

# Carrizozo News

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## Germany Deceals Ruthless Warfare

Washington, Jan. 31.—Germany has declared for an unrestricted submarine warfare. A starvation blockade of England, the like of which the world never has seen, was announced to the world today in notes delivered to American Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and to the state department here by Count von Bernstorff.

Thus begins the long-foreshadowed campaign of ruthlessness, conceived by von Hindenburg, it is said here, on a magnitude never even contemplated by von Tirpitz. Again the United States faces severance of diplomatic relations with Germany with all its eventful possibilities. President Wilson's repeated warnings of "a world-a-fire" and Secretary Lansing's "verge of war" statements are being recalled in the capital tonight with feelings of apprehension and misgiving.

Germany's action is the super-crisis of all those that have stirred the American government in two and a half years of world war.

Talk of peace in Europe and means of preserving the peace of the world have gone glimmering. President Wilson, incredulous at first when the unofficial text of Germany's warning was brought to him, at once called for the official document which had just been presented to Secretary Lansing by the German ambassador. Mr. Lansing absolutely refused to comment. President Wilson began immediately a careful study of the document.

The president has the task of deciding what shall be the course of the United States. Three immediate steps appear among the possibilities. The United States might solemnly warn Germany against a violation of her pledge; it might be decided that the German warning is sufficient notice of an intention to disregard those pledges and a sufficient warrant for breaking off diplomatic relations; it might be decided to await the results of the blockade and determine the course of the United States as the actual operations develop.

On almost every side Germany's drastic action is interpreted as an open confession of the effectiveness of the British food blockade. It is regarded as a determination to strike back in kind.

German officials in the United States estimate the food supply on the British Isles will last a month.

Admittedly, the plan is to carry starvation to the doors of England with swift, staggering strokes, as a fulfillment of Germany's announced determination to end the war quickly. She counts on the operations of an unheard-of number of submarines to deliver blows to bring England to her knees within sixty days. One German official here predicted today the war would be over in a month.

Conveyed to the world as her answer to the refusal of the entente allies to talk peace, Germany's latest warning says:

"From February 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed."

It virtually is a renewal and an extension of the celebrated submarine blockade of the British Isles proclaimed on February 4, 1915, and which became effective February 18, 1915. Under it ships were sunk without warning until Germany abandoned the practice and gave her assurance,

in the Sussex case, to abide by international law.

The Lusitania, Palaba and scores of other ships were sunk under the decree.

American citizens and American ships are warned from entering the war zones, although certain precautionary measures are suggested for distinguishing American steamers not carrying contraband according to the German list. These conditions in almost the same form were rejected when proposed by Germany early in the negotiations over the Lusitania. At that time Germany proposed to guarantee immunity from attack to certain specified passenger ships, sailing on prescribed courses, with agreed distinguishing marks and carrying no contraband. President Wilson rejected the proposal promptly on the ground that the United States was contending only for its rights.

The development today came as a staggering surprise. For weeks inspired, authoritative and almost semi-official statements have been coming from Berlin indicating an absolute decision not to resume unrestricted submarine warfare. The complete agreement of the emperor, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, General von Hindenburg and General von Ludendorff, the four men in whose hands Germany's destiny lies, has been mentioned frequently in the dispatches passing the censor.

Information received only today, however, shows that a very careful campaign for the full use of undersea boats has been under way recently. It has been urged as essential to Germany's existence and it was represented that it would be impossible now for President Wilson to get the American people behind him in a declaration of war. Congress was represented as opposed to war.

Germany, according to information received here, realizes that her action may result in a break of relations, but Berlin officials are prepared for the rupture. Tonight they were represented as feeling that the only other course open to the United States is the calling of a conference of neutrals to end the blockade, or the taking of some step which speedily would result in peace.

Information received from the same source is that Admiral von Tirpitz or his followers have absolutely nothing to do with the new policy. On the contrary, it was said tonight that von Tirpitz was not, as has heretofore been supposed, removed from power because he advocated ruthless submarine warfare. The fact, according to this information, was that he was deposed because he did not effectively carry out the campaign he inaugurated.

From German quarters tonight came the information that Germany now has from 300 to 500 submarines ready for the campaign.

The German view is that the new policy will improve general prospects of an early peace. Germany is represented as still being ready to discuss peace at any time. However, it is declared that German officials, both in this country and in Berlin, feel that the declaration of changed policy should make it clear that Germany and her allies are in the war to the last drop of blood.

Unrestricted submarine warfare, it was declared, was determined upon as soon as the nature of the entente reply to President Wilson's note became known and before the president's address to the senate. The president's address, it was said authoritatively,

## Parsons

Mrs. J. Q. Welch of Dawson, N. M., who has been visiting her parents for the past two months, returned home the first of the week. Mrs. Welch was accompanied by her little daughter Myra Jo.

Eugene D. ... who with parents has joined the Mill ... is attending the Parsons school.

Grandmother Greigo, mother of Filomena Greigo, passed away this week and was taken to Lincoln for burial.

Mr. Atkins and Edward Copeland are hauling lumber from Capitan for the Parsons Mining company. The local sawmills not being able to supply the demand lumber was shipped from Cloudcroft.

Mrs. J. M. Rice was called to Fort Stanton by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. W. L. Weber.

Mr. McReynolds, who has been quite sick with the grippe during the past week, is reported much better.

W. R. Johnson of the Parsons Mining company is in El Paso on business for the company.

Parsonites are enjoying a spell of warmer weather and the snow is going fast.

Mr. and Mrs. Reddy and daughter Edna have sold their household effects and moved to Bowie, Texas.

Mr. Atkins and family have moved into the James home, lately occupied by George Reddy and family.

A. T. Anderson and J. M. Rice made a business trip to Carrizozo and White Oaks the first of the week.

## Conductor Bulla's Device

Several Carrizozo men are interested with conductor Bulla on his patent safety device, which the following from the El Paso Times describes:

"El Paso railroad men have organized a company to present to the railroad world an automatic stop for locomotives, the invention of M. B. Bulla, a railroad conductor of this city. The device is to be fitted in the cars of locomotives and is designed to automatically stop a moving train when it enters a danger zone. In this instance a danger zone means a section of track which contains a train.

"The device is designed to prevent collisions. According to the inventor it also will be useful and efficient in foggy weather, when the engineer cannot see ahead. Electrical apparatus is used to bring about the desired results. The invention has been thoroughly tested on two of the El Paso railroads and has been found to work satisfactorily.

"Mr. Bulla is president of the company, H. B. Campbell is vice president, E. W. Gurney is secretary and G. W. Roberts is treasurer."

Architect Ropp came in Saturday from Santa Fe to confer with the Carrizozo Trading company on plans for the new building the company contemplates erecting. Mr. Ropp also had plans of other buildings that may be erected here during the year.

coming in the midst of the situation and because of its nature, made it appear for a time as if the new campaign might be postponed. However, it was explained much preparation was necessary for the opening of such a campaign and nothing was to be gained by waiting.

## Those Road Bonds

BY DR. S. M. JOHNSON.

The taxpayers of the county should know the why and wherefore of the coming road bond election.

Last summer congress passed the Bankhead bill, which carried an appropriation of \$1,170,000 for roads in this state, conditional upon the expenditure by the state of a like amount on a cooperative road building program. Desiring to secure as much of this as possible for Lincoln county, I went to Santa Fe to see the state highway commission, of which Governor McDonald was the chairman. When I asked the governor how we were to secure our share of federal aid he replied, "Vote a county road issue." I then took up the matter with Dr. J. W. Laws, chairman of our county road board, who agreed with the governor and asked me to take the lead in starting the movement. I did so and have consulted freely with the chairman of our county road board and the state highway commission, and have done nothing without their advice and approval.

The first point settled was that the roads to be improved and the various amounts should be specified. It is certain that on no other basis would a bond proposition carry.

The next thing was to fix upon the roads and amounts. This was not my work. Some twenty men, including the leading good road men, the heaviest taxpayers and most prominent citizens, were asked to submit their ideas on the subject. These ideas were in many instances conflicting, but discussion and comparison of views in a spirit of mutual concession resulted in apportionments which seem fair to all. The road south from Carrizozo was not included because on it had just been expended a larger portion of the county's share of the state road bonds than on all of the other roads of the county combined. The north of the Capitan road was not included because of the local dissensions as to precisely what route should be followed. But there was an understanding that roads that did not share in the bond money should be taken care of in use of the county road fund. In this manner all the roads of the county may be put in condition, provided the money is expended wisely and economically.

## Lincoln Historical Museum

Representative Wetmore has introduced a bill in the state legislature that provides for taking over the old Lincoln county court house at Lincoln and the creation of the Lincoln Historical Museum. This is a matter of considerable interest to the people of Lincoln county and we give herewith some of the provisions of the bill:

There is hereby established the "Lincoln Historical Museum," which shall be located at the Town of Lincoln, in Lincoln County, New Mexico, and which shall be under the management of a board of control consisting of five members to be appointed by the Governor, all of whom shall be residents of the State of New Mexico.

The Governor of New Mexico shall be ex-officio member of said board of control with full power of membership. No member of said board shall receive any salary or compensation, either directly or indirectly, from the State of New Mexico, for services performed as a member of said board of control, and each

## From the Oscuro School

It is gratifying to know Lincoln county has at least one Audubon club. The Audubon societies are formed for the purpose of disseminating knowledge about birds, as well as to seek measures for their protection and preservation.

These societies take their name from John James Audubon, the great American ornithologist, a native of Louisiana. His writings, published both in this country and in Europe, brought him undying fame. The letter from Oscuro follows.

"Will you be interested to know that our school has organized a Junior Audubon Club for the protection of wild birds? We have a total membership of twenty-four and are doing good work.

"The following officers were elected: President, Thelma Parrell; vice-president, Dave McDonald; secretary, Gladys Thornton; treasurer, William Corwin. The club meets every two weeks on Friday afternoons during the language periods. Thus it correlates with language. Leaflets are read through by each pupil before the class meets and special topics that have previously been assigned are then discussed. Reports are heard from any pupils concerning birds they have observed while coming to and going from school. A contest between the boys and the girls is begun in which they are competing as to which side can report the greater number of birds noticed and named.

"Since we think we are the second club in the state, we are glad to report its work."

Let this good work continue. What school will be the next to form such a club in this county?

J. E. KOONER, Superintendent of Schools of the County.

## Judge Appointed

Washington, Jan. 29.—Colin Neblett, of Silver City, N. M., was nominated by President Wilson today as United States district judge of New Mexico.

Judge Colin Neblett, of the Sixth New Mexico judicial district with headquarters in Silver City, appointed to the federal bench of New Mexico today, was born July 6, 1875, in Brunswick county, Virginia. He received his early education in the public schools of that county and in Bethel Military academy, at Warrenton, Va. He took his degree as a bachelor of laws from Washington and Lee university and in 1898 came to New Mexico. Entering into the practice of law at Silver City, Judge Neblett became a member of the lower house of the territorial legislature in 1905. In 1907 he was elected county superintendent of schools, until 1912.

He was elected to the state's district bench at the first New Mexico election after territorial days. The remainder of his six-year term will be served by a judge to be appointed by the governor.

## Undergoes Operation

The little twelve year old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Slack of Desco underwent an operation at the Lucas hospital today. He was injured in the abdomen and the operation showed that a great amount of pus had formed. Doctors Lucas, Paden and Johnson were the attending surgeons.

W. O. Norman, the Lincoln-Capitan merchant, was here a short time Monday.

We buy hides, green or dry, and guarantee highest prices. Carrizozo Trading Co.

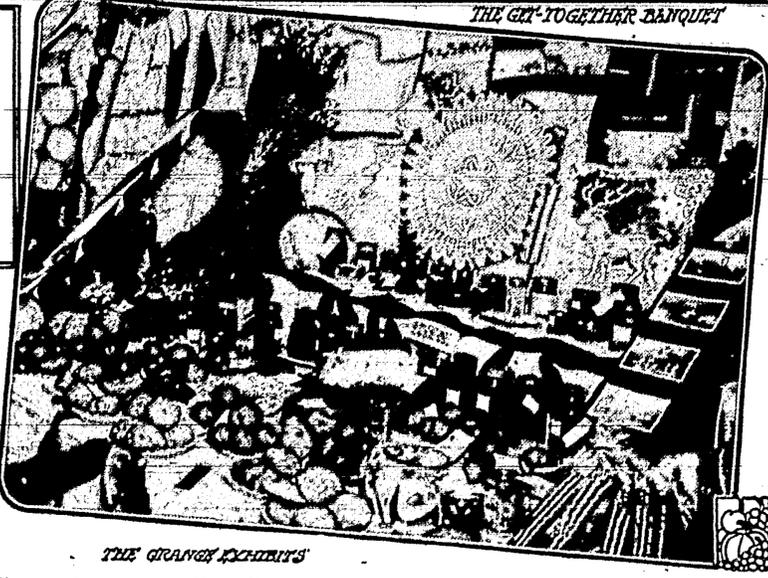
# WHERE TOWN AND COUNTRY PEOPLE WORK TOGETHER

By A. M. LOOMIS

PHOTOS BY FRANK F. LEET  
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This is an article about the Farm and City Get-Together Festival at Jamestown, N. Y., where some enterprising dreamers turned their talents to practical purposes:



THE GET-TOGETHER BANQUET

IN TOO many cases country people and town and city people misunderstand one another, and both lose. As a consequence urban dwellers buy Oregon apples and California grapes, and rural folk buy their furniture, farm machinery and supplies from Chicago mail-order houses. Here and there, however, some of the more far-sighted men and women of both groups are making determined efforts to supplant distrust and contempt with fellowship and co-operation. And it works—Ladies and gentlemen, it works beautifully!

The enterprising citizens of Jamestown, N. Y., and the farm people who live in the counties surrounding the city (which have a population of about 40,000) joined heads, hearts and hands this last autumn in a great "Farm and City Get-Together Festival," and the affair was such a huge success that a permanent organization was formed and the festival will be held annually hereafter.

Here is an illustration of how misunderstanding is bred and why it persists sometimes: James Mason, a city dry-goods merchant, drove out in the country one pleasant Sunday afternoon in October, and was astonished at the number of apples he saw on the ground in orchards along the roadside. "I cannot buy good apples at the grocery next my store," he complained, "unless I pay Alaska prices for them, 5 cents each. Yet here they are rotting on the ground."

Mason jumped to the conclusion that the farmers did not try to save the apples, or to help the city man and his family get food. "They are both selfish and lazy," he asserted when he told of the experience.

Simon Newcomb lived on a farm near where Mason drove that Sunday. He had been in town Saturday afternoon with a load of apples. The groceryman looked them over, and offered Newcomb 50 cents a bushel. Newcomb had read in his farm paper that apples were scarce, and he thought he ought to have a dollar a bushel.

"But your apples are not sorted. There are several kinds in the one crate, and many of them are inferior in size, and some badly worm eaten," objected the grocer. "You leave them with me for 50 cents a bushel or else take them somewhere else."

Newcomb looked at his watch and saw it was nearly three o'clock, and he said to himself, "But when he got home he told his wife the grocer took advantage of him and was little better than a robber."

But both men were wrong. The orchard owner was not lazy nor selfish. He had other problems to handle and more necessary to him than picking up and saving a few bushels of apples.

Nor was the grocer a robber. He had a trade which required certain standards, and the stuff offered him did not conform to those standards. All wrong, almost from the start. Just as the foregoing illustration makes plain the problem here, plain pages of generalities, so the experience of Jamestown in its first Farm and City festival will show how the effort to get together succeeds better than more pages of platitudes.

First of all Jamestown had a live board of commerce, and a secretary with a vision not bounded by the factory chimneys of the city nor its city limits. Secretary Fred Clayton Butler had been studying some United States census reports on Chautauque county, N. Y., and he discovered that most of the rural towns of the county and all its rural villages, but two or three that had a lot of factories, had decreased in population in the last three decades. He did not need to be told about the increase in cost of living. That was self-evident.

In surveying the field he found that there was an active apple growers' association in Chautauque county, also a milk producers' association, a farm bureau, a lot of big granges, and a number of farmers' clubs. The manager of the farm bureau was Hawley B. Rogers, and Mr. Rogers was called into conference with Mr. Butler.

"You do not need to tell me anything about decreasing rural populations," interrupted Rogers, when Butler started in on his pet paragraph. "I knew all about that before you city people awakened. But what can we do about it?"

Right here the city man had the farm bureau man beaten. "We can get together and find out," was his reply. "I know that the city people have a double stake at issue; the cost of what they must have to eat, and the market for a large part of their goods. I think your people have something at stake also. You want good roads, and good schools, and good markets. Perhaps we can get together."

Out of this conference grew a bigger conference, present at which were representatives of most of

these rural organizations and some active business men from the city of Jamestown. The proportion at this time, and so far as possible in every succeeding step up to the big banquet which closed the festival finally and successfully held, was just "fifty-fifty"; half city people, half farm people on every committee and in every conference.

This conference, held in August, decided to hold a Farm and City festival, a real get-together, in November. "Not a county fair, but better than a county fair, with the vaudeville features omitted," was the way it was expressed. At the initial meeting it was decided to carry out this get-together idea by making the exhibits of an educational character as far as possible in every instance.

To do this and to finance it several committees were named. A street was closed and covered with tents. Other tents were put up on vacant lots, and the state armory was used. All sorts of exhibits—prize livestock, poultry, dairy products, grains, fruit, vegetables, etc.—were shown and prizes awarded. State experts in all phases of farming, in domestic science, in child welfare, in dietetics, etc., delivered lectures to the city and country people. A railroad traffic expert discussed plans for helping producer on the farm to get his products directly and expeditiously to consumer in the city. The government sent a good-roads exhibit, and motion pictures were used to make many of the lectures more graphically interesting.

And then there was a great closing dinner. Five hundred persons representing every part of the county and city attended this affair. There was the music, for one thing—orchestral and choral work, led by Cornell university music instructors, and solo—and Gov. Charles S. Whitman, who was in the city on a campaign trip, left politics behind and he and Mrs. Whitman attended the banquet.

"Co-operation" and "get acquainted" were the watchwords of the occasion. Two weeks afterward the committees met and decided unanimously to hold another "Farm and City Get-Together Festival" next year.

# SPIDERS ARE NOT VERY DANGEROUS

The famous tarantula, reported to be one of the terrors of the arid parts of the Southwestern states and northern Mexico, and which bulks so large in the imagination and the fears of those persons who have friends on the border, is really not the tarantula of history and of fable.

One of the numerous students of spiders—and the tarantula is a spider—says of that terrifying insect that it is the Lycosa tarantula, a kind of spider found in some of the warmer parts of Italy and Spain. When full grown it is about the size of a chestnut and of a brown color. "Its bite was at one time supposed to be dangerous," says this authority, "and to cause a kind of 'dancing disease,' but it is now known not to be worse than the sting of a common wasp."

It is very likely that when the early Spanish explorers came upon the great spider of the Southwest, and seeing a good deal of resemblance to the tarantula of the old world—those explorers not having been scientific entomologists—they called the new spider a tarantula, and the name has stuck.

There is no doubt that the big spider of Arizona, New Mexico, California, old Mexico and many other places is a relative of the tarantula of Spain and Italy, and in color, disposition and in the matter of his hairy legs a layman might easily mistake him for the tarantula. But perhaps there is not much in a name so far as spiders go, and it is just as well to avoid it possible that particular spider which so many Americans call the tarantula, though it is quite certain that the meaning of his disposition has been exaggerated.

J. M. Emerton, one of the spider experts of the world, writes, after years of intimate study of

spiders: "When undisturbed, spiders never bite anything except insects useful as their food, but when attacked or cornered all species open their jaws and bite if they can, depending on the size and strength of their jaws. The stories of death, insanity and lameness from the bites of spiders are probably untrue."

The species of spider are hard to number. The spiders of North America have been studied by Hents, Emerton, Keyserling and Thorell, and no doubt by a number of other men who have specialized in insects, and it is estimated that there are 800 species in North America. The spider has heart, liver, stomach, intestines, thorax, lungs and several other interesting organs, as, for example, the spinning glands and spinnerets.

It is recorded that a good many experiments have been made to throw light on the effect of spider bites on man. A distinguished entomologist, named Hertkau, allowed various kinds of spiders to bite his hand. Some of them drew blood, giving a sensation like that of a sharp needle prick. The wounds smarted and swelled somewhat and itched when rubbed, producing very much the sensation of mosquito bites, but no permanent ill effects followed. Another entomologist, named Blackwell, also allowed specimens of the big spiders to bite his hand. He reported that he felt no particular pain and little inflammation followed, and the wounds soon healed. Still another entomologist, named Doltschall, reported that he had about up small birds with the Mygale, one of the biggest and fiercest of the spider tribe. The birds soon died after being bitten. He allowed one of his fingers to be bitten by a large jumping spider. The pain was severe and his finger and then his hand and

arm became lame, but the soreness soon passed away.

The Mygale is one of the best-known of the large and heavy spiders. It is a native of tropical and subtropical America. It is said that it catches and kills small birds with its poisonous bite and then sucks the blood of its victims. The body of this spider is pitch black and is covered with long reddish-brown hair. It has eight eyes placed close together in the front of its head. It is a close kinsman to the so-called bird spider of Surinam.

The official name of that American spider called the tarantula is Cteniza Californica, and it is one of the trapdoor spiders. It is common in New Mexico, Arizona, and California. According to John Sterling Kingsley, this spider digs its hole in a fine soil which when dry is nearly as hard as brick. These spider holes are sometimes nearly an inch in diameter and vary in depth from two and three inches to nearly a foot. The mouth of the hole is enlarged and then closed by a thick cover which fits it tightly. That cover fits into the mouth of the hole very much as a cork does in the neck of a bottle. The cover is made of dirt fastened together with threads and, like the hole, is lined with silk and is fastened by a thick hinge made of spider's silk. When the cover is closed it looks exactly like the ground around it.

This, like many other species of spider, is nocturnal in its habits, raising its trapdoor at night and sallying forth in search of food, its chief food being insects.

There is so much diversity of opinion as to the effect of the bite of these spiders that in living where they are a man should practice safety first and take no chances with them.

# ROAD BUILDING

## COST OF ROADS AND BRIDGES

Construction Expenditures Have Increased Nearly Fourfold in the Past Twelve Years.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Expenditures for the construction of roads and bridges in the United States have increased nearly fourfold in the past twelve years, while a greater and greater proportion of the amounts expended have come to be paid out under state supervision. At the same time there has been a marked decrease in the proportion of contributions to road building in the form of statute labor. These facts are brought out by statistics recently compiled by the office of Public Roads and Engineering of the United States department of agriculture.

The total length of public roads in the United States outside the limits of incorporated towns and cities was about 2,452,000 miles on January 1, 1910. Of this, about 277,000 miles, or 11.3 per cent, were improved with some form of surfacing. The mileage of surfaced roads has been increasing at the rate of about 10,000 miles a year, and in 1915 approximately one-half of this increase was made under the supervision of state highway departments. In addition these departments supervised the maintenance of nearly 62,000 miles of main and trunk-line roads.

The increase in expenditures for road and bridge work in the United States has been from approximately \$80,000,000 per year in 1904 to about \$282,000,000 in 1915, an increase of more than 250 per cent. The expenditure of state funds during this same period increased from about \$2,500,000 to more than \$53,000,000. In addition, more than \$27,000,000 of local funds was spent under state supervision in 1915, bringing the total road and bridge expenditures managed by the states to \$80,514,000. This amount is greater than the total expenditures for roads and bridges from all sources in 1904.

The growth in importance of the state highway departments has been rapid. The first of these agencies was created in 1891 in New Jersey and now some form of highway department exists in every state except Indiana, South Carolina and Texas. Since their inception these departments had expended to January 1, 1915, an aggregate of \$255,350,825 in state funds for road and bridge construction, maintenance, and administration. They had constructed over 60,000 miles of roads in co-operation with the states. More than 40,000 miles of these roads were surfaced.

The falling off in the value of road work performed by statute and convict labor was from \$20,000,000 in 1904, when the total road expenditures were \$80,000,000, to about \$15,000,000 in 1915 when the total expenditures had grown to \$282,000,000. This was a reduction from 25 per cent of the total in the former year to less than 5 1/2 per cent of the total in 1915.

An increase in the use of better and more expensive types of roads also is shown by the recently compiled statistics. This development has been due in large part, to the great increase in automobile traffic. It is estimated that there are now approximately two and a half million automobiles in use on the roads of the country, or one car for every mile of road. This present motor traffic is in excess of traffic of all sorts 12 years ago.

The cash road and bridge expenditures of the United States averaged only \$28 per mile of rural roads in 1904. In 1915 this average had grown to \$109 per mile. New Jersey led all other states both in 1904 and in 1915, with \$221 and \$475 per mile respectively. Nevada made the least expenditure in both years—\$3.72 per mile in 1904 and \$17 per mile in 1915.

## GOOD ROADS AND FARM AUTOS

Where Better Highway Spirit Has Brought Results, Greater Farm Prosperity is in Evidence.

In Georgia, as elsewhere, wherever there is a county with a good roads record; where the good roads spirit has brought permanent results in a thoroughgoing, working system for the maintenance of a county's roadways, greater farm prosperity is in evidence, and the automobile and the auto truck are in demand. And under such conditions there will be an increasing demand for them.

A prosperous Georgia farmer said recently that, working on the line of greater farm efficiency, progressive farmers are extending their farming operations so as to include every help that science and invention can afford, no matter what the cost.—Atlanta Constitution.

Millions for Arkansas' Road. Road work projected in Arkansas from October 1, 1915, to October 1, 1916, was 1,330 miles in length, at an estimated cost of \$5,000,753.87, according to announcement by W. B. Owen, state highway commissioner.

Conserve the Straw. Don't burn the straw. If anyone tells you that Hessian fly harbor in the straw tell him that it isn't so. The fly remains dormant in the first joint of the stalk and even burning the stubble doesn't get them all.

If you are interested

in purity first

KC BAKING POWDER

is what you should always use.

There are many other reasons why—but try a can and see for yourself.



Of the 43,000 persons employed in the Swiss hotels, it seems strange that only 20,000 are Swiss.

Red Cross Bag Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good grocers. Adv.

Government Aids Turkish Farmers. The Turkish government has made a special appropriation of \$1,050,000 to be used for the purchase of seed grains for needy Turkish farmers in the Turkish dominions.

## A MINISTER'S CONFESSION

Rev. W. H. Warner, Myersville, Md., writes: "My trouble was sciatica. My back was affected and took the form of lumbago. I also had neuralgia, cramps in my muscles, precursors or sharp pain on the top of my head, and nervous dizzy spells. I had other symptoms showing my kidneys were at fault, so I took Dodd's Kidney Pills. They were the means of saving my life. I write to say that your medicine restored me to perfect health." Be sure and get "DODD'S," the name with the three D's for diseased, disordered, deranged kidneys; just as Rev. Warner did, no similarly named article will do.—Adv.

China will teach paper making in a government school.

Balsam wood is the lightest of all lumber.

Ask for and Get SKINNER'S THE HIGHEST QUALITY MACARONI

36 Page Recipe Book Free SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A. LARGEST MACARONI FACTORY IN AMERICA.

"ROUGH ON RATS" Kills Rats, Mice, Etc. Its odorless. No antidote.

A GRIPPE WEEKS Patent Medicine

PATENTS Watson B. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Dates reasonable. Highest references. Free service.

Denver Directory

MACHINERY

Now and Used BUY, SELL or TRADE—Send for list. The Morse Bros. M. & S. Co. 1732 Wazoo St. Denver, Colo.

GENASCO ROOFING

is a wool felt, saturated with Trinidad asphalt. The only prepared roofing that will stand your climate. The Hendrie & Bolshoff Mfg. & Supply Co. DENVER, COLORADO

Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL DAY AND NIGHT DENVER, COLO. Send for Folder.

GALLSTONES Avoid operations. Positive Liver & Bile Gallstone Remedy (See Box)—Removes extra bile, restores normal flow. Write today! Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W. 4, 128 E. Franklin St., Chicago. W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 2-1917.

GATHERING UP WHAT THE GERMANS LEFT



English troops collecting German rifles from the battleground of St. Pierre Division after the terrific battle on the western front.

EARLIEST MEN AMERICANS?

Geologists Say Bones Discovered in Florida Deposit Are 125,000 Years Old.

Chicago.—Human beings inhabited the North American continent more than 125,000 years ago, according to the findings of E. H. Sellards, state geologist of Florida, and Prof. Oliver P. Hay, who made public results of a study of fossil remains discovered in Florida some months ago.

Human bones intermingled with those of the mastodon, saber-tooth tiger and other extinct animals, were found in the deposit at Vero, Fla., and thither six geologists and anthropologists made their way immediately to study the find.

Doctor Hay, who is research associate of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, expresses similar views; but four other scientists, whose articles will appear in the Journal of Geology, are skeptical.

MISS LOLITA ARMOUR



Miss Lolita Armour, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Armour of Chicago, recently made her debut in Chicago society.

Miss Armour is one of the most charming of this winter's debutantes. It is only a few years ago that it was almost conceded that she would be a cripple for life.

BURNS CURED BY SUNLIGHT

Johns Hopkins Hospital Tests Open Air Remedy With Success in Number of Cases.

Baltimore, Md.—A new method of treating serious burns that involves the use of air and sunlight has been put into practice at Johns Hopkins hospital, and already in a number of cases has been successful.

"Nature cures" have been recognized as the most practicable in a rapidly increasing list of ailments. The general idea back of all these methods is that nature, with a fair chance, will do more for the sick body than will drugs or surgery.

In treating burns a small part of the injured surface is exposed directly to the sun and air out of doors. The best results are obtained in temperate weather, when the patient can lie at ease for hours under the direct rays of the sun and the influence of the air.

As a result of the treatment skin grafting will not have to be used in a number of cases. The effect of the air and sunlight cure is to keep alive much of the burned tissue, and in time this tissue grows out over the burned surface.

Bell Heard Forty Miles. Santa Barbara, Cal.—The same electric power employed in ringing bells has transmitted sound through space 40 miles.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

Concerning Your Child's Promises and Their Value.

USED TO AVOID PUNISHMENT

When He Discovers That They Mean Quick Release From Unpleasant Interviews, Then They Will Become Worthless.

By EDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

"WELL, I WON'T DO IT AGAIN."

What is there to say after that? You kiss and make up, and in a few minutes the disagreeable interview is forgotten.

In the course of time your child—who is quite as intelligent as others of his years—learns that the last word in a disagreeable interview has to do with "promising" not to repeat the offense.

A dozen times—yes, twenty—your child has promised "not to do it again." And has he kept his promise? Alas, no; for he is just like other children.

But you have been patient. And every broken promise has been forgiven. Until one day it comes upon you suddenly that your child has acquired the habit of making perfunctory promises which neither he nor you expect to be kept.

The futility of asking a child to promise "not to be naughty again," or "to go to sleep at once," or "to come straight home from school" must be apparent to any one who has given the matter a little thought.

If the child is too young to attach any meaning to "promising," there is, of course, nothing wrong in his failure



A Dozen Times Your Child Has Promised "Not to Do It Again."

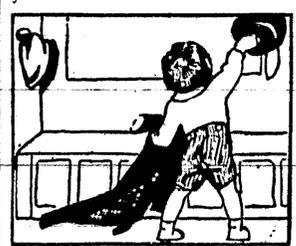
to keep his promises. But in the course of his mental development you expect him to know what a promise is.

It goes without saying that the parent's promises to the child should always be kept. But the temptation to yield to importunities or to distract the child's attention from immediate desires often makes us prophesy favors and indulgences that we do not fully intend to have realized.

As the child grows older and comes to understand that "promise" does carry with it an obligation, we should be careful not to burden him with prom-

ises that are too difficult to keep. Have him promise less and keep his word up to 100 per cent, rather than get a larger total performance at the cost of a few broken promises.

Not only in the gradation of his ability and foresight but also in the evolution of the child's temptations should limits be found for the promises exacted.



Promising to Hang Up the Outer Wraps When Coming into the House.

crease the length of time to be covered by a promise until promises are made unnecessary by suitable habits.

Promises may be helpful instruments in the training of children, but they should not be mere convenient coins with which to bargain for advantages.

MERELY HAD TO RESPOND

Manufacturer's Wife on the Telephone Could Be Trusted to Do All the Talking.

"Take this letter, please, Miss Mushy," said Adam Adamsonny, head of the famous Adamsonny vinegar foundry.

"Seattle Wicks, Wickaburg, Wick County, Va.—Dear Sir: Yours of the 23d instant received and contents noted, and would say—"

"Wanted on the telephone, Mr. Adamsonny," said Ariovistus, the office boy. "It's Mrs. Adamsonny, sir."

"Tut, tut," tutted Mr. Adamsonny. "This is my busy day. Ariovistus, follow me with the talkophone. Put in Record No. 83456."

And he went to the telephone and said into it: "Hello, Rhubarba. Yes, my dear. Yes, my dear. Yes, my dear."

The Fourth Dimension.

The fourth dimension of space is a supposed or assumed dimension whose relation to the recognized dimensions of length, breadth, and thickness is analogous to that borne by any one of these to the other two.

Filter Used Gasoline.

Because gasoline is so high one wants to save it in every way possible. To prevent waste of gasoline when cleaning garments or other household articles, do not throw the gasoline away.

They Didn't Part.

A man out of all patience with one of his servants called him in, and after giving him a sound scolding wound up with the stereotyped phrase: "We must part."

Thousands Tell It

Why daily along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. Here's a case to guide you.

A Colorado Case

Mrs. John Drumley, 114 Twelfth St., Greeley, Colo., says: "I believe I would be dead if it weren't for Doan's Kidney Pills. My back began to ache soon followed by blinding dizzy spells."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

TYPHOID

It is no more necessary than Smallpox. Any experienced doctor can recognize the almost insidious efficiency, and harmfulness of Antityphoid Vaccination.

Paradoxical Blame. "The young fellow yonder is a bad egg."

"And he's a fresh one, too."

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

"Take this letter, please, Miss Mushy," said Adam Adamsonny, head of the famous Adamsonny vinegar foundry.

Consolation of a Court. Bayard Swape, a New York Journalist, was talking about his recent German visit.

"You see in Germany," he said, "innumerable mutilated young men. These young men, no matter how severe their mutilations, are cheerful. They know other young men, you see, who are immeasurably worse off than themselves."

"Immeasurably worse off," he repeated. And he went on:

"A cheery young Bavarian captain who had lost his right leg the matter to me in a proverb which runs: 'I had no boots to my feet and murmured, until I met a man upon the road who had no feet.'"

Far-sighted Lad.

Raymond, six year-old pride of an Irvington family, strenuously objected a few nights ago, when his mother asked him to go on an errand to the corner grocery.

After considerable questioning, the lad explained that he wouldn't mind going if he didn't have to pass by a lumber yard, which is situated between the grocery and his home.

"Why, you're not afraid of those stacks of lumber, are you?" queried his mother.

"It's not the stacks, mamma, it's what's behind 'em," answered Raymond.—Indianapolis News.

Russia is a large producer of asbestos.

The best nest at dice is not to play.

Instead of Worrying

about the high cost of living, just buy a package of

Grape-Nuts

—still sold at the same fair price.

Enjoy a morning dish of this delicious food, and smile over the fact that you've had a good breakfast and

Saved Money

Isn't that a fair start for any day?

RATHENAU TELLS OF HIS GREAT WORK

Germany's Great Organizer Describes How Difficulties Were Overcome.

STRONGER THAN THE ALLIES

Declares Success of Work is Due to Fact That Germany's Industries Quickly Adapted Themselves to War Conditions.

Berlin.—Dr. Walter Rathenau, in charge of all raw materials for the German government, has written a book in which the famous "wizard" describes the enormous difficulties that confronted him when he was called to his post by the war minister, and the wonderful results accomplished.

"When we started our herculean work the war department gave us four small rooms," the great organizer says. "The war minister thought that these offices would be sufficient and he was greatly astonished when I informed him within two weeks that I needed at least five times as much space."

"After much parleying I got twenty rooms, but in another month I had to request forty more. That necessitated the removal of whole sections of the war department. More than 100,000 important documents had to be transported to other buildings and the work took weeks."

Cramped and Crowded.

"In the meantime our labor threatened to come to a standstill. Although we put desks in every possible corner, and even in the hallways, we were not able to make room for our ever-increasing working force. When we finally got our sixty rooms we were as cramped and crowded as before, and we continually had to ask for more and more space. Our offices now cover an entire city block and we still need more room."

"It is difficult to give a description of our work, because much of what has been done and accomplished must remain secret until the war ends. The public has no idea of the difficulties we had to overcome and the tremendous labor that was necessary to enable the empire successfully to defy the British blockade. Every man in our department worked from sixteen

to eighteen hours every day, including Sundays and holidays, and we all only regretted that the days did not have forty-eight hours, instead of only twenty-four.

"Conferences were always in progress from eight o'clock in the morning until midnight, as new plans had to be made, continually and often it became necessary to alter them before they were completed."

Hard Work Won.

"It was hard work, but we won out. One of our advantages was that the press paid little attention to us, and we were not hampered by public criticism. Sometimes professors called to tell us that we were all wrong and would have to start anew. Then members of the Reichstag came to convince us that the professors were as wrong as ourselves."

"We had to listen to this talk and that meant the loss of much valuable time, but otherwise it did not hurt us. Our success is principally due to the fact that the German industries adapted themselves to the war conditions with astounding rapidity and energy. Our manufacturers carried out their task enthusiastically and without losing any words."

"While our enemies were telling the world how they would organize and develop their resources we quietly solved the problem, and now we can confidently look into the future. Germany today is economically and industrially stronger than the allies and will never break down."

IS PRODIGY AT MATHEMATICS

Six-Year-Old Boy at Findlay, O., Excels in Addition and Subtraction.

Findlay, O.—A child wonder with unusual mental powers, has been discovered in the first grade West State street school by Miss Helen Gastill, the teacher.

He is Master Roy Fork, aged six, son of F. L. Fork, well-driller, residing on Franklin avenue. While bright in all his school work, the youngster is a prodigy in mathematics.

He knows the calendar by heart and although given the most severe questions with regard to days and dates, never makes a mistake. If you tell him your age he can tell in a second the year you were born, and if you give him the date of your birthday, and ask him what day of the week it comes on he replies at once, correctly and without fail.

His ability cannot be attributed to mental telepathy, for in many instances he tells the day of dates in last year's calendar, which, when you look them up, you find are right.

Although not customary to teach children the months and abbreviations of months, Roy had them mastered when he went to kindergarten, and the remarkable feature is that he was never taught.

He is also lightning fast in problems which deal with addition and subtraction of the calendar, and catch questions are easily solved.

PAYS FARE AFTER FIVE YEARS

Troubled by Her Conscience, Georgia Woman Passenger Settles for Ride.

Dublin, Ga.—On a passenger train to Macon a woman recently paid the conductor 40 cents for a ride she took five years ago. "This is for a ride I took and for which I never paid," she said. "I got on the train and for some reason the conductor did not see me until after the train had left Dublin."

"I then paid him a dollar for fare from Dublin to my station, and said nothing about the forty cents up to Dublin. I now want to pay that fare, as it is nothing but right that the road should have it."



Miss Inogene Young, daughter of Representative and Mrs. James Young of Texas, a debutante, is decidedly one of the most popular of the season's buds. She has the beauty, vivacity and charm which have made Southern girls score so heavily in the present Democratic regime.

# THE CARRIZOZO NEWS

Published Fridays at Carrizozo, Lincoln County, N. M.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Carrizozo, N. M., June 2, 1908  
Subscription Rates, \$2.00 per year; six months, \$1.00

HALEY & DINGWALL

Publishers

### The Village Election

Pursuant to a proclamation issued by the board of county commissioners, there will be an election in Carrizozo Saturday, February 17. The date for the said election is, therefore, close at hand, and it is high time that something should be done toward the selection of capable men for the various positions mayor, four other trustees, and clerk. For a number of years incorporation has been advocated as a means of improvement, and while it was at first opposed by many, now the people are practically unanimous for the proposition, and now all that remains is to select the officers. However, that is the important thing to do for without capable and careful officials the good effects that are anticipated from incorporation may be nullified. It is high time, we again say, to be casting about for capable men.

### That British Shell Bid

Naturally American steel men were shocked to learn that an English concern had underbid them for a contract to supply our navy with big shells. English concerns were supposed to have their hands full making shells for England and to be handicapped by war-bonus wages; yet this English concern offered to make seventy-five hundred big shells for our navy at a price more than a million dollars below the best American bid, and to deliver the shells in little over half the time required by American bidders.

Naturally, also, this bid was heralded as conclusive proof of our need of an impregnable tariff wall around the United States to prevent the flooding of our markets with cheap foreign goods and the impoverishment of our labor as one contemporary emphatically put it. For if England could so signally underbid us, both as to price and time, when at war, what could she not do when at peace?

But perhaps there is an alternative to that impregnable tariff wall. The English concern explained that it was able to make a low bid because at the time it had no work on hand in that particular line for the British government, because its plant had been brought to a state of extreme efficiency; and because it had perfected an improved process for making shells of that sort. Now plants exposed to competition are more likely to be brought to a state of extreme efficiency and to discover improved processes than plants sheltered behind impregnable tariff walls.

We now have a tariff board to investigate just such phenomena as this shell bid in a disinterested, scientific spirit and to find out whether they mean that we need more protection or only closer figuring. The country is not going to become excited about any developments in that line until it hears from the board.

### His Last Case

A lawyer who for many years had shocked a large number of his friends by his rather liberal views on religion recently died.

A friend of the deceased, who cut short a trip to hurry back to town for the purpose of attending the last rites of his colleague, entered the late lawyer's home some minutes after the beginning of the service.

"What part of the service is this?" he inquired in a whisper of another legal friend standing in the crowded hallway.

"I've just come myself," said the other, "but I believe they have opened for the defense. Everybody's Magistrate."

**W. H. CORWIN**  
Contractor and Builder  
Brick, Plastering & Cement Work. Estimates furnished.  
Oscuro, N. M.

**J. K. SUCH**  
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.  
El Paso Ave. and 4th St.

**Foxworth-Galbraith**  
LUMBER COMPANY

I am leaving the employment of the above firm at Carrizozo, and am going to Stratford, Texas, where I will have charge of the business for the same firm.

Mr. D. R. Stewart, of Texhoma, Texas, has succeeded me in the management here, and it is with pleasure that I recommend him to you, a splendid gentleman, and he will see that you continue to get the same good service that I tried to give the customers, and I assure you that he will appreciate any courtesy or favor shown him.

**Foxworth-Galbraith Company**  
Pet S. W. Ferry.

### THROUGH DAILY SERVICE

Leave Roswell.....7:00 a. m.  
Leave Carrizozo.....1:15 p. m.  
Arrive Roswell.....8:30 p. m.  
Arrive Carrizozo.....2:15 p. m.

IMMEDIATE POINTS  
Pecos - Tanning  
Hondo - Lincoln  
Capitan - Nogal  
Through fare one way \$3.40.  
Intermediate points 8 cents per mile.

### ROSWELL AUTO COMPANY

OWNERS AND OPERATORS

**Paramount Pictures**  
and  
Pathé Presentations

**Four Nights Each Week**

Tuesdays, Wednesdays  
Thursdays and Saturdays

Regular Admissions  
10c an 15c  
Specials, 15c and 25c

### CRYSTAL THEATER

Notice for Publication  
Department of the Interior  
United States Land Office  
Fort Sumner, New Mexico  
December 27, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of the acts of Congress approved June 21, 1898 and June 20, 1910, and the acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands, to-wit:  
Lot 1000, serial 010003 Lots 8, 4, 1/4 SW 1/4, NW 1/4 Sec. 7, T. 28 N., R. 12 E., N. M. P. M., containing 211.25 acres.  
Lot 1011, serial 010002 8 1/4 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 Sec. 12, and 2 1/2 Sec. 13, T. 28 N., R. 12 E., N. M. P. M., containing 840 acres.  
Protests or contests against any or all of such selections may be filed in this office during the period of publication or at any time thereafter before final approval and certification.  
A. J. KRAMER,  
Jan. 12-Feb. 7, 1917. Register.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

W. C. MERCHANT  
SPENCE & MERCHANT

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Rooms 2 and 3, Exchange Bank Bldg.  
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

GEORGE B. BARBER  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

Carrizozo New Mexico

BUEL R. WOOD  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR

Exchange Bank Building  
Carrizozo, New Mexico

SETH F. CREWS  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Will practice in Federal and State Courts.

OSCURO NEW MEXICO

C. L. KENNEDY  
LAWYER

White Oaks, N. M.

C. A. PERKINS  
ATTORNEY  
Special Attention Given to Collections  
Life Insurance, Notary Public

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER  
FIRE INSURANCE  
Notary Public

Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo.

R. E. BLANEY  
DENTIST  
Office in  
Lucas Hospital Building  
Carrizozo New Mexico

Drs. PUESLEY & SWARINGIN  
Specialists: Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and Fitting Glasses

T. E. KELLEY  
Funeral Director and  
Licensed Embalmer.

Phone 96  
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

Carrizo Lodge  
No. 11  
Knights of Pythias

Meets every Monday evening in the Masonic Hall. All members are urged to be present and visiting Knights welcomed.

T. McQuillen, E. A. O. Johnson, C. C. K. of R. & S.

Carrizozo Lodge,  
No. 41,  
A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1917:  
January 2, February 2, March 2, April 2, May 2, June 2 and 12, July 25, September 1 and 27, October 27, November 21, December 21 and 27.  
H. B. SCHAEFFER, W. M.  
S. E. MILLER, Secretary.

**I. O. O. F.**  
CARRIZOZO LODGE  
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.

A. T. CHANDEL, N. G.  
JAMES ROSKILL, Sec'y.

### ELECTION PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the statutes in such case made and provided, we, the undersigned County Commissioners within and for the County of Lincoln, hereby proclaim and give public notice of an Election to be held in the Village of Carrizozo on Saturday, February 17th, A. D. 1917, the object and purpose of which is to elect to the various offices hereinafter named:  
One Mayor of the Village of Carrizozo;  
Four other Trustees of the Village of Carrizozo;  
One Clerk of the Village of Carrizozo.  
And the Board appoints the following Election Judges for said Election:  
W. W. Stadtman, Ed. R. Kelley, Manuel Gonzales.  
The Court House is designated as the Polling Place.  
MELVIN FRANKS, Chairman.  
W. M. FERGUSON, Member.  
R. A. DURAN, Member.  
Attest: O. T. NYE, County Clerk.  
Jan. 12-Feb. 7, 1917.

## The Titsworth Company

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Cement, Lime Dynamite,  
Black Leaf 40 Fuse, Caps,  
Auto Casings Grain Bags,  
Medicated Stock Salt, Etc.

Our Stock is large and  
Our Prices are reasonable

## The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

## FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS  
All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood.

**Wm. Barnett** EL PASO AVENUE  
Phone 86

**R. L. Ransom**  
Plasterer & Contractor  
Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work  
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

Notice of Forfeiture  
To the Heirs of G. C. Hedger, Deceased:  
You and each of you are hereby notified that the undersigned co-owner has expended the sum of one hundred dollars in cash and labor on the "Doctor" Lode Mining Claim situate in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln County, New Mexico. You and each of you are further hereby notified that if you or either of you should fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure within sixty days from the date of the last publication of this notice, as required by Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, your interest in and to said mining claim will become the property of the undersigned co-owner.  
GEORGE J. WEISHAR,  
Co-owner.  
Jicarilla, N. M., Jan. 10, 1917.  
Jan. 12-April 12.

Notice for Publication  
08539  
Department of the Interior  
United States Land Office  
Roswell, New Mexico  
January 2, 1917.  
Notice is hereby given that Angel Lomas, of White Oaks, N. M., who on Oct. 29, 1912, made H. E. Berlin, N. M., for W48W1/4, E1/4 NW1/4 and SW1/4 NW1/4, Section 12, Township 14-N, Range 12-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. T. Nye, Clerk of the Probate Court, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on Feb. 5, 1917.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Jack Cleghorn, Jose Detson, those of White Oaks, N. M.; Andrew Lopez, Albino Romero, those of Roswell, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
Jan. 2-Feb. 2, 1917. Register.

Notice for Publication  
08560  
Department of the Interior,  
United States Land Office,  
Roswell, New Mexico,  
Jan. 2, 1917.  
Notice is hereby given that Nicolas Guerrero, of White Mountain, N. M., who, on Dec. 4, 1914, made H. E. Berlin, N. M., for the SW1/4 NW1/4 NW1/4, Sec. 26; and E1/4 NW1/4 NW1/4, Section 27, Township 16-N, Range 2-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Orville T. Nye, Clerk of the Probate Court, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on Feb. 13, 1917.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Jack M. Fall, of Three Rivers, N. M.; Andraldo Padilla, Epitacio Guajana, Ramalco Martinez, those of White Mountain, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON,  
January 12-February 9, 1917. Register.

Notice for Publication  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., January 12, 1917.  
Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, under the provisions of the Acts of Congress approved June 21, 1898 and June 20, 1910 and acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands:  
Lot No. 7222, Serial No. 084201  
SW1/4 NW1/4, Sec. 15, T. 2-S, Range 12-E, N. M. P. Mer., 40 acres.  
Lot No. 7667, Serial No. 084146  
SW1/4 Sec. 31, T. 2-S, Range 12-E, N. M. P. Mer., 120 acres.  
Lot No. 7888, Serial No. 084167  
Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, NE1/4, NW1/4, Sec. 21, T. 2-S, Range 12-E, N. M. P. Mer., 470.24 acres.  
Lot No. 7902, Serial No. 084168  
All of Sec. 27, T. 2-S, Range 12-E, N. M. P. Mer., 440 acres.  
Protests or contests against any or all of such selections may be filed in this office during the period of publication hereof, or at any time before final certification.  
Jan. 26-Feb. 20, 1917. Emmett Patton, Register.

## JOHN E. BELL

Quality Groceries  
FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS

The Only Exclusive Grocery in Carrizozo

Fruits, nuts, candies and vegetables in season

## A Welcome Awaits You

At  
**THE STAG**

Where your presence is appreciated and the Best Values given

All Goods First Class Pool

**JOE R. ADAMS, Prop.**  
Carrizozo, N. M.

## The Carrizozo Bar

A. R. TICE, Proprietor

Bonded Whiskies \$1.50 per quart  
Straight Bourbon Whiskey 4.50 per gallon  
Various kinds of Wine .50 per quart

Agent for Blatz Milwaukee Beer

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

## M-O-N-U-M-E-N-T-S

We carry the largest stock in the Southwest. Freight prepaid, every job guaranteed. Write for designs and estimates.

**Bowers Monument Company**  
215 East Central Albuquerque, N. M.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

Since becoming Sheriff of Lincoln County it has come to my knowledge that certain persons in the town of Carrizozo and other towns in Lincoln County have been in the habit of disobeying the Sunday closing law of the State. And have also practiced and have been in the habit of gambling on Sunday and other days in the week in public places.

Also, certain other persons have been carrying concealed weapons in this County contrary to law. This notice is published to give warning to all such violators of the law that I will do my duty by reporting and prosecuting such violators unless they cease to violate the law in this regard.

C. W. HYDE, Sheriff.

Feb. 2-9.

**Notice of Contest**

Department of the Interior  
United States Land Office  
Contest No. 4022

Bowling, New Mexico, January 17, 1917.  
To Mary T. Bradley, of Ancho, N. M., Contestor:  
You are hereby notified that Amado Monteros, who sits in Ancho, New Mexico, as his next-of-kin address, did on Jan. 15, 1917, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead Entry, Serial No. 02878, made Aug. 24, 1912, for 812 1/2 Section 14, Township 4-S, Range 11-E, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that "Said Mary T. Bradley has not resided on said land for more than 5 years last past; has placed no improvements thereon during that time and has carried on no cultivation, and that her absence from said land at the present time is not due to her employment in military service rendered in connection with operations in Mexico, or along the borders thereof, or in mobilization camps elsewhere in the military or naval service organization of the U. S. or in the National Guard of any of the several States."

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Date of first publication Feb. 2, 1917.  
" " second " Feb. 9, 1917.  
" " third " Feb. 16, 1917.  
" " fourth " Feb. 23, 1917.

**Proclamation**

Whereas, on December 16th, A. D. 1916, there was filed with the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico, a Petition asking for the issuance of Bonds in the sum of Fifty Five Thousand Dollars (\$55,000.00) subject to the limitations of Section 2683 of the Statutes of the State of New Mexico.

Therefore, in accordance with the Statutes in such case made and provided we, the undersigned County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico, hereby proclaim and give public notice of an Election to be held in the several precincts of the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico.

Hereinafter designated, on Wednesday the Seventh day of March, A. D. 1917, for the purpose of submitting to the Qualified Electors of Lincoln County, New Mexico, who paid a property tax for the year 1916 as provided by Section 10, Article 9, of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, the proposition of the Issuance of Bonds in the sum of \$55,000.00 in accordance with the Petition above mentioned.

The proceeds derived from the sale of said Bonds and the funds created thereby to be designated and set aside for specific roads, as follows:

- The Carrizozo - Corona Road ..... \$4,000.00
- The Carrizozo - White Oaks-Jicarilla Road. 1,900.00
- The Lincoln - Arabela Road ..... 3,000.00
- The Devil's Canon Road 1,500.00
- The Gaviland Cañon - Alto - Angus - Nogal Road ..... 3,500.00
- From Angus to the Capitan-Nogal Road... 500.00

The remainder of the said fund to be divided equally among the following roads:

The Road from Picacho Hill to Lincoln;

The Road from Lincoln to Carrizozo;  
The Road from Hondo up the Ruidoso to the Mescalero Indian Reservation.

Ballots at said Election shall have printed thereon the words:

"For the \$55,000.00 Bond Issue for Roads and Bridges" and in a separate line under the same words:

"Against the \$55,000.00 Bond Issue for Roads and Bridges."

Opposite said lines there shall be a square in which the voters

may make or stamp a cross to indicate whether they vote for or against said bond issue, and those voting for said bond issue shall do so by placing a cross in the square opposite the words "For the \$55,000.00 Bond Issue for Roads and Bridges" and those voting against said bond issue shall do so by placing a cross in the square opposite "Against the \$55,000.00 Bond Issue for Roads and Bridges."

The Board hereby appoints the following Judges for said Election in the various Precincts and designates Voting Places for said Election.

Precinct No. 1, Lincoln. Judges—Peter Burlinson, Frank Salazar, Jose Miranda. Voting place, Old Court House in Lincoln.

Precinct No. 2, San Patricio. Judges—John C. West, Hunt Hobbs, David Gallegos. Voting place, Hightower's Office, Hondo.

Precinct No. 3, Arabela. Judges—Octaviano Gallegos, Eugenio Garcia, Henry Rogers. Voting place, Office of Justice of the Peace, Arabela.

Precinct No. 4, Picacho. Judges—Modesto Chavez, T. J. McKnight, Vicente Flores. Voting place, Old School house, Picacho.

Precinct No. 5, Rabentou. Judges—F. P. Cleghorn, Anastacio Romero, Roque Baldonado. Voting place, Martinez and Marquez building.

Precinct No. 6, Richardson. Judges—Charles Thompson, Samuel Farmer, Manuel Aguilar. Voting place, Duran and Farmer Store building, Encinoso.

Precinct No. 7, Jicarilla. Judges—E. E. Wilson, C. L. Kennedy, Nicolas Mares. Voting place, Weisshar's store, Jicarilla.

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Precinct No. 8, White Oaks. Bert Stroops. Voting place, Office of B. F. Adams.

Precinct No. 14, Carrizozo, N. M. Judges—W. S. Brady, Julian Taylor, S. F. Miller. Voting place at Court House, Carrizozo.

Precinct No. 15, Oscura. Judges—R. E. Blaney, Guido Rainiger, Horace Riddle. Voting place in Morris building.

Precinct No. 16, Ancho. Judges—Jimmie Cooper, J. F. Thompson, J. O. Carter. Voting place, School House, Ancho.

Done at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1917.

MILVIN FRANKS,  
Chairman Board County Commissioners.  
W. M. FERGUSON, Member.  
R. A. DURAN, Member.

Attest: O. T. NYK,  
County Clerk.  
Jan. 25—Feb. 16.

We have some very fine upland Kansas Prairie Hay. We believe a little of it fed to the weak and doubtful ones will see them safely through the winter.—Humphrey Bros.

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids. The Titworth Co., Capitán.

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**N. B. TAYLOR & SONS**  
Blacksmithing and Hardware  
CARRIZOZO & WHITE OAKS  
Tinware, Paints, Glass, Oils of all kinds, Harness, Ammunition, Etc.

Special Facilities For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

**Carrizozo Eating House**  
F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

**It Always Helps**

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Gardul, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Gardul, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Gardul, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill. I wish every suffering woman would give

**GARDUI**  
The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Gardul when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good." Headache, backache, side aches, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Gardul, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Gardul for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

**Get a Bottle Today!**

**Toilet Articles**

Rubber Goods  
Stationery  
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Prescriptions

They are good when we sell them, and the price is always right. Try us.

**The Nyal Store**  
ROLLAND BROS.

**YOU CANNOT**

**MAGNIFY**

**The Exchange Bank of Carrizozo**

DON'T CHEAT YOURSELF by thinking that you can prosper and do a good business without a commercial bank account. You can't, for a bank account is the motive power of business, the engine that supplies the steam to go ahead. Get in line and be ready for the fall campaign, and the prosperous times that are ahead by opening an account with us.

**HAVE YOU A BANK ACCOUNT?**

Did you ever stop to think that the fact that you have a bank account adds strength and credit to your standing in the community in which you live? We have a good bank and you ought to keep a good account with us. Begin today. A small start is all right. Add to it, consistently, and you will be surprised how it will grow and you will grow with it.

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"Prices right" and "Quality guaranteed." Try us.

Phone 46 Carrizozo, New Mexico

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

**NEW PRICES, August 1, 1916**

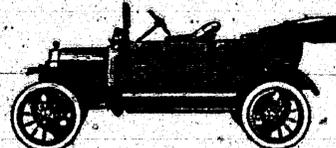
The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis	\$325.00
Runabout	345.00
Touring Car	360.00

f. o. b. Detroit

These prices positively guaranteed against any reduction before Aug. 1, 1917. But there is no guarantee against an advance in price any time.

**WESTERN GARAGE**  
F. B. SHIELDS, Proprietor



# The PRICE

By FRANCIS LYNDE  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY C. DRHODES

### SYNOPSIS.

Kenneth Griswold, an unsuccessful writer, because of socialistic tendencies, is taken up by Andrew Galbraith, president of the Bayou State Security, in the president's private office and escapes with \$10,000 in cash. By original methods he escapes the hue and cry and goes aboard the Belle Julia as a deckhand. He uncovers the plot of Charlotte Farnham, a wealthy contractor who had seen him cash Galbraith's check in the bank. Charlotte recognizes Griswold, and decides to disengage him. She sees the brutal mate rescued from drowning by Griswold. She tells to Griswold and by his advice sends a letter of betrayal to Galbraith anonymously. Griswold is arrested on the arrival of the boat at St. Louis, but escapes from his captors. He decides on Wahaska, Minn., as a hiding place, and after outfitting himself properly, takes the train. Margery Grierson, daughter of Jasper Grierson, the financial magnate of Wahaska, starts a campaign for social recognition by the "old families" of the town. Griswold falls ill on the sleeper and is cared for and taken to her home in Wahaska by Margery, who finds the stolen money in his suitcase. Brown, detective, takes the trail. Margery tells her father to get Edward Raymer into financial hot water and then help him out of it.

### CHAPTER XI—Continued.

"He ain't the man to go to his womenfolks when he gets into hot water. He'll keep it to himself; and they'll go on blaming you, same as ever."

Miss Grierson pulled on her gauntlets and made ready to go, lazeurly, as befitting her pose.

"That is where you are mistaken," she objected, coolly. "It isn't very often I can give you a business tip, but this is one of the times when I can. When John Raymer died, he left an undivided half of his estate to his wife, the other half to be shared equally by the children. At the present moment every dollar the entire family has is invested in the front plant. You will let Mr. Raymer get himself into hot water, as you call it, and then, when I say the word, you'll reach in and pull him out."

When she was gone, the president selected another of the overgrown cigars from a box in the desk drawer, lighted it, and tilted back in the big armchair to envelop himself in a cloud of smoke. It was his single expensive habit—the never-empty box of Brobdingnagian cigars in the drawer—and



"That's Where You Are Mistaken," She Objected Coolly.

the indulgence helped him to push the fellow-Dog period into a remoter past.

After a time the smoke cloud became articulate, rumbling forth chuckles and Elizabethan oaths, mingling with mutings idiomatic and profane. "By gad, I believe she thought she was fooling me—I do, for a fact! But it's too thin. Of course, she wants to make the women know—well, that isn't all there is to it—not by a jugful, but it's all right; she plays her own hand, and she's bully good and able to play it. If she's after Raymer's scalp, he might as well get ready to wear a wig, right now. I'll back her in win, every time."

### CHAPTER XII.

#### Lees and Cash.

Striving feebly as one who gathers up the shards and fragments after an explosion, Griswold remembered suddenly the supper of tattered soups at the Hotel Chouteau. After that there were vague impressions, momentary flashes in the wall of its smoky darkness. In one of these flashes a woman had stood beside him, and he seemed to remember that she had put her cool hand on his

forehead. When complete consciousness returned, the dream impression was still so sharply defined that he was not surprised to find her standing at his bedside.

Before he could frame any of the queries which came thronging to the door of the returned consciousness, she smiled and shook her head and forbade him.

Later in the day the doctor came; and when the professional requirements were satisfied, Griswold required the bare facts of his succoring. It was characteristic of the Griswold of other days that the immense obligation under which the Griersons had placed him made him gasp and perspire afresh.

Griswold looked long and earnestly at the face of his professional adviser. It was a good face, clearly lined, benevolent, and, above all, trustworthy.

"Tell me one thing more, doctor, if you can. What was the motive? Was it just heavenly-good-heartedness—or—"

The doctor's smile was the least possible shade wintry.

"When you have lived a few years longer in this world of ours, you will not probe too deeply into motives; you will take the deed as the sufficient exponent of the prompting behind it. If I say so much, you will understand that I am not impugning Miss Grierson's motives. There are times when who is the good angel of everybody in sight, Mr.—"

The pause after the courtesy title was significant, and Griswold filled it promptly. "Griswold—Kenneth Griswold. Do you mean to say that you haven't known my name, doctor?"

"We have not. We took the Good Samaritan's privilege and ransacked your belongings—Miss Margery and I—thinking there might be relatives or friends who should be notified."

"And you found nothing?" queried the sick man, a cold fear gripping at his heart.

"Nothing but clothing and your toilet tools, a pistol, and a typewritten book manuscript bearing no signature."

Griswold turned his face away and shut his eyes. Once more his stake in the game of life was gone.

"There was another package—of papers in one of the grips," he said, faintly; "quite a large package wrapped in brown paper."

"We found nothing but the manuscript. Could anyone else make use of the papers you speak of?"

Griswold was too feeble to protract successfully.

"There was money in the package," he said, leaving the physician to infer what he pleased.

"Ah; then you were robbed. It's a pity we didn't know it at the time. It is pretty late to begin looking for the thief now, I'm afraid."

"Quite too late," said Griswold monotonously.

It was not until after the doctor had gone that Griswold was able to face the now misfortune with anything like a sober measure of equanimity. With or without money, he must relieve the Griersons of their self-assumed burden at the earliest possible moment.

This was the thought with which he sank into the first natural sleep of convalescence. But during the days which followed, Margery was able to modify it without dulling the keen edge of his obligation. What perfect hospitality could do was done, without ostentation, with the exact degree of spontaneity which made it appear as a service rendered to a kinsman. It was one of the gifts of the daughter of man to be able to ignore all the middle distances between an introduction and a friendship; and by the time Griswold was strong enough to let the big, gentle Swedish plant him in a Morris chair in the sun-warmed bay window, the friendship was a fact accomplished.

"Do you know, you're the most wonderful person I have ever known?" he said to Margery, on the first of the sunny days when she had come to perch in the window seat opposite his chair. "Do you believe in destiny?"

She nodded brightly. "Sometimes I do; when it brings things out the way I want them to come out."

"I've often wondered," he went on musingly. "Think of it—somehow back in the past you took the first step in the path which was to lead you to that late supper in the Chouteau. Somewhere in my past I took the first step in the crooked trail that was to lead me there."

"Well," she encouraged.

"The path crossed—and I am your poor debtor," he finished. "I can never hope to repay you and your father for what you have done."

"Oh, yes you can," she asserted lightly. "You can pass it along to the man farther down. Forget it, and tell me what you want to know about Wahaska."

"First, I'd like to know my doctor's name."

"The Ideal," she exclaimed. "Hasn't there been anybody to introduce you?"

He is Wahaska's best-beloved Doctor Herlie; otherwise Doctor Herbert C. Farnham."

"Doctor Farnham?—not Miss Char—" He bit the name in two in the middle, but the mischief was done.

"Yes; Charlotte's father," was the calm reply. "Where did you meet Miss Farnham?"

"I haven't met her," he protested instantly; "she—she doesn't know me from Adam. But I have seen her, and I happened to learn her name and her home address."

"Oh," said the small fitter of deduction pegs; and afterward she talked, and made the convalescent talk, pointedly of other things.

This occurred in the forenoon of a pleasant day in May. In the afternoon of the same day Miss Grierson's trap was halted before the door of the temporary quarters of the Wahaska Public Library. Raymer saw the trap and crossed the street, remembering—that his sister had asked him to get a book on orchids.

Miss Margery was in the reference room, wading absently through the newspaper files. She nodded brightly



"It is Pretty Late to Begin Looking for the Thief Now."

when Raymer entered—and was not in the least dust-blinded by the library card in his hand.

"You are just in time to help me," she told him. "Do you remember the story of that daring bank robbery in New Orleans a few weeks ago—the one in which a man made the president draw a check and get it cashed for him?"

Raymer did remember it, chiefly because he had talked about it at the time with Jasper Grierson, and had wondered curiously how the president of the Farmers' and Merchants' would deport himself under like conditions.

"If you should meet the man face to face, would you recognize him from the description?" she flashed up at Raymer.

"Not in a thousand years," he confessed. "Would you?"

"No; not from the description," she admitted. Then she passed to a matter apparently quite irrelevant.

"Didn't I see Miss Farnham's return noticed in the Wahaskan the other day?"

With Charlotte's father a daily visitor at Merseide, it seemed incredible that Miss Grierson had not heard of the daughter's homecoming. But Raymer answered in good faith.

"They came up as far as St. Louis on one of the Anchor line—the Belle Juliette—and even Miss Gilman admits that the accommodations were excellent."

She nodded absently and began to turn the leaves of the newspaper file. Raymer took it as his dismissal and went to the desk to get the orchid book. When he looked in again on his way to the street, Miss Grierson had gone, leaving the file of the Pioneer Press open on the reading desk. Almost involuntarily he glanced at the first-page headings, thrilling to a little shock of surprise when one of them proved to be the caption of another Associated Press dispatch giving a 20-line story of the capture and second escape of the Bayou State Security robber on the levee at St. Louis.

The reading of the bit of stale news impressed him curiously. Why had Miss Margery interested herself in the details of the New Orleans bank robbery? Why—with no apparent special reason—should she have remembered it at all—or, remembering it, have known where to look for the two newspaper references?

Raymer left the library speculating vaguely on the unaccountable tangents at which the feminine mind could now and then fly off from the well-dammed circle of the conventionally usual. On rare occasions his mother or Gertrude did it, and he had long since learned the folly of trying to reduce the small problem to terms of known quantities masculine.

"Just the same, I'd like to know why, this time," he said to himself, as he crossed the street to the Manufacturers' Club. "Miss Grierson isn't at all the person to do things without an object."

### CHAPTER XIII.

#### The Convalescent.

After a few more days in the Morris chair—days during which he was idly contented when Margery was with him, and vaguely discontented

when she was not—Griswold was permitted to go below stairs, where he met, for the first time since the Grierson roof had given him shelter, the master of Merseide.

The little visit to Jasper Grierson's library was not prolonged beyond the invalid's strength; but notwithstanding its brevity there were inert currents of antagonism evolved which Margery, present and endeavoring to serve as a lightning-arrester, could neither ground nor turn aside.

Griswold took away from the rather constrained ice-breaking in the banker's library a renewed resolve to cut his obligation to Jasper Grierson as short as possible. How he should begin again the morbid struggle for existence was still an unsolved problem. Of the one-thousand-dollar spending-fund—there remained something less than half; for a few weeks or months he could live and pay his way; but after that—

Curiously the alternative of another attack upon the plutocratic dragon did not suggest itself. That, he told himself, was an experiment tried and found wanting. But in any event, he must not outstay his welcome at Merseide; and with this thought in mind he crept downstairs daily after the library episode, and would give Margery no peace, because she would not let him go abroad in the town.

"How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless—what shall I say—patient, or guest, or friend?" she laughed, garbling the quotation to fit the occasion.

"Shakespeare said 'child,'" he suggested mildly.

"And so shall I!" she glibed—but the gibe itself was almost a caress. "Sometimes you remind me of an impatient boy who has been promised a peach and can't wait until it ripens. But if you must have a reason why I won't drive you this afternoon, you may. We are going to have a tiny little social function at Merseide this evening, and I want you to be fresh and rested for it."

"Certainly, I shall come, if you wish it," he assented, remembering afresh his immense obligation; and when the time was ripe he made himself presentable and felt his way down the dimly lighted library stair, being minded to slip into the social pool by the route which promised the smallest splash and the fewest ripples.

It was a stirring of the Philistine in him that led him to prefigure weariness and banality in the prospect. Without in the least expecting it, Griswold was a Brahmin of the sovereign sect on his social side; easily disposed to hold aloof and to criticize, and, as a man eastern-bred, solemnly assured that nothing truly acceptable in the social sense could come out of the Nazareth of the West.

For this cause he was properly humiliated when he entered the spacious double drawing-rooms and found them so comfortably crowded by a throng of conventionally clothed and conventionally behaved guests that he was immediately able to lose himself—and any lingering trace of self-consciousness—were he to be trusted, was western only by reason of Wahaska's location on the map.

And the charming young hostess hitherto he had known her only as his benefactress and the thoughtful caretaker for his comfort. But now, at this first sight of her in the broader social field, she shone upon and dazzled him. Admitting that the later charm might be subtly sensuous—he refused to analyze it too closely—it was undeniable that it warmed him to a newer and a stronger life; that he could bank in its generous glow like some hibernating thing of the wild answering to the first thrilling of the springtide. True, Miss Grierson bore little resemblance to any ideal of his past imaginings. She might even be the Aspasia to Charlotte Farnham's Saint Cecilia. But, even so, was not the daughter of Astochus well beloved of men and of heroes?

It was some little time afterward, and Jasper Grierson, stalking like a grim and rather unwilling master of ceremonies among his guests, had gruffly introduced three or four of the men, when Griswold gladly made room in the window seat for his transformed and glorified mistress of the fitnesses. As had happened more than once before, her nearness intoxicated him; and while he made sure now that the charm was at least partly physical, its appeal was none the less irresistible.

"Are you dreadfully tired?" she asked, adding quickly: "You mustn't let us make a martyr of you. It's your privilege to disappear whenever you feel like it."

"Indeed, I'm not at all tired," he protested. "It is all very comforting and homelike; so vastly—" he hesitated, seeking thoughtfully for the word which should convey his meaning without laying him open to the charge of patronizing superciliousness, and she supplied it promptly.

"So different from what you were expecting, I know. You have been thinking of us as barbarians—outer barbarians, perhaps—and you find that we are only harmless provincials. But really, you know, we are improving. I wish you could have known Wahaska as it used to be."

"It is all very grateful and delightful to me," he confessed at length. "I have been out of the social rumpus for a long time, but I may as well admit that I am shamelessly epicurean by nature, and an ascetic only when the necessities drive."

"I know," she assented, with quiet appreciation. "An author has to be both, hasn't he?—been to enjoy, and well hardened to endure."

He turned upon her squarely.

"Where did you ever learn how to say such things as that?" he demanded.

It was an opening for mockery and good-natured rally, but she did not make use of it. Instead, she let him look as deeply as he pleased into the velvety eyes when she said: "It is given to some of us to see and to understand where others have to learn slowly, letter by letter. Surely, your own gift has told you that, Mr. Griswold?"

"It has," he acknowledged. "But I have found few who really do understand."

"Which is to say that you haven't yet found your other self, isn't it? Perhaps that will come, too, if you'll only be patient—and not expect too many other gifts of the gods—along with the one priceless gift of perfect sympathy."

"When I find the one-priceless-gift, I shall confidently expect to find everything else," he asserted, still held a willing prisoner by the bewitching eyes.

She laughed softly. "You'll be disappointed. The gift you demand will preclude some of the others; as the others would certainly preclude it. How can you be an author and not understand that?"

"I am not an author, I am sorry to say," he objected. "I have written but the one book, and I have never been able to find a publisher for it."

"But you are not going to give up?"

"No; I am going to rewrite the book and try again—and yet again, if needful. It is my message to mankind, and I mean to deliver it."

"Bravo!" she applauded, clapping her hands in a little burst of enthusiasm which, if it were not real, was at least an excellent simulation. "It is only the weak ones who say, 'I hope.' For the truly strong hearts there is only one battle cry, 'I will!' When you get blue and discouraged, you must come to me and let me cheer you. Cheering people is my mission, if I have any."

Griswold's pale face flushed and the blood sang blithely in his veins. He wondered if she had been tempted to read the manuscript of the book while he was fighting his way back to consciousness and life. If they had been alone together, he would have asked her. The bare possibility set all the springs of the author's vanity bubbling within him. There and then he promised himself that she should hear the rewriting of the book, chapter by chapter. But what he said was out of a deeper and worthier underthought.

"You have many missions, Miss Margery; some of them you choose, and some are chosen for you."

"No," she denied; "nobody has ever chosen for me."

"That may be true, without making me a false prophet. Sometimes when we think we are choosing for ourselves, chance chooses for us; oftener than not, I believe."

She turned on him quickly, and for a single swiftly passing instant the velvety eyes were deep wells of sobriety with an indefinable underdepth of sorrow in them. Griswold had a sudden conviction that for the first time in his knowing of her he was looking into the soul of the real Margery Grierson.

"What you call 'chance' may possibly have a bigger and better name," she said gravely.

Some little time after this Raymer, who had been one of the men introduced by Jasper Grierson, turned up again in the invalid's corner. Raymer

suggested the smoking-room and a cigar, and Griswold went willingly.

From that on the path to better acquaintance was the easiest of short cuts, even as the mild cigar which Raymer found in his pocket case paved the way for a return of the smoker's seat in the convalescent. Without calling himself a reformer, the young ironmaster proved to be a practical sociologist. Wherefore, when Griswold presently mounted his own sociological hobby, he was promptly invited to visit the Raymer foundry and machine works, to the end that he might have some of his theories of the universal oppression of wage earners charitably modified.

"Of course, I don't deny that we're a long way from the millennium yet," was Raymer's summing up of the conditions in his own plant. "But I do claim that we are on a present-day, living footing. So far as the men are

concerned, they are loyal; partly to my father's memory; partly, I hope, to me. We have never had a strike or an approach to one, or a disagreement that could not be adjusted amicably. Whether these conditions can be maintained after we double our capacity and get in a lot of new blood, I can't say. But I hope they can."

"You are enlarging!" said Griswold. Raymer waited until the only other man in the smoking den had gone back to the drawing-rooms before he said: "Yes; I caught the fever along with the rest of them—a few weeks ago, and I'm already beginning to wish that I hadn't."

"You are afraid of the market?"

"No; times are good, and the market—our market, at least—is daily growing stronger. It is rather a matter of finances. I am an engineer, as my father was before me. When it comes to wrestling with the money devil, I'm outlashed from the start."

"There are a good many more of us in the same boat," said Griswold, leaving an opening for further confidences if Raymer chose to make them. But the young ironmaster was looking at his watch, and the confidences were postponed.

"I'm keeping you up, when I dare say you ought to be in bed," he protested; but Griswold held him long enough to ask for a suggestion in a small matter of his own.

Now that he was able to be about, he was most anxious to relieve Miss Grierson and her father of the charge and care of one whose obligation to them was already more than mountain-high; did Raymer happen to know of some quiet household where the obligated one could find lodging and a simple table?

Raymer, taking time to think of it, did know. Mrs. Holcomb, the widow of his father's bookkeeper, owned her own house in Shawnee street. It was not a boarding house. The widow rented rooms to two of Mr. Grierson's bank clerks, and she was looking for another desirable lodger. Quite possibly she would be willing to board the extra lodger. Raymer himself would go and see her about it.

"It is an exceedingly kind-hearted community, this home town of yours, Mr. Raymer," was the convalescent's leave-taking, when he shook hands with the ironmaster at the foot of the stairs; and that was the thought which he took to bed with him after Raymer had gone to make his adieux to the small person who, in Griswold's reckoning, owned the kindest of kind hearts.

CHAPTER XIV.

Brown's Equation.

Having Clerk Maurice's telegram to time the overtaking approach, Brown found the Belle Julia backing and filling for her berth at the Vicksburg landing when, after a hasty Vicksburg breakfast, he had himself driven to the river front.

Going aboard as soon as the swing stage was lowered, he found Maurice, with whom he had something more than a speaking acquaintance, just turning out of his bunk in the texas.

"I took it for granted you'd be along," was Maurice's greeting. "What bank robber are we running away with now?"

Brown grinned. "I'm still after the one you took on in the place of John Gavitt."

"Humph!" said the clerk, sleepily; "I thought that one was John Gavitt."

"No; he merely took Gavitt's place and name. Tell me all you know about him."

"I don't know anything about him, except that he was fool enough to pull Buck McGrath out of the river just after McGrath had tried to bump him over the bows."

"Of course, so far as you know, nobody on the boat suspected that the fellow who called himself Gavitt was anything but the 'roustie' he was passing himself off for? You didn't know of his having any talk with any of the upper-deck people?"

"Only once," said the day clerk, promptly.

"When was that?"

"It was one day just after the 'man-overboard' incident, a little while after dusk in the texas, getting ready to go to supper. Gavitt—we may as well keep on calling him that till you've found another name for him—Gavitt—had been cubbing for the pilot. I saw him go across the hurricane-deck guards; and a minute later I heard him talking to somebody—a woman—on the guards below."

"You didn't hear what was said?"

"I didn't pay any attention. Passengers, woman passengers, especially, often do that—pull up a 'roustie' and pry into him to see what sort of wheels he has. But I noticed that they talked for quite a little while; because, when I finished dressing and went below, he was just leaving her."

Brown rose up from the bunk on which he had been sitting and laid a heavy hand on Maurice's shoulder. "You ain't going to tell me that you didn't find out who the woman was, Clarence—what?" he said anxiously.

"That's just what I've got to tell you, Matt," returned the clerk, reluctantly. "I was due at the second table, and I didn't go as far forward as the stanchion she was holding to. All I can tell you is that she was one of the half-dozen or so younger women we had on board; I could guess at that much."

Brown's oath was not of anger; it was a mere upbraiding of disappointed hope.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

# Suffered Several Years. PERUNA MADE ME WELL

Mrs. Elizabeth Reuther, 1001 11th St. N. W., Washington, D. C., writes: "I am pleased to endorse Peruna as a splendid medicine for catarrh and stomach troubles, from which I suffered for several years. I took it for several months, and at the end of that time found my health was restored and have felt splendidly ever since. I now take it when I contract a cold, and it soon rids the system of any catarrhal tendencies."

Its My Standby for a Cold.

Those who object to liquid medicine can now procure Peruna Tablets.



## THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

Weak and unhealthy kidneys cause so much sickness and suffering and when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results may be expected.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys should have attention first because their work is most important.

If you feel that your kidneys are the cause of your sickness or run down condition commence taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because if it proves to be the remedy you need and your kidneys begin to improve they will help all the other organs to health.

**Prevalency of Kidney Disease.** Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalence of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are among the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patients, who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects, while the original disease constantly undermines the system.

**SPECIAL NOTE**—You may obtain a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. This gives you the opportunity to prove the remarkable merit of this medicine. They will also send you a book of valuable information, containing many of the thousands of grateful letters received from men and women who say they found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy needed in kidney, liver and bladder troubles. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample size bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure and mention this paper.

**Lively Aid to Cupid.** Eighteen residents of the Pueblo (Colo.) Young Men's Christian association dormitory have been married since that institution opened its doors about a year ago.

**FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS**

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free. For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Remove is memory that has gone to seed.

Turkey has put bakeries under government rule.

**A Trial Will Convince Anyone.** Thousands of people have testified that the mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized and that it stands the highest for its remarkable results in the most distressing cases.

**Symptoms of Kidney Trouble.** Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you suffer from annoying bladder troubles, frequently passing water night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, bloating, irritability, worn-out feeling, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh or hollow complexion, kidney trouble in its worst form may be stealing upon you.

**Swamp-Root is Pleasant to Take.** If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

**Better keep peace than make peace.**

**END STOMACH TROUBLE, GASES OR DYSPEPSIA**

"Pape's Diasepsin" makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs surely feel fine in five minutes.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach-headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diasepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needles it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest stomach doctor in the world. It's wonderful—Adv.

New York city has eight pension funds.

# NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

## Rare Chinese Books Now in Congressional Library

WASHINGTON.—There is a Chinese library in Washington which ranks third among the Chinese libraries of the Western world, a library which contains more than 40,000 volumes of Chinese printed books, and 10,000 volumes in other Asiatic tongues, according to Dr. Walter T. Swingle of the Library of Congress.

The Chinese library in question is part of the Library of Congress, and is known as the Chinese collection of that institution.

"We have not only one of the largest and probably the best arranged collections in Western countries, but are fortunate in possessing many very rare or very valuable works which would be highly prized even in China," declared Doctor Swingle. "An exhibition recently prepared at the library shows Sung, King, and Yuan dynasty prints, and two early Ming prints, printed before 1450 A. D. Some of these works are of great interest, being editions supposed to have been lost even in the Orient.

"Besides these early works dating from the twelfth century, the same exhibit contains material illustrating the three largest books in the world.

"These are: 'The Great Ming Encyclopedia,' which took the equivalent of 8,000 years' work in compilation; the 'Imperial Encyclopedia,' the largest printed work made up by order of the Manchu emperor, Chien Lung, from 1773 to 1782, and including all the principal works in the Chinese language."



## How President Wilson Obtains Wanted Relaxation

FOR the last few months there has been a great mystery about the White House. It has to do with one of the means which the president employs to relax from his presidential duties.



This form of amusement is nothing more than the good old game of pool, or, speaking in more polite terms, pocket billiards.

When the conditions are normal at the White House the president has two means of relaxation other than playing billiards. He takes great delight in reading poetry aloud. The other form of amusement is the reading of detective stories. There is a government employee in Washington who considers it his special duty to keep the president supplied with the latest detective stories. President Wilson does not believe it wise to keep the midnight oil burning. Therefore, the hours of 11 o'clock usually finds him in bed. More often it is before 10 o'clock that he retires. This is necessary because of his early rising.

The following sign could properly be posted upon the door of the White House offices:

"Office hours, 5 o'clock in the morning until 10:30 o'clock at night." Usually the president's afternoons have been given over to recreation, which may be golf, or motor rides. Mr. Wilson is generally his companion in both. The motor trips are usually over by 6 o'clock, so there is ample time to prepare for 7 o'clock dinner. Most of the president's evenings have been devoted to work.

## Plan Made to Treat "Postmastering" as a Business

PLANS by which the present method of presidential appointment of postmasters will be abolished and appointments made instead under the civil service are under consideration by the post office department. If Mr. Burleson's idea is made law it will take away from members of congress their influence in the selection of postmasters and remove from political subject of patronage the country over. Among many members of congress there is a strong sentiment for the law.

The department, it is said, has been handicapped in some of its progressive measures because postmasters were chosen for their popularity rather than for their business ability.

The plan proposed would make postmastering a business which a man must first qualify for before receiving an appointment. It would make possible the promotion of a postmaster from a small office to a larger one, and instead of installing a postmaster for a four-year term to remain in one place he would be installed in the office he is best fitted for. If it were found that a postmaster serving in an office with receipts of \$10,000 was qualified to serve in an office with receipts of \$100,000 he would be in line for promotion to such an office.

By this method the service, it is declared, would be improved and at the same time would be placed on a business basis and economies realized.

The proposed change would affect 9,192 postmasters, the number now appointed by the president. Of these 577 are first class, 2,212 second class, 6,403 third class.

## Talented Sculptress Makes Bugs for Government

PERSONALITY and achievement unite to make of Mrs. Mica Zesta Heidemann one of the most interesting figures in the galaxy of gifted women of the capital city. Of Danish birth, she studied sculpture under the ablest masters of Europe, and has created some remarkably skillful portraits in bronze and marble.

But it is not for her art statues and portrait busts that Mrs. Heidemann has achieved distinction in governmental circles, but for her wonderful models of bugs, of which she has made so many that she has forgotten the names of half of them.

Under her talented fingers the bugs are marvels of art. They are made on a gigantic scale. Some are wondrously beautiful, while others, in their magnified ugliness, are hideous beyond compare.

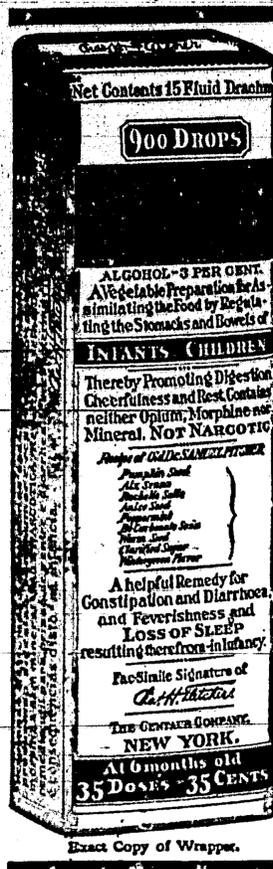
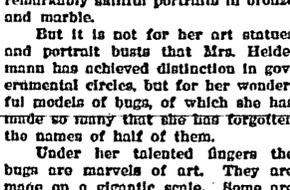
Modest in the extreme, Mrs. Heidemann refused to see anything extraordinary in the unusual and clever samples of her art that are everywhere in evidence in her charming home at Forest Glen.

"Usually I make only the bad bugs," Mrs. Heidemann explained, "the ones that are injurious to health and to the crops of the farmer and fruit grower. Never are any made for just their beauty or their good qualities. And they are of necessity made so scientifically as to be of value educationally. These models are used very largely in the agricultural colleges to impress upon the students the character of the insects and bugs of various kinds that prey upon the grains, fruits and vegetables and cause destruction of crops. Sometimes there are insects that combat such pests, and I make them, too.

"The models of the bugs must be large enough so that the tiniest insect represented is seen in its much detail as if it were being observed in life under a strong glass."

Asked of what material she made her bugs, Mrs. Heidemann replied: "Anything and everything. Of course, I have a composition which is my real secret, but the rule that guides me in choosing materials is to make them lifelike; so all sorts of materials are used. I study the bug, and anything that will make the big model look just as it looks in life, I use. After the drawing is made to suit me, then a skeleton must be made for permanency to build upon."

"Into the construction of this go also many things, according to the nature of the insect—wire, metals, wax, hairs, thread, silk, celluloid, glass, rubber, plaster of paris, leather, several special kinds of gasses, silvery powder and the composition; and the first thing you know the bug is done. Yes, it is tedious work; always weeks, sometimes months, are required in making some of the more difficult ones."



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of

In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Serious. "She's only flirting with him. "It's more serious than that. I saw her looking up his rating."

## 10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascarets. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will keep your liver and bowels clean; stomach sweet and head clear for months. They work while you sleep.—Adv.

Two Beauties of This World. Stella—What is always beautiful? Bella—Know and any woman who gets in the papers.

## TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and straggly hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!—Adv.

An Empty Echo. "Money talks," observed the Sage. "Yes," replied the Fool. "But all some of us hear is the echo."

If you wish beautiful, clear white clothes, use Red Cross Bag Blue. At all good grocers. Adv.

The Kind It Was. "Did you have a fine kind of automobile trip?" "It was nothing but fine."

Japan has a goldfish farm that has been in continuous operation since 1763.

## A Great Discovery

(BY J. H. WATSON, M. D.)

Swollen hands, ankles, feet are due to a droopical condition, often caused by disordered kidneys. Naturally when the kidneys are deranged the blood is filled with poisonous waste matter, which settles in the feet, ankles and wrists; or under the eyes in bag-like formations.

As a remedy for those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation caused by uric acid—as scalding urine, backache and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gout, it is simply wonderful how quickly Anuric acts; the pains and stiffness rapidly disappear.

Take a glass of hot water before meals and Anuric to flush the kidneys. Step into any drug store and ask for Anuric, many times more potent than Hiba and eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar.

Spain has resumed the cultivation of cotton, once a leading industry in that country.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

Male and female slaves were sold publicly in the fairs of England during the fourteenth century.

## ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair. To half pint of water add 1 ea. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 ea. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

The United States coastguard in 1915 saved 1,507 lives.

The first sneeze is the danger signal. Time to take—

## HILL'S CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates, no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—no matter how long they have lasted. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on the label. At Any Drug Store.



"Belle"—"What do you think John said, Daddy, when I told him that when we were married I would be a millionaires, a country place, a motor and a lot of servants?" "Daddy"—"Well, what did he say?" "Belle"—"He said that if I would stay home as my right wife I would have them."

## Green's August Flower

Which for 51 years has contributed to the health and well-being of countless thousands everywhere. 25c and 75c.

## To Kill Rats and Mice

ALWAYS USE STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE U. S. Government Days It SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and 50c.



A WOMAN'S BURDEN is lightened when she turns to the right medicine. If her existence is made gloomy by the chronic weaknesses, delicate derangements, and painful disorders that afflict her sex, she will find relief and emancipation from her troubles in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If she is overworked, nervous, or "run-down," she finds new life and strength. It's a powerful, invigorating tonic and nerve which was discovered and used by an eminent physician for many years, in all cases of "female complaints" and weaknesses. For young girls just entering womanhood it is for women at the critical "change of life" in bearing-down seasons, periodical pains, nervousness, inflammation, and every kindred ailment, the "Favorite Prescription" is guaranteed to benefit or cure. Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

## The Quinine That Does Not Cause Nervousness or Ringing in Head

Because of its Tonic and Laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. It removes the cause of Colds, Grip and Headache. Used whenever Quinine is needed.

—But remember there is Only One "Bromo Quinine" That is the Original Laxative Bromo Quinine This Signature on Every Box

Send the World Over to Own a Cold 25c.

# C. W. Grove

## Canada's Liberal Offer of Wheat Land to Settlers

is open to you—to every farmer or farmer's son who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is much higher but her fertile farm land just as cheap, and in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

100 Acre Business Lots Available Free to Settlers and Other Land Sold at from \$15 to \$25 per Acre

The great demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. Where a farmer can get near 20 for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre he is bound to make money. (This is what you can expect in Western Canada. Wonderful yields—also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming in Western Canada is fully as profitable as industry in grain raising.)

The excellent system, full of statistics, are the only book required either for best or daily purposes. Good maps, sections, and other material, of great value, are included. Military service is not compulsory in Canada, but there is an unusual demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates in bulk, immigration, Oats, etc., or to

W. V. BENNETT, Room 4, Bee Bldg., Ottawa, Neb. Canadian Government Agent

**LOCAL AND PERSONAL**

Will Owen was down Monday from White Oaks.  
"Dady" Kabler is again up and around after a second attack from grippe.

Lin Branum is able to be up and around after his tussle with pneumonia.

Ben L. Stimmell returned this week from Oklahoma, where he had gone with a shipment of horses.

For Sale, one Model 83 Overland, like new, run 5,000 miles, good condition, \$500 if taken by February 7. One 5-passenger Ford, run two weeks. One 5-passenger Ford, good condition, \$175. One 5-passenger Ford, 1916 model, \$150. Western Garage.

Frank Gray and son Barney came in Monday night from Quemado, Socorro county. Mr. Gray is greatly pleased with his new home, declaring it to be the ideal cattle country. His nearest neighbor is seven miles, and the only objection to that is he is too near.

George J. Weisbar was here Wednesday from Jicarilla.

Mrs. Mary Reside has been quite ill this week, a sufferer from acute indigestion.

Johnny Littleton was over this week from Desco to see his mother, Mrs. Martin May, who is ill at Hotel Tenipie with pneumonia.

Miles B. May has been a sufferer the past week from heart failure. His condition was quite serious the early part of the week, but he is now improving.

We pay the highest prices for hides and pelts. Ziegler Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Farley will occupy the Joe White building now under construction on Elm street.

Albert Ziegler is east on a purchasing expedition for Ziegler Brothers. He will be absent about three weeks and will secure a well selected stock of spring and summer goods for their trade.

The election on the issue of bonds for roads takes place March 7. It is proposed to issue \$35,000. Don't make up your mind hastily on this question; study it thoroughly, and vote for the best interests of the county.

J. M. Rice was down Wednesday from his Parsons home.

John Stuart was here Tuesday from Alto looking after business matters.

Mrs. W. B. Wagoner arrived this week from Paos and is visiting her mother, Mrs. Grace E. De Nisson.

Oscar W. Bamberger left Monday night for Chicago and other points shopping for the Carrizozo Trading company. He will visit his old home in Indiana before returning.

Harry Chant has been suffering from rheumatism the past week, but only two days was the pain sufficient to prevent him from putting in an appearance in the yards.

Mrs. C. F. Rolland arrived last Saturday from Fenton, Michigan, to visit a few weeks with her son and family. Before returning she will also visit her other son, Frank C., at Alamogordo.

**'The Eyes of the World'**

Nothing less than a masterpiece is expected of the makers of beautiful photo-spectacle "Ramona" when the new cinema production of Harold Ball Wright's famous story, "The Eyes of the World," comes to the Crystal theater on February 14 for the one evening.

Wright's cyclonic story of romance and adventure in the cities and mountains of southern California, which had such charm between book covers that over a million copies were sold, has been translated into a magnificent multiple-reel feature of ten sections; the author himself personally assisting in the work.

**Jack Peak**

Mr. Stoneman went to Capitan Friday on business intent.

There is some sickness in the family of Mr. Simpson we learn, but not of a severe nature.

Mr. Hick on paid a business visit to Encinoso and Capitan the last of the week.

Little "Budgie" and Granville Wilson were shut in this week on account of colds.

Maurice Brookin returned from Capitan last night, where he went

to help travelers with a broken down car. It was a hard trip, with the mud and slush to overcome. With Ed Wilson's big mules they had literally to drag its weight clear through.

There will be some interesting work done in Justice Dawson's court on February 1st when the wheels of justice begin to grind.

Some of the stock cattle came out of the long cold spell looking very thin. Such as these are being fed by some of the ranchers.

We are now enjoying some fairly good weather, the only truly good weather in January.

A. H. Norton went to Jicarilla Sunday to get the mail for this neighborhood.

Vicente Aragon returned home from Mountainair last week, where he had gone—not for pleasure, anyway.

We hear that Judge Kennedy has at last succumbed to the land fever and is reaching out for more.

Messrs. St. John and Dawson are doing considerable work on the "Prospect" on the west side of the Jicarillas. They are leasing this property.

Spring is coming; we always feel its promise during the exit of January. Although there is nothing apparent, yet we feel we are nearer to spring than we were a year ago.

**Baptist Church**

Rev. J. M. Gardner, Pastor.

Preaching Sunday at 11 and 7:30. Sunday school at 10. Junior and Senior B. Y. P. U. at 6:30. A short stereopticon lecture will be given on Home Mission work in connection with the B. Y. P. U. at 7:10 p. m. Sunday, February 4.

Teachers Training class and prayer meeting will be held at the parsonage Friday night, February 9, in place of Wednesday, as the pastor will be out of town on Wednesday.

W. M. U. will meet with Mrs. A. W. Adams for a social afternoon Wednesday, February 7.

Rev. J. M. Gardner will preach at Oscura next Monday, at Capitan Tuesday, Lincoln Wednesday, Fort Stanton Thursday.

**Methodist Church**

Rev. AARON MAMRON, Pastor

Services on Sunday as usual. The Wednesday night prayer meeting this week was better attended than usual. It is gratifying to see this branch of the work increasing in interest.

The Mission Study class was well attended Wednesday afternoon.

**Special Matinee For School Children**

A special show will be given for the school children on Wednesday, February 14, at 3 p. m., from Harold Bell Wright's novel of adventure, "The Eyes of the World," one of the sweetest romances of our times, brought to a happy issue against great obstacles, showing the most beautiful views of southern California scenery which formed the background for this exciting picture.

A special orchestra accompanies this picture and a treat in the musical line will be given the children.

All admissions in the afternoon 25 cents. At night all admissions 50 cents.

Bring your wool and pelts—highest prices paid always. Carrizozo Trading Co.

**Fort Stanton**

Miss Jean Berry gave a delightful birthday party at the Berry quarters last Saturday afternoon. Those present were Misses Alice Webber, Ruth Leach, Jean Berry, Masters Edward McKeon, William Webber, Kemp Ruoff, George Leach and James Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Sitton, Alva Sitton Jr., and Chaplain Brund motored to Carrizozo last Sunday afternoon, making the trip in the Sitton Dodge.

The regular non-sectarian services were held in Library hall last Sunday evening with the chaplain in charge. A good attendance was had.

Dr. and Mrs. F. H. McKeon entertained a number of friends at 6 o'clock dinner last Monday evening.

Today, Friday, February 2, being Candlemas day, special services will be held at the Post chapel at 8:15 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. Members of all religious sects are invited.

R. O. Ferguson spent last Sunday afternoon visiting at Capitan.

Miss Alva Beattie of Capitan spent the weekend with Dr. and Mrs. Ruoff at 13 A.

The Patients Social club held its regular meeting in Library hall last Friday evening, when much business of importance was transacted.

The Pecos wireless station will be completed in a few days, when messages from Berlin will be received daily.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bruening spent last Sunday visiting at Hondo and Tinnie.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Brockwell, leaving a fine girl last Friday morning. Oscar is all smiles, passing the cigars. Mother and babe doing fine.

A new skylight is being placed over the operating room in the surgical department of No. 11. Mr. Purday, the contractor, is in charge of the work.

Chief Sitton purchased a runabout Hupmobile last week, to be used mostly on his daily trips about the Post.

All the children of the Post are now attending the Sitton private school on Dodge avenue.

Dr. R. C. Kirkwood of Lake-wood, Washington, has arrived to take up his duties as a member of the local medical staff.

Dr. Irby and James Hanna spent Sunday visiting friends at Glencoe.

E. M. Brickley, cashier of the Stockmens State Bank of Corona, was here a short time yesterday.

For Sale—Yeasting Hereford bulls. The Titworth Co., Capitan.

Governor McDonald returned Sunday from the Pecos Valley, where he had gone the previous week on business.

**Classified Advertisements**

LOST—Fur neck-piece, Tuesday, January 30, between Crystal theater and the Carrizozo Eating House. Reward for its return to Eating House.

Phone 46 any cut of Fresh meat. Also groceries and lunch goods.

FOR SALE—6 year old chestnut sorrel mare in fine condition. Inquire J. A. Byron, Polly, N. M.

APPLE AND PEACH TREES—All sizes, very fine, 12 1/2 cents each, at nursery, Oscura, N. M. E. G. Rafferty.

FOR SALE—Four room frame dwelling house and lot fronting Court House square; easy terms. Address P. O. box 548, Carrizozo.

Home rendered lard that is pure. W. L. Hobbs, phone 46.

WATCH FOUND—Person calling, identifying same and paying cost of this notice, may recover same. Paden's Drug Store.

See us for poultry, butter, eggs etc. W. L. Hobbs, phone 46.

FOR RENT—2 or 3 rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 69.

**SPECIALS**

Ladies' \$1.00 Flannelette Kimonas, pink and blue ribbon trimmed. 65c

A big assortment Ladies Neck Wear for quick selling, values to 35c, ea. 5c

Men's Dress Shirts, soft fronts, cuffs attached, all sizes. Only 95c

Boys' 65c Kahki Knee Pants, just the thing for the wear. 45c

**ALL WOMEN'S APPAREL MUST BE CLEARED**

A women's wearing apparel event unprecedented in its opportunities. Our entire stock of this season's garments in the most fashionable models, materials and colors at drastic reductions in order to make room in our apparel department for coming spring shipments. Every garment in our vast stock has a Special Sale Ticket on it, many of which are Reduced One-half.

**FOR UNHEARD OF BARGAINS SEE THESE LADIES' SUITS AND DRESSES**

Ladies' \$1.50 white longie and silk mull waists. 95c

**CHILDREN'S COATS**

At extra big savings. About a dozen children's coats left from the winter's selling. All with a sale ticket, reduced in some cases to one-half.

**MILLINERY**

**A Sacrifice Clearaway**

No need to remodel an old Hat when you can purchase new and stylish models at this price. Choice of any Ladies' Hat; many worth up to \$6.00. \$2.00

Extra big values, women's and children's underwear. See them and you will buy. Children's vests and drawers in all sizes, regular 35c cotton underwear. 25c

Children's good bleached cotton union suits, high neck and long sleeves, 65c values. 50c

**SALE SPECIALS**

250 yards lace neck ruffling; can be used in many ways for a trimming. At. yd. 5c

Ladies' drawers and vests of bleached cotton, usually 65c. Now 45c

Ladies' outing flannel gowns, white with pretty trimming, \$1.00 value. Now 75c

Children's 65c outing flannel gowns, pink and blue stripes. Now 45c

Men's odd vests, mostly in small sizes, many worth \$1.50, now at the low price of 50c

Ladies' gingham house dresses in light and dark colors, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 values. 95c

Ladies' muslin underwear reduced in this sale.

20c Kimona Flannelette, 36 in. wide, pretty floral patterns, dark and light. Now 12 1/2c

Good cotton check suiting, regular at 15c. Now at 10c

25c fancy wash goods, brocades, reps, plain and fancy colors. Now 20c

Brand new lot of 10c embroidery edges, over 1,000 yards. At. yd. 5c

Fancy silk dress trimmings, many worth 35c per yard. For. yd. 10c

Ladies' \$1.00 quality wool vests and drawers, a very fine medium weight. At 75c

Fancy silk dress trimmings, frogs, buttons, fringe, etc. A whole table full at greatly reduced prices.

**ZIEGLER BROTHERS**

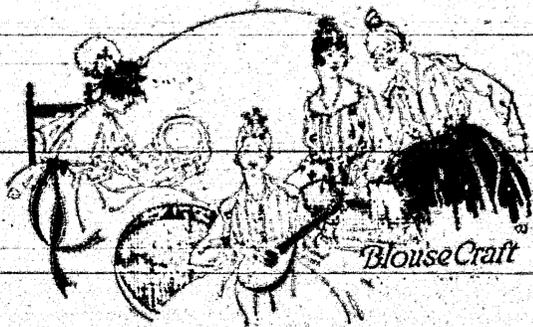
CARRIZOZO'S ECONOMY CENTER WE DO AS WE ADVERTISE

**The "Classified" Advertisement Knocks The Persimmon**

**Our Semi Annual Clean Sweep Sale Continues with Great Values**

**Awaiting You**

Prices are being cut deep, goods must be sold to make room for our spring goods that are arriving daily.



Great reductions on all Shirt Waists, Crepe de Chines and Gorgets at prices below cost.

\$8.00 Waists Reduced to \$6.85

7.50 and 7.00 Waists Reduced to 5.35

6.50 and 6.00 Waists Reduced to 4.85

5.00 and 4.50 Waists Reduced to 3.95

New White Goods, Muslin Underwear and Middies at Reduced Prices for January. There are new items that will interest you, all new materials and styles. It will pay you to investigate.

**When You Buy Canned Goods, Buy Club House**

A solid car of Club House and Telmo Canned Goods at prices lower than the Wholesale Cost

**Carrizozo Trading Company**

QUALITY FIRST

THEN PRICE