

# Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 21

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1921

NUMBER 4

## The State Legislature Enters Its Third Week

### OVER 100 BILLS INTRODUCED

Denunciation of a republican officer holder in a resolution drafted and engineered through both branches of the legislature by republicans has been the chief feature of the first two weeks' work of the Fifth New Mexico assembly. John V. Conway, serving as state superintendent of public instruction, was severely condemned by house joint resolution No. 2, introduced by A. H. Carter, republican floor leader in the house, and immediately passed by that body.

In spite of a strong defense made by Mr. Conway before the public affairs committee of the senate, that body, upon motion of Judge Wright, who is republican floor leader in the senate, also passed the resolution.

The resolution states that "The members of the house of representatives and of the senate of the Fifth legislature are re-commended that a state official should deliberately be a party to such a proceeding or the author of such a letter." Mr. Conway served for several years as assistant to "State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner, and was himself elected to the position on the republican ticket last fall.

One of the democratic senators, A. L. Zinn of Quay county, is author of a bill to afford substantial relief to gasoline users. He has introduced, with Senator Mitchell of Union, senate bill 13, which provides for the immediate repeal of the gasoline tax law, already held unconstitutional by Judge Mechem in federal court. Should the Zinn bill pass, it would stop the collection of the two cent excise tax on every gallon of gasoline sold in the state and would effect a considerable saving to automobile and truck users.

There is every indication of a sharp division within the republican party over the question of type of primary act, which will be passed. Governor Mechem has gone on record, during the campaign and in his message to the legislature, as favoring a state-wide primary for the nomination of all state, county and district officers. This has been the aim of the democratic party for many years. Accordingly, such a primary act was introduced in the house of representatives by Hartell, democrat.

The republican legislators, however, are not inclined to fol-

low the governor's excellent recommendation for a state-wide primary. They are seeking to find some subterfuge which will fulfill the platform pledge and yet not disturb the present convention system which the republican leaders have used to their advantage so frequently. Such a bill was introduced in the lower house by Representative Baca of Santa Fe county, a prominent republican member. His bill provides for county primaries at which delegates are to be chosen to a county convention. After that initial primary, now in vogue in many counties, the regular convention system would be employed.

Another primary bill, drafted by Senator Hedgcock, republican of San Miguel, was introduced by Senator Quintana, another republican. It provides for a limited county primary. Up to date there has not been a single state-wide primary bill proposed by a republican legislator, even though the governor has specifically requested it.

There is a strong probability that the democratic members of the legislature will not concur in the suggestion of Governor Mechem that the time of paying rentals be changed from the beginning to the end of the year for which a lease on state land is made. This would materially handicap the school program during the year in which the transfer was made or else necessitate a sharp advance in taxes of other property owners. There is also a possibility that the state would lose much lease money if the suggested plan were to be put into effect.

In their opposition to that part of the governor's recommendations for the relief of the livestock industry, the democrats will likely be joined by a number of republicans who realize the imperative need of revenue.

On the measures now being presented to comply with the requests of the governor in his message to the legislature, the democratic members of the assembly are expected to be in complete accord with the majority party, since the elimination of useless officers and similar reforms have been sought by the democratic party for many years.

It has been said that epidemics travel in cycles. We now seldom hear of a case of the "flu," that devastated the country in 1918-19, yet a number of people are suffering with colds, with symptoms similar to the "flu," and which calls for similar treatment.

## Better Develop Mineral Resources Than Hunt for Oil

New Mexico has practically unlimited mineral resources, and if the same energies were expended in developing the known resources as are spent in prospecting for oil, it would be of greater value to the state, is the deduction that might be drawn from the report of Robert W. Ellis, head of the geology department of the State University, who made a trip over the state last summer in his capacity as state geologist. He is not overly enthusiastic about finding oil in paying quantities in any part of the state, save probably the Pecos valley.

The reconnaissance trips were made to supply the numerous demands which were made for information on oil possibilities. The report, which is being issued as a bulletin of the State University, will be of great value to those interested in oil development and of ultimate use in promotion of interest in the state's resources.

It is not likely that New Mexico will be a large producer of oil. The conditions of stratigraphy and the present showings of drill holes do not indicate the presence of great deposits. However, encouragement should be given to efforts being put forth to demonstrate successfully the actual conditions.

New Mexico is undoubtedly a state of immense mineral wealth. It is already apparent that the present progress in mining is only the beginning of the development of the state's resources. While so much attention is being given to the matter of oil production in the state, more attention should be given to the conservation and the exploitation of those resources which are plainly accessible and whose utility is greater than all of the production of petroleum probable for the state.

The irrigation question is an important one in New Mexico. The possibilities existing in artesian water for this purpose are becoming evident. What is being done in the Pecos valley may be paralleled in others of the southern counties. A well recently drilled for oil in eastern Luna county encountered five strong flows of water above 700 feet depth.

## New Mexico Sheep Raisers Face Serious Situation

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 21.—Sheep raisers of New Mexico will need two and one-half million dollars to tide them through the lambing and shearing season, it was said here today by one in close touch with the financial situation.

New Mexico banks have no considerable sum to apply on loans to help out in this situation, so that relief must be sought from outside sources, if this great industry is to be preserved.

One big hope is to have a change authorized in the regulations of the federal reserve banks, so as to make money available for notes of longer time.

## Declines a Million Dollars and Tries to Live without Money

New York, Jan. 22.—The Garland million is increasing at compound interest while Charles Garland still declines to accept it and seeks a way to live without money.

Garland continues to live with his wife and child on his mother's farm at Buzzard's Bay, Mass.

"We are holding the money in abeyance," Tudor says, "hoping something will alter Mr. Garland's views and make him accept it. But he is just as firm in his refusal as he was last winter when he became of age."

"Does the law, compelling a man to support his wife and family, apply in a case like that of Mr. Garland, who has stated he is living on his mother's bounty," Tudor was asked.

"I think this phase of the law presumes that a man is earning money," Tudor replied. "If he has no means of earning it, and does not earn it, the law cannot compel a man to pass on an inheritance to his family."

"By way of illustration, if Mrs. Garland should demand support it might be that complications would arise and Garland would either have to earn money or get it somehow. However, we have not gone into that, because Mrs. Garland has not raised the question."

Garland says he is more than ever determined to reject the million.

"Nothing has altered my view that money and what people will do for money is the root of all present day evils," he says. "I have still not worked out a plan of action—a code of life. My whole problem just now is to determine how best to present a practical plan of living, with money eliminated."

"Is your wife still of your opinion?"

"Yes. But she is not as fully convinced of its practicality as I am."

## December Liquor Seizures in New Mexico

Three thousand gallons of liquor valued at \$20,000 was seized in New Mexico by federal prohibition agents during the month of December, Capt. E. E. Perkins, head of the prohibition forces in the state with headquarters at Albuquerque, has announced with completion of his monthly report.

The liquor seized consists mostly of whiskey although there are many gallons of tequila, brandy and wine. Besides the 3,000 gallons, agents also seized 155 bottles of patent medicine, containing from 15 to 18 per cent alcohol. Two stills also were seized during the month.

The liquor is the largest quantity ever seized in New Mexico in any one month, and rivals that seized in some other states for the same period.

Workers are now getting shorter hours without striking.

## Two Burglaries

Last Friday night Taylors' Garage was entered and the cash register snatched for a little more than \$200. The next night the Western Garage also had unwelcome visitors who rifled the cash register securing between \$9 00 and \$10.00. It was believed that the tricks had been turned by amateurs, and some boys in their teens were suspected. Watch was kept on one or two of the suspects, and when the evidence pointed directly to one he was apprehended, whereupon he made a clean breast of both jobs and gave the names of his confederates.

There were four connected with the two misdeeds and they were arrested Monday and taken before Justice Wetmore. Each was questioned separately and all the facts were obtained. The justice ruled that all damage must be satisfied, the boys report to him weekly for a given period and that they must not be found on the streets after nine o'clock at night. It was evidently a spirit of wildness, rather than lawlessness, that possessed the lads, and to send them to a reform school would not better them. However, it would be wise for parents to see that their boys shun evil companions, as one bad boy would corrupt the morals of a dozen good ones.

## Promoter Found Guilty

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25.—A jury in the federal court here Saturday found C. A. Robinson guilty of obtaining money through the mails by false pretenses as fiscal agent in charge of stock selling for the Cannon Ball Motor Company of Texico. The five other defendants in the case were found not guilty.

## Unlucky Thirteen

Two cuts have been made recently at the railroad shops in which thirteen men were let out. This is not only a blow to the men but hard knock for the business of the town, as it reduces the monthly payroll quite materially. The town and the men directly affected will be hard to convince of the merit of Rory O-Moore's statement that "There's luck in odd numbers."

## Hearing on Fraud Charge

L. J. Lucy, who was brought back from Kansas City last week by Sheriff Harris, had a hearing before Justice Wetmore Saturday. Defendant was bound over on his own recognizance to await the action of the grand jury, and returned to Kansas City again. The checks which he had drawn, but which were not a part of the complaint were made good, and there is little likelihood of Lucy being again bothered concerning the "fraudulent charge," although the cost of bringing him here is quite an item.

## Buying Horses for Mexico

C. L. Tippler of El Paso, has been working this end of the county the past week, buying cavalry horses for the Mexican government. He stated that Mexico is short of both horses and cattle, as ten years' war has depleted the range of cattle to feed both armies, and many thousand of horses were killed in battle, which accounts for the shortage. The cattle range, will have to be restocked with imported cattle, and it will be many years before the numbers approach what they were before Francisco Villa went on the war path. In the meantime the new army is in need of mounts. Mr. Tippler shipped two cars of horses south this week, and expects to ship several more next week from this county.

## In Hotel Dieu

Mrs. George J. Dingwall was taken to El Paso Sunday and placed in Hotel Dieu. She was accompanied by her husband and by her sister, Mrs. L. B. Crawford. Monday morning Mrs. Dingwall underwent a serious operation, and, while the operation was pronounced successful, it left the patient so greatly weakened that she has been in a precarious condition since. She is reported to be resting better today, yet the crisis has not yet been passed; but it is hoped she will continue to improve.

Hanging coal profiteers as high as Haman would not be sufficient punishment. Hang 'em as high as coal prices.—Detroit Journal.

ESTABLISHED EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO

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Paid on Time and Savings Deposits

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from money troubles is taken when a young man makes his first deposit in the savings bank. He has begun a habit which if continued will surely place him above want. It will also enable him to take advantage of the big free savings opportunities that big free savings banks will never be able to give.



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# Yellow Men Sleep

Jeremy Lane  
Illustrated by  
Irvin Myers

## "YOU'RE MAKING GOOD!"

Synopsis.—John Levington, a poet, visionary and impractical, and Mary Martin, the daughter of rich and worldly parents, hear the call of love and unite their lives. They go to a remote Michigan city, where John finds work in a stove factory and on Sundays writes verses. The Martins try in vain to get the happy wife to leave her husband. Mary begins to breathe for two. John loses his job. He appeals in vain to the Martins. Mary goes to the hospital and never returns. Thus comes into the story Cornelius Levington. The father leaves town and the city turns out the child. After two years the father returns and takes the little son with him on his wanderings. The father becomes the slave of a mysterious drug, kerosene, with odors of wine and cinnamon, and returns with little Con to die on his wife's grave. Con is again formed out, grows up in the underworld and is saved for better things by Andrew March. So much by way of introduction to the hero of the strange adventures of "Yellow Men Sleep." These begin when Con takes by force a small leather sack from Chee Ming, the Chinese cook of an acquaintance. This sack contains a Chinese map of the Gobi desert, which is practically beyond price to Andrew March. Eighteen years before armed men in the Gobi had taken March's wife and infant daughter from him. Now Con is in search of them. On the voyage Con finds Chee Ming a fellow passenger. Chee Ming drugs Con and steals his map, but Con presses on toward Shan-sung.

## CHAPTER IV—Continued.

Course food, winter air, and the long hours of camel-wrangling had darkened Con's cheeks. His mitted hands helped with the wood-gathering at camp-time, or slumped the ice-ten-water, but the men of the caravan regarded him as a stranger, if they noticed him at all. Friendliness was winter-bound. The Kalka partner alone made speech. Levington kept his feelings to himself, and set his teeth. He was lean as a Tartar, and was constantly on the verge of a fever.

Now rose to the camels' knees, and then, in the third week of travel, thawed generally over North China. The going was slow and monotonous. Here was said to be grazing country, but obviously the herdsman had never prospered with their skinny flocks. At six o'clock, through a welter of stained snow, the rear of the caravan, three parties, turned southward, heavy with rice and salt that grew more precious at each day's end. They were carrying on to the province of Origo, seat of wretchedness. Now at six o'clock another party was waiting for the only remaining group with Con to join them. These two outfits, with that of the white man, continued over a northerly road, and the mud was a drag at every camel's foot.

"You take salt?" finally inquired the Kalka.

He wanted to know whether or not Levington was a Christian missionary to far Shan-sung.

"No," Con shook his head.

Half an hour later, the Kalka resumed: "You sell—?"

"Nothing to sell," answered the white man.

Here their talk ended for that day.

Late in February the wind changed, and the snows were ended. The mud dried and lifted in dust. Con realized that tomorrow morning his companions, the two outfits of gun-traders, would go on northward, to find their customers in these choking hills, but that he would not be with them. The Kalka wanted him a last time, being now quite fluent with "No good."

At daylight it became clear that both outfits considered him a fool. With his one servant, Con remained behind, and not an arm was raised in farewell, not a face turned toward the white man. When their dust had blown away in the west wind and their little line was reduced by distance to a mere crawling thip along the edge of hills, Levington turned, to find his driver weeping.

"Did you want to go along?"

The servant moaned, and hid his face.

Cold weather made it appear that the clouds of heaven avoided this part of the world. The sky was always pale. Levington gabbled on his final instructions. Twenty times his fingers stole into the bar to touch the torn edges of his parka and withdraw again. Andrew March had trusted him. He had five pack-animals, and two mules. There was grain to last until Korkah, which was a village in these yellow hills, a trading-point of olden days. Somewhere, at a distance beyond Korkah, westward and to the north lay Shan-sung.

It had occurred to him to try to his suitcases. This Cornelius son of Con had presumed that the world contained no dangers. He had packed at the usual standard, and the mud that descended from the hills, with its odors of wine and cinnamon, had not been at the hills

passed. It was the beginning of the sand desert, unhalloved Sha Mo. They came to a thin, fast river, and followed its banks, to find a solid fording. Unwittingly they reached the end of the stream, for it flowed downward into the earth. Allowed up dry with metallic gurgling. The rock was cold everywhere around. Con stood at the base of these rushing waters, watching them plunge into the pit at his feet, and a sudden emotion flitted over him. It was fear—abrupt, lightly touching. He strove to think of sane and ordinary things, laughed it away, while his driver crept back to the beasts. But he was afraid.

In Korkah were two fresh dromedaries, which Levington purchased, along with provision for man and beast, and a carbine for better luck. He was impatient to reach Shan-sung. He was not sure how long he could hold out, for the condition of his body kept him from gaining strength. It was a slight matter, he told himself, compared to the possibility that Chee Ming had written into Shan-sung ahead of him, and passed on. He felt a grave necessity for an interview with that Chinese, if only for a moment. There would need be a quicker hand than his own, if Chee Ming were to go on without him.

A land that flattened into emptiness, dun and gray, with vacant sky, permitted the settlement named Shan-sung to exist upon its dry bosom. In a past age an independent state, it was now a lordless and unvalued hundred of human beings, whose emaciated progeny moved solemnly in play with the starving days. Days were hot, and nights cold, and the air a sucking invisible thing that blotted the moisture from one's bones. Levington was stiff. His camel struggled in from their own particular direction, since there was no street or path by which to enter the "state." Many houses had long ago crumbled down into so much gray rubbish, but there was a score of huts made habitable



He read this final instruction again and again.

by mud-patches and reeds from the water-holes, which was a species of sulphite ore in the center of the village. Dust had wiped out every color. Sand flew in the air, but the wind was steady and silent. The deep, women who emerged from their dwellings to look upon Levington, were wasted of body and blank of face. It was distressing to remember that once, about eighteen years ago, Andrew March had traveled into this borderland with his Elthas, and that in some such unholy quarters off to the southeast her child had been born. These Mongoloid youngsters did not seem human. They stared at him without uttering a sound, and hung mud. Con felt no triumph in his arrival.

No traveler had passed this way for sixteen moons. Levington spent the afternoon in learning this fact-end of information. The last had gone the other way, eastward, probably Chee Ming on his way to America, but by no possible combination of sound and sign could Con make sure of this.

Hagerty, now, he opened the envelop given him in the March house. He never knew how much pure fiber he had gained by his difficult honesty in this matter. The document was: "You have passed all the places in which the truth might have burdened you, and, as the prime-aversations are just ahead, you will begin this as soon as you have read."

and still he is to be traced, and your findings reported, so that our chief can make arrangements to check this work at its source. He can do very little until you have something definite to report. Its actual starting-point, etc., and that means the starting-point of Chee Ming. Upon your success will rest the honor of ridding the world of a deep gray curse. I wish you God-speed. "A. M."

Levington knew that his hands were trembling. He read this final instruction again and again, until every phrase was unforgettable. Much of his friend came to him from the page, the world's significance of his errand in the treacherous land. Con was hunched before the trust of Great America. He burned to do well. The matter of Korkah, the deep gray curse, was not at all clear to him. He had an uncomfortable suspicion that he knew the stuff.

Afternoon was frightful with dust and sun-glare. Night came cold, yet not in the nature of a relief. Con drank a bowl of brownish goat's milk, and cracked like a chip between his teeth a native biscuit. He brushed the ashes from his lips, and found himself staring at nothing, while the meaning of his mission grew larger within him. Something had come at last to steady him. The underworld had always trusted him—something not granted to many—but now he was honored by the government. Authoritatively believed in him, tested him, and sent him to unravel a poisonous web. He recalled certain things he had told Andrew March, almost amounting to confessions. Now that he knew his friend to be a federal officer, he wondered what March must have thought of those reckonings. It made Con smile. He was more keenly aware now of the intimate ways in which the elder man had studied him before trying him in the present task.

He planned to wait a week, if need be, in the hope that Chee Ming would come. He speculated that the Chinese had probably returned to Tien-tsin to regain his troublesome trunk, so accounting for delay in reaching Shan-sung. If the week passed and brought no traveler, Levington meant to enter the Gobi without a map.

Having given orders that his servant should have the day to himself, he turned over and napped again. For the remainder of the day there were pleasant matter, to think over, until he discovered that his "boy" had gone, taking the two fresh beasts. Doubtless with the aid of the villagers, the old devil had fled back eastward, away from the devils of the unknown.

The fact that the village was against him did not depress Levington, as it must formerly have done. Now he had to sustain him the assurance of his own country that he had been chosen, that men of power trusted him. The second day he found himself quite generally ignored in the stony ghost of a city, although the old woman and her two sons continued to accept his silver for food and a roof.

Late in the afternoon of the third day, when his patience was waning, a camel outfit appeared to eastward. It could not be his prodigal driver. Con went forth to show himself. He was done with subtlety, and the village offered as concealment, had he wished to hide. There were half a dozen men in the approaching party, or, on a closer look, two men and their servants, all bobbing nearer on camels.

Chee Ming was heading the outfit. He sat under a flapping sunshade. His dry face was unchanged, although his soul became a curse against the western youth who had persecuted. He hated the steadiness of Levington's eyes and the half-smile, remembering the brutality of his muscular equipment, but most of all he longed to blight the power and penetration of Con's brain. Yet, so far as the countenance indicated, when he regarded his white enemy below him, Chee Ming might have been in the act of serving coffee at Cecil Wedger's elbow. Instead of riding a shaggy beast in these outlands of Mongolia, he was a white man. Beneath a sloping Chinese straw hat, the face was gray and strong and touched with sadness. Con answered the greeting of Andrew March.

## CHAPTER V

On the Night Feet. It was impossible to guess what Chee Ming thought. If he had been holding any suspicion against the white man who had ridden with him from the Yang-gun gate, it was now insured by March's hand-clasp with Levington.

"I've been waiting for our friend Ming, but I hardly expected to see you," said Con.

"So I should judge," replied March, smiling. "But why waiting?"

"He was on the ship coming over," said Con. "He put me under with a blow-needle, and got my map. I beat him this far by two days, just to have a talk with him about it."

you've shared by now that your travels are not so private as you'd like, perhaps."

Con was relieved. He smiled and offered his hand again. "I never had a real job before. I like it. Thanks." The old pride came into Andrew March's eyes. But he merely said, in the businesslike tone of an United States Investigator. "You're making good."

It appeared that March had arrived in Peking about fourteen hours after Levington's departure by the Western gate. Con asked: "How did you find Chee Ming?"

"I saw him in Tien-tsin, at the baggage rooms. I am sure he did not notice me, for I believe he never had a glimpse of me in America when I was shadowing him, but it's never wise to be too sure of anything about a Chinese. I kept out of his sight until we had come as far as the Yang-gun gate, and there met him openly, like a stranger. It was natural to talk, after finding that he knew English. He told me he was a wool-merchant."

"I never gave you the details, but my acquaintance with Chee Ming really began some weeks before I met you in Cincinnati. You know the Dory street district in San Francisco. I had found that it was the distributing point for kerosene. I managed to connect with Chee Ming the night he received his money for all he had brought in, fresh from somewhere."

"I am honored by your confidence," said the younger man. "At one time my father and I lived on Dory street. Then you know kerosene."

"I can't say that I do. I was very young then."

"There are twelve thousand recorded users of it in the United States, and that is but a fraction of those who enter secretly the bliss and the agony of it."

Con felt again the importance of his mission. But he occupied his hands in attending to the smaller personal luggage of his friend.

"I've been staying in that. Will you come in?"

He indicated a hut, and the sight of the low misshapen structure seemed to bring back to him the taste and smell of that tan-colored goat's milk which they had given him there, in their mistaken idea of nourishment.

Chee Ming and servants spread their camp just beyond the group of kerosene, and there was no further communication between them and the white man.

March made a desert veteran's final preparations for a journey of many weeks. He included with the usual stores several bunches of dried meat, hard as bone; also leather sacks to go over the head when the hail of gravel in the wind should cut too keenly across their faces. At present he filled these bags with cheese. His weapons were of the finest, and this seemed odd to Levington, who knew his mild ways. Andrew March seemed changed, older, more stern, in these preparations. The dart that had drugged Levington on seaboard seemed to have struck an unhealed spot in March's soul. This borderland held bitter memories. His eyes had narrowed, as though he felt from a distance the biting dust. He resisted the emotions that preyed upon him, and the only sign was an eagerness to be near Levington, to have Con talk to him. The old magnetism by which he held the younger man was unconsciously renewed, a vital current of more than friendship.

Next morning the two servants of Chee Ming were sent to ride eastward upon a single camel, taking leave of a master who needed them no further. At noon the Chinese, with pack-beasts in tow, set forth alone into the west.

"He wants us to follow him," said March, "and if we did, all the maps in the world wouldn't help. Time enough for us this evening."

So when the western sky was spattered with flame, and long violet shadows stretched out upon the sands, Commissioner March and Commissioner Con Levington laid their course according to map, and proceeded into the sunset. The camels had taken their last long gurgles at the water-holes in the village, trampling the ruses and all was well.

The two drivers muttered, or held silence, with none of the usual talk. The broken city fell into the distance behind them, and the shadow of the camels extended out through the dust. The purple shafts were melting into twilight, and the Sha Mo became an indefinite number of sandy knobs, still bright, seeming to rise up from the desert floor.

Levington heard the story of the subtle drug, how it fired and gripped and soothed its devotees, unlike opium or hashish or betel, and more difficult to trace than heroin of the "new-birds." Science had not thus far defined kerosene. The trade often handled it unwittingly. Its effect was in part a drowsy joy, a pleasantly complete madness, a lasting devastation and cure. It was in form a bluish oil, to be rubbed on the eyelids and sensitive tissue. It rotted the veins and the heart.

That Left-Arra Eying. "What's the matter? Been in a fight?"

# A Big Drop

in

# JELLO

2 packages for 25¢

The Genesee Pure Food Company, Le Roy, N. Y.

Where Resemblance Stops. "That Miss Gabbloigh reminds me of a church bell, only she hasn't the sense of one."

Hall's Catarrh Medicine. These who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that when Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions.

MISTAKE IN THE LOCATION. Despite Walter's Assertion, Traveler Was Convinced They Were in the Wrong Room.

The late William Dean Howells was very fond of traveling in Spain. He once said on his return from Andalusia:

"The Spaniards, especially the southern Spaniards, have enormous families. Eight children is the average, and families of 16 and 17 children are quite common."

"But they don't know how to raise these children. They take babies of three or four months traveling with them. In every hotel and train there are sure to be as many babies as adults."

Just to Impress Him. A Jew in Russia was ordered twenty strokes with the knout. The whipping-man was also a Jew, so the other was able to "square" the affair for 20,000 roubles.

It was arranged that the one should merely crack his whip while the other screamed. This was done nineteen times—but the twentieth stroke was genuine.

"Why did you do that?" cried the victim.

"To let you realize what a bargain you have got," the other said.

BARK OF TREE NOT WOOD. Scientist Corrects an Impression Which Has Long Been More or Less Widely Held.

Bark on trees and shrubs corresponds with the skin on animals. But it isn't wood, according to one scientist, and it isn't formed as wood is formed. It covers the wood, and it is generally an easy matter to separate the bark from the wood. Hemp and jute and flax are all bark—the outside covering of certain vegetable growths. Bark is composed of three layers of tissue. The inside layer conducts food to the plant, and under a magnifying glass is seen to be made up of tiny fibers. Then there is the "green zone," as it is called, and this also is fibrous and helps feed the plant. The outside layer is cork, and is really dead. That is, these cork cells develop and die immediately, so one really sees only a dead tree when he looks at the bark. The cork of commerce is the bark of a certain kind of tropical tree, but the outer layer of bark of all trees is technically known as cork, and the little cells going to make it up are called cork.

The Combine. Upton Sinclair said at a Pasadena tea:

"In this matter of the high cost of living there is one thing which we all have got to do. That is this: When a dealer—"

Here Mr. Sinclair struck the tea table a resounding whack with his fist.

"When a dealer asks us an exorbitant price for an essential article then—"

The novelist's eye flashed, and he squared his jaw resolutely.

"Then there is nothing for us to do but leave the rascal's shop and buy the essential article from another dealer on the same exorbitant terms."

No "Gowfer." Lord Hing confesses that whatever conceit he may have had regarding his prowess on the golf links was killed by the remark of a professional at St. Andrew's, who had watched him play.

"Well, sir," he said, at the end of one round, "it's a gulf job for us 'at you're a better sodger than ye are a sowfer."

A man is foolish to borrow trouble when there are so many people anxious to give it away.

# Boil Your Postum

fully fifteen minutes when you use

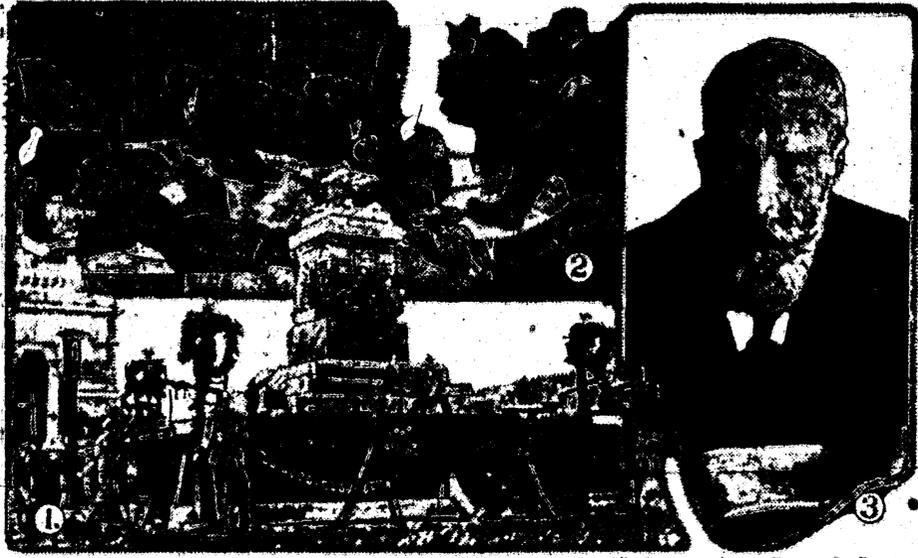
# POSTUM CEREAL

Then there results a drink of delicious flavor which many prefer to coffee. Postum is more economical and healthful than coffee.

Another form, Instant Postum, is made by adding hot water to a teaspoonful in the cup. The drink may be made strong or mild to suit individual taste.

GROCERS EVERYWHERE SELL BOTH KINDS

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.



1—A memorial monument to the Grenadier regiment—the "Battalion of Death"—just unveiled in Rome. 2—Scene in one of the "Sop houses" in Chicago, crowded again because of unemployment. 3—Dr. Michael Hainisch, president of Austria, who may turn the management of that country over to the League of Nations.

### NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

#### Organized Fight of Capital on the Closed Shop Becomes More Imminent.

#### ACTION BY MANUFACTURERS

#### Machinists Accuse the Railroad Companies—Plan to Stop Immigration Probably Killed—Harding Inauguration to Be Simple—Affairs in Europe.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

American industries and American business generally are beginning to "speed up" and the more optimistic, like Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of the United States Steel corporation, declares there is nothing unfavorable to prosperity on the horizon. Prices of many commodities, including some lines of building materials, are coming down steadily, and in many plants wages are being reduced, in some instances the reduction being made by the employers and accepted by the men and in others being suggested by the workers themselves in order that the plants may be enabled to continue in operation.

All this is quite satisfactory to the ordinary citizen, but there is one dark cloud, despite the assertions of the optimists. This is the coming fight between organized labor and capital over the open shop. There are many signs that the issue will be joined soon. Last Wednesday the representatives of twenty-two state manufacturers' associations, in conference in Chicago, adopted resolutions pledging support for the open shop movement. In the discussion many speakers declared they would not employ union labor in their factories and mills, but when the vote was taken it was made clear that the resolution did not propose any discrimination against the holder of a union card. In substance the resolution was:

"It is recognized as fundamental in this country that all law-abiding citizens or residents have the right to work when they please, for whom they please, and on whatever terms are mutually agreed upon between employee and employer and without interference or discrimination upon the part of others.

"We hereby express our purpose to support these fundamental principles of American plan of employment by the maintenance of the open shop.

"We urge upon our members to secure by discussion and education the active support of workers, merchants, bankers and professional men and all other elements of their prospective communities in favor of American ideals and the open shop."

Only a few days previously an attorney for the International Association of Machinists presented to the interstate commerce commission a petition charging that the larger railroad companies have united in an open shop movement designed to disrupt unionism, and that they are this year "milking the United States treasury to the tune of \$750,000,000 through their car repair manipulation." The companies, it is asserted, are closing their repair shops and giving the work to outside concerns which charge exorbitant rates, and in this way more than 30,000 workers have been thrown out of employment. According to the machinists, this drive on railroad shop workers is only one phase of a capitalistic "open shop" movement developing throughout the country, which has for its real object "disruption of all legitimate labor organizations and trade union agreements."

Closely connected with the question of labor is that of immigration and its restriction. The forces of organized labor have been in favor of the Johnson bill, which would stop all immigration for one year, and so have many other elements of the population, but the department from Washington indicates that the bill is to be indefinitely

by the senate committee and nothing done until the senators can formulate a permanent policy on immigration. In this they are yielding to the opinion of representatives of certain classes of employers, including the railroad, steel and coal people, who told the committee that the threatened "flood of immigrants from Europe" is a myth, and that there is no emergency warranting the passage of the Johnson measure.

Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor told the committee that the federation's demand was for straight-out protection from alien labor for a period of two years. He said that reports just received from labor officials in 141 cities showed the total number of unemployed in these places to be 1,519,372, and said he would not "dare estimate what the total of all cities would show."

Figures were submitted by Mr. Morrison showing the unemployed in Greater New York to be 300,000; Detroit, 150,000; Philadelphia, 235,000; Chicago, 200,000; Cleveland, 115,000; St. Louis, 40,000; Boston, 50,000; Milwaukee, 40,000; San Francisco, 15,000; Seattle, 4,000, and Pittsburgh, 20,000. In contrast to this, he showed, the net immigration, at present rates, would be 784,000 a year.

Avowedly in order to set an example of economy and democratic simplicity, Mr. Harding last week caused to be canceled all the arrangements for an elaborate ceremony on the occasion of his inauguration March 4. At his request the citizens' committee called off the celebration it had planned and also the ball, and the joint congressional committee agreed that there shall be nothing doing except the administration of the oath to the President-elect and the delivery of his address, probably from the east porch of the capitol. This course naturally has pleased the business men and hotel keepers of Washington, but everyone else in the country heartily commends it.

Mr. Harding's conferences with prominent men are about over. Very soon he will leave Marion for Florida, where he will write his inaugural and presumably finish making up his mind as to his cabinet. Concerning the latter, it was interesting if not pleasant to read last week that the hyphenated German-Americans, newly organized into a league, were virtually to ask Mr. Harding to give a place in the cabinet to a German-American. A committee was selected to carry to Marion a list of men from which the President-elect might make a choice. The avowed desire of the new league to create an era of good feeling at home and abroad would meet with greater sympathy if it did not insist on the "German," and if it were not for the fact that one of its leaders is George Sylvester Viereck, editor of a magazine—that was formerly the Fatherland and notorious for his pro-German activities during the war.

General Crowder is helping Cuba to get out of her political and financial tangle and the prospect is now that he will succeed. First he has taken up the matter of the recent presidential elections, recommending that the thousands of charges of fraud be cleared up speedily by grouping them and deciding representative cases. Then he will undertake to arrange the island's money troubles. The Cuban senate already has passed a measure for the extension of the moratorium for four months on a modified basis, a plan approved by President Menocal and probably by General Crowder. The Cubans are strongly opposed to the plan of the American bankers for taking over their financial institutions, which were collapsing. They said the bankers asked too high a rate of interest and too long a period for the loan offered. It is said the situation is unpleasantly complicated by the activity of our acting secretary of state, Norman H. Davis, who is reputed to have made a fortune in Havana under the regime of Gomez, one of the claimants to the presidency.

Discord between the British and French over the question of German reparations is further revealed by the downfall of the German ministry in Paris. A large majority of the chamber of deputies took its with the popular belief that Premier Leygues and his colleagues were too much under the influence of the British cabinet, which wishes that a reparations total be named far below what the French people have been led to expect. Because Leygues refused to outline his foreign policy before the meeting with Lloyd George, which was set for this week, the chamber declined to give him a vote of confidence and he and his fellows resigned. It was said in Paris the adverse vote was due partly to the action of the American government in withdrawing from the council of ambassadors, many deputies regarding this as showing America's lack of confidence in the French government.

Tschitcher, foreign minister of soviet Russia, has defied the League of Nations to send an international army to the plebeian region of Lithuania, and in a note to the Polish government has warned the allies that the soviet armies will attack any such force. He asserts the Vilna affair is not of concern to Poland and Lithuania alone, but that Russia also is vitally interested.

The Germans are tremendously excited concerning another proposed plebiscite, that in the coal region of Silesia, for they have convinced themselves that Poland is planning to seize that territory before the vote is held. It is said in Berlin that an army of 175,000 Poles has been concentrated near the Silesian border and at Posen for this purpose. The Poles certainly are getting ready for action, and are reorganizing their armies along French lines, but ostensibly they are preparing to meet the expected offensive of the Reds.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha has administered a severe blow to the Greeks in Asia Minor. Concentrating heavy forces secretly, he made a surprise attack on the Smyrna front, breaking through the Greek lines in three places and so threatening an encirclement that the Greeks were forced to retire toward the coast. The Turks captured several towns as well as many prisoners, and it looks as if they might bottle the Greeks up in Smyrna.

King Constantine thinks the French are carrying on a campaign to force the revision of the treaty of Sevres and to compel the Greeks to get out of the Smyrna region—and it is likely he is correct in his belief. He announced last week that he would not abdicate even if the allied nations should refuse to recognize him as the ruler of Greece.

Austria's distressful condition is growing worse daily, if that is possible. A few days ago it was reported that the government had notified the allied nations that it was ready to quit and turn over the country to the League of Nations to manage. The economic and political situation there seems hopeless. Nearly everyone has quit work, and a general strike has been ordered to begin Thursday of this week. Workmen declare they will remain idle until profiteering ceases, and demand that the deduction of the income tax from their pay envelopes stop until the capital law is put in force. The government has made drastic regulations against profiteering, but these often are disregarded and extortionate prices are asked for all commodities not under government control. The communists, of course, are ready to take advantage of the situation and start more trouble.

The treaty of Chicago, the pact which brings peace to the warring factions in baseball, was adopted and signed last week, and Judge Landis is now the supreme ruler of the national game. The magnates of the various leagues agreed to give him full power when they incorporated in the document a clause reading thus: "In case conduct detrimental to baseball is charged, alleged or suspected, the commissioner (Landis) shall have jurisdiction to investigate and determine the facts; upon such determination he may take such preventive, remedial or punitive action as he deems appropriate, against any party hereto, any minor league club connected with the National association, or any individual, as the case may be."

### Southwest News From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

(Western Newspaper Union News Service.)

The new east side school at Clovis, N. M., to be known as the Eugene Field building, has been opened and will have a capacity of 650 pupils. It costs the New Mexico mounted police force more than \$200 for every arrest that is made, according to figures just made public for the recent biennial period.

Intercession of the Mexican government failed to cause the Arizona State Board of Pardons and Paroles to commute to life imprisonment the sentence of Pedro Dominguez.

The conviction of Jacob A. Lindsey on the charge of bigamy in the District Court in McKinley county, New Mexico, has been affirmed by the Supreme Court.

S. J. Davis, Jr., of San Miguel county, New Mexico, left for Washington with the vote of the New Mexico presidential electors, cast for Harding and Coolidge.

The oil situation in Union county, New Mexico, which for some time has been dormant, again looks brighter and all of the wells will be drilling in the next sixty days.

The New Mexico Automobile Show, the second event of the kind to be held in Santa Fe, will be held March 3, 4 and 5. All dealers have taken up the proposition enthusiastically and many outsiders will participate.

Albert H. Clancy, representative of the district of Santa Fe, Guadalupe and Torrance, is the speaker of the New Mexico House. The Republican caucus supported his candidacy, 18 to 14.

The Copper Belt Silver and Copper Mining Company at Magdalena, N. M., reports another rich silver ore strike in the drift at the 145-foot level, some of the ore carrying as much as 1,500 ounces of silver to the ton.

Sixty splendid cavalry horses, accompanied by twenty-three officers, arrived at the New Mexico Military Institute, which means that the long expected cavalry unit is now a reality. Complete equipment came with the horses.

Proposed legislation in Arizona is expected to include five measures for uniform warehouse receipts, bills of lading, proof of statutes, foreign deposit and vital statistics. An act to curb "rent profiteers" is advocated by Governor Campbell.

Sweeping changes are sought in New Mexico's taxation and assessment system, centralizing it in a commission of three members. Abolition of State Corporation Commission, the mounted police force and the State Insurance commission also advocated. Land office may be reorganized under commission of three.

The development work on the new irrigation project at the Storrs dam near Las Vegas, N. M., is progressing rapidly and the extra ten feet on the dam will soon be completed. The increase in the height of the dam will increase the storage capacity to 37,000 acre feet and the engineers in charge expect to have all the work completed in time to catch the spring rains.

Following filing of a suit by J. H. Goll, giving his residence as Ohio, naming the Consolidated Arizona Smelting Company of Humboldt, Ariz., as defendant, and asking appointment of a receiver, it was announced that upon application of F. S. Viele, a receiver for the company had been named by the United States District Court at Tucson. G. M. Colvocoresses, general manager of the company, was appointed receiver.

A large posse of peace officers and armed citizens followed Mike Burns, an Apache Indian, noted in Arizona as a trailer, and a pack of bloodhounds from the state penitentiary in pursuit of two Mexican bandits who killed Ernest Hiltz and C. M. Spangler and probably fatally wounded H. C. Baber at Tempe, Ariz., after robbing Baber's store.

Arizona's three members of the electoral college met in the office of Governor Campbell and voted for Warren G. Harding for President and Calvin Coolidge for vice president. Frank R. Stewart, Phoenix, was delegated to deliver a certificate of the vote to the presiding officer of the United States Senate on or before the fourth Monday in January.

Almost complete destruction to the blacksmith shop, the tool sharpening room and adjoining buildings of Live Oak group of the Inspiration Mining Company near Douglas, Ariz., occurred when flames burst out in the tool sharpening room and spread to the other buildings. It is thought that the fire started from oil tanks feeding the machinery of the room which was ignited from one of the furnaces.

In a conference at Phoenix, Ariz., with the State Corporation Commission, representatives of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads refused to make a rate on cotton seed shipments equivalent to the one on grain, but offered a temporary rate 25 per cent higher than the grain rate.

The Prescott post of the American Legion at a meeting resolved to question the post at El Paso, Texas, whether it was true, as stated in a newspaper article, that 250 members had been made members of the police reserve of El Paso.

### Better Roads BETTER TO BUILD UP ROADS

Continuous Care Has Been Largely Responsible for Improved Highway in Maryland.

It is better to build a cheap road and keep it in good condition by adequate maintenance than to build the most expensive highway and permit it to deteriorate for want of care, say officials of the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Maryland, which has one of the finest systems of improved highways in the United States, is not the best,



Patching a Macadamized Road in Maryland.

has consistently followed this practice. The originally improved roads in Maryland were comparatively inexpensive, costing only what the taxpayers were willing to pay for. The first few years the average cost was less than \$10,000 a mile. In some cases the work entailed considerable grading and drainage, but in others it amounted simply to resurfacing the old turnpikes, which had already been graded and drained.

Generally the roads built at that time were macadam, 12 feet wide and six inches thick. Soon the width was increased to 14 feet. Later many were widened still farther, some very successfully, by adding concrete shoulders on each side of the existing macadam. This method of improving roads makes it possible for traffic to continue unimpeded on the road while the work is going on.

The macadam roads in Maryland have given very good satisfaction, but continuous care has been largely responsible for their success. The roads are constantly patrolled and no hole of any size is allowed to go unrepaiied. Material for patching is kept at convenient points along the road for the use of the patrolman. From a relatively small investment in an admittedly low-type road it builds up a better one from year to year, always conserving the bulk of the previous investment.

### KEEP ROADS OPEN IN WINTER

Federal Highway Commission Suggests That Special Efforts Be Made by State Officials

It is suggested by the federal highway council that state and county highway departments make a special effort to keep the roads clear of snow during the winter months and thus prevent of uninterrupted traffic. The transportation of certain commodities is really more important during the winter than in summer and it is then that the roads are more difficult to pass over. Then, too, the rural mail must be carried whether roads are good or bad, and when the snow drifts several feet deep over the roads the life of the rural mail-carrier is anything but pleasant. As the snow melts it transforms many roads into a mire that is almost impassable. On any road, no matter how good, there is a tendency for the melting snow to soften the subgrade and loosen the base under the wearing surface, thus causing great damage to the road.

Road officials could do nothing better than to keep their equipment busy in the winter removing the snow from the road surfaces. It is one form of maintenance work that is very essential in lengthening the life and usefulness of the highways.

### BENEFIT TO SUBURBAN LAND

One Advantage of Road Improvement Would Be to Open Up Territory for Homesteads.

Another change in the use of land which may result from road improvement, especially near towns and cities, is to make it available for suburban development. This might better be termed increasing the home value of the land, and it will be found to apply where the land is retained for its original uses as well as where, following road improvement, it is utilized so as to yield a higher return on agricultural products. The home value of land is one to be given consideration.

### Roadside Tree Planting.

Roadside tree planting had best not be in formal rows, but in groups or as a specimen tree at irregular intervals. Street trees should be in straight rows of the same species for ten or twelve blocks.

### Profit in Winter Eggs.

The profit is made on winter eggs. Almost any hen will lay in the spring, but prices are usually lowest then, and it requires a good many eggs to pay a hen's keep in these days of the high cost of living.

### ABLE TO DO HER WORK

After Long Suffering Mrs. Siefert Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Pottsville, Pa.—"I suffered with female trouble for four or five years and was very irregular. I was not fit to do my work at times and took medicine from a doctor and got no benefit. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the newspapers and took it and got all right. I gained twenty pounds or more and am now able to do my work. I recommend the Vegetable Compound to my friends and you may use these facts as a testimonial." Mrs. SALAH SIEFERT, 215 W. Fourth Street, Pottsville, Pa.

The everyday life of many housewives is a continual struggle with weakness and pain. There is nothing more wearing than the ceaseless round of household duties and they become doubly hard when some female trouble makes every bone and muscle ache, and nerves all on edge.

If you are one of these women do not suffer for four or five years as Mrs. Siefert did, but profit by her experience and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

### KREMOLA

THEIR USE. "Courtroom doors ought to be made open to a liberal state." "Why so?" "Because they are intended to be open to conviction."

Advertisement for Grove's Bromo Quinine tablets. The text describes it as the genuine and only laxative bromo quinine tablets. It mentions that it is the first and original Cold and Grip tablet, the merit of which is recognized by all civilized nations. It also states to be careful to avoid imitations and to be sure its Bromo Quinine. The advertisement includes the E. M. Siron logo and the signature 'The genuine bears this signature'.

### 16799 DIED

In New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

### GOLD MEDAL HADLEM OIL

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's national remedy since 1868. All druggists, three also. Clearwood. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box.



### Vaseline Carbolated

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc. A necessity where there are children.

AMOLD SUBSTITUTES CHESTERWOOD MFG. CO. State Street New York

### Cuticura Soap SHAVES Without Mug

W. N. U. DENVER, NO. 4-1921.

# Carrizozo News

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, \$2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (also in all furnished upon request)  
No. 1001 on Second (Main) Street at the Post-Office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

JNO. A. MALEY - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, JAN. 28, 1921

## Income Tax in a Nut-Shell

**WHO**—Single persons who had net income of \$1,000 or more for the year 1920.

**Married couples** who had net income of \$2,000 or more.

**WHEN**—March 15, 1921, is final date for filing returns and making first payments.

**WHERE**—Collector of Internal Revenue for district in which the person resides.

**HOW**—Full directions on form 1049A and Form 1040; also the law and regulations.

**WHAT**—Four per cent normal tax on taxable income up to Eight per cent normal tax on balance of taxable income. Surtax, from 1 per cent to 65 per cent on net incomes over \$5,000.

## Some Sound Advice

T. O. Edwards, auditor of the Southern Pacific Company, issues a word of warning to the thousands of employes on the Pacific System against putting their savings into purely speculative ventures. This warning was prompted by recent discovery that a number of employes had lost Liberty Bond savings and other "nest eggs" through the misrepresentation of artful and unscrupulous promoters.

"No matter how attractive the proposition may seem to be on the surface," says the Southern Pacific's financial authority, "employes before investing their savings should consult with some responsible banker in their community, who will gladly give them frank and unbiased advice, whether they are a patron of the bank or not. There are many opportunities for sound and profitable investments at the present time, but there are also attempts being made every day to defraud the public and impose upon the credulous."

It has been remarked that boys' morals are contaminated by going to the "movies" and reading accounts in the daily papers of hold-ups, robberies, etc. This is not true, as few boys are interested in reading daily papers. If they were, the headings alone would convince them that lawlessness is the straight path to a prison cell. For instance, a few headings in yesterday's paper: "A P. O. robber caught in Arizona," "A boy threatened with lynching," "Mistaken for a burglar and shot dead." These headings should have a deterring, instead of an encouraging effect on most boys. The "movies"—well, that would make another story.

## Farm Wages have More than Doubled in Past 10 Years

Washington, Jan. 20.—Wages of hired men on farms have more than doubled in the last ten years, tripled in the last twenty years and were more than four times higher last year than they were in 1879. These changes are shown by statistics of the department of agriculture.

Wages paid by the month, without board, averaged \$64.95 for the country as a whole last year, ten years ago they averaged \$17.50 and in 1879 they were \$10.42.

Day labor at harvest time last year averaged \$1.36 without board and at other times harvest wages were \$1.00. Ten years ago harvest time labor was paid \$1.00 and at other times harvest time labor was paid \$0.75. In 1879 harvest time day

labor was paid \$1.75 and non-harvest time labor \$1 cents a day. California and Nevada farmers paid their labor the highest prices for labor without board, the average in those states last year having been \$107 a month. The lowest average was in Mississippi where \$41 was paid. The average for the country as a whole was \$64.95, the northern Atlantic states averaged \$75.54, the south Atlantic \$60.56, the northeast central states \$70.09, the northwest central states \$79.79, the south central states \$51.94 and the far western states \$39.43.

For harvest time labor without board North Dakota paid the highest rate with \$7.40 cents a day, while at other than harvest time South Dakota paid the highest rate with \$5.90 cents a day.

## The Second Week at the Capitol

The following letter has been received from Senator Brickley, relating to proposed laws before the legislature:

At the close of the second week of the Legislature, 49 bills have been introduced into the Senate and 9 Resolutions; in the house, 38 bills and 5 Resolutions. Several Constitutional Amendments will be offered to the people to vote on at the proper time.

Most all the recommendations of Governor Mechem have now been offered to one house or the other in the form of bills or resolutions. Amendments or proposed amendments to the Constitution take the form of Resolutions. There is a division of opinion over the matter of the Primary Law and the creation of a Commission to take charge of the Land Office. Thus far, the redistricting matter has not come up.

An effort will be made to hold back all legislation affecting education until the Committee from the Educational Association can be heard and then introduce the bills as coming from the Educational Committee. This plan is favored by those who want to see some legislation on this matter go through.

Another matter on which there will be a division of opinion is

the matter of the short ballot. Senate Bill No. 41, introduced by myself, entitled an Act to Prohibit Gambling in the State of New Mexico, will undoubtedly pass the Senate as O. L. Phillips, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, added his name to it. Phillips is a Republican. The Governor has reviewed the bill and I am told it meets with his approval. He suggested a couple of minor changes that will be attended to in Committee. The following attorneys and judges have reviewed the bill and assisted to get it in shape, Hudspeth, Burkhardt, Brice, Bratton, Wright, Grantham, Phillips and Gov. Mechem.

We are marking time on the Game Commission Bill until Kelley and other members of the Game Protective Association can get here.

Lutz and Gray are both active in the House and each has introduced bills. Crenshaw of Tularosa is active on the important House Finance Committee. We confirmed in the Senate the appointment of Ulrick to the Tax Commission today.

Teachers should not construe my suggestion that you do not contribute to the Legislative campaign fund to mean that you do not pay your dues to the Educational Association. The Association is a very good thing and all teachers should belong and all should pay their dues promptly.

Notice for Publication  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
United States Land Office  
Carroll, N. M., Dec. 24, 1920  
Notice is hereby given that James R. York, of Ancho, N. M., who, on November 26, 1919, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 00792, for W 1/4, S 1/4 W 1/4, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Sec. 1, T 14 N 34, R 14 W 1/4, Lot 1, 2, Section 16, Township 14 N, Range 12 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land, above described, before me at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 20th day Jan. 1921.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
R. E. Williams, Tom Wilson, E. T. Lewis  
John A. Baker, N. M. J. C. Johnson, of Carrizozo, N. M.  
Dag 24—Jan 25  
EMMETT PATTON,  
Register.

**R. L. Ransom**  
Plasterer & Contractor  
Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work  
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO



**Good Bread is Best Food**  
our bread is praised and appreciated. We begin by using first class ingredients. These are put together in a way learned by long experience. The conditions of mixing, baking and delivery are most sanitary. The result is pure and wholesome bread, biscuits, cake and pastry.

**Pure Food Bakery** C. H. HAINES PROPRIETOR

**BUILDERS' SUPPLIES**  
We are fully equipped to handle your needs in  
**LUMBER**  
Lath, Shingles, Roofing, Paints, and Glass,  
Everything for the Builder  
**Foxworth-Galbraith**  
CARRIZOZO Lumber Co. NEW MEX.

**Why Don't Those Hens Lay?**  
We Have the Food that  
WILL Do the Business  
We Sell Flour, Meal, Corn, Chops, Shorts, Bran,  
Hay and a full line of  
**Purina Mill Feeds**  
PHONE 140  
Transfer and Storage Co.

## M. E. Missionary Society

The Missionary Society will meet at the home of Mrs. B. F. Stimmell Tuesday afternoon, February 1st, at 2:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired. Business and a social afternoon.

The first Tuesday in January the ladies met at the home of Mrs. Geo. Barber. There was a good attendance and some visitors. The meeting was an important one, the election of officers taking place for the coming year. Refreshments were served and an unusual silver offering was made.

On Tuesday, Jan. 18 the society met at the home of Mrs. Hooper, there were twenty ladies present. The lesson for the afternoon was "Tampa." Mrs. Cole had charge of the program, and the different topics for discussion were taken by other members, which proved very interesting. Then came the installation of officers, Mrs. Barber reading the impressive service. The officers are as follows: President, Mrs. C. A. Hooper; first vice president, Mrs. W. W. McLean; sec'y, Mrs. W. J. Fetter; corresponding sec'y and publicity work, Mrs. E. E. Cole; treasurer, Mrs. K. E. Lemow; sup't. of children's work, Mrs. A. L. Channell; sup't. of mission study, Mrs. C. C. Higbee; sup't. of social service, Mrs. T. E. Collier; committee on social work, Mrs. S. L. Squire and Mrs. B. F. Stimmell. At the close of the meeting the hostess served refreshments.

**In Memoriam**  
**MARY BOALEN**  
An angel came to pluck a flower,  
He plucked the fairest one,  
And here it was on sunny wings,  
To the arms of God's dear son.  
God only loaned us earthly things—  
The jewel was his own—  
A few short months He let her stay,  
And then He took her home.  
Heaven is nearer than ever before—  
Seems only out of sight—  
When we see again the darling babe  
"Will be in heaven's light."  
O, we sadly miss the little one,  
We miss the baby smile—  
Farewell, sweet child, farewell,  
But only for a while.  
We knew not why God took her away,  
To that celestial land;  
We only know His will is best—  
Sometimes, perhaps, we'll understand.  
When we have reached that happy land  
Where we shall dwell for aye,  
The God we love, the God we serve  
Shall wipe all tears away.  
We'll never know a sadness there,  
All sorrow, too, shall flee,  
With other loved ones round the Throne,  
Will be sweet Reunion.  
She'll meet me at the portals,  
Where angels come and go,  
Be faithful, oh, be faithful,  
It won't be long, you know,  
Mae L. S. Spurr.

**A Worthy Friendship**  
THE SERVICE OF THIS BANK is not ruled by custom. This institution is endeavoring to be more than a Depository for the funds of the people of this section. It has a friendship that is worth cultivating, because it is prompted by warmer motives than mere profits, and is available to those with small accounts just as easily as it is to those with large ones.  
Let us help you in your financial problems.  
**Stockmens State Bank, CORONA, N. M.**  
Member Federal Reserve System

**ROLLAND BROS' PHARMACY**  
**PREScriptions**  
Carefully Compounded  
Magazines, Stationery, Smokers' Supplies  
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Special Facilities  
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.  
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F. W. GURNEY, Manager.  
Table Supplied with the Best  
the market affords.

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All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities  
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
We carry in stock—  
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Horlicks's Malted Milk  
Eagle Brand Milk  
Nursing Bottles  
Toys, Etc., Etc.,  
Our prices are reasonable  
**The Titsworth Company, Inc.**  
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

School Notes

This is the examination week and everybody is happy (?)

Found on the blackboard in Miss Fordon's room—"Pep is the power that keeps you on the job and never lets you loaf or quit."

The Camp Fire Girls had a council meeting at the home of their guardians last Saturday evening. The first part of their meeting was spent in study and drill work for the first ceremonial to be given early in February.

The schools will celebrate the birthdays of Washington and Lincoln, jointly, on February 22. The glory of these two great Americans is brightening instead of dimming.

The following books were added to the high school library during the last two months. Note the names of these books and you will see that they are all of high quality.

It is a rule of the high school that the monthly examination questions for the high school are to be prepared by the various teachers and submitted to the superintendent.

The advantage of this was seen very recently. A mother came to the office with a long and apparently good complaint against one of the teachers of the high school.

W. A. Hawkins, whose postoffice and business address is 409 E. P. & S. W. Bldg., El Paso, Texas, is attorney for the plaintiffs.

the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln.

Fred Pfingsten and El Paso & Rock Island Railway Company, Plaintiffs,

Maria E. Fritz, unknown heirs of Emil Fritz, deceased, and unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises described, in the complaint in this action, Defendants.

Notice of Pendency of Suit

The Defendants above named are notified that the Plaintiffs above named have commenced suit against you in the above styled court and cause, the general objects of which are to reform and correct a certain warranty deed given by Emil Fritz and the Defendant, Maria E. Fritz, to the Plaintiff, Fred Pfingsten, under date of October 9th, 1913, so that the description in said deed will read as follows, to-wit:

The following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Lincoln county, New Mexico, to-wit: "Beginning at a point 945 feet East of the Northwest corner of the Southwest Quarter of Section 12; thence North 27 degrees 50 mins. East 1462 feet to the dividing line between the Northwest Quarter and the Southwest Quarter of said Section 12; thence North 45 degrees West 453 feet to the line between the East Half and the West Half of the Northwest Quarter of said Section 12; thence North along said line to the Northwest corner of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of said Section 12; thence East to the Northeast corner of said Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Thence South to the Southeast corner of the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 12; thence West to the place of beginning, containing eighty acres, more or less. Also the Northwest Quarter and the South Half of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 12. Also the Northeast Quarter of Section 13, and the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 13; all in Township 10 South, Range 16 East of N. M. P. M.

All that part or portion of the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 12, Township 10 South, Range 16 East, N. M. P. M., not heretofore conveyed to Fred Pfingsten by deed bearing date of October 9th, 1913, and recorded in Book A-3 of deeds on page 250, Records of Lincoln county, New Mexico, the same being a triangular parcel of land in the Northwest corner of said Northeast Quarter of Southwest Quarter of said Section 12."

Which description was incorrectly stated in said deed in the particulars wherein the above description differs from the description stated in said deed, which error was due to a mutual mistake in the preparation of said deed; and to establish, quiet, and set at rest forever, the title of the Plaintiff, El Paso & Rock Island Railway Company in fee simple, in and to the real estate and property above described, and to forever bar and estop the Defendants from having or claiming any right, title or interest in and to the said property, and for such other and further relief as may be equitable and proper, and the defendants are further notified that unless you enter your appearance herein on or before the 20th day of February, 1921, default judgment will be rendered against you, and the relief prayed for by the Plaintiffs, granted and decreed.

W. A. Hawkins, whose postoffice and business address is 409 E. P. & S. W. Bldg., El Paso, Texas, is attorney for the plaintiffs.

RALPH M. TREAT, Clerk of said Court. By L. L. Miller, Deputy. Jan. 21 - Feb 11

Notice for Publication DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, December 10, 1920

Notice is hereby given that Clara H. Bradley, of Jicarilla, New Mexico, who, on November 14, 1919, made original homestead entry, No. 04008, for 8 1/2 Sections 8, and who, on September 13, 1920, made additional homestead entry, No. 05800, for 8 1/2, Township 8 N., Range 12 E. N.M.P. Meritine, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish title to the land above described, being 8 1/2 Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 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799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

The Lincoln State Bank, of Carrizozo, N. M., a corporation, Plaintiff,

G. C. Clements, Defendant

District Court for Lincoln County, New Mexico.

No. 3083 Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the District Court for Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, on the 23rd day of December, 1920, in the above entitled action, wherein The Lincoln State Bank of Carrizozo, N. M., a corporation, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree against G. C. Clements the above named defendant, of order of sale and foreclosure of a certain chattel mortgage mentioned in said decree, and in which said decree the undersigned was appointed Commissioner to sell the mortgaged personal property described in said chattel mortgage and hereinafter described as follows, to-wit:

73 Cows three years old and up, 25 Two year old Heifers, 20 One year old Heifers, 7 One year old Steers, and up; Also all other cattle owned by the said defendant G. C. Clements, wherever located or found. All of the above mentioned cattle are branded G C on left side, ear mark 25 or branded G C on right side, ear marked 25 and are ranging on the ranch of the said G. C. Clements, situate about four miles north-west of the town of Corona, county and state aforesaid, and also ranging in Lincoln and adjoining counties.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the Twenty-ninth day of January, A. D. 1921, at twelve o'clock noon, of that day, at the Corral on the ranch of the said G. C. Clements, situate about four miles north-west from the town of Corona, in said Lincoln County, I will in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's judgment and decree, interest, costs of sale and court costs, to the highest and best bidder for cash.

There will be due plaintiff from defendant on said day of sale, the sum of \$1,000.00, (one thousand four hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixty-four cents) together with costs of gathering said cattle, costs of sale and court costs.

Carrizozo, New Mexico, December, 27, 1920.

EDWARD HARRIS, Commissioner.

Amended Lists 625, 625 Suppl and 3-1921

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 159.88 acres, within the Lincoln National Forest, New Mexico, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the Homestead Laws of the United States, and the act of June 11, 1909 (34 Stat., 233), as amended, in accordance with the order of the United States Land Office at Roswell, N. M., on April 6, 1921. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1900, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the application of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to April 6, 1921, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. A tract of 159.88 acres within unsurveyed, but which may be when surveyed, Secs. 25 and 26, T. 9 S., R. 12 E., and Sec. 31, T. 9 S., R. 13 E., N. M. P. M., described as H. S. No. 245. The above lands are restored to enable Harrison B. Keller of Nogal, N. M., to amend his Homestead Entries 0410 and 02821, Roswell series, to secure the tract in its proper entry. Amended Lists 625, 625 Suppl and 3-1921.

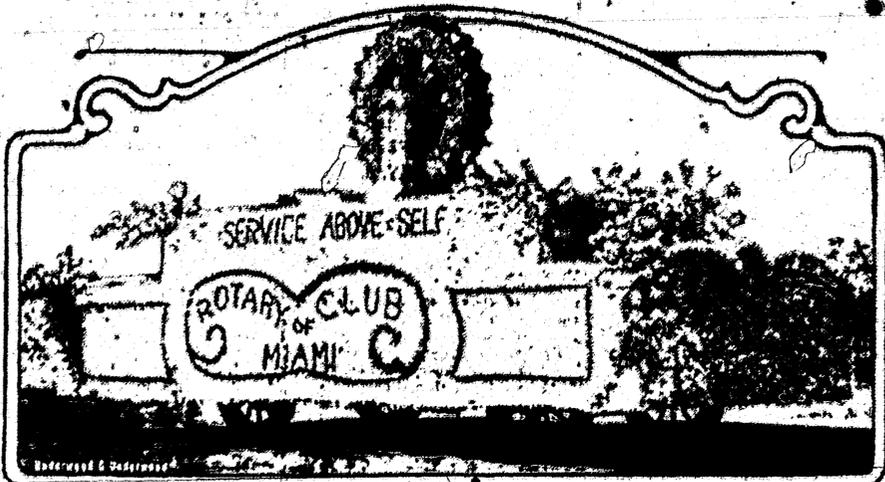
G. M. BRUCE, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office.

January 10, 1921.

Notice for Publication DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, December 10, 1920

Notice is hereby given that Clara H. Bradley, of Jicarilla, New Mexico, who, on November 14, 1919, made original homestead entry, No. 04008, for 8 1/2 Sections 8, and who, on September 13, 1920, made additional homestead entry, No. 05800, for 8 1/2, Township 8 N., Range 12 E. N.M.P. Meritine, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish title to the land above described, being 8 1/2 Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781,

### Feature of the Flower Parade at Miami



This beautiful float of the Rotary club was one of the notable features of the recent flower parade in Miami, Fla.

## DOG OF DESTINY TRAPS FUGITIVE

### Thrice Barred on Trains, Proves Telltale Clue to Couple Charged With Swindling.

### HONEYMOON IS INTERRUPTED

#### Description of Bull Dog Leads to Apprehension of Couple Wanted in Los Angeles—Conductors Who Ejected Pup Remember.

Chicago.—"Toodles" is our hero's name and he's a black-and-white bull dog. Heady—action—camera!

Our first reel disclosed our hero encoined on the lap of a beautiful, dark young woman who rides in a Los Angeles-San Diego railroad train. Beside her sits a depper young man. Both are nervous. Our hero is peaceful. Enter the conductor:

"Hey, no dogs allowed in passenger cars! Have to put him up ahead in the baggage car."

Cries of dismay from the girl. Ineffectual protest from the man. Our hero vanishes "up front."

Second reel (two weeks later)—Same couple and our hero are riding on a train en route from San Juan, Lower California, to Denver. Enter second conductor:

"No kloodles in this car, ma'am. Have to push him into the baggage."

More anguished protests from fair owner, to no avail. Hero makes acquaintance with second trunk smasher.

The Mysterious Stranger. Close-up—Gentleman in rubber-heeled shoes and usual bowler hat interviews first conductor through smoked glasses. Pushing aside his green whiskers, whispers to conductor:

"K're betcha, I'd know 'em in a minute."

### Says Water Drinking Shortened Pilgrims' Lives

Boston.—"Much drinking of water," was considered by Gov. William Bradford of Plymouth a contributory cause of the ravages of disease and the shortness of life that afflicted the Pilgrims in the early days. Horace H. Morse, head of the historical department at Mount Vernon school, told the Bostonian society.

He also pointed out as a fact of curious historic interest that Pastor John Robinson, who led the Pilgrims into Holland had not accompanied them to New England, had taken refuge on one-half a case of beer a month and one hoghead of wine every three months because he held a professorship in the University of Leyden.

## CAN'T HELP STEALING

### Youth Says He Can't Sleep Unless He Pulls One Job.

#### Dates His Career as a Burglar to the Time He Was Hurt When Seven Years of Age.

Chicago.—Mac Walter McGrath, twenty, Joliet, Ill., who says he has been a burglar since he was seven years old; that he cannot sleep at night unless he "pulls one job," is under arrest at the Chicago avenue station. He confessed 35 burglaries in Chicago within five weeks. He begged the police to have an operation performed on his head to cure his criminal tendencies.

McGrath was captured while trying to dispose of \$1,000 worth of jewelry stolen in a North Clark street apartment. The property had been pawned at a pawnshop in the same building.

thousand. They made lots of fuss, but I seen my duty an' done it." Business of gum-shoe gent scribbling in notebook.

Reel three—Young couple and Toodles in train travelling east from Denver to Chicago. Enter third conductor:

"What the—Gotta put that snipe in the baggage car, mister. Now, I don't care if y' are noolweds."

More feminine protests. All in vain. Second close-up—Gum-dogged gent wearing purple whiskers interviews second and third conductor. Harks twice as scent warns.

Reel four—Couple seated at Christmas table with second man and elderly woman. Hero persistently gnawing bone on floor. All register surprise as there is knock at door. Enter gent whose attire is featured by articles and pink diamonds. Displays star on which is graven Pinkerton Detective Agency and reads:

"Franklin B. MacCarthy and Mrs. MacCarthy—Here's \$1,950—all we have left. I am just as much to blame. Take me, too."

Toodles—Wart! Wart! MacCarthy is the son of the late Franklin Justin MacCarthy, at one time president of the United Transit and Erie Steamship company of New York and later an official of the Columbia Postal Supply company of Silver Creek, N. Y., which makes stamp cancellation machines for post offices.

The honeymooning MacCarthys were arrested in the home of Harry A. Towris, sales manager for the "Betts Machine company of Chicago, who was entertaining them and Mrs. MacCarthy, Sr., unaware that the young persons were wanted in the West.

## HEIRESS IS BESIEGED

### Proposals of Marriage Pour in on "Cinderella of Roxbury"

#### Many Are Anxious to Help Former Maid Disposed of Her Inheritance of \$250,000.

Boston.—Proposals of marriage from all sections of the country have been pouring in on Miss Agnes Jane McNevin, who now resides in the great house which is a part of the \$250,000 awarded to her from the estate of her former mistress, Mrs. Mary C. McKnight.

Charitable organizations and other systems for parting her from portions of her new estate have also besieged Miss McNevin in efforts to help her spend her fortune.

While Miss McNevin says she expects to do some good with the money bequeathed her by Mrs. McKnight, she said that she does not need the assistance of outsiders to work out her plans.

The "Cinderella of Roxbury," as Miss McNevin is known by those living in the locality, learned of her bequest several months ago and she is now residing in the house where she served her benefactor as maid for 25 years.

Twenty-five years ago she came to the door of the house which is now her own home, seeking the position of maid. A gruff appearing butler made known her request and conducted the girl into the presence of the late Mrs. McKnight, who showed her liking by promptly engaging her.

The young woman did her work faithfully and gradually accepted additional responsibilities until she finally became manager of the household. Upon the death of Mrs. McKnight she was "remembered" by her

Fay Hiles Green MacCarthy, wanted in Los Angeles for swindling Hellman Commercial Trust and Savings bank out of \$3,600. Yep. That's them! Circular said "watch for dark lady and black-and-white bull dog. Oosters, do your duty."

Makes Confession. MacCarthy—I confess. I compelled my wife to withdraw phony deposits that were made at Guarantee Trust and Savings in her name when I was statement clerk at Hellman's. Take me back, I'll make restitution.

Mrs. MacCarthy—Here's \$1,950—all we have left. I am just as much to blame. Take me, too.

Toodles—Wart! Wart! MacCarthy is the son of the late Franklin Justin MacCarthy, at one time president of the United Transit and Erie Steamship company of New York and later an official of the Columbia Postal Supply company of Silver Creek, N. Y., which makes stamp cancellation machines for post offices.

The honeymooning MacCarthys were arrested in the home of Harry A. Towris, sales manager for the "Betts Machine company of Chicago, who was entertaining them and Mrs. MacCarthy, Sr., unaware that the young persons were wanted in the West.

St. Louis Judge Objects to Confidential Conversation of Speeder Defendant.

St. Louis.—Charles W. de Lary, a real estate dealer, appeared in police court to answer to a charge of speeding, and attempted to whisper to Judge Mix, but the judge whispered back at him in a staccato voice: "430 and costs."

A policeman had testified that De Lary was going 50 miles an hour. Then De Lary leaned forward and whispered something which Judge Mix could not understand. The judge's repeated requests that De Lary talk louder had no effect, and finally the judge asserted "there would be no whispering in his court" and assessed the fine.

De Lary explained later that he did not like to hurt the feelings of the policeman by contradicting him.

Seeks Seaplane to Fly From Dock. Washington.—The Navy department has inaugurated a competition for aircraft designers in an effort to obtain an airplane not only capable of starting from the deck of a ship, but also equipped to land in the water.

Rising to an Emergency. Cincinnati.—After fireman had carried Lillian Barker, aged ten, ill of diphtheria, from a burning room, the little girl asked them to save her doll. The firemen responded nobly.

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## WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS



### Where U. S. and British Colonies Agree



No steps have been taken by the British dominions to present the proposal to the State department. This is partly due to the brief tenure of the present administration. The only exchanges have been with Republican senators known to be in close sympathy with the Harding administration.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee and Republican leader of the senate, in a speech several weeks ago in Philadelphia, made one brief reference to the Japanese problem. The paragraph suggested a union of the British dominions with the United States in dealing with Japanese immigration and land ownership, a copy of which Mr. Lodge said, found its way into the British embassy here in an astonishingly short time. Because of the Anglo-Japanese alliance there was nothing official which the embassy could do.

But a high official of the government of Australia did not feel so hampered. Moreover, he knew well that the feeling in New Zealand and Canada was precisely similar to that in Australia and the United States. So he wrote to Mr. Lodge commending the suggestion of a league of English speaking nations whose boundaries touch the Pacific.

Mr. Lodge has since consulted many of his colleagues and approval of his idea has been very general.

WASHINGTON.—Informal negotiations have been going on for some time looking to a working agreement between the United States and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa to maintain a united front against Japanese immigration. These four British dominions are confronted with much the same problem as the California laws. It is admitted that among the problems discussed at the conference was the possibility of carrying out the idea that the five powerful countries' interests in excluding Japanese nationals are identical.

Allied With Japan. The fact that Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa are supposed to be included with Great Britain in an alliance with Japan adds interest to the recent messages from London quoting Premier Lloyd George as saying the alliance with Japan would not be renewed until the colonies were consulted.

### Women Demand the End of Militarism

WOMEN demand an end of militarism and world disarmament. Holding an unheralded demonstration at the monument of Benjamin Franklin, Mrs. Robert M. La Follette, wife of the Wisconsin senator; Mrs. Charles Edward Russell, wife of the Socialist writer, and others, delivered addresses, calling specifically for wholesale reductions in the appropriations for the United States army and navy, and for disarmament generally.



The meeting was held under the auspices of the Woman's Peace society, and the speakers said they were voicing the sentiment of the women of the country. The keynote of the meeting was to urge the Brooks resolution, now pending in the house, calling for a conference of the nations in Washington to lay plans for disarmament.

Mrs. La Follette declared the women of the country would use their votes to defeat senators and representatives who stand for militarism and war.

"We women have the power," she said. "On the issue of militarism we hold the balance of power. We have the ballot. We are going to watch congress. We vow to use our votes to elect senators and representatives who stand for peace and disarmament."

Alleging that out of every \$100 spent by the national government \$52 is used for war, Mrs. Russell declared it is "criminal lunacy to appropriate 52 per cent of the total revenues for destructive purposes and only 8 per cent for all constructive purposes."

### Tax Revision Likely in Next Congress



ed from taxation under existing laws. 5.—New excise taxes and increases in the tax on such articles as tobacco.

There will be no refunding operations during the coming year. Congress will make evident its determination that the burden of the war debt shall be passed along to future generations and that the floating debt shall not be retired from the proceeds of taxation as rapidly as contemplated by the Treasury department, simply by keeping the revenues down to so low a point that no funds will be available for this purpose.

Extensive refunding operations will be undertaken in 1923, when the Victory notes mature, the Republican program being to extend the payment of the war debt over a period of from 40 to 60 years instead of paying it up in 25 years as contemplated by the Treasury department.

The belief that the substitute for the excess profits tax will be a flat tax on net earnings of corporations plus a moderate tax on undistributed earnings is gaining strength among influential members of the committee.

SENTIMENT in the house ways and means committee following recent hearings indicates the following line of action on tax revision in the next congress:

- 1.—Repeal of the excess profits taxes.
- 2.—Rejection of a sales tax because of its unpopularity with consumers.
- 3.—Increase in present 10 per cent tax on corporation net earnings and a moderate, possibly graduated, tax on undistributed earnings.
- 4.—No increase in normal taxes on individual incomes, but a reduction of surtaxes on large incomes and an increase in the amount of income exempt-

### Public Markets For All the Large Cities

ESTABLISHMENT of central markets for perishable food products in all large cities and the setting up of a federal licensing system applicable to all dealers in such foods at those markets, is proposed by the federal trade commission in its annual report to congress.



The commission's conclusions are based on an investigation covering many months, and it declares that federal action is necessary to obtain effective regulation and to avoid unfair and wasteful practices with the consequent effect on prices.

In the present system the commission sees as a hindrance to the proper passage of perishables from the producer to the consumer certain local market conditions which it believes should be eliminated. It suggests that the licensing of such markets be discontinued.

### Feel All Worn Out?

Has a cold, grip, or other infectious disease sapped your strength? Do you suffer headache, lack ambition, feel dull and depressed? Look to your kidneys. Physicians agree that kidney trouble often results from infectious disease. Too often the kidneys are neglected because the sufferer doesn't realize they have broken down under the strain of filtering disease-causing poisons from the blood. If your back is bad, your kidneys not irregularly, and you feel all run down, use Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have helped thousands. Ask your neighbor!

**A Womans Case**  
J. H. Henderson, Cody, Wyo., says: "I was doing very heavy work, and for a long time. My back ached so badly at night I couldn't get to sleep. And when I arose in the morning I felt as if I had been run over. My kidneys acted up from that time. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they brought me positive relief."  
Get Doan's at Any Store. One a Day.  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
POSTER-AMERICAN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### Bad Stomach Sends Her to Bed for 10 Months

#### Eaton's Gets Her Up!

"Over a year ago," says Mrs. Dora Williams, "I took to bed and for 10 months did not think I would live. Eaton's helped me so much I am now up and able to work. I recommend it highly for stomach trouble."

Eaton's helps people to get well by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases that put the stomach out of order. If you have indigestion, sourness, heartburn, belching, food repeating, or other stomach distress, take an Eaton's after each meal. Big box costs only a trifle with your drug-store's guarantee.

### Constipation Is Relieved

#### Prompt—Permanent—Relief

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**  
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS rarely fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.  
Relieve after dinner distress—Flatulence—Relieve indigestion—Improve the complexion—Brighten the eyes.  
Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

**PATENTS** Watson H. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Cases reasonable. Highest references. Best results.

Just So.  
"That rich florist has a barrel of money."  
"Yes; a regular flower barrel."

### ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturing Co., Monroeville, Pa., U.S.A.

A single shady part will not benefit him much in the good old summer time.

### Always in Style

Good health is always in style. It matches any color you wear. It fits into any kind of politics and any kind of religion. Good health comes from good blood. If your blood is out of order, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. You need it if your food doesn't sit right in the stomach, if you are run down, if you can't sleep well, if you tire easily, if you are out of sorts. Take it! It will have good health and be happy just as so many others do. Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., if you want a large trial package.

### Deep-Seated Coughs

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

### PISO'S

DENVER

HOME OF THE COLE

ALWAYS THE BEST IN USED CARS. Write Us for Complete Information. Day By Mail. 1226 BROADWAY

PROF. CHARLES Hair and Beauty Shop. 418 SIXTH Street, Denver, Colorado.

FRAT'S COATTING—Menswear, Theatrical, Wig, Make. Mail orders solicited. 229 15th St., Denver.

HAIR SHOP A. Decker. Transformation, wig, toupee, styling, etc. Mail order; guaranteed satisfaction. 229 15th St., Denver.

SHOES. Washed; not followed anywhere in city work returned at expense. Eastern Shoe Repair Factory, Yellow Front, 1533 Champa.

FLOWERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS. Park Floral Co., 1413 Broadway.

BEAUTY PARLORS. Hair Goods by mail. Millicent Hart Co., 721 15th St.

BORN-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.—Diamonds, watches, silverware. Our town orders careful attention Est. 1873.

ASKS LAWS TO REGULATE PACKERS.

Live Stock Convention Goes on Record at Last.

In Paso, Tex.—The American National Live Stock Association adopted a resolution recommending enactment by Congress of "constructive federal legislation regulating the packers, commission men and traders."

Neither the Gronna bill, now pending in the United States Senate, nor the Anderson bill, pending in the House of Representatives, was indorsed in name, although debate on the convention floor on the report of the resolutions committee centered about the Gronna bill.

During this debate Fred H. Bixby of Long Beach, Calif., one of the principal advocates of an indorsement of the Gronna bill, explained that he had consented, in the resolutions committee, to the words, "as set forth in the Gronna bill" eliminated from the indorsing resolution "for the sake of harmony and unity."

United States Senator John B. Kendrick of Wyoming, president of the association, was re-elected. Colorado Springs was unanimously selected for the next annual convention, after Los Angeles and Phoenix, Ariz., had withdrawn. The date for the next convention will be set by the executive committee. Senator Kendrick's election was not contested.

The only part of the resolutions committee's report that was contested was the section dealing with packer legislation, and that section was adopted as reported by the resolutions committee.

M. A. Ammons, former governor of Colorado, introduced an amendment to the packer legislation resolution providing that regulation of the packers should be "by law" instead of by a commission, as contemplated under the Gronna bill, and providing that such legislation cover all branches of the industry, including transportation, marketing, manufacturing and distribution.

After each side had debated for thirty minutes, Ammons withdrew his amendment, as he said he understood Dr. J. M. Wilson of McKinley, Wyo., wanted to present a minority report from the resolutions committee. After the Ammons amendment had been withdrawn, a vote was called for on the original resolution and it was declared carried by an aye and nay vote. Dr. Wilson then announced that he would not present a minority report.

Mary Garden Assumes Dual Role.

Chicago.—Mary Garden, American grand opera star, has been elected general director of the Chicago Opera Association at a meeting of the executive committee. Miss Garden will have general charge of the affairs of the Chicago Opera Association, both artistic and executive. Miss Garden, it was announced, will continue to appear as an artist of the company and therefore assumes a dual role as general director and artist.

Gompers Waves Peace Wand.

The outstanding fact in the Congress of Labor has been the evident desire on the part of Spanish-speaking delegates to receive official assurances from American delegates that the American Federation of Labor does not contemplate exercising dominance over actions of smaller labor bodies belonging to the Pan-American body. All fears apparently have been put to rest, however, by a statement from Mr. Gompers, who announced from the chair that "the American Federation will do everything possible to guarantee to even the smaller Pan-American nation rights of self-expression."

American Captain Held by Reds.

Washington.—Capt. Emmett Kilpatrick, American Red Cross worker, who was reported last November to have been killed by the Bolsheviks, is in jail at Moscow, advices to the State Department said. It was added that he was captured last Oct. 29 while engaged in relief work along the front occupied by the Wrangel forces in the Crimea.

Frame Bonus Bill.

A bonus of \$15 for each month of service rendered by Colorado men and women during the World war, is proposed in a bill before the Colorado legislature. The bill provides for \$5,000,000 to be paid to Colorado veterans.

Not Enough.

Mrs. Fitzhugh—I see a ten-hour bill for domestic servants is now before the California legislature.

THE SANDMAN STORY

MR. YOUNG DOG

MR. YOUNG DOG had been told by his mother, who was a good rat catcher, that the one thing in his life worth while was to watch a rat hole and catch the rat. But Mr. Young Dog was very fond of play and he did not want to work, and it was some time before his mother would trust him to hunt alone. One morning she decided he must catch a rat all by himself or the master would soon be tired of feeding him, so she found a hole in the barn floor where she was sure there was a

Mr. Young Dog could get him and then he knew what had happened, but though he sat there all day, not once did he see the tip of Mr. Rat's nose, and when his mother came and found he had not caught the rat he was sent to bed without his supper. "All play and no work make a dog very lean," said his mother, "and the sooner you learn the meaning of this Degtown saying the better." Mr. Young Dog was very sad and hungry, but the next day he showed his mother he understood the lesson, for he began to work and soon the barn was free from rats, and the master called him a good doggie.



"I'LL GET HIM THIS TIME."

rat living and told her son to sit near and catch the rat.

Mr. Young Dog sat down behind a barrel, but pretty soon a spider dangling over his head attracted his eye and he began to play with it.

When the spider drew itself up to the top of the barrel Mr. Young Dog discovered a ball on the floor and began to play with that, and as he rolled it around he saw something run across the floor and disappear into the hole his mother had told him to watch.

He looked around to see if his mother was in sight and then he sat down right beside the hole. "If he pokes out his head," said Mr. Young Dog, "I'll get him this time."

But he did not watch long before he heard a noise outside, so he turned around to see what was going on, and down went his tail right over the hole in the floor.

Mr. Young Dog moved a little and down went the tip end of his tail into the hole and the next thing he knew something nipped his tail good and hard.

Mr. Young Dog yipped and jumped and ran for the door, and there he turned around to see what was behind him, and by the side of the hole sat Mr. Rat.

"Was that your tail?" he asked, sticking up his ears; "I thought it was a bit of rope."

Mr. Rat was back in his hole before

How It Started

RAISING THE HAT.

SIXTY DAYS of old when knights were bold" it was not always safe to go abroad unprotected. Armor was generally worn, and the helmet was indispensable. At the king's court, however, it was illegal to draw a sword, and people in the presence of the king always went bareheaded as a mark of their knowledge of their safety. The same became true in the presence of ladies, and the custom of uncovering became a mark of respect that is universal.

(Copyright.)



EXPENSIVE CLOSER MAKES YOU FEEL MIGHTY CHEAP

Mrs. Fitzhugh—I see a ten-hour bill for domestic servants is now before the California legislature.

Gertrude Olmstead



Gertrude Olmstead, winner of a recent newspaper and Elks' beauty contest, held in Chicago, is one of the latest "movie" beauties to be introduced to the patrons of the motion picture houses. Miss Olmstead won over a large field of competitors seeking the prize in the beauty contest.

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

IN RESERVE.

When I'm alone I do not speak. And groan about my loneliness. But turn to see What memory Can do to ease away my stress. I live once more The days of yore. And soon the friends that used to be With laughter clear, And wealth of cheer, Come knocking back to comfort me. (Copyright.)

BEAUTY CHATS

by Edna Kent Forbes

LEG DEVELOPMENT

THE human body should be covered evenly with a layer of soft fatty tissue. But in some cases, there is an extra amount of the tissue settled in some parts, and get enough in others. One reason why some women have fat hips with a slender body is that heavy or tight clothes are suspended from the waist, which by its very weight compels this tissue to settle further down upon the hips. Girls who work long hours in sitting positions frequently have large hips for much the same reason.

In the same way tight garters are often responsible for stopping circulation into the lower leg and therefore prevent the fatty tissue from accumulating there. Exercise is the only way to develop the legs, the more exercise the better the shape of the legs. The leg swinging movement is excellent to develop the entire body

such wonderful exercise for making the legs beautiful. Much of the dance is on the legs. Swimming and walking, too, will develop the legs; tennis playing is excellent as well. The girl whose work keeps her sitting, who does not walk much, will find that bathing the legs from the knee down with hot water and massaging it vigorously while the skin is still hot and wet, will help to overcome lack of development or flabbiness.



MY BOSS

MY BOSS ees pretty busy guy alla right. Every day he gotta make plenty letter or he no make moocha profect. Meester Bullusson, da man wot owns da post office, senda heem beega bunch letter every morning. And da boss he gotta senda Meester Bullusson some letter before can queuea work at night. Last week he hire leetle girl works for heem wot he calla stenog. She ees pretty goods for look, too. But I tink da boss he talka weeth dat checken too mooch for getta something feenish. Now I dunno eef da boss ees gonna crase again or wot's matter. He say ees too moocha work answer too many letter every day. He tella me eef I could speaka da English leetle better I can hava da job answer heem mail.

But I gotta suspish ees SOMETHING wrong beside dat letters wot trouble da boss. Mebbe he gotta some more fight weeth hees wife, I dunno. I no wanta butt fen hees beecness or tella somating he no like, but I betta seeexa bits he gonna getta trouble weeth da family over dat letters somaday. Before dat Miss Stenog come works for da boss I never see heem PAY a-tensh weeth da checken before. But seence she been works our place da boss he loss da head or somating. Everyday she go een da private office and da boss he talka weeth her. One day I bust een dat place and da boss was talka lika devil to Miss Stenog, but she no care var mooch. She only seet down, make somating weeth da pencil and leesten wot he talk. Da boss he do alla da talk and dat checken she no say somating. Just between you and me and no for spreada round, I tink eef da boss fire Miss Stenog or queuea talka weeth her so mooch mebbe he getta hees letter wrote, I dunno. Wot you tink?

THE DEADLY ARROW.

A mounted Indian or white man with bow and arrows sometimes could kill more buffaloes than a man could kill with a rifle, says the American Forestry Magazine. At close range the arrow was as deadly as the bullet. It made less noise, and arrows could be discharged four times as rapidly as bullets from a rifle.

Advertisement for Castoria 900 Drops, featuring a bottle image and text describing its benefits for infants and children.

Advertisement for Castoria, featuring a large signature and the text 'Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fitcher'.

Alcoholic Anthology. "Oh! you ever see any sense to that old song, 'Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes?'"

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

The inevitable Tuna. "Daddy," pleaded the sweet young thing, "can I have an automobile? You can buy one for a song."

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp. On retiring gently rub spots of Ointment and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water.

Too many drawing-room smiles deteriorate into kitchen frowns. Every man pays for what he gets—either in scorn or self-respect.

Literally Speaking. "Not worth a darn—I see no sense in that expression."

Sure Relief

Advertisement for Bell's Hot Water Sure Relief, featuring an image of a person and the text 'BELL'S HOT WATER SURE RELIEF FOR INDIGESTION'.

ARE YOU A WEAK WOMAN?

KANSAS CITY, KANS.—"Some time ago I suffered with weakness and woman's trouble. I would suffer such pain and distress that I would have to give up. I was nearly a nervous wreck when I heard of Doctor Favorito Prescription for women. I began taking it and just three bottles completely cured me of all this condition. I have never had any return of these ailments. I can recommend 'Favorito Prescription' to women who suffer."—MRS. OLLIE DEARINGER, No. 2829 May St. All druggists.

Advertisement for Parker's Hair Balm and Hindercorns, featuring images of the products and their uses.

Advertisement for Hill's Cascara Quinine, featuring a portrait of a man and the text 'Kill That Cold With HILL'S CASCARA QUININE'.

Advertisement for Rheumatism relief, featuring the text 'Look Out for Rheumatism As Winter Approaches' and describing the symptoms and treatment.

**LOCAL AND PERSONAL**

Floy Skinner was down Monday from his Mesa home.

Dr. G. Ranniger was a business visitor from Ocuero Monday.

Big Shoe Sale now on at the Carrizozo Trading Co. Walk-Over and Selby Shoes at prices 25 to 50 per cent under former selling prices.

C. S. Perkins was down from his ranch in the Jicarillas this week.

Morgan Reily made a business trip to El Paso this week.

WANTED—A good piano to house for considerable use. Will keep insured in reliable company. Address Box 184, Carrizozo.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ferguson were down from Nogal Sunday, returning Monday.

H. J. Garrard and F. A. Miller made a business trip to El Paso the first of the week.

Do you know all Flannel Shirts have been cut to 25 per cent in price at the Carrizozo Trading Co.

Miss Esther Statham visited El Paso yesterday. She will return tomorrow.

New Suits and Overcoats at 33 1/2 per cent Discount. January Clearance Sale at the Carrizozo Trading Co.

Howard Avant of Duran, well known in this county, has been appointed a member of the mounted police force.

Whooping cough is prevalent and it will probably sweep the town as the exposure has been general.

Dress Shirts for Men and Boys at greatly reduced prices—Watch the Carrizozo Trading Co's windows.

S. F. Fambrough has returned from a visit in the south and west, and is again holding down his home ranch near Ancho.

Mrs. Wayne H. Hamilton came up from El Paso Monday, and is visiting her father, Jno. A. Haley, and sister, Aileen, and other relatives.

Miss Genevieve Park arrived Friday evening from Hermosa Beach, California, and is visiting her aunt, Mrs. T. A. Spencer, and family relatives.

Dewey Herron is again in charge of the Carrizozo Tailor Shop. He and Mrs. Herron and baby returned recently from Texas.

J. W. McGhee left yesterday afternoon for Chicago. He was called there on business connected with the Harvester mine, and expects to return next week.

Miss Pearl Baldwin returned this week from Mountainair, to which point she had been called the early part of the month by the death of a brother. Miss Baldwin was formerly employed by the Western Union here.

Geo. J. Weisbar, of Jicarilla, stopped off here Tuesday on his way to El Paso. He expected to return about the end of the week. A little mixing is going on in the hills, and stockman are complaining of lack of moisture for the season, he stated.

The youngest Boone—perhaps the greatest boon—in town is of the feminine gender and has taken up lodgings at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elton D. Boone. Her meals are served in the same household, and all indications are that her stay will be permanent.

H. J. Little was down from his Lodge on the upper waters of the Rio Grande this week. He stated that the weather in his locality is spring-like, several light rains falling the past few weeks. Very little snow has fallen in the mountains so far this winter, and unless it comes in quantity later it will mean poor fishing in that stream. The water is still low.

T. H. Kelley, W. W. McLean and G. T. McQuillen drove to Santa Fe Sunday, and returned Wednesday night. They went in the interest of the Southwestern Fish, Game and Protective Association, and hope to secure some favorable game protective legislation.

The flow of water from Eagle Creek and the South Fork of the Bonito is failing, due to lack of snow and rain in the mountains. The situation is not serious at this time, but continued dry weather will produce a decided scarcity of the life-giving fluid.

The triangle on which the Wetmore Service Station is located will soon be inclosed and the stalls for cars are about ready for the roof. When completed, the grounds leveled up and beautified and the conveniences contemplated installed, the station will present an attractive appearance.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Lamay, who live on the Mesa, were brought down here this week suffering from pneumonia—one with bronchial and the other with plural pneumonia. The little boy, eight years old, was in a serious condition for several days, but has passed the critical stage, and is gradually recovering, although yet very weak. The baby has also passed the danger point.

**Returns from Market**

O. W. Bamberger returned yesterday from a three weeks' trip north and east. He first attended a gathering of shoe dealers at Milwaukee and then engaged in a purchasing expedition in Chicago and St. Louis, thus making a double purpose of the trip. These goods purchased for the Carrizozo Trading Company will begin to arrive next week and Mr. Bamberger says they were purchased at prices that will permit his company to accommodate customers at figures not known in this section for years.

**A New Restaurant**

The Star restaurant was opened for business Wednesday morning under new management. Mr. W. N. Williamson, late of Las Cruces, is manager. Mr. Williamson is a restaurateur of the first class, familiar with the fine points of the culinary art, and, by good service, hopes to merit a share of the public patronage. The building has been thoroughly renovated, and the dining room furnished with half a dozen tables, besides a lunch counter where everything the market affords can be had at reasonable prices.

**Methodist Church**

Next Sunday is a Fifth Sunday. And, as you will probably recall, we plan something out of the ordinary on Fifth Sundays. The special feature this quarter is a sermon to Sunday School Teachers at 11:00 a. m. We trust that all the teachers may be present and seat themselves in a group near the front of the auditorium. Text: "They, that be teachers shall shine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteousness, as the stars for ever and ever." The evening service will conclude the series on the general theme of "Religious Education," which has been receiving attention during the month of January.

The Sunday School reached high-water-mark for this Conference Year last Sunday. The Epworth League devotional service was extraordinarily helpful. The congregations at the preaching services were not so large as for the previous Sunday. God was with us, and manifested His power at the meeting. God is a

**The Woman's Club**

The club met Jan. 21, Mrs. O. Z. Finley presiding.

Five new members were added to the membership of seventy, as follows: Mrs. Carl E. Froeman, Miss Eula Edmiston, Mrs. Robert Ransom, Miss Laver and Mrs. W. E. Lovelace. An executive meeting is called to meet at the home of Mrs. Finley, Feb. 1st at 7:30 p. m.

After the business meeting the literary program conducted by Mrs. E. E. Cole was greatly enjoyed. An excellent paper by Mrs. C. A. Barnhardt and an interesting review of Pawnee Rock by Miss Laver were features of the afternoon.

The club adjourned with an invitation to meet at Mrs. Ziegler's Monday night, the 24th.

The Woman's Club is promising fine programs for the future. Visitors are always welcome. The next regular meeting will be held at Lutz Hall, February 4th, at 3:30 p. m. Mrs. J. E. Farley has charge of the day and will give a talk on "Citizenship." Mrs. W. W. Stadman will address the club on Americanization.

February 18th—Patriotic Program conducted by Mrs. F. E. Richard.

The musical and literary departments have planned an Indian program for March 4.

The Musical department of the Woman's Club held its regular monthly meeting at the home of its chairman, Mrs. Albert Ziegler, Monday evening Jan. 24. A large attendance of both members of the musical department and greatly enjoyed the fine program given below. The name: "Music Study Department of The Woman's Club" was chosen by the members of this Department with Miss Eula Edmiston as secretary.

Program:—Story of Norma, Mrs. E. E. Cole; piano duett, Mrs. D. A. Saunders and Mrs. D. S. Donaldson; vocal duett, Mabel Smith, Mrs. R. E. Lemon; Mandolin, Mr. Davis, Miss Wilson; piano, Mrs. Donaldson; Story of Sonnambula, Mrs. E. E. Cole; piano, Mrs. Kelley and Mrs. Ziegler; vocal solo, Miss Ivy Lindsay; piano solo, Mrs. Donaldson; story, Life of Berlioz, Mrs. E. E. Cole; selection, Messrs. Ferguson and Pitts.

It wasn't the closed shop or the open shop that brought on this depression, but the don't shop.

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**House Votes \$360,000 for Free Seeds**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—The house voted today to appropriate \$360,000 for free distribution of seeds by members of congress. This is \$120,000 more than was appropriated for the current fiscal year.

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Several inquiries have recently come to us concerning the likelihood of another reduction in the price of our cars, and as these inquiries no doubt emanate from prospective purchasers, we want to state again with greater emphasis that Ford cars are already being sold at a figure actually below cost and for an indefinite period another reduction or change in design is entirely out of the question and not at all contemplated.

We believe the public will be fair enough to fully appreciate the frankness of the above when they consider the extent of our recent price cut, which was in fact the equivalent of several reductions in one, in our desire to contribute toward satisfying their demands for lower living costs, notwithstanding our sacrifice in marketing our cars at a loss until we are able to materially reduce present costs through lower material prices and greater manufacturing efficiency. While we have, of course, made some progress to bringing down operating costs, we still have a long way to go before any thought can be given to further reductions in present car prices, so we have no hesitancy in making these open statements to acquaint you with the true situation.

You can therefore give assistance to prospective purchasers of Ford cars that would be their real opportunity to buy below cost and obtain delivery. Every one is familiar with the heavy demand for Ford cars in the spring and this year will be no exception, and many of our business men, already accustomed rapidly, so that many who desire Ford cars, will be obliged to wait perhaps until the next year for delivery, unless they take the precaution of purchasing their cars now, particularly in the present economic conditions.—Adv.

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