

# Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 23

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JAN. 26, 1923

NUMBER 4

## Fooly Murdered Near Capitan

Robert A. Hart was shot and killed Wednesday evening about five o'clock while returning from Capitan to his home. The shooting was done by two men, as developed from an examination of the surroundings by the authorities showed, one of whom used a shot gun, loaded with buckshot, while the other a 30-30 rifle. Tracks showed that two men lay in wait for Hart to come along on the by-road leading from the Capitan-Lincoln road, on his way home; the empty shells were there, mute evidence of the brutal assassination, and the dead man's body was perforated in nine places.

The scene of the killing is located about a mile north of the gate on the Salado which Hart had to pass through to go home, and about the same distance from his home, where his wife and daughter were awaiting his homecoming. Tracks of two men were found at a rocky point close to the scene, and the indications are that the assassins had been concealed there for some time before the arrival of their victim. The assassins, whoever they are, must have seen Hart in Capitan during the afternoon, knew he would return home that afternoon or evening, and coolly made preparations to intercept and way lay him, and brutally carried out the plan.

Sheriff Harris was notified and was soon on the scene of the killing guarded during the night, to prevent the obliteration of the trail, and which was discovered next morning, and which led into Capitan, by a circuitous route. When the trail reached Capitan it was lost in the multiplicity of tracks in the town, and location of the end of the trail was made difficult, if not impossible. Two men were arrested, Hunter Hobbs and a man by the name of Simers, but the latter was later released as it was shown that he had not left Capitan during the day of the killing. Hobbs is in custody, with what nature of evidence has been found against him we are unable to state, but pending the arrival of District Attorney Newel, who will be here this

afternoon, and until further developments, the sheriff's office had little to give out. Other arrests are expected; but as regards this the authorities are, also, reticent, and rumors fly thick and fast, connecting others with complicity in this atrocious crime.

It goes without saying that the best citizens of the county condemn this foul assassination and will lend every aid to the authorities in bringing the guilty to justice. Feeling is said to be running high in our neighborhood as a result of this tragedy, and many fear the end is not yet. However, assassination and murder can never be justified, as a means to adjust differences, or for any cause, and it is the hope of all good citizens that the law take its course, the guilty apprehended and punished, and that the authorities, aided by the cooler-headed, will prevent further crimes of this nature.

The deceased had lived in Lincoln county for almost a quarter of a century, had long been prominent in the affairs of the county and had held various positions of trust during his residence in the county. He leaves a wife and two daughters, besides many other relatives here and in Texas, to all of whom the News extends sympathy. The untimely death of Robert A. Hart is not only a shock to his family and friends, but a blow at law and order.

## Sheepmen Convene

The sheep growers of New Mexico will hold a two-day convention in Albuquerque, February 1 and 2. Addresses will be made by Governor Hinkle and other prominent men of the state, and a general discussion of the sheep industry will take place during the convention. Prager Miller of Roswell is president of the association.

## Flower and Garden Seeds

The News has been furnished a quantity of flower and garden seeds by Senator Jones, and any of our readers desiring a variety for planting may secure them by calling at this office.

## Legislative Doings

(Special Correspondence)

Santa Fe, Jan. 23.—Speed is characterizing the work of the lower house of the sixth legislature.

With seventy-six bills introduced in the first two weeks, the house has passed the most important of these. The calendar is clear to date.

Fulfilling the Democratic platform pledge to eliminate the office of traveling auditor, the Democratic majority in the house passed a bill introduced by Floor Leader Howard and Representatives Puryear and Vigil which abolishes the office. Representative Sisneros and Irvine's act abolishing the office of educational auditor passed in the house.

In commenting on the traveling auditor measure, Mr. Howard told the house that the office cost the state \$15,500 in 1922 for salaries. Besides this, there was a contingent fund of \$7,500. Mr. Howard said it had been learned that the traveling auditor's department had figured its expenses within \$6.99 of the appropriation. He declared this sum remained out of the total granted for the operation of the office in 1922.

House Bill No. 25, introduced by Representatives Smalling and Watson, was passed with the Republican minority voting with the Democrats. The vote was 36 to 1 on the measure, which repeals the Gillenwater act establishing monopolies for public utility companies. Representative Winston, Republican, of Siera county, was the only one voting against the repeal act. The Gillenwater law was enacted at the last session of the legislature to permit utility companies to have sole franchises in cities and towns.

A bill making Armistice Day a legal holiday in the state was also passed by the house.

House Bill No. 67, by Representatives Foutz, Drake and Vigil, was passed under a suspension of rules and sent to the senate. This act makes a state road from Mosquero, Harding county, to the Taos-Cimarron highway and provides for a two mill levy for two years in Harding and Mora counties and a one mill levy for a similar period in Colfax county to pay for the road. Representatives Foutz and Vigil have introduced a bill to govern the use of the national guard in state affairs. The measure sets up the causes for which the governor can call out the troops and is designed to prevent a recurrence of the Gallup fiasco last year.

With the passage of the administration measures eliminating the offices of traveling auditor and educational auditor, the house now puts squarely before the senate the proposition of either aiding or blocking the administration in its efforts to help New Mexico save money. It is said around the capitol that neither act will get through the senate because it was the body which, with a Republican house, create the plus.

Rejection of the party measure establishing a statewide primary also is expected by the Democrats. It is understood that as the house puts through a direct primary bill, the senate will not pass it.

The majority in the house, through Representative Heflin, has introduced a bill to establish

and he would be liable to arrest, as well as his employer, individual, firm or corporation. Also it would be illegal for a ranch hand to put in his customary hours. Shepherders who are with their flocks continually would be open to arrest every day, or two or three times a day. This bill now is in committee.

Notice has been served by Floor Leader Howard that the house expects to conclude its business within forty or forty-five days.

The Democratic leader in the lower body declared that the full sixty days permitted by the constitution is more than is needed for this session and that the saving possible in a short assembly is worth obtaining for the taxpayers of the state. He urged all committees to get their reports in as quickly as possible.

With the house hurrying to an early end of the session, the senate either will have to be ready to adjourn with the lower body, or be put in the position of holding up the conclusion of the assembly. Mr. Howard called attention to the necessity for the cooperation of the senate in bringing about an early adjournment.

## Umpire Needed

Keeping ourselves out of the European muddle doesn't seem to improve the muddle. If a group of conflicting and discordant nations ever needed the counsel of a well poised umpire, it is now.

A desire to isolate ourselves from the rest of the world will not achieve isolation. We are too intimately related to the economic welfare of other nations to avoid disaster for ourselves if world chaos comes.

It is much easier for us to prevent an international riot than it will be to restore peace after trouble becomes acute.

Rashness should not be counseled, but timidity never met an issue and solved it.

Our policy should fit the position of world dominance in which the war left us. Our duty is both economic and moral.—Margie's Independent.

## R. R.'s to Spend Millions

Railroads of the country will spend approximately \$700,000,000 on new equipment and improvement during 1923, according to careful estimate compiled by the Railway Age.

With financial and other conditions favorable, the roads will make larger expenditures of this nature than for several years. The publication of this fact follows an announcement of great increase in orders for locomotives and other rolling stock.

The purchases are necessary to partially meet the demands of American industrial and agricultural requirements, which have caused a serious shortage.

The figure of \$700,000,000 is based on 27 roads with an aggregated mileage of about 95,000.

## Commissioners' Proceedings

Special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, met for the purpose of canvassing the Justice of the Peace and Constable Election returns.

Board met at 9 o'clock a. m., January 15, 1923.

Present: Robert H. Taylor, Chairman; E. C. Dow and Brock Sloan, Members; Ed W. Harris, Sheriff; R. M. Treat, Clerk.

Following are the names of persons and precincts as canvassed by the board, showing returns of election to offices as mentioned above.

Precinct No. and Name	Justice of the Peace	Constable
1, Lincoln	Francisco Gomez	T. Romero
2, Honda	Clement Hightower	F. Gonzalez
3, Arabela	O. T. Gellinger	Pascido Archuleta
4, Pecoska	Gee Kimbrell	Porfirio Frasquez
5, Rabentoo	Angelito Lurasas	Setero Romero
6, Reginoso	No Election	
7, Jicarilla	No Election	
8, White Oaks	Chas. Littell	Ben Taylor
9, Capitan	No Election	
10, Kaidoso	P. G. Hale	Juan Montes
11, Nogal	W. F. Pascoe	Winston Pascoe
12, Bonito	Henry Pascoe	Elice Marr
13, Corona	W. G. Chaney	L. L. Argonbright
14, Carrizozo	E. W. Hulbert	Jake Cole
15, Oscura	Goldo Hanniger	C. M. Andrews
16, Ancho	T. J. Straley	Nathan Adler
17, Spladio	No Election	

The following names were placed on the indigent list:

Mrs. Marcolfa Samoro, allowed per quarter \$24 00; beginning with January 15, 1923. Merchandise to be purchased from J. M. Penfield, Lincoln, N. M.

Bruno Marquez, allowed \$24.00 per quarter, beginning with January 15, 1923; supplies to be purchased from W. O. Norman.

Regarding the road from Carrizozo south to Otero line, Clerk ordered to write State Highway Commission requesting that same be included in Federal Aid Project for this year; in case this cannot be done, to have representative view said road and report to Commissioners as to the amount needed for improvement of road so that same may be put in good repair.

In the matter of the distribution of county funds among the banks of the county, the board is advised of the amount of capital stock and surplus of the various banks of the county, and requests the treasurer to distribute the funds on the tenth of each month among the several banks as follows: The Exchange Bank shall continue as the checking and depositing bank at the time of distributing; 50 per cent of county funds shall be placed in said bank. The remaining 50 per cent shall be divided as follows:

First National Bank, Carrizozo	.....16.68 pct
Lincoln State Bank, Carrizozo	.....12.82 pct
First State Bank Capitan	10 25 pct
Stockmans State Bank	

Corona.....10.25 pct  
In making distributions, the state funds which are remitted to the State Treasurer on the tenth of each month shall be disregarded.

No further business appearing, the board adjourns.

Board of County Commissioners.  
ROBERT H. TAYLOR,  
Chairman.

Attest:  
R. M. TREAT, Clerk.

## SUBSTITUTY SAYS



A stone wall may lack speed, but it has staying qualities.

A bank account is a friend that stays with you in times of trouble.

Train your child to know the advantage of a bank account through saving while he is young.

The Exchange Bank still has a few of the Home Savings Banks for your little folks.

The Exchange Bank is interested in every child in this community, and it is our desire to help each one along the road to prosperity.

We Pay 4 per cent on Time Deposits

## The Exchange Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

THE BANK FOR YOU AND ME IN 1923



**MONEY is a great Constructive Force**

Money in the bank makes a man feel independent and enables him, when he has saved enough of it, to lay into a business.

The man who attends to business and saves some money of his own earnings, is the kind of man that big companies are looking for to interest in their business.

No working man can afford not to bank and save.

When you want to open your account...

Come to US



Before that COLD gets to YOU

Keep a supply of simple remedies on hand to guard against colds and sore throats.

It is not necessary to dope yourself with unknown medicines when you can get quick results by using our reliable preparations.

When you first catch a cold is the time to treat it, because a cold is often the forerunner of a serious illness and if checked in time can be avoided.

Bring your prescription to us to be filled.

COME TO US FOR IT.

DOLLAND BROS.

Southwest News From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

Every ex-service man and woman in Arizona would be exempt from paying taxes on \$1,000 worth of property if a plan submitted by Representative Ludwig of Maricopa is made a part of the constitution.

If a bill to be introduced by Senator A. L. Zinn, Democratic floor leader, in the New Mexico Senate, is enacted and signed by Governor Hinkle, it will be a felony to sell or dispose of booze to any youth under 21 years of age.

Caught in a fine shaft and whirled through the air at the rate of more than a mile a minute, then thrown violently against a concrete floor with every stitch of clothing torn from his body was the experience of Fred Elmer, helper in the Apache powder plant, near Tombstone, Ariz.

Growers in the Mesilla valley estimate that from 10,000 to 12,500 acres of land, from Garfield south to Anthony, will be planted to cotton this year, as against 2,000 acres in 1922. This largely increased acreage devoted to cotton will mean the building of several gins in Dona Ana county.

No appropriation for permanent improvements at the penitentiary is asked by the penitentiary board in its report for the last year to Governor Hinkle, because, in the board's opinion, the institution eventually will have to be moved away from Santa Fé to a place where it can have a large farm.

A man who, according to Chief of Police P. J. Murphy of East Las Vegas, answers the description of John Looney, wanted in Rock Island, Ill., on a charge of murder, but who claims his name is Frank Townsend, was arrested in East Las Vegas and placed in jail.

Representative Neator Montoya, Republican congressman at large from New Mexico, died in Washington following a stroke of apoplexy which came on while the congressman was sleeping. Montoya was a well known figure in Southwestern politics, and was the editor of a Spanish newspaper published at Albuquerque.

The value of the gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc produced by mines in Arizona in 1922, according to the estimate of V. C. Helges, of the United States geological survey, Department of the Interior, was \$65,210,000; the value in 1921 was \$29,543,472. A marked increase was made in the production of all metals as a result of the resumption of activities early in the year at the large mines and smelting plants.

When the appropriation bill, dubbed the "Feed Bill," providing for the expenses of the Sixth Arizona State Legislature, came before the Senate, an amendment was attached for the addition of \$3,000 to the total sum named in the bill as passed by the House. This additional sum, it was stated, was inserted to cover items of expense principally millage, which was overlooked and unprovided for in the original bill.

For the purpose of creating a better spirit in athletics and promoting contests in music and literary work, the Southern Arizona Inter-Scholastic Association was organized in Bisbee by educators from various southern Arizona high schools. Plans for the present year were discussed and the following permanent officers elected: Glenn D. Perkins of Tucson, president; George H. Robinson of Douglas, vice president; and H. D. Buffington of Bisbee, secretary and treasurer.

Within the next few weeks the Jerome district will see another mill in operation, according to William F. Burns, president of the Verde Mines and Milling Company, a 25-stamp gold mill already being in place on the property, located seven miles south of Jerome in the Black Cañon, and only the lack of sufficient water to keep the mill in operation delaying it.

The state champions in the various lines of the Boys' and Girls' Club work in Arizona for the year 1922, were recently announced by the Agricultural Extension Service of the University of Arizona. The names of the winners of these championship honors, their addresses and club projects are given below: Catherine Eyring, Pima, canning; Elizabeth Root, Pima, cooking; Ora Peterson, St. John's, first year sewing; Lydia Platt, St. John's, second year sewing; Laura Peterson, St. John's, third year sewing; Harry V. Payne, Duncan, first year pig; Linvil O. J'Hara, Chandler, second year pig; Herbert Gates, Tempe, poultry. The state champions received free trips to Tucson, where they were the guests of the University during Farm and Home Week, Jan. 15-20.

A vast natural cave, said to have been explored between sixteen and twenty miles, located several miles from Fort Huachuca, N. M., in the foothills of the beautiful White mountains, is believed to be the largest natural cavern in the southwest thus far discovered.

The Kitchen Cabinet

It never troubles the sun that some of his rays fall wide and vain into ungrateful space, and only a small part on the reflected planet. Thou art enlarged by thine own smiling.— Emerson.

GOODIES THAT WILL KEEP

Stuffed dates, figs and prunes are always a dainty enjoyed by young and old.

Ginger Dates.—Remove the stones from large dates and fill with equal quantities of chopped ginger and nuts, using the preserved ginger and moisten with a little of the ginger sirup. After filling the dates, roll them in granulated sugar and pack in boxes, covering with waxed paper.

Fruit Rocks.—Cream two-thirds of a cupful of butter with one cupful of sugar, add two beaten eggs and when well mixed add one and one-half cupful of flour which has been sifted with one teaspoonful each of cinnamon and cloves. Add one pound of walnuts, one pound each of raisins and dates. When all are well mixed add a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one and one-half table-spoonfuls of hot water. Stir well and drop on buttered tins by half teaspoonfuls. Bake in a moderate oven.

Tutti-Frutti Candy.—Dissolve one-half pound of granulated sugar in three-fourths of a cupful of water, bring to the boiling point and boil to the soft-ball stage. Chop one-fourth pound of crystallized fruit and add with one teaspoonful of vanilla. Beat until creamy, pour into a buttered tin and when cool cut into squares.

Cinnamon Cakes.—Take one-half cupful of butter; work until creamy; add one-half pound of sugar and gradually three beaten eggs. Add flour to make a mixture to roll, add cinnamon until brown and work it into the dough. Let stand in a cool place overnight. Roll out in the morning as thin as possible, cut into shapes and brush with the yolk of egg; sprinkle with sugar. Bake in a quick oven.

Sea Foam.—Take two cupfuls of sugar, one-half cupful of corn sirup and one-half cupful of water. Boil to the soft-ball stage, add almond flavoring and pour over two stiffly beaten egg whites; beat until stiff, add chopped almonds and finely-minced candied cherries. When stiff, drop by small spoonfuls on a waxed paper.

Nut Cookies.—Cream one-half cupful of butter with two cupfuls of sugar; add one cupful of sweet milk, three eggs, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one cupful of walnut meats, broken in bits. Mix with a little flour as possible; chill before rolling out. Roll out and sprinkle with sugar before baking.

The man who is ever seeking to do his best is the one who is keen, active, wide awake and aggressive. He is ever watchful of himself in trifles. His standard is not "What will the world say?" but "What is worthy of me?"

SEASONABLE DAINTIES

During the winter months when fruit, such as oranges, lemons and grapefruit are plentiful, most delicious candied sweets may be prepared from the peel.

Candied Orange Peel.—Cover the peel of four oranges with two quarts of water, bring slowly to a boil and simmer until the peel is tender. Drain and let stand for two hours. Remove all the white inner skin and when the peel is dry cut into strips. Boil two cupfuls of sugar with one-half cupful of water until it spins a thread. Put in part of the peel and boil for five minutes; remove with a fork and roll in granulated sugar. Grapefruit or lemon peeling may be treated in the same way; a mixture of the three makes a very nice confection to serve with a cup of tea.

Candied Cranberries.—Put two cupfuls of sugar on to boil with three-fourths of a cupful of water. Boil slowly for five minutes. Wash and dry two cupfuls of large, dark, dark red cranberries, pierce each with a darning needle, then spread the berries in a single layer on a granite pan. Pour the sirup over the berries and set them into a moderate oven until they are almost transparent. Remove and dust with powdered sugar if desired.

Fruit and Nut Paste.—Take two cupfuls of dates after soaking, one cupful of peanut butter, one teaspoonful of salt. Wash and dry the dates and put through a meat chopper, add the peanut butter and mix well with the salt. Take a portion of the mixture, shape into small balls, and place on a waxed paper.

TELLS OTHERS OF ITS GREAT VALUE

In Nursing Sick, Mrs. Patten States, She Often Recommends Tanlac—Thinks It Wonderful.

"I firmly believe Tanlac is what keeps me so well and strong," is the high tribute paid the medicine, recently, by Mrs. Edith J. Patten, widely known and esteemed resident of 500 Cumberland Ave., Portland, Me. "When I began the use of Tanlac I had not felt right for a long time and was all run down. After persistently taking the treatment considered best for such a condition I got no better. In fact I seemed to be growing worse until a lady friend insisted on me trying Tanlac. "At that time I took two or three bottles and was perfectly well again. Since then I have taken a bottle two or three times a year and no one could feel better. I have done lots of nursing of the sick, and since Tanlac did so much for me I have been the cause of many others taking it—always with splendid results. It is with this knowledge and experience that I recommend Tanlac as a wonderful medicine."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 35 million bottles sold.—Advertisement.

Many a public office is a needless expense to the taxpayers—if you don't want the office.

WOMAN SUFFERED THREE MONTHS

Pains in Back and Nerve-ness. Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Montevideo, Minn.—"I suffered for three months with pain in my back and sides, and was awful nervous that I was unable to do my work. After I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I grew strong, and now I weigh 125 pounds. I keep house and am able to lift and do any kind of work. I have got wonderful results from the Vegetable Compound and recommend it very highly to my friends. I give you permission to publish my testimonial."—Mrs. O. M. Emerson, 210 8th St. So., Montevideo, Minnesota.

Another Nervous Woman Finds Relief.—Fort Huron, Mich.—"I suffered for two years with pains in my side, and if I worked very much I was nervous and just as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I was sleepy all the day and didn't feel like doing anything, and was so nervous I would bite my finger nails. One of my friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me so much that I soon felt fine."—Mrs. CHARLES BARNES, 1910 Elk Street, Fort Huron, Mich.

SPohn's DISTEMPER COMPOUND. Are your horses coughing or running at the nose? If so, give them "SPohn's." A valuable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Distemper, Influenza, Pink Eye and Worms among horses and mules. An occasional dose "tones" them up. Sold at all drug stores.

At the present stage of the game, the widow's mite isn't in it with the widow's millions.

DYED HER SKIRT, DRESS, SWEATER AND DRAPERIES WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her worn, shabby dresses, skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, overalls, draperies, hangings, everything, even if she has never dyed before. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—than perfect home dyes is sure because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to spot, fade, streak, or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.—Advertisement.

Laugh at other people's jokes. It is the most tactful compliment—and good-hearted.

Sure Relief FOR RHEUMATISM



1—French cavalry, that were the first to enter the Ruhr and Essen. 2—Residence of Abdul Hamid, exiled sultan of Turkey, at Silema, Malta. 3—Stanley Baldwin, chancellor of the exchequer and head of the British debt commission to the United States.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

France Occupies the Ruhr District and Germany Offers Passive Resistance.

DECLARES TREATY VIOLATED

American Troops Recalled From the Rhineland—Near East Situation Relieved by Mutual Concessions—Deaths of Rabbi Hirsch and Former King Constantine.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

GERMANY asserts that France is making a great economic mistake in attempting to collect reparations payments by force. The English and many Americans agree with this view. The French, the Belgians and the Italians do not. What is your opinion?

FRANCE has made good her threat to occupy the Ruhr, the industrial heart of Germany, for the purpose of enforcing the payment of reparations. Belgium signifies her approval by sending a small body of troops across the Rhine, and Italy gives moral support. Great Britain stands aloof, frowningly. The United States government informally disapproves. Russia foresees another bloody war and menaces Poland in case that country should attack Germany in support of her ally, France.

Germany, indignant and sullen, has declared a "moral war" on France and Belgium; has adopted measures for passive resistance in the occupied region, and has asserted officially that the treaty of Versailles has been violated and she will make no further payments so long as force is being employed against her.

That, briefly, is the present situation, and before long the world will find out whether the German, British and American economists are right in their predictions that the course adopted by France is worse than futile and is likely to result in her own financial ruin; or whether the French are correct in their belief that the method they are pursuing is the only one left that will compel Germany to fulfill her promises and save France from bankruptcy.

PREMIER POINCARÉ formally notified Germany of France's intentions on Wednesday, and at 4:45 o'clock Thursday morning the advance guard of the French occupationary forces entered Essen. Everything had been prepared for the movement and cavalry, infantry, artillery, tanks and aviation forces poured steadily across the Rhine. In his note to Germany M. Poincaré said:

"The French government declares it has no thought of proceeding at this moment with an operation of a military nature nor occupation of a political character; it simply sends into the Ruhr a mission of engineers and functionaries whose object is clearly defined. Its duty is to assure the respect by Germany of the obligations contained in the treaty of Versailles. "It sends into the Ruhr only those troops necessary to safeguard the mission and guarantee the execution of its mandate. No disturbance and no change, therefore, will be caused in the normal life of the population, which can continue at work in order and in calm.

"The engineers and functionaries of this mission will have full power to control the administrative organs, the banks, the railways and the telegraph, and to see that they are functioning properly. They will also be authorized to take such measures as may be necessary to ensure the execution of their mission."

there all bookkeeping and statistical documents. "The personnel of the German administration and the representatives of industrial and commercial bodies must, under pain of severe punishment, put themselves at their entire disposition for the accomplishment of their work."

In the course of his note the premier said "the French government counts upon the good will of the German government and upon that of all authorities," but this of course was merely a diplomatic phrase. As a matter of fact the Germans announced that every difficulty possible would be placed in the way of the French engineers. The coal syndicate led the way by removing its headquarters and all its documents to Hamburg. The chambers of commerce of Essen and all other Ruhr towns followed suit by moving away. At this writing the attitude of the union workers in the district is uncertain, except that they decided to put on a brief strike of protest. If they refuse to get out coal and to operate the factories, France is prepared to carry on with French workmen.

Kerlin's first-response to the French action was the recall of the German ambassador to France and the German minister to Belgium, and it was believed complete severance of diplomatic relations would follow. Chancellor Cuno called the premiers of all the German states to a conference, and President Ebert proclaimed Sunday as a national day of mourning. For the first time in several years Germany presents practically a united front to its adversaries. The nationalists and socialists, even in Bavaria, have adopted a common policy of making the French position in the Ruhr unproductive and untenable. This unification may go far toward frustrating the French plans.

HAVING informally advised France against the steps she has taken, the American administration has done the only other thing it could do—it has ordered General Allen to bring home at once his "army of occupation" from the Rhineland. President Harding was asked to do this in a resolution adopted by the senate almost unanimously. There were only 1,200 American troops left in Coblenz, and their retention there or their recall was really only a matter of sentiment. The argument that if there was trouble between France and Germany the presence of the doughboys might involve the United States in renewed warfare was bunk. Most of the American soldiers there heard the recall order with deep regret, for they have been having a fine time in Coblenz, with good pay and plenty of beer and wine, and have endeared themselves to the people there. Moreover, their post in the Rhineland, according to General Pershing, has been an incomparable training school. However, they must now come home to harder work and aridity. The transport St. Michel has gone to bring the boys back.

SOVIET RUSSIA'S reaction to the news from western Europe is interesting. The official press declares that if war does not follow, France's action will eventually lead to more conflicts, "drowning humanity in blood and ruining what remains of European civilization after the World war." Which sounds queer coming from a gang of Bolsheviks who have drowned their own country in blood and brought it to the verge of utter ruin. As for Russia's intentions, here is what Trotsky, minister of war, said recently: "When France invades the Ruhr, France's ally, Poland, may decide to march with her to crush Germany. If such is the case, I doubt that Russia will refrain from taking part." Bolshevik interest in Germany is based on the belief of the Russians that Germany will be the next communist state.

Turkey agrees that England shall have exclusive exploitation of the oil fields. This, if true, removes the chief obstacle to peace. The Turks have agreed that the Greek patriarch may remain in Constantinople if he abandons all political and administrative activities. It has practically been decided that some 400,000 Moslems now residing in the Hellenic peninsula shall be removed to Turkey, and that about 600,000 Christians now in Turkey shall be taken to Greek territory. This compulsory migration will entail great hardships, but the conferees believe it is "necessary to the maintenance of peace in the Near East. The Greeks in Constantinople and the Moslems in western Thrace, it is understood, will not be disturbed. Much time was spent last week in trying to devise a formula for judicial guarantees for foreign residents in Turkey that would be acceptable to the Turks.

SENATOR REED of Missouri is making himself very prominent at late. His was the resolution calling for the recall of the American troops from Germany, and he followed it by urging that complete severance from "European entanglements" be achieved by the recall of Roland W. Boyden, our unofficial member of the reparations commission. On Wednesday Reed came forward again with a vigorous speech in support of his resolution requesting the President to open negotiations with the British and French governments looking to the acquisition by the United States of the British and French West Indies.

"We are getting our troops out of Europe," said Senator Reed. "Let us hope that we are getting ourselves out of European entanglements and European disputes and problems. I think this an exceedingly appropriate time to take a preliminary step looking toward the getting of foreign nations out of American waters and the removal of the guns of foreign nations from possessions where they command the passages of the sea which are vital to the commercial welfare of our country and doubly vital in case of hostilities."

London correspondents say there is reason to believe the British government might seriously consider such a transaction provided the white population of the islands approved.

STANLEY BALDWIN and Montagu C. Norman, Britain's debt refunding commissioners, have given the American commissioners solemn assurances that Great Britain intends to pay every penny of her debt to the United States, and also have submitted the facts and figures on which they base their plea for more liberal terms than were fixed by congress—full payment in 25 years at not less than 4 1/2 per cent interest. It now appears almost certain that this request will be granted. The American commission will soon make a recommendation to the President, who will submit it to congress for approval or disapproval. Mr. Harding is convinced "that the funding of the debts of any foreign country to the United States is impossible without a modification of restrictions in the law creating the debt-funding commission," according to a statement from the White House. Such a modification would mean the granting of easier terms.

EMIL G. HIRSCH, for 45 years pastor of Sinai congregation in Chicago, is dead. He was perhaps the most eloquent Jewish pulpit orator in America and one of the most eminent scholars of his race. More than that, he was a foremost figure in all movements for civic betterment. The influence of his work was felt throughout the nation and he is mourned by Jew and Gentile alike. "Constantine, emperor king of Greece, died Thursday in his place of exile, Palermo, Italy. His demise was unexpected, resulting from a cerebral hemorrhage. When a stormy ocean swept the coast, in the recent past, the ship of Constantine sailed and was wrecked on the rocks of the island of Sicily. The storm was said to be the result of his death."



# Raisins in Tins

with the  
Freshness of Fresh Fruit

HERE'S a new package of Sun-Maid Raisins that you will want to try—dainty, tender, juicy, seeded fruit-meats packed in tins.

The tin keeps all the flavor in. No matter when or where you buy them, these raisins have

the freshness of fresh fruit.

Especially delicious in a cake or pie—and all ready, too.

Try them next time you buy raisins. See how good they are.

Mail coupon for free book of tested Sun-Maid recipes.

## Sun-Maid Raisins

Sun-Maid Raisin Growers

Membership 13,000 Dept. N 545-29, Fresno, Calif.

Sun-Maid Seeded Raisins in blue-labeled tins should cost you no more than the following prices: 12 oz. tin, 25c; 3 oz. tin (cupful size), 15c.

Sun-Maid Raisins in packages should cost you no more than the following prices: Seeded (in 15 oz. blue pkg.), 26c; Seedless (in 15 oz. red pkg.), 15c; Seeded or Seedless (12 oz.), 15c.

CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT

Sun-Maid Raisin Growers,

Dept. N-545-29, Fresno, California.

Please send me copy of your free book, "Recipes with Raisins."

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# WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS



## Uncle Sam: Dealer in Hay and Grain?



WASHINGTON.—The senate committee on agriculture, dominated by the radical group of Republicans, has ordered a favorable report to the senate of the Norris bill to create a \$100,000,000 government corporation to buy and sell farm products and to lend money for financing their sale.

The Norris bill was ordered reported while the senate banking and currency committee was continuing its hearing on the administration program for rural credits legislation, and there was a conviction among senate leaders that the Norris measure, which would put the government definitely into business, would not receive the support of

President Harding or administration champions in congress.

The bill as reported from the committee on agriculture varies but little from the measure originally introduced by Senator Norris (Rep. Neb.), chairman of the committee on agriculture. The "farmers and consumers corporation" created under the bill would be managed by a board of three directors appointed by the President. The original bill provided that the secretary of agriculture should be one of the three directors, but this provision was eliminated by the committee. The capital stock of \$100,000,000 would be subscribed by the treasury.

The corporation is empowered and authorized to build, buy, lease, and operate elevators and storage warehouses; to buy and sell agricultural products; to act as agent of any person or co-operative organization producing or dealing in agricultural products; to make advances for the purpose of assisting any person or co-operative organization in financing the sale or exportation of agricultural products.

## Committee With Brains and Experience

A COMMITTEE of 100 representative men and women from various parts of the country has been appointed by Alton B. Parker, president of the National Civic Federation, to report on the question: "How far and in what manner should the United States participate in international affairs?" and "How far is it wise at this time to reduce our army and navy?"

The appointment of this committee was authorized at a conference under the auspices of the federation, attended by delegates from 53 labor, agricultural, business, civic and patriotic organizations. Its general purpose is to arouse public interest in and study of international affairs. Among those who have accepted membership on this committee are:

Elihu Root, Archbishop O'Connell of Boston; Mrs. George Maynard Minor, president general National Society Daughters of the American Revolution; Daniel J. Tobin, president International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America; Livingston Farrand, president Cornell university; Frederic R. Couderc, Brig. Gen. Henry J. Reilly, president Reserve Officers' association; Col. Robert M. Thompson, president American Olympic association; A. M. Loeb, president National Coun-



cil Travelling Salesmen's association; Samuel H. Beach, president savings bank division of the American Bankers' association; Gen. J. G. Harbord, formerly chief of staff, War department, and Hoke Smith, formerly secretary of the interior.

Among the subjects referred to the committee by the conference with the recommendation they be urged upon the proper governmental authorities, are:

That effort be made to find a satisfactory basis whereby this government may co-operate officially with the League of Nations in all lines of humanitarian endeavor.

That the program of the amended national defense act be carried out with reference to the army, and with reference to the navy, and that the policy of the Washington conference on limitation of armament be adopted.

## Doubtless the Atmosphere Was Blue



FORMER GOV. HENRY J. ALLEN of Kansas, unrelenting foe of the Ku Klux Klan, and H. W. Evans of Dallas, Texas, the new imperial wizard of the national Klan, were brought face to face here the other day under dramatic circumstances.

They met and had it out at the Willard hotel, and, so far as could be learned, neither was converted to the opinions of the other. Mr. Allen declared he had no intention of changing his opinion of the secret order or of dropping his fight against it. Mr. Evans maintained that the Klan was a thoroughly patriotic organization.

The meeting, it is understood, was

arranged by Guisao Borglum, the sculptor, who heard that both Mr. Allen and Mr. Evans were stopping at the hotel and thought it would be a good plan to get them together.

The imperial wizard had come to town with the imperial klaff, F. L. Savage of New York, on one leg of a swing around the country to discuss Klan affairs. With him were G. W. Rice, from a middle western state, and J. C. Moore, both laymen who by special dispensation are permitted to make their identity as klansmen known.

"I told Mr. Evans," said Mr. Allen, "that the Klan was not like other secret societies which were merely secret as to their ceremonies and did not hide the identity of their members. I also told him that I was opposed to the massed disorder which it suggests and that it was made a refuge behind which a man may hide to carry out his grudges."

"Mr. Evans said that it was his idea that in a little while the Klan might be established on a basis where it could come out from its secretiveness and that at some time in the future it might do away with disguises."

## Election Contests Are Lively Affairs

IN A parting shot at his Republican loss just before they dusted him from the homes of representatives on the ground of election irregularities, Representative Thomas W. Harrison, Democrat, of the Seventh Virginia district, charged that the life of the Republican party, in his state was based on patronage. He then proceeded to read letters which he declared "proved incontrovertibly" that patronage had been sold there.

Amid the utmost confusion in the chamber, Mr. Harrison declared that Representative C. B. Burdick, Stump of the Ninth Virginia district and Republican national committeeman, was the member of all patronages.

"The people of the country do not understand Virginia Republicanism," Mr. Harrison declared, "because a handful of 'patrons' have sold the party. It is a mere matter of money and a few



applies not only in my own state but also, as I understand, in other states. "I picked up a few checks—checks, gentlemen, of the bushel. They are endorsed, some of them by Mr. Stump and some of them by Mr. Howard, his secretary."

It was on the heels of Mr. Harrison's speech, which Republicans described as an effort to attack Mr. Stump, that the house put off debate and voted, 202 to 190, to adjourn his

# Greek Type of Dress in Favor

The story of present-day clothes is an interesting one, writes a Paris fashion correspondent in the New York Tribune. There are chapters on Egyptian, Persian and Venetian influences; in fact, almost unending are the themes that one might pursue in telling of clothes as created by the world's best designers of today.

But it is not in these radical departures that the interest of the well-dressed woman lies. It is not among any of these that the accepted line is to be found. No greater tribute could be paid to the taste of the average woman of the present day than that she still prefers the silhouette of the simple straight dress which so closely resembles the dress worn by the ancient Greeks at the period of their highest civilization.

The chemise dress of this season, with its longer skirt and its shorter waist—which make its proportions more graceful—more strongly resembles the old-time Greek robe than did the strangely long-waisted, short-skirted frock of last year.

The white frock, made along simple lines still is seen everywhere. It stands out as a distinguished type of dress among the brilliant stuffs that fashion so many of the mid-winter evening gowns.

### Civet Cat Dyed in Rusty Hue.

Especially noteworthy among these gorgeous fabrics are exquisite metal encrusted velvets, chiffon and silks and the lovely, rich colored tissues such as those in gold and copper shades, as well as those in bright greens and yellows, which Cheruit encrusts with embroideries in many beautiful contrasting hues.

Colors of the autumn are apparently great favorites with Cheruit, who even dyes furs, such as civet cat, in an orange shade. The orange dye gives a rusty tinge to the black hairs of the fur, while the white ones take a brilliant orange hue, so that the effect is very striking. Fur treated in this way is used to make entire evening cloaks.

Fur coats, for evening wear and for the daytime, too, are now being designed for each customer rather than ordered from a model already made up or bought ready-to-wear. This seems a great extravagance, but such a method of procedure is no more startling in comparison to the buying of more staple styles in ready-to-wear fur coats than the method of draping furs which came into vogue a few years ago was

the girle. The girle is held at the right side, at the point from which the panel falls, by a silver flower. No more delightful frock for a party could possibly be imagined than one of



Theater Gown of Heavy Gold and Silver Lace Over Foundation of Red Crepe de China. With It Is Carried a Red Fan. Has Gold Medallion.

all-over gold and silver lace cut in chemise style and hung over a foundation of flame red crepe de chine.

### Gown Designed for French Stage.

A gown developed in a deep coral pink chiffon velvet is trimmed with an applique of silver braid forming wheels on the hem of the skirt and panel bands at the front and back.

Headdresses are increasing in favor steadily. So many ideas are expressed in the detail of the evening dress that surely no woman, young or old, can fail to find a type becoming to her.

Wide, straight bands of silk, ribbon or metal tissue are wrapped about the head. A rather extreme example of this vogue is a band tied at one side and long ends are allowed to fall over the shoulder. A more conservative method is to drape the band so that the fastening is concealed.

Jeweled tassels and strings of beads are hung from headdresses. Occasionally the hair is dressed high and a cluster of curls permitted to fall over the headband.

Juliet's cap is copied in silver and studded with jewels to make a modern headdress. Then there is the Egyptian-draped toque with tassel pendants and the braided band of tinsel cloth with crystal pendants.

### Chemises of Latest Design.

The newer chemises are a straight up and down in design as any dress. Sometimes they have simply a narrow band of lace to edge them at the top, and then they are fastened over the shoulders with a narrow strip of ribbon to brighten the effect and keep the garment dainty looking. But, from this point, they can be elaborated almost indefinitely. The lace can be worked into a little yoke, it can be made up of insertion and edging prettily stitched together, or there can be ribbons strung through the garment in various ways. Also there are many rows of hemstitching applied to the up-and-down and the crosswise lines of the chemises, made of material that will allow of this sort of work.

But always the cut of the thing is kept nearly straight, depending upon whether or not you decide to have the step-in variety of chemise or the one that hangs loose and is worn with a pair of bloomers.

On some of the chemises they are using the most amusing little designs of faintly colored organdies cut in slender little patterns and applied to the white background.

### THE CROSS PATCH IN COLORS

Knitted Fabric Is Now Being Shown in Twenty Winsome Two-Toned Effects.

Cross patch, the knitted fabric that was introduced in solid colors only last year, is shown this year in twenty different two-toned effects. Its possibilities as a cape or skirt medium for outdoor wear are more tempting than ever.

In the same breath, velvet deserves mention. Chiffon velvet, with its soft, luscious lines so beautifully adaptable to the draped silhouette now so completely in favor, appears everywhere. Seem out of tea of the costumes worn in one of the most fashionably costumed plays of the season were developed in chiffon velvet.



Showing the Winsome Frock of Silver and Mauve Metal Cloth With Clever Girle of Silver Tissue; It Is Charming for Formal Wear.

as compared to the conservative lines followed by the old-time furrier in making a fur coat a purely useful garment. Nevertheless, the general trend is to use fur in exactly the same way that one would use velvet, silk or even chiffon.

### Evening Clothes Are Rich.

Furriers of the old school still do not approve entirely of treating skins as fabrics. No branch of dress manufacture has shown a greater advancement during the last three or four years than has the fur industry. Here the most radical departures from the beaten track are seen, not only in the forming of the garments but in the working of the skins themselves.

In the use of moleskin this is especially apparent. Only a few seasons ago moles was worked in patches just the size of the skin, so that the whole effect was smooth and velvety. Now the skins are worked in every conceivable way, even in shell patterns. Colors that remind one of sunsets or

Longer Skirts. "Will silk stockings be worn?" "Yes," replied Miss Cayenne, "but they will not, as heretofore, constitute most of the costume."

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp. On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your everyday toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Advertisement.

Any scheme that doesn't earn its way is predatory.

Even when work is scarce you will find it everywhere.

Mrs. Martha Jefferson



How's Your Appetite? Are You Nervous? Sleepless?

Brushyknob, Mo.—"Two years ago I was in poor health and was not able to do all my work; I had a dull headache all the time. I also had a hurting in my back and one of my limbs would take spells of hurting and would feel numb. I could not sleep good at night, did not eat much, and my nerves were in bad shape. I told my husband I could not go much longer, so we decided to write to Dr. Pierce, Pres. of Invalide Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y. He said for me to take the 'Favorite Prescription' and the 'Golden Medical Discovery' also some 'Pleasant Pellets' (all of which I got at the drug store) and I soon began to get better. All the disagreeable symptoms left me and I felt like a different woman."—Mrs. Martha Jefferson, Box 4.

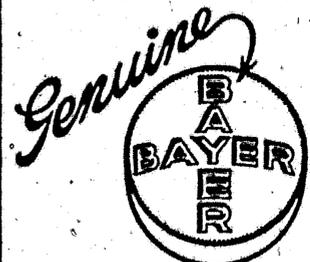
Write Dr. Pierce's Invalide Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for free confidential medical advice.



If some people have common sense they evidently think it is too common to use.

# Aspirin

Say "Bayer" and Insist



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache  
Toothache Lumbago  
Earache Rheumatism  
Neuralgia Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturing of Monocetate dealer of Salsylate.—Advertisement.

In this world the hardest knocks we get are delivered by our supposed friends.

### FOR OVER 40 YEARS

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE has been used successfully in the treatment of Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which quickly relieves by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, thus relieving the inflammation. Sold by all druggists. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Many a man would rather be asked for information than say "I don't know."

Important to know. Beware carefully every bottle of GASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the name of Dr. J. C. Williams. Manufactured by Dr. J. C. Williams. In Use for Over 40 Years. Children Cry for Dr. Williams' Catarrh.



# Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, \$2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (also in all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1923

## Changing Sentiment

The League of Nations idea is not so dead as some of its critics would have us believe, although its death knell was sounded by its opponents following the election of 1920. These premature prophecies were made regardless of the fact that Mr. Harding and many of his strongest supporters were against the League, principally because Woodrow Wilson played a big hand in its making, but at the same time admitted the necessity for an association of nations, or something that would bring the world together on better terms. Merely a change of name to avoid eating their own words.

It was believed by the advocates of the League of Nations that our destinies were bound up with Europe, whether or not we willed it, and that when Europe became settled, with our assistance and to our credit, following the World War, that conditions in our own country would become more stable; that our peace and prosperity were largely dependent upon conditions in Europe, that as long as Europe was torn by jealousies and passions the disastrous results there would be communicated to our country. Abundant proofs that this position was sound are proven by passing events.

It was, therefore, hoped that President Harding, and the leading minds in the Republican party, to whom the League of Nations was anathema, would, for selfish reasons if no other, lend all assistance possible to war-torn Europe, and thus reap the reward of a just arbiter in creating a friendly spirit throughout the world, and bring to our own country that prosperity we so much desired and which took wings when we left Europe the helpless, and seemingly hopeless, task of adjusting her own difficulties. For fear, however, it appears, of antagonizing the irreconcilables in its own party, the administration has seen fit to do nothing, except to dip in here and there—merely throwing out a skirmish line—which produced little good, for they failed to go far enough; and yet were a confession of our interest and concern in things European. The administration has started and stopped, having been urged by one interest to do something, and threatened by another should it advance. But the general result is nothing, except—

Conditions have grown worse and worse, and the worse they grow the more pronounced is the sentiment that a great mistake was made, as Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, now says, when we failed to enter the League of Nations and throw the weight of influence in the balance to help stabilize a troubled world. This sentiment is so strong that even irreconcilables like Senator Bo-

rah, acknowledge their mistake, and now urge this country take a more active interest in the affairs of Europe. So it is with Elihu Root, probably the greatest living Republican, and so it is with many of the leading men and journals of the country, even though not dignifying their expressions by a direct reference to the League of Nations. The inference and meaning are unmistakable, and failure to make a pointed reference to the League may, in a measure, be pardonable, inasmuch as to do so would be to accord to Woodrow Wilson a distinction they are not willing to give. This would be at variance with their idea of political supremacy.

This growing sentiment for some sort of concerted action with European powers has germinated from our own disasters during the period following the war, and the fixed belief that the world of which we are a very big part, as was shown by the war and the incidents following, must come together on just and reasonable terms, and each nation engage in good faith to respect the rights of all other nations, and bring about an era of good will and prosperity, which are lacking in all nations.

'Splendid isolation' has brought disaster, not only financially but morally, to America, and many who advocated such a policy are now abandoning it; for they see that it has brought ruin, suffering and, worst of all, distrust, among the nations of the earth, and a calamitous condition in our own country unequalled in our history. We are a big, rich, powerful nation, but without not so great and strong as not to get scorched when the whole world is aflame.

## Notice

The Christian Science Study Class will meet with Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Prahm at 11:00 a. m. Sunday. Sincere seekers of truth welcomed.

## Notice

Applications for water are on hand at the office of the Village Clerk and must be signed before connections are made. VILLAGE CLERK.

## Carrizozo Lodge,

No. 41,

A. F. & A. M.



Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1923: January 27, February 24, March 21, April 18, May 16, June 13, July 11, August 8, Sept. 5, Oct. 3, Nov. 7, Dec. 5 and 17. D. A. SAVANNAH, W. M. S. F. HANCOCK, Secretary.

## LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST

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# HISTORY'S MYSTERIES

## THE FEMALE STRANGER

VISITORS to the cemetery attached to St. Paul's church in Alexandria, Va., seldom leave without examining the inscription upon a handsome monument which is one of the outstanding places of interest in the city as well as one of the most baffling riddles of history, which the passage of more than a century has failed to solve. This inscription comprises within a few lines all that the world knows of the woman in question, for it reads:

### TO THE MEMORY OF THE FEMALE STRANGER

Whose mortal sufferings terminated, on the fourth day of October, 1816, aged twenty-eight years and eight months, this stone is erected by her disconsolate husband in whose arms she breathed out her last sigh, and who, under God, did his utmost to soothe the dull, cold ear of death.

That is all—and the most determined efforts of the residents of Alexandria during the first half of the last century, failed to throw the slightest light upon the mystery.

The facts in the case are few, but, such as they are, they are supported by the unassailable evidence of a number of persons who were eyewitnesses to the brief public appearance of the "female stranger." The brig Fear Sona docked at Alexandria on July 25, 1816, en route from Halifax to the West Indies. The Virginia city was not a port of call on the regular route, but the captain stated that one of his passengers had been taken dangerously ill and that her husband had demanded that she be put ashore at Alexandria, where a boat was lowered, and a man and woman, the latter apparently, very ill, were taken ashore.

Despite the heat of mid-summer, the woman wore a heavy black veil, and her husband secured the best suite in the Inn of the Bunch of Grapes, as well as the services of a well-known physician whom he engaged only after pledging him to strictest secrecy. Even in the presence of the doctor, however, the woman's face was kept veiled, and the husband steadfastly refused to hire a nurse, saying that he was entirely capable of handling the case and that he was able to do anything that a nurse could do.

As the weeks of scorching hot weather progressed, however, the man began to wilt under the constant strain of watching beside the bed, and finally agreed to permit two of the guests in the Inn to help him—but only after they had taken an oath that nothing they might learn would ever be divulged, an oath which was kept as a sacred trust.

During the ten weeks which followed the woman's arrival in Alexandria, she grew steadily worse, and at last, at dawn on October 4, her husband announced that she had died. Then, for fear that someone might see the face which he had kept hidden from the world, he himself prepared the body for burial, sealed the lid of the coffin, and, after attending the funeral and ordering the headstone with the strange inscription, disappeared.

On October 4 of the following year, Alexandria was surprised at the sudden and unheralded return of the husband, who remained in the city only long enough to place flowers on the grave of the "female stranger," and to see that the plot in the cemetery was well taken care of. Once a year, for twelve years, he returned. Then his visits ceased and the grave was neglected until, a number of years later, a distinguished elderly man and woman came and ordered the monument to be replaced by another and more costly headstone bearing the same inscription, with the addition of the verse:

New loved, how honored name, avails thee not; To whom related, or by whom begot; A heap of dust alone remains of thee, 'Tis all thou art, and all the proud shall be.

They, too, vanished—taking with them the secret of the identity of the woman whose history and personality is forever hidden from the world behind three words "The Female Stranger."

### Novel Shooting Feat

An interesting experiment in freak rifle shooting was described recently by an English officer. "I have fired an ordinary wax candle through four deal boards placed a foot apart," he said. "I used six inches of wax candle and thirty-three grains of powder with the usual wad. The shot was removed by cutting off the top half-inch of the case, and a candle weighing one and a quarter ounces was inserted. I fired at a range of about five yards. Each plank was perforated. There were plenty of pieces of dry wax on all the boards, but the first. When fired against plank placed immediately back to back, the candle went through the first and was brought up by the solid wad of wood of the other three." Major Mackenzie added that a certain gamekeeper was many times by shooting candles through a wad.

# The Titsworth Co., Inc.

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We carry in stock—

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- Steel and Felt roofing Doors Window glass and sash
- Building paper Pump engines Wagon skelns, timber, Etc.
- Lubricating oils Dry batteries Paints and oils
- Black Leaf "40" Black Aggressin Patent Medicines, Etc.

Our prices are reasonable

# The Titsworth Company, Inc.

CAPITOL, NEW MEXICO

## Parsons News Letter

January 24

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Bragg have returned from the San Andres where they were called by the illness of their daughter and family.

Mr. Norris, of Fort Stanton, familiarly known as "Pills," accompanied by the Misses Pettit, Burroughs and Branden, of Fort Stanton, were visitors in town Saturday.

Hugh Grafton has returned from El Paso, where he has been for the past several weeks.

Miss Helen Rice was a visitor in Carrizozo this week. She went to meet her cousin, Miss Dorothy Weeks of Chicago, who is stopping over to visit the family of her uncle, John M. Rice of Parsons, after spending the holidays in Sinaloa, Mexico.

Misses Lula and Edith Hightower of Alto, spent the week-end with their aunt, Mrs. Lottis Bentley and attended the party given Saturday night by Alla Givens.

A good rain, followed by a generous snow storm Saturday and Sunday, was a welcome innovation after the drought we have experienced most of this winter. The cold since has prevented the snow melting, so will be of more benefit to the country.

## Silver Production Big

World production and consumption of silver in 1922, largest in many years, was due to heavy demands from Far East which took approximately 215,000,000 ounces. Consumption estimated at 307,000,000 ounces and production at 207,000,000. Estimated consumption does not include many millions of old coins re-minted and back into circulation, in debased pieces by British and Dutch empires. Shortage in silver expected in 1923.

## Card of Thanks

We wish to express our appreciation to the friends and neighbors who were present at the funeral of our dear friend...

# FORD CAR SHORTAGE

Detroit Plant 60,000 Cars behind on present Orders.

Place your orders now if you want delivery before late Spring.

Western Garage, Inc. Carrizozo, N. M.

# Cleaning, Pressing Repairing

SUITS, made to measure, \$25 and up. CAN YOU BEAT IT?

All Work Guaranteed AT THE Oklahoma Tailor Shop (Op. Lincoln State Bank)

## MAKE 1923 COUNT

A NEW YEAR filled with vast opportunities lies ahead. Everybody has an equal chance to realize ambitions.

Determine now to have a substantial surplus by December 31, 1923. A bank account regularly added to, will make your dream a reality.

You'll find it a pleasure to bank here. Open a savings account, even if you save only a few dollars a month.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

# FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS All Competitions Met in Prices on These Commodities

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett

### Educator Needed

(New York World)

William Root, speaking to the National Civic Federation's Committee of One Hundred, made an eloquent and impressive argument in favor of popular education in respect to foreign relations.

It is a subject that Mr. Root is abundantly qualified to discuss. He has been Secretary of State. He has been a senator in the Congress of the United States. He has served on important diplomatic missions and he is a profound student of international law.

Democracy has taken over the control of foreign affairs, and Mr. Root is right in his thesis that unless democracy displays a high sense of responsibility disaster is inevitable. There is no escape from the judgment that he pronounces: "An ignorant democracy controlling foreign affairs leads directly to war and the destruction of civilization. An informed democracy insures peace and the progress of civilization."

But how is this democracy to be informed, to be educated, in foreign affairs? Mr. Root does not tell us except that "you have got to train a lot of teachers to train others," but who is to undertake the preliminary work of training? That is a task worthy of Mr. Root himself, and he, as one of the most distinguished living Republicans, could hardly begin more auspiciously than by attempting to educate the Harding Administration and the Republican majority in the United States Senate in the elements of foreign affairs.

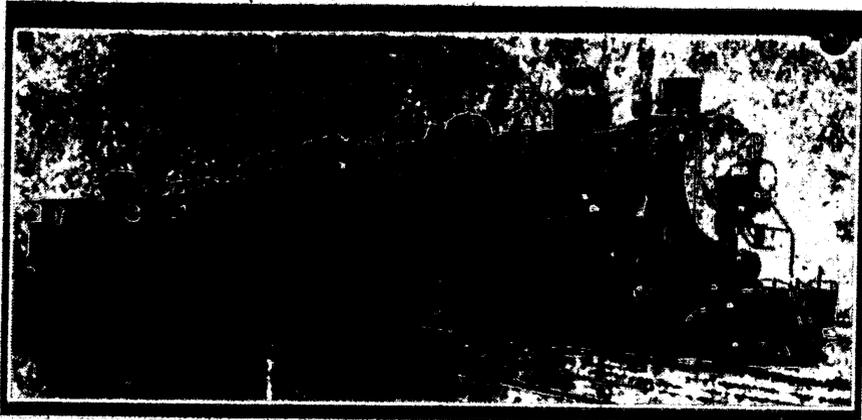
As Mr. Root knows, the American people have had few opportunities to study foreign questions at first hand. They inevitably follow their leaders, and they act wisely or foolishly according to the kind of leadership that they are persuaded to accept at any given time. In 1920, for example, perplexed and bewildered by the staggering problems bequeathed by the World War, they were persuaded to reject everything that Mr. Wilson had done and to follow men who had promised to reverse the entire foreign policy that Mr. Wilson had defined. The consequences have been disastrous, and the American people have suffered along with all other civilized peoples. Under this leadership, the American people have been taught that all other nations are wicked, avaricious, greedy, mendacious and crooked; that we alone are pure and high-minded and that our only security lies in a fictitious isolation that will protect us from the contamination and rapacity of Europe.

Mr. Root greatly deprecates this sort of thing and truly says that "if prejudice and passion and ignorant whim are to control the foreign affairs of the world, then civilization is bound to come to an end." Nobody could define the foreign policy of the Harding Administration more precisely than Mr. Root has done in this one sentence, and it follows that the way to educate American democracy is first educate the Harding Administration.

Let Mr. Root, therefore, start with the President himself. After teaching the elements of foreign affairs to Mr. Harding, he could then pass on to the Secretary of State and inaugurate the education of Charles E. Hughes. The rest of the Cabinet could safely be disregarded for the time being while Mr. Root moved to the Capitol and took up the difficult task of instructing the Republican leaders led by Henry

Here Mr. Root will have to deal with the "prejudice and passion and ignorant whim" but

## MILLIONS BEING SPENT BY SOUTHERN PACIFIC FOR NEW EQUIPMENT TO SERVE WESTERN STATES



One of the Southern Pacific Company's tremendous new "2-10-2" type locomotives, fifty of which have been received by the Company in recent months, standing beside the tiny "Collis P. Huntington No. 1," the pioneer locomotive named after one of the members of the Big Four, who built the Central Pacific, and other Southern Pacific lines. This contrast illustrates the great progress made by the country's leading railroads in development of equipment.

As a result of the equipment construction program recently announced for the Southern Pacific Company by Wm. Spruille, president of the Company, a greatly increased amount of rolling stock will be made available to western shippers and travelers during the year 1923. Freight and passenger train cars, representing an investment of \$12,000,000 have been ordered by the Company for 1923 delivery for the Company's Pacific System.

The new equipment is to be of the finest type. It will include 4,525 freight train cars and 141 passenger train cars. These are in addition to the 5039 standard refrigerator cars and 300 express refrigerator cars equipped for passenger service representing an additional investment of \$12,000,000 that have just been ordered by the Pacific Fruit Express Company, in which Southern Pacific has a half interest and the Union Pacific a half interest.

"The substantial purchases of equipment we are making," said Mr. Spruille, "indicate our faith in the territory we serve and in the coalmined prosperity of the West. They are in line with the Southern

Pacific Company's established policy of providing our customers with the best equipment obtainable."

Included in the new freight train equipment announced today are 2640 box cars, 500 stock cars, 250 gondola cars, 500 logging cars, and 75 cabooses.

The new passenger rolling stock includes 50 steel coaches for local service, 18 steel coaches for main line through service, 19 steel diners, 11 steel buffet baggage cars, 35 steel combination mail and baggage cars and 10 steel baggage cars.

The Southern Pacific has just taken delivery on the last consignment of 54 gigantic "2-10-2" type locomotives, representing an investment of \$4,000,000. They are being placed in freight service on mountain divisions. They are the heaviest and most powerful locomotives of this type yet built and constitute the largest order of locomotives equipped with feed water heaters and "boosters" ever made by any railroad.

The Pacific Fruit Express Company is receiving the final consignment of 3300 new refrigerator cars it ordered for delivery early

this year but construction of which was delayed by unsettled industrial conditions in the East. With the completion of these and the 5330 ordered for next year the Pacific Fruit Express will have more than 27,000 cars for handling fruit and vegetables from the Pacific Coast in 1923. The Western Pacific will release Pacific Fruit Express cars supplying some 2,000 of its own instead, thus giving a total of 25,000 cars where now 23,000 serve or an increase of one-third.

The Southern Pacific Company recently placed an order with steel plants in the East for 75,000 gross tons of rails for delivery in 1923. The value of the order is between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000.

Approximately 50,000 tons of the rails, or two-thirds of the amount ordered, will be used on the Pacific System.

This will provide a total of 300 miles of rails for use in the West, of which 217 miles is to be 110-pound rails and 113 miles of 90-pound rails. The 110-pound rails are the heaviest ever used in railroad construction work west of the Rocky Mountains.

bility. The fact that they do not wish to know is all the more reason why Mr. Root should insist on their knowing. Their mental and moral deficiencies ought to be an additional incentive to him, because nobody can understand better than he how serious it is that any control over foreign relations should be in the hands of men like these.

It is most desirable that 100,000,000 Americans should be rightly educated in foreign relations, but if Mr. Root could manage to educate fifty or sixty Republicans in Washington, all holding high official positions, he would already have made extraordinary progress in the way of establishing intelligence and moral responsibility in the conduct of foreign affairs.

### NOTICE

State of New Mexico }  
County of Lincoln }

#### IN THE PROBATE COURT

In the Matter of the Estate of HORACE E. RIDDLE, Deceased, No. 140

Notice is hereby given, that Grace M. Jones, Administratrix of the Estate of Horace E. Riddle, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement, and filed in said court, her final account and report of her administration of said estate, together with a petition for distribution to the persons entitled thereto, of all the residue of said estate, and that the 5th day of March, A. D. 1923, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the courtroom of said court, at the courthouse in said county of Lincoln and state, has been fixed by the court as the time and place for the settlement of said account, the hearing of said report and petition for distribution, at which time and place any persons interested in said estate may appear and file objections or objections to said account, report or petition, and contest the same.

Notice is further given that said estate is ready for distribution, and that the granting of said petition, and the distribution of said estate will be held at the courthouse in said county of Lincoln and state, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1923, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day.

### CLASSIFIED

The advantage of buying and selling for cash is mutual—merchant and customer profit—City Market.

ATTENTION! Come in and see our new arrivals in Ladies' Silk Dresses, advance styles. They must be seen to be appreciated.—CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

Red Diamond Louse Killer and Lime neat eggs, at Paden's Drug Store.

Sweet Milk, 20c quart. Buttermilk, 30c gallon. Mrs. R. H. Taylor, phone 82. 12-22

FOR SALE—Some 1 1/4 inch Studebaker wagons at low prices. THE TITWORTH CO. 3-11-1f Captain.

Come in and be convinced that cash talks with us.—City Market.

Try Imperator for that spring fever. S. S. S., the blood purifier. Paden's Drug Store.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. H. HUDSPETH  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
Office: Exchange Bank Building  
CARRIZOZO - New Mexico

GEO. B. BARBER  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
CARRIZOZO - New Mexico

GEORGE SPENCE  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
Rooms Upstairs in the Lutz Bldg.  
CARRIZOZO, 1 - NEW MEXICO

R. E. BLANNEY  
DENTIST  
Office in  
Exchange Bank Bldg. Upstairs

FRANK J. SAGER  
FIRE INSURANCE  
Notary Public  
Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo

T. E. KENNEDY  
Notary Public  
Office in Exchange Bank, Carrizozo

### Red Cross Gains Strength in All Foreign Fields

In insular possessions of the United States and in foreign lands the American Red Cross scored heavy gains during the last year, passing the previous membership high mark of 1918 by 4,201 and advancing the figure to 150,403. The Philippines take the lead, gaining nearly 100 per cent, now having 115,017 members. In Europe the 1921 Roll Call enrolled 11,125, with the Constantinople Chapter reporting 663, a gain of 83 members. China was 1,782 members, a gain of 500; the little Virgin Islands have 1,000, while the Dominican Republic with 2,027 advanced from its previous high mark by 1,425 new members. Haiti, organized in 1920, now has nearly 1,000 enrolled. Mexico reports 334, a gain of 327 in one year. The American Red Cross has spread its membership over some 70 foreign lands and its Junior membership outside of the United States is close to 700,000.

Worse and Worse.  
Redd—I ran across Black downtown today while in my car.  
Green—Ran across him, did you say?

"Well, I did say that, but as a matter of fact, I struck him downtown before I ran across him."

Next.  
"Just bought my wife a thousand-dollar coat."

"What now?"  
"Gonna save up for a pair of shoes for myself."

Vocal Apartments.  
"Did you see that advertisement about the 'kitchen that smiles?'"  
"Yep. It made me think of my sister-in-law's pantry that cries to heaven, her bedroom that simply pleads for dusting, her closet that calls for inspection, and my own soul bin that swears it has to be filled before long."

A Watch Can Do It.  
Bacon—I see a Mrs. Rosa Abbey of Bingham, Mo., has recovered a watch that was stolen from her four years ago while she was on her way to California.

Edgart—The police ran the watch down, I suppose?  
"Oh, no! It ran down itself."

I. O. O. F.  
Carrizozo Lodge  
NO. 30  
Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meetings every night, 1st and 3rd Thursdays.

Special Facilities  
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

## Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best  
the market affords.

## Crawford Garage

El Paso Ave., Carrizozo

Exide Service Station

Goodrich  
Silvertown  
Tires

Auto Repairing  
Accessories

Gates  
Super Tread  
Tires

SHOP AND SALES ROOM, EL PASO AVE.

## WESTERN LUMBER COMPANY, Inc.

(Successor to Foxworth-Gabraith Co.)

Dealer in

Lumber, Shingles, Doors, Sash, Mouldings,  
Hardware and Building Material generally.

With a large stock and lower prices, we solicit  
the trade of the people of Lincoln County.

CARRIZOZO Western Lumber Co., Inc. NEW MEX.

Phone 39

D. R. STEWART, Manager.



The Place  
TO BUY  
Your Bread

Pure Food Bakery C. H. HAINES  
PROPRIETOR

## A Wish

"I HAVE TAKEN Cardui for run-down, worn-out condition, nervousness and sleeplessness, and I was weak too," says Mrs. Silvie Estes, of Jennings, Okla. "Cardui did me just lots of good—so much that I gave it to my daughter. She complained of a soreness in her sides and back. She took three bottles of Cardui and her condition was much better."

"We have lived here, near Jennings, for 26 years, and now we have our own home in town. I have had to work pretty hard, as this country wasn't built up, and it made it hard on us."

"I WISH I could tell weak women of Cardui—the medicine that helped give me the strength to go on and do my work." This card fulfils her wish.

# CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Start the New Year Right  
by Trading at

## THE CITY MARKET

Fancy and Staple Groceries  
Fresh and Cured Meats  
Fruits & Vegetables

City Market, Carrizozo, N. M.

# The Blind Man's Eyes

Copyright by Little, Brown and Company.

By  
**William MacHarg**  
Edwin Balmer

### THE TELEGRAM

Gabelet Warden, Seattle, rapidly tells his butler he is expecting a caller, to be admitted without question. He informs his wife of danger that threatens him if he pursues a course he considers the only honorable one. Warden leaves the house in his car and meets a man whom he takes into the machine. When the car returns home, Warden is found dead, murdered, and alone. The caller, a young man, has been at Warden's house, but leaves unobserved. Bob Connery, conductor, receives orders to help train for a party. Five men and a girl board the train, the Eastern Express. The father of the girl, Mr. Dorne, is the person for whom the train was held. Philip D. Eaton, a young man, also boarded the train. Dorne tells his daughter and his secretary, Don Avery, to find out what they can concerning him. The two make Eaton's acquaintance.

### CHAPTER III—Continued.

"You mean—" The sentence, obviously, was one she felt it better not to finish. As though he recognized that now she must wish the conversation to end, he got up. She rose stiffly.

"I'll see you into your car, if you're returning there," he offered.

Neither spoke, as he went with her into the next car; and at the section where her father sat, Eaton bowed slightly, nodded to Avery, who coldly returned his nod, and left her. Eaton went on into his own car and sat down, his thoughts in mad confusion.

How near he had come to talking to this girl about himself, even though he had felt from the first that that was what she was trying to make him do! Was he losing his common sense? Was the self-command on which he had so counted that he had dared to take this train deserting him? He felt that he must not see Harriet Dorne again alone. In Avery he had recognized, by that instinct which so strangely divines the personalities one meets, an enemy from the start; Dorne's attitude toward him, of course, was not yet defined; as for Harriet Dorne—he could not tell whether she was prepared to be his enemy or friend.

Eaton went into the men's compartment of his car, where he sat smoking till after the train was under way again. The porter looked in upon him there to ask if he wished his berth made up now; Eaton nodded assent, and fifteen minutes later, dropping the gold end of his cigar and going out into the car, he found the berth ready for him. A half hour later the passage of someone through the aisle and the sudden dimming of the crack of light which showed above the curtains told him that the lights in the car had been turned down. Eaton closed his eyes, but sleep was far from him.

Presently he began to feel the train beginning to labor with the increasing grade and the deepening snow. It was nearing the mountains, and the weather was getting colder and the storm more severe. Eaton lifted the curtain from the window beside him and leaned on one elbow to look out. The train was running through a bleak, white desolation; no light and no sign

lashed as one by one the passengers went away to bed. Connery, looking into this car, found it empty and the porter cleaning up; he slowly passed on forward through the train, stopping momentarily in the rear Pullman opposite the berth of the passenger whom President Jarvis had commended to his care. His scrutiny of the car told him all was correct here; the even breathing within the berth assured him the passengers slept.

Connery had been becoming more certain hour by hour all through the evening that they were going to have great difficulty in getting the train through. Though he knew by President Jarvis' note that the officials of the road must be watching the progress of this special train with particular interest, he had received no train orders from the west for several hours. His inquiry at the last stop had told him the reason for this; the telegraph wires to the west had gone down. To the east communication was still open, but how long it would remain so he could not guess. Here in the deep heart of the great mountains—they had passed the Idaho boundary line into Montana—they were getting the full effect of the storm; their progress, increasingly slow, was broken by stops which were becoming frequent and longer as they struggled on.

At Eracroft—the station where he was to exchange the ordinary plow which so far had sufficed, and couple on the "rotary" to fight the mountain drifts ahead—Connery swung himself down from the train, looked in, at the telegraph office and then went forward to the two giant locomotives, on whose sweating, monstrous backs the snow, suddenly visible in the haze of their lights, melted as it fell. As they started, he swung aboard and in the brightly lighted men's compartment of the first Pullman checked up his report sheets with a stub of pencil.

Again they stopped—once more went on. Connery, having put his papers into his pocket, dozed, awoke, dozed again. The progress of the train halted again and again; several times it backed, charged forward again—only to stop, back and charge again and then go on. But this did not disturb Connery. Then something went wrong.

All at once, he found himself, by a trainman's instinctive and automatic action, upon his feet; for the shock had been so slight as barely to be felt, far too slight certainly to have awakened any of the sleeping passengers in their berths. He went to the door of the car, lifted the platform stop, threw open the door of the vestibule and hanging himself by one hand to the rail, swung himself out from the side of the car and looked ahead. He saw the forward one of the two locomotives wrapped in clouds of steam, and men deep in snow wallowing forward to the rotary still farther to the front, and the sight conformed fully to his apprehension that this halt was more important and likely to last much longer than those that had gone before.

### CHAPTER IV

Are You Hillward?  
The bell in the washroom at the end of the car was ringing violently, and someone was reinforcing his ring with a stentorian call for "Porter! Porter!"

Eaton realized that it was very cold in his berth—also that the train, which was standing still, had been in that motionless condition for some time. He threw up the window curtain as he appreciated that, and, looking out, found that he faced a great unbroken bank of glistening white snow as high as the top of the car at this point and rising even higher ahead. He listened, therefore, while the Englishman—for the voice calling to the porter was his—extracted all available information from the negro.

"Porter, where are we?"

"Between Eracroft and Simons, sah."

"Yes?"

"That foolish snow still?"

"Yesuh; and snow some more, sah!"

"But haven't we the plow still ahead?"

"Oh, yesah; the plow's ahead. We still got it; but that's all, sah. It ain't doin' much; it's backed."

"What?"

"Yesah; backed! There was right smart of a slide across the track, and the crew, I understand, dismounted it 'er to a new track and they backed right into it. But they was not in this mornin'; they left right afore a hill and the track had backed into the snow. It's a bad one, sah."

as abruptly, he stopped dressing and sat absorbed in thought. He had let himself sink back against the pillows, while he stared, unseeing, at the solid bank of snow beside the car, when the door at the farther end of the coach opened and Conductor Connery entered, calling a name.

"Mr. Hillward! Mr. Lawrence Hillward! Telegram for Mr. Hillward!" Eaton started at the first call of the name; he sat up and faced about.

The conductor was opposite Section Three; Eaton now waited tensely and delayed until the conductor was past; then putting his head out of his curtains he halted as the conductor was going through the door.

"What name? Who is that telegram for?"

"Mr. Lawrence Hillward."

"Oh, thank you; then that's mine."

Connery held back. "I thought your name was Eaton."

"It is. Mr. Hillward—Lawrence Hillward—is an associate of mine who expected to make this trip with me but could not. So I should have telegrams or other communications addressed to him. Is there anything to sign?"

"No, sir—train delivery."

Eaton drew his curtains close again and ripped the envelope open; but before reading the message he observed with alarm that his pajama jacket had opened across the chest, and a small round scar, such as that left by a high-powered bullet penetrating, was exposed. He gasped almost audibly, realizing this, and clapped his hand to his chest and buttoned his jacket. The message—nine words without signature—lay before him:

"Thicker knot younger omniscient issue foliage lecture tragic last—"

It was some code which Eaton recognized but could not decipher at once. The conductor was still standing in the aisle.

"When did you get this?" Eaton asked, looking out.

"Just now. That message came through yesterday some time and was waiting for you at Simons; when we got them this morning they sent it on."

"I see; thanks," Eaton assured that if the conductor had seen anything he suspected no significance in what he saw, closed his curtains and buttoned them carefully. The conductor moved on. Eaton took a small English-Chinese pocket dictionary from his vest pocket and opened it under cover of the blanket; counting five words up from "blicket" he found "they"; five down from "knot" gave him "know"; six down from "younger" was "you"; six down from "omniscient" was "one"; seven up from "issue" was "is"; and so continuing, he translated the words to:

"They know you. One is following. Leave train instantly!"

Eaton, nervous and jerky, as he completed the first six words, laughed as he compiled the final three. "Leave train instantly!" The humor of that advice in his present situation, as he looked out the window at the solid bank of snow, appealed to him. A waiter from the dining car came back, announcing the first call for breakfast, and spurred him into action. Passengers from the Pullman at the rear passed Eaton's section for the diner. He heard Harriet Dorne's voice in some quiet conventional remark to the man who followed her. Eaton started at it; then he dressed swiftly and hurried into the new deserted washroom and then on to breakfast.

Harriet Dorne was sitting facing the door at the second of the larger tables; opposite her, and with his back to Eaton, sat Donald Avery. A third place was left beside the girl, as though they expected Dorne's to join them; but they had begun their fruit without waiting. The girl glanced up as Eaton halted in the doorway; her blue eyes brightened with a look part friendliness, part surprise. "Oh, Mr. Eaton," she smiled, "wouldn't you like to sit with us? I don't think Father is coming to breakfast now; and if he does, of course there's still room."

She pulled back the chair beside her enticingly; and Eaton accepted it. "Good morning, Mr. Avery," he said to Miss Dorne's companion formally as he sat down, and the man across the table murmured something peevish.

As Eaton ordered his breakfast, he appreciated for the first time that his waiting had interrupted a conversation—of rather a sort of monologue of complaint on the part of Elizabeth addressed impudently to Avery.

They signed in conversation as they breakfasted—a conversation in which Avery took almost no part, except that Dorne's brief reply to her was "Yes, that's all right."

turned in his seat, was a man of the diversion on the part of the conductor with interest. Connery, stopped beside Eaton's seat.

"You took a telegram for Lawrence Hillward this morning," he asserted.

"Yes."

"Why?"

"Because it was mine, or was for me, as I said at the time. My name is Eaton; but Mr. Hillward expected to make this trip with me."

The stout man with the conductor forced himself forward.

"That's pretty good, but not quite good enough," he charged. "Conductor, get that telegram for me!"

Eaton got up, controlling himself under the laudable of the other's manner.

"What business is it of yours?" he demanded.

"What business? Why, only that I'm Lawrence Hillward—that's all, my friend! What are you up to, anyway? Lawrence Hillward traveling with you? I never set eyes on you until I saw you on this train; and you take my telegram?" The charge was made loudly and distinctly; every one in the dining car—Eaton could not see every one, but he knew it was so—had put down fork or cup or spoon and was staring at him. "What did

you do it for? What did you want with it?" the stout man blared on. "Did you think I wasn't on the train? What?"

Eaton felt he was palling as he faced the blustering smaller man. He realized that the passengers he could see—these at the smaller tables—already had judged his explanation and found him wanting; the others unquestionably had done the same. Avery was gazing up at him with a sort of contented triumph.

"The telegram was for me, Conductor," he repeated.

"Get that telegram, Conductor!" the stout man demanded again.

"I suppose," Connery suggested, "you have letters or a card or something. Mr. Eaton, to show your relationship to Lawrence Hillward."

"No, I have not."

Connery gazed from one claimant to the other. "Will you give this gentleman the telegram?" he asked Eaton.

"I will not."

"Then I shall furnish him another copy; it was received here on the train by our express clerk as the operator. I'll go forward and get him another copy."

"That's for you to decide," Eaton said; and as though the matter was closed for him, he resumed his seat. He was aware that, throughout the car the passengers were watching him curiously.

"Are you ready to go back to our car now, Harriet?" Avery inquired when she had finished her breakfast, though Eaton was not yet through.

"Surely there's no hurry about anything today," the girl returned. They waited until Eaton had finished.

"Shall we all go back to the observation car and see if there's a walk down the track or whether it's snowed over?" she said impartially to the two. They went through the Pullmans together.

The first Pullman contained four or five passengers; the next, in which Eaton had his berth, was still empty as they passed through. The next Pullman also, at first glance, seemed to have been deserted in favor of the diner forward or of the club-car farther back. The porter had made up all the berths there also, except one; but someone was still sleeping behind the curtains of Section Three, for a man's hand hung over the side. It was a gentleman's hand, with long, well-formed fingers, sensitive and at the same time strong. That was the berth of Harriet Dorne's father; Eaton was the last of the three to pass, and so the others did not notice his start; but so strong was the fascination of the hand in the aisle that he turned back and gazed at it before going on into the next car. Some right or the passenger—man and woman—was leaning in the easy-chairs of the observation room; a couple, seated at a table, were smoking and talking in a glib, easy way.

ROADS IN NATIONAL FORESTS  
Bureau of Public Roads Reports 1,300 Miles Completed—\$17 Under Construction.

One thousand three hundred and fifty-two miles of road has been completed by the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture in one national forest, and these roads are worth \$12 million, which is an average of about \$100,000 per mile. The United States Department of Agriculture has just issued a report on the progress of the work in the national forests.

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## IMPROVED ROADS

### ENGINEER IS NEEDED SORELY

Better Highways to Relieve Congestion of Cities Will Open Door to Farm Life.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"The highway engineer is needed sorely at this moment, the engineer with daring imagination, to help scatter the dwelling houses and residence facilities of cities of more than 25,000 population far and wide into the outlying open country, and thus in some appreciable way to relieve congestion in American cities," declared Dr. C. J.



Improved Roads Will Help Scatter Dwelling Houses and Residence Facilities of Cities.

Galpin, United States Department of Agriculture, at the second annual conference on highway transportation education held at Washington.

"A large factor in decentralizing city homes is the transportation problem, and challenges the genius of highway engineers," Doctor Galpin said. "Less than one-third the entire population of the United States is on farms. Sixty-eight cities of more than 100,000 population each contain nearly another third. The 30 odd millions of people living in cities of 25,000 population and over are being brought into immediate contact with the commodities of living, the skill of service, and the institutional wisdom of the world, whereas those who live on farms receive few of these advantages."

A system of complete terminal towns connected by rail or water to wholesaling cities, and by an adequate highway system to groups of farm population is Doctor Galpin's solution for "taking the curse of farming, and opening the door to a good kind of life on the farm."

### SOLVE FARMER'S PROBLEMS

Good Roads to Local Markets Reduce Cost of Distribution of Various Products.

The joint commission of agricultural inquiry sees in good roads one of the ways of solving the farmer's difficulties. In its report on "The Agricultural Crisis and Its Causes," the commission says: "Good roads to local markets, joint facilities at terminals, connecting rail, water and motor transport systems, and more adequate facilities at shipping points will materially contribute to the reduction of costs of marketing and distribution to the mutual benefit of producer and consumer."

### SAME MATERIALS ARE USED

Same Essentials Were Employed in Construction of Roads as Are Being Used Today.

While we know little about the roads that existed prior to the Roman empire, we do know from records remaining that not only the Romans but the Egyptians, the Carthaginians, the Sumerians, and other ancient peoples employed much the same materials that we are today using in highway construction. There is evidence that both the Romans and the Egyptians used a mineral cement. The Bible tells of the manufacture and use of bricks.

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### INCOME FROM LAND

Chicago—Big Tim Murphy, picturesque labor leader, one time state legislator and formerly private secretary to Congressman McDermott, is in the shadow of Leavenworth penitentiary with his years of immunity from imprisonment apparently at an end. The Circuit Court of Appeals has issued commitment papers for Murphy, who is under sentence of four years and a \$50,000 fine for his part in the 1905-06 Oregon station mail robbery. The United States marshal's name is Alfred Murphy's attorney, who has filed a writ of habeas corpus.

## DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, WATCH REPAIRING, 1800 Sixteenth Street.

## GRUNDY DRY CLEANING

1800 Sixteenth Street, Denver, Colorado.

MACHINERY, PIPE, RAILS AND SUPPLIES. We buy and sell. Send us your inquiries. The Denver Metal & Machinery Co. Offices 13th & Larimer Sts. Warehouse and yards 1st to 3d on Larimer, Denver.

## Do You Gamble Or Invest?

Perhaps like many conservative business men, during the "boom" you took a flyer. You have the certificate now and really do not care to have it mentioned—it is MONEY LOST.

Your better judgment told you to buy only high grade Municipal Bonds for permanent income.

Guard against this in the future by using the Newton Plan of Investing-By-Mail—it provides for the safety of your funds with a steady yield of interest.

Write Dept. G-9 for a guide to safe investments

## Newton & Co., Inc.

Investment Bankers  
First National Bank Building, Denver  
Pope Block, Pueblo  
"Mining Enterprise" published by Colorado State 1908.

## Central BUSINESS COLLEGE

211 1/2th St., Denver  
Thirty-five Years Old. Come to Denver for business training. Bookings secured. Name part of expenses. Write for free catalog.

## HOTEL METROPOLE

DENVER, COLO.  
Emminently first-class. American and European plan. Rates \$1.50 up.

## Taxidermy, Furs

Game heads mounted—Taxidermy, Furs, Fur coats made to order. Fur coats made to order.

CHEAM WANTED—The largest buyer of direct from farm to factory in the Rocky Mountain region. Write us for cards and prices. THE CHEAMST CHEAMERY CO., Denver, Colo. (Mention this paper when writing.)



## DIAMONDS

JOS. I. SCHWARTZ, Jeweler, Diamond watch repairing, 1800 Sixteenth Street.

## INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

## 172 Indians Sentenced to Death.

London—Advises from Lucknow stated that the death sentence has been imposed on 172 Indians accused of murder and arson as a result of the non-cooperationist rioting at Chauri-Chaura last February. Seven of the 228 persons who were originally held on the charges died while awaiting trial. Two others received two-year prison terms, forty-seven were acquitted.

## Big Tim Murphy Ordered to Prison.

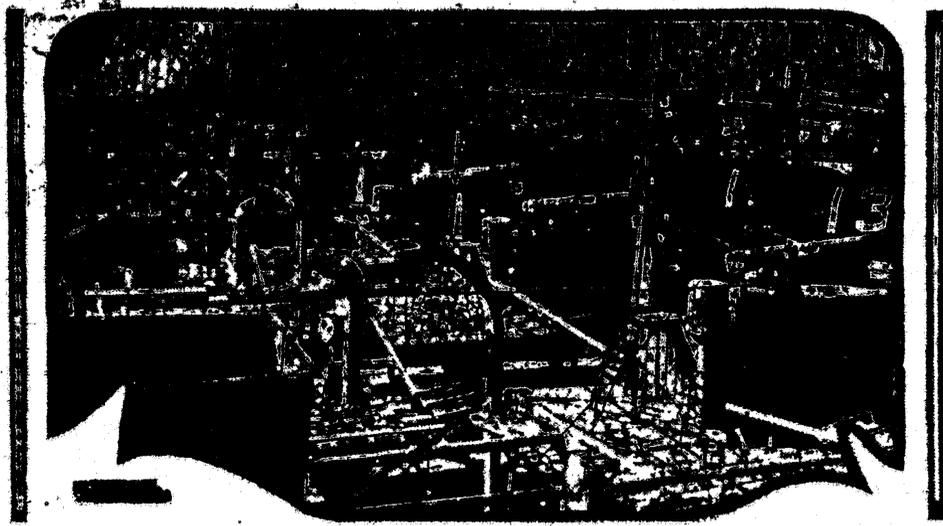
Chicago—Big Tim Murphy, picturesque labor leader, one time state legislator and formerly private secretary to Congressman McDermott, is in the shadow of Leavenworth penitentiary with his years of immunity from imprisonment apparently at an end. The Circuit Court of Appeals has issued commitment papers for Murphy, who is under sentence of four years and a \$50,000 fine for his part in the 1905-06 Oregon station mail robbery. The United States marshal's name is Alfred Murphy's attorney, who has filed a writ of habeas corpus.



Eaton Went into the Men's Compartment of His Car, Where He Sat Smoking Till After the Train Was Under Way Again.

of hesitation showed anywise. The crowd of the day has through his mind again with sinister suggestion. He had taken that train for a certain purpose, and he was not to be deceived. He was not to be deceived.

### Big Fleet of Destroyers in Their Graveyard



This is the first authorized photograph of the "floating graveyard" for destroyers of the Pacific fleet at San Diego, Cal., where 69 have been decommissioned and 15 more will soon be added to the roster, leaving only 37 on active duty. The great number of warships lashed together in idleness is an imposing sight.

## Save Millions for Motorists

#### Federal Bureau Investigations May Revolutionize Motor Fuel Business.

### USE "SUMMER GAS" FOR CARS

Experts Find a Cheaper Grade, 15 to 25 Per Cent Coarser Than New Used, Brings the Same Mileage.

Washington.—Efforts to have congress appropriate sufficient money to permit completion of the work have centered attention upon highly significant gasoline experiments by the government bureau of standards, which indicate the possibility of revolutionizing the motor fuel business and saving millions to motor car users in fuel costs. Dr. W. James, one of the experts engaged in the investigation, was authorized by the director of the bureau of standards to give an outline of some of the results.

In brief, while many phases of the inquiry are far from completed, Doctor James disclosed that one outstanding result is the definite determination that, at least in summer time, gasoline, which is 15 to 25 per cent coarser than the average grades now in common motor use, can be used as effectively in engines as the present grade of fuel. When this becomes generally known, it is predicted that a heavier grade of gasoline will be manufactured for motor use, with a consequent lessening in the cost of production equal to the difference in the amount of petroleum required for its manufacture. Four barrels of petroleum would produce the same amount of the coarser, but equally efficient, gasoline for motor purposes that five barrels of oil now produce. Unless there should be a marked increase in production and refining costs, therefore, the use of the heavier fuel for motors would mean a saving of millions in the gasoline bills of motorists throughout the nation.

Outgrowth of War Experiments. Information as to performance conditions of internal combustion engines, Doctor James explained, was requested of the bureau of standards from many sources in the war, and the French commission particularly desired data on the performance of aircraft engines in high altitudes. Investigations along this line were undertaken and developed valuable information.

Dr. James gives an interesting account of how the investigation was conducted which led to discoveries about coarser gasoline. He explained that the objective was to ascertain how many miles could be obtained from a gallon of gasoline of each of various grades of volatility. Two factors entered into this inquiry, the first

being the number of miles per gallon of a given fuel and the second the number of gallons of gasoline of that grade produced from a barrel of oil. Four grades of gasoline were used in the investigation. The first was representative of the average grade of gasoline now being sold. The second was representative of the grade sold five years ago. The third and fourth were representative of heavier grades than have been sold heretofore for motor operation.

Four Test Cars Used. One barrel of oil, he continued, would produce only 80 per cent as much gasoline of the grade that was sold five years ago as it would produce of the grade sold today. On the other hand, one barrel of oil would produce anywhere from 15 to 25 per cent more gasoline of the heavier grades, which made up the third and fourth types of fuel used in the inquiry, than it would produce of the present grade of gasoline. Four test cars used in the investigation, Doctor James said, were representative of about 75 per cent of those now on the market. These cars, each using a different grade of fuel and equipped with an instrument to register the number of miles per gallon of gasoline consumed, were driven over all types of roads and then the results of this practical experiment compared.

From these comparisons, the surprising fact was developed that the heavier grades of gasoline would produce the same number of miles per gallon in motor engines as the lighter grade now sold and the still lighter grade which sold about five years ago. This, of course, will mean that 45 per cent more gasoline of equal efficiency can be produced from a barrel of oil than was produced five years ago and that 25 per cent more gasoline than is now produced, of equal efficiency, so far as motor car use is concerned, can be produced from a barrel of oil.

### WOMAN IS MADE CHIEF OF TRIBE

#### Wife of White Man Becomes Head of the Kaw Indians.

Her Principal Task Will Be Pressing Large Claim Against the Government—Was Adopted by Old Chief and Became Nurse.

Ponca City, Okla.—The Kaw Indians not only have given women the right to vote, but have elevated one to the highest office in the tribe, that of elective chief. The woman is Mrs. Lucy Taylah Eads, now Chief Lucy to all her tribesmen. Chief Lucy is the first head the Kaw Indians have had since 1906, when Chief Washunga was frozen to death. She is the wife of John E. Eads, a white man. The two with their children live on the new chief's allotment, an inheritance of 800 acres. They are among the few who have not disposed of any of their property. They raise live stock of all kinds, are thrifty and send their children to white schools.

"The best material for the job," is the way the Indians describe Chief Lucy. John Eads, who is a cousin of James Buchanan Eads, who built the Eads bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis, proudly takes his place as husband of the chief. "She is an excellent wife, a fine mother, the best nurse living and understands the needs of her people," he says. Lucy Taylah, with her brother, Emmett, were adopted years ago by old Washunga, who led the Kaw Indians from their lands in Kansas in 1873 to a new settlement in Oklahoma territory. He sent them to Haskell institute, after they had completed the tribal schools. Here Lucy distinguished herself as a student and became interested in nursing. After her graduation from Haskell she went to New

York city and became a graduate nurse. She remained there several years before returning to her people. The Kaw, like many other Indians, have sold and dissipated their holdings and are now reduced to poverty. Although their lands join those of the rich Osage, and oil derricks can be seen rising in the distance, the Kaw have reaped no mineral benefit as yet. A number of tests have gone down, but oil in paying quantities has not been found.

Chief Lucy has announced that the principal task of her administration will be pressing a claim of her tribe against the government for \$15,000,000 which the Kaw allege is due them as payment for lands they owned in Kansas before their migration to the Oklahoma territory.

Gets Back Long-Lost Dollar. Marion, O.—W. G. Minshall is in possession of a silver dollar which he owned over twenty years ago and which had been lost to him for all that time. It was while Minshall was employed at the Hotel Marion that he dropped the dollar, and it found a resting place under the stone steps of the State street entrance. When the work of removing the steps started recently Minshall recalled his loss and informed the workmen. On removing the steps they found the dollar and returned it to Minshall, who in turn gave them another dollar.

Call Ossified When Born. Bloomsburg, Pa.—An ossified calf on the farm of W. C. Risher at White Hall is attracting much attention, especially among veterinarians, who declare it to be the greatest animal freak they ever have seen. The calf was unusually small and was in the bony condition when born by a cow that previously had given birth to fine normal calves.

Calves Grazing. Michigan, Cal.—The Metador range of 100,000 acres of grazing lands in the western part of the province is being acquired by the government for conservation purposes. The acquisition is now being completed.

## 10 Cents Gives Charming New Shade to Old Lingerie

From some men's lips profanity simply ripples; from others it simply rips.

### Important to All Women Readers of This Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased. You may suffer pain in the back, headaches and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and maybe dependent; it makes any one so. But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions. Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by parcel post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

Feminine intuition is the mother of "I-told-you-so."

A rousing time is apt to occur just before breakfast.

### FREEDOM FROM LAXATIVES

Discovery by Scientists Has Replaced Them.

Pills and salts give temporary relief from constipation only at the expense of permanent injury, says an eminent medical authority. Science has found a newer, better way—a means as simple as Nature itself.

In perfect health a natural lubricant keeps the food waste soft and moving. But when constipation exists this natural lubricant is not sufficient. Medical authorities have found that the gentle lubricating action of Nujol most closely resembles that of Nature's own lubricant. As Nujol is not a laxative it cannot gripe. It is in no sense a medicine. And like pure water it is harmless and pleasant. Nujol is prescribed by physicians; used in leading hospitals. Get a bottle from your druggist today.—Advertisement.

To Have Fine Clubhouse.

The new home of the Women's City club of Detroit is designed to be the largest and most complete clubhouse owned by women anywhere in America. The structure will be nine stories in height. Besides the lounge, dining rooms, library and sleeping rooms, it will contain a spacious ballroom, smoking rooms, auditorium, swimming pool and all other features known to the most up-to-date clubhouse.

Quick Service.

"Young Binghamton carries himself with a rather glibly air this morning." "Yeah?" "He proposed by radio last night, and the girl's family had a loud speaker on their radio, and it was heard for two blocks. He was accepted 12 times already this morning."

Suspicious.

"John, you've got to fire that new hired man. He hasn't done a thing all week but work every minute, and he cleans up beautifully." "Well, ain't that what you want, Mary?" "Yes, but it isn't natural to get it, John. He's a burglar or a detective, sure."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

### USE THE BEST FAULTLESS STARCH FOR LAUNDRY WORK

FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN

### Disordered Stomach

Take a good dose of Carter's Little Liver Pills—then take 2 or 3 for a few nights after. You will relish your meals without fear of trouble to follow. Millions of all ages take them for Biliousness, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Upset Stomach and for Sallow, Pimply, Blotchy Skin. They end the misery of Constipation. **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** Genuine Liver Pills. Small Pill; Small Dose; Small Price.

Einstein. Einstein's brain gets into deeper water. He turns from his relativity theory and begins studying electrons and the quanta theory. This theory is that radiations such as light are streams of flying particles of matter instead of waves or vibrations in the ether. Such probably is the case with radium. At the far end of the road is the theory that force is a form of matter.

It Depends. Doctor Copeland says that people are in better health when they are well dressed, because they hold their heads high and inhale more freely. Nevertheless we've seen well-dressed men scrooge down into their collars most unhygienically when they met the tailor they still owed for the glad rags.—Boston Transcript.

The Modern Phase. "You say she's intellectual?" "Very."

"In that case I'd better memorize a little something from Shelley and a little something from Keats. It might help if the conversation lags." "You are behind the times. You'd better con a page or two of synthetic psychology."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Streets of Silence.

Rubber as road material in London is to be tested in the winter. Following experiments by E. F. Spurrell, the surveyor, it is intended to lay a section of Upper St. Martin's lane with concrete blocks superimposed with rubber pads.

"Tests," said Mr. Spurrell, "lead me to the conclusion that rubber paving will prove more economical than wood blocks and asphalt. The life of a wood block is twelve to fourteen years, but I think the life of a rubber block will be much longer than twenty-five years."

Hugger or Growler?

Hub (just returned from hunting trip)—I had quite a narrow escape the day. Came near being mistaken for a bear. Wife—It wouldn't have been much of a mistake at that.—Boston Transcript.

Grasshoppers' Favorite Diet.

When various spring grains are available, the grasshoppers prefer oats to any of the others, reports a United States Department of Agriculture investigator in Montana. However, when food is scarce the hoppers will not go far out of the way to search for the plants that please their palates most.—Agricultural Department Bulletin.

## Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by taking

### LATHROP'S GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1894. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitations.

### AS SURE AS DAWN BRINGS A NEW DAY

**CASCARA QUININE**

WILL BREAK THAT OLD AND STICKY COLIC AND MAKE YOU FIT TOMORROW

Better Than Mether.

I have two sons of high school age who have always made our home a gathering place for their chums. I have become more or less interested in all boys, their problems and perplexities.

Last summer a stranger came among them. After he had been coming to our house a few weeks, he sat down in the porch swing with me one night and poured out his troubles. I advised him as well as I could just as I would have done to one of my own sons.

He said: "I wish my mother understood things as you do." That compliment went straight to my heart.—Chicago Tribune.

A Good Guesser.

A man from the city was driving along a seldom frequented country road, and not being sure of his direction he asked the small boy who was walking along. "Say, Bub, how far is it to Clarksville?" The boy looked up very coolly. "How'd you know my name was Bub?" "Oh, I just guessed it," replied the man. "Well, then, you're such a good guesser, you just guess how far it is to Clarksville," he answered scathingly.—Indianapolis News.

A remark carelessly dropped doesn't always fall flat.

Sometimes a wife can read her husband like a bank book.

## CORN IS UNDER FEDERAL PROBE

#### United States Chemists Are Making Thorough Investigation.

Why Europe Prefers American Corn. The United States produces more corn than any other country in the world. The corn is used for many purposes, including food for humans and animals, and as a source of starch and other products.

produced throughout the United States. "It is known, for instance," says Mr. Campbell, "that the application of certain fertilizers to a crop like corn will increase the yield quantitatively. However, practically nothing is known about quality relations, that is, whether the proteins, vitamins or mineral components of the corn are affected in such a way as to better suit it to animal and human nutrition. These of unfertilized corn. Varietal differences will be studied from a chemical standpoint.

"The amino acids of the proteins of several agricultural products have been separated and studied, with the result that it is now possible to supplement such basic feeding stuffs as corn with small quantities of other feeds, such as peanut meal, soy-bean meal and coconut press cake, which contain the very amino acids corn lacks, thus making a feed that will supply all the amino acids necessary for growth. The practical results of this should be a greater and more profitable utilization of our largest cereal crop."

Open-Range Grazing. Michigan, Cal.—The Metador range of 100,000 acres of grazing lands in the western part of the province is being acquired by the government for conservation purposes. The acquisition is now being completed.

## Off to school on a winter morning

—fresh and rosy—or pinched and chilly? That's a matter for Mother to decide.

Children, as well as grown-ups, need a hot mealtime beverage that is wholesome, invigorating, and free from harmful after-effects.

Coffee is known to be harmful—especially to children. That is why so many thoughtful mothers give their children delicious Postum. This pure cereal beverage gives needed warmth and comfort, has delightful flavor and aroma, and is free from anything that can injure the health of children or adults.

Your grocer sells Postum in two forms: Instant Postum (in small prepared packets) and the regular Postum (in packages) for those who prefer to make the cereal themselves. The cereal is being prepared by boiling only 20 minutes.

### Postum FOR HEALTH

