Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

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The Village Election

The Village election Tuesday proved to be a rather exciting affair, notwithstanding the fact that only one ticket was officially presented to the voters. A mass meeting, which had duly been given publicity, met, as stated last week, and selected a ticket, and that ticket was duly certified and printed. It needs to be said, however, that the nominee for clerk, Mr. R. E. Lemon, published a notice of withdrawal, and two other candidates announced for the position. The withdrawal of the nominee for clerk, it appears, was not filed with the certifying authority, and his name was printed on the ballot with the others that had been duly certified as nominees for the respective positions.

Following the mass meeting at which the general public named a ticket, a subsequent meeting was held, its membership composed of a number who did not attend the regular meeting, but at the same time, consisting of some who had taken an active part in the regularly called and conducted mass meeting.

At this latter meeting, D A. Saunders was nominated for mayor and F. E Richard for trustee, three of those formerly named by the mass meeting, apparently, being satisfactory. This last meeting also nominated, or endorsed, A. H. Harvey for clerk. Too late for proper certification, to be placed on the regular ballot, stickers were provided, to be used by those who desired, on the official printed ballot.

Under ordinary conditions few votes would be cast, the people, generally, accepting the action of the mass meeting as "final," as a celebrated authority announced, but such was not the case, and before the day was over it proved to be one of the most active campaigns in the history of the town.

When the smoke of battle had cleared and the final result was determined, it was found that the candidates for the various positions received the following votes

For Mayor

T. E. Kelley	83
D. A. Saunders	115

For Trustees

Albert Ziegler	172
S. F. Miller	176
G. T. McQuillen	109
Louis Adams	171
F. E. Richard	94

For Clerk

R. E. Lemon	17
W. W. Stadtman	87
A. H. Harvey	85
F. E. Richard	2
"Shorty" Dawson	1

There were a number of ballots thrown out, or rather not counted, some 12 or 15, because they contained no mark, either in circle or square, for any candidate—just placed in the box as they had come from the press. On the other hand, a number of the voters made selections for trustees, outside of the regular ticket or the names represented by stickers. Of this scattering vote, the following for trustees was recorded:

M Doering, 1; Henry Lutz, 1; B. S. Burke, 1; Joe Romero, 1; M. B. Padea, 1; Millie Burke, 1; J. A. Ulrey, 1; A. H. Harvey, 3.

The country is saved once more, and from the class of men selected to look after the affairs of the Village for the ensuing two years it is not believed that our biggest investment and largest asset—the water system—will be allowed to roam over the flat without compass or rudder. Wild theories sometimes win votes, but business men, with the responsibility and duty of good government thrust upon them, however anxious they may be for economy, will give their best endeavor to the protection of the people's property and the advancement of the public welfare.

Attorney General Named

Washington, April 2.—It has been officially announced Harlan Fiske Stone is selected to succeed Daugherty. The nomination was sent to the senate today. Stone was a classmate of Coolidge at Amherst. He is a native of New Hampshire and one of the leading attorneys in the east.

Stone is declared at the White House to be the man Coolidge had in mind when he said he was seeking a $100,000 man for a $12,000 job. Stone is a member of a prominent New York firm and is said to have liberal views

Capitan High School Notes

B. W. Weber, Principal

Topic: "The Meaning of Success and Keeping Mentally Up-to-Date."

Pray, live and work through integrity, industry, intelligence, imagination, intensity and interest. All these six qualities are necessary for 100 per cent success, and it is absolutely essential to possess most of these to a very highly developed degree. Every young man and woman should study these six qualities and endeavor to develop them all, but especially the one in which he or she is weakest. Never undertake to do anything that you can not do well. One must have great interest in his work, and to do this broad sympathy and human understanding are necessary. Without a real love for one's daily task, success in that task—whether it's teaching or in the business world—is impossible. Time will answer any question.

There are some people who never realize the necessity of keeping mentally up-to-date. Then, when they fall behind the times, and are out of touch with everything, except the necessary interests, they can not understand why they are left in the backwater with a few mental antiques like themselves.

You must have intelligent discrimination, self-sacrifice and persistence in the broadening of your knowledge and efficiency. Associate with wide-awake and progressive people. Be a regular attendant of a progressive church. We can not draw continually upon our bank account without making deposits of a satisfactory character. One who would avoid growing old mentally must be careful not to gather too much theory, and too little of experience.

We must have our entire system trained with a genuine love of humanity.

As soon as we are poisoned with envy, gloom, worry and jealousy or a spirit of carping criticism, we will begin to take on the sagging lines and the billiousness of age.

We must cultivate the youthful attitude of optimism, hope and vision. We must have that deeper and more sympathetic understanding of life and the people which enables us to recognize real value and worth, even though they may rest well beneath the surface. We must maintain our faith in humanity, even though we meet with individual disappointments, this encourages a disposition to be tolerant, kindly and far-sighted. As long as we look forward, we are youthful in our views. We must have a hobby. It really does not matter just what this hobby is, but if we choose one with sufficient potential interest in it to hold our attention over a period of time, we are bound to become recognized specialists in this direction at least.

The reward then of being up-to-date in the right sense is very great. It increases the satisfaction of life. It makes the journey one of increasing interest the farther we go. It gives us real friends and a prestige which in itself is pleasing. More than that, as long as age are up-to-date, our opinions count and our influence is a matter of importance to the end of life's chapter.

Miss Jewel Townsend, a high school student of Capitan, received a broken collar bone in an automobile accident Saturday, March 29. The accident was due

Santa Fe Letter

(From Our Correspondent)

Santa Fe, April 1.—The Jefferson Day dinner to be held in Santa Fe on the night of April 12 is expected to be one of the most notable democratic gatherings in the history of New Mexico. Arthur Seligman, chairman of the committee, in charge of the arrangements, announced that the committee plans to bring a nationally-known speaker here for the occasion. Of course there will be other speakers. The program, however, will be a departure from the old style, and will include stunts such as those that made the Gridiron Club known throughout the country; but, naturally, they will deal with characters in New Mexico. All democrats are invited.

With a declaration that the republicans have to "play fair," Byron O. Beall, speaker of the House of the sixth state legislature, tears full of holes 'smoke screen' that some republicans—fortunately not all—have been trying to lay down in connection with the school code and its two dollar poll-tax. Beall says: "The republicans seem to have overlooked the fact that the school code was a senate bill. The senate was made up of 15 republicans and 9 democrats. The records show that every republican in the senate voted for its passage."

There's another thing that the people should not lose sight of. Credit is due the democratic members of both house and senate for their efforts to pass a bill introduced by Representatives Chavez and Sisneros. This was the free text book bill. If it had been possible for the democrats to get this bill through, school books would now be furnished free to all school children in the state. Democrats do not decline to admit their errors and the republicans must play fair.

The White Sister will show at the Crystal Theatre April 8-9.

to the strong and bright lights of Mr. Bates who was passing the car, thereby blinding the driver which caused the driver to lose control of his car, and resulted in turning it over. Our thoughts turn to Jewel Townsend with affection and best wishes for a very speedy recovery. She has our message of good cheer.

About four or five boys played "hookey" on April Fool's day. We are sorry to say that these lads will have the pleasure of staying in after school an hour each day until double time has been made up by each and every one of them. Students must first learn to be law-abiding and to have respect for their fellowman if they wish to be good citizens. We hope that this will teach them a lesson.

The Senior Class is planning to order its invitations within the next few days. Some very nice samples were had from which the selection was made. Each and every Senior should be proud of the fact that they may have an opportunity to attend College or University the next coming school year.

Mrs. Burl Sears, a former Capitan High School teacher, and who has been ill for some time, is up again and able to do her regular work. We are very glad to hear of her splendid recovery. We always welcome her back with a glad heart into our school room.

Twenty-One Governors to Meet In Albuquerque

Albuquerque, April 1.—The prospects are auspicious for one of the largest good roads gatherings that has ever been held in the southwest, when the joint meetings of the United States Good Roads Association and the Bankhead National Highway Association and the United States Good Roads Show will be held in Albuquerque, May 26 to 31, according to the statement issued by Director-General Roundtree of these organizations.

Invitations have been extended to the governors of the various states to attend these conventions and also to appoint 100 delegates from their respective states, by Governor Hinkle, for New Mexico, by Mayor E. B. Swope for Albuquerque, by President Allen Bruce for the Albuquerque Chamber of Commerce, by President O. A. Larrazola for the United States Goods Roads Association, by President Bennehan Cameron for the Bankhead National Highway Association, and by Director General J. A. Roundtree.

Twenty-one governors have notified Gov. J. F. Hinkle that they will, if at all possible, attend. Each of the following governors have agreed to appoint from 10 to 100 delegates: Governors Brandon of Alabama, Hunt of Arizona, Richardson of California, Denny of Delaware, Moore of Idaho, Kendell of Iowa, Davis of Kansas, McCray of Indiana, Parker of Louisiana, Ritchie of Maryland, Preus of Minnesota, Hyde of Missouri, Brown of New Hampshire, Scrughan of Nevada, Nestos of North Dakota, Trapp of Oklahoma, Mabey of Utah, Neff of Texas, Trinkle of Virginia, Morgan of West Virginia Ross of Wyoming.

The United States Good Roads Show at Albuquerque next month will consist of exhibits of many kinds and other attractive features.

Fifteen state highway commissioners have promised to have exhibits, and it is expected that 35 or 40 states will be represented at this big show. It will be a big week in Albuquerque, and an opportunity for the good roads boosters of New Mexico to see what is going on in other states.

Lowe-Fritz

A quiet wedding occurred last Saturday evening at the home of Mr. E M. and Miss Ella Brickley. The contracting parties were Mr. Otho Lowe, of Corona, and Miss Clara Fritz, a teacher in the Carrizozo schools Rev. W. R. McPherson, pastor of the Methodist Church, performed the ceremony in the presence of the Brickley family.

The groom resides at Corona and is cashier of the Stockmens State Bank at that place. He is a substantial citizen and highly esteemed in his community. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fritz, Capitan, one of the oldest families in Lincoln county, and very well and favorably known in social and educational circles of the county. She is now teaching here and will finish before going to Corona where she and her husband will make their home at the close of school. To the groom and his charming bride, the News joins friends in wishing happiness and prosperity.

Golden Wedding

Old friends are in receipt of cards from Mr. and Mrs. Levin W. Stewart announcing the Fiftieth Anniversary of their marriage, April 9, 1924. The Stewarts now reside in Douglas, Arizona, but for many years made their home at White Oaks where Mr. Stewart conducted a mercantile establishment.

Killed by Train

T. E. Kelley, local embalmer, was called to Vaughn Monday night to embalm a body for shipment. A young man, apparently about 22 years of age, named James F. O'Connors, was injured by a train Sunday evening and died Monday morning. The body was shipped to Philadelphia.

The young man was conscious before his death, although having lost both legs and also sustaining a severe contusion of the head, and said the accident occurred about six o'clock Sunday evening when he endavored to board a moving Santa Fe train. He was not discovered until the morning following.

Mr Kelley says this makes the fourth man to lose his life at the same place and in a similar manner, within a year.

The "conditions" of a cigar as well as its quality has a great deal to do with its flavor. We keep the best brands and keep them in the proper condition.

Buy your cigars from us and know that they are right. Keep a box in your home should a friend drop in.

We have everything in the drug line.

COME TO US FOR IT.

ROLLAND BROS.

We Suggest

THAT you start a bank account today and be ready when opportunity knocks at your door.

We offer you real service, real safety.

We pay you to save.

Four per cent interest paid on time deposits.

SAVE AND BE SAVE!

First National Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

"Try First National Service."

The Evil Shepherd

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM

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MYSTERY, ADVENTURE, ROMANCE, LOVE

"Mrs. Hilditch," said Ledsam, "will you allow me to make my apologies? Your husband and I have arrived at an understanding—or perhaps I should say a misunderstanding—which renders the acceptance of any further hospitality on my part impossible."

She held out the tips of her fingers.

"I had no idea," she observed, with gentle sarcasm, "that you barristers were such purists morally. I thought you were rather proud of being the last hope of the criminal classes."

"Madam," Ledsam replied, "I am not proud of having saved the life of a self-confessed murderer, even though that man may be your husband."

Hilditch was laughing softly to himself as he escorted his departing guest to the door.

"You have a quaint sense of humor," Ledsam remarked.

"Forgive me," Oliver Hilditch begged, "but your last few words rather appealed to me. You must be a person of very scanty perceptions if you could spend the evening here and not understand that my death is the one thing in the world which would make my wife happy."

* * * * * * * * *

"It is Margaret Hilditch speaking," she announced. "I felt that I must ring up and tell you of a very strange thing which happened after you left this evening. My husband persisted in playing with that curious dagger. He laid it against his heart, and seated himself in the chair which Mr. Jordan had occupied, in the same attitude. It was what he called a reconstruction. While he was holding it there, I think that he must have had a fit, or it may have been remorse, we shall never know. He called out and I hurried across the room to him. I tried to snatch the dagger away—I did so, in fact—but I must have been too late. He had already applied that slight movement of the fingers which was necessary. The doctor has just left. He says that death must have been instantaneous."

A dramatic situation! Here is Francis Ledsam, a brilliant London barrister of thirty-five, who has never been interested in a woman. He has just succeeded in securing the acquittance of Oliver Hilditch in a trial for murder. He dines with Hilditch and his beautiful wife. Ledsam has fallen in love with the wife at first glance. Hilditch boasts of committing the murder. Also he says his own death would make his wife happy. And a few hours later his wife calls up Ledsam and tells him her husband is dead. It sounds like suicide—but Ledsam knows better and fears that Mrs. Hilditch is guilty.

This is one of the seventy or more popular stories of E. Phillips Oppenheim, whose public is international. It's not necessary to say more. They're all good reading and this is one of the best. The author has written a novel of English life of a melodramatic character, so fascinating and so stirring that the most hardened reader can hardly fail to get many a thrill out of it.

E. Phillips Oppenheim was born in England in 1866. His good English and clear style are probably due in large part to a Boston (U. S. A.) influence, for in 1892 he married Elsie Hopkins, who came from that city of culture and precise language. He has always made his home in England and turns out never less than two and sometimes three or four books a year.

CHAPTER I

Francis Ledsam, alert, well satisfied with himself and the world, the echo of a little buzz of congratulations still in his ears, paused on the steps of the [illegible] Temple of Justice to light a cigarette before calling for a taxi to take him to his club. Visions of a whisky and soda [illegible] a little gossip and a rubber of [illegible] bridge at his favorite table, were already before his eyes. A woman who had followed him from the court touched him on the shoulder.

"May I speak to you for a moment, Mr. Ledsam?"

The barrister frowned slightly as he swung around to confront his questioner. It was such a familiar form of address.

"What do you want?" he asked, a little curtly.

"A few minutes' conversation with you," was the calm reply. "The matter is important."

The woman's tone and manner, notwithstanding her plain, inconspicuous clothes, commanded attention. Francis Ledsam was a little puzzled. Small things meant much to him in life, and he had been looking forward almost with the zest of a schoolboy to that hour of relaxation at the club. He was impatient of even a brief delay, a sentiment which he tried to express in his response.

"What do you want to speak to me about?" he repeated bluntly. "I shall be in my rooms in the Temple tomorrow morning, any time after eleven."

"It is necessary for me to speak to you now," she insisted. "There is a tea-shop across the way. Please accompany me there."

Ledsam, a little surprised at the insistence of her request, subjected his accoster to a closer scrutiny. As he did so, his irritation diminished. He shrugged his shoulders slightly.

"If you really have business with me," he said, "I will give you a few minutes."

They crossed the street together, the woman self-possessed, negative, wholly without the embarrassment of one performing an unusual action. Her companion felt the awakening of curiosity. Zealously though she had, to all appearances, endeavored to conceal the fact, she was without a doubt personable. Her voice and manner lacked nothing of refinement. Yet her attraction to Francis Ledsam, who, although a perfectly normal human being, was no seeker after promiscuous adventures, did not lie in these externals. As a barrister whose success at the criminal bar had been phenomenal, he had attained to a certain knowledge of human nature. He realized that this woman was no impostor.

They passed into the tea-shop and [illegible]

up his hat and gave an order. The woman slowly began to remove her gloves. When she pushed back her veil, her vis-a-vis received almost a shock. She was quite as good-looking as he had imagined, but she was far younger—she was indeed little more than a girl. Her eyes were of a deep shade of hazel brown, her eyebrows were delicately marked, her features and poise admirable. Yet her skin was entirely colorless. She was as pale as one whose eyes have been closed in death. Her lips, although in no way highly colored, were like streaks of scarlet [illegible] upon "a marble image. The contrast between her appearance and that of her companion was curiously marked. Francis Ledsam conformed in no way to the accepted physical type of his profession. He was over six feet in height, broad-shouldered and powerfully made. His features were cast in a large mold, he was of fair, almost sandy complexion, even his mouth was more humorous than incisive. His eyes alone, gray and exceedingly magnetic, suggested the gifts which without a doubt lay behind his massive forehead.

"I am anxious to avoid any possible mistake," she began. "Your name is Francis Ledsam?"

"It is," he admitted.

"You are the very successful criminal barrister," she continued, "who has just been paid an extravagant fee to defend Oliver Hilditch."

"I might take exception to the term 'extravagant,'" Ledsam observed dryly. "Otherwise, your information appears to be singularly correct. I do not know whether you have heard the verdict. If not, you may be interested to know that I succeeded in obtaining the man's acquittal."

"I know that you did," the woman replied. "I was in the court when the verdict was brought in. It has since occurred to me that I should like you to understand exactly what you have done, the responsibility you have incurred."

Ledsam raised his eyebrows.

"Responsibility?" he repeated. "What I have done is simple enough. I have earned a very large fee and won my case."

"You have secured the acquittal of Oliver Hilditch," she persisted. "He is by this time a free man. Now I am going to speak to you of that responsibility. I am going to tell you a little about the man who owes his freedom to your eloquence."

It was [illegible] after [illegible] [illegible] her [illegible] She began to [illegible] before [illegible]

room the waitress was watching them curiously.

"Good God!" Francis Ledsam exclaimed at last, suddenly realizing his whereabouts. "Do you mean to affirm solemnly that what you have been telling me is the truth?"

The woman continued to button her gloves.

"It is the truth," she said.

Ledsam sat up and looked around him. He was a little dazed. He had almost the feeling of a man recovering from the influence of some anesthetic. Before his eyes were still passing visions of terrible deeds, of naked, ugly passion, of man's unscrupulous savagery. During those few minutes he had been transported to New York and Paris, London and Rome. Crimes had been spoken of which made the murder for which Oliver Hilditch had just been tried seem like a trifling indiscretion. Hard though his mentality, sternly matter-of-fact as was his outlook, he was still unable to fully believe in himself, his surroundings, or in this woman who had just dropped a veil over her ashen cheeks. Reason persisted in asserting itself.

"But if you knew all this," he demanded, "why on earth didn't you come forward and give evidence?"

"Because," she answered calmly, as she rose to her feet, "my evidence would not have been admissible. I am Oliver Hilditch's wife."

Francis Ledsam arrived at his club, the Sheridan, an hour later than he had anticipated. He came face to face with his most intimate friend, Andrew Wilmore. The latter, who had just hung up his coat and hat, greeted him with a growl of welcome.

"So you've brought it off again, Francis!"

"Touch and go," the barrister remarked. "I managed to squeak home. This case has upset me."

"Upset you? But why the dickens should it?" the other demanded, in a puzzled tone. "It was quite an ordinary case, in its way, and you won it."

"I won it," Francis admitted.

"Your defense was the most ingenious thing I ever heard."

"Mostly suggested, now I come to think of it."

Francis rose to his feet, shook himself, and with his elbow resting upon

"Do You Mean to Affirm Solemnly That What You Have Been Telling Me Is the Truth?"

the mantelpiece leaned down toward his friend.

"I'll tell you, Andrew. You're about the only man in the world I could tell. I've gone crazy."

"I thought you looked as though you'd been seeing spooks," Wilmore murmured sympathetically.

"I have seen a spook," Francis rejoined, with almost passionate seriousness, "a spook who lifted its [illegible] visible curtain with invisible fingers and pointed to such a drama of horrors as De Quincey, Poe and Sue combined could never have imagined. Oliver Hilditch was guilty, Andrew. He murdered the man Jordan—murdered him in cold blood."

"I'm not surprised to hear that," was the somewhat puzzled reply.

"He was guilty, Andrew, not only of the murder of this man, his partner, but of innumerable other crimes and brutalities," Francis went on. "He is a fiend in human form. [illegible] there was one, and I have set him loose once more to prey upon society. I am morally responsible for his next robbery, his next murder, the continued [illegible] of those forced to consort with him."

"You're dotty, Francis," his friend [illegible]

"I told you I was crazy" [illegible] "So would you be if [illegible] that woman [illegible] her story."

[illegible] Wilmore demanded, leaning forward in his chair [illegible] his friend with increasing [illegible]

court and told me the story of Oliver Hilditch's life."

"A stranger?"

"A complete stranger to me. It transpired that she was his wife."

Wilmore lit a cigarette.

"Believe her?"

"There are times when one doesn't believe or disbelieve," Francis answered. "One knows."

Wilmore nodded.

"All the same, you're crazy," he declared. "Even if you did save the fellow from the gallows, you were only doing your job, doing your duty to the best of your ability. You had no reason to believe him guilty."

"That's just as it happened," Francis pointed out. "I really didn't care at the time whether he was or not. I had to proceed on the assumption that he was not, of course, but on the other hand I should have fought just as hard for him if I had known him to be guilty."

"And you wouldn't now—tomorrow, say?"

"Never again."

"Because of that woman's story?"

"Because of the woman."

There was a short silence. Then Wilmore asked a very obvious question.

"What sort of person was she?"

Francis Ledsam was silent several moments before he replied. The question was one which he had been expecting, one which he had already asked himself many times, yet he was unprepared with any definite reply.

"I wish I could answer you, Andrew," his friend confessed. "As a matter of fact, I can't. I can only speak of the impression she left upon me, and you are about the only person breathing to whom I could speak of that."

Wilmore nodded sympathetically. He knew that, man of the world though Francis Ledsam appeared, he was nevertheless a highly imaginative person, something of an idealist as regards women, unwilling as a rule to discuss them, keeping them, in a general way, outside his daily life.

"Go ahead, old fellow," he invited. "You know I understand."

"She left the impression upon me," Francis continued quietly, "of a woman who had ceased to live. She was young, she was beautiful, she had all the gifts—culture, poise and breeding—but she had ceased to live. We sat with a marble table between us, and a few feet of oil-covered floor. Those few feet, Andrew, were like an impassable gulf. She spoke from the shores of another world. I listened and answered, spoke and listened again. And when she told her story, she went. I can't shake off the effect she had upon me, Andrew. I feel as though I had taken a step to the right or to the left over the edge of the world."

Andrew Wilmore studied his friend thoughtfully. He was full of sympathy and understanding. His one desire at that moment was not to make a mistake. He decided to leave unasked the obvious question.

"I know," he said simply. "Are you dining anywhere?"

"I thought of staying on here," was the indifferent reply.

"We won't do anything of the sort," Wilmore insisted. "There's scarcely a soul in tonight, and the place is too brainy for a man who's been seeing spooks. We'll go to Claridge's."

CHAPTER II

The two men occupied a table set against the wall. They were, in their way, an interesting contrast physically, neither of them good looking, according to ordinary standards, but both with many pleasant characteristics. Andrew Wilmore, slight and dark, with sallow cheeks and brown eyes, looked very much what he was—a moderately successful journalist and writer of stories, a keen golfer, a bachelor who preferred a pipe to cigars, and lived at Richmond because he could not find a flat in London which he could afford, large enough for his somewhat expensive habits. Francis Ledsam was of a sturdier type, with features perhaps better known to the world owing to the constant activities of the caricaturist. His reputation during the last few years had carried him, notwithstanding his comparative youth—he was only thirty-five years of age—into the very front ranks of his profession, and his income was one of which men spoke with bated breath. He came from a family of landed proprietors, whose younger sons for generations had drifted always either to the bar or the [illegible], and his name was well known in the purlieus of Lincoln's Inn before he himself had made it famous. He [illegible] a [illegible] reliance of [illegible] and his [illegible] in the [illegible] were comparatively [illegible]. Yet every now and then he felt [illegible] interest in the people whom his [illegible] [illegible] pointed out to him.

Francis finally broke in on Andrew's [illegible]. "I know you're dying to talk about the Hilditch case, aren't you? Well, go ahead."

"I'm only interested in this last development," Wilmore confessed. "Of course, I read the newspaper reports. [illegible] the [illegible] for a murder trial [illegible]

It seemed to me to rather lack color."

"It was a very simple and straightforward case," Francis said slowly. "Oliver Hilditch is the principal partner in an American financial company which has recently opened offices in the West End. He seems to have arrived in England about two years ago, to have taken a house in Hill street, and to have spent a great deal of money. A month or so ago, his partner from New York arrived in London, a man named Jordan of whom nothing was known. It has since transpired, however, that his journey to Europe was undertaken because he was unable to obtain certain figures relating to the business, from Hilditch. Oliver Hilditch met him at Southampton, traveled with him to London and found him a room at the Savoy. The next day the whole of the time seems to have been spent in the office, and it is certain, from the evidence of the clerk, that some disagreement took place between the two men. They dined together, however, apparently on good terms, at the Cafe Royal, and parted in Regent street soon after ten. At twelve o'clock Jordan's body was picked up on the pavement in Hill street, within a few paces of Hilditch's door. He had been stabbed through the heart with some needle-like weapon, and was quite dead."

"Was there any vital cause of quarrel between them?" Wilmore inquired.

"Impossible to say," Francis replied. "The financial position of the company depends entirely upon the value of a large quantity of speculative bonds, but as there was only one clerk employed, it was impossible to get at any figures. Hilditch declared that Jordan had only a small share in the business, from which he had drawn a considerable income for years, and that he had not the slightest cause for complaint."

"What were Hilditch's movements that evening?" Wilmore asked.

"Not a soul seems to have seen him after he left Regent street," was the somewhat puzzled answer. "His own story was quite straightforward and has never been contradicted. He let himself into his house with a latchkey after his return from the Cafe Royal, drank a whisky and soda in the library, and went to bed before half-past eleven. The whole affair—"

Francis broke off abruptly in the middle of his sentence. He sat with his eyes fixed upon the door, silent and speechless.

"What in Heaven's name is the matter, old fellow?" Wilmore demanded, gazing at his companion in blank amazement.

The latter pulled himself together without effort. The sight of the two new arrivals talking to Louis, the head waiter, on the threshold of the restaurant, seemed for the moment to have drawn every scrap of color from his cheeks. Nevertheless, his recovery was almost instantaneous.

"If you want to know any more," he said calmly, "you had better go and ask him to tell you the whole story himself. There he is."

"And the woman with him?" Wilmore exclaimed, under his breath.

"His wife!"

To reach their table, the one concerning which Francis and his friend had been speculating, the new arrivals, piloted by Louis, had to pass within a few feet of the two men. The woman, serene, coldly beautiful, dressed like a Frenchwoman in unrelieved black, with extraordinary attention to details, passed them by with a careless glance and subsided into the chair which Louis was holding. Her companion, however, as he recognized Francis, hesitated. His expression of somewhat austere gloom was lightened. A pleasant and tentative smile parted his lips. He ventured upon a salutation, half a word, half a more marked bow, a salutation which Francis punctiliously returned. Andrew Wilmore looked on with curiosity.

"So that is Oliver Hilditch?" he murmured.

"That is the man," Francis observed, "of whom half the people in this restaurant were probably asking themselves whether or not he was guilty of murder. Tonight they will be wondering what he is going to order for dinner. It is a strange world."

"Strange, indeed," Wilmore assented. "This afternoon he was in the dock, with his fate in the balance—the condemned cell or a favored table at Claridge's. And your mention! One can imagine him gripping your hands, with tears in his eyes, his voice broken with emotion, sobbing out his thanks. And instead you exchange polite bows. I would not have missed this situation for anything."

"Tradesman!" Francis scoffed. "One can guess already at the plot of your next novel!"

"He has courage," Wilmore declared. "He has also a very beautiful companion. Were you serious, Francis, when you told me that that was his wife?"

"She herself was my informant," was the quiet reply.

> "I killed Jordan in the very chair in which you are now sitting."

[illegible]

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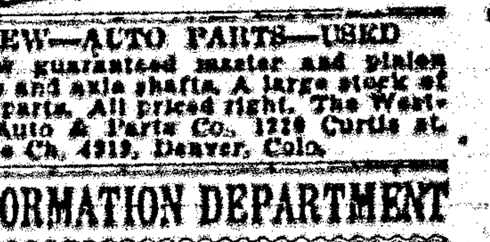

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COLORADO LETTUCE GROWERS FORM STATE EXCHANGE

Denver.—Plans for the formation of a state lettuce exchange were outlined at a meeting of representative lettuce growers from eight Colorado districts, held in the office of Joseph Passonneau, state director of markets, at the capitol building.

Sentiment was unanimous for such an exchange, and an organization committee was planned, with W. J. Broadhead of Buena Vista temporary secretary. The committee will be called together in the immediate future.

Lettuce growers from every district in the state will be enlisted in the cooperative plan, which, the delegates decided, would be perfected into a strong organization before the next crop is ready for marketing.

Districts represented at the organization meeting were Divide, Hillside, Buena Vista, Crested Butte, Tampa, Steamboat Springs, Granby and Fraser. The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Let it be the expressed sense of this meeting that all shippers use every possible effort to raise and maintain the standards of quality of Colorado lettuce at the highest possible point, and, whenever possible, to use the combined federal-state inspection and to adhere strictly to the grades established by the United States Department of Agriculture and the Colorado bureau of markets."

Mulcahy Resigns as Minister

Dublin.—Richard Mulcahy is no longer minister of defense of the Irish Free State. He resigned of his own volition, although the executive council had decided to advise President Cosgrave to ask for Mulcahy's resignation.

Fires Shots at Airplane

Paris.—A large airplane, loaded with passengers and baggage, had just taken off for London from the Bourget airport when there was a volley of bullets from an automatic pistol and the plane descended. Several mechanics and attendants overpowered the man with the weapon. Investigation showed that no one had been injured, as the bullets had buried themselves in the body of the machine and the flight was resumed. The shooter was Georges Piolet, sergeant in the air corps. He was sent to the hospital for mental observation.

Mexican Bandit Confesses

El Paso, Texas.—Agapito Morales was arrested by a posse of police in the lower part of the city and is being held to the city jail as a member of the gang of bandits which killed two El Pasoans in an effort to seize the pay roll of the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad shops. He made a confession implicating Morales and two other men, both residents of Juarez. Morales, when arrested, was suffering from a shattered left leg.

Seven Bishops Attend Ceremony

St. Louis.—Seven bishops of the Roman Catholic church assisted Archbishop Glennon in the consecration of the Rev. Joseph A. Murphy, S. J., as titular bishop of Birtha and vicar apostolic of Honduras. Birtha is in Mesopotamia, but the new bishop's work will be in the British Honduras. The region is a mission field of the Jesuits. His elevation is unusual, it was declared, as few Jesuits become bishops. Bishops participating included Schuler of El Paso.

Planting Redwood Forests for Future Generations

Men in this photograph are shown providing a future redwood forest covering for a hillside too steep and too rocky to produce anything but timber. This is in connection with a plan for preserving for future generations the giant redwood forests of California. The program, inaugurated by the California Redwood association, calls for the replanting of 1,000 acres in 1924, 3,000 in 1925 and so on until 1950, when the scheme will have been perfected. At the right is a view in one of the redwood forests still standing.

Tsetse Fly Holds Back Development

Insect Gets Poison From Antelope.

Washington. — The assertion that has recently come from Germany that the German Colonial society has a successful remedy for the hitherto incurable "sleeping sickness" of tropical Africa, but will not make it known unless Germany's prewar colonies are restored, turns attention to one of the most dreaded of known maladies.

"It is hardly too much to say that the sleeping sickness, and the tsetse fly which plays an important part in causing it, have done more than mountain ranges, mighty rivers and most other natural features to affect, divert and hold back development in central Africa," says a bulletin from the Washington headquarters of the National Geographic society.

"The Boer and British settlers of South Africa had no tsetse problem," continues the bulletin, "until their pioneers had pushed on up toward the tropics. Then their cattle, bitten by flies, sickened and died. With the further opening up of the hot country the tsetse fly was introduced to the world as a tiny insect more destructive of domestic cattle than the lions that operate in some of the same territory.

Caused Sleeping Sickness.

"When Europeans came into contact with the tsetse fly in some of the more northern 'fly belts' its destructiveness seemed confined to their cattle. Flies in these regions inflicted painful bites on men, but that was the end of it. Closer to the equator a much more sinister side of the fly became apparent when it was found that the seemingly always fatal sleeping sickness of humans in these sections followed the bites of the flies as did the death of domestic animals. The entire future of the tropical African colonies of the various European powers was seen to hinge on the possibility of controlling the sleeping sickness, for with the greater freedom of movement stimulated by the advance of civilization, the disease spread from its local centers and threatened to wipe out the entire population of countries.

"In the years just preceding the World war British, German, French, Belgian, Portuguese and Italian scientists were busy in Africa seeking to learn more about the tsetse fly and the disease, and to find ways of combating them. But though the development and transmission of the disease came to be known in detail, none of the investigators has claimed to discover any successful remedy, save the Germans.

"The investigations that disclosed the complicated plan by which nature keeps the microscopic organisms of the sleeping sickness alive and injects them into human victims makes a fascinating chapter of science despite the dark side of the picture.

"It was found that there must be a large animal whose blood is of the proper sort to constitute a 'reservoir' for the organisms. If this 'reservoir' is 'tapped' by a tsetse fly the organisms drawn out undergo a slight change in the fly's intestines and glands and are injected as though through a hypodermic syringe when later the fly bites a similar animal or a human. It was thought at first that a succession of ill human victims furnished the reservoirs; but all humans on certain infested islands were transported, and still the flies were able to transmit the disease several years later. Crocodiles were popularly suspected of being the 'reservoirs,' but it was proved that the disease could not be transmitted from their blood.

"Finally, by patient research, the fact was run down that a certain species of antelope—the situnga—is the guilty animal. Though he remains perfectly healthy himself, his blood may contain millions of the organisms fatal to man. The fly, imbibing his daily diet of blood from the infected situnga, sucks in the organisms, and in turn receives all illeffects from them. But when he bites a man, he deals out deadly poison. As far as man is concerned, antelope or fly would each be entirely harmless without the other.

Many Areas Evacuated.

"Though it is almost impossible to exterminate either the antelope or the tsetse in central Africa—a step that might wipe out the disease—it was possible, after their dangerous relationship came to be understood, to take certain steps to better conditions. This was made possible by the fact that the flies have restricted breeding grounds along the shores of lakes and streams. Many of these areas were evacuated much against the wishes of the natives, and abandoned to the flies. The result has been a marked decrease in the number of cases of sleeping sickness in recent years. In the abandoned areas, however, both the flies and antelopes remain, and keep alive the fatal disease organisms. If a human ventures into the regions he is very likely to become infected.

"One interesting fact developed in a most interesting way by British naturalists who studied the tsetse fly problem, is that the flies are relatively longlived. They live about a year and, once harboring the disease organism, preserve their power of infection to the end. The approximate life span of the flies when free was determined by patiently catching thousands of them, marking their legs, much as a cattleman 'ear marks' his animals, and releasing them. At intervals later thousands of flies were captured in the same locality. The marked individuals continued to appear among the captives, healthy and active, for the better part of a year."

FIND SITE OF IDAHO'S FIRST TRADING POST

Blind Indian Leads Way to Old Settlement.

Missoula, Mont.—The site of a trading post, which, 800 miles inland from the Pacific ocean, was founded in 1807, at virtually the same time that John Jacob Astor was establishing his post at the mouth of the Columbia river, has been found by Duncan McDonald of Dixon, Mont., son of an early Hudson's Bay company factor. A blind Indian was McDonald's guide.

A heap of stones and ashes on the shore of Lake Pend d'Oreille in northern Idaho is all that is left of the barricades and cabins built by David Thompson in 1807.

Thompson was an employee of the Hudson's Bay company in eastern Canada when Astor determined to send his expedition by boat around Cape Horn. Offered employment by Astor, Thompson decided instead to head an expedition of his own across the continent and establish a post at the mouth of the Columbia before Astor's could round the Horn.

But Thompson's expedition was forced by hostile Indians to camp for a winter north of what is now the city of Spokane, and Mr. Thompson's party arrived at the mouth of the Columbia to find Astor's men building their cabins.

Thompson returned to the Rocky mountain region and built his fur-trading posts on Lake Pend d'Oreille, in what has become northern Idaho, on Flathead lake, in what is now western Montana, and near the present site of the city of Missoula.

The recent expedition, which found the remains of the Lake Pend d'Oreille post, designated by Thompson in his diaries as "Kullyspell house," was led by McDonald, accompanied by the blind Indian from the Flathead reservation known as Old Aleck, who, in his boyhood, had seen standing the old stone chimney of Kullyspell house.

McDonald said the principal importance attaching to the discovery was that it fixed the spot of Idaho's first trading post.

Eats 14 Onions a Day

Phoenixville, Pa.—John Ferguson eats 14 onions each day and never has been ill one day in his life. About 100,000 onions have been eaten by him during 20 years since he began the eating.

"You can have your apples, but give me a dish of raw onions and no salt," he says.

VERMONT WILL HAVE NEW LAKE IN SPRING

Dam to Form Reservoir to Develop Electricity.

Whitingham, Vt.—Spring will see a new Deerfield valley in southern Vermont. Where once a turbulent little river rushed between the mountains and past dwellings, schoolhouses and tiny cemeteries and through tangled forests, a peaceful lake will mirror the great hills.

Finding its outlet in a tunnel which will carry its water to a powerhouse far below, the lake will furnish the power which, transformed into electricity, will travel over many miles of high-tension wires and operate a large number of New England industrial plants.

Engineers of the New England Power company began work in June, 1920, on this hydro-electric project, one of the greatest in the northeastern section of the country.

It involved the building of an earth dam 200 feet in height and said to be the largest of its kind in the world. It involved also the removal of many buildings, the transfer of several cemeteries to high ground, the relocation of the tracks of the Hoosac Tunnel and Wilmington railroad and the clearing of hundreds of acres of timber and brush.

The reservoir above the great dam is ten miles long and covers an area of 2,300 acres. Its estimated capacity is 30,000,000 gallons of water.

The power to be created will be carried over a transmission line for a distance of 76 miles to Millbury, Mass., the center of the company's system. This line will carry 110,000 volts of electricity.

The spring rains and the melting snow on the mountainsides will swell the little river and the huge amount of water that heretofore has gone to waste will gradually fill the reservoir. The engineers figure the new lake will be fully created by April or May, 1924.

The dam itself is 1,200 feet thick at the base, 200 feet in height and 1,200 feet across. It covers 35 acres and contains 7,000,000 cubic yards of earth. The railroad has been diverted to run over the top of the dam.

In the whole construction of this project only one man was killed. A workman slipped while digging a three-foot ditch, fell into the ditch and broke his neck.

Ultra-Violet Ray Used to Make or Reduce Fat

Paris.—The ultra-violet ray is equally effective as a weight reducer or producer, according to Doctors Livet and Vaulch, who described to the Academy of Medicine the excellent results obtained when the rays were applied to a number of obese patients, bringing about a loss in weight of from eight to twenty pounds after thirty applications.

The same rays, used to tone up debilitated patients, caused them to put on flesh.

WOMEN! DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON

Warning! Not All Package Dyes Are "Diamond Dyes."

Diamond Dyes

Always ask for "Diamond Dyes" and if you don't see the name "Diamond Dyes" on the package—refuse it—hand it back!

Each 15-cent package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint skirts, dresses, waists, sweaters, stockings, kimonos, coats, draperies, coverings—everything new, even if she has never dyed before. Choose any color at drug store. Refuse substitutes!

More Serious

The Man (gloomily)—I was told to go abroad at once.

The Girl—Nonsense! These doctors mustn't frighten you out of your life like that.

The Man—It wasn't a doctor. It was a lawyer.—London Opinion.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh.

Sold by druggists for over 40 years

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

Scripture for It

"Tell me, Jamie, what was the most wonderful thing you saw at sea?"

"I thing it was a flying fish."

"Noo, laddie, dinna mak a fule o' yer mither. Who ever heard o' a fish fleein'?"

"Another strange thing I saw while crossing the Red sea. We dropped anchor, and when we hoisted it again there was one of the wheels of Pharaoh's chariot on it."

"Aye, laddie, an' I believe you. We've Scripture for it."—Northern Baptist.

"DANDELION BUTTER COLOR"

A harmless vegetable butter color used by millions for 50 years. Drug stores and general stores sell bottles of "Dandelion" for 35 cents.—Adv.

Lost and Found

Tom—I lost an opportunity of kissing Betty in the conservatory last night after our dance.

Dick—Well, don't worry about it; I found it later.—Boston Transcript.

You never hear a man boast that his wife shines his shoes.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

Experience as Nurse Causes Mrs. Fleming to Endorse Tanlac

Practical Nurse for 16 Years Tells of Recovery Thanks to Tanlac — Recommends It to Patients.

"I would never have believed any medicine on earth could help me like Tanlac did," is the precise statement of Mrs. Celia Fleming, 1915 Addison St., Berkeley, Calif., a practical nurse of sixteen years' experience.

"In 1904 a serious operation weakened my system so I never saw a real well day until I took Tanlac three years ago. I never seemed to be hungry, my stomach was so disordered I could scarcely retain a thing I ate, and I lost weight till I was almost a shadow. I was very anemic, and shattered nerves and sleepless nights contributed even more to my already miserable state.

"Tanlac built up my appetite and digestion wonderfully, and every single ailment went away. Then, with returning strength came a 32-pound increase in weight, and from that day three years ago my health has been splendid. I recommend Tanlac to many of my patients, for it is indeed a remarkable medicine."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 40 million bottles sold. Accept no substitutes.

Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills.

Machiavelli

Machiavelli was an Italian statesman, historian and man of letters (1469-1527). It is said the object of his book, "The Prince," is to show that all is fair in diplomacy. The term "Machiavellism" has come to mean political cunning and duplicity, the art of tricking and overreaching by diplomacy.

Too many people talk in one direction and act in another.

The New Freely-Lathering
Cuticura Shaving Stick
For Tender Faces
EMOLLIENT MEDICINAL ANTISEPTIC

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 13--1924.

The reason one is not fooled oftener is because no one thinks it is worth while.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Two pleasant ways to relieve a cough

Take your choice and suit your taste. S-B—or Menthol flavor. A sure relief for coughs, colds and hoarseness. Put one in your mouth at bedtime. *Always keep a box on hand.*

TRADE MARK

SMITH BROTHERS

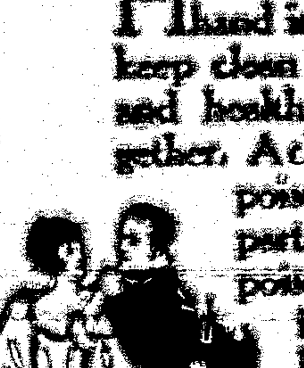
S.B. COUGH DROPS MENTHOL

Famous since 1847

Health and good looks

—the reward of internal cleanliness

HEALTH and good looks go hand in hand. If you do not keep clean internally, your looks and health are undermined together. A clogged intestine breeds poisons that reach every part of the body. These poisons ruin the complexion and undermine health. Constipation brings on such ailments as headaches, bilious attacks, and insomnia—each of which saps your health and vitality. Soon much more serious conditions follow.



Good Looks Throughout Life If You Keep Clean Internally

In constipation, say intestinal specialists, lies the primary cause of more than three-quarters of all illness including the gravest diseases of life.

Laxatives Aggravate Constipation

Laxatives and cathartics do not overcome constipation, says a noted authority, but by their continued use tend only to aggravate the condition and often lead to permanent injury.

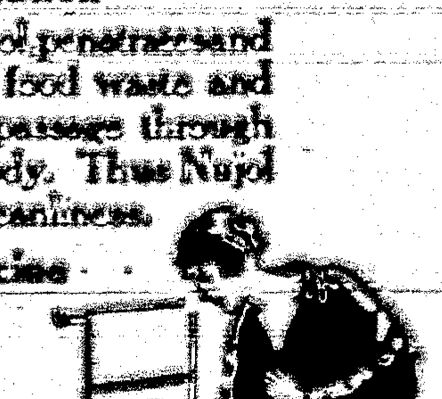
Medical science, through knowledge of the intestinal tract gained by X-ray observation, has found at last in *lubrication* a means of overcoming constipation.

Physicians Favor Lubrication

The lubricant, Nujol, penetrates and softens the hard food waste and thus hastens its passage through and out of the body. Thus Nujol brings internal cleanliness.

Not a Medicine

Nujol is not a laxative and cannot gripe. Nujol is used in leading hospitals and is prescribed by physicians throughout the world.



Cleanliness Demands More Than Bathing

Don't give disease a start. Adopt this habit of internal cleanliness. Nujol is not a medicine. Like pure water, it is harmless. Take Nujol as regularly as you brush your teeth or wash your face. For sale by all druggists.

Nujol

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

For Internal Cleanliness

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY — Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1924

The "Best Minds" Are not Functioning

(Special Correspondence)

Washington, March 31.—Edward B. McLean, owner of the Washington Post and the Cincinnati Enquirer, was the closest and most intimate personal friend of the late President Harding. Therefore, what he says might be read with deep interest and understanding. The following leading editorial from the Washington Post aptly describes the situation of the Republican leaders in the capital:

"Members of the Republican party are dazed and shamed by the lack of leadership in their great organization. They can not understand why the Republican party is subjected to the most humiliating and damaging charges without arousing the resentment of a single leader in Congress. The leaders are not only defied but insulted, and they take their punishment as if they deserved it. The administration is vilified and the entire Republican organization brought into contempt and worse than contempt. It is even charged with protecting criminals, and with being itself a participant in crime. The government is terribly injured by the wholesale accusations heaped against the party in power. Paralysis has overtaken Congress. There is widespread defiance of the law. The people are beginning to suffer because the party to which they confided the government is unable to function.

"What is the matter with Republican leaders? Can it be true that they are trembling for fear that further revelations will confirm the truth of what now seem to be infamous calumnies? Or are they craven weaklings who are afraid to stand up for truth and right, because of a selfish desire to keep their own individual names out of the current scandals? One or the other supposition seems to be the truth.

"Scoundrels or moral cowards—it is a hard alternative, and the people shrink from imposing judgment. But the people will not forever. Republicans by the millions, whose pride in their party is part of their life, are not disposed to tolerate the cowardice of their leaders in Congress when abominable allegations are made attacking the integrity of their party.

"There is beginning to be widespread belief that there is corruption back of the silence which the leaders fear to face.

"Where are the great men of the Republican party? Where are the Hannas, Quays, Platts, Spooners, Aldriches, Chandlers, Hales, Allisons, Dollivers, Reeds, Cannons, Paynes, Dalzells, Grosvenors, Moodys, Tawneys, and scores of other champions of Republicanism who regarded an assault upon the honor of their party as a personal insult, and who never failed to carry the war into the enemy's camp. Is the Republican party dead? Is it so lacking in leaders that it is about to disintegrate and disappear?

"The rank and file of the Republican party are true and loyal Americans. They will follow great leaders. But they will not follow men who do not have the courage to defend the party against unjust assault. The time has come when leadership in the Republican party must be asserted at once by the men who have been elected as leaders, or these men will be repudiated and the party itself will run the risk of destruction.

"A presidential campaign is approaching. Through the lack of stalwart and vigilant leadership the Republican party goes into the campaign as if it were a criminal on the way to execution. Senators who should have defended the Republican party against insinuations are now silent and apologetic, afraid to confess that they are Republicans. Not one of them has done his duty by his party, and all of them know they are recreant to their party trust.

"It is not the Republican party that is on trial. It is the leaders who are on trial; but if this venality is established the party crashes to ruin. Let them make good while there is time."

Normalcy

For all that has happened is the natural fruit of normalcy—of the doctrine that it's always fair weather when good fellows get together, and that a good fellow undefiled by any taint of intellect is good enough to be trusted with the conduct of the nation's business. He may trade off a billion dollars' worth of oil for a hundred thousand dollars' worth of concrete and barb wire fence; he may sign contracts without reading them, or reading the protests against them; but if he is a good mixer and a good story teller he is all right. That is normalcy, and it is turning out as we might have expected.—Elmer Davis in the New York Times.

Kansas Editor Goes After Secretary Mellon

Emporia, Kan., April 2.—Mellon is the next cabinet officer who will walk the plank, William Allen White said in his paper, the Gazette, Wednesday.

"If he stays aboard he will sink the ship and the ship does not deserve sinking for Mellon. The roar forcing out Daugherty and Denby will be a whisper compared with what Mellon will get when the country knows what he has done.

"Mellon belongs to the wing of the party not believing in the prohibition law and has time and again scoffed at the law, ignored the law and beat it to questionable uses.

"Mellon also belongs to the wing of the party believing taxes should be paid as largely as possible by the per capita average and the rich should not be taxed according to the great debt the government incurs by protecting their wealth," he said.

Now, When Sheba Was a Flapper—

Croesus never looked for a gas leak with a match.

Moses never was perplexed about finding a parking place.

Helen of Troy never was bothered about buying a battery for her radio set.

Marco Polo never hid a party line.

Alexander the Great never had to think about putting on chains or trusting to non skid tires.

Tut-Ankh-Amen never worried about his income tax return.

The Queen of Sheba never pondered the fact that electricity some times passes over wires coated with ice and yet the current never melts the ice.—Public Service Bulletin.

PUBLIC AUCTION

APRIL 14, 1924

Anxiety Herefords

Stock and Herd-Bull Property adapted for range use.

[illegible]

U. S. Marine Hospital No. 9

Fort Stanton, N. M.

Carrizozo School Notes

(By Supt. E. E. Cole)

Quite recently a great educator of the United States made the declaration that the people of this country do not really want an education—they only think so; that's all. And the boys and girls are in the same attitude. The editor of this column thinks the following is very much to the point right now:

A Modern Education

Yes, May's education
 Has been strictly up to date;
You've heard, no doubt, that she
 just won
 The Suffrage Club Debate.

She took a course in nursing,
 She can fence and box and row;
She's up on balanced rations,
 She can dance and she can sew.

She's captain of the ball team;
 You ought to see her swim;
But she's had no time for music,
 With her tennis and her gym.

I guess we're way behind the
 times;
 There's been a big advance
Since we learned our rules for
 grammar,
 And could name the kings of
 France.

I know I ought not to complain
 When Mary's done so well,
But I just can't help wishing
 She could read and write and
 spell.

—Pauline Partridge

Some Questions For You

Do you come nearer day by day
To the port where your dreams
 all anchored lie?
Or do you sail farther and farther
 away
In an early sea with a sullen sky?
Do you come nearer the Ought-
 to-be
In a wagon you hitched to a distant star?
Or do you drift on hopelessly,
Content to abide with the Things-
 that-are?

Are you a Dro[illegible] or a Do-it-now?
A Hurry-up or [illegible]-a-while?
A Do-it-so or an Anyhow?
A Cheer-up boys or a Never-
 smile?
It's none of my business, that I
 know,
For you are the captain and mate
 and crew
Of that ship of yours, but Where
 you go
Depends on What-and-how-you-
 do.

Are you a Yes or a May-be-so?
Are you a Will or a Guess-you'll
 be?
A Come-on-lads or a Let's-not-go?
A Yes-I-will or an Oh-I'll-see?
It isn't the least concern of mine,
I know that well, but as time
 endures,
When they thresh the wheat and
 store the wine,
You'll find it a big concern of
 yours.

—James W. Foley.

And Mr. Daugherty finally resigned (on request), after hanging on long enough to damn the Coolidge administration.

Fresh

Home-Made

CANDIES

Get a Box or Package of

THE CHOICEST AND SWEETEST

from

Mrs. J. K. Such

East Alamogordo Ave.

San Patricio Items

Cold and windy weather has predominated during the last half of March, much to the discomfort of us galvanized natives, who like to loll and bask in the sunshine. However, when we read of the real cold and storms our neighbors to the south and east are getting, we know that we are living in one of the most favored parts of the old U. S. A. It is probable that most of the early blooming fruits are greatly injured, but later varieties are still safe.

Measles is quite prevalent in the valley just now, but so far none have suffered greatly nor have the schools closed.

A ten-day old infant of Antonio Sanchez died on the 31st, and was buried in the little churchyard Tuesday.

At the school election held in this district this week, T. S. Chavez was elected director. Little interest was shown in the election, as under the present school laws the directors are quite desuete and innocuous (both good words).

Jim Mauldin shook the dust of this community off his feet last Monday, took his family and worldly goods and bid us all farewell. Tuesday evening found the whole "kit and bilin" back with us again. It usually takes two years to get 'em back, but Jim and his folks only needed two days, and we are all certainly glad. Mr. Mauldin and his pleasant family will live on the place recently vacated by Mr. A. W. Roberts.

Your correspondent received a letter last week signed "XYC," saying, among other things, that "Your statements in the Carrizozo papers has too much falsehood mingled with truth." Where did he find the grain of wheat among all that chaff?

An Old Native Crosses the Mystic River

Lucillo Archuleta died at White Oaks last Friday at the ripe age of 82 years. Archuleta served a term in the army, being honorably discharged at Fort Stanton sometime in the 'seventies. He was present at the pistol duel between Capt. Grey and Capt. Whitlock on the square at Fort Stanton, in which Whitlock was the victor, but was later killed by the soldier friends of Capt. Grey before he left the square.

After being discharged from the army Archuleta became a deputy under the late Geo. Kimbrell, the then sheriff, when Lincoln county embraced all of Chaves and part of Eddy and Otero counties. He played a prominent part in the Lincoln County War in the 'eighties, his sympathies being with "the Kid." He spent the last thirty years of his life in White Oaks, and was known to most of our old-time readers as a square citizen.

CLASSIFIED

Kodak Supplies; Ansco Films.—Paden's Drug Store.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest.—Such's

Sweet milk, quarts 20c., pints 10c. at Roslin's Dairy.

Get your Kodaks, Films, Etc. at Rolland Bros.

Spend your money where you get the most for it. We are pleased to offer Homestead Flour at $3.60 per cwt. We also carry a good supply of Feeds, Colorado Potatoes and some Groceries.

Humphrey Bros.

Lowney's Candies; Try some—Paden's Drug Store.

Bargain, if taken at once; Piano in good condition. Enquire at this office.

Wanted—Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children; eliminates darning; Salary $75 a week full time, $1.50 an hour spare time. Cottons, heathers, silks.

International Stocking Mills

1-4-10 Norristown, Pa.

More Truth than Poetry

"In this old world with its steady grind
It's better to be ahead than a little behind."

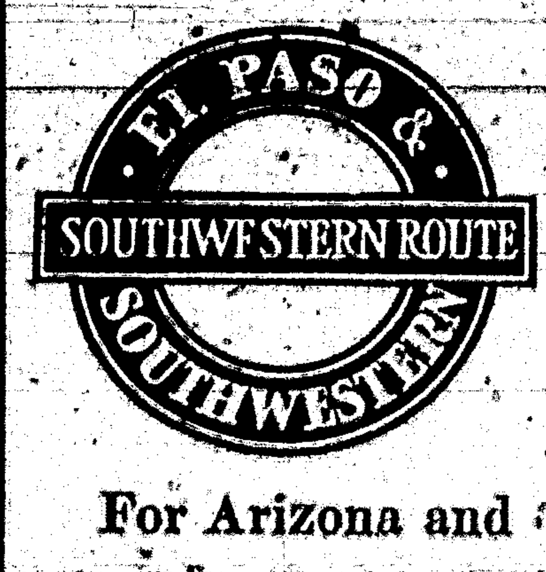
THERE is a great deal of truth in that, no matter what you may think of it as "poetry." How can you get ahead? The answer is plain—save. Unless you do, you will always be a little behind. Save a little, no matter how small your earnings. Then place the savings in a reliable bank like ours where it will be safe—no matter how small the amount. You will then be ahead instead of behind. Try it.

The Stockmens State Bank

CORONA, N. M.

(Member of the Federal Reserve System)

Going to California?



Take the Golden State Limited

(The Convenient Train)

For Arizona and California Points

Call on Local Agent for full information regarding rates, schedules, and reservations, or address

Jno. D. Mason, G.P.A., El Paso, Tex.

LUMBER

And Building Material, Paints and Glass

CARRIZOZO Western Lumber Co., Inc. NEW MEX.

Phone 39 D. R. STEWART, Manager.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

District Court for Lincoln County, State of New Mexico

Lin Branum, Plaintiff,
 Vs. No. 3[illegible]
Alfred Mycklithwaite,
 Defendant.

Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the District Court for Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, on the [illegible] day of January, 1924, in the above entitled action, wherein Lin Branum, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree against Alfred Mycklithwaite, defendant in said action, on the [illegible] day of January, 1924, which said decree was, on the [illegible] day of January, 1924, recorded in the Court Records of Lincoln County, I, the undersigned, was appointed by said Court, Commissioner, and commanded to sell at public auction: All that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit

The west half of section fifteen (15) in Township eight (8), south of Range eleven (11) East of the New Mexico Principal Meridian, or such part and parcel thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and decree.

Public Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the [illegible] day of April, 1924, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and the setting of the sun on that day, in front of the state house situate upon the above described land, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell the above described property at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's judgment, with costs of suit and expenses of sale.

There will be due plaintiff from defendant on said day of sale, the sum of $[illegible].

Dated this [illegible] day of March, 1924.

3-[illegible]-4 T. E. KELLEY,
District Court Commissioner.

NOTICE

Last Will and Testament of Harry L. Humphrey, Deceased.

To Anna Humphrey, Henry R. Humphrey, Mary Winifred Humphrey, Eleanor Cecelia Humphrey and Leo Marcus Humphrey, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico, and To Whom It May Concern:

You are hereby notified that the alleged last will and testament of Harry L. Humphrey, late of the County of Lincoln and State of New Mexico, was produced and read in the Probate Court for the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, on the 3rd day of March, 1924, and the day of the proving of said alleged last will and testament was thereupon fixed for Monday, the 5th day of May, A. D. 1924, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court, this 28th day of March, A. D. 1924.

3-28-4 R. M. TREAT,
[SEAL] County Clerk.

That seven million majority of 1920 looks like 20 cents Mex., to the Grand Oil Party in 1924.

It's Oil right—Jeff knows.

Catholic Church

Mass will be held next Sunday April 6, at 7:30 a. m., in the church on the east side.

Mass will be held at Fort Stanton on the same date at 10:30.

At Capitan, Monday 7th, 7 a. m.

C. O. Tremper, Pastor.

Cull Your Seed Corn Carefully. It Pays

Under the above heading the Extension Service of the A. & M. College, at State College, N. M., offers some valuable suggestions to farmers, on the selection of seed corn, in the following:

Ordinarily in planting, each seed ear is responsible for at least two bushels of the crop expected. Think it over. The loss you sustain in planting one dead ear of corn more than outweighs the trouble of testing many ears.

Culling of seed corn consists in carefully examining each ear for indications of dead germs, disease, immaturity or any other defects, and discarding all the defective ears. The tips and butts should first be shelled off, and the grain discarded. The weight and firmness of the ear should be observed for signs of immaturity.

Good seed corn should have a plump, creamy white germ. The kernels should be fairly large and well-matured with plump tips, and the backs of the kernels should be glossy and free from blisters. Indications of mould should be carefully noted, and a few kernals from each ear should be cut across the germs to note the color. Any ears which which have dead germs, mouldy kernels or cobs, rotted shanks, shrunken, blistered or dull, soft, starchy kernels should be discarded.

If time permits each ear should be tested for germination in a sand box or a rag doll tester. Five or six kernals should be removed from different parts of the ear for this test. If this is not done, at least a composite sample of the lot of shelled seed should be tested, and if germination is more than 95 per cent the culling has been properly done. This test will be made free of charge by the Agricultural College Seed Laboratory.

Hondo News Items

Hondo, April 2.

School election passed off here without much excitement. Anastacio Montoya fell heir to the official duties of school trustee for a term of three years.

Farming has begun in earnest the past week, spring having shown a willingness to make its appearance soon.

It appears that Hondo will be well represented in the Citizen Training Camps this summer. Godfrey Gonzales, Sam Romero, Barnes Rose, Robert Casey, Albert Kimbrell and Cree Hightower have applied for entrance and have been accepted by the Department and assigned to Fort Huachuca, Arizona. It seems that every boy who can spare the time, and who is physically fit, should avail himself of this opportunity to get an excellent military training, with all expenses paid by Government.

Jim Mandia is moving on to the Roberts place above San Patricio.

All the Hondo school pupils and teachers who attended the High School Class Party given by the Lincoln folks, report a fine time, and hope to be able to return the favor in the near future.

There will be about 15 acres of cotton planted in the Hondo vicinity this year as an experiment this year. We may all be wanting a job of cotton picking this fall if the venture proves a success.

$50.00 REWARD

If I Fail to Grow Hair

Oriental Hair Root Hair Grower

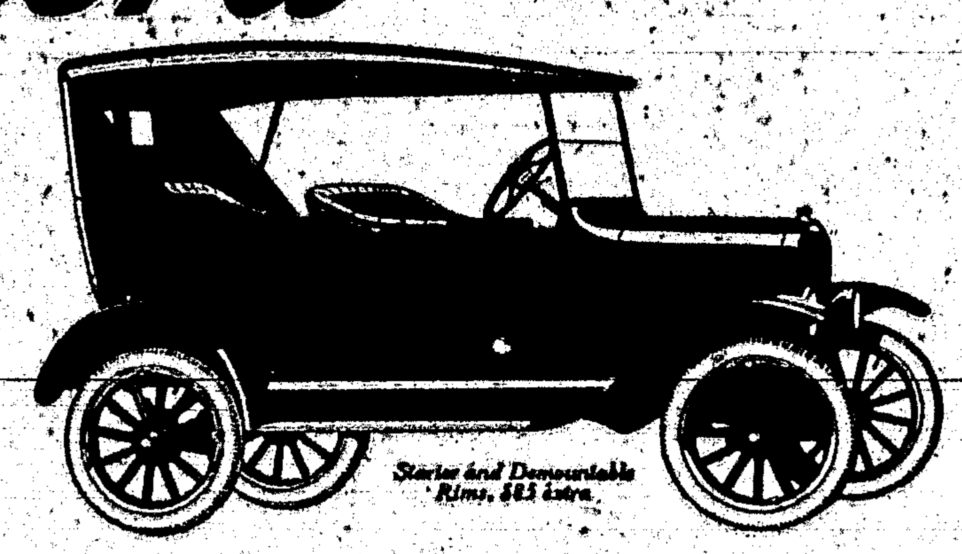
World's Greatest Hair Grower.

Grows hair on bald heads.

It must not be put where hair is not wanted. Cures dandruff and all scalp troubles. $1.75 per jar. Agents wanted.

PROF. M. S. GROSSE
328 Main Street,
Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

Ford



$295 F. O. B. DETROIT

Order It Today!

The spring rush for Ford Touring Cars has started

Arrange to place your order at once, so that you will not be obliged to wait for delivery.

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

If you do not wish to pay cash for your car, you can arrange for a small payment down and easy terms on the balance. Or you can buy on the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan.

See the Nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford

F40C CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln.

The First Nation Bank of Carrizozo, New Mexico, a Corporation, Plaintiff;
Vs. No. 3157
Boyd D. Zumwall and May Zumwalt, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the judgment and decree of foreclosure and order of sale rendered on the 30th day of November, 1923, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for the County of Lincoln, in the above entitled and numbered cause, a suit for the foreclosure of the mortgage liens on the hereinafter described property, the undersigned special master, designated by said decree and order of sale, will, on Tuesday, the 15th day of April, 1924, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., at the Boyd D. Zumwalt ranch, in Nogal Canyon, above the Village of Nogal, in Nogal precinct, in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said judgment, in the sum of $2267.77, principal and interest, together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 30th day of November, 1923, to the date of sale, which interest will amount to $77.00; also the sum of $[illegible], attorney's fees, $[illegible], receiver's fees, $[illegible], accrued costs, $[illegible], special master's fees, and also the cost of publishing this notice, the following described personal property and real estate, to-wit:

The entire herd of cattle of the defendants, described in said decree and order of sale as 35 cows, 37 calves, 16 one and two-year old heifers 3 bulls, and the increase, branded S L Y or ⌐ / or A — F or S L -|- or "V on left side or other brands;

And about 30 cows, 23 calves, and 8 coming two-year old heifers, all good grade Hereford range cattle, will be exhibited at said Boyd D. Zumwalt ranch at the time of the sale, and delivered to the purchaser, with a bill of sale, the remainder of the herd of said defendants to be offered for sale range delivery;

And also all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described lots and parcels of land, known as the Boyd D. Zumwalt ranch, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due upon said judgment, together with interest, receiver's fees, costs, and attorney's fees, situate, lying and being in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, to-wit:

The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter; east half of the southeast quarter; south half of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter; south half of the north half of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, all in section eighteen, township nine south of range thirteen east of the New Mexico Principal Meridian, New Mexico, containing 150 acres, together with all and singular, the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any way appertaining.

3-21-4

E. W. Harris,
Special Master.

Chills, & Stomach Trouble

MR. N. A. SMITH, of Shaw, Miss., says he can't remember being without Thedford's Black-Draught liver medicine since he and Mrs. Smith began keeping house, many years ago. "When we have chills," says Mr. Smith, "Black-Draught is what we use and we find it just splendid. I had a bad case of stomach trouble. I couldn't eat enough and was very weak. Everything I ate hurt me, formed gas and I spit up my food. I would feel stupid or staggery. I didn't feel like doing any work. I knew what Black-Draught had done in colds and I began taking small doses. I certainly got relief. It did me lots of good.

"When I go to town, I look first to see how near-out of Black-Draught we are, and then get more. We are a good way from the doctor, and keep our home remedies and the main one is Black-Draught."

In hundreds of thousands of homes, housekeepers keep Black-Draught on the shelf, handy for use when needed, as a household remedy to relieve constipation, biliousness, indigestion, and many other simple ailments. "A dose in time saves nine." A dose of Black-Draught costs only one cent. It may save you a big bill for medicine later on. Keep it on your shelf. Buy it at your store.

Get a package today.

BLACK-DRAUGHT

A Purely Vegetable Liver Medicine

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

Opening of New Market

Choice Fresh Meats, Fish Oysters

Star ✳ Market

(Opposite Depot)

Fresh Vegetables received twice a week

A share of your custom respectfully solicited.

W. L. BURNETT, Proprietor.

Educational News

(By Mrs. Louise H. Coe)

State High School Inspector, D. W. Rocky, has advised this office that the North Central Commission on Secondary Schools has accredited Capitan for the current year. He called our attention to the fact that the North Central schools are expected to represent the highest standards in adequate housing, equipment and Hygienic conditions. Mr. Rocky expects to visit Capitan soon and will advise needed changes to meet the requiremsnts of the commission.

The Second Grade Certificate on credentials may be renewed for two years, provided the holder is engaged in active work and attends at least one session of eight weeks in some accredited institution and secures at least six semester or nine term hours of credit.

A Second Grade Certificate on examination may be renewed by raising all grades on said certificates that are below 75 per cent to 75 per cent or above, during the life of the Certificate. If all grades are 75 per cent or above, the Certificate may be renewed by securing grades of at least 75 per cent in two or more of the subjects required for a First Grade Certificate on examination but not required for a second grade.

A First Grade Certificate, either on credentials or examination, may be renewed under the same conditions as the Second on credentials. The renewal in all cases applies only to certificates issued under the new rules. Certificates issued under former rules are not renewable.

The Ruidoso schools and the Parsons school were visited this week. The attendance in these schools is very good, with an increase of attendance in the upper Ruidoso school.

The "Attendance Banner" for the month of March has been awarded to Miss Ida Browning, Ruidoso, for two weeks and will then be forwarded to Miss Belle Norton, Carolita, as each of these schools had 100 per cent attendance the past month.

Sixty-eight 8th grade pupils in this county took the first State Promotion Examination; thirteen will receive diplomas from the March examination. All of these graduating are from the rural schools. The highest averages being made by Frances Moore, Spindle, 92 per cent; Inez Gomez, San Patricio, 91 per cent, and Minnie Freeland, Carolita, 91 per cent.

Ninety-seven 7th grade pupils took the State Physiology examination, and eighty-nine of this number received credit.

The second and last State Eighth Grade Promotion Examination will be held April 15th and 16th.

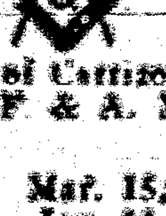
L. W. ADAMS

Glencoe, N. M.

Agent for
Finest Fruit Trees

Stark's Nursery Products

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.



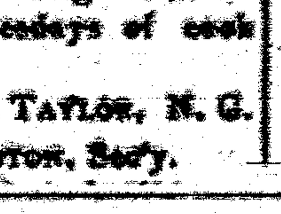
Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1924:

Jan. 19; Feb. 16; Mar. 15;
Apr. 19; May 17; Jun. 14;
July 12; Aug. 9; Sept. 13;
Oct. 11; Nov. 8; Dec. 6 & 27

JAMES B. FRENCH, W. M.
SAMUEL F. MILLER, Secretary.

I.O.O.F.

Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30



Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.

R. H. Taylor, N. G.
Wm. J. Langston, Secy.

The Grand Oil Party is in an awful fix, according to the Washington Post, its great defender, It aint got no leaders.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. H. HUDSPETH
Attorney-at-Law
Office: Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo - New Mexico

GEO. B. BARBER
Attorney-at-Law
Carrizozo : New Mexico

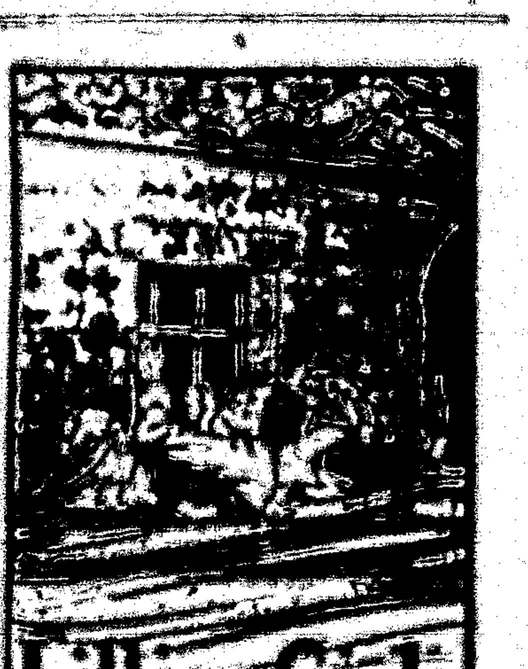
GEORGE SPENCE
Attorney-at-Law
Rooms Upstairs in the Lutz Bldg.
Carrizozo, : : New Mexico

R. E. BLANEY
Dentist
Office in
Exchange Bank Bldg Upstairs

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer
Phone 96
Carrizozo . N. M.

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo - - N. M.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST
Phone 119 CARRIZOZO, N. M.
ABSTRACTS - ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE



Lillian Gish

in the

Henry King

production of

The White Sister

By F. Marion Crawford

Presented by
Inspiration Pictures, Inc.
CHAS. H. DUELL, Jr., Pres.

The Most Exquisite Picture Ever Screened

AT CRYSTAL THEATRE
APRIL 8 AND 9

1—Photo-diagram of route of army round-the-world aviators, Major Martin, commander of the flight, and one of the planes. 2—High mass in Luneta park, Manila, to celebrate second anniversary of coronation of Pope Pius XI. 3—The "little green house" in Washington where Attorney General Daugherty and his friends are said to have arranged deals.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Wheeler Digging Up Lots of Stuff Against Daugherty—Oil and 1920 Campaign.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

SO comprehensive, discursive and "far flung" are the various investigations in Washington that only the Congressional Record could do them justice in the matter of space. In the Daugherty inquiry Senator Wheeler is having the time of his life and the witnesses, willing and reluctant, are numerous. Of these witnesses perhaps the most interesting of the week was W. A. Orr, one time secretary of Governor Whitman of New York. From him was drawn a story of conspiracy to withdraw liquor from bond in which Howard Mannington, a close associate of Daugherty, played the part of "fixer" and Orr that of "collector." He also admitted that he had a share in the Dempsey-Carpentier fight film and was supposed to have helped arrange things so that it could be exhibited free from prosecution. Orr acknowledged that he had used his influence to induce the attorney general to appoint Col. William Hayward as United States district attorney in New York, but modestly disclaimed credit for having "put over" Hayward's appointment.

Further [illegible] the fight film deal was given by G. O. Holdridge, former Department of Justice detective, [illegible] Daugherty, Orr, Alfred H. [illegible], Jap Muma, New York representative of E. B. McLean's publications, Fred Quimby and others, and Senator Wheeler declared the evidence was conclusive of the existence of a conspiracy. William J. Burns [illegible] the [illegible] drawn from [illegible] story so far as they affect the honesty of the Department of Justice.

[illegible] a sensational story linking Harry [illegible] up with the financing of the last Republican presidential campaign and related to the reports that oil interests, after vainly trying to [illegible] General Wood, brought about the nomination of Harding. According to the information received by the committee, [illegible] Hays and Harry Daugherty [illegible] shares of stock in the oil companies which was to be sold and the proceeds employed in liquidation of the [illegible] deficit incurred by the Republican national committee under the chairmanship of Mr. Hays in the 1920 election. A subpoena was issued for Mr. Hays. [illegible] of Ohio related a bit of hearsay about the [illegible] attempt to deal with Wood, and Carmi Thompson was called to tell what he knew about it.

From brokers' books the oil committee learned that there were traded in various oil stocks between Dec. 1, 1921, and Dec. 31, 1923: Attorney General Daugherty; C. Bascom Slemp, secretary to the President; Senators Curtis of Kansas and Elkins of West Virginia; Representatives A. B. Rouse of Kentucky, and former Representatives Goodykoontz of West Virginia, T. J. Ryan of New York and J. H. Himes of Ohio.

BRIBERY charges against two members of the lower house having been laid before a grand jury in Washington, the special house committee appointed to investigate them is holding its sessions in secret in order not to prejudice the interests of the government or of the possible defendants. Among the witnesses heard have been the cashiers of four banks in the home town of Congressman [illegible] of Maryland.

YET another committee, of the senate, is investigating allegations of inefficiency and irregularities in the bureau of internal revenue. Assistant Commissioner C. R. Nash told it that in the last three years 100 revenue agents, inspectors, and deputy collectors had been discharged because of dishonesty and graft. Commissioner Blair denied that appointment of principal employees in the bureau had been controlled by political considerations and told of his difficulties in that line with former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Elmer Dover.

BY an overwhelming majority the house passed the new soldiers' bonus bill, and sent it on to the senate. That body will almost certainly pass either the house bill or an amended measure. What President Coolidge will do about it is not surely known. The vote in the house—355 to 54—insures the passage of the bill over a veto. It is not so certain that the necessary two-thirds vote can be obtained in the senate. Advocates of the measure are urging the senate finance committee to give the bill precedence over the tax bill now under consideration.

Regardless of the merits or demerits of the bonus bill, there is ground for criticism of the way in which it was jammed through the house. The rules were suspended so that all amendments were shut out and debate was limited. The representatives who voted for the bill undoubtedly have thus provided themselves with a strong argument for their re-election, whatever may be the final fate of the measure.

THE senate went on record in favor of another amendment to the Constitution by adopting the joint resolution to have presidents inaugurated on the third Monday in January and the new congress to take office on the first Monday in January after election. Only seven votes were cast against it. The resolution was introduced by Senator Norris, who thus explained it:

"First—The congress elected in November will go into office on the first Monday in January following, and a session will then begin. This means that the new congress won't have to wait thirteen months before its members are actually sworn into office. This means the abolishment of the so-called 'lame duck congress.' The old congress will have no session after the election.

"Second—It abolishes the existing short session. Under present constitutional provisions a congress assembles in December after election and runs until the fourth of March, when it expires by limitation. It is in this so-called 'short session' of congress that all kinds of jokers creep into the laws.

"Third—Under the present Constitution, if the people fail to elect a President, and the election is thrown into the house, it is the old repudiated congress that elects the President, and not the new. This amendment will reverse conditions."

INCOMPLETE returns from the North Dakota primary show that Mr. Coolidge was the winner of the Republican indorsement, with Senators Johnson and LaFollette running neck and neck for second place. North Carolina's delegation to the Cleveland convention was instructed for Coolidge.

McAdoo won a big victory over Senator Underwood in Georgia, the returns making it certain that he will have the state's 28 votes in the New York convention.

To his close friends in Washington Senator LaFollette is said to have admitted that he desires to run for President this year on a third ticket. He wants to be nominated, not by a brand new third party, but by a convention of independent Republicans to be held after the convention in Cleveland has nominated Coolidge and to which members of all parties will be admitted. It is asserted that he has no hope of being elected next November but believes his plan would smash the regular Republican party, result in a Democratic victory and open the way for a third party that would be the leading party of the nation four years hence. Of course all this may be mere political gossip.

MAJOR MARTIN and Lieutenants Smith, Wade and Nelson, the army's globe-circling aviators, who started from Clover field, Santa Monica, Cal., have flown their four planes as far as Seattle without accident. There the machines are being equipped with large pontoons for what is regarded as the hardest part of the trip—from the United States to Japan by way of Alaska and the Aleutian islands. This week a British aviator is to start from Southampton in an attempt to beat the Americans around the world. He will fly from west to east.

OF MORE than local interest is the sale of the New York Herald by Frank Munsey to the New York Tribune, for a price said to be in the neighborhood of $4,000,000. The Herald has gone out of existence after a life of eighty-nine years. The combined papers are now called the New York Herald-Tribune. Mr. Munsey sold because he could not buy the Tribune. He says the amalgamation was inevitable for economic reasons.

SIR ESME HOWARD, the new British ambassador, made his first public address at a dinner of the Pilgrim society in New York. The most important of his utterances was this:

"An attitude of complete aloofness and lack of interest in the affairs of the other white continent cannot be wholesome for either of the two. I cannot but believe that America will unquestionably feel the impulse to work, in her own way and in her own time, for permanent peace in Europe, on which, to put it on no higher grounds, so much of her own prosperity depends. We in England have long ago realized that a policy of 'splendid isolation' was but an idle dream and a vain imagining."

IN AN important statement dealing primarily with the definite abandonment of the Singapore naval base project, Prime Minister MacDonald told parliament that the British government would do nothing to encourage the new race for armaments. He pointed out that the government stands for a policy of international co-operation through a strengthened and enlarged League of Nations, settlement of disputes by conciliation and judicial arbitration, and the creation of conditions which will make a comprehensive agreement on the limitation of armaments possible.

GENERAL DAWES' committee of experts, it is now said, will not report until April 3. The German elections are set for May 4 and those of France for May 11, and presumably there will be no decision as to acceptance of the report until the results of these elections are known.

Bears in the franc market, especially banks in Zurich, Amsterdam and Vienna, are in difficulties because they were caught short in the great squeeze resulting from the support that Morgan and Lazard of London gave the Bank of France. The latter institution bought all the francs offered and refuses to settle, demanding actual delivery.

THE Chinese government has refused to ratify an agreement with Russia which was signed by its representative and has ordered the soviet envoy to leave Peking because he wrote insulting notes to the foreign office. Moscow, therefore, has broken off the negotiations for a peace treaty. The situation is considered dangerous and correspondents say civil war in China is likely to break out again. The Chinese also are having disputes with Japan concerning the Shantung railway and two Japanese naval squadrons are in Chinese waters.

DOWN in Honduras, where a revolutionary movement has been going on for some time, the rebels have won a series of battles with the forces of Generals Arias and Bueso, who assumed dictatorial powers after the death of President Gutierrez, and have accepted Tegucigalpa, the capital, and all the ports. There was wild disorder in the capital and the American minister asked for protection, so a landing force from the cruiser Milwaukee was rushed to the city from Amapala.

GROVER CLEVELAND BERGDOLL, the draft evader, says he will soon return to America unexpectedly and stand trial for draft evasion, pleading guilty. But he already is under sentence for desertion and presumably must serve five years for that offense, if he comes back. G. T. Powell, director of the Americanism commission of the American Legion, says the legion has guaranteed the personal safety of Bergdoll if he will return and take his medicine.

New Mexico State Items

Farmers in the vicinity of Vaughn are becoming convinced that it pays to milk cows and many are now planning to increase their herds during the coming year.

Miss Sieta Toney was instantly killed and three others were injured when the auto driven by Mrs. Charles Graham skidded off the highway between Fort Bayard and Hurley and turned over into the ditch. Miss Toney was pinned under the machine for some time, her head being crushed and her body badly bruised and cut.

A trophy on which will be inscribed each year the names of the two male students of the Normal high school and college senior classes who have shown the greatest ability in scholarship, athletics and school activities, was presented to the Normal University by Prof. Neil Mounts, who is the athletic director and coach of the institution.

Harry Norman, county treasurer of Lincoln county, pleaded guilty in Alamogordo before Judge Edwin Mechem to a shortage of $10,000 and was sentenced to from a year to eighteen months in the penitentiary, the term to start at once. Norman was disqualified as treasurer when his bonding company withdrew, and he disclosed the shortage.

All the preliminary plans have been completed for the ornamental lighting system which is to be completed in Las Cruces before the coming of summer. Committees have been appointed to canvass the city to secure subscriptions from the property owners to help finance the work and it is believed that installation will be under way in the next thirty days.

Word has been received from Washington that the charter for the opening of the reorganized First National Bank of Clovis has been approved and that the bank will again operate under the name of "The First National Bank of Clovis." Practically all the plans have been completed and it is now believed that the bank will be open for business not later than April 1.

If the present plans are carried out the Elephant Butte dam near Las Cruces will be made an all-the-year resort. The reclamation bureau has leased the hotel and all the cottages at the big reservoir to James Church of Pittsburgh, who is making plans to develop the entire proposition into a resort which will be open to the public twelve months a year.

Newton High school, Colfax county, possessor of another silver cup which has been brought to the trophy case by its state champion livestock judging team. The cup was awarded to the Newton team by the State Agricultural College. Robert Jones, [illegible] Newton and Everett Terry were the members of the team and were first, second and third highest scoring individuals in the state contest. They were given particularly attractive gold medals by the College Agricultural Club, the Valley Products Company of Las Cruces, and by the A. and M. College Alumni Association.

Program for the two-day district conference of the Rotary clubs in the eighth district, comprising New Mexico, Arizona, western Texas and Needles, Calif., has been completed. The conference takes place in East Las Vegas Monday, March 31, and Tuesday, April 1. Among other things, the district conference will nominate a district governor, who will take office next July 1, after confirmation by the International Rotary convention at Toronto, Can., June 16 to 21. C. M. Barber of Albuquerque, Harry Heap of Prescott, and George H. Todd of Phoenix are understood to be the candidates for the position.

The Quickel building at the corner of Sixth and Central avenue, Albuquerque, which has been under construction for some time, has been completed and is now ready for occupancy. The new structure was designed by Trost & Trost of El Paso and was erected at the cost of over $60,000 and will be used exclusively for the Ford and Lincoln agency in that part of the state.

Every effort possible is being made to have the most enthusiastic and largest crowd of good roads boosters in attendance on the twelfth annual convention of the United States Good Roads Association and the Bankhead National Highway Association and the United States Good Roads show that will convene in Albuquerque on May 19-24, 1924. Hon. J. F. Hinkle, governor of New Mexico, has sent personal invitations to each of the forty-seven governors of the United States, inviting them in the name of the state of New Mexico to attend the convention, deliver an address and also to appoint 100 delegates from each of their respective states urging their appointees to attend the convention.

According to announcements made in Farmington the stock for the new San Juan County National Bank at Farmington has all been subscribed and the bank will be organized soon. All that is lacking to complete the arrangements is the signing of the [illegible] agreement.

The annual championship tourney of the Southwestern Golf Association will be played in Chandler, Ariz., this season, the dates having been set for April 3, 4, 5 and 6. The links at Chandler are said to be the finest in the Southwest.

ROAD BUILDING

CONCRETE "FORDS" OR "DIPS" ON HIGHWAYS

High water conditions in various parts of the country have resulted often in the building of concrete "fords" or "dips" on highways in places where the roads are overflowed in the high water season by the water of a stream or seasonal freshet.

Many mistakes have been made in the construction of these "fords," according to George E. Duren, former state highway engineer of Texas, who has superintended the building of many of these crossings in his own states. "Dips" should not be constructed, he contends, in places where the funds will permit improvement of the highway with a bridge or culvert, as a flow of water over a road is bound to obstruct traffic to some extent and will therefore hold the efficiency of the road below what it would be if there were a bridge or culvert. Only where saving of the cost of a bridge is necessary should "fords" be built.

Sloping Shoulders Carry Water Gradually Over Road.

One of the great mistakes in constructing "fords," he says, has been to make their approaches too steep, with the result that vehicles are unable to maintain a reasonable rate of speed in crossing. Some of them have been made with approaches so steep that a speed of more than ten miles an hour would wreck a car.

Great care should be taken to build these structures so that erosion of the stream or freshet cannot wash away the earth foundation of the "dip." To accomplish this, sloping concrete shoulders are built on each side of the road in the course of the stream to carry the water up gradually over the road as shown in the illustration.

In places where the flow of water over the highway is likely to become so swift or heavy as to be dangerous at any time, large signs should be posted to warn those using the road.

Knock Misleading Signs Found Along Many Roads

Branding unnecessary danger signs and "stop" signals used for advertising purposes along public highways as dangerous, many automobile clubs affiliated with the American Automobile association with the cooperation of the state highway departments are campaigning for their removal.

In some Eastern states, where the traffic on main highways is heavy, instances are reported where automatic flash "stop—railroad crossing" signs have been put up by national advertisers 300 feet in advance of a spur track crossing the highway, where the tracks are used once or twice a month, just because the location was ideal from an advertising standpoint. On the same highways where these signs were needed, they were often found missing.

In New Jersey at a wide place in the road, a cut-out painted figure representing a traffic officer and semaphore on the arms of which are painted the words "stop" with the name of the ice house underneath, blocks traffic. The figure of the traffic officer is so realistic under the glare of headlights that motorists who are not acquainted with the deception will instinctively obey the semaphore.

The danger of the use of warning signs or "stop" signals on the highways where they are not required makes the motorist who has been "fooled" by unnecessary signs careless when he approaches a warning signal which is properly placed for his protection, points out the touring and transportation bureau of the A. A. A. It is the purpose of the A. A. A. clubs to check up on the use of warning signals on the highways in their territory and take such steps as may be necessary to have misleading signs removed.

Florida Road Plans

Florida is spending [illegible] the [illegible] road construction program ever promoted and accomplished. With nearly all of the 67 counties in Florida participating in road building through the voting of bonds and individual developers constructing hard-surface roads from east coast to west coast, from state [illegible] to their properties, a network of [illegible] and [illegible] highways is beginning to [illegible].

So, There

"If your father heard your stupid answer, it would make him turn in his grave!"

"It couldn't. He was cremated."—Stockholm Kasper.

To remove mountains, begin at the bottom and work up.

Aspirin

Beware of Imitations!

BAYER

Demand

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Horses and Mules can be kept on their feet and working if owners give "SPOHN'S" for Distemper, Influenza, Shipping Fever, Coughs and Colds. Cheapest and surest means of escaping these diseases. Occasional doses work wonders. Give "SPOHN'S" for Dog Distemper. Used for thirty years. 60 cents and $1.20 at drug stores.

those head colds

At the first sneeze, begin spraying the nose and throat with Zonite twice daily. It will help materially to destroy the germs that trouble—usually germ infections somewhere in the nasal cavity. Zonite is the form of antiseptic which practically wiped infection out of the hospitals in France during the World War.

Zonite KILLS GERMS

Always

A safe and soothing remedy for cuts, burns, [illegible], [illegible]. Take internally for coughs and sore throats.

Vaseline

PETROLEUM JELLY

Chesebrough Mfg. Co. (Consolidated) State St. New York

"JOYS OF MOTHERHOOD"

Often Prevented by Female Trouble

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brings Joy to Homes by Removing Cause of Trouble

Brooklyn, N.Y.—"I was working after I got married and the young lady who worked next to me asked me if I had any intentions of having a child. I told her I would be the happiest woman on earth if I could become a mother, but I always had terrible cramps, backaches and headaches. She then told me of a woman she knows who took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for the same troubles and it helped her greatly. I took about a half bottle and found that the following month I did not suffer any pain, so I kept on taking it. I have a wonderful baby boy six months old and he is as strong and fat as any one could wish a baby to be. I still take the Vegetable Compound regularly because I have looked fine all the time and felt fine and my mother told me that was the reason. I will be glad to have you publish my testimonial with my name and address."—Mrs. EDWARD WERBECK, 1324 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Free From Old Trouble

Auburn, Maine.—"I suffered with inward weakness for ten years and had doctored all this long time but never got any help. One day I saw my sister and she told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I went and got me a bottle of it. I took two bottles and a half and I was just as free from my old troubles as I could be. I had only one child and I was afraid that I could never have any more, for I had been told that I never could have a living child for I was not strong enough to carry one. But they were mistaken and I had a nice baby boy and now I have five children. I can't praise your medicine enough. My youngest sister has taken it, too, and praises it."—Mrs. G. L. WISWELL, 43 Mechanics Row, Auburn, Maine.

These cases are similar to many others reported to us. It is well for women to carefully consider such statements and to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. It may bring great joy to your home.

Over 100,000 women have so far replied to our question, "Have you received benefit from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?"

98 per cent of these replies are "Yes."

That means that 98 out of every 100 women who take this medicine for the ailments for which it is recommended are benefited by it.

This goes to prove that a medicine specialized for certain definite ailments—not a cure-all—can and does do good work. For fifty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been a medicine for women.

For sale by druggists everywhere.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Interior Department Tires Engineers

WASHINGTON.—There has been a plan for several years to recognize the executive departments of the federal government—to take the whole thing apart and put it together again different. But it seems to be getting nowhere. One of the details of the plan is to abolish the Department of the Interior and establish in its place a Department of Public Works, in which would be grouped the constructive activities of the various departments, the other activities of the department to be transferred as seems fitting. The plan has been worked out to the last detail.

The American Engineering council of New York is getting impatient for action. The council, composed of federated engineering societies throughout the country, makes public its official view that the Department of the Interior is an "outworn organization, which, owing to the employment of methods current in early days, is annually wasting millions of dollars."

Engineers of international prominence in the council are urging that the department be abolished. They suggest that the supervision of public works be co-ordinated in one group, to eliminate duplication, and that the various bureaus and subagencies be regrouped into other departments. At present the secretary of the Interior does everything, the council says, "from running hospitals, an institution for the deaf and a university, to keeping the Indians sober."

In order to conduct its campaign more effectively the council has organized a congress of engineers to meet annually in Washington, together with an administrative board and an executive committee. The president of the council is former Gov. James Hartness of Vermont, who hopes that the engineers can give the government technical advice at all times.

"Because of the Teapot Dome investigation interest in the administration of the public lands has been heightened," Mr. Hartness said. "Under the engineering plan of reorganization nine of the ten agencies having public land functions would be consolidated under one departmental authority, so that these closely related matters may have a common jurisdiction and not be distributed among three federal departments, as at present."

The first meeting of the new administrative board will be held in Philadelphia May 23 and 24. At these sessions the public works plan and numerous other national questions, including reforestation, will be discussed.

Why Is Washington a "Deadly Dump"?

I HAD a letter today that delighted me greatly, writes Clinton W. Gilbert in "The Daily Mirror of Washington," Philadelphia Public Ledger. I reproduce it here—without the name of the writer, since it was personal—in spite of the fact that I have had to sacrifice my natural modesty by putting it into print. It is:

"Your daily column is a pip. Any guy who can write interesting stuff daily from that deadly dump deserves a diamond medal." The writer is a famous cartoonist.

Now, why is Washington a "deadly dump"? Just because the crushing hand of uniformity has pressed it into the pulp it now is. When I first came to the capital a few years ago there were picturesque personalities still left in the senate and the house. There was Ollie James, bigger than any two men ought to be, with his frog's mouth, his gargantuan appetite, his rollicking humor, the source of endless stories. There was Boies Penrose, another giant, with his feudal lord's contempt for the virtue of respectability and a great stomach for life. There were John Sharp Williams, Jim Martine and Uncle Joe Cannon at his best, and a little before that was the picturesque though really very regular and proper Theodore Roosevelt. These are only a few.

Who is there now that it's really fun to write about? I asked Russell Barnes, who knows the house well, the other day, "Is there a picturesque or interesting or outstanding figure in the house?" He thought a long time. "Well," he replied, "there's So-and-So (I've forgotten his name already), who wears his hair a little longer than most people do." Why, I can't even think of a big man like Ollie James or Boies Penrose. It seems as if the collective will to make everybody exactly alike was even exercising its effect upon the pituitary glands. There isn't a really fat man so far as I know.

Of course, there is Jim Reed who is a personality. But I'm going to tell him right now that Jim Reed will pay for his personality by not being nominated for the presidency. Caraway has a quaint, saturnine backwoodsness about him. Arkansas is the last outpost of individuality.

Fifty Postal Bills Are Before Congress

SUBMISSION to some general body, such as a congressional commission, of all proposals affecting increases in salaries and changes in conditions of employment involving increases in pay for postal service workers was recommended by Postmaster General Harry S. New to Chairman [illegible] of the post office committee of the house in a letter made public.

Mr. New pointed out that there are more than fifty postal bills now pending in congress and it was probable a readjustment for the whole service along lines provided in the bills would involve an increase annually of $150,000,000. In addition, he said, there are a number of bills proposing a reduction of postage rates.

Certain classes of employees are not provided for in the bills, Mr. New said, and any readjustment of salaries should adequately include the whole postal establishment.

Consideration of the proposals for increases as wholly separate from the fiscal condition of the Post Office department seemed to him impracticable and an increased expenditure approaching that involved would render one of two things inevitable—either to increase the rates of postage or to meet it as other expenses are met, by draft on the general treasury.

The postmaster general said the deficit for the present fiscal year is now estimated at $[illegible]. Suggestions that the increases could be met by a revision of postage rates, especially upon fourth-class (parcel post) matter, he asserted, were not based on definite information which would justify them.

A detailed cost ascertainment, data for which is being checked, arranged and tabulated, will be ready within a few months, he said, adding that no readjustment of postage rates or fees for special services could be made intelligently until this report had been completed.

Readjustment of salaries, he declared, should not be made until it is possible to determine their probable effect on postage rates.

C. P. Franciscus, president of the United National Association of Post Office Clerks, declared in a statement that the clerks should not be disheartened over reports of opposition by President Coolidge as well as Mr. New to salary increases at this time.

Postal salaries need not be paid from tax revenues, Mr. Franciscus indicated, with reference to the President's objections, but should be provided through a revision of postage rates, especially on parcel post matter, which, he asserted, are "absurdly low" as compared with express charges.

New Boast for the California Boosters

CALIFORNIA'S Native Sons have now another record on which to boast the state of their birth. A bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture announces that the high-jump record for fleas is held by a California flea. The California insect also holds the broad-jump record. The department has neglected to state the name and pedigree of this flea, but does give that of the scientist who reported upon him—a distinguished entomologist named Mitzmain. The high-jump record is 7¾ inches and the broad-jump, 13 inches.

The bureau of entomology has paid a good deal of attention to fleas, but apparently has done so reluctantly, for it produces its most comprehensive report on the subject with the statement that "fleas have forced themselves on man's attention for many centuries." The report notes that fleas are annoying to mankind and are a source of considerable worry to dogs and other animals. But it also is stated that their presence is more serious than mere annoyance; they are carriers of disease germs, particularly of the plague. Leprosy and other diseases also are declared to be traceable to the annoying flea.

The government scientists did a thorough job of investigating fleas after they had forced themselves on their attention. They discovered that there are more than 400 different varieties of this tiny, predatory insect and that some creatures, notably rats, may be infested with at least twenty different species.

There are only two kinds which usually pay any attention to man, fortunately. These are the human flea which has the impressive Latin name of pulex irritans, and the dog flea, ctenocephalus canis.

The flea is produced from eggs of which some 400 are laid every day by the female insect. From two to twelve days are required for the hatching of these eggs. When first hatched the flea is not very active, lacking eyes and legs. Of course these embryo creatures are very small.

Too Ambitious!

"Why did you fire young Jones?"

"He spent too much time reading success stories."

Why Men Wear Silk

We hear much about vanity in the well-known feminine sex, but there seems to be no limit of idiocy to which men folk will go in their effort to extend their personalities, as the new psychologist might put it, by means of costly garb. Shirts at $50 each in certain establishments have become too commonplace to elevate a single eyebrow. Perhaps the only reason men do not dress more gaudily than women is because they lack the courage of their desires and are too vain to admit their own sartorial weaknesses.—Nation's Business.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red, rough hands.—Advertisement.

Era of Good Feeling

In American political history the two administrations of President Monroe, up to the time of the campaign for his successor, 1817-1824, was known as the era of good feeling. There were practically no issues and but one party, Monroe being unanimously re-elected in 1820 except for the personal whim of one elector.

Best Way to Relieve Pain

is by direct outside application and the best remedy is an Allcock's Plaster—the original and genuine.—Adv.

Platinum

Platinum is found in small gray particles along with other metals, including gold and chrome iron. Occasionally it is discovered in the form of nuggets, which are naturally extremely valuable. A 12-pound nugget of platinum would at the present time be worth over $50,000.

Always Keep a Box on Hand.

Brandreth Pills are a safe and reliable laxative, made in America for ninety years, entirely vegetable.—Adv.

Beat Her to It

"What's the matter, Bobbie?"

"Aw, my beau is too easy."

"As to how, girlie, as to how?"

"When he calls I'm dressing, of course."

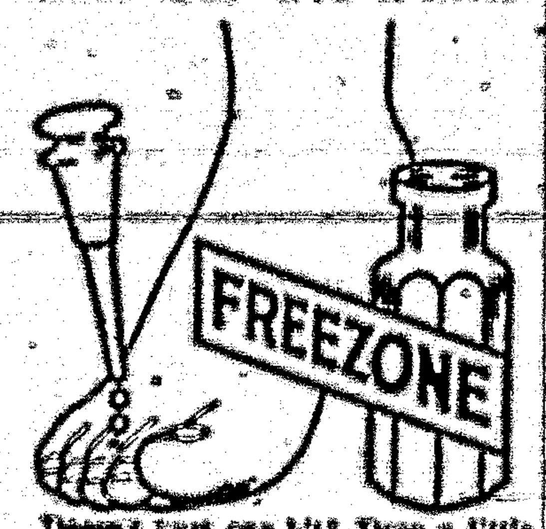
"And in the meantime?"

"My sixteen-year-old sister beats it down to the parlor, springs the new girl stuff and vamps him for all the candy he has."

An office seeker would rather occupy a seat in the political band wagon than in a costly limousine.

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the foot calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Green's August Flower

The remedy with a record of fifty-seven years of surpassing excellence. All who suffer with nervous dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming-up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of digestive disorder, will find GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER an effective and efficient remedy. For fifty-seven years this medicine has been successfully used in millions of households all over the civilized world. Because of its merit and popularity GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER can be found today wherever medicines are sold. 30 and 90 cent bottles.

MADAME ZODIAC PORTER

COUGH BALSAM

[illegible]

Sold Everywhere—35c.

HALL & RUCKEL, N.Y. [illegible]

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM [illegible]

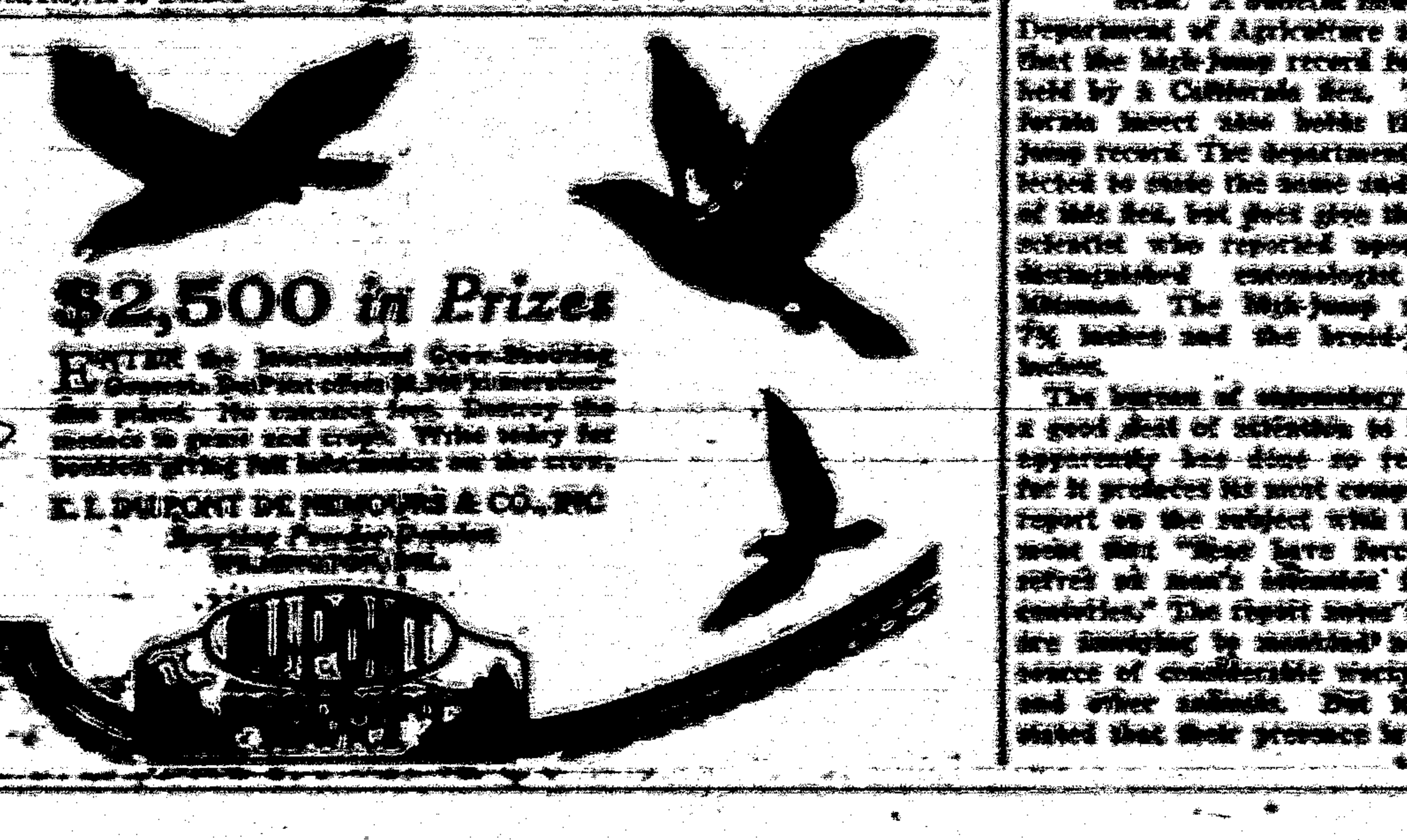
HINDERCORNS [illegible]

BATHE YOUR EYES [illegible]

RHEUMATISM

Sufferers! [illegible]

PATENTS [illegible] WATSON E. COLEMAN, [illegible]



Spring Gowns Are in Great Variety

Some women have a penchant for selecting the right thing in clothes and perfect genius for wearing them well, observes a fashion correspondent in the New York Herald. One without the other is a useless gift. The experts do a large share of the preliminary work in the first instance, but the final decision rests with the individual. In the matter of wearing clothes after the choice is once made, the careful attention to details has more than nine-tenths to do with it. This season, if ever, women thus gifted will have an opportunity to express themselves.

Those who look their best in graceful clothes with lace and ruffles and lines that lack definition, and women who seem most at home in simple, severe types of costume will both find variety, even in their own particular mode without a bit of difficulty.

Reports from Paris of the spring openings read very differently from those of last season, when nearly every house emphasized the fact that there would be very little change, although putting forth a few tentative innovations. This season the changes in the general silhouette as well as in the length of skirts are pronounced in serious vein.

That there is a marked diversity of opinion is evident. What could be more diametrically opposite than the extremely simple tailleur and the repeated use of the Oriental and even lace ruffled dresses for afternoon. In some of the houses the bolero jacket is shown and others incline to the Chinese or Indo-Chinese, as it is called, a medium long coat of loose cut, sometimes fastening at one side, and always with a straight band collar.

Inclines to Oriental Note.

Lucile inclines to this Oriental note, displaying coats and wraps in this manner for both day wear and for evening. A china-blue poplin suit, which she created, has a trimming of Chinese embroidery and it matched with a mandarin toque. Even in this collection one finds that there is diversity, for there are also youthful designs in tailored suits and dresses of lace for afternoon, that have been dyed in dark tones to make them suitable and practical for day wear. Browns and blacks are notable in these dresses.

Straight sheathlike dresses have circular flounces at the bottom and tunics that are long and straight are slashed at the sides to make walking possible as well as to show the slip of some contrasting material. In some sheath dresses which are also partially tunics an opening extends from the neckline at the back to the hem, allowing a foundation dress to contrast with the sheath. It may also extend a few inches below the upper tunic.

Margaine Lacroix shows many frocks employing the shaded materials as a color scheme. These are in laces and in crepes and other dresses and costumes are reported to show many interesting trimmings—among others, mother-of-pearl sequins, marabou, the ribbon, braids and some beads. For evening fabrics dull gold cloth and copper tissue are mentioned as well as the more usual silver cloth.

One of the Most Recent and Possibly Rather Extreme Tunic Models, With Long Vest of Lingerie and Peculiar Gathered Section in Front.

From these and various sources the impression grows that one may add to the variety in the wardrobe without necessarily subtracting, and that a few minor points in the changing mode are fairly well established unless the larger houses will have some unusual surprises in store.

Black Prevails Over Brown.

Black, it is quite certain, will be more often seen in the new models than brown, although a few makers still insist on the superiority of the latter, and one maker shows costumes in this color shading the details through golden brown to the palest cream color—it must be admitted with particular success.

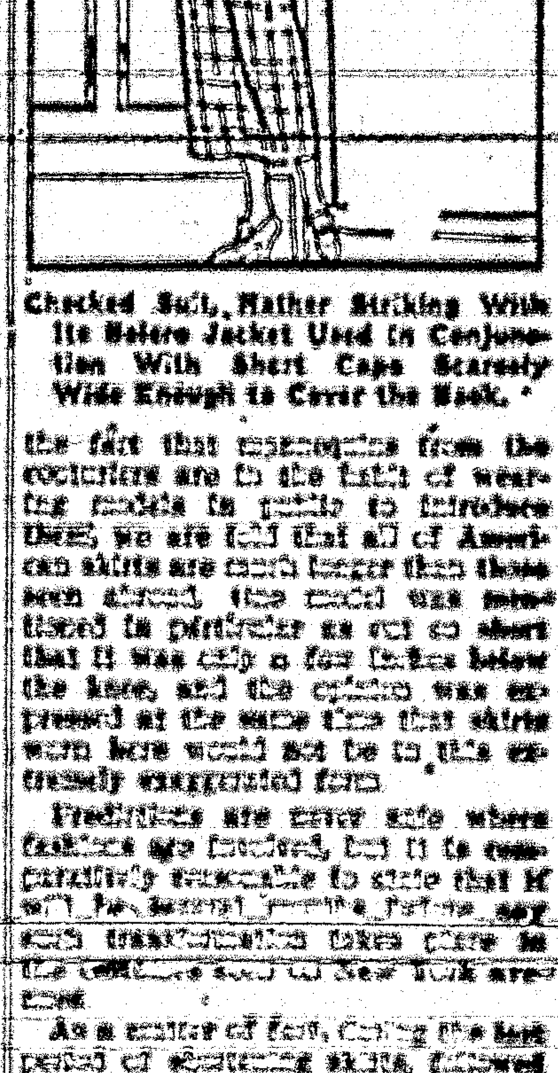
The alpacas, which are being well received, are most interesting in the changeable weaves, which are usually banded or otherwise trimmed with plain material. Where all the feather trimming is to come from that the season predicts, is something that probably the makers know more about than we do, but marabou, clipped ostrich and clipped dove feathers are shown on the model gowns and are sure to be copied by both New York and Paris.

Capes in shorter lengths continue to appear and small wraps or coats of varying lengths are almost certain to be shown with each dress, for it seems important with dresses showing two contrasting tones to simplify the costume by having the wrap match one or the other of the fabrics.

One of the New York houses exhibits a model which follows closely the lines of those featured in the early collections in Paris. It is a sheath of black chantilly lace open in the back over a black satin foundation which shows a few inches at the hem. The lace is banded all the way around with plain net and the neckline is banded in burnt orange satin tied with a bow and two long ends at the back. At each side of the waistline the sheath is attached to the foundation, giving a slightly bloused line.

Shortened Skirt More Than Rumor.

Decidedly the shortened skirtline is more than a mere rumor, for reports are current concerning those actually seen on Paris streets. Discounting the fact that mannequins from the couturiers are in the habit of wearing models in public to introduce them, we are told that all of American skirts are much longer than those seen abroad. One model was mentioned in particular as cut so short that it was only a few inches below the knee, and the opinion was expressed at the same time that skirts worn here would not be in this extremely exaggerated form.



Checked Suit, Rather Striking With Its Bolero Jacket Used in Conjunction With Short Cape Scarcely Wide Enough to Cover the Back.

Predictions are never safe where fashions are involved, but it is comparatively reasonable to state that if [illegible] such transformation takes place in the costumes seen in New York are [illegible].

As a matter of fact, during the last period of shortening skirts, followed swiftly by longer ones, the best-dressed women were the ones who varied their skirt lengths the least. Possibly with the tendency to vary the modes for afternoon and evening from those for morning and street wear there will be a variety of skirt lengths for the different hours. This, however, would have to be one's own interpretation of the mode, for those of Paris make are as short for evening as at any other time, if not shorter.

Black Satin in Evidence.

The black satin frocks, which are most in evidence just at this time both here and abroad, continue to appear in many different types, those for afternoon being shown in soft gathered and simple tucked designs and for the morning tailored models are spoken of as being as severely cut as the simplest cloth suit.

Nothing could be smarter than the ruffled blouses of sheer white material to wear with the suits, and again for models where the lingerie note might be too fussy one has some very new collars and cuffs of satin from which to select.

An entertaining model in black satin shows a new arrangement of tucks, pintucks being placed at graduated spaces horizontally from neck to hem. As the closing is at one side, a few of the tucks are turned to follow this edge, accomplished by the use of an applied tucked band.

How the large number of designs have been skillfully evolved which show no waistline is a matter of wonder, for comparatively few of the newer models seem to have any demarcation at all, or if a slight blousing is used, the girdle is sometimes almost either back or front and then subdued almost to extinction.

A straight close-fitting chemise is apt to be combined with ruffles or skirt joined to it, at almost any point from the hipline to the knee, triple-plaited ruffles, circular ruffles or plaited bands being the most frequently seen. Extreme, perhaps, but undeniably smart.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. C. A. McCammon visited El Paso the first of the week.

C. C. Merchant is a visitor from Capitan today.

Lillian Gish in the White Sister at the Crystal April 8 and 9.

Miss Charlotte Rice is here this week from Lincoln, a guest of Mrs. R. E. Blaney.

Judge E. L. Medler and Attorney W. C. Whatley are here this morning from El Paso.

FOR SALE:—Wire, hog fence, chicken netting, etc.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jordan are the happy parents af a fine boy, born April 1.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Saturnino Chavez last Friday. It makes an even half dozen.

Silas May and three Tucumcari friends, enroute to El Paso, stopped over here Sunday to say "howdy" to friends.

Measles have again struck the town, and steps have been taken to confine the malady. Charlie Pfingsten is the first victim.

J. E. Garcia and sons, Ray and Louis, and daughter Bertha, left by auto Saturday morning for Bisbee, Ariz.

Henry Lutz of the Carrizozo Trading Co., made a business trip to El Paso Saturday, returning Monday.

Mrs. I. S. Ross and son Charlie went to El Paso Monday. Charlie has returned, but Mrs. Ross will remain for several days.

Boney Kimbrell passed through Monday on his return to Santa Fe, after having attended his father's funeral at Picacho.

Rick Hust was down this morning from Nogal, and when questioned about fruit said that no damage had resulted from frost and that prospects for a bumper crop were excellent.

Judge S. F. Crews was here Tuesday from Oscuro. The judge had recently passed his seventh seventh milestone, but looks hella the record—by twenty years.

A Practice game of ball on the local diamond next Sunday afternoon will take place, with the purpose of measuring the players and picking nine of the best for the team.

Major George W. McGhee was a visitor yesterday from Nogal. The major is doing some work on the Harvester mine in Nogal Canyon, and displayed a good-sized button from a retort recently made.

Billie Ferguson broke camp on the Carrizozo-Socorro road, out of Robsart, further funds unavailable at this time, and moved the tools and machinery to storage. He left Monday for a two weeks' stay at Hot Springs, N. M.

Mrs. Bernice Fite and Mrs. George Harkness, of Cloudcroft and Tularosa, respectively, drove up Tuesday, and remained over until the day following, visiting relatives and friends. Mrs. Fite's younger daughter, Lucile, who has been attending school here, returned with her mother.

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Sterling, Manager

Sat. Apr. 5—"Hands of Nara," featuring Clara Kimbie Young (Metro).
This is a special feature, but will be shown at regular prices. Watch for Heralds.

Tues. 8—"White Sister," featuring Lillian Gish (Metro).

Wed. 9—White Sister repeated.

Fri. 11—"News Reel," No. 3.
"The Idea Man," comedy.
"Man from Madrid," 2 reels of new Leather Pushers, featuring Reginald Denny and Billy Sullivan.
"Steel Trail," No. 7, featuring William Duncan (Consolidated)

Sat. 12—"The Hunch," featuring Garath Hughes (Metro.)

SOME
SPECIALS

Ladies' Silk Hose
$1.50, $2.50, $3.75

Aprons
Ginghams & Percales
$1.25, $2.25, $2.50

Men's Suits and Shirts

Gent's Underwear 29c

Collars 49c
B & W
Arrow 69c

Specials in Graniteware

Your Choice

POTS AND PANS

Carrizozo
Trading Co.
"The Store of Class." "More for your Money."

Many a Man Needs a New Suit—

—has the money to buy it with, too — but just keeps putting it off.

Don't delay any longer—come in tomorrow and get that new suit you've promised yourself. You owe it to your appearance.

Looks like a Million Dollars at a price you can afford

Men's Dress Shirts

We have bigger assortments to pick from than at any other time. Every size, and in all the popular patterns, color combinations and fabrics.

Why not buy your season's supply now?

Ziegler Bros.

Universal Providers. CARRIZOZO, N. M. Established 1886

Easter Cantata

Announcement by the Woman's Club of Carrizozo.

"THE LIVING CHRIST." Sacred Cantata will be sung by a choir of sixteen voices on the evening of Easter Sunday, April 26, at the Crystal Theatre building, at eight o'clock. This Cantata is unusually beautiful, with solo, duet, trio, quartet and choir parts. The public is cordially invited to attend this service of Easter music. Complete program will be published next week.

Rainbow Club Notes

(By Helen McCammon)

The Rainbow Club of the 7th grade had a program and meeting Thursday afternoon, April 2. President of the Club, Miss Ruth Brinkley, presided. They were rendered talks by Mrs. Stadtman, Mrs. McCall, Mr. Lemon and Mr. Treat.

The program was as follows:
Auspice, the Beautiful, School
Debate: "Resolved, that the independent voter is a more valuable citizen than the man who 'votes it straight.'" The speakers on the affirmative side were, Helen McCammon, Helen C. Sterling, Paul Mack Sharer. Negative side, Otis E. Pruhm, Henry R. Humphrey, Maurice E. Lemon. Judges: Mrs Childs, Mr. Treat, James Kelsey; decision for the affirmative side.
Piano Solo - - Otis E. Pruhm
Just for Fun - Kenn E. Poage
Piano Solo - Helen C. Sterling

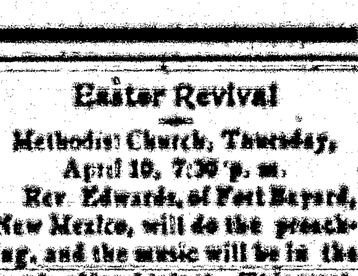
The attendance of parents and friends was appreciated greatly. The public is invited to attend any of the Rainbow Club meetings. Our purpose is to make others happy.

Easter Revival

Methodist Church, Thursday, April 10, 7:30 p. m.

Rev. Edwards, of Fort Bayard, New Mexico, will do the preaching, and the music will be in the hands of local talent. This meeting will be of interest to the public in general, and everybody is invited to cooperate "every day in every way." There will be a special night for the local fraternities of the city, and we hope that each fraternity will furnish the music devoted to its interest. Brother Edwards is a very interesting speaker and will do us good. The church will be made comfortable and you will enjoy the services.—Pastor.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM



2 bags for 15¢ 8¢ Also

You can roll 100 Cigarettes for 15 Cents

Lincoln News Notes

It is spring time in old Lincoln, "When the peach trees are in blossom and the acequia waters flow."

The High School has been having their quarterly examinations and have all passed.

The Spanish second class are having to write a theme of a thousand words. Also an outline of the "Spanish Sketch Book, Alhambra."

The Domestic Science class will issue invitations to an Easter Tea to be given at the class room Monday, 21st.

The Plane Geometry class finished the last book.

The class in General History has finished and has reviewed it. They are now writing the lives of the great men they have read about.

The High School pupils who had passed their examinations decided they needed a rest, and so they took it on April Fool's Day. They went all to school but suddenly disappeared. They went up in the hills back of the school house. Some of their teachers tried to follow them in the afternoon, but by the time they reached the top of the hill the others were at the bottom. The pupils enjoyed the expedition.

The school election on April 1 resulted in the election of Mr. Theodore Chambon for school director, defeating Mr. F. Charles.

Miss Viola Kimbrell has the sympathy of her school mates in the death of her grandfather, Joseph Kimbrell.

On Saturday last the Misses Rice entertained the pupils of their room at their grocery. Mrs. Vincent Treat of Great Bend, Kans.; Mrs. E. L. Woods and sister, Miss Woods of Michigan; Mrs. Margaret M. Leibold and Mrs. J. M. Penfield.

Fifty or more people enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Hulbert on April Fools night. They enjoyed an old-fashioned candy-pulling. The cutting of the "cotton" pie was a genuine April fool.

Mrs. Juanita A. Salazar, an old pioneer resident of Lincoln county, died March 31st, and was buried the following day, many of her friends accompanying the remains to their last resting place. Mrs. Salazar was 27 years of age and had been ill a long time. Besides a husband, Tiofelo Salazar, she leaves two small sons, seven and three years. Also a sister, Mrs. Eusebio Baca of Carrizozo, and a brother Martin Apodaca of Lincoln.

Miss Charlotte Rice is a guest of Mrs. M. L. Blaney this week, and will visit friends at White Oaks before returning.

Mr. L. H. Dow, who has been in El Paso for treatment, arrived home last Friday, much improved in health.

Mr. R. R. Robbins of Lincoln High School, with a party of friends and pupils, attended the play at Fort Stanton Monday evening.

Miss Gitta Poppin made a hurried trip to Roswell last Saturday returning Sunday evening.

For Sick and Run Down
Tutt's Pills