Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 24 — CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1924 — NUMBER 7

Proceedings of Board of County Commissioners

Board of County Commissioners met as a Board of Finance February 11, 1924.

Present: Robert H. Taylor, Chairman; E. C. Dow and Brack Sloan, Members; Ed Harris, Sheriff; R. M. Treat, Clerk; Geo. Barrows, Asst. Comptroller.

Upon a summons from the Comptroller's office heretofore issued comes Emelia Miranda to answer as to why certain moneys collected by him for rent from the old court house building in Lincoln had not been accounted for to the county. Mr. Miranda shows to the Board and Assistant Comptroller, Mr. Barrows, report as to collections and states that there is about $45.00 now due Lincoln County and further that he will immediately transmit this to the Treasurer of Lincoln county; and Mr. Miranda is further notified that each month he is to make a report and to also send in all moneys collected not later than the last of each quarter, and first report and moneys now on hand to be sent in not later than March 1, 1924.

Comes now Judge Crews from Oscuro asking that there be allowed the sum of $500.00 for the building of a road as per a plat submitted; the above amount to be for the improvement of about five miles of road. The Board having considered same, hereby vote favorably to the plan of Mr. Crews for the improvement of said road and orders that this matter be again taken up by it as soon as there are sufficient funds and at such time make some allowance for said improvement.

The Board at this time orders that the proper officers follow the law in preparing the tax rolls for collection of delinquent taxes and as soon as same are in proper shape turn same over to the County Clerk and suit be brought according to law.

The Board having examined the bond of the Stockmens State Bank in the sum of $25,000.00, filed for the securing of county deposits, is hereby approved.

The Board also orders that the filing of the above mentioned bond is filed in lieu of all former bonds, thereby cancelling all bonds formerly filed by said Stockmens State Bank.

The Board orders that the now Acting Treasurer employ an assistant in the Treasurer's office for the remaining part of February, or until Mr. Paden has caught up with the work which is now on hand.

No further business coming up before the Board it stands adjourned until call.

ROBERT H. TAYLOR,
Chairman.

Attest:
R. M. TREAT, Clerk.

Will Go to Santa Fe

The Board of County Commissioners—two members, at least, Messrs. Taylor and Sloan—will go to Santa Fe Sunday. The other member of the Board, Mr. Dow, will probably not make the trip.

The purpose is to confer with the State Board of Finance and the State Tax Commission, as well, with a view to securing temporary aid to tide the county over its existing financial embarrassment. The local Board is prepared to make a showing that warrants the belief that assistance may be obtained.

Lincoln county's resources are ample, it is believed—better than many of the counties of the state—but, as is well known, ready funds are lacking by reason of the congested deposits in closed banks, the Treasurer's shortage and bad tax collections, the latter statewide.

Funds for immediate use is the pressing need, and, if secured, time will solve other conditions responsible for this stagnation.

Federal Reserve Aid

Santa Fe, Feb. 12.—Senator A. A. Jones, New Mexico, in a wire to Governor Hinkle recently (Feb. 6) says that the federal reserve board is taking action in connection with the situation caused by recent bank failures in New Mexico.

He says:

"Federal reserve board is taking vigorous action. I am authorized to say that it is determined to protect the situation. I believe the measure which the board is taking will prove adequate."

Governor Offers Reward for Lincoln County "Firebugs"

EXECUTIVE OFFICE
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

Whereas, the office of the Governor of the State of New Mexico is in possession of information that the store buildings of The Titsworth Company and P. G. Peters, of Capitan, Lincoln County, New Mexico, were, on the 17th day of October, 1923, burned and entirely destroyed by unknown incendiaries: and

Whereas, such incendiaries have not been arrested for said offenses, but are still at large: and

Whereas, the State not having reward funds, but certain citizens having placed same in the hands of the Governor for this purpose:

Now, therefore, I, J. F. Hinkle, Governor of the State of New Mexico, do hereby offer, and will pay, a reward of Five Hundred Dollars ($500) to anyone who will furnish to the authorities of this State such information in reference to said offense as will lead to the detection, arrest and conviction of the party, or parties, guilty of said crime.

Done at the Executive Office this the 11th day of February, 1924.

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State of New Mexico.

J. F. HINKLE,
Governor.

In a similar proclamation, issued the same date as the above, Governor Hinkle offers a reward in a like amount, placed in his hands by certain citizens, for information "as will lead to the detection, arrest and conviction" of the unknown incendiaries responsible for the destruction of the "Apple sheds, or bins, containing about eight car-loads of apples, ready for shipment, the property of The Titsworth Company, at Tinnie, Lincoln County, New Mexico," which were burned "on the 17th day of December, 1923."

Capitan High School Notes

B. W. Weber, Principal

Education the Greatest Need.

It is not too much to say that the need of civilization is the need of teachers. The service which they make to human welfare is beyond estimation. World betterment must be our ambition, human happiness our effect, and perfection our destiny. Knowledge without wisdom serves to intensify one's ambitions without enabling them to obtain it. One so educated is like possessing a mechanic's tools but without skill as to their use. He is a soldier armed and equipped, but without knowledge of warfare. The same principle prevails in the matter of the development of character-personality. What if one possess all the knowledge that books can furnish of the inborn virtues in humanity if he does not apply it to their development, cultivation and practice. True efficiency will come only to the man whose heart is in his work and will never come with discontent. Be deliberate and thoughtful, be prompt to begin work and work faithfully to the end.

The pie supper which included a program that was given by the senior class, was well attended. The proceeds amounted to $30.15.

The program given at the pie supper Saturday night is as follows:

Vocal solo	Mrs. Ruth Everett
Selection by the Glee Club	
Selection by the Quartet	
Reading	Helene Titsworth
Mandolin solo	B. W. Weber
Clarinet solo	Mrs. Copeland
Selection by the Glee Club	

Miss Ruth Colvin and Miss Mary Jane Harris, Capitan High School teachers, were Roswell visitors Saturday last.

Rev. Stanley of Fort Stanton holds services at Capitan regularly every Wednesday. We intend to make these services so that they will reach the hearts of all the people. Large attendance is urged at these meetings.

Memorial services were held at the Capitan High School in memory of our late President, Woodrow Wilson, whom the nation mourns. The program given is as follows:

Song, "Star Spangled Banner"	Audience
The Flag Salute	[illegible]
"America"	Audience
Prayer	Rev. Thompson
Song, "The Day is Dying in the West"	
Scripture Reading	Rev. Thompson
"Crossing the Bar"	Mrs. Copeland
Wilson as a World Figure	Rev. Stanley
Gettysburg Address	Miss Harris
Capitan School Roll of Honor	[illegible]
"How Firm a Foundation"	Audience
Wilson, the Man	Mr. [illegible]
Wilson's Place in History	Mr. [illegible]
"Abide With Me"	Audience
Benediction	Rev. Thompson

A very fine entertainment was given at the High School auditorium by Mr. Thomas Elmore Lucy, who is a natural poet, singer, actor and humorist, and who has had engagements in thirty different foreign countries. Being an entertainer of national reputation, being in the Chatauqua for twenty years, making a world tour of 100,000 miles. The audience was well pleased with the entertainment.

Contracts for Farm

The Southwestern Game, Fish and Forest Protective Association has contracted for the Carleton place on South Eagle Creek. The purpose for acquiring this property is to grow a feed crop to feed turkeys during the winter season, especially when deep snows cover the feeding grounds in the mountains. About forty acres are in cultivation, watered by the little stream, and the feed produced thereon, it is believed, will be a great aid to the preservation of the rapidly increasing game birds of that region.

School Notes

(By Supt. E. E. Cole)

Winter is nearly over, the days are much longer than they were eight weeks ago, and the Carrizozo boys and girls have played out of doors nearly every recess and noon during November, December, January and February. This is the case every winter for the past five years. El Paso, Denver, Los Angeles and many other western cities boast of their climate but they cannot beat that of Carrizozo.

Valentine day came this week and the children of the schools all over the world have felt its spirit. The artistic talent of the pupils has been cultivated and friendship and good will have been disseminated. Even some of the grown-ups have found out something. What?

The senior class has chosen its motto, its colors and its class flower. Motto: "We Will Find a Way, or Make One." Colors: Old Rose and Lavender. Flower: Pink Carnation.

The High School Glee Club will sing Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Albert Ziegler, at one of the meetings of the Woman's Club. The selection is the beautiful La Spagnola.

Patrons of the school ought to see something unique in the sixth grade, Miss Fite's room. They are mottoes concerning the use of good English, embellished with drawings and color work. One has the picture of a Red Cross girl, and the motto: "Let Us Care for the Wounded English Language." Another is an airplane, with the words, "Good English Soars High." Still another, the picture of one of the little Dutch Cleanser maidens, with her broom, and the motto, "Sweep out Bad English." Eighteen of these motto cards are on the walls of the room. It is a good method of impressing the need of good English upon the minds of the pupils.

The following books have been added to the library. They were bought with the money made by the Dramatic Club, from plays given in the High School building, under the management of Miss Menz.

Minor Poems, by John Milton.

Poems and Tales, by Edgar Allan Poe.

Gulliver's Travels, by Jonathan Swift.

Abraham Lincoln, by John Drinkwater.

The Rape of the Lock, by Alexander Pope.

At School in the Promised Land, by Mary Austin.

Lays of Ancient Rome, by Thomas B. McCaulay.

In the Wilderness, by Chas. Dudley Warner.

Promoting Good Citizenship, by James Bryce.

The Vicar of Wakefield, by Oliver Goldsmith.

In about two weeks we shall give an evening of three short plays, an evening's entertainment, at the Crystal Theatre. This will be given by the Dramatic Club and the purpose is to raise money to finish paying for playground apparatus. We hope you will all be there. Watch next week's paper for the date.

Lane-Collins

A White Oaks friend of the News furnishes the following item concerning the marriage of a former White Oaks couple:

Word has just been received that Mr. Edward Lane and Mrs. Alma Collins were married in San Bernardino, Calif., where Mr. Lane is employed by the Santa Fe Railroad Co.

Mr. Lane is the son of Mr. Allen Lane, of White Oaks, one of Lincoln county's oldest residents.

Mrs. Collins' home was Ardmore, Oklahoma, but she has spent the past three years with her sister, Mrs. E. C. Starkey.

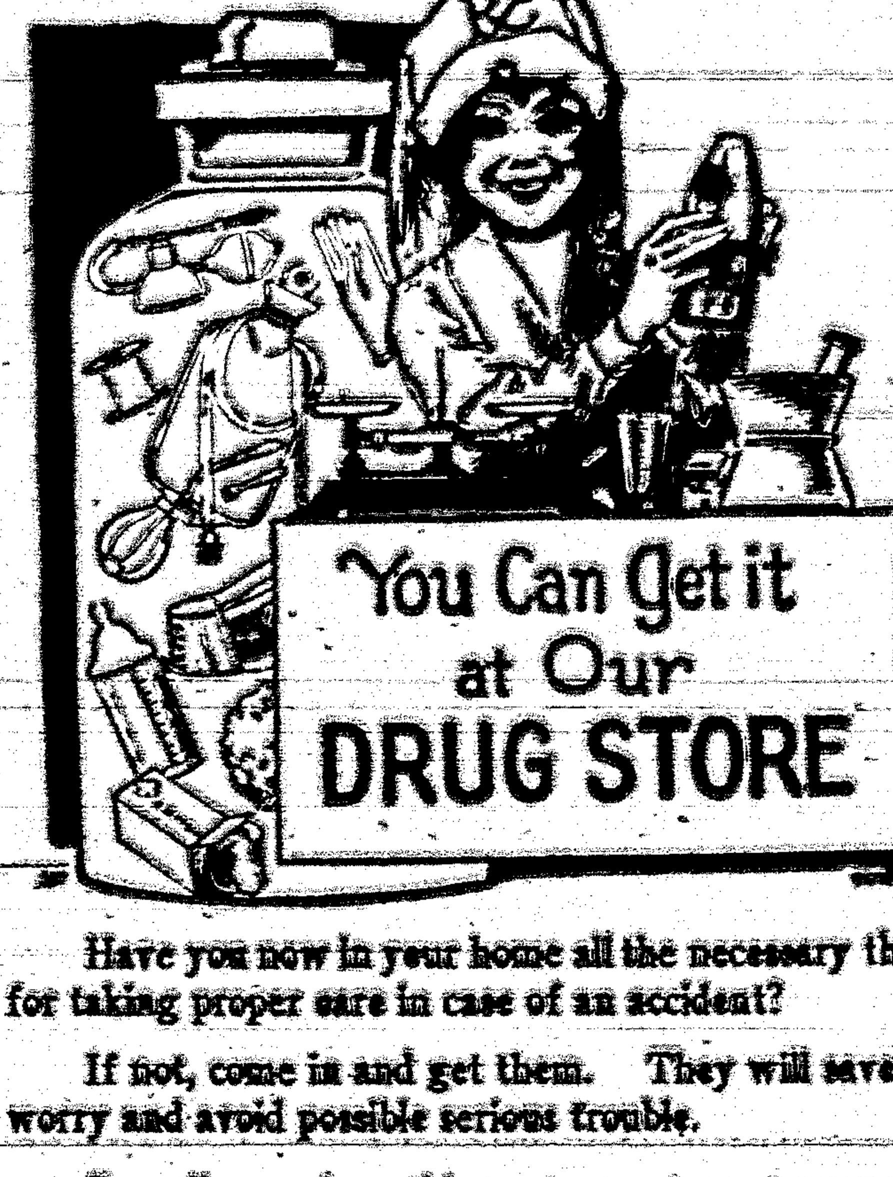
The young couple will be missed very much by many friends both here and at Carrizozo.

New Quarters

Carrizozo Lodge I.O.O.F., No. 30, is preparing new quarters and expects to occupy them by the first of the coming month. W. J. Langston is arranging the room in the Exchange Bank building, on the north side, and when completed will be a commodious home for the order.

Special Notice

Monday night, February 18, at 7:30, there will be a Box Supper and OLD TIME SPELLING BEE. Everybody is invited to come. The ladies bring a box and the the men furnish the price and bring an empty——. Bring your old blue-back speller.



Have you now in your home all the necessary things for taking proper care in case of an accident?

If not, come in and get them. They will save you worry and avoid possible serious trouble.

Buy all your drug things at our store, because you get the best at the lowest prices.

COME TO US FOR IT.

ROLLAND BROS.

Start that Account Today

and when you think of a Bank, think of our Bank; then come in and get acquainted.

The man with five dollars is treated with as much courtesy as the man with thousands.

YOU NEED US
WE NEED YOU

As business friends we are both made stronger.

First National Bank
CARRIZOZO, N. M.
"Try First National Service."

SIMPLE DUDS ARE MORE SERVICEABLE

Modest Outfit Has More Distinction Than Conspicuous Model.

To no one is an attractive appearance more essential than to the business girl. While clothes do not make the woman, nevertheless they have a lot to do with the impression she creates, and first impressions count for a great deal.

This does not mean that it is necessary to dress like a debutante going to tea or to a fashionable luncheon, as many girls seem to think.

The first thing to learn and to hold to is that there is nothing smarter than simplicity of the right kind. A well-made simple frock or suit has infinitely more distinction than the more conspicuous models whose vogue wanes quickly.

Within the last few years so many women have gone into business that they have become an important factor in the world of clothes. Designers, realizing this, have given thought to their needs and the result is that it is possible to buy frocks that are appropriately simple and yet have certain individual touches which take away any suggestion of uniformity.

The evening dress has two of the salient points of the winter fashions. One is the tiered front of circular flounces and another is that it is white. Collections show a large number of white frocks, crystal trimmed or with a touch of silver embroidery.

She is a wise woman who knows the "does and don'ts" of fashion. One must study carefully the various styles as they are presented and, out of many, select those few that are best adapted to one's needs and environment.

It is not enough to buy clothes that are correct from the standpoint of fashion and appropriateness. They

Pretty Dress of Blue Charmeuse With Paris Design in Gray Metallic ... Lace Collar.

[illegible] be worn properly and with skill to produce harmony with the rest of the costume.

In each case which one of the [illegible] ... [illegible]

New Three-Piece Suit Is Velvet Embroidered

The tailleur is more fanciful this winter. This new Paris design in a three-piece suit is of black velvet embroidered in natier blue wool and gold with elaborately plaited collar and cuffs.

next is "worship embroideries and welcome furs, the handsomest of all trimmings."

Another point that he emphasizes is that one should wear glowing colors and choose rich materials. Also to bear in mind that evening gowns are never too gorgeous.

Then follows a list of "don'ts," and under this heading comes the admonition "not to reveal too indiscreetly what ought only to be guessed at." He cautions against a tendency toward suits too tailored in effect and also advises against wearing black exclusively.

May Be Aid to Girls Who Have Wispy Locks

Have you the sort of hair that at its very best looks like a last year's bird's nest, and is your constant despair on all occasions when you want to keep neat and well groomed? Such heaps of girls suffer from this sort of hair, and it's so expensive always to keep it well waved and curled that a word of hope to sufferers such as these may not be out of place?

Wispy hair, if it's not bobbed, had far better be plaited close to the face and coiled down over each ear—a method which effectually gets rid of short ends. If it's bobbed, on the other hand, it's a tip to remember that one can have the ends permanently turned round and under, without any other permanent waving being done to the hair, at about an eighth the cost of the whole process.—Young Ladies' Journal.

Fancy Dress for Tots

Much originality is displayed in the fancy dress costumes for little girls. [illegible] white and gold frock [illegible] the two bands on the front [illegible] "Jack" [illegible] and "[illegible]" Another costume [illegible]

Things to Know About Cleaning Velvet Gown

[illegible]

If the velvet should become spotted by the rain, steam the whole surface to make the spots the same. Do not brush the velvet before steaming as that will make the nap cling together. Never touch the surface of velvet until it is dry. Stains may be removed from velvet by sponging with alcohol. There are special methods for removing specific stains, as grease and paint. This is done by the application of dry cleaner and sponging with benzine or turpentine.

Much depends on the brushing of velvet. Use a piece of the material itself or a brush that has soft elastic bristles. The bristles are better not too soft if the material needs to be cleaned, as they will bring the dust to the surface. In brushing to clean, push the bristles into the nap and twist both the cloth and the brush. This will bring the dust out of the nap and it can easily be shaken from the velvet by beating from the wrong side. Do this over every spot of the garment or material to be cleaned.

To freshen the appearance of velvet, sponge the wrong side with warm water and then draw gently back and forth over a hot iron. If there are deep wrinkles they may be removed by first holding the material over a pan of boiling hot water and brushing the nap with a very soft brush. The steam that comes through the nap of the velvet will raise it. After holding the wrong side over the hot iron be careful not to crush the nap on the right side until it is perfectly dry. Scarfs are pressed in the same way.

Brilliant Decorations for Women's Headdress

The formal occasions of the social season have made evident that headdress is again in vogue. With the new coiffures, extremes, from the Madonna to the [illegible], it takes a woman of much moral courage to wear the conventional [illegible]. The styles are as new and as many as the modes of dressing the hair.

An enchanting bit is a spray of silver-dusted leaves that holds the back of the hair from ear to ear. Another crosses the forehead, ending at the ears, over each of which is a long bunch of silver grapes that almost touches the shoulder. This is one of the extreme designs that express Oriental influence.

A head ornament of pearls on a cap-like frame of openwork covers the head completely, with ornaments curving over the cheeks. The eccentric fancy is decidedly Egyptian. Pretty, delicate bands of brilliants, colored stones or finely wrought designs in gold are becoming and popular.

Luster Candlesticks Reflect Light.

Candlesticks of luster reflect the candle light in a most delightful way.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Nation-Wide Campaign on Illiteracy

WASHINGTON.—That the blot of 5,000,000 illiterate adults may be wiped from the records of the United States, four national organizations held here recently a four-day conference to outline a nation-wide campaign against illiteracy.

The National Conference on Illiteracy brought together leaders of the National Education association, the United States Bureau of Education, the General Federation of Women's Clubs and the American Legion, each of these organizations having worked actively in the cause of education by means of its own representative committees. The opening meeting was presided over by Dr. Hubert Work, secretary of the interior. The address of welcome was given by Dr. John J. Tigert, United States commissioner of education.

A strong address was delivered by Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, chairman of illiteracy for the National Education association and for the General Federation of Women's Clubs. Mrs. Stewart, the founder of the "moonlight schools" in the Southern mountains, pointed out that the fight against illiteracy is no new thing, but that only concentration of effort on the part of these four organizations could bring the desired results. Combined effort, she said, will reach every state, avoid duplication, and bring the desired goal many years nearer. She said, among other things:

"Illiteracy is encamped all about us, in every city and every state. If we look for a shining example of literacy where shall we find it? In the nation's capital? Not according to the tale told the census-takers by 10,506 Washingtonians, who declared that they could neither read nor write.

"Can we find it in Boston, the center of culture and 'Hub of the Universe?' No, for 24,524 illiterates are gathered there.

"Philadelphia, the Quaker city, old enough and proud enough to be free from illiteracy, harbors 58,631, more than all the illiterates in the large and populous state of Indiana.

"New York city has more illiterates than Mississippi or Alabama, and the state of New York has one-tenth of the illiterates in this country.

"We must not stop at educating the illiterates, but may this conference and the sentiments and efforts growing out of it so popularize education for young and old as to make going to school the rule for all—in other words to make going to school the fashion."

How Uncle Sam Assists Automobilists

BELIEVING that the research work of the automotive section of the United States bureau of standards is of greater value to the automobile owners of the country in proportion to the amount of federal money expended than any other activity of the government in behalf of motorists, the American Automobile association urged congress to increase the appropriations for 1924 from $15,000 allotted in the budget to $50,000, the minimum amount estimated as required to carry on the work on a scale equal to that of the last year.

The automotive section in the study made for the motor transport corps on the behavior of brake-lining materials since made possible the saving of $10,000,000 annually for the motorists of the nation. The annual brake-lining bill was $30,000,000. Through experimental work carried on the life of brake linings was doubled without extra cost to the consumer.

Many of the savings for motorists have been the result of tests conducted for the army, navy, motor transport corps, Post Office department, and general supply committee on problems involving aircraft and automobile power plants, fuels, lubricants, and accessories. The total expenditure of the association was approximately $125,000 annually. Unfortunately a large part of the work for the government departments has been completed, so that the support for the laboratories from other governmental sources is reduced and the public will be deprived largely of these by-products. There is also an urgent demand for the extension of investigations directly beneficial to the public. This demand can be met only in a very limited way, it is pointed out, unless the appropriation is materially increased.

A project recently undertaken and for which only limited support is as yet available, is the development of methods for testing the braking ability of automobiles. This is a question now actively before the various state and municipal agencies for the control of traffic and has come to be recognized as the most vital element in the securing of safety in highway transportation. The value of this work to the country is represented not in dollars but in lives.

1924 Citizens' Military Training Camps

WAR department plans for 1924 disclose that 40,000 students between the ages of seventeen and twenty-four will be enrolled throughout the country for instruction at the citizens' military training camps, which open in all army corps areas August 1.

These camps offer a 30-day course in outdoor training to volunteer candidates who can measure up to the moral and physical standards set by the department. All expense is borne by the government.

Instruction is divided into four groups, designated as the basic, red, white and blue courses. In the basic course only the elementary [illegible] are taught, [illegible] and [illegible] studies receive the principal attention. [illegible] students in the advanced classes may specialize in infantry, cavalry, engineers or other branches of the service.

As a result of experiences at the 1923 camps, important changes to go into effect this year appear in the War department announcement. Advanced students who have attended previous C. M. T. camps will go into the ranks with the regulars, drilling, hiking and shooting alongside seasoned veterans. These youths, however, will occupy quarters and take their meals with the main body of C. M. T. candidates.

The Military Training Camps association has undertaken to launch a nation-wide drive to bring the benefits of a course at the C. M. T. camps to the attention of eligible youths.

The purposes of the camps, the War department says, is to bring together young men of all types, both foreign and native born, to develop closer national and social unity, to teach the duties and privileges of American citizenship, to show the [illegible] actual example that camp instructions of the kind contemplated will be to the taking of their men and that it will develop them physically, mentally and morally, and will teach Americanism in its true sense.

In accomplishing this purpose it will be the endeavor of the best instructors in the army to teach respect for proper authority, to add strength and vitality to the manhood of the country, teach [illegible] prompt decision, [illegible] and make for true democracy, promote physical and moral courage, strengthen self-respect, increase patriotism and regard for the rights of others and make the individual healthier and more efficient, thus increasing the collective wealth of the country.

War Surplus Property to Be Sold Out

THE War department makes the announcement that, beginning at once, every effort will be made to clean up the remaining war surplus property before the close of the fiscal year, which ends June 30. Sales at Boston, Brooklyn, Chicago, San Francisco and San Antonio will be quartermaster auctions and for the major part consist of textiles, wearing apparel and general merchandise. Sales of an entirely different character are also to be held.

During the past year the question of disposing of the remaining surplus in two or three large block sales to the highest bidders and winding up the War department's liquidation activities at the earliest possible date, has been under consideration. This idea has been abandoned, however, as having too injurious probabilities in its effect on American industry and trade. Such a scheme was attempted by Great Britain last March, War department officials pointed out, when the British government, anxious to wind up its disposal campaign, offered in a single block its remaining surplus, appraised at approximately $800,000,000.

The British government received no offer which could, in the public interest, be accepted. The policy of the United States government as regards War department liquidation, has from the outset been "one of sympathy toward its manufacturers and business firms," stated a War department official, "and to have thrown excessive stocks on the market at any one time would have incurred harsh and just criticism of our government."

"If the comment in English trade publications is to be taken seriously," a War department spokesman remarked, "that policy was less considerate of home manufacturing and mercantile interests than the American government's policy. Furthermore, it must be remembered that the British government sold its surplus to the wide, wide world, whereas the United States government has sold to American markets only, except in cases of stock for which no American market existed."

War department officials assert that the success of the War department's liquidation campaign, which has sold in five years more materials costing the government nearly $3,000,000,000, is due to newspaper and business paper advertising.

Is Winter Time Your Backache Time?

DOES every cold, chill or attack of grip leave you lame, achy and all worn out? Does your back throb and ache until it seems you just can't keep going another day? Do you know these troubles are often due to weakened kidneys?

Winter's colds and chills throw a heavy strain on the kidneys. The kidneys are apt to weaken and fall behind in filtering the blood. Poisons accumulate and upset blood and nerves.

Then comes constant backache, rheumatic pains, headache dizziness and kidney irregularities.

Don't wait! Delay is often serious. Use *Doan's Pills*—a stimulant diuretic to the kidneys. *Doan's* have helped thousands. They are recommended by users everywhere. *Ask your neighbor!*

"Use Doan's," Say These Good Folks:

Mrs. E. F. Ellis, 1436 W. Third Ave., Durango, Colo., says: "My kidneys were weak and I felt languid and tired. When I moved I had darting pains across my back. I was wondering what to do to get rid of the trouble when a friend told me about Doan's Pills. I purchased a box and relief came quickly. Since then, I have kept Doan's in my home. If ever my back bothers me, I use a few and they relieve me every time."

J. B. Rose, R. F. D., No. 1, Box 122, North Delta, Colo., says: "It was so sore over my right kidney it seemed as though it were being torn from me. When I laid down at night I could hardly stand the pain. My kidneys acted too often. I consulted a doctor and he said I had floating kidneys. I began to use Doan's Pills and in a short time I got better. I kept on using Doan's until I was cured as well as ever."

Doan's Pills

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

At all dealers, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfg. Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

Moslems Detest Bells

Bells are never used in Mohammedan mosques. The Moslem sure detests bells, under the delusion that they cause the assemblage of evil spirits.

Things to Worry About

Canton, China, is surrounded by walls of brick and sandstone, twenty-five to forty feet high and twenty feet thick.

Demand BAYER ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER" when you buy—*Genuine*

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumbago

Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Genuine Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Frequent Demonstration

"Now, the only time you kiss me, ... is when you want money." "Yes, isn't that often enough?"

Keeping a secret is one kind of endurance game.

Just So

Children capable of producing bright sayings would be a great help to a Chef [illegible].

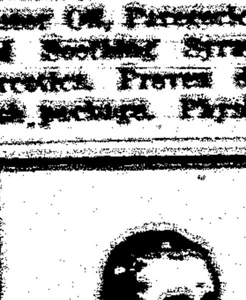
To arouse a mean man's conscience, [illegible] him at it.

Children Cry for "Castoria"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher



Two pleasant ways to relieve a cough

Take your choice and suit your taste. S-B—or Menthol flavor. A sure relief for coughs, colds and hoarseness. Put one in your mouth at bedtime. *Always keep a box on hand.*

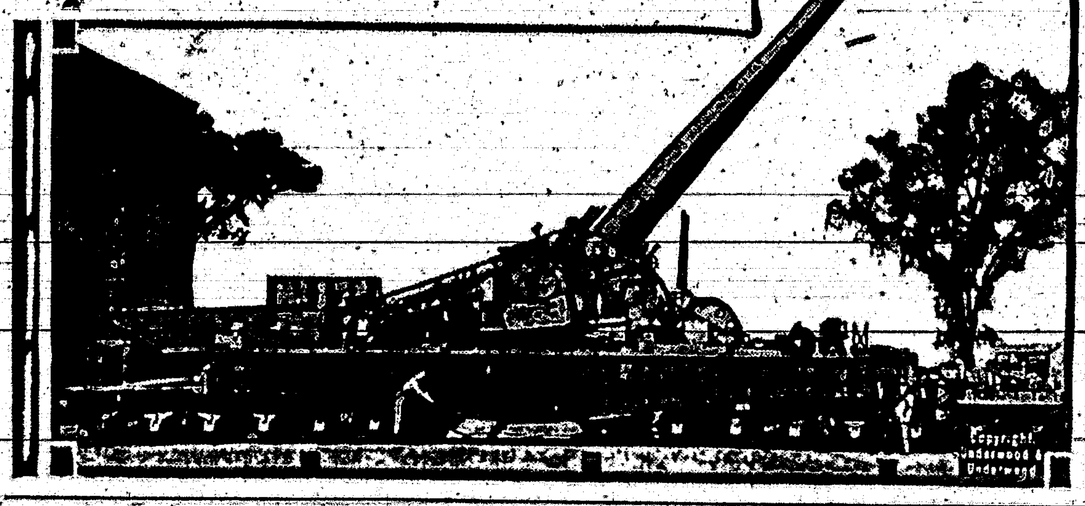
SMITH BROTHERS

S.B. COUGH DROPS MENTHOL

Famous since 1847

Tremendous Mobile Gun Built for Army

Believed to be the heaviest and most powerful gun of its type in the world is that developed by army ordnance experts—a 14-inch, 50-caliber type. It is capable of hurling an armor-piercing projectile of 1,500 pounds for a distance of 23 miles and can be mounted on wheeled carriages and drawn along railroad tracks.



Virgin Islands Are Being Depopulated

Residents No Longer Able to Earn Living.

New York.—Out of the 26,000 native inhabitants who, at one time constituted the entire population of the Virgin Islands, 8,000 of them are walking the streets of Harlem today.

This unusual exodus from St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix to New York has been gaining impetus for two years. A feeling of apprehension exists among prominent "islanders" that, unless the economic status of the natives is improved, two-thirds of those now remaining will be Harlem bound just as soon as their finances will permit.

Opportunity to earn bread and butter is the question of the moment in the Virgin Islands. The people are out of work. The scale of wages is from 12 to 22 cents an hour—when one is fortunate enough to obtain employment, and then it is only for seven or ten days in a month. There is no such thing as steady employment.

Relatives Send Money.

"If work is so scarce and the people can earn but little money, how do they manage to make their way to New York in such large numbers?" Rothschild Francis, editor of the St. Thomas Emancipator, who is in this country seeking to impress officials at Washington with the gravity of the situation, was asked.

"It costs $45 to travel steerage from St. Thomas to New York. Natives living in New York send money to relatives and friends and in this way the Virgin Islands are being steadily depopulated," was the answer.

Virgin Islanders have formed organizations in Harlem and, through united effort on their part, the negro population north of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street is being materially increased.

Prohibition Blamed.

Prohibition is primarily responsible for the economic plight of the islands purchased by the United States from Denmark in 1917 for $25,000,000, in the contention of Francis.

"St. Thomas was famous for its bay rum and St. Croix equally as famous for its sugar-cane rum, but now we are not permitted to make sugar-cane rum and there is little demand for bay rum in which there is salicylic acid," Francis said.

"St. Thomas has modern wharfs and can accommodate the bigest ships, but no longer do they touch the islands to take on coal, oil or water. There are reasons for this unofficial boycott. Ships are not searched for liquor at Jamaica, the Barbados and other ports, as at St. Thomas. Then they have been made free ports of entry, while St. Thomas is a port of call and subjected to drastic quarantine regulations.

Constructive Measures.

"With foreign ships refusing to touch St. Thomas, there is but little work for stevedores. Commerce is at a standstill and the amount of money in circulation is small. The legislators serve without pay. We are now asking leaders at Washington to have congress enact remedial legislation enabling us to deal with foreign ships the same as they do in Panama and the Philippines, two of the United States' possessions. We do not want to engage in the traffic of liquor—we only desire certain restrictive measures lifted."

Rebuking Public Officer Is Violation in Germany

Berlin.—When a German has fault to find with the service rendered him by some public official he must be very careful about threatening to report the delinquent official to higher officials. That constitutes threatening an official and is punishable under the German law. It ranks with bribery, or attempted bribery.

A disgruntled Berliner who did not like the way a post official carried out his work threatened to make a report to the council if the matters were not changed. This was reported by the official who objected to the action of the patron. The lower court held the patron had violated the law and the Supreme court of Germany has sustained the decision.

The court explained to the convicted man that he has the right to make any report he desires to the head of the department whose service displeases him. He may also report to the reichstag. But he must not tell the employee with whom he has trouble that he will make such reports unless the service is changed.

Two Hurled to Death

Fresno, Cal.—Rushing water from the burst of an 84-inch water pipe line hurled Mrs. Charles Berry and her sister, Miss Linda Stetter, 200 feet down over the edge of a canyon to instant death, according to meager advices received here from Camp 53 of the Southern California Edison company in the Sierra mountains district.

GIVES HAND TO SCIENCE

Professor Retzl, the eminent surgeon of Paris, just after his right hand had been amputated as a result of his tireless faithful work with the X-ray.

City Finds Auto Is Not Worth Its Keep

Bayonne, N. J.—This city sold at public auction recently a small automobile for $6.50, for the storage of which the city is the defendant in a suit for $625.

The automobile was found abandoned here two years ago and put in storage at the garage of J. B. Fitzmaurice. He, being unable to secure removal of it by the city, charged the latter for storage. The bill has not been paid and the suit is now pending.

BOY FORCED TO DIG HIS OWN GRAVE BY ESCAPED MANIAC

Youth Escapes Burial Alive by Attacking Madman

Dublin, Conn.—Edward Pitkin, sixteen years old, saved himself from burial alive by turning on Edward Harrington, an escaped patient from the Norwich Asylum for the Insane, and felling him with the shovel with which he was being forced to dig his own grave.

The blow knocked Harrington unconscious, and before he recovered the boy had fled to safety. Harrington later took to his heels, but was captured in Webster, Mass., to be taken back to the asylum.

Harrington escaped from the institution during the night. He met the Pitkin boy, who was on his way to school. Under the pretext of offering him a job, he lured the lad into the woods and then pulled his into the cemetery, where he procured a shovel from a vault, which he opened with a skeleton key, and compelled his young victim to begin digging his own grave.

After the Pitkin lad had excavated two feet of earth he saw his chance and suddenly struck down the escaped lunatic.

Police at Webster were led to believe that their prisoner might be Frank Weeden, who was incarcerated in Rhode Island for the murder of a boy, but escaped. An envelope bearing the name of Weeden was found in the man's pocket.

Superintendent Roe of the State hospital at Cranston, R. I., said that Weeden, who after his escape from custody was believed to have made his way to this section last summer, was supposed to have died. Harrington, it is believed, imagines that he is Weeden.

FLOOD WARNINGS SAVE PROPERTY WORTH MILLIONS

Weather Bureau Aids Farmers in Rescuing Live Stock.

Washington.—Reported flood losses during the year ending June 30, 1923, totaled $95,201,292, while the value of portable property saved by flood warnings was given in admittedly incomplete returns as $4,250,405, according to the weather bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The outstanding floods of the year were those in the Arkansas river from eastern Kansas to the mouth, the Neosho river of Kansas and Oklahoma, and the Cimarron and North Canadian rivers of Oklahoma. Four weeks of almost continuous and frequently excessive rains brought about these floods, and the crest stages were at a rate higher than any previous recorded. Coming as they did at a season of maturing wheat and growing corn and other crops, and covering in southeastern Kansas and northeastern Oklahoma alone nearly 300,000 acres of highly productive lands, the floods caused loss and damage, very incompletely reported, to the value of $27,564,203, of which by far the greater portion was in crops matured and prospective. During the great Mississippi valley floods of 1922 the total losses as reported were $17,057,790, nearly $11,000,000 less than in the Arkansas and Canadian valley floods, but the former flood came before the planting season had well set.

No flood warnings, however accurate and timely, can prevent loss of crops and damage to fixed property, but movable property, especially live stock, can be removed, and during this Arkansas valley flood live stock and other property to the value of $1,300,000 were reported as having been saved by the flood warnings of the weather bureau.

National Zoo to Get Five Norwegian Deer

Washington.—Five Norwegian reindeer which arrived in New York recently will arrive at the zoo here within the next few days, it was announced by the Department of Agriculture.

The reindeer, which came from Bergen, Norway, on the S. S. Berendsford, are now being held under quarantine at Woodside, L. I. This is in accordance with the regulations governing the importation of animals.

Girl Takes Poison to Be Near Chum in Hospital

New York.—After taking poison on the steps of a hospital here, Miss Alice Camarert, twenty years old, was taken into the institution in a serious condition.

"I took the poison as I could be near my friend, Marie Cascardi, who is ill in this hospital," she told doctors. The two young women were placed in adjoining beds.

GOOD ROADS

CONCRETE WINS IN TEST OF MATERIALS

An interesting road experiment has been conducted in Illinois for the purpose of ascertaining the facts concerning the wearing quality of different road materials. This test road is known as the Bates experimental road. It consists of 63 sections of pavement each 18 feet wide and from 100 to 250 feet in length. They are laid end to end so that they make a continuous straight pavement two miles long. Twenty-two of these sections were of brick, 17 of asphalt and 24 of concrete. In each type of pavement the sections varied in thickness from those so thin that they were sure to break under the lightest test loads to sections which were considered strong enough to support successfully the heaviest load permitted by the state traffic law.

All of the materials for the pavements were made to conform to the high standard as required by state specifications, and the spirit of the whole test was to learn the facts. After this road had been constructed army trucks made 22,200 round trips over them. Each truck was loaded differently as the test progressed, starting with the lightest load possible for them, and gradually increasing the load until the greatest traffic imposed upon any such was 877,460 tons. Over 50 per cent of this was the legal load limit for four tons per rear wheel. After the test was completed it was found that the concrete had stood the test best of any material used. In fact, it was an overwhelming victory for concrete pavement and this can be better understood when it is given in percentage. Only 4½ per cent of the brick pavement sustained this traffic without injury. Only 11¾ per cent of the asphalt sustained this traffic, whereas 41.23 per cent of the concrete sections satisfactorily sustained the entire test. The test will be still further continued this spring, and new sections of concrete have been put down having the edges thicker than the center. It will be interesting to note what the outcome of these tests will be.—R. B. House, Department of Civil and Irrigation Engineering, Colorado Agricultural College.

Link National Roads in West With Eastern Lines

Construction of highways in the Western states to connect that territory with the East and form transcontinental routes was approved by a delegation of representatives in congress from that section meeting with state and federal highway officials at Washington.

A committee was named to confer with the public roads bureau in the formation of plans which probably will call for government aid. Harvey M. Toy of the California highway commission presented the views of the states.

Representative Colton of Utah was named chairman of the committee to formulate plans. Other members include Representatives Summers, Washington; Sinnot, Oregon; Fredericks, California; Leavitt, Montana; Smith, Idaho; Richards, Nevada; Hayden, Arizona; Winter, Wyoming; Vaile, Colorado, and Morrow, New Mexico.

Immense Sum Spent for Good Roads in Missouri

A. G. Hepler, engineer of maintenance of the state highway department, gives out figures showing that since the establishment of the department there has been expended in the construction of roads and bridges the sum of $[illegible].

This represents completed work on completed and incomplete projects. The total mileage is 2,[illegible], of which there are 1,[illegible] miles of graded earth yet to be surfaced. The cost of completed bridge construction was $1,[illegible],000. Graded earth cost $7,000,000, concrete and brick $9,084,000, gravel $6,384,000 and macadam and asphalt $[illegible]. The hard surfaced roads, 1,814 miles, have cost $[illegible].

Order Advertising Signs From Arizona Highways

Advertising signs have been ordered removed from the sides of all roads that traverse the forest reserves of Arizona and New Mexico. District Engineer E. S. Wheeler of the bureau of public roads hereafter will permit only roadside signs that have been placed by highway organizations or automobile clubs. There is suggestion that a bill be offered in the next legislature prohibiting disfigurement by advertising of any state highways, as well as of the erection of billboards at intersections where they shut off the view and thus conduce toward accident.

High Heels Are Hard on Pavement in French City

Paris pavements are very largely of wood and deteriorate very rapidly. When the cause was sought by the city engineers it was found that the heels of women's shoes were largely responsible. The feminine shoe heels are so narrow at the base as to be almost points, and these penetrate the wood, punching holes in which the water settles, thus rotting the paving.—Scientific American.

Why You May Need—

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET

There are three main groups of prospective buyers of Chevrolet automobiles and commercial cars.

First, are all who know from comparisons or through the experiences of friends that Chevrolet provides the utmost dollar value in modern, economical transportation of people or merchandise.

Second, the large group of people with modest incomes who have the false impression that so good a car as Chevrolet is beyond their means.

They do not realize that due to engineering excellence and full modern equipment, Chevrolet operating and maintenance costs average so low that during the life of the car, it delivers modern, comfortable, fast transportation at the lowest cost per mile, including the purchase price.

Third, the smaller but very important group of car owners of ample means, only a small percentage of whom as yet realize that Chevrolet as an extra car virtually costs them nothing, due to the reduction in their transportation expenses effected by it.

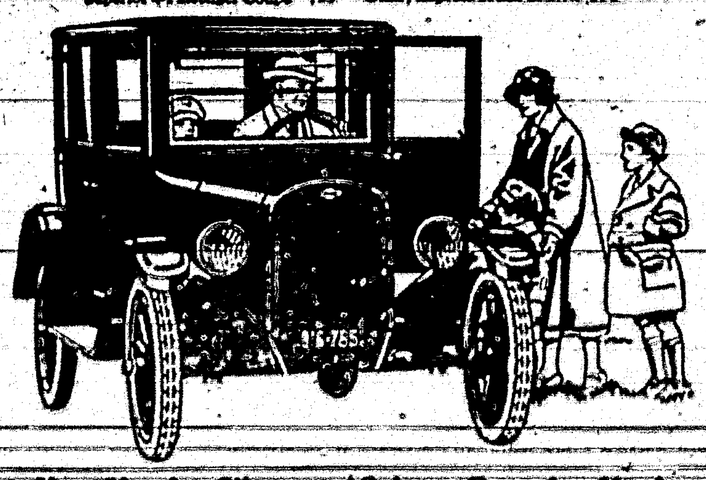
We respectfully suggest consideration, investigation and comparison of Chevrolet with any other car at any price.

Chevrolet Motor Company, Detroit, Michigan

Division of General Motors Corporation

Prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Superior Roadster	$490	Superior Sedan	$795
Superior Touring	495	Superior Commercial Chassis	395
Superior Utility Coupe	640	Superior Light Delivery	495
Superior 4-Passenger Coupe	725	Utility Express Truck Chassis	550



New Use for Silver

The bureau of mines was authorized by Secretary Work to begin a research into possible new uses for silver. Dr. L. L. Shaw, assistant chief chemist of the bureau, was named to conduct the experiments at the Reno (Nev.) laboratory. As a result of a preliminary investigation, the bureau has reported that a "systematic research to develop a remarkable silver alloy or one in which the tendency to tarnish is reduced and the development of a silver alloy for use on automobiles would be of benefit to the industry."

A Slight Error

Jake—I hear that Jones opened a grocery store and was sent to jail.

Mike—How so?

Jake—It belonged to another man.—Town Topics.

Salmon Eggs Are Used To Lure Mouna'n Trout

Salmon eggs are another delicacy that the mountain, cutthroat, dolly varden and rainbow trouts of the western ranges are very partial toward.

This bait is fished in the swift and tumbling waters of the little mountain rivers of Idaho, Washington and Oregon to a large extent, as they are obtained in the vicinity of the great salmon runs.

Used in connection with a small quantity of some spoon spinner these eggs are a deadly killer of the western trout. They are also great lures for the gray trout of the northern lakes.—Sportsman's Digest.

No good cause ever started with a working majority.

One Reason for Nervous Disorders

YOUR doctor can tell you that nervous disorders are very common among Americans. One reason for this is found in the fact that they are great coffee drinkers.

Coffee contains caffeine, a drug, prescribed by doctors as an emergency stimulant for the heart and nervous system. It has a tendency to increase blood pressure, develop heart irregularities and cause digestive disturbances.

If you feel that coffee is not good for you, serve Postum as your mealtime drink.

Postum is a pure cereal beverage that refreshes and satisfies. It is absolutely free from caffeine or any other irritating drug.

Try a cup of Postum with your dinner or supper tonight. Postum is sold everywhere.

Postum for Health

"There's a Reason"

Postum comes in two forms: Instant Postum (in tins) prepared instantly in the cup by the addition of boiling water, Postum Cereal (in packages) for those who prefer the flavor brought out by boiling fully 20 minutes. The cost of either form is about one half cent a cup.

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1924

Washington News Letter

By Wallace Bassford

(Special Correspondent)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Standing in a street in Washington, watching the stately progress of the solemn cortage which bore to its last resting place the poor clay which a few years ago was the foremost man in all this world, some serious thoughts forced the way without the will.

His death came just at a time to force some sharp comparisons and to draw some curious parallels. It came at a moment when great scandals were rending parties, destroying ambitions and sending men to the political boneyard, yet touching not the dying man in any manner. His hands were clean to the end; if there had ever been anything of dross, his closing years and death disclosed nothing remaining in the crucible but gold. On his shroud there was no black smirch of the grafter, in his coffin no space for the cold *formulas of* political creeds, no room for the hatred of any Nemesis such as followed his every step for a decade. He lived and died free from such political scandal as now threatens the very existence of the party in power.

Woodrow Wilson hated the political makeshifts of those physicians who see and treat a single symptom, while letting the disease run its deadly course. The land is full of [illegible] mongers, peddling their quack remedies about by the car load, while financial tricksters hold the high places and manipulate financial legislation through [illegible] recommendation, for the easing of their own [illegible]. Of such men and their ilk he would have nothing; great that he was, he kept the faith, he fought a good fight, he ran a true course. He will live long in the hearts and history of the people, for he died as the martyrs die, or as he dies who falls.

"With the harness on, the broadsword leaping,
The wild fight surging fast,
Sore wounded with each stroke, yet keeping
His stout front to the last."

The blow which felled Wilson in the midst of his vast labors for humanity was a stab at the breast of freedom. He fell in mid-career, with his work half done, the laurels of his victories at Paris still green upon his brow. The blows of partisan envy and jealousy he took in front, yielding neither to brutality nor blandishments, turning neither to the right nor to the left, but with his face toward that high ideal of Peace on Earth whose most eminent disciple perished on Calvary. There was iron in the blood of the man and the courage of his high convictions was as those tides of the sea which go on and on forever. His was that stalwart, indomitable courage which chained Fortune to his chariot wheel only that he might, from his high vantage point, strike the truer blows at those hideous conditions surrounding the lives of millions of human beings which were to him intolerable.

The death which finally came to him was, doubtless, to the patient sufferer, in the nature of a benediction. In the lingering years there might have been to a lesser soul some satisfaction in the mounting proof that time at last makes all things even.

There came a day, in that bloody holocaust called the French revolution, when that wild beast, Robespierre, was placed on trial for his life. Of all his monumental crimes, perhaps the most inexcusable villainy was his execution of Danton. Murderer, yet coward, when his accusers faced him he turned a sickly hue and choked so badly he could not speak. La Source (Garnier) cried out: "The blood of Danton chokes thee, Robespierre!" Today the blood of Woodrow Wilson chokes those political foes who broke his frail body on the rack of battle—his heroic spirit none could break.

On the 6th day of December, 1919, Mr. Wilson lay desperately ill in the White House. That day a committee of Republican senators, led by Fall of New Mexico, invaded the sick room and pulled down the covers on the bed of the first citizen of the land, in the hope that they might find something from which to start a new attack on the prostrate leader of the great war. Emerson, in his great essay on the law of Compensation, tells us that for each good we do, another good awaits us just around the corner, and for each evil act, another evil follows fast. The other day a committee, sent by that same senate, waited on Senator Fall and made examination of his physical condition, following this by a report which caused him to be led before an investigation of the [illegible], whose cowardlike, he [illegible] behind his "constitutional rights." How [illegible] come home to roost! And [illegible] a venerable [illegible], on Day of Wrath, is approaching, when many a political [illegible] will walk the plank. [illegible] of Mr. Wilson [illegible] in 1920 [illegible] other than the slanderers had temporarily gotten in their work. The people have had time to stop, look and listen, and they have done it with good effect. A few months will see the whole Republican administration hurled from power. Verily, the blood of Wilson is choking a whole party.

Mr. Wilson was the idol of his followers; they loved him as David loved Jonathan; their souls clave to his. His wounds made their hearts bleed. He was pulled down by the political wolves who sought to make capital out of his downfall, but who have won only a brief and transient victory. He went down, but with his flag flying; never a trimmer, he never apologized for his convictions or his actions. As Chief Executive his record stands with the purest and the greatest. He was not the sort of president who could elevate jack-leg lawyers to the highest places or send stock market gamblers to the courts of Europe.

Denby and Daugherty

The United States senate has passed a resolution requesting President Coolidge to ask for the resignation of Secretary Denby, head of the navy. The president has declined to act on the suggestion. Another resolution is pending in which the president is asked to have his Attorney General, Mr. Daugherty, walk the plank. The present temper of congress leads to the belief that this resolution will also be presented to the president.

Every day that President Coolidge retains these two men he further weakens confidence in his administration and lessens public expectation that all the parties to this scandalous transaction shall be punished. The Teapot Dome scandal is an impairment of the national honor, and the nation's honor to be vindicated in this matter requires that everyone concerned in this transfer of the navy's reserve fuel for war emergency to private interests in connection with the financial transactions admitted, should be summarily removed from the government service, and this would include the Assistant Secretary of the Navy Theodore Roosevelt as well as Secretary Denby and Attorney General Daugherty.

The mere fact that there is not enough confidence in the Department of Justice under the present Attorney General to entrust it with the legal conduct of this case would impel any attorney general with a better understanding of legal ethics and political morals than Attorney General Daugherty to resign.

After first pleading ignorance in the matter, Secretary Denby became defiant. Whatever further culpability may be established in his case, he has thoroughly demonstrated his unfitness to be in charge of the United States navy. Mr. Roosevelt is too ingenuous and unsuspecting to be an assistant even to a Denby.

1923-24 Lyceum Course

STATEMENT

Tickets sold in advance, $132.

Admissions

$31.19	Theresa Sheehan Co.	Oct. 24, 1923
$30.20	Irene Rowley	Nov. 19, 1923
$[illegible]	The Kellum Duo	Dec. 14, 1923
$19.75	Frank Church	Jan. 11, 1924
$[illegible]	The New York Players	Jan. 30, 1924
	The Scotts	Feb. 14, 1924
Total receipts, $[illegible]		Total cost, $[illegible]

The above statement will give an idea of the necessity of a large turn-out for the next and last of the Lyceum Course. To the $390, which is net to the Lyceum company, will have to be added expense and rent of theatre.

Methodist Church

(W. R. McPherson, Pastor.)

Sunday School 10 a. m.; D. S. Donaldson, Supt.

Preaching 11 a. m.

Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

Preaching 7:30 p. m.

A cordial invitation is extended to the people of the town to attend these services.

$5.00 REWARD—Lost between Carrizozo and Nogal, Wednesday Feb. 6th, a box of freight labeled "Nogal Mercantile Co." Leave with Frank Richard, Carrizozo, and receive reward.

LUMBER

And Building Material, Paints and Glass

CARRIZOZO **Western Lumber Co., Inc.** NEW MEX.

Phone 39 D. R. STEWART, Manager.

NEW
BIG PACKAGE
111
Cigarettes
24 for 15¢

Just two things have made it possible for us to give you this 20% reduction on Tuxedo
1. A reduction in the cost of Kentucky Burley tobacco and in package materials, as well.
2. The consolidation of three of our big plants into one. [illegible]
Tuxedo is always Fresh. Every package is—

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

A Quarterly Mailing of Dividend Checks to the 270,000 Stockholders of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co.

Nationwide Ownership

NATIONWIDE in the scope of its service, the Bell System is nationwide also in the distribution of its securities.

In street car, at church, at theatre, at grocery store counter you rub elbows with its owners.

They differ as widely in occupation and in wealth as do the more than 14,000,000 subscribers served by the system. But as Bell subscribers are united by a common means of inter-communication, so Bell owners are united by a common characteristic—*thrift.*

Other forms of thrift have very properly attracted the savings of thousands of Americans, but none of them more truly illustrates an investment democracy and none more directly serves the public.

Two hundred and seventy thousand people have made common property of their savings in order to maintain this great national public utility.

Their dollars serve them and serve the nation.

Bell System

One Policy — One System — Universal Service — And All Directed Toward Better Service

The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Co.

The Stockmens State Bank

CORONA, N. M.

(Member of the Federal Reserve System)

WE WANT YOU TO BECOME acquainted with the facts that we have one of the best Banks in the State.

We want your business, and are in a position to give you prompt and courteous service.

Let our Bank be your Bank.

E. M. BRICKLEY, President OTTO LOWE, Cashier

Special Facilities For Banquet and Dinner Parties

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

Going to California ?

Take the Golden State Limited

(The Convenient Train)

EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN ROUTE

For Arizona and California Points

Call on Local Agent for full information regarding rates, schedules, and reservations, or address

JNO. D. MASON, G.P.A., El Paso, Tex.

Educational News

(By Mrs. Louise H. Coe)

The attendance banner for January was won by Miss Bell Norton of Carolita who had 100 per cent attendance.

The State Board of Education at its meeting last week set the following dates for the eighth grade examinations; March 6 and 7, and April 17 and 18.

The 12th day of February in each and every year is established in the annual school calendar as Lincoln Day, in honor of the birth of Abraham Lincoln. It is not a holiday for schools, but we trust was observed with patriotic exercises in all the schools.

February 22 (Washington's birthday) is observed by the schools as a legal holiday. If any teacher or teachers shall have arranged before hand a program of exercises by the pupils, appropriate for the occasion, for such day, no money shall be deducted from their salaries because of absence from active school duty.

Tucson, Lincoln and Hondo schools were visited last week. All of these schools are progressing, and the teachers are doing their part in having the children prepared for next year's work, even if the schools close at the end of seven months.

Three years of High School work are given at Lincoln. The first year of Home Economics has been taken for the second semester and the girls expect to receive one-half credit. Two rooms in the old court house have been fitted up for this work and the equipment meets all requirements. You are invited to visit the schools and see the splendid work that is being done.

At Hondo the first year of High School work is being given. There are eight pupils in the 8th grade and nine in the 9th grade. General science was finished the first semester. The equipment for this laboratory was purchased by money donated by the Hondo community. The 9th grade are now studying Agriculture and many interesting and instructive experiments are being worked out.

The Ancho school was visited Tuesday of this week. Miss Straley had in attendance 36 pupils in the first four grades. Mrs. Wilson, the principal, had 16 in higher grades. The art work was done at Ancho before Christmas and makes a splendid display, but since Christmas no time has been spent on any subject other than the essentials.

The Rabenton and Jacks Peak schools were visited Wednesday and these schools were found doing good work.

The Rabenton school's have consolidated and the teachers, patrons and pupils are pleased with the change.

Jacks Peak are enjoying their new school building.

I wish it could have been possible for all Lincoln county teachers to have attended the Chaves County Teachers Association at Roswell last week. The addresses by Miss Isabel Eckles, state superintendent, and Dr. A. O. Bowden, of Silver City Normal, were inspirational and instructive.

Miss Eckles may visit the Lincoln county schools in the near future.

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Sterling, Manager

Sat. Feb. 16—Lyceum Concert.

Fri., 22—"Crossed Wires," with Gladys Walton. Consolidated. "Fighting Blood," No. 12, with George O'Hara. Film Booking.

Sat., Feb. 23—"Steelheart," with William Duncan. Vitagraph. Comedy, "Pill Pounder," with Charlie Murray. Hodkinson.

Coming March 4th and 5th, "The Kentucky Derby."

Eutimio Ansures—Captive

By Clement Hightower, San Patricio

The subject of this brief sketch passed to the Great Beyond last Sunday, at the home of Faustino Salcido, near Hondo.

Eutimio Ansures was born somewhere in northern Mexico about sixty-five years ago; the place and the date being unknown to him. When a small child a marauding band of savage Apaches swept down upon the rancho or pueblo and killed most of the inhabitants, carrying off as captives many of the women and children, including himself, and driving away all the cattle, horses, sheep and goats belonging to the villagers. This raid doubtless occurred in the early 60's, as Eutimio was old enough to remember all of the incidents quite vividly.

In 1872 a detachment of U. S. cavalry with Robt Casey, founder of the Casey ranch near Picacho, in Lincoln county, and father of the Casey family, most of whom still live in this county, as guide, left Fort Stanton, in pursuit of a band of Apache Indians who had recently raided the settlements along the Hondo river and vicinity. Robert Casey was an experienced frontiersman, soldier and Indian fighter, and was well acquainted with the country harboring these Indians. After several days cautious march the Indian camp was discovered and attacked at daybreak the following morning. Several Indians were killed, and the entire camp, which turned out to be occupied by the women and children and old men and captives, was taken. Among the captives was Eutimio Ansures then a boy of 15 or 16 years old; all the other captives were restored to their relatives by the United States Government, but Eutimio, who had been traded several times among different bands of Indians, could give no coherent information about his former home and believing that all his relatives had been killed by the Apaches at the time he was captured, elected to remain with Mr. Casey, who had saved his life when the camp was attacked. He remained on the Casey ranch, and with different members of the family on the Hondo, for over fifty years.

ADVICE TO THE AGED

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys, torpid liver.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, gives natural action, and imparts vigor to the system.

Episcopal Service

Church services will be held in the Kelley Chapel Sunday evening, Feb. 17, by Rector Stanley, of Fort Stanton. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Still Headquarters for the best drugs and all sundries.—Paden's Drug Store.

I.O.O.F.

Carrizozo Lodge NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.

R. H. Taylor, N. G.
Wm. J. Langston, Sec'y.

Fresh Home-Made CANDIES

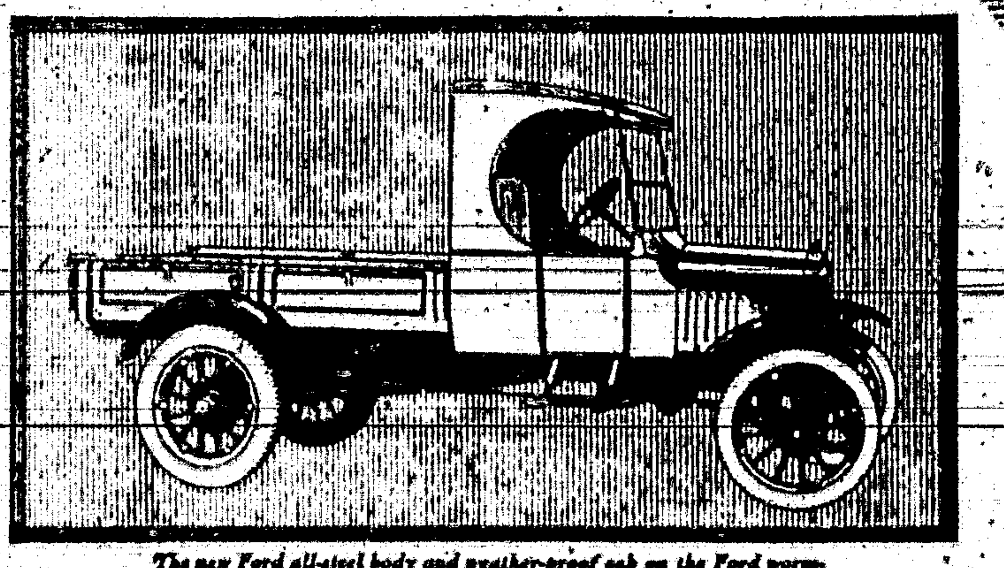
Get a Box or Package of THE CHOICEST AND SWEETEST

Mrs. J. K. Such
East Alamogordo Ave.

Ford — ONE TON TRUCK

$490

A complete Ford Truck with all-steel body and cab
CHASSIS ONLY, $370.00
Prices f. o. b. Detroit



The new Ford all-steel body and weather-proof cab on the Ford worm-drive chassis makes world's lowest priced complete one-ton truck.

A New Ford Steel Truck Body

The Ford Motor Company announces the production of a new all-steel body and steel weather-proof cab, mounted on the famous Ford one-ton, worm-drive chassis, forming a complete haulage unit at the remarkably low price of $490.

Steel flare boards and end gate with sockets permit the use of stakes and high side boards or the mounting of a canopy top, making the body readily adaptable for general use. Screen sides and end doors may easily be installed.

This new body, built of heavy sheet steel strongly reinforced and riveted, is designed to stand up under the most severe usage. Loading space is four feet by seven feet two inches.

The weather-proof cab is fitted with removable, door-opening curtains.

This Car can be obtained through the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan

Authorized Ford Dealers

Ford
CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

SEVERE CRAMPING SPELLS, PAINS IN BACK AND SIDES

"My trouble has been periodic cramping spells," says Mrs. C. C. Draper, of Atlanta, Texas. "For several years these have come on me so bad that I had to quit my work and go to bed. Every month I would stay in bed from one to two days. The pains in my back and sides were awful.

"This went on for several months after I was married until, one time when I was having a bad spell, my husband suggested that I try Cardui. I said I would try it, so he got me a bottle at the store and I began to take it.

"It seemed like I improved from the very first dose. When I had taken one bottle I was very much better. I did not cramp so hard the next month and I ate and slept better. I was not nearly so nervous, either. I thought Cardui was fine, so I continued the treatment until I had taken five bottles, at which time I felt completely well. I had no more cramping spells at all, and my health was as good as anybody's. I am feeling fine now and I give all the credit to Cardui, for I had been suffering for years before I took it."

Cardui is a vegetable extract, containing no harmful ingredients. It is made from mild-acting medicinal herbs with a gentle, tonic, strengthening effect upon certain female organs and upon the system in general. Its users have testified to its special value at the time of entering womanhood, at maturity and at the time of the change of life.

For over 40 years, Cardui has been tested in use by thousands of women who have written to tell of the great benefit they have received from it. For over 40 years, medical authorities have recommended one of the principal ingredients of Cardui in the treatment of certain female complaints.

Cardui, the woman's tonic, tested by time, is today the product of many years of experience and investigation. It is manufactured in up-to-date laboratories by the most modern and sanitary methods of pharmaceutical science and is for sale by all druggists.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE
Phone 86

Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1924:

Jan 19; Feb. 16; Mar. 15; Apr. 19; May 17; Jun. 14; July 12; Aug. 9; Sept. 13; Oct. 11; Nov. 8; Dec. 6 & 27

James B. French, W. M.
Samuel F. Miller, Secretary.

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
Phone 96
Carrizozo N. M.

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in Exchange Bank Bldg Upstairs

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo N. M.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST
Phone [illegible] CARRIZOZO, N. M.
ABSTRACTS—ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE

CLASSIFIED

Lost—Sunday, January 13, between the Depot and Lunch Room, an old-fashioned hollow gold lady's ear bob, with engraved grapes and leaves. Leave at this office and receive reward. 1-25-2t

Molto, the Cleaner, will do the work.—Paden's Drug Store.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest.—Scott's

Best quality of 36 in. and 27-in. Fall Outing Flannel at Ziegler Bros.

Stationery, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Etc.—Paden's Drug Store.

Sweet milk, quarts 20c, pints 10c. at Rustin's Dairy.

For Rent—A [illegible] [illegible] furnished [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and cold water. Apply to —Hotel Lone

[illegible] Bulbs [illegible] [illegible] tubes, bath tubs, sinks, etc. Also [illegible] [illegible] Tag Hardware Store.

For [illegible] Flannel, 36 in. and 27 in. Best quality. At Ziegler Bros.

Speed your orders while [illegible] get the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Hampshire [illegible] at $3.00 per setting. We also carry a [illegible] supply of Ford's [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] Hampton [illegible]

WANTED—Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children. Eliminates darning. Salary $75 a week full time, $1.50 an hour spare time. Cottons, heathers, silks. International Stocking Mills. 1-4-10 Norristown, Pa.

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo New Mexico

GEO. B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo New Mexico

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms [illegible] Upstairs in the Lutz Bldg.
Carrizozo, : : New Mexico

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of a final decree of foreclosure and order of sale, entered the 10th day of September, 1923, in the District Court of Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, in cause No. 3374, on the civil docket of said court, wherein The First National Bank of Carrizozo, New Mexico, a corporation, is plaintiff, and Harry L. Lee and The First National Bank of Roswell, New Mexico, a corporation, are defendants, the undersigned special master, designated in such final decree of foreclosure and order of sale, will offer for sale, at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Carrizozo, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, at ten o'clock a. m., on Thursday, the 28th day, of February, 1924, the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, to-wit:

The northwest quarter, the north half of the southwest quarter and lots three and four of section thirty-two, in township five south of range eleven east, of the New Mexico Meridian, New Mexico, containing three hundred eight and thirty-hundredths acres, more or less.

Notice is further given that the amount to be realized from said sale, according to the terms of said final decree of foreclosure and order of sale, and the amount due on the date of sale, are as follows:

Principal debt and interest, and accrued costs to date of sale, $718.60; attorney's fees, $60.00; master's fee, $10.00, together with the cost of advertising this sale.

Dated this 31st day of January, A. D. 1924.

ROBERT H. TAYLOR,
2-1-4t Special Master

Commissioners' Sale

Lin Branum, Plaintiff, Vs. Alfred Mycklebwaite, Defendant.	District Court for Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, No. 3400.

Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the District Court for Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, on the 10th day of January, 1924, in the above entitled action, wherein Lin Branum, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree against Alfred Mycklebwaite, defendant in said action, on the 10th day of January, 1924, which said decree was, on the 10th day of January, 1924, recorded in the Court Records of Lincoln County, I, the undersigned, was appointed by said Court, Commissioner, and commanded to sell at public auction. All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The west half of section fifteen (15) in Township eight (8), south of Range eleven (11) East of the New Mexico Principal Meridian, or such part and parcel thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and decree.

Public Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1924 between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and the setting of the sun of that day, in front of the district court house upon the above described land, I will, in compliance to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell the above described property at public auction, for the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's judgment, with costs of suit and expenses of sale.

There will be due plaintiff from defendant on said day of sale, the sum of $[illegible], and the cost of publishing this notice.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1924.

T. E. KELLEY,
1-18-5 District Court Commissioner.

A Gemlet

He wiggled in and he wiggled out,
And he left the people still in doubt
As whether the snake that made the track
Was going north or coming back

L. W. ADAMS
GLENCOE, N. M.
Agent for
Finest Fruit Trees
Stark's Nursery Products

DEATH TAKES WOODROW WILSON, OUTSTANDING FIGURE OF THE AGE

Remarkable Career of the Man Who, After Gaining Fame as an Educator and Author, Became President, and During the Great War Was the Most Powerful Individual in the World—Originator of the League of Nations.

Woodrow Wilson, twenty-eighth president of the United States of America, was the most prominent world-figure of the events growing out of the World war, the most momentous of all wars. His place, as history will fix it, can only be conjectured. Hundreds of millions placed him at the zenith, as they placed the ex-kaiser at the nadir.

The great war brought to the front many men whose names will live in honor. In the last analysis three men stand out: Wilson, Lloyd George, Clemenceau. Of these three it was Wilson who held the world's eye—Wilson, the human phenomenon of the times, until fifty-four no more than a college president and political writer and at sixty-three on a pinnacle of fame and honor and power unsurpassed if ever attained by any man in history.

It is impossible now to differentiate between Woodrow Wilson the man and Woodrow Wilson the head of the most powerful nation of earth in wealth, material and fighting men. Certainly he could not have reached the place he held without great ability and extraordinary capacity for leadership. By virtue of his place he became a focus of world attention as soon as the great war began. Before the armistice was signed he had become a great moral leader with the ear of the peoples of the world. Only as such could he have forced upon the allied world the unofficial acceptance of his project of a league of nations, with its the poles. Senator J. Thomas Heflin (Dem., Ala.), when representative spoke on the floor of "Woodrow Wilson, the greatest apostle of world liberty and democracy since Jesus Christ."

Senator Thomas W. Hardwick (Dem.) of Georgia, said January 21 in the senate: "I believe in a written constitution. I believe in a strict interpretation of it . . . and I believe that unless we leave and abandon this mad saturnalia of imperialism here at home and return to the ancient principles of our fathers there will be no safety nor happiness for the people of this republic."

Senator Albert B. Cummins (Rep.) of Iowa expressed the half-way view when he said in the senate January 23: "I think President Wilson is the most intensely practical statesman of this or any other day. He began his administration in the belief that the executive office had not the power that it ought to have. He has accomplished more in the direction in which he set his face and his mind than any other man, either in this generation or in any former generation; and the only criticism, if it be a criticism, is that he has not marched in the right direction and has done things that he ought not to have done."

In the process of wresting from congress all the powers he believed the Constitution conferred upon the executive, President Wilson made many political enemies who questioned not his ability, but his motives and methods.

MRS. AND MRS. WOODROW WILSON

[illegible] as set forth to congress January 18, 1918.

Abroad and at Home.

The [illegible] by President Wilson's visits to Paris, London and Rome was proof of his unique place in the regard of the people. It was evident that he was to Europeans not so much a man as a voice—a voice putting into words what they wanted and had not been able to express. His ideas and ideals were a sort of religion to them.

But he showed himself a statesman as well as a voice. He played the game [illegible]. He [illegible] sympathy between himself and the men of the crowd. He made few if any mistakes in [illegible] of judgment. He "[illegible]" his [illegible] to use his own expression, with the best of Europe and he got his league of nations before the peace conference and got it adopted.

President Wilson's two months in Europe may be divided into phases. When he landed the attitude toward the league of nations was [illegible]. The government of France was antagonistic; Great Britain was suspicious; Italy's was skeptical. The first phase, his triumphant progress through France, England and Italy opened the eyes of these governments to his hold on the people. The second phase, the preliminary work of the peace conference, convinced these governments that President Wilson had an idea rather than a set plan which he purposed to force upon them. This simplified the situation and the rush to climb on the bandwagon began.

Contemporary estimates of President Wilson at home were as wide apart as

To particularize would be largely to review the political history of the last six years. The railroad situation, however, may be cited as an example. Representative E. E. Denison (Rep.) of Illinois said January 15, 1918, "Government ownership of railroads will be the dominant political issue in the next national campaign and Mr. McAdoo will of course expect to be the candidate of his party. He will hope to capitalize what has been done for the railroad men."

President Wilson was re-elected in 1916 upon a peace platform. October 25, 1918, just before the congressional elections, he issued an appeal to the voters of the United States asking them, if they had approved of his leadership and wished him to continue to be their unembarrassed spokesman in affairs at home and abroad, to express themselves unmistakably to that effect by returning a Democratic majority to both houses. The result of the elections was to change the political complexion of both houses as follows: 65th congress—Senate, 51 Democrats and 45 Republicans; house, 215 Republicans and 213 Democrats. 66th congress—Senate, 47 Democrats and 49 Republicans; house, 239 Republicans and 196 Democrats.

President Wilson in attending the peace conference made several new departures. He left the country during office. He took the office with him, signing acts and making appointments while in Paris. He ignored the senate, though he is empowered by the Constitution to make treaties "by and with the advice and consent of the senate." He appointed as the American representatives himself, Secretary of State Robert Lansing, Henry White, Edward M. House and General Tasker H. Bliss. He sailed December 4, 1918, and arrived at Paris December 14. The French capital was en fete for the occasion. December 24 he went to England and thence to Italy. He returned to Paris January 8, after a journey that resembled a "triumphal procession."

After the preliminary sessions of the peace conference President Wilson returned to the United States in February, returning to Paris March 15, 1919. He signed the peace treaty June 28, 1919, and returned to the United States July 8. His second term as president expired March 3, 1920.

After his retirement from the presidency Mr. Wilson lived quietly, making a partly successful fight to regain his health. He occasionally went to the theater and rode much in his car about the environs of Washington. He bought a home in Washington and in 1921 formed a law partnership with Bainbridge Colby, who had been his secretary of state, succeeding Robert Lansing. He took part in the funeral procession of President Harding in Washington and was the recipient of much public attention.

Mr. Wilson's last public utterance was last fall, November 10, 1923, the eve of Armistice day, he spoke by radio to the American people, defending his peace policy and saying that the American people had withdrawn into a "sullen and selfish isolation which is deeply ignoble because manifestly cowardly and dishonorable."

Armistice day Mr. Wilson briefly addressed thousands from the front steps of his home, concluding thus:

"I am not one of those that have the least anxiety about the triumph of the principles I have stood for. I have seen fools resist Providence before and I have seen their destruction, as will come upon these again—utter destruction and contempt. That we shall prevail is as sure as that God reigns. Thank you."

Chronology of Wilson.

Woodrow Wilson was born December 28, 1856, in Staunton, Va. He was the son of Rev. Joseph R. Wilson, a Presbyterian minister, and Jessie (Woodrow) Wilson. In 1885 he married Ellen Louise Axson. They had three daughters—Jessie (Mrs. Francis B. Sayre), Eleanor (Mrs. W. G. McAdoo) and Margaret. Mrs. Wilson died August 10, 1914, in the White House. December 18, 1915, Mr. Wilson married Edith (Bolling) Galt, a descendant of Pocahontas. The first 23 years of Mr. Wilson's life covered his boyhood and education. The next 25 were devoted to teaching and writing. With his election to the governorship of New Jersey in 1910 began his active political career. His chronology follows:

1858—Family removed to Atlanta, Ga. Student in private schools.

1875-9—Student at Princeton.

1879-80—Law student at University of Virginia.

1882-3—Practicing lawyer in Atlanta.

1883-5—Postgraduate course at Johns Hopkins university in history, jurisprudence and political science; received degree of Ph. D.

1885—Associate professor of history at Bryn Mawr college.

1888—Professor of history and political economy at Wesleyan.

1890—Professor of jurisprudence and political economy at Princeton.

1902—President of Princeton (first nonclerical).

Political Career Begins.

1910—Elected governor of New Jersey.

1912—Nominated by Democratic national convention in Baltimore in June on forty-sixth ballot by vote of 990 out of 1,088 over Champ Clark of Missouri and Judson Harmon of Ohio. Elected president over Taft and Roosevelt.

1916—Nominated by acclamation by Democratic national convention in St. Louis in June. Elected president over Charles E. Hughes.

Woodrow Wilson's Ph. D. thesis was "Congressional Government: A Study in American Politics" (1885). His later works include:

"The State: Elements of Historical and Practical Politics" (1889; new edition, 1918).

"An Old Master, and Other Political Essays" (1893).

"Division and Reunion" (1893).

"Mere Literature, and Other Essays" (1896; new edition, 1913).

"George Washington" (1896; new edition, 1913).

"The Free Life" (1908; new edition, 1913).

"Constitutional Government in the United States" (1908).

"Civic Problems" (1909).

"History of the American People" (5 Vols., 1902; new edition, 1918).

"The New Freedom" (1913).

"When a Man Comes to Himself" (1915).

Little Willis.

Little Willis tried to swing aboard the caboose as the south-bound freight pulled out Saturday morning. The doctor says he will be able to attend school Monday.

Lone Ocean Voyager Wins French Grand Sport Prize

Paris.—The Academy of Sports has awarded its annual grand prize of 10,000 francs to Alain J. Gerbault, the tennis player.

Among previous recipients of the prize was the late Capt. George Guynemer, one of France's famous flying aces; Rene Fonck, another aviation ace; Georges Carpentier, the pugilist, and Lucien Gaudin, the fencer. Gerbault made a hazardous voyage from France to New York alone in a 30-foot boat last year. He was made a member of the Legion of Honor for his feat.

Knickers for Women Win in Town Election

Spencer, W. Va.—The little town of Reedy, near here, has affirmed by popular vote, though by the slim majority of one, that it looks with favor on women dressed in knickerbockers.

Last May Mayor Cottle secured passage of an ordinance by the town council forbidding women and girls to wear knickers. The state's attorney said he wasn't sure, but thought that it be constitutional the law should apply to both sexes.

The other day came another mayoralty election. Knickers was the issue. T. W. Lantmage, who favored the rights of women to dress as they please, got 78 votes to Cottle's 77. He announces he will not enforce the anti-knickers law.

New Mexico State Items

The city commission of Albuquerque has authorized the city manager to advertise for bids for fifty-two blocks of paving.

The Republican state convention to elect the New Mexico delegates to the national convention at Cleveland, O., is to be held in Santa Fe on March 20.

The Citizens' Committee, working on the re-organization of the First National Bank of Fort Sumner, report steady progress and much encouragement on the part of the people.

J. Florsheim, father of the publishers of The Springer Times, has retired from the firm of Florsheim Mercantile Company at Roy, N. M., after twenty-one years of active service.

When arrested in Albuquerque, R. F. Lehrman admitted, according to the police, that he had been responsible for approximately $300 worth of bad checks passed in Albuquerque in the last seven months.

The Cow, Sow and Hen demonstration train to be operated in New Mexico in February, says Capt. W. C. Reid, "will carry a very valuable message of safer farming to the people along the Santa Fe lines in the state.

At a special meeting of the county board of education at Clayton with C. B. Moore in the chair, C. S. Funk and Andrew Hamilton, Arthur L. England, county superintendent, and H. B. Woodward, district attorney, present, announcement was made that the schools of Union county would not be closed.

Terribly mutilated by hogs, the body of George Pickel, father of Mrs. John Edwards, was found last week on the Edwards' place near Fort Sumner. Pickel evidently died suddenly from some natural cause and hogs, running in the lot where he fell, then attacked the body. The face and neck were badly torn.

Mining activity in Grant county and adjacent territory of southern New Mexico, northwest of El Paso, shows steady development, according to reports from Silver City. Outside of the major operations at Chino Copper Company's mines and mills, the Empire Zinc Company and the Hanover Bessemer Iron and Copper Company at Hanover are in active production.

The San Juan County National Bank closed its doors January 31. There were no state funds in the bank which was backed by the First National of Durango, Colo. The bank was capitalized at $25,000 with $175,000 deposits. The officers were W. S. Harnes, president; L. H. Taft and T. B. Miller, vice presidents; E. A. Harwood, cashier, and J. L. Duncan, assistant cashier.

Ed L. Eastman, of Las Vegas, a conductor of the Santa Fe railroad, was fatally injured when he slipped from the front end of a freight train caboose in the yards at Las Vegas and both his legs were severed by the rear wheels of the car. He died while being conveyed in an ambulance to the hospital. He never regained consciousness, and the cause of his fall could not be ascertained by the railroad officials.

John R. Grant, former cashier of the Reserve, N. M., State Bank, charged with misappropriation of $25,000, the proceeds of the sale of a bond issue for building schools in Catron county, was found guilty by a jury at Los Lunas. Grant obtained a change of venue from Catron county to Valencia county. There are six other indictments against Grant in connection with the failure of the Reserve State Bank.

The United States government has finally designated officially a gas field in New Mexico. The news has brought joy to oil and gas enthusiasts. The field is north of Aztec, 1,000 acres in area.

Owing to the fact the county had its funds in the First National Bank of Lovington and the surety companies which were the county's depository bonds have not yet reimbursed the county, although the bank closed in September, Lea county is without funds to pay salaries of the county officials for the last quarter of 1923 and other claims, County Clerk L. M. Blackmon has written State Comptroller R. H. Carter.

Damage to timber to the amount of $61,000 is reported from the Lincoln Forest as a result of the December storms. This damage included national forest timber and that of private companies operating within the forest. A total of 41,000 feet was damaged by the blow down, it is reported, most of which is water logged and not capable of salvaging. The damage is said to have extended entirely across the Sacramento division.

George L. Kite, who for several years occupied a cell in "death row" at the penitentiary, will be back shortly, but as a "lifer" and not a man with the noose hanging over him. Kite pleaded guilty to second degree murder at Los Lunas, Valencia county, and Judge R. H. Ryan, sitting for Judge Harry P. Owen, accepted the plea and sentenced him to the penitentiary for 90 to 99 years. Originally Kite was convicted of first degree murder for killing J. R. Whiteside at Tolleo, Valencia county.

MOTHER!

Clean Child's Bowels with "California Fig Syrup"

Hurry Mother! Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits. Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

The Busy Bee

In order to store up a kilogram (two and one-fifth pounds) of honey, bees have to visit at least 6,000,000 heads of red clover, according to computations based on observances of their work by Dr. L. Armbruster of Berlin. Clover honey requires the most work. Fewer visits to other honey-producing plants are required, as low as 80,000 in the case of peas.

GIRLS! HAIR GROWS THICK AND BEAUTIFUL

35-Cent "Danderine" Does Wonders for Lifeless, Neglected Hair.

A gleamy mass of luxuriant hair full of gloss, luster and life shortly follows a genuine toning up of neglected scalps with dependable "Danderine." Falling hair, itching scalp and the dandruff is corrected immediately. Thin, dry, wispy or fading hair is quickly invigorated, taking on new strength, color and youthful beauty. "Danderine" is delightful on the hair; a refreshing, stimulating tonic—not sticky or greasy! Any drug store.—Advertisement.

Smallest State

The smallest independent state is Monaco, area approximately eight square miles, bounded by the Mediterranean and the French department of Alpes-Maritimes. The principality practically consists of the capital, Monaco, Monte Carlo, and the village of Condamine.

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Advertisement.

The Outcome

It is a fact that almost every American girl expects to marry a millionaire. Yet we know there are not nearly enough millionaires to go around. What is the result? Many a girl marries a poor man who is trying to get rich.

Always Keep a Box on Hand.

Brandreth Pills are a safe and reliable laxative, made in America for ninety years, entirely vegetable.—Adv.

Cow Best at Four to Six

Cows have been known to give milk, with the usual freshening, from the age of two to eighteen. The average time for a cow to be in a dairy herd, however, is from four to six years.

Conservation wants posterity to do it, whatever it is.

Mrs. W. E. Dean

Operation Avoided

Elkhart, Kan.—"About two years ago I began to suffer so with pain and soreness in both sides, (especially my right side,) that I was almost unable to do any housework. I was also very nervous. Doctors advised an operation, but this I wished to avoid if possible, so I wrote to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, describing my condition, and was advised to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Irontic Tablets, and before I had finished one bottle of each I was feeling much better. I took seven bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of the 'Irontic Tablets' and weighed more and felt better than I had for some time. There is no doubt about it, Dr. Pierce's medicines cured me, for I took no other."—Mrs. W. E. Dean, Route B.

Your health is your most important asset. Why not write Dr. Pierce, Pres. Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive confidential medical advice free. Send 10 cents for trial package of any of Dr. Pierce's remedies.

A COLD TODAY—DON'T DELAY

CASCARA QUININE

Cures Colds in 24 Hours La Grippe in 3 Days

Forced to It

"I was only acting the part of peacemaker?" explained a prisoner.

"But you knocked the man senseless," said the magistrate.

"I did," was the answer. "There was no other way to get peace."—Pearson's Weekly.

WOMEN! DYE FADED THINGS NEW AGAIN

Dye or Tint Any Worn, Shabby Garment or Drapery.

Diamond Dyes

Each 15-cent package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye or tint any old, worn, faded thing new, even if she has never dyed before. Choose any color at drug store.—Advertisement.

Base Canard?

The boy frowned his brow over the examination question, "What is a canard?" At last he wrote down his reply, "Something you canardly believe." He still finds it painful to sit down!—London Post.

"DANDELION BUTTER COLOR"

A harmless vegetable butter color used by millions for 50 years. Drug stores and general stores sell bottles of "Dandelion" for 35 cents.—Adv.

That's Different

The difference between casting your bread upon the water and loaning money to friends is that the bread cast upon the waters comes back after many days.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is a Combined Treatment, both local and internal, and has been successful in the treatment of Catarrh for over forty years. Sold by all druggists. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

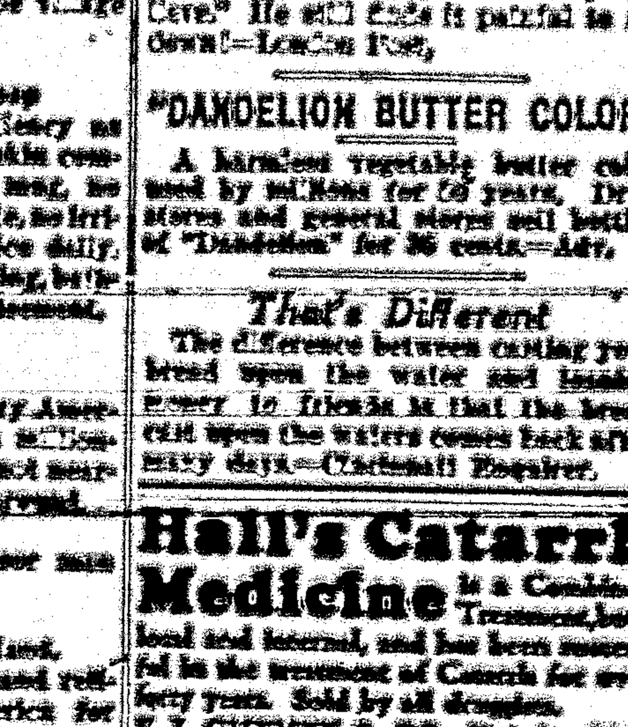
coughs

Piso's—this prescription quickly relieves children and adults.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 6-1924.

Blue Band **VELVET PENCILS**

At all Dealers



Supreme in their class. As Smooth as Velvet. Write for trial sample. American Lead Pencil Co., New York. Makers of the famous VENUS Pencils

Market Poultry Direct

Free "Fox Flax" booklet prepared by Chicago's largest direct receivers and distributors of poultry—gives information that enables Northwest farmers to get 25% more for turkeys, capons, and other poultry. Southwest [illegible]. Kill, dress and ship poultry now, while the weather is cold enough [illegible]. Write today for "Fox Fax Flax."

THE PETER FOX SONS CO

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

BOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.
Established 1879.
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING
All orders promptly attended to.
Denver, Colorado

Grund Dry Cleaning
Grund Bldg., 17th and Logan
CLEANING DYEING
Try our careful way of cleaning lace curtains, draperies, lamp shades, women's hats. We dye silk dresses and materials to match samples.—Wholesale dyeing. Special 2 days' service parcel post.
Phones: Main 2594-6288. Denver, Colo.

PIANOS
Pianos and player pianos of our own manufacture of every description. Free exchange privilege. Lowest prices, reasonable terms. Write for a catalog, prices.
THE BALDWIN PIANO COMPANY
1636 California St.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT
Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

NEWSPAPERS ARE GIVEN FIRST CLASS PRIVILEGES

Washington—Newspapers have been accorded the same treatment in the mails as letters and other first-class matter by a recent order of Postmaster General New.

"The order," said Mr. New, "means much to the American public. It is one of the most important and far-reaching steps in postoffice history. It is for the benefit of those who desire to have their newspapers placed before them at as early a moment as possible. This should keep both the city and rural population in closer and quicker touch with their several fields of activities."

Under the new system newspapers will be made up in separate sacks plainly labeled with the word "newspapers." If there are only a few copies of newspapers at the point of dispatch they will be placed in pouches with first-class mail or in separate sacks, even though the sacks are only partly filled. The order stipulates that newspapers shall not be mixed with parcels post at any place of their dispatch from the publishers' office until they are delivered to the addressees.

Postmasters are required by the order to notify publishers in each instance when deliveries do not catch the dispatch which they are advertised to catch; also to notify publishers when they are sending their publications to wrong addresses and to addresses on deceased persons. Publishers will be notified by postmasters when they are pulling up their mail in an incorrect manner.

The order applies alike to daily and weekly newspapers. It stipulates that all sacks of newspapers when received in postoffices must be segregated promptly and the contents distributed and dispatched to the proper stations for delivery by carriers on the earliest possible trips.

Carefully worded and minute instructions have been issued to all postal employees, so that there will be no possibility of misunderstanding the importance of getting newspapers to the reader with a minimum delay.

Student Slays Classmate

Cincinnati, Ohio—Apparently unperturbed by the fact that he faced a probable charge of murder, Hallam P. Wells(?), Equality, Ill., a senior at Ohio Dental College, told police how he had slain his friend and classmate, John A. Marnis, son of a wealthy Panama City merchant, and disposed of the body by throwing it into a creek.

Treasury Certificate Sales Suspended

Washington—Sale of treasury savings certificates by postmasters in seventeen middle western and western states has been suspended by Postmaster General New until further notice, with the approval of Secretary Mellon of the treasury, in order to assist in the present financial stress among the small banks of those states. Postmasters in North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, Arkansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, New Mexico, Idaho, Arizona and Montana were ordered to discontinue sale of the certificates.

Damage By Storms in New Mexico

Considerable damage was done on several divisions of the Datil national forest by December storms, according to belated reports of the district headquarters at Albuquerque. Pines and full-grown pinons were uprooted and strewn across roads. The new Apache hill highway was blocked from one end to the other with fallen trees and snowdrifts.

Will Aid Colorado Fairs

Pueblo, Colo.—For the first time in several years the state board of live stock inspection commissioners will distribute its surplus stallion fund among the small fairs of Colorado to be utilized as premiums in the stock shows. J. L. Beaman, secretary of the County Fairs Association, is instructed by the commission to secure data from member fairs, which will serve as a basis of distribution for the fund. A depleted treasury had made such a distribution impossible.

CAPTAIN SAZARAC

By CHARLES TENNEY JACKSON

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CHAPTER XIV
—17—

A Flower for a Ragged Fellow.

The longboat made a shallow pass between two curving reefs of dreary sand, rising to wind-twisted mangrove clumps at the higher points, and was beached in a quiet lagoon. The red sunrise found them there marooned; silent men wandering over the waterless spaces and then coming back near to a shelter canvas which had been roped to the bushes for Mademoiselle Lestron. Then the last lieutenants of Lafitte sat apart to discuss the matter.

The Seraphine lay plainly visible west and north, her sails idle and a flat, smooth coastal tide between.

"She'll be beating off with the morning breeze," growled Bohon. "How much water did Crackley leave to us?"

"Two casks; bread and the salt horse for three days—no more. We count six muskets and twelve pistols. When the Indians put off from the woods to spy us out we can hold 'em off a bit."

"Aye, for what? Where's a river mouth to make?"

"There is none the Spaniards do not hold. There is no cove either way where you would not find the king's men. The rest is jungle. . . . What does the captain say to it?"

Old Dominique puffed his long pipe tranquilly.

"What does Captain Jean make of it?" repeated Bohon to them.

"There is nothing to make of it," returned the alderman. "Eh, bien! A little while of waiting—a day or two, old robbers, in the sun and without water. At that, something will be tried. Leave it to Jean that something will be tried for ye all. The lady is at breakfast with the captain," he muttered irrelevantly. "He has toasted the bread—he has made the coffee himself for the English lady. Name o' G—d!—I have witnessed that!"

"Captain Sazarac is calling to you," observed the count. "Now, go, all—there is a message."

They went slowly, trudging through the sands with dry muttered jests and hopeless prophecies. Men, for the most part, past the prime of life; some heavy, indeed, with years, coming before their captain with an endeavor to assume a sprightly seaman's bearing. Faithful, rugged, implacable faces—adventurers who had given their wild youth to him.

"It is in my mind to put the English lady and my friend, Monsieur de Almonaster, in the way of safety," said the chief quietly. "There is a chance for them. The rest—I, and you—" He stopped and smiled at them.

There was a shout. "I—and you!" Jean with them! Nez Coupe came closer, tying tight the bloody silken head scarf about his seal-brown skull. His wound-wrecked face took a ghastly grin. They would then still be rid of the English woman by some miracle! Jean would shake free of his burden of the English woman . . . and be with them once again!

"It can be established that Monsieur de Almonaster is of Spanish lineage; and that Mademoiselle Lestron is of a mission that was working in the pay of the Spanish king—" went on Captain Sazarac evenly. "If, then—they could reach a ship—it is probable they would find refuge. The rest—"

And again the shout of grim humor cut him off. "The rest! Why, the rest could expect the reef, the tropic sun . . . and their captain! Still their sour, hopeless humor. Certainly there was nothing for the rest of them!

But now the English woman came out of the hot little shelter. "Now, you will listen to me, also, men of the Seraphine!" she cried suddenly. "To me as well as to your captain! Surely there is a way for us after these treacherous mutineers put off with the schooner! Surely, I know your faithfulness to him and to your ship! What is there to fear for seamen who serve loyally their master and their ship?"

They listened curiously. Monsieur the captain pushed back the iron-gray hair from his temple and listened. It was as if he had heard it all and had no more answer than they.

"See, you!" The girl went on hotly. "Monsieur Sazarac, playing the part of a patriot to his adopted country! I—an English Tory—can testify to that! The attack upon the Genaro—surely I can swear to the admiralty of my country, that it was done for me—in all honor. Monsieur Sazarac's honor—"

There was a stir among them—then the silence again. Old Dominique sighed. The honor of Sazarac . . . the word of Captain Sazarac to the admiralties that his men were good and true!

"For me—in all honor. By you all—honorable men—"

Again she was puzzled by their stir and murmur. The grim Baratarians rubbed their heads in doubt themselves. Beluche walked away and began to cut at the grass with his saber, idly. Nez Coupe joined him, feeling of his wreck of a nose.

The English woman knew she was failing with them. Monsieur Sazarac was looking at her pityingly. Monsieur de Almonaster, with folded arms, quietly attentive, his calm face unreadable.

And suddenly this dull impasse was cut through with a shout. Gorgio, on the highest dune, was pointing seaward. "She is coming in! She is making the inlet wi' tide and tops'll air!"

The Seraphine was moving. Then there was another shout. Above her, in the misty offing, another sail showed, dimly and slowly under way.

"The Spanish frigate, sir!" cried Bohon. "Standing in close as she dares, to look the schooner over! Crackley must ha' hammered her rudder on the bar last night—I see a false rig over her end. She's fouled, and he's laying her up in the wooded river out o' the king's big guns!"

De Almonaster shrugged; it meant the end of flight or hiding for those marooned on the open reef. "Ah, well!—" he glanced about: "Mademoiselle, our honorable gentlemen may well look aghast!" He laughed, but to the chief he muttered: "Monsieur Sazarac, we might as well build a fort in the sands and sell our lives dearly. If not the Spaniards, it will be the Campeche savages coming out upon us. If not them, starvation and the sun in a few days. There is no water on this reef, Monsieur!"

Mademoiselle had listened. De Almonaster's tone was light, as if both the gentlemen were affecting a debonair nonchalance for her sake. Monsieur Sazarac's shrug was of delicate dissent to discuss their lives' end in her presence. Then he smiled distantly:

"You will recall the instruction I once gave? You were to be my prisoner, Monsieur, in event the Seraphine

"For Me—in All Honor. By You All—Honorable Men—"

was taken on the seas? You were to be as one held to an unlawful affair against your will—"

De Almonaster flushed to his eyes: "Monsieur! Do you think that I—" he stopped. Sazarac could not offer him life lightly in her presence!

"Undoubtedly the Spaniard will accept you and Mademoiselle Lestron. Monsieur Dominique, also—a municipal officer of New Orleans . . . there is no reason why the Spaniards should not receive and protect you."

"And you?" The younger man could not help the whispered question.

"I take it that the Spaniards will attack the Seraphine in those woods and leave no soul living on her. I assume that the mouth of every scoundrel on her will be closed by death. Then you—with Mademoiselle Lestron to the frigate—and say that you were marooned by the buccaneers, and claiming protection. Why, the Spanish governor at Merida, or Vera Cruz, must know of Carr's plot! Surely he would welcome Mademoiselle Lestron and her friends!"

"Why, are you not, Monsieur, also my friend, and protected with me?" the girl cried wonderingly. "It is, indeed, a fair story—an intrigue to save us all! Why did I not think the Spaniards would protect us when they will suppose that I am still in the plot of Carr's purpose to aid their schemes? Messieurs, I can safeguard you all to Vera Cruz with that plea!"

They all heard her. But a silence fell. The girl looked eagerly from one weathered face to another of Monsieur Sazarac's few followers. Suddenly Monsieur Sazarac laughed again. Aloud and clearly. He arose and adjusted his neckerchief. There was a gasp, a grumbling bewilderment, and then laughter from all the old buccaneers. They slapped each other on the shoulders, grinning knowingly at their chief.

"My compliments to the lady!" shouted Johanness. "But the climate of Vera Cruz—my lungs are delicate!"

"And I mind that I might have a humor o' the blood were I there!" mocked Bohon.

"My head—" complained the scarred Nez Coupe, "the rest of it might go a-twist at sight of the governor's candle!"

Mademoiselle turned to the captain hotly: "What is this jesting?"

"They mean no disrespect." He motioned to the grinning crew with a serious affection. "Now, get you gone, fellows! See that our wine and little water is stored from the sun. Work the longboat closer in on the tide."

"Sazarac!" they shouted in hoarse laughter and went to obey him.

He saw the hurt pride in her eyes, and the old wonder at his evasion.

She turned to De Almonaster with a pathetic little gesture of despair at the moods of Monsieur Sazarac. She could not understand. She sat drawing figures in the sand, and when she raised her dark eyes, to watch the tall figure out by the sun-wash on the shoals, the young man saw the great tears in them which she presently wiped away.

She dried her eyes with a final, resolute little sob. "Monsieur, do you know—well, once, he came for me . . . it was on the staircase of a court—the Hotel Orleans, and very late. He was going from me, and he had been all chivalry. He turned away, allowing Colonel Carr to boast that Sazarac would not fight, because he wished to spare my name. He said—ah, it was a silly thing for me to do!—but I dropped a flower to him as he left . . . and another man stumbled from the shadows and picked it up."

"Another man?" echoed De Almonaster.

"That was before you had come to me, Raoul, on the Seraphine. As to the other man, that was no matter. I suppose a beggar in the courtyard caught my camellia. I don't know—it was silly to throw a flower to Sazarac, the river gamester . . . I was hot with shame afterward at doing so. But if he had caught it . . . Ah, well! I thank Heaven he never knew it!—after I found myself in his hands upon the Seraphine! The ragged fellow who caught it stared up once and then hurried after Monsieur Sazarac. At the area-arch he turned. It appeared he tried to pose as a—lover, and then he fell over his own feet, or something, very absurdly!"

"A ragged fellow," muttered De Almonaster.

"Like one of those old tattered followers. A ghost of a man fading into moonlight!"

A shout arose from the exiles who were dragging the longboat nearer in the shoals. Monsieur Sazarac had passed half-way to them. He saw what had hitherto been hidden by a low spit of sand.

Five armed boats had drawn inshore, coming from the distant Spanish frigate, without doubt. They had crept unobserved by the refugees on the reef until they were fair in the break of forest wall where there had been the last glimpse of the Seraphine's snowy sail.

"Do you see, Monsieur de Almonaster?" said the chief of the exiles quietly. "It was as I reasoned. The schooner will be taken this night. It is what one would greatly desire. The dons will have no quarter for Crackley's men—there is no escape for them in the river jungle. After the affair, sir—you are to go with Mademoiselle and parley with the Spanish captain."

"And you?" mademoiselle cried again breathlessly and sprang upon the sands. "You and your men cannot stay here to die!"

Monsieur Sazarac smiled with a high serenity. "The sea is wide, Mademoiselle Lestron. Wide, and far is the way to its secret places. I have a word I said this once to you. O little place in the sea—a secret place, where a secret may be buried, Mademoiselle!" He turned to the younger man: "You will make ready to go, Monsieur, when the hour comes. There are two black men of our company who can pull the longboat for you under a flag of truce . . . two black serving men who will not find the air of Vera Cruz exclusive to a fatal malady. The rest of us, I fear, must do without the ministrations of the Spanish viceroy's city. Sustain as long as we can—possibly a day or so more, ere the doctor calls for us."

His smile still lingered when De Almonaster came closer, torn by a wild bitterness which he, himself, could not fathom. "Jean," he whispered: "I have not spoken. The chance is here between you and me—and she might save you from Morillo's men! She might plead with the viceroy that she loved you—even Lafitte of the black flag!"

"That is a jest," murmured Sazarac absently, "worthy of John Jarvis, who played the clown to betray me—a plea for Lafitte's life to Morillo!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Proud Owner.

An Augusta (Maine) man has a shiny new car. One day the radiator overflowed and left rust all over the front of the car. Whereupon the proud owner drew a $5 bill from his pocket and wiped off the stains. Needless to say, he returned it to his pocket after the job was finished and he had shaken the dust from the bill.

Love's Status.

Love is the business of the idle, but the idleness of the busy.—Anonymous

SEPARATING THE GOATS

The old soldiers marched to the church and halted in the square outside. One wing of the edifice was undergoing repairs, so there was room for only half the regiment.

"Sergeant," ordered the captain, "tell the men who don't want to go to church to fall out."

A large number quickly availed themselves of the privilege.

"Now, sergeant," said the captain, "dismiss all the men who did not fall out and march the others in—they need it most."

ONLY PART OF HIM FELL

"When you caught Willie in the pantry didn't he fall?"

"No; only his face fell."

Obscuration.

An orator, to be exact,
Must ramble through philology,
And make it hard to find the fact
In all the phraseology.

At the Photographers.

"My dear Miss Snugg, why have you tied your skirt together below?"

Miss Snugg—Someone told me I would be standing on my head in that apparatus.

The Wrong Answer.

Wife—John, does my rouge show?

Husband—No, for goodness' sake hurry. We're half an hour late now.

Wife—Well, if it doesn't show I'll have to put some more on.

DUMB SHOW

"He gets big money for making a dumb show."

"Who?"

"That movie star."

Modern Improvement.

Our troubles in the days of old
Were unto a policeman told.
Now crooks stand in a row
And tell 'em to a radio.

Anticipated.

"So Wilkins tried to get a patent on a machine to detect when a man is lying?"

"Yes, and some one in Washington wrote him that such a machine was constructed ages ago from one of Adam's ribs."

Say It With Flowers.

Dora—I'm never going to speak to Jack again. He sent me 20 roses for my birthday, the horrid thing!

Tessie—Don't be angry with him for that, dear. Perhaps he couldn't afford any more.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Unbreaking the News.

Clancy—Mrs. Murphy, sure son Mike has just fell off th' scaffoldin' and kilt himself.

Mrs. Murphy—Merciful Heavens!

Clancy—Aisy now! 'Tis only his leg that's brok, an' I'm glad ye will be to hear it whin ye thought he was killed entirely.—Sydney Bulletin.

Threatening a Bolt.

"You will thunder down the ages," said the constituent with fulsome flattery. The great politician looked at him perplexedly. "Sometimes I imagine I am going to thunder," he said.

To Help Matters.

Theater Manager—I can't use your play, sir. It's too long for the stage.

Amateur Playwright—But, I say—aw—look here—aw! Can't you lengthen the stage, you know?

Her Mistake.

Usher—Lady, I think you have wrong seats. May I see your stubs?

Lady (somewhat deaf)—Young man, I want you to understand I do not smoke.

Ouch!

"My," exclaimed Mr. Klumsey at the cotillion, "this floor's awful slippery. It's hard to keep on your feet."

"Oh," replied the fair partner, coldly, "then you were really trying to. I thought it was accidental."

A Different Man.

Irate Housewife—Ain't you the same man I gave a mince pie to last Christmas?

Tramp (bitterly)—No, mum, I'm not, and wot's more the doctor says I never will be.

HAD TO LET HOUSEWORK GO

So Ill Husband had to do the Work. Completely Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

South Bend, Indiana.—"I was all rundown, tired out, and had pains in my back and bearing-down pains. I was so sore I could hardly drag myself around and was not able to do a bit of housework. My husband worked all day in the shop, and then came home and helped me at night. The doctors said I had female weakness, and there was no help but to be operated upon, and of course that would cost us a great deal. My husband heard about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at the factory and one night he stopped at the drug store and bought me a bottle of it. I had begun to think there was no help for me, but I took three bottles of it and now I feel like myself once more. The price for three bottles wasn't so much as the doctor had charged. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough."—Mrs. DORA OSBORNE, 430 Sherman Avenue, South Bend, Ind.

Women troubled with female weakness should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial—now. For sale by druggists everywhere.

HOARSENESS
DUE TO COLDS

MADAME ZODAO PORTER COUGH BALSAM is an old-time, reliable remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other bronchial and pulmonary ailments. In use for over 70 years. Pleasant tasting. Safe for children.

Sold everywhere—25c.

HALL & RUCKEL, N.Y., MFRS.

City Without Movies

A city has been discovered where the moving picture is unknown. It is Amoy, in southern China, with 120,000 inhabitants. No amusements prevail, except mah-jongg, and that is restricted to the homes of mandarins and wealthy merchants.

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS—10c A BOX

Cures Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache, Indigestion. Drugstores. Adv.

Bald Head Tattooed

Tattooing in red and blue entirely covered the bald head of a man who appeared in a London police court recently.

The Best External Remedy
for all local aches and pains, the result of taking cold, over exertion or strain, is an Allcock's Plaster.—Adv.

Her Principle Charm

"Betty's face is her fortune."

"Well, at any rate, it draws a lot of interest."

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Aspirin Marked With "Bayer Cross" Has Been Proved Safe by Millions.

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 23 years. Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Imitations may prove dangerous.—Adv.

Thoughts at the Zoo

"Fine feathers make fine birds."

"What really interests me at the zoo is those fascinating furs."

Always, "the next election" is going to right things.

Sure Relief
FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

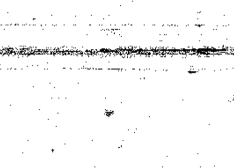
BELL-ANS
25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

Allays irritation, soothes and heals throat and lung inflammation. The constant irritation of a cough keeps the delicate mucous membrane of the throat and lungs in a congested condition, which BOSCHEE'S SYRUP gently and quickly heals. For this reason it has been a favorite household remedy for colds, coughs, bronchitis and especially for lung troubles in millions of homes all over the world for the last fifty-seven years, enabling the patient to obtain a good night's rest, free from coughing with easy expectoration in the morning. You can buy BOSCHEE'S SYRUP wherever medicines are sold.

Cuticura Soap
AND OINTMENT
Clear the Skin
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

BATHE YOUR EYES
Use Dr. Thompson's Eyewater. Buy at your druggist's or 128 River, Troy, N.Y. Booklet.



LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Chloe White was in Carrizozo Tuesday from the Nogal country.

Harry Gallacher, the Patos ranchman, was a business visitor Saturday.

F. A. Miller passed through Wednesday enroute from his home on the Ruidoso to Tularosa.

Porfirio Chaves, Sr., was here Monday from his home at Lincoln, looking after school matters.

Mrs. Harry Edmiston left Tuesday morning on No. 3 for Dallas, Texas, to visit her daughters, Misses Ula and Ruth.

Hank Purdy, well known in Capitan and Fort Stanton, was here Tuesday. Mr. Purdy still makes Tularosa his home.

Clyde Collier, who has been visiting his sisters, Mrs. Harry Gallacher and Mrs. Fred P. Cleghorn, at White Oaks, left yesterday for Bisbee, Arizona.

Pure distilled water for drinking, storage battery or medical purposes, at Western Garage—30 cents a gallon.

Ed Haskins was down Tuesday from Jicarilla. Ed says cattle in his section are only doing fairly well, the heavy snows having sapped the grass of much of its strength.

Fifty-two per cent of all cars and trucks manufactured in the United States in 1923 were Fords. There's a reason—ask the Western Garage.

Mrs. Louise H. Coe, county superintendent of schools, returned Sunday from Roswell, to which point she had gone to attend a meeting of the Chaves County Teachers Association, in session there the 8th and 9th.

Lloyd Taylor was here this week from Cerrolitos, Chihuahua, Mexico. He came by auto and remained only a day or two. He is in charge of a large bunch of Block cattle on pasture there, and says stock conditions are excellent.

A disagreeable storm struck us amidships Saturday night. It was a dry one, however, and stirred the dust furiously and brought with it, also, a breath of the "flu," which has affected a large part of our population.

If the Western Garage can sell pure copper-distilled water at 30 cents a gallon, what should the bootlegger get for good liquor?

Billie Ferguson and part of his crew were here Tuesday, procuring supplies for the road camp now located at the head of the mal pais. Work is now in progress again, which was interrupted by winter storms, on the Carrizozo-Socorro road.

District Attorney J. B. Newell was here Monday from Alamogordo on public business. He conferred with the county commissioners on bonds, bank deposits, taxes, etc., and machinery may be put into operation in a short time that will grind out something of interest to our people.

Load of new model cars received this week by Western Garage. All models in stock.

A slight shower fell on the flats last evening and snow in the mountains. It was welcome, as the surface of the earth was becoming dry. The moisture is bountiful under the surface. In the foot hills the green stuff on which cattle thrive is coming up, and the stockman's prospects are improving.

Have your car tuned up before the "rush" is on. Spring will soon be here. Let us look your car over and give you estimate on needed repairs. Expert mechanics Courteous treatment. —Western Garage.

J. McSmith was here Wednesday from his lock-out on Eagle Creek. Mac, who is charged with the protection of the fish and game in his region, states that game is plentiful; that observance of the game laws is general and that prospects for a fine hunting season next fall are the best in years.

The Board of County Commissioners were in special session Monday. All members present. The Board was in conference during the session with District Attorney Newell and Assistant Comptroller Barrows, and a policy of procedure was adopted that, it is believed, will bring about a greatly improved condition of county affairs.

FOR SALE—A Good three-inch Wagon—$60. See
4t L. H. HUDGENS, Capitan.

Geo. Barrows, assistant comptroller, who has been here the past month engaged in auditing county records, left Tuesday afternoon for Santa Fe. Mr. Barrows, preferring to have a statement of the results of the audit from his chief, Comptroller Carter, asked us to be patient, with the assurance that we should soon be in possession of the full facts.

THE
EL PASO SHOPPER
Will buy anything for you or with you. Prompt service without cost to you
Send for Bulletin
NELL JOHNSON, Box 1513

Final Lyceum Number

Tomorrow night the last and we believe the best number of the Lyceum Course will be staged at the Crystal. This company comprises several artists of real merit and press notices herald it as one of the best attractions now touring the country, and it is hoped a full house will greet them.

A New Market

Attention is directed to the ad. of the Star Market in another column. Mr. Burnett intends to keep the choicest meats, fish, oysters, etc., on ice. A visit to the market will convince you of the quality and variety of the meats, and the sanitary manner in which they are kept. He believes the people need such a market, and by courteous treatment hopes to merit a share of their patronage.

Statement

of the receipts and disbursements of the Carrizozo Entertainers up to and including Feb. 12, 1924.

[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Cash on hand Feb. 12, 1924	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Chili Lunch

The ladies of the Baptist Church will serve and sell Chili Friday, February 15, from 3 to 8 p. m., at Mrs. A. W. Adams'. Pie and coffee also served.

Dance at White Oaks

A dance will be given at White Oaks Saturday night, February 16. Everybody invited.

It's Economy!

If your heels are all run down,
If your soles are off and gone,
If you'll listen just a moment
I will tell you what to do.

Bring me your worn-out shoes,
I'll give you new heels,
I'll give you new soles—
Make your shoes as good as new

Skinner's

ADVANCE
SHOWING

ADVANCE MODELS in Women's Wear just received. A distinct type of garment comes this Spring, necessitating a reshaping of the well-dressed woman's wardrobe.

The Carrizozo Trading Co., as usual, has endeavored to keep abreast of the times, and women of the community will be interested in the showing now on view. New arrivals each day.

New Spring Shoes and Hose for each garment.

Carrizozo
Trading Co.

"The Store of Class." "More for your Money."

"Sure-Fit"

The World's Most Comfortable Cap.

A new Spring line of "Sure-Fit" Caps which is always appreciated by the men who dress up-to-the-minute.

Caps! Caps! Caps!

You'll find a larger assortment of "Sure-Fit" Caps than ever before.

"Sure-Fit" Adjustable Caps. Any one you like. Will fit you always.

Come in and try one one.

Ziegler Bros.

Universal Providers. CARRIZOZO, N. M. Established 1886

Lincoln News Notes

Lincoln, Feb. 13

D. W. Weber of Capitan was in town the first of the week in the interest of the entertainment given Monday night for the benefit of the High School work. A number of people from here attended the entertainment.

Mrs. Tom Burleson and daughter Yelma spent the week end in Roswell.

Mrs. J. M. Penfield and baby were also Roswell visitors the last of the week.

Dr. and Mrs. H. J. Warner and Dr. Stanley of Fort Stanton were visiting friends here Sunday.

Emilio Miranda attended the school meeting in Carrizozo.

G. Sedillo has moved in from Capitan and is living in the old Scipio Salazar house. He is assistant carpenter at Fort Stanton.

Eliego Salas and Miss Montoya of San Patricio were married Wednesday by the Rev. J. H. Girma. A dance was given in honor of the occasion at Hondo the same evening.

Lucy Fresquez and Ecelia Vigil with their grandchildren have returned to their home in Vanga.

Opening of New Market

Choice Fresh Meats, Fish
Oysters

Star ✳ Market
(Opposite Depot)

Fresh Vegetables received twice a week

A share of your custom respectfully solicited.

W. L. BURNETT, Proprietor.

Board of Village Trustees

The regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Carrizozo was held at the office of the Village clerk on Feb 11th, at 7:30 p.m.

Present—J. M. Taylor, mayor; G. T. McQuillen, trustee; W. W. Stadtman, clerk.

There not being a quorum present, the meeting adjourned until the 12th.

Meeting held according to adjournment.

Present—J. M. Taylor, mayor; G. T. McQuillen, H. Lutz, Fred Lalone and T. E. Kelley, trustees; W. W. Stadtman, clerk; A. M. Vega, marshal.

Minutes of last regular meeting held Jan. 7th, read approved.

The following bills were examined and allowed for payment as funds are available:

Marcial Baldonado, street work	[illegible]
Don Ferguson, "	[illegible]
C. Ferguson, "	[illegible]
Fred Dudley, salary for street work	[illegible]
F. A. English, water connections	[illegible]
Light & Power Co. Dec. street lighting	[illegible]
" " " Jan. "	[illegible]
E. P. & S. W. January water bill	[illegible]
U. A. Snow, repairing street lamps	[illegible]
Mt. States Tel Co., fire dept phone bill	[illegible]
Fred Lalone, hauling off dead dog	[illegible]
Lincoln Abstract & Investment Trust, office rent, [illegible], postage [illegible], ph. calls [illegible]	[illegible]
Western Garage, supplies street work	[illegible]
R. W. Harris, feeding prisoners	[illegible]
William Booth, street work	[illegible]
R. H. Taylor, water supt, Jan. salary	[illegible]
Carrizozo News, publishers	[illegible]
R. R. Taylor & Sons, supplies	[illegible]
Max Bigler, street work	[illegible]
W. W. Stadtman, Jan. sal. as water clerk	[illegible]
A. M. Vega, marshal, Jan. salary	[illegible]
W. W. Stadtman, clerk's salary for Jan	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

G. T. McQuillen makes motion that the clerk be instructed to take up the matter of taxes due the Village of Carrizozo with the county officials and determine the amount now due said Village. On the motion by H. Lutz, the same was put to a vote by the mayor and carried.

T. E. Kelley, trustee, then calls attention to the delinquent occupation tax list and to the fact that section 4 of Ordinance 22, provides that all persons failing to comply with the ordinance as to the payment of occupation license taxes after receipt of thirty days notice from the Village clerk shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined any sum not less than fifty dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than six months, and as more than thirty days has elapsed since notice was sent to delinquents, it becomes conditionary with the Board to prosecute said delinquents according to law, and makes a motion that arrest of each and every person on said delinquent list be made on or after Feb. 18, 1924.

Upon the motion being seconded by H. Lutz, the same is put to a vote by the mayor and unanimously carried.

There being no further business the board adjourned.

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