Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 24 | CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1924 | NUMBER 26

Southern Pacific Offers $57,400,000 For South-Western

Purchase price of the El Paso & Southwestern by the Southern Pacific is to be $57,400,000, including $28,000,000 par value stock in the Southern Pacific and $29,400,000 5 per cent collateral trust bonds.

Statements issued by William Sproule, San Francisco, president of Pacific system of the Southern Pacific, and A. E. Sweet, vice president and general manager of the El Paso & Southwestern here show.

Mr. Sproule's statement was received Tuesday night by Edward McClanahan, assistant general freight and passenger agent of the Southern Pacific here. Both statements were apropos of the filing for approval of the merger with the interstate commerce commission Tuesday.

Application also was made of the commission to build the Phoenix, Ariz., main line, in the name of the Arizona Eastern, from Picacho, 46 miles west of Tucson, through Peoenix to Dome, 23 miles east of Yuma. Track from Phoenix Hassayampa would be rehabilitated.

Included in the El Paso & South western is the Nacozari, Son., Mexico line and other subsidiaries Obligations of the El Paso & Southwestern outstanding on April 30, date of merger agreement, do not exceed $7,100,000 it is stated.

"Two years after the certificate is granted the Southern Pacific will have, except for 64 miles, a double track service from El Paso to Yuma," said Mr. Sproule. "The new lines to be constructed and the service that will follow are in themselves great factors toward the devlopement of this rich territory. The cities of this territory, notably El Paso, Deming, Douglas, Bisbee, Lordsburg, Tucson, Mesa, Temple, Phoenix and Yuma, will find their interests surely advanced by the construction of this line and the development that will follow the enlarged activities of the railroad. It is their purpose in presenting this case to the interstate commerce commission to do all they can to secure its approval."

Berkley's Bludgeon

A copy of the initial issue of Berkley's Bludgeon came to our desk this week. It is published in Las Vegas, by Earl Berkley, with Omar Barker and O. R. Moen as associate editors. It is a newsy and pointy eight page, four column sheet. Its object, apparently, is to reform, or bludgeon, corrupt politicians of all parties. Following is a sample:

"New Mexico is noted for her politics. The Sunshine State may not contain in its boundaries many blooming farms nor belching smokestacks of huge industrial plants but we can boast of our politicians. They have placed New Mexico on the map—the whole nation knows about New Mexico now, for we have had "Fall's Ring," "the Czar of San Miguel county," and "the handsomest sheriff in the United States." However, the Bludgeon is not going to "Turn on the Light" but rather will shield all politicians—the proudest product of New Mexico—from the glaring rays of publicity and censure. We are going to be the "Protector of the Poor." Sympathy is our motto and get what you can, while you can get it."

"We are so discouraged. Our most noted citizen broke faith with his native state. Why could not Albert B. Fall have located his Teapot Dome in New Mexico? Throughout all the seething sensations and thrills of the Teapot Dome investigation, we have been very peeved at Mr. Fall, not on account of the little black satchel with the "wad," but because he neglected to give his state of New Mexico any of the publicity about its oil resources that has redounded to the credit of Wyoming. We hope the next cabinet officer from New Mexico will remember his native state. Serve some California spirits, please!"

"With all the Democrats in New York for the national convention, it would be an opportune time for the New Mexico Republicans to bombard the Capital city with chlorine gas bombs, like the Rhode Island state senators, and capture the state government."

Youth Gets Pardon from Mrs. Chacon

Joseph Maloney, a youth who was serving a term in the state reformatory, was given a conditional pardon by Mrs. Soledad C. Chacon, acting governor—the first granted by her since she took charge of the chief executive's office.

Maloney was committed in 1923 for breaking into the Rolland drug store at Carrizozo, and was serving from three to five years. He was sent up from Lincoln county.

One of the terms on which Mrs. Chacon released him is that his father pay his way back to his home in Chicago and get employment for the youth.

The superintendent of the reformatory recommended clemency saying Maloney had an excellent record, was a splendid worker, courteous and obedient to all the rules of the institution.

Nomination Of LaFollette Regarded Sure

Cleveland, Ohio, July 2.—Communists will not have a part in the conference for progressive political action, which meets here July 4th, if the sentiment of the national committee, meeting here today is carried out.

This committee agreed that the credentials of all delegates shall be critically inspected and that communists, when known to be such, shall not be seated. Each delegate, it was said, will have to report an accredited organization.

Final plans for the conference of progressive political action convention here July 4th were to be discussed by the national committee at its first session in Cleveland today. The credentials committee also was expected to meet.

With the nomination of Senator LaFollette virtually a certainty, the committee was expected to discuss vice presidential possibilities, this question apparently being the only important one not decided. Bishop Francis M. McConnell of the Methodist church, chairman of the inter-church world committee, D. B. Robertson, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineemen, and virtually all of the progressive bloc of senators have been mentioned, Arthur E. Holder, executive secretary of the conference, said.

Mr. Volstead can not object to the party platforms. There is no kick in them worth mentioning. —N. Y. Herald Tribune.

A Receiver Appointed For Electric Light & Power Plant

Henry Lutz, of this city, has been appointed Receiver of the Electric Light & Power Plant property, of White Oaks, by Judge Edwin Mechem on the application of James L. Tyler, in a case entitled: "Tyler vs. Oldfather and Gaylord."

The Electric Light and Power Company property was recently transferred to Tyler and Gaylord by the owner, H. B. Oldfather.

The Company's office is now in in the Carrizozo Trading Company's store, where those knowing themselves to be indebted to the company are requested to call and settle their account with the Receiver.

The School Bond Election

The special school bond election was held in the court house Monday, June 30, the object of which was to get the wish of the people as to the wisdom of issuing bonds for $6,020 for a heating plant, drinking fountain, etc, in district No. 7, Carrizozo.

The vote was very light, very little interest being taken in it pro or con, as but 26 votes were cast—22 for and 4 against. The pupils can study this winter in properly heated, comfortable rooms, and have plenty of water for all purposes.

Freight and Wages

"A railroad today," said Dr. David Friday, a well known student of economics, "must haul a ton of freight seventy-five miles to buy a cross tie, to buy a monkey wrench 118 miles, to pay a machinist for one days work 534 miles.

These are vivid figures. They will change nobody's views about the rate of freight charges or the necessity of regulating those rates but they show why railroad operation today is not a primrose path. They show, too, what cooperation does. Suppose the machinist had personally, instead of doing a day's job for a day's wages, to transport a ton of household furnishings and provisions across the state of Nebraska, as so many men did in the great treks westward in the fifties?

Whether the machinist is better off now than he was then can be argued; but that the world has room for hundreds of times now to one it could support then is made interestingly obvious.—Los Angeles Examiner.

Sundays Ball Game At Fort Stanton

The ball game pulled off at Fort Stanton last Sunday was, we learn, a gruelling contest between two good teams. Quite a number motored over to see it. The Indians put up a first class game, but were defeated by the Stanton team by a small margin—training and head work turned the trick.

Those who will be at Nogal, or elswhere, on the 4th, should make a date for Fort Stanton on the 5th or 6th to see the El Paso "Spinners" mix with the Fort Stanton nine. It promises to be the cleverest exhibition of ball playing ever seen in Lincoln county. A large number of people who have decided to spend the 4th at Nogal say they will be at Fort Stanton the following day or Sunday, or bust a tire.

Deadlocked

New York, July 4.—The situation remains practically the same. The wisest heads at the convention are unable to settle question. McAdoo and Smith seem determined to fight to a finish, while the most likely "dark horses" have withdrawn their names.

Spinners Win Ball Game

The El Paso Spinners won the ball game at Fort Stanton on the 4th by a goat's heel. It was a fine exhibition of base ball. The score was 5 to 4. The games scheduled for Saturday and Sunday are expected to draw large crowds.

A Big Thing for New Mexico

This is interesting and significant. A high official of the Southern Pacific writes

"Concerning the merger of the Southern Pacific and El Paso and Southwestern lines, I am at a loss to understand why there should be any objection to this. It [illegible] fairly strange [illegible] agriculture and [illegible] New Mexico [illegible] touch with a great deal of territory direct that they have never enjoyed before, certainly means for an increased production and delivery of coal from New Mexico to points in Texas and an economy [illegible] should be profitable to the people of that state."—New Mexico [illegible]

State Bank Department

Santa Fe, July 1.—The agricultural depression in New Mexico and its concommittant result of causing a large number of banks to close has placed a great burden on the office of the State Bank Examiner.

But despite the department's increased and exacting duties, State Bank Examiner L. B. Gregg and his two deputies, J. D. Herron Jr., and W. P. Saunders, have maintained their office without exceeding the appropriation, allowed their department by the state legislature of 1923. In their observance of the pledge of the administration of Governor Hinkle, State Bank Examiner Gregg and his department severely taxed their physical strength but, according to reports, from the leading bankers of the state, the department has operated very efficiently and has afforded much assistance to the banks.

The department last year cut down expenses of administration by the sum of $1800. Although the court work and receiverships in the case of closed banks has hindered the examination of banks to a considerable degree, the department has collected in fees as much money as has been expended.

More Road Money

The Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1925 makes an appropriation of $6,000,000 for Forest roads and trails and authorizes the secretary of agriculture to incur obligations, approve projects and enter into contracts for an additional $4,000,000. The $6,000,000 appropriation includes the $3,000,000 as authorized for expenditure in the agricultural appropriation act for the fiscal year 1924. Therefore, the additional amount made available for the fiscal year 1925 is $3,000,000. By Section 23 of the Federal highway act, the amount is divided into two funds—$3,000,000 for the Forest Highway Fund and $3,000,000 for the Forest Development Fund.

The apportionments have been made to the states which contain national forest land and of the $3,000,000 [illegible] and authorized. New Mexico will receive $[illegible] from the forest highway fund and $74,806 from the forest development fund.

Bring them to Our SODA FOUNTAIN

When you want to "treat" your friends, bring them to our drug store.

We serve our drinks and ice creams in a sanitary way.

We use only pure syrups and creams.

One visit to our fountain insures satisfaction to you and repeat visits for us.

And then we have for you anything you need in the drug store line.

COME TO US FOR IT.

ROLLAND BROS.

RAILROAD MERGER APPLICATION MADE.

El Paso, Texas, July 1, 1924

Application on behalf of the Southern Pacific Company and El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Company was filed today with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, Washington, by representatives of the two companies, asking for an Order approving and authorizing the proposed unifying of the two properties through an exchange of securities.

There was filed at the same time with the Commission an application on behalf of the Arizona Eastern Railroad for certificate of convenience and necessity covering proposed new construction between a point near Toltec (about 31 miles east of Maricopa) on the Southern Pacific via Phoenix to a point on the Southern Pacific just east of Yuma. It is the intention of applicants to do all they can to secure favorable action by the Commission as soon as possible.

The El Paso & Southwestern will receive from the Southern Pacific $28,000,000 par value of Southern Pacific stock and $29,400,000 face value of Southern Pacific five per cent bonds. These securities cover not only the El Paso & Southwestern Railroad but the Nacozari Railroad and other valuable assets in the treasury of the El Paso & Southwestern.

A. E. SWEET,
Vice President and General Manager.

The first $100 is hardest

THE MAN WITH THE BANK ACCOUNT wears a satisfied smile.

Don't let anyone else deposit your money.

Do it your self.

Get the First Hundred Dollars, the rest will come easier.

First National Bank

Carrizozo, N. M.

"Try First National Service."

The Evil Shepherd

By

E. Phillips Oppenheim

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CHAPTER XVIII—Continued.

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"Dear child," he said, "if I could roll back the years, if from all my deeds of sin, as the world knows sin, I could cancel one, there is nothing in the world would make me happier than to ask you to come with me as my cherished companion to just whatever part of the world you cared for. But I have been playing pitch and toss with fortune all my life, since the great trouble came which changed me so much. Even at this moment, the coin is in the air which may decide my fate."

"You mean?" she ventured.

"I mean," he continued, "that after the event of which we spoke last night, nothing in life has been more than an incident, and I have striven to find distraction by means which none of you—not even you, Lady Cynthia, with all your breadth of outlook and all your craving after new things—would justify."

"Nothing that you may have done troubles me in the least," she assured him. "I do wish that you could put it all out of your mind and let me help you to make a fresh start."

"I may put the thing itself out of my mind," he answered sadly, "but the consequences remain."

"There is a consequence which threatens?" she asked.

He was silent for a moment. When he spoke again, he had recovered all his courage.

"There is the coin in the air of which I spoke," he replied. "Let us forget it for a moment. Of the minor things I will make you my judge. Ledsam and Margaret are coming to my party tomorrow night. You, too, shall be my guest. Such secrets as lie on the other side of that wall shall be yours. After that, if I survive your judgment of them, and if the coin which I have thrown into the air comes down to the tune I call—after that—I will remind you of something which happened last night, of something which, if I live for many years, I shall never forget."

She leaned towards him. Her eyes were heavy with longing. Her arms, sweet and white in the dusky twilight, stole hesitatingly out.

"Last night was so long ago. Won't you take a later memory?"

Once again she lay in his arms, still and content.

As they crossed the lawn, an hour or so later, they were confronted by Hedges who hastened, in fact, to meet them.

"You are being asked for on the telephone, sir," he announced. "It is a trunk call. I have switched it through to the study."

"Any name?" Sir Timothy asked indifferently.

The man hesitated. His eyes sought his master's respectfully but charged with meaning.

"The person refuses to give his name, sir, but I fancied that I recognized the voice. I think it would be as well for you to speak, sir."

Lady Cynthia sank into a chair.

"You shall go and answer your telephone call," she said, "and leave Hedges to mix me one of those strange drinks. I believe I see some of my favorite cigarettes."

Sir Timothy made his way into the house and into the long, oak-beamed study with its dark furniture and latticed windows. The telephone bell began to ring again as he entered. He took up the receiver.

"Last Night Was So Long Ago. Won't You Take a Later Memory?"

"Sir Timothy?" a rather hoarse, strained voice asked.

"I am speaking," Sir Timothy replied. "Who is it?"

The man at the other end spoke as though he were out of breath. Nevertheless, what he said was distinct enough.

"I am John Walker."

"Well?"

"I am just ringing you up," the voice went on, "to give you what's called a sporting chance. There's a boat from Southampton midday tomorrow. If you're wise, you'll catch it. Or better still, get off on your own yacht. They carry a wireless now, these big steamers. Don't give a criminal much of a chance, does it?"

"I am to understand, then," Sir Timothy said calmly, "that you have laid your information?"

"I've parted with it and serve you right," was the bitter reply. "I'm not saying that you're not a brave man, Sir Timothy, but there's such a thing as being foolhardy, and that's what you are. I wasn't asking you for half your fortune, nor even a dab of it, but if your life wasn't worth a few hundred pounds—you, with all that money—well, it wasn't worth saving. So now you know. I've spent ninepence to give you a chance to hop it, because I met a gent who has been good to me. I've had a good dinner and I feel merciful. So there you are."

"Do I gather," Sir Timothy asked, in a perfectly level tone, "that the deed is already done?"

"It's already done and done thoroughly," was the uncompromising answer. "I'm not ringing up to ask you to change your mind. If you were to offer me five thousand now, or ten, I couldn't stop the bally thing. You've a sporting chance of getting away if you start at once. That's all there is to it."

"You have nothing more to say?"

"Nothing! Only I wish to God I'd never stepped into that Mayfair agency. I wish I'd never gone to Mrs. Hilditch's as a temporary butler. I wish I'd never seen any one of you! That's all! You can go to h—l which way you like, only, if you take my advice, you'll go by the way of South America. The scaffold isn't every man's fancy."

There was a burr of the instrument and then silence. Sir Timothy carefully replaced the receiver, paused on his way out of the room to smell a great bowl of lavender, and passed back into the garden.

"More applicants for invitations?" Lady Cynthia inquired lazily.

Her host smiled.

"Not exactly! Although," he added, "as a matter of fact my party would have been perhaps a little more complete with the presence of the person to whom I have been speaking."

Lady Cynthia pointed to the stream, down which the punt was slowly drifting. The moon had gone behind a cloud, and Francis' figure, as he stood there, was undefined and ghostly. A thought seemed to flash into her mind. She leaned forward.

"Once," she said, "he told me that he was your enemy."

"The term is a little melodramatic," Sir Timothy protested. "We look at certain things from opposite points of view. You see, my prospective son-in-law, if ever he becomes that, represents the law—the Law with a capital 'L'—which recognizes no human errors or weaknesses, and judges crime out of the musty books of the lawgivers of old. He makes of the law a mechanical thing which can neither bend nor give, and he judges humanity from the same standpoint. Yet at heart he is a good fellow and I like him."

"And you?"

"My weakness lies the other way," he confessed, "and my sympathy is with those who do not fear to make their own laws."

She held out her hand, white and spectral in the momentary gloom. At the other end of the lawn, Francis and Margaret were disembarking from the punt.

"Does it sound too shockingly obvious," she murmured, "if I say that I want to make you my law?"

It would have puzzled anybody, except, perhaps, Lady Cynthia herself, to have detected the slightest alteration in Sir Timothy's demeanor during the following day, when he made fitful appearances at the Sanctuary, or at the dinner which was served a little earlier than usual, before his final departure for the scene of the festivities. Once he paused in the act of helping himself to some dish and listened for a moment to the sound of voices in the hall, and when a taxicab drove up he set down his glass and again betrayed some interest.

"The maid with my frock, thank heavens!" Lady Cynthia announced, glancing out of the window. "My last anxiety is removed. I am looking forward now to a wonderful night."

"You may very easily be disappointed," her host warned her. "My entertainments appeal more, as a rule, to men."

"Why don't you be thoroughly original and issue no invitations to women at all?" Margaret inquired.

"For the same reason that you adorn your rooms and the dinner-table with flowers," he answered. "One needs them as a relief. Apart from that, I am really proud of my dancing-rooms, and there again, you see, your sex is necessary."

"We are flattered," Margaret declared, with a little bow. "It does seem queer to think that you should own what Cynthia's cousin, Dary Hinton, once told me was the best floor in London, and that I have never danced on it."

"Nor I," Lady Cynthia put in. "There might have been some excuse for not asking you, Margaret, but why an ultra-bohemian like myself has had to beg and plead for an invitation I really cannot imagine."

"You might find," Sir Timothy said, "you may even now—that some of my men guests are not altogether to your liking."

"Quite content to take my risk," Lady Cynthia declared cheerfully. "The man with the best manners I ever met—it was at one of Maggie's studio dances, too—was a bookmaker. And a retired prize-fighter brought me home once from an Albert Hall dance."

"How did he behave?" Francis asked.

"He was wistful but restrained," Lady Cynthia replied, "quite the gentleman, in fact."

"You encourage me to hope for the best," Sir Timothy said, rising to his feet. "You will excuse me now? I have a few final preparations to make."

"Are we to be allowed," Margaret inquired, "to come across the park?"

"You would not find it convenient," her father assured her. "You had better order a car, say for ten o'clock. Don't forget to bring your cards of invitation, and find me immediately you arrive. I wish to direct your proceedings to some extent."

Lady Cynthia strolled across with him to the postern-gate and stood by his side after he had opened it. Several of the animals, grazing in different parts of the park, pricked up their ears at the sound. An old mare came hobbling towards him; a flea-bitten gray came trotting down the field, his head in the air, neighing loudly.

"You waste a great deal of tenderness upon your animal friends, dear host," she murmured.

At the entrance to the great gates of the Walled House, two men in livery were standing. One of them examined with care the red cards of invitation, and as soon as he was satisfied the gates were opened by some unseen agency. The moment the car had passed through, they were closed again.

"Father seems thoroughly medieval over this business," Margaret remarked, looking about her with interest. "What a quaint courtyard, too! It really is quite Italian."

"It seems almost incredible that you have never been here!" Lady Cynthia exclaimed. "Curiosity would have brought me if I had had to climb over the wall!"

"It does seem absurd in one way," Margaret agreed, "but, as a matter of fact, my father's attitude about the place has always rather set me against it. I didn't feel that there was any pleasure to be gained by coming here. I won't tell you really what I did think. We must keep to our bargain. We are not to anticipate."

At the front entrance, under the covered portico, the white tickets which they had received in exchange for their tickets of invitation, were carefully collected by another man, who stopped the car a few yards from the broad, curving steps. After that, there was no more suggestion of inhospitality. The front doors, which were of enormous size and height, seemed to have been removed, and in the great domed hall beyond Sir Timothy was already receiving guests. Being without wraps, the little party made an immediate entrance. Sir Timothy, who was talking to one of the best-known of the foreign ambassadors, took a step forward to meet them.

"Welcome," he said, "you, the most unique party, at least, amongst my guests. Prince, may I present you to my daughter, Mrs. Hilditch? Lady Cynthia Milton and Mr. Ledsam you know, I believe."

Sir Timothy, later, in a moment's respite from the inflowing stream of guests, came once more across to them.

"I am going to leave you, my honored guests from the Sanctuary," he said, with a faint smile, "to yourselves for a short time. In the room to your left, supper is being served. I want you to meet me in a room which I will show you, at a quarter to twelve."

He led them down one of the corridors which opened from the hall. Before the first door on the right a manservant was standing as though on sentry duty. Sir Timothy tapped the panel of the door with his forefinger.

"This is my sanctum," he announced. "I allow no one in here without special permission. I find it useful to have a place to which one can come and rest quite quietly sometimes. Williams here has no other duty except to guard the entrance. Williams, you will allow this gentleman and these two ladies to pass in at a quarter to twelve."

The man looked at them searchingly.

"Certainly, sir," he said. "No one else?"

"No one, under any pretext."

Sir Timothy hurried back to the hall, and the others followed him in more leisurely fashion. They were all three full of curiosity.

"I never dreamed," Margaret declared, as she looked around her, "that I should ever find myself inside this house. It has always seemed to me like one great bluebeard's chamber. If ever my father spoke of it at all, it was as of a place which he intended to convert into a sort of miniature Hell."

Sir Timothy leaned back to speak to them as they passed.

"You will find a friend over there, Ledsam," he said.

Wilmore turned around and faced them. The two men exchanged somewhat surprised greetings.

"No idea that I was coming until this afternoon," Wilmore explained. "I got my card at five o'clock, with a note from Sir Timothy's secretary. I am racking my brains to imagine what it can mean."

"We're all a little addled," Francis confessed. "Come and join our tour of exploration. You know Lady Cynthia. Let me present you to Mrs. Hilditch."

The introduction was effected and they all strolled on together. Margaret and Lady Cynthia led the way into the winter-garden, a palace of glass, tall palms, banks of exotics, flowering shrubs of every description, and a fountain, with wonderfully carved water nymphs, brought with its basin from Italy. Hidden in the foliage, a small orchestra was playing very softly. The atmosphere of the place was languorous and delicious.

"Leave us here," Margaret insisted, with a little exclamation of content. "Neither Cynthia nor I want to go any further. Come back and fetch us in time for our appointment."

After a time the men rejoined Margaret and Cynthia and then came suddenly face to face with Sir Timothy, who had escorted a little party of his guests to see the fountain, and was now returning alone.

"You have been visiting, I am glad to see," the latter observed. "I trust that you are amusing yourselves?"

"Excellently, thank you," Francis replied.

"And so far," Sir Timothy went on, with a faint smile, "you find my entertainment normal? You have no question yet which you would like to ask?"

"Only one—what do you do with your launch up the river on moonless nights, Sir Timothy?"

Sir Timothy's momentary silence was full of ominous significance.

"Mr. Ledsam," he said, after a brief pause, "I have given you almost carte

The Atmosphere of the Place Was Languorous and Delicious.

blanche to explore my domains here. Concerning the launch, however, I think that you had better ask no questions at present."

"You are using it tonight?" Francis persisted.

"Will you come and see, my venturesome guest?"

"With great pleasure," was the prompt reply.

Sir Timothy glanced at his watch.

"That," he said, "is one of the matters of which we will speak at a quarter to twelve. Meanwhile, let me show you something. It may amuse you as it has done me."

The three moved back towards one of the arched openings which led into the ballroom.

"Observe, if you please," their host continued, "the third couple who pass us. The girl is wearing green—the very little that she does wear. Watch the man, and see if he reminds you of any one."

Francis did as he was bidden. The girl was a well-known member of the chorus of one of the principal musical comedies, and she seemed to be thoroughly enjoying both the dance and her partner. The latter appeared to be of a somewhat ordinary type, sallow, with rather puffy cheeks and eyes almost unnaturally dark. He danced vigorously and he talked all the time. Something about him was vaguely familiar to Francis, but he failed to place him.

"Notwithstanding all my precautions," Sir Timothy continued, "there, fondly believing himself to be unnoticed, is an emissary of Scotland Yard. Really, of all the obvious, the dry-as-dust, [illegible] three kind of people I ever met, the class of detective to which this man belongs can produce the most blatant examples."

"What are you going to do about him?" Francis asked.

Sir Timothy shrugged his shoulders.

"I have not yet made up my mind," he said. "I happen to know that he had been laying his plans for weeks to get here, frequenting Soto's and other restaurants, and scraping acquaintance with some of my friends. The duke of Tadchester brought him—won a few hundreds from him at baccarat, I suppose. His grace will never again find these doors open to him."

Francis' attention had wandered. He was gazing fixedly at the man whom Sir Timothy had pointed out.

"You still do not fully recognize our friend," the latter observed carelessly. "He calls himself Manuel Lofo, and he professes to be a Cuban. His real name I understood, when you introduced us, to be Shepland."

"Great heavens, so it is!" Francis exclaimed.

"Let us leave him to his precarious pleasures," Sir Timothy suggested. "I am free for a few moments. We will wander round together."

They found Lady Cynthia and Wilmore, and looked in at the supper-room, where people were waiting now for tables, a babel of sound and gayety. The grounds and winter-gardens were crowded. Their guide led the way to a large apartment on the other side of the hall, from which the sound of music was proceeding.

"My theater," he said. "I wonder what is going on."

They passed inside. There was a small stage with steps leading down to the floor, easy-chairs and round tables everywhere, and waiters serving refreshments. A girl was dancing. Sir Timothy watched her approvingly.

"Nadia Ellistoff," he told them. "She was in the last Russian ballet, and she is waiting now for the rest of the company to start again at Covent Garden. You see, it is Metzger who plays there. They improvise. Rather a wonderful performance, I think."

They watched her breathlessly, a spirit in gray tulle, with great black eyes now and then half closed.

"It is 'Wind Before Dawn,'" Lady Cynthia whispered. "I heard him play it two days after he composed it, only there are variations now. She is the soul of the south wind."

The curtain went down amidst rapturous applause. The dancer had left the stage, floating away into some sort of wonderfully-contrived nebulous background. Within a few moments, the principal comedian of the day was telling stories. Sir Timothy led them away.

"But how on earth do you get all these people?" Lady Cynthia asked.

"It is arranged for me," Sir Timothy replied. "I have an agent who sees to it all. Every man or woman who is asked to perform, has a credit at Cartier's for a hundred guineas. I pay no fees. They select some little keepsake."

Margaret laughed softly.

"No wonder they call this place a sort of Arabian Nights!" she declared.

"Well, there isn't much else for you to see," Sir Timothy said thoughtfully. "My gymnasium, which is one of the principal features here, is closed just now for a special performance, of which I will speak in a moment. The concert hall I see they are using for an overflow dance-room. What you have seen, with the grounds and the winter-garden, comprises almost everything."

They moved back through the hall with difficulty. People were now crowding in. Lady Cynthia laughed softly.

"Why, it is like a gala night at the opera, Sir Timothy!" she exclaimed. "How dare you pretend that this is Bohemia?"

"It has never been I who have described my entertainments," he reminded her. "They have been called everything—orgies, debauches—everything you can think of. I have never ventured myself to describe them."

Their passage was difficult. Every now and then Sir Timothy was compelled to shake hands with some of his newly-arriving guests. At last, however, they reached the little sitting-room. Sir Timothy turned back to Wilmore, who hesitated.

"You had better come in, too, Mr. Wilmore, if you will," he invited. "You were with Ledsam, the first day we met, and something which I have to say now may interest you."

"If I am not intruding," Wilmore murmured.

They entered the room, still jealously guarded. Sir Timothy closed the door behind them.

CHAPTER XIX

The apartment was one belonging to the older portion of the house, and had been, in fact, an annex to the great library. The walls were oak-paneled, and hung with a collection of old prints. There were some easy-chairs, a writing-table, and some well-laden bookcases. There were one or two bronze statues of gladiators, a wonderful study of two wrestlers, no other ornaments. Sir Timothy plunged at once into what he had to say.

"I promised you, Lady Cynthia, and you, Ledsam," he said, "to divulge exactly the truth as regards these much-talked-of entertainments here. You, Margaret, under present circumstances, are equally interested. You, Wilmore, are Ledsam's friend, and you happen to have an interest in this particular party. Therefore, I am glad to have you all here together. The superficial part of my entertainment you have seen. The part which renders it necessary for me to keep closed doors, I shall now explain. I give prizes here of considerable value for boxing bouts which are conducted under rules of our own. One is due to take place in a very few minutes. The contests vary in character, but I may say that the chief officials of the National Sporting club are usually to be found here, only, of course, in an unofficial capacity. The difference between the contests arranged by me, and others, is that my men are here to fight. They use sometimes an illegal weight of glove and they sometimes hurt one another. If any two of the boxing fraternity have a grudge against one another, and that often happens, they are permitted here to fight it out, under the strictest control as regards fairness, but practically without gloves at all. You heard of the accident, for instance, to Norris? That happened in my gymnasium. He was knocked out by Burgin. It was a wonderful fight.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Everything Comes, Etc.

Everything comes to those who wait. The rich man has ice in summer, but the poor man has just as much in winter.

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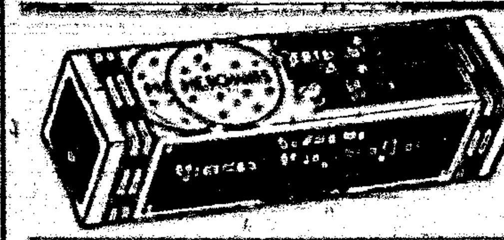

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WORK ON MOFFAT TUNNEL IS PROGRESSING SATISFACTORILY

Denver.—With main heads on the Moffat tunnel bored to a distance approximating 17 per cent of the total length of the railroad and water tunnels, consulting engineers for the tunnel commission reported that "the work to date has been well administered and excellent progress attained at economical cost."

Up to the present, the report sets forth, an aggregate of 60,000 cubic yards of rock have been removed, representing work accomplished since September, 1923, in addition to construction, under winter conditions, of the plants and camps at the portals. The main headings have been advanced an aggregate of 11,537 feet, 3,101 in the east portal of the railroad tunnel, 1,810 on the west portal of the railroad tunnel and 3,378 and 3,180 feet on the corresponding water tunnel portals.

"We are particularly glad to state that the plant and camp installations have been economically constructed and the cost to date is within the estimates governing the contract," the engineers reported. "We are much impressed with the good type and character of the labor on the work, reflecting as it does, not simply the earnings obtained, but also the good living conditions provided, which both attracts and holds labor employed and which in turn beneficially affects the progress and quality of the work performed and the resulting economical cost of the same.

"The rock on the east end is hard and self-supporting, in which very rapid progress has been made under [illegible] conditions.

"At the west end, however, the rock is gneiss, crushed and softened, but which is gradually becoming harder. The first 2,000 feet or more must be fully timbered, when enlarged, making progress in that portion of the work slow. At the same time the headings are being driven rapidly and satisfactorily.

"There is no necessity to come to a present determination as to whether any concrete lining may be needed."

The engineers reported that the bonus system for handling excavation on the east portal is satisfactory in increasing progress and cutting costs. Later it may be possible to extend a similar system to other classes of labor, they said.

The report was made after a survey and inspection of the tunnel completed last week by the consulting engineers, J. Vipond Davies, L. D. Blauvelt, D. W. Brunton and J. Waldo Smith. In their report the engineers detailed the work already completed on the tunnel.

Fire Destroys Entire Block

Raymond, Neb.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed almost an entire block of the business section here. The Denver General Merchandise store was completely destroyed, the roof of the Bank of Raymond was burned, but the rest of the building was saved, and a drug store was also badly damaged. The fire was discovered by Father Manderville of Valparaiso, Neb. He roused several persons and notified the fire department at Lincoln. Early estimates place the loss at between $20,000 and $25,000.

Will Search Pueblo Bonito Ruins Again

Hunting for Pre-Columbian Trinkets Among Freight Trains of Debris.

Washington, D. C.—A National Geographic society expedition, headed by Neil M. Judd, left Washington recently to begin its fourth year of exploration at the ruins of Pueblo Bonito, New Mexico, giant "apartment house" of prehistoric times.

More than 800 rooms have been cleared and many kivas, or circular ceremonial chambers, already have been exposed to the desert sunlight. Only three years ago the great ruin was only a vast heap of rock and earth, fallen walls and wind-blown accumulations of uncounted centuries.

The explorations revealed that Pueblo Bonito was a busy village confined within a single dwelling. When inhabited it stood four stories high, included some 800 rooms and sheltered 1,200 or more persons.

Explorers Operate Railroad.

Four teams and a miniature railroad operate to remove the vast quantities of debris from the huge ruins. Last summer alone 20,000 tons of debris—enough to fill a freight train of 400 gondola cars—were removed.

If in this haystack of the centuries a ton of litter yields a bit of pottery, a tiny bell or a wisdom tooth the history prospector thinks he has struck "pay dirt." Most of the actual work is performed by Indians.

The many treasured specimens thus far recovered have been forwarded to Washington and, upon the conclusion of the expedition's work, they will be presented to the government. They will constitute an outstanding donation of their kind.

No written record or hieroglyphic inscription was left by these ancient Americans. But it already is possible to piece together their life story from the evidence of the silent walls of their abandoned rooms and the scattered objects recovered from their deserted dwelling. Their daily activities, their civic organizations, their communal enterprises and their struggles against more warlike tribes can be pictured. It is evident that the Bonitans, who lived in what now is the Chaco Canyon National monument, in northwestern New Mexico, probably had the most pretentious settlement in the southwestern United States in pre-Columbian times.

With the penetration of the Pueblo Bonito ruins the early history of America has begun to attract world interest—an interest being augmented with the sending of a National Geographic society expedition to uncover the great mound of Cuicuilco in the valley of Mexico, which may be 8,000 years old. Of the relation of Pueblo Bonito to other explorations Dr. Judd says:

"There is a bare possibility that some cultural connection will be found between the former inhabitants of Pueblo Bonito and the Maya, ancient temple builders of Yucatan and Guatemala. There absolutely is no chance of tracing any relationship between our prehistoric southwestern tribes and those of the Old World. Tut-Ankh-Amen and his fellow Egyptians represent a high stage of cultural development along the desert borders of the Nile; the ancient Bonitans surpassed all their contemporaries in the desert regions of our Southwest, but the prehistoric peoples of America and Egypt had nothing in common."

Dr. Judd will have as his chief assistant this year Karl Ruppert of the University of Arizona.

Paints Butterfly Wings and Beats Nature at It

Hamburg, Germany. — The paint brush of nature has been outdone by science, according to a recent announcement, in which the contention is made that by artificial means the coloring of butterfly wings can be reproduced with much more effect and richness than the originals themselves.

Prof. Hans Zozler, in an address before the German Chemical society, asserted that he frequently had made artificial wings which would make "any butterfly in the world turn green or black with envy."

The coloring in real butterfly wings is brought about by light reflections on the same principle which causes soap bubbles to glisten colorfully in the rays of light. Professor Zozler explained that he used resin as the basis in his experiments.

Hires Rat Catcher

Natchez, Miss.—Rats are so numerous in this city that the woman's advisory board of the city council has arranged to bring a professional rat catcher to rid it of the pests. All civic bodies and the merchants of the city will be asked to join in the campaign under his direction and it will be carried out on an extensive scale. Thousands of dollars of property damage has been done by the rats.

Trade Women and Children for Animals

Sudden Death Is Commonplace in Remote Districts of Mindanao.

Manila.—There is a simplicity about the barbarous customs of the pagan inhabitants of interior Bukidnon and other scarcely scratched districts of Mindanao that is almost naive. Despite the law and the ubiquity of constabulary patrols, human life is cheap, sudden death is commonplace, women are bartered and children are kidnaped and sold into slavery. One day in March a Manobo, Ligdonan by name, was taking his ease in his bamboo hut in the sitio Cabanglasan while his wife and daughter, Julia, were preparing food. Cumbay, the son, was also in the hut, busy on some household duty. Presently along the trail from sitio Marcill came Lomitay Mandiacgan and Hinabayan Manlinaida, both former acquaintances of Ligdonan. The latter invited the visitors to enter and partake of the meal, which shortly would be served.

Suddenly Attacks Host.

For some time the three men squatted on the floor, smoking and talking. The roving eyes of Lomitay took in the contents of the shack, including the wife, Mabiguia, and the daughter, Julia, who, though young, was pleasant to see. A girl of some price, evidently. So thought Lomitay, and with a swift spring he unsheathed his bolo and slashed at Ligdonan. All unprepared, the man had no chance. The keen blade clove through his right arm to the shoulder, and even penetrated his side to his lungs. For a few minutes the stricken man writhed on the floor, while his life blood poured through the bamboo slats to the ground below. Terrified, the wife and her two children tried to escape, but the assailants tripped them and held them, struggling. Thereupon three accomplices—Ting Mandanay, Sayanap and a man unknown—who had been hiding in a near-by creek, came up and helped to tie the hands of the three prisoners behind their backs.

The five raiders, after they had eaten their fill, departed with their captives and took them by devious trails through the wilderness until they reached the bank of the river [illegible], where the party divided. Ting Mandanay and the unknown man acquired the mother and the daughter. Sayanap obtained possession of Cumbay in exchange for a horse.

Boy Escapes.

"Most probably," reads the report, "the woman Mabiguia and her daughter, Julia, were taken to [illegible] or some other remote place where they could be bartered for animals." Cumbay was taken to the house of Sayanap, where he was held a prisoner, [illegible]. However, during the third night, when all others in the house were sleeping, the boy contrived to loosen the bonds and escape through a window. [illegible] only by night and hiding in the jungle by day, he made his way back to [illegible] and brought the news to the constabulary there.

"The motive of the crime is believed to be no other than that of an old practice of the wild tribes, which still prevails in certain parts of the [illegible]. It is reported that [illegible] is a market where these wild people meet and exchange human captives for horses, and vice versa."

A patrol under sergeant [illegible], Seventy-sixth company, was at once dispatched to [illegible] to investigate the case, and gather such information as would enable the authorities to deal with the situation.

Given to the Press of United States

This oil painting of the late President Harding making the address last summer in Stanley park, Vancouver, B. C., was presented to the newspaper men of the United States in Washington with Sir Esme Howard, the British ambassador, making the presentation and President Coolidge accepting it. The painting is the gift of the Vancouver Sun and is the work of John Innes. It hangs in the rooms of the National Press club in Washington.

BILL LIFTS TAX ON HER INCOME GIVEN TO GIRLS

Mother Superior Gives Her Share of Philadelphia Drexel Fortune to Charity.

Washington, D. C.—Buried within the 374 dry-printed pages of the new tax measure is a bit of romance—a clause that will bring joy to thousands of homeless girls.

It's just a sentence or two—that if a person has donated 90 per cent or more of income the first year the law is effective and for each of ten preceding years, no tax may be levied. But it was put there to cover the income of only one individual, Mother Catherine, head of a Roman Catholic sisterhood.

Mother Catherine once was a Miss Drexel of Philadelphia and every year she gets a share of the great fortune of the Philadelphia Drexels. But, as a sister, she cannot spend any of it. So, every year, she has donated her share to charity—the building of homes for friendless girls. It was taxed like any other income, however, and many a home for girls could not be built because of levies by the government.

But Senator Pepper (Rep., Pa.) got the exemption inserted and now Mother Catherine may use her entire income to help girls.

210 Miles of Jointless Pipe to Carry Gas

Kirbyville, Tex.—A continuous steel tube 210 miles long without a coupling or a screw-thread connection will be laid this summer, between the Texas-Louisiana natural gas fields near Shreveport, La., and Beaumont, Tex.

When completed, the longest sixteen-inch diameter pipe line in the world will cross two rivers, innumerable creeks and run underground through four counties to carry the natural gas to Beaumont.

Oxyacetylene welding will seal every joint, replacing the old method of screw couplings, thus reducing the upkeep of the line to the vanishing point, and conserving a great quantity of gas from the leakage which has always been unavoidable with threaded joints.

On Trial for Alcoholism, He Calls It Radioitis

Norristown, Pa.—The "radio bug disease" played a prominent part in the case before Judge Swift of Albert M. Luden, son of a confectioner of Reading, charged with operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated. The defense said the haggard look in Luden's face after he was arrested was not caused by dissipation, but was the result of his being up late at night "listening in." The jury found Luden guilty. He was fined $600.

Of the states in the Union, Colorado has the greatest average altitude and Delaware the least.

Important to All Women Readers of This Paper

Swamp-Root a Fine Medicine

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by parcel post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

Too Much Acting

Elsie Janis, at a dinner in her historic colonial mansion in North Tarrytown, which was recently damaged by fire, told a story of the stage. "A manager," she said, "refused the other day to engage a young married couple for a new play he was putting on. 'They're good people,' he said, 'and I'll engage one or the other of them, but not both.' 'Why not both?' said the playwright, a young man. 'They're both clever.' 'That may be,' said the manager, 'but the public don't care to see a man making love to his own wife.' 'Why not, I wonder?' said the playwright. 'It looks too much like acting,' said the manager."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Only One

Joyce plays golf and he prefers a solitary round with only the caddie present. He had a new boy one day recently, and played as usual.

"I fancy I play the worst game in the world," he confessed to the caddie.

"Oh, I wouldn't say that, sir," was the consoling reply. "From what the boys were saying about another gentleman who plays here, he must be worse than you are."

"What's his name?" asked the player hopefully.

And the caddie replied: "Joyce."—Pearson's Magazine.

Set Houses Low

Many houses are spoiled by the desire for terraces. Most houses look better when set low.

Children Cry for "Castoria"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

English Woman at Forge

The village blacksmith as Longfellow saw him would be interested could he see his vocation usurped by the "weaker sex." The first woman in England to work at the anvil is Miss Florence Swann, who manages her father's wheelwright and engineer's business in the town of New Cross. What adds interest to Miss Swann's work is that she was a milliner before the war.

Want Weather Report

Prof. Harold W. Melvin, head of the English department of the engineering school of the Northwestern university in Chicago, has found out by taking a poll of his classes that the weather report is read by more students than any other type of news appearing in the daily newspaper. Sporting news attracted the first attention of about half of the students.

Traced by Laundry Marks

London police rely on the laundry marks in clothing to trace criminals and identify victims of violent death. A new regulation would require all laundries to keep a register of all laundry marks and their owners. There are special men on the force who are adept in this phase of criminology.

Railway Auto Ambulance

A railway auto ambulance to operate on the Arica-La Paz railway through a desert region of Chile in which there are no railways, is to be purchased by the government.

The Latest Creation

Caller—So the angels have brought you a new baby sister.

Jim (disgustedly)—To see the fuss Sis makes over her you'd think she came from Paris.

Told the Truth

Mrs. Willis—But this roof leaks.

Landlord—Well, didn't I say there was water on every floor?

It's bad form to drink too much wine at dinner and it's bad feel, the next morning.

All He Wanted

Dupree Fountain, room clerk at the Rice hotel, likes to recall this incident from those he encountered during his early days in the hotel business.

Dupree was working in a hotel in a small Louisiana town. A tough sailor approached the desk. "Want a room, sir?" inquired Fountain, pen in hand.

"Naw," replied the sailor. "I think I'm a banana. All I want is a skin, so I can curl up in the fruit bowl."—Houston Post.

Some Exposure

Perhaps if the subterfuge of the whole world were exposed simultaneously, after the first shock, there would be a great sheepish laugh.

He travels safe, and not unpleasantly, who is guarded by poverty and guided by love.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller and walk in comfort by using **Allen's Foot-Ease**, the antiseptic, healing powder for the feet. Shaken into the shoes **Allen's Foot-Ease** makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to Corns, Bunions and Calluses; prevents Blisters and Sore Spots and gives rest to tired, aching, swollen feet.

At night if your feet are tired and sore from excessive walking or dancing, sprinkle some Allen's Foot-Ease in the foot bath, and get rest and comfort.

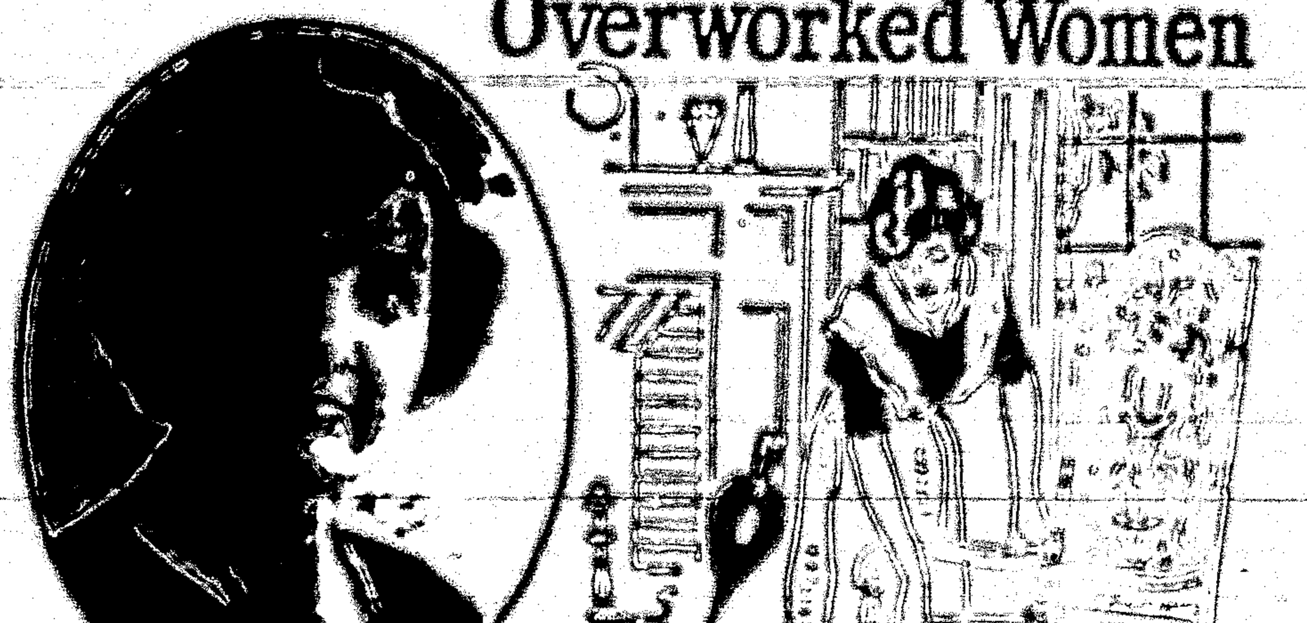
Sold everywhere. For Free sample and a Foot-Ease Walking Doll, address **Allen's Foot-Ease, Le Roy, N. Y.**

The Purity of Cuticura Makes It Unexcelled For All Toilet Purposes

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Helpful Advice to Overworked Women



MRS. C. E. CHAPMAN

DAY in and day out, week in and week out the tired, overworked housewife and mother toils on, sweeping, dusting, cooking, cleaning and mending. Is it any wonder that after a time a weakness, such as Mrs. Chapman had, develops and the wife and mother pays a toll in physical weakness and pain for her efforts of love, the natural result of overwork?

Women who find themselves afflicted with weakness, pain, headaches, backache, nervousness, irritability and melancholia will be interested in Mrs. Chapman's letter, and should realize that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is especially adapted to overcome such conditions.

Mrs. Chapman's Letter Reads as Follows:

NEW ALBANY, IND.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a weakness which many women have from overwork, and from which I suffered for quite a while. I wasn't fit to do my work and my sister advised me to take this medicine. After the first few days the pains were not so severe as they had been and after taking a few bottles I am not bothered any more. I am doing my housework every day and I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to any woman suffering from female trouble. [illegible] —MRS. C. E. CHAPMAN, 1204 Elm Street, New Albany, Indiana.

Another Case of Nervous Breakdown

MEMPHIS, TENN.—"Two years ago I was completely run-down and my nerves were a wreck. I could not sweep a room without resting. I could not do any of my work except a little at a time and the doctor's medicine did not help me. One day some one threw a little book on to my porch and in it I read several testimonials of women who had been like myself. I went right out and got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and before I had taken the whole of that bottle I knew it was helping me. I took six bottles and then in about three months I took two more. Now I am in perfect health. I do all my own work and could do more. I can truly say that I know Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gave me my health."—MRS. O. J. HINCKLEY, 492½ E. Georgia St., Memphis, Tenn.

Thousands of Women owe their health to

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

Political Announcements

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic convention.

A. S. McCAMANT.

FOR ASSESSOR

I hereby announce as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic convention.

C. C. MERCHANT.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

I hereby announce as a candidate for the office of County Clerk of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic convention.

MRS LOTAH L. MILLER.

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.

HARRY STRALEY

FOR ASSESSOR

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Assessor of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

E. C. DOW.

FOR TREASURER

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Treasurer of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.

M. B. PADEN.

FOR ASSESSOR

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Assessor of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic convention.

[illegible]

For Sheriff

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

A. H. A[illegible]

Home Baking

Bread, Pies & Cakes

at the

Home Bakery

MRS. R. H. TAYLOR

PRIZES AMOUNTING TO $1500

Given for Answers to Questions in Geography

An Educational Contest. Open to everybody, everywhere.

First prize is $500 in cash

How much do you know about Geography? [illegible]

Address [illegible]

Fresh

Home-Made

CANDIES

Get a Box or Package of

THE CHOICEST AND SWEETEST

Mrs' J. K. Such

East Alamogordo Ave.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest,—Such's

FOIBLES OF ANIMALS

"PETERSHAW has an extremely gentle driving horse," said the veterinary surgeon. "He has made the animal a member of his family for several years, and it was so gentle anybody could drive it. The other day Petershaw made up his mind he would sell Dobbin, as he couldn't afford to buy breakfast food for him any longer.

A man who wanted a horse dropped around, and Petershaw hitched Dobbin up, and that fool horse just naturally ran away and the two men are going around on crutches. It's hard to understand such a thing, for there never was a gentler horse."

"There are several explanations," remarked the village patriarch. "It is possible, even probable, that the horse understands everything Petershaw says, and when it heard him talking about selling, the noble animal put up a job to spoil the deal. Perhaps Dobbin has a strongly developed sense of humor, and thought such an escapade would be highly amusing, and we must admit that it was. I cannot imagine anything more humorous than to hitch up a perfectly gentle horse, and then have it act like a funnel shaped cloud.

"There is no doubt that animals have a sense of humor. Unless we admit that it is impossible to explain many things they do. I think the mule is a great jester. When a mule looks most innocent, he is most dangerous. You can tell when a horse is going to hand you a few sample heels as a testimonial of its esteem; it lays back its ears and switches its tail, and looks as vindictive as a rattlesnake. A reasonably active man can get out of the way when he sees a horse unlimbering its heavy artillery. But it's different with a mule. This highly sagacious animal will stand munching its fodder, every motion and every glance expressing peace on earth, good will toward men. The innocent bystander is saying to himself that he never did see such an amiable expression on an animal's face, and just then the gentle critter hands him a [illegible] of feet, and when he recovers consciousness he can't find words that properly express his emotions.

"The cow is another humorist. I have milked some score of cows all my days, and they all were addicted to [illegible]. The cow I have now thoroughly enjoys batting me over the head with her tail. Of course there is some excuse in the summer for a cow that keeps her tail going, but there isn't any excuse for such exercise in the winter, when the flies are dead. At this season my cow never [illegible] her tail except at milking time. Then she keeps it going as though the flies were around her in clouds, and she has become so expert with her tail that she [illegible] on the bill about ten times a minute, and then I had an [illegible] So she hits me on the nose every time, and I've simply wondered how [illegible]

"I had a cow once that I milked for four years and during that time she never lifted a foot or acted cranky in any way. I considered her the [illegible] cow I ever saw. One evening there were some visitors from the city at our house, and they went to the barn with me to see me milk the cow. There were two or three ladies in the party, and as I milked I explained to them that the animal was a marvel when it came to docility. I said I didn't believe she would kick if a charge of powder went off under her. Of course the cow heard every word I said, and she simply couldn't resist the temptation to make me look like thirty cents, so, just when I was most enthusiastic in her praise, she landed a left hook on my chin and put me down for the count. Those city folks said that if she was a gentle cow they'd give fifty cents to see an [illegible] one, and I suppose they're talking about the event yet."

Catholic Church

First Mass at 8 a. m.; preaching in English.

Second Mass at 9 a. m.; preaching in Spanish.

Devotions 7:30 p. m.

Rev. J. H. Girma.

Methodist Church

W. R. McPherson, Pastor.

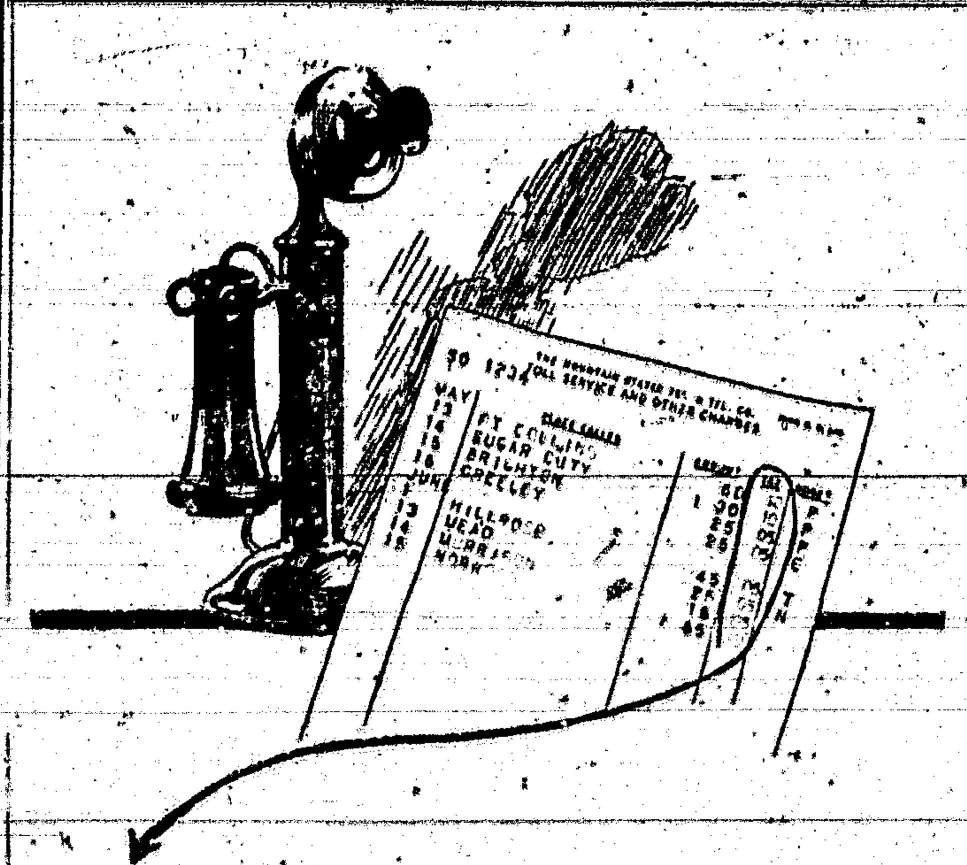
Sunday, July 6.

Sunday School 9.45 a. m., D. S. Donaldson, Supt.

Preaching 10.45 a. m., by pastor. Subject for morning discourse will be "Love."

Epworth League at 7:30 p. m., Mrs. Hattie Wells, president.

Preaching at 8:15 p.m.



Telephone Toll Messages Now Free From Federal Tax

THE federal taxes laid on telephone toll messages by the Revenue Act of 1921 have been removed by the Revenue Act of 1924, which was enacted on June 2, and became effective as regards these taxes on July 2. Under the act of 1921, the taxes imposed on telephone messages were as follows:

On a telephone message for which the charge was more than fourteen cents and not more than fifty cents a tax of........ 5 cents

On a telephone message for which the charge was more than fifty cents, a tax of 10 cents.

These taxes were highest in proportion to the charge for service for toll messages over moderate distances, the tax in some cases amounting to one-third of the toll charge.

We have adequate facilities to care for any increased use of the toll lines which may result from the removal of these taxes.

"Bell System"

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Company

One Policy—One System—Universal Service

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 8, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (office to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1924

The Wisconsin Platform

Wisconsin delegates to both national conventions presented platforms for public ownership of such utilities as railroads, street railways and hydro-electric power plants. This is the biggest contract yet proposed in the way of public ownership, and would involve an investment by the people amounting to billions of dollars. By a strange inconsistency, this platform denounces the failure of the government to deal with the disposition of the naval oil reserves charging great political demoralization and fraud among governmental departments in handling that one item of publicly owned lands.

Yet it proposes to extend enormously a system of government ownership and operation of great basic industries employing millions of people and creating thousands of new public offices.

The inconsistency of this un-American platform in proposing to put pretty nearly everything in the way of business under political management should be apparent even to a fourteen-year-old intellect.

FOR OLD AND YOUNG

Tutt's Liver Pills act as kindly on the delicate female or infirm old age as upon the vigorous man.

Tutt's Pills

Tone and strengthen the weak Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, and Bladder.

Lincoln Forest Has 22 Fires

Alamogordo, N. M., July 2.— Several fires have occurred in the Lincoln national forest in the past ten days, according to reports coming to headquarters office here. The largest was at Church mountain in the Capitan district and covered 187 acres. Three in the Weed district and three near Cloudcroft were lightning fires, but were discovered early and kept within a small area.

Twenty-two fires have been reported this season, of which 14 were man caused and eight were caused by lightning. The man caused fires, it is estimated, have burned a total of at least 1500 acres. The lightning fires totaled probably less than two acres, according to forest officials.

"Blood and Sand" Tuesday Night

A story of colorful Spain, of moonlights, of serenatas, of dancing and guitars—the land for passionate lovemaking—written by Vicente Blasco Ibanez author of "The Four Horsemen," adapted by June Mathis, adaptor of that production and directed by Fred Niblo, who directed "The Three Musketeers." Such is "Blood and Sand," starring Rodolph Valentino which comes to the Crystal Theatre Tuesday and Wednesday.

A story of hot, impetuous love against a background of the most dangerous sport known to man—bull fighting. Immense scenes there are of the bull ring, the tremendous crowds, the impressive opening pageant and the charge of the bull, the play, the fool work, the dangerous work of the devils who infuriate the bull, who dare the beast to kill them—and who often lose their dare.

The production is a distinguished one impressive in its sincerity, startling in its thrills, filled with the warmth of a fine love.

USES HIS RADIO SET TO GET MARKET TIPS

Farmer in Ohio Realizes Tidy Profit by Picking Up Wireless Market News Out of the Air.

Most radio fans find that their radio sets pay dividends in entertainment and instruction, but the farmer who tunes in WGY and other stations sending out produce market reports is in a preferred position. The farmer on occasion may turn radio market information into cash and make such information pay him dividends on his set. One such farmer is reported by F. R. Cozzens of Roxbury, O., in the Southern Ruralist recently:

In Genial Touch With the World and Its Markets.

S.-E. D. Service

John Weldon, a farmer of my vicinity, recently got a tip from the air which yielded him $19.60. The "tip" was an unexpected rise in the live stock market, coming at a time when Weldon was preparing to sell a shipment of hogs to a local buyer.

As a result he got in touch with the city market, and $19.60 was his profit over the local buyer's quotations after all shipping expenses were paid.

This was not a streak of luck, however, for Weldon gets such tips frequently, and they are a part of his plan for making his radio pay its way.

Keeps Market Ledger by Air

"When I installed my outfit in 1922 I determined to get something from the air besides music," Weldon told me recently. "I could receive reports from two large city markets and a number of smaller ones, and to keep tab on these I bought a ledger.

"At the top of each blank page I wrote down the city where the market was located and names of the principal dealers therein with their addresses. This book is kept on the table where the radio is located, and when I have something to market I get in touch with one of these cities and write down quotations as I receive them. Then I 'tune-in' for another city and get their prices. Afterward I go over these reports and compare them.

"It is a simple matter then to estimate distance, shipping cost, and so forth, and from this I can select my market.

"Dealers in these cities are aware of my method, and I have made arrangements with them by letter to accommodate my shipments at any time. This not only applies to live stock, but to poultry, eggs and butter. The latter articles are shipped by parcel post the morning after the quotations are received.

Range of Markets Increased

"I have a wide range of markets to select from, where formerly I was compelled to depend upon a local buyer's quotations or those in the newspaper, which were always two days late.

"And the radio offers another advantage: By getting weather reports and crop conditions from different parts of the country I can guess pretty accurately the trend of the market.

"From the news reports I learn beforehand about railroad strikes, freight tie-ups, grain pools and many other conditions which are likely to affect the price of products grown upon my farm. I have a ledger filled with information of this sort, and it has become a habit with me to keep it open for new 'tips' whenever an evening's program is broadcast.

"It is not difficult to make a radio pay dividends when rightly handled, and scarcely a week passes without my outfit yielding me something of value."

A Strong Bank's Friendship

—has been the saving factor in many a man's business career.

Such friendships are not formed in a day, however; they require the ripening influence of time.

Make this bank your friend and ally now, then when the crucial period arrives in your business it will know you and your history well enough to give assistance.

The truth is as important and useful to the individual as to the business man.

Step in at any time and we will be glad to explain.

The Stockmens State Bank

CORONA, N. M.

(Member of the Federal Reserve System)

Going to California ?

EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN ROUTE

Take the Golden State Limited

(The Convenient Train)

For Arizona and California Points

Call on Local Agent for full information regarding rates, schedules, and reservations, or address

JNO. D. MASON, G.P.A., El Paso, Tex.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

Random Thoughts Along the Way

By Clement Hightower

Mrs. Governor Chacon's christian name is most fitting. "Soledad" is solitude in English, and the position she now occupies as the solitary female chief executive of a sovereign state in the American union would seem to make the name very appropriate.

In view of the complete harmony that prevails in the democratic ranks at this time, Mrs. Chacon would seem to be that party's best bet for candidate for governor this fall. Her candidacy would give the 'hard-boiled' ones in both parties something to think about.

The democrats in the eastern part of the county are worrying over the selection of candidates that can carry the west end vote. Two old-time democrats have been approached to seek the nomination for important offices.

The old settlers of Lincoln county, as those of other localities, have been slow to see the great undeveloped resources in their midst, and to take advantage of them. Note for example the splendid forests and noble mountains that afford the most delightful recreation grounds in the southeastern part of the state, which, until recently, were unknown to the people in the cities and towns in the hot valleys and plains east and south of us, and unnoticed by those living in their shadow; but now that these people have discovered them they are literally swarming to the grateful shade and pleasant scenery, while the old timer wonders how it happened.

Townsites are being laid off and lots are being sold, cabins and bungalows are being built and a market for the truck gardener, dairy and chicken raiser, far exceeding the local supply, is at hand. I have in mind the upper Ruidoso and the Sierra Blanca.

Aviation has its thrills, but there are no grade crossings.—Columbia Record.

TAYLOR'S SHOP

(4 blocks west of Post Office)

BLACKSMITH —— EAVE TROUGH

WOOD-WORKER

Galvanized Iron,
Sheet Metal Worker
Plumbing, Pipe
Pipe Fittings
Pump and Engine Work

CARS REPAIRED

Acetylene Welding
Truck Bodies

Prompt Service

All work guaranteed

Your patronage solicited

Phone 41

I.O.O.F.

Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.

R. H. Taylor, N. G.
Wm. J. Langston, Sec'y.

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1924:

Jan. 19; Feb. 16; Mar. 15;
Apr. 19; May 17; Jun. 14;
July 12; Aug. 9; Sept. 13;
Oct. 11; Nov. 8; Dec. 6 & 27

JAMES B. FRENCH, W. M.
SAMUEL F. MILLER, Secretary.

Ninety-Four Dead In Storm In Ohio

Cleveland, June 34—Ninety four persons were known to be dead in Ohio as a result of Saturday's severe wind, rain and electrical storm, which swept the coast of Lake Erie from Sandusky to Lorain, wrecking a large portion of Lorain and parts of Sandusky. Although the loss of life was not as great as at first believed, relief workers said today that the list of dead may grow. Several hundreds of persons were reported injured, several score of them seriously and the property damage was reported at more than $30,000,000.

Fall, Sinclair and Two Dohenys are Indicted

Conspiracy, Bribe-Giving-and-Taking are Charges Made

Washington, June 30.—Albert B. Fall, former secretary of the interior; Edward L. Doheny, Sr.; Edward L. Doheny, Jr.; and Harry F. Sinclair have been indicted by the special grand jury which has been investigating the sale of the naval oil reserves.

Fall, Doheny, and Doheny, Jr., are charged with a conspiracy to defraud the United States, on one count; in the second count Fall is charged with accepting a bribe. On the third count the Dohenys are charged with offering a bribe. Harry F Sinclair is charged in the fourth count with conspiracy to defraud.

The Cost Of Carelessness

Not since 1906—the year of the San Francisco catastrophe—has there been such a heavy fire loss in this country as in 1923, when losses totaled approximately $503,000,000. In spite of this, average fire insurance rate has declined from $1 03 per $100 in 1914 to 90 cents per $100 in 1923.

President Smith of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, before the annual meeting of that organization, declared that 75 per cent of all fires could be prevented by exercise of ordinary care. He added: "No country, however rich in created wealth, can continue to support such an enormous drain on its resources. Our wealth of today will surely be effected if we do not, as a nation, dam this annual waste."

The people rely upon insurance as protection against financial losses and overlook their own individual responsibility to prevent fires which destroy thousands of lives annually in addition to physical property.

Now that Tex Rickard has given the Democrats an arena he should offer Boyle's Thirty Acres to the Rhode Island Senate.—N. Y. Herald Tribune.

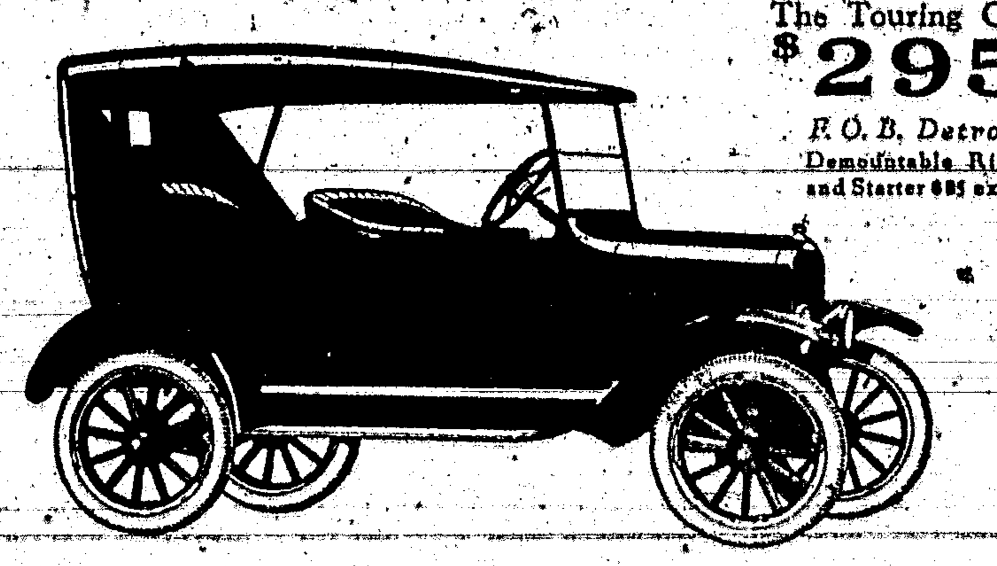
Some of us Republicans think it's about time to appoint an American ambassador to Wisconsin.—San Diego Union.

The less of it they have, the more people seem obsessed with the inclination to speak their mind.—Newcastle Courier.

How to Fight Stock Swindlers.

Cities and towns throughout the country could well follow the example of Rochester, N. Y., where the investors' protective committee of the Rochester chamber of commerce guides the public in its investing. It is a group of 30 men and women selected from various civic and fraternal organizations, prominent bankers, lawyers, educators and police officials. Far-reaching investigations have been made of the numerous stock schemes and the past histories of the promoters responsible for them have been looked into. A campaign through the press and industrial magazines of the various factories in and around Rochester was conducted recently.—Thrift Magazine.

Get the Tonic of the Out-of-Doors



The Touring Car
$295
F. O. B. Detroit
Demountable Rims and Starter $85 extra

Be sure that *your* efficiency and *your* comfort this summer have the help of that car you have always intended to buy. You know its value—you know what an essential aid it is to a fuller activity, an easier life, more healthful hours out-of-doors.

Delay invites disappointment. Why wait? Buy *now!*

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

Runabout $265 Coupe $525 Tudor Sedan $590 Fordor Sedan $685
All prices f. o. b. Detroit

SEE THE NEAREST AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

You can buy any model by making a small down-payment and arranging easy terms for the balance. Or you can buy on the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan. The Ford dealer in your neighborhood will gladly explain both plans in detail

Snake Bite Antidote

Best remedy for snakebite is not what, in a less enlightened time, we thought it was. It is permanganate of potash. Its efficacy is proved by a woman on the Ruidoso in New Mexico. Bitten by a snake and unable to get medical attention immediately, she used the potash remedy and suffered no ill effects from the bite. The United States forest service is furnished by the government with small tubes of permanganate of potash, and probably before long every wayfarer on the desert will have it in his equipment.—El Paso Herald.

A Painful Injury

George Murray, of Oscura, an employe of the Hatchet ranch, while working on a pumping plant, had his left hand caught in the machinery and badly lacerated, necessitating a hurried trip to Carrizozo for medical attention. In dressing the wound it was found that blood poison had set in, but the medical treatment has localized the poison, and the injured hand is getting better. But it will be some time before he can use it.

Means, Witness In Congress Probe, Faces Prison Bars

New York, July 2.—Gaston B. Means, who sprang into prominence with sensational testimony before the Brookhart committee, was found guilty Tuesday in federal district court of conspiracy to violate the Volstead act.

Elmer W. Jarnecke, Means' former secretary, was also found guilty with him on the same charge.

The indictment on which the men were convicted charged conspiracy to obtain release of fifty barrels of whiskey from the Samuel Thompson Distilling company warehouse at Brownsville, Pa.

All who had the means of transportation left early Sunday morning for the cool mountain retreats. Some left Saturday afternoon equipped to spend a night under the pines.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo • New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
Phone 96
Carrizozo N. M.

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo N. M.

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms Upstairs in the Lutz Bldg.
Carrizozo : : New Mexico

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in
Exchange Bank Bldg. Upstairs

GEO. B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo New Mexico

CLASSIFIED

Second-hand furniture, better than new, for sale at half price. See H. L. Stimmel, Agent.

Call 41 for tin work. Small rush jobs a specialty—called for and delivered.

For Rent—40 a. of land, cabin sites, Ruidoso river 5 mi. west of Glencoe. Stanley Pepper, Glencoe

Try a plunge these hot days in Taylor's Swimming Pool.

Buttermilk 15c per quart or 2 quarts for 25c. Plenty of sweet cream; get your orders in early. Milk deliveries twice daily. Phone 139-F2 Rustin's Dairy.

Kodak Supplies; Ansco Films.—Paden's Drug Store.

For Sale—Wire, hog fence, chicken netting, etc.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan.

Get your Kodaks, Films, Etc. at Rolland Bros.

Lowney's Candies. Try some—Paden's Drug Store.

Wanted—Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children. Eliminates darning. Salary $75 a week full time, $1.50 an hour spare time. Cottons, heathers, silks. International Stocking Mills 1-4-10 Norristown, Pa.

For All the Family

"WE have used Black-Draught ever since we have had a family, and that was shortly after 1874," says Mr. E. A. Branstetter, of St. James, Mo. "It is my first remedy when any of us gets sick. . . . We use Black-Draught for torpid liver and stomach complaints.

"When I get sluggish and don't feel so good, I take Black-Draught and you have to show me that there is a better medicine in Missouri. I think it is fine for indigestion or for headache. It is a splendid family remedy. My wife uses it for any stomach ailment, indigestion and biliousness. We never let the house be without it if I know it. We also give it to the children for children's complaints, colds or fever."

Keep a package of Black-Draught in the house for all the family.

*Your dealer will sell you a mammoth package, containing five of the regular-size packages. It's cheaper.

Remember
If It's Not Thedford's, It's Not
BLACK-DRAUGHT
Vegetable Liver Medicine

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court for the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, in the Suit of Paul Mayer against J. F. Thompson and D. L. Spaid, duly attested the 5th day of May, 1924, I have levied on twelve head of stock cattle bearing the following brands:

2 head branded JT on left side.
9 head branded o> on left side.
1 head branded o> on right side.

Also 20 head of stock horses branded o on left shoulder and > on left thigh; also one horse branded ∞ on left shoulder. Also, one Well Drill and all tools belonging to same. Also one Gasoline Engine mounted on wheels, together with all fixtures connected with and belonging to same. All of which said described personal property is claimed and owned by the said judgment debtor J. F. Thompson.

Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 16th day of July, 1924, at two o'clock p.m. of that day and not later than the setting of the sun, and at the front of the ranch dwelling house situate upon the Thompson Ranch about two miles north-east from the town of Ancho, Lincoln County, New Mexico, I will expose to the view of bidders and sell at public auction the above described property to the highest bidder for cash.

There will be due plaintiff Paul Mayer on the said day of sale, the principal sum of $212.00 damages, $19.50 costs of suit, together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from September 24th, 1922; also the cost of gathering said cattle and horses, the costs of sale including the cost of this advertisement.

Dated June 19, 1924

E. W. HARRIS,
6-20-4t Sheriff.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT.

Third Judicial District.

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln.

The First National Bank, Carrizozo, New Mexico, a corporation, Plaintiff,
Vs. No. 3450
Alfred R. Wilson, and Fay B. Wilson, his wife, Defendants

Notice of Pendency of Suit.

To Alfred R. Wilson and Fay B. Wilson, his wife, defendants.

You are hereby notified that the above entitled cause, wherein The First National Bank, Carrizozo, New Mexico, a corporation, is plaintiff, and Alfred R. Wilson and Fay B. Wilson, his wife, are defendants, being civil cause No. 3450, is now pending against you upon the civil docket of the District Court of Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, that the general object and purpose of said suit is to obtain a money judgment against you upon a certain note for the balance of $3,417.64 principal, and interest thereon at 10 per cent per annum from May 24, 1924, with 10 per cent additional upon the sum of $4556.10, and 10 percent upon all accrued and unpaid interest since May 24, 1924, as and for attorney's fees, and for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage dated January 6, 1923, given to the plaintiff by the defendants to secure said indebtedness, upon the west half of Section 17, Township 8 South of Range, 13 East, New Mexico Principal Meridian.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the first day of August, 1924, judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default.

That E. R. Wright, whose post office address is Santa Fe, New Mexico, is attorney for the plaintiff.

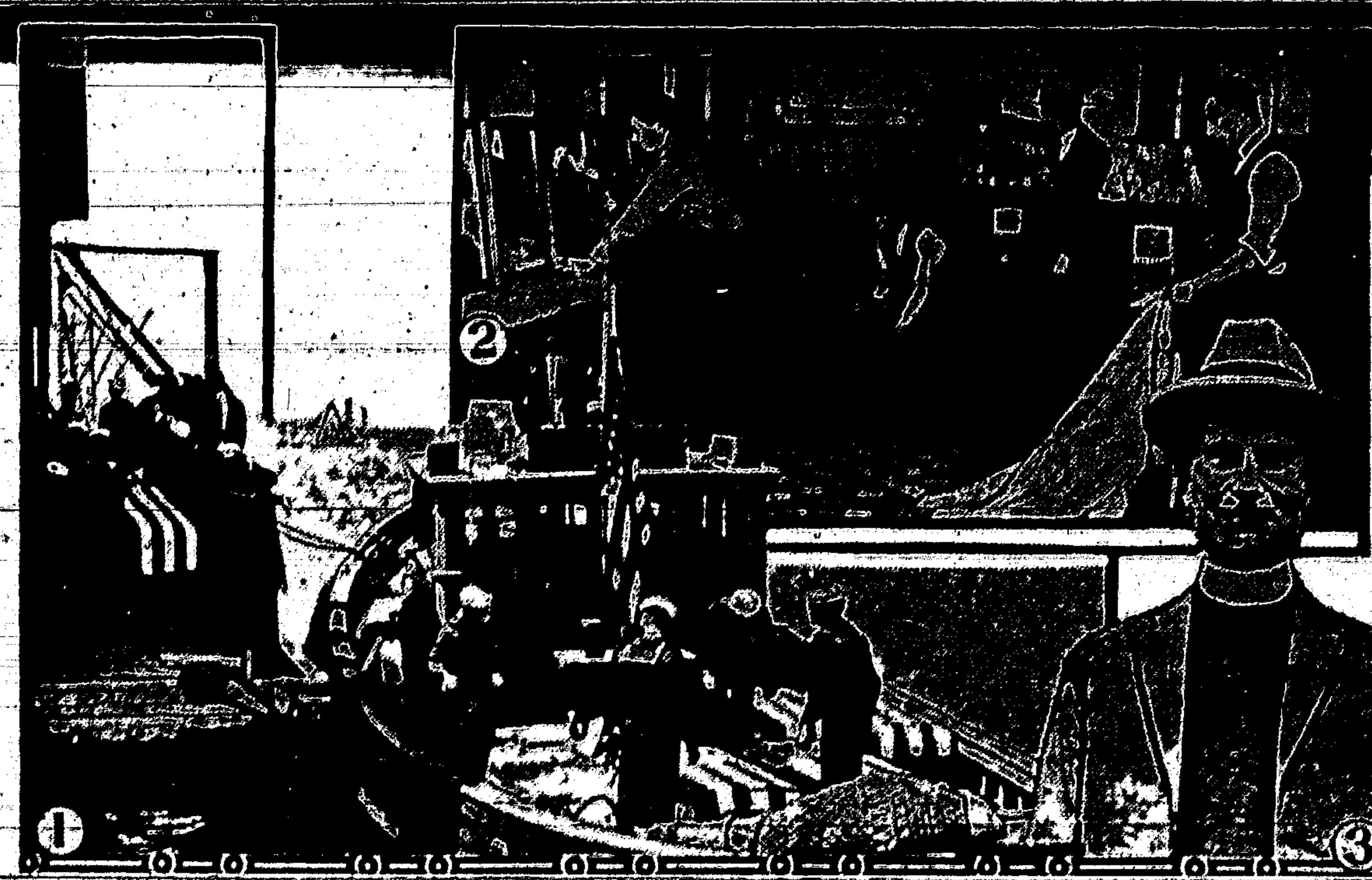
Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of Lincoln County, State [SEAL] of New Mexico, this 9th day of June, 1924.

6-13-4t R. M. Treat, Clerk.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST

Phone 109 CARRIZOZO, N. M.

ABSTRACTS—ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE



1—Bringing ashore from the hospital ship Relief the bodies of the victims of the gun turret explosion on the U. S. S. Mississippi. 2—Fitting up fine room for women delegates to the Democratic convention in New York. 3—Rev. Robert B. H. Bell of West Orange, N. J., who has been working many cures that seem miraculous.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Democratic Convention May Last Many Days—Boom for Houston Started.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

DEMOCRACY'S hosts—meaning the representatives of the Democratic party—assembled in Madison Square garden, New York, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and vice presidency, and the indications at this writing are that they will be there for some time before they make a choice. However, William G. McAdoo, who admittedly will have the largest vote on the first ballot, predicted as he arrived in New York that he not only would win the nomination, but would win it before many ballots had been cast. Leaders of the opposition to McAdoo scoffed at his claims.

This is intended to be a review of the events of the past week, not a forecast, but it can be said that the fight was centering on the proposition to abandon the time-honored rule of the Democrats which requires a two-thirds majority for a nomination. McAdoo's generals naturally were for this change. Brennan of Illinois, who is determined to defeat the Californian, declared if the two-thirds rule were abolished, so, too, must be the unit rule—in which case the change would do McAdoo little good. One other thing the new boss of the party said: "I want to see an anti-Ku Klux Klan plank in the platform, and they won't be able to make it too strong to suit me."

Next to the suggestion that the platform include a Klan plank, that matter of the Klan is perhaps the most annoying that the committee on resolutions has to handle. A good guess is that the Democrats, like the Republicans, will evade both issues.

Toward the end of the week there developed a sudden and rather strong boom for David F. Houston for President. He will be remembered as secretary of agriculture and then of the treasury under Woodrow Wilson, and his backers asserted that, shortly before his death, Mr. Wilson endorsed the candidacy of Mr. Houston to [illegible]. Mr. Houston, who now resides in New York, is president of the Bell Telephone company and director in various financial concerns.

HAVING established their headquarters in Chicago, the Republicans are calmly waiting for the Democrats to put up a ticket to open the battle. Congressman Everett Sanders of Indiana has been made director of the speakers' bureau, and [illegible] the [illegible] to start the campaign in the Middle West, probably in Nebraska. Charles G. Dawes, vice presidential nominee, is likely to be sent there to make his first speeches. Mr. Dawes, addressing the fellow Americans of Evanston, Ill., last week, said a number of things that should be pleasing to the American public regardless of party affiliations. In language characteristically vigorous he denounced "the curse of demagoguery in political discussions" by which, he said, the real facts and the economic principles involved in questions of national policy are continually obscured. He pledged himself to adhere, in the coming campaign, to the truth and to the common sense conclusions to be drawn therefrom, and concluded: "As to the demagogue on the stump, whatever may be his party, I want it distinctly understood that in the coming campaign I ask no quarter and will give none. I know that I will have the sympathy of all good citizens irrespective of party and I hope our political opponents will follow the same course. Let common sense return."

UP IN St. Paul, Minn., assembled the so-called Farmer-Labor progressive national convention which had been denounced in advance by Senator LaFollette and Samuel Gompers because it was known that the Communists who take orders from the Moscow Internationale would try to dominate it. These Reds, led by William Z. Foster and C. E. Ruthenberg, though seemingly in the minority, actually did get control of the convention, but when the Minnesota delegation threatened to bolt they toned down the platform until it was only pink and then decided to nominate Duncan McDonald, head of the Illinois Workers' party, for President. This, however was only tentative pending the meeting of the Cleveland convention of the committee for progressive political action on July 4. It was understood that if the Cleveland meeting put up some other candidate, McDonald might be withdrawn and that man indorsed. Many of the delegates in St. Paul wanted to nominate LaFollette, despite his scathing denunciation of the convention, but were persuaded this would be wor[illegible]less.

William Bouck of the [illegible] Washington was nominated [illegible] president.

W. J. Taylor of Neb[illegible] made a fiery speech denouncing the Russian redness of the convention and then led a bolt of 40 farmer delegates who refused to submit to the dictation of the Communists.

In the St. Paul platform are several interesting planks. One declares against "Jim Crowism" and calls for "full equality, economic and political, for the negro." Another urges a system of land tenure to abolish landlordism and tenantry and designed to secure the land to the user. Of course the platform contains a resolution demanding the recognition of the soviet Russian government.

The Farmer-Labor party of Minnesota, which last week renominated Senator Magnus Johnson, took no part in the convention.

WHILE the Japanese government was doing its best to put a stop to the boycott on American products, Secretary of State Hughes formulated and sent to Ambassador Hanihara his reply to Japan's note of protest against the exclusion clause of the immigration law and compared them with the old "gentlemen's agreement," showing that there is no material difference, congress having only exercised its prerogative in defining by legislation the control of immigration instead of leaving it to international arrangements. The secretary concluded his note by expressing the conviction "that the recognition of the right of each government to legislate in control of immigration should not derogate in any degree from the mutual good will and cordial friendship which have always characterized the relations of the two countries."

BECAUSE of the insistence of the Mexican government that H. C. Cummins, British agent, get out of Mexico at once, Great Britain has severed all relations with Mexico, and there is no telling now when it will grant recognition to the present regime there. British interests in Mexico have been entrusted to the United States and Chile. Prime Minister MacDonald and his cabinet decided that the Mexican attitude was impossible for any self-respecting government to endure. Sir T. B. Hohler was getting ready to sail for Mexico to investigate the question of according recognition, but his mission has been called off. Mr. Cummins, who had entrenched himself in the British legation, was ordered home immediately. All the British had asked of Mexico was that Cummins be permitted to remain until the arrival of Hohler. This was refused in a note that was considered impertinent. Expulsion of Cummins was ordered because he sent "rude messages" to the Mexican government in trying to protect the interests of British subjects. He did everything he could in behalf of Mrs. Rosalie Evans, a widow, who has been fighting pluckily to prevent the expropriation of her estate.

FOR a time last week it seemed the rule of the Fascisti in Italy was about to come to an end, because of the great scandal arising from the kidnaping and brutal murder of Matteotti, a Socialist deputy who is said to have had in his possession full details of a huge bank failure in which certain Fascist chieftains were involved. So threatening was the situation that Mussolini's ministers tendered their resignations and the king called on the members of the Order of Annunciation—mostly former premiers and members of the royal family—to help form a general cabinet. Mussolini, however, arose to the emergency, displaced and replaced various high officials, directed the arrest of the guilty men and began a general housecleaning of the Fascist government. One of the accused is said to have confessed. By the end of the week the excitement over the affair was waning, but it was admitted that the scandal had dealt Fascism a severe blow. The truth is that the Fascist movement had begun to degenerate from a high moral crusade into a mere politicians' party, many of the members of which were concerned mainly in obtaining and retaining public office. Mussolini's dictatorial methods had begun to irk the people, and while he may continue in power, his rule is likely to be less autocratic.

EDOUARD HERRIOT, France's new premier, went to England Saturday to spend the week-end with Prime Minister MacDonald in conference over the application of the Dawes plan. Before he started he conferred with Foreign Minister Hymans of Belgium, and then said France and Belgium were in complete accord concerning the matter. Herriot also received Herr Brietscheid, German Social Democrat deputy, who told him the majority of the reichstag favored carrying out the Dawes plan and that France could count on Germany's sincerity in executing it. The necessary bills for carrying out the Dawes plan will not be introduced in the reichstag before the middle of July, being complicated and extensive.

Herriot disappointed the extreme radicals and many Germans in several matters. First, he declared his policy was to retain control of the Ruhr until Germany had given the requisite guarantees. Then he selected for his minister of war General Nollet, head of the allied control commission in Germany. This caused a great protest from German Nationalists and Monarchists, especially as Herriot said he chose Nollet because he knew more about the military situation in Germany than any other man and that while France's policy would be to take action against the growing militarism in Germany, France would nevertheless help the young German democracy.

Premier Herriot told the French parliament that he was preparing to recognize Russia, and that the French embassy at the Vatican would be suppressed. He said complete amnesty would be granted all war prisoners except those condemned for treason.

PARLIAMENTARY elections in South Africa resulted in victory for the Nationalist-labor coalition and gave momentum to the movement for an independent republic. Gen. Jan Smuts, former premier, was defeated by a labor candidate, and General Hertzog, advocate of secession from the British empire, was elected. He may be the new premier.

FOR the fourth time Lieut. Ernest de Muyter of Belgium won the James Gordon Bennett balloon race with the balloon Belgica, and thus gained permanent possession of the trophy. He traveled about 500 miles and landed in Scotland.

America's globe encircling aviators made good progress last week, flying from Tourane, French Indo-China, to Saigon and then 500 miles to Bangkok, Siam. They expected to reach Rangoon before the week ended.

POST OFFICE employees of Canada struck and tied up the postal service across the Dominion from coast to coast. Business was seriously hampered and its demoralization was feared unless an early settlement was arranged. The workers have been asking an increase of salary, but instead are facing a decrease. Their union has proposed that the government shall place the postal service employees under the industrial disputes act immediately for a settlement of the salary schedule. In the meantime the men will accept the present salary and all benefits antedate April 1, 1924.

"Well, if that is your attitude you will be out till h—l freezes over," was the declaration of James Murdock, Dominion minister of labor.

New Mexico State Items

A forest fire occurred south of Cloudcroft in the cutover area of the Southwest Lumber Company. The 200 lumber company men were re-enforced by the mountain settlers and the flames were checked.

Hillsboro fishermen on the upper reaches of the Gila river report the finding of a fine vein of lead in the hills. It is likely that some development will be done at once to determine the extent of the ore.

The second cutting of alfalfa is now under way in the Pecos valley and the crop promises to be a big one. Some of the crop is now being sold on the market at $16 per ton, which is high for the time of the year.

Edward E. Johnson, prominent real estate man of Springer, N. M., is in the hospital in Dawson with a dangerous bullet wound in his abdomen, inflicted by Sol Humm, marshal, at the mining camp of Dawson. Humm is confined to his home suffering from a severe beating, which he declares was given him by Johnson before the shot was fired.

Miss Matilda Harris, who has been with the southwestern division of the American Red Cross for the last two years, has been appointed chief of the child hygiene and public health nursing division of the state health bureau, Dr. George S. Luckett, the director announced last week. Miss Harris succeeds Miss Helen B. Fenton, who recently resigned.

A state firemen's association will be reorganized in New Mexico through the efforts of the Las Vegas fire departments, approximately 300 firemen having made arrangements to meet at Las Vegas on July 4 to perfect this organization which will in turn become affiliated with the national federation of firemen and engineers. A feature of the entertainment for these visitors following the attending of the rodeo in the afternoon will be a barbecue.

Calvin Daugherty, well known farmer of the Progresso district, was fatally injured last week when he fell from the top of a thirty-foot windmill tower. Mr. Daugherty was assisting in making some repairs on the mill and had climbed to the top of the tower when suddenly the wind blew the wheel around, striking him and knocking him off the platform. He was rushed to Mountainair for medical assistance but death resulted in a few hours.

The wool crop for the state is estimated by buyers to be 22,000,000 pounds this year. It is bringing 32 cents a pound, which is worth in round numbers $7,000,000 to the farmers and sheep raisers, considerably better than in previous years, and the prevailing prices are much better, with an anticipated raise to 34 cents a pound in the near future. Wool that has been held in storage has been ordered for release, which has caused sharp bidding for the new crop.

With a capital and surplus of $100,000 subscribed by 160 stockholders, the American National Bank, which was closed in January, reopened in Silver City last week, and the success of the institution is now assured. Confidence in the new bank was shown by the fact that at the close of the first day's business the deposits had increased nearly $75,000. The officers of the bank are as follows: President, J. D. [illegible]; vice presidents, Frank Vesely and Frank Light; cashier, [illegible]; assistant cashier, [illegible]. Directors are Ira J. [illegible], J. D. [illegible], Arthur S. [illegible], Frank Light, [illegible] A. [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], P. M. [illegible], [illegible], Frank Vesely, Ira L. Wright.

Mrs. Ada Osborne of [illegible], N. M., has an imposing list of titles which runs like this: [illegible] chairman of the National League of Women Voters, congressional representative in Washington of the American Social Hygiene Association and American representative of the equal moral code committee of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance. She was one of the United States delegates to the ninth congress of the International Suffrage Alliance in Rome in May, 1923.

The construction of the [illegible] Springerville highway, which will soon be open to the public will open one of the greatest scenic routes in the country between Socorro and southern Arizona. The distance from Socorro to Phoenix will be shortened nearly 100 miles and the trip to the White mountains will then be one of the most popular in the Southwest. This section of the country, 150 miles wide and over 300 miles long, is covered with heavy forests and is one of the greatest hunting and fishing grounds in the entire West. The route will pass the famous Roosevelt lake and dam.

It cost the state of New Mexico $3,[illegible] less to maintain the State Insane Asylum at Las Vegas for the half fiscal year ending May 31, 1924, than for the corresponding six months in 1923, according to the report of Dr. F. H. Pratt to the board of directors. Not only does the superintendent's report show this 9.46 per cent decrease in expense but also that a considerably greater number of New Mexico's human unfortunates have been cared for. This increase in number amounts to about 6.88 per cent for the six months period ending with May, 1924.

DEMAND

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The World's Best Tonic

Over 100,000 people have testified that TANLAC has relieved them of:

Stomach Trouble, Rheumatism, Mal-Nutrition, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Loss of Weight, Indigestion, Torpid Liver or Constipation.

"Ask Anyone Who Has Taken TANLAC"

Accept No Substitute—Over 40 Million Bottles Sold

For Sale By All Good Druggists

Riches in Dream Power

An inmate of the Pennsylvania Home for Working Blind has become known as a philosopher among his friends for his ability to estimate the values of life. "A man is as rich as his power to dream," he said. He maintains such power is far greater in value than material riches.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red, rough hands.—Advertisement.

Study Electric Eel

Attendants at the New York zoo having been stunned by current from the electric eel, an investigation has been begun of the creature's power plant. Previous attempts at measuring the current have failed because the apparatus used was not sufficiently sensitive to register the sudden and intense shocks delivered. These, according to Popular Mechanics Magazine, are said to be powerful enough to stun a horse and are described by keepers who suffered them, as "sledge-hammer" blows that caused black and blue marks on the skin. A German professor, according to R. L. Ditmars, curator, has obtained light of dazzling intensity by connecting the current to bulbs, but the flash was over in an instant, defying attempts to measure it.

Plans to Trap Weevil

Hudson Maxim, inventor, recalls that the Indians used to scent their traps with the odor of the female beaver. This attracted the males and large numbers of them were trapped. The sense of smell which is extremely keen in insects guides them to the discovery of their mates, he says. For instance the male silkworm can detect the female by smell at a distance of two miles. He suggests that a scent, prepared from the bodies of female boll weevil moths or perhaps made synthetically, might be used to lure males of the species to traps of poisons.

Floating wharfs that permit landing from vessels during the seasonal floods have been built at Pnompenh, Cambodia.

Rivers Carry Salt Into the Ocean

At first it strikes one as strange that, although the sea must originally have been formed of distilled water—that is, congealed watery vapor—and though all the rivers that flow into it, estimated to amount in the aggregate to 6,500 cubic miles of water every year, are fed exclusively by rainfall, which is also distilled water, it should nevertheless be extremely brackish, very salt indeed in the tropics and less salt at the poles.

Yet it is chiefly the rivers that account for the saltness of the sea. It is estimated that they carry something like 100,000,000 tons of saline matter into the ocean every year and, further, that the ocean holds in suspension no less than 140,000,000,000 tons of salt, a sufficient quantity, if extracted, to cover the dry surface of the earth to a depth of 400 feet, says London Tit-Bits.

It is believed that 60,000,000 years have been required for the sea to attain its present saltness.

Siam's King a Poet

The king of Siam has had a villa built at his country place for the queen. It has been picturesquely named Suan Raj Radi, or the Royal Garden of Love.

While the king was attending scout maneuvers he wrote to the queen a daily letter which was in reality a love poem.

On the occasion of the house-warming for the queen's new villa, one of these poems, consisting of some thirty verses, was distributed to the guests. It depicted the king as a happy husband and gave an intimate glimpse of his life of love with the queen.—London Mail.

French Bar Radio Comedy

Comedy singing is once and for all banned before the microphone of the Postes, Telegraphes & Telephones station in Paris. Humor may be all very well in its place, but when it comes to using the government station it make fun of the government, humor ceases to be, and the whole affair assumes a very serious aspect. Government in France is not a joking matter!

Even the optimist forgets to smile when the tax collector comes around.

Will blind confidence lead you to physical disaster at age 31?

This is the experience of the average American, United States Life Tables, 1920, indicate

For the average person, health—physical freedom and full vigor—extends only from age 15 to 31. Then the slump. After 45, earnings fall off [illegible]. What do these startling facts (taken from the United States Life Tables, 1920) mean for you?

It is time to check up. It is time to take stock of the present, and face the future with open eyes. Blind faith in the power of the human body to absorb punishment has failed miserably. Unwise eating, stimulated nerves, sleeplessness, disregard of the simplest laws of health; the lashing of the overwrought body to new exertions by the use of drugs—physical decay beginning at age 31! This is the tragic chronicle.

Nature provides a danger signal—fatigue—to warn when the body needs rest. Certain drugs have the power to deaden the fatigue signal. One of the most common of these drugs is caffein—a drug classified as a poison. The average cup of coffee contains from 1½ to 3 grains of caffein—a dose equal to that often administered by physicians in cases of heart failure.

Caffein, by deadening the danger signal of fatigue, appears to give new strength. Actually, this strength is robbed from the body's own reserve, stored up for life's emergencies.

Coffee contains no nourishment. Its only virtues as a beverage, are its warmth and flavor. A good, hot, drugless drink is a benefit with every meal.

Millions enjoy such a drink in Postum. A drink made of whole wheat and bran, skillfully roasted, with a little sweetening—nothing more. A drink with the rich, mellow, full-bodied flavor of this wholesome grain. Every member of the family can drink it every meal of the day, enjoy its deliciousness, crave it, knowing there isn't a sleepless hour, a headache or a bad nerve in it.

For the sake of your years following age 31, we want you to try Postum for thirty days. You can't expect to overcome the effects of a habit of years in two or three days, or even a week. To make this a sporting proposition, we will give you a week's supply of Postum free. Enough for a cup with every meal for a week. But we want you to carry on for the full thirty days.

Carrie Blanchard, who has personally served Postum to over 500,000 people, will send you her own directions for preparing it. Indicate whether you want Instant Postum, the easiest drink in the world to prepare, or Postum Cereal, the kind you boil, for your week's free supply. Either form costs less than most other hot drinks. Fill out the coupon, and get your first week's free supply of Postum—now!

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I want to make a thirty-day test of Postum. Please send me, without cost or obligation, one week's supply of
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W.N.U. Denver 27

Essential Frocks for Short Visits

It is just as awkward, for the short trip, to carry along a too voluminous outfit as it is to omit certain essential frocks—and it's a whole lot more uncomfortable, observes a fashion correspondent in the New York Herald-Tribune. The primary function of the Friday-to-Monday visit is pleasure and, while the carefree male may choose his clothes with comparative abandon, the fair traveler must select with care and discrimination in order that her pleasure may be unalloyed.

The minimum requirements for the typical end-of-the-week visit are an evening dress—either formal or informal, depending on the occasion—a dress or alpaca suit for morning wear, an afternoon frock, a long coat suitable for the journey as well as for cool evenings, and two pairs of slippers, one for evening and one for afternoon wear. A single hat should meet all the emergencies of the short visit. The afternoon dress and coat may be worn en route, leaving only two frocks to be carried in the bag—the evening dress and the morning costume. In the event that the coat is not adapted to formal evening wear a Spanish shawl, light and occupying very little space, will lend a distinctive touch to the robe de soir.

White Silk Dress That Will Serve for General Morning Wear.

The guiding principle for the woman who expects to spend her summer week-ends in divers places is conservatism, and she should adhere religiously thereto for the very potent reason that a wardrobe which may strike just the proper note in one community may be severely frowned upon in another. One need not be super-sensitive to blush for the lady who steps forth in all her grandeur only to discover that her hostess and friends have decreed informal dress for that particular occasion. And, conversely, the informally dressed visitor will spend most of her time in seclusion if she journeys to a place where absolute formality rigidly reigns. Indeed, even if the summer visits are to be confined to communities of known tendencies, it is wiser to be only a follower in the ranks of fashion.

Interesting Borderline Dress.

A borderline dress from Worth—a frock which will serve either as an afternoon dress or for the semi-formal summer dance—is interesting. This model shows an interesting variation of the plait, which, incidentally, is one of the outstanding notes in summer fashions. The dress is plaited in sections closely massed and alternating with plain strips of equal width. The plaited section is entirely separate from the foundation, which is narrow, close-fitting and slightly revealed at the sides. A round yoke, ending in a long scarf, is knotted at the right shoulder and makes an attractive neck finish. The waistline is unusually low and is marked by a belt made from petals of suede leather. If you contemplate making this dress at home, it is important to remember that the plaits, although fine, must be deeply laid in order that they remain in place.

For morning wear, whether it be on court or beach, or for the country stroll, a Premet model is equally appropriate. It is a tailored dress of white crepe and limits the plaited note to a box-plaited fullness which appears at the front only. The idea of front fullness and back flatness is emphasized throughout the summer's novelty productions, and the contrast in this frock is most noticeable, the back being so narrow and close hanging that it is split 12 inches to give sufficient freedom.

The coat and the negligee are two essentials without which no traveler dares fare forth. A seven-eighths-length coat accomplishes an idea which is new this season and is particularly useful for the feminine week-ender.

An alluringly feminine three-quarters-length negligee is of cream crepe [illegible] is lined with flesh georgette. Marabou borders the neckline, the sleeves encircles the bottom of the skirt and incidentally forms the flower which conceals the fastening.

Silver Ruling Color.

The extremities of the mode were presented with an unusual opportunity this season and they have not been slow to improve it. The simple silhouette and the general prevalence of boyish styles have placed an additional premium upon shoes, which are more striking than for many summers.

In Paris only the most elaborate shoe is modish for evening wear. A steadily increasing vogue exists for dancing slippers in multi-colored metal brocade, many of which have flashes of red in the brocaded or warp-printed pattern.

Silver slippers are worn with toilettes of all colors—indeed, even in combination with white evening dresses they are favored above the white shoes. Many of the most handsome of these silver models are bordered with tiny rhinestones, the brilliant mock jewels following the outline of the straps and the openings.

Hellstern features evening slippers with flexible crescent-shaped ornaments which follow the outline of the cut of the slipper itself. These ornaments are very elaborate—they are made of sterling silver set with rhinestones, and each little section is joined to the other with a flexible hinge. Most often they are washed in an antique tone of gold and elaborately chased, but they invariably emphasize the dull, antique finish.

Hellstern's newest color for satin evening slippers is a shade of copper brown. This hue is effectively contrasted by bands of antique gold cloth, which form the border and straps of the shoes. This designer features principally the closed style—he is making a determined effort to get away from the open sandal.

Kid Evening Slippers.

Kid evening slippers of gold and silver usher in ornate decoration in the way of precious gems, rhinestones and brilliants. Heels and toe straps of kid shoes seen on smartly dressed Parisiennes are heavily incrusted with real diamonds and other precious stones or less expensive brilliants. Buckles and bright ornaments flash from the toes of kid slippers, and gold spangles decorate odd places on the evening shoes.

For afternoon wear chocolate-colored leather with bronze and antique gold trimmings is most popular. This type of leather is developed in two or three shades, which makes it possible to bring the shoe into harmony with every dress of beige tone. Bronze kid slippers are also being sponsored by the principal Parisian bootmakers.

The bizarre we have always had with us—and it has been as distinctly shunned by the modish woman as it has been eagerly welcomed by her sartorially sensational opposite.

Yet there comes a time in the history of fashion when even its most basic principles must be momentarily discarded, and it is daily becoming more apparent that such a period is rapidly approaching. There has been a sameness about the styles of the last few seasons which reflects no credit upon the couturier. Straight silhouette, plaits, cloche, black and white, slender lines, have all become phrases which are equally descriptive of every mode of recent years. Even the undeniable beauty of some of the new frocks cannot overshadow the fact that the current cycle of fashion has reached its senescence. M'lady blames her designer and the designer, with some small [illegible] of truth, points to the fact that every new suggestion from the Paris salons has been greeted with indifference by the followers of the mode. At all events, discontent is manifest and in the realm of fashion, discontent always presages change.

Plaited Frock of Beige Georgette Crepe for Afternoon or Dance.

ROAD BUILDING

FOUR-WHEEL DRIVE AIDS ROAD SURFACE

When a man or a family gets used to eating pancakes for breakfast, it takes an extra effort and much advertising to make them believe that there is a breakfast food that is cheaper and better. It is the same with everything. Roads and automobiles are no exception.

We have our present style automobile driven by the two rear wheels. The two front wheels carry about the same load, many times there is more weight on the front wheels than the rear ones. And still the rear wheels are compelled to do the pulling for all four.

In traveling around the country on dirt or gravel roads you will notice the road surface is full of short little holes dug into the road by this pull on the wheels. Because the pull on the road surface with the present style drive is exactly equal to the pull on the tire surface, any dirt or gravel road will give way under such a pull or strain. This strain or pull on the road surface is entirely gone from the front wheels. If we used horses to pull the auto instead of an engine, we would do away with all this pull by the wheels on the road surface.

Now, it was never supposed that rolling a road did it any harm. Neither would rolling an auto over the road do much harm. By driving an auto over the road with all four wheels turning together we would be as near the rolling idea as possible. By turning all four wheels at the same time they simply act as rollers and do not dig into the road surface enough to pull it loose.

I claim that four-wheel drive will more than pay for the extra cost in saving on tires alone, writes J. H. Ketcham of Illinois, in Hoard's Dairyman. It would also save on gasoline; less horse power would be required. It is the big secret of good roads in this country. Until we get the auto perfected and a successful four-wheel drive, we will never be able to maintain any road system at a reasonable cost.

Our present automobile engineers are just about the same as the man that got used to the pancakes.

Highways and Railroads Need Billion Each Year

At a time when the railroads of America need at least $1,000,000,000 a year for their development, the public highways of the country are receiving that amount and more, says the Providence Journal.

In 1923 the sum of $1,250,000,000 was expended upon road improvement, while the total capital expenditure on railroads, including equipment, was only $1,050,000,000.

This means that we are starving our railroads and at the same time providing new means for their competitors, the motor cars and particularly the motor trucks, to flourish. The situation is unfair, because the trucks are permitted to operate without paying anything like their fair share of the upkeep of the roads—highway surfaces of which they take advantage and on which they put a heavy tax of wear and tear.

Trails to Be Marked in Cascade Forest Reserve

Five hundred miles of government trails in the Cascade national forest will have been marked with sign posts every mile when installation of 500 that have just been received at the local warehouse of the forest is completed. The posts will be erected in May, according to officials of the forest service.

The posts will be sent to the McKenzie bridge, Oakridge and West [illegible] districts of the forest. On the top portion of the posts will be painted the name of the trail and beneath will be an arrow pointing the direction of different objectives.

Drive Against Billboards

Massachusetts has begun a state-wide drive against the billboards that line its highways. The state department of public works has been empowered to regulate billboard advertising by the process of licensing that industry. Violation of the new regulations is punishable by a fine of $100 for the first offense and $500 for the second.

Location of Best Towns

In traveling one cannot but note that the most prosperous towns are along the lines of good transportation, so good roads and good transportation help in the first element of the farmer, "The ability to make a comfortable living from the land."

Roads to Circle Earth

More than 3,000 miles of roads of all types were completed with federal aid during the year which ended June 30, 1923, according to a government report. This, added to the mileage completed previously, brought the total for finished projects up to 26,885 miles, or more than enough to circle the earth. The projects under construction at the close of the year amounted to 14,772 miles, and were estimated at 38 per cent complete.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Chlorine Cures Colds While You Wait

WASHINGTON.—It may safely be predicted that chlorine gas treatment for colds will shortly be the fashion all over the country. For one reason, it's a good thing. For another, President Coolidge has taken it. The President, suffering with a cold symptomatic of "rose fever," adopted a suggestion made to him by Secretary Weeks by taking the chlorine gas treatment with which army surgeons have been experimenting successfully for some months.

The President sat in an air-tight room at the army dispensary for 45 minutes while the treatment was being administered, and read. While he sat in this room Lieut. Col. Mathew A. De Laney of the medical corps, attending surgeon in the District of Columbia, watched the flow of gas. He saw that the President got the full treatment and said afterward that he believed the President's cold would yield to the gas, which had cured stubborn colds of many officials, including Secretary Weeks.

After the President returned to the executive offices he told his secretary, Bascom Slemp, that he was much better and felt greatly exhilarated. All of the depression and lack of energy which accompanies a cold, he said, had disappeared.

Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer, the White House physician, who is of the homeopathic school, accompanied the President to the army dispensary, but did not breathe any of the chlorine gas.

Experimentation on the use of the chlorine gas as a cure for respiratory diseases was undertaken by the army medical corps in a serious manner as a result of an important discovery at the Edgewood arsenal in Edgewood, Md., at the time of the influenza epidemic in 1918. It was found that employees of the chlorine plant were practically free from the disease, which was rampant among employees of other divisions of the arsenal.

The various medical bureaus at Washington have been for some time systematically studying "the common cold." Though familiarity in its case has bred contempt, it is a very dangerous disease in that it paves the way for others more immediately serious. A people without colds would show an extraordinary decrease in the death rate.

Activities of Rockefeller Foundation

PASTEUR, the great French scientist, in addressing an international congress in Italy, said that "Science has no nationality, because knowledge is the patrimony of humanity, the torch which gives light to the world."

In his annual review of the work of the Rockefeller Foundation during the year 1923, President George E. Vincent tells an interesting story of what the foundation is doing to add to "the patrimony of humanity." By promoting the migration of scientists and administrators, he says, by helping to diffuse more rapidly new ideas, by strengthening world centers of teaching and research, in short, by fostering medical science and public health as forms of international co-operation, the Rockefeller Foundation seeks to fulfil the purpose of its charter, "the well-being of mankind throughout the world."

In its varied activities the foundation expended during the year approximately $8,500,000. Of the total amount, $4,174,205 was expended in public health work, the largest item being $1,457,480 for the regular program of the International board of health in control of hookworm, malaria and yellow fever, and in county health and laboratory service. The school of public health at Harvard university received $818,750.

Almost $5,000,000 was devoted to medical education, $1,851,042 going to the China medical board, $1,590,592 to the Canadian medical program, $821,472 to the London medical center and $1,046,925 to the University of Chicago.

Miscellaneous expenditures amounted to $155,928, the greater part of that going to the national research council. The income of the foundation for the year accruing from investments was nearly $9,000,000. The foundation now has $165,201,624 in its principal funds and owns lands, buildings and equipment to the value of $3,863,816.

In enumerating the many things that this organization accomplished in a year, Doctor Vincent lists first the supplying of fellowship funds for [illegible] individuals in 29 different countries, the support through the League of Nations of interchanging institutes for 54 public health officers from 27 nations and the arranging of international visits of one commission and of 24 visiting professors.

"If the scientific 'patrimony of humanity' is to be protected and enlarged," says Doctor Vincent, "there must be no break in the continuity of investigators and teachers."

Holmes, Root, Eliot—Roosevelt Medalists

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE, in the East Room of the White House the other day, presented to three good Americans the 1924 Roosevelt gold medals in recognition of "eminent services to the American people." These three good Americans were Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes of the United States Supreme court; Elihu Root, former United States senator, former secretary of war and former secretary of state, and—by his proxy, Jerome D. Greene, the New York banker—Charles William Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard university. Holmes, soldier and jurist, is eighty-three; Root, statesman and treaty maker, is seventy-nine; Eliot, teacher and guide of youth, is ninety.

The ceremony was so simple that it might have taken place in any American citizen's parlor, although fifty or more notables were present. On Judge Holmes, who was deeply affected, the President bestowed these gracious and beautiful phrases:

"To you the medal for service in the development of public law. . . . President Roosevelt would have been peculiarly gratified to know that this medal now is yours. . . . During your long service on the Supreme bench, to which he summoned you early in his Presidential term, you have, I think, almost unerringly interpreted the institutions and aspirations of your country with the liberality, the understanding and vision that would have unfailingly earned his approval." He closed with this description of Holmes' legal writing, "A monument imperishable and unforgettable."

Root, the President addressed as "scholar, lawyer, statesman, patriot," and gave him with the golden medal these golden words: "You have made America more American and humanity more humane. You have made more secure the peace of nations and more certain justice among men."

Root's response was that he was made doubly happy by receiving the Roosevelt medal from a President who exemplified "Roosevelt's virtues of courage and loyalty."

To Eliot's proxy, Greene, the President's words, as if spoken to Eliot, were: "This medal for leadership of youth and development of American character shall be yours. . . . You have made your long and beautiful life a very benediction. Yours has been a true and an especially impressive conception of the great business of living; you have been a guide in your time and a prophet of our future."

Work's Policy as to New National Parks

UNLESS the policy of the Interior department as to the creation of new national parks is changed as the result of the recent recreational conference in Washington, it will remain substantially as fixed by former Secretary Lane. A statement of the present policy of the department is contained in a letter addressed to Senator Fletcher of Florida by Secretary of Interior Work. It follows:

"Under the theory and practice of the United States government since 1872, when Yellowstone National park was created, our national park system is made up of areas including scenery of quality so unusual and impressive, or natural features so extraordinary as to possess national interest and importance as contra distinguished from local interest. Such outstanding examples of typical world architecture as the Grand canyon, exemplifying in unequaled grandeur the highest accomplishment of stream erosion, or the rugged portions of Mount Desert island in Maine, which are incorporated in the Lafayette National park, exemplifying unique rock forms in association with quite extraordinary eastern forests, compelled immediate recognition of national park values.

"The national parks, therefore, must not be lowered in standard, dignity and prestige by the inclusion of areas which express in less than the highest terms the particular class or type of exhibit which they represent.

"Size is not important so long as the proposed park includes within its boundaries those scenic elements that meet established standards, but the area must be susceptible of effective development to make it accessible to the people, and of convenient administration and control. Duplication of exhibits already in the national park system must be carefully avoided in order that the individuality of the members of the system may be maintained.

"And when once established by the congress along well-studied boundary lines, they must be conserved in their natural state, untouched by the inroads of modern civilization so that coming generations, as well as the people of our own time, may be assured their use for the purposes of recreation, education and scientific research."

Compare Champions

A comparison with other spark plugs readily reveals Champion superiority of design and finish. A new Champion in every cylinder means more power and speed and a saving in oil and gas. Champion X is 60 cents. Blue Box 75 cents.

Champion Spark Plug Co. Toledo, Ohio

CHAMPION
Dependable for Every Engine

How American Fliers Gained Day on Trip

"A newspaper date line—'Paramashiru Island, Kuriles, May 17'—has done more to make the international date line an understandable reality to millions of readers than could numerous chapters in school geographies," says a bulletin from the Washington headquarters of the National Geographic society.

"This unusual date line appeared in the morning papers of May 17 that had gone to press about 4 o'clock in the morning. The dispatch told of the arrival the same day, Saturday, at 11:35 in the morning of America's round-the-world fliers — apparently seven and a half hours after the papers were printed.

"But because the fliers had hurdled the date line immediately after leaving the last Aleutian island they had jumped twenty-four hours into the future. Their arrival was really about sixteen and one-half hours before the papers went to press. They had begun to speak a different language than America—their 11:35 Saturday was the same as 11:35 Friday in the United States."

New Definitions

Musical burglary—breaking into song. Mental hospitality—entertaining an idea. Spiritual geometry—parading one's virtues. [illegible]—[illegible] one's records. Social cannibalism—living on one's friends. [illegible]—giving yourself away. Philosophical etiquette—bowing to the inevitable.—Boston Transcript.

One who doesn't care much to talk finds the telephone no temptation.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

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BELL-ANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

CLEAR your COMPLEXION

Kremola

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL

correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

The Infants' and Children's Regulator

At All Druggists

INFLAMED EYES

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. J. H. Mims and baby have returned to Corona.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Riley of El Paso are visiting here this week.

Assessor John Bryan was up from his ranch in Baca Canon several days this week.

Mrs. J. B. French and daughter Eveline are visiting Mrs. French's mother in North Carolina.

Attorney W. C. Whatley of El Paso was here several days this week on legal business.

Quite a number of ball fans motored to Fort Stanton last Sunday to see the Mescalero Indians play ball.

Mrs. Ida Browning, who has been visiting Mrs. Pace here the past week, has returned to her home at Glencoe.

Minor D. Gaylord, who has been ill and confined to his room the past week, left the last of the week for El Paso.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J Rolland were visiting the family of Mr. Frank Rolland at Alamogordo the first of the week.

Rev. W. R. McPherson and family, who have been visiting at Pendleton, Texas, will return about the 4th.

Peter Burleson, who has been visiting his daughter and family, Mrs. Frank English, returned to Lincoln Thursday.

The stork visited the Bonito last Sunday morning and presented Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Runnells with twins—both husky little fellows. All concerned getting along fine. Congratulations.

J. H. Bryan and Miss Vada Pitcock, both of Corona, were married here Tuesday afternoon, Squire Hulbert performing the ceremony.

R. M. Doran was in town several days this week, from his home at Encinoso. Ruralde was looking over his political fences, as he is thinking of shying his sombrero into the ring when the Republicans hold their convention

Mrs. E. P. McClary and children of Alamogordo are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joe West this week; also Mrs. J. A. Haley.

Mike Doering, of the Adams House, is enjoying a visit from a daughter and grand-daughter from Evansville, Indiana, this week.

Mrs. J. A. Farley and grandson, Raymond Fisher, will leave Sunday for San Diego, California, returning by way of Colorado, where she will visit a mother and sister.

The Estancia Valley on the north was visited the past week with several good rains, extending east to Corona. This means large crops in that bean growing country.

The stork has been busy the past month. That proverbial bird visited White Oaks early Sunday morning and left a package containing an eight-pound boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Haskins.

L. L. Beard, editor of the Capitan Mountaineer, made this office a fraternal visit the first of the week. Mr. Beard was en route to Corona to give the old Maverick printing plant the "once over," with a view to resurrecting it. Call again, brother.

Conductor Pat Collins made a trip to the upper Ruidoso last week, rented a site and let the contract for a summer bungalow under the pines. He intends to spend the month of August there with his family, and forget railroading in the interm.

The cantaloupe rush on the railroad has partly subsided, but the second rush will soon be due, as the late melons are maturing. For several weeks there were from 12 to 15 trains a day passing this point for eastern points, which kept the train crews on the jump.

Scattered rains have fallen over the county past week which relieved ranch and range. Normally the summer rains are due the first week in July, and they got here on time. A nice shower Tuesday evening in this vicinity laid the dust and cooled the atmosphere. One or two more such showers wouldn't hurt a bit.

A party of Isleta Indians, comprising three full-blood bucks, a half-breed squaw and a papoose passed through here Tuesday on a visit to red brethren on the Mescalero Reservation. They traveled in a Ford car and disposed of some nice trinkets of silver and turquoise, of Indian workmanship. They were genuine and worth all they asked for them.

George Coe, Sr., and Elgy Perry, of Ruidoso, returned Tuesday from the Farmington oil fields Several producers and twelve new wells spudded in lately. The oil sand is encountered at about 850 feet. Some Carrizozo parties have a five year lease on 20,000 acres in that district close to a producing well.

The warm weather is causing large numbers to leave the cities. Some are going to the Ruidoso, Eagle Creek, Bonito and other cool retreats. It is estimated there are at least 100 summer cottages completed on the Ruidoso, and others in course of erection. The Bonito and Eagle Creek are getting their share of summer visitors but in a lesser.

A. E. Everett of Corona has leased the building on south Main street formerly known as the Commercial Hotel, moved his family here and is repairing the building preparatory to opening a rooming house. Mr. Everett has been a resident of Lincoln and Torrance counties for over 12 years, formerly being in the sheep and cattle business near Corona.

Married

A wedding took place at eleven o'clock Tuesday morning in the parlor of the Carrizozo Eating House, Rev. W. J. Knoy, Methodist minister, performing the ceremony. The contracting parties reside near Alto, and are popular in that community. Miss Mamie Ann Cox, the bride, grew to womanhood near Alto, and Henry Hoagland, the groom, is a son of Ed. Hoagland, an old resident in that section of the mountains. The young couple, with their friends, left in the afternoon for Alto, where they will make their home.

Last Week

... of ...

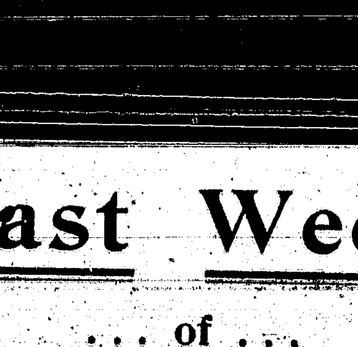
July Clearance Sale!

We are making a Sensational Offer on the few

LADIES' SILK DRESSES

left for the last week of our July Clearance Sale.

Men's Dress



Straw Hats

The last week of our July Clearance Sale we will give you the rare opportuuity to buy $1.50 up to $1.85 Straw Hat for **$1.00 each**

And here we come with a Big Special in

BOYS SUITS

Very attractive patterns in browns, grays and blues, Made up in the very newest styles. Any Boys' Suit in the House for **$8.75**

Ziegler Bros.

Universal Providers. CARRIZOZO, N. M. Established 1886

For Warm Weather

We are are showing a fine line of High Grade furnishing goods and shoes for summer wear

For Men and Young Men

New Models and Best Fabrics.

All are distinguished by the fine art of tailoring, that any one finds in Men's Fine Clothing.

We are agents for

The American Art & Custom Tailors

ED. V. PRICE & CO.,

Merchant Tailors.

Just Received

A new line of late styles, New York models, of Men's Summer Caps. They are hand-tailored and satin-lined.

Carrizozo Trading Co.

"The Store of Class." "More for your Money."

Here from Capitan

H. L. Dockray, a progressive stockman and rancher from the Capitan district, was in Carrizozo Tuesday on business. His ranch is situated about four miles northeast of capitan, and embraces about 1900 acres of patented and leased State lands. He stated there were several heavy rains in his neighborhood lately—too heavy, in fact, to be of much value, as the water ran off the land before it had time to penetrate the baked soil. However, it helped the range some.

Teachers Examination

An examination for teacher's certificates was held in the office of the County Superintendent last week, when the following took the examination.

J. F. Steele, White Oaks; H. M. Matz, Lincoln, Mrs. Ida Browning, Glencoe; Miss Lucille Crenshaw, Carrizozo, Mrs. Lucille Lindsay Hoffman, Carrizozo.

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Starling, Manager

Sat., July 5—"Dangerous Age," featuring Lewis Stone.

Tues., 8—"Blood and Sand," featuring Rodolph Valentino. A wonderful picture, said to be more romantic than The Sheik (Paramount).

Wed., 9—"Blood and Sand," repeated.

No show Thurs. or Fri.

Sat., 12—"Isle of Lost Ships," featuring Milton Sills (First National).

Coming—

July 8 & 9—Rudolph Valentino in "Blood and Sand."

July 18-19, "Love Master."

Aug 18-19-20, Covered Wagon.

Special Facilities For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

Pure Mesquite Honey

OUR CHOICE WHITE MESQUITE HONEY will be on the market in a few days. We cater to particular people. Here are some reasons why you should buy The "Hedstrom & Allen" Honey:

1st—We use Queen Excluders. These separate the young bees from the honey. You get the pure honey with the true flavor.

2nd—We leave honey in the hives and let the bees ripen it. This gives the honey the best flavor and it will keep its true flavor always.

We make prompt deliveries and our prices are low for this high-grade honey. Be sure and put your order in early if you want some of this delicious Mesquite Honey.

5-pound Pail	.75
10-pound Pail	$1.40
60-pound Can	$7.00

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