo Mejico.

Land with its bright mañana, coming through weal and woe,

State of our esperanza, is Nuevo Mejico.

Chorus

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Chorus

THE RECKONING

It's fine to have a blowout in a fancy restaurant, With terrapin and canvas-back and all the wine you want; To enjoy the flowers and music, watch the pretty women pass, Smoke a choice cigar, and sip the wealthy water in your glass. It's bully in a hightoned joint to eat and drink your fill.

But it's quite another matter, when you PAY THE BILL.

It's great to go out every night on fun or pleasure bent;

To wear your glad rags always and to never save a cent;

To drift along regardless, have a good time every trip;

To hit the high spots sometimes, and let your chances slip;

Till nature calls a show-down, and you PAY THE BILL.

Time has got a little bill—get wise while yet you may, For the debit side's increasing in a most alarming way; Things you had no right to do, things you should have done, They're all put down; it's up to you to pay for every one.

So eat drink and be merry, have a good time if you will, But God help y'u when th' time come, and y'u PAY THE BILL

—R. L. S.

Fort Stanton

F. H. McKeon spent Wednesday and Tuesday visiting with friends at Carrizozo. James Hanna left Monday for Denver, where he has accepted a position.

Dr. C. R. Irby spent the weekend visiting the Rice family at Parsons.

Mr. Zeigler of Carrizozo, transacted business at the office Monday afternoon.

Miss Sallie Brown of Memphis, who is visiting her brother here, Dr. Allison Brown, presided at the organ during chapel service last Sunday morning.

Saturday the 17th, being St. Patrick's day, special services will be held in the church in honor of Ireland's Patron Saint. A communion mass will be offered by Chaplain Frund at 6:30 a. m.

Harry Leach has returned from Lima, Ohio, where he was called recently to attend the funeral of his mother.

Mr. Ware, the contractor from El Paso, transacted business here last Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. Ware has the contract for the big reservoir, being built southeast of the Fort.

Regular nonsectarian services will be conducted in Library Hall by the chaplain next Sunday evening at 7:30.

Lieut. J. R. Besse has arrived from Galveston to spend the winter here.

Miss Jordon, assistant nurse at No 10, is spending a few days at El Paso.

J. S. Sparks, the surgical nurse, will begin soon on the new bakeoven in the rear of No. 6.

The Patient's billiard hall is to be erected in the near future at the rear of No. 9.

STATE BANK REPORT

Report of the Condition of the EXCHANGE BANK OF CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

At the Close of Business March 5, 1917

RESOURCES

Bank and Discounts	\$30,900.00	Capital Stock Paid In	\$2,000.00
Secured by Real Estate Held in Our Own	\$10,250.14	Dividends, Profits, including accrued interest, and any other amounts not made for special purposes, less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	\$1,291.10
Secured by Collateral other than Real Estate	120,121.23	Due to Banks	7,117.74
All other loans	20,000.00	Individual Deposits, subject to check without notice	412,053.89
Bonds, Securities, etc., including premiums thereon	300.00	Savings Deposits or Deposits in Interest of Savings Department	23,823.76
Banking House and Lots	15,000.00	Certified Checks	10,171.57
Partners' Capital and Reserves	6,674.00	Cashier's Checks outstanding	2,223.10
Other Real Estate owned	2,000.00		
Due from Banks	13,000.00		
Checks and Other Cash Items	2,000.00	</td	

CONSTRUCTION OF DAIRY HOUSE

BY H. A. RUEHE

Most dairymen realize that in order to produce milk or cream of the best quality it is desirable to have a dairy house so constructed and equipped that the products may be cared for in the most convenient and satisfactory manner.

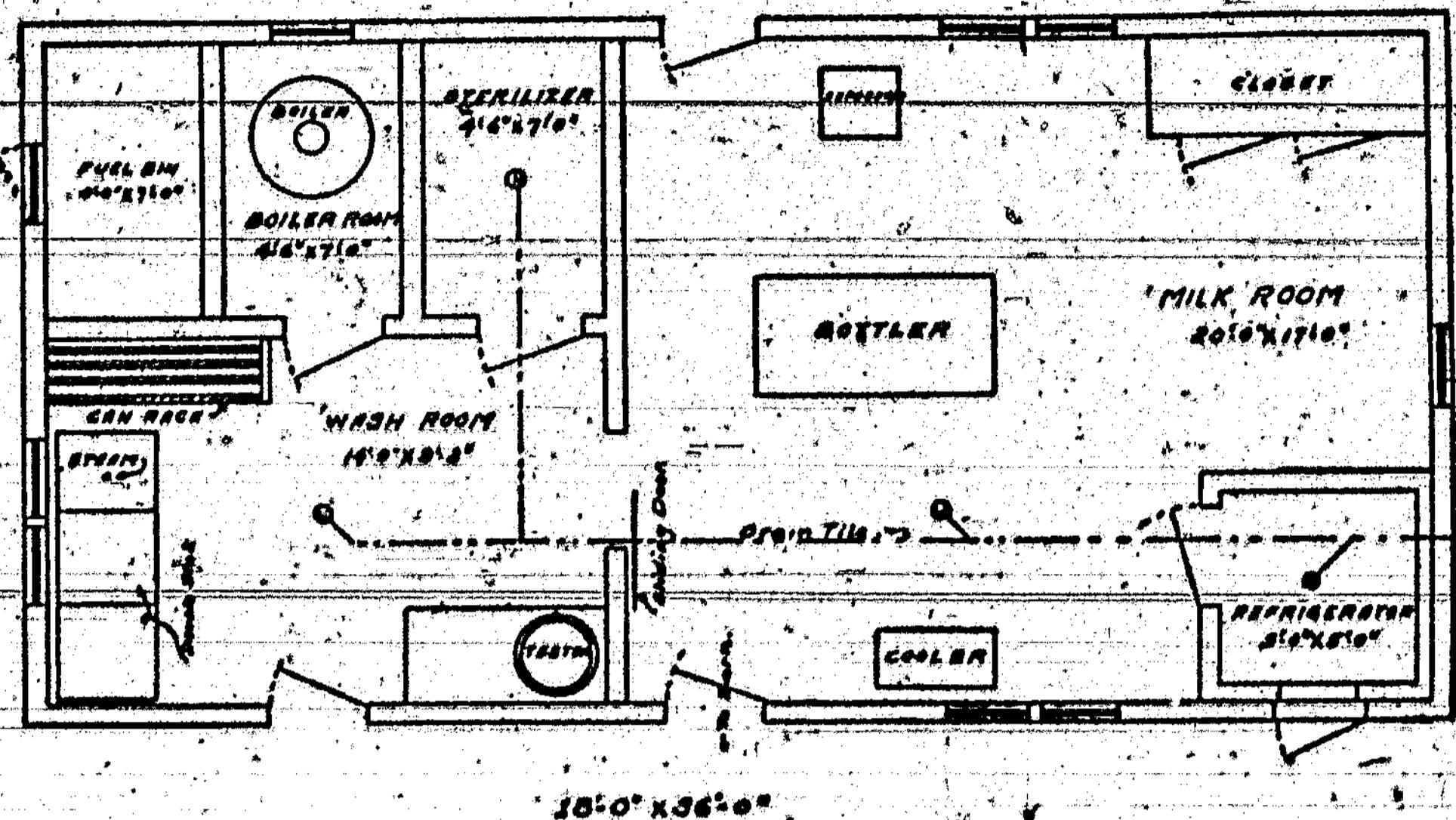
It is impossible to draw a plan of a dairy house that will meet the requirements of every individual case. In order to design a plan properly, it is necessary to know the size of the herd, how the product is to be disposed of (whether as whole milk, cream, or butter), the location of the barn, well, etc. However, there are a few general principles that should be followed in the building of any dairy house.

Location.—Although the dairy house should be near enough to the barn to be convenient, it should not be directly connected with the barn because it is then likely to be filled with stable odors which are absorbed by the milk or cream. It is well to leave an open-air space of six to ten feet between the barn and the dairy house. Placing the dairy house on the side of the barn opposite the barnyard also lessens the chance of stable odors being absorbed by the milk. Proper drainage from the dairy house is important and must be considered when selecting the location.

Construction.—The building material may be drop siding, brick, or concrete, depending upon the investment the builder desires to make. The inside walls should be smooth. Plastered walls are preferable since board walls have a tendency to rot, especially close to the floor. Stotting can be obviated to a certain extent by plastering the walls up to a height of about three feet.

The building should be so partitioned that the milk room, wash room, and boiler room are separate. The rooms should be well lighted by windows, and ventilation should be supplied by an opening placed in the ceiling of each room. Each ventilator should be fitted with some sort of damper to regulate its action.

A solid and impervious floor is essential. A cement floor meets these



DAIRY HOUSE FOR BOTTLING MILK

the following purposes: the dairy house is to serve, namely: (1) selling whole milk in bulk; (2) making butter or selling cream; and (3) bottling milk on the farm.

The illustrations shown are designed for dairies with as many as twenty-five cows in the herd. For larger herds it may be necessary to build a dairy house having larger dimensions than those submitted. If it is not intended to have the dairy house fitted with a boiler room and a washroom, it may be made smaller than suggested by eliminating that part of the building devoted to such rooms.

Dairy House for Selling Whole Milk in Bulk.

The milkroom should contain a coil cooler for cooling the milk as quickly as possible after it is drawn. The milk may then be put into eight or ten-gallon cans and set in the cooling tank, or the preliminary cooling may be omitted and the cans of warm milk placed in the cooling tank. The cooling tank may be fitted with water connections so that the milk can be kept cold by running water, or the tank may be insulated and fitted with a lid so that ice may be placed in the cooling water. The latter is not necessary if there is a good supply of cold water which will keep the milk at a temperature below 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

A hand-separator may be installed in case of the necessity of skimming surplus milk.

Dairy House for Selling Cream or Making Butter.

Selling cream necessitates the use of a centrifugal separator and a cooling tank or refrigerator. Making butter requires the additional equipment of a churn, and a table upon which to print and wrap the butter. The cooling tank may be built of any size depending on the amount of material to be kept cool. The cream should be cooled directly after skimming and kept cool until it is delivered or ripened for churning, as the case may be.

A gasoline engine may be installed in the washroom to furnish power for separating and churning. If such an engine is used, the exhaust should be piped through the roof of the building in order to avoid the possibility of the gasoline flavor being absorbed by the cream.

Dairy House for Bottling Milk.

For bottling milk on the farm the dairy house should be larger and contain more equipment than is required for the two above-mentioned purposes. A double-compartment sink is convenient for washing and rinsing bottles. There should be a sterilizer for sterilizing all bottles before they are filled. This may be used also to sterilize the milk pails, cooler and the bottler. The sterilizer may be constructed of hollow tile-plastered with cement plaster, or of heavy galvanized sheet iron reinforced with angle iron. A drain should be placed in the floor of the sterilizer and a ventilator with a tight-fitting damper in the ceiling. Shelves may be arranged so that they will hold the bottles in an inverted position, or, if cases of the proper kind are used, the bottles can be put into

the cases and the cases inverted. It is necessary to allow the bottles to cool before filling with the cold milk in order to prevent breakage, as well as to avoid warming the milk. A bottling table or small bottler may be used in bottling the milk. A well-constructed refrigerator is necessary for storing the bottled milk until it is delivered.

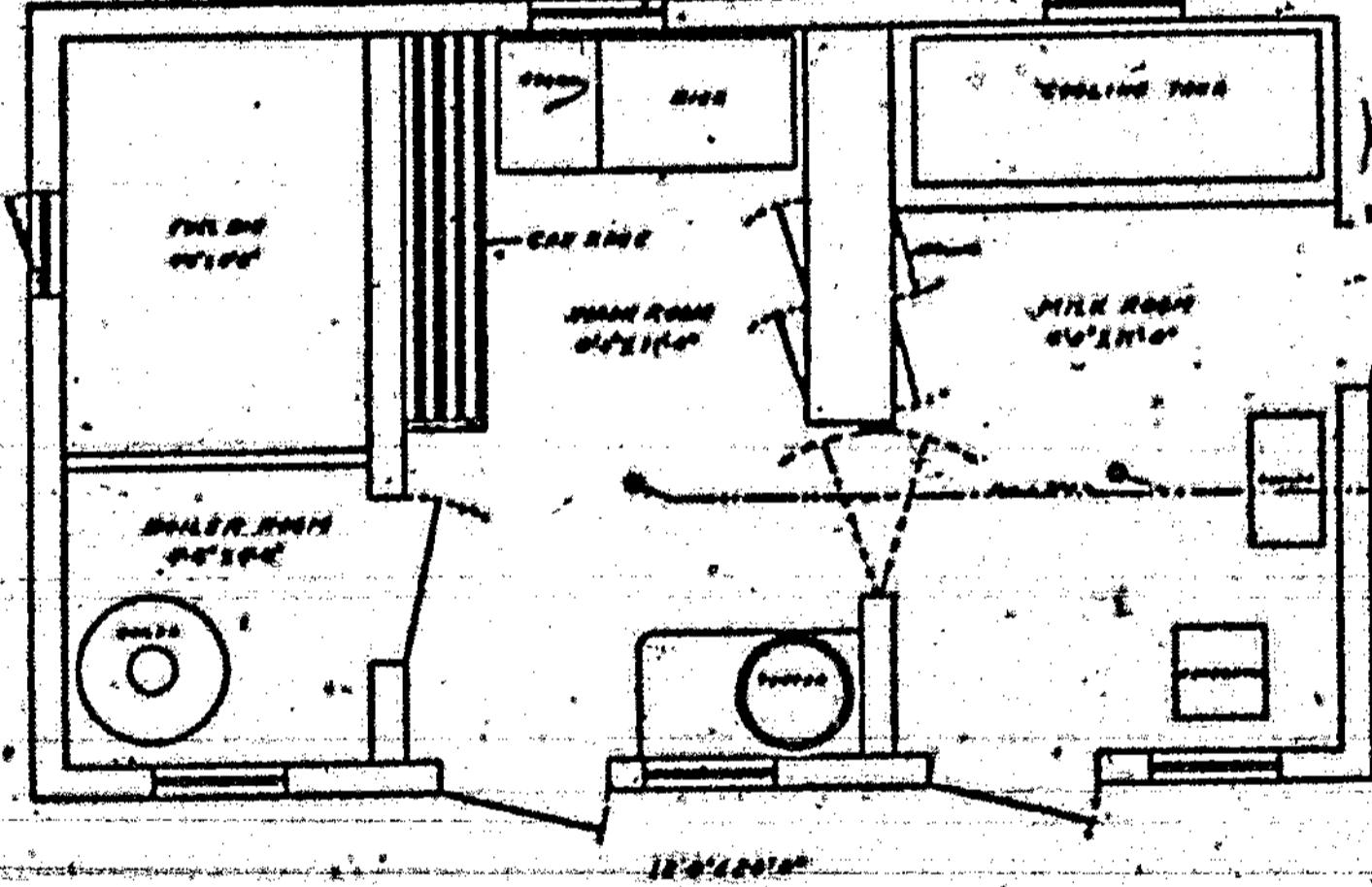
In constructing a refrigerator, proper insulation is extremely important in order to maintain a low temperature and to use ice economically. Either cork board or water-proof lath makes a very efficient insulation. These materials can be obtained in sheets 12 inches wide, 30 inches long and 2 inches thick. These sheets can be applied in the same way as lumber, and hence are very convenient to use. A refrigerator for storing milk, if built on the ground, should have the floor insulated with two inches of this material and the walls and ceiling with four inches.

When putting on this insulation it is best to use two layers and break the joints in each direction. A thin coat of cement plaster should be put in between the two layers and the outside, covered with cement plaster. The doors should be tight-fitting and well-insulated. The ice bunker should be placed in the upper part of the refrigerator and the air shafts should be so constructed as to obtain a good circulation of air. The illustration shows the proper method of insulating a refrigerator and also the construction necessary to give the proper circulation of air.

The milkroom should have some sort of cooler for cooling the milk rapidly to a temperature below 60 degrees Fahrenheit. As the milk is put into the cooler supply can it may be strained through cotton cutting flannel or through absorbent cotton held between cheesecloth.

A separator should be installed also for skimming surplus milk or to supply cream for the cream trade.

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.



HOSPITAL ALONG NEW-LINES

New York Institution That Will Be Devoted Exclusively to Cases Calling for Diagnosis.

There is soon to be established in New York the first diagnostic hospital in this country, which will perform in the highly specialized medicine of today the function of the old family physician of 50 years ago, says the New York Times. It will look over a patient suffering from an unidentified ailment, find out what is the matter with him and direct him to a specialist if he can afford it. If not, he will be sent back to the general practitioner under whose care he has been, with a complete diagnosis of his disease, a plan for treating it suggested by competent specialists, and references to recent literature on the subject.

The officers of the New York Diagnostic Society, which is planning the new institution, are Dr. M. Joseph Mandelbaum, president; Dr. De Witt Stepton, first vice president; Dr. Otto Henzel, second vice president; Dr. Julius Auerbach, treasurer; Dr. Monroe Kunstler, secretary. There are about 80 physicians and surgeons among the associate members. About \$100,000 has already been raised by the building fund committee, of which David Frankel is chairman, and only \$30,000 is still required to complete the sum needed for buildings and grounds, which will be in a central part of Manhattan.

It is hoped that the institution will be self-supporting and Doctor Mandelbaum has worked out a plan of installment payments which he thinks will bring about the result. "I know this will appear startling," he said, "to those who are set in the habit of looking at these figures from the standpoint of dollars and cents. But this is a practical plan and therefore must be considered from the most easily applied standard basis. This method of payment will be especially for those who

are wage earners, whereby if their application for diagnostic services is approved by their employer or others equally responsible, a method of small periodic payments will secure for them the very best diagnostic skill."

The need for such an institution was first pointed out by Dr. Charles H. Mayo in an address before the Catholic Hospital Association of Milwaukee. Doctor Mayo expressed the opinion that the one great present day need in the direction of hospital advancement was a hospital devoted exclusively to diagnosis.

Pattens.

Americans find it more difficult than the English to understand what Pattens means when he says in "Dad Copperfield": "Women went clicking along the pavement in pattens." Pattens were an abbreviated form of tulika. The word is also used by builders as the name of the base of a column or pillar, and so, architecturally, the pattern is the support used by a woman to keep her out of the water and mud. From this architectural use has come the secondary application of the word, meaning an arrangement attached to the shoe, so that the walker is raised three or four inches above the solid earth. If the mud and water did not exceed that depth, the shoes were thus kept fairly dry. It appears that pattens were not worn solely by the rich, but were luxuriously indulged in by the very poor.

In speaking of a person who was not especially speedy, Bob Jones uses the comparison, "You make no more haste now than a beggar upon pattens." In the ballad of "Farmer's Old Wife" occurs this startling expression: "She up with her pattens, and beat out their brains."

Altogether Different. There are lots of smart people in the world, but Americans isn't always intelligence. Americans is sometimes "dumb" may have to show. Intelligence is something everybody can see.

SEVEN YEARS AGO AND TO-DAY

Then He Had 6 Mules, \$660 Cash and Some Equity—Today He Has \$20,000 and Owns 2 Sections of Land.

The story of the wealth of Western Canada cannot be told too often; the truth will bear repeating. And in telling of it it is hoped that advantage will be taken of the great opportunities that Western Canada offers by those who are today struggling for a mere existence, by those who are occupying land, high in price and high in rentals.

When grain, live stock and dairying in 1916, there was a return from the three Prairie Provinces of \$259,000,000, or an increase of four million dollars over 1915, and 115 million dollars over 1914.

A prominent Trust Company says: Some of our contract holders have paid off their purchase money on lands bought a year ago out of this year's crop, and what one man can do another can do. Thousands of Southern Alberta farmers harvested an average of 40 to 50 bushels of No. 1 wheat to the acre. These farmers have more real money to spend than any other people on the American Continent. J. D. Johnston of Bladsworth, Sask., left Johnson County, Kansas, seven years ago. When he left he had \$600 in cash, six mules, some settler's effects and an equity in some prairie land. Mr. Johnston tells his story:

"In my seven years' residence in Saskatchewan, I have raised seven good crops the value of this year's crop alone being Twenty thousand dollars. I now own Two Sections of improved land, 17 horses and mules, 40 cattle, a large steam thresher and a full line of farm machinery."

We have made five trips to Kansas, one trip to the Pacific Coast and return. We have enjoyed the society of a class of people that whom none better can be found. The climate is healthful and invigorating. The soil is fertile and productive, well adapted for the production of the best quality and large yields of all cereals and vegetables, wild and tame grasses. It is an excellent stock country."

The question of taxes is one that carries with it considerable weight. Coming from a man like Mr. Johnston the same weight should be given the answer. He says:

The tax system especially commands itself to me as being simple, reasonable and just. All direct taxes are levied on the land at its appraised market value, exclusive of improvements thereon. No tax on personal property. This tends to discourage the holding of lands by speculators who prevent its cultivation or improvement, hoping to realize profits from the enhanced value of their holdings due to the industrial activities of the bona fide settlers. It tends to encourage the settlers to rear substantial improvements upon their land without paying a penalty in the form of taxation therefor. It encourages the raising of live stock and the possession of other personal property necessary to the development of the country.

"The laws are well and economically administered. Citizens of the Dominion vote on election of members of parliament and members of the Provincial assembly, while on questions of local improvements and school matters the franchise is exercised by rate payers, irrespective of citizenship.

The people are enterprising, school facilities are good. Taxation just and reasonable. Military service voluntary. Patriotic fervor unsurpassed, law and order, the rule, and crime the rare exception. It is the land of banks, schools, telephones, grain elevators, broad, fertile acres, good climate, good citizenship and abounding in opportunities for the industrious man or woman of good morals, in short, the land of promise and fulfillment. I know of no better anywhere." —Advertisement.

Fixing the Time. Bill (coming to after a shell has hit his dugout)—Have I been long unconscious? William—Oh, a goodish bit, Bill.

Bill—What do you call "goodish bit"? William—Well, a longish time, Bill.

Bill—Well, what's that white on the hill? Is it snow or daisies?

A MINISTER'S CONFESSION.

Rev. W. H. Warner, Myerstown, Md., writes: "My trouble was sciatica. My back was affected and took the form of lumbago. I also had neuralgia, cramps in my muscles, pressure or sharp pain on the top of my head, and nervous dizzy spells. I had other symptoms showing my kidneys were at fault, so I took Dodd's Kidney Pills. They were the means of saving my life. I write to say that your medicine restored me to perfect health." Be sure and get "DODD'S," the name with the three D's. For the diseased, disordered, strangled kidneys, just as Rev. Warner did, no similarly named article will do.—A.T.Y.

Logical Conclusion.

"He is not out of the woods yet."

"That is why they think they can tree him."

Husband's Qualities.

Agnes—The ostrich doesn't see much and doesn't everything.

Bruce—What an ideal husband.

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste, and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its "little system" is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment given.

"Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 5-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

The Masculine Way.
He—Men never gossip.
She—Of course not. They merely investigate rumors.

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, full, abundant and appears as soft, lustreous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dusty dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itchy and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv.

Color of It.
"He's in a brown study."
"I wonder if it's over a blue funk or a black thought?"

GOOD FOR HUNGRY CHILDREN

Children love Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti because of its delicious taste. It is good for them and you can give them all they want. It is a great builder of bone and muscle, and does not make them nervous and irritable like meat. The most economical and nutritious food known. Made from the finest Durum wheat. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Nebr., for beautiful cook book. It is sent free to mothers. Adv.

Equal to the Demand.
"I never use any but pasteurized milk in the city," said the new boarder; "can you furnish it?"

"Yes, indeed!" was the confident reply: "our cows are kept in the pasture all summer."—The Christian Herald.

CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER; BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box.

Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passage every few days with Salts, Cathartie Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters? Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripes, colics or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, or Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

Husband's Qualities.

Agnes—The ostrich doesn't see much and doesn't everything.

Bruce—What an ideal husband.

A FRIEND'S ADVICE

Woman Saved From a Serious Surgical Operation.

Louisville, Ky.—"For four years I suffered from female trouble, headaches, and nervousness. I could not sleep, had no appetite and it hurt me to walk. If I tried to do any work, I would have to lie down before it was finished. The doctors said I would have to be operated on and I simply broke down. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the result is I feel like a new woman. I am well and strong, do all my own house work and baby girl. I know Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation which every woman dreads."—Mrs. NELLIE FISCHER, 1621 Christy Ave., Louisville, Ky.

Everyone naturally dreads the surgeon's knife. Sometimes nothing else will do, but many times Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved the patient and made an operation unnecessary.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

Some Consolation.

We are told that housewives can no longer afford to serve cabbage. That's too bad, of course—but how much better the boarding house of the future is going to smell!

SKIN TORTURES.

That Itch, Burn and Scale Quickly Relieved by Cuticura—Trial Free.

It takes about ten minutes to prove that a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment will afford relief and point to speedy healing of eczemas, itchings and irritations. They are ideal for all toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book Address postcard. Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Getting Free Notices.

That eminent self-advertiser, Houdini, is just summing up the net results of his purchase of the Bernhardt statue. You may possibly remember that the statue was presented to Mama Bernhardt by John Drew, in the name of the actors of America, and afterwards was discovered not to have been paid for.

The sculptor's wife sent Bernhardt a bill for it and Bernhardt promptly responded that she had accepted it as a gift and would send it back rather than pay for it. A most embarrassing situation ensued and all the newspapers commented upon it.

Then came Houdini to the fore. He paid the sculptor's wife for the statue and wrote Mama Bernhardt begging her to keep it with his compliments and forget an incident which had brought embarrassment to the door of the world's greatest artiste. Houdini has

just finished tabulating the returns from his press clippings describing his highly commendable act and linking his name with Bernhardt's have been received.

Over half of them were first-page stories. They average 15 lines in length. Estimating this advertising at the pure reading matter rate of a dollar a line, Houdini calculates that he has reaped the equivalent of an expenditure of \$56,840. The statue cost him \$300.—New York Letter.

In a Novel.

"Well, this heroine marries early, I must say."

"Huh?"

"Page thirteen."



SPEED
combined with
good judgment
counts in business
now-a-days.

Grape-Nuts FOOD

supplies balanced
nourishment for
sturdy muscles
and active brains.

"There's a Reason."

No change in price, quality
or size of package.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Cabinet Coachmen Fear Intrusion of Automobile

WASHINGTON.—Half a dozen or more veteran coachmen in the cabinet set viewed with no little trepidation Secretary of State Lansing's move to have automobiles substituted in the traditional, executive and judicial horse-drawn carriages used by members of the president's official family. The secretary asked for a \$6,000 machine. The house scaled the allowance to \$4,000.

When he gets his motor car the secretary of state's pair of sleek bays will be relegated to the depleted equine market. It may be expected that other cabinet officers will follow the premier's lead. The passing of the cabinet carriages will be regretted by many Washingtonians who have taken a sort of pride in the prancing steeds which transport the various secretaries on their official errands. President Roosevelt was the first chief executive to discard the White House teams, when he purchased a limousine, now doing taxicab duty here.

Subsequently President Taft drove an unusual bargain with an exclusive automobile concern, by which he obtained three big cars at an annual cost of only \$500, with new cars furnished every year. The same agreement is still in force, and the manufacturer, although he is not allowed to advertise the fact that his cars are used at the White House, has shown no inclination to alter the contract.

Boulevards Along the Potomac River Are Advocated

A BOULEVARD on both sides of the Potomac river from Washington to Great Falls. A bridge across the Potomac at Great Falls connecting these boulevards. A boulevard from Washington south to Mt. Vernon, connecting with the upper Potomac park development.

These, in brief, were the suggestions made to the national park conference by A. B. Casselman, as the next stage in the development of Washington's park system.

Mr. Casselman, an employee of the interior department, has made a prolonged study of the scenic beauties of the Potomac, with a view to adapting a park plan to make them accessible. Mr. Casselman pointed out the propriety of connecting the Great Falls boulevard with Mt. Vernon because George Washington was deeply interested in Great Falls and helped dig the canals there, the first in this country.

Below the Highway bridge, and north of Alexandria, he said, there lie 400 or 500 acres of shallow river which should be reclaimed. Some of the portion of the original District of Columbia, ceded back to Virginia in 1846, Mr. Casselman said, should be restored to the national government, because the government has interests of great magnitude, especially those in the power site at Great Falls, along both sides of the river.

He said that President Taft had recommended the acquisition by the government of a portion of the Virginia tract, and that Ambassador Bryce had said: "It is an ingratitude to providence if the country does not use the great natural beauty of the upper Potomac." "Nowhere in this country," Mr. Casselman said, "does such scenery exist within easy distance of a great city as that this side of the falls."

He said that if the plan to have a great lake at Little Falls is carried out that makes the development of the land above Little Falls all the more desirable.

The beauty of Washington, he continued, is no longer a matter of local, but of national, interest.

"It will not be many decades," he predicted, "until Washington has a million population, and then it will be too late to acquire the territory needed for the Great Falls Park plan."

Aged Servants in Washington Are Awarded Prizes

HAVING lived in Washington for 64 years, and not having been downtown in the last 40 years, is the strange record of Theresa Harper, eighty-seven years old, as revealed at a meeting of the Federation of Women's Clubs, when the prizes were awarded in the domestic servants' contest.

She was awarded a diploma and first prize of \$10 for having served the most number of years as a servant in one family. She is now in the house of George Clifford Boardman, and has been in the Boardman family since she was a child.

Theresa was brought downtown in an automobile to receive her prize, and she said that it was the first time that she was south of M street in 40 years. She is well at her advanced age and said that she could still sew, bake and cook in the same unequalled style that is known only to her kind.

The daughter of an African princess and a Nubian nobleman is the royal lineage of which Regina Taylor boasted when she received the prize for having seen the longest service under one mistress. She has been a servant for Mrs. J. H. Macals for 62 years. Regina sang a song in Spanish. Robert Allen received the prize for being the male servant who saw the longest service under one master. He has been in the residence of William M. Galt for 62 years.

Miss Flora Briggs led the singing of "Carry Me Back to Ole Virginny." As the old servants, many of whom were born slaves, joined in the singing tears streamed from their eyes.

When the Residents of the Capital Go Skating

WASHINGTON on ice is a very giddy Washington. It is not the Washington of broad-brimmed senators, frock-coated representatives and tailor-made diplomats, but a grand, whirling, gliding Washington of youngsters from eight years old to eighty. It is a city turned loose on its very small parcel of ice to enjoy in the pleasant, crisp air all the carnival spirit that Jack Frost will allow in this southern latitude. Only a few hours' journey to the north will bring one to a region where ice skating lasts for days at a time—often for weeks.

The pretty little ink out of Chevy Chase has the reputation of freezing first, with the water of the pelican pond in the rear a close second. When Washington goes out to skate the population of the city appears to be made up of a tremendous number of very pretty girls. That is an interesting proposition to start off with. Wherever there is ice, there is also Mabel and Maud and Clarisse and all the rest, followed persistently by a large mob of very sporty-looking and proficient youths who really think they have gone out to skate—but who are following the eternal feminine as blindly and as slavishly as did their parents long before them.

There is always on view the brave young man who seems to be stuck with wild flowers at dances and upper berths on hot nights on trains, and whose skating career seems to be limited to teaching two very heavy ladies how to do the simplest maneuvers on ice. With a heavy beauty on either side of him, his whole afternoon is spent in falling first on one and then on the other, varied only when one or both of them fall on him.

The Chevy Chase and 200 ponds have what seems to be the same crowd continuously through the few days of skating in Washington, but whenever the basin freezes over, then, indeed, is the Washington skater in the seventh heaven of delight. And when the river itself offers a safe journey to the skater who would go from the aqueduct to the Long bridge—well, all winter skating fades into insignificance.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLAIN CAKE

Simple Confection to Serve at Lunch or to Follow the Sunday Evening Supper.

One and one-half cupfuls of pastry flour or one and one-eighth cupfuls bread flour, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, speck of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful grated nutmeg, one-fourth cupful butter, one cupful sugar, two eggs, one-half cupful milk. With a plain cake as a foundation many variations may be made. Substitute one-half teaspoonful of vanilla or lemon extract for the nutmeg. For a white or silver cake omit the egg yolks and use the whites only, more may be added for layer cake. Bake in shallow pans of equal size and when cooked place filling between the layers.

Rillon cake may be made by dividing the latter into two or more equal parts. Color one or more and bake each portion separately, then place in layers with jelly between. A richer cake may be made by using twice the quantity of butter and one-fourth cupful more of flour should then be added. For raisin or nut cake add one-half cupful of seeded raisins or chopped nuts, sprinkle with two tablespoonsfuls of flour and add to sifted dry ingredients. Currants or citron may also be added. Dark cake may be made by adding molasses, spices, coco, etc. Add flour to make the batter of required consistency. For marble cake put a portion of plain or white cake into the baking pan, scatter a spoonful of a dark cake mixture over it and cover with remainder of the light mixture.

DAINTIES FOR LUNCH BASKET

Take Only a Little Time to Prepare and Will Be Appreciated by the Schoolgirl or Boy.

Tiny buttered tea rolls, potato salad (small jar), sponge cake, coffee (in small bottle).

Brown bread sandwiches, stuffed eggs, vanilla cookies.

Nut sandwiches, cold roast veal, cake of sweet chocolate.

Date sandwiches, jar of chicken salad, apple turnovers.

Plain bread and butter sandwich, cold roast beef, stuffed dates.

If possible, through the winter months it would be well to have small jars of chowder, soups, coffee, tea, coconuts, or anything that may be reheated. These may be placed in dishes of hot water over gas or heated in any way to make a warm lunch for the girls.

GERMAN KUCHEN.

Take one quart of milk, one cupful of butter and lard mixed and scalded. When cool add two cupfuls of sugar, two cupfuls salt, one yeast cake and about 1½ cupfuls of flour. Do not have the dough too stiff. Raise over night. In the morning roll out one-half inch thick and lay on rows of apples. Sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon and raise a little while. Bake till the apples are tender.

Cinnamon Kuchen.—Roll the same as for above. Then take three common crackers rolled fine and the same amount of sugar with a little cinnamon and mix together. Spread little bits of butter on the cakes and then cover with the mixture of crackers and sugar.

Kuchen Loaf.—Cut one-fourth cupful raisins fine and add to some of the dough and raise and bake the same as bread.

FRUIT SALAD.

Take any fruits in season, and pare and cut them into neat pieces. Bananas, pineapple and pears make a good combination, and orange quarters may be added too, with the seeds and thin, tough skin covering the quarters removed. Put all the fruit into a deep bowl, the pineapple on top. Sprinkle sugar thickly on top, and add lemon juice and water in the proportion of one part of lemon juice to four parts of water. Add enough liquid barely to cover the fruit. Let the whole stand for some hours, then stir up from the bottom and serve with whipped cream.

YORKSHIRE PARKIN.

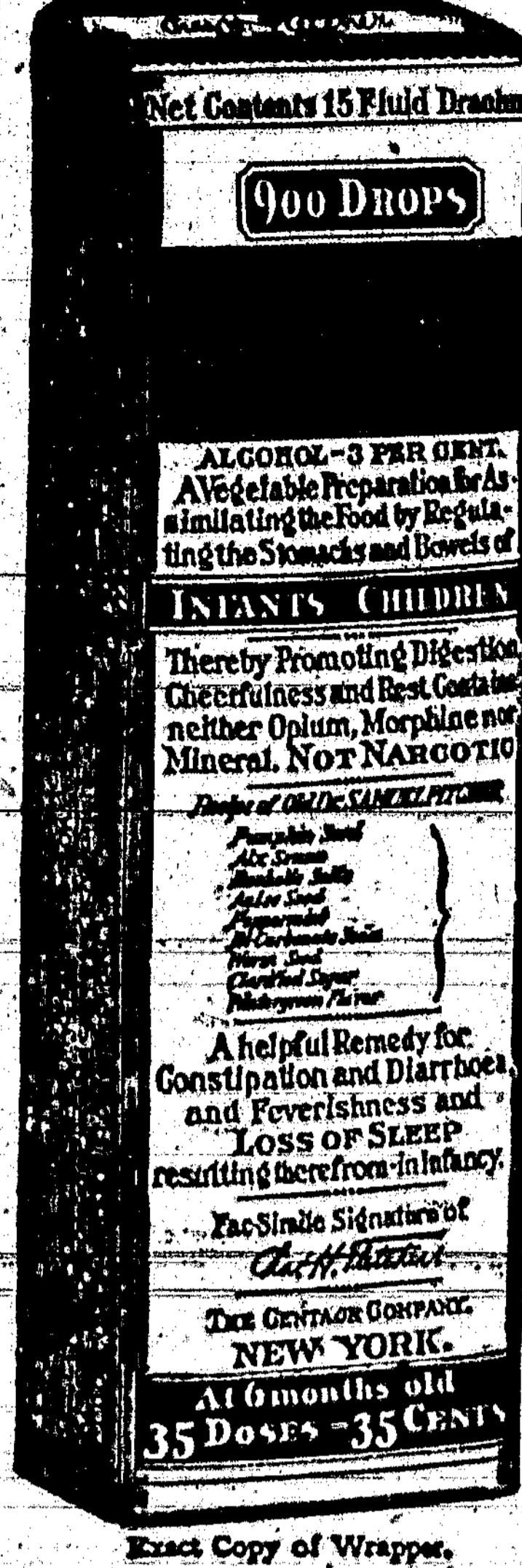
One and three-fourths pounds of flour, one pound of oatmeal, four ounces of butter, two cupfuls of molasses, one cupful of milk, six teaspoonsful of baking powder, one dessert spoonful of ginger, ground. Mix the dry ingredients well together, warm the molasses with the milk. Do not make it hot, and mix the whole together. Bake in a well-buttered tin for one hour. Of course you know this is better when allowed to stand for a few days. I always think it seems to soften up some.

CREAM PUFFS.

One cupful of water and one-half cupful of butter; boil together; while boiling stir in one cupful sifted flour; remove from fire and stir into a smooth paste. When cool add three unbeaten eggs, stirring five minutes. Drop in spoonfuls on buttered tins and bake in a quick oven 25 minutes. For cream take one cupful of milk, one-half cupful of sugar, one egg, three tablespoonsfuls of flour, cook thoroughly and flavor. When the puffs are cold open and fill with cream.

USE FOR BROKEN CUPS.

Teacups with broken handles are very useful for poaching eggs. Buffer the inside, break the egg into the cup and stand the cup in the frying pan half filled with water. It keeps the egg in good shape when poached, easy to slip on to toast and is cleaner than poaching in a frying pan.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature

of

Dr. J. H. GROVE,
In Use.

For Over
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Shipping Fever

Influenza, Pink-Eye, Distemper, Ear, nose, and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "exposed."

Kept from having any of these diseases with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND. Three to six doses often cure.

1 cent bottle guaranteed to do so. Best thing for brood mare. Used in the blood see a bottle 18 dozen bottles. Drugists and harness shops or manufacturers sell it. Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Geeska, Ind., U. S. A.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Housecleaning is never as bad as the poems written about it.

A FAVORITE KIDNEY MEDICINE IN THIS STATE

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands equal to the best kidney, liver and bladder medicines, and customers are generally well pleased with the benefits derived from its use in the diseases for which it is intended. Nearly a quarter of a century ago I began selling it and since that time know that it has done much good in this locality.

Very truly yours,

J. A. HUBER, Druggist, July 14, 1916, Louisville, Colo.

PREVE What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send tea cans to Dr. Kilmer Co., Birmingham, N. Y., for a sample size bottle.

It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information telling about the kidneys and bladder.

When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores. Adv.

Note the evil results of smoking as illustrated by the volcano; it constantly suffers from eruptions.

Within this reach of every woman health and strength. They're brought to you by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Take this and certain remedy for the removal of rheumatism, rheumatism, and disease peculiar to the sex. It will build up, strengthen, and invigorate every "run-down" or delicate woman. It regulates and assists all the natural functions.

At some period in her life, a woman requires a special tonic and nervine.

If you're tired of afflicted woman turn to "Favorite Prescription" you will find it never fails to benefit.

Cold in tablet or liquid form.

You will escape many ills and clear up the coated tongue, the sallow complexion, the dull headache, the lazy liver, if you will take a pleasant laxative made up of ripe apple, juice of the leaves of sliced mint, a cup size called "Pleasant Pillar." You can obtain this drug store these vegetable-potato-tar-witch-root pills for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pillar.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

What costs nothing is worth nothing.

The Quinine That Does Not Cause Nervousness or Ringing in Head

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THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

Published Fridays at Carrizozo, Lincoln County, N. M.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Carrizozo, N. M., June 2, 1906.

Subscription Rate, \$2.00 per year; six months, \$1.00.

HALEY & DINGWALL

Publishers

The New Mexico legislature adjourned Saturday, the 10th, after a session of sixty days. Much legislation was enacted during the last few days, in fact, nearly all the enactments of the entire session were rushed through the last three or four days. Naturally, this character of legislation is quite likely to be faulty, and may easily be more damaging than beneficial. However, notwithstanding this haste, it is said that some wholesome legislation was put through, and some

proposed vicious legislation put to sleep. It is too early to review the work of the legislature as a whole, but taking it by and large it seems to be an improvement over the past two sessions, for which the people of New Mexico should be duly thanked.

The bills that have been signed by the governor and are, therefore, law, appear in this issue of the News by title, number, etc.,

and from that the reader may form his opinion, pending the publication of the laws themselves.

The Germans are falling back in France. It is said the retrograde movement is made for strategical reasons; at any rate, the allies have not yet fathomed its purpose.

Bagdad, the ancient city on the Tigris, has been captured by the British. Where will the Turk go when driven out of both Europe and Asia?

President Wilson has called congress in extra session, the date of the special session to begin April 16.

The lunacy board has found that Harry K. Thaw is insane. The public knew that ten years ago.

New Laws By

The Legislature

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

clause, effective at once. Approved March 8, 1917.

S. B. No. 66—An act to appropriate funds to pay transportation charges of certain students in the Normal schools. Approved March 8, 1917.

S. B. No. 231—As amended. An act appropriating the sum of \$1,500.00 to pay A. A. Sedillo for expenses sustained and services performed in connection with the translation into Spanish of the 1915 Codification. (Carries emergency clause, effective at once.) Approved March 8, 1917.

S. B. No. 190—An act relative to motions for new trials and appeals in cases tried by a jury and amending Section 4226 of the Codification of 1915. Carries emergency clause, effective at once. Approved March 10, 1917; 4:30 p. m.

S. B. No. 65—As amended. An act providing appellate procedure in civil and criminal cases, and repealing certain sections of

existing laws. Approved March 10; filed March 10, 1917; 4:30 p. m. S. B. No. 167—An act to provide for the maintenance of the co-operative agricultural extension work. Carries emergency clause, effective at once. Approved March 10; filed March 10, 1917; 4:30 p. m.

S. B. No. 14—An act to amend Section 4282 Code 1915, relative to assessment of costs in civil actions. Approved March 10; filed March 10, 1917; 4:30 p. m.

S. B. No. 221—An act providing for cross complaints, and making new parties to an action. Approved March 10; filed March 10, 1917; 4:30 p. m.

S. B. No. 188—An act to amend Paragraph 2927 of the New Mexico Statutes, Code 1915, relating to district prohibition. Approved March 12; filed March 10, 1917; 5 p. m.

S. B. No. 107—An act authorizing the transfer of monies to the salary fund in the event of a deficit.

H. B. No. 252—An act to amend Sections 335, 340, 351, and 352, Code of 1915, concerning admission to the bar and practice of the law. (Carries emergency clause, effective at once.) Approved March 10, 1917; 4:40 p. m.

S. B. 123—Appropriating \$25,000 for a survey of the Rio Grande, looking to its drainage.

H. B. 21. Acknowledgement of chattel mortgages.

H. B. 280. Relative to intervention in attachment proceedings.

H. B. 279. Relative to garnishment of judgment debtors.

H. B. 49. Providing for the creation of a board for uniform legislation.

S. B. 24. Defining the crime of incest and providing punishment.

Substitute for S. B. 13. Making an appropriation of \$10,000 to purchase a silver service for the battleship "New Mexico."

S. B. 218. Declaring the road from Elephant Butte, via Rodeo, to the Arizona line a state highway.

S. B. 227. Providing that any constitutional amendment proposed at the recent session shall be voted on November 6, 1917.

S. B. 246. Fixing the time for court terms in the Fifth judicial district.

S. B. 181. Providing for additional assistants to county clerks, when the fees collected exceed the entire amount allowed for clerk hire by the county salary law.

S. B. 132. Providing penalties for any person who falsely represents himself or herself to be

CONTINUED ON PAGE 2

Lists 3-1623-3782
Restoration to Entry of Lands in National Forest

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 320 acres, within the Lincoln National Forest, New Mexico, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States, and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat. 233), at the United States land office at Roswell, New Mexico, on May 28, 1917.

Any settler who was actually and good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make a homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to May 28, 1917, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The SW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 29; SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 30; NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 31; NW 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 32; T. 11 S., R. 15 E., N. M. P. M., 160 acres; application of Peter G. Hale, Ruidoso, New Mexico; List 3-1653.

The W 1/2 SE 1/4, E 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 14, T. 8 S., R. 14 E., N. M. P. M., 160 acres; application of Mary A. Gray, Capitan, New Mexico; List 3-3782, February 28, 1917. D. K. PARROT, Acting Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office.

3-1644

IT IS NO LONGER POSSIBLE to do business in the small way of our fathers, the cash drawer and the money till have largely passed out of sight. In their place is the commercial bank, with all its many advantages and help to trade. If you are one of those who have not yet a bank account, we invite you to open an account with us.

TIMES HAVE CHANGED.

The Exchange Bank of Carrizozo

THE LUCAS HOSPITAL

Modern Equipment

Rates furnished on application
by

ROBERT T. LUCAS, M. D.

Trained Nurse In Charge

Carrizozo - New Mexico

THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

The Titsworth Company WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Cement, Lime Dynamite,
Black Leaf 40 Fuse, Caps,
Auto Casings, Grain Bags,
Medicated Stock Salt, Etc.

Our Stock is large and
Our Prices are reasonable

The Titsworth Company CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS.

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 88

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., February 25, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of the Acts of Congress approved June 21, 1890 and June 20, 1910 and the acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, has filed in this office a selection list for the following

described lands, to wit:

List 770, Serial No. 012007.
NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 21, T. 23 S., R. 16 E., N. M. P. M., 10 acres.

Plots or enclosures against any or all of such selection may be filed in this office during the period of publication or at any time thereafter before final approval and certification.

March 9-April 6. A. J. Evans, Register.

Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico

March 1, 1917.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1917, the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 28th, 1911 (31 Stat. 566) the following described land, to wit:

Southeast quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section Eleven (11), Township Two (2) South of Range Twelve (12) East, N. M. P. M., containing forty (40) acres.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or claiming to be adverse in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location, or to withdraw from the local office for the same district in which the land is situated, to withdraw the land office aforesaid and to establish their interest therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Las Cruces, New Mexico

March 10, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Lawrence O. Olsen, of Otero, N. M., who, on November 15, 1916, made homestead entry No. 0893, for NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 30, NE 1/4, Township 9, Range 12, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final his year Proof, to establish claim to the land as described before Leslie Flanagan, U. S. Commissioner, at Otero, N. M., on the 15th day of May, 1917.

Calvert comes as witness.

George F. Jones, Herman Riddle, George L. Boggs, Adolph H. Giebel, All of Otero, N. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO OF A BOVE NOTICE OF INTENTION TO MAKE F. PROOF,

JOHN L. BURNS, IDE, Register.

March 15-April 12.

J. K. SUCH
WATCH AND JEWELRY
REPAIRING

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

El Paso Ave. and 4th St.

R. L. Ransom
Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates furnished on all kinds
of plastering and cement work

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

W. H. CORWIN
Contractor and Builder

Brick, Plastering & Cement Work

Estimate furnished

Otero, N. M.

The Carrizozo Bar

A. R. TICE, Proprietor

Bonded Whiskies : \$1.50 per quart
Straight Bourbon Whiskey : 45¢ per gallon
Various kinds of Wine : .50 per quart

Agent for Blatz Milwaukee Beer

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

M-O-N-U-M-E-N-T-S

We carry the largest stock in the Southwest. Freight pre-paid, every job guaranteed. Write for designs and estimates.

Bowers Monument Company

Albuquerque, N. M.

215 East Central

New Laws by the Legislature
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1
blind, deaf, dumb, crippled or otherwise defective.

S. B. 120. Declaring the Hondo-Newman road a state highway.
S. B. 109. Granting fire insurance companies the right to insure automobiles.

S. B. 119. Regulating the sale of real estate of lunatics.

S. B. 116. Declaring the Mora-Cieneguilla road a state highway.

S. B. 105. Relating to proof of signature and handwriting.

S. B. 76. Providing that artisans who repair motor vehicles and persons who store and care for them and furnish supplies shall have liens on the vehicles for unpaid debts.

S. B. 42. Providing penalties for the unauthorized use of automobiles.

S. B. 38. Authorizing the state highway commission to enter into an agreement with the United States government for the construction of rural post roads under the provisions of the Federal Aid road act.

S. B. 213. Relating to ditches and aqueducts.

S. B. 252. Providing for the drainage of state lands.

S. B. 176. Amending the Clark public monies law by providing that public funds shall be deposited in banks in proportion to the capital and surplus; no deposits in any institution to exceed 75 per cent of the capital and surplus.

H. B. 252. Concerning admission to the bar of New Mexico.

H. B. 322. Providing for the sale of state lands on deferred payments. Purchase can be made by the payment of one-twentieth of the purchase price, the balance to be paid at the end of 30 years, the lands to be taxed during that period.

H. B. 281. Providing for compensation for services rendered to receivers.

H. B. 257. Fixing the time of court terms in Lincoln County.

The Western Garage has a new member in its firm, J. B. French. This concern has put a lot of Fords on the road the past year and intends to increase the number the coming year. The garage has undergone rearrangement and will be further modernized as time ticks along.

Legal Notice
State of New Mexico, vs.
County of Lincoln, vs.
Henry Fritz, Emil Fritz, surviving heirs of
Charles Fritz, deceased, Mrs. Clara Rankin,
Mrs. Carla Vorwerk, Mrs. Jessie Dolan, Chester
John Wilkinson, minchew of Mrs. Tilla
Reynolds, deceased, Joseph U. Reynolds, all of
whom are香气 heirs in law of Willie Fritz,
deceased, and all unknown persons who may
come in to be made parties as claimants to the
sums described below in this notice, or who
may have or claim any interest in the estate of

STATE BANK REPORT

Report of the Condition of Lincoln State Bank of Carrizozo New Mexico, at the Close of Business March 5, 1917

RESOURCES

1. Loans and Discounts	\$ 8241.70
(b) Secured by Collateral other than Real Estate	\$2150.00
(c) All Other Loans	6091.70
2. Overdrafts	NONE
3. Bonds, Securities, etc., including Premiums thereon	NONE
4. Furniture and Fixtures	4015.37
5. Due from Banks	35801.90
6. Checks and Other Cash Items	576.95
7. Actual Cash on Hand	8378.05
(a) Gold Coin	935.00
(b) Silver Coin	1689.05
(c) Currency	574.00
8. Other Resources, Expenses Paid	632.35
Total Resources	\$57646.32

PRESIDENT, J. B. FRENCH. VICE-PRESIDENT, F. W. GURNEY. CASHIER, H. S. CAMPBELL. DIRECTORS: J. B. French, S. B. Fairbaugh, F. W. Gurney, Geo. L. Ulrich, H. S. Campbell.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO, ss. H. S. Campbell, Cashier, and J. B. French, President, and F. W. Gurney, Director, and J. B. French, Director, and H. S. Campbell, Director, of the Lincoln State Bank of Carrizozo, New Mexico, a bank organized under the laws of the Territory, now State of New Mexico, upon oath duly sworn, each for himself deposeth and says, that the above and foregoing statements of the Resources and Liabilities, Depositors, Interest paid on deposits and Dividends paid on Capital Stock, of the above named bank at the close of business March 5, 1917, are correct and true.

(Signed) H. S. Campbell, Cashier, J. B. French, President, F. W. Gurney, Director, H. S. Campbell, Director.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, A. D. 1917.

[Seal] C. A. PERKINS, Notary Public.

My commission expires Dec. 23, 1917.

LIABILITIES

1. Capital Stock Paid In	\$25000.00
2. Individual Deposits, subject to check without notice	25625.95
3. Certificates of Deposit	5728.00
4. Cashier's Checks outstanding	969.99
5. Interest and Exchange Collected	322.38

Total Liabilities \$57646.32

H. S. Campbell, Cashier, and J. B. French, President, and F. W. Gurney, Director, and J. B. French, Director, and H. S. Campbell, Director, of the Lincoln State Bank of Carrizozo, New Mexico, a bank organized under the laws of the Territory, now State of New Mexico, upon oath duly sworn, each for himself deposeth and says, that the above and foregoing statements of the Resources and Liabilities, Depositors, Interest paid on deposits and Dividends paid on Capital Stock, of the above named bank at the close of business March 5, 1917, are correct and true.

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Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, A. D. 1917.

[Seal] C. A. PERKINS, Notary Public.

Baptist Church

Rev. J. M. Gardner, Pastor.

The temperance rally last Sun-

day night was a great success.

Mr. R. E. Farley had a full

house to give his splendid address

to. Every one who heard him

was led to believe that the pros-

pects of New Mexico's going dry

are fine.

There will be no preaching

services at the Baptist Church

Sunday on account of the Sunday

school convention at the Method-

ist Church, but Sunday school

will be held at 10 a.m. and Junior

and Senior B. Y. P. U's as usual.

Rev. J. M. Gardner will preach

at Capitan Tuesday March 20th,

Lincoln Wednesday March 21st

St. Stanton Thursday March

22nd.

Stoves and Ranges.

Builders' Hardware.

N. B. TAYLOR & SONS

Blacksmithing and Hardware

CARRIZOZO & WHITE OAKS

Tinware, Paints, Glass, Oils of all kinds,

Harness, Ammunition, Etc.

Special Facilities

For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best
the market affords.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

NEW PRICES, August 1, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis \$325.00

Runabout 345.00

Touring Car 360.00

f. o. b. Detroit

These prices positively guaranteed against any reduction before Aug. 1, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price any time.

WESTERN GARAGE

F. B. SHIELDS, Proprietor



PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GRO. SPENCE & W. G. MERCHANT

SPENCE & MERCHANT

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Rooms 5 and 6, Exchange Bank Bldg.

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

NEW MEXICO

GEORGE B. BARBER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-

LAW

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

NEW MEXICO

BUEL R. WOOD

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR

Exchange Bank Building

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

REGULAR COMMUNICATIONS OF CARRIZOZO LODGE

No. 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1917.

January 26, February 23, March 2, April 6, May,

June 23, July 28, September 1 and 29,

October 27, November 24, December 22 and 27.

I. H. BOHANNON, W. M.

S. H. MILLER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

CARRIZOZO LODGE

NO. 30

CARRIZOZO, N. M. Regular meet-

ing nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays

in each month.

A. T. CHANNING, N. G.

JAMES ROSELLER, Sec'y.

THROUGH DAILY SERVICE

ROSWELL-CARRIZOZO MAIL LINE

Leave Roswell, 7:00 a.m.

Leave Carrizozo, 1:15 p.m.

Arrive Roswell, 8:30 p.m.

Arrive Carrizozo, 2:15 p.m.

INTERMEDIATE POINTS

Pieachy - Timne

Hondo - Lincoln

Capitan - Nogal

Through fare one way \$8.40.

Intermediate points 8 cents per

mile.

ROSWELL AUTO COMPANY

OWNERS AND OPERATORS

Notice for Publication

02342

Department of the Interior,

United States Land Office,

Roswell, New Mexico.

February 19, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Almon P. Hall,

of White Mountain, N. M., who, on Nov. 23, 1911,

made a Deed, Land Entry, Serial No. 02342, for

NE 1/4 NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 10-R. R. D.

The Price

By FRANCIS LYNDE
ILLUSTRATIONS by C.D. RHODES

Copyright by Charles Schenck & Sons

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

—12—

He had climbed the steps of the broad veranda when he heard his name called softly from the depths of one of the great wicker lounging chairs half hidden in the veranda shadows. In a moment he had placed another of the chairs for himself, dropping into it wearily.

"I saw you at the gate," she said. "The men are still holding out."

"We are holding out. The plant is closed, and it will stay closed until we can get another force of workmen."

"There will be lots of suffering," she ventured.

"It's no use," he said, answering her thought. "There is nothing in me to appeal to."

"There was yesterday, on the day before," she suggested.

"Perhaps. But yesterday was yesterday, and today is today. As I told Raymer a little while ago, I've changed my mind."

"No," she denied, "you only think you have. But you didn't come here to tell me that!"

"No; I came to ask a single question. How is Mr. Galbraith?"

"He is a very sick man."

"You mean that there is a chance that he may not recover?"

"More than a chance, I'm afraid." After a moment of silence Griswold said: "I did my best; you know I did my best!"

Her answer puzzled him little. "I could almost find it in my heart to hate you if you hadn't."

Silence again, broken only by the whispering of the summer night breeze rustling the leaves of the lawn oaks and the lapping of tiny waves on the lake beach. At the end of it, Griswold got up and groped for his hat.

"I'm going home," he said. "It has been a pretty strenuous day, and there is another one coming. But before I go I want you to promise me one thing. Will you let me know immediately, by phone or messenger, if Mr. Galbraith takes a turn for the better?"

"Certainly," she said; and she let him say good-night and got as far as the steps before she called him back. "There was another thing," she began, with the sober gravity that he could never be sure was not one of her many poses, and not the least alluring one. "Do you believe in God, Kenneth?"

The query took him altogether by surprise, but he made shift to answer it with becoming seriousness.

"I suppose I do. Why?"

"It is a time to pray to him," she said softly, "to pray very earnestly that Mr. Galbraith's life may be spared."

He could not let that stand.

"Why should I concern myself, specially?" he asked, adding: "Of course, I'm sorry, and all that, but—"

"Never mind," she interposed, and she left her chair to walk beside him to the steps. "I've had a hard day, too, Kenneth, boy, and—I guess it has got on my nerves. But, all the same, you ought to do it, you know."

He stopped and looked down into the eyes whose depths he could never wholly fathom.

"Why don't you do it?" he demanded.

"Oh, God doesn't know me, and, besides, I thought oh, well, it doesn't matter what I thought. Good-night."

And before he could return the leave-taking word, she was gone.

Raymer's prediction that the real trouble would begin when the attempt should be made to start the plant with imported workmen was amply fulfilled during the militant week which followed the opening of hostilities. Each succeeding day saw the inevitable increase of lawlessness. From taunts and abuse the insurrectionaries passed easily to violence. Street fights, when the trampish place-takers came in any considerable numbers, were of daily occurrence, and the tale of the wounded grew like the returns from a battle. By the middle of the week Raymer and Griswold were asking for a sheriff's posse to maintain peace in the neighborhood of the plant; and were getting their first definite hint that someone higher up was playing the game of politics against them.

"No, gentlemen! I've done all the law requires and a little more," was the shrill response to the plea for better protection.

"In other words, Mr. Bradford,

you've got your orders from the men higher up, have you?" rasped Griswold, who was by this time lost to all sense of expediency.

"I don't have to reply to any such charge as that," said the chief peace officer, turning back to his desk; and so the brittle little conference ended.

"All of which means that we shall lose the plant guard of deputies that Bradford has been maintaining," commented Raymer, as they were descending the courthouse stairs; and again his prediction came true. Later in the day the guard was withdrawn, and Griswold, savagely reluctant, was

forced to make a concession repeatedly urged and argued for by the older men among the strikers, namely, that the guarding of the company's property be entrusted to a picked squad of ex-employees themselves.

During these days of tumult and rioting the transformed idealist passed through many stages of the journey down a certain dark and mephitic valley not of amelioration. Fairness was gone, and in its place stood angry resentment, ready to rend and tear. pity and truth were going; the daily report from Margery told of the lessening chance of life for Andrew Galbraith, and the stirrings evoked were neither regretful nor compassionate. On the contrary, he knew very well that the news of Galbraith's death would be a relief for which, in his heart of hearts, he was secretly thirsting.

CHAPTER XXV.

Margery's Answer.

"Well, it has come at last," said Raymer next morning, passing a now fully opened letter of the morning delivery over to Griswold. "The railroad people are taking their work away from us. I've been looking for that in every mail."

Griswold glanced at the letter and handed it back. The burden was lying heavily upon him, and his only comment was a questioning, "Well?"

At this, Raymer let go again. "What's the use?" he said dejectedly. "We're down, and everything we do morally prolongs the agony. Do you know that they tried to burn the plant last night?"

"No, I hadn't heard." They did. They had everything fixed; a pile of kindlings laid in the corner back of the machine shop annex and the whole thing saturated with kerosene."

"Well, why didn't they do it?" queried Griswold, half-heartedly. After all, it had the machine shop beat couldn't toll. He says there was a flash of light bright enough to blind him, and then a scrap of some kind. When he got out of the shop and around to the place, there was no one there; nothing but the pile of kindlings."

"They did. They had everything fixed; a pile of kindlings laid in the corner back of the machine shop annex and the whole thing saturated with kerosene."

"That's a mystery. Something happened; just what, the watchman who had the machine shop beat couldn't toll. He says there was a flash of light bright enough to blind him, and then a scrap of some kind. When he got out of the shop and around to the place, there was no one there; nothing but the pile of kindlings."

Griswold took up the letter from the railway people and read it again. When he faced it down on Raymer's desk, he had closed with the conclusion which had been thrusting itself upon him since the early morning hour when he had picked his way among the sidewalk pools to the plant from upper Shawnee street.

"You can still save yourself, Edward," he said, still with the colorless note in his voice. And he added: "You know the way."

Raymer jerked his head out of his desk and swung around in the pivot-chair. "See here, Griswold; the Jess said about that at this stage of the game, the better it will be for both of us!" he exploded. "I'm going to do as I said I should, but not until this fight is settled, one way or the other!"

Griswold did not retort in kind. "The condition has already expired by limitation; the fight is as good as settled now," he said, placably. "We are only making a hopeless bluff. We can hold our forty or fifty tramp workmen just as long as we pay their board over in town, and don't ask them to report for work. But the day the shop whistle is blown, four out of every five will vanish. We both know that."

"There there is nothing for it but a recrossing," was Raymer's gloomy decision.

"Not without a miracle," Griswold admitted. "And the day of miracles is past."

Thus the idealist, out of a depth of wretchedness and self-exprobation hitherto unplumbed. But if he could have had even a momentary gift of telepathic vision he might have seen a miracle at that moment in the preliminary stage of its outworking.

The time was half-past nine; the place a grottolike summer house on the Morelido lawn. The miracle workers were two: Margery Griswold, radiant in the daintiest of morning gowns, and the man who had taken her retainer. Miss Griswold was curiously examining a photographic print; the pictured scene was a well-lit foundry yard with buildings forming an angle in the near background. Against the buildings a pile of shavings with kindlings showed quite clearly; and stooping to ignite the pile, was a man who had evidently looked up at, or just before, the instant of camera-snapping. There was no mistaking the identity of the man. He had a round, pig-jowl face; his bristling mustache stood out stiffly half in sudden horror, and his hat was on the back of his head.

"It isn't very good," Brodin spoke first. "The sun isn't high enough yet to make a clear print. But you said hurry, and I reckon it will do."

Miss Griswold added, "You caught

him in the very act, didn't you?" she said coolly. "What did he hope to accomplish by setting fire to the works?" It was a frameup to capture public sympathy. There's been a report circulating 'round that Raymer and Griswold was going to put some of the ring leaders in jail, if they had to make a case against 'em. Clancy had it figured out that the fire'd be charged up to the owners, themselves."

Miss Griswold was still examining the picture. "You made two of these prints?" she asked.

"Yes; here's the other one—and the film."

"And you have the papers to make them effective?"

Brodin handed her a large envelope, unsealed. "You'll find 'em in there. That part of it was a cinch. Your governor ought to fire that man Murray. He was payin' Clancy in checks!"

Again, Miss Griswold nodded.

"About the other matter?" she inquired. "Have you heard from your messenger?"

Brodin produced another envelope. It had been through the mails and bore the Duluth postmark.

"Affidavits was the best we could do there," he said. "My man worked it to go with MacFarland as the driver of the rig. They saw some mighty fine timber, but it happened to be on the wrong side of the St. Louis county line. He's a tolerably careful man, and he verified the landmarks."

"Affidavits will do," was the oven-toned rejoinder. Then: "These papers are all in duplicate!"

"Everything in pairs—just as you ordered."

Miss Griswold took an embroidered chamois-skin money book from her bosom and began to open it. Brodin raised his hand.

"Not any more," he objected. "You overpaid me that first evening in front of the Winnabago."

"You needn't hesitate," she urged.

"It's my own money."

"I've had a plenty."

"Then I can only thank you," she said, rising.

He knew that he was being dismissed, but the one chance in a thousand had yet to be tested.

"Just a minute, Miss Griswold," he begged. "I've done you right in this business, haven't I?"

"You have."

"I said I didn't want any more money, and don't. But there's one other thing. Do you know what I'm here in this little Jay town of yours for?"

"Yes; I have known it for a long time."

"I thought so. You knew it that day out at the De Soto, when you was tellin' Mr. Raymer that little story that was partly true and partly made-up what?"

"Every word of the story about Mr. Griswold—the story that you overheard, you know—was true; every sin-

gle word of it. Do you suppose I should have dared to embroider it the least little bit—with you sitting right there at my back?"

Brodin got up and took a half-burned cigar from the ledge of the summer house where he had carefully laid it at the beginning of the interview.

"You've got me down," he confessed, with a good-natured grin. "The man that plays a winnin' hand against you has got to get up before sun in the morning and hold all trumps, Miss Griswold—to say nothin' of being a mighty good bluffer, on the side." Then he switched suddenly. "How's Mr. Galbraith this morning?"

"He is very low, but he is conscious again. He has asked us to wire for the cashier of his bank to come up."

Brodin's eyes narrowed.

"The cashier is sick and can't come," he said.

"Well, someone in authority will come, I suppose."

Once more Brodin was thinking in terms of speed. Johnson, the paying teller, was next in rank to the cashier. If he should be the one to come to Wahska.

"If you haven't anything else for me to do, I reckon I'll be going," he said, hastily, and forthwith made his escape. The telegraph office was a good ten minutes walk from the lake front, and in the light of what Miss Griswold had just told him, the minutes were precious.

"It isn't very good," Brodin spoke again. "The sun isn't high enough yet to make a clear print. But you said hurry, and I reckon it will do."

Miss Griswold added, "You caught

him in the very act, didn't you?" she said coolly. "What did he hope to accomplish by setting fire to the works?"

"It was a frameup to capture public sympathy. There's been a report circulating 'round that Raymer and Griswold was going to put some of the ring leaders in jail, if they had to make a case against 'em. Clancy had it figured out that the fire'd be charged up to the owners, themselves."

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"I thought so. You knew it that day out at the De Soto, when you was tellin' Mr. Raymer that little story that was partly true and partly made-up what?"

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LOCAL AND PERSONAL

We buy hides, green or dry, and guarantee highest prices. Carrizozo Trading Co.

Three Billies were down Wednesday from the Mesa and Bonito country—White, Sexton and Ferguson.

Dr. F. H. Johnson made a trip to El Paso this week.

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids. The Titworth Co., Capitan.

W. H. Osborn returned Tuesday from Las Cruces, where he had gone to look after some legal matters.

Representative Ira O. Wetmore and Mrs. Wetmore returned from Santa Fe Monday. They have been in Santa Fe since early in January, at which time Mr. Wetmore's duties began as a state representative.

Paul Mayer was down from White Oaks a short time Monday transacting business.

For Sale—Yearling Hereford bulls. The Titworth Co., Capitan.

George Smith was here Monday from Capitan and took away a new Ford, purchased from the Western Garage.

G. B. Greer was in the first of the week from his San Andres goat ranch. He is preparing to shear, and not only anticipates a good clip, but top prices for his mohair.

We pay the highest prices for hides and pelts. Ziegler Bros.

Neil H. Bigger, editor of the Capitan Mountainer, was here Monday and Tuesday.

O. Z. Finley left this morning for Lovington, New Mexico, on business matters.

When in need of flour, feed of nearly any kind, potatoes or stock salt, get our prices before placing your order. We believe it will pay you. Humphrey Bros.

Seaborn P. Gray arrived today from Rowe, New Mexico, and will, with his family, reside here. He and A. M. Reily have purchased the Cash Meat Market from W. L. Hobbs.

Hogs bought and sold. Rufus Hughes.

J. N. McCoy left for El Paso, last Tuesday, to take up his residence there.

C. A. Perkins made a business trip to Capitan Monday, returning the following day.

A tourist from El Paso "crowded" the season just a little last Tuesday, by wearing a Panama hat. The wind was blowing at a terrific gait, and it was all he could do to keep it on his head.

Bring your wool and pelts—highest prices paid always. Carrizozo Trading Co.

All members of the board of county commissioners were present Tuesday at a special session. The principal purpose of the meeting was to canvass the vote cast last week at the road bond election. The failure of some of the precincts to properly fill out the poll books, however, delayed the count, and the board did not complete its work until Wednesday.

Last Night Meeting

Pursuant to call, a good crowd met at the court house last night to discuss club organization for the town. Mayor Lutz called the meeting to order and asked for the election of a chairman for the meeting. Hon. Ira O. Wetmore was unanimously chosen chairman, and in the same manner W. H. Osborn was selected as secretary. The chair called for expressions from those present, including a number from out of town, and the responses were universally favorable for action, and cooperative action at that. A committee of five was selected to report on the 30th Sons by-Laws, organization, etc. They were, Ira O. Wetmore, J. H. French, O. Z. Finley, A. T. Anderson and Joe A. Haley. The meeting started out with plenty of pep—keep it up.

Two to One for Bonds

The official canvass of the road bond election made by the board of county commissioners showed that the bonds were given more than a two to one vote—to be exact, for the bonds 282; against 132. Arabela, which was not in last week, gave 24 votes for the bonds and 3 against. The official count changed the figures in some of the other precincts, also, so that the final majority is 150.

Resolutions

Whereas almighty God, our father has in his all-wise providence seen fit to call to his eternal home sister Hattie Getty; Be it resolved first, that we, the officers and members of Colora Rebekah Lodge no. 18, do hereby extend to those bereaved ones

heartfelt sympathy on this sad our, and be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions be placed within the minutes of this Lodge that one be mailed to husband and one the brother and family of sister Hattie Getty and that copies be furnished to the

local press.

Signed by LOREN SHILDA Committee, LOLA JONES MARY MILLER

County Clerk, O. T. Nyé and W. L. Gumm went to Roswell Sunday, returning Tuesday.

See Kelley & Son, The Cash Store Where Money Goes the Farthest

A visit to our store will prove to you the truth of the above statement. Note the following list of articles and the regular price at which we sell them:

No. 3. Galvanized Tubs, heavy	\$ 1.00
" 2. "	.85
Brass King Wash Boards	.55
Silver King "	.35
Folding Ironing Boards	1.75
Mrs. Pott's Sad Irons, per set	1.35
Dover Sad Irons	1.40
Double Cog Wringers	4.00

Notice one lists from time to time and take advantage of the values you find in them. "Ours is the Trade That Service Made"

KELLEY & SON

Next Week's Program
Crystal Theater

TUESDAY—World
"Daphne and the Pirate," with Dorothy Gish
Two-reel Keystone Comedy "The Judge" with Chas. Murry.

WEDNESDAY—Paramount
"Public Opinion," with Blanche Sweet.

THURSDAY—Metro
"The Great Secret," Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne
Two-reel comedy, "Preparedness."

SATURDAY—Paramount
"The Stronger Love," with Vivien Martin

An All Star Program

WELCOME

The small depositor of today—may be the large depositor of tomorrow.

We welcome small depositors who desire to grow with a growing Bank.

BANK WITH US

THE LINCOLN STATE BANK
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Marriage—We are happy to press we learn of the marriage of Miss Addie Johnson and Mason York, the wedding taking place last night. The young couple have gone to Roswell to reside. The groom resided here some time ago and was associated with one of the garages here and is well known to Carrizozo people. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Johnson, has lived here all her life, is known by everybody and is a charming young lady with a wide circle of friends who wish her the greatest happiness.

FOR SALE—Five room adobe house, furnished—screened porch, well, cistern, stable, etc.; 6 lots, all fenced. N. B. Taylor & Sons.

FOR SALE or trade—one team of mules for work in ranch. Will trade for Ford Car. Inquire at News office.

FOR SALE AT BARGAIN—One black horse, 4 years old, 16 hands high, broke to work. C. D. Mayer, White Oaks, N. M.

Phone 46 any cut of Fresh meat. Also groceries and lunch goods.

FOR RENT—2 or 3 rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 69.

Home rendered lard that is pure. W. L. Hobbs, phone 46.

See us for poultry, butter, eggs etc. W. L. Hobbs, phone 46.

SIX YOUNG PLYMOUTH Rock Cockers for sale, \$2 each. Austin Patty, Carrizozo.

New Spring Merchandise at The Carrizozo Trading Co.

All lines are open and await your early inspection. This week we received a lot of Spring Coats specially priced from \$5.00 to \$20.00. These Coats made of the new materials in the new shades for spring are priced unusually low. New Spring Suits and Dresses in Serge, Poplin and Silk. All the high colors for 1917 are shown in these new models. Priced from \$7.50 to \$35.00.

FIRST SHOWING
Spring Styles
For Men

You are invited to inspect these new garments early. Many new patterns in Grays, Browns, Greens and Blues. Made for the young man—also conservative models for the elders.

WALK-OVER SHOES
for Spring, 1917

See the new "KELLY GREEN" CAPS and HATS. The latest for Spring.

Carrizozo Trading Company

QUALITY FIRST

THEN PRICE

Notice for Publication
63029
1917

Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico

March 9, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Hammie Luster, of Carrizozo, N. M., widow of Thomas O. Luster, deceased, who, on August 16, 1912, and March 23, 1913, made Original and Additional U. S. Entries Serial Nos. 62329 and 63125, for SWANNEE BEANWEA; NEGBWA; NWGBWA; and SWYGBWA; NWGBWA; Section 4, Township 38, Range 10; N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make said five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Little McJung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on April 10, 1917.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Robert T. Lucas, Harry Humphrey, Harry Humphrey, William J. Humphrey, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
March 10—April 10,
Register.

Phone 46

When you are in the market for
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES
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