Carrizozo News

Probate Clerk

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

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Our Santa Fe Letter

The three outstanding issues in the state campaign last November were: "Which political party will give the people of the state a workable primary? which will equalize and reduce the tax burden? which will end the gerrymander of the legislature and give the state an honest arrangement of legislative districts?"

From the platforms of the two parties and from the pronouncements of their leaders, it was thought that they were in conformity on the question of a primary. Both platforms announced for primaries for the selection of county officers and for delegates to district and state conventions. But both candidates for governor expressed personal preference for a state-wide primary for the selection of all candidates.

The republican party succeeded in electing a governor and a majority of both houses of the legislature. Into its hands was entrusted the task of drafting and passing a primary law which would at least carry out the platform pledge, and which might even go as as far as the governor had indicated he desired to go.

The result was the greatest legislative farce that the state has ever seen. Both branches of the legislature passed a state-wide primary law; but no law of any kind was concurred in by the two houses. In both instances, the state-wide primary passed was introduced originally by a democrat, although in the house R. L. Baca copied the provisions of the Hartell bill.

The house passed the Baca bill; the senate, the Sellers bill. However, the senate, realizing its mistake, reconsidered its action on the Sellers bill and passed a diluted county measure which followed no platform plank or personal promise. The matter was allowed to stand there and no effort was made to secure a comprise which would pass both houses.

The gerrymander of legislative districts was allowed to stand, because, as republicans frequently expressed it, "We couldn't improve on it." Because, of its workings, the election of a democrat governor will not necessarily mean a democrat legislature, as was shown in the campaigns of 1911 and 1916.

Toward the equalization of the tax burden, a few feeble steps were taken; but the big vital steps were not even approached. The weakest link in the assessment chain is the lack of a professionalized assessment service. The special revenue commission, dominated by republicans, pointed that out. It asked the legislature to make the local assessor appointive and to prescribe civil service requirements for holding the office. The republican legislature flatly refused to do away with the 'assessment cinch' which can be made to produce results on election day.

By the utterances of Governor Mechem during the campaign, the republican party was virtually bound to the adoption of the advalorem system for valuing mines and mineral property. At first the legislature refused to permit an advalorem valuation, but were finally driven to it. They stood firm upon the adoption of the valuation once made, however In other words, they appropriated $30,000 for a valuation which, when completed, the tax commission can completely ignore when assessing mineral property.

Thus the three great issues stand where they were. The direct primary is postponed for two years. The gerrymander is probably continued for ten years; or until after the publication of another census. The tax burden, with an increased state levy, will remain upon the small taxpayer, while the mines will receive the same liberal treatment they have always been accorded.

FALSE NOTE OF ECONOMY SOUNDED

The republican legislature completed a notable feat of mental acrobatics when it shouted "economy" and "lower taxes" all thru the sixty-day session and then passed in the closing hours an appropriation bill which carried a quarter of a million dollars more than any other appropriation bill in this state ever carried, and in addition means a raise in the state tax rate.

To indicate how the legislature worked. It refused the claims of the educational institutions for new buildings, but granted permission to build a $250,000 addition to the state capitol, which is only overcrowded during sessions of the legislature. It abolished $2,000 legal advisor to the governor, and boosted the legislative printing bill $4,500. It repealed the law creating the office of county road supervisors and inserted in the repeal a provision that counties might continue them on the pay roll.

While the educational institutions were kept eating at the second table where they were held during the war, state departments waxed rich. There were salary boosts at the penitentiary when the cost of living is coming down. There were salary increases in the office of the attorney general and other places around the capitol. Provision was made to help the attorney and the law clerk of the supreme court by giving them $10 a day during sessions of the legislature for revising suggested measures—work they now do free.

The motto was: "Trim the schools; take care of the faithful," and it proved a complete success.

Mrs. Thornborrow Dies in Canton, Ill.

Mrs. William G. Thornborro died at her home in Canton, Ill., Wednesday March 2, after a short illness. Mrs. Thornborro was quite well known in this county, having lived here a number of years with her husband and little son. Mr. and Mrs. Thornborro and son returned to the old home, Canton, Ill., about seven years ago. Mr. Thornborro comes back to Lincoln county every year to look after his interests here. The announcement of the death of this good woman is received with deep sorrow by a host of friends who knew and highly respected her during the years the family made Lincoln county their home. A paper published in Canton, a copy of which has just reached our desk, contains the following notice concerning her death:

"Mrs. Rosa B. Thornborro, wife of William G. Thornborro, died March 2 at her home four miles west of Canton, Ill., following a week of illness from a complication of diseases.

Rosa B. McConnell was born near Bryant, October 24, 1879, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus McConnell, now of Tulsa, Okla., and who arrived too late to see their daughter alive. The husband and one son, Donald, are living. Other near relatives are seven brothers and two sisters are Dillard and Reece McConnell of Tulsa, Okla., Harvey, Moline; Estle, Chicago; Lee and William whose whereabouts are unknown, and E. McConnell, a sergeant in the regular army at Jefferson barracks St. Louis, and who was formerly a captain in the A.E.F. during the late war, and also served five years in the Phillipines; Mrs. J. Drouet of Tulsa, and Mrs. L. E. Bruce of Texas.

Mrs. Thornborro was well known and highly esteemed in the community and her death is deeply regretted by her many friends."

Confirmation Service

Bishop Howden of Albuquerque, Episcopal bishop of this diocese, and Rev. F. M. Johnson of El Paso, rector of the local church, were here Wednesday night and held confirmation. Five were confirmed. Following the confirmation service, the members of the guild and a number of friends adjourned to the White Star restaurant and had lunch, which was a pleasant ending of the evening.

Serious Auto Accident Near Capitan

A very serious automobile accident occurred in the gap below Capitan on the Lincoln road on Tuesday, in which a number of persons were injured, some of them seriously.

A. O. Hearn and family, of Carrizozo, who were driving along the new road in the cut below Capitan on the north side of the Salado, encountered Robert A. Hurt on horseback. On the approach of the car Mr. Hurt reined his horse to one side, but just as the automobile was passing them Mr. Hurt's horse became frightened and unmanageable, and in some manner became entangled in the wheels of the machine. Mr. Hurt was thrown, or jumped from the horse and received little injuries, but the horse, machine and the machine's occupants went over the embankment, some thirty feet below.

The horse was killed, the car wrecked and the occupants all injured, save one of the children. Mr. Hearn had his collar bone broken, and may also be injured internally; Mrs. Hearn suffered serious internal injuries; one of the girls had both legs broken, and another suffered a broken leg. Another member of the family suffered a broken arm, and most of them suffered other minor injuries besides. The victims were conveyed to the hospital at Fort Stanton and given medical and surgical aid.

Jury Drawn for the Spring Term of Court

Judge Mechem, District Attorney Newell and Court Stenographer Braniger came up Tuesday afternoon on No. 4 from Alamogordo, and the following day drew the jury for the spring term of court. The district clerk and the sheriff have been busy getting out subpoenas and serving same. The jurors have been summoned to appear April 25. Only petit jurors were drawn.

While here the judge accepted a plea of guilty to an information filed by the district attorney against T. N. Green, charging incest. The judge imposed a sentence of from ten to fifteen years in the state penitentiary. Sheriff Harris, accompanied by Harry G. Norman, left for Santa Fe yesterday to place the prisoner with the penal authorities.

The Phillips Family are Recovering

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Phillips and infant, all of whom were injured last week in a collision between an automobile and a passenger train, are on the high road to recovery. Mrs. Phillips and baby have been removed to the Commercial hotel, and are practically recovered. Mr. Phillips is still in a ward near Dr. Johnson's office, with an attendant nurse, and is convalescing and apparently out of danger. The wound on the head, which was the most serious, is healing rapidly, and indications are that his mental faculties are unimpaired and that no bad results will follow.

Cattle and Horse Growers Convention Program

Albuquerque, N. M., Mar. 21—The complete program for the seventh annual convention of the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association in Albuquerque March 29, 30 and 31 was announced today by the secretary of the association, who states that inquiries for rooms, etc. indicate a large attendance at the convention. Association committee meetings will be held Monday, March 28, at the association's offices in the Chamber of Commerce building. Th convention sessions will be held in the federal court room, post office building. Addresses of welcome will be delivered Tuesday morning by Governor Merritt C. Mechem and Mayor Connell, of Albuquerque. The response for the association will be by Hugh L. Hodge, Silver City. The annual address of the president, T. E. Mitchell, and an address by C. M. O'Donell, first vice president of the American National Livestock Association, on "Current Topics," will complete the morning program.

At the afternoon session United States Senator Holm O. Bursum will open the program with an address on "Problems of the Livestock Man," in which it is expected that Senator Bursum will outline the policies he thinks should be pursued by congress for the strengthening of the livestock industry of the nation. Col. W. B. Greeley, United States Forester, will also speak at this session, and Victor Culberson, of Silver City, will deliver the report of delegates to the American National Livestock convention.

The second day's session will include addresses by E. H. Crabb, president of the Arizona Cattle Growers' Association, on "Future Markets;" by H. A. Jastro, of Bakersfield, California, who is chairman of the markets committee of the American National Livestock Association; by Frank C. W. Pooler, United States District Forester, and by George H. Webster, of Cimarron.

The Wednesday afternoon session will be of special interest as it will include a complete discussion of legislation affecting the livestock industry enacted by the recent legislature. J. S. Vaught of Deming, attorney for the association, will speak on "New Laws Regarding Livestock Interests." State Senator E. M. Brickley, of Carrizozo, will discuss relations between the banker and the stockman, and State Senator O. L. Phillips, of Raton, will speak on "What the Livestock Industry Means to the State of New Mexico.

Speakers on the program for Thursday morning will include T. W. Tomlinson, secretary of the American National Livertock Association, Hon. B. F. Pankey, J. E. Saint, chairman of the State Tax Commission, Dr. S. E. Piper, of the United States Biological Survey, Dr. O. E. Troy, of Raton. The Thursday afternoon session will be the annual business session, including the adoption of resolutions and election of officers.

There will be no night sessions of the convention, but special amusement events for the stockmen have been arranged by the Albuquerque Chamber of Commerce for each evening of the convention.

For Appendicitis

C. C. Bozarth, a well-known traveling man who makes Carrizozo regularly, is in the Paden hospital, having undergone an operation for appendicitis. He telegraphed Dr. Johnson yesterday from Vaughn requesting the doctor to meet No. 3 and accompany him to El Paso. When Mr. Bozarth reached here, however, his condition was so serious that he was taken off the train and the operation was performed at once.

The operation disclosed an acute case of appendicitis, the appendix had ruptured and peritonitis had developed, the combination producing a most serious case. The patient withstood the operation very well, appeared better last night, and this morning, while his condition is most serious, a further improvement is noticeable. The hopes of many friends attend Mr. Bozarth in his extremity.

Mrs. Frank Lovelace is here from Ancho undergoing treatment for intestinal trouble. Dr. Johnson supplied a room for her adjoining his office and a nurse was procured from El Paso.

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FROM TIME TO TIME there flash across the background of sane and sober finance such startling figures as that of Ponzi, who promised and paid for a time, 50 per cent. interest on personal notes for forty-fivt days. They flash and disappear, leaving in their wake scores of sadder but wiser victims, whose small savings, representing years of effort, have been wiped out in as many days. Humanity is always impatient of results. We are all eager to find a short cut to health, fame, power or wealth. We scorn the well-established, toilsome, but certain route to our goal.

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If you have not already opened a savings account with us, come in and let us show you how co-operation will bring progress to both of us.

WE INVITE YOUR BANKING BUSINESS

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Carrizozo, N. M.

"THE FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE"

1—Opening to the public by order of President Harding of the gates of the White House grounds for the first time since war was declared. 2—First corn for the starving children of Europe started from Porter county, Indiana; kids perched on thecar helped husk and shell it. 3—Dr. Walter von Simons, head of the German delegation at the recent allies-German indemnity conference at London.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Allies Occupy German Towns While World Wonders as to the Ultimate Effects.

MEAT STRIKE LOOMS IN U. S.

Revolution at Petrograd and All Russia in a Ferment—Extra Session of U. S. Congress in April—Tax Matters to the Fore—Plan for Departmental Reforms — Latin American War Halted.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

European affairs have taken another kaleidoscopic turn and as usual Germany is the pivot of interest, with the remainder of the world speculating as to what form the next development will assume.

Occupation of the German towns of Duesseldorf, Duisburg and Ruhrort in an attempt by the allies to enforce compliance with the terms of reparation was accomplished quietly and so far no very spectacular results have occurred. It is true the German ambassadors to London, Paris and Brussels have been recalled to Berlin, but the move is not characterized as a severance of diplomatic relations; rather, it is more in the nature of protest calculated to have some effect upon the present situation or future negotiations. Such negotiations appear to be a probability after each side has sized up the other and determined about how far it is likely to go.

Inasmuch as the ambassadors have been more closely in touch with conditions in the allied countries than the heads of the German government, their counsels are needed at home at this time before Germany decides upon the ultimate degree of bluff, of capitulation or of resistance which it shall employ. No warlike preparations have been reported from Germany and nothing revealing a coalesced plan of action among German leaders. Ominous quiet, seems to describe the situation, with here and there a flash possibly presaging future action by one or another of the many factions in the country. Labor, especially the radical wing, is expected to play a prominent part and already there has been talk of a general strike as a protest, an immediate economic factor and a general bid for the sympathy of workers in the allied countries and elsewhere.

The strike weapon would appear to be sort of a modified suicide—a notice to the allies that "If you attempt to collect the indemnities from us in goods or customs, we will ruin ourselves industrially so that there may be no goods or customs duties available." That a protest strike would continue long is not regarded as probable. Its chief value would lie in its effect on the immediate situation—its influence upon France, which needs money and hopes to get it from the occupied territory and through the customs houses which the allies are establishing along the Rhine.

The danger that Germany will go Bolshevik and unite with Russia seems to be mitigated considerably by the present state of affairs in the latter country where the soviet authorities are contending with a sizable revolution. The danger of Russian aid to Germany seems past and the only menace remaining is that Germany will attempt to give military assistance to Russia. Germany has plenty of men, but after the dismantling of her military power, which already has occurred under the Versailles treaty, the degree of assistance which she could lend in the way of highly essential guns, munitions and other implements of war is a question, and the question vastly concerns the allies at present; for anything like an effective coalition between Germany and Russia might mean the relighting of the war torch all over Europe.

The allies were not of unanimous opinion in forcing the reparations program, but they were driven to united action through the necessity of showing a solid front. Whatever develops in Germany even to a joining with Russia, the allies are in a strategic position to deal with it through their military establishments and the fact that they already are in German territory and can strike unitedly and quickly.

While the threatened strike of packing house employees all over the United States against reductions in wages and changes in hours of employment has elements of seriousness, it is not definitely, at this writing, beyond settlement. President Harding's influence may bring results, but if it does not, there is a court weapon which is likely to delay the more drastic effects if it does not stop them entirely. Singularly, this weapon, an injunction, is proposed by the employees instead of, as usually has been the case, by the employers.

Inasmuch as the scale of wages and hours was fixed by arbitration during war times, the employees contend that a sudden altering without due consideration and conference between all parties affected, is unwarranted and that the court should grant a restraining order against the packers. Attorneys for the unions state that if the order is refused they will ask that the packing houses be placed in the hands of receivers.

Advices are to the effect that all Russia is in a ferment and that the Bolshevik authorities, if they have not a real revolution to contend with just now, are likely to have it soon. The past winter, which has augmented the sufferings of the people to a degree beyond anything before experienced, the constant warfare under soviet rule and, lastly, the attempt to coerce labor mobilize is the word that has been used and make it a part of the property of the state along with goods, lands, etc., has strained the communist scheme to the breaking point. People all over the country are reported to be deathly sick of the plan and in a mood to try revolution, believing that any change must be an improvement.

Heretofore the strength of the Lenin and Trotzky government has existed in its military establishment. Soldiers were fed and clothed even if others starved and froze. This made military duty attractive and rendered a big, efficient army possible. The significant feature of the present revolution is that it was started by soldiers and sailors, the very forces which started and upheld the soviet experiment.

The revolutionists seized the great fortress of Kronstadt and several of the minor defenses of Petrograd. At this writing a struggle for the city itself is on with the deciding fortunes still in doubt. Authentic news is meager, but enough has seeped through to indicate that the disturbance is not a mere flash in the pan. The fact that the attack was started at the seat of government, that the city has been bombarded heavily and that sanguinary encounters have taken place in its streets, also that the Red forces from other parts of the country, including the famed army of General Budenny, have been summoned to its defense, is enough to indicate that the affair is a determined movement against the whole soviet regime.

After the usual formalities attendant upon the nomination and confirmation of cabinet heads and a few other important officials, the new national administration got under way with its announced program of a get-together between the executive and legislative branches of the government. This was started by a dinner at the White House to the Republican leaders in the senate and house. President Harding announced that he contemplates calling an extra session of the Sixty-seventh congress not later than April 11.

The fact that peace with Germany, the League of Nations and other questions of foreign relations were not touched upon at the dinner, but that domestic reconstruction problems formed the bulk of the discussion, makes it a practical certainty that the latter will receive first consideration at the coming session. Tax revision seems to have the right of way over other questions and after it comes the tariff, the problem being to lessen burdens and at the same time provide adequate revenues. If the excess profits tax is repealed, economies in governmental expenditures will have to be instituted and additional revenue from imports and perhaps other sources will be required.

President Harding has intimated that an emergency tariff may be proposed, but that final disposition of the tariff question will await the recommendations of a new tariff commission to be constituted along scientific lines. This commission is yet to be appointed and its deliberations necessarily will be prolonged, so that the ultimate tariff bill of this administration does not loom as a very near possibility.

Secretary of the Treasury Mellon has announced himself definitely for economies and for the establishment of a national budget system. In a letter to the banks of the country he has declared that, while the figures as to the public debt and the current operations of the treasury show that the finances of the government are in a sound position, the situation calls for the utmost economy. The letter covers the financial condition in considerable detail and winds up with the statement: "The people generally must become more interested in saving the government's money than in spending it. A thorough-going national budget system must be established and the government's expenses brought into relation to its income."

Ever since Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes announced himself so positively before a congressional committee on the subject of unbusinesslike methods in the national departments, and other matters, there has been persistent talk that this administration would take energetic action to reduce criticism. In this respect. Accordingly the President has gone over tentative plans with a joint committee from house and senate now holding sessions in Washington. The plans which White House advices state are approved by the President, and will have the co-operation of the cabinet, call for a reorganization of the executive departments to systematize administration, eliminate duplication and reduce expenses. If the program goes through it will be the first shaking up of departments since the days of Alexander Hamilton. One of the proposed changes is a consolidation under one head of the War and Navy departments.

One of the first acts of President Harding was to throw open the White House gates to the public. And the public is reported to have availed itself of the invitation to the beautiful grounds to the extent that some came with soap boxes on which to stand, while others mounted the shoulders of friends, in order to peer into the windows of the executive mansion. A serious question has arisen as to how the democratic privilege may be continued, the White House rooms given air and sunshine and the occupants allowed a degree of privacy somewhat greater than that of a goldfish in a bowl.

An indication of the attitude of President Harding and his administration to matters of turbulence among our Latin-American neighbors was pointedly brought out in strong notes dispatched by Secretary of State Hughes which had the effect of halting hostilities between Costa Rica and Panama. Although couched in most courteous and diplomatic language, the notes in reality were the eagle's scream, warning the countries that the territorial boundaries of Panama had been fixed by a previous arbitration award made by Chief Justice White, and that they are the concern of this government which cannot regard forcible measures by either party as justifiable. The belligerents were told to settle their differences by orderly procedure.

Simple Clothes Worn By Milady

Clothes nowadays are very simple, it is true, writes a fashion correspondent, but the simplicity is a subtle one which should not be attempted by the amateur unless she has a gift for artistic drapery; not the sort of drapery that is at all complicated, but the kind achieved through a very few folds cleverly placed.

Beautiful fabrics play no small part in the dress of the hour. The plain, unbroken surfaces of the straight-line frock, which is the favorite of all models, offer a wonderful opportunity for displaying a beautiful material.

One frock is an excellent illustration of this. For it a gorgeous black and gold brocade was chosen. The mention of a handsome black and gold brocade brings with it a mental picture of a stiff, unpliable yet handsome fabric. Such a picture, however, does not represent this material. It is as soft and pliant as chiffon.

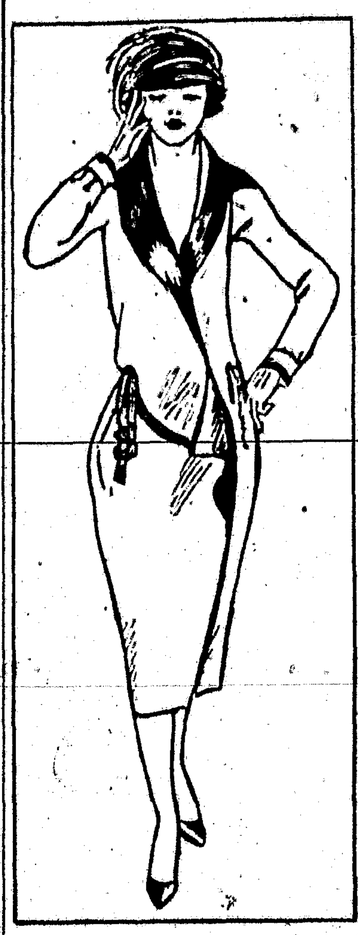
The idea is a costume consisting of a coat very much on the lines of the robe manteau or coat dress, and a frock that matches the lining of the coat, is still a prominent one in French fashions. It is unfortunate that this style has not been taken up to a greater extent in America. The Parisienne has used it for some time and its popularity with her shows no indication of being on the wane. It is a charming and a practical fashion, enabling a woman to be suitably and beautifully dressed for any hour of the day, which is especially convenient in this country where one's time is filled with engagements which frequently keep one away from home from early morning until evening.

Use of the Taffeta Sash.

With a costume of this sort the coat is of a light-weight beige-colored cloth lined with a beautiful shade of very dark brown taffeta. The brown taffeta faces the collar. The coat below the low waistline turns back in the form of a revers to show the lining. There is a loose sash of brown grosgrain ribbon.

The frock accompanying this coat is of brown taffeta that exactly matches the coat lining. It is made in straight effect, almost like a child's pinafore, with a plaited section attached to a deep square yoke. The plaits are not stitched, but merely pressed. The sleeves, which are short and in kimono effect, are cut in one with the yoke and are finished with plaits around the bottom to match the main portion of the dress. Although the frock is charming in its simplicity its best feature lies in a huge sash having two narrow panels attached to it. The sash wraps about the hips and ties in a big, puffy bow on one side. The panels fall slightly longer than the frock on either side. The removal of the sash leaves a straight-line plaited dress, which is unbelted. The whole idea is as clever as it can be and yet very simple.

Since a tailored suit always plays such an important part we are, of course, eager to know each season what the new suits are to be like. One of the most important things about suits is that the box coat is to be prominent. Many of these will be in very youthful effects with unbuttoned fronts, or with the fronts closing with one button. There are several straws blowing about in the wind of fashion which indicate that some rather unusual things may be done with coat closings. A very short box coat turned out by one of our best American designers closes in surplice style, fastening with one button on the left side



Long Coat of Beige-Colored Cloth Lined With Dark Brown Taffeta—Dress Made of Same Material as Coat Lining.

A practical blue serge suit, very much in the mode and at the same time rather conservative, has an interesting braid trimming in the form of a highly glazed black braid.

Ribbon Vogue Continues.

The vogue for ribbons is in nowise lessened. This would indicate that women are less changeable in their taste in dress than they are reputed to be. The continuation of ribbon trimming is not the only indication of this constancy. There are many others. A very striking example is the long life of the chemise dress. In fact, all that is best in present-day fashions shows very clearly that women like the suitable and beautiful in their clothes and that designs having these qualities are the only ones to which they adhere for any length of time. Many of the sudden changes in fashions have been due to the fact that the new things brought out, while striking, were quite unlovely.

Blue Serge Suit, Featuring Box Coat, Trimmed on Sleeves and Skirt With Glazed Black Braid; on Collar With Dark Blue, Dark Red and Light Blue Braid.

To be in keeping with the styles in dresses, which are stripped of all complications of design and fussy trimming, hats, too, must be plain. This is not a new idea in millinery, for it is a long time since we have seen anything of the pompous-looking hat at one time known as a dress hat. In fact, modistes might almost claim that couturiers have followed their lead in the matter of simplicity.

It is impossible to imagine the old-fashioned stays or boned corset with the soft outlines of the modern dress. A woman in the clothes of today has a freedom that never was enjoyed to such an extent in dress. The article which now serves in lieu of a corset is very much on the order of the waists worn by young schoolgirls. Even the old-time steel hooks that fastened the fronts are gone. Of two types of modern corsets one is of white tricot and fastens with buttons and buttonholes. The other corset has no fastening and is made entirely of wide elastic. It is known as a "step-in" corset. Certain reducing qualities are claimed for it.

The New Sport Togs.

The growing enthusiasm for sport clothes is not to be wondered at, nor is it surprising that women have taken to wearing them on almost all occasions regardless of the time and the place, for we have more variety now in this type of dress than in any other. Any inherent love of color of which one may be possessed finds expression in modern outing apparel. Then, too, there is an almost infinite variety of materials and styles in these.

It is a far cry from the stiff linen shirtwaist with mannish collar and the plain linen skirt to an ultra-modern sport costume, consisting of a crepe de chine skirt and flowered chintz coat. One of our best American designers has just created such a suit, with the skirt of beige silk and the jacket of black chintz gayly flowered in beige, orange and brown.

The developments in sport clothes are tremendously interesting to the follower of fashions. In the past there was no type of dress in which we were more slavishly conventional. Not even in our evening clothes was fashion more exacting. Happily, all this has passed into oblivion.

Among the dressed-up type of sport things is a three-piece costume, consisting of a straight dress and short circular cape. Although the dress is a one-piece affair, the waist portion is of gray crepe de chine and the skirt of

THIS YOUNG MOTHER

Tells Childless Women What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did for Her

Millston, Wis.—"I want to give you a word of praise for your wonderful medicine. We are very fond of children and for a considerable time after we married I feared I would not have any owing to my weak condition. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I have a nice strong healthy baby girl. I can honestly say that I did not suffer much more when my baby was born than I used to suffer with my periods before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound years ago. I give all the credit to your medicine and shall always recommend it very highly."—Mrs. H. H. JANSSEN, Millston, Wisconsin.

How can women who are weak and sickly expect or hope to become mothers of healthy children? Their first duty is to themselves. They should overcome the derangement or debility that is dragging them down, and strengthen the entire system, as did Mrs. Janssen, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and then they will be in a position to give their children the blessing of a good constitution.

Vaseline

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

PETROLEUM JELLY

For sores, broken blisters, burns, cuts and all skin irritations. Also immunerable toilet uses.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(Consolidated)
State Street New York

Temperamental.

Six-year-old Bessie, returning from church and eager to tell the news, said, "Oh, mother, we have a new terror in the choir."—Boston Transcript.

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcels Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

The fable of the tortoise and the hare teaches us that perseverance usually gets the gate receipts.

A man finds it easy enough to get along after he once gets started down hill.

LUCKY STRIKE
"IT'S TOASTED"

CIGARETTE

No cigarette has the same delicious flavor as Lucky Strike. Because Lucky Strike is the toasted cigarette.

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

5-LB. PKG. FANCY BREAKFAST COCOA, you pay retail $3.00, our price $1.50; 5-lb. pkg. Special After Dinner Coffee others charge you $2.40, our price $1.85. Delivered free anywhere in the United States. Send for our Wholesale Weekly Price List and save from twenty to forty per cent. Stockgrowers Wholesale Supply Co. 1523 19th St., P. O. Box 1442, Denver.

HOME OF THE COLE
ALWAYS THE BEST IN USED CARS. Write Us for Complete Information.
Buy by Mail. 1225 BROADWAY

SHELL EYE GLASSES—COMPLETE WITH LARGE SPHERICAL LENSES $6.75
TORIC OPTICAL CO., 1515 Stout St.

GRUND DRY CLEANING—Garments dyed any color. Out-of-town work given prompt attention. Twenty-three years' satisfactory service. Grund Building, Seventeenth and Logan St.

SHOES REPAIRED work delivered anywhere in U. S. at Denver prices. Unsatisfactory work returned our expense. EASTERN SHOE REPAIR FACTORY, YELLOW FRONT, 1553 CHAMPA STREET.

KODAKS AND KODAK FINISHING. The Denver Photo Materials Company. EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, 626 Sixteenth Street, Denver, Colorado.

BEAUTY an asset to all women. When in Denver, call at Charles Hair and Beauty Shop, 410 16th St., Denver, Colo.

PRATT'S COSTUMERS—Masquerade, Theatrical. Wigs, Masks. Mail orders solicited. 829 15th St., Denver.

HAIR GOODS SWITCHES, TRANSFORMATIONS, ETC. Mail orders solicited. Castelle's Hair Stores, 620 15th St., Denver.

FLOWERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS, Park Floral Co., 1643 Broadway.

BEAUTY PARLORS. Hair Goods by mail. Millicent Hart Co., 721 15th St.

BOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.—Diamonds, watches, silverware. Out town orders careful attention. Est. 1873.

WALL PAPER. Wholesale, sample books furnished free. GUIRY BROS., 1435 COURT PLACE.

AUTO TOPS. Side and back curtains. Mail orders. C. P. Eliss, 1351 Court Pl.

Sanitary Cleaning and Dyeing Shops. Mail orders given prompt attention. 11 East Colfax.

Pershing Pleads With Veterans to Wage Fight on Illiteracy.

Washington.—Denouncing as a "crime, shame and a disgrace" conditions that permitted more than 30 per cent of the young men of draft age to be classified as illiterate, Gen. John J. Pershing, in a talk to the soldier patients at Walter Reed Army Hospital, Washington, made an appeal for such action as would impress upon communities the obligations the latter owed to the youth of the United States in education. His startling disclosures also constitute one of the strongest possible arguments for compulsory education, at least up to a certain age. This appeal by Gen. Pershing, and the illiteracy to which he called attention, it is pointed out, emphasizes the importance of a federal department of education, one which would give moral and financial support to the states in their campaigns against ignorance.

The Washington Post, in an editorial discussing the report of the House Committee on Education, through Chairman Fess, recommending the passage of the Department of Education measure, drives home some of the facts with respect to illiteracy contained in the report. The editorial says in part:

"It (the report) places the United States as ninth in rank among the civilized nations in the matter of education, which will come as a surprise to a majority of the people, who held the idea that this country was a leader in literacy. It also quotes former Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane to the effect that illiteracy alone is responsible for an economic loss of $825,000,000 a year in this country.

"It is carefully explained that the pending bill does not attempt to set up standards or to exercise any authority over the conduct of the schools. It seeks through government co-operation and aid to encourage education throughout the country and leaves to the states all details with respect to courses of study, plans and methods. Nor does it appropriate any money, but fixes a limit of $100,000,000 a year which Congress may appropriate, or any part of it, and the states can only secure portions of an appropriation by complying with the provisions of the act after the method provided in the federal good roads act.

"For years there has been an insistent demand for the establishment of a department of education in the government, with a view to co-ordinating the federal agencies already existing for the furtherance of education and to extend the scope of the work."

Americans Must Increase Efficiency.

Washington.—Americans must increase their "national efficiency" if we are to meet low European production costs, says Secretary of Commerce Hoover. "The American people must realize that they face a lower standard of living in Europe, which will continue for some years to come. Production costs in Europe will be lower than they were before the war. If we are to meet these low production costs we must work harder, eliminate waste and improve our processes."

Japs Attack Armament Plan.

Osaka, Japan.—At two mass meetings here, attended by thousands of persons, resolutions were adopted declaring the budget gives preponderating importance to armaments, which places an unbearable burden on the nation and is contrary to public opinion. It was decided to send messages to the members of the House of Peers asking their support in the disarmament movement. Speeches favoring disarmament were made by some prominent business leaders.

JOSEPH A. YORK, well-known business man of Portland, Me., who says he feels twenty years younger and has gained sixteen pounds on four bottles of Tanlac. Declares he can now eat three square meals a day.

"I am now able to eat three square meals a day for the first time in two years," was the emphatic statement made recently by Joseph A. York, well-known business man and highly respected citizen of Portland, Maine.

"I am now sixty-nine years of age, and in all my life I have never run across a medicine that I consider in a class with Tanlac. I have just finished my fourth bottle and this medicine has benefited me even beyond my greatest hopes. Besides gaining sixteen pounds in weight, I have been built up and strengthened until I feel all of twenty years younger.

"For the past two years I have been in a miserably run-down condition, and was compelled a short time ago to give up all idea of business as I was too weak to look after anything. I was nervous, worn-out, had no appetite, and suffered most all the time with indigestion. Some days I would eat scarcely anything; in fact I was afraid to eat because I knew I would suffer afterward. Sometimes I had such severe cramping pains after eating that I would almost die. My nerves were all unstrung and the least thing would worry me and I never could get a good night's sound sleep. In fact I just lost interest in everything and was greatly discouraged over my condition.

"The ordinary treatment failed to do me any good, and as I had read so many statements from people I know here in Portland who had been benefited by Tanlac, I decided to give it a trial. And now I know for myself what it will do, for I have simply taken a new lease on life. I am now able to look after my work as usual, and never felt better in my life. I am able to eat three hearty meals a day and everything agrees with me perfectly. I eat anything I want and never feel a touch of indigestion. I never thought there was a medicine that could do me so much good, and I am only too glad to have the facts about my case given to the public."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Adv.

A man never knows how little he knows until a woman begins to hand him information.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

The female who is fat, fair and forty may be attractive but so is slender, saucy sixteen.

WOMEN! USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists, Coats, Stockings, Draperies—Everything.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dyed-look." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card.—Adv.

A woman speaks volumes with her eyes and whole libraries with her tongue.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Any brand of hops may be used for brewing trouble.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

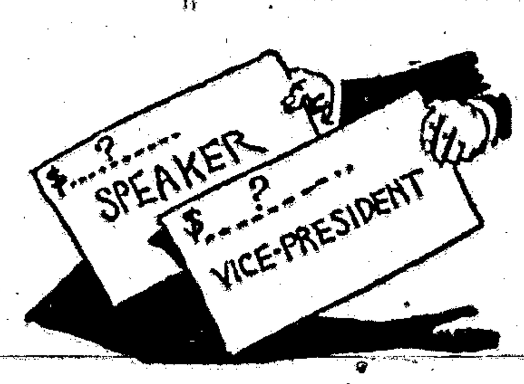
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

There is a difference between living and being alive.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Vice-President vs. Speaker of the House



WASHINGTON.—Is the vice president a more important official of the United States government than the speaker of the house of representatives? Should they get the same salary or should the vice-president get $15,000, while the speaker's salary remains at $12,000?

Well, in the last session Senator Pomerene of Ohio moved to amend an item in the sundry civil appropriation bill and make the vice president's salary $15,000 instead of $12,000. The Ohio senator's amendment was passed. Then the following debate took place:

Mr. Smoot—Mr. President, to insure that it will not be overlooked, I ask unanimous consent that in the proper place in the bill the appropriation of $12,000 for the speaker of the house may be changed to $15,000. If that change is not made the question of the speaker's salary could not go to conference, because the house has provided $12,000 for the speaker.

Mr. Warren—Mr. President, I think I ought to say that while the house may contest that point, at the same time there is no exact parallel between the office of speaker and the office of vice president. The vice president becomes the acting President of the United States on many occasions, and always in the event of the President's inability or in case of a vacancy in the office, and he has consequently a great many more expenses than the speaker has.

Mr. Fletcher—Mr. President, I do not quite agree with the idea that the speaker of the house should receive the same compensation as the vice president. There is no doubt of the importance of the office of speaker of the house, but I cannot agree that the position corresponds to that of vice president of the United States. I think, therefore, a difference should be recognized in the compensation. I cannot, therefore, consent to the request of the senator from Utah at this time.

Impeachment of Eleven U. S. Officials

ELEVEN federal officials have been called before impeachment proceedings in the history of the United States. These facts are recalled in connection with the action taken by Representative Welty of Ohio against Federal Judge K. M. Landis.

Treason, high crimes, bribery and misdemeanors on the part of a national officer are named in the Constitution as reasons for his removal from office through impeachment.

The sole power of impeachment is vested in the house of representatives.

The accused is brought before the bar of the senate to make his plea to the charges.

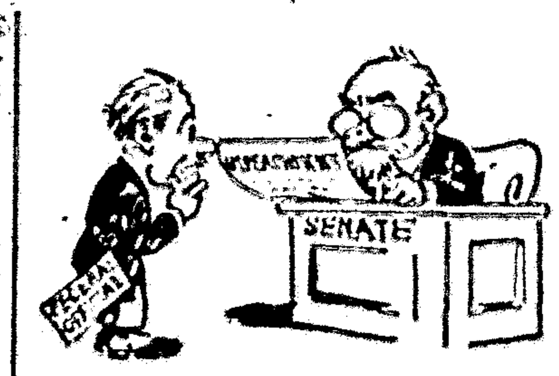
The penalty for conviction is removal from office and disqualification of the right to hold any government position, honor or profit.

The first official to be impeached in the United States was William Blount, senator from Tennessee, on July 7, 1797, for conspiring to throw America into war with Spain for England's benefit. He was acquitted.

John Pickering, federal judge for New Hampshire, was impeached March 3, 1803, for drunkenness, and convicted.

Samuel Chase, associate justice of the Supreme court, convicted March 1, 1805, for misconduct at trials.

James Peck, federal judge for Missouri, acquitted January 31, 1831, of



charges of tyrannous treatment to counsel.

West H. Humphreys, federal judge for Tennessee, convicted June 26, 1862, for supporting secession.

Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, charged with usurpation of law, interference with elections, corruption of the veto power and high crimes, was acquitted by one vote May 26, 1868.

William K. Belknap, secretary of war, acquitted August 1, 1876, of charges of accepting bribes.

Charles Swayne, federal judge for Florida, acquitted February 27, 1905, of alleged misconduct in office.

Robert W. Archbald, associate judge U. S. Commerce court, convicted January 13, 1913, of corrupt collusion with coal miners.

Alston G. Dayton, federal judge for West Virginia, impeached June 12, 1914, proceedings dropped.

John Herrin's "Center of Population"

DURING the last decade the center of population continued to move westward, advancing 0.8 miles in that direction and about one-fifth of a mile north from Bloomington, Ind., where it was located by the census of 1910. The bureau attributed the westward movement in the last decade "principally to the increase of more than 1,000,000 in the population of the state of California."

Geographically speaking, the bureau said, the new center of population is located where the parallel of latitude 39 degrees 10 minutes and 21 seconds north intersects the meridian of longitude 86 degrees 43' minutes and 15 seconds west. This would fix the center near the little village of Whitehall, in southern Indiana, approximately 51 miles southwest of Indianapolis.

This center, less than 300 yards west of the Monroe county line in Owen county, is located on John E. Herrin's farm of 60 acres. The owner of the farm, sixty-six years old, lives on the farm with his wife. The Herrin farm begins in the little town of Whitehall and extends in a southwesterly direction, there being 60 acres of blue grass and heavy timber land in his tract. The Bloomington-Spencer pike road passes directly by the farm and a marker has been erected by a Bloomington newspaper.

A gray-haired, overall-clad farmer stepped forward when the auctioneer at the public sale today paged: "John Herrin!" "You own the center of population, Mr. Herrin," a newspaper reporter exclaimed. "The government census experts have just located the center of population on your farm."

"Gol darn!" was the old farmer's reply.

The crowd at the auction gave three cheers as the Hoosier's face colored with embarrassment. Then one canny neighbor asked: "But will it increase the value of his land?"

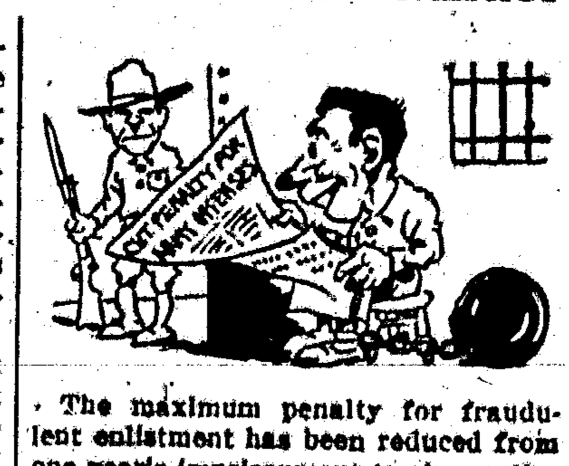
Whereupon the auctioneer put up a pig for sale, and the crowd forgot all about the center of population.

Court Martial Sentences to Be Milder

REDUCTION in the number of dishonorable discharges from the army and a grading down in the severity of court-martial sentences are expected by the judge advocate general's department to result from an executive order limiting military peacetime punishment. The order follows wide agitation over court-martial penalties during the war period.

A memorandum from the President attached to the order directs that maximum punishment and dishonorable discharges be imposed only in aggravated cases. This is expected to have more effect in reducing penalties, it was stated, than the actual order which reduces punishments for 21 different offenses under the military code.

The old maximum of 18 months' confinement for desertion by men less than one year in service has been reduced to one year, and in cases of more than six months' service from two and a half years to two years. The period of absence for which desertion penalties can be imposed is increased from 30 to 60 days.



The maximum penalty for fraudulent enlistment has been reduced from one year's imprisonment to six months. The greatest reduction of maximum confinement is for assault without deadly weapons, which was five years, reduced to one year. The maximum where weapons are used still is five years.

The maximum for obtaining, under false pretenses, money or property valued at $50 or more is reduced from five years to three years.

Since 1890 the President has been authorized by congress to fix the limit of military punishment by executive order. Several such orders have been issued by different Presidents.

Genuine

BAYER

Aspirin

You must say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

What Detained Him.

"Thought you were going out to be shaved?" said the boss.

"Yes, sir, I've been shaved," replied the meek clerk.

"But you've been gone an hour?"

"Yes, sir."

"Take an hour to shave you?"

"Oh, no, sir; but I had to wait 'til the barber finished his story, sir."

A Nightmare.

"I dreamed last night," said the landlord, "that I owned the earth."

"That must have been a pleasant dream."

"Quite the contrary. People were all the time moving out, and as for my rule against taking in babies, it wouldn't work at all."—Boston Transcript.

What to Do for SICK HEADACHE

Take a good dose of **Carter's Little Liver Pills**—then take 2 or 3 for a few nights after. A few doses restore your organs to their proper functions and the Headache and the causes of it pass away. In the same manner *They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bear signature—*Brent Good* Small Pill; Small Dose; Small Price

Eruptions of the Skin Cause Torturous Itching

If you are afflicted with any form of skin disorder, you are well acquainted with the flaming, burning itching that these diseases produce.

Skin diseases are caused by an impurity or disorder in the blood, and there is no real and genuine relief within your reach until such impurities are removed.

S.S.S. has given great satisfaction in the treatment of these disorders, because it is such a thoroughly satisfactory blood purifier. It cleanses the blood of all impurities, and thus counteracts the effects of the germs that attack the skin.

Begin taking S.S.S. today, and if you will write a complete history of your case, our medical adviser will give you expert advice without charge. Address Chief Medical Adviser, 158 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Boosting Business.

"Yes, my rich wife gives me $5 whenever I give her a kiss." "Well, deliver a cargo and let's go to the races."

RUB RHEUMATIC PAIN FROM ACHING JOINTS

Rub Pain right out with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Stop "dosing" Rheumatism.

It's pain only; not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain and distress. "St. Jacob's Oil" is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache and neuralgia.

Limber up! Get a small trial bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" from any drug store, and in a moment, you'll be free from pains, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.—Adv.

Yield Valuable Oil.

An oil obtained from stumps of red pine trees has been found to be valuable for recovering silver from pulverized ore by the flotation process.

Money talks—and it's usually in a hurry to say good-by.

As One Raised From Dead

STOMACH PAINS GONE

Eatonic Made Him Well

"After suffering ten long months with stomach pains, I have taken Eatonic and am now without any pain whatever. Am as one raised from the dead," writes A. Percifield.

Thousands of stomach sufferers report wonderful relief. Their trouble is too much acidity and gas which Eatonic quickly takes up and carries out, restoring the stomach to a healthy, active condition. Always carry a few Eatonics, take one after eating, food will digest well—you will feel fine. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

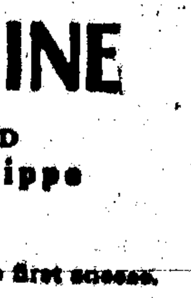
You Save From $15 to $25 on every Saddle and Harness

Direct from our workshop. Send for our free catalog.
The Fred Mueller Saddle and Harness Co.
1413 to 1419 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA  QUININE BROMIDE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates alike to all; furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1921

At a special election to be held the third Tuesday in September constitutional amendments will be submitted to the people for the control of tax levies; for a non-partisan land board; to prevent Japanese for owning land; to provide an adequate budget, and to change the meeting date of the legislature and the time of inauguration of the governor in order that time will be given for the budget's preparation.

Educational Notes

The program arranged for the Lincoln County Teachers Association promises to be an interesting one. In addition to a number of local educators, addresses will be made by J. V. Conway, state superintendent; Earl Douglas, assistant; Mrs. R C. Miller, state director vocational education; Dr H. H Roberts, president Las Vegas Normal; Dean Frank Carroom, Normal; R S. Tipton, Dr. E. O. Hall, Silver City Normal; Supt. D. N. Pope, Roswell, and Supt. C. E. Grover. A cordial invitation is extended to school boards and all interested in education.

The March eighth grade examination was held last Thursday and Friday, 99 pupils participating. The next state eighth grade examination will be held April 14 and 15.

The pupils of the Corona school are busy practicing for an entertainment to be given at the school house April 2

Miss Cynthia Mayfield, after a short illness, has resumed her duties at the Alto school.

W. J. Klopp, principal Lincoln county high school, was a visitor in Carrizozo Saturday.

The Nogal Mesa school has been closed the past week on account of a child visiting in the community having later developed a case of scarlet fever. Dr. Shaver, county health physician, said the school may be opened March 28 if no new cases develop.

County Supt. Mrs. M. L. Blaney has apportioned the school fund as follows: Carrizozo, 387 pupils, at 93c, $359.91. Rural schools, 2,256 pupils, at 93 cents, $2,098.08. Total pupils 2,643; total apportionment $2,457.99.

Rodents can be Controlled by Disease

A comparatively recently devised method of exterminating rats, mice and gophers is to give these animals a disease known as "axos," according to the biological department of the New Mexico Agricultural College. This is a contagious disease but harmless to all animals except rodents, so can be used with safety.

The bacterial culture can be purchased in bottles at drug stores and is fed to the rodents by mixing it with a little corn or other suitable bait. Since the culture is tasteless and oderless it is more readily taken than are many poisons. In about 14 days after being infected the rodents develop a cough and choking sensation, leave their holes and seek open air where they die of asphyxiation.

Full directions for applying the culture are given with each purchase. These directions should be carefully followed, and if possible a few rodents should be caught and inoculated according to directions. When the disease gets a good start it spreads with

Pine Lodge in Capitan Mountain Purchased by Roswell Men

Roswell, March 19.—Thirty of Roswell's business men have incorporated an organization to be known as the Roswell Pine Lodge club, and have purchased Pine Lodge on the north side of the Capitan mountain. The corporation has received a permit from the government to add to the lodge and lots will be sold on the adjoining ground for the erection of summer cabins. A contract has been let for a water system and water will be piped into all the cabins. The present lodge will be run as a hotel and when the improvements are completed 50 rooms will be available. Ten contracts have already been let for cabins and at least 25 will be built during the summer. C. M. Einhart, the president of the new corporation, is planning to install an electric light plant for lighting the hotel and all the cabins.

White Oaks Items

Mrs. H. S. Hanner entertained the Woman's Social Club at the Town Hall last Thursday. The day being St. Patrick's the shamrocks, chickens and ducks, combined with the club colors, made very attractive decorations. Cards were played and sewing done, while Mrs Van Schoyck furnished music. Many contests were held, and Mrs Harry Gallacher and Mrs. R. W. Forsythe were the winners of the prizes. The Misses Ullie Niles and Betty Ward served a delicious lunch. Mrs. S. E. Barber was elected treasurer, and Mrs. Smith succeeded Mrs. Van Schoyck as secretary. The next meeting of the club will be held at the home of Mrs. Less Harmon.

Miss Bertha Mayer accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mayer as far as El Paso on their way to Douglas, Arizona, where they will remain a few weeks.

Mrs. H. S. Hanner was the guest of Miss Edna Cribb in Carrizozo at lunch Saturday. Miss Cribb was a college chum of Mrs. Hanner's, and they spent many happy days together at Whitworth college.

PARSONS NEWS LETTER

Mr. and Mrs. Grafton are visiting in Capitan this week.

Mrs. Petria Smith, a resident for many years of Raton, will spend the summer here.

Mrs Helen Wahl and daughter Miss Minnie were week end visitors of Mr. and Mrs. S J. White.

Mr. and Mrs. Brockwell and little Jean, accompanied by Mr. White and Lieut. Troll of Fort Stanton spent Sunday in Parsons and vicinity.

A good rain followed by several inches of snow one night last week was of great benefit to this section of the county Since then the grass seems to be coming up in good shape.

Tom Powell, who has been living in the Crabtree cabin in Krout gulch for several months, has gone to Roswell and later expects to make his home in El Paso Mr. Powell came as a health seeker and when he left he looked as if he got what he came for.

SECOND HAND CARS
For Sale

REAL BARGAINS

1 FORD Touring Car
1 MAXWELL Touring Car
1 FORD Light Truck

These cars have been overhauled from top to bottom, are in perfect condition and will give good service for many years.

If you are thinking of buying a new car, first call and see these They may be just what you want. Write to or

INQUIRE AT
Taylor's Garage

Drs. Swearingen & Von Almen eye, ear, nose, throat and fitting glasses. 414 Trust Building, El Paso, Texas. Dr. Von Almen will be at Dr. E L. Woods' office, Carrizozo, on the 15th of each month. 4-30-tf

Put Our Bread on Your Table

and everybody will be satisfied. White as snow, light as a feather, toothsome as cake, it is bread that adds to the enjoyment of every meal. And it is always the same. Day in and day out our bread is the same perfect article. Because we always use the same fine materials.. Why not try it now as you will sooner or later?

Pure Food Bakery C. H. HAINES PROPRIETOR

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES

We are fully equipped to handle your needs in

LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Roofing, Paints, and Glass
Everything for the Builder

Foxworth-Galbraith
CARRIZOZO Lumber Co NEW MEX.

PHONE 140

FOR TRANSFER & TRUCKAGE

Flour, Meal, Corn, Chops, Bran, Hay and Stock Feed

Carrizozo

Transfer and Storage Co.

Notice for Publication
046920
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Walter J. Potter, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on October 21, 1919, made additional homestead entry, No. 046920, for E½, Section 27, Township 6 S., Range 11 E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N.M. on the 20th day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Dan S. Elliott, Albert J. Snow, George S. Brown, William N. Kennedy, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON, Register

March 18—April 15

Carrizozo Lodge
No. 40
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Meets every Monday evening at K. of P. Hall Lutz Building

Visiting Brothers cordially invited

LOUIS ADAMS, K. of R. & S. E. L. WOODS, C. C.

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge No 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1921:
January 21, February 19 March 19, April 16 May 21, June 18, July 16, August 13, Sept. 17 Oct. 15, Nov. 12, Dec. 10 and 27.

R. E. LEMON, W. M
S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month.

E. J. SHULDA, N. G.
WM. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

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Carrizozo : New Mexico

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CLASSIFIED

For a Carpenter—Leave word at Skinner's shoe shop. No job too small and none too large. 3 25

Rose and lilac plants and cuttings at the I — X ranch. Sold at ranch or delivered Mrs. E O. Finley, Carrizozo, N M. 3-18 2

For Sale:—Yearling and Two-Year-old Hereford Bulls
The Titsworth Co.

Stockmen—Beware Blackleg. Vaccinate with Purity Germ Free Vaccine.
3 4tf M B Paden, agent

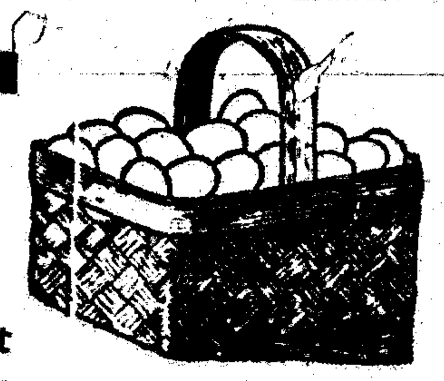
WANTED—Buyers for Flour, Feeds, and Produce. Car of Cotton Seed Cake just received Humphrey Bros. 2-4-tf

FOR SALE—Some 1 1-4 inch Studebaker wagons at low prices.
THE TITSWORTH CO.
3-11-tf Capitan.

FOR SALE, or will exchange for good young Stock Cows, one good young work horse, team of mules and wagon.—Enquire of Humphrey Bros., Carrizozo. 3 4

Just Received, A Car Barbed Wire and Hog Fence. Prices Are Lower. The Titsworth Co.

The Old Fashion Rag Rug you've wanted may be had now by addressing Mrs E. O Finley, Carrizozo, N. M. 3-18-2.



Keep The Egg Basket Full!

The feed elements that make whites of eggs are entirely different from those that make yolks. When hens aren't fed both the white and yolk making elements, they can't keep the egg basket full. The usual method of feeding mostly grain makes yolks but not enough whites to complete the eggs.

Missouri Experiment Station tests prove that 100 lbs. of wheat, corn, oats, barley and kaffir corn make (above bodily maintenance) an average of 224 yolks to 154 whites. Based on data from the same experiments, Purina formulas produce, (above bodily maintenance) as follows:

	Yolks	Whites
Purina Hen Chow	247.49	142.11
Purina Chicken Chowder	182.05	282.55
Combined Ration	429.54	424.66

These Purina chows not only make a practically *equal* number of whites and yolks but *more* of both than ordinary chows.

Note that Purina Chicken Chowder contains the necessary white-forming elements to balance up the yolk-making grain ration. That's why it makes hens lay so heavily. Instead of the yolks being absorbed by the hen's system, Purina Chicken Chowder makes the whites to *complete* the eggs and they are laid. Thus we can absolutely guarantee

more eggs or money back

on Purina Chicken Chowder if fed with Purina Hen Chow as directed. You take no risk.

SOLD BY

For Sale by
Carrizozo Transfer & Storage Co.

THE AMERICAN RED CROSS IN PEACE TIME
Eastern Europe

Americans who contribute to the Red Cross would feel amply repaid for their generosity if they could see what it means to hundreds of thousands of war weary sufferers in the Balkans. Here is a widowed Roumanian mother with her five children just after a visit to a Red Cross relief station. All are barefoot and the boy at the left is wearing clothes made of scraps from the battlefields. They have just received winter clothing, food and condensed milk for the baby. Similar work is being done for Russian refugees driven from home.

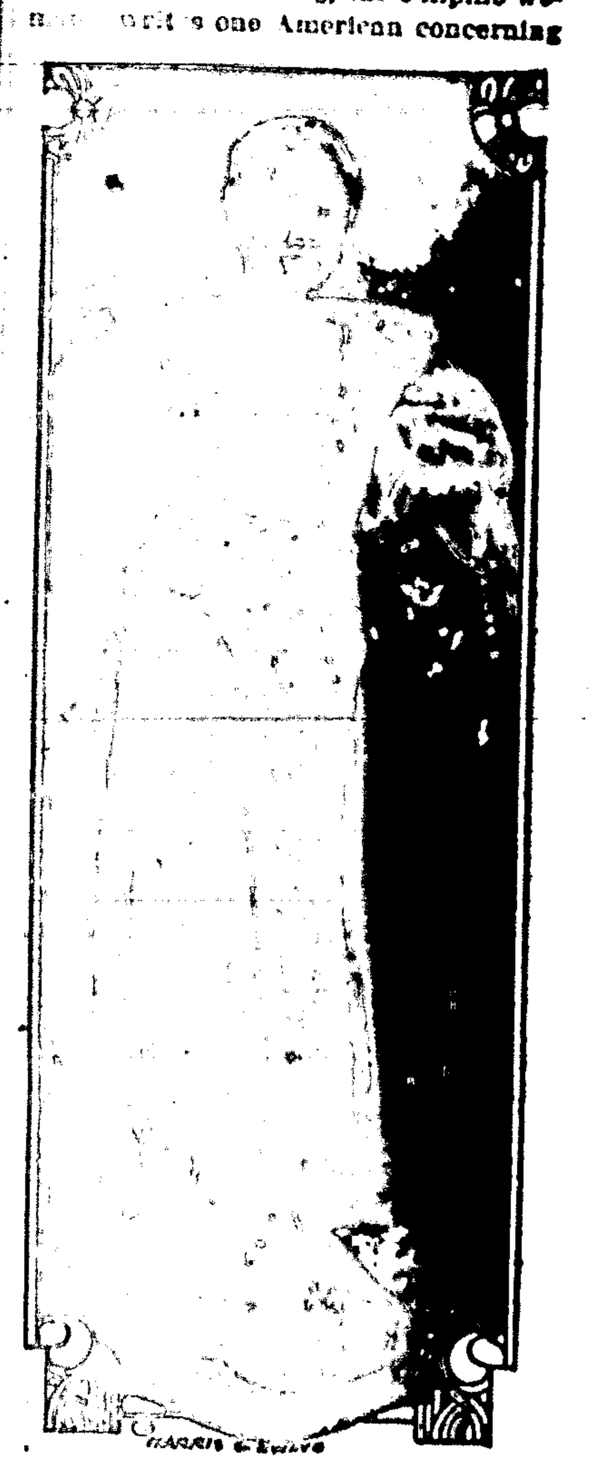
FILIPINAS GET BALLOT BEFORE AMER. SISTERS

Senora de Veyra Describes Status of Women in the Philippines.

The Filipino woman is destined to be in the world's spotlight more than ever before as a result of the news just received by cable from Manila to the effect that the Philippine senate has passed the equal suffrage bill giving women full political rights with men. This would indicate that the Filipina may beat her American sisters to the ballot box.

The Filipina has many admirers who predict she will make good if she gets the vote, just as she has made good in the very important role she has occupied in the family and business life of the Filipinas ever since the introduction of Christianity in the islands three centuries ago.

"America's advent in the Philippines discovered a wonderfully interesting, progressive little being, the Filipino woman," writes one American concerning



MRS. JAIME C. DE VEYRA,
A Filipina who is doing important work for her people in the United States.

the Filipina. "Mothering the only Christian people in the far east, she holds a place of authority, love and respect in family and social life that is not accorded to women in countries neighboring the islands, or in India, China or Japan."

A Filipina who is doing an important work for her people in the United States is Mrs. Jaime C de Veyra, wife of the resident commissioner from the Philippines. Not only has she frequently addressed the wives of members of Congress in Washington as to conditions in the new Philippines, but she has visited various cities, speaking before women's clubs. The senora wears, in giving her talks, one of the beautiful gowns of her home land, a delicate pineapple fabric, hand-woven and hand embroidered, shaped like a gauzy winged butterfly.

"In many ways the path of the women of the Philippines is easy," says Senora de Veyra. "Laws made by her have combined the best of American and Spanish precedents, and she has come into her own with far less struggle than either her American or her Spanish sisters. Married women may hold property in severalty. They are guardians of their own children. These are vested rights and cannot be taken away from her.

"Professional opportunities are as good for women as for men in the land from which I come. The Filipina is by custom the dictator in the home. She is usually the keeper of the family treasure. Practically all of the small shops in Manila are conducted by women. Women are already members of the Philippine Bar Association—a thing still impossible in Great Britain. They are also successful as physicians."

Life is really a fifty-fifty proposition for women in the Philippines, according to the senora, who has taken such a prominent part in women's work there that she has sometimes been referred to as "the little mother of them all." She was the assistant matron of the Normal Hall Dormitory for Girls when she married. She speaks English fluently and puts her little talks "over" with real tact. She has four children. An evidence of her enter-

School Notes

(Supt. E. E. Cole)

Mrs. Vaughn, the genial teacher of the fifth grade, was absent from school last week on account of illness. She returned to her duties this week looking as if the illness had done her good. Mrs. J. B French substituted in her absence.

On Friday, the 18th, the eighth grade took four of the examinations sent out by the State Board of Education. The set will be finished next month. These are the examinations for admittance to the high school. We hope all will pass the test and enter the high school next September.

Two cars of Camp Fire Girls went on a hike last Tuesday afternoon. The hiking did not begin until the destination was reached and then the girls might be seen leaving the cars for the hills, in pairs and groups. About six o'clock all gathered around the camp fire and never was supper more welcome.

The Home Economics class took up their sewing directly after the first of the year and have been progressing rapidly. Their ambition is to have an exhibition worth while when they are asked to put their work on display in the spring. The class consists of girls from the high school and the eighth grade. Several of the girls have shown such skill in their sewing that they have almost completed the required number of articles for the first year's credit in domestic art. The girls are now finishing their "sack aprons," the fifth of the required number of articles. They are so proud of what they have accomplished that they want to have an "Apron Day" just as soon as the weather becomes warm so that they may all wear their new aprons.

One of our teachers, Miss Ivy Lindsay, has written the following poem for the Camp Fire Girls and has set the same to music. The poem shows real merit and has been adopted as the Song of the Camp Fire Girls:

Seeking beauty, giving service,
This our aim, our law and guide;
When you find us you will notice
That our duties we don't hide.
All together we are working
For the good of all so dear;
Worthy of the trust placed in us—
Never doubting, never fear.

Chorus

We are the Camp Fire Girls so happy,
Ever so willing and so true;
Giving service whene'er needed,
Just as all our sisters do.

Pursuing knowledge, what is nobler?
All will win if they but try;
Hold to health, the great essential
None must shirk, but all say "Aye."

Reveals Tuberculosis Cure

Paris.—Professor D'Arsonval, member of the Institute of the Academy of Medicine, has presented a report to the French Academy of Science on the curative treatment of tuberculosis by a new method discovered by the Swiss bacteriologist, Henry Spalinger.

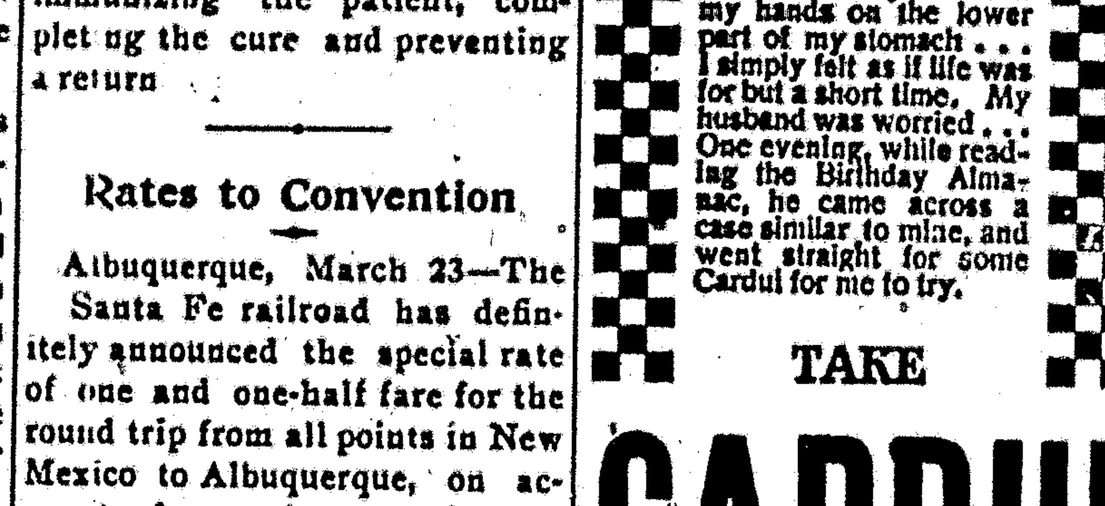
The treatment takes the form of injections of antitoxins and ferments, which are modified according to the condition of the patient. It aims first at eradicating the acute symptoms, then immunizing the patient, completing the cure and preventing a return

Rates to Convention

Albuquerque, March 23—The Santa Fe railroad has definitely announced the special rate of one and one-half fare for the round trip from all points in New Mexico to Albuquerque, on account of annual conventions of New Mexico Wool Growers' Association March 24 to 27, and New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association March 29, 30 and 31. Other railroads are expected to co-operate in making this special rate, which will materially reduce the expense of attending the convention.

Albuquerque is preparing to entertain a large crowd for both conventions, and the local entertainment committee has completed an elaborate amusement program, culminating in a grand ball for the visitors on the evening of March 30.

Painting, Tinting and Paper-Hanging



WHEN you need a job of Painting, Papering, or anything in that line, call up Elliott the Painter. Estimates given, satisfaction guaranteed and quick service.

W. E. ELLIOTT,
Phone 52 The Painter

Pains Were Terrific

Read how Mrs. Albert Gregory, of R. F. D. No. 1, Bluford, Ill., got rid of her ills. "During . . . I was awfully weak . . . My pains were terrific. I thought I would die. The bearing-down pains were actually so severe I could not stand the pressure of my hands on the lower part of my stomach . . . I simply felt as if life was for but a short time. My husband was worried . . . One evening, while reading the Birthday Almanac, he came across a case similar to mine, and went straight for some Cardui for me to try.

TAKE

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

"I took it faithfully and the results were immediate," adds Mrs. Gregory. "I continued to get better, all my ills left me, and I went through . . . with no further trouble. My baby was fat and strong, and myself—thank God—am once more hale and hearty, can walk miles, do my work, though 44 years old, feel like a new person. All I owe to Cardui." For many years Cardui has been found helpful in building up the system when run down by disorders peculiar to women.

Take Cardui

J. 82

Automobile Accessories Supplies and Repairs
Trained Auto Mechanics

FORD
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

TRUCKS AND TRACTORS

CARRIZOZO PRICES:

TOURING CAR, with Starter	$630.60
ROADSTER, with Starter	583.35
COUPE, with demountable wheels	874.30
SEDAN, with demountable wheels	926.80
TRUCKS, with pneumatic tires	656.85
TRACTORS	722.35

Delivery can be made on all Models on short notice

TIRES, TUBES, PARTS @ REPAIRING

Western Garage, Inc.
CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Notice for Publication

04?978
016?3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Edd Hunter, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on September 20, 1916, made homestead entry, No. 04?978, for Lots 2, 3, 4, SW¼ NW¼, SW¼, Section 1; and who, on November 17, 1920, made additional homestead entry No. 016?3, for E½ NE¼, SW¼ [illegible], N½ SE¼, Section 11, W½ NW¼, NW¼ SW¼, Section 12, Township 10 S., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 20th day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Will Ed Harris, of White Mountain, N. M.; Edwin O. Finley, Charlie R. Nunn, Tip Frasier, these of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMET PATTON,
March 18—April 15 Register.

Notice for Publication

[illegible]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Samuel R. [illegible], of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on June [illegible], made original homestead entry No. [illegible], for [illegible] Section 2?, NE¼ Section [illegible], and who, on February 2?, 1921, made additional homestead entry, No. [illegible], for N½ N½, [illegible], 21, Tp. 7 S., R. 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the [illegible] day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:

William M. Reily, Joe Stratton, [illegible] Smith, these of Carrizozo, N. M.; Antonio [illegible]chez, of Arabella, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
March 18—April 15 Register.

Notice for Publication

045678
045679

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Tip Frazier, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on July 25, 1919, made original Homestead Entry No. 045678, for Lots 3, 4; S½ NW¼ Section 5; and who, on August 2, 1920, made additional homestead entry, No. 045679, for Lots 1, 2; S½ NE¼, S½, Section 5, Township 10 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 20th day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Will Ed Harris, of White Mountain, N. M.; Edwin O. Finley, Charlie Nunn, Edd Hunter, these of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
March 18 April 15 Register.

Notice for Publication

[illegible]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M.
February 21, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Albert C. Jones, of Oscuro, N. M., who, on February [illegible], made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], for S½ [illegible], W½ NW¼, N½ SW¼, Lots 3 and 4, Section [illegible], W½ SW¼, Section 26; E½ SE¼, [illegible], Section 27, Township 9 S., Range [illegible] E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 12th day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:

E. G. Rafferty, Horace H. Jones, [illegible] Blaney, Ed Howser, all of Oscuro, N. M.

JOHN L. BURNSIDE,
March 4—April 1 Register.

Notice for Publication

045367

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office,
Roswell, N. M., March 17, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Ralph R. Barber, of Carrizozo, N. M., who on April 22, 1919 made homestead entry No. 045367, for N½ SE¼, [illegible] NE¼, Section 28, Township 10 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 26th day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:

[illegible]

Notice for Publication

041348
041923

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office
Roswell, N. M., March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that William H. McClane, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on February 10, 1919, made original Homestead Entry No. 041348, for Lots 3, 4, 5, SW¼ NW¼, Sec. 5; and who, on August 17, 1920, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 041923, for Lots 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; SW¼ SE¼, SE¼ SW¼, Sec. 31 Lots 1, 2, S½ NE¼, Section 6, Township 9 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 26th day of April, 1921.

Notice for Publication

04[illegible]
06[illegible]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
March 12, 1921

Notice is hereby given that Albert Morgan Reily, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on November 1?, 1919, made original homestead entry, No. [illegible], for Lots 5, 6, 7, Secs. 8 and [illegible], Range 11 [illegible], and who on September 3?, 1920, made additional homestead entry No. [illegible], for [illegible] SE¼ Section 12, Township 9 S., R. 1? E., [illegible] Lot 4, Section 7, Township 9 S., Range 11 [illegible], N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Grace M. Jones, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 20th day of April, 1921.

Yellow Men Sleep

By JEREMY LANE

Copyright by The Century Co.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.

—13—

Con had not known where his comrade was lodged. He became sure of the voice. The three guards, perhaps athirst, or for some like reason universally valid with trios of men at night, were not holding their post of duty, for the stairway was empty. A talk with Andrew March was worth a risk; it was necessary if they were to work together for escape. They would need a policy to guide their remaining days in captivity. Anything was better than these brooding meditations alone. The fire in the young prisoner's veins focused to some purpose. He descended the stairs, but at the foot of them discovered that they had brought him no nearer the voice. In fact, there were other voices unpleasantly near. He went up again and leaned over his wall, to learn how the monkey climbed up and down so readily. Quite certainly now he heard his friend talking. The stars were a cool, faint light upon the walls, which were rough-hewn. He could distinguish the ledge of a window below him, half-way to the ground.

He knotted the silken cloths from the divan in the first room and fastened one end of this soft rope to the stone bench. It was not difficult to let himself down over the rim of wall, easing the strain by pressing his knees into the depressions of masonry. His toes found the ledge. He grimly hoped that he had heard aright, that March was really near. The window was open, the prayer stopped.

"Hello!"

The stillness of the whole earth seemed to originate just at this window ledge. Then a hand touched him and March whispered: "Don't talk."

The elder prisoner moved back into the darkness, while Con came in at the window. Suddenly there began a scramble, with stormy blows and a rattle. March was at grips with his guard, having taken for granted that Levington meant to attempt escape. Con sensed this mistake, but it was not a time for explanation. He stepped forward uncertainly, his hands feint-

In the Gloom He Leapt at the Larger Form, a Desert Soldier Whose Arms Whipped About Like Falling Trees.

ing for battle. In the gloom he leaped at the larger form, a desert soldier, whose arms whipped about like falling trees. Three throats strained for breath, but it was the warrior who smothered under a white man's hand. He bit Con's palm and that closed the brief battle, for it angered Levington and he sent in his free hand. The huge son of Tau Kuan collapsed. The figure of a woman darted from a shadowy corner. She was moaning softly, and her robe fluttered as she ran out.

"She will give an alarm," said March, panting.

"Your Kurdish friend?"

"Yes, she hates me as much as they do."

"Because you refused—"

Without further words the two prisoners mounted the window ledge, glanced back through the darkness at the motionless guard, a hulking, silent figure in dense shadow, and dropped to the earth.

Their fall was considerable. It racked their legs, but pain was overlooked in haste. They ran close under the western wall of the palace, turning at the north end, across the broad lawn, to the lane beyond which were the dwellings of the fighters. All was dark. They met no sentinel. The desert scarcely required watching. They sped over the heavy dust of the street and gained the high-arched gate. A wagon ladder was hooked here, but an[illegible] ... here. From the top of the [illegible] they slid down at another [illegible] took it.

Side by side they ran, following the trail of the pack-camels. Behind them, within the walls, the aged crier of the hours sent up his voice, full to trembling with the news. And arousing every soldier, a bar of hollow brass clanged out into the sleeping city.

"We tipped over the bumble-bees," said Con.

CHAPTER X.

Gemmed Eyes.

Square patches of koresh lay on each side of the trail. The mines were perhaps a mile or less to eastward; and beyond that ridge an infinity of shifting dry naught. The stars sent a pallor that was diffused in the fog from the ditches. At night these lowlands about the city were cool. The black vague hill that was the palace was receding into the gloom as the two hastened on. The net of distant cries was spreading.

"Do you suppose," suggested Levington, "that we can keep under cover, and perhaps manage to get a beast of some kind, and then sprint for the water hole?"

Con realized very well that the nearest water hole was a matter of days, once they left the zone of fertility. Food was yet to be considered, and a city was rising to seek them out and punish. But he felt the need of cheering his friend.

"We can get into the vineyard," he continued with enthusiasm he did not feel, "and the fruit will serve for water, too—and lay for a camel—and you still have the guidebook on your foot."

Andrew March laughed miserably. He saw what his friend was trying to do.

"Why not knock at the gates," said March, "and demand water and provisions for our return trip?"

"Well, we blundered out here," said Levington, "and half the planet was bucking us—stones for rain, and spinning dust instead of a breeze, with a few robber giants on the side—so maybe we can break away for home again."

"I don't mean to be sarcastic," said March very humbly. "I understand you. You are trying to make me feel happier. But I do not dodge the responsibility. I was grossly selfish. My work, and all my hopes, led me here. And I wanted a partner, to face the Gobi, some one strong and young, who didn't take himself seriously, some one with the ability to lose decently. It had to be an artist. You were the one I found. But I did not want it to mean sacrifice. I made myself believe we should not actually lose. I held certain dreams. They were beautiful, they baited you, as they baited me long ago, and always. But I am done with dreaming. Tau Kuan is death to all dreams except that yellow fantasy, itself. It is so cold—do you know what I mean? The hand that guides it is the archetype of inflexible purpose. The empire is not contained within the walls. It spreads beyond the Gobi, into Dory street; yes, and further, a web of horror. It does not spring from life. The only human being within those walls has been slowly and fully poisoned. She can never know life. You have seen that."

March paused, and Levington shivered. They peered into the darkness ahead. One direction seemed as unprofitable as another. Far to the rear the base of the palace showed red in torch reflection, and the brazen gong ceased its pulse of alarm. March asked:

"Will you try to forgive me?"

Con spoke quietly. "You are forgetting something. You are the difference between the past and future to me. Suppose I had found my man that night, away back in Cincinnati: I should have far thicker walls bothering me tonight, and all the rest of my nights. Why do you forget that you are the man who got me out of all that? You were a federal officer, and ought to have jailed me. Instead, I owe every minute of my freedom to you. I don't know now why I wanted to shoot him up, I can't recall his name or his face, but I was out to get him, and would have finished strong, only you came in front of me, and—why, I never began to live until after you took me home that night!

"I used to stand on Rush street bridge in Chicago and, if I was far enough gone, I could think I was looking at the Thames and the lights of the British shipping, or I'd think I was an Arabian caliph, nosing about my own city at night. Only it needed a big thirst to shift the globe around that way and make a Greek waiter look like the king of Ashamede in disguise. I've looked over toward Brooklyn and told myself I was on the Bund at Shanghai. But it couldn't be done that way. I was close to the rocks. You seemed to know what I wanted. You opened the world. Do you think I would back up, even if I could? You did not bait me. It was understood that I should probably die along the way, in the Gobi. It's been a grand passage."

"Thanks, boy," returned the elder man. And in the twilight their hands met and gripped an instant.

Whatever turmoil was imaginable within the city, the Americans were too far away to hear it, and the secrecy of the dark gave them a kind of leisure, with also a stimulation. They continued rapidly beside the gray ditches, not particularly heedful of direction. They jumped over the intersecting arms of irrigation, and at moments caught the low gurgle of spring-water. It occurred to Con that his borrowed eastern garments were very practical. The firm, broad sash and twisted breeches gave support as he cleared the ditches, the sandals were snug and curiously satisfactory. He was not so sure that he was wholly a western person. He no longer marveled at his blouse, with its inner pockets and folds.

Once he thought that an advance guard of the pursuers had overtaken them. They stopped short to listen, but heard nothing. March was uneasy. Con, who felt that there was nothing further to be lost, was almost indifferent. He could not think his way clear. It was grimly unpleasant to remember what they had done to March's guard, but one crime more or less in the eyes of Tau Kuan did not matter now. There came the sense of some one behind them, but there was no sound in the pale breath of the ditches. Con noted a low shape like a dog, across the nearest ditch. Quickly a second joined it. Two figures hurtled out of the gloom and landed at the white man's feet. They were the hunched and deformed little men of the sandhills, a dozen or more, and they broke into talking. Their arms were like metal bands upon Levington. The gong had reached them and brought them up out of their warrens. It seemed they were animated by curiosity and a natural malice more than by the idea of reward.

Struggle was unavailing. These miners had terrible arms, despite bodies that were shrunken and grotesque. March was speaking in native dialect. Levington was borne off his feet, lifted over the last ditch, and then deftly stretched face downward upon the sand. March was pleading. The hills were near.

Con did not understand the appeal March was making, but was surprised at the force of it. They were listening, reluctant, like some blind evil turned aside for a moment. March went on fervently.

Points of light were low toward the city, the torches coming out. It seemed that the gray-haired man's argument had an effect, for Levington was picked up as before, and carried. In the confusion he saw that they were not going in the direction of the city. The bones of their shoulders hurt his back. He was unable to turn. Forty paces of this and they paused. March repeated his phrases. Levington was allowed to stand upon his feet, but his hands were held. Then the group ran with him up the hill.

"What did you say?" inquired Con.

"I reminded them that they have no more love for the city than we, and that our enemy is their enemy."

"What made you think of that?"

"They are slaves, worse—"

This was cut short as the workers let go Con's wrists, and he pitched feet first into perfect blackness. The fall was giddy; then a scramble down an incline of loose earth. Choking with the dust, he could not guess to what depth he was sliding. Something came down upon his head, and this was Andrew March.

"You asked them to take us in?"

"Yes. It occurred to me that they do not love their masters. I referred to that, and promised everything I could think of, if they would not turn us over to the horsemen."

The center of the world gave forth a speck of light that was a torch. The party that had come up at the summons of the distant gong was close about the white men again at the base of the shaft, which seemed endlessly large; and other torches were coming nearer out of blackness. Still it was not clear to Con why the miners did not take them to the city. The hovering figures in the cavern seemed half afraid, half spiteful. March was doing his best in Chinese.

The torches threw a serried glare on the rock walls of the underground passage. It was low but very wide. In another chamber, to which the prisoners were led, the roof was higher, of ragged sandstone, and the floor had been swept. Here was the settlement of workers, every one deformed below the shoulders.

Out of the red-lighted press of these came a figure but slightly more erect than his fellows. He was dark of skin, but his eyes were full and did not slant or pinch. His bared throat was significant of strength and poise, from no mean ancestry, but his knees locked and jointed pitifully, as from some calamitous accident.

"Friend," he said in a low voice.

It was music to hear the English word.

The miners were waving torches of bitumen over their large heads. The length and agility of their arms was ape-like. They looked to be a race of Asiatic changelings, their hair coiled into little caps, one or two showing queues, and all with the peculiar malformation of spine. Every eye gleamed upon Levington.

"Friend," replied Con.

"They come for you," said the dark-skinned person who stood before the crowd.

"Down here?"

"Yes. All where."

"Hide us. Give us protection, friend."

"Yes. You say you befriend us."

The speaker turned to March, who answered: "Yes. We will, if you protect us now. We come from the most powerful country in the world. Help us return to it."

"No, no!" said the dark-faced man.

"I beg of you!" urged March.

"Gobi too big, too big."

"Talk of that later. But hide us away now."

"They see your footprints, and ask us. What?"

"Say that we were killed and thrown in the ditches."

"Yes," said the speaker of English.

He turned to confer with several others, in a rapid monotone.

Con said to his friend: "What is he?"

"Looks Arabian," replied March.

The speaker had heard the word, and he turned sharply, with a smile parting his lips. From the waist up he was a handsome man of forty.

"Yes, Arab," he said. "Fifteen, big, I was, at sea. I know your country—Saint Lawrence, Buffalo—"

"Niagara Falls," offered Levington.

"Ah, yes!" exclaimed the sailor from Araby. He smiled more broadly at the recollection. "Twenty year—yes—twenty—that. Does she fall continue?"

"Yes," replied Con, joining in the smile. "How did you come here?"

"Caravan. The sea weary me, fifteen years more now. Caravan from

"Friend," He Said in a Low Voice.

Djarobed. Ah! She never destination, never. The riders appear one day at evening—you know?"

"I know," assured Levington.

"They—spoil me," said the Arab, glancing down humorously at his "spoiled" legs, and Con winced. "But come, my two friends."

The relief was dreamlike to Con. He realized that no physical effort on his own part could help; in fact, he was perilously near to trusting in God, and this seafaring Arab, who had fifteen years ago answered the call of the Sha Mo, was the very hand of Providence. Con wondered how strong the hand might be. The desert seemed further away, to be under it. But in memory he could hear the penetrant singing of the hollow brass through the night. Chee Ming would not give up easily.

There seemed a limitless multitude of the earth-dwellers, moving in quiet disorder through the cavern everywhere. Levington had an uncanny sense of being under the crust of the earth. They led him to an adjoining chamber, as large as the entire palace. The floor of this second cavern was riven across, and a long greenish line of flame wavered in the warm air. Through and between the gently leaping blaze, he saw a great host of faces. The gas hissed as it was consumed along the lips of the rock, and cast an expansive glow upon the high walls, where were a number of black holes. In each shadowy pocket were human beings, looking down upon the strangers. Con distinguished women, who were gaunt and small but not so broken as their husbands.

In the limited Chinese vocabulary of Andrew March, and the nearly forgotten English of the Arabian sailor, assurances were hastily exchanged. The telling factor was the Arab's high opinion of Buffalo, the port of grain and hogs. March agreed to bring five hundred troopers to stop the production of koresh, and so free the workers, if they aided him to escape from Tau Kuan and the Gobi. Remembering the wealth of Buffalo, the Arab interpreter was ready to believe that this could be done.

"Come," repeated the Arab.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

New Substitute for Gold.

What is said to a serviceable substitute for gold is obtained by combining ninety-four parts of copper with six parts of antimony and adding a little magnesium carbonate to increase the weight. It is said that this alloy can be drawn, wrought, and soldered very much like gold and that it also receives and retains a golden polish.

WRIGLEY'S

Pleases Them All!

AFTER EVERY MEAL

It appeals to everybody because of the pleasure and benefit it affords.

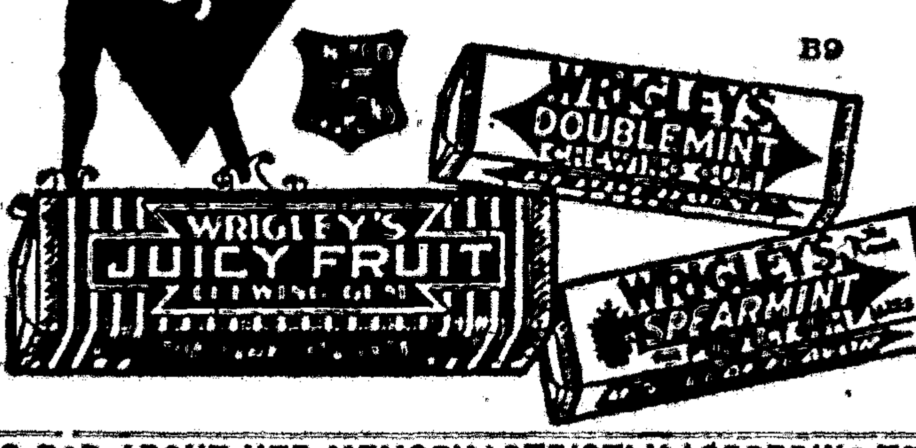
The longest-lasting refreshment possible to obtain.

Sealed tight—kept right in its wax-wrapped impurity-proof package.

5¢

The Flavor Lasts

B9



TOO BAD ABOUT HER MEMORY

And Really Opera Goer Should Not Be Expected to Remember Details That Are Trifling.

"You were at the opera last evening?"

"Yes; perfectly delightful time!"

"What did you hear?"

"Hear? Oh—Madge Gray is engaged at last, and the Billy Brews are going to get a divorce, and Bertie Baxby has lost all his money in Wall Street, and Sue Cathro has a baby, and Mrs. Sylee was lunching with another man while her husband was out of town, and—"

"But—you don't understand! What did you see?"

"See? Why, that Kate Kady has turned her old rose gown, and that those wonderful Van Gruber diamonds we read of are only paste, and that the Adleys are hardly on speaking terms, even in public, and—"

"But—but—what was the name of the opera?"

"Name of the opera? Oh—why, I did see it on the program, but really I've forgotten—I've such a poor memory for details; really it is quite a cross!"

It is a waste of time to find fault with yourself. Lots of people will do it for you.

STRICTLY ACCORDING TO RULE

No One Could Deny That Candidate, in His Entrance Examination, Made 50 Per Cent.

An examination story from the London Morning Post: They wanted him badly at the college, but unfortunately there was an entrance examination from which not even the most promising of, Rugby three-quarters could claim complete exemption. It was only an oral questioning—and yet one had to get 50 per cent to pass. The matter was left in the hands of a sporting young don, and his protege got through. Later on it appeared that only two questions had been asked. "The first," said the examiner, "was the date of Trafalgar; he got that wrong. Then I asked him what the chemical formula for sulphuric acid was. He said: 'I don't know—really I don't.' Well, that was right, for it was obvious that he didn't know. So I passed him with 50 per cent."—Christian Register.

Truth may be stranger than fiction, but some liars make it hump itself to keep ahead.

There are lots of other things in this busy world besides time and tide that wait for no man.

Its Appeal Grows!

Many people start to use

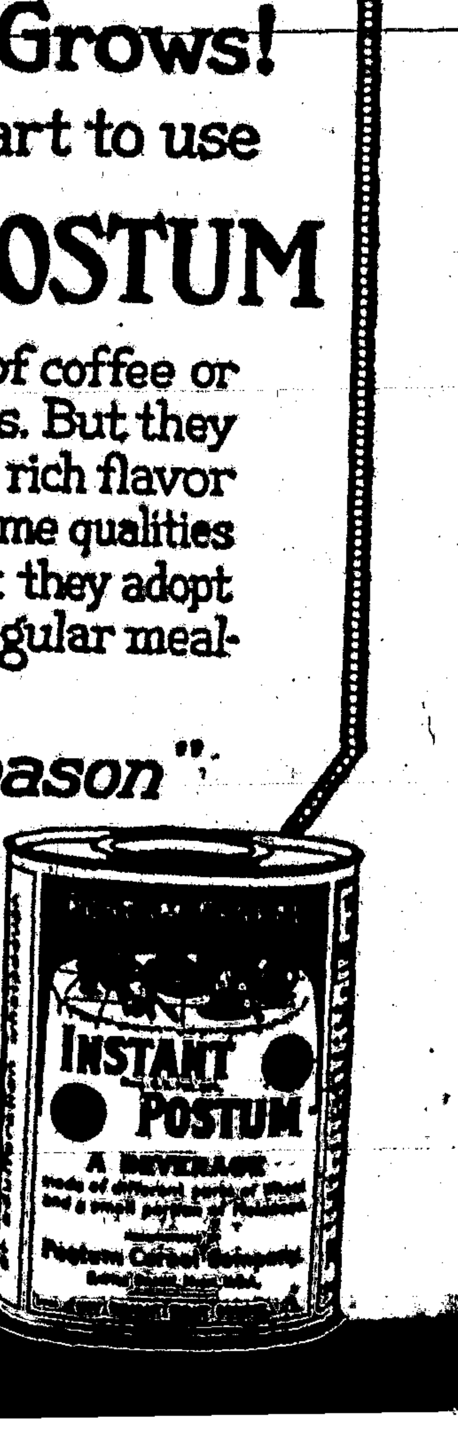
INSTANT POSTUM

temporarily in place of coffee or tea for health reasons. But they soon learn to love its rich flavor and its pure, wholesome qualities are so apparent that they adopt Postum as their regular meal-time beverage.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by grocers everywhere

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.



Stop That Backache!

Those agonizing twinges, that dull, throbbing backache, may be warning of serious kidney weakness—serious if neglected, for it might easily lead to gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. If you are suffering with a bad back look for other proof of kidney trouble. If there are dizzy spells, headaches, tired feeling and disordered kidney action, get after the cause. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*, the remedy that has helped thousands. Satisfied users recommend *Doan's*. *Ask your neighbor!*

A Colorado Case

Andrew E. Johnson, cabinet maker, Ensign St., Fort Morgan, Colo., says: "My kidneys were inflamed and sore. Sharp pains went through the small of my back when I tried to lift anything. My kidneys acted irregularly and annoyed me until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. I had used Doan's but a short time when my back was free from pain and my kidneys in good working order. I credit Doan's with curing me permanently."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Do you know you can roll 50 good cigarettes for 10cts from one bag of

GENUINE

"BULL" DURHAM

TOBACCO

St. Joseph, Mo.—"I have taken two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and will say that they are wonderful. I have taken other kinds of pills but Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the finest medicine I have ever taken for constipation. Also my husband says that he never saw a medicine like them; they have done him lots of good."—MRS. GRACE KENNARD, No. 1311 North Twelfth Street.

All druggists sell the Pellets for 25c a vial. Try them!

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Very Little.

"Swear off anything this year?"

"No. What is there?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

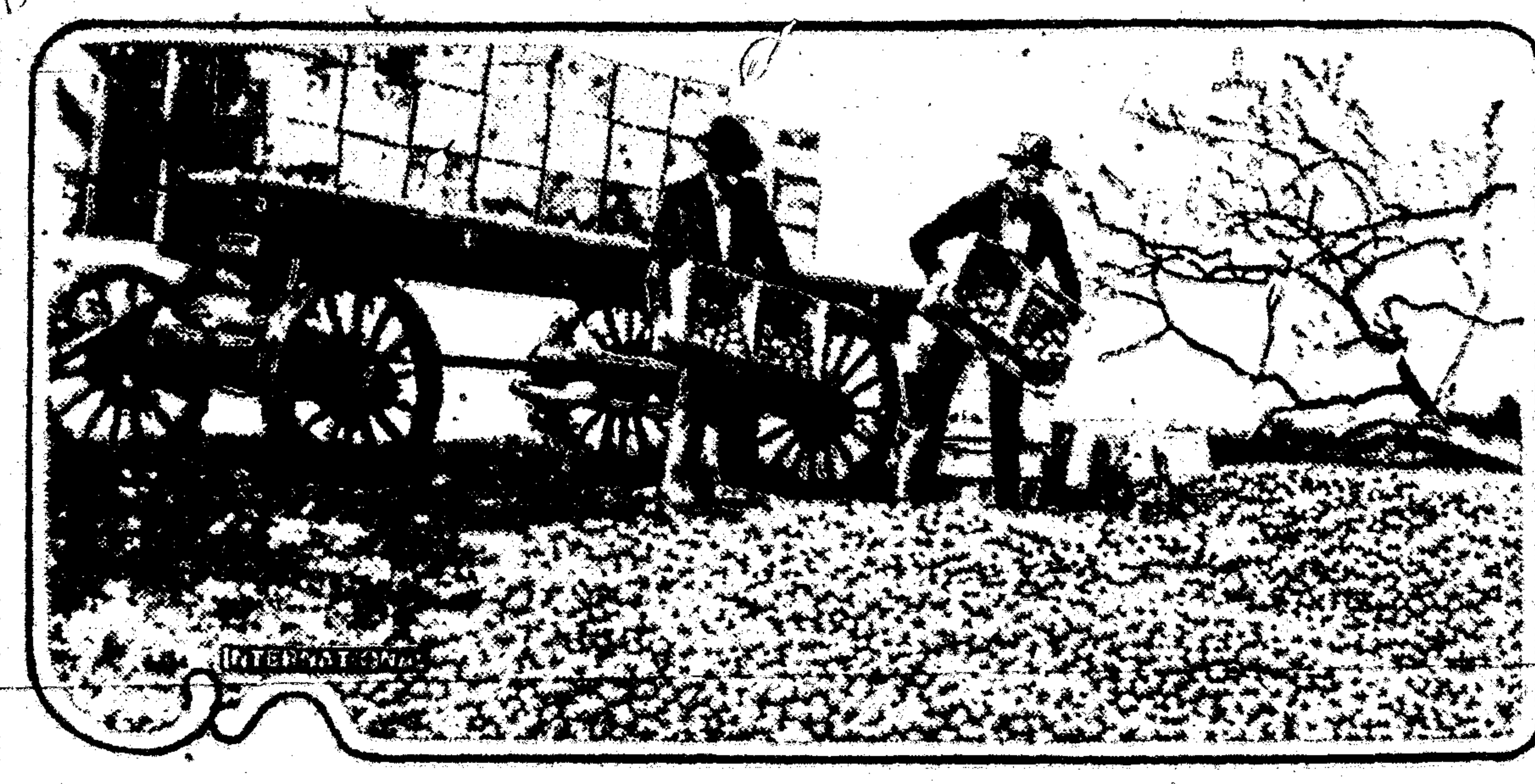
It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

Man is a two-legged animal who tries to work all the other animals for a living.

MURINE For YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Dumping Lemons Because the Market Price Is Low



A scene in a California grove where more than 400 tons of lemons have been dumped by the growers. Piles similar to the one shown here are scattered throughout the state. The poor market for lemons is due, say the growers, to the low tariff on the fruit.

Ravages of Old Age Kept at Bay

Prof. Julian Huxley Checks Senility for 19 Generations of Worms.

REVIVES ANCIENT PROBLEM

Elixir of Life So Long Sought in the Middle Ages Has at Least Been Found, but, Alas! Only for Flatworms—Case of Regression Cited.

London.—Popular interest in the oft-discussed question whether or not it is possible to keep old age at bay indefinitely and correspondingly prolong the span of life has been revived by Prof. Julian Huxley of Oxford. Julian is a grandson of the great Huxley and inherits no inconsiderable measure of his talent for painstaking scientific research.

"The common-sense view of the life cycle, drawn from the observation of man and the familiar animals," said Prof. Huxley, "is that it proceeds always and inevitably in a definite direction, with a definite plan. The normal life cycle of man, for instance, is as follows: The individual starts as a minute single cell, then follows a period of rapid growth, accompanied by differentiation, then senility, and finally death, which supervenes as a natural phenomenon, even if not through disease or accident."

Process Not "Irreversible."

Experiments had shown, however, that this process was not irreversible, he said, and was not inevitably similar in all animals; that it was possible to modify the rate of growth and the length of the period of growth and thus prolong life.

"It has been shown," Prof. Huxley continued, "that by alternately starving and feeding planarian flatworms they can be kept not only within certain definite limits of size, as was to be expected, but also within certain definite limits of age. One animal has thus been kept of the same age—that is, the same lively activity, the same form, the same type of behavior—for a time during which the rest of the brood have passed through 19 generations; a period which, translated into human terms, would take us back to Chaucer. Thus, age does not merely depend on the lapse of time; it is the expression of internal processes.

"The elixir of life so long sought in the Middle ages has at last been found—but, alas! only for flatworms."

Cites Case of Regression.

As an illustration of reversal in mental life Prof. Huxley mentioned that in some shell-shock and neuralgia cases the patients revert to an earlier stage of mental existence, having the minds of children in the bodies of adults. "The most striking case," he said, "was that of an Australian soldier who reverted to the condition of an infant, unable to walk or talk, and taking no food except milk. This is known as mental regression."

Professor Huxley held that numerous other examples showed that the irreversibility of the life cycle was only apparent and that the ordinary type of life cycle had been adopted as the most convenient but not as the only possible method of grappling with existence. In the case of mammals the normal life of rats had been prolonged about 40 per cent.

"Observation of life process," said Prof. Huxley in conclusion, "has given way to experiment as the chief method of research and experiment is leading to control."

DENIES MERCY TO WOMEN

Washington Judge Calls Penitentiary Only Cure for Razor Wielding.

Washington.—Justice Ashley M. Gould of the District of Columbia supreme court, a student of the psychology of crime and criminals, in refusing to place on probation two women razor wielders recently, remarked:

"This kind of an offense—committed with a razor, gun or a blackjack, is what has made Washington the most notorious city in the world for murder. There are too many acts of this sort which culminate in murder and penitentiary sentence is the only cure I know for such a condition."

The women received a sentence of 18 months each.

Negro; Tooth; Dives Three Flights; Goes Home

Brooklyn.—Dr. A. R. Gafney, a dentist in the Temple Bar building in Brooklyn, pulled a tooth yesterday afternoon for Burton Skeete, a negro, of 160 Third avenue, Brooklyn, and Skeete uttered one loud and piercing shriek and dived through the window.

The dentist's office is three stories above the ground and Skeete went downward head first. He landed squarely on his head in the subway entrance at Court and Joralemon streets, after his fall had been broken by an iron railing. When Dr. Brown of Brooklyn hospital reached the scene he found Skeete sitting up. The negro said his head felt all right, but that he had bumped his shin coming down and it hurt very much. After a few moments, however, he got up and went home.

Baby Cab a Rum Cache.

Port Huron, Mich.—John Hammond of Sarnia was arrested by customs officials while wheeling a baby cab from a ferry boat. In the cab on which the baby rested was a quilt containing 12 pockets in each of which reposed a bottle of liquor. With Hammond was his wife and two children. He stated he was buying a house on the contract plan, and took up booze smuggling to raise money. He is employed by the Grand Trunk in Sarnia. Hammond was placed in jail.

TRACE HAWIIAN RACE

Careful Research Shows They Originated in Asia.

Eleven Parts Mongoloid, Five European, Five Mongoloid-European and Two Mongoloid-Melanesian.

Honolulu, T. H.—Whence came the ancient Hawaiians and others of the Polynesian race, is a query which baffled the members of the Pan-Pacific scientific congress when it was in session here last August, and which is answered in part by Louis R. Sullivan of the American museum of natural history, New York, who has been conducting investigations here since the close of the congress.

Bodily, facial and cranial characteristics of the Polynesian, according to Mr. Sullivan's tables, show that he is eleven parts Mongoloid, five parts European, five parts Mongoloid-European and two parts Mongoloid-Melanesian. The seemingly unavoidable conclusion is that the Hawaiian and his Polynesian brothers originally came from Asia.

The ancient Hawaiians were a race of regal proportions, the most commanding physically, Mr. Sullivan believes, the world has ever seen.

There never has been any doubt that the Hawaiian, Samoan, Tahitian, Tongan and Maori are closely akin. Their legends, speech, customs and build all testify to the relationship, but hitherto their origin has been lost in the mists of the ages.

In order to reach a solution of this riddle, and before he felt he had established the Mongoloid-European-Melanesian theory, Mr. Sullivan measured the heads and bodies and noted the characteristics of 2,000 natives of the Hawaiian Islands. This relationship makes the Hawaiian a cousin of the Chinese, Japanese and other Asiatic races, including the Malays, as well as a connection of the American Indian and Eskimo. He also draws some of his blood from the continent of Europe and a very little from the original stock of the Australian aborigine.

Through the agency of the Bishop Museum of Honolulu, which houses one of the most complete, if not the most complete ethnological collections in existence, the interesting search is continuing. Hawaii and Samoa already have been surveyed and farther south scientific expeditions are pursuing the trail. When this data is as complete as it can be made, it will be tabulated and analyzed and the results published within a year or so.

Meanwhile the Polynesian is dying fast; his face is passing out at high speed and the investigations are being pushed with as little delay as possible.

TOWN PUT TO SLEEP

Poisoned Well Starts Rumors of New Form of Disease.

Strange Goings on in New Jersey Traced to Naphtha From Wrecked Car Tank.

Trenton.—To the wreck of a railroad freight train and the consequent dumping of an 8,000-gallon tank of naphtha the authorities of Roelofs, Pa., are beginning to trace a number of mysterious events. A death, a serious illness, the poisoning of streams and wells, the prostration of cows and other cattle, and the fact that neither humans nor chickens ever wake up earlier than 10 a. m.—all these things are being charged to the accident.

Rumors that the town of Roelofs was suffering from a new form of sleeping sickness and that household furnishings were falling apart from disuse and that wall paper on at least three houses was beginning to peel off have been brought to Trenton from time to time. It was not until recently that the matter was taken seriously and made the subject of an investigation by persons living here.

The wreck of the train dumped the tank car, they reported. The naphtha flowed into a pool on the farm of Robert Clewell. Clewell noticed the peculiar odor, but thought nothing of it, even after he began to sleep eighteen hours a day. In time Alfred Bittle, according to Dr. Edwin Huntsman of Hulmeville, died from naphtha poisoning and Mrs. Fred J. Jackson was stricken with stomach trouble. The cows on Jackson's place collapsed in the barns and slept for whole days at a time. At the same time the chickens quit laying and remained asleep, refusing to pay attention to the yelps of the Jackson dogs who had rolled in the gas naphtha pond and almost frozen to death as the liquid evaporated from his hide.

It was learned by the investigators from Trenton that every inhabitant of Roelofs has been unconscious a good part of the time and that in lucid moments the authorities were too stupefied by naphtha fumes to attempt to ferret out the cause of the trouble.

Stove Warming Baptistry Gassed 22.

Council Bluffs, Ia.—Gas overcame 18 children, three women and one man during Sunday school services at the First Baptist church in Council Bluffs, Ia., as it escaped from the flue of a gas heater being used to warm water in the baptistry preparatory to the baptism of three children by immersion.

Woman Slayer Killed in Fleeing Jail.

Toledo.—While attempting to escape from the county jail, Mrs. Myrtle Hemsley convicted of the murder several months ago of Leo Cousino, fell from the roof of a building and received fatal injuries.

Southwest News From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

(Western Newspaper Union News Service.)

The Ramah postoffice, sixty-five miles south of Gallup, N. M., was held up and robbed by a masked bandit just as the postmaster was preparing to close the office.

W. A. Sherill, former clerk of the board of supervisors of Cochise county, Ariz., was shot and killed by W. G. Gilmore, prominent attorney of Tombstone, in the latter's residence.

Payment time of grazing fees on national forests has been extended until Sept. 1 without interest, according to a message received in Albuquerque by the district forest office from the Washington headquarters.

Governor Thomas E. Campbell signed a Senate bill providing for the appointment by the governor of a representative from Arizona on a commission composed of representatives of California, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona and the federal government to consider the use and distribution of the waters of the Colorado river and its tributaries. The bill also carries an appropriation for the work.

The teachers' salary bill, asked by the New Mexico Educational Association, was passed after the minimum limit for first grade teachers had been stricken out. As approved by the association the bill fixed $1,200 as the first grade teachers. The maximum limits for second and third-grade teachers were cut down at $540. The draft approved by the association made the first figure $1,080 and the second $750.

The resignation of United States Senator Fall was officially announced in the New Mexico House and Senate in a message from Governor Mechem. Representative R. L. Baca, Santa Fé, moved that a committee be appointed to draft a suitable resolution of congratulation to the new secretary of the Interior, and Speaker Clancy named the Santa Fé county representative, Hartell, Democrat, and Representative Wade, Republican.

Henry C. Keene, examiner, has recommended to the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington that passenger rates between points in Arizona, New Mexico and Nevada, be found not unreasonable, unjustly discriminatory or unduly prejudicial. Complaint was made of the rates in effect by the Arizona Corporation Commission, the Public Service Commission of Nevada, and the State Corporation of New Mexico.

Frank L. Hamon, nephew of the late Jake L. Hamon of Ardmore, Okla., and former husband of Clara Smith Hamon, who is charged with having killed Jake Hamon, has been granted a divorce from his second wife, Gertie Walker Hamon, in Superior Court of Phoenix. Mrs. Gertie Hamon now is in Sacramento, Calif. The plaintiff charged the defendant with cruelty. The suit was uncontested. The two were married in Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 14, 1918.

Committees from the northern Arizona and Yavapai Bar associations asked the county board of supervisors to petition the governor to name a second superior judge for the county, as provided for in a bill recently passed by the Legislature. The committees, consisting of twenty-five attorneys, told the supervisors that the additional judge not only would expedite business in the courts of the county, but would save the taxpayers more than enough to pay his salary by reducing fees and mileage payments to jurors and witnesses. The supervisors took the matter under advisement.

Angry because a legislative committee failed to recommend his parole after visiting the penitentiary at Santa Fé, Charles Kennedy, convict, serving time for jail breaking and a veteran of three wars, swallowed two pieces of baling wire, several inches long, a pin, a safety pin, and a steel drill three inches long.

The Senate of the Arizona State Legislature passed Governor Thomas E. Campbell's civil administration bill which would reorganize the state government along the lines of the plan adopted in Illinois. The bill would do away with thirty-eight boards and commissions, creating in their stead eight departments, each under a director. The vote on the measure was along party lines.

Oil prospectors in Pecos valley, Arizona, are still fighting water and caving holes, but there is little trouble in getting drilling material, this formerly being the cause of many delays. Most of the wells in the valley have plenty of casing to carry out their tests and all other material is being shipped promptly so that there will be little trouble this spring in the progress of the work.

The negotiations for the reopening of the Glendale, Arizona, State Bank still continue, with all indications pointing to a favorable conclusion. Several matters which might cause an unfavorable decision are being threshed out by the committee and the possible purchasers.

It has been learned that Pablo Gonzales, presidente of Agua Prieta, has started the work of constructing a good wagon and automobile road from Agua Prieta to a connection with the Naco-Cananea road at a point ten miles south of Naco.

COCKROACHES

EASILY KILLED TODAY

BY USING THE GENUINE

Stearns' Electric Paste

Also SURE DEATH to Waterbugs, Ants, Rats and Mice. These pests are the greatest carriers of disease and MUST BE KILLED. They destroy both food and property

Directions in 15 languages in every box. Ready for use—two sizes 35c and $1.50. U. S. Government buys it.

La Lustina

French Indestructible

Pearls $5.00

The gift women want most. These prices merit instant attention on the part of every gift seeker. Genuine La Lustina, French indestructible pearl necklace, direct from Paris, 16 inches long. Each string has a solid gold clasp. Daintily graduated. Sold in fashionable Fifth Avenue stores and elsewhere at $15.00 a string. They cannot peel or discolor and are warranted. Each bead is perfectly matched and has the Oriental warm cream lustrous tint. Uniform or graduated, as you desire, in satin lined box. This remarkable offer can only be made for a short time.

Send $5.00 at once for this wonderful bargain.

Other Sizes—Special Prices
18 inch....$ 7.50
21 inch.... 10.00

Money Cheerfully Refunded.

LA LUSTINA CO.
11 Bond Street,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Appropriate Meeting Place.

Rev. Ambrose Dunkel, pastor of the Tabernacle Presbyterian church, had occasion Sunday to make an announcement regarding a meeting of some of the young folk immediately after church. The church is occupying a temporary building at Thirty-fourth and Central, so that mentioning a stove in his story must not be construed as lack of progress.

"The young folk who were to have met last Wednesday will meet in the chapel immediately after church. Mr. Wood will meet you at the stove in the chapel—a very appropriate meeting place."—Indianapolis News.

An empty stomach provides food for thought.

We do not choose our duties. We do or shirk them.

A WELL-KNOWN NURSE TESTIFIES

Kansas City, Kans.—"I have taken Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription many times with very good results. I have taken it for woman's weakness when I was all run-down, weak and nervous and it soon had me built up in health and strength. I have taken it at different times as a tonic and it has never failed to give relief. I have also recommended it to others who have been benefited by its use.

"As I have done lots of nursing I am in a position to know that 'Favorite Prescription' has saved the life of many a woman."—Mrs. A. Gehriger, 1402 Wood Avenue.

All druggists. No alcohol.

We Guarantee Our Hemstitching and Picoting Attachment to Work

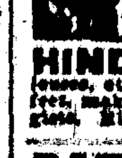
perfectly on any sewing machine; easily adjusted; no extra-power to run it; many also things can be made in the home with this handy device. Attachment with full instructions and sample of work; price $2.50.

GEM NOVELTY CO.
Box 1031 Corpus Christi, Texas

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
60c and $1.00 at Druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.



126 MAMMOTH JACKS
I have a bargain for you, come quick.
W. L. DeCLOW'S JACK FARM
Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Send 6c stamps for Goerke's Laundry Tablets, Writing Ink, Silver Polish, list of household necessities. H. Goerke, Colorado Spgs., Colo.

KREMOLA MAKES THE SKIN BEAUTIFUL.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Elliott are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl.

Mrs. C. J. A. Dalziel is here from El Paso, the guest of Mrs. O. L. Blanchard.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Swearingen and son Ansel have been in El Paso several days, visiting Mr. Swearingen's mother.

Mrs. T. J. West, who had been visiting her son and daughter, Joe and Miss Meda, returned to her home in Alamogordo Sunday.

A. H. Clancy, speaker of the house of representatives, and H. C. Hitt, the former of Santa Fe and the latter a Willard attorney, were here Tuesday.

The Missionary Society of the Methodist church will meet with Mrs. Clarence Spence next Tuesday afternoon, March 29. All members are urged to be present.

Lewis, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Burke, has been quite ill this week, suffering from what seems to be meningitis. He is slightly improved this morning, and attending physicians hold out hopes for his recovery.

The bankers of Lincoln county are helping to finance the potato growers who need spray tanks and spray materials. The potato crop is becoming one of the main crops in this county, and this assistance will help it develop. The cabbage and cauliflower industry also promises to become one of the main sources of revenue within another year.

Owen I. Langseth, manager of the co-operative store, was unable to go to San Francisco this week to attend the Pacific Co-operative Convention which is to convene there today and remain in session until the 28th. He received an injury the first of the week that made it inadvisable for him to make the journey.

R. T. Cribb, little daughter Orpah and his sister Miss Edna, left yesterday for Scranton, Ark., where Mr. Cribb goes to accept the pastorate of the Methodist church in that town. The best wishes of friends, and they include the entire community, go with this estimable family to their new home. Mr. Cribb expressed regret at leaving Carrizozo, where he has lived the past seven years, and the large circle of warm friends he had here.

Prof. Landon, character impersonator, gave a very pleasing entertainment at the Crystal Friday evening to a large and appreciative audience. Mark Twain, Bill Nye, Bret Hart, Whitcomb Riley and Edgar Allen Poe were faithfully represented, and select pieces from their works recited, the Hoosier poet and Poe perhaps excelling, the latter in Annabelle Lee—"The moon never beams without bringing me dreams of my beautiful Annabelle Lee." It was the last of the Redpath series of entertainments.

Little Girl Injured

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Joyce had a leg broken Friday afternoon. She fell under an automobile, the machine passing over the leg breaking it. Dr. Johnson was called, who adjusted the injured member and she is doing quite nicely at this time.

Methodist Church

The large number in attendance at the farewell reception tendered Mr. R. T. Cribb at the First Methodist church last Monday evening was eloquent testimony to the high esteem in which this good man who for the last seven years has lived the unselfish life and wrought in Christian work among us, is held.

Short addresses were made as follows: E. M. Brickley, one of our local business men, spoke on "Mr. Cribb as a business man"; Mrs. C. A. Hooper, one of our Sunday School teachers, on "Mr. Cribb in the Sunday School"; D. S. Donaldson, chairman of the official board, on "Mr. Cribb as a church official"; Wm. J. Langston of the I.O.O.F., on "Mr. Cribb as an Odd Fellow"; Miss Florence Spence, president of the Young Peoples Department, on "Mr. Cribb and the Epworth League"; Miss Grace Moss, an officer of the League, on "Mr. Cribb as a willing worker"; Rev. C. C. Higbee, pastor, on "Mr. Cribb as a preacher."

On behalf of the church the pastor presented a handsome traveling bag, containing a number of useful articles as a token of their appreciation of the loving faithfulness with which Mr. Cribb has served the cause of Christ here. Humanly speaking we regret to lose Mr. Cribb from our force and from the community. But the challenge to others to take up the labors where he has left off and press forward to even grander achievement, will doubtless be accepted. Our prayers and best wishes shall follow him, as he goes to devote his entire time and attention to the holy calling of the Christian ministry.

Immediately after the taking of the class records next Sunday morning, the children of the Sunday school will render an Easter program to which all not duty bound elsewhere are cordially invited. Upon the conclusion of this program the pastor will bring an Easter message. We will not have the pageant in the evening as planned, but will have special Easter music and the theme will be in keeping with the occasion.

C. C. Higbee, Paster.

Plant Trees

Plans are being made for the planting of 70,000 young trees in New Mexico and Arizona by the forest service of Albuquerque. The trees will be furnished by the foresters of the district. A date will be set for the early part of April and the trees will be given free. Send your application to

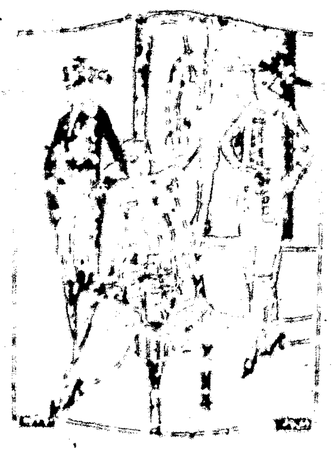
A valuable yearling bull calf, the property of Dan Bullion, was found Sunday in a hole in the mal pais. When pulled out it was too weak to stand. It is believed to have been five days in the hole and reduced about one-half in weight. Water and food were carried to it, and it soon began to recover from its long imprisonment. Dan refused $45 for the animal the same

Great Pre-Easter Sale

Complete Displays of

Distinctive Easter Fashions

Not only exclusiveness, but likewise distinctive collections coupled with the most moderate price ranges, are the outstanding characteristics of Spring and Summer 1921 Fashions as presented by *ZIEGLER BROTHERS.*



Stunning Women's Frocks of Silks

Tailored Street Dresses, informal and afternoon daytime dresses developed in the newest models conceived—made of clingy, graceful Crepe, soft frilly, ribbony Georgette, smartly crisp Taffetas, clingy Crepe de Chines, lustrous-sheer Satins, Charmeuse and Crepes, modish Tricotine—types for women slender, medium, stouts; models for Misses also.

$12.50 to $34.50

Smartest Ready-to-Wear Suits

Straightline, Russian Blouse, Balkan Blouse, box coat, belted semi-fitted and tailored models; plain tailored, embroidered or braid bound of new Twill Cord, Piquetine, Poiret Twill, Covert, Tricotine, Men's Wear Serge, silk-lined throughout.

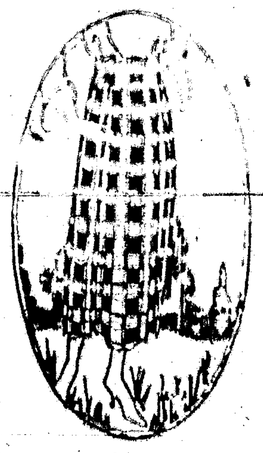
$18.50 to $42.50

Charming Easter Hats

THE HIGHEST TRIBUTE PAID OUR HATS is not voiced in any advertisement—they have proven most favored with so many women that they have won a fine prestige. And 1921 has not found our stocks wanting for a complete ensemble is ready for you now; hats of Visca, Cellophane and Pyroxline braid, Chantilly lace, Crepe de Chine, Silks. Every trimming from hair braid to grosgrain ribbons! Colors navy, gray, cherry, peacock and pheasant.

$3.75 to $12.75

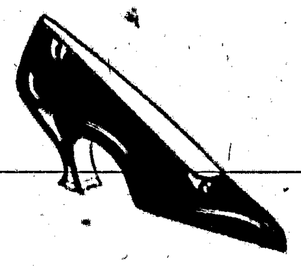
New Skirts $4.50 to 12.75



An assortment to suit any woman from silks in pastel shades to large color-blending plaids. Also plain serges and silk failles in pleated, plaited and other new models.

Spring Footwear

Stylish—Serviceable



Moderate Prices

$3.50 to $11.50

THIS WEEK we are featuring innumerable spring styles in moderately priced footwear.

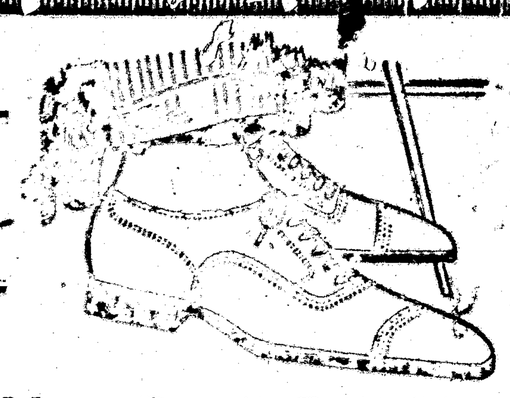
We show stylish, well-made Oxfords, Pumps and Slippers, which have been manufactured especially for us by one of the leading manufacturers of women's footwear.

Easter Blouses

$3.75 to $12.75

Gorgeous Georgette Blouses take the lead in our pre-Easter Sale. Many of these are handsomely trimmed in real filet laces and many new tie-on and over-blouse effects are included in the display. Crepe de Chine Blouses are shown in all the beautiful colors to harmonize with sport skirts, sweaters and separate skirts.

ZIEGLER BROS.



$8.50

The New Duck-Bill Toe

Catering to the tastes of young men fastidious about style is a thing Walk-Over does with great success. Men who are quick to see a new trend in style are buying the Metz as fast as we can get it.

It is a new thought in style, gives the foot a snappy, dressy appearance. Try on a pair now. Be one of the first with the duck bill toe.

Other Styles at from $5.00 to $12.50

The New Strap Pumps

For the woman who wants and knows style these new numbers are sure to please.

The new Satin Pumps in black and brown, both Baby Louis and Louis Heel, are now on display. The price, $6.50.

Other styles $3.50 to $12

CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

—the house of Kuppenheimer clothes

QUALITY FIRST THEN PRICE

Spring is here and little baby chicks are beginning to hatch

Take care of them by feeding them

Pratt's Baby Chick Food

We have it for sale. Also Croup Cure and Lice Killer

We buy Hens and Chickens

Bring them to us. Also your Eggs.
We pay top-notch prices.

Try One of Our

Goodwill Hickory-Smoked Hams

They are Delicious.

Our Co-Op Coffee is a Specialty

NOTICE THE CHANGE IN OUR DELIVERY SYSTEM

Only Two Deliveries a Day Beginning Monday, March 14

Morning Delivery leaves at 10:00 a. m.

Afternoon " " at 3:30 p. m.

CO-OPERATIVE STORE

The Only UNION STORE in Town

(Two Doors North of P. O.)

OWEN LANGSETH, Manager.