Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 24 | CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, OCT. 17, 1924 | NUMBER 41

District Candidates

Two gentlemen were here Monday with the Morrow-Vaught party, who come before our people for offices, that are very closely associated with home affairs.

One of them was V. H. Montgomery, of Estancia, who is the Democratic nominee for State Senator from the 15th District, composed of the counties of Torrance, Lincoln, Otero and Socorro. This district was created by the constitution builders to always send a Republican to the State Senate, but two years ago every county in the district went Democratic, and the same condition is apparent this year. At any rate, Mr. Montgomery has the best recommendation a man could have, and that is that his people of Torrance county are behind him, believe in him and will give him a magnificent majority on the 4th day of November. He made a fine impression on our people here and his election seems reasonably certain.

The other was G. O. Caldwell, also of Torrance county, residing at Mountainair, and a candidate for district attorney for the Third Judicial District, which, though not conforming in units with that of the senatorial district, was created for the same purpose—the glory, the perpetuation and the profit of the Republican party. The counties comprising this district are Torrance, Lincoln, Otero and Dona Ana. That the "best laid plans of mice and men aft gang agley," and two years ago every county in the district went Democratic. So it seems that the nominee for this office, then, has more than an even chance to win, especially since he possesses qualifications essential to a fair, impartial and intelligent conduct of the office, which cannot be said to be a detriment to a candidate aspiring for the office to possess—an office that has been made a football of politics and productive of far lesser results than that to which the people are entitled.

Do You Like It

In the state, certain Republicans are endeavoring to arouse race hatred in this county—particularly in this locality—they are trying to raise the rotten flag of religious prejudice.

Bursum's Digestion

Santa Fe, Oct. 14—Declaring the statement of H. O. Bursum, Republican candidate for U. S. Senator, to the effect that the public was not represented on the adjustment boards under the Howell-Barkley railroad bill, as either due to ignorance or plain intent to misrepresent the bill, C. H. Graham, vice-chairman of the state legislative board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, has written Bursum asking him to correct his mis-statements.

Senator Bursum is reported to have said in regard to the Howell-Barkley bill: "My chief objection to the measure is that the public will have no voice in the settlement of labor disputes."

Mr. Graham's letter says: "For your information and for the information of any others who may be interested in this legislation, the public is the only party who have representation on the board of Mediation and Conciliation. Sec. 3, article C, paragraph 2 provides that no person may be appointed a member of this board who holds active membership, or is an employee of, any of the labor organizations coming under the provisions of this act, and also that no member of the board shall be appointed who is employed as an officer of, or has any pecuniary interest in, any of the carriers coming under the provision of the act. This makes all members of the Board representatives of the public alone."

In his speech of acceptance at the state convention at Santa Fe, Bursum said, "I have not had time to digest the Howell-Barkley bill." Graham's letter is for the purpose of enlightening the present senator. The Howell-Barkley bill has come in for vigorous condemnation by Bursum in his speeches in the Pecos valley, and labor interests are asking him to repeat his journey with a view to retracting his remarks about a bill "he has not had time to digest."

Work 'em goin' an' comin'. Invoke all the religious hatred possible where it will be effective, but soft-pedal in other sections of the county where it will have a reverse effect.

For County Superintendent of Schools

Miss Mary Fritz, nominee for County Superintendent of Schools on the Democratic ticket, was born and reared in Lincoln county.

Her father, Henry Fritz, came to New Mexico with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Fritz, from Montrose, Pennsylvania in 1873. They were known as "Pennsylvania Dutch."

Her mother, Maude Bailey, came here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Bailey, in 1882 from Wichita, Kansas.

Miss Fritz is a graduate of the Lincoln County High School; graduate of the Academic Department of the New Mexico Normal University; College and Normal training at New Mexico State Teachers College, Silver City; New Mexico Normal University, Las Vegas, and University of California, Los Angeles, California. Six years teaching experience, one in Lincoln and five in Capitan.

At present Miss Fritz is principal at Picacho.

Kingdom of San Miguel

Las Vegas, Oct. 10—The hold of Sec. Romero and Dave Leahy in San Miguel county is broken. The acceptance by Louis Armijo, present district attorney, under Leahy, of the Democratic nomination for judge against Leahy is taken as the beginning of the end for the notorious gang that has held tyrannical sway over the district for years.

Stanley Foutz, of Wagon Mound was nominated for district attorney by the Democratic convention held Tuesday in Las Vegas. The action of Armijo grows out of the famous Magee trials when San Miguel county was heralded throughout the country as the "most backward county in the United States." It is said that the quarrel between Leahy and Armijo grew out of the fact of Armijo's refusal to take part in a proceeding that was bringing disgrace to the court of his district, so that Leahy had to go outside of his district to get prosecutors in the Magee trials.

IF

William Allen White, in Emporia Daily Gazette editorial, July 31, 1923

If President Harding should die of bronchial trouble and a leaky heart valve, in San Francisco, the leadership—at least the titular leadership—of the nation, and the Republican party would pass to Calvin Coolidge, ex-governor of Massachusetts and vice president of the United States who has to his credit the settling of the Boston Police Strike in 1919 by the introduction of state troops. Red-baiting also is one of Coolidge's hobbies; last year he badly scared the good ladies of the land by a series of stupid, sensational articles entitled "Radicalism in Women's Colleges," which were published in a woman's monthly magazine.

This runty, aloof, little man who quacks through his nose when he speaks, has become vice president through his unique gift for platitudes, which are at the same time childishly clear and utterly untrustworthy. He has attained high office by saying nothing when he talks.

Those who admire his conduct in the police strike my he should be judged by his actions, not his words. Bully! For "Cal," a conservative by temperament, by training and by talent, will split the Republican party wide open, which probably will enable La Follette to run off with the biggest half of it at the next Chicago convention.

Democrats Here

A number of prominent State Democrats swooped down upon our town Wednesday afternoon, and that evening, in the court house, delivered interesting addresses to an attentive and appreciate audience. In the party were Hon John Morrow, now Congressman and candidate for re-election; Hon. J. S. Vaught, well known and entertaining State speaker; Adolph Hill, Santa Fe; G. O. Caldwell, Democratic nominee for district attorney of this district; Hon. Howard L. Bickley, nominee for Justice of the Supreme Court, 8-year term, and V. H. Montgomery, Senatorial nominee from the 15th district, composed of the counties of Torrance, Lincoln, Otero and Socorro.

The program opened with the Misses Eleanor Connell and Hilary Cooper singing a duet, "O Fair New Mexico," accompanied on the violin by Miss Lady Connell. These young ladies, assisted by Mrs. Louise H. Coe, also rendered a little skit on woman's voting, which brought down the house.

The crowd was not demonstrative, but it was attentive, appreciative and accorded the speakers every attention, notwithstanding the program covered considerable time, owing to the number of speakers and the multitude of subjects discussed. The party left the following morning for Nogal, Capitan, Fort Stanton, Lincoln and Hondo, to spread the gospel of Democracy and good government.

You cannot vote unless you are registered.

The Fish Hatchery

J. McSmith, the game and fish deputy warden, was over Tuesday from Eagle Creek. Mack stated that the fish hatchery is well under way and will be completed by the middle of November or earlier. When this "much-talked-of" gets going, it will, within a year or two, supply the streams of Lincoln county with the gamest fish that swim, and be a large factor in adding further attractions [illegible] for the years to come.

The [illegible] were [illegible] before [illegible] for them during the winter and spring months, when the [illegible] were [illegible] closed.

Mike Barnett K. O'd at the Cotton Carnival

Mike Barnett, until recently a fireman on the E. P. & S. W. running out of Carrizozo, entered the 175 pound boxing contest at Roswell last Wednesday, during the Cotton Carnival, his opponent being "Big John" Ramey, a local celebrity. The first three rounds were even; in the next two, Mike, being the more scientific, had the shade, until a foul blow floored the fireman. The referee gave the fight to Mike on a foul, but the judges overruled the referee's decision. Mike, although weak and shaky from the foul, showed strong bursts of speed and landing many powerful jabs, until a right swing in the seventh sent him through the ropes, a la Firpo-Dempsey. It was declared a technical knock-out, but one of the cleverest exhibitions of boxing seen in the Armory for a long time.

Woman's Democratic Club

The Woman's Democratic Club met in the District Court room Thursday at 2 p. m. That this Club is doing good work, is manifested by the increasing membership at each meeting.

The study of the three amendments to be voted on, will be the subject on Thursday, Oct. 23, at 2 p. m.

During the Round Table social hour, refreshments will be served.

All members who wish to affiliate with the Democratic party are urged to be present.

Publicity Chairman

Quite a number of people from outside points attended the Democratic rally at the courthouse Wednesday evening.

Looks Good

The nominees of the Democratic party for the several county offices spent several days the past week in the east end of the county, and were enthusiastically received everywhere they went. Many statewide Republicans—formerly strong in the faith—expressed a desire for a new deal and a hope that the Democratic party would win. They are in revolt against the party that [illegible] such men as Fall, Forbes, Denby, Daugherty and [illegible] others.

The "condition" of a cigar as well as its quality has a great deal to do with its flavor.

We keep the best brands of cigars and keep them in the proper condition.

Buy your cigars from us and know that they are right

Buy cigars by the box and have them in your home should friends drop in.

We have everything in the drug store line.

COME TO US FOR IT.

ROLLAND BROS.

Public Speaking Monday Night, Oct. 20

Monday night, Oct. 20, at the hour of eight o'clock in the court house, at Carrizozo, Sam G. Bratton, Democratic nominee for the United States Senate, Hon. A. T. Hannett, gubernatorial nominee, Hon. Byron O. Beall, speaker of the house in the last state legislature, and Ed. C. Tafoya, a veteran of two wars, and who is given the title of "Fighting Eddie," will deliver addresses. These men are not only the Democratic leaders in the present campaign, but also represent the best thought of the state, and if you disbelieve that statement come out Monday night, and you will, we believe, be enlighted on subjects of vital importance to the people of the state, and the indisputable evidence will be presented for your consideration. Everybody is cordially invited to attend this meeting.

L. L. Beard, editor and publisher of the Capitan Mountaineer, was here Monday evening, greeting friends and taking in the Vaught-Morrow meeting that night.

Bursum and Education

Santa Fe, Oct. 13—The Santa Fe New Mexican said editorially tonight: "H. O. Bursum, the friend of Education, has a splendid chance to practice what he preaches in Socorro county.

"Socorro county, as a result of the Economy and Efficiency regime of Mr. Bursum's political compadres down there, owes its teachers over $40,000.

We are informed that Mr. Bursum owes back taxes in Socorro county to the extent of some $20,000.

"In the first place it does not look particularly well to have a United States senator and candidate for re-election owing $20,000 in taxes, long overdue.

"In the second place, it doesn't look well for Mr. Bursum to be appearing as the friend and exponent of education, while depriving the teachers of his county of $20,000 which could be paid over to them or a considerable part of it paid, if he paid his taxes. We understand the statement of tax arrears is official and undenied by Mr. Bursum. If we are wrong we shall be happy to have him set us right.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else.

A BANK ACCOUNT gives you a better standing in your community.

Our knowledge is expert on investments and all other financial matters.

First National Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

"Try First National Service."

THE HIGHGRADER

By Wm. MacLeod Raine

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CHAPTER XIII—Continued

—13—

She laughed. "I did think perhaps you knew where he was."

"Well, I don't—and I don't want to," he snapped. "The less I see of him the better I'll be satisfied."

The superintendent of the Verinder properties had found a note addressed to him in one of the sacks of quartz taken from Kilmeny. The message, genial to the point of impudence, had hoped he had enjoyed his little experience as a holdup. To Bleyer, always a serious-minded man, this levity had added insult to injury. Just now the very mention of the highgrader's name was a red rag to his temper. It was bad enough to be beaten without being jeered at by the man who had set a trap for him.

It was well on toward evening before Colter paid his promised visit to Miss Dwight. She found him waiting for her upon her return from a ride with Captain Kilmeny, Verinder and Joyce.

Moya, as soon as she had dismounted, walked straight to him.

"What have you found out, Mr. Colter?"

"Not much. It rained during the night and wiped out the tracks of wagon wheels. Don't know how far Jack got or where he went, but the remains of the wagon are lying at the bottom of a gulch about two miles from the Jack Pot."

"How did it get there?"

"I wish you could tell me that. Couldn't have been a runaway or the mules would have gone over the edge of the road too." He stepped forward quickly as Verinder was about to pass into the hotel. "I want to have a talk with you."

The little man adjusted his monocle. "Yes. What about, my man?"

"About Jack Kilmeny. Where is he? What do you know? I'm going to find out if I have to tear it from your throat."

Verinder was no coward, but he was a product of our modern super-civilization. He glanced around hastily. The captain had followed Joyce into the lobby. Moya and he were alone on the piazza with this big savage who looked quite capable of carrying out his threat.

"Don't talk d—d nonsense," the mine owner retorted, flushing angrily.

Colter did not answer in words. The strong muscular fingers of his left hand closed on the right arm of Verinder just below the shoulder with a pressure excruciatingly painful. Verinder found himself moving automatically toward the end of the porch. He had to clench his teeth to keep from crying out.

"Let me alone, you brute," he gasped.

Colter paid no attention until his victim was backed against the rail in a corner. Then he released the millionaire he was manhandling.

"You're going to tell me everything you know. Get that into your head

"Not Much. It Rained During the Night and Wiped Out the Tracks of Wagon Wheels."

Or, by G—d, I'll wring your neck for you."

The Englishman had never before been confronted with such a situation. He was a citizen of a country where wealth hedges a man from such assaults. The color ebbed from his face, then came back with a rush.

"Go to the devil, you big bully," he flung out sharply.

Moya, taken by surprise at Colter's abrupt desertion of her, had watched with amazement the subsequent flare-up. Now she crossed the porch toward them.

"What are you doing, Mr. Colter?"

"None of your funeral, ma'am," the miner answered bluntly, not for a moment lifting his hard eyes from Verinder. "Better unload what you know. I've had a talk with Quint Saladay. I know all he knows, that Bleyer and you and him with two other lads held up Jack and took his ore away. The three of them left you and Bleyer guarding Jack. What did you do with him?"

"It's a bally lie. I didn't stay with Bleyer to guard him."

"That's right, you didn't. You came back with the others. But you know what Bleyer did. Out with it."

"I don't admit a word of what you say," said Verinder doggedly.

Colter had trapped him into a half admission, but he did not intend to say any more.

Moya spoke a little timidly.

"Wait a minute, please, Mr. Colter. Let me talk with Mr. Verinder alone. I think he'll tell me what you want to know."

Jack's friend looked at her with sharp suspicion. Was she trying to make a dupe of him? Her candid glance denied it.

"All right. Talk to him all you like, but you'll do your talking here," he agreed curtly before he turned on his heel and walked away a few steps.

"You must tell him what he wants to know, Mr. Verinder," urged the young woman in a low voice. "Something has happened to his friend. We must help clear it up."

"I'm not responsible for what has happened to his friend. What do you want me to do? Peach on Bleyer, is that it?"

"No. Send for him and tell Mr. Colter the truth."

"I'll see him hanged and quartered first," he replied angrily.

"If you don't, I'll tell what I know. There's a life at stake," Moya cried, a trace of agitation in her voice.

"Fiddlesticks!" he shrugged. "The fellow's full of tricks. He worked one on us the other night. I'm hanged if I let him play me again."

"You must. I'll tell Captain Kilmeny and Lord Farquhar. I'll not let it rest this way. The matter's serious."

"I'm not going to be bullied into saying a word. That's the long and short of it," he repeated in disgust. "Let Bleyer tell the fellow if he wants to. I'll have nothing to do with it. We're not responsible for what has happened—if anything has."

"Then I'll go and get Mr. Bleyer."

"Just as you please. I'd see this ruffian at Halifax first, if you ask me." The angry color flushed his face again as he thought of the insult to which he had been subjected.

To Colter Moya explained her purpose. He nodded agreement without words.

After two or three attempts she got the superintendent on the telephone at the Mollie Gibson mine and arranged with him that he was to come to the hotel at once. A few minutes later he drove up in his car.

Moya put the case to him.

Bleyer turned to his employer. "You want me to tell Colter what I know?"

"I don't care a turn of my hand whether you tell the fellow or not," drawled Verinder, ignoring the presence of Colter.

The superintendent peered at Moya in his near-sighted fashion over the glasses on his nose. "I don't see that it matters much, Miss Dwight. I'm not worrying a bit about Jack Kilmeny, but, if Colter and you are, I'm willing to tell what I know on condition that you keep the facts to yourselves."

"I'll keep quiet if you haven't injured Jack in any way," Colter assented.

"We haven't. He was sound as a new dollar when I left him Tuesday night. Want to hear the particulars?"

"That's what I'm here for," snapped Colter.

Bleyer told the whole story so far as he knew it.

CHAPTER XIV

Spirit Rapping

Farquhar and Captain Kilmeny left next day for another short hunting trip. The captain had offered to give it up, but Moya had urged upon him that it would not be fair to disappoint his companion. He had gone reluctantly, because he saw that his fiancee was worried. His own opinion was that his cousin Jack had disappeared for reasons of his own.

Colter did not relax in his search. But as the days passed hope almost died within him. Jack had plenty of enemies, as an aggressive fighter in a new country always must have. His friend's fear was that some of these had decoyed Kilmeny to his death. The suspicions of the miner centered upon Peale and Trefoyle, both because Jack had so recently had trouble with them and because they knew beforehand of his intention to remove the ore. But he could find no evidence upon which to base his feeling, though he and [illegible], in company with a deputy sheriff, had put the Cornishmen through a grilling examination.

It had been understood that the young women should take a trip through the Never Quit before they left Goldbanks, but for one reason or another this had been postponed until after the captain and Farquhar had started on their last hunting expedition. The second afternoon after their departure was the one decided upon for the little adventure.

Verinder, with the extravagance that went hand in hand with an occasional astonishing parsimony, had ordered oilskin suits and waterproof boots made especially for his guests. A room was reserved for the young ladies at the mine, equipped for this one occasion to serve as a boudoir where they might dress in comfort.

The mine owner's guests donned, with a good deal of hilarious merriment, the short skirts, the boots and the rubber helmets. The costumes could not have been called becoming, but they were eminently suited for the wet, damp tunnels of the Never Quit.

After they had entered the cage it was a little terrifying to be shot so rapidly down into the blackness of the mine.

"Don't be afraid. It's quite safe," Bleyer told them cheerfully.

At the tenth level the elevator stopped and they emerged into an open space.

"We're going to follow this drift," explained the superintendent.

They seated themselves in ore cars and were wheeled into a cavern lighted at intervals by electric bulbs. Presently the cars slowed down and the occupants descended.

"This way," ordered Bleyer.

They followed in single file into a hot, damp tunnel, which dripped moisture in big drops from the roof upon a rough, uneven floor of stone and dirt where pools of water had occasionally gathered. The darkness increased as they moved forward, driven back by the candles of the men for a space scarce farther than they could reach with outstretched hands.

Moya, bringing up the rear, could hear Bleyer explain the workings to those at his heel. He talked of stopes, drifts, tunnels, wage scales, shifts, high-grade ore and other subjects that were as Greek to Joyce and India. The atmosphere was oppressively close and warm, and the clothes that Moya wore seemed to weigh heavily upon her. She became aware with some annoyance at herself that a faintness was stealing over her brain and a dimness over her eyes. To steady herself she stopped, catching at the rough wall for support. The others, unaware that she was not following, moved on. With a half articulate little cry she sank to the ground.

When she came to herself the lights had disappeared. She was alone in the most profound darkness she had ever known. It seemed to press upon her so ponderably as almost to be tangible. The girl was frightened. Her imagination began to conjure all sorts of dangers. Of cave-ins and [illegible] she had heard and read a good deal. Anything was possible in this thousand-foot-deep grave. In a frightened, tremulous little voice she cried out to her friends.

Instantly there came an answer—a faint tapping on the wall almost at her ear. She listened breathlessly, and caught again that faint far tap—tap—tap—tap—tap. Instinctively her hand went out, groping along the wall until it fell upon a pipe. Even as she touched this the sound came again, and along with it the faintest of vibrations. She knew that somebody at a distance was hitting the pipe with a piece of quartz or metal.

Stooping, she found a bit of broken rock. Three times she tapped the pipe. An answer came at once.

Tap—tap—tap—tap—tap—tap—tap!

She tried two knocks. Again the response of seven taps sounded. Four times brought still seven. Why always seven? She did not know, but she was greatly comforted to know that her friends were in communication with her. After all, she was not alone.

A light glimmered at the end of the tunnel and moved slowly toward her. Bleyer's voice called her name. Presently the whole party was about her with sympathetic questions and exclamations.

She made light of her fainting attack, but Verinder insisted on getting her back to the upper air in spite of her protests. He had discovered that Joyce was quite ready to return to the sunlight now that her curiosity was satisfied. A very little of anything that was unpleasant went a long way with Miss Seldon, and there was something about this underground tomb that reminded her strongly of an immense grave.

At dinner Verinder referred to the attack of vertigo. "Feel quite fit again, Miss Dwight?"

"Quite, thank you." Moya was a little irritated at the reference, because she was ashamed of having given way to physical weakness. "It was nothing. I was a goose. That's all."

Bleyer, a guest for the evening, defended the young woman from her own scorn. "It often takes people that way the first time, what with the heat and the closeness. I once knew a champion pugilist to keel over while he was going through a mine."

"Were you afraid when you found yourself alone?" Joyce asked.

"I was until you tapped."

India looked puzzled. "Tapped. What do you mean?"

"On the pipe."

"What pipe?"

"The one that ran through the tunnel."

Miss Kilmeny shook her head. "I didn't see anybody tap. Perhaps one of us touched it by chance."

"No. That couldn't be. The tap came seven times together, and after I had answered it seven times more."

"Seven times?" asked Bleyer quickly.

"Yes—seven. But, if you didn't tap, who did?"

"Sure it wasn't imagination?" Verinder suggested.

"Imagination! I tell you it was repeated again and again," Moya said impatiently.

"Spirit rapping," surmised Joyce lightly. "It doesn't matter, anyhow, since it served its work of comforting Moya."

"It might have been some of the workmen," Lady Farquhar guessed.

"Must have been," agreed Bleyer. "And yet—we're not working that end of the mine now. The men had no business there. Odd that it was seven raps. That is call for help. It means danger."

A bell of warning began to toll in Moya's heart. It rang as yet no clear message to her brain, but the premonition of something sinister and deadly sent a sinking sensation through her.

Verinder sat up with renewed interest. "I say, you know—spirit rapping. Weren't you telling me, Bleyer, that

"No. I Know Now Who Called for Help. It Was Jack Kilmeny."

there was a big accident there some years ago? Perhaps the ghosts of some of the lost miners were sending a message to their wives. Eh, what?"

"The accident was in the Golden Nugget, an adjoining mine. The property was pretty well worked out and has never been opened since the disaster."

The color had ebbed from Moya's lips. She was a sane young woman not given to nerves. But she had worried a great deal over the disappearance of Jack Kilmeny. This, coming on top of it, shook her composure. For she was fighting with the dread that the spirit of the man she loved had been trying to talk with her.

Joyce chattered gaily. "How weird! Moya, you must write an account of your experience for the Society for Psychical Research. Put me in it, please."

"Of course, it must have been some of the men, but I don't see—"

Moya interrupted the superintendent sharply. An intuition, like a flash of light, had illuminated her brain. "Where does that pipe run, Mr. Bleyer?"

"Don't know. Maps of the workings at the office would show."

"Will you please find out?"

"Glad to look it up for you, Miss Dwight. I'm a little curious myself."

"I mean now—at once."

He glanced at her in quick surprise. Was she asking him to leave the dinner table to do it? Lady Farquhar saw how colorless Moya was and came to the rescue.

"My dear, you are a little unstrung, aren't you?" she said gently. "I think we might find something more cheerful to talk about. We always have the weather."

Moya rose, trembling. "No. I know now who called for help. It was Jack Kilmeny."

Verinder was the first to break the strained silence. "But that's nonsense, you know."

"It's the truth. He was calling for help."

"Where from? What would he be doing down in a mine?"

"I don't know. . . . Yes, I do, too," Moya corrected herself, voice breaking under the stress of her emotion. "He has been put down there to die."

"To die." Joyce echoed the words in a frightened whisper.

Dalquist laughed. "That is absurd. Who under heaven would put him there?"

A second flash of light burned in upon the girl. "That man, Peale—and the other ruffian. They knew about the shipment just as you did. They waylaid him . . . and buried him in some old mine." Moya faced them tensely, a slim wraith of a girl with dark eyes that blazed. She had forgotten all about conventions, all about what they would think of her. The one thing she saw was Jack Kilmeny in peril, calling for help.

But Lady Farquhar remembered what Moya did not. It was her duty to defend her charge against the errant impulses of the heart, to screen them from the callous eyes of an unsympathetic world.

"You jump to conclusions, my dear. Sit down and we'll talk it over."

"No. He called for help. I'm going to take it to him."

Again Verinder laughed unpleasantly. Moya did not at this moment know the man was in existence. One sure purpose flooded her whole being. She was going to save her lover.

India wavered. She, too, had lost color. "But—you're only guessing, dear."

"You'll find it's true. We must follow that pipe and rescue him. Tonight."

"Didn't know you were subject to nerve attacks, Miss Dwight," derided Verinder uneasily.

Moya put her hands in front of her eyes as if to shut out the picture of what she saw. "He's been there for five days . . . starving, maybe." She shuddered.

"You're only guessing, Miss Dwight. What facts have you to back it?" Bleyer asked.

"We must start at once—this very hour." Moya had recovered herself and spoke with quiet decision. "But first we must find where the pipe leads."

Bleyer answered the appeal in Lady Farquhar's eyes by rising. He believed it to be a piece of hysterical folly, just as she did. But some instinct of chivalry in him responded to the call made upon him. He was going, not to save Kilmeny from an imaginary death, but to protect the girl that loved him from showing all the world where her heart was.

"I'll be back inside of an hour—just as soon as I can trace that pipe for you, Miss Dwight," he said.

"After all, Moya may be right," India added, to back her friend.

"It's just possible," Bleyer conceded.

CHAPTER XV

The Acid Test

Jack Kilmeny opened his eyes to find himself in darkness utter and complete except for a pinpoint of light gleaming from far above. His head was whirling and throbbing painfully. Something warm and moist dropped into his eyes, and when he put his hand up to investigate the cause he knew it must be blood from a wound.

Faintly the sound of voices and of harsh laughter drifted down to him. Presently this died away. The stillness was almost uncanny.

"Something laid me out, I reckon. Must have been a bad whack." His finger found a ridge above the temple which had been plowed through the thick curly hair. "Looks as though [illegible] knocked me [illegible]. Guess Jack it didn't finish the job."

He moved. A sharp pain shot through his lower right leg. Trying to rise, he slipped down at once from a badly sprained ankle. Every muscle in his body ached, as if he had been jarred by a hard fall.

"Better have a look around first," he told himself.

Groping in his pocket, he found a match case and struck a light. What he saw made him shudder. From the ledge upon which he lay fell away a shaft, the bottom of which could only be guessed. His eyes, becoming accustomed to the darkness, made out that he was in some sort of shaft, thirty feet or more below the surface. Rotten from age, the cribbings had slipped and become jammed. Upon some of these he was resting. The sprained ankle, by preventing him from moving, had saved him from plunging down the well.

He held out a silver dollar and dropped it. From the time the coin took to strike Jack judged he was a hundred feet from the bottom.

The flare of a second match showed him a wall ladder leading down, but unfortunately it did not extend above him except in rotting fragments. What had happened he could guess. Supposing him to be dead, his enemies had dropped the body down this deserted shaft. Not for a moment did he doubt who they were. The voices had been unmistakably Cornish, and even without that evidence he would have guessed Peale and his partner as the guilty ones.

Since he could not go up he went down, moving warily so as not to jar loose the timbers upon which he lay. Every rung of the ladder he tested with great care before he put his weight upon it. Each step of the journey down sent a throb of pain from the ricked ankle, even though he rested his weight on his hands while he lowered himself. From the last rung—it was by actual count the one hundred forty-third—he stepped to the ground.

Another match showed him a drift running from the foot of the shaft. Along this he dragged himself slowly, uncertain of direction but determined to find out what possibility of escape his prison offered. For two hundred yards the tunnel led forward and brought him up sharply at an impasse. A cave-in blocked further advance.

"Check," Jack told himself almost grimly.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Inconsiderate

The meanest man in the world is the warden who puts a lock in the electric chair.—[illegible]

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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Natural Gas for Loveland

Loveland.—The first signs of development of natural gas coming from the Midwest well near Berthoud, Colo., for commercial purposes was announced recently when the Rocky Mountain Gas Service Company applied to the mayor and city council of Loveland for a franchise to furnish the city with gas for fuel, the gas to be piped from the Midwest well, two miles west of Berthoud. The well is now spouting 6 million feet of gas daily and is increasing steadily, according to Fred W. Stover, former mayor of Fort Collins, who made the request for the franchise in behalf of the company, which he represents as attorney. Stover asked in his application to the city council that the matter be placed before the voters at a special election to determine whether or not the franchise will be granted. The council has taken the matter under advisement.

84,000 Die From Accidents

Louisville, Ky.—Eighty-four thousand lives were lost in the United States last year as the result of accidents. The death toll amounted to [illegible] per week, or [illegible] a day. Automobile accidents headed the list with thirty-seven deaths a day. Falls killed thirty-six a day, drowning nineteen and railroad accidents eighteen. These figures, supplied by Louis J. Dublin, New York, chairman of the committee on public accident statistics, National Safety council, in his report to that body at its annual congress at Louisville, Ky., shows that the annual cost of traffic accidents vary from $15 to $30 per capita, he said.

Doheny to Buy Island Resort

Santa Barbara.—E. L. Doheny, oil magnate, is reported to be preparing to buy Santa Cruz island, thirty miles off the California coast, near Santa Barbara with the intention of developing it as a resort similar to Catalina island, property of William Wrigley, Chicago gum magnate, according to reports current following the return of a party of surveyors and engineers from a two months' exploration of the twenty-[illegible]-mile strip of land. The sale price of the island was said to be more than $[illegible], which was refused by the owners, the Caire estate of San Francisco, some months ago.

"Count" Is Given Jail Term

San Francisco.—"Count" Alexander [illegible] Van Mersch de Beaufort, arrested in San Francisco on a charge of illegally wearing uniforms of the United States and Belgian armies, was sentenced in federal court to four months in jail after he had pleaded guilty.

Wyoming Medical Officer Dies

Laramie.—Dr. Samuel B. Miller, formerly secretary of the state board of medical examiners for Wyoming and for several years county physician of Albany county, died recently at Los Angeles, Calif. He was born in Iowa, educated at Rush College, Chicago, and practiced medicine in Illinois before coming to Laramie in 1886.

Mayor Welcomes Colorado Princess

Tulsa.—Princess Colorado and princesses from eleven other states and their chaperons were guests of honor at a luncheon and entertainment at the exclusive Tulsa club. Mayor H. H. Newblock made the official address of welcome. The president of the local Chamber of Commerce also addressed the oil princesses.

Mooseheart Station Opens Oct. 27

Mooseheart.—Station WJJD, located in Mooseheart, Ill., owned and operated by the Loyal Order of Moose at their home for children who have lost their parents, will go on the air Mooseheart day, Oct. 27, for the first time.

Pallbearers' Team Runs Away

Leadville.—John W. McMahon, deputy clerk and recorder of Leadville, is suffering from injuries received when a team of horses drawing a pallbearers' cab ran away through the main street of the city. The city sprinkling cart frightened the animals as they were returning from the cemetery after the funeral of Mrs. Hilda Lindstrom. John [illegible], another occupant of the cab, suffered a broken leg and Charles [illegible], town constable, the third occupant, escaped injury.

Wear Big Plaids and Wide Stripes

This season's advance styles have one quality in common which illustrates the tenacity of a mode that has once been established, and its adaptability for the illustration of a new feature. That the straight-line frock is stronger in favor than ever before is evident, observes a fashion correspondent in the New York Times, particularly in the models for early fall street wear, for sports and in the new coats. Godets, blases, drapery and innumerable variants are left to another type of dress, one for which plain materials are most suitable. The tube frock and the severely straight coat are widely accepted and are making possible the introduction of the plaid and the stripe, the conspicuous novelties among the fall styles.

Large plaids that developed into wild extravagances of pattern were introduced late last winter, and so were enormous stripes, but their place was not defined and they had but a brief season. But the relation of the big plaid and the wide stripe to the unbroken surface and uncurved line was obvious, inspiring the fashion artists to express one with the other, and they open the season with dash and color.

All last season, especially in the early spring styles, the coming of plaids and stripes was evident. Separate skirts in these were very chic, and the big plaids in sports coats, the Scotch plaids in scarfs, ties, parasols, hat trimmings and a thousand and one other smart accessories brought them into favor. Now they are the sensation of the season, and every smart woman will have a coat frock, a tunic or a gown of more elaborate type done in a plaid in which there is no compromise as to size.

The extreme character of the new plaids and stripes demands the most skillful handling and may be a stiff test of the designer's art and taste. A pattern that converts the entire frock into a giant checkerboard—half a dozen blocks to one length of the figure—must challenge the modiste's ingenuity and her workmanship. For of all figured dress materials the large plaid or block is most difficult and unless cleverly built most trying to the woman who wears it. No figure, however slim and graceful, will be less than disfigured by a plaid that is not perfectly matched and cut with an accurate and appraising eye.

That success with plaids is possible is shown in some of the models already established by some of the best designers, both French and American. Nothing is more swagger than a plaid frock when it is well done. It may be of the severest plain block pattern, of a large plaid composed of clustered lines, or the sort reproducing the attractive plaids of the Highland clans, of which there are so many. They all require a high degree of skill, and they are either delightful or atrocious, according to the ability of the couturiere.

Cloth Is All the Rage.

The name of Rodier is logically linked with the new fall fashions, for cloth is going to be all the rage, supplanting, in a degree, the satins and crepes and all the lighter fabrics that were so popular last season. Rodier is an advocate of the plaid, and has created some most important patterns in woolens that have both dash in appearance and comfort in texture.

In the kashas, cheviot twills and English materials some stunning frocks for street or semisports wear are presented in all the new color combinations. Black and white is as popular in this type of dress as in everything else, at the moment, and the new [illegible] are most attractive. Brown, which is the very latest fancy, is used in many charming ways—brown and black, brown and yellow, and in countless other artistic variations. The greens are good also—reseda, bottle green, shutter green, jade—effectively combined with deeper or lighter shades; with black, beige, tan, copper, offering a great variety.

In the Rodier materials stripes are almost as well received as the plaids, and are especially good in the tunic frocks and the two-piece tailored suits in which the striped material is used for a plaited skirt, and for cravat scarf, collar and cuffs or other repeated touch on the jacket of plain goods.

Since the plaid stripe mode was first presented many smart models have been received showing a wide diversity of design. There are the uncompromising all-plaid frock on which no trimming is required or possible; the two-piece, with skirt of plaid and tunic blouse of plain stuff; a frock of Quakerlike simplicity, having collar, cuffs and scarf of Scotch plaid or a gay check, and several new models in which plain and plaid materials are effectively combined.

Nothing Newer Than the Chic Dress of Striped Cheviot.

One of these typifies the idea—a frock for a jeune fille, the [illegible] ice and deep panel at one side of brown kasha, with a plaited skirt of brown and scarlet plaid. The long tight sleeves which are now the best style are trimmed with narrow bands of the plaid just above the hand, and a band of the plaid finishes the collar revers and marks the top of the side panel with a narrow pocket flap. A [illegible] model that is quite new is done in brown wool rep, severely straight and [illegible], three-quarter length, with long, tight sleeves, a rolling Byron collar and small cuffs of white faille. From the throat to the belt line the [illegible] is cut open, showing a waistcoat of the faille. From the waist to the hip four or five buttons of carved brown wood close the tunic, and below that it opens, showing only a straight skirt of the plaid. A [illegible] band of the plaid edges the open front of the waist and is used for a separate scarf.

In a variant of this model that is particularly engaging, the tunic of black charmeuse—one of the few [illegible] frocks—is slashed at each side, from the waist to the hem, over a skirt of black and white plaid wool, which borders with a [illegible] the rolling collar and two little pocket openings at one side. These tunics are extremely [illegible], but absolutely straight, [illegible], always three-quarter or seven-eighths length, and [illegible].

Bordered Frocks Are Smart.

Bordered frocks are going to be very smart. Some of the most important Paris houses have established distinctive styles in frocks in which the use of plaids, checks and stripes is varied by introducing them as a part of the dress—a border, trimming or some unique detail.

Premet does this with conspicuous success in youthful models, one of which is built of beige kasha check, the skirt bordered above the hem with stripes of brown and laid in a cluster of narrow plaits at one side of the front. The blouse and plain skirt are joined with a seam, and a narrow belt of brown patent leather is worn. A small scarf of the beige goods bordered with brown is attached to one side of the shallow, square, collarless neck.

A sports frock that is smart and showy is made of a Rodier material named "les pavés [illegible]," one of the new weaves, a thick diagonal in dark blue, with a knee-depth border of large plaid in blue and gray about the bottom of the skirt and forming the separate scarf. Paquin is another of the well-known designers who go in for plaids, using them in subtle and stylish combinations with plain colors. Cheruit and Doucet are featuring stripes expressing their styles in some very handsome gowns and wraps.

For Sports Wear Nothing Is Smarter Than the Plaid Dress.

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

The World-Flight Had Several Purposes

WASHINGTON.—What is the purpose of the world encircling flight of the American aviators? Is it simply a stunt to prove the courage of the American flying corps? Is it a challenge to the aviation personnel of other countries?

These questions no doubt have occurred to many people as they have observed the progress of the trip around the world. The answers are to be found in the experience of aviation officials in both the army and navy with congress. For no matter what spectacular phases of the flight may be uppermost in the public mind today those interested in developing American aviation as a military weapon as well as a commercial industry are gratified beyond words at the amount of attention the exploit has attracted.

Hitherto congress has been more or less indifferent to the pleas for extensive appropriations made by the army and navy.

The aircraft devotees have had a hard time of it since the war. They hoped that the air-mail service would stir up interest and make congress appropriate money to encourage commercial aviation. To some extent results have been obtained.

Maj. Gen. Mason M. Patrick, the chief of the army air service, said: "The purpose of this flight is to demonstrate the feasibility of establishing aerial communication with all the countries of the world, the practicability of travel by air through regions where surface transportation does not exist or at best is slow, tedious and uncertain; to prove the ability of modern types of aircraft to operate under all climatical conditions; to stimulate adaptation of aircraft to the needs of commerce; to bring before the people of the world the excellence of American products in the interest of our American aircraft industry, and lastly to bring to the United States the honor of being the first nation to fly around the world."

From the viewpoint of national defense it now has been demonstrated that a hostile nation can come across the ocean with airplanes and Zeppelins. The air service will urge that a program of defensive aircraft be an important part of the military and naval expenditures of the United States from now on. The world flight has shown that the Atlantic and Pacific oceans are no longer impassable barriers and that isolation is not so comfortable as it was before the days of dirigibles and airplanes.

Hoover Would Save Uncle Sam's Fish

SOME time during the coming winter a series of conferences of state authorities will be held to consider ways and means of conserving and rehabilitating the fish resources of the coastal waters and inland streams of the United States. These conferences will be called by Secretary of Commerce Herbert Hoover, who announced his intention at the annual convention of the United States Fisheries association just held in Atlantic City.

Secretary Hoover has a definite plan for interstate conservation. He points out that the major problems, especially those with reference to fish in coastal waters, are not confined to a single state, but involve two or more states and cannot be solved except by joint action. Secretary Hoover's plan would avoid the encroachment of federal authority on state responsibility, and is based upon the constitutional power of the state to enter into agreements and compacts with the consent of congress.

The restoration of a single great fishery is, in Secretary Hoover's opinion, of greater importance to the American people in production and livelihood than half a dozen land reclamation schemes. And he presents some startling figures to show how we have been destroying and wasting our fish resources.

Salmon has disappeared entirely on the Atlantic coast and have been diminished one-half on the Pacific. The sturgeon fisheries of the Great Lakes have declined 98 per cent in 40 years and are almost gone on our coast. Shad fisheries have declined in their yield by more than 70 per cent.

"The fisheries are the most precious of our primary food supplies," says Secretary Hoover. "They will become more precious in the future. Our agricultural expansion is rapidly approaching its limits and our population will double. To protect the industry is an obligation to our own generation; to maintain it is a primary duty we owe to future generations."

Congress passed a law at the last session controlling oil pollution of coastal waters by oil burning and oil carrying ships. Congress also has passed the Alaskan salmon fisheries conservation bill under which the government has stopped the destruction and started the rejuvenation of those fisheries, and the upper Mississippi fish and game refuge bill by which the streams of the upper Mississippi will be preserved for the breeding of fish and game.

Capital Recollections by the First Ladies

THE mistress of the White House makes history every day she lives there. But when she leaves, she writes it. The wives of the three predecessors of President Coolidge have written, or are preparing to write or edit, books about their husbands or their own White House experiences. Mrs. Taft has already written her memoirs. Mrs. Wilson, it is understood, is engaged in editing Woodrow Wilson's letters for publication in book form. And Mrs. Harding announces that, in collaboration with an experienced biographer, she will begin Warren Harding's biography as soon as her health permits.

Press dispatches stated recently Mrs. Harding had been offered $[illegible] by a syndicate to write "The Story of Warren G. Harding as Told by His Wife," and that she had agreed to [illegible] guarantee that every word would be printed as written. According to report, the syndicate believed at this [illegible] she would speak her mind upon some things that would be too full of dynamite to handle. With reference to these rumors a personal letter from Mrs. Harding said:

"There is no truth in the story that I am to write a book on 'Warren Harding as His Wife Knew Him.' Some time later, in collaboration with an experienced biographer, I hope to prepare a biography of Mr. Harding, but do not know when I will be able to undertake the work."

Fabulous offers have been made Mrs. Wilson to write her story. It is understood, however, she so far has declined, preferring to give the world Woodrow Wilson's own version of important phases of his administration in personal letters which he wrote [illegible] friends and foes alike.

Mrs. [illegible] predecessor, Mrs. Taft, still retains her [illegible] at the capital as the wife of the chief justice of the United States Supreme court. Her book, "Recollections of Full Years," is a valuable contribution to the history of the executive mansion as well as [illegible] phases of official life. "Twenty-five years crowded," as she puts it, "and all but one spent in public service."

Pershing Is to Stay at the Capital

THE capital will still see General Pershing. The day of his retirement at the age of sixty-four, in accordance with law, found him busy in his office as general of the armies and chief of staff. The single decoration which of the scores that are his, he wore on his tunic was the ribbon showing that he had, with hundreds of comrades of the war army, been awarded a Distinguished Service medal.

Through the courtesy of Secretary Weeks the general will continue to occupy his present offices as head of the battle monument commission. Remaining, as he will, in the War department, he will be at hand to advise with Secretary Weeks or other secretaries of war.

The last signal honor paid the general as an active soldier was the issuance of an executive announcement by President Coolidge expressing the nation's indebtedness for the service which won him leadership of the American forces in the World war. Only in the rare instances of history in which a retiring officer has reached the highest rank, has there been precedent for the honor conferred upon General Pershing in the executive order in which the President extended to him "once the thanks of the nation for his eminent services." The executive order, after reminding the country of its "obligation to one whose accomplishments contributed so largely to the defense of the world's liberties," reviewed his long career of military service, saying, among other things:

"In his position as chief of staff since the termination of the world conflict he has been a mainstay to the Executive in preparing an army of modest dimensions to be the nucleus of any military force the country may be obliged to place in the field. He has taken a leading part in the development of the citizen components of the army of the United States."

General Pershing's farewell to his associates of the army was given over the telephone line after he had concluded the radio address to the country. Calling the roll of corps area headquarters from Washington to New York, and thence to San Francisco, with an instant response from each, the general inquired of each major general in command the result of the defense test in his territory. The unvarying reports of success and enthusiastic response brought his personal thanks and congratulations. Then he bade them farewell.

CAN NOW ENJOY LIFE LIKE A YOUNGSTER

At 70, Spencer Says Troubles Are Overcome and He Gives Tanlac Entire Credit for Fine Condition.

"Since taking Tanlac I have no trouble with my health; I eat and sleep fine and enjoy life, for I feel as good as a youngster," is the striking statement of R. P. Spencer, 70, of 615 20th St., Denver, Colorado.

"For two years or more I felt all worn-out. I had no energy for work and just went dragging along in a lifeless sort of way. I would bloat terribly from the gas on my stomach and often had to sit down on account of dizzy spells. My head seemed to be going around like a 'flying-jenny.'

"A druggist put me onto Tanlac and I didn't have to take but a few doses before I knew it was doing the work. It stopped my troubles and left me feeling fine. Tanlac may not be the best tasting thing in the world, but it makes up for that in good results."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 40 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills for constipation; made and recommended by the manufacturers of Tanlac.

Arsenal Unearthed

Twenty-two rusting and rotting muzzle-loading muskets and several copper sabers were unearthed in a sandstone cave on a small island ten miles from the mainland by Emerson Wray, a blue fox farmer. The weapons are believed to have been hidden by a landing party of Russians who acted as hijackers against sealers in the early days of Alaska's Asiatic history.

For Business Only

"What is 'continuity,' John?" "'Continuity,' my dear, is something the moving picture people use—except in their matrimonial relationship."—Boston Transcript.

An engagement ring is a girl's idea of a band of hope.

Any man who is unable to master himself is a slave.

Genuine BAYER

ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds	Headache
Pain	Neuralgia
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Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

"Prose" and "Pro's"

In spelling matters the average boy's condition is aptly illustrated by a story a certain schoolteacher is fond of telling. A teacher was trying to explain to a group of youngsters the respective properties of poetry and prose. Her audience was rather bored, but she thought she caught a glimmer of comprehension [illegible] boy's face. [illegible] turning to him she said: "Now, Tommy, give me one definition of prose." "People who get paid for playing golf"—was the answer which [illegible] to the teacher.

Chinese Civilization Ancient

When the people in almost all of Europe were still wearing skins for clothing the Chinese were a highly cultured people. While Europe was just getting acquainted with the crudest of tools, Chinese artisans were using highly developed implements for skilled work, thus showing that the Chinese civilization is one of the very earliest.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching, by hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Advertisement.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

Where an Old Joke Began

Socrates, being asked by a youth whether he should marry or not, answered that whichever he did he would repent it.—[illegible].

Railroads Abandoned

Railways abandoned in this country within the last eight years total [illegible] miles.

And Therefore!

She—"Nobody loves a fat man." He—"Yes, but you're a little nobody."

Never Ridiculed

I have lived one hundred years, and I have in all that time never [illegible] the slightest ridicule upon the smallest virtue.—Fontenelle.

Warden Destroys Fish Trap

An Indian fish trap in the [illegible] river, Missouri, which has been in use for 100 years, has just been destroyed by the game and fish commissioner.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Absolutely Harmless—No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

WHAT CARRIZOZO PEOPLE TAX THEMSELVES

MR. J. M. HAWKINS,
Public Relations Department,
E. P. & S. W. Railroad.

Dear Sir: In my previous article on the subject of taxation, special emphasis was laid upon general state and general county levies, as those levies are quite often referred to as the PREVAILING TAX RATES. In many instances, however, it is a COMBINATION of the many special levies for state, county, school district, road and city purposes which CAST THE REAL BURDEN UPON THE TAXPAYER.

In Lincoln County, whereas the total state and general county rate for the year 1924 is on each dollar .... 26 113 mills

The taxpayer owning property in the CITY OF CARRIZOZO, for instance, will pay in addition for city tax on each dollar of valuation .... 6.000 mills

Also, for special school district tax .... 1 290 mills

Making a total of .... 33.403 mills

or 3.3403 cents on the dollar

In addition to all this, if the same taxpayer owns any livestock he will be called upon to as follows:

For account of the hog cholera fund .... 3.50 mills

For account of the cattle and horse sanitary board .... 2 00 mills

For account of the sheep sanitary board .... 8.00 mills

If he owned any bees he would be called upon to pay a special tax on each stand of bees for account of the salary and expenses of the bee inspector, and in addition to all the above an orchardist may be called upon to pay a tax to support the County Board of Horticultural Commissioners.

The special school district levy is made to take care of interest and sinking fund requirements and improvements, repairs and maintenance of school buildings, equipment and grounds.

An analysis of the above shows that the TAXES LEVIED FOR GENERAL STATE AND GENERAL COUNTY PURPOSES, by which we mean the taxes levied to pay the salaries and expenses of state and county officials and the operation of the state and county institutions, the construction and up-keep of highways, and the operation of schools, represent ONLY A PART OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT PAID BY A TAXPAYER who may own property in a CITY OR BONDED SCHOOL DISTRICT, and draws attention of the taxpayer to the expense of municipal administration, water works, modern sewers and up-to-date school buildings.

While the tax for general county and school purposes in Lincoln County is the highest of any county in this section of the state, it is fortunate for the taxpayer that the levies for interest and sinking fund are not so burdensome, totaling only 2,667 in the town of Carrizozo, divided as follows:

Town of Carrizozo	1.00 mill
County	.827 "
School District No. 7	.84 "

Thus the taxpayers themselves through being conservative in the voting upon themselves of a bonded indebtedness have directly aided in holding down their total tax rate.

The interest burden is FIXED, the levy to meet it is MANDATORY and MUST continue year after year UNTIL BONDS ARE PAID OFF.

Interest and sinking funds levies are made to meet fixed obligations, to secure which the taxpayers by their votes on bond issues have pledged the faith and credit of their community. A reduction in assessment can only mean an increase in rates. The elected officials may cut down on their expenditures for general purposes, such as schools, roads, health, indigent and the like, and thereby make more or less substantial reductions in the tax rate, but with a large levy going to meet interest and sinking fund obligations the affairs of Lincoln County indicate HOW THE POWER TO HOLD TAXES DOWN IS VESTED IN THE HANDS OF THE TAXPAYER.

Yours very truly,
H. B. HARDING,
Land and Tax Agent,
E. P. & S. W. Railroad.

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, SEPT. 17, 1924

Look 'em Over

The campaign is on and the Democratic party is out to win. The State of New Mexico has had the best administration it has had since statehood, and the candidates on the Democratic ticket, pledge an honest, efficient service and a continuance of the economical administration of Governor Hinkle during the past two years—and that record can be known by all and there is no disposition nor desire to dodge it.

New Mexico must go forward—not backward. And a study of past administrations in New Mexico should be sufficient to convince the voter of average intelligence that the record of the past two years is so far superior to that of the previous years that to make a comparison would be odious. Upon reflection, therefore, the voter must be convinced that the only way to accomplish, to continue, and to make effective an administration that will produce the desired results, is to select the candidates on the ticket who are pledged to carry out the policy of the present administration—a policy that has the approval of the business interests, the people's interests and the interest of good government free from special privilege or the arraignment of class against class, race against race, and religion against religion.

Is It Not So?

It is the hope of the Republican party that the apathy of confident Democrats will allow the Otero-Romero-Holt-Bursum-Leahy gang to get its fangs anew in the throat of the tax payer of New Mexico.

The Republican party was at the depth of its corruption and inefficiency during the Larrazolo and Mechem administrations. Those administrations were headed by the same men who now seek to regain control of this state. They have not changed. They have made no pretense of changing.

Manuel Otero in his Taos speech promised that the officials prominent in the Mechem administration would be reappointed if he were elected Governor. That the return of the notorious Jaramillo as warden of the penitentiary. He was originally an Otero appointee and they insisted his retention when a Republican penitentiary board asked for his removal. It will mean the face of Fritz Muller again at the Land Office. It could mean the return of Wagner to the Normal University at Las Vegas, and the hopeless Dr. Crile to the Agricultural College at Las Cruces.

The Democrats promised an administration of economy and honesty, and have fulfilled that promise. The arguments against the democratic party are laughable. The Democratic party in power has not been perfect. Nobody claims it has. Nothing human is perfect. But for anybody to attempt a favorable comparison between previous Republican rule and the present Democratic rule, is to leave themselves open to the charge of weakmindedness.

The Democratic party is the hope of the tax payer of New Mexico. A vote for Otero is a vote for Jaramillo. He says it himself. A vote for Bursum is a vote for Leahy. He says so himself. The issue is clear cut between efficiency and weak personalities. The gang must be turned out for good, and the people of this state will see that it is done on November 4 to the satisfaction of every fairminded man and who cares for progress and decency in government.

"Silence is Confession"

In Republican annals the present national campaign will be recorded as the "Campaign of Silence." The Democratic candidate, under our accepted theory of party responsibility, has held the Republican party responsible for the scandals of the Harding-Coolidge administration. Altho President Coolidge has preached party responsibility, candidate Coolidge has remained silent concerning Mr. Davis's charges in this respect.

The Democratic candidate has attacked the administration on every other issue of the campaign—on favoritism in taxation, on the tariff robbery, on the lack of a foreign policy, and all of the collateral issues, only to be met by silence—not a dignified silence, a forced contemptuous silence, but a shocking, timid, evasive silence which indicates inability to make reply. It is a silence that indicates the fear of controversy, and the lack of any "stomach for a fight," the fear of a man who runs away and hides.

Despite this silence, the administration press and spokesmen are eulogizing candidate Coolidge as a leader and a cool, courageous man, when the fact is that he will neither lead nor fight nor even attempt a defense of his party or himself.

It would be a generous critic indeed who would even credit him with that discretion which is the better part of valor. The silence of candidate Coolidge is not a discreet silence. It is the kind of silence rather, described by Daniel Webster when that statesman declared in a particular case: "Silence is Confession."

Straw votes don't always mean anything, but the fact that very few babies have been named after Bob LaFollette this year may yet prove significant.—Kansas City Star.

Knocking Down Strawmen

Republican campaign orators do not dare to discuss the chief issue of this campaign—Honest Governmet versus Corrupt Governmsht—because to do so would involve discussion of all the scandalous events and corrupt transactions of the Harding-Coolidge administration.

They do not dare to discuss party responsibility, which Mr. Coolidge has declared in favor of, because to do so would be to admit the Republican administration's responsibility for the scandals and corrupt practices. They prefer to repeat Mr. Coolidge's statement that "guilt is personal" which is in conflict with "party responsibility."

They do not dare to discuss the tariff issue in detail, because that would show that the protected interests are permitted under the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill to tax the people $4,000,000,000 annually, and that they actually levy a tax of $4,000,000,000, of which $3,500,000,000 goes into the pockets of the protected interests—a sum larger than the cost of running the entire government.

They do not dare discuss the question of income taxation and recent tax legislation, because that would involve an admission that the tax reduction granted by the Sixty-seventh and the Sixty-eighth Congresses was a Democratic reduction, brought about by the combined effort of Democrats and Progressive Republicans.

Unable to discuss the real issues of the campaign because all the facts and logic are against them, they resort to the time-worn method of creating fictitious issues and manufacturing strawmen who can easily be knocked over or torn to pieces. For instance, Mr. Herbert Hoover is making denunciations of government ownership, which is not an issue, and for which no one is seriously contending. Candidate Coolidge and candidate Dawes are attacking imaginary enemies of the Constitution, while the worst that has been proposed by any one has been to add another amendment to the nineteen amendments already adopted—a slow and deliberate process.

Before the campaign is over we may confidently expect that these reactionary spokesmen will administer a rebuke to someone who may have the timerity to speak disrespectfully of the equator, or who expresses a doubt about the nebular hypothesis—anything to avoid discussing the issues of the campaign about which the people are thinking, and which so vitally effect their welfare.

M. E. Dinner and Supper

The ladies of the Methodist Church will serve two meals on Election Day—one from 12 to 2, the other from 6 to 8 p.m. The meals will be served in the building adjoining the Lincoln State Bank. The patronage of the public will be appreciated. It

National Democratic Ticket

For President
JOHN W. DAVIS
For Vice President
CHARLES W. BRYAN
For Presidential Electors
O. B. ERICKSON
FELIX GARCIA
MRS. JOSE A. BACA
For U. S. Senator
SAM G. BRATTON
For Congress
JOHN MORROW

State Democratic Ticket

For Governor
A. T. HANNETT
For Lieutenant Governor
FELIPE SANCHEZ Y BACA
For Secretary of State
MRS. SOLEDAD C. CHACON
For Supreme Court, 8-year Term
HOWARD L. BICKLEY
For Supreme Court, 2-year Term
NUMA C. FRENGER
For Attorney General
JOHN W. ARMSTRONG
For State Auditor
JUAN N. VIGIL
For State Treasurer
WARREN GRAHAM
For Land Commissioner
JUSTINIANO BACA
For Supt. Public Instruction
MISS ISABEL ECKLES
For Corporation Commissioner
ED C. TAFOYA
For State Senator, Dist. 15
V. H. MONTGOMERY
For State Senator, Dist. 18
MRS. LOTTIE H. COX
For District Attorney
G. O. COLDWELL

County Democratic Ticket

For County Clerk
MRS. LOTAH L. MILLER
For Treasurer
M. B. PADEN
For Assessor
C. C. MERCHANT
For Sheriff
A. S. McCAMANT
For Probate Judge
W. E. KIMBRELL
For School Superintendent
MISS MARY FRITZ
For Commissioner, 1st Dist.
GEORGE HAMILTON
For Commissioner, 2nd Dist.
J. H. BENSON
For Commissioner, 3rd Dist.
I. N. WINGFIELD
For County Surveyor
J. A. BRUBAKER
For State Representative, 16th Legislative District
JOHN E. HALL, JR.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

Bank of Commerce of Roswell

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO

At the close of business, Friday, Oct. 10, 1924.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$139,106.00	Capital Stock	$ 50,000.00
Overdrafts	None	Undivided Profits	2,710.46
Real Estate	4,928.92	Deposits	153,827.07
Furniture and Fixtures	2,717.00	Re-Discount	None
Cash and Sight Exchange	59,784.65		
Total	$206,537.53	Total	$206,537.53

The above statement is correct,
B. S JAFFA, Cashier.

10-17-3t

LUMBER

And Building Material, Paints and Glass

CARRIZOZO Western Lumber Co., Inc. NEW. MEX.

Phone 39 D. R. STEWART, Manager.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

WHOLE BODY SEEMED IN ONE AWFUL PAIN

Morse, La.—Mrs. L. P. Lambert, who has been a popular school-teacher here for several years, recently told a visitor of her interesting experience with Cardui.

"Just before my . . . came on," said Mrs. Lambert, "I would ache all over. My feet, my legs, my arms, hands, head—my whole body seemed to be in one awful pain. I would grow so nervous that I could not hold a cup in my hand. My husband would have to hold my coffee for me to drink. Last fall I was in such a bad condition that I had to spend about three days in bed every month. It seemed to me that I was on my last go-round."

Then one day, said Mrs. Lambert, she happened to read about Cardui and the experiences of some women who had been helped by it. "I felt that Cardui might help me if I tried it," she continued, "for I had been suffering with similar troubles to those mentioned there. I had heard of Cardui all my life and I knew many women who said they had been helped by it. The very next day I began to take it.

"Very soon after, I began to notice my improvement. I kept on till I felt like a different woman. I gained in weight from 98 pounds to 115 and felt better than I had in years. I took six bottles right along and found it a splendid tonic. My suffering was partly due to a run-down condition and the Cardui stimulated my appetite and helped me to gain the strength I needed. . . . I take a bottle every now and then, even now, just as a tonic to keep up my strength, but I am in better health than I have been in for years."

All druggists sell Cardui. Try it.

J8

Catholic Church

Every Sunday

First Mass (English) 8 a. m.
Second Mass (Spanish) at 9:30.
Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.
Evening services at 7:30 p.m.

P. J. Otten, Pastor.

I. O. O. F.

Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.

ROY G. SKINNER, N. G.
WM. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

Lincoln County Teachers Association

The following is the program for the Lincoln County Teachers Association for Friday and Saturday, Oct. 24-25, at Corona:

Friday, Oct. 24
High School Auditorium, 1:30

Invocation
Assembly...................."America"
Welcome......Mr. J. M. Du Bois, Pres. Corona School Board
Response..........Mrs. J. B. French, Pres. Lincoln Co. Teachers Ass'n
Piano solo.......Miss Merle McClure, Capitan
Address...............Miss Isabel Eckels, State Supt. Public Instruction
Musical Number..................Corona
Sectional meeting:
High School—Mr. J. M. Helms, Carrizozo High School
Grades—Miss Isabel Eckels, Santa Fe
Primary Art—Mrs. Hunt, Carrizozo

Friday Evening, 7:30
High School Auditorium

Musical Number..................Carrizozo
"The Father in Education"..Dr. F. H. Roberts, Pres. Junior College El Paso
Vocal solo..........Mrs. Ruth Stuart, Lincoln
Address......Dr. J. M. Cook, Pres. Montezuma College
Musical Number..................Capitan

Saturday, Oct. 25
High School Auditorium, 9 a.m.

Business session
Piano solo..........Mrs. J. H. Mims, Glencoe
Story Telling.......Miss Brown, N. M. Normal
Musical Number..................Corona
Address......Mr. Frank Carroon, Pres. N. M. Normal University

Free Barbecue Dinner, 12

Saturday Afternoon, 1:30
High School Auditorium

Musical Number..................Capitan
Reading..........Miss Brown, N. M. Normal
Address.......Dr. H. L. Kent, Pres. A. & M. College, Las Cruces

BASKET BALL
Boys—Corona vs. Carrizozo
Girls—Corona vs. Carrizozo

Carrizozo Schools

Following is the attendance record for the first month, beginning Sept. 15 and ending Oct. 15:

High School, 99 per cent; 8th grade, 96.5; 7th grade, 98; 6th grade, 99; 5th grade, 95.6; 4th grade, 95; 3rd grade, 96; 2nd grade, 84.5; 1st grade, 90.2, Primary (Mrs. Craddock's room), 76 per cent; Kindergarten (Mrs. Adams' room), 87. Average for the entire school, 91.7 per cent.

[Owing to pressure on our space this week we are unable to find room for the honor roll]

Deliberate Misrepresentation

Albuquerque, Oct. 13—In a statement published here today by the Albuquerque Journal, a Republican newspaper, Attorney-General Milton Helmick declared that "the situation regarding state deposits in defunct banks has been inexcusably misrepresented" and denied that the state "has a half million in deposits in defunct banks covered only by personal bonds." Helmick issued a signed statement to this effect.

According to Mr. Helmick, the amount of state money in banks which have closed during the past two years was more than $1,100,000. Of this amount about thirteen percent, or about $140,000, was covered by personal bonds to the amount of $142,500, and about 87 per cent, or about $960,000, was covered by surety and government bonds.

"The surety companies, either in writing or through their attorneys, have recognized their liability and agreed to pay up the entire balance before the middle of December, before I leave office," said Mr. Helmick. He pointed out that more than $9,500 had been collected on a personal bond last week, and that the Finance Board regarded the total amount involved as safe.

Attorney General Helmick's statement follows:

"The situation respecting state deposits in defunct banks has been inexcusably misrepresented. The facts are as follows: The amount of state money in banks which have closed during the past two years was more than one million, one hundred thousand dollars. Of this amount about 13 per cent or about $140,000 was covered by personal bonds and about 87 per cent or about $960,000 was covered by surety company and government bonds.

The surety company and government bonds have paid more than one half of this remainder and less than one half remains due. The finance board threatened suit against the surety companies for this balance, whereupon the companies in writing or through their attorneys recognized their liabilities and agreed to pay up the entire balance by the middle of December before I leave the office of attorney general. With this understanding suits have been withheld as unnecessary. The companies submit that there is a chance of several banks being reopened, liquidated, or reorganized shortly and that the company should be permitted to await such possible benefit until the middle of December. This seems fair since the companies will pay the same interest on the money which a bank would pay. The finance board has brought suit on all personal bonds and is pushing the suits to conclusion. More than $9,500 was collected upon a personal bond last week.

There is no truth in the statement that the state has a half million in deposits covered only by personal bonds. There is no truth to the statement that the companies possess defenses to the payment of the remainder due. There is no truth to the statement that the companies have a defense in cases where the state holds personal bonds in addition to surety bonds,—the supreme court of New Mexico has decided that the state can make good from the surety bonds solely. There is no truth in the statement that the companies have paid all they intend to pay. There is no truth in the statement that "hundreds of thousands" of state money has been lost.

"The Personal bond law was passed as a non-partisan measure to meet a grave emergency when surety companies were threatening to cancel all their depository bonds in the state, and the finance board has made use of the law as little as possible. With a few trifling exceptions the money covered by personal bonds was already in the banks when the present finance board took charge and could not be withdrawn without breaking the banks. Under these circumstances the board made use of the new law and accepted personal bonds."

Notice of Special Master's Sale Under Foreclosure

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the final decree of foreclosure made and entered August 8, 1924, in the District Court of Lincoln County, State of New Mexico, in Cause No. 3423, on the civil docket of said Court, wherein R. M. Lee is plaintiff, and Robert W. Morrison, Leroy Morrison, Robert L. Ward, well and Jaffa Prager and Company, a corporation, are defendants, the undersigned special master, designated in said final decree and order of sale, will offer for sale, at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the courthouse in Carrizozo, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, at ten o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, 1924, the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, to wit:

West half southwest quarter, Section twenty-seven, east half southeast quarter, section twenty-eight, north half section thirty-three, and northwest quarter section thirty-four, township nine south of range nineteen east, N. M. P. M., containing six hundred forty acres, together with, all and singular, the lands, tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining.

Notice is further given that the amounts to be realized from said sale according to the terms of said decree, are as follows:

Principal debt, and interest thereon to date of sale	$1181.54
Attorney's fees,	105.05
Accrued costs,	31.36
Special master's fee	10.00
Total,	$1328.95

together with the cost of publication of this notice.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1924.

GRACE M. JONES
10-17-44 Special Master

Proposed Amendments

Proposed Constitutional Amendments to be submitted at the General Election November 4, 1924.

Pursuant to the provisions of House Joint Resolutions, Nos. 16, 17 and 14 under the heads of Constitutional Amendment No. 1, Constitutional Amendment No. 2 and Constitutional Amendment No. 3, at pages 350 and 351, Session Laws of 1923, the following Constitutional Amendments are submitted to the qualified voters at the General Election to be held November 4, 1924.

SOLEDAD C. CHACON,
Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment No. 1

Proposing to Amend Section 2 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico.

H. J. R. No. 16;

Approved March 8, 1923.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico:

That it is hereby proposed to amend Sec. 2 of Article X, of the constitution of the State of New Mexico, said Article being entitled County and Municipal Corporations, so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. All county officers shall be elected for a term of four years and no county officer shall, after having served one full term, be eligible to hold any county office for four years thereafter. This section shall apply to all county officers elected at the general election to be held in the year 1926 and thereafter."

Constitutional Amendment No. 2

Proposing to Amend Section 1 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico.

H. J. R. No. 17;

Approved March 8, 1923

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico:

That it is hereby proposed to amend Section 1 of Article V of the constitution of the State of New Mexico, said Article being entitled Executive Department, so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. The executive department shall consist of a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney-General, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Commissioner of Public Lands, who shall be elected for the term of four years, beginning on the first day of January next after their election. Such officers shall, after having served one full term, be ineligible to hold any state office for four years thereafter. The officers of the executive department, except Lieutenant Governor, shall, during their terms of office, reside and keep the public records, books, papers, and seals of office at the seat of government."

Constitutional Amendment No. 3

Proposing to Amend Section 14 of Article II of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico.

H. J. R. No. 14,

Approved March 10, 1923

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico.

That it is hereby proposed to amend Sec. 14 of Article II of the constitution of the State of New Mexico, said Article being entitled "Bill of Rights," so as to read as follows.

"Sec. 14. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, felonious or infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury or information filed by District Attorney or Attorney General or their deputies, except in cases arising in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. No person shall be so held on information without having had a preliminary examination before an examining magistrate, or having waived such preliminary examination.

A grand jury shall be composed of such number, not less than twelve, as may be prescribed by law. Citizens only, residing in the county for which a grand jury may be convened and qualified as prescribed by law, may serve on a grand jury. Concurrence necessary for the finding of an indictment by a grand jury shall be prescribed by law provided such concurrence shall never be by less than a majority of those who compose a grand jury and Provided at least eight must concur in finding an indictment when a grand jury is composed of twelve in number. Until otherwise prescribed by law a grand jury shall be composed of twelve in number in which eight must concur in finding an indictment. A grand jury shall be convened upon order of a judge of a court empowered to try and determine capital, felonious or infamous crimes at such times as to him shall be deemed necessary, or a grand jury shall be ordered to convene by such judge upon the filing of a petition therefor signed by not less than seventy-five resident taxpayers of the county, or a grand jury may be convened in any additional manner as may be prescribed by law.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall have the right to appear and defend himself in person, and by counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have the charge and testimony interpreted to him in a language that he understands; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of necessary witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed.

After the submission and approval by the electors of this State, the provisions hereof shall take effect on January 1, 1925."

10-3 4

NOTICE OF SUIT

STATE OF NEW MEXICO,
COUNTY OF LINCOLN.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT

FLOYD L. ROWLAND,
PLAINTIFF.
VS. NO. 3169
ISHUM S. COBB AND
ANNA COBB, HIS WIFE,
DEFENDANTS.

To the Defendants, Ishum S. Cobb and Anna Cobb, his wife:

You and each of you are hereby notified that there is pending in the above named district court a suit brought by the above named plaintiff against you to recover judgment for the sum of Eight Hundred Dollars ($800.00) evidenced by a promissory note, and also to foreclose a real estate mortgage upon the $NE\frac{1}{4}$ of the $NW\frac{1}{4}$ of section 8, T. 1 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. M., and also a chattel mortgage upon a rock dwelling house and certain wire fence more particularly described in the said chattel mortgage.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in this suit on or before the 8th day of November, 1924, the relief prayed for by the plaintiff will be granted, and judgment rendered against you accordingly.

The name and address of attorney for plaintiff is L. W. Dobecs, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and seal of the district court on this the 23rd day of September, 1924.

(Seal) R. N. TREAT,
9-26-4 County Clerk.

Judges of Election

The following is a list of the judges appointed by the Board of County Commissioners for the coming general election, to be held Tuesday, November 4, 1924:

Prect.

1 Lincoln—W. O. [illegible], [illegible]. Election to be held in [illegible]
2 [illegible]—W. E. [illegible], J. S. [illegible]. Election to be held in school house
3 [illegible]. Election to be held in [illegible]
4 [illegible]. Election to be held in [illegible]
5 [illegible], W. T. Lawrence, [illegible]. Election to be held in school house
6 [illegible], J. C. Walker. Election to be held in school house
7 [illegible], A. O. [illegible]. Election to be held in school house
8 White Oaks—[illegible] Jackson, Wayne Van [illegible]. Election to be held in [illegible]
9 Capitan—[illegible], Jack Frost, A. J. [illegible]. Election to be held in school house
10 [illegible] Gonzales, P. O. [illegible], Frank [illegible]. Election to be held in the school house
11 Nogal—L. B. La May, [illegible]. Election to be held in Nogal Hall
12 [illegible]—[illegible], J. Carlton, Ira [illegible]. Election to be held in [illegible] school house
13 Corona—Jean Harris, Dan Franks, W. O. [illegible]. Election to be held in school-house.
14 Carrizozo—Ben Sanchez, O. T. McQuillen, J. H. [illegible]. Election to be held in Court House
15 Oscura—R. B. Slight, Mrs. Burns, W. T. [illegible]. Election to be held in school house.
16 Ancho—John Dale, Myrtle Straley, Ira Boyd. [illegible]. Election to be held in school house
17 [illegible]—Roy Hill, Dan McFarland, J. P. [illegible]. Election to be held store building
18 Jicarilla—A. P. Alexander, J. N. Hicks, Wm. [illegible]. Election to be held in store building

FOR SALE:—Wire, hog fence, chicken netting, etc.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan.

The Lobby Comment

(New Mexico State Tribune)

"I want to ask you a question," said Old Man De Vargas as the reporter came up. The Old Man looked bewildered. The reporter waited proudly.

"What ever in the world has happened to H. Olaf, of Socorro?" said the Old Man as if he really wanted to know. The reporter knew nothing to say, so said nothing.

"Now I've known Bursum for nearly 30 years and if he's ever acted as he is acting now, I've been completely unconscious all thru the period of his relapse. The first sign of senility I noticed was at the Republican state convention when Olaf took the floor about 11:30 o'clock in the morning to accept a nomination he had crammed down their throats.

In the circumstances, it would have been the humane thing to say 'many thanks, my faithful servants' and let the folks get away for their dinners. But H. Olaf began an oration that was still going on at 12:30 with hardly anybody but Jose Sena and Old Doc Crile, the Half Truth King of the Pecos Valley, still in the hall."

"That was one time," said the Old Man. "Another was when they invited H. Olaf to a Rotary dinner to give a ten minute talk and he was still at it when the last merchant had returned to his store and checked up on the sales made during his absence. How long that speech continued only the helpless waiters know.

"And the significant thing is that H. Olaf is defending himself, explaining himself. Think of that from him! His motto used to be to ignore everything and play your own game. And now he's getting as peevish as a jilted school boy, and saying nasty things about the Big Four Brotherhood and telling the soldier boys to go way back and sit down and make motions that they liked the gold brick the Republican party handed them."

"They do say," said the Old Man, "that Olaf isn't any too sure of himself in his home state. He remembers the walloping he got running for governor and again for U. S. senator a long time ago, and he remembers that his only victory was against a Democratic party in New Mexico that got the years mixed up and forgot all about election till a week before."

It's like that boy Dana Johnson says in the New Mexican: "The cash, says Bursum, option is a dead issue and the brotherhoods can go jump in the pond. Sometimes we fear that Burse is not the politician, if any, that he used to be." And ain't that the truth as laid down in the gospel?"

"I guess it's about as Reed Holloman is reported to have said," continued the Old Man. "When they asked Reed the reason of the Socorro statesman, he said that H. Olaf isn't a politician any more, he is now a statesman. Isn't that an awful thing to happen to a man who used to be looked up to in New Mexico?"

Tutt's Pills

The first dose astonishes the invalid, giving immediate relief, regulating bowels and digestive organs, inducing

GOOD DIGESTION

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Sterling, Manager

Sat. 18—"The Last Moment," with Doris Kenyon and Henry Hull (Metro-Goldwyn).
Comedy, "Torchy's Hold-up."

Tues. 21—"Salomy Jane" with Jacqueline Logan (Paramount).

Fri. Oct. 24—"Eternal Struggle" with Earl Williams (Metro-Goldwyn)
Comedy, "The Skipper's Sermon."

Sat. 25—"Young Diana" with Marion Davis.

CLASSIFIED

FOR RENT—One apartment, also two rooms, furnished. Steam heat; hot and cold water.—Henry Lutz. 9-10

Just received—Ingersoll Watches.—Paden's Drug Store.

FOUND—A small gold pin, set with stones. Owner may have article by calling at this office, describing property and paying for this notice.

Headquarters for School Books and School Supplies.—Paden's Drug Store.

PASTURAGE—Seven sections in Black Water Draw; mixed range; fine grass. 25c a head, or 35c where I care for them. 2½ miles west of Portales.—R. L. WOOD, Portales. 2t

Drugs, fresh and pure, at Paden's Drug Store.

Call 41 for tin work. Small rush jobs a specialty—called for and delivered.

Try one of those cold ones at our fountain.—Rolland Bros.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest.—Such's

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo — New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
'Phone 96
Carrizozo N. M.

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo N. M.

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms Upstairs in the Bank Bldg.
CARRIZOZO, New Mexico

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in Exchange Bank Bldg Upstairs

GEO. B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo New Mexico

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST
[illegible] CARRIZOZO N M
ABSTRACTS INSURANCE OF INSURANCE

Carrizozo Lodge,
No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1924:

Jan 19, Feb 16, Mar. 15, Apr. 19, May 17, Jun 14, July 12, Aug. 9, Sept. 13, Oct. 11, Nov 8, Dec 6 & 27

[illegible] W. M.
[illegible] Secretary

Methodist Church

W. R. McPherson, Pastor.

Sunday school at 10 a. m., D. A. Donaldson, superintendent.

Preaching at 11 a. m.

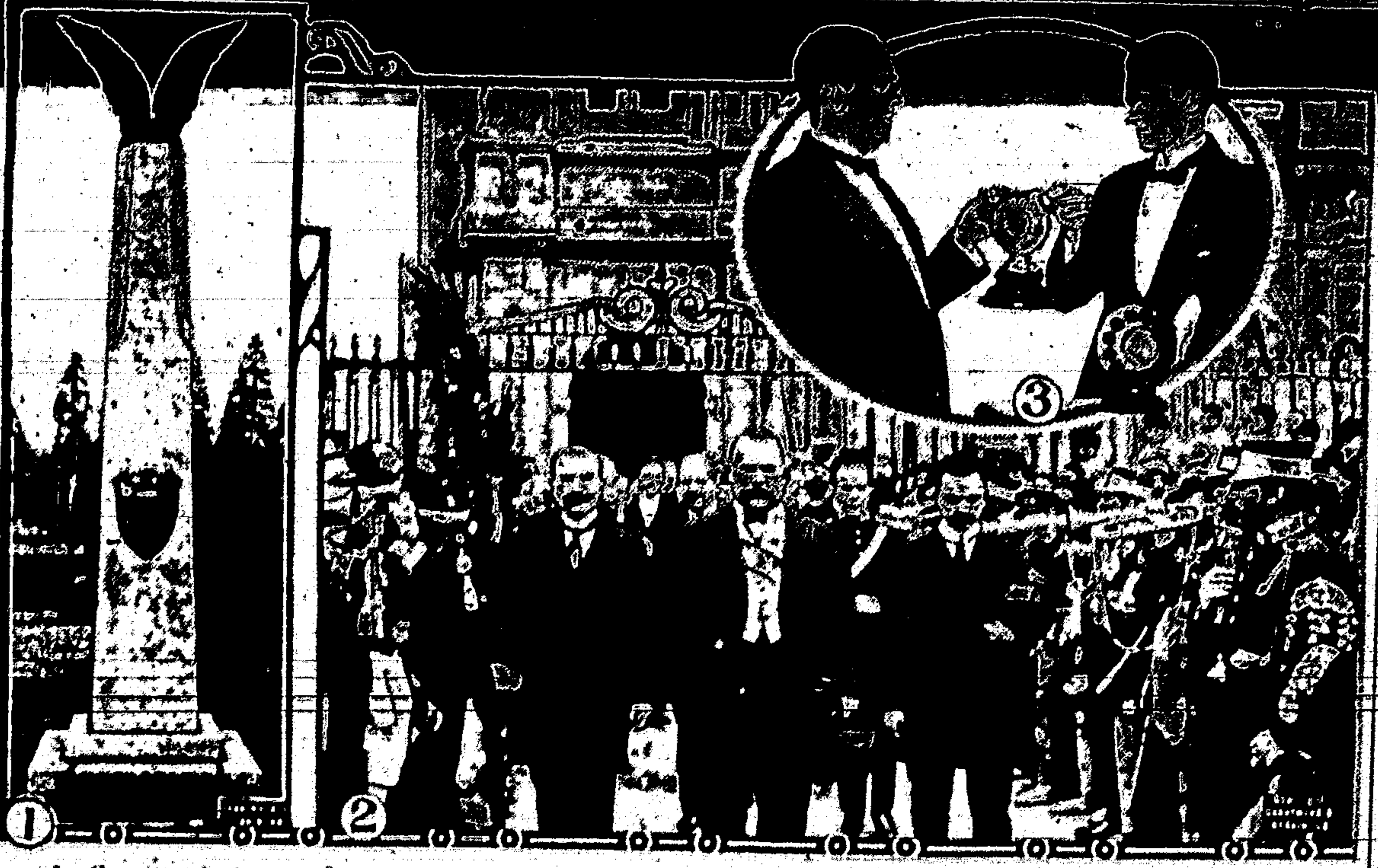
Young People's meeting, 6:45.

Preaching at 7:30 p. m.

A cordial invitation is extended to everyone. We are fortunate to have good talent in music and we will have special instrumental and voice music next Sunday.

WANTED—Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children; eliminates darning. Salary $75 a week full time. $1.50 an hour spare time. Cottons, heathers, silks.

INTERNATIONAL STOCKING MILLS
1-4-10 Norristown, Pa.



1—Granite shaft unveiled at Sand Point field, Seattle, as memorial to the around-the-world flight of the army aviators. 2—President Obregon leaving the cathedral in Mexico City after Mexican independence day services which the American industrial mission attended. 3—George Dewey Hay of Chicago receiving gold cup at radio world's fair in New York, as best radio announcer in the world.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Japan Wins Victory in the League of Nations—Baseball Scandal.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

JAPAN has, for the time being, put one over on the member nations of the League of Nations, and all the world is waiting, rather anxiously, to see what the result will be. It all turns on the matter of regulation of immigration, which the Japanese will not admit is a purely internal question that each nation is entitled to determine without outside interference. They refused to accept the league's proposed treaty of arbitration, security and disarmament until it had been amended to accord with their view on that point, and after a strenuous debate the committee in charge yielded to them and framed a so-called compromise which satisfied them. The "protocol for pacific settlement of international disputes," as it is officially known, was then submitted to the league assembly and accepted. In the opinion of most Americans and of Australia, Canada and other British dominions, the league has overreached itself by attempting to become not only an international arbitrator but an international lawmaker, and the result is more likely to be war than peace.

Briefly stated, the amendments insisted upon and obtained by Count Adachi and his Japanese colleagues oblige the league to arbitrate the immigration question or any other question of internal policy even after the world court has refused to have anything to do with it. This, as one correspondent puts it, means that "Japan is entitled to drag the United States into a long, dangerous dispute on the race question before the world's nations, even though the highest court of justice in existence has declared the question at issue is America's own business. No time limit is set for this operation and if at any time during this process the United States [illegible] over the issues and decides to handle its own problems in its own way the league is obliged to punish it by the military power of 53 nations."

If the United States should refuse to obey the league's orders, Japan could declare war on us and could count on the support of as many of the signatory nations as would honor their signatures to the covenant. In the same case would be any other nation that has adopted legislative measures to check Japanese immigration.

In the debates in Geneva the Japanese had the support of China and Italy—quite understandably—and of Belgium, whose reason for such a stand is not clear. The French and English representatives were so set on adoption of the protocol that they finally accepted the compromise, which in fact was practically complete surrender to Count Adachi's demands. However, adoption of the protocol at Geneva is not binding until the document has been ratified by the governments of signatory powers, and the prospect now is that it will be rejected by at least the British, Australian, New Zealand, South African and Canadian [illegible]. Australia, which is determined to remain "white," is especially concerned over the matter and its press is outspoken and bitter in comment. In the United States the consistent opponents of American membership in the league find further justification for their position. Those who have advocated American membership are in the main noticeably silent.

In one respect the discussions in the league worked out to the disadvantage of the Japanese, for they were compelled to admit openly that they were considering the possibility of making war on the United States over the immigration question. This might well result in the making of an agreement by America, England and the British dominions for parallel action, co-operation and support.

ENGLAND'S labor government has run up against a crisis that is likely to bring about its downfall. Some days ago Prime Minister MacDonald announced that if the house of commons failed to ratify the treaties negotiated with soviet Russia he would appeal to the country through a general election. He said that under the pacts Great Britain secured many valuable concessions and would only guarantee, not make, a loan to Russia. Wednesday night the Liberal parliamentary party, on which the Laborites rely for their control of the house, met and gave notice to the government to abandon the Russian treaties or get out of office. When the autumn session of parliament opens on October 28 the Liberals will offer a motion rejecting the treaties on the ground that they threaten "to divert resources that are urgently needed for national and imperial development," and that they "contemplate that the British taxpayer should be made liable for further loans to the Russian state, raised by means of a guarantee by the British government, as a condition upon which any part of the private claims of certain British creditors should be recognized or met by the soviet republic." The motion of repudiation will be supported by the Unionists.

FOR the first time in ten years France has a balanced budget, and Finance Minister Clementel says the equilibrium between receipts and expenditures will be maintained, the policy of raising loans to meet normal charges being abandoned. Assurance is given that none of the measures proposed are such as to harm capital. Taxes will remain unchanged, but they will be more thoroughly collected. Among the estimated receipts is 800,000,000 francs from Germany.

FINANCE Minister Luther of Germany has gone to London to sign the agreements in connection with the Dawes plan loan, which he said would be floated before the American elections and put on the market at 87 and bear 7 per cent interest. The British bankers informed him that unless Germany was prepared to cut down the customs barriers against British trade she need not expect further credits there.

Germany's immediate worry is a prospective wheat famine, for the crop has been fully half destroyed in regions that were [illegible] by [illegible] East Prussia, Westphalia and the Rhineland suffered the most. [illegible] exported grain have been sold to the United States, Canada and Argentina to purchase grain. Not much can be obtained from Russia for the crops there also are short. The only plan is to put an import duty on grain, the money obtained to go to the farmers, many of whom are facing financial ruin.

CHINA'S civil war goes along merrily but neither side seems to have won any decisive advantage. On the Shanghai front the fighting has been severe for several days and the defenders of the city appear to be getting the worst of it. These Chekiang forces, however, though driven back, claim to have strengthened their lines. Their troops in the Shanghai area are now commanded by [illegible], once a famous general and later a bandit chief. In northern China Wu and Chang have not yet engaged in a real battle.

Just to complete the record about wars, it should be said that the Spanish troops in Morocco, after relieving some of the garrisons that were besieged by the Riff tribesmen, were again in difficulties because the Moors cut the Tetuan highroad and once more surrounded Xauen where there is now a Spanish force of 8,000. Also it is reported that the Wahabis, the [illegible] fanatics of Islam, have captured Mecca from King Hussein's Arabs.

NEW YORK Giants and Washington Senators, having won respectively the National and American league pennants, are playing the world's championship series. But on the eve of its opening there came to light another sad scandal. Commissioner Landis blacklisted two members of the Giants, Outfielder Jimmy O'Connell and Coach Cozy Dolan, for attemping to bribe Shortstop Heinie Sand of the Philadelphia team to throw a game to New York so as to make their victory in the National league more certain. Sand refused the $500 offered him and promptly informed his manager. O'Connell, called before Commissioner Landis, President Heydler of the National league and John McGraw, manager of the Giants, confessed and vainly tried to implicate three of his fellow players. O'Connell was bought from the Pacific coast by the Giants in 1922 at a cost of $75,000 and had been much lionized in California. He says Coach Dolan suggested the bribery scheme to him, but where the $500 came from is not yet revealed. Dolan has been in professional baseball for 20 years.

CHICAGO was host last week to the American Bankers' association, which wound up its final session with the installation of the new president, William E. Knox, head of the Bowery Savings bank of New York. Several of the financiers who addressed the convention made severe attacks on Senator LaFollette, terming him "the nation's chief liability" and "the archdemagogue." The independent candidate for the Presidency, indeed, found no defenders among the bankers, which is not surprising.

SENATOR BROOKHART of Iowa, who is running for reelection as a Republican, prepared his way to bolting the G. O. P. national ticket by a letter to Chairman Butler in which he demanded that Charles G. Dawes resign or be compelled to resign as candidate for the vice presidency. He declared Dawes had wrecked the campaign especially in the Northwest, and that he had organized a [illegible] group—the Minute Men of the Constitution—to combat an illegal [illegible] of the Constitution with the secret purpose of destroying the constitutional status of union labor. He also held that the Dawes candidacy was an insult to the cooperative movement in agriculture. Brookhart has long been in sympathy with the LaFollette faction. Neither Butler nor Dawes has replied to the demand at this writing. The "regular" Republicans in Iowa are wondering what to do about Brookhart. He cannot be removed as the party nominee, but the state committee may decide to support [illegible], an independent Republican candidate for the senatorship.

Democrats of Rhode Island nominated Gov. William S. Flynn for United States senator. Their platform denounces the Ku Klux Klan and calls for modification of the Volstead act to permit the sale of light wines and beer. Similar planks are in the platforms adopted by the Democrats of Vermont and New Jersey.

REPORTS received by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon show that financial conditions in the agricultural sections of the Northwest have improved steadily since the operation of the $10,000,000 agricultural credit corporation which was formed by New York and Chicago bankers at the suggestion of President Coolidge.

"Attention was first directed by the corporation to the banking situation, then in bad straits, and loans were made to some of the 300 banks to an aggregate amount of over $[illegible]," says the statement from the treasury. "Deposits in the banks aided were over $[illegible]. It is difficult to estimate how many of these banks would have been closed if the aid had not been given—probably 70 per cent, and the effect of their closing would have embarrassed other banks.

"It is safe to assume that by stopping the successive number of bank failures in the Northwest until the crop began to mature and the spirit of the people in this territory revived, the corporation safeguarded at least $[illegible] of the people's deposits.

"The banking situation having so improved by the increased prosperity in the territory, the corporation has now concentrated its attention on farm diversification."

New Mexico State Items

The fifth annual county fair of Otero county was held in Alamogordo last week. The fair was one of the best ever held in the county.

The annual meeting of the Sportsmen's Association of Southwestern New Mexico was held in Silver City last week with a large number of the members in attendance.

Informed that Texas cattle and sheep men were planning to move large herds into New Mexico to escape the foot and mouth disease in that state, Gov. James F. Hinkle declared quarantine in force against the Lone Star state to prevent the shipment into New Mexico of any cattle, sheep, goats or swine.

The Service Company, 410th infantry, has been transferred to Artesia from Clayton, according to a war order issued last week. This company, whenever organized at war strength, will consist of six officers, one warrant officer, who is a band leader, and 273 enlisted men, thirteen horses, and 341 mules.

The Union County Fair at Clayton was a big success in every way and the many exhibits broke all records of past years. While many of the crops of the county are late this year, the showing made at the opening is the best in the history of the county, and the live stock exhibit one of the finest ever seen in that section.

The Illinois oil well No. 4 at Artesia was shot last week by a representative of the U. S. Torpedo Company, and the officials of the company believe that it will soon develop into the biggest producer in the Pecos valley. The well flowed about nine minutes after the shot. Oil was thrown over the entire surrounding country.

Demetilia Sanchez, aged 16, was fatally injured when she was struck by an automobile while walking on a public road. She died almost instantly. George Armijo and two companions, occupants of the car, are being held in jail at Albuquerque and the district attorney said a charge of murder or manslaughter would be filed against them.

James Robinson, son of Dr. and Mrs. L. B. Robinson, of Fort Bayard, met with a tragic accident last week when he was accidentally shot and mortally wounded. The boy, with a companion, was hunting near the Bayard road, and in crossing his shotgun through a fence the trigger caught on the wires and the gun was discharged, the charge of shot entering his abdomen.

At the first meeting in Farmington of the Wilbur F. Pierce post of the American Legion in over two years, the post was completely reorganized and the plans for the coming year taken up and a program started. Some twenty ex-service men and former members of the legion signed up for membership and the fact that the old charter had not been revoked will enable the post to get on its feet without trouble.

Philip Hunt of Chicago, Ill., was killed in a battle with a posse of deputy sheriffs five miles south of San Marcial, N. M. Leo Sexton and a boy whose last name is Arron, both of Chicago, companions of Hunt, were wounded in the legs but are not in a dangerous condition. They were charged with robbing the store of [illegible] at Belen, N. M. The alleged bandits were overtaken five miles south of San Marcial, Socorro is the county seat. When they were ordered to throw up their hands they opened fire on the posse, the officers said. The officers returned the fire, killing Hunt and wounding his companions.

The county officials of Socorro county will have to wait for the unpaid portion of their 1923 salaries, according to a decision handed down by the Supreme Court in a mandamus case by Sheriff J. E. Kerr of Socorro county against the county commissioners and State Tax Commission. The opinion is by Justice Tomlinson Fort, the first he has written since his appointment to the bench to succeed former Justice Sam G. Bratton. Justice C. M. Botts concurs.

According to a report of the engineers in charge of the work the city water reservoir for Aztec will soon be completed and the pipe lines laid. The work at the reservoir is progressing rapidly and the walls are poured to the depth of over ten feet. As the basin is lowered there is a heavy underflow of water which leads the men in charge to believe that it will never go dry in the midsummer season when the river is low. The pipe for the main to the city has been shipped and the big ditcher is on the job, so that no time will be lost in the work. It is now the belief of the engineers that water will be run through the mains to Aztec in the next thirty days.

The 1924 Santa Fe Fiesta cost the people of Santa Fe about $8,000 according to reports submitted at a luncheon meeting of the Fiesta Council at the museum in Santa Fe. It is estimated that some 2,000 visitors were here, spending over $25,000 at a conservative estimate while in the city.

Heavy frosts in the vicinity of Melrose did considerable damage to late crops, most of the melon vines being killed. This is the earliest that killing frosts have visited that part of the state in several years.

GOOD ROADS

ROAD CONSTRUCTION IS GREAT PROBLEM

The growth of "the good roads movement" in the United States and Canada since its organized inception in 1880, and with the great stimulus it received in the periods immediately following the advent of the automobile and the appearance of the motor truck, has been so rapid, so extensive and so effective that highway construction today constitutes one of the greatest, if not the greatest, problem in American economic life.

There are now 1,702 organized agencies actively and directly pleading the cause of good roads. The agitation, to date, has brought about the construction of 310,000 miles of surfaced highways—raising the highway mileage of the United States to 2,478,552, and that of Canada to 255,000.

The automobile industry, fourth largest in the country, with 368 manufacturing plants, capitalized at $1,204,378,642, employing 325,000 workmen, having an annual output of 2,205,197 passenger cars and trucks valued at $3,504,814,620, and supplemented as it is by 1910 firms producing auto parts valued at $800,000,000 a year, together with 1,000 firms manufacturing annually 35,000,000 tires valued at $1,000,000,000, is absolutely dependent upon highway improvement for its stability and upon increased road mileage for greater expansion. In addition, 33,000 distributors of automobiles are involved, as well as 45,800 dealers in automobile accessories and 46,000 dealers in tires. So great, too, has the road-building industry become, in consequence of the demand for improved roads, that 7,500 contracting firms are now engaged in actual construction work. The roads are now traversed by 9,211,295 licensed cars and trucks, of which 3,000,000 are used on the farms.

Prior to 1880, when Amos G. Batchelder, late chairman of the executive board of the American Automobile association at Washington, with H. S. Earle of Detroit and other pioneer advocates, organized the League of American Wheelmen, and began a systematic campaign, a good roads enthusiast was looked upon with undisguised curiosity or amusement as something of a "nut"—a lugubrious, but no doubt well-meaning person, who might be seen, but not heard. Usually he was promptly "sat down upon" by the lugubrious taxpayer.

Opposition gradually melted away, however, as the campaign became more fully organized and extended. Since 1880 more than $3,000,000,000 has been spent for highway improvement in the United States and Canada. More than $1,300,000,000 is now available, and $1,500,000,000 additional will be necessary to carry out projects under contemplation. And yet, with all this, only a beginning has been made. Billions more must be expended before the country has anything like a highway system adequate to the traffic needs.—C. S. Lee, Director Highways Information Service, New York city.

New Peruvian Road Will Stimulate Use of Truck

Completion of a 124-kilometer highway between Callao and Lima should do much to stimulate motor transportation in Peru, says Consul C. H. Bryant in a report from Callao. Callao is the principal port of entry in the country, and over 60 per cent of the total imports pass through that harbor. A large share of these imports is taken to Lima for distribution throughout the republic. The present means of transportation is by two-wheeled carts or by the railroad. The haul being so short, it is expected that auto trucks will replace the old style of transportation to a large extent and auto dealers are looking forward to the opening of the road with considerable anticipation.

Good Roads Notes

Endurance under extremes of heat and cold is one of the severe tests of pavement. In Bismarck, N. Dak., the maximum temperature recorded is 108 degrees, while the lowest temperature on record for the city is 45 degrees below zero. Concrete pavement in Bismarck has stood this test successfully.

* * *

One of the great blessings to rural communities, made possible by good roads, is the consolidated school. In 1918 the United States bureau of education reported 10,500 consolidated schools in the country. This total has been considerably increased since then, as the movement is rapidly gaining in popularity.

* * *

Because of the increased congestion in automobile traffic the Boston Post road from the New York state line to New Haven, Conn., is to be widened from its present width of about 18 feet to 36 feet. It is to be among the broadest highways in the country.

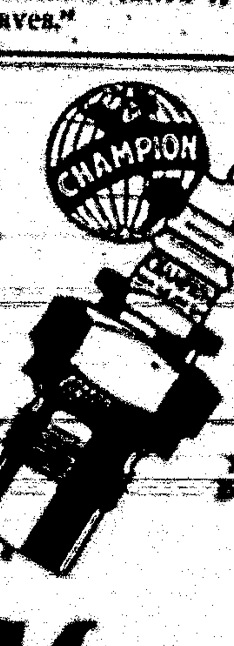
* * *

Bids for 300 miles of highway improvement work, with 24 new bridge and bridge alteration projects, to be let by the Minnesota state highway commission, indicate the state is pushing ahead fast on its highway improvement program.

WRIGLEYS
after every meal
Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion.
Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth.
Its l-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.
Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.
Sealed in its Purity Package.

September's Many Names

September falls within the zodiacal sign of Libra, the balance, or scales. September gets its name from the Latin numeral septem, because the month was the seventh of the ancient Roman calendar, which had but ten months. In the days of Charlemagne the French called the season the harvest month. Among the early Saxons it was known as barley month. The American Indians called it "Moon of Falling Leaves."



More Power
A complete new set of dependable Champions at least once a year gives more power and speed. Performance is greatly improved. Oil and gas are saved.
Champion Spark Plug Co.
Toledo, Ohio
CHAMPION
Dependable for Every Engine

The Parcel Post

"Hey Hiram!"

"What is it?" inquired the grizzled agriculturist as he lounged over the fence.

"The postmaster up to the village says please call and git your mail."

"I'll drop around sometime during the week."

"He wants you to drop around to once. There's a [illegible] in your letter box and it stinks out so far he can't close the front door."—Capper's Weekly.

Experiments in Germany have shown that fertilizers poor in ammonia but rich in sulphur and potassium tend to keep dandelions and sorrel in check.

Prevents Chapped Hands & Cracked Knuckles
Rub "Vaseline" Petroleum Jelly on your hands before working in the cold or wet and you'll avoid chapped hands and cracked knuckles. For cuts, burns, bruises, [illegible] and sores or skin troubles, apply "Vaseline" Jelly liberally. Always safe, soothing and healing.
Look for the trade-mark "Vaseline" on every package. It is your protection.
Chesebrough Mfg. Company
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Vaseline
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PETROLEUM JELLY

"77"
HUMPHREYS' REMEDY BEST FOR
COLDS-GRIP

KEEP YOUR SCALP Clean and Healthy WITH CUTICURA

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"A Blessing to Suffering Women," Writes One

Louisville, Illinois.—"I certainly thank you for the great benefit I have received from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I first learned about it from my step-mother who got so much help from it. Several years ago I took it for inward weakness and since then I have taken it during the Change of Life and it has been a great help to me. It certainly is a blessing to suffering women and I take pleasure in recommending it. My health has been better this summer than it has been for five years. I am now able to do all my work and have canned 340 quarts of fruit and vegetables this summer."—Mrs. KATE MCPEAK, Louisville, Illinois.

Wants Letter Used As Proof

Frankford, Pennsylvania.—"I am sure if women who suffer through the Change of Life as I have, with hot flashes, nervousness and other weaknesses, would give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial they would be benefited as I was. My nerves were so bad that every little noise made me jump, but now I am not bothered that way at all. My husband says he really hated to look at me I looked so miserable. I hope you will use this letter as proof of the help the Vegetable Compound is giving me."—Mrs. ARBIE HARVEY, 5701 Leonard St., Frankford, Pa.

Forced To Remain in Bed

Carlisle, Illinois.—"During the Change of Life I suffered with severe nervousness and with disturbances of the entire system. These continued probably two years before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I could do none of my work and was not always able to be up. For ten days at a time I was forced to remain in bed with my hips propped higher than my head and the pains were terrible. The doctor helped some but each time I was forced to go over the same suffering. I had taken the Vegetable Compound in 1910 after my twins were born and it had helped me so I decided to try it again. I became better and gained in strength. I have taken it for about three years now but not steadily. I am able to do my housework but I avoid all heavy lifting and washing and ironing as I know I am not strong enough yet. I give the Vegetable Compound to my daughters and recommend it to my friends."—Mrs. LOUISA B. BRAND, 450 Fairfax Street, Carlyle, Illinois.

In a recent country-wide canvass of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, over 100,000 replies were received and 98 out of every 100 reported they had been benefited by its use. For sale by druggists everywhere.

The Sandman Story

MR. FOX GOES CALLING

MR. FOX stood in front of his looking glass smoothing his coat and turning his head from one side to the other. He was admiring his fine looks and thinking no one would be able to resist him when he invited some folks he intended to call upon for a moonlight walk.

"I am a pretty slick looking creature," said vain Mr. Fox. "Miss Goosey will never be able to say no when I ask her to go walking. I have had my eye on her for some time and I think she is about right for my breakfast."

Mr. Fox was so sure he would bring Miss Goosey back with him that he put the kettle over the fire before he went out and locked the door behind him.

When he reached the farm where Miss Goosey lived it was all still. "Everybody is asleep," said Mr. Fox. "Now, if only I can awake Miss Goosey without letting the others

"He Wants Us to Go for a Moonlight Walk."

hear me all will be as easy as tumbling off a log."

Mr. Fox walked up to the house where Miss Goosey lived and looked in the window. There she was as plump and handsome as he could wish. He tapped on the window softly and Miss Goosey shrieked her neck and caught sight of him.

"A caller," she said. "I just knew now it would be if I went to bed early. I will never listen to those old geese again, telling me that early to bed brought beauty sleep. What is the use of being beautiful if you are never seen?"

Miss Goosey was making her way to the door to unfasten it when an old goose caught her by the wing. "Don't you know who that is?" she said.

"I know he is a very interesting looking creature and I am going to see what he wants," she answered.

"Good evening, my dear Miss Goosey," said Mr. Fox in a soft tone of voice, "it is such a beautiful evening I came for you to go walking."

"I don't think I should go out with you alone," giggled Miss Goosey through a crack in the door.

"Oh, the more the merrier," answered Mr. Fox, trying hard not to laugh and show his sharp teeth, and thinking he might get two, instead of one plump goose for his breakfast.

Miss Young Hen jumped down from her roost. She never missed anything, and she wanted to find out what was going on. "He wants us to go for a moonlight walk," explained Miss Goosey.

"That will be such a lark," said Miss Young Hen; "we can get back before the others are awake."

"You won't get back if ever you go out with that creature," warned the old goose. "Listen to me, you silly young things, and go back to your beds."

"I beg of you, my dears, not to listen to that old granny who has forgotten when she was young and liked to have a jolly time herself. She is old now and no one would think of asking her to go walking, and she wants to keep you young things from having a pleasant time."

"You are right, you wicked old creature," said old goose, "you don't want me because I am old and too tough for your breakfast, but if you could not get these silly young ones you would take me fast enough."

"Don't listen to her," said Mr. Fox. "She is spiteful, that is all. You will be back in the morning laughing at her for trying to keep you from having a good time."

So away went the silly hen and the goose with sly Mr. Fox, and that was the last that was seen of them, but a few days after when old goose was walking she saw Mr. Fox caught fast in a trap which the farmer had set for him.

"You won't take any more moonlight walks for awhile, Mr. Fox," she said, "or turn the heads of silly young geese with your flattery. And speaking of heads you may get yours turned soon, but not by flattery."

Mr. Fox looked at her after she walked away with a revengeful look in his eyes. If he did happen to escape, he thought the first one he would call on afterward would be old goosey.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Alice Terry

Alice Terry's home, before she entered the "movies," was in Vincennes, Ind. In a recent popular picture she was described as follows: "Just eighteen years old, with skin like silken damask tinted rose pink, her figure lissome and graceful, and oval face crowned with a mass of spun gold hair, eyes Mediterranean blue, a Grecian nose, a sensitive expressive mouth."

Wit and Humor

APPROPRIATE

After many conferences had been held by the board of directors of a small-town bank about buying a new water-cooler, a grouchy old member said this to say:

"Gentlemen, before we adjourn, I move that our next conference be held on a merry-go-round."

And, as they looked at him in astonishment, he added the tag of explanation:

"We never get anywhere."—Wall Street Journal.

A Shady Deal

"Have you shades?" asked the customer.

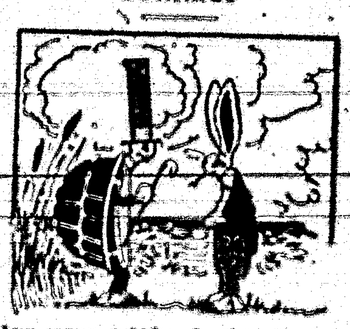
"All sorts of shades," was the reply.

"I need some for summer."

"Shades do create a grateful shade in summer. Now how do you like this shade of shade?"

"This shade of shade will shade the room nicely. But I don't like the price. Show me a shade a shade lower."

CORRECT



How many rabbits do they need
To make a stew. Pray tell me, do!
Said Mr. Turtle, "Yes, indeed!
A rabbit stew takes rabbits two."

Widow Has Insurance

One fatality never would be passed.
He trapped his cars with backward glance—
His wife has his insurance.

His Idea of Substitutes

"So the Lord has sent you a little sister instead of the brother you asked for?" said the kindly neighbor.

"Yes."

"I suppose you are just as pleased?"

"Just as pleased! I should say not. I suppose this Christmas, if I ask for a jackknife they'll give me a doll baby."

Well Trained

"If I give the man the third degree," asked the police chief,

"Yes. He breathed and lodgered him with every question we could think of."

"What did he do?"

"He dozed off and every now and then I'd hear him say, 'Yes, my dear, you are perfectly right'"—Detroit Free Press.

Her Plans Were Set

"You are not listening to me," complained Jane Mathews at breakfast the other morning.

"I didn't know you had said anything, dear," returned the meek Mr. Mathews.

"I haven't, but I expect to," said Jane Sketch.

Maybe She Can't

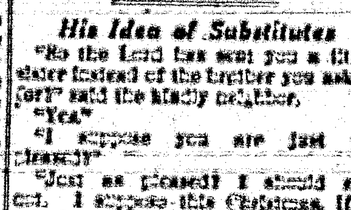
"What is the price of that long duster?"

"Fifteen cents, madam."

"I thought this was a five and ten cent store!"

"Well, can't you count?"—Houston Post.

SOMETIMES STICK



"It's hard to make lies stick."

"Well, if you can get waiters sufficiently gummed up by making one of them, they sometimes do."

De Rigueur

A gentleman farmer, every inch,
Is Hubert Harrison Lusk;
Evening clothes on his scarecrows
He requires each day at dusk.

Substitute

Guide—In this room the earl was murdered!

Visitor—But you told us that in quite a different room last year.

Guide—Yes, but that one is being repaired now!

Just Think

"Why is that man doubled up like that?"

Because he is a contractor!"

"Heavens! What must a millionaire look like?"

Have You This Habit?

By Margaret Morison

ALWAYS A SMILE

CAPTAIN VALLIANT stepped with the crowd into the elevator. Since he had come back from France these unhurried, purposeless streams of people worried him, and he wished he had left shopping for his collars to his sister, as she had offered.

"First floor!" called out the operator man. "Ladies' suits, dresses, shoes; children's and misses' hats and coats." Valliant racked his brain where had he heard that voice before?

"Second floor! Misses' Department; wrappers and kimonos; manicure parlor, hairdressing."

Then they shot up another story, and once more the voice that was so familiar sang out its song: "Third floor! Misses' department; manicure parlor, hairdressing—" Suddenly he hailed half way, realized he was repeating instead of going on with his list, and broke into a roar of laughter that startled above the hum of the machine feet. Then Captain Valliant had it; it was Sunny Jim—Sunny Jim who in mad up to his knees and snow and sleet when supplies had gone astray, would break out suddenly upon their misery with that thunderous smile of his.

Suddenly young Valliant asked: "Jim, are you doing this job from choice?"

"From choice, I'm getting married!" scoffed Jim. "She won't marry an elevator boy!"

Captain Valliant pulled out a mem candidus pad and scribbled down an address. "My uncle," said he, "wants someone who can get along with other men in his factory; incidentally there's some machinery to learn about; if you get it, it'll be a good future, Jim." Then they proceeded to make peace with the sunny on the sixth floor, which, when Valliant explained, was not a difficult matter.

Two weeks later Captain Valliant saw his uncle.

"Who was that fellow with the glass and face you sent to me the other day?" asked the manufacturer of the "best" cans.

"Did you like his job?" asked the captain.

"Yes," said the other, "I wish I had a dozen like him. He just died because he couldn't do it."

So the captain went again in search of Jim. After a good deal of difficulty he got a street and number from the friendly starter, and found himself before the door of a dark-looking tenement. Inside he rang a bell. The door opened on Jim and a red-haired black-shawled lady all with the blue eyes and the smile both Valliant had ever seen.

"Is the captain" shouted Jim "captain, she had me, job or no job, and I was taking no chances—so we were married that day."

Later Mrs. Jim explained: "It was his smile! Jim said 'laugh' at everything you worry about and you're—"

"Yes," said Captain Valliant, after he had told of his uncle's renewed offer, "I know that kind of Sunny Jim."

HAVE YOU THIS HABIT?

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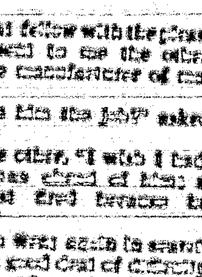
Policemen as Call Boys

In some parts of Europe it is now fully permissible to use the police men on a residential beat as a call boy or alarm clock, the only reason for being that is this personal service he does not neglect his official duties. As a result quite a few persons awaken those who have made a special request to be aroused at a certain hour.

MAN OF HIS WORD.



Wifey—You've changed dreadfully. Before we were married you said that you'd lay down your life for me.

Hubby—Well, I did—my life of single blessedness.

Only Bottles

A bottle that has contained salad or any other kind of oil may be cleaned by filling with lime ashes, placed in cold water, and brought gradually to boiling point. Keep boiling for about an hour, and then allow to get cold in the water. Empty out the ashes, wash in warm, soapy water, and rinse in cold.

"What's in a Name?"

By MILDRED MARSHALL

FACTS about your name; it's history, meaning; whether it was destined; significance; your lucky day and lucky jewel

MARIAN

MARY, which is the root of seventeen feminine names of simple dignity, is responsible for romantic Marian. Like here forerunner, Marian signifies bitter, but a sweeter name would be difficult to find. Marie was probably its direct progenitor and Marian came about through the introduction of the French diminutive "on," thus forming the name of

A lassie fine maid of noble degree,
Maid Marion by name.

The delightful story of Robin Hood gave fame to her name and as early as 1282 she was given a unique place in popular favor by the play of "Robin et Marion" by the students of Angers, one of them appearing as a "fillette dagaisee." The origin of marionettes is thus explained: puppets designed to play the part of Maid Marion. Another explanation is that the term comes from the custom of calling the small images of the Blessed Virgin Marionettes or Marionettes and several streets in Paris where these toy figures were set up were called the Rues des Marionettes. Gradually all puppets came to be called marionettes and the bauble carried by a court jester was a marotte or marionette.

In France Marion became very popular; indeed that country rarely accepts Marian. Marion was specially contracted to Manon and also expanded into Marionette, as a poem written in the Thirteenth century gives proof. Scotland has always loved Marion and "Maid Marion, fair as an ivory bone" is popular in rustic pageantry there. They call her Mare occasionally.

Marion's jewel is the agate which carries an agreeable persuasive manner, averts danger, and gives a loyal, courageous heart. According to an old poem:

Adorned with this stone woman's heart shall gain
And by persuasion, thy desire obtain
And if at once thou aught demand, shall come
With all thy wish fulfilled, rejoicing home.

Sunday is Marion's lucky day and 2 her talismanic number. Her flower is the wild rose.

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A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

THE SURER CURE

WHEN first I am passing thirsty
There is no doubt I feel its stings.
But there's no cure of arguing me
In an impartial mannerless
Is wrathfully exhausting Fate
No slightest satisfaction lies—
The surer cure is just to wait
The soothing balm of Cooler skies.

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Infection Easily Carried by Insects

A well-known doctor has ascertained that outbreaks of infectious disease may very easily originate in trees and shrubs and be carried by the insects inhabiting them to neighboring localities.

It appears that in the first place certain prickly plants sometimes harbor living germs known as flagellites, which, though minute in size, have long, prickly, and very active tails. The germs are eaten by insects visiting the plants, and remain alive in their bodies.

Further experiments were made in connection with the deadly disease known as "black sickness," and also with one so-called trypanosoma infection. In both cases it was disclosed that the germs could be "cultivated" on the prickly plants on which the tailed germs were first discovered, and the enormous spread of such diseases in swampy countries where parasitical insects may infect large areas can well be imagined.

German Trains Get Radio

Express trains in Germany are to be equipped with radio receiving sets. Train conductors will sell radio tickets which will give the purchaser the privilege to use a receiving set for a certain length of time.

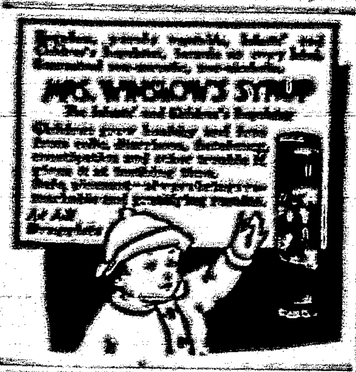
Hall's Catarrh Medicine

is a Combined Treatment, both local and internal, and has been successful in the treatment of Catarrh for over forty years. Sold by all druggists.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Don't take chances of your horses or mules being laid up with Distemper, Influenza, Pink Eye, Lung Fever, Bronchitis, Coughs or Colds, when "SPOHN'S" is known to break up and shut will cure. The standard remedy for 30 years. Give "SPOHN'S" for the Distemper, or colds and flu at first sign. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, IND.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

HINDERCORNS

BOYS: MAKE MONEY AT HOME TIME. Part selling articles. No competition. If over 16 years send Write today. Satisfaction guaranteed. Simmons, 307 Euclid Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio.

SAVE YOUR EYES

PATENTS

TRAPPERS

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best—Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as the endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says, "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, as many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by parcel post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

Sewer Made of Paper

Sewers are now made of paper for use in mining veneer and like furniture, and are turned out in a factory in England.

The plates of wood cut by these saws are so finely finished, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer, that cabinet makers do not have to plane them at all before they are used. Such saws were originally shown at an English exposition and were driven by an electric motor. They are manufactured from a special type of compressed drawing paper.

Indeed, compacted paper of such hardness has been made in England that it has even been utilized in place of building stone.

There were dirt-eaters in the hills long ago; now they are in the car business.

The Silent Motorcycle

The noise and vibration of the motorcycle are two features which have worked somewhat to the detriment of this mode of travel. But these objectionable features seem to have been overcome by a motorcycle design which has been recently shown in England. The noise is eliminated by entirely inclosing the engine of the transmission and several new features are introduced to overcome the vibration. As a test recently, a motorcycle of the new design and a standard automobile were driven toward an observer on the roadside. The latter heard the automobile at 134 yards, but the motorcycle approached within 70 yards before its noise was noticed.

Stomach Distress?

Galveston, Texas.—"One year ago I was suffering with indigestion. Everything I ate hurt me and I had almost constant headache. I tried several remedies which did me no good. Then I decided to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which was highly recommended for stomach trouble, and the 'Favorite Prescription,' a celebrated feminine tonic, and I improved right from the start, and by the time I had taken a few bottles I was well."—Mrs. Jas. J. McNamara, 721 Ave. I.

Obtain Dr. Pierce's Remedies now from your nearest dealer. You will soon feel their beneficial effect.

The Home of
CLOTHCRAFT SUITS

The Time Has Come

The Home of
COOPER UNDERWEAR

WHEN YOU COMMENCE TO THINK very seriously about Winter Underwear, Outing Flannels, Blankets, Comforts, Shoes, and the entire line of Fall and Winter Goods that you must buy. Why not make a list of your Fall and Winter wants, and do your shopping now.

Of the Catalog Buyers we ask this favor:—Make out the list of what you want; get your order all ready to send away; then come and see us before you send it. We have the Catalogs here and will go over them with you, and if can't sell you at the same price or less there is no harm done.

READY-TO-WEAR

The New Fall and Winter line of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Coats, Wool Dresses.

Ladies' Silk Dresses are now ready for your inspection, and your inspection is cordially solicited.

BLANKETS

Every pair of Blankets in our stock is fresh and new this season.

You are cordially invited to look over our line, and we can assure you satisfaction with our quality and price.

EVERYTHING

For Men's, Boys, Ladies' and Children's Underwear for Fall and Winter

Give us the chance. We will figure on your Underwear wants for the entire family and save you money.

SWEATERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

In the higher grade Sweater we are featuring BRADLEY, and that is saying as much as we can say, for their general excellence insures you a well-made Sweater, and costs you no more than the ordinary brands.

For Fall and Winter Wear

Warm Coats for Men and Boys

An entire line of
Overcoats, Sheep-lined Coats and Leather Jackets

lower in price than last season, and much better quality.

Be Sure and See Them Before You Buy.

The Home of
LEE OVERALLS

Ziegler Bros.

The Home of
SIGNAL SHIRTS

Every Underwear Need

Heavy Underwear days will soon be here—so take time by the forelock and get yours now. Then you'll be ready for the first cold snap.

For Your Boy

Shoes that will make you smile when you see the long, hard service they will withstand. They're solid leather through and through.

Snappy Hat Styles

A Man's Hat is such a prominent part of his apparel that it is important, if he wishes to appear well dressed, that it be up-to-the minute in style and also that it is the correct modification of this style fitting his personality. We have 'em.

Carrizozo Trading Company

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

P. J. Pace, of the Sunshine Pharmacy, Capitan, was a Carrizozo visitor the first of the week.

Born, Wednesday, Oct. 15, to Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Edelston, a son.

The Donaldsons and McCammons returned Sunday from Roswell, where they had gone to witness the Cotton Carnival.

Mr. Johnson and Bowen Rumwalt went to El Paso Monday on No. 1, and returned the same day in Mr. Johnson's car.

George L. Ulrich returned Monday from Santa Fe where he had attended a meeting of the State Tax Commission, of which he is a member.

Clarence Hightower, of San Patricio, the Republican nominee for county clerk, who later withdrew from the ticket, was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Hayes, of Little Creek, old friends of the News, were in Carrizozo last Saturday, and remembered the editor with a box of beautiful rosy apples.

The Episcopal Women's Guild of Carrizozo, recently organized, will meet Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. G. Allen. Members and all interested ladies invited.

Mrs. Harriett Robertson was brought down Tuesday from the Helen Ray mine, above Nogal, and placed in the Johnson hospital. Though quite ill her condition is not alarming.

Sweet, droll and human, is George Melford's Paramount production of "Salomy Jane," Bret Hart's immortal story of the gold rush days in California. It will be presented at the Crystal, Tuesday evening.

October 25th will be the last day to register.

Bob Leslie, Sr., drove in from his ranch, 12 miles east, last Saturday, with his two little neices, to have them vaccinated so that they could attend school. The wind storm prevailing that day was fierce, but the little ones stood it as well as old Bob.

The cattle shipped to Mexico pastures two years ago are coming back to home pastures as fast as possible to move them. Wednesday night a train load of the El Capitan Company's cattle were unloaded here and driven to the Block pastures. This makes the third trainload, within thirty days, for the same company that were unloaded here from the state of Chihuahua.

Mrs. D. S. Donaldson received a painful injury while traveling to Roswell last week. She, going along at a good gait, encountered a cut, and Mrs. Donaldson was thrown forward and up, her head striking the metal lamp holder in the roof of the car. The trip was made to Roswell, however, where the wound was dressed, several stitches taken, and now Mrs. Donaldson is getting along fine.

If you are not registered, you cannot vote.

Date Postponed

The date for the entertainment to be given by the Eighth Grade, Carrizozo Schools, which was billed for the 22nd, has been postponed, on account to the picture "Broken Blossoms," not being available for that date. The new date will be set later, due notice of which will be given.

The committee announces that Ethel May Copeland, formerly of the Bridgeport Players, will give a humorous reading entitled "A Teller of Tales," and Helene Tilsworth of the Capitan Schools will dance "The Glow Worm." Also, Hilary Cooper and Eleanor Connell will sing a duet, and Neda May Igo and Lady Connell will assist with their violins.

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OPEN an Account with this Bank, and throw around your home, as well as your money, the strongest safeguard.

Self interest should induce you to employ the convenience and accuracy to be found in the use of a checking account. It helps to keep expenses down and supplies a permanent record of your living costs. You will find this bank interested in your progress and able to help you in many ways. We believe that we have earned personal service to the utmost degree of usefulness. Certainly we try to make every depositor, large or small, feel that he is a friend as well as a customer.

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Carrizozo Eating House

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Table Supplied with the best the market affords.

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