

Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 20

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1919

NUMBER 24

American Legion Post To Be Organized Here

This is to advise that Lincoln County Post of the American Legion will be organized at Carrizozo, N. M., Monday evening, June 16, 1919. All men, who were in the military or naval service from the opening of the late war until November 11, 1918, are eligible to membership, and their presence is earnestly requested. E. M. Brickley has been appointed post commander, and Ebb Kenneth Jones and Elton D. Boone state committeemen. These men hold over only until October, when the organization will elect new officers and representatives.

The programme is as follows: As fast as the soldiers arrive they will report to E. M. Brickley at the First National Bank, Carrizozo, and be registered. They will receive a pass to the local moving picture show, which has for that night "Tarzan of the Apes," also they will be given an order for their supper at the Carrizozo Eating House. Immediately after the picture show the soldiers will remain, and the organization will be completed in the same building and all business attended to. There will be no fee in the matter. Civil War and Spanish-American War veterans will be admitted free to the picture show, and will be given orders for their supper if they also call and register. The hour of opening the picture show will be advanced to 7:30 p. m. All soldiers and sailors who can conveniently do so will come in uniform.

The purpose of this organization is very good. Space does not permit of setting it forth here, but the matter will be discussed in detail next Monday night. All come and we will "make it snappy."

E. M. Brickley,
Elton D. Boone,
Ebb Kenneth Jones.

Make Good On This Promise

No truer statement than "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" ever was conceived. Conversely, all play and no work frequently makes Jack quite a bad boy and a poor citizen. The realization of a happy medium between the extremes of all work and all play, however, is very likely to make of Jack a fine boy who will work well and at the same time benefit by the proportion of play time that is his share.

Intensive study of the boy problem by leaders of the Boy Scout movement has determined how much work and how much play is good for Jack, and also has shown how to make boy work so attractive that it will seem like play. The result is all for good citizenship.

It is a safe prediction that the boys of the present generation who have had the benefit of boy scout training will, twenty years from now, as a result of this training, do their work with less effort than the present generation and with greater efficiency in the main.

There are in this country today, no doubt, millions of men who in their youth said that when they grew up they would do something to make it easier for boys to prepare themselves for earning a living and exercising the duties of citizenship. These men now have the opportunity to make good on that promise. The Boy Scout movement is asking for

(men and women) at a minimum of \$1.00 each—as much more as anyone desires to pay—in order to greatly extend the benefits of its program for boys. The campaign for this one million members will close tomorrow. Between now and that date there will be numerous opportunities for everyone who wants to give the boys of America a mighty lift.

Pete Johnson Home

Pete E. Johnson reached home Saturday afternoon, having formally been discharged from the army at Camp Kearney, California. Pete left here with a contingent in September, 1917, first for Camp Funston, Kansas, and was later transferred to Camp Kearney. Almost a year ago he was sent to New York and soon thereafter embarked for France. After a short, but intensive training in France, his command was sent to the firing line, and was engaged in the big battles that sent the Germans reeling toward the Rhine. On the 26th day of last September he was captured by the enemy and was held a prisoner until the armistice was signed, at which time he was released and made his way back to the American lines. He appears no worse for his experience, is glad to be home again and so are his many friends.

New Brokerage Firm

Carlock and Dreben, licensed brokers, opened offices last week in the City National Bank building, El Paso, and will be glad to communicate with anyone desiring to buy or sell stocks. These men have been closely connected with the commercial life of El Paso for a number of years, an interruption having occurred during the war just closed, when Sam Dreben, one of the members of the firm, enlisted for service overseas, and has just recently returned, and the other member, M. P. Carlock held a captaincy and was awaiting orders when the armistice was signed. Mr. Carlock is an authority on advertising, organization and promotion, and has a thorough training in lines that should bring success to the new organization. Mr. Dreben is quite well and favorably known throughout the southwest, and has many friends among the big men of the country which forms valuable connections for the firm and for those desiring to transact business with it. All business entrusted to the firm will receive prompt and careful consideration.

What Boy Scouts Did To Help Win the War

Sold over \$300,000,000 worth of Liberty Bonds.
Sold over \$50,000,000 worth of War Savings Stamps, and still at it.
Located 5,200 carloads of standing walnut; 20,758,660 board feet.
Gathered, dried and shipped over 100 carloads of fruit pits.
Worked thousands of war gardens and helped on thousands of war farms.
Distributed millions of pieces of government literature on food and fuel conservation and other war topics.
Jumped in at every chance to help the Red Cross, the United War Work Committee, the Library Association, and other national organizations serving the government.
Presented a united front of patriotic sentiment every community.
And when the armistice was signed adopted the slogan "The war is over, but our work is not."

A New Church Building To Be Erected.

Carrizozo is as well represented in church buildings as most cities of its population in the state. To the Catholic population of Carrizozo, however, belong the merit of erecting the first church here—a small frame building west of the post office, which in the early days of the city was used jointly as a school room and place of worship. Since that time Carrizozo has developed from a wild frontier cattle town into a thriving little city with three respectable church buildings, a similar number of banks, an imposing high school building, etc., but the unpretentious "little church around the corner" is still there. Father Girard of Lincoln, who is pastor of the local church also, was in Carrizozo last week on business pertaining to erecting a new church building, one large enough to accommodate the increasing membership. The building, it is understood, will be of cement, and will be on the south side. Work will be rushed on it, so as complete it before the cold weather. While in Carrizozo the pastor rented a residence close to the site of the proposed church which he will occupy during its erection. When the building is completed he will move his headquarters from Lincoln to Carrizozo, and will visit Lincoln at regular intervals.

Republican Effrontery

In a recent speech in Philadelphia, Representative Gillett, of Massachusetts, whom the Republicans have chosen for speaker, called President Wilson a dreamer and an idealist. More than that, Mr. Gillett said the president "is an egotist." And the Republican leader added: "The people do not want a repetition of the indecision, apparent aimlessness and blundering of the past few years in Washington."

The record of the Democratic party during the last several years of control will bear comparison with that set up by the Republicans who held the reins of government unbrokenly from 1896 to 1912.

Mr. Gillett's party conducted the war with Spain. As war goes, it wasn't much of a war; about one per cent as large an undertaking as our part in the world war, which was conducted with about one hundred times as much efficiency. It wasn't fought long enough ago for the public to have forgotten the embalmed-beef scandal, the kind of food the soldiers ate; the plagues that swept them away in the camps until the death rate appalled the country, because of poor sanitation, or no sanitation at all; and a hopelessly incompetent medical service. Nor has the country forgotten that favoritism ruled over efficiency in the commissioning of officers; that the expeditionary force to Cuba was commanded by a general too fat to walk and who had to be carried about on a litter, and who owed his preferment to his personal friendship for the secretary of war. Compare the record of Shafter, in Cuba with a handful of men, with that of Pershing in France with two million, and then think of the impotence of Republicans in maintaining such a thing as "integrity," "aimlessness," or "blundering."

During successive administrations from 1896 to 1912, Republicans talked of leading

form; the Democrats established the Federal Reserve system; Republicans talked of farm loans; the Democrats established the Farm Loan Bank system under which farmers have borrowed nearly \$200,000,000 at a low rate of interest and on very long terms. The Democratic administration substituted deeds for words.

America's achievements in the past two years astounded her allies; and overwhelmed her enemies; they are the brightest pages in history—and they were accomplished under the leadership of a man Mr. Gillett has the effrontery to call a "dreamer" and an "idealist."

Oscuro To Put Down A Test Well

E. G. Rafferty, of Oscuro, and associates have acquired some promising oil land in the Tularosa Basin, near Oscuro, and have contracted with W. C. Porterfield, of Silver City, to sink a test well. The contract calls for a depth of 3,000 feet, unless oil in commercial quantity is struck at a lesser depth. Mr. Porterfield and brother, together with a son, who is a practicing attorney in El Paso, are connected with a large copper and manganese mine near Silver City, and are said to be financially able to handle the undertaking. The well site is about 26 miles north of the town of Tularosa. They expect to have a derrick in place within thirty days, and the well spudded in. In case oil is not struck at 3,000 feet, Mr. Porterfield agrees to continue to a depth of 4,000 feet, if conditions warrant.

O'Rourke Oil, Gas and Leasing Company

The O'Rourke Oil, Gas and Leasing Co. will hold a directors' meeting Monday, June 16, at the Wetmore building for the purpose of electing permanent officers, to arrange drilling contract and to perfect arrangements for putting its stock on the market.

The corporation was formed by an association of E. P. & S. W. railroad men, twenty in number, most of them local men, of which J. E. O'Rourke was chosen president, W. J. LaFleur vice president and J. W. Palmer secretary-treasurer. The capital stock of the company is \$350,000.00, par value \$1.00 per share. The holdings of the corporation consist of ten sections of land in the Escondido country below Alamogordo.

The stock of the company will be offered to the public immediately following the meeting next Monday, and the management confidently believes it will readily sell enough stock to begin drilling operations at an early date. Drilling and the erection of rigs are going on near this company's holdings and developments are anticipated that will make the Tularosa Basin boom.

Seeing pays in better boyhood for town and nation. Put a million more American hearts behind it.

Masons Work

The local lodge of Masons had a great meeting Saturday afternoon and evening, the work not being concluded until a late hour at night. The work consisted in installing four applicants into Master Masons, and when this was accomplished a fine spread was enjoyed by all. Members were in attendance from all parts of the county, and the meeting was one of the largest held since the institution of the lodge.

Responsible, But Not Responsive

Republicans wanted office and sought power, but apparently they are unwilling to accept and discharge responsibilities. This fact is made abundantly manifest to all who read the pleas and complaints that have come from Republican leadership in congress following the president's latest message. As a minority in the last congress, these same Republicans were persistent—but not always consistent—critics of President Wilson's failure to recommend tasks and courses of legislation. As a majority in the present congress they begin their careers as critics of his proposals for the very enactments they previously demanded.

These leaders of a majority that has taken control of congress expect the president to retain the initiative and accountability for all that is done by way of passing new or recalling old laws. They seek to continue their role of critics of his performances instead of being themselves performers. They have waited for six years that the president has usurped and exercised autocratic authority in the legislative as well as the executive branch of the government. They have called on the people to end his way by electing them. Yet, at the moment when power is in their keeping, they deny the president for exacting of them the duties that go with their dominance.

It was charged that the president had failed to offer any suggestions for the disposition of the railroads, the telephones and the telegraphs. It was lamented that he had no plans for reducing taxation. It was asserted that he was without ideas for reconstruction. They were indignant alike at his actions and his omissions. But now that he has submitted to them a program which contemplates remedies for all the conditions that war has begetten, this Republican majority is a loud voice of protest and denunciation.

President Wilson has recommended the return of the railroads and the other utilities that the government diverted to its control under the exigencies of war. He has given them specifications as to the lowering and abolition of taxes. He has presented the need and the outline for industrial reforms. He shows the way to make constructive changes in the tariffs. He has requested assistance to our foreign commerce—which will be a help to our domestic business. He has recommended provisions in behalf of soldiers and sailors—and has referred congress to a plan already evolved.

What is the Republican answer? "It is the most demagogic message that has ever gone to congress," says Senator New of Indiana. "He has handed us a lemon," says a Representative from Pennsylvania. "It is a political maneuver," says a third. But the country knows to whom to look for legislation. The Republican majority must act. Whether they accept or reject the president's program, they become answerable for what they do. And it is the prospect of having to act instead of merely carp that pains them so grievously. They at last are responsible and they must also be responsive.

"I know of no more wholesome movement with infinite possibility that has been initiated in recent years than the Boy Scout movement."—Frank O. Lowden, Governor of Illinois.

Boy Scout Week

This week throughout the nation is being devoted to a drive for associate membership in the Boy Scouts of America. The purpose is to secure a million associate members—men and women—to aid and encourage the boy scout movement.

Jun. A. Haley is the local chairman, and meetings were held Monday and Tuesday evenings at the Kelley chapel to organize for the drive. It was the purpose at the beginning to name a number of committees, but the late day of beginning and inability to give proper publicity to the move vetoed that action, and finally it was decided to confine the committees to two—a committee on membership and a survey committee—each absolutely essential to accomplish the purposes of the drive.

The committee on membership is composed of the following: T. E. Kelley, S. M. Groom, C. P. Hupperts, A. J. Rolland, O. T. Nye, Henry Lutz, S. L. Squier, Albert Ziegler, J. S. Ross and G. T. McQuillen. This committee is actively soliciting members, and a good report is expected at the close of the drive Saturday night.

The survey committee consists of Rev. L. S. Smith, Rev. R. H. Lewelling, E. M. Brickley, Mrs. J. B. French, Samuel Kelsey, Mrs. Liu Branum, Miss Mamie Humphrey and Mrs. F. E. Richard. This committee has much detailed work to do, but will no doubt complete its labors in a satisfactory manner at the close of the drive.

Help both committees.

An Old-Time Prospector

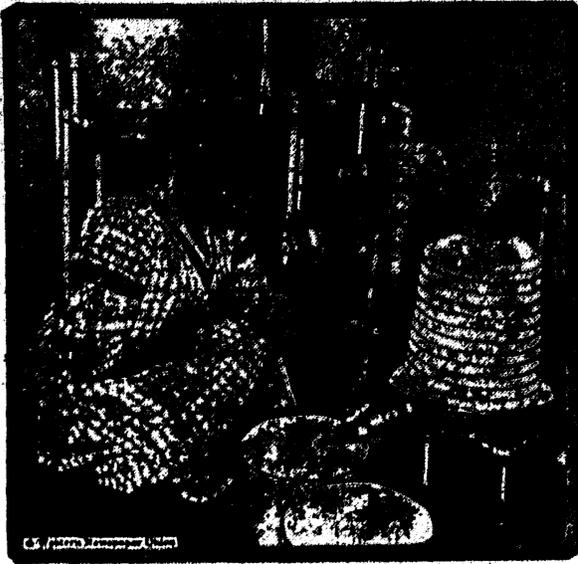
Capt. Daugherty, who prospected the mountains of Lincoln county thirty years ago in his quest for gold, dropped into Carrizozo Thursday after an absence of about a dozen years. He will be remembered by all old residents of the White Oaks and other mining districts in the county, where he panned gold in the days gone by, selling or trading it in the stores for a grub stake. He went to the Jicarillas in '91, and says he averaged sixty dollars a day panning gold. He cleaned up a small fortune there with the aid of a rocker and snow to catch the flour gold, water being very scarce. The captain is now on his way to the Jicarillas, as he has a hunch he is going to strike it rich, as he, and he alone, knows where the mother lode is. There are no happier or more optimistic people than prospectors. "The dreamer lives for ever, the toiler dies in a day." The captain was 78 in March, but feels he is due to make another strike before retiring from active labor.

"Scout leadership is a national duty."—William H. Taft.

Sergt. M. Riely Expected Home Soon

Sgt. Morgan Riely, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Riely, attached to the 89th, was conspicuous by his absence when 600 of the boys of that famous fighting division passed through here last week enroute to Fort Bliss to be mustered out. On enquiry it was learned that he, with others of that division, was left behind to police the city of Coblenz until the peace treaty is signed and other matters straightened out. A letter to his father states that he expects to be back again in Carrizozo long before the snow flies, unless the unexpected happens in the meantime.

AUTOMATIC COW GIVES GOOD MILK



To fight the high cost of milk, the department of markets of New York, through an invention, is producing "Grade A" milk at ten cents a quart.

WAR INVENTIONS COMING TO LIGHT

Many Interesting Achievements Are Now Being Made Public.

SEAL OF SILENCE BROKEN

System of Sending and Receiving Wireless Telephone Messages at Same Time and a Barrage Receiver Among Novelties.

New York.—As the seal placed upon the activities of America's inventors by the war is broken, news of many interesting achievements unknown to the public during the conflict are being brought to light.

Engineers of the General Electric company at Schenectady are responsible for each of the inventions. Ernst F. W. Alexanderson, consulting engineer of the company, told of the development of the barrage receiver and wireless telephony ideas at a meeting of the Institute of Radio Engineers at 20 West Thirty-ninth street recently.

Kaiser's Youngest Son Hopes to Live in U. S.

Geneva.—The former Prince Joachim of the Hohenzollern family hopes to emigrate to America after peace is signed, according to reports.

HUN HIDES FOUR YEARS

Konrad Detler, a German army engineer who had been hiding in the New Guinea jungle since the beginning of the war, has come back to civilization and now is in an internment camp in Australia.

needs that obviously some system of simultaneous sending and receiving would have to be invented before wireless telephony would ever become commercially practicable.

Doctor Alexanderson has devised a system of separate sending and receiving antennae, the sending and receiving stations interconnected by a wire line and further connected to the exchange of the local telephone system, so that all Mrs. Jones has to do when she wants to find out what Mr. Jones is doing in Paris tonight is to go to her telephone and ask, not for toll operator, but for the wireless op-

125 MEN ARE MADE BLIND

Yankee Soldiers Lose Sight in Battles in Europe.

No Cases on Record in Which Soldiers Lost Both Arms and Both Legs.

Washington.—There were but 125 cases of total blindness and fewer than 4,000 amputations in the American forces engaged in the war, it is stated by the bureau of war risk insurance in an announcement concerning the bureau's activity in supplying crippled soldiers and sailors with artificial limbs and in otherwise caring for the wounded and disabled.

erator. He will connect her with Mr. Jones.

The invention of the barrage receiver came about as a result of the confusion into which the wireless machinery was thrown during the war. Through her powerful stations at Nansen and elsewhere Germany was maliciously flooding the atmosphere with wireless "noise" so that communications between France and England and America became very difficult.

BUILD MANY NEW VESSELS

Four Million Tons of Steel Ships Expected to Be Completed This Year.

Washington.—Steel ships built in American yards this year are expected to total at least 4,000,000 tons. The output, according to shipping board officials, will exceed by 700,000 tons the combined construction of both steel and wood bottoms last year, and is expected to make good Chairman Hurley's prediction of a steel merchant marine under the United States flag, comparing favorably with the best merchant vessels afloat, and capable of competing with the merchant navies of all nations.

The great production in steel tonnage this year will be the result of the tremendous preparations started under the impetus of war. Making ready for the possibility of a prolongation of hostilities, the shipping board developed building ways by the score to offset the destruction by submarines. Many new yards were turned out, but the new yards were unable to demonstrate their capabilities immediately.

He May Recover.

Detroit.—Anthony Horton, negro, refused to doff his hat when the national anthem was being played before a crowd. Horton is slowly recovering, the hospital reported.



AREA OF DETAILED MAPPING

Notwithstanding Interruptions by War, Larger Amount Was Covered in Year of 1918.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) Notwithstanding a certain amount of interruption due to war conditions in the work of the soil survey carried on by the bureau of soils of the United States department of agriculture, a larger area of detailed mapping was done during the fiscal year 1918 than during the preceding year, the area covered amounting to 88,136 square



Transit Used in Soil Survey for Constructing Base Map.

miles. Prior to 1918 a total of 445,825 square miles had been mapped, so that the total area covered by the detailed work of the survey at the close of June 30, 1918, was 483,001 square miles. That part of the United States lying within regions where the rainfall is sufficient for crop production or where water is available for irrigation covers approximately 1,750,000 square miles. The area mapped in detail during 1918 was equivalent to 2.2 per cent of this area, the total mapped in detail to date 27.6 per cent, and the total, both detailed and reconnaissance work, much of the latter area calling for no further work, amounted to 54.3 per cent of it.

TREES FOR ROAD PROTECTION

Active Steps Taken by New York Organizations for Development of Planting Schemes.

(By PROF. R. B. FAXON, State College of Forestry, Syracuse, N. Y.) Believing that the problem of roadside planting should not be entirely set aside during the movement for a greater mileage of improved highways, active steps are now being taken by the New York State Motor Federation and the State College of Forestry at Syracuse for the development of a planting scheme for the section of the highway running from Syracuse to Utica, a distance of about 60 miles.

IMPROVEMENT IN WISCONSIN

Ten Million Dollars to Be Spent on Developing Highways in Badger State in 1918.

Ten million dollars will be spent on developing, improving and patrolling the highways of Wisconsin during 1918. This announcement was made by A. R. Hirt, state highway engineer, who explained that the increase, an amount almost double that spent in former years, was because \$2,500,000 was left over from last year and also to furnish an opportunity for employment of returned soldiers and sailors.

GOOD ROADS AID TO SCHOOLS

Higher Attendance of Children Shown by Government Survey After Improvement Made.

A survey made by the government of the effect of good road building on school attendance in eight counties shows that before the roads were improved the average school attendance was 66 pupils to each 100 enrolled, as compared with 78 after the roads were improved.

WRIGLEY'S

Advertisement for Wrigley's Doublemint gum. It features a large illustration of a hand holding a pack of gum, with the text '5 long-lasting bars in each package. The biggest value in refreshment you can possibly buy. A BENEFIT to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion. The price is 5 cents. The Flavor Lasts'.

And Then He Quit. A French officer was trying to learn the English language. The following is his version of our mother tongue: "When I discovered that I was quick I was fast, that if I was tied I was fast, and if I spent too freely I was fast. I was discouraged. But when I came across the sentence 'The first shall be last and the last shall be first,' I gave it up."

Supreme Law. The children in the neighborhood organized a club and were enthusiastic about it. "Tell me about your laws and by-laws," I said to one of the members. "Oh," he replied, "we only have one law, and that is to serve refreshments at every meeting."

BACK LIKE A BOARD? IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

There's no use suffering from the awful agony of lame back. Don't wait till it "passes off." It only comes back. Find the cause and stop it. Distorted conditions of kidneys are usually indicated by stiff lame backs and other wrenching pains, which are nature's signals for help!



Probably no man in America was ever better qualified to successfully treat the disease peculiar to women than Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y. The cases that come to him run into many thousands, giving him an experience that rarely comes to any one man. Dr. Pierce found that in nearly every case there were certain vegetable growths which rarely failed to give prompt relief in those feminine disorders from which so many women suffer.

Too Much of a Good Thing. "I thought," said the boy's mother, "that I told you I wanted you to stay where I could put my hand on you." "I didn't know," he whined, "that you wanted me to get across yer knee an' stay there."

Cataract Cannot Be Cured by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. CATARRH is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure cataract. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the eye.

On Being Cheerful. You find yourself refreshed by the presence of cheerful people? Why not make earnest effort to confer that pleasure on others—Lydia Maria Child.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of 'CASTORIA' that contains old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer.

Stars Can't Grow Anyhow. "Pa, where are those dark-looking clouds going to?" "Tootunder, my son!"—Cartoon Magazine.

Advertisement for 'Why Bald So Young' featuring 'Rub Dandruff and Itching with Cuticura Ointment'.

An Alibi. Leave it to the Irish to squirm out of tight situations. This one was before Judge Richardson and along with other testimony it was stated that he called the arresting officer a nigger.

When Your Eyes Need Care. Try Marine Eye Remedy.

Largest Wheat Crop Is Forecast

Winter Grain Condition 99.8 Per Cent. and Guaranteed Value Next Two Billion Dollars

The condition of winter wheat in the United States April 1 was 99.8 per cent, the highest on record, on the largest acreage ever planted in this country, the department of agriculture announced.

The winter wheat promise on April 1 of 837,000,000 bushels is nearly double the yearly average production in the United States for the five years before the war (442,000,000 in 1909-13) and is nearly 50 per cent larger than the production during the war years 1914-18, when the average was 562,000,000.

At the government's guaranteed price of \$2.26 a bushel, the estimated value of the crop is \$1,891,620,000.

The condition improved during the winter, an unusual occurrence due to the very favorable winter weather, particularly the absence of alternate freezing and thawing, which appears also to have resulted in a minimum of winter killing.

"A striking feature of the present situation," the announcement stated, "is a uniformly good condition in practically all important wheat-producing states, ranging from 104 in Ohio down to 96 in North Carolina, among the states having 1,000,000 acres or more.

"The lowest figure reported from any state is 89 in Wisconsin. Kansas with approximately 11,000,000 out of the United States' total of 49,000,000 acres, shows a condition of 101. The present moisture conditions throughout the entire country, with unimportant local exceptions, are very favorable, it was stated.

The condition of the crop is higher than has been reported on April 1 since 1882, and the indicated yield is higher than any actual yield in any year, with the exception of 1914, when the yield per acre was 18.5 bushels per planted acre, following an April 1 condition of 95.6.

The average condition of winter wheat on April 1 was 99.8 per cent of a normal, against 78.6 on April 1, 1918; 63.4 on April 1, 1917, and 82.3, the average condition for the past ten years on April 1. There was a decrease in condition from December 1, 1918, to April 1, 1919, of 1.2 per cent as compared with an average decline in the past ten years of 5.9 points between those dates.

The average condition of rye on April 1 was 90.6 per cent of a normal, against 85.8 on April 1, 1918; 86.0 on April 1, 1917, and 88.6 the average condition for the past ten years on April 1.

Farmers at the Polls

More Than Half the Voting Population Is Rural

It is like a dash of cold water full in the face to hold up before many an excited city radical's eyes the solid facts which prove that more than half of the voting population of this country is rural. The big centers of industry and traffic are prone to forget and grossly underestimate the power of the farmers at the polls, for the simple reason that they are not seen, every day, and are seldom counted. They are not like the city people who are being reckoned up, with more or less imaginative inflation of their numbers, by directory publishers, school officials, chambers of commerce and various local "poppers," a little tipsy with their own urban conceit.

The great cities are swarming with "reformers" who seldom give any consideration to the mental attitude of the farmers toward the revolutionary schemes which they think will presently remake the world. They cannot tolerate the thought of dependence for authority upon such comparatively empty places as their rural counties and the distinctively agricultural states. They seldom grasp the cold fact that they must win the country voters or else face failure, complete, hopeless and unending.

Good Manners—No Man Can Resist Their Influence Is Assertion of Authority

The power of manners is incalculable—an element as uncalculable as fire. The nobility cannot in any country be disguised, and no more in a republic or a democracy than in a kingdom. No man can resist their influence. There are certain manners which are learned in good society, of that force that, if a person have them, he or she must be considered, and is everywhere welcome, though without beauty, wealth or genius. Give a boy address and accomplishments, and you give him the mastery of palaces and fortunes where he goes. He has not the trouble of earning or owning them; they seek him to enter and possess. We send girls of a timid, retreating disposition to the boarding school, to the riding school, to the ballroom, or wherever they can come into acquaintance and nearness of leading persons of their own sex; where they might learn address, and see it near at hand. The power of a woman of fashion to lead, and also to daunt and repel, derives from their belief that she knows resources and behavior not known to them; but when these have mastered her secret, they learn to confront her, and recover their self-possession.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Real Sun Not Visible

Astronomers aver that no one has ever seen the sun. A series of concentric shells envelops a nucleus of which we apparently know nothing except that it must be almost infinitely hotter than the hottest furnace, and that it is so covered by more than nine-tenths of the solar mass. That nucleus is the incandescent, glowing mass from us. The atmosphere of the enveloping shells is about 1,000 miles thick, and is called the "photosphere."

Tampa, Florida, Scout Will Receive a Letter From President Wilson

One of the finest records made by a boy in the sale of War Savings and Thrift stamps was the accomplishment of U. Grant Barnard of Tampa, Fla. Young Barnard is a distant relative of the late Gen. Ulysses S. Grant and is a member of Troop No. 8 of Tampa in the Boy Scouts of America. He has persistently put out Thrift stamps until the amount of \$10,450.75 has been reached. Young Barnard is the high boy for the state of Florida in the stamp campaign conducted by the Boy Scouts of America for the government, and he is eligible for the personal letter of thanks from President Wilson.



U. Grant Barnard.

He has the ace medal of the War Savings committee showing \$250 in sales to 25 individuals, and 162 bronze palms for the ribbon, each one indicating an additional \$100 in sales. Ten bronze palms are exchanged for a silver one and fifty for a gold one, so that Scout Ulysses Grant Barnard wears three gold, one silver and two bronze palms. He is fifteen years of age.

Believe in Witchcraft

The belief in witchcraft is not dead in rural England. A farmer giving evidence at the Swaffham county court, Norfolk, told the judge one of his cows had become bewitched, but he put a hot poker into the churn and the "spirit" went up in a flame which illuminated the whole dairy.

SHORT AND SNAPPY

Checks are often lifted in an effort to raise the wind.
A wagging tongue often spoils a lot of nice, sweet silence.
Many a ballroom dress in covering a warm heart reaches its limit.
The average fish bone is easier to swallow than the average fish story.
An optimist says that good intentions are better than no payments at all.

Benny Kauff Is Candidate for Batting Championship of the National League

Benny Kauff has announced himself as a candidate for the batting championship of the National League. Benny, of course, has been aiming unobtrusively at this title for three years. But he feels that he is about due to come through.

"I would have put it over last year," says Benny, "if I had not been called to the army. At the time when I re-



Benny Kauff.

ceived my notice I was hitting .300. When I knew I could not stay with the Giants the rest of the season I naturally fell off quite a bit.

"It wasn't that I didn't try, or that the army worried me. It was merely that soldiering was on my mind more than baseball. I could not help this and it affected my work.

"I have hit over .300 for two seasons now in the National league. I think I can go to .350 this year, and that should lead the league."

Americans Speak Numerous Languages Merged in One; Greek Quite in Evidence

The American in his everyday conversation speaks Greek, Latin, French, Saxon, Chinese, Indian and a dozen other languages all merged in one. The English language is more varied and full than any other, says Dr. C. H. Weller, head of the department of Greek in a service bulletin of the University of Iowa.

Latin derivatives, along with Saxon, form the large part of our common speech. Scarcely a sentence is spoken in English without the use of Latin. Professor Weller mentions a would-be purist who gave this advice: "Avoid Latin derivatives; use terse, pure simple Saxon." This sentence is found to contain but one single Saxon word—"Saxon." The other seven words in the sentence are all Latin derivations.

The Greek element in our words is widespread and is especially prominent in science. The doctor cannot discuss medicine without speaking Greek. From this source more than any other is our language now being enriched.

SMILES FOR ALL

Home Comforts.
"I understand Mr. Grabco is good to his family."
"Yes. He spends not less than \$50,000 a year on his wife and daughters."
"And what does he get out of it. I wonder?"
"Why, a place to eat and sleep when business permits, a dressing gown, an easy chair and a pair of house slippers. What more does a man want?"

True.
"They talk about the fifth wheel to a wagon as being superfluous."
"Well?"
"Many automobiles carry one, however."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

An Alarming Suggestion.
"There's nothing in particular but matter with your wife."
"What had I better do, doc?"
"Sit tight in the bunk."
"For heaven's sake, doc, don't recommend a sea trip."

Suspicious.
"There's a friend in the outer office waiting for you, sir."
"Here, James, take this \$10 and keep it till I come back."

Well, Hardly Ever.
Edith—No that's Mr. Blank? That's your ideal?
Helen—Dear me, no! Merely my fancy. One doesn't meet one's ideal in real life, you know.

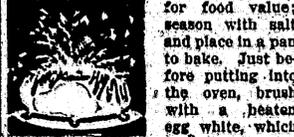
Self-Consciousness.
"Have you lost your interest in dancing?"
"Yes," replied Hilda Flopather. "What's the use of me getting out on the floor in competition with the cutting up in a 'jazz band'?"

The KITCHEN CABINET

And 'tis my faith that every flower enjoys the air it breathes.

GOOD MEALS FROM LEFTOVERS.

Take the leftover mashed potato and form it into cakes or croquettes, adding an egg yolk for food value; season with salt and place in a pan to bake. Just before putting into the oven, brush with a beaten egg white, which will brown with a good color. Serve hot for a supper dish.



Oriental Stew.—Simmer gently together two cupfuls each of cooked mutton cut in cubes and cooked potatoes diced, one cupful of water, two tablespoonfuls of fat, one chopped onion, one cupful of cooked peas or spoked string beans; season with salt, pepper and a very little curry powder. While the stew is cooking cook a half-cupful of rice. When it is tender, place on a hot vegetable dish, and in the center turn the stew.

Put thinly sliced stale cake together sandwich fashion with any preserve or jelly, then serve with whipped cream or a fruit sauce, if preferred.

Rice With Bananas.—Peel, scrape and mash three bananas; add a few drops of lemon juice and sugar to taste, with a pinch of salt. Stir this fruit into one cupful of nicely cooked rice and serve with cream and sugar.

Beef Brains.—Brains when nicely cooked and served make a most dainty and digestible dish. Beef brains are firmer than those of a young animal, but any kind from any animal will do. Blanch the brains as one does sweetbreads, adding a tablespoonful of vinegar to a quart of water and salt to taste. Parboil 20 minutes with a blade of mace, a bay leaf, or any desired seasoning; drain and plunge into cold water; wash and remove all membrane and set on ice to chill. Serve cut in dice in a brown or white sauce. They may be served as one does sweetbreads and they are very similar in appearance.

Salmon Canape.—Remove the bones from a moderate-sized can of salmon; pound in a mortar with two hard-cooked eggs, a teaspoonful of mustard, two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice, and a dash of cayenne. Just before spreading on hot slices of toast add a spoonful of horseradish and set in the oven to heat. Serve with finely minced celery on the top of each.

They are as sick who surfeit with too much, as they that starve with nothing.—Shakespeare.

PRACTICAL IDEAS FOR MAKING HOUSEKEEPING EASIER.

If there are those in the home who persist in using the woodwork for scratching matches smear a little vaseline over the spot generally used. After a few attempts to scratch a match on the greasy surface, even the most persistent offender will desist.

Two holders fastened together with a tape long enough to be thrown around the neck will always be handy when a holder is needed.

A pocket on the inside of the apron will not catch on anything and tear. Put a piece of camphor gum or a stick of camphor ice in the silver drawer; it will keep the silver from tarnishing.

A clothespin bag hung from a coat hanger may be pushed along on the clothesline as needed.

A nut cracker makes a good wrench for small bottles with screw tops.

Old wall paper of heavy oatmeal or of light tint may be tinted cheaply with a special tint for use on walls.

The lower stair of the back stairs put on hinges makes a fine place to keep rubbers, overshoes and other things which are so apt to be mislaid. When putting a patch on wall paper to cover a spot, tear the edges, as they are much less visible than if evenly cut.

When stirring in a small dish use a clothespin to steady it on the hot stove.

A dried-out half of egg shell with a hole broken in the end will serve as a funnel for filling small bottles.

Metal buttons which can be picked up by a magnet will rust when washed.

A sewing machine needle that has become blunt can be sharpened by stitching a few times through a piece of emery or sandpaper.

Rub suede shoes with emery paper to remove water spots.

Neer Maxwell

Help Wanted.
"Be you the fellow that runs the correspondence skule?"
"I am, sir. What can I do for you?"
"Well, I'd like to take a few lessons. I been wantin' to correspond with the Wilder Jones back to my home town, but I'm sech a peaky bad writer I am skeered to tackle it."

One-Sided Proposition.
"Well, I declare," exclaimed Aunt Nancy, gazing at the photograph of a Britisher all dressed up in his monocle, "if these English people ain't the savin'est fellows! Think of wearin' only one eye! Just to save the other. But then," she added thoughtfully, "maybe the poor critter is blind in one eye."

Stock Raising in Western Canada

is as profitable as Grain Growing

In Western Canada Grain Growing is a profit making. Raising Cattle, Sheep and Hogs brings certain success. It is easy to prosper where you can raise 20 to 40 lbs. of wheat to the acre and buy on easy terms.

Land at \$15 to \$30 Per Acre—Good Grazing Land at Much Less.

Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to homesteaders to settle in Western Canada and enjoy the prosperity. Loans made for the purchase of stock or other farming requirements can be had at low interest.

The Government of the Dominion and Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta extend every encouragement to the farmer and ranchman.

You can obtain excellent land at low prices on easy terms, and get high prices for your grain, cattle, sheep and hogs for years to come. For more information, send for our free literature, including maps, school, churches, splendid climate and sure crops.

The Illustrated Brochure, map, description of land for sale in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, together with rates, etc., apply to Government Agents.

W. V. BENTLEY, Room 4, Bee Building, OMAHA, NEB.
Canadian Government Agent

WATCH YOUR COLTS

For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptoms of any such ailment, give small doses of that wonderful remedy, **SPÖHN'S COLT'S COUGH REMEDY**. Safe for all ages, Colts, Mares in foal, Stallions and all others. An excellent preventive as well as a cure. Sold by druggists.

SPÖHN MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

WITH AN EYE TO THE FUTURE UNSPOILED BY HIGH HONOR

Prima Donna Had Good Business Reasons for Asking for Slight Change in Contract.

Senator Lodge sounded the warning that the articles of the league of nations should be weighed carefully before being adopted. He asserted that too many ties might well jeopardize our future.

"Indeed," we may well follow the example of the prima donna who was reading a rough draft of her new contract.

"When she came to the paragraph providing that she should have transportation for herself and maid, her dog and Signor Gasbanti, her husband, she drew a line through the singer's name.

"Just make that husband," she said. "Yes, madam," asserted the manager, "but may I ask why?"

"The diva blushed and coyly fingered her hair. 'I might wish to make a change,' she answered."

Out of Order.
The village was all agog. Flossie Flatfoot was marrying William Gilles. The church was crowded. Flossie, looking as pale as her somewhat highly colored countenance would allow, bore up until the plain band ring was safely on her finger, and then, overcome, burst into tears.

The villagers were touched, but not anxious. All girls cry at weddings.

Then suddenly William Gilles screwed up his face and broke into howls. Tears poured down his face and dripped off his whiskers.

"What's up? Hush, man!" those nearest him urged. But Gilles continued to howl, and at last burst out:

"Let me be! I feel wuss 'an 'er about it!"—London Tit-Bits.

Looked Like It.
One of our camps was near the historical ground over which General Sherman made his famous march to the sea. One day the boys in an aero squad were working on several planes. One lad seemed to be having a hard time completing his task. He sweated in silence and finally threw down his tools and remarked: "This must be the spot where Sherman said what war is!"—Exchange.

There are twice as many blind people in Russia as in the whole of the rest of Europe.

Officers and Men Alike Recognize in General Pershing Qualities That Compel Their Affection.

"Why" do we swear by Pershing?" countered a staff officer in Washington one day in response to a question.

"Well, I guess it's because he's the real thing—a regular American, if you know what I mean.

"You can easily figure out the sort of man he is by the stories they tell of him. I was with him when he was on his way to Washington to receive his orders for France. On the way, we passed through the town in which he lived when he was a boy. On the station platform was the same old negro porter Pershing had thrown stones at in his boyhood. The general chatted with the old man. Afterward I asked the porter what happened. He said:

"He done wanted to know all 'bout the folks he ater know, an' when he was gettin' on the car again he picked up a pebble as big as my thumb an' hove it at me, 'jest like he water when he was an ornerly kid."

Needless Alarm.
Junior had not been in the best of health, and when he seemed well on the way to recovery, his mother took extra precautions to guard him against possibilities of an influenza attack.

One evening the anxious mother was startled when she entered Junior's room to find the little chap in bed, sniffling, with eyes red and watery.

"Goodness, gracious!" she cried, "do you feel sick, dearie?"

"No, mamma," Junior replied. "But you seem to have caught a dreadful cold."

"I haven't any cold."
"But your nose and your eyes!"

From under the covers Junior produced a book.

"It is 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' mamma," he said, "and I have just been reading about poor little Eva."—Youngtown Telegram.

They Still Exist.
"The peace-at-any-price man doesn't exist any more." "Doesn't, eh? Don't the married men count at all?"

Economical.
"Why don't you try cooking with electricity?" "Because we want to keep down current expenses."

Postum First Found Favor In the Small Communities

then in the cities, then in the nation's great metropolitan centers, until today it is demanded everywhere, and sold everywhere, as America's greatest health drink for table use. You can get from your grocer

The Original POSTUM CEREAL

Boil it just like coffee—15 minutes after boiling begins.

It doubles the enjoyment of the meal with its rich, invigorating flavor; and, unlike coffee, it never upsets nerves, stomach or heart. Children as well as grown folks can drink Postum freely.

"There's a Reason"

Two Sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c.

Carrizozo News

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico
 Subscription, in advance, \$2.00 per Year
 Advertising Rates (also to all furnished upon request)
 Noted as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

JNO. A. HALEY Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1919

LEST WE FORGET

Republicans who are demanding the text of the peace treaty before its makers have made it ready for submission to the ratifying authorities are reminded of these words of Republican wisdom:

"We have no possible right to break suddenly into the middle of a negotiation and demand from the President what instructions he has given to his representative. That part of treaty-making is no concern of ours."

The quotation is from Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Republican leader in the Senate. He was speaking in the Senate on January 24, 1906, while that body was considering a resolution calling upon President Roosevelt for information as to foreign negotiations then under way.

What's good for the boy is good for the Nation. So let's get behind Scouting a million strong.

AMERICANS PAY LESS

A comparison of pre-war prices with those now prevailing shows that the increase in the cost of living in the United States has been less than in any other country.

A comparison between the prices prevailing in September, 1913, ten months before the outbreak of the world war, with those of September, 1918, two months before the signing of the armistice, shows that the increase in the United States level of commodity prices are 107 per cent. In Canada, the increase was 115 per cent, and in the United Kingdom, 133. For France, the com-

parison was with the prices of last May, to which time they had risen 235 per cent.

In all the countries, the rise was accompanied by an increase in the amount of money in circulation and in the amount of bank deposits. In the United States, the per capita circulation in 1913 was \$34.65. December 1, 1918, this had increased 62 per cent, to \$56.23. During the same time, bank deposits in America increased almost threefold.

"The Boy Scout movement is distinctly an asset to our country."—Theodore Roosevelt.

ANONYMOUS FIGHT ON THE LEAGUE

Who is inspiring and financing the circulation of anonymous letters and circulars against the

league of nations? Large quantities of this hostile literature are streaming into the homes, shops and offices. It takes the forms of a patriotic appeal to the recipient; it masquerades as a movement "to preserve American rights and traditions"; it quotes Scripture, history and republican orations; it proclaims a "holy war" against President Wilson and the democratic party.

Why should persons so full of love of country be so mysterious—or modest? If these patriots are incurring so much expense to save their native land, why should they not have credit for their noble undertaking? Why remain anonymous when their fellow citizens would welcome knowledge of their identity?

The subtle suggestion in these letters and pamphlets is that President Wilson is wrong in advocating and the republican leaders are right in opposing the league of nations. They are clearly designed as propaganda for republican votes. Their purpose indicates their authorship. They are anonymous evidently because it is regarded as unsafe to impose on republican leaders the responsibility for this manner of bushwhacking.

If this method of attack on the league should succeed—but there is no likelihood of that—republicans would be the gainers. If it fails, they could escape the odium of having resorted to the meanest of all weapons—an anonymous letter.

Organized 1892

EXCHANGE BANK

Carrizozo, New Mexico

The Oldest and Strongest Bank in Lincoln County

Solicits your patronage.

The Titsworth Company

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

We carry in stock—

Mowing Machines Dynamite
 Hay Rakes Cement
 Corn Planters Lime
 Riding Cultivators Screen Doors,
 Blackleaf 40 Etc.
 Kansas Black Leg Serum
 Blasting Caps and Fuse

Our prices are reasonable

The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

Stockholders Meeting

A meeting of Board of Directors of O'Rourke Oil, Gas and Leasing Co. will be held Monday, June 16th, 9 a. m., in Wetmore Building, Carrizozo, New Mexico, for purpose of electing permanent officers, and making arrangements for drilling contract.

J. F. O'ROURKE,
 President O'Rourke Oil, Gas and Leasing Co. 6-13-19

NEW MEXICO PASSENGER LINE

"The White Line"

ROSWELL-CARRIZOSO STAGE CO.
 106 S. Main, Roswell, N. M.
 Phone 351

Carrizozo Office: Western Garage
 Phone 80

RUN DAILY AND SUNDAY

EAST BOUND	WEST BOUND
3:15... Roswell... 7:30	
12:30... Picacho... 10:00	
11:45... Tinnie... 10:25	
11:15... Hondo... 10:50	
10:40... Lincoln... 11:20	
10:15... Ft. Stanton... 11:50	
9:45... Capitan... 12:20	
8:45... Nogal... 1:20	
8:00... Carrizozo... 2:00	

\$\$\$

WE SELL EXCHANGE PAYABLE IN NEW YORK, KANSAS CITY, TUCUMCARI, N. M., AND AT THE EL PASO BRANCH OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANK, OF DALLAS.

WE SELL A. B. A. CHECKS PAYABLE IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD WITH THE EXCEPTIONS OF THE COUNTRIES NOW IN A STATE OF WAR WITH THE UNITED STATES.

WE TAKE CARE OF LIBERTY BONDS AND CLIP THE COUPONS WHEN DUE AND PLACE THEM TO THE CREDIT OF THE CUSTOMER.

WE RECEIVE DAILY QUOTATIONS OF THE LIBERTY BOND SALES ON THE N. Y. MARKET.

WE PAY FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS AND COMPOUND IT SEMI-ANNUALLY.

"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE"

THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
 Carrizozo, New Mexico

\$\$\$

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard • Stalls • Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE
 Phone 80

Special Facilities
 For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best
 the market affords.

Buick and Dodge Agency

All Cars Demonstrated

Attractive Bargains in Used Cars

Complete Stock of Accessories

TIRES and TUBES GOODYEAR
 FEDERAL
 KOKONO

ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR WELDING AND
 MACHINE WORK

Give us a share of your work. No job too small to
 receive attention, none too large to complete.

Garrard & Corn Garage

Ford

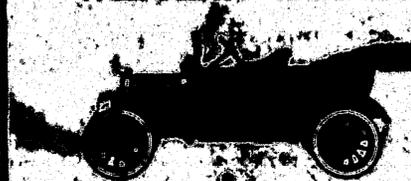
THE UNIVERSAL CAR.

It is important when your Ford car requires tuning up or repairing that you place it in charge of an authorized Ford dealer. Then you are sure of having repairs and replacements made with genuine Ford-made materials by men who know all about Ford cars. Bring your Ford car to us. Satisfaction is sure and you will receive prompt attention and right prices.

OUR MOTTO:
 PROMPT AND EFFICIENT SERVICE... TERMS CASH

HEADQUARTERS FOR
 Carrizozo-Roswell With the New Line Co.

WESTERN GARAGE



Building Material

Lumber has made an average advance of 25% since the beginning of the war.

With an abundance of employment at high wages and the recent stimulus to economy caused by the war, there is more money that could be utilized for home building than there has been for many years.

Lumber is relatively low in price, the advance not having kept pace with the increases in wages, freight rates and other commodities— from 35 to 50 per cent and over.

Now, therefore, while other commodities are higher in proportion, and Lumber is lower, is the time to do your building.

CALL ON US FOR BEST SERVICE

Foxworth-Galbraith Lumber
 Company :: Carrizozo, New Mexico

Organization... will be found a call for the organization of an American Legion for Lincoln county; time Monday night; place the Crystal Theatre. All those who have served in the army and navy during the world war are expected to be present, and they are urged to come. All others interested in the organization are invited to be present. It is hoped a large attendance will result from every part of the county.

Powell Bros. Sell

Powell Bros. last week sold their ranch in Bernardo Gap, and also their cattle to J. J. Hicks. Two years ago they purchased ranch and cattle from Mr. Hicks. The brothers left Saturday night, Tom M. for Van Horn, Texas, Roy E. for El Paso, where they with their families will make their homes.

Eighth Grade Report

We received the results of the 8th grade examinations for the county from Mrs. Maude L. Blaney, county superintendent, this morning. We regret our inability to insert the report, but its late arrival would necessitate a rearrangement of forms, which are ready for press, and it had to be left out. Inasmuch as it will be published elsewhere this week, there will be nothing gained by publishing it next week as it will have ceased to be of interest as news.

Home Soon

Willie Gallacher landed in New York last week, and has gone to Fort Sam Houston where he will be discharged, and is expected home the coming week. Willie is one of the first five selected by this county to fill the call for the first call of the draft and is the second of that five to return, E. C. Eaker being the other. Reilly, Brown and Dow are still in France.

State President Visits

Mrs. Carrie Aleshire, of Lake Arthur, state president of the Rebekahs, was here Tuesday, paying an official visit to the local lodge. Mrs. Aleshire is touring the state and visiting the lodges of the order. She was the guest of the Mrs. William P. Loughrey while in Carrizozo.

Invest a dollar in boyhood to build manhood.

Lodge's Tribute

Not to W. W.

Here is a bit of biography that is of peculiar interest in these days of the attempted dominancy of Messrs. Lodge, Knox, et al:

"When the war drew to a close, it was he who began alone the task of making peace. He had nearly completed the work when his colleagues appeared in Paris, and the incantations words broke the web so carefully spun. * * * Finally, boldly disregarding the instructions of Congress, he emerged from all complications with a triumphant peace."

Is this a tribute to Woodrow Wilson? Looks like it, doesn't it? Well, it isn't! It is a portion of a eulogy delivered by Senator Lodge to the memory of Benjamin Franklin for the part that the noble old patriot played in winding up the Revolutionary War. There are those who are so keenly appreciative of humor as to consider this a pretty good, though altogether unoriginal, joke played by Senator Lodge upon himself and his fault-finding colleagues. — San Francisco Bulletin.

Rev. R. H. Lewelling went to Mesquite Monday morning to preach the funeral service at the burial of the late Mr. and Mrs. ...

WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE DISPENSERS OF

Naya's Compounds

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery
Ice Cream and all Kinds of Iced Drinks

Rolland Bros.

Why This Postmaster Quit

Postmaster J. B. Clark, of Wiscasset, Maine, has quit his job. There isn't much news to this mere fact, says the Benton Harbor, Michigan, Palladium. But the reason for his quitting lies in the real story—depicting the trials and tribulations of this branch of Uncle Sam's service.

"At the time I took the office," says Postmaster Clark, "it was considered a political plum, and it was a good job, but today it is a job that the more a man knows about it, the less he would want, for it has been bedeviled for the past two years, until today it is a bank, an express office, a postoffice and a freight shed, all combined, with the same number of clerks, and the same compensation of old, when the office had 90 per cent less responsibility, 50 per cent less work, and the cost of living was 60 per cent less."

"I have often thought that it was a great pity that a man with brains enough to conceive the central accounting system didn't have enough left over to regulate the compensation of the postmaster and clerks in central accounting offices."

"I have written letters enough to Washington in the past six months to paper the White House, but they have made no impression on the great heads of the postoffice department. So I have come to the conclusion that the only relief is in death or resignation, and I prefer to resign, as my disposition at present is not good enough to take into the 'great beyond.'"

"We poor devils in the postal service have one consolation: We have been saving Uncle Sam a bunch of money by being patriotic, and working for starvation wages so that he might pay the baggage masters on the railroads, and the common lumpers in the shipyards, many of whom are not worth \$2 per day in any spot or place, and are under no responsibility whatever, wages ranging from \$25 to \$90 per week."

"When postoffices were distributed in Lincoln county, they were sown broadcast, and all took root and flourished, so that this office, under the central accounting system, fell heir to 58 offices, many more than many of the first class offices have in other counties with a large force of clerical assistance."

"My first assistant, has been in the service at this office for thirteen years, and is drawing just living wages."

"My second assistant, in connection with her other duties, in the office, has handled the war and thrift stamp business for the past year, including the district office sales. This amounted to over \$100,000, and she is allowed by the department the enormous sum of \$23.33 per month, and board is ranging at present from \$8 per week up. I am making her salary attractive enough from my own pocket to keep her, because she is a very competent and conscientious one. Do you wonder that I have turned gray and lost my disposition?"

for McAdoo at the railroad office, who are no more competent or smarter than my clerks, are pulling down from \$90 to \$170 per month, and that is the very thing that is making clerks in the postal department dissatisfied with their jobs. Who wonders that I long for the tall timber and the voice of the chipmunk again?"

Oliver Peaker was in from his ranch, near White Oaks, this week. He says range condition were seldom better than at present, and live stock are doing fine. The thoroughbred stock, which he purchased in Colfax county in April, are beautiful specimens. He imported a car load of two-year olds, paying from \$250 to \$475 a head, and he claims there is nothing finer in the county.

Methodist Church

By Rev. R. H. Lewelling, Pastor, Telephone 111. Short gospel sermons at eleven and eight, come.

Hear the Methodist Trio at both services.

Sunday school at 10. Come the church is cool.

Epworth League at 7. A fine band of youngsters, come be one of them.

Baptist Church

Rev. L. S. Smith, Pastor. Sunday school; 10 a. m. Sermon, 11 a. m. Come. Don't miss the children's program at 8:15 p. m. It's nice.

If you are looking for a Real Good Time on the Fourth and a place where you can Enjoy Yourself Every Minute

Don't Forget the Liberty Basket Picnic

AT FORT STANTON

JULY FOURTH

SOMETHING DOING EVERY MINUTE

BASE BALL GAME

BRONCHO BUSTING

MOTION PICTURES

DANCE IN THE EVENING

Three Thrilling Boxing Contests

Washed Eggs Will Not Stand Up in Storage

Time and money are lost in washing eggs, according to Special Information Service No. 51, issued by the United States Department of Agriculture to farmers and country handlers of eggs.

Approximately 5,016,000 dozen eggs spoil every year in cold storage, because clean eggs have been allowed to get wet, or dirty eggs have been washed, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. From 17 to 22 per cent of washed eggs become worthless in storage, whereas only 4 to 8 per cent of dirty eggs stored unwashed spoil, shown by careful investigations made of large quantities of stored eggs.

This enormous loss of eggs in storage can largely be prevented if producers and egg handlers, especially during March, April and May, will refrain from wash-

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GEORGE SPENCE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Rooms 8 and 6, Exchange Bank Bldg.

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

T. E. KELLEY

Funeral Director and

Licensed Embalmer

Phone 96

CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

O. A. PERKINS

Attorney-at-Law

Carrizozo New Mexico

GEORGE B. BARBER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

Carrizozo New Mexico

SETH F. CREWS

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Will practice in Federal and State Courts

OSCURO NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER

FIRE INSURANCE

Notary Public

Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo.

R. E. BLANEY

DENTIST

Office in Exchange Bank Bldg. Upstairs

Carrizozo New Mexico

and take pains to reduce the number of dirty eggs by providing plenty of clean sheltered nests for their hens. Many eggs spoil in storage, because they have been exposed to dew, rain, dirt or mud; in nests, in grass and fence corners.

I. O. O. F.

Carrizozo Lodge

NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meetings, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.

AUSTIN PATTY, N. G.
WM. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1919:

January 11, February 6, March 18, April 19, May 19, June 7, July 12, August 9, September 4, October 4, November 1, December 6 and 17.

MARVIN BURTON, W. M., S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help.

"I was taken sick, seemed to be ... writes Mrs. Mary E. Vande, of Madison Heights, Va. 'I got down so weak, could hardly walk ... just staggered around. ... I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I like it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw.' Try Cardui.

All Druggists

Notice for Publication 00095 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico June 4, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Charles D. Mayer, of White Oaks, New Mexico, who, on April 24, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 00095, for 24 1/2 NW 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 24 and NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 1 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Fred Lalona, Ralph Treat, August Lantz, Charles E. Moss, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 00112 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico May 21, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Hannah H. Dalton of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on October 29, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 00112, for NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 24 and NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 1 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: William D. Langston, William Brand, Alec Under Adams, Mary Milligan, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 00091 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico June 4, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Stella J. Williams, formerly Stella F. Shields, of Corona, New Mexico, who, on February 9, 1918, made additional homestead entry, No. 00091, for Lot 4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 8, and on Feb. 12, 1919, made additional homestead entry, No. 00092, for NW 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 2 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Albert Pratt, Tom Rogers, those of Roswell, New Mexico; Joe Williamson, Robert L. Williamson, those of Corona, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 02705 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico May 29, 1919

Notice is hereby given that James H. Reelle, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on June 23, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 02705, for SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 20, and NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 8 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Dennis L. Byrne, Alexander W. Adams, William J. Langston, Austin W. Fatty, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 04192, 04270 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico May 28, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Both F. Crews, of Osuro, Lincoln County, New Mexico, who, on April 24, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 04192, for SE 1/4, Sec. 22, and on October 14, 1918, made additional homestead entry, No. 04270, for SE 1/4, Sec. 22, Township 9 S., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Guido Hansfer, U. S. Commissioner, at Osuro, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles H. Thompson, William T. Stirling, Horace Kiddle, Charles F. Gray, all of Osuro, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 01450 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico May 12, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Youlanda H. Fair of Jicarilla, New Mexico, who, on January 19, 1919, made homestead entry, No. 01450, for SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 9, NW 1/4, Sec. 15, and NW 1/4, Sec. 15, Township 8 S., Range 12 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 26th day of June, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Robert O. Pitts, Edward H. Talbert, Lindley B. Stubbs, those of Jicarilla, New Mexico; Samuel H. Fambrough, of Apache, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 00090 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico June 4, 1919

Notice is hereby given that John E. Wilson, of Ancho, New Mexico, who, on January 19, 1919, made homestead entry, No. 00090, for 100 acres by metes and bounds in Sec. 22 and Township 4 S., Range 12 E., and Sections 4 and 5, Township 5 S., Range 12 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 16th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Robert E. F. Warden, William M. Holley, Bryan Hightower, Henry L. Lutz, Sr., all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication 00450 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico June 4, 1919

Notice is hereby given that James May, of Nopal, New Mexico, who, on May 17, 1918, made forest homestead entry, No. 00450, for 24 1/2 NW 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 24 and NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 1 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Marion East, Winston Patecock, John Littleton, John W. Harkey, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice of Suit No. 2000 County of Lincoln vs. Robert G. Sawyer Plaintiff, vs. Mattie H. Sawyer Defendant

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of New Mexico, for the County of Lincoln.

The said defendant, Mattie H. Sawyer, is hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against her in the District Court for the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, that being the Court in which said case is pending, by said plaintiff Robert G. Sawyer, the general object of said action being for a divorce of absolute divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment, as will more fully appear by reference to the complaint filed in said cause. And that unless you the said defendant serve your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of July, 1919, judgment will be rendered against you in said cause by default.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 4th day of June, 1919.

S. O. CLERMONT, Clerk.

Name and address of plaintiff's attorney (G. H. Barber, Carrizozo, New Mexico).

Filed July 4, 1919.

Notice for Publication 00090 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico June 4, 1919

Notice is hereby given that James May, of Nopal, New Mexico, who, on May 17, 1918, made forest homestead entry, No. 00090, for 24 1/2 NW 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 24 and NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Township 1 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McClung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 15th day of July, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses: Marion East, Winston Patecock, John Littleton, John W. Harkey, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Rainbow's End

A NOVEL by REX BEACH

Author of "THE IRON TRAIL," "THE SPOILERS," "HEART OF THE SUNSET," Etc.

(Copyright by Harper and Brothers)

CHAPTER XVII—Continued.

"I can't stand that," he confessed. "I can't sleep when people are starving to death alongside of me. This money burns my pocket."

Jacket read his purpose and laid a detaining hand upon his arm:

"It will save our lives, too," he said simply.

"Bah! We are men! There are women and children yonder—"

But Jacket's sensibilities were calmed, it seemed. "Of what use would your few peacas be among so many?" he inquired. "God has willed this, and he knows what he is doing. Besides, your 'pretty one' is probably as hungry as these people. No doubt we shall find that she, too, is starving."

O'Reilly slowly withdrew his hand from his pocket. "Yes! It's Rosa's money. But—come; I can't endure this."

He led the way back to the Plaza of Liberty and there on an iron bench they waited for the full day. They were very tired, but further sleep was impossible, for the death wagons rumbled by on their way to collect the bodies of those who had died during the night.

Neither the man nor the boy ever wholly lost the nightmare memory of the next few days, for their search took them into every part of the reconcentrado districts. What they beheld aged them. Day after day, from dawn till dark, they wandered, peering into huts, staring into faces, asking questions until they were faint from fatigue and sick from disappointment.

As time passed and they failed to find Rosa Varona a terrible apprehension began to weigh O'Reilly down; his face grew old and drawn, his shoulders sagged, his limbs began to drag. It was all that Jacket could do to keep him going. The boy, now that there was actual need of him, proved a per-

train. Few people were traveling these days, and they were, for the most part, Spanish officers to whom the sight of starving country people was no novelty. Now and then, however, there did arrive visitors from whom the spectacle of so much wretchedness wrought a contribution, hence there was always an expectant throng at the depot. On this occasion O'Reilly was surprised to hear the piteous whines for charity in the name of God, turn suddenly into a subdued but vicious mutter of rage. Hisses were intermingled with vituperations, then the crowd fell strangely silent, parting to allow the passage of a great, thick-set man in the uniform of a colonel of volunteers. The fellow was unusually swarthy and he wore a black scowl upon his face, while a long puckering scar the full length of one cheek lifted his mouth into a crooked sneer and left exposed a glimpse of wolfish teeth.

O'Reilly was at a loss to fathom this sudden alteration of attitude, the whistle of indrawn breaths and the whispered curses, until he heard some one mutter the name, "Cobo." Then indeed he started and stiffened in his tracks. He fixed a fascinated stare upon the fellow.

Colonel Cobo seemed no little pleased by the reception he created. With his chest arched and his black eyes gleaming malevolently he swaggered through the press, clicking his heels noisily upon the stone flags. When he had gone Jacket voiced a vicious oath.

"So that is the butcher of babies!" exclaimed the boy. "Well, now, I should enjoy cutting his heart out!"

O'Reilly's emotions were not entirely unlike those of his small companion. His lips became dry and white as he tried to speak.

"What a brute! That face—ugh!" He found himself shaking weakly, and discovered that a new and wholly unaccountable feeling of discouragement had settled upon him. He tried manfully to shake it off, but somehow failed, for the sight of Rosa's arch-bisect and the man's overbearing personality had affected him queerly. Cobo's air of confidence and authority seemed to emphasize O'Reilly's impotence and bring it forcibly home to him. To think of his just persecution of Rosa Varona, moreover, terrified him. The next day he resumed his hut-to-hut search, but with a listlessness that came from a firm conviction that once again he was too late.

That afternoon found the two friends among the miserable hovels which encircled the foot of La Cumbre, about the only quarter they had not explored. Below lay San Severino, the execution place; above was the site of the old Varona home. More than once on his way about the city O'Reilly had lifted his eyes in the direction of the latter, feeling a great hunger to revisit the scene of his last farewell to Rosa, but through fear of the melancholy effect it would have upon him he had thus far resisted the impulse. Today, however, he could no longer fight the morbid desire and so, in spite of Jacket's protest at the useless expenditure of effort, he set out to climb the hill. Of course the boy would not let him go alone.

Little was said during the ascent. The La Cumbre had seemed very long and very steep. How different the last time O'Reilly had swung up! The climb had never before tired him and he did not now—and he resented that. What he realized, Jacket felt the ex-citement, too; he was short of breath and he rested frequently. O'Reilly saw that the boy's legs were legs that had grown bony since he had last noticed them, and he felt a sudden pang at having brought the little fellow into such a plight as this.

"Well, hombre," he said when they paused to rest. "I'm afraid we came too late. I'm afraid we're hickd."

Jacket nodded, listlessly; his optimism, too, was gone. "They must all be dead or we would have found them before this," said he. "When O'Reilly made no answer he continued: "It is time we thought of getting away from here, eh?"

Johanne was sitting with his face in his hands. Without lifting his head he inquired: "How are we going to get away? It is easy enough to get into Matanzas, but—" He shrugged helplessly.

Jacket brightened at the thought of escape. "Ho! I'll bet we can find a hole somewhere," said he. "There's not a hole there either. They haven't left a crack open. There was a moment of silence, and then O'Reilly said: "Remember those folks we met? They were strong, but I would wager the smell of one boy. Oh! Another week of this and we shall be living on garbage like the rest of these poor people."

Leaving Jacket to take his own chances, Johanne completed the climb, meditating upon the boy's words. "The smell of a boy!" Where had his little friend been? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

He took the man's words to heart, but he did not respond; his eyes were fixed upon the ground, and he was breathing heavily.

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

had been drilled, his apprehensions had been quickened hour by hour. Now that he looked the matter squarely in the face, it seemed absurd to believe that a tender girl like Rosa Varona could long have withstood the hardships of this hideous place; stronger people than she had succumbed, by the hundreds, upon the hospitals in their hovels. No one, so far as O'Reilly knew, had undertaken to estimate how fast they were dying or the number of dead which had already ridden out of Matanzas in those rumbling wagons, but there were many. What chance was there that Rosa had not been among the latter?

As he breasted the summit of La Cumbre, O'Reilly beheld at some distance a bent figure of want. It was a negro woman, grubbing in the earth with a sharpened stick. After a suspicious scrutiny of him she resumed her digging.

Nothing but a heap of stones and plaster remained of the Varona home. The grounds, once beautiful even when neglected as in Donna Isabel's time, were now a scene of total desolation. A few orange trees, to be sure, remained standing, and although they were cool and green to look at, they carried no fruit and the odor of their blooms was a trial and a mockery to the hungry visitor. The evidence of Cobo's vandalism affected O'Reilly deeply; they brought him memories more painful than he had anticipated. Although the place was well-nigh unrecognizable, nevertheless it cried aloud of Rosa, and the unhappy lover could barely control the emotions it awakened. It was indeed a morbid impulse which had brought him thither, but now that he was here he could not leave. Unconsciously his feet turned toward the ancient quarry which had formed the sunken garden—his and Rosa's trying place.

O'Reilly desired above all things to be alone at this moment, and so he was annoyed to discover that another person was before him—a woman, evidently some miserable pacifist like himself. She, too, appeared to be looking for roots, and he almost stumbled over her as he brushed through the guava bushes fringing the depression.

His sudden appearance alarmed the creature and she struggled, panic-stricken, out of his path. Her rage could not conceal the fact that she was deformed, that her back was crooked, so he muttered a reassuring word to her.

This place was more as he had left it—there was the stone bench where he had said good-by to Rosa; yonder was the well—

"Senor!" Johanne heard himself addressed by the hunchbacked woman. Her voice was thin, tremulous, eager, but his thoughts were busy and he paid no heed. "Senor! Do you look for something—some one—"

"No. No. Yes," he answered, abstractedly. "Yes, I am looking for something—some one."

"Something you have lost?"

"Something I have lost!" The question came to him faintly, but it was so in tune with his unhappy mood that it affected him strangely. He found that his eyes were blurring and that an aching lump had risen into his throat. This was the breaking point.

O'Reilly's hearing, too, was going wrong, for he imagined that some one whispered his name. God! This place was not dead—it was alive—terribly alive with memories, voices, a presence unseen yet real. He laid hold of the nearest bush to steady himself, he closed his eyes, only to hear his name spoken louder.

"O'Reilly!"

Johanne brushed the tears from his cheeks. He traced, he listened, but there was no sign to be seen, no sign that he, except the dusky cripple, who had straightened herself and was facing him, poised uncertainly. He looked at her a second time, then the world began to spin dizzily and he groped his way toward her. He peered again, deeper, for everything before his eyes was swimming.

The woman was thin—little more than a skeleton—and so frail that his weak appearance to away her but he was, upright to the sun, was glorified. O'Reilly stood rooted, staring at her until she opened her eyes, then he voiced a great cry:

"Rosa! What word he said he never knew."

He took the man's words to heart, but he did not respond; his eyes were fixed upon the ground, and he was breathing heavily.

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

How strange! He had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy? He remembered that he had seen a small child behind the window of a house he had passed; could he have seen a boy?

After a time she smiled up into his eyes and her words were scarcely more than a murmur:

"God heard my prayers and sent you to me."

"Rosa! You are ill, you are weak—"

Her eyelids fluttered. "I am dying, O'Reilly. I only waited to see you."

"No, no!" In agony he gathered her once more into his arms.

"Oh, yes!" Her bloodless fingers touched his face again, then his thin, worn rags. "You, too, have suffered. How came you to be so poor and hungry, O'Reilly?"

"I'm not poor, I'm rich. See!" He jingled the coins in his pocket. "That's money; money for you, sweetheart. It will buy you food and medicine. It will make you strong again. Rosa, dear, I have looked for you so long; so long—"

His voice broke wretchedly and he bowed his head. "I—I was afraid—"

"I waited as long as I had strength to wait," she told him. "It is too bad you came so late."

Once again she leaped into the lethargy of utter weakness, whereupon he fell to stroking her hands, calling upon her to come back to him. He was beside himself now; a terrible feeling of impotence and despair overcame him.

Wearing someone speak, he raised his eyes and discovered at his side that figure of want which he had seen digging on the slope below. It was Evangelina. The negro was little more than skin and bones, her eyes were bleared and yellow and sunken, her face had grown asplike, but he recognized her and she him.

"You are the American," she declared. "You are Rosa's man."

"Yes. But what is wrong with her? Look! She is ill—"

"She is often like that. It is the hunger. We have nothing to eat, senor. I, too, am ill—dying; and Ascension— Oh, you don't know how they have made us suffer."

"We must get Rosa home. Where do you live?"

Evangelina turned her death's head toward the city. "Down yonder. But what's the use? There is no food in our house and Rosa is afraid of those wagons. You know—the ones with the corpses. She made me bring her here to die."

The girl was not wholly unconscious it seemed, for she stirred and murmured faintly: "These wagons! Don't let them put me in there with the other dead. They pile the bodies high—"

A weak shudder convulsed her.

O'Reilly bent lower, and in a strong, determined voice cried: "You are not going to die. I have money for food. Rescue yourself, Rosa, rescue yourself."

"She prayed for you every night!" the negro volunteered. "Such faith! Such trust! She never doubted that you would come and find her. Sometimes she cried, but that was because of her brother. Esteban, you know, is dead. Yes, dead, like all the rest."

"Esteban is not dead," O'Reilly asserted. "He is alive. Rosa, do you hear that? Esteban is alive and well. I left him with Gomez in the Orient. I have come to take you to him!"

"Esteban alive? Ha! You are fooling me," Evangelina wagged her head wisely. "We know better than that."

"I tell you he is alive," O'Reilly insisted. He heard Jacket calling to him at that moment, so he halted in the boy; then when the latter had arrived, he explained briefly, without allowing Jacket time in which to express his amazement:

"Our search is over; we have found them. But they won't believe that Esteban is alive. Tell them the truth."

and pretty enough for any American. Her skin is like milk, too, and her hair—she used to put flowers in it for you; and then we would play games. But you never came. You will make allowances for her looks, will you not?"

"Poor Rosa! You two poor creatures!" O'Reilly choked; he hid his face upon his sweetheart's breast.

Rosa responded; her fingers caressed him and she sighed contentedly.

O'Reilly's ascent of the hill had been slow, but his descent was infinitely slower, for Rosa was so feeble that she could help herself but little and he lacked the strength to carry her far at a time. Finally, however, they reached the wretched hovel where Ascension lay, then leaving her there, Johanne sped on alone into the city. He returned soon with several small bundles concealed about his person, and with Evangelina's help he set about preparing food.

Neither Rosa nor the two negroes had any appetite—their hunger had long since passed the point at which they were conscious of it—and O'Reilly was compelled to force them to eat. When he had given them all that he dared he offered what food was left to Jacket.

The boy moistened his lips and his fingers twitched, but he shook his head. "Oh, I'm not so hungry," he declared, indifferently. "I have a friend in the market place; I will go down there and steal a fish from him."

O'Reilly patted him on the shoulder, saying: "You are a good kid, and you understand, don't you? These sick people need more food than we can buy for them, so we will have to draw our belts tight."

"Of course. Eating is a habit, anyhow, and we men know how to get along without it. I will manage to find something for you and me, for I'm a prodigious thief. I can steal the hair from a man's head when I try." With a nod he set off to find his benefactor's supper.

CHAPTER XVIII.

The Haunted Garden.

Rosa Varona did not die. On the contrary, under her lover's care she made so amazingly swift a recovery that improvement was visible from hour to hour; she called like a willed flower under a refreshing rain. It was O'Reilly's presence as much as the nourishing diet provided by his money which effected this marvel, although the certainty that Esteban was alive and safe put added force into her determination to live. Rosa found hope springing up in her breast and one day she caught herself laughing. The marvel of it was unbelievable. O'Reilly was sitting beside her bed of leaves at the time; impulsively she pressed his hands to her lips.

"Such happiness as mine belongs in heaven," she managed to tell him. "Sometimes it frightens me. With you by my side this prison is a paradise and I want for nothing. War, suffering, distress—I can't imagine they longer exist."

"Nevertheless, they do, and Matanzas is anything but a paradise," said he. "We must set about quickly to get out of it."

"Escape, you mean? But that is impossible. Ascension can tell you all about that. The Spaniards used to leave passes for the men to go outside the lines in search of food. It was just a trick. They never came back—all of them were killed. Everyone knows better than to try now."

"Nevertheless, we can't stay here much longer." In answer to the girl's puzzled inquiry he explained: "My money is gone—all but a few cents. This is the last of our food and there is no chance of getting more. Jacket has some mysterious source of supply and he manages to bring in something every now and then, but there are five of us to feed, and he can't furnish more."

O'Reilly bent lower, and in a strong, determined voice cried: "You are not going to die. I have money for food. Rescue yourself, Rosa, rescue yourself."

"She prayed for you every night!" the negro volunteered. "Such faith! Such trust! She never doubted that you would come and find her. Sometimes she cried, but that was because of her brother. Esteban, you know, is dead. Yes, dead, like all the rest."

"Esteban is not dead," O'Reilly asserted. "He is alive. Rosa, do you hear that? Esteban is alive and well. I left him with Gomez in the Orient. I have come to take you to him!"

"Esteban alive? Ha! You are fooling me," Evangelina wagged her head wisely. "We know better than that."

"I tell you he is alive," O'Reilly insisted. He heard Jacket calling to him at that moment, so he halted in the boy; then when the latter had arrived, he explained briefly, without allowing Jacket time in which to express his amazement:

"Our search is over; we have found them. But they won't believe that Esteban is alive. Tell them the truth."

"Yes, he is alive. We found him rotting in a prison and we rescued him," Jacket corroborated. He stared curiously at the remarkable figure on the bench, then at O'Reilly. He peered into his eyes and gave vent to a low whistle of amazement. "So. This is your pretty one, eh?—Well, I don't think much of her. But that you are not so handsome yourself, are you?"

Evangelina seemed to be stupid, a wide-headed, dumb, even-witted creature who held a ghastly view upon O'Reilly's endeavor and wasted him consequently. "Look out for Oba. You have heard about her, eh? Well, he is the owner of all our misery. He has been here from place to place, and it was he that I got that bump on my head. He captured me, and he is the owner of all our misery."

She had not called the source whence came the blood that which was staining the life blood back into her body, and although that had not been much—a little meat, a little oil, a occasional scrap of meat or fish—it had never occurred to her that the culprit might be hunted. She met the problem bravely, however.

She had not called the source whence came the blood that which was staining the life blood back into her body, and although that had not been much—a little meat, a little oil, a occasional scrap of meat or fish—it had never occurred to her that the culprit might be hunted. She met the problem bravely, however.

She had not called the source whence came the blood that which was staining the life blood back into her body, and although that had not been much—a little meat, a little oil, a occasional scrap of meat or fish—it had never occurred to her that the culprit might be hunted. She met the problem bravely, however.

She had not called the source whence came the blood that which was staining the life blood back into her body, and although that had not been much—a little meat, a little oil, a occasional scrap of meat or fish—it had never occurred to her that the culprit might be hunted. She met the problem bravely, however.

FINE CROPS SURE

Outlook in Western Canada Never More Favorable.

Perfect Weather Conditions Enabled Early Seeding and Wheat Has Long Been Above Ground in the Land of Opportunity.

The greatest optimism prevails throughout every district in Western Canada. From the eastern boundary of Manitoba to the slopes of the Rocky Mountains the farmers have been busy for three weeks in seeding operations. Last fall, even for Western Canada, was an exceptional one. Threshing was completed at an early date and the amount of fall plowing made ready for crop from fifteen to twenty-five per cent more acreage than in any year in the brief history of the country. Therefore there was ready for seeding this spring an acreage away beyond anything ever before experienced in that country.

On April 20 Calgary (Alta.) reported that in south country points there was a notable spirit of optimism amongst the farmers there. Moisture and weather conditions were good, while land in most places was in the best possible condition. More tractors were being put into operation than in any previous year. In some parts of the south country, however, there was a marked shortage of labor, but in the consideration of the country as a whole the labor outlook was bright.

Seeding operations were well under way in every part of Western Canada by the fifteenth of April. The practice of the farmers in that country is to commence as soon as the frost is out of the ground enough to allow the few inch seed bed to be worked up well. Beneath this the ground may still be frozen, but from this frost the young and tender wheat roots get the moisture at first so necessary to its existence. The warm days of spring and the long hours of sunlight that are ashered in with it thaw the frost out day by day and pay to the growing plant the moisture as it is needed. Nature's way of producing moisture to the young wheat plant is one of the chief reasons why Western Canada has become world famous as a wheat-producing country. What may be said of wheat can as truly be said of oats and barley, and yes, in fact, corn, too. Rapid and strong growth is stimulated in this manner. Heavy spring rains usually occur after seeding is over and the grain well above ground.

Already a report has been received, dated April 20, that a farmer near Cabri, Saskatchewan, had 180 acres of wheat showing above the ground.

A good, strong and sturdy wheat plant is necessary when it is expected that there will be produced a forty-bushel-to-the-acre crop of wheat of a quality that will weigh out its sixty-five pounds to the measured bushel.

These spring wheat conditions represent but one of the reasons why Western Canada has been able to produce, with so little effort, world's record grain crops, wheat and oats that have carried off all championship awards at America's largest expositions.

Western Canada has this spring shipped ten thousand bushels of Marquis wheat, the variety that holds most of the world's championships, to Australia, where it is to be tried out. Seventy-five thousand bushels of the same variety has been sent to France to be used for seed.

The wheat lands of Western Canada are probably the most undervalued of any on the continent.

A comparatively small acreage of Western Canada's lands has been sold as high as \$30 an acre. The greater portion of the best farming land in its undeveloped state may be purchased at \$25 an acre. The comparison between these prices and an annual revenue derived from grain-growing alone, with big yields and present prices, can but more firmly impress one with the certainty of a rapid increase within the next few years.—Advertisement.

The Proper Vehicle.

"How foolish some of these poets are in their imagery! Now, how can a lover's lady drink to him with her eyes?" "Couldn't she use a looking-glass?"

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kiefer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test the most trustworthy and best made by Dr. Kiefer & Co., Newark, N. J., get a sample bottle. When writing be sure to mention this paper.—Ady.

Content From Oyster Shell.

Oyster shells are being used extensively in the manufacture of portland cement along the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.

Take First Place, Freddy.

Teacher—What is the capital of California?

Freddy—Fresno—its greatest city!



"I Can't Stand That," He Confessed.

fect jewel; his optimism never failed, his faith never faltered, and O'Reilly began to feel a dimly gratified at having the youngster by his side.

Jacket, too, became this and gray about the lips. But he complained not at all and he laughed a great deal. To him the morrow was always another day of brilliant promise toward which he looked with never-failing eagerness; and not for a single moment did he question the ultimate success of their endeavor. Such an example did much for the older man. Together they practiced the strictest, barest economy, living on a few cents a day, while they methodically searched the city from limit to limit.

At first O'Reilly centered himself more than a little upon the problem of escape, but as time wore on he thought less and less about that. Nor did he have occasion to waste further concern regarding his disguise. That he was perfect he proved when several of his former acquaintances passed him by and when, upon one occasion, he came face to face with old Don Mateo de Canales. Don Mateo had changed; he was older, his face had creased, and it hung loosely upon his form. He appeared worried, harassed, and O'Reilly recalled rumors that the old man had been in the city.

It so chanced that one day he and Jacket found themselves at the market place, which, situated at the northern end of the city, was the meeting place of the market.



A Woman, Evidently Some Miserable Pacifist Like Himself.

fell to stroking her hands, calling upon her to come back to him. He was beside himself now; a terrible feeling of impotence and despair overcame him.

Wearing someone speak, he raised his eyes and discovered at his side that figure of want which he had seen digging on the slope below. It was Evangelina. The negro was little more than skin and bones, her eyes were bleared and yellow and sunken, her face had grown asplike, but he recognized her and she him.

"You are the American," she declared. "You are Rosa's man."

"Yes. But what is wrong with her? Look! She is ill—"

"She is often like that. It is the hunger. We have nothing to eat, senor. I, too, am ill—dying; and Ascension— Oh, you don't know how they have made us suffer."

"We must get Rosa home. Where do you live?"

Evangelina turned her death's head toward the city. "Down yonder. But what's the use? There is no food in our house and Rosa is afraid of those wagons. You know—the ones with the corpses. She made me bring her here to die."

The girl was not wholly unconscious it seemed, for she stirred and murmured faintly: "These wagons! Don't let them put me in there with the other dead. They pile the bodies high—"

A weak shudder convulsed her.

O'Reilly bent lower, and in a strong, determined voice cried: "You are not going to die. I have money for food. Rescue yourself, Rosa, rescue yourself."

"She prayed for you every night!" the negro volunteered. "Such faith! Such trust! She never doubted that you would come and find her. Sometimes she cried, but that was because of her brother. Esteban, you know, is dead. Yes, dead, like all the rest."

"Esteban is not dead," O'Reilly asserted. "He is alive. Rosa, do you hear that? Esteban is alive and well. I left him with Gomez in the Orient. I have come to take you to him!"

"Esteban alive? Ha! You are fooling me," Evangelina wagged her head wisely. "We know better than that."

"I tell you he is alive," O'Reilly insisted. He heard Jacket calling to him at that moment, so he halted in the boy; then when the latter had arrived, he explained briefly, without allowing Jacket time in which to express his amazement:

"Our search is over; we have found them. But they won't believe that Esteban is alive. Tell them the truth."

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Rowan Zumwalt of the Nogal Mesa is reported to be seriously ill.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices. Western Garage.

Mrs. Frank Lesnet and little daughter, Georgia and Nadine, returned Sunday from Wichita, Kansas, where they spent the past month with relatives.

R. C. Sawyer was here yesterday from Picacho, looking as well fed and prosperous as of yore.

Cars washed at Western Garage.

Rufus Braunum returned yesterday from State College, where he has been attending college the past term. He expects to return next fall.

Try a Spirella corset. Mrs. G. T. McQuillen, phone 1. 3-1411

Will Ed Harris and Gordon Gray were here yesterday from the Three Rivers country. They report range and general conditions excellent in that section.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Casings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

Robert L. Gear came in Sunday from Chicago to look after some mining interests he has at Nogal. He left later in the week for Los Angeles, but expects to return next week.

Joe Sitton returned this morning from El Reno, Oklahoma, to which point he shipped two cars of horses. He started from here with three cars, but sold one at Amarilla. Joe says Oklahoma will harvest the greatest wheat crop in its history.

Sheriff Duran and family returned Tuesday from a two-week stay at Palomas Hot Springs. They had a delightful outing and are greatly improved by the trip. All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

The Baptist assembly will meet at Clendcroft from the 18th to the 24th. Quite a number from here and adjoining points have arranged to attend the session.

Judge Ambrell passed through Monday enroute from Santa Fe to his home at Picacho. He was accompanied by a daughter who had attended school in Santa Fe the past year.

A dance was given Saturday night, an admission of one dollar was charged, the proceeds to go to the new Catholic church fund. A large number of young people attended.

Miss Lorinda B. Spellman and aunt, Mrs. Edith Stone, left last week for Pasadena, California. Miss Spellman had lived a number of years here, during a large portion of the time teaching in our schools, and was esteemed very highly by the entire community.

Judge John V. Hewitt was over from White Oaks several days this week.

Gibson Lloyd was over from Gleason this week. He reports many camps pitched along the Rio Grande since the fishing season opened.

A. J. Lahann arrived Sunday from Alhambra, California, and was joined the following day by Mrs. Lahann and the children, and the family proceeded to Chicago for a visit with relatives. The Lahanns are unsettled for the time being, but we hope they may return to Carrizozo and remain with us.

Little Frank Vent is in a hospital at Trinidad, so his mother writes, having undergone two operations. He is improving, and Mrs. Vent and the boys expect to visit Carrizozo soon.

John J. Brown was here Tuesday from Fort Stanton, furthering plans for the celebration at the Fort on the Fourth. A number of interesting features have been added to the program, and nothing will be left undone to make the day a pleasant one to all attendants.

It was reported last week that the bean crop on the Mesa was almost entirely killed by the frost on June 1st. The latest report from that district is to the effect that while the leaves were badly nipped, the buds were but little injured; and the farmers are expecting a bumper crop. All's well that ends well.

The Fort Stanton Amusement Club is leaving nothing undone, and not sparing expense, to entertain visitors there on the Fourth. Among the attractions will be a ball game, foot racing, broncho busting stunts, boxing exhibitions, etc., to wind up with a round of motion pictures and a dance. They expect a record breaking crowd.

Julian Taylor, who with his family, has been sojourning at the famous Palomas hot springs for some time, returned last week for a few days. He expects to return with his family from the springs within a few weeks. He said that himself and the other members of his family received much benefit from the mineral hot springs.

On next Sunday the members of the Nazarene church will hold services at their little church on the Nogal-Capitan road. Rev. J. R. Jones, late of Abilene, Texas, will preach. Everyone, whether they belong to the church or not, will be welcome. Luncheon on the grounds. Apart from any spiritual benefit that may be derived, a jaunt along that beautiful mountain pass will act as an elixir to body and mind. Quite a number from this city have arranged to attend.

D. B. Humphrey and E. V. Swearingin left Thursday last on a pleasure trip to the coast and intermediate points of interest. They intend to stop off at El Paso, Los Angeles, Frisco, and Oakland. Mr. Swearingin will return by way of Seattle and Chicago, and Mr. Humphrey will linger on the coast. They expect to be gone thirty days.

A. M. Green and family, of Arkansas, are sojourning in Nogal, and expect to remain all summer. They are relatives of Joe Cochran of the Mesa, who is chaperoning the party to the many points of interest in the county. They are provided with their own touring car, and intend visiting all points in the county before returning to their southern home. They express themselves as delighted with the fine air, majestic hills and beautiful canyons of this country—a great change from the malarial low lands of Southern Arkansas.

Anything that is done to increase the effectiveness of the Boy Scouts of America will be a genuine contribution to the welfare of the nation. —Woodrow Wilson

THE STORE OF SERVICE

We are Headquarters for
FRESH VEGETABLES and FRUITS

A complete line of choice
Fresh Meats and Staple & Fancy Groceries

Advance Lard, 10s	\$2.50
Advance Lard, 5s	1.30

Big advance in Lards. Take advantage of these prices while it lasts.

The Store of Quality and Service
GROOMS' SANITARY STORE
PHONES 46-65 Carrizozo and Alamo, Ariz.

Classified Advertisements

Now about "winter" coal bin for next winter? We are advised by very good authority that chances are greater for the price of coal being higher than for it being lower later on. We would be pleased to quote you storage prices on coal delivered in this month. Humphrey Bros. 5-911.

For Rent—Furnished house. See J. S. Ross. 3-2811

Stockmen! Insure your calves against Blackleg. Use Purity Blackleg Vaccine. M. B. Paden, Agent, Carrizozo, N. M. 5-23-13

Rooms For Rent.—Clean, neatly furnished rooms in the Lucas Building. 4-411

JUST RECEIVED
Car Galvanized and Painted Steel Roofing
THE FITSWORTH CO., CAPITAN

W. R. READ—ERWIN READ
CITY Garage
Capitan, New Mexico
Repair Work of all kinds. Full line of Ford Supplies. GASOLINE and OILS VULCANIZING of TUBES Charging Station

R. L. Ransom
Plasterer & Contractor
Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work. CARRIZOZO, N. M. NEW MEXICO

THESE CAKES
look so good that they cannot be resisted. They are just as good as they look, for we are very careful about every operation and stage through which they pass. Our success lies in making them good—so good that you will like them



Pure Food Bakery B. HANNON PROPRIETOR

The Personal Attention rendered by the officers of this bank to the individual requirements of each customer is the foundation of the efficient service which we render to our depositors. Unquestioned safety and judicious conservatism characterize our methods.
Member Federal Reserve System
Stockmens State Bank
CORONA, NEW MEXICO

Special Showing of Men's Cool Summer Suits
at \$9.50 to \$18.50

YOU do not have to be an expert to see that these SUITS possess qualities found in higher priced models. They are not bought just for a sale, but taken out of our regular stock, which means that our usual high standard is maintained.

Men's Silk Shirts from \$5.00 to 9.75
For Real Summer Comfort, with or without collars

Men's Wash Ties choice 3 for \$1.00
Large Selection, neat and attractive patterns.

Men's Suits \$3.75 to \$6.00
and the best quality goods from New York, Chicago, and London.

Ziegler Bros.

Visit Our Custom Tailoring Department
This store is the authorized resident dealer for THE ROYAL TAILORS - Chicago - New York. Royal Tailors-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats. at 225, 228, 231, 235, 240, 245 and 250.

For the Man who can't be fitted

From our stock of Clothing, we recommend
"The Royal Tailors."

"Beautiful Fabrics and Styles."

We invite comparison. The line consists of many samples and you are sure to pick a winner

"No extra charges." We make your suit the way you want it.

We are now displaying our new line of **PALM BEACH SUITS, WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS and FURNISHINGS** to make you comfortable these hot days.

Carrizozo Trading Co.
Quality First Phone 21 Then Price