Probate Clerk

Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 23 CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1923 NUMBER 13

Carrizozo School Notes

(By Supt. E. R. Cole)

THE SENIOR CLASS PLAY

It has been the custom to give the Senior class ylay during Commencement Week, but this year it will be given Thursday, April 12, in the Crystal Theatre. Tickets will be on sale at Paden's Drug Store on Saturday, April 7.

THE FARMERETTE

CHARACTERS

(In order of entrance)

Jane Wellington - - Beulah Burr
Sixteen and still "unkissed"

Jocelyn Wellington - Joell Miller
Fourteen years old; the little Bugologist

Elnora Wellington - Grace Taylor
A girl of nineteen or twenty; a born homemaker

Mrs. Beckwith - - Ella Rowland
A woman of sixty or seventy; an unfriendly neighbor

Nan Wellington - Lois Jones
A dainty brunette of twenty-two; the Farmerette

Minnette Wellington-Lawson Jeanette Johnson
Older than Nan and in good contrast; an admirer of soulful eyes

Gracious Ann Bean Audrey Miller
A stout, middle-aged "pussson;" a believer in "calicothenics"

This is a fine, catchy play, full of fun, very popular in schools and colleges. It is in three acts.

Nan Wellington, the Farmerette, throws up good job in city, when her mother dies, and comes back to the old homestead to save it to the family. Her plucky fight as a Farmerette, against inexperience, nature and human villany and greed, provides the play for the seven girls.

Wednesday of next week is "Visitor's Day." Come and consult with the teacher concerning the work of your boy or girl for next year.

The County Teachers' Convention is in session this week. A good program has been prepared and there promises to be a large attendance. Presidents Roberts, Wagner, Kent and Bowden will be present; also Dean Carroon, Supt. Pope, Miss Eckles and Miss Birdie Adams. This is a fine array of talent of the state and we are expecting a very pleasant and profitable session.

The Lujan family left for California last week, to the great regret of pupils and teachers. The Lujan girls were good students and very popular with everybody. We wish them all happiness and prosperity in their new home.

During the past week, Superintendent Cole has found that quite a large number of the boys in the schools have already secured jobs for the summer. In one room, out of twenty-five pupils present, twenty-two had work and nine of these are to receive very good pay. This is fine. Boys are far better for having a job during the summer than for loafing around town.

Game Law Changes

Santa Fe, March 20, 1923.

To Newspapers of the State:

For the information of the sportsmen of the state it is suggested that the following changes in the game laws, as made by the Sixth Legislature, be given early publicity:

Affecting Applications for Licenses and Place Where Licenses Must Be Purchased

Each person, before receiving any fish or game license, shall make application therefor on a blank so provided. Among other matters which may be shown by said application, shall be a statement showing the exact residence of applicant. The application shall be signed by applicant and by one other resident of the locality where such application is filed. By the signature of such other resident, the latter shall corroborate the statement of applicant as to residence.

Except as to non-residents, all applications for licenses shall be filed with, and issued by, the County Clerk, Game Warden or Deputy Game Warden nearest the residence of applicant. All game and fish licenses and the application therefor shall contain the place of residence of the person to whom any license may be issued.

Affecting Fishing Permits, Licenses and Changes in Open Seasons

License to fish in lakes and reservoirs, not less than ten square miles in extent, between April 1st and November 30th each year, may be issued to non-residents for a fee of $1.25 for 30 days. Non-residents holding a regular fishing license, or a general license, are not required to buy this thirty-day permit.

The fishing season (that is, open season to fish in lakes and streams of less than ten square miles in extent) has been changed from June 1st to November 25th to May 30th to November 25th.

The Migratory Bird Open Season is from October 1st to January 15th, which complies with Federal Regulations.

Yours very truly,
GRACE B. MELAVEN,
State Game & Fish Warden.

President's Ideas Change

(From The New York World)

Holding that the League of Nations "is the only genuine issue of consequence between the Democratic and Republican parties," the esteemed Herald has solemnly indicted President Harding for betraying the faith.

It appears that something happened to the president in the closing days of the Sixty-seventh Congress, when he sent a special message to the senate urging the adherence of the United States to the Permanent Court of International Justice. How serious it all was may be gathered from the Herald's bill of particulars:

This wasn't the Harding we have known all along; it wasn't the Harding we voted for for president in 1920; it wasn't the Harding who fought the League of Nations in the senate in that great struggle for America's freedom.

What does it mean? Search us, for be it remembered that this same Court of International Justice is nothing other than the creature of the League of Nations.

No wonder at the loud rejoicing of the Democrats in the senate, in the house and all over the land, and no wonder at their jeering accusation that Harding is now trying to get into the League through the back door. And no wonder at the rejoicing of "The Thirty-one Best Minds" who fought so insistently with the Democrats in 1919 and 1920 to get America into the League of Nations.

Considered politically—and obviously Harding's move is a political move—what does it all mean? And what is the logic of it? To become a pro-Leaguer or a quasi pro-Leaguer can't bring Harding a Democratic vote. And if it can bring him no Democratic support, how is he to benefit with his own party, except with that small element who were against him as a United States senator in the Republican fight against the League?

The answer is not so difficult as the Herald thinks Mr. Harding knows that the Republican campaign against the League of Nations in 1920 was largely a fake and a fraud. He knows that it was conceived in partisan malice and carried on by partisan mendacity. He knows that his 7,000,000 plurality was made up largely of hyphenated votes, which were the product of race passion cunningly fanned into a white heat by Republican demagogy.

Since all this happened Mr. Harding has been president of the United States two years and has learned something from experience. Events have demonstrated to him that isolation is an illusion. Pressure on the administration from within the Republican party has proved to him that a foreign policy must be based on something more tangible than a political fiction. In collaboration with Mr. Hughes, who is referred to contemptuously by the Herald as one of the "thirty-one best minds," Mr. Harding decided that the least he could in the way of pretending to have a foreign policy was to join the Permanent Court of International Justice. In order to spare such sensitive souls as the Herald and the Battalion of Death, Mr. Hughes, who is a resourceful Wall Street lawyer, devised a method by which the United States could join the court without joining the League, and that is the sum total of the president's offending.

The main difference between the Herald and Mr. Harding is this: The Herald is still thinking about the 1920 plurality, and the president has been studying the 1922 figures. Mr. Harding's information is the more recent. Furthemore, the president and his advisers know that the growling and grumbling of grumbling Republicans like the Herald need not be taken seriously. They will have to support the ticket in 1924, because they have no other place to go. They will have to accept the program, because they will have no choice. Their professed dissatisfiction will have value also in convincing thousands of discontented Republicans that the administration actually has liberal sympathies. They will be wrong about it, to be sure, but the error will be advantageous politically.

The Herald's distress is pathetic, but it is futile. Mr. Harding has not gone ahead so far that he has lost touch with the rear guard of stand-pat Republicanism. To employ the language of the communiqués, he has moved to a strategic position previously prepared, and he will stick there until he is again shelled out by the logic of events.

Baptist Church

(T. M. BLACKLOCK, PASTOR, PHONE 63)

Next Sunday there will be divine services at the regular hours, 11 a.m and 7:30 p. m.

In connection with the Sunday School there will be a special missionary program.

The Sunbeams meet at 2:30 p m.; the B.Y.P.U. at 6:30 each Sunday.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

We invite you to all these services.

Answers Last Call

Capitan and all Lincoln county mourns the death of one of its most substantial citizens. Wednesday, William H. Fisher, for twenty years a resident of Capitan and one of its leading business men, breathed his last. Mr. Fisher had been ill for several weeks, suffering from a complication of diseases. He was in his seventy-third year. The remains were interred in the Angus cemetery yesterday, the deceased having requested that he be buried there.

Mr. Fisher engaged in the stock and farming business for a number of years after locating in Capitan, but for a good many years has been conducting the Fisher Lumber Company. He gradually added other lines to his stock until at the time of his death he was carrying large lines of varied assortments of merchandise.

He leaves a wife and one son, Carl, at Capitan, and a host of friends who regret his passing. A loyal citizen, an upright and conscientious man has answered the last call, and the community in which he lived is distinctly poorer by his passing.

Claimed by Death

Mrs. Clifton Zumwalt died at her home on the Mesa, above Nogal, Monday morning of this week. She was attacked by pneumonia, and the violence of the disease resisted every effort that medical aid could render. The funeral took place Tuesday and the burial was at Angus.

Mrs. Zumwalt was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. De Arman, formerly residents of the Mesa; she was 23 years old and was married to Clifton Zumwalt about four years ago. One child, a little daughter, now three years old, and the husband, survive. A sister, Mrs. John Skinner, besides those named above, also survives.

Sorrow dwells on the Mesa, where this young wife and mother was universally beloved, and the entire country side attended the last sad rites and mingled their tears with the bereaved relatives. The grief-stricken husband and the little motherless daughter have the sympathy of all who know them.

Young Child Dies

The 15-months-old child of Mr and Mrs. Albert May died at the May home here Wednesday. The funeral took place from the home yesterday afternoon, Rev. John H. Skinner conducting the services. Interment was in the Nogal cemetery. The parents have the sympathy of many friends.

The man with a reputation as a good mixer hasn't got time to attend to the regular job.

Work is the natural lot of all men.

If added to this is the ability to save, he possesses a combination that is bound to bring success.

The Exchange Bank will be valuable friend to you along the road to bigger things through working and saving.

Our bank can be your counseller and friend, your advisor in all matters of financial nature, if you wish.

Make the Exchange Bank your bank and receive the personal interest of every member of the institution.

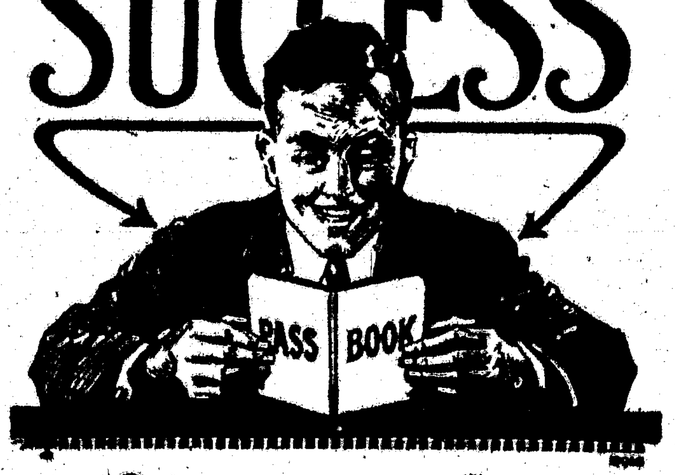
We Pay 4 per cent on Time Deposit

The Exchange Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

THE BANK FOR YOU AND ME IN 1923

SUCCESS



They go together!

Railway men take pleasure in being on time and staying on the right track.

Nothing wrecks a man's life more than losing his money.

The way not to lose money is to be careful about investments. We will freely advise with you about any investment you are thinking of making.

WE WILL WELCOME YOUR ACCOUNT

The "Place to Live

The only "place" to live happily is inside your income.

Not until you have lived for a time outside your income do you fully realize this truth.

Make it a practice to save ten per cent of your income. You will then "live within your income," and live happily.

Start today.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

DYES for EASTER

Drugs, too

Keep the home spirit in your home by dyeing Easter Eggs for the children.

Dyeing Easter Eggs can be done quickly and with little effort if you use our dyes. What happiness you can give your little ones.

Dye and freshen your old clothes.

Our up-to-date store keeps abreast of the times with the latest novelties in toilet articles, perfumes and powder.

The Blind Man's Eyes

By

William MacHarg
Edwin Balmer

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CHAPTER XV—Continued.

—12—

He thanked her and withdrew. He did not look back as Miss Davis closed the door behind him; their eyes had not met; but he understood that she had comprehended him fully. Today he would be away from the Santoine house, and away from the guards who watched him, for at least four hours, under no closer espionage than that of Avery; this offered opportunity—the first opportunity he had had—for communication between him and his friends outside the house.

He went to his room and made some slight changes in his dress; he came down then to the library, found a book and settled himself to read. Toward noon Avery looked in on him there and rather constrainedly proffered his invitation. Eaton accepted, and after Avery had gone to get ready, Eaton put away his book. Fifteen minutes later, hearing Avery's motor purring outside, Eaton went into the hall; a servant brought his coat and hat, and taking them, he went out to the motor. Avery appeared a moment later, with Harriet Santoine.

She stood looking after them as they spun down the curving drive and onto the pike outside the grounds; then she went back to the study. She dismissed Miss Davis for the day, and taking the typewritten sheets and some other papers her father had asked to have read to him, she went up to him.

Basil Santoine was alone and awake. "What have you, Harriet?" he asked.

She sat down and glancing through the papers in her hand, gave him the subject of each; then at his direction she began to read them aloud. As she finished the third page, he interrupted her.

"Has Avery taken Eaton to the country club as I ordered?"

"Yes."

"I shall want you to go out there in the afternoon; I would trust your observation more than Avery's to determine whether Eaton has been used to such surroundings."

She read another page, then broke off suddenly.

"Has Donald asked you anything today, Father?"

"In regard to what?"

"I thought last night he seemed disturbed about my relieving him of part of his work."

"Disturbed? In what way?"

She hesitated, unable to define even to herself the impression Avery's manner had made on her. "I understood he was going to ask you to leave it still in his hands."

"He has not done so yet."

"Then probably I was mistaken."

She read again for half an hour after luncheon, finishing the pages she had brought.

"Now you'd better go to the club," the blind man directed.

She put the reports and letters away in the safe in the room below, and going to her own apartments, she dressed carefully for the afternoon.

As she drove down the road, she passed the scene of the attempt by the men in the motor to run Eaton down. The indefiniteness of her knowledge by whom or why the attack had been made only made it, seem more terrible to her. Unquestionably he was in constant danger of its repetition, and especially when—as today—he was outside her father's grounds. Instinctively she hurried her horse. She stopped at the clubhouse only to make certain that Mr. Avery and his guest were not there; then she drove on to the polo field.

As she approached, she recognized Avery's lithe, alert figure on one of the ponies; with a deft, quick stroke

As She Approached She Recognized Avery's Lithe, Alert Figure on One of the Ponies.

he cleared the ball from before the feet of an opponent's pony, then he [illegible] up and nodded to her. Harriet [illegible] up and stopped beside the barrier; people hailed her from all sides, and for a moment the practice was suspended as the players trooped over to [illegible]. Then they began again, and she had the opportunity to look on. Her father, she knew, had [illegible] Avery that Eaton was to be [illegible] as his guest; but Avery [illegible] standing off by himself. She waited till he looked toward her, then signaled him to come over. She got down, and they stood together following the play.

"You know polo?" she questioned him, as she saw the expression of appreciation in his face as a player daringly "rode-off" an antagonist and saved a "cross." She put the question without thought before she recognized that she was obeying her father's instructions.

"I understand the game somewhat," Eaton replied.

"Have you ever played?"

"It seems to deserve its reputation as the summit of sport," he replied.

He answered so easily that she could not decide whether he was evading or not; and somehow, just then, she found it impossible to put the simple question direct again.

"Good! Good, Don!" she cried enthusiastically and clapped her hands as Avery suddenly raced before them, caught the ball with a swinging, backhanded stroke and drove it directly toward his opponent's goal. Instantly whirling his mount, Avery raced away after the ball, and with another clean stroke scored a goal. Everyone about cried out in approbation.

"He's very quick and clever, isn't he?" Harriet said to Eaton.

Eaton nodded. "Yes; he's by all odds the most skillful man on the field, I should say."

The generosity of the praise impelled the girl, somehow, to qualify it. "But only two others really have played much—that man and that."

"Yes, I picked them as the experienced ones," Eaton said quietly.

"The others—two of them, at least—are out for the first time, I think."

They watched the rapid course of the ball up and down the field, the scurry and scamper of the ponies after it, then the clash of a melee.

Two ponies went down, and their riders were flung. When they arose, one of the least experienced boys limped apologetically from the field. Avery rode to the barrier.

"I say, any of you fellows, don't you want to try it? We're just getting warmed up."

Avery looked over to Eaton and gave the challenge direct.

"Care to take a chance?"

Harriet Santoine watched her companion; a sudden flush had come to his face, which vanished, as she turned, and left him almost pale; but his eyes glowed. Avery's manner in challenging him, as though he must refuse from fear of such a fall as he just had witnessed, was not enough to explain Eaton's start.

"How can I?" he returned.

"If you want to play, you can," Avery dared him. "Furden"—that was the boy who had just been hurt—"will lend you some things; his'll just about fit you; and you can have his mounts."

Harriet continued to watch Eaton; the challenge had been put so as to give him no ground for refusal but timidity.

"You don't care to?" Avery taunted him deftly.

"Why don't you try it?" Harriet found herself saying to him.

He hesitated. She realized it was not timidity he was feeling; it was something deeper and stronger than that. It was fear; but so plainly it was not fear of bodily hurt that she moved instinctively toward him in sympathy. He looked swiftly at Avery, then at her, then away. He seemed to fear alike accepting or refusing to play; suddenly he made a decision.

"I'll play."

He started instantly away to the dressing rooms; a few minutes later, when he rode onto the field, Harriet was conscious that, in some way, Eaton was playing a part as he listened to Avery's directions.

Avery appointed himself to oppose Eaton wherever possible, beating him in every contest for the ball; but she saw that Donald, though he took it upon himself to show all the other players where they made their mistakes, did not offer any instruction to Eaton. One of the players drove the ball close to the barrier directly before Harriet; Eaton and Avery raced for it, neck by neck. Eaton by better riding gained a little; as they came up, she saw Donald's attention was not upon the ball or the play; instead, he was watching Eaton closely. And she realized suddenly that Donald had appreciated as fully as herself that Eaton's clumsiness was a pretense. It was no longer merely polo the two were playing; Donald, suspecting or perhaps even certain that Eaton knew the game, was trying to make him show it, and Eaton was watchfully avoiding this. Just in front of her, Donald, leaning forward, swept the ball from in front of Eaton's pony's feet.

For a few moments the play was all at the farther edge of the field; then the ball crossed with a long curving shot and came hopping and rolling along the ground close by where she stood. Donald and Eaton raced for it. [illegible] club was coming down, Eaton, like a flash and apparently without lifting his mallet at all, caught the ball a sharp, smacking stroke. It leaped like a bullet, straight and true, toward the goal, and before Avery could turn, Eaton was after it and upon it, but he did not have to strike again; it bounded on and on between the goal-posts, while together with the applause for the stranger arose a laugh at the expense of Avery. But as Donald halted before her, Harriet saw that he was not angry or discomfited, but was smiling triumphantly to himself; and as she called in praise to Eaton when he came close again, she discovered in him only dismay at what he had done.

The practice ended, and the players rode away. She waited in the clubhouse till Avery and Eaton came up from the dressing rooms. Donald's triumphant satisfaction seemed to have increased; Eaton was silent and preoccupied. Avery, hailed by a group of men, started away; as he did so, he saluted Eaton almost derisively. Eaton's return of the salute was openly hostile. She looked up at him keenly, trying unavailingly to determine whether more had taken place between the two men than she herself had witnessed.

"You had played polo before—and played it well," she charged. "Why did you want to pretend you hadn't?"

He made no reply. As she began to talk of other things, she discovered with surprise that his manner toward

"You Needn't Wait for Him Unless You Wish; I'll Drive You Back," She Offered.

her had taken on even greater formality and constraint than it had had since his talk with her father the day before.

The afternoon was not warm enough to sit outside; in the club house were gathered groups of men and girls who had come in from the golf course or from watching the polo practice. She found herself now facing one of these groups composed of some of her own friends, who were taking tea and wafers in the recess before some windows. They motioned to her to join them, and she could not well refuse, especially as this had been a part of her father's instructions. The men rose, as she moved toward them, Eaton with her; she introduced Eaton; a chair was pushed forward for her, and two of the girls made a place for Eaton on the window seat between them.

As they seated themselves and were served, Eaton's participation in the polo practice was the subject of conversation. She found, as she tried to talk with her nearer neighbors, that she was listening instead to this more general conversation which Eaton had joined. She saw that these people had accepted him as one of their own sort to the point of jesting with him about his "lucky" polo stroke for a beginner; his manner toward them was very different from what it had been just now to herself; he seemed at ease and unembarrassed with them. One or two of the girls appeared to have been eager—even anxious—to meet him; and she found herself oddly resenting the attitude of these girls. Her feeling was indefinite, vague; it made her flush and grow uncomfortable; to recognize dimly that there was in it some sense of a proprietorship of her own in him which took alarm at seeing other girls attracted by him; but underneath it was her uneasiness at his new manner to herself, which hurt because she could not explain it. As the party finished their tea, she looked across to him.

"Are you ready to go, Mr. Eaton?" she asked.

"Whenever Mr. Avery is ready."

"You needn't wait for him unless you wish; I'll drive you back," she offered.

"Of course I'd prefer that, Miss Santoine."

They went out to her trap, leaving Donald to motor back alone. As soon as she had driven out of the club grounds, she let the horse take its own gait, and she turned and faced him.

"Will you tell me," she demanded, "what have I done this afternoon to make you think you should treat me [illegible] Avery and Donald [illegible] Eaton [illegible] ingly that she felt he was only putting her off.

Harriet Santoine knew that what had attracted her friends to Eaton was their recognition of his likeness to themselves; but what had impressed her in seeing him with them was his difference. Was it some memory of his former life that seeing these people had called to him, which had affected his manner toward her?

Again she looked at him.

"Were you sorry to leave the club?" she asked.

"I was quite ready to leave," he answered inattentively.

"It must have been pleasant to you, though, to—to be among the sort of people again that you—you used to know. Miss Furden"—she mentioned one of the girls who had seemed most interested in him, the sister of the boy whose place he had taken in the polo practice—"is considered a very attractive person, Mr. Eaton. I have heard it said that a man—any man—not to be attracted by her must be forearmed against her by thought—or memory of some other woman whom he holds dear."

"I'm afraid I don't quite understand."

The mechanicalness of his answer reassured her. "I mean, Mr. Eaton"—she forced her tone to be light—"Miss Furden was not as attractive to you as she might have been, because there has been some other woman in your life—whose memory—or—or the expectation of seeing whom again—protected you."

"Has been? Oh, you mean before."

"Yes, of course," she answered hastily.

"No—none," he replied simply. "It's rather ungallant, Miss Santoine, but I'm afraid I wasn't thinking much about Miss Furden."

She felt that his denial was the truth, for his words confirmed the impression she had had of him the night before. She drove on—or rather let the horse take them on—for a few moments during which neither spoke. They had come about a bend in the road, and the great house of her father loomed ahead. A motor whizzed past them, coming from behind. It was only Avery's car on the way home; but Harriet had jumped a little in memory of the day before, and her companion's head had turned quickly toward the car. She looked up at him swiftly; his lips were set and his eyes gazed steadily ahead after Avery, and he drew a little away from her. A catch in her breath—almost an audible gasp—surprised her, and she fought a warm impulse which had all but placed her hand on his.

"Will you tell me something, Miss Santoine?" he asked suddenly.

"What?"

"I suppose, when I was with Mr. Avery this afternoon, that if I had attempted to escape, he and the chauffeur would have combined to detain me. But on the way back here—did you assume that when you took me in charge you had my parole not to try to depart?"

She was silent for a moment, thoughtful. "Do you mean that you have been considering this afternoon the possibilities of escape?"

"It would be only natural for me to do that, would it not?" he parried.

"No."

"Why not?"

"I don't mean that you might not try to exceed the limits Father has set for you; you might try that, and of course you would be prevented. But you will not" (she hesitated, and when she went on she was quoting her father) "—sacrifice your position here."

"Why not?"

"Because you tried to gain it—or—if not exactly that, at least you had some object in wanting to be near Father which you have not yet gained." She hesitated once more, not looking at him. What it was that had happened during the afternoon she could not make out; instinctively, however, she felt that it had so altered Eaton's relations with them that now he might attempt to escape.

They had reached the front of the house, and a groom sprang to take the horse. She let Eaton help her down; as they entered the house, Avery—who had reached the house only a few moments before them—was still in the hall. And again she was startled in the meeting of the two men by Avery's triumph and the swift flare of defiance on Eaton's face.

She changed from her afternoon dress slowly. As she did so, she brought swiftly in review the events of the day. Chiefly it was to the polo practice and to Eaton's dismay at his one remarkable stroke that her mind went. Had Donald recognized in Eaton something more than merely a good player trying to pretend ignorance of the game? The thought suddenly checked and startled her. For how many great polo players were there in America? Were there a hundred? Fifty? Twenty-five? She did not know; but she did know that there were so few of them that their names and many of the particulars of their lives were known to every follower of the sport.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

High Aspirations.

Nine-year-old Joseph McKye amazed even his own mother, the other evening. They were discussing automobile accidents, and expressed the hope that they would hate none, when he said:

"Mother, I know of a way I'd rather die than in an automobile accident. I'd rather die in an aeroplane, that's my second choice. The easiest way to [illegible]

FROM 94 POUNDS SHE GOES TO 132

Mrs. Gross Praises Tanlac for Overcoming Stomach Trouble of Long Standing—Says Results Are Priceless.

"Before I took Tanlac I only weighed ninety-four pounds and scarcely had strength to sweep the floor or make the beds; but now I weigh one hundred and thirty-two and am as healthy and happy as can be." This remarkable statement was made, recently, by Mrs. Mabel Gross, 1137 Aldrich St., N., Minneapolis, Minn.

"For nearly two years I had been in a seriously weakened condition and suffered nearly all the time from headache and backache. My nerves were beyond my control and I was terribly dizzy. I couldn't half sleep and my stomach was so out of order that even the sight of food nauseated me.

"The benefits I have received from Tanlac are priceless. I am now a perfectly well woman and my friends often speak of how healthy I look. I certainly have a great deal to praise Tanlac for. Health is worth everything, and that is what Tanlac has meant to me."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 35 million bottles sold.—Advertisement.

Russian Misgovernment.

Owing to the lack of fuel and capital, 20,000 miles of railway under the Russian soviet have been closed.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

On the Links.

"Who's the pair of ginks in purple golf togs?" "Willies of the field."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

DYED HER BABY'S COAT, A SKIRT AND CURTAINS WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her old, worn, faded things new. Even if she has never dyed before, she can put a new, rich color into shabby skirts, dresses, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, draperies, hangings, everything. Buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is guaranteed. Just tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods. Diamond Dyes never streak, spot, fade or run.—Advertisement.

That's Different.

Fatima Flitt—"Where were you born?" Wadislaw Wren—"I wasn't born, I was hatched."

WHY TAKE LAXATIVES?

Discovery by Science Has Replaced Them.

Pills and salts give temporary relief from constipation only at the expense of permanent injury, says an eminent authority.

Science has found a newer, better way—a means as simple as Nature itself.

In perfect health a natural lubricant keeps the food waste soft and moving. But when constipation exists this natural lubricant is not sufficient. Doctors prescribe Nujol because it acts like this natural lubricant and thus secures regular bowel movements by Nature's own method—lubrication.

As Nujol is not a medicine or laxative, it cannot gripe and, like pure water, it is harmless and pleasant.

Nujol is used in leading hospitals. Get a bottle from your druggist today.—Advertisement.

There's one nice thing about an enemy. He isn't forever telling you something for your own good.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

[illegible] the "[illegible]" of Heroes who never studied [illegible]

Look to Your Eyes [illegible]

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

SPECIAL ROOM SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

MOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.
Mfg. and repairing. All orders promptly attended to. Rgt. 1473. 16th & Champa.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

GRUND DRY CLEANING
DENVER'S EXPERT DYERS
ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FOUR YEARS
GRUND BUILDING 15TH & WAZEE

HOTELS.

WINDSOR, 19th & Larimer. Rooms 75c up. Special rates to permanent guests.

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Pianos and player pianos of our own manufacture of every description. Free exchange privilege. Lowest prices, reasonable terms. Write for a catalog, prices.
THE BALDWIN PIANO COMPANY
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Thirty-five Years Old. Come to Denver for business training. Positions secured. Earn part of expenses. Write for free catalog.

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Eminently fireproof. American and European plan. Rates $1.50 Up.

DIAMONDS.

JOS. I. SCHWARTZ, Jewelry, Diamonds, watch repairing. 1049 Sixteenth Street.

Dyeing-Dyeing
25 Years of Successful Dyeing
The Model Cleaners and Dyers
1317 BROADWAY, DENVER, COLO.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

Range Conditions Show Improvement.

Denver.—The condition of ranges in the seventeen western states on March 1 shows improvement compared with a month ago throughout more than half of this territory, but especially in the central portion and in Texas, according to reports of the field statisticians of the United States Division of Crop and Live Stock Estimates. The condition for the entire seventeen states averages about the same as last month, or 86 per cent of normal, the improvement being counterbalanced by a decline in condition particularly in Washington and California. In the latter state the cold weather early in February succeeded by drying winds and lack of rain have curtailed the growth of grass somewhat. The spring prospects for ranges in Texas are reported as the best in years, due to abundant moisture; there is room here on the range for more cattle, in some instances it being but one-half stocked. General rains also greatly improved the prospect for ranges in Arizona, including the desert lambing grounds of Salt River valley. A good growth of grass and weeds is starting throughout most of the southern range states. The states which show an improvement in range condition over that of last month are North Dakota, Texas, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Idaho and Oregon, while those showing a decrease in condition are South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Montana, Washington and California. The outlook for spring grass in Colorado is quite favorable and ranges are reported as 88, compared with 80 a month ago, due chiefly to the good prospects where the range is covered with snow; where the range is not so covered, the grass is generally used up. Hay is scarce in some sections although the mild open winter has tended to conserve the supply. Cattle and sheep continue in excellent condition, being reported as 94 and 98 per cent respectively, or the same as a month ago. The prospect for the spring calf crop is good.

Sues Anti-Klan Paper for Slander.

Chicago.—Suit for $100,000 damages for slander has been filed against the American Unity Publishing Company, publishers of Tolerance, anti-Ku Klux Klan paper, by J. William Brooks, an attorney. Mr. Brooks, who is also head of an undertaking establishment, asserts that his name was printed in Tolerance as a member of the Ku Klux Klan, whereas he had no connection with the Klan. "A great many clients have refused to do business with me when they thought I was a member of the Ku Klux Klan," said Mr. Brooks.

Movie Scenes Stage Riot.

Los Angeles.—A riot of movie men that was not filmed, and sent five of the actors into the receiving hospital here with wounds, occurred at the service bureau, for stock-picturing actors. It was an outgrowth of a dispute in pay from $5 to $8 for motion picture extras. There were 300 men in the scene. They were waiting for work when a heated man leaped [illegible]

Mrs. Eva Tidmarsh

Health Brings Beauty

Girls, Read This!

Pueblo, Colo.—"When my daughter, now Mrs. Eva Tidmarsh, was sixteen she suffered terribly at times as many girls do, and did not feel real good at any time. She had pimples all over her body. A friend told me to get her a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as her daughter had taken it and had derived wonderful relief from it. My daughter took three bottles and now she is perfectly well—never has a headache or backache. We both never forget to recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."—Mrs. Lula Davis, 108 E. Evans Ave.

Your health is most important to you. It's easily improved.

Obtain Dr. Pierce's Prescription now, in liquid or tablets, from your druggist or send 10c for trial pkg. of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., or write for free medical advice.

You can tell when a woman is interested in what you are saying by the way she pretends she isn't.

He says he has smoked more Edgeworth than any other living man

Let Mr. Baldwin's letter give you the facts, and you will see he has some justification for his claims.

H. F. BALDWIN
Signs and Show Cards
Cloth Banners
66 Clarke Street, Cor. Grant
Burlington, Vermont

Larus & Brother Company
Richmond, Va.

Gentlemen:

I think that I am entitled to be called a charter member of the Edgeworth Smokers Club, as I have used the Edgeworth Ready-Rubbed Plug between twenty and twenty-five years.

When I commenced using it I was selling hardware on the road. One of my customers who kept a general store told me that he had just received a new tobacco and wished that I would try it. He gave me a box for which he charged me 20c. He made a mistake, as it was selling at that time for 25c. I liked it so well that I made it a point to ask for it in every store in the different towns that I made; but few had it. The next time that I called on this customer I bought six boxes, which would last until I got around again. I still continued to ask for it in the different towns and tried to induce the dealers to stock it.

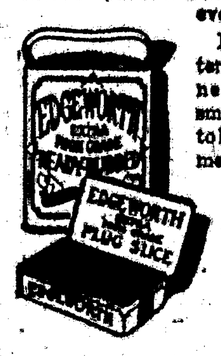
In 1906 or 1907 I went to So. Carolina and stayed there three years. I was surprised not to be able to get it there. At that time I was in Beaufort, S. C., and made frequent trips to Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C. and was unable to get it in either of those cities. Finally I ordered some direct from you and also induced a dealer in Beaufort to stock it.

I have used it always for over twenty years except occasionally when I could not get it. I figure that I have smoked over 1000 of the 25c boxes, which have cost for the last few years 35c. For at least five years I have not bought a cigar. Have had some given to me, but they do not take the place of the old pipe filled with Edgeworth.

I am sixty-one years of age and still think that it is the best tobacco on the market. I don't think there is a man living who has smoked any more Edgeworth than I. What do you think?

Yours truly,
(Signed) H. F. Baldwin

It is always pleasing to hear from old Edgeworth smokers, and we would like to know if this record is the best ever made.



But we are interested, too, in new Edgeworth smokers. We like to know that young men, men who are breaking in their first pipes, find Edgeworth before they get very far in their pipe-smoking careers.

So we have a standing invitation to send free samples of Edgeworth to all who ask for them. If you haven't tried Edgeworth, we have a sample package here containing Plug Slice and Ready-Rubbed that is only waiting for your name and address.

When you write for it, address Larus & Brother Company, 75 South 21st Street, Richmond, Va.

To Retail Tobacco Merchants: If your jobber cannot supply you with Edgeworth, Larus & Brother Company will gladly send you prepaid by parcel post a one- or two-dozen carton of any size of Edgeworth Plug Slice or Ready-Rubbed for the same price you would pay the jobber.

PISO'S COUGH!

Turkish Girls Study Medicine

Opening of School to Women Called Lowering of Last Barrier in Crusade for Equality.

HOMES RESEMBLE FRENCH

Polygamy Has Become Thing of Past and Liberty Is Equal to Western Sisters'—Necessities of War Brought Emancipation.

Constantinople.— Tradition, backed by prejudice, doubtless causes many people throughout the world to regard the status of women in Mahometan countries as the same as that portrayed in the Arabian Nights and to picture the Turkish woman as the slave of a polygamous husband, ignorant and illiterate, imprisoned in a harem, with nothing to do but to lounge upon cushions, smoke a nargileh, and minister to the pleasures of her lord and master.

This is fallacious and unjust. There is hardly any polyamy in Turkey today. The average Turkish woman is the only wife of her husband and is comparable in education and personal liberty with the women of most other lands.

This latter fact has now been emphasized by the admission of women and girls as students to the medical school of Constantinople university.

The first official attempts to secure the admission of women to medical studies and to the exercise of the profession were made in 1917 by Dr. Rassim Ferid, then sanitary director of Constantinople. He gained a favorable vote from the superior council of health and a demand by the ministry for the elaboration of an enabling act.

Champions Woman's Cause.

For many years Bessim Omar Pasha, professor of the obstetrical clinic at the faculty, the founder of the Red Crescent, rector of the university, has championed the cause of women in the councils of the faculty and university.

In 1911 Bessim Omar Pasha inaugurated for women regular lectures at the university on the question of hygiene. This was the first step. A short time after, in 1914, a feminine university was founded which, during its five years of existence, has awarded 48 diplomas. But, despite its title, its teaching did not go beyond secondary studies. A little later, in 1919, women were admitted to the University of Stamboul, first to the faculty of science and letters, then to the faculty of law, while the faculty of medicine still remained closed to them. At the beginning the women followed special courses distinct from those of the men, then the separation between the sexes was abandoned. From year to year the number of women increased. Today 130 are students in the university.

The necessities of war brought about woman's intellectual emancipation. In the Balkan war of 1912 a school of nurses was founded. Until then the Red Crescent had employed only men as nurses. Later women took part in the administration of the Red Crescent. Finally, during the World war, the difficulties of life, the high cost of food, the prolonged absence of heads of the families and the necessity of feeding the children, compelled women of a family to share the work of the men in commerce, administration and instruction. By her work woman has acquired the right of independence. She has come out of the harem and ever more concerns herself with the outside world.

In the home many women and young girls have adopted European habits and toilet, and you could not distinguish a Mussulman salon from a Christian salon. The most advanced families have assumed habits of life copied from the French, and the husband, at the side of his wife, receives at table his invited guests, men and women. The pleasure and charm of life have thereby assuredly gained for the Turks and for the foreigners who visit the country. Morality has lost nothing thereby.

The Turkish spirit has been modernized. The emancipated women have the right to speak and the right to write.

Finish Big Alaska Bridge.

Anchorage, Alaska.—The bridge over the Tanana river at Nenana has been completed and formally turned over to the Alaska railroad commission. It has a single steel span 700 feet long.

Twitch of Eye Saves Life of Man in Coffin

A twitch of his eye saved Henry Hiser, fifty years old, of Noblesville, Ind., from going to his grave prematurely. As an undertaker was about to place the body in the coffin he noticed a muscular contraction of one eye. A physician was called and Hiser was soon on the road to recovery. The apparent death was caused by paralysis.

"Snake King" Is Dead at 71 Years

Natural Death Comes to Man Who Handled Thousands of Poisonous Reptiles.

RAN A WHOLESALE BUSINESS

Ballscheit Was Went to Declare That the Rattlesnake Was Much Misunderstood—Unless Molested It Would Not Strike Ordinarily.

San Antonio, Tex.—Julius H. Ballscheit, seventy-one, known to the world of the circus and museum as "The Rattlesnake King," is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Emma Braus, in San Antonio. Although he had handled literally hundreds of thousands of snakes in a long career, his death was a natural one.

Ballscheit was a native of Germany but came to Texas when a young man and at first engaged in farming. It was purely by accident that he started in the snake business, it is said. A medicine show was in Helotes, a small settlement in Bexar county and offered $2 for a rattlesnake. Ballscheit never had caught a rattler, but going out with a long stick at the end of which was a forked prong he soon found a large snake, pinned its head to the earth, then picked it up, threw it in a sack and carried it to the show man.

From that day forward Ballscheit caught rattlers for a living and literally has caught single-handed thousands of the reptiles. The rattlers are one of the great natural crops of south west Texas.

Becomes Wholesale Dealer.

As the "Rattlesnake King" became better known and his snakes were more in demand among circuses, medicine shows and museums, he became a wholesale dealer, as well as a retailer, and Mexicans in the off season when farm work was slack frequently went snake catching. When they made a catch they were certain to find a market with "the Snake King".

Mr. Ballscheit was wont to declare that the rattlesnake was much misunderstood. Unless the reptile was molested it would not strike ordinarily, but would escape from the vicinity of threatened danger. If a rattler is startled it will strike and in the skin-shedding season, when the reptile is blind, anything approaches at its peril, for the snake lashes out at every noise.

Belonging to the viper family, the rattler's young are born, not hatched as in the case of many other reptiles, and references to rattlesnake eggs, sometimes seen, are due to mistaking the eggs of some other snake for those of the deadly rattling viper or to nature faking. The female gives birth sometimes to litters of as many as a dozen vigorous little reptiles in the early spring, and they emerge into the world fully equipped with poison sacs and fangs, capable of slaying man or beast from the day of their birth on.

Warns Before Striking.

"The rattlesnake is a gentleman. He always gives due warning before he strikes," Mr. Ballscheit explained recently. "In shedding season when he cannot hunt because of blindness, his hunger and sightlessness makes the rattler a mean customer. Sometimes he will sound warning, but generally not, and he will strike at any noise during that period."

Mr. Ballscheit was not afraid of rattlers and the larger they were, and therefore the more dangerous, the better he liked them, for rattlers sell by the pound and not by length as the uninitiated might imagine.

When the demand for the live snakes proved slack, the snakes still proved profitable to Mr. Ballscheit, who killed them and cured the hides for use in leather goods such as belts, hatbands, fobs and purses, the skins being soft and pliable when properly tanned. The carcasses are rendered for the fat, which is highly esteemed for lotions, ointments and for use as a treatment for rheumatic affections. The venom also is useful in science and in the manufacture of drugs.

While many of the snakes sold by "the Snake King" went to the purchasers with their poison fangs intact, the majority had their fangs extracted before they were shipped. The extraction of fangs is accomplished by getting the snake to strike at a heavy piece of silk. The fangs become entangled in the texture of the goods and a quick, strong pull accomplishes the dental work.

Cross-Country Guides of Shriners

Capt. Bernard S. McMahan (left), and J. W. Brooks of the American Highway Education bureau, starting from the zero milestone in the shadow of the White House for their trip to San Francisco from where they will guide the thousands of Shriners to Washington for the big convention in June.

ORDERS NAVAL AIR TRAINING

Denby Tells Plans for Scouting From New Design Plane.

Navy Crews of the Future to Be As Skilled in Handling of Aircraft As They Are in Operating Great War Monsters.

Washington.—The battle fleets of the American navy of the future will have crews aboard who will be as skilled in the handling of aircraft as they are in the operation of the monster floating engines of war, Secretary of the Navy Denby discloses in a special article on fleet aviation published in the National Aeronautical number of Aerial Age.

The chief secretary calls attention to the fact that the battleship Texas has been fitted with a platform on its turret for the launching of airplanes, and that the battleship Mississippi has been equipped with a catapult for the same purpose.

This order is regarded by Secretary Denby as highly significant. "It means," he said in his Aerial Age article, "that fleet aviation is certain to have a very important effect in a future naval campaign."

"One of the first duties which will be required of fleet aviation in future wars," Mr. Denby said, "will be to carry out reconnaissance over enemy bases.

"If we are to reconnoiter enemy naval bases it must be done by airplanes flown off aircraft carriers.

"At the present time our navy has but one aircraft carrier, the Langley, which is the remodeled collier Jupiter.

"By knowledge gained from the comparatively inexpensive Langley we have been able to design an entirely new type of aircraft carrier, which we have been able to construct within the limits of the treaties. Under these treaties we were allowed to convert the battle cruisers Saratoga and Lexington.

"Their speed, which is developed by electrical propulsion, is equivalent to 38 miles an hour on land. The peculiarities of these ships are the completeness of radio installation for sending and receiving messages; the elevators for lifting aircraft to and from the decks and the storage space below; the cranes for hoisting outboard and inboard heavy reconnaissance planes; the methods of ventilation and removal of exhaust gases from the smokestacks, and the maneuverability of such huge ships in a seaway."

Gets Coffin and Death Threat.

Clarksburg, W. Va.—Antonio Musci, who on December last reported to the police that he had been dogged by a band of masked men five miles from the city, awoke to find a coffin on the porch of his home here with a death threat.

for Old or New WALLS

Look for the Cross and Circle printed in red on every genuine package. For sale at all good stores handling paints.

Finish new walls with Alabastine, the wall coating particulary adapted for use over plaster or wall board and is always artistic and sanitary.

Redecorate the old home with Alabastine because it can be applied over any interior surface—new or old. There will be no disappointment, no expensive mistakes to correct if you use

Alabastine

Instead of Kalsomine or Wall Paper

"My beau he is particular,
About the way I'm dressed,
So Maggie uses Faultless Starch,
So I can look my best."

FAULTLESS STARCH

Museum Devoted to Indian Life.

For the purpose of studying the aborigines of the Americas, a new museum has been erected in New York city, where investigations of Indian life may be conducted. The institution, which already contains 1,800,000 specimens of aboriginal life on this continent, is the only one in the world devoted exclusively to the preservation of the records of those early races; and one of its chief aims will be to discover the origin of the red man.

You may have noticed that the friends who are willing to lend you money have no money to lend.

With a friend in need it usually is a case of touch and go.

The radio eliminates distance. But it still is too imperfect to eliminate platitudes from the speeches.

When might attempts to make right it seldom gets left.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum. Advertisement.

To understand men we must understand their works.

An obligation of any sort is a mortgage on your time.

"Lots for Your Money Brands"

Should Not Tempt You—Use

CALUMET

The Economy BAKING POWDER

That's What Millions of Housewives Do.

BEST BY TEST

—They know that **Good** Baking Powder can't be sold for less—that "more for the money" means bake-day failures, waste of time and money—that Calumet means economy.

The sales of Calumet are over 150% greater than that of any other baking powder.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

Disordered Stomach

Take a good dose of Carter's Little Liver Pills—then take 2 or 3 for a few nights after.

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1923

"By their fruits ye shall know them." That being the case, the people, at the next election, will turn out the Harding administration bag and baggage.

The administration was rebuked last November on its record, and it would take an optimistic republican to see any improvement in that record in the deliberations of the late congressional session.

The campaign of 1924 is shaping itself, from a republican standpoint, very much along the lines of 1912. The main difference is that the defeat, inevitably, will be more disastrous and permanent.

One of the outstanding issues of the 1924 campaign will be the record of omissions and commissions of the Harding administration. This is the democratic view no matter who the republican nominee may be.

Oil and water won't mix; neither will the reactionaries and radicals in the republican party reach an understanding. Hence, the republican party is but a wraith of its former self. But "the old guard never surrenders."

Mr. Harding is a candidate to succeed himself. There is nothing strange in that; but the announcement by his attorney-general to that effect, more than a year before the campaign opens, was a little extraordinary, to say the least.

Capper Complains

Having voted for the Fordney-McCumber profiteers' tariff and presumably for its consequences, Senator Capper (Rep. Kans.) ought to be estopped from complaining about the present high cost of living and the further increase in prospect, but he is, nevertheless, making this the theme of editorial comments in his weekly paper.

"Oil, sugar, woolens, cotton goods, leather, shoes, building materials, rubber, steel, copper, lead, zinc, and many other manufactured materials are steadily advancing in price," says Senator Capper in the latest issue of his weekly. "Wholesale prices," he adds, "move upward all along the line."

Nearly all the commodities enumerated by Senator Capper are subject to duties ranging from 10 to 300 per cent, and practically every one of them has been increased in price by the operation of the Fordney-McCumber law, which he helped to enact.

"Another 25 per cent will be added to the cost of living during 1923," says Senator Capper, quoting Professor Fisher as authority for the statement. "It is disturbing news," Senator Capper remarks." "If this comes to pass it means the consumer will have to pay 75 per cent higher for what he buys than the same necessities cost him in 1914, the first year of the war."

And Senator Capper a member of the farm bloc!

The New Goodyear Cord with the Beveled All-Weather Tread

THE features of the new Goodyear Cord Tire with the beveled All-Weather Tread are features of exclusively Goodyear design and construction—semi-flat, beveled tread, improved rubber compound, heavier sidewall and reinforced tread blocks. They result in more mileage, smoother-running and greater economy.

As Goodyear Service Station Dealers we sell and recommend Goodyear Tires and back them up with standard Goodyear Service

Vincent Reil, City Garage
Carrizozo

GOODYEAR
"Western Made For Western Trade"

Notice

From and after April 1, 1923, All Water Consumers of the Village of Carrizozo residing within the Limits of the Village Water System and 100 feet beyond said limits shall be charged at the rate of 40c for each 50 gallons of water used, which will include the hauling, unless they receive water through individual meter, in which case the regular rates will apply.

All Water Consumers residing outside the above limits shall be charged at the rate of 25c per 50 gallons, which charge includes the hauling.

2-16-tf W. W. STADTMAN, Village Clerk.

Put on your skates and catch the pig at Lutz Hall at 8 p m, March 31. Skates 75c per pair for the evening. Children under 15 not allowed in contest. 3-16 3t

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best
the market affords.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Belmont

HISTORY'S MYSTERIES

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"THE RIDDLE OF THE POISONED GLOVES"

THE author of even the most sensational type of detective stories would probably balk at introducing into his fictional romances the means of murder generally supposed to have been used to accomplish the death of Jane, queen of Navarre, for here was an instrument of death worthy of the Borgias—a pair of poisoned gloves which left not the slightest trace of their deadly purpose.

Just previous to her death, the queen came to Paris to attend the ceremonies connected with the marriage of her son, the prince of Navarre, to Margaret, sister of the French king. While engaged with preparations for the approaching ceremony, Queen Jane was overtaken with a malignant fever which ended her life after an illness of only five days, and Nathaniel Wraxwell, in his "Memories of the Kings of France," writes: "The Multitude, ever disposed to attribute the death of great personages to unnatural causes, held to the belief that poison had been used in this case. A perfumer named Rane, who had followed the queen mother from Florence, of which place he was a native, was accused as the author of the crime, and it is stated that he even avowed himself as such, and boasted of it publicly—declaring that those who had instigated the crime would protect him from punishment.

Some perfumed gloves, which Queen Jane had purchased from this Florentine, are generally credited with having been the medium through which the poison was administered, and Catherine de Medici was freely named as the instigator of the murder, though no direct proof that she was ever connected with the affair has ever come to light.

Wraxwell, continuing his account of the strange illness of the queen, states that "Davilla asserts, in the most positive terms, that the queen of Navarre was poisoned. The deadly dose was administered, it was reported, in the trimming of a pair of gloves, but in a manner so imperceptible and in so nice a proportion that after having worn them for only a few days the queen mother was seized with a violent fever, which put an end to her life in five days."

When news of the death of the queen mother reached the Huguenots, whose cause Queen Jane had espoused, they instantly made the charge of foul play, and the king, cognizant of the fact that the poison had left no traces, ordered the body to be publicly examined. Historians whose accounts are accepted as authoritative declare that the two persons who examined the queen's body were not permitted to touch her head, where it was supposed that traces of the poison were still visible, and D'Aubigno makes no secret of the statement that the queen was murdered—though he is rather vague as to the means used.

During her entire life Queen Jane had been subject to violent headaches, attended by an extreme itching sensation, and repeatedly expressed the wish that the cause of this malady might be looked into, with the intention of relieving her children if they should be subject to the same disorder. This may have explained the reluctance of the king to permit an examination of the head of the queen mother, though popular opinion at the time lays it to fear of the discovery of the poison used to hasten the death of a strong-minded woman who was extremely antagonistic to many of the ruling Catholic families of Europe.

In spite of the death of Queen Jane, the royal nuptials were celebrated at the cathedral of Notre Dame, Margaret of Navarre being in the full bloom of her youth, and just at the completion of her twentieth year, inheriting the full charm of her grandmother, Margaret of Valois, the mother of the queen, whose death is attributed to the pair of poisoned gloves. Apart from the unusual instrument supposed to have been used in this case, mystery also surrounds the type of poison used, for there is no chemical known to science which would produce death without a trace merely by application to the outside of the skin, and the tragedy took place several centuries before the discovery of the existence of bacteria—though the Borgias are commonly credited with having known more about some types of poisons and germs than even the scientists of modern times.

Not Bigger, but Higher.

A small creek ran near the home of Geneva, three years old. The little girl was very familiar with the stream. One day she accompanied her parents on a motor trip to a town that nestled by the Ohio river. When she returned a relative was quizzing her about the size of that stream and, pointing to the nearby creek, said:

"Well, the river's not much bigger than that, is it?"

"No, not much bigger," Geneva replied, "but it is higher."

This Story Will Be Continued.

Mrs. A.—I suppose you've heard what they're saying about Mrs. Dash. Mrs. B.—I wouldn't believe what they said

The Titsworth Co., Inc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

We carry in stock—

Plows	Sash & Doors
Plow Shares	Black Leaf "40"
Onion Sets	Wire
Garden Seeds	Hog Fence
Barley	Chicken Netting
Cane Seed	Cement
Hay & Grain	Lime, Etc., Etc.

Steel and Felt Roofing. Paints and Oils Patent Medicines

Our prices are reasonable

The Titsworth Company, Inc.

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

Sweetening

Earnings of $10,083,833 and net profits equal to $12 a share on the $450,000 par value of outstanding common stock were reported by the American Sugar Refinery for 1922. This concern's product is now selling at retail for 10 to 12 cents a pound—which means more prosperity—for this concern in 1923.

The American Sugar Refining Company is generally known as the Sugar Trust. It operates in Cuba as well as in this country, refining both cane and beet sugar.

Tree planting time in New Mexico is from March 30 to April 5th. There is plenty time to set out some ornamental and shade trees around your home. They will add considerable to its value and appearance as well as improving the looks of the town. A glance at our advertising columns will disclose the names of two agents for trees. They will be pleased to recommend the kind best adapted to this section, and which will make rapid growth.

HOME LIGHTING AN ART

But Possible at Low Cost With Electric Lights.

Lighting Engineers Say Any Home Will Improve Under Light Edison Invented.

Electrical trade men see indications that the subject of lighting the home is coming into its own. Much more attention is now being given this question, illuminating engineers say, than was ever before the case.

Just as it is now a foregone conclusion that a goodly percentage of new homes built during the ensuing decade will be of the all-electrical type, so it is also believed the lighting of those new homes will produce astonishing and artistic results, in the country as well as in the city.

Meanwhile, experts are pointing out with new vigor the importance of adequate lighting, the delight of artistic lighting, and the ease with which both may be obtained in these days of highly efficient electric lamps. A common belief of the public, that to properly light a house by electricity is very expensive, is shattered by an analysis of the matter.

It is shown that a moderately large house can be finely lighted for a sum varying from 7 to 10 cents a day. It is also declared that those who build

The Art of Pantomiming.

"Move on, you!" said the large policeman.

Choice Meats and Groceries

THE CITY MARKET

Fancy and Staple Groceries

Fresh and Cured Meats

Fruits & Vegetables

City Market, Roy G. Skinner, Prop.

"Our Family Medicine"

"I WILL WRITE you in regard to Black-Draught liver medicine, as I have been using it more than 18 years," says a letter from Mr. S. F. Mintz, of R. F. D. 2, Leland, N. C. "I keep it in my home all the time, for it is mostly our family medicine. When we begin to feel feverish or sluggish, with trouble from the liver or stomach, we take a dose of Thedford's Black-Draught and the trouble is soon over. I mostly buy a dollar package at a time, and it has saved me many a bill."

Thedford's Black-Draught is a purely vegetable remedy, acting on the liver, stomach and bowels. It is made from selected herbs and roots, and contains no calomel or other mineral drugs.

It has been found of great value in indigestion, stomach trouble, sick headache, constipation, and lazy liver, helping to relieve the symptoms caused by these troubles, and to put the digestive system into proper working order.

Get a package of Black-Draught liver medicine from your druggist or dealer, today. Be sure to get the genuine—Thedford's.

Thedford's
BLACK-DRAUGHT
A Purely Vegetable Liver Medicine

Crystal Theatre

Sat. Mar. 31—"Colleen of the Pines," with Jean Novak. (Film Booking)

Tues. Apr. 3—"Ladder Jinks," with Walter Hiers. A six-reel comedy featured. Admission 20c and 40c. (Vitagraph)

Wed. Apr. 4—"Cecil B. DeMille" in "Adam's Rib," with Milton Sills, Anna Q. Nilsson, Theodore Roberts. This picture has been shown here before, but this time only regular prices will be charged.

Fri. Apr. 6—"Buffalo Bill" No. 10. "Come Clean" with Tom Santschi. Comedy, "Small Town Derby."

Sat. Apr. 7—"Spuders" with Gloria Swanson. (V. I. P.)

Parsons News Letter

Parsons, March 26.

Cap Henley and family have rented the Greer place, and the children are attending the Parsons school.

The cold and windy weather we have had so much of the past month is believed responsible for so much sickness along the Bonito.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Greer and little son have returned to their home in the San Andres.

Mrs. J. H. Fulmer, while on a visit to Carrizozo, attended the Saturday night dance at White Oaks.

Little Mina May Beard, of Sanger, California, came with her grandmother Beard to Carrizozo, and is now visiting her grandparents here, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Grafton.

Miss Charlotte Rice has returned home after a week's visit with Mrs. George Titsworth, of Capitan.

Charlie Pfingsten, of the Mesa settlement, thinks he would like to try his hand at farming in the hills.

W. M. Ferguson and his sons have dragged the road from the main line across the Mesa to the head of Crockett Canyon. Next we hope to hear that the good work has been continued up the Bonito and on to the Parsons post office.

The work of Mr. Ferguson is much appreciated by those who travel the road for pleasure and more so by the Postman and those who have business in the hills.

Charlie Pfingsten and Alla Givens, with Mrs. Mrs. Bentley and Mrs. James Robinson, attended the funeral of Mrs. Clifton Zumwalt Tuesday at Augus.

A cold fog hung over the hills for two days this week, but guess we have had our last snow storm. We hope so, at least.

Methodist Church

April first is the day and the Methodist church is the place.

Did you know the Sunday School at 10 a. m. will be fine?

Can't afford to miss the sermon at 11 a. m.

The children's hour to celebrate Easter is 7:30 p.m. I know you will enjoy that

L. W. CARLTON.

NOTICE OF SUIT

In the District Court, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico.

State of New Mexico to J. B. De Arman and Eunice Craddock, Defendants.

Greeting:

You and each of you are hereby notified that a suit has been commenced, and is now pending in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for the County of Lincoln, entitled "First State Bank of Capitan, New Mexico, a corporation, Plaintiff, versus J. B. De Arman and Eunice Craddock formerly the wife of J. B. De Arman Defendants," said cause being numbered 3359 on the Civil Docket of said court, and the object of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage deed given by the defendants to secure the payment of a promissory note for $829.71, and to foreclose the lien of said mortgage deed upon the real estate, situate in the county of Lincoln and state of New Mexico, described as follows, to-wit: West half of Southeast Quarter; East half of Southwest Quarter of Section Ten, Township Nine South, Range Thirteen East, New Mexico Principal Meridian.

You and each of you are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 12th day of May, 1923, judgment will be entered in said cause against you by default, and plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in his complaint, and the land and premises above described will be sold, and the proceeds arising therefrom will be applied upon the indebtedness above [illegible] that A. H. Hudspeth, whose post office address is Carrizozo, New Mexico, is attorney for the plaintiff.

Witness my hand and the seal of [illegible]

"61" Floor Varnish

ARCHITECTS, PAINTERS, and Other Experts, have long known "61" Floor Varnish as the "balanced varnish," because it provides the maximum combined wear resistance and water resistance.

It can be struck with a hammer without cracking the varnish film, even though you hit it hard enough to dent the wood, or it can be put under boiling water without turning white.

"61" FLOOR VARNISH restores the sparkle of newness to floors, wood-work, base-boards and window sills.

See us for your Paints

We have the best.

KELLEY & CO., Inc.

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Carrizozo - New Mexico

GEO. B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo : New Mexico

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms Upstairs in the Lutz Bldg
CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in
Exchange Bank Bldg Upstairs

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
Notary Public
Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo.

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer
'Phone 90.
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

L. W. ADAMS
GLENCOE N. M.
Agent for
Finest Fruit Trees
Stark's Nursery Products

I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30
Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
C. H. HAINES, N. G.
WM. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.
Regular Communication of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M. [illegible]

Bible Thoughts for the Week

Sunday.

RULER OVER ALL.—Thine, O Lord, is the greatness, and the power, and the glory, and the victory, and the majesty; for all that is in the heaven and in the earth is thine; thine is the kingdom, O Lord, and thou art exalted as head above all.—I Chronicles 29:11.

Monday.

ABOUT THROWING STONES.—Master, this woman was taken in adultery. Moses commanded us that such should be stoned: but what sayest thou? . . . He said unto them, He that is without sin among you, let him first cast a stone at her.—John 8:4, 5, 7.

Tuesday.

GOD'S WORD STANDS.—The grass withereth, the flower fadeth: but the word of our God shall stand forever.—Isaiah 40:8.

Wednesday.

THE KINGDOM WITHIN.—The kingdom of God cometh not with observation: Neither shall they say, Lo here! or, lo there! for, behold, the kingdom of God is within you. Luke 17:20, 21.

Thursday.

SAFEGUARDED.—He shall give his angels charge over thee, to keep thee in all thy ways.—Psalm 91:11.

Friday.

TEACH ME.—Teach me to do thy will; for thou art my God; thy spirit is good; lead me into the land of uprightness.—Psalm 143:10.

Saturday.

TRUST HIM ALWAYS.—Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in him; and he shall bring it to pass.—Psalm 37:5.

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Popular Mechanics building is devoted exclusively to the production of this great magazine.

CLASSIFIED

Mrs. J. K. Such has received a choice assortment of candies, visit will convince you. 2-16A

FOR RENT—A five-room house close in; Village water will be piped in yard when renter is secured.—W. W. STADTMAN.

Taylor's Hardware Store is headquarters for pipe fittings, plumbing fixtures, such as bath tubs, sinks, etc. 1-26tf

Just received—Jaw Breakers; Butter and O-Cedar Polish.—Paden's Drug Store.

FOR SALE—One Bronze Turkey Gobbler. Also choice White Leghorn Eggs for setting. Inquire of W. N. Williamson, Carrizozo, or phone 94.

Twenty-five New Spring Suits for men. Drop in and look them over. Ziegler Bros.

The advantage of buying and selling for cash is mutual—merchant and customer profit—City Market.

ATTENTION! Come in and see our new arrivals in Ladies' Silk Dresses, advance styles. They must be seen to be appreciated.—CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

FOR SALE—Some 1¼ inch Studebaker wagons at low prices. THE TITSWORTH CO.
3-11-tf Capitan.

Come in and be convinced that cash talks with us.—City Market.

Three-quarter-inch galvanized pipe, 12c per foot at Taylor's hardware store. 1-26 tf

NOTICE

State of New Mexico }
County of Lincoln } ss.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

In the Matter of the Estate of
JENNIE IRMINGER
Deceased.
No. 127

Notice is hereby given that Lulu Boone, Executrix of the last will of Jennie Irminger, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and filed in said court her final account and report of administration of said estate, together with petition for distribution to the persons entitled thereto of all the residue of said estate, and that the 7th day of May, A. D., 1923, at the hour of two o'clock p.m., of said day, at the courtroom of said court, in the courthouse in said county of Lincoln, state of New Mexico, has been fixed by the court as the time and place for the settlement of said account and hearing of said report and petition for distribution, at which time and place any persons interested in said estate may appear and file exceptions or objections to said account, report or petition, and contest the same.

Notice is further given that said estate is ready for distribution, and on the granting of said petition distribution of said estate will be had.

Dated at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this twentith day of March, A. D., 1923.

[SEAL] R. M. TREAT,
Clerk.

St. Philip Founded Oratory.

The memory of St. Philip should be treasured by all music lovers, as being largely responsible for the institution of oratorios, a form of composition employed by the greatest of musicians. St. Philip founded in 1551 the religious order of the Oratory or praying place, and with the intention of drawing youths to the church, the old fathers of the Oratory instituted oratorios, pieces divided into two parts, the one performed before, the other after the sermon. These early oratorios, which shortly gained renown, bringing the Oratory into repute, dealt with such Biblical subjects as the Prodigal Son, the Good Samaritan, and Tobit and the Angel.

FRUIT, SHADE TREES, Etc.

Agents for all varieties of Fruit and Shade Trees, Vines, Etc. Deliveries made shortly after the order is received.

Leave orders at

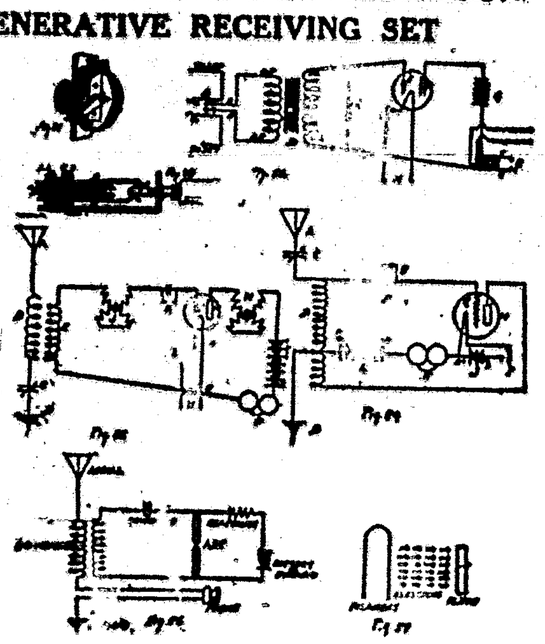
TAYLOR'S HARDWARE STORE.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST

THE HOME RADIO

How to Make and Use It — By A. HYATT VERRILL

XX. REGENERATIVE RECEIVING SET



A regenerative set is one in which the wireless waves or oscillations entering from the aerial are regenerated and increased by means of the vacuum bulb and for this reason, as well as on account of others, it is far superior to any style of crystal set. Roughly, a vacuum bulb or tube detector is about thirty times as efficient as the best crystal detector and moreover, with such sets, one or more steps of amplification may be used, thus increasing the sounds to almost any extent. One of the great advantages of regenerative sets is that they will permit of tuning out interferences and the better the set and the more efficient the various units, the clearer and better the results obtained. I have already described how to set up a small regenerative set under "coils," but there are various other methods of arranging or assembling regenerative sets. One of the best is the set used with a vario-coupler and variometers which is illustrated in Fig. 55. By using two variometers and a vario-coupler as shown, great selectivity of the circuit is obtained and by hooking on amplifiers and using a loud speaker phone, music, songs, speeches, etc., may be reproduced as loudly as a good phonograph. The only objection to such a set is that there are several adjustments to be made in tuning as there are the three knobs to look after. In making this set it is not advisable to attempt to make either the vario-coupler or the variometers, for while these instruments look simple, special tools and long practice and skill are required to construct them properly. Also, when purchasing these, select those in which the coils are not varnished or shellacked as these coverings invariably decrease the efficiency of a coil. The other parts required, aside from ordinary insulated electric bell wire, binding posts and a panel or base, are the vacuum bulb or tube detector; the socket for the tube, a grid-leak and condenser (which you can readily make yourself if desired), the rheostat, a variable condenser of .0005 mfd.; the six volt storage battery; B-battery and a pair of 2000 ohm receivers.

By studying the diagram, you will easily see how the set should be arranged and hooked up, but, if you desire, the wires may be altered to run at other angles or directions, the main thing being to keep them as short and direct as possible and to avoid running them parallel or crossing them: The aerial A is led in and connected to the primary of the vario-coupler B, the other terminal of the vario-coupler being connected with the variable-condenser C, and the latter being connected with the ground wire D. From the secondary coil of the vario-coupler E, one wire is led to the phone or receivers, F, a connection being made at G, with the storage battery H and the rheostat I. The other wire from E, is led to the grid-variometer J, thence to the grid-leak and condenser K, then to the vacuum-tube grid L. The plate-connection of the tube M, is wired to the plate-variometer N, and from here the wire runs to the B-battery O, the other terminal of which leads to the phone-receivers, F.

The whole affair, when finally connected and mounted on a neat bakelite or fibre base, should be enclosed in a neat case with a hinged cover, in order to protect the instruments from dust and disturbance and yet allow inspection or adjustment. Of course the adjusting or tuning knobs and the outside connections for aerial, ground and batteries should be led through the case or box to binding posts on the exterior. If the whole set is arranged compactly and neatly and you make an attractive, well finished case, the set will be the equal in appearance, as well as in efficiency, of any ready-made set costing several times as much.

XXI. TRANSMISSION OR SENDING

I have already described the difference between interrupted waves and continuous waves and how the human voice, or other sounds, if transmitted by the ordinary interrupted waves of a wireless telegraph sender, would be broken up and unintelligible. I have also explained how continuous waves are capable of carrying such sounds without breaking them up; but while sounds of voices, music, etc., cannot be properly transmitted over an interrupted wave yet code signals or alternate dots and dashes may be transmitted over continuous waves by means of instruments which break or interrupt such waves, so that a radiophone may be used to send both telegraphic and telephonic messages and a radio telephone receiver will receive both.

The principal item and most essential part of the sending or transmission apparatus, known as the radiophone, is the device by which the continuous waves are produced. The instrument which was first devised for this purpose was an ordinary arc-light, but this has now given place to a device known as a vacuum-tube oscillator which is similar to an ordinary incandescent light with specially prepared filament and other devices. The operation of the arc-light was as follows: If a condenser and inductance coil are shunted across the current to such a light, the current is lessened as the condenser is charged and the potential difference across the arc increased. This still further charges the condenser which discharges through the coil and again becomes charged in the reverse direction, the whole operation being repeated over and over again with extreme rapidity—as many as one million discharges a second being usual. Diagrammatically this arrangement is shown in Fig. 56, in which A represents the aerial, B the ground, C the coil, D the telephone receiver, E the condenser, F the light, G the dynamo or other source of electricity. The vacuum-tube on the other hand, acts in a very different manner. When this is charged with electricity the filament discharges an immense number of electrons upon a plate with incalculable rapidity Fig. 57, and this, by means of various appliances, produces the oscillating currents of extremely high frequency, or continuous waves. Unlike the arc light, moreover, the vacuum tube is employed in receiving, the incoming waves varying the current through the filament and so altering the flow of electrons, thus transforming the vacuum-tube from an oscillator to a detector.

It must not be supposed, however, that an oscillator, a condenser, a coil and an aerial and ground are all that are necessary in order to send wireless telephone messages. In addition, there are numerous appliances for tuning or adjusting wave lengths, modulating, amplifying and other purposes and in a large station these are very complicated and powerful. For example, the Westinghouse station at Newark uses five 250 watt tubes—two being used as oscillators and three as modulators—and which work in conjunction with two fifty watt speech amplifiers. The current used in lighting is ten volt A. C. with five amperes of radiation. For sending the sounds, microphones are used and to maintain an even cool temperature on the tubes a rotary fan is employed. In this station the coil or inductance is a flat or pancake helix wound with half-inch copper ribbon while a special motor generator furnishes a 2,000 volt current for the plate. The aerial is of the multiple-tuned type of six 150-foot wires at a height of 210 feet above the ground with a counterpoise of twelve wires on thirty foot spreaders twenty feet above the roof and below the aerial. As a lead-in, a ten wire cage on hoops two inches in diameter is used.

This, however, is one of the largest and most powerful stations in the world and for amateurs nothing so complete, so large or so powerful is ever required. For ordinary purposes, a very small sending set is all that is necessary and even for the smallest a license is required, for while there is no objection to any one operating a receiving set and listening-in to anything that is in the air, a multitude of signals and sounds being sent is a great nuisance and interferes with every legitimate sending station by confusing the sounds and creating interferences. In fact, the greatest trouble in receiving is interference and it is far more difficult to tune out the weak waves from nearby amateur sending instruments than to tune to the desired signals from the large stations.

Also, it is far more difficult to construct and set up a transmitting set than a receiving set and hence I advise all amateurs to leave the sending alone, or else make no attempt to install or use a transmitting set until thoroughly familiar with the subject and no longer an amateur. But as no book on wireless telephony would be considered complete without a description and instructions as to rigging up sending sets, a few simple directions and figures are given.

1—Interior of the famous Krupp works at Essen, seized by the French. 2—Soldiers at Fort Myer trying to identify belongings after recent fire. 3.—Mayor Daniel W. Hoan of Milwaukee who has taken vigorous stand against tax legislation proposed in Wisconsin legislature.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT WEEK

Peace Looms in Franco-German Dispute as Result of Recent Events.

FRANCE DISAVOWS LAND GRAB

Joint Statement of French and Belgian Premiers and New German Movement Clarify Situation; British Hold Aloof; More Irish Executions; Lenin Reported Near Death.

Is the murder of two French officials by unknown persons in the invaded Ruhr district the precursor of Franc-tireur activities on the part of the civilian population in invaded Germany? Is history, as taken from the record of the days that followed the Franco-Prussian war of 1871, going to repeat itself?

HOPES FOR A PEACEFUL SETTlement of the Franco-German difficulties over the Ruhr occupation loom brighter as a result of three outstanding events of the past few days: the formal declaration of the French and Belgian premiers that imperialism had no part in their plans; the murder of two French officials by some unknown persons in the occupied district across the Rhine; and a new movement instigated by German capitalists expressing again the German government's desire to pay the reparations as fixed by the Versailles treaty "as far as Germany can go."

Taken chronologically the assassinations come first. Two French officers, M. Joly, a technician in charge of the railroad yards at Buer, and Lieutenant Collins, the army officer in charge of the station at that town, were done to death on March 10, their bodies being found in a road leading to Buer. They were thirty feet apart, when found, five bullet wounds being discovered in the head of each of the victims.

M. Maginot, minister of war in the French cabinet, addressing a group of French officers, gave France's first reaction when he said, "In our attitude towards the population our soldiers have animated sentiments of humanity, but such a crime cannot remain unpunished and it is only right to carry with it terrible reprisals."

The mayor of Buer, his assistant, the chief of police, and two prominent citizens have been arrested and are being held as hostages. The deaths follow that of one French soldier and two others wounded in the same district and this latest outbreak has put the troops in an unpleasant frame of mind. The deaths are laid at the door of the expelled German police by the French but no grounds that they may have for such a charge have been cabled to this country. The underlying thought in the minds of those who are keeping track of events is to wonder if the Germans are starting in on the horrible Franc-tireur movement of fifty years ago that resulted in terrible reprisals by the German invaders.

STUDENTS OF CONTEMPORARY history immediately associated with the murders the joint statement of Premiers Poincare and Theunis disavowing any thoughts of their two countries, France and Belgium respectively, being imperialistically inclined. Their statement was made less than two days after the double deaths near Buer and evidently was designed to offset the reaction expected from the world over the summary deaths. The statement says, categorically, that the invaders have no desire to retain permanently any additional territory over that granted them at Versailles and that the allied soldiery will retire from the occupied zone as fast as payments are made on the indemnity granted the allies by the treaty.

ation been allowed to stand without anything else to occupy the public mind it would have removed the Ruhr controversy to the field of national prejudice, given the Germans a splendid chance to float more propaganda based on their inability to control the peoples of the occupied area, and given the French an equal opportunity to assail the Germans for injecting active armed force, coupled with murder, into a situation that is regarded by the allies as being more of a police measure than a military one.

The French have shown a desire to confine the issue entirely to a commercial plane. They assert plainly that all they want is their money and that they regret being forced to use their army as a force of bill collectors. Until the declaration by the two premiers that they would evacuate the invaded territory as fast as payment was made the world felt there was the possibility that the Ruhr would finally find itself in the same boat as Alsace-Lorraine, a part of France.

A remarkable feature of the statement is that it stands exactly upon the words and actions of that arch-enemy of France fifty-two years ago, Bismarck.

History records that Bismarck, in occupying France, asserted he would retire with his army as fast as payments on the indemnity were made. The French peasantry of those days, as will be remembered, emptied the hidden corners of their cupboards and inside of three years paid over to the Teutonic warlords the enormous sum, for that period of the world's history, of five billions of francs, roughly $1,000,000,000, besides territory.

France went through the same strain that Germany now is undergoing. A vast portion of its people absolutely refused to aid in the payment of the indemnity and for two months the Commune, the Reds of that time, raged throughout Paris, attacking constituted authority while the German army sat idly by and watched the situation clarify itself.

History appears to have repeated itself, as it has a habit of doing, in the present Franco-German dispute. Close students are watching to see whether the Commune will arise among the Teutonic peoples; whether the German equivalent of the Franc-tireurs will arise, as was indicated by the murders of the two French officials; and whether the indemnity will be paid finally.

THE MOVEMENT PUT ON FOOT by German capitalists is a variation from history and is therefore to be scrutinized with great care. In essence it is said to formulate plans whereby the entire structure of German industry will be placed in pawn to foreign nations as the basis of an international loan which is to be used to pay part of the country's indemnity.

Underground reports from Switzerland say that the German movement has proceeded to the extent that a tender of the equivalent of ten billions of dollars in gold was made to a French emissary. This offer is the largest that has ever been made and is considerably higher than Chancellor Cuno's tender at Paris, the rejection of which was signalized by the occupation of the Ruhr. Acceptance of the offer will unquestionably result in the immediate retirement of the French from the invaded district, as soon as satisfactory guarantees have been made.

As the French have taken one leaf out of Bismarck's book by occupying territory, they will not act hastily in consenting to a reduction of the occupying forces. In fact another 100,000 soldiers were reported either in the Ruhr or on the way, tightening their already powerful stranglehold on the life-blood of industrial Germany.

WHAT PART THE BRITISH government had in forcing the declaration of France and Belgium that they would retire as soon as their war debt had been paid, is not known and may never be disclosed. British diplomats are never far distant when an important matter of foreign policy comes up. It is a prime principle of the king's advisers that England shall side always with the weaker power, building it up until it overshadows the former opponent, when, in turn, the

gotten those decades around the opening of the Nineteenth century when Napoleon's name was used to frighten children to sleep, and when the menace of the Little Corporal, standing on French soil and gazing across at the cliffs of Dover while he assembled a host of fishing vessels to transport a great invading army, laid heavy on all England.

In spite of the terrible nature of the war waged by Germany since 1914 England can be relied upon to keep Germany in the concert of nations as an offset to the power of France. She has checkmated France already in several ways in the present imbroglio, chiefly by selling coal to the Berlin authorities to enable them to keep afloat in spite of the shutdown of all supplies from the invaded region. Keeping in mind the great principle of the British nation it is not difficult to forecast the fact that Germany will not be stripped of any of its Ruhr district, the life-blood of its manufacturing industries.

THE IRISH QUESTION WILL NOT down and executions still are proceeding of the members of the "Republic." Seven insurgents were shot to death in one day last week and the day following four more were executed by the same method, making a total of 64 in recent months. The firing squad is the answer of the constituted government to the assassinations of members of the Dail Eireann and their families, along with a huge destruction of property. Whichever side wins an enormous indemnity will have to be paid to victims of the civil strife. In this connection the refusal of the Canadian government to allow a representative of the Irish republic to enter the Dominion from New York state shows that the hand of the entire British empire is set against the revolutionists.

LENIN AND TROTZKY ARE REported near death by former Ambassador Charles R. Crane and the world is wondering what will happen to present Russian politics with the passing of either or both of these men, who are unquestionably great in their achievements, no matter how one views their activities. The death of Lenin would put the Soviet government to its greatest test and it alone will answer the question as to the depth to which his bolshevik teachings have penetrated to the mass of the people. Government is seized or perpetuated by three things: by hereditary, by election or by a coup d'etat. Lenin will have no heirs, even if they would be recognized by the soviet peoples, an unthinkable thing; while the country has no election machinery and a seizure by the military is not considered likely.

It is understood that a small coterie of Lenin's advisers, some eighty men, have already apportioned their part in the events that will succeed the dictator's passing from power but the world will wonder whether the extremists or the visionaries will be in the majority when that event comes to pass. Trotzky's illness is said to be slight by others who have seen him this month.

THE PASSING OF DR. GEORGE Francis Lydston, eminent Chicago physician and surgeon, at his home in California, has robbed the world of an outstanding figure. He was that admirable figure, a radical in thought who confined himself strictly to the orthodox practice of his profession. It was Doctor Lydston who first attracted attention by the transplantation of glands to a human body, his experiments being on himself first, showing his sincerity. He asserted, as a result of his researches, that gland transplantation afforded only temporary relief from the penalties of old age. It was a favorite assertion of his that the relief lasted only six months and had to be renewed to be effective. Doctor Lydston never asserted the glandular operation was a benefit, except in cases of dementia praecox among women or advanced age, on many of whom he successfully operated.

Another brilliant achievement of his was the sterilization of a criminal in Michigan, who was given his choice of a suspended sentence or the operation. He has subjected to the [illegible]

New Mexico State Items

The oldest postmaster in New Mexico is a woman. She is 75 years old and has been postmaster in Lumberton for nine years.

The Hagerman Poultry Association is making plans to ship eggs and poultry in car lots during the coming year to secure a greater profit for the members of the organization.

E. G. Kilmurry of Raton was elected exalted ruler of the lodge of Elks at the annual meeting held recently. The lodge is now one of the livest in the northern part of the state.

Chief Engineer Emory of the Midwest Oil Company, operating in the Shiprock field, was killed in an auto wreck on the Farmington-Gallup road about eight miles south of Shiprock.

April 6 has been set by Judge Edwin Mecham as the date for the double hanging of Charles Smelser and W. C. Lafavors, convicted March 8 on a charge of killing Sheriff W. L. Rutherford of Otero county.

Shipping of ore from the Calamity Jane mine, near Hillsboro, has been started to the big smelter at El Paso. This section of the state was at one time one of the best silver producing districts in the Southwest.

Cruz Trujillo, a resident of the village of Cleveland, was shot and instantly killed at the door of his home by an unknown assailant. Trujillo was visiting in his home with a friend when a car drove up to the house and the driver asked to speak to him. Trujillo went to the door and as he opened it five shots were fired into his body causing instant death. The assailant ran to the car and quickly drove away.

The Hagerman Alfalfa Growers' Association held a big meeting recently to go over the work of the past year and select officers for the coming season. The report of the association showed that during the past twelve months the shipments of hay from the valley totaled 7,047 tons or about 641 cars of eleven tons to the car. Owing to the moisture in the valley during the past month, it is believed that the outlook for the coming season is even better than in 1922.

Seven bills, five of them road bills, were scheduled for the waste paper basket when Governor Hinkle announced his intention of leaving without signing them. The unsigned bills, which now fail to become law, include the Senate bills defining legal newspapers and fixing rates for legal publications and appropriating $45,000 for the Institute for the Blind at Alamogordo. The others were all road bills. Previously, while the Legislature was still in session, the governor vetoed four road bills. Those that got the "pocket veto" recently brought the chief executive's total of road bills killed up to nine. All carried provisions of special levies and the issuance of debentures to anticipate these levies. The seven bills that failed to get the governor's signature are: Committee substitute for H. B. 213, amending chapter 157, laws of 1921, which declared a public highway in Santa Fé county, and extending the highway to San Antonito and La Tijeras, Bernalillo county. S. B. 23, defining a legal newspaper and fixing rates for legal publications. H. B. 357, creating a public highway from Lyden to top of Black Mesa. H. B. 162, creating highway from Cuba, Sandoval county, to Chama river, Rio Arriba county. H. B. 383, creating highway from Isleta, Bernalillo county, to Belen, Valencia county. H. B. 103, creating highway from Thomas, Union county, to David, Harding county. S. B. 75, carrying appropriation of $45,000 for the Institute for the Blind.

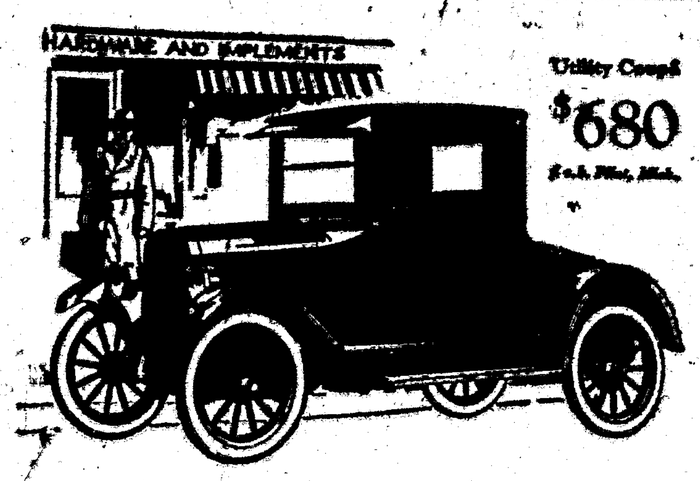
At a meeting of the young men of Artesia the first steps toward the organization of a cavalry troop were taken. The boys are enthusiastic over the troop and it is believed that the quota will soon be filled.

The city council of Las Cruces recently purchased a modern street sweeper which will be used in keeping the new pavements clean. The machine was used by the city of El Paso for a short time and cost when new over $7,000.

No favoritism will be shown and no speculation tolerated in grazing lands while he is in office, State Land Commissioner Justiano Baca told the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association a few days ago. In reply to rumors that he intended to raise rentals on grazing lands, which he charged to enemies, Mr. Baca said his purpose was to continue the present rentals for 1922 payments, except in cases where he found discrimination, and thereafter to revert to the former rentals—5 cents an acre in the eastern district and 3 cents in the western for the five-year period from 1922 to 1926, inclusive.

The force of workmen at Deming remodeling the Holy Cross sanatorium, are making rapid progress and the big institution will be opened in the next thirty days. The big "San" is one of the largest in this part of the state and when completed will be modern in every way and will house over 125 patients.

The Bernalillo County Poultry Association will hold its [illegible]



The Practical Man's Car

The quick success of the Chevrolet Utility Coupé has proved how accurately its designers gauged the transportation requirements of the average busy man.

This fully equipped, modern car combines day-by-day reliability, remarkably low operating costs and the lowest price asked for a Fisher Body automobile.

The mammoth rear compartment is especially attractive to the man who is always moving tools, sample cases, repair parts for farm machinery, and luggage of all sorts.

Any Chevrolet dealer will be glad to show you its exceptional engineering features.

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET

Prices F. O. B. Flint, Michigan

SUPERIOR Two Passenger Roadster	$510
SUPERIOR Five Passenger Touring	525
SUPERIOR Two Passenger Utility Coupe	680
SUPERIOR Four Passenger Sedanette	850
SUPERIOR Five Passenger Sedan	860
SUPERIOR Light Delivery	510

Chevrolet Motor Co., Detroit, Mich.
Division of General Motors Corporation

10c Gives Old Capes Glow of New
Putnam Fadeless Dyes—dyes or tints as you wish

Her Definition.

"Say, ma, what is light housekeeping?"

"It's taking all your meals with your friends, my dear."

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

Those who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which Quickly Relieves by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which assists in improving the General Health.

Sold by druggists for over 40 Years.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

What Every Hubby Knows.

Wifey—What do you know about women's clothes?

Hubby—The cost.

Taking It Home.

"What have you there?"

"All the latest scandal. The New York Blurb."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELL-ANS
25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

Canada Offers "Last Chance" for Virgin Farms

THINK of what you could produce on a farm of virgin fertility, without the burden of high-acreage cost. Think of what 20-to-40 bushel wheat would mean to you under these conditions, and of dairying and stock raising on cheap pasture land. Land pays for itself in a few crops—no artificial fertilizer—no heavy investment. You have envied the farmer who got his start when land was cheap. Here's your chance, perhaps your last chance, for the same brand of prosperity.

Western Canada—Your Opportunity!

Western Canada is the farmer's land of opportunity. Thousands of settlers who started not many years ago with little or nothing, are today the owners of fine farms, with comfortable homes and barns, thoro'bred stock, dairy herds—all the marks of prosperity. Yet land is not dear—only $15 to $30 an acre for rich, virgin, prairie convenient to railways. Land is not dear in Western Canada—yet—because there is so much of it. But many settlers are expected in 1923, and now is your opportunity, before the best farms are taken. Get started. Taxes are reduced, not raised, on land brought under cultivation. On farm buildings, improvements, machinery, personal effects, automobile, etc., there is no tax at all. Canada wants workers—it wants for land farmed—and the farmers, through their municipal councils, have practical control of all local taxation.

Special Renter's Plan—Buy Out of Profits

To aid and encourage the honest worker with perhaps little capital, the Canadian Government has a "Renter's Plan", whereby one may work a new or improved farm—"Try it out" for several years if desired—and buy a farm of his own out of profits.

Thirty-Two Years to Pay

For the benefit of those wishing to buy land, a national non-profit sharing organization—the Canada Colonization Association—has been established, with head office at Winnipeg, and United States office at St. Paul. This Association offers selected land convenient to railways—much of it at $16 to $30 per acre—on very small cash payment; no further payment until third year; balance extended over thirty years, but purchaser may pay up and obtain title at any time, if desired. Interest six per cent.

Get the Facts—Costs You Nothing

Mail the coupon to the agent mentioned below, located nearest to you. He is the official representative of the Canadian Government, authorized to give you information and assistance, without charge, and glad to be of service to you.

Mail the Coupon Tell us something of your position, and what you are looking for, and receive descriptive book with maps, and free service of the Canadian Government Agent in your territory; also information how special railway fares can be arranged for a trip of inspection.

W. V. BENNETT
Desk W, 300 Peter's Trust Bldg. Omaha, Neb.

EASTERN CANADA

Free Homesteads are still available in some localities. Some are within reasonable hauling distance of railway stations—others are [illegible] Full particulars regarding [illegible]

Address Nearest Agent: W. V. BENNETT, Desk W, 300 Peter's Trust Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
[illegible] Department of Immigration—Please send me your free book on Canada.

After Every Meal

WRIGLEY'S

P.K.

and give your stomach a lift.

Provides "the bit of sweet" in *beneficial* form.

Helps to cleanse the teeth and keep them healthy.

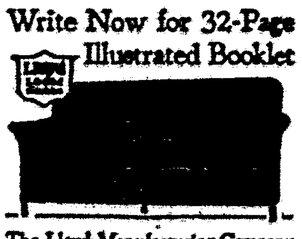
Pat. Pending

Lloyd LOOM Products

Baby Carriages & Furniture

Ask Your Local Dealer

Write Now for 32-Page Illustrated Booklet



The Lloyd Manufacturing Company
(Heywood-Wakefield Co.)
Dept. E
Menominee, Michigan (17)

MAN'S BEST AGE

A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

LATHROP'S GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1696; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Gray Hair

Original color easily and safely restored by Mary T. Goldman's Hair Color Restorer. A clear, colorless liquid, clean as water. For gray, faded, bleached, streaked or dye-discolored hair. Write for free trial bottle. State color or enclose lock of hair.

Test first on a lock of hair.

MARY T. GOLDMAN
1416 Goldman Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Perfection a Phantom.

There is no such thing as absolute perfection in this old vale of tears and laughter and, after a man with infinite toil and endeavor has got so that he can remember to butter only one bite of bread at a time, he is arraigned in the most severe terms as soon as the company's gone on account of the size of the bites.—Ohio State Journal.

Safe instant relief from CORNS

One pigmy—and the pain of that corn ends! That's what Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads do—*safely*. They remove the *cause*—friction-pressure, and heal the infection. Thus you avoid infection from cutting your corns or using corrosive acids. *Thin*, antiseptic waterproof. Sizes for corns, callouses, bunions. Get a box today at your druggist's or shoe dealer's.

Dr Scholl's Zino-pads

Made in the laboratories of The Scholl Mfg. Co., makers of Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances, Arch Supports, etc.

Put one on—the pain is gone!

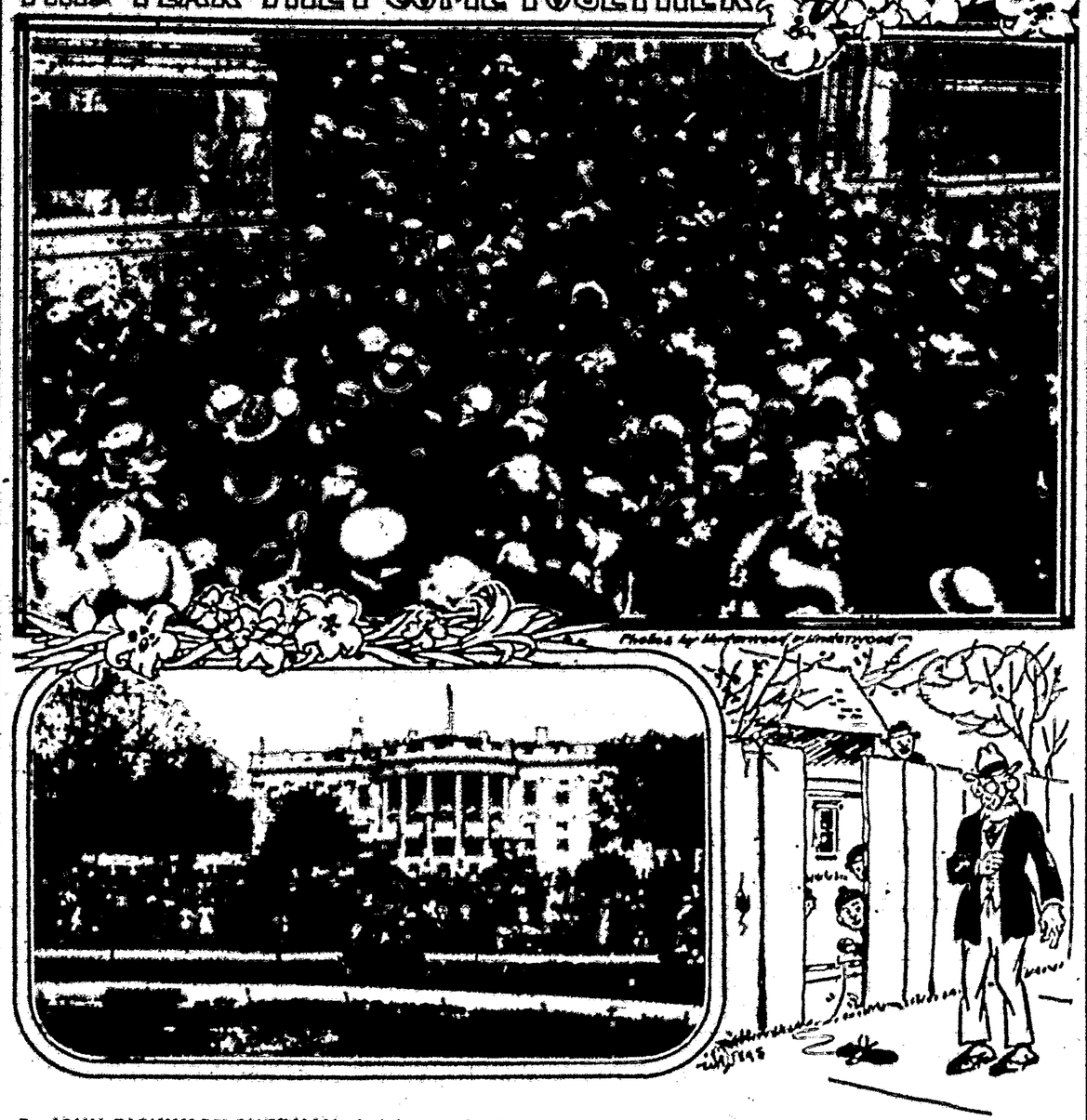
Clear Baby's Skin With Cuticura Soap and Talcum

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

EYES SORE? Use EYEWATER

Easter Day All Fools' Day

THIS YEAR THEY COME TOGETHER



Photos by Underwood & Underwood

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

EASTER Day and All Fools' Day both fall on April 1 this year. This is bound to happen every now and then because of the fact that All Fools' Day always falls on April 1, while Easter bobs around on the calendar anywhere between March 22 and April 25.

At first the Christian Easter synchronized exactly with the Jewish Passover. This was rejected in the Western Church on the ground that the resurrection took place on the first day of the week after the Passover and should therefore be commemorated on Sunday. After much controversy the particular Sunday was definitely fixed in the Sixth century to be the Sunday between the fifteenth and twenty-first days of the moon in the first month of the Jewish lunar year, the computation to be made according to the tables of Victorius of Aquitaine which were introduced in 475 A. D. Followed another century of controversy. Then the matter of the date of Easter was finally disposed of at the synod held at Whitby, England, in 664. After that date the clergy of the British Isles conformed to the general practice of the Western Church.

So now both Protestant and Roman Catholic churches observe Easter on the first Sunday after the full moon on or next after March 21. Thus Easter cannot fall earlier than March 22 or later than April 25.

Easter seldom comes as early as March 22. In fact it was away back in 1818, more than a century ago, that Easter last fell on this early date. The nearest approach was March 23 in 1856 and 1913. Between now and 1950 its earliest date will be March 24 in 1940.

Thus Easter may fall more than a whole month later some years than other years. For example, it fell on April 25, the latest possible date, in 1886. It will fall on the same date in 1943. It fell on April 24 in 1859 and on April 23 in 1905 and 1916.

Easter and All Fools' Day only occasionally fall on the same date. They coincide in the century 1850-1950, but six times—1866, 1877, 1888, 1923, 1934, 1945.

"Well, what of it? What difference does it make whether Easter falls early or late—falls on March 22 or April 25?"

As a matter of fact many of our American holidays have a nation-wide influence in many ways. Thanksgiving and Christmas, for instance, create so great a demand for turkeys that thousands of people in turkey states like Texas and Missouri and Kansas bend all their energies to have their turkeys ready for the market at the psychological moment.

And when everybody wants turkey the general public eats less meat. Hence the butchers and market men have to keep a watchful eye open.

Now, as everyone knows, Easter is preceded by the Lenten season of 40 days. During Lent the American people eat less meat than usual and more fish and oysters and more eggs. So it makes a lot of difference to a lot of producers whether Lent begins in February or in March.

Then there's the climax of the demand for eggs at Easter. Besides, the demand for baby chicks is so great at Easter for advertising, display and gift purposes that many incubators the country over have to set their hatchings with Easter Day in mind.

In short, it seems a truism that holidays, whether of festivity or fasting, patriotism or prayer, are reflected in the busy marts of the country. And one of the most far-reaching in influence is Easter, with its month-long variation in dates.

Easter is the principal festival of the Christian church, commemorating the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead.

Nevertheless, Easter has an origin far antedating the resurrection of Christ—one that goes back to the early days of man.

Easter's original significance was the celebration at or near the vernal equinox of the beginning of a new year. It celebrated the end of winter and the approach of spring—the coming of light and heat—and life.

At Rome the sacred fire in the temple of the Vestal Virgins was kindled anew on March 1, which was the beginning of the new year. A corresponding ceremony is still common in various parts of Europe. Bonfires are lighted from a flame originated by the priests on Easter eve. These fires are kindled every year on the same hill, which usually is given the name of "Easter Mountain." The significance is this: As far as the light of the bonfire reaches the fields will be fruitful and the houses safe from fire and disease. As the flames die down, men, women and children leap through them as a protection against disease.

When Christianity came to the front it adopted the pagan holiday of Easter. It explained that the extinction of the old-year fires on Easter eve symbolized the darkness of Calvary and of the grave. The lighting of the new fires symbolized the resurrection.

It seems incongruous, at first thought, that Easter—the principal festival of the Christian church—and All Fools' Day—a day of practical jokes and horseplay—should fall on the same day—and on Sunday at that.

On second thought, however, there is nothing incongruous about it, excepting the fact that All Fools' Day should fall on Sunday—and that is the fault of our fearful and wonderful calendar.

Both Easter and All Fools' Day had their origin, away back in the beginnings of the race, in delight at the approach of spring. It may be easily understood that the winter was a hard season for many of the primeval peoples and that the increasing warmth of the sun and the springing up of vegetable life meant literally a renewal of life. So the vernal equinox celebration of primeval peoples was largely expressed in actions of exuberant joy.

Even after the coming of Christianity Easter was celebrated with games, songs, dances and dramatic shows. In the Middle Ages it was the custom at Easter for the people to listen to amusing tales from the pulpits of the churches. Special cakes were baked—our modern equivalents are hot-cross buns and simnel cakes. Brightly-painted eggs were presented to friends.

So there was originally little difference in the celebration of the two days. In fact, the modern celebration of All Fools' Day is probably a survival of the less serious features of Easter day.

Anyway, All Fool's Day is apparently just as old as Easter. The Scotch call the victim of an All Fools' Day joke a "gowk" or "cuckoo." The French name for him is "un poisson d'Avril"—April fish. The Romans celebrated the Feast of Fools on February 17. The Hindus have their Hull festival on March 31.

So it is likely that the popular celebration in this country of "April Fool Day" is the survival of some pagan festival of the ancient world largely devoted to horse play and the playing of jokes in sheer exuberance of spirit because of the coming of spring.

The pictures show three phases of the celebration of April 1, 1923. One shows a crowd of worshipers going into St. Thomas' church on Fifth avenue, New York city. Another shows a survival of prehistoric days—the egg-rolling on the White House lawn by children on Easter Monday. The third suggests the pranks of All Fools' Day.

Antedates Lauder

It is not true that the Scotch language was invented for Harry Lauder. "Whether you call it a dialect or a language, the Scottish tongue is a thing whose history entitles it to be cherished by those to whom it belongs," Professor Grabb, the well-[illegible] as it is now known," the professor said, "came over to the country with the Angles in the Fourth or Fifth century. It is now substantially the same as the tongue of the Scottish borderers in the Seventh and Eighth centuries."

A Well-Guarded Secret.

He was rich and close. The Woman [illegible]

"Why don't you spend some of your money—live better, enjoy yourself more?"

"Because if I do," he said, "people will expect something of me. If they don't know I'm well off they will not expect an thing of me and they'll do for me. So, I keep my private affairs to myself." And then he added, as though the Woman might be one of [illegible]

The KITCHEN CABINET

(©, 1923, Western Newspaper Union.)

Don't think people judge your generosity by the amount of advice you give away.

ORANGE WAYS

One or more oranges a day will keep the average individual in good health.

Strained orange juice is an invaluable tonic, and may be given a three-months-old baby, if given between feedings. Orange juice is rich in vitamines, the growth-producing food principle.

A delicious pie is prepared by filling a baked shell with oranges cut in small pieces and mixed with sugar; cover with a meringue and brown quickly in a hot oven. Serve cold.

As a simple salad there is no more appetizing one than sliced oranges with a French dressing. Cover the fruit with boiling water and let stand ten minutes, then drain and cover with cold water ten minutes. The peel will then come off easily, leaving the fruit free from the white inner peel. Slice in rounds; arrange in overlapping slices on lettuce with French dressing. Use three tablespoonfuls of oil with one of lemon juice, salt and cayenne and a teaspoonful of powdered sugar. Beat well with an egg-beater to blend the ingredients; chill and serve.

Nobody will refuse a dish of plain sliced oranges, sprinkled lightly with sugar; accompany with cake or cookies as a dessert.

Ambrosia, an old-fashioned dish, is sliced oranges, sprinkled in layers with sugar and grated coconut. Served in a glass dish, it is both attractive and tasty. In serving oranges in any baked mixture, like custard or fruit puddings, the fruit is apt to become bitter because of overheating. The fruit is best served very lightly heated or perfectly fresh.

Orange shortcake is a great favorite. Prepare a rich biscuit dough, bake in layers or butter one layer and lay on another before baking, then split, butter well and heap up with cut-up oranges mixed to sweeten with sugar, allowing the juice to soak into the cake. Serve at once while the shortcake is hot. Grated orange rind makes delicious flavoring for cakes, frostings and sauces; the juice used with powdered sugar a most dainty icing for cakes, and the juice and rind a delightful pudding sauce for a dainty cottage pudding.

A small glass of unstrained orange juice is a good drink for the aged, refreshing and quite as valuable for the aged as for the small baby. The orange juice acts on the bowels and keeps them in healthy activity.

Cease to lament for that thou canst not help,
And study help for that, that thou lamentest.—Shakespeare.

MORE GOOD THINGS

When a roast or leftover cold meat is to be served for another meal, serve with:

Curry Sauce.—Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter and drop into it a sliced onion; let fry until brown, then stir in a tablespoonful of flour and one of curry powder. Mix well, let cook until smooth and add three-quarters of a pint of any clear soup. Bring to the boiling point, add a sliced tomato, season well; simmer for twenty minutes, then strain and serve hot.

Cinnamon Apples.—These apples are very pretty to look at and good to eat. Core and pare greening apples and boil in the following sirup until soft: One cupful of sugar, one cupful of water boiled together five minutes, add a half cupful of cinnamon candies (called in some places "red hots"), let stand in the sirup until the apples are a good color. These are especially good for a dinner, serving one with a slice of baked ham on the dinner plate.

Raisin and Buttermilk Bread.—Take four cupfuls of flour, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, five tablespoonfuls of shortening, two eggs, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, one cupful of seedless raisins and buttermilk to make a soft batter. Mix, roll out and bake in four pieces in greased pans in a hot oven for twenty-five minutes.

Raisin Macaroons.—Take two cupfuls of toasted cornflakes, one cupful of sugar, one teaspoonful of vanilla, two egg whites and one cupful of seedless raisins. Beat the egg whites until stiff, add the sugar gradually, then the flakes, vanilla and raisins. A dash of salt and a few chopped nuts improve them. Bake on greased sheets, dropping from a teaspoon. This recipe makes thirty macaroons.

Cheese With Olives.—Put one-quarter of a pound of Roquefort and one-quarter of a pound of cottage cheese into a bowl, moisten with cream or condensed milk and mix well. Chop one small bottle of stuffed olives, add salt, pepper and a few drops of onion juice. Mix well and use as a cheese dish or as filling for sandwiches.

Stale cake, cookies or lady fingers may be used to line the molds for gelatin puddings.

NO OPERATION FOR HER

She Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Escaped the Operation Doctor Advised

Louisville, Ky.—"I wish to thank you for what your medicine has done for me. I was in bed for eight or nine days every month and had a great deal of pain. The doctor said my only relief was an operation. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's medicines and tried the Vegetable Compound and the Sanative Wash, and they surely did wonders for me. I feel fine all the time now, also am picking up in weight. I will tell any one that your medicines are wonderful, and you may publish my letter if you wish."—Mrs. ED. BOEHMLEIN, 1130 Ash St., Louisville, Ky.

Backache, nervousness, painful times, irregularity, tired and run-down feelings, are symptoms of female troubles. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be taken whenever there is reason to fear such troubles. It contains nothing that can injure, and tends to tone up and strengthen the organs concerned, so that they may work in a healthy, normal manner. Let it help you as it has thousands of others. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is now selling almost all over the world.

FRECKLES

March Brings Out Unsightly Spots—How to Remove Easily.

The woman with tender skin dreads March because it is likely to cover her face with ugly freckles. No matter how thick her veil, the sun and winds have a strong tendency to make her freckle.

Fortunately for her peace of mind, Othine—double strength—makes it possible for even those most susceptible to freckles to keep their skin clear and white. No matter how stubborn a case of freckles you have, the double strength Othine should remove them.

Get an ounce from your druggist and banish the freckles. Money back if it fails.

Stop Your Cough!

with FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Established 1875

World's Largest selling Cough medicine.

Insist upon Foley's

His Own Medicine.

A client, seeking advice from a young lawyer on how to avoid his creditors, was instructed to place all his property in his wife's name.

Later the lawyer presented his bill for services rendered, and received the following reply:

"Dear Sir: I took your advice and placed all of my possessions in my wife's name and now I have no money to pay for your services."

HAIR STAYS COMBED, GLOSSY

"Hair Groom" Keeps Hair Combed—Well-Groomed.

Millions Use It—Fine for Hair!—Not Sticky, Greasy or Smelly.

Get a jar of "Hair-Groom" from any druggist for a few cents. Even stubborn, unruly or shampooed hair stays combed all day in any style you like. "Hair-Groom" is a dignified combing cream which gives that natural gloss and well-groomed effect to your hair—that final touch to good dress both in business and on social occasions.

Greaseless, stainless "Hair-Groom" does not show on the hair because it is absorbed by the scalp. [illegible]

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Dickens are the parents of a big baby boy, born Tuesday, March 27.

J. H. Fulmer, Jr., has returned from the east where he has been on business for several months.

Kayser 16 Button Silk Gloves.
Ziegler Bros.

The fruit crop along the upper Bonito is still safe. The continued cold weather has kept back the buds.

Delicious are the candies now at Mrs. J. K. Such's 2-16

A baby girl put in an appearance last Friday afternoon at the home of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Freeman.

Wilson Bros. and Arrow Madras Shirts—All the New Patterns—all here now.
Ziegler Bros.

Rev. S. S. Bussell, of Albuquerque, State Sunday School Secretary, preached at the Baptist church last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Ben Lujan and children left this week for Tularosa, where after a short stay they will proceed to Stockton, California, and join Mr. Lujan who has a position there.

Candies, the choicest and sweetest made, at Mrs. J. K. Such's. Get a sack.

Joe Stratton returned this week from Walsenburg, Colorado. Joe was interested in a bunch of cattle wintering there, but closed out his interests on this trip and returned home.

Easter Candies, Dyes and cards. Paden's Drug Store.

G. R. Reichelt and family are now located at Steins, Hidalgo county, New Mexico. Gus is section foreman on the Southern Pacific, and writes that he is very pleasantly located.

Dove Lingerie Undergarments, in Silk and Cotton—Ziegler Bros.

James H. Roselle was brought home Sunday from El Paso and has been in the Paden hospital since. He is very much improved since reaching home, is now sitting up and expects to be able to get out in a few days. His recovery from so serious an injury is remarkable, and is gratifying to a wide circle of friends.

Joe West came down from Tucumcari yesterday morning to visit a few days with his wife, who is teaching here. Joe, who is in the service of the railroad company, has been transferred to the Tucumcari yards.

Among the new goods we are now showing, you will find Ladies' Coats, Gage Hats, Suits and Dresses. Ziegler Bros.

Pastor T. M. Blacklock spent last Saturday in Tularosa in conference with Secretary C. W. Stumph, of Albuquerque, and the pastors of Lincoln Association. Plans were made for conducting the work of the association.

Attorney and Mrs. H. B. Hamilton returned, by auto, Wednesday from El Paso. They were accompanied by Mrs. Ira O. Wetmore, who had been visiting in El Paso, and by their daughter, Mrs. Wayne H. Hamilton, who will spend a week here with relatives.

Another large shipment of Easter and Spring Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Men's latest wearing apparels, have arrived this week. Ziegler Bros.

James Morris, head skipper on Red Lake, left this morning for California, with the intention of making a prolonged stay. A lower altitude and the soft breezes of the Pacific, Jim thinks, will bring him relief from rheumatism from which he has been suffering for some time.

Bryan Cazier, the popular manual training teacher in the local school, is slowly recovering from an attack of pneumonia. Mr. Cazier first contracted a cold which had many "flu" symptoms and finally developed pneumonia. His recovery is a good piece of news for his friends and for the school.

Welcome, Teachers

The teachers of Lincoln county, patrons of the schools and these coming from outside points to take part in the program of the Teachers' Association, are heartily welcome to our town, and every effort will be made by our people to make their stay a pleasant one. Their presence will be an inspiration, their suggestions will be beneficial and their influence for better schools and a more general dissemination of knowledge will linger long after they have returned to their respective homes.

A magnificent program has been prepared, covering today, to-night and tomorrow. Teachers from all parts of the county are arriving; many interested patrons of the schools are here and more are coming, and some of the most noted educators of the state are here and enroute to take part in the excellent program.

We know that our town and people will be immensely benefitted by this gathering, and we hope that every visitor from within and without the county will derive as much pleasure and profit from the meeting as we, who so gladly welcome them.

Percussion Cap Injures

Raymond, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Owen of White Oaks, met with a painful injury Sunday. He had gotten hold of a percussion cap, and while holding it one hand he touched a light to it with the other. The cap exploded and lacerated the hand badly. The little fellow was brought to Carrizozo for medical attention, and an examination disclosed missing finger nails and most of the flesh of the hand torn away, but no bones fractured. Time alone will tell whether the leaders were injured to such an extent as to leave a stiff hand.

Sweet Milk, 20c quart. Buttermilk, 30c gallon. Mrs. R. H. Taylor, phone 82. 12-22

Easter Week

We have a large assortment of Ladies' & Gents' Spring Merchandise to choose from.

Suits
Coats
Hats
Shoes

Women's Wear—Finest Material

Tastefully Tailored

We have Suits that fit well, look well, wear well, and at rock-bottom prices.

Carrizozo Trading Company

"Better Goods for Less Money."

Mrs. E. E. Cole returned last week from an extended stay in Salt Lake City, Utah.

A little more moisture today. Maybe old Jupiter Pluvius will continue to smile on us.

If you want a hat becoming to you
You want to be coming to us
Ziegler Bros.

T. E. Kelley and Geo. J. Dingwall, who went to Santa Fe last week to be present at a meeting of the Game Commission, returned Saturday night. As representatives of the local game and fish organization they were shown every courtesy and received very valuable aid in carrying on game and fish protection work.

The new drug store building under construction for Rolland Bros. is taking on a substantial appearance. The plastering will be finished soon; then the painting, and the building will be ready to receive the fixtures, which will be installed at the earliest date possible. It will be a very attractive drug store and favorably located.

The tail end of a Rocky Mountain storm hit us amidships about 12:00 o'clock Sunday night, and was about the toughest proposition of the season. It was unaccompanied by snow or rain, worse luck; and old-timers say the sand and dust were never more in evidence. Later we had a little moisture, which mitigated, to some extent, the discomforts of the "dry" shower.

Lute Skinner and family left yesterday for California. They are traveling in two cars, and will take their time in making the trip, stopping at Hanley for a visit with a daughter. Mr. Skinner leased his farm and ranch on the Mesa for a year to Marion Hart, the lessee to have charge of the livestock also. The Skinners may remain a year, and may ultimately locate in the Golden State. We will miss a very [illegible]

Another large shipment of

Easter & Spring Goods

Including

Ladies' Coats, Suits, Gage Hats and Dresses

In case there is any article, regardless of how small or large it may be, that you are in need of for Easter, we are prepared to satisfy your wants.

Clothcraft and Marx & Haas Suits
Arrow and Wilson Bros.' Shirts
Florsheim and Queen Quality Shoes
Wilson Bros. and Kayser Hosiery
Stetson, Rothschild and Gage Hats

New Spring Suits for Men and Young Men
Drop in and look them over.

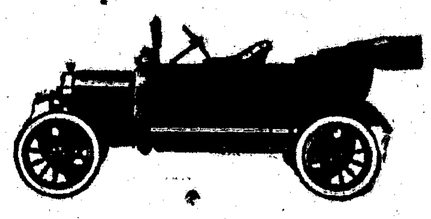
Ziegler Bros.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

New Model Fords

One-Man Top
Ventilated Wind Shield
NO INCREASE IN PRICE
All Car Models in Stock

WESTERN GARAGE, Inc.
SALES & SERVICE
Carrizozo New Mexico



Crawford Garage

El Paso Ave., Carrizozo

Exide Service Station

Goodrich Silvertown Tires — Auto Repairing Accessories — Gates Super Tread Tires

SHOP AND SALES ROOM, EL PASO AVE.

LUMBER
And Building Material, Paints and Glass
Western Lumber Co. Inc.