Carrizozo News

Probate Clerk

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 22 — CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1922 — NUMBER 31

Washington News Letter

By Wallace Bassford

(Special Correspondent)

Washington, D. C., July 31.—The coal strike demonstrates that Harding has little force—probably less than Taft—but it also proves another thing—that he has no sympathy in his heart for the man who toils. His every move, weak and undecisive though it may be, leans toward the interests of the big corporations. Eighteen weeks ago 600,000 union coal miners were put out of work by the concerted action of the mine owners, due to the simple fact that the existing wage agreements had reached their expiration and the owners refused to meet a delegation from the workers and fix up a new schedule of wages for the coming year. In all this time no coal has been mined by union miners except in Kentucky. The result is there is not enough coal being produced to supply the summer needs of industry, and not a ton on hand for the coming winter. If all the miners should go to work tomorrow there would still be a scarcity of coal all winter long. As this is written there is no immediate prospect of work being resumed.

In 1902 Roosevelt faced a similar situation and he promptly ordered the owners to open up their mines at the old rates of pay and he would appoint a commission to look into the matter of wages and bring the owners and workers to an agreement; he did, and thus settled the problem. Harding had that example before him, and all of the owners in the country knew of it, but they did not want this done. What they did want was that the workers should come back on the owners' terms and none other. A good many of us have become impatient at times with some of the more extreme attitudes of certain labor leaders, but this is somewhat different. An examination of the balance sheet of some of the biggest coal producing companies will show that they have profited well, while many dealers have grown rich off the prices abtained for coal in the last few years. Only the miners, their wives and children, and the consuming public do the suffering.

This session of Congress will finally somewhere along in the fall, and when it ends there will be some angry war veterans in the country. For the simple reason that when the session ends there will be no bonus bill of any sort whatsoever. Scores of Republican Congressmen have made the welkin ring with their demagogic speeches about what they are going to do for the world war soldiers. Many of them have certainly realized all the while that there will be no bonus passed in this Congress; when I say passed, I mean, made into law. The present bonus bill will probably pass the Senate, for there are enough votes on record there to pass it, but if it passes the Senate it will not be signed by the President, and if the backers of the bill try to pass it over the President's veto they will probably succeed in the House and will, in all likelihood, fail in the Senate. Few men will sit in Congress and vote to pass a bill over the veto of the head of their party, and this requires a two-thirds majority. Of all the men who have demagogued on this important measure, probably the worst and most ridiculous position is occupied by Simeon D. Fess, of Ohio, who owes most of his fame to the fact that he has gotten about all the members of his family on the pay roll at Washington. Next to golf, Fattening the Fesses is one of most popular sports in administration circles. Two years ago Fess voted against the bonus and spoke against it; he had a little Congressional district all sewed up and it was pleasing to his heavy campaign contributors for him to vote that way, but now he is dropping that succulent bone, like the dog that crossed the brook, to grab a shadow. In Fess' case, the shadow represents the seat so ably filled by Senator Pomerene. Now, Fess has switched about and is for the bonus. It is a curious coincidence that Fess is in the confidence of the White House, and others enjoying the same relation tell their friends that Harding will veto the bonus bill if it comes to him. So, perhaps the canny Fess is playing safe after all—voting for the bill to please the soldiers and their friends, all the while keeping his fingers crossed, knowing that his vote will help the boys not in the least. In contrast, the attitude of Finis Garrett was strikingly honest; he opposed the bill because he believed it a poor bill for the boys and a piece of insincere demagoguery which was never intended to become a law. Fess now is for the bill, but two years ago he thought very much as Garrett did, for he gave an interview to the New York Herald in which he said: "There is little merit in the bill." The thing the Republicans then most feared was Kitchin's statements that if the majority would allow the bill to be amended he would submit amendments to raise all the money needed for the bonus by a tax on profiteers—the fellows who are causing the consumer to pay $1.71 for the commodities which could be bought for a dollar in 1914.

A Good Piece of Road

The mail road from Capitan to Alto has been worked over and is said to be in first-rate shape for travel. It is a link in the Capitan-Ruidoso highway and will divert considerable tourist travel from the Hondo junction by way of Capitan. One new bridge has been put in, and others repaired. The road has been switched at Bailey Hill, reducing the grade considerably. Wm. Ferguson of Nogal and B. L. Luck of Alto had the contract, and the expense was footed by the county and subscriptions from interested parties in Capitan and others living along the route.

"111" cigarettes

10¢

They are GOOD!

Why a City Grows

Los Angeles is typical of a city that has built itself up by deliberately planning for and encouraging industrial development. Today Los Angeles is the most rapidly growing city in the United States. 535 new industries were established there during the past year and every 20 minutes a new building is completed.

The greatest industrial exposition the West has ever known will open there August 26.

$60,000,000 was spent for industrial expansion in Los Angeles last year.

The output for Los Angeles industries for 1921 was $800,000,000.

For 34 years the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce has been actively engaged in this program of industrial growth and constructive activity.

It is today the largest commercial organization in the world.

It has been largely responsible for the development of Los Angeles harbor which now has approximately 80 deep sea steamship services running out to nearly every corner of the globe.

The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce is a commercial organization that seems to be run on corporation lines, that is, conducted on a business basis for the purpose of developing the southern part of the state as a great commercial center. It cuts out hot air and devotes its energies to securing results in the way of civic and industrial development.

Nothing is too large, nothing is too small for it to tackle.

Lincoln News

The local board of the Lincoln Consolidated School has employed the teachers for the coming year.

They are: P. N. Bennett, principal, Alto; Miss Almira Bennett, music teacher; Miss Frances Baca, Belen, New Mexico; Mrs. Grace C. Burleson, Roswell; Mrs. U. S. Clark, Lincoln, will have the 9th and 10th grades again. Three college graduates, with several years experience, will aid in the work. School will commence September 4. All patrons and those interested in school work are invited to be present at the opening.

Misses Lea and Carmen Chavez and Misses Cerila and Amelia Vigil returned home Saturday from Las Vegas, where they have been attending the N. M. U. V. summer school.

Salomon Garcia came in Tuesday on the passenger car from Albuquerque where he has been attending vocal training school for the past year. All his friends were glad to see him back.

Miss Julia Arriaga, of Capitan, is employed at the Bonito Inn.

Benefit Base Ball

A game of base ball has been arranged for next Thursday afternoon at the local park, between the Carrizozo Nationals and the east side team. A committee of local railroad organizations has the matter in charge and the receipts are to go to the aid of the striking railroad shopmen. Tickets will be offered for sale during the coming week. Buy one; help the boys out and enjoy the sport.

Special Session Folly

Las Vegas, July 29.—The proposition of the administration in New Mexico to plunge the state pell mell into further expenditures of money was censured here today in communications received at state Democratic headquarters.

Democrats generally throughout the state urged active opposition to the proposed plan to call a special session of the legislature to jam through measures for reclamation work under the Smith McNary bill which, as yet, has not passed Congress and which will not likely pass before December. Should the bill pass, there will be held soon thereafter the regular session of the state legislature.

However, State Chairman Hunker assumed the position that his attitude on the spending of state money, thus increasing the state's tax burden, has been thoroughly covered, and that comment on the latest plan to spend more money was unnecessary. The chairman indicated that a tendency to go off half-cocked on anything that looked like an opportunity to pass out more cash would not be one of the features of the Democratic party.

Convention plans are now chiefly before the chairman. Following the executive committee's expression for an early convention, the state chairman has been urged by other leaders of the party of New Mexico, to get the actual campaigning for individuals started as early as possible so that the thoughts of the Democrats generally over the state might be sufficiently crystalized to place before the electorate a strong ticket from start to finish.

With this situation existing, it is likely that the call for the convention, which will take place shortly, will be forthcoming within a few days.

U.B. Thrifty says

When money talks we never stop to criticize its grammer

and no one critisizes the farmer who trusts his important business transactions with our bank.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

at your disposal for filing valuable farm papers.

Feel free to ask us about them.

4 per cent on

TIME DEPOSITS

The Exchange Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

"The Bank for You in 1922."

Cool Off at Our SODA FOUNTAIN

When you drink our drinks or eat our ice creams and Sundaes, you may know that all ingredients we use in making them are pure and healthful.

So come to our clean, cooling fount yourself and send in the children and make them happy.

We have everything a first class drug store should carry and will welcome you when you pay us a visit.

COME TO US FOR IT.

Rolland Bros.' Pharmacy

Time Worth Money---

TO OPEN A CHECKING ACCOUNT WITH US TAKES ONLY A FEW MINUTES.

THE SATISFACTION AND THE CONFIDENCE SUCH AN ACCOUNT GIVES, MAKES THE FEW MINUTES, THUS SPENT, A HIGHLY PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT, "ASK THE MAN WHO HAS ONE."

"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE"

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

"Unto him that hath it shall be given."

Why? The successful man is trusted because he has made a success. People come to him and speak well of him and send others to him.

No man in any walk of life can afford not to prosper; and this he can surely do if he saves regularly a part of the money he makes and puts it in the bank and makes his BALANCE GROW.

WE WILL WELCOME YOUR ACCOUNT.

Lincoln State Bank

THE INDIAN DRUM

By William MacHarg and Edwin Balmer

Copyright by Edwin Balmer

"NO! NO! HENRY!"

SYNOPSIS—Wealthy and highly placed in the Chicago business world, Benjamin Corvet is something of a recluse and a mystery to his associates. After a stormy interview with his partner, Henry Spearman, Corvet seeks Constance Sherrill, daughter of his other business partner, Lawrence Sherrill, and secures from her a promise not to marry Spearman until he returns. He then disappears. Sherrill learns Corvet has written to a certain Alan Conrad, in Blue Rapids, Kansas, and exhibited strange agitation over the matter. Alan arrives in Chicago. From a statement of Sherrill it seems probable Conrad is Corvet's illegitimate son. Corvet has deeded his house and its contents to Alan, who takes possession. That night Alan discovers a man ransacking Corvet's apartments. The intruder thinks Alan a ghost and raves of the "Miwaka." After a struggle the man escapes. Next day Alan learns from Sherrill that Corvet has deeded his entire property to him. Introduced to Spearman, Alan is astonished at the discovery that he is the man whom he had fought in his house the night before. Spearman laughs at and defies him. Spearman poisons Constance's mind against Alan. Somebody tries to kill Alan in the night. Corvet's Indian servant, Wessaquam, tells Alan he believes his employer is dead. He also tells him the legend of the Indian drum, which according to old superstition beats once for every life lost on the Great Lakes. Twenty years before, the great freighter Miwaka had gone down with twenty-five on board, but the Drum had sounded for only twenty-four, leaving the inference that one person had been saved. Tabo, who has long been blackmailing Corvet, appears, talks mysteriously and dies. Alan goes to the land of the Drum.

CHAPTER XII—Continued.

—10—

It was in January, 1890, Constance remembered, that Alan Conrad had been brought to the people in Kansas; he then was "about three years old." If this wedding ring was his mother's, the date would be about right; it was a date probably something more than a year before Alan was born. Constance put down the ring and picked up the watch. It was like Uncle Benny's watch—as that one of his watches. He had several, she knew, presented to him at various times; watches almost always were the testimonials given to women for acts of sacrifice and bravery. The spring which operated the cover would not work, but Constance forced the cover open.

There, inside the cover as she had thought it would be, was engraved writing. Sand had seeped into the case; the inscription was obliterated in part.

"For his courage and skill in seam . . . master of . . . which he brought to the rescue of the passengers and crew of the steamer Winnebago foundering . . . Point, Lake Erie, Nov. 26, 1890, this watch is donated by the Buffalo Merchants' Exchange."

Uncle Benny's name, evidently, had been engraved upon the outside. Constance could not particularly remember the rescue of the people of the Winnebago; 1890 was years before she was born, and Uncle Benny did not tell her that sort of thing about himself.

Constance left the watch open and, shivering a little, she gently laid it down upon her bed. The pocketknife had no distinguishing mark of any sort. The coins were abraded and pitted disks—a silver dollar, a half dollar and three quarters, not so much abraded, three nickels, and two pennies.

Constance Choked, and Her Eyes Filled With Tears.

Constance choked, and her eyes filled with tears. These things—plainly they were the things found in Uncle Benny's pockets—corroborated only too fully what Wessaquam believed and what her father had been coaxing her to believe—that Uncle Benny was [illegible] paper had not been in water or in sand. The paper was written in pencil; it had not even been moistened or it would have blurred. There was nothing upon it to tell how long ago it had been written; but it had been written certainly before June 12. "After June 12," it said.

That day was August the eighteenth.

It was seven months since Uncle Benny had gone away. After his strange interview with her that day and his going home, had Uncle Benny gone out directly to his death? There was nothing to show that he had not; the watch and coins must have lain for many weeks, for months, in water and in sand to become eroded in this way. But, aside from this, there was nothing that could be inferred regarding the time or place of Uncle Benny's death. That the package had been mailed from Manitowoc meant nothing definite. Some one—Constance could not know whom—had had the muffler and the scrawled leaf of directions; later, after lying in water and in sand, the things which were to be "sent" had come to that some one's hand. Most probably this some one had been one who was going about on ships; when his ship had touched at Manitowoc, he had executed his charge.

Constance left the articles upon the bed and threw the window more widely open. She trembled and felt stirred and faint, as she leaned against the window, breathing deeply the warm air, full of life and with the scent of the evergreen trees about the house.

The "cottage" of some twenty rooms stood among the pines and hemlocks interspersed with hardwood on "the Point," where were the great fine summer homes of the wealthier "rusticators."

This was Uncle Benny's country. Here, twenty-five years before, he had first met Henry, whose birthplace—a farm, deserted now—was only a few miles back among the hills. Here, before that, Uncle Benny had been a young man, active, vigorous, ambitious. He had loved this country for itself and for its traditions, its Indian legends and fantastic stories. Half her own love for it—and, since her childhood, it had been to her a region of delight—was due to him and to the things he had told her about it. Distinct and definite memories of that companionship came to her. This little bay, which had become now for the most part only a summer playground for such as she, had been once a place where he and other men had struggled to grow rich swiftly; he had outlined for her the ruined lumber docks and pointed out to her the locations of the dismantled sawmills. It was he who had told her the names of the freighters passing far out, and the names of the lighthouses, and something about each. He had told her, too, about the Indians. She remembered one starry night when he had pointed out to her in the sky the Indian "Way of Ghosts," the Milky way, along which, by ancient Indian belief, the souls of Indians traveled up to heaven; and how, later, lying on the recessed seat beside the fireplace where she could touch the dogs upon the hearth, he had pointed out to her through the window the Indian "Way of Dogs" among the constellations, by which the dogs too could make that journey. It was he who had told her about Michabou and the animals; and he had been the first to tell her of the Drum.

The disgrace, unhappiness, the threat of something worse, which must have made death a relief to Uncle Benny, she had seen passed on now to Alan. What more had come to Alan since she had last heard of him?

Word had reached her father through shipping circles in May and again in July which told of inquiries regarding Uncle Benny which made her and her father believe that Alan was searching for his father upon the lakes. Now these articles which had arrived made plain to her that he would never find Uncle Benny; he would learn, through others or through themselves, that Uncle Benny was dead. Would he believe then that there was no longer any chance of learning what his father had done? Would he remain away because of that, not letting her see or hear from him again?

She went back and picked up the wedding ring. The thought which had come to her that this was Alan's mother's wedding ring, had fastened itself upon her with a sense of certainty. It defended that unknown mother; it freed her, at least, from the stigma which Constance's own mother had been so ready to cast. Constance could not yet begin to place Uncle Benny in relation to that ring; but she was beginning to be able to think of Alan and his mother. She held the little band of gold very tenderly in her hand; she was glad that, as the accusation against his mother had come through her people, she could tell him soon of this. She could not send the ring to him, not knowing where he was; that was too much risk. But she could ask him to come to her; this gave that right.

She sat thoughtful for several min- [illegible] hand; then she went to her desk and wrote:

"Mr. John Welton,
"Blue Rapids, Kansas.

"Dear Mr. Welton:

"It is possible that Alan Conrad has mentioned me—or at least told you of my father—in connection with his stay in Chicago. After Alan left Chicago, my father wrote twice to his Blue Rapids address, but evidently he had instructed the postmaster there to forward his mail and had not made any change in those instructions, for the letters were returned to Alan's address and in that way came back to us. We did not like to press inquiries further than that, as of course he could have communicated with us if he had not felt that there was some reason for not doing so. Now, however, something of such supreme importance to him has come to us that it is necessary for us to get word to him at once. If you can tell me any address at which he can be reached by telegraph or mail—or where a messenger can find him—it will oblige us very much and will be to his interest."

She hesitated, about to sign it; then, impulsively, she added:

"I trust you know that we have Alan's interest at heart and that you can safely tell us anything you may know as to where he is or what he may be doing. We all liked him here so very much. . . ."

She signed her name. There were still two other letters to write. Only the handwriting of the address upon the package, the Manitowoc postmark and the shoe box furnished clues to the sender of the ring and the watch and the other things. Constance herself could not trace those clues, but Henry or her father could. She wrote to both of them, therefore, describing the articles which had come and relating what she had done.

The next noon she received a wire from Henry that he was "coming up." It did not surprise her, as she had expected him the end of the week.

Late that evening, she sat with her mother on the wide, screened veranda. The lights of some boat turning in between the points and moving swiftly caught her attention. As it entered the path of the moonlight, its look was so like that of Henry's power yacht that she arose. It was his way, as soon as he had decided to leave business again and go to her, to arrive as soon as possible; that had been his way recently, particularly. So the sight of the yacht stirred her warmly and she watched while it ran in close, stopped and instantly dropped a dingey from the davits. She saw Henry in the stern of the little boat; it disappeared in the shadow of a pier . . . she heard, presently, the gravel of the walk crunch under his quick steps, and then she saw him in the moonlight among the trees. She went down on the path to meet him.

"How quickly you came!"

"You let yourself think you needed me, Connie!"

"I did. . . ."

He had caught her hand in his and he held it while he brought her to the porch and exchanged greetings with her mother. Then he led her on past, and into the house.

When she saw his face in the light, there were signs of strain in it.

"You're tired, Henry!"

He shook his head. "It's been rotten hot in Chicago; then I guess I was mentally stoking all the way up here, Connie. But first, where are the things you wanted me to see?"

She ran upstairs and brought them down to him. Her hands were shaking now as she gave them to him; she could not exactly understand why; but her tremor increased as she saw his big hands fumbling as he unwrapped the muffler and shook out the things it inclosed. He took them up one by one and looked at them, as she had done. His fingers were steady now, but only by mastering of control, the effort for which amazed her.

He had the watch in his hands.

"The inscription is inside the front," she said.

She pried the cover open again and read, with him, the words engraved within.

"'As master of . . .' What ship was he master of then, Henry, and how did he rescue the Winnebago's people?"

"He never talked to me about things like that, Constance. This is all?"

"Yes."

Henry put the things back in the box. "Of course, this is the end of Benjamin Corvet."

"Of course," Constance said. She was shaking again and, without willing it, she withdrew a little from Henry. He caught her hand again and drew her back toward him. His hand was quite steady.

"You know why I came to you as quick as I could? You know why I—why my mind was behind every thrust of the engines?"

"No."

"You don't? Oh, you know; you must know now!"

"Yes, Henry," she said.

"I've been patient, Connie. Till I got your letter telling me this about Ben, I'd waited for your sake—for our sake—though it seemed at times it [illegible] quite what's the matter between us these last months, little girl; but I've known. We've been engaged; but that's about all there's been to it. Don't think I make little of that; you know what I mean. You've been mine; but—but you haven't let me realize it, you see. And I've been patient, for I knew the reason. It was Ben poisoning your mind against me."

"No! No, Henry!"

"You've denied it; I've recognized that you've denied it, not only to me and to your people, but to yourself. I, of course, knew, as I know that I am here with your hand in mine, and as we will stand before the altar together, that he had no cause to speak against me. I've waited, Connie, to give him a chance to say to you what he had to say; I wanted you to hear it before making you wholly mine. But

He Drew Her to Him Powerfully; She Felt Him Warm, Almost Rough With Passions.

now there's no need to wait any longer, you and I. Ben's gone, never to come back. I was sure of that by what you wrote me, so this time when I started to you I brought with me—this."

He felt in his pocket and brought out a ring of plain gold; he held it before her so that she could see within it her own initials and his and a blank left for the date. Her gaze went from it for an instant to the box where he had put back the other ring—Alan's mother's. Feeling for her long ago gazing thus, as she must have, at that ring, held her for a moment. Was it because of that that Constance found herself cold now?

"You mean you want me to marry you—at once, Henry?"

He drew her to him powerfully; she felt him warm, almost rough with passions. Since that day when, in Alan Conrad's presence, he had grasped and kissed her, she had not let him "realize" their engagement, as he had put it.

"Why not?" he turned her face up to his now. "Your mother's here; your father will follow soon; or, if you will, we'll run away—Constance! You've kept me off so long! You don't believe there's anything against me, dear? Do you? Do you?"

"No; no! Of course not!"

"Then we're going to be married. . . . Right away, we'll have it then; up here; now!"

"No; not now, Henry. Not up here!"

"Not here? Why not?"

She could give no answer. He held her and commanded her again; only when he frightened her, he ceased.

"Why must it be at once, Henry? I don't understand!"

"It's not must, dear," he denied. "It's just that I want you so!"

When would it be, he demanded then; before spring, she promised at last. But that was all he could make her say. And so he let her go.

The next evening, in the moonlight, she drove him to Petoskey. He had messages to send and preferred to trust the telegraph office in the larger town.

* * * * * * *

Alan was driving northward along the long, sandy peninsula which separates the blue waters of Grand Traverse from Lake Michigan; and, thinking of Constance, he knew that she was near. He not only had remembered that she would be north at Harbor Point this month; he had seen in one of the Petoskey papers that she and her mother were at the Sherrill summer home. His business now was taking him nearer them than he had been at any time before; and if he wished to weaken, he might convince himself that he might learn from her circumstances which would aid him in his task. But he was not going to her for help; that was following in his father's footsteps. When he knew everything, then—not till then—he could go to her; for then he would know exactly what was upon him and what he should do.

His visits to the people named on those sheets written by his father had been confusing at first; he had had great difficulty in tracing some of them at all; and, afterward, he could uncover no certain connection either between them and Benjamin Corvet or between themselves. But recently, he had been succeeding better in this latter.

He had seen—he reckoned them over again—fourteen of the twenty-one named originally on Benjamin Corvet's lists; that is, he had seen either the individual originally named, or the surviving relative written in below the name crossed off. He had found that the crossing out of the name meant that the person was dead, except in the case of two who had left the country and whose whereabouts were as unknown to their present relatives as they had been to Benjamin Corvet, and the case of one other, who was in an insane asylum.

He had found that no one of the persons whom he saw had known Benjamin Corvet personally; many of them did not know him at all, the others knew him only as a name. But, when Alan proceeded, always there was one connotation with each of the original names; always one circumstance bound all together. When he had established that circumstance as influencing the fortunes of the first two on his lists, he had said to himself, as the blood pricked queerly under the skin, that the fact might be a mere coincidence. When he established it also as affecting the fate of the third and of the fourth and of the fifth, such explanation no longer sufficed; and he found it in common to all fourteen, sometimes as the deciding factor of their fate, sometimes as only slightly affecting them, but always it was there.

In how many different ways, in what strange, diverse manifestations that single circumstance had spread to these people whom Alan had interviewed! No two of them had been affected alike, he reckoned, as he went over his notes of them. Now he was going to trace those consequences to another. To what sort of place would it bring him today and what would he find there? He knew only that it would be quite distinct from the rest.

The driver turned aside from the road across a cleared field where ruts showed the passing of many previous vehicles; crossing this, they entered the woods. Little fires for cooking burned all about them, and nearer were parked an immense number of farm wagons and buggies, with horses unharnessed and munching grain. Alan's guide found a place among these for his automobile, and they got out and went forward on foot. All about them, seated upon the moss or walking about, were Indians, family groups among which children played.

Alan saw among these looking on, the bright dresses and sport coats of summer visitors who had come to watch. The figure of a girl among these caught his attention, and he started; then swiftly he told himself that it was only his thinking of Constance Sherrill that made him believe this was she. But now she had seen him; she paled, then as quickly flushed, and leaving the group she had been with, came toward him.

He had no choice now whether he would avoid her or not; and his happiness at seeing her held him stupid, watching her. Her eyes were very bright and with something more than friendly greeting; there was happiness in them too. His throat shut together as he recognized this, and his hand closed warmly over the small, trembling hand which she put out to him. All his conscious thought was lost for the moment in the mere realization of her presence; he stood, holding her hand, oblivious that there were people looking; she too seemed careless of that. Then she whitened again and withdrew her hand; she seemed slightly confused. He was confused as well; it was not like this that he had meant to greet her; he caught himself together.

Cap in hand, he stood beside her, trying to look and to feel as any ordinary acquaintance of hers would have looked.

"What is it, Alan? What is it about the Miwaka?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

BUSY MAN GATHERS THE NICKELS

New York Street Musician Might Be Said to Be a Whole Concert in Himself.

A whole choir seems to burst forth into music along Chambers street these evenings as the workers are making along homeward bound, the New York Sun states.

There is a volume of song suggested by an organ accompaniment. At first it seems as if some [illegible] human being could be responsible for all this music.

But the crowd, pausing for a brief second, discovers that this is the case. Drawn up to the curb is a street organ which the owner is operating with one hand. With the other hand he holds a megaphone through which he sings. Not having a third hand, the singer-player cannot accept the tribute of pennies by which the concert is in progress, but this [illegible]

WILL ANSWER ANY WOMAN WHO WRITES

Woman Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes This Offer

Cumberland, Md.—"My mother gave me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when I was between thirteen and fourteen years old and was going to school, because I suffered with pains and could not rest. I did not have any more trouble after that until I was married, then I always was troubled in my back while carrying a child and could not do my work until I took the Vegetable Compound. I am strong, do all my washing and ironing and work for seven children and feel fine. I always have an easy time at childbirth and what it did for me it will do for other women. I am willing to answer any woman if she will write asking what it did for me."—Mrs. JOHN HEIER, 53 Dilley St., Cumberland, Md.

During girlhood and later during motherhood Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought relief to Mrs. Heier. Her case is but one of many we constantly publish recommending our Vegetable Compound. She is willing to answer your letter. Write to her.

The Best Club.

A golfer dropped into a New York store to buy a driver. "This club is off balance," he remarked to the clerk as he juggled a nice-looking brassie.

"That is a splendid club. Let me have it, please," said the clerk nervously, piquing the curiosity of the shopper. The manager, an old friend of the golfer, happened along just then.

"Bill," asked the customer, "what the deuce is the matter with this club? Just heft the darned thing. It's all off balance."

Bill looked wise and he looked all around carefully, then he replied in a stage whisper: "Pete, that is the best club in the bag. It holds just two drinks of hooch. See, here, how the handle is hollowed out."

And Scotland was vindicated.

One woman in every six in India is a widow.

ARE YOU GIVING OUT?

Does every day mean just another day of suffering? Are you lame, stiff and achy—tortured with a nerve-racking backache? Surely there's a reason why you feel so badly and likely it's weakened kidneys. When the kidneys fail, poisons accumulate and upset the whole system. That's why you have constant backache and sharp, stabbing twinges. You may have headaches, nervous and dizzy spells with annoying bladder irregularities. Don't risk serious kidney disease. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's* have helped thousands and should help you. *Ask your neighbor!*

A Colorado Case

Mrs. J. H. McElhiney, 422 Walnut St., Fort Morgan, Colo., says: "For a long time I suffered with pains in my back and sides. I hardly dared to stoop over, because of the sharp pains which always hurt me when I straightened again. My head ached and I felt drowsy and run down. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me fine relief, and I soon felt well again."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Beware! Insist on Berry's Freckle Ointment, giving beautiful complexion. Your druggist or by mail 35c; send for free booklet. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2976 Michigan Ave., Chicago

West Texas Military Academy

ACADEMY. San Antonio, Texas. 30th Year.

Affiliates with the University of Texas. Ranks with the leading military schools of the world. Prepares for any college or university. Unexcelled equipment. Cavalry, Infantry, Artillery, Aviation. Organized R. O. T. C. Brigade now installed as a permanent feature. Junior Division, Sept.

Illustrated Catalog and Recommendations on request. Address: Superintendent, West Texas Military Academy, San Antonio, Texas.

Your Skin is So Fragrant and Smooth

This favorite Toilet Soap of three generations of lovely women is pure like the rain water you use in caring for your complexion.

Mail this for free trial cake of

COLGATE'S
Cashmere Bouquet Soap
Luxurious—Lasting—Refined

COLGATE & CO., Dept. W. U.
199 Fulton St., New York City
Please send me a free sample of Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Soap, fragrant and pure.
Name.....
Street or R. D.....
City..... State.....

That's as Good as Anything.

We assume that one of the diseases for which beer is prescribed is chicken snake bite.

"I was smoking my pipe when it came to me"

Which may, or may not, be a boost for Edgeworth

How many good ideas are born in a pipe of tobacco! There is something in the calm contentment of smoking a pipe that seems to open up the mind for new ideas.

A busy man, a thinker, whose brain is crisscrossed with a thousand impressions, finds that smoking his pipe wipes out most of the confusion, and leaves his mind clean, so that the new idea, the inspiration, has a much better chance to make its impression—as if pipe-smoking wiped all the chalk-marks from the blackboard of the mind and invited new ideas, new thoughts, and creative plans to outline themselves thereon.

Lots of men get good ideas when shaving. Many more find their new ideas when puffing away at the pipe.

The right kind of tobacco is an important matter to a pipe-smoker—though, like breathing, he seldom thinks of it. Having settled on a certain brand, it becomes a habit to buy that. If the tobacco just suits his taste, it doesn't matter what its name is or what it costs—it becomes *his* tobacco.

Edgeworth suits many men. We presume there are some men who wouldn't like Edgeworth. It is a matter of individual taste—like eating onions.

But we have a belief that there are many pipe-smokers not smoking Edgeworth who ought to be—who don't know Edgeworth and therefore have no idea that there is a tobacco that hits their taste so exactly that it might have been made for them alone.

We want those men to try Edgeworth. We would like to hand them our pouch personally, but as that is impossible, we'll do what we can.

The makers of Edgeworth will send free samples to any pipe-smoker who will ask for them. Simply send a postal or a note asking for these free samples and they'll come to you by the first mail.

Edgeworth comes in two forms—Ready-Rubbed and Plug Slice. In either form it is a moist, fragrant tobacco that packs nicely, lights quickly and burns freely and evenly.

We can't promise that Edgeworth will make brilliant ideas come to you; but we are sure you will have a delightful smoke—and after all, that's all that good tobacco is supposed to give.

For free samples, address your postal or letter to Larus & Brother Company, 44 South 21st Street, Richmond, Va. If you will mention the name and address of the dealer from whom you usually buy your tobacco, your courtesy will be appreciated.

To Retail Tobacco Merchants—If your jobber cannot supply you with Edgeworth, Larus & Brother Company will gladly send you prepaid by parcel post a one- or two-dozen carton of any size of Edgeworth Plug Slice or Ready-Rubbed for the same price you would pay the jobber.

Have Only Duds That Fold Well

These are traveling days for everybody. But how to do the journeying without all the trunks and bags and hat boxes in the world is one of those problems not so easy to solve.

The woman who starts off on her summer vacation burdened with too many dress and hat carriers is bound to have some unhappy moments before she has finished her holidays. She will be far wiser, states a fashion writer in the New York Times, to study out her needs before she starts away and indulge right from the start in the process of elimination. She can be well dressed in a small space just as efficiently as she can by taking up all the room in her vicinity. It is only necessary to take the right things and the most foldable things along with her.

There are plenty of pretty clothes that really have no place in a traveler's luggage unless that traveler is equipped with a maid or two and pressing facilities galore. Those dresses might just as well remain at home when the average woman is doing her tripping, for they will be of little or no use to her once she has wrested their tangled meshes from the crowded masses of her trunk. Ruffles will not withstand packing unless they are coaxed back to life through the expenditure of much time and energy. And who wants to expend these valuable possessions when off for a summer splurge?

On the other hand, there are so many sorts of clothes, especially among the present styles, that seem fitted by nature to go traveling. They telescope themselves without any assistance, and they come out from the confines of tightly packed luggage looking their own charming selves.

Plan for Comfort.

Naturally, these are the frocks to be chosen for the summer, if one is planning with the least foresight and care for one's ultimate comfort. All of the crepe and chiffon dresses, which are so important a part of the present summer wardrobe, fold into small spaces with the greatest of ease and grace. In the first place, they are cut along such straight and simple lines that they fairly beg to be packed just to show how particularly well they can stand the strain. A woman may fold them just as she would lay together a piece of straight material, with no more fear that the wrinkles will be noticeable when the dress is dragged from the trunk.

The silken and chiffon materials are woven with such great art and care that they take to packing with no more terror than if they were meant for that alone. In other words, they have such body and flexibility that they need fear no wrinkles or permanent folds, and the owner need fear none for them. She is safe when she keeps to these materials, for they are so adaptable that they will stand her in good stead no matter what demands may be made upon them.

There is much in the way the gowns are cut. The simpler they are the better. For if there is too much draping about them, then they are let in for extra creasings, which may not be so good after much traveling about. But the straight lines fold into small places so naturally that they emerge without showing the traces of packing.

Of course, every woman needs a boudoir wrap of some sort wherever

The Kimono of Printed Crepe That Will Serve Many Purposes After It Has Been Extracted From the Packing Case.

she is going or whatever she is doing. Not only will it serve for a bath robe, but it can be used for a room gown as well.

Near Calico Design.

The material from which it has been made is one of those crepes printed in a fine pattern. This one happens to be red and white in almost a calico design. It is cut and designed so that it covers the person, and at the same time its material is cool and pleasant to the touch even on the hottest of summer days. It has been lined with a red China silk, and that lining is carried out at the front so that it forms a sort of revers all the way to the foot of the garment. This facing [illegible]

same time, adds so little extra weight and bulk that it is scarcely appreciable. At the places where the gown splits and opens the red lining can be seen through the interstices, and that alone tends to give a trimmed, gala appearance which is most attractive and which breaks the general design of the all-over pattern in an interesting manner.

One never knows until one owns a garment of this sort—midway between the wrapper and the housegown—what a comfort it can be on a trip. Something of this sort comes to mean com-

Hand-Made Silk Dress With Cape to Match and Collapsible Hat Designed to Fold Easily Into Summer Baggage.

fort in a way nothing else could. Every time the owner puts it on she will thank a kind Providence for having led her to the decision that brought that particular article of apparel into her wardrobe.

The hand-made dress and cape to match is the sort of thing that is born for packing. The fabric is a heavy canton crepe, and the dress is made along the straightest of lines. There are lines of hemstitching and drawn work for its trimming, and there is not a frill or furbelow that can suffer from packing. Anyone who has owned one of these frocks knows how small a place they take up when folded together, and how satisfactory they are through many months of wear and tear.

Cape of Same Material.

This dress has a cape made of the same material and lined with a lightweight crepe de chine. It may be worn with this dress or with others as a light summer, evening wrap, and, for that reason, it serves a place in the traveler's wardrobe which cannot easily be taken by any other sort of garment. Presumably the reader has worn a suit while traveling, and has carried an extra heavy wrap over her arm, but neither the suitcoat nor the outer wrap is going to serve for evening demands with which she will be confronted, no matter where she goes. But this wrap can be folded into the smallest of spaces and taken forth on many occasions. Without it a woman would be quite at a loss and if she attempted to pack anything with more weight and body and trimming then she would find herself forced into adding extra luggage to accommodate the extra frills.

Keep the cape simple and the dress simple and half of the traveling battle is fought. And, if the reader follows the scheme, she will have a silk suit which can always be worn for afternoon, often for evening, and sometimes in the morning hours. Moreover, silk is cool, it can stand wet weather and when a colder day makes its appearance the owner can still look well in a silk dress under her heavier coat. There is no angle from which a dress of this character is not satisfactory, and this season to be right in the height of style it is desirable to have it made of that cafe au lait color which has taken the place of gray in smart circles. It is a color which goes with most everything and which is becoming to many types.

Avoid Extra Hat Box.

By avoding the extra hat box, the traveler may save herself all sorts of worry and bother and porter fees. For, with only one bag, she can, in an emergency, drag herself and it around, but with two the situation becomes hopeless. She will find when she starts to shop that there are all sorts of little and becoming hats that can be folded along with dresses as flat as can be, and which will still emerge with none of that mashed appearance. She will live to thank herself for providing herself with this sort of hat instead of the stiffer variety which must be cared for so particularly and which, even then, is apt to come forth after a train or boat trip with that sad and drooping appearance for which there is no salvation.

There are little woolen hats done in bright and interesting colors. Some are made of draped ribbons, and sturdy ones of blocked felt that mash [illegible]

No Thanks, I Must Have
CALUMET
The Economy BAKING POWDER

—Never fails to produce pure and wholesome bakings.

—You save when you buy it. You save when you use it.

—If you buy big can or cheap baking powder you don't get the Calumet quality.

BEST BY TEST

The World's Greatest Baking Powder

WOULD TAKE MANY HEARSES

Firms That Have Died Since Drop in Prices Would Make Large Funeral.

Suppose a funeral passed your house with 38,000 hearses, each hearse containing an American business firm. It would be impressive, wouldn't it? It would also give you an accurate idea of the number of business failures since prices began to tumble in May, 1920, notwithstanding they haven't tumbled so very much for some things. But don't get gloomy over it. Standing on curbstones watching their brethren go to Dun & Bradstreet's cemetery, are nearly 2,000,000 business organizations that have weathered the storm. In two years of severe depression only one business in every fifty-three has failed. The percentage of farmers that have gone broke is larger. Business failures have totaled about $600,000,000 a year in liabilities. Assets have averaged about enough to pay 50 per cent on the dollar. The net loss has been about $300,000,000 a year, or about $3 a year for each American. Might be much worse, remarks Capper's Weekly.

Thyroid for the Bald.

How baldness was cured by doses of thyroid gland is described in the Lancet by Dr. H. W. Barber, physician in charge of the skin department at Guy's hospital. A Dutch girl who had suffered from almost complete baldness for several years was given ten grains of thyroid gland daily for several weeks. As a result hair is now growing freely over the whole of her scalp.

CANADA HAS STEADY GROWTH

Recent Census Shows Healthy Increase in Population, Despite Losses Caused by War.

Canada's census for 1921 indicated a total population of 8,769,489, distributed as follows: New Brunswick, 387,-839; Nova Scotia, 523,837; Prince Edward Island, 88,615; Quebec, 2,349,-067; Ontario, 2,929,051; Manitoba, 613,008; British Columbia, 523,363; Yukon, 4,162; Northwest territories, 6,684, and Canadian navy, 485. The gain for the whole Dominion during 1910-1920, was 1,600,000 or 21.5 per cent. The war cost the lives of 56,680 Canadians killed in action, while 40,-000 more died from indirect causes. The percentage increase in population is the same as that for Australia, while the increase for New Zealand 20 per cent was very little behind. In the Union of South Africa the increase was 19.2 per cent. The Prairie provinces made the most pronounced gain in Canada, Alberta showing a 55 per cent increase; Saskatchewan over 53 per cent, and Manitoba, 33 per cent. For the next ten years the unit of distribution for determining the membership of parliament will be 36,250. This total is arrived at by dividing by 65 the population of each province.

Sugar-Beet Seed.

Much of the sugar-beet seed imported into the United States comes from Germany, and is received through the port of Galveston.—Scientific American.

The most excellent manager is the one who never appears to manage.

GOLD TEETH OUT OF STYLE

Present Trend Is to Preserve Tooth and Make It Look as Much Like Original as Possible.

Gold teeth are going out of style, according to practitioners and dental experts. The present trend is to preserve the tooth to make it look as near as possible like it was originally. If this can't be done the offending molar or incisor must be pulled out.

The idea of pulling teeth is something comparatively new in American dentistry. The tendency was to save the tooth at all costs. But dentists have discovered that gold crowns are unhealthful and permit foreign matter to get into the teeth.

Bridge work also is not as popular as it once was. To make a bridge two good teeth were filed down as anchors for the mass of gold in between. If the bridge failed the two good teeth on the ends went with it. Now dentists recommend a plate of false teeth instead of the bridge. These being removable, are easily kept clean. The dental science is now spending its energies more on serviceable plates rather than on bridges or crowns.—New York Sun.

Eyes of Youth.

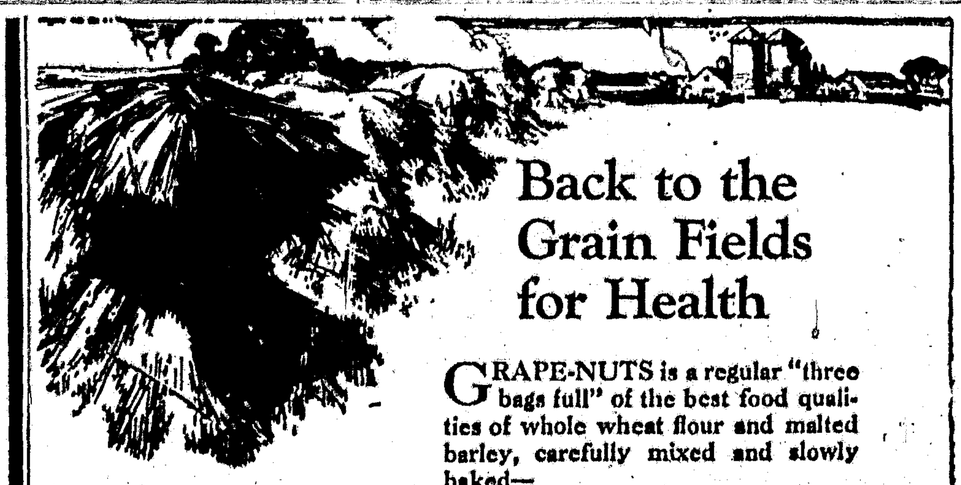
Wood—There is no accounting for youthful impulses.

Park—Meaning what, may I inquire?

"In a movie comedy the other day I saw a big lion chasing one of the slapstick artists—"

"Uh, huh—"

"And a little kid in the audience yelled, 'Run, lion, run.'"



Back to the Grain Fields for Health

GRAPE-NUTS is a regular "three bags full" of the best food qualities of whole wheat flour and malted barley, carefully mixed and slowly baked—

To develop all their appetizing flavor,

To preserve all their wholesomeness,

And to provide nature's "broom" that keeps the digestive system spick and span.

There's not a bit of artificial sweetening in Grape-Nuts—it just *becomes* sweet of its own accord in the long baking.

And that enticing flavor—how good it is with good milk or cream! Fruits, too, fresh or cooked, add to the delight of a dish of Grape-Nuts, morning, noon or sundown.

It is a compact, ready-to-eat food—no cooking needed. Why not try it for tomorrow's breakfast?

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1916.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1922

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Assessor

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of JOHN L. BRYAN for renomination for the office of Assessor of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic Party

For Sheriff

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of EDWARD W. HARRIS for renomination for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic Party

For Superintendent of Schools

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of MRS. LOCIRE F. COX for Superintendent of Schools of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic Party.

Prohibition and Bonus

Some weeks ago the Literary Digest announced that it would send out 10,000,000 ballots in an effort to obtain the sentiment of the country on two live issues before the American people—Prohibition and the Soldier Bonus. The voter was to indicate his preference by placing a cross in the square opposite the proposition he favors. The propositions are: (1) Those favoring a strict enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Law; (2) Those favoring a modification of the Volstead Law to permit light wines and beer; (3) Those favoring the repeal of the Prohibition Amendment.

Each week, since the balloting begun the Literary Digest has given the results of the poll, the first week representing 100.000 votes, each week the number increasing until now the total vote cast reaches almost half a million. Every state in the union, including the District of Columbia, is in the poll. Some states report a large number of votes, while others, receiving ballots later, show only a small vote cast.

The grand totals on the nearly halfmillion votes tabulated to date are:

For Enforcement	For Modification	For Repeal
181,704	196,864	101,475

In no state does there appear a majority for repeal, but in every state but two — Arkansas and Kansas—there is a substantial majority against the amendment, when the vote for modification and repeal are combined; for it is quite evident that those who vote for repeal of the amendment are, naturally, for modification.

A special poll of two factories was taken to ascertain the sentiment of workmen on the question. They are the Edison works, New Jersey, and Parke, Davis & Company, Detroit. The result of the poll in the above concerns bears out the assertion that labor is against the Eighteenth Amendment. The combined vote in the two establishments named gives the following result:

For enforcement	311
For modification	2,059
For repeal	1,177

The Digest is now sending out 2,000,000 special ballots to women, and prohibitionists claim the results that will be obtained therefrom will largely, if not wholly, overcome the strong anti showing made by labor. Be this as it may, the expressed sentiment of the half million votes tabulated to date indicates a very decided sentiment for modification; or at any rate, serious opposition to the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Law. While this sentiment is more pronounced in some sections and states than others, the sentiment generally is similar, from coast to coast; from the lakes to the gulf.

Our own poll on the question, the result tabulated to date indicates the sentiment to be equally divided for and against. The voter was asked to express his preference by voting in favor of a bonus or against it. The result to date is:

For Bonus	233,613
Against Bonus	241 440

The new England states and the three grouped as the Middle Atlantic States, show a very decided negative; and the South Atlantic States are not far behind. The East North Central States show a strong favorable sentiment, the West North Central States a fair sentiment for, and the West South Central States a slight sentiment favoring the bonus, as does also the Pacific States. This 50-50 condition may be upset by later returns, but balancing as it now does, there should be little wonder over the manner congress is "fiddling" about a compensation act.

For Assessor

John L. Bryan announces his candidacy this week for renomination for County Assessor. Mr Bryan was nominated for assessor two years ago by the County Democratic Convention and at the general election in the fall the people of the county ratified that nomination by electing him by a substantial majority. During the period following his assumption of the office, Mr. Bryan has given his careful attention to the duties of the office and has conscientiously served the taxpayers of the county. He has made careful assessments of the property of the county and has personally visited every community in the county seeking to list every individual taxpayer and to secure a just valuation of all property. He has kept his office in good condition and has prepared neat and accurate tax rolls. Mr. Bryan has conscientiously and painstakingly filled the position of assessor the past two years, and his record warrants the serious consideration of the Democratic party when it assembles in convention, and, if again nominated, he will go before all the people on the record he has made. Lincoln county has no better citizen than John L. Bryan, and his renomination and re-election would assure a fair deal for all.

Republican Policies

Senate Seats for the auctioneers.

Tax Revision for the buccaneers.

A Tariff for the profiteers.

A Ship Subsidy for the privateers.

His Secret Thoughts

(New York World)

The railroad managers who are resisting the efforts of the Administration to settle the strike of the shopmen on any terms less than unconditional surrender can point to the Republican national platform of 1920 as a complete justification for their course. They are carrying out the policies that the Republican Convention defined at Chicago when it said:

> We are opposed to Government ownership and operation of the railroads.

This plank was inserted in the platform to please the railroad managers, the railroad bankers and the railroad stockholders All these elements subscribed liberally to the Harding campaign fund and naturally they insist that the terms of the bargain must be kept.

Mr. Harding is now asking them to submit to employees operation of the railroads by restoring the seniority rights of the strikers in case they return to work. The Eastern roads refuse. They will surrender nothing that was awarded to them in the Republican national platform and they demand that the Administration in turn use all its authority to sustain the decision of the Labor Board.

Even the Attorney General's opinion that the President has power to seize the railroads leaves them undisturbed. Here again they not only have the pledge of the Republican Party back of them but they have the impressive record of the party in its savage attacks on Mr. Wilson and the wartime operation of the railroads by the Government.

Mr. Harding is trying to repudiate what Thomas C. Platt referred to as the moral obligation because of the pressure of public opinion on the Administration; yet in this matter it is the railroad managers who represent the clearly expressed principles of Mr Harding's party. They are the 100-per-cent red-blooded he-man Republicans who are ready to be consistent at any cost, regardless of the consequences.

Mr. Harding used to think that "government, after all, is a very simple matter." He has discovered in the last year that it is anything but a simple matter and that it cannot be administered at all on the basis of the platform pledges and the campaign promises of his party. What is a very simple matter is not government but the organization of demagogic and partisan attacks on the administration of government. That is what deceived Mr. Harding in 1920. It seemed so easy then to ignore actual conditions and assail Mr. Wilson that he took it for granted that nothing was necessary except to avoid doing anything that Mr. Wilson had done. Then government would be very simple and everything would be for the best in the best possible of worlds.

The Republicans found no difficulty in carrying an election by stirring up popular discontent against Mr Wilson at the end of a war that had destroyed the economic equilibrium of the world, but they are finding it impossible to administer government on the basis of their own record, and that is what all the trouble is about in Washington. It would be interesting to know what Warren G. Harding, in the light of his own personal experience, thinks about it. Could the Republican majority in Congress survive a public expression of the President's secret thoughts?

Pure Honey

WE CATER TO PARTICULAR PEOPLE

FOUR REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD BUY HEDSTROM HONEY

1. We use Queen Excluders; these separate the eggs and young bees from the HONEY. You get the PURE HONEY with the true flavor only.
2. We leave the HONEY on the hives and let the bees ripen it. This gives the HONEY the best flavor and will keep its true flavor. We let artificial ripening alone.
3. We extract our HONEY by machinery; this insures absolute cleanliness.
4. We make prompt deliveries, at LOW PRICES for this high grade HONEY.

ADD POSTAGE IF HONEY IS TO GO BY MAIL

Five pound Pail $ .75	Shipping Weight 7 lbs.
Ten pound pail $1.40	Shipping Weight 11 lbs.
60 pound Case $7.00	By Express or Freight

SEND IN YOUR ORDER TODAY

R. J. HEDSTROM TULAROSA, N. M.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 66

Skinner's Shoe Hospital

Boots Made To Order

Best Leather

Reasonable Prices

Style of Work Shoes in Stock

Old Shoes Made as Good as New

Return Charges Will be Paid on Parcel Post Orders

How The Master Driver Became Master Tire Builder

IN 1903, driving the "999" racing car, Barney Oldfield started his career of victories that later earned him the title of "Master Driver of The World." To overcome the tire weaknesses that made racing difficult and dangerous, he studied tires—specified materials—supervised construction.

Today, Barney Oldfield is known as the "Master Tire Builder." Starting with the crude tires which carried the "999" one mile in sixty seconds, Oldfield gradually developed his famous Cords—a set of which covered 500 miles at eighty-eight miles an hour without a change.

In three years Oldfield tires have won every important race on American speedways. They are the only American tires that have ever taken first place in the French Grand Prix. They have won for three consecutive years in the 500-mile Indianapolis Sweepstakes. So far in 1922, Oldfields have lowered four World's Records and seven track records.

The Wichita Test Run gave evidence of Oldfield superiority in touring—when a set of four Cords covered 34,525 miles over rutted, frozen, winter roads—a performance attested by the Mayor of Wichita.

See your dealer and get a set of these rugged tires that Barney Oldfield has developed and perfected through a lifetime of practical tire experience. Their performance will convince you that they are "The Most Trustworthy Tires Built."

BARNEY OLDFIELD TIRES

The Titsworth Co., Inc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

We carry in stock—

Fresch Fruit — Fruit Jars — Jar Rubbers

Cement — Lime — Chicken netting — Hog fence — Grain bags

Steel and Felt roofing — Doors — Window glass and sash

Building paper — Pump engines — Wagon skeins, timber, Etc.

Lubricating oils — Dry batteries — Paints and oils

Black Leaf "40" — Black Aggressin — Patent Medicines, Etc.

Our prices are reasonable

The Titsworth Company, Inc.

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION
OF NEW MEXICO

CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA } SS
STATE OF NEW MEXICO }

It is hereby certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF
HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)
(No. 11443)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 6th day of July A. D. 1922.

(SEAL) B. MONTOYA
Chairman.

Attest:
A. L. MORRISON
Clerk.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)

We, C. F. Hottinger, a resident of the City of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, Henry Lutz, E. S. Corn, J. B. French, T. A. Spencer, and George L. Ulrick, residents of the County of Lincoln, and State of New Mexico, and all citizens of the United States of America, do hereby associate ourselves together and form a corporation under and by virtue of the provisions of the laws of the State of New Mexico, and do hereby certify as follows:

I

The name of the corporation is HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY (No Stockholders' Liability.)

II

The principal and registered office of the company is located in the Lutz Building, in the Village of Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico, and the name of the agent thereof and in charge of said office, and the person on whom process against the corporation may be served, is Henry Lutz.

III

The objects for which the corporation is formed are: To raise, buy, sell, mortgage, trade for and deal in all kinds of livestock, including cattle, sheep and horses; to lease, buy, sell, own, mortgage, and trade in real estate of all classes, including water, water rights, pipe lines and ditch rights, wherever situated in the State of New Mexico; to own, equip, operate ranches and stockfarms; and to buy, sell, and deal in merchandise; and to do any and every thing necessary in the conduct of said business.

In furtherance of, but not in limitation of the powers conferred by the laws of the State of New Mexico, or the objects hereinbefore stated, it is expressly provided that said corporation shall also have and exercise the following powers:

(a) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, the good will, and all other rights and interests in or pertaining to any business whatever, and to conduct, control and manage the same, and to assume the payment of the debts and liabilities of any person, firm, association or corporation, and to pay for the properties, assets and rights of any such person, firm, association or corporation, in cash or stock of this corporation.

(b) To hold, purchase, or otherwise aquire, to sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or [illegible] created by any other corporation.

(c) To borrow money, and to issue the evidence of indebtedness of the said corporation therefor.

IV

The amount of the authorized capital stock of the corporation is ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, divided into ONE THOUSAND shares of the par value of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each.

V

The names and addresses of the incorporators and the number of shares subscribed for by each, aggregating FIFTYSIX THOUSAND DOLLARS, being the amount of the capital stock with which the corporation shall commence business, are as follows:

C. F. Hottinger, Charleston, South Carolina, ... 430 shares $43000.00
Henry Lutz, Carrizozo, New Mexico, ... 20 shares 2000.00
E. S. Corn, Carrizozo, New Mexico, ... 40 shares 4000.00
J. B. French, Carrizozo, New Mexico, ... 20 shares 2000.00
T. A. Spencer, Carrizozo, New Mexico, ... 20 shares 2000.00
George L. Ulrick, Carrizozo, New Mexico, ... 40 shares 4000.00

VI

The time for which this corporation shall exist is FIFTY YEARS, from and after the date of its incorporation.

VII

The Board of Directors for the first three months shall consist of the following named persons:

C. F. Hottinger,
Henry Lutz,
J. B. French,
George L. Ulrick, and
E. S. Corn.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, this the 1st day of July, A. D. 1922.

C. F. HOTTINGER, [Seal]
HENRY LUTZ, [Seal]
E. S. CORN, [Seal]
J. B. FRENCH, [Seal]
T. A. SPENCER, [Seal]
GEO. L. ULRICK, [Seal]

STATE OF NEW MEXICO }
COUNTY OF LINCOLN } ss

On this, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1922, before me personally appeared C. F. Hottinger, Henry Lutz, E. S. Corn, J. B. French, T. A. Spencer, and George L. Ulrick, to me known to be the same persons described therein and who executed the foregoing instrument, and each acknowledged to me that he executed the same, and that the same was the free act and deed of each.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal, on this, the day and year in this Certificate last above written.

RAYMOND E. LEMON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires January 8th, 1923.

ENDORSED
No. 11443
Cor. Rec'd. Vol. 7 Page 149
Articles of Incorporation of
the
HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)
Filled in Office of State Corporation Commission of New Mexico
July 5, 1922—3:30 p. m.
A. L. MORRISON,
Clerk,

Compared JJO to EMA.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION
OF NEW MEXICO

CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA } SS
STATE OF NEW MEXICO }

It is Hereby Certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the

CERTIFICATE OF STOCKHOLDERS' NON-LIABILITY
—OF—
HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)
(No. 11444)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission [illegible] its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 6th day of July, A. D. 1922.

B. MONTOYA,
[SEAL] Chairman.

Attest:
A. L. MORRISON, Clerk.

CERTIFICATE OF STOCKHOLDERS' NON-LIABILITY
OF
HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)

We, the undersigned, being all the incorporators of the HOGADERO CATTLE COMPANY (No Stockholders' Liability) at the time of the filing of the certificate of incorporation thereof, pursuant to and in conformity with Section 907 of the Codification of 1915, as amended by Section 4, of Chapter 112, of the Acts of the Third State Legislature of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there shall be no stockholders' liability on account of any stock issued by said corporation.

The principal and registered office of said corporation is in the Lutz Building, in the Village of Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico, and the name of the agent thereof and in charge of said office, and the person on whom process against the corporation may be served, is Henry Lutz.

In Witness Whereof, we, said incorporators, have hereunto set our hands and seals, on this, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1922.

C. F. HOTTINGER [Seal]
HENRY LUTZ [Seal]
E. S. CORN [Seal]
J. B. FRENCH [Seal]
T. A. SPENCER [Seal]
GEO. L. ULRICK [Seal]

STATE OF NEW MEXICO }
COUNTY OF LINCOLN } SS

On this, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1922, before me personally appeared C. F. Hottinger, Henry Lutz, E. S. Corn, J. B. French, T. A. Spencer and George L. Ulrick, to me known to be the same persons described therein and who executed the foregoing instrument, and each acknowledged to me that he executed the same, and that the same was the free act and deed of each.

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A. L. MORRISON,
Clerk.

Compared JJO to EMA.

These Wonderful California Herbs
Cured Her and the Neighbors of Rheumatism

Minburn, Iowa, May 6, 1920

Rheumatism Herb Co.,
Ocean Park, Cal.

Gentlemen:—My mother is suffering dreadfully with rheumatism. We have tried doctors, all sorts of patent medicines and liniments, but no relief, and my sister-in-law (Mrs. W. F. Antle, of Norwalk, Iowa) wrote me and told me to get a pound of your Herbs, for she knew it would do wonders for my mother. She said it cured her and several of her neighbors. Please send it as quickly as possible.—Very respectfully, Mrs. E. M. Jones.

Send for free booklet of letters from people all over the U. S. testifying to the wonderful results of these Herbs. Men and women agents are building up a good business selling them. Agents wanted everywhere. Price $1.00 [illegible]

Drifting

The Harding administration continues to drift. It drifts on the tariff, on the soldiers' bonus and on all legislative and executive affairs, as well. Discussing the President's reply to Gov. Sproul in the matter of the coal strike, the New York World says:

"Mr. Harding is forever waiting for someting to turn up, forever drifting along in expectation that something may happen. He meddles just enough to muddle the situation and then complacently sits back and hopes for the best."

But the New York World is an independent newspaper with Democratic leanings and its judgment of the President, perhaps will not be accepted at full value by Republicans. If there is any doubt about the correctness of this judgment of the President, the following from Senator Borah, the fearless Progressive Republican Senator from Idaho, may resolve all doubts in this matter:

"Almost everyone realized that this was no time to revise the tariff. It is impossible to produce anything like a scientific tariff. And yet, with everybody knowing that, the tariff bill is permitted to drift out here. And so it goes—drift! It is impossible to get a negative or affirmative declaration from the White House. Conditions just move along until we get into this hopeless and absolutely deplorable mess."

But what the people expect? With no leadership in the White House, no leadership in the United States Senate, no leadership in the House of Representatives; no plan, no programme, no policy, what can the Republican administration and the Republican Congress do but drift?

Newberryites

Two of the men who voted to retain Truman H. Newberry from Michigan in a purchased seat in the Senate have already been eliminated from that body—Harry S. New of Indiana and Porter J. McCumber of North Dakota. Others like Calder of New York, France of Maryland, Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, Kellogg of Minnesota and Townsend of Michigan are on their way to the eliminator, with good prospects that there will be several others after November.

With New and McCumber defeated and with the people's headsmen stalking behind the other Senatorial Newberryites, who are up for re-election, the beneficiary of all this treachery to the public interests and the Republican party, Senator Newberry himself sits smilingly and and comfortably in his seat in the Senate Chamber with the assurance of several more years of political life, or until the new Senators elected this fall meet in the next regular session, when it is highly probable that the word Newberry will become synonymous with raspberry.

The Tax on Folly

Poor Richard said, "The taxes are indeed very heavy; if those laid on by the Government were the only ones, we might more easily discharge them."

Then he went on to say that we are taxed four times as much by our folly, and, from this tax, the commissioners cannot ease or deliver us by lowering or abating it. Maybe someone will say that those words written by Richard in 1757, in the time of our great-great grandfathers, cannot be true today. To think so would be a mistake, for most of the old sayings that have come down to us were spoken for all time.

We have a good illustration of the high tax of folly every time we hear about the driver of an automobile meeting with disaster while crossing the tracks, we cannot escape the thought that this person was surely aware of his peril in such a place and that he should have taken better care of himself.

In the days of Benjamin Franklin, who wrote under the name of "Poor Richard," there were no trains of cars and no automobiles, but there were other dangers to think about—plenty of them.

The ancient saying that "Self preservation is the first law of nature" might have been made today with perfect consistency. And say, when you come to think of it, doesn't it seem as if Davey Crockett was dreaming of the days of "Henrys" and motor cars when he told the world to "Be sure you are right, then go ahead"?

Good old Davey! How ardently many of us wish you could be here today to proclaim that warning to all heedless drivers of automobiles!

We pay more or less penalties for varying acts of folly, but when the folly consists of a daredevil or thoughtless act at the crossing, that brings us in contact with a fast-moving train, the tax required of us is not only burdensome but utterly destructive. Old Man Death is the tax collector then, and he won't accept anything less than Your Life, and the lives of your passengers.

NOTICE OF SALE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, WITHIN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

EXCHANGE BANK, Plaintiff.
vs. No. 3240
LILLIAN I. MILLER, FRANK R. MILLER, NAOMI LUCAS AND ROBERT T. LUCAS, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a certain decree and order of sale made and entered on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1922, in the above entitled cause, it was adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff, Exchange Bank, have and recover of the defendants, Lillian I Miller and Frank R. Miller, the sum of Thirty-three Hundred Forty-five and 12-100 Dollars ($3345.12) together with interest on Twenty-seven Hundred Forty-one and 70-100 Dollars ($2741.70) at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the date of said decree, the said interest up to the date of sale hereinafter provided being Ninety-one and 39-100 Dollars ($91.39).

It was further adjudged and decreed that the mortgage mentioned in the said cause be foreclosed, that the real estate described in said mortgage be sold to satisfy said decree, if said decree was not paid off before the expiration of ninety days from the date thereof, and the undersigned, E. W. Harris, was appointed by said Court as Special Master to sell the encumbered property to satisfy the amount due the said plaintiff, together with cost and expenses of said sale in the manner provided by law, and

Whereas, the said period of ninety days has expired and said decree has not been paid off,

Now, therefore, by virtue of the said power and authority conferred on me by said decree and order of sale, I, the undersigned Special Master, will, on the 26th day of August, A. D. 1922, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day offer for sale and sell at public vendue at the front door of the county court house in Carrizozo, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the rights, title and interests of the defendants, Lillian I. Miller, Frank R. Miller, Naomi Lucas and Robert T. Lucas, in and to the hereinafter described real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise the amount due the plaintiff, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty-two and twenty-three, in block numbered twelve, in the Original Townsite of Carrizozo, as shown on the plat of said town on file in the office of the County Clerk of said Lincoln County.

Said decree and order of sale provides that the purchaser or purchasers shall have immediate possession of the premises, subject, however, to redemption within nine months from and after the date of said sale.

There will be due on said decree on the day of sale Thirty-four Hundred Thirty-six and 51-100 Dollars ($3436.51) principal, interest, attorney's fees, costs [illegible]

Was Very Weak

"After the birth of my baby I had a back-set," writes Mrs. Mattie Crosswhite, of Glade Spring, Va. "I was very ill; thought I was going to die. I was so weak I couldn't raise my head to get a drink of water. I took . . . medicine, yet I didn't get any better. I was constipated and very weak, getting worse and worse. I sent for Cardui."

TAKE
CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

"I found after one bottle of Cardui I was improving," adds Mrs. Crosswhite. "Six bottles of Cardui and . . . I was cured, yes, I can say they were a God-send to me. I believe I would have died, had it not been for Cardui." Cardui has been found beneficial in many thousands of other cases of womanly troubles. If you feel the need of a good, strengthening tonic, why not try Cardui? It may be just what you need.

All Druggists
E78

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. T. BROTHERS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in State and Federal Courts
Law Office—Next Door to Exchange Bank
Carrizozo, New Mex

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo - New Mexico

GEO. B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo : New Mexico

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms 5 and 6, Exchange Bank Bldg.
CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
Notary Public
Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo.

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in
Exchange Bank Bldg. Upstairs

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1922:

January 7, February 11, March 11, April 1 May 6, June 3, July 8, August 5, Sept. 2 & 30 Nov. 4, Dec. 2 and 27.

G. F. HUFFMAN, W. M.
S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30
Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meet-
[illegible] Tuesday

1—Secretary Mellon and Ambassador Jusserand discussing the French war debt with M. Jean Parmentier, French financial representative. 2—Elks, in convention at Atlantic City, marching to their morning dip. 3—Wounded republican and Father Dominic, a rebel leader, captured by Free State troops in the battle of Dublin.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Harding Asks That Coal Mines Be Reopened and Promises Federal Protection.

URGES GOVERNORS TO HELP

Negotiations to End Railway Strike Run Against Seniority Snag—France Consents to Moratorium for Germany—Conference at The Hague Ends in Failure.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

PRESIDENT HARDING'S last plan for the peaceful termination of the coal strike failed of acceptance by the miners and by a considerable number of the operators. It was that the mines should be reopened under the old scale and that a commission should arbitrate a national wage scale. A large majority of the operators agreed to the plan, but it could not go through unless the acceptance was unanimous on both sides.

Then the President put forward his proposal for prevention of the fuel famine with which the country is threatened. This is that the mines be reopened at once and with whatever labor can be procured, and that the state governments in the respective states protect these workers and give assurance of the maintenance of order. This Mr. Harding set forth in a long telegram to the governors of the states, and he promised them the "prompt and full support of the federal government whenever and wherever you find your own agencies of law and order inadequate to meet the situation."

Responses by the governors were in the main highly satisfactory. That of Governor Kendall of Iowa, is typical: "As chief executive of the state of Iowa I pledge every resource of the state to the support of the program you have inaugurated for the relief of the fuel situation." From two governors—Morrison of North Carolina and Ritchie of Maryland—came responses expressing outright dissent from the President's program. The former said in part: "Your position is practically to use the power of the government against the strikers, and they will naturally have little confidence in the impartiality or fairness of soldiers or other agencies of force, however good the reason for such a stand may be." Ritchie declined to take immediate action, saying he would not send the Maryland National Guard to the coal fields until all peaceful methods had failed. He did not state what peaceful methods remain to be tried. Governor Allen of Kansas said the industrial court had ordered the resumption of mining and that about 50 per cent of the state's needs was now being produced.

In Illinois there is a situation, previously described, which seems to block the Harding plan in that state. The law provides that no one shall work as a miner without first obtaining a certificate of competency, and no miner can get such a certificate unless he can submit evidence that he has had at least two years' experience as a miner or with a miner. Moreover, the 90,000 miners of the state are 100 per cent organized. There had been some chance that their president, Frank Farrington, would at the proper time push the idea of separate state agreement, but operators said this hope was dispelled by the springing of the Washington plan.

North Dakota is confronted with a crisis that is causing almost a panic among the residents, and the conditions there are peculiar. The state depends almost wholly on lignite from the mines within its borders. The miners, according to Governor Nestos, quit on the national call and not because of any local grievances. The lignite fields, he says, have no accessible bituminous or anthracite fields, and he believes if they could be placed in a separate category directly with the district leaders, "the mines could be reopened peacefully rather than by methods which might result in violence." Nestos asked President Harding to use such means as he deems consistent to persuade the United Mine Workers of America to settle the North Dakota problem in that way.

President Lewis of the mine workers was not disturbed, apparently, by the promulgation of the President's plan. He said that an immediate result of any attempt to operate mines by non-union labor would be the quitting of the maintenance workers, which would mean the speedy flooding of the mines. This would need no strike order.

Lewis added that there were more men out than when the strike started sixteen weeks ago and that they would continue to refrain from work, "in peaceful and orderly fashion." That their methods are not always peaceful was demonstrated at Cliftonville, W. Va., where a large band of marching strikers from Pennsylvania encountered a sheriff's posse and killed the sheriff and four other men.

FOR several days it looked as if the shopmen's strike might be settled amicably through the negotiations instituted by Chairman Hooper of the labor board. Assurance was given, specifically to the maintenance of way men, that the board would grant re-hearings on wage disputes, and it was believed this not only would keep those workers from going out but also would be made applicable to the other disaffected unions. Moreover, President Grable of the maintenance men said Senator Cummins, who is chairman of the interstate commerce committee of the senate, had advised him that "he is going to hold hearings immediately on disputed points of the transportation act, principally to ascertain how the law may be amended so that the living wage principle would be made clear and so that every employee would be guaranteed a living wage."

All this looked very auspicious, and then up jumped the question of seniority and put the negotiations on the blink. The shopmen insisted that if they returned to work their seniority rights must be restored, and the carriers flatly refused to yield to this demand. Both sides set forth their arguments on this point, which have been heard before in many a strike, and as both stood firm, Chairman Hooper issued a statement saying that the negotiations had had no result "and are now at an end." Added to the seniority barrier to peace was Jewell's demand for a national board of adjustment.

Though it was believed the strike of the maintenance of way men would be averted, the numbers of the strikers were increased by several thousands in various parts of the country. There were many disorderly incidents, but none of great moment. The government's determination that the mails shall not be interfered with had its effect and Attorney General Daugherty said they were delayed in only a few localities. He added: "It appears, however, that there is a relationship between the railroad situation and the coal strike. Whether this relationship is conspired or inspired I do not care to say at present. One thing is certain; the fault is not all on one side." This lends strength to the belief, expressed in Washington, that the policy the government will follow in dealing with the railway situation depends largely on the results of its action in relation to the coal strike.

IN CHICAGO the employees of the surface and elevated roads were all ready to quit work and spent much of the week awaiting the permission of their international president, W. D. Mahon, who was in the east. His delay was taken to mean that negotiations might be resumed and the strike averted, but before this reaches the reader it is likely the people of Chicago will be making their way about as best they can without the aid of the street cars and elevated trains.

FRANCE has yielded so far as to consent to a moratorium for Germany on cash payments for from three to six months. In return she has demanded that the allies facilitate the military occupying of the Rhine [illegible] inspect all financial projects before they are sent to the reichstag and before they are put into execution. The members of the reparations commission are completing the details of the arrangement. Although Germany cannot pay much cash until it has been accumulated by the sale of German products abroad, she can deliver materials to the allies, and France hopes to get in that way a large part of the 900,000,000 francs she is entitled to this year. The Loucheur-Rathenau accord, reached nearly a year ago but held in abeyance, facilitates this delivery of materials and went into effect last week.

THE council of the League of Nations is in session in London mainly for the purpose of settling all matters relating to the mandates. Its task was made comparatively easy by the reaching of complete agreements between the United States and Great Britain and France concerning certain of the mandated regions. The rights of Americans are said to be fully safeguarded.

FULFILLING predictions, the conference at The Hague has come to an end without results. Russian delegates, after all their stubbornness and after refusal to meet with a committee, at a plenary session went so far as to offer to submit proposals to Moscow under which the bolsheviki would agree to recognize debts to foreign nationals as well as to furnish satisfactory compensation for seized property through private negotiations, regardless of whether or not credits were received. But they spoiled all this by notifying the British delegates that the soviet government would expect immediate de jure recognition. Immediately thereafter the allies and neutrals adopted a resolution definitely ending the conference.

The allies and neutrals, finding all thoughts of a general agreement with Russia futile, did not see any use in risking a break among themselves, but each reserved the right to resume separate negotiations with Russia after The Hague conference. Litvinoff, head of the soviet delegation, said: "Russia will attend no more conferences. Genoa and The Hague have been enough for us."

PREMIER LENINE of Russia has been killed again, this time according to a Swedish correspondent in Riga. His story is that Lenine was poisoned on a train when on his way to a Caucasian bathing resort and his body was thrown into the River Don. An accomplice of the assassin is said to be impersonating Lenine at the resort. Soviet officials say the premier is in Moscow and almost well.

IRISH FREE STATE officials announce that their forces are now in control of twelve counties but are strongly opposed in Donegal, Sligo, Galway, Limerick and Tipperary. Waterford, Cork, Kerry and Mayo, they assert, are in "subjection" to the irregulars. Waterford was taken by regulars toward the close of the week, and in Limerick the rebels were cooped up in the barracks and King John castle after some heavy fighting.

The two assassins of Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson were tried in London, convicted and sentenced to death, the case being handled with a neatness and dispatch that arouses the envy of those who contemplate the outrageous criminal court procedure in the United States.

SCORE yet another victory for the progressives in the Republican party. In the Nebraska primaries Robert B. Howell, former Bull Mooser, was nominated for the United States senate, defeating the "regular" candidate, Representative Jeffries, who is classed as a stand-patter. Senator Hitchcock easily won a re-nomination by the Democrats.

AMNESTY for the 57 so-called political prisoners now in federal penitentiaries was asked of President Harding by a delegation of sentimentalists last week. They carried a petition with a million signatures. The President told them he would never pardon any criminal who was guilty of preaching the destruction of the government by force and consequently would not consider general amnesty. His response will meet with the ap-

Southwest News
From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

A special election was held in Willard to vote on a bond issue of $35,000 for the erection of a new school building.

The Golden Link mine in the Mogollon mountains, near Silver City, has been taken over by L. H. Foster and plans are being made to put it in operation at an early date.

The plant of the Four States Seed Company, which burned to the ground some time ago, is to be rebuilt, according to a statement of one of the officials of the reorganized company at Clayton, N. M.

The New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association will hold the fall session at the State College in Las Cruces, some time in October or September. Plans are being made to handle a large crowd at this time.

The big box factory which for some time has been under construction at the mills of the McGaffey Lumber Company in the Zuni hills, near Gallup, N. M., will soon start operations and begin filling the large number of orders now on file.

Thomas Hopper, employed as a teamster in the construction of a new swimming pool near the city pumping station of Douglas, was struck by a bolt of lightning and almost instantly killed. A Mexican working with him was knocked down, but was not injured. The two horses were killed.

Robert E. Mills was sentenced to a year in Leavenworth penitentiary by federal Judge Sawtelle of Prescott, Ariz., on a charge of passing counterfeit dollars. He pleaded guilty to passing one tin and lead molded dollar, but federal agents explained he had forty more in his possession when he was arrested.

J. J. Huber, Mesa rancher, who recently was indicted on a charge of bigamy, surrendered at the sheriff's office in Phoenix and furnished bond of $1,500. It is charged that Huber married two women before the law against polygamy was enacted in Arizona and has since continued to maintain two homes.

On the Datil national forest it is estimated that the costs of the fires for the season up to June 30 has been over $5,000, the Cañon creek blaze alone costing over $3,000. Of the fifty-seven blazes which occurred in the reserve, 23 were caused by carelessness of campers or herders and 34 were started by lightning. In the 23 blazes started by men, nine convictions were secured in court, fines being imposed which ranged from $10 to $25.

Forrest Fielder has opened an inquiry at Silver City into the feud tragedy on the open range in which one on each side, Bate Bradbury and John Fulcher were killed in a gun fight. Attorney J. S. Vaughn has been retained to defend Mart Bradbury, arrested for complicity in the shooting. Sidney Fulcher, who suffered a shattered right arm in the fight, is in a Lordsburg hospital. He will be defended by Attorney W. B. Watson of Silver City.

Twenty-one parcels of state land in Santa Cruz county were sold at public auction in Nogales by Rudolph Kuchler, state land commissioner, assisted by T. L. McLeod, chief engineer of the department, and C. E. Ashley, department sales manager. The land, which is mostly grazing lands, went to nine purchasers, the total amount received by the state being approximately $10,000. The money goes into the public school fund and the fund for the operation of state institutions.

Plans are being made for the remodeling of the Old Dominion mill at Globe, Ariz., and the increasing of its capacity from 750 to 1,000 tons daily. The remodeling will cost about $50,000 and will permit of lower costs and a higher extraction being obtained. The mill will not be shut down while changes are being made.

A verdict of suicide was returned at the inquest into the death of Lee Honaker, a truck driver, who died at St. Joseph's sanatorium in Albuquerque as the result of a bullet wound in his head. Honaker shot himself after he had attempted to kill his two brothers-in-law, William L. and Harry U. DoBell, at their home in Albuquerque.

At a recent meeting of the directors of the New Mexico chapter of the American Mining Congress, J. F. Woodbury, Silver City attorney, was named as the secretary of the chapter, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Burton Bunch. Mr. Woodbury will take up his new duties at once, handling them in connection with his law practice.

Automobile registration in New Mexico for the six months period from January 1 to June 30, 1922, shows an increase of 687 automobiles over the registration for the same period last year, according to a statement issued recently by Ernest R. Hall secretary of state.

The new water plant at Ray is now completed and the pumps installed so that the city will soon be furnished with water. It is believed that the two wells will supply from 1,200 to 1,500 gallons per hour, which is [illegible]

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Postponed Repentance.

There was a man out in Wisconsin who went to a revival meeting and was pressed to repent. He wavered for a time and finally arose and said: "Friends, I want to repent and tell how bad I have been, but I dasn't do it when the grand jury is in session."

"The Lord will forgive," the revivalist shouted.

"Probably He will," answered the sinner; "but He ain't on that grand jury."—Boston Transcript.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin
Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Advertisement.

There With Advice.

"I knew it would happen!" exclaimed Mr. Grumpson.

"Well?"

"After reading one issue of a radio magazine he thinks his middle name is Marconi."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT
When shoes pinch or corns and bunions ache, get a package of ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions, gives instant relief to Smarting, Aching, Swollen feet. 1,500,000 pounds of powder for the feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.—Advertisement.

Thoughts of a Middle-Aged Guy.

Bald-domed and fat, the young pass me by;
I'm the middle-aged guy.

Ideals carved in solid rock would be hard things to carry around with us.

RADIO
Apparatus will be sold to millions of people this fall and winter. Have you considered the advantages to your general business of installing a Radio department?
Just how to establish such a department and maintain it at a high level of efficiency is told by
Radio Merchandising
The Semi-Monthly Magazine of the Radio Industry
One dollar will bring it to you for four months—Three dollars a year.
Radio Publishing Corporation
Incorporated
Dept. 26, 342 Madison Ave., New York City

A Soldier's Honor.

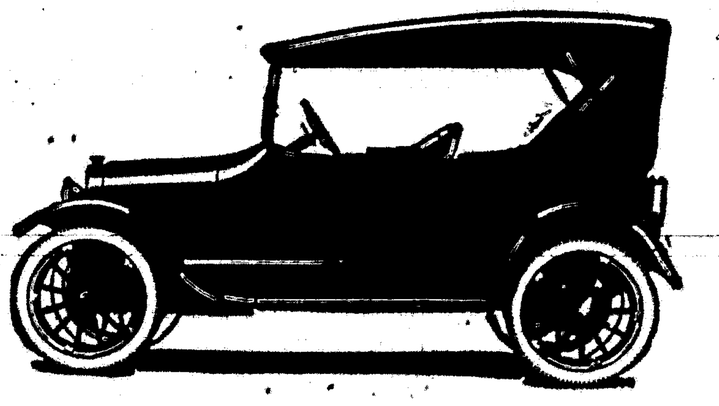
The memory of the soldier Mailliet, who was sentenced in 1915 to death in contumaciam for having deserted to the enemy, has now definitely been cleared of all stain by the Mourges Military tribunal. Mailliet's case was pathetic. He fell in battle and his body was afterward identified among others buried at Auberive on the Marne. On hearing that her husband was a deserter Mailliet's wife died of grief and her two orphan boys were taken care of by their grandfather. The commune of Checy, his native village, now lays claim to the honor of paying for their upkeep.

Expert Aviators.

Wife—Doesn't time fly quickly!

Hub—Yes, and money is a good second down here at the seashore.

CHEVROLET
for Economical Transportation



The World's Lowest Priced QUALITY Automobile
$525 *f. o. b. Flint, Mich.*

New Superior Model Breaking All Sales Records of Standard Fully Equipped Cars

This leadership has come only from sheer superiority in value per dollar of price. Price, operation and maintenance considered, your dollar buys the most transportation in a Chevrolet.

Equipment and accessories considered, Chevrolet is the lowest priced car made.

Chevrolet is *ALL THERE* as sold—nothing more to buy but the license, gasoline and oil.

Comparisons Sell Chevrolet

Standard Rear Axle Construction. Strong, Quiet Spiral Bevel Gears.

Standard Transmission—three speeds forward and one reverse.

Standard Braking System—foot service brake, hand emergency brake.

Standard Electrical System—Starter, storage battery, electric lights.

Standard Cooling System—pump-circulation, large, honey-comb radiator and fan.

Standard Doors—two on roadster coupe, and light delivery, four on touring and sedan.

Demountable Rims—with extra rim.

Standard Instrument Board—speedometer, ammeter, oil pressure gauge, lighting and starting switch, and choke pull.

Standard Type of Carburetor, with exhaust heater.

Powerful, Valve-In-Head Motor—the same type as used in successful cars selling at much higher prices.

Many Other Advantages which will be noticed on inspection, comparison and demonstration.

Investigate the Difference Before You Buy

Chevrolet Motor Company, Detroit, Michigan
Division of General Motors Corporation

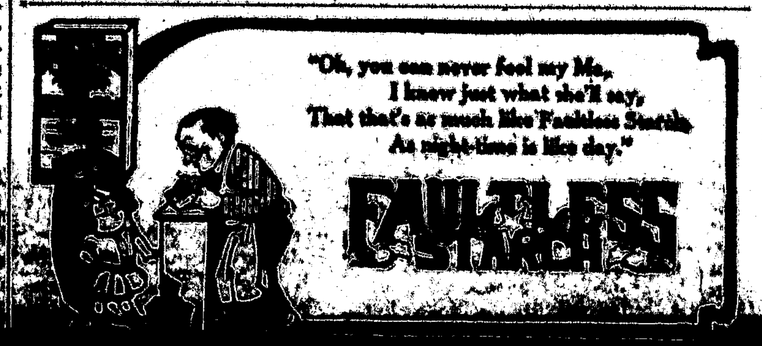
World's Largest Manufacturer of Low Priced QUALITY Automobiles

There are 5,000 Chevrolet Dealers and Service Stations Throughout the World

Applications will be Considered from High Grade Dealers in Territories not Adequately Covered

Dealer Inquiries Should Be Addressed to

Chevrolet Motor Company
1833 Wazee Street, Denver, Colorado



DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

MAIL US YOUR BROKEN GLASSES for repairs. Our prices are reasonable. We examine eyes at no charge. Free Booklet "SAVE YOUR EYES." FORD OPTICAL CO. 1630 Sixteenth Street, Denver, Colorado

CLEANERS AND DYERS

GRUND DRY CLEANING
DENVER'S EXPERT DYER
Established TWENTY FOUR YEARS
GRUND BUILDING 16th & LOGAN

DIAMONDS AND WATCHES.
HOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO. Mfg. and Repairing. All orders promptly attended to. Est. 1879. 16th & Champa.

ARMY AND NAVY GOODS—Everything in clothing, shoes, boots, harness, saddles, bridles, blankets and camping equipment. Anderson Bros. 1625 Arapahoe St., Denver—Pueblo, Colorado and Cheyenne, Wyoming

YOU READ the Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition; that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad in These Columns?

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

National Committee on Boys and Girls Club Work Will Award Free Trip to Europe.

A free trip to Europe with all expenses paid will be awarded the four champion canning girls of the United States in 1922. This is the largest prize ever offered to the farm girls of America. Fifty-five thousand rural girls who are members of the girls clubs conducted by agricultural colleges, the U. S. Department of Agriculture co-operating, are competing in the contest. After the local, county, and state elimination contests are held there will be five interstate or sectional contests, the winners of which will compete for final national honors at Chicago during the week of the International Live Stock Exposition. At the final contest the honors and prize trip will be awarded on the basis of efficiency in demonstrating canning methods, in judging canned products, and by the home canning record.

The American Committee for Devastated France is providing the prize trip for the four girl winners and for the three women leaders who will train the winning teams. The contest for the section comprising Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Wyoming will be held at the Colorado State Fair, Pueblo, Colo.

Guards Protect Buffalo Tram Cars.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Policemen armed with riot guns and under orders to shoot to kill rode the seventy-one street cars which started out from the car barns following a warning by Mayor Schwab to striking carmen that further rioting would have serious consequences. Two hand grenades were exploded on the roof of the Cold Spring car barns.

Suit Charges Coercion.

Denver.—One of the most remarkable suits ever filed in a Denver court was instituted in the District Court by Mrs. Margery Verner Mayo, daughter of the late multi-millionaire Verner Z. Reed, with a view to taking the administration of her $5,000,000 estate out of the hands of the Rev. David T. O'Dwyer, who has been its trustee. The suit not only involves millions, but it names Mrs. Mary Dean Reed, widow of the multi-millionaire, the mother of the plaintiff, as one of the defendants, and charges that she used undue influence to coerce her daughter into signing papers creating the immense trust fund before she would consent to her marriage to Paul Thoburn Mayo.

Pastor Gets One Year Sentence.

Xenia, Ohio.—Rev. W. W. Culp, Spring Valley pastor, pleaded guilty in Probate Court here to abandoning his family and was sentenced to one year in the Dayton, Ohio, workhouse and fined $500 and costs, as the result of his elopement with Esther Hughes.

Man Held Month for Another's Crime.

San Francisco.—For more than a month George Anderson was in jail here charged with grand larceny. He had been identified by the officers who arrested him. He had been identified as the man who had pawned the stolen articles. His handwriting had been declared—that of the thief. But he denied his guilt. Joseph Whelan was under arrest for petit larceny. He confessed police, but to the other [illegible]

MRS. FRANK WILKIE, of Syracuse, N. Y., former matron at the State Reformatory at Industry, N. Y., who says she is delighted with Tanlac since it restored her health after she suffered eight years.

"This is the first time in eight years that I have been free from stomach trouble and it is all because of the wonderful good Tanlac has done me," said Mrs. Frank Wilkie, 229 Cedar St., Syracuse. Mrs. Wilkie formerly resided in Buffalo and for two years was matron of the State Reformatory at Industry, N. Y.

"I was eating scarcely enough to keep alive," she declared, "for I would rather not touch a bite than suffer the misery I knew would follow. Even sweet milk disagreed with me. I was sick in bed for two and three days at a time, and gas on my stomach made such awful pressure on my heart it almost cut off my breath. I had horrible dreams at night and in the morning was all tired out.

"Well, the longest day I live I will praise Tanlac, for my improvement has been simply remarkable. I have no more heartburn, my appetite is wonderful, I can eat most anything I want, and my sleep is sound and restful. I am thoroughly delighted with Tanlac. It is wonderful."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.—Advertisement.

Refreshing Ignorance.

Mrs. Kawler—"I can't do without my matutinal coffee." Mrs. Newrich—"Is that a good brand? We've tried so many that are poor."—Boston Transcript.

Going Down.

Blackstone—Is your wife still reducing?

Webster—If you mean my income—yes!

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS

25¢ and 75¢ Packages, Everywhere

DI-COL-Q
FOR BURNS CUTS ITCH SORES
75c at stores; 85c by mail. Address New York Drug Concern, New York

Skin Troubles —Soothed— With Cuticura
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Gray Hair is out of fashion; it is unnecessary—for you can have abundant hair of the original shade by using Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer.—Safe as water—try it. At all good druggists, 75 cents, or direct from BESSIC-ELLIS, Chemists, Memphis, Tenn.

Western Canada Offers Health and Wealth

and has brought contentment and happiness to thousands of home seekers and their families who have started on her FREE homesteads or bought land at attractive prices. They have established their own homes and secured property and independence. In the great grain-growing sections of the prairie provinces there is still to be had on easy terms

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre—oats, barley and flax also in great abundance, while raising horses, cattle, sheep and hogs is equally profitable. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. Healthful climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephones, excellent markets and shipping facilities. The climate and soil offer inducements for almost every branch of agriculture. The advantages for

Dairying, Mixed Farming and Stock Raising

make a trip well worth your while. [illegible] settlers wishing to take advantage of the reduced railway rates [illegible] Information, maps, etc., write to the Canadian Government Agent

W. V. BENNETT
[illegible]

GOOD ROADS

LIGHT-EDGED ROADS FRIABLE

Some Sections of Bates Experimental Road Break Under Traffic of Light Trucks.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Some of the lighter sections of the Bates experimental road failed under the traffic of light trucks driven along the edge of the surfaces on the first day of the test. The road, which was especially constructed for the experiments now being conducted by the state highway department of Illinois in co-operation with the bureau of public roads, United States Department of Agriculture, is two miles long and consists of numerous sections of different types of construction.

On March 30, the day the road was opened for the tests, 12 trucks with bodies removed to make a load of 2,500 pounds on each rear wheel were started on trips, which will continue with increasing loads until the suitability of each type is determined. The trucks were driven so that the outside wheels were on the edge of the paving, and almost immediately some of the sections began to fail. This was expected, as the sections were of light design and intended to demonstrate the futility of such construction.

The road will be subjected to a number of tests under the destructive pounding of the trucks, and it is expected that much valuable information will be gained for use in future road construction. In addition to specialists assigned to investigate soil conditions, temperature effects, and other factors, five engineers are constantly observing the effect as the trucks continue their daily grind. The experiments will continue until all the sections have been thoroughly tested.

Method of Obtaining Deflection and Deformation of Pavement Under Load When Sub-grade Has Been Removed.

BOOM IN MATERIAL TESTING

Increase in Facilities Has Grown Rapidly in Past Few Years in Different States.

The great boom in highway building which has come since the federal-aid act of 1916 has led to an increase in the facilities for testing highway materials. The bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture keeps in touch with all laboratories which test material for federal-aid roads and reports that the number has grown from a scattered few in 1916 to at least one in every state with two exceptions. They are distributed as follows: State highway department laboratories 20, university laboratories 27, and commercial laboratories 21, a total of 68.

Conditions have become such that it is practically a necessity for each state to have means of quick testing in order not to delay work. In passing on materials the laboratories are governed by the idea that roads must be constructed with materials close at hand wherever possible and give assurance for the use of such material where it is suitable.

ROAD DESIGNATED BY NUMBER

New Method Officially Adopted by New England States to Replace Color System.

The new method of designating highways by numbers, officially adopted by the New England states to replace the color band system, is remarkable for its simplicity. When fully carried out it will provide a complete and comprehensive plan possible of extension throughout the country. The numbers have already been assigned to most of the main trunk routes by the highway commissioners.

Road Mileage of Country.

Road mileage in the United States per square mile area is .739. England has 2.57 miles of road per square mile area, and France 1.75.

Winnipeg Has Widest Streets.

Winnipeg, Canada, claims to have the widest streets of any city in America.

Hitting Rock in Road.

[illegible]

On the Funny Side

AGREED

They were talking about a mutual acquaintance and the first man was full of praise.

"Smart-chap, that, and a nice fellow to boot," he said.

The second man had just received evidence of the smartness in question and was still sore about it.

"You're quite right," he said. "He would be a nice fellow—to boot."—London Tit-Bits.

Departure From Form.

"I understand your prospects of re-election are not as bright as usual."

"Not nearly," admitted Senator Sorghum.

"Yet you believe in the wisdom of the plain people?"

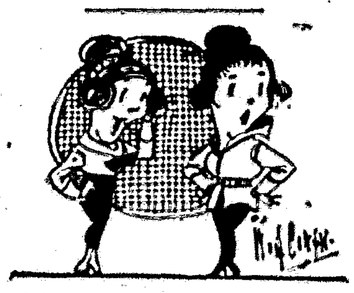
Well, the plain people sometimes get brain fag, same as anybody else."—Washington Star.

Johnny's Quibble.

"Pa, how far can a dog run into the woods?"

"What a foolish question! As far as he wants to, of course."

"No, he can't. He can only run as far as the middle; after that he's running out of the woods."



MEANING THE SAME THING

"Everyone is commenting on my youthful appearance."

"Yes, I've heard a lot of them say you were remarkably well preserved."

Long Sore Throat.

Lives of all giraffes remind us
It would surely get our goat
If we caught a cold and had to
Suffer two yards of sore throat.

The Big Test.

"Do you think a politician is excusable for prevaricating?"

"He is," replied Senator Sorghum. "If he's willing to stay a politician all his life. If he wants to be a statesman he's got to have the ability to tell the truth and get away with it."

A Delicate Question.

"Can you tell me precisely what time of day it is?" asked the man in a hurry.

"Ah," rejoined Senator Sorghum, "that is now one of those delicate questions of public interest on which I refuse to be interviewed offhand."

Too Much of a Good Thing.

"What seems to be the trouble between the Joneses?"

"Oh, everything was lovely until Jones had three or four one night and went home and told his wife she was the third most beautiful woman in the world."

No Delusion After All.

Doctor (to patient's wife)—Does your husband suffer from delusions, Mrs. Jones?

Mrs. Jones—I hope so, doctor. He's been worrying for a week over what he thinks your bill will be.

TEMPORARY RELIEF, AT LEAST

Titus Wadde: Is there anything a man can do to make his wife stop asking for money to spend on clothes?

Mr. Longwed: Ever try giving her the money?

Reverse Treatment.

Not easily pleased
Is the lovely Miss Brown,
When a suitor turns up
He is promptly turned down.

Poor George!

Daughter (coming down stairs)—Where's George, mother?

Mother—Today's the first of the month.

"What's that to do with my date?"

"Well, your father thought he was a collector and threw him out."—Colgate Banter.

Tricks in All Trades.

"A great many 'Paris gowns' were never in Paris."

"And there is more to the story."

"Yes?"

"Some of our fashionable modistes with French names were born to good American monikers." — Birmingham Age-Herald.

News No Surprise.

[illegible]

Had Your Iron Today?

Work *Brains*— Not Digestion

HERE'S an ideal hot-weather luncheon!

Two packages luscious Little Sun-Maid Raisins—one cool glass of milk. Big men don't need more.

290 calories of energizing nutriment in the little raisins. Pure fruit sugar, practically *predigested* so it acts almost immediately, yet doesn't *tax* digestion and thus *heat the blood.*

There's fatigue-resisting food-iron also in this lunch.

Vital men eat like this and *resist* the weather. Don't work their digestion because they want to work their *brains.*

Try it for a few days and you'll feel better.

Little Sun-Maids
Between-Meal Raisins
5c Everywhere
—in Little Red Packages

Curious Fire Engine.

What might be described as a double-tandem bicycle, with four wheels arranged like those of a wagon, and four seats for riders, two in front and two behind, and carrying a hose reel, rotary pump, etc., was exhibited recently in Paris. The machine is intended as a fire engine in small towns. When the scene of fire is reached the pedals are thrown into gear with the pump, the hose is unrolled, and the riders, resuming their seats, work the pump by means of the pedals. It is claimed that this machine can outstrip any fire engine drawn by horses on the way to a conflagration, and that its pump is at least as effective as those of the hand engines used in many towns.

The poorest Arab woman paints her eyes with kohl to make them appear larger and more brilliant.

Women in Serbia.

Woman suffragists in Serbia, writes Mrs. Slacko Groultch, wife of the Jugo-Slav minister to the United States, interest themselves not only in legislation that give women equality before the law, but are also sponsoring legislation for the protection of child labor. In addition to continued endeavor to raise help for the Serbian aid fund, to which Mrs. Groultch has rendered such sustained service, she is now asking for support also for some of the distinctive movements, such as woman suffrage, which are making for the permanent reconstruction of that country.

Some Display.

"Will knickers do?"

"I don't see why not. There's about the same length of hosiery exhibited."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Companion to the Goodyear All-Weather Tread

By long wear, superior traction, freedom from skidding, and ultimate economy, the Goodyear All-Weather Tread has won unquestioned leadership.

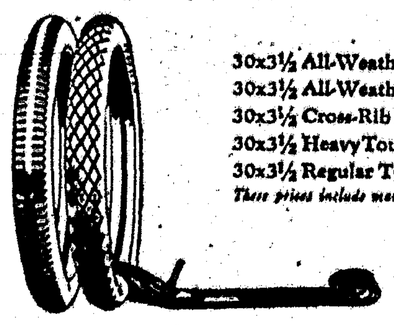
As a companion to this tire there is the Goodyear 30 x 3½ Cross-Rib Fabric.

Built of the same high grade Egyptian fabric and with a long wearing but differently designed tread, this tire offers unusual value.

Over 5,000,000 of these tires have been sold in the last five years.

Their quality and serviceability have proven to thousands of motorists the folly of buying unknown and unguaranteed tires of lower price.

Ask your Goodyear Service Station Dealer to explain their advantages.



30x3½ All-Weather Cord $16.25
30x3½ All-Weather Fabric 13.50
30x3½ Cross-Rib Fabric . 10.95
30x3½ Heavy Tourist Tube 2.80
30x3½ Regular Tube . . . 2.25
These prices include manufacturer's excise tax

GOODYEAR
"Western Made for Western Trade"

10¢ Gives New Life to Old Stockings

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Chas F. Gray, Oscuro merchant, was here Tuesday.

Jim Robinson was down Monday from Parsons. He says a good shower hit the hills that morning.

Fresh Fish Fridays—at the City Market.

F. B. Barclay, representing the South Plains Monument Co., of Plainview, Texas, was here Wednesday in the interest of his company.

FOR SALE—Parke Davis & Co's. Blackleg Aggressin.—THE TITSWORTH CO., Inc. 1-20

Lewis Lalone and family are here from Miami, Arizona, visiting relatives. Lewis is a brother of Fred Lalone and until a few years ago Lincoln county was the family home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Thornton and daughter and Judge Crews were here Tuesday from Oscuro. They report a good rain in their section Monday afternoon and evening.

Fresh Vegetables Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.—City Market.

Dr. R. E. Blaney returned Friday from Kankakee, Illinois. The illness of his mother called him there six weeks ago. Her age almost precludes the idea of ultimate recovery but she is improved and the doctor came home.

Misses Katie Hurt and Herndon Reily came in Saturday morning from Las Vegas, where they had been attending the summer session of the Normal University the past two months. Miss Hurt went to her home at Capitan Saturday afternoon.

FOR SALE—Some 1 1-4 inch Studebaker wagons at low prices. THE TITSWORTH CO.
3-11-tf Capitan.

Joe Stratton, who has been looking over the country in the neighborhood of Brownfield, Texas, returned Monday with Fred Smith who lives at Tokio, Texas. Joe stated that the country he traveled over has had a fair share of moisture but could use more.

Dr T. H. Williams, of Chickasha, Oklahoma, came in Sunday. Dr. Williams usually visits us during the summer and practices his profession of dentistry while here. He is a brother-in-law of Dr. Paden, and will make the Paden Drug Store his headquarters.

Mrs. Nelson Newman arrived Tuesday night from Globe, Ariz., and will visit here and at Roswell for a month or more. Mrs. Newman, well known here and especially at White Oaks as Jessie Treat, is a sister of Ralph Treat, county clerk, and Roy Treat, of Roswell.

J. V. Tully, Glencoe merchant, stockman and farmer, spent two days here the first of the week, on his way to El Paso. He says the dry weather is hurting his section, but that the valley of Ruidoso, proper, will produce very good crops, among which will be a fair fruit crop.

Mrs J. B. Forsythe, of Jicarilla, who has been in the Paden Hospital the past two weeks with a severe case of tonsilitis, requiring two operations, expects to return home this week. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip H. Reasoner, old-time residents of White Oaks and Jicarilla.

Jackie Coogan Again

Jackie Coogan will appear at the Crystal Wednesday and Thursday nights, August 9-10, in "Peck's Bad Boy." The combination, the "Kid" himself in "Peck's Bad Boy," should be a scream, and those who have seen the picture so proclaim it. Most everybody has an optical acquaintance with Jackie Boy," and the production should be well worth 25 and 50 cents

Baptist Church

(T. M. BLACKLOCK, PASTOR. PROVERB:)

Next Sunday morn and evening too
The pastor should like to preach to you,
If saint or sinner, fill a pew,
Shake hands, and tell us howdy-do.
You know the preacher does not like
To talk to people on a hike,
That empty seats and vacant chairs
Don't stimulate a deacon's prayers.
So come along and help us boost,
Don't spend the Lord's Day on your roost,
Just leave your office, leave your perch,
And meet us at the Baptist church.

Learn to buy your men's furnishings at our store. We have a complete line of up-to-the-minute furnishings for men.

Our splendid line of shirts come in modest colors and are just what men like.

Our ties are made of handsome, plain silks or with beautiful designs. They are of a splendid quality and generous size. Our men's socks are of good quality and give unusual good service.

Let us sell you everything in our line you need for the entire family.

Ziegler Bros.

CITY MARKET
(Old Co-Op. Stand)

Fresh Meats
Cured Meats
Fresh Groceries

WEDNESDAYS & FRIDAYS
FRESH VEGETABLES

Flour
Canned Goods
Delicatessen
Everything for the Table

TWO DELIVERIES
9:30 a.m. 3:30 p.m.

CITY MARKET
ROY G. SKINNER, Prop.

Wedded

Saturday afternoon at the home of Rev. T. M. Blacklock there was a quiet wedding which united Robert H. Keil, of Three Rivers, and Miss Robana Corn, of Carrizozo. Miss Ada Corn, the bride's sister and Mrs. H. J. Garrard witnessed the ceremony. The first plans were to have the marriage at the home of the bride Saturday evening, but the young couple put one by their friends by slipping off in the afternoon. A housefull of friends gathered at the home of the parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Corn, in the evening and had a delightful social hour after which ice cream and cake were served. Mr. and Mrs. Keil will make their future home at Three Rivers. These young people have the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Parsons News Letter

Miss Dorothy Reddy of White Oaks is spending part of her vacation with her school mate Miss Eva Grafton.

Some road work has been done along the Bonito but the recent rains show up a number of bad mud holes it would be well to fill up.

Miss Louise Huberts of Fort Stanton is a guest this week of Miss Charlotte Rice.

The Reverend Mr. Cox of Artesia the Christian minister who has been holding protracted meetings in the school house during the past week is now holding meeting in the Mesa district. Sunday was the last day of the session here and the All-day Service which included a basket dinner was well attended by people from all the surrounding country. It rained that day too—but the showers were considered "Showers of Blessing" to the community.

Miss Emma Pfingsten is visiting the family of her uncle Mr. James Robison.

Mr. J. H. Fulmer, Jr., has returned home after several months spent in the East on a business trip.

The "Pipe Line Boys" and their families are still camped on the Bonito and combining business with pleasure.

The Rice family are enjoying their annual reunion. The gathering includes Mrs. J. Q. Welch and daughter from Dawson, N. Mex. and Mrs. W. L. Weber and children of Fort Bayard.

Last Friday Mrs. O. S. Stearns gave a birthday party in honor of Johnnie Stearns. Ira Bentley [illegible]

Lost Our Scalp

The Apaches came over from Mescalero Sunday to play our boys a game of ball. They returned that evening with our scalps dangling at their belts. While the score ran up pretty high—9 to 12—the game was an interesting one, and, eleminating one bad inning for each team, was a very good one. A large crowd witnessed the game, the largest of the season, which was partly due to the fact that many of our people wanted to see if the Noble Red Man wielded the stick with the same dexterity as the scalping knife. The result must have been convincing; for Lo, the Poor Indian, retired with all the honors of war, flags flying, tom toms beating and the aforesaid nine scalps dangling from their belts. Our boys expect to go to Mescalero soon and we hope they don't lose their heads.

Crystal Theatre

Sat. Aug. 5—"Hurricane Hutch episode 10" Playlet—"Ruler of the Road" featuring Frank Keenan Comedy—"Move On" featuring "Harold Lloyd"

Mon. Aug. 7—All Comedy—Two reel Cristie Comedy, "The Scarecrow"—A Buster Keaton, two reel; A (Fatty) Arbuckle two reel comedy.

No Show Tuesday Aug. 8th.

Wed. Aug. 9—"Peck's Bad Boy" featuring "Jackie Coogan (First National Pictures)

Thu. Aug. 10—"Peck's Bad Boy" repeated, Five reels of fun, Admission 25c and 50c

Fri. Aug. 11—"Oh Mary B. Careful" featuring "Madge Kennedy" (All Star Pioneer Features)

Sat. Aug. 12—"Hurricane Hutch 11"

Capitan Phone System

Mrs. Ethel Read has installed a local phone system at Capitan, having purchased an up-to-date equipment from P. G. Peters, who had contemplated installing the system. G. T. McQuillen, manager of the Mountain States exchange here, and C. A. Snow, of the Lincoln County Light & Power Co., put in the plant for Mrs Read. They say the plant is in first class condition and will give excellent service. The system will mean a source of revenue to the owner and a means of great convenience to the people of Capitan.

Col. Wilson Dead

Colonel J. W. Wilson died Tuesday morning in Roswell from a stroke of paralysis. Col. Wilson was Superintendent of the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell, a position he had held since 1901. During these years the Colonel built this institution from one of obscurity to a dominating position in military institutes in the nation. His death is a great loss to the state; but has left a monument, in the institution whose destinies he has guided so long, that will last as long as there is human appreciation of effort, faithfulness and loyal self-sacrifice.

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer
'Phone 90
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST
Phone 110 CARRIZOZO, N. M.
ABSTRACTS—ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE.

Cement & Concrete Work
Plastering, Pebble Dashing, Etc.
A. L. V. NILSSON
Phone 114 Carrizozo, N. M

L. W. ADAMS
GLENCOE, N. M.
Agent for

LADIES'
House Dresses and Aprons
In All Styles and Sizes
In the Niftiest Patterns
Of Organdie and Voile
Trimmed Ginghams
Reasonably Priced

Ladies' and Girls'
Khakhi and Romper Suits
For Camping

Our Men's READY-TO-WEAR
Department is now completely stocked with the newest Styles in CURLEE and KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES

COME in and take a look thru our Hardware and Kitchen Supplies. White Enameled Dishes, all sizes and for all purposes.

The Carrizozo Trad. Co.
"The Store of Class"

WHOLESOME BREAD

delicious biscuit, cake and pastries that melt in your mouth—that is the reputation we enjoy. All we want is to have you try us once. We know what the result will be. And you will like it.

Pure Food Bakery C. H. HAINES PROPRIETOR

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House
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