Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 24 — CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, NOV. 28, 1924 — NUMBER 47

Certificates Issued by State to Newly Elected Officers

Santa Fe, Nov. 25.—The state canvassing board, composed of Governor James F. Hinkle, Secretary of State Soledad C. Chacon and Chief Justice Frank W. Parker, met yesterday and canvassed the returns of the November 4th election. The state board certified to the correctness of the official canvass, as shown by the certificates of the boards of county commissioners, and voted to issue certificates of election, based on such returns. Chief Justice Parker at first demurred, but finally signed the certificates of election, which were issued to the following:

United States Senator, Sam G. Bratton; Congressman, John Morrow; Governor, Arthur T. Hannett; Lieutenant Governor, Ed Sargent; Secretary of State, Mrs. Soledad C. Chacon; Auditor, Juan N. Vigil; Treasurer, Warren Graham; Attorney, John W. Armstrong; School Superintendent, Miss Isabel Eckles; Land Commissioner, Justiniano Baca; Justice of the Supreme Court, full term, Howard L. Bickley; Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill vacancy, J. C. Watson; Corporation Commissioner, Ed C. Tafoya.

That the LaFollette vote in New Mexico prevented John W. Davis from carrying the state, a vote for La Follette being a vote for Coolidge, is demonstrated by the final presidential election figures as gleaned from the official county returns in the hands of the secretary of state and on which the state canvassing board passed.

Democratic majorities for state and congressional candidates are practically reversed in the presidential vote. The highest vote for electors ran as follows:

Coolidge, 54,575; Davis, 48,682; LaFollette, 9,543.

Leahy Jolted Again

Santa Fe, Nov. 25.—The supreme court today made permanent the alternative writ of prohibition against Judge D. J. Leahy of San Miguel county, commanding him to desist from further action in connection with a removal proceeding against Sheriff Lorenzo Delgado of that county.

The supreme court held the order by Leahy suspending Delgado as sheriff and appointing Henry Cifre as sheriff should be vacated and reinstates Delgado in office.

The higher court's opinion, which is by Parker with Botts and Fort concurring, says:

"Under the provisions of chapter 60, code 1915, a citation or order to an officer to show cause why he should not be suspended from office until final determination of a removal proceeding, is necessary before the court has power to proceed to hear the matter."

Delgado contended that no citation had been issued by Leahy requiring him to show cause why he should not be suspended pending the final hearing of the cause for removal.

Six Democratic Judges

There are nine judicial districts in the State of New Mexico, and in the recent election six of those chosen were Democrats. The following is a complete list:

First District—Holloman, Republican, headquarters Santa Fe.

Second District—Helmick, Democrat, headquarters Albuquerque.

Third Dist.—Mechem, Republican, headquarters Las Cruces.

Fourth Dist.—Armijo, Democrat, headquarters Las Vegas.

Fifth Dist.—Brice, Democrat, headquarters Roswell.

Sixth Dist.—Ryan, Democrat, headquarters Silver City.

Seventh Dist.—Owen, Republican, headquarters Socorro.

Eighth Dist.—Kiker, Democrat headquarters Raton.

Ninth Dist.—Hatch, Democrat, headquarters Clovis.

This is a reversal of form. When the State Constitution was drafted, at which time the districts were arranged, it was intended to allow the Democrats only three judges. The people sometimes upset even a gerrymander.

An Agricultural Census

The agricultural census which will be taken during the months of December and January is of particular interest to farmers, who should cooperate to the fullest extent in helping enumerators fill out their schedules, according to a statement issued by the New Mexico Agricultural College.

This special census was authorized by congress at the request of farm organizations who felt the need of having an agricultural census taken more frequently than once every ten years, the regular census period. This seemed especially important at this time because the last census was taken in 1920, just prior to the period of deflation, when conditions were decidedly abnormal.

Reliable statistical material is essential for the orderly production and marketing of farm products. The farmer should know something about what the other six million farmers are doing if he expects to conduct his farming in the most business-like way. What is the present status of the wheat situation, the cattle situation, or the cotton situation? These questions can only be answered by a carefjul study of statistics. Estimates of crop production made between census periods are all based more or less on the census figures.

Dr. R F Hare, who has charge of the census for New Mexico, reports that he expects enumerators to begin work about December 1. If farmers will have their schedules filled out at the time the enumerator visits them, it will greatly facilitate the work.

Pride of Country

The article that follows is from the Manufacturer, and, while not in entire accord with some beliefs, the thought throughout is good and worthy of serious consideration. We quote as follows:

Another Thanksgiving day has passed. The usual perfunctory proclamations were issued by public officials and read by the people. Thanksgiving should not be limited to one day in this land of opportunity and progress.

Are we as proud of Our Country and as grateful for the advantages it gives us as we should be? It is often stated that Californians are greater boosters for their state and its resources than are the citizens of any other state in this union.

Why localize our enthusiasm for Our country? No state could exist without our United States. Why should not every citizen of this country be an active booster for a nation which has gone farther than any other in the world in giving liberty, property rights, business opportunities, home conveniences, educational advantages and amusements to its people? Why should not our schools and colleges emphasize to a greater extent the advantages of a citizen of this nation under our constitutional form of government?

Until something is proposed which would in a small measure give us protection and advantages equal to those which we now receive, we should express greater thanks for what we have and be less ready to listen to the thoughtless agitator or professional politician who, failing to appreciate the advantages which surround him, seeks to foist impractical theories or visionary experiments upon a people already blessed with a government better than any other so far devised?

When you feel like kicking, look around you. Practically every American citizen can own his own home if he so desires. He can travel to his work either in an electric car or over a system of highways such as the Romans never dreamed of.

In his home, gas and electricity do work equal to that done by a score of servants to former kings and queens. The American telephone system furnishes a communication service in the humblest home beyond the wildest dreams of world-famous rulers of the past.

Our property is safe-guarded, our workmen are cared for and lives are protected by an insurance system unheard of a hundred years ago and which is rapidly eliminating the pauper and the poor house.

Aladdin and his lamp have been made a reality by the radio which, in conjunction with wire communication, has annihilated distance and, as the people of the world become better acquainted through our modern methods of communication, will eliminate war. The homesteader in the mountains can tune in his radio set and listen to the music, lectures and amusement programs of the world.

Our farmers are learning the advantages of applying business methods to agricultural pursuits. Our industries are profiting by making their employes and customers stockholders in their properties. Gasoline has made individual transportation possible so that vast sections of the country heretofore impossible of settlement on account of distance, have been opened up and are today pouring their produce and business in over improved highways to the greatest railroad transportation system in the world.

What a picture to paint! Forests, mines, transportation, oil, electricity, telephone, gas, radio, modern farm machinery, factory buildings finer than the castles of history, roads and road building methods such as the world has never before seen, and an educational system which offers the poor man's son advantages which the nobility did not have a few generations ago!

Think of these things when you hear the croakers and the knockers. Don't be thankful just on Thanksgiving day. Learn a lesson from California, where the children are taught that the sun is brighter, the sky is bluer and the advantages greater than any where else in the world. Let us build up pride in Our country, not in a boastful or arrogant manner, but with a sense of appreciation and thanksgiving that we are so fortunate as to live in a land where opportunities and advantages for the poor and the lowly are greater than the luxuries offered favored and wealthy persons a short century ago.

EDUCATION SPEAKS

(Better Schools League)

I AM EDUCATION. I bear the torch that enlightens the world, fires the imagination of man, feeds the flame of genius. I give wings to dreams and might to hand and brain.

From out the deep shadows of the past I come, wearing the scars of struggle and the stripes of toil, but bearing in triumph the wisdom of all ages. Man, because of me, holds dominion over earth, air and sea; it is for him I leash the lightning, plumb the deep and shackle the ether.

I am the parent of progress, creator of culture, molder of destiny. Philosophy, science and art are the works of my hand. I banish ignorance, discourage vice, disarm anarchy.

Thus have I become freedom's citadel, the arm of democracy, the hope of youth, the pride of adolescence, the joy of age. Fortunate the nations and happy the homes that welcome me.

The school is my workshop; here I stir ambitions, stimulate ideals, forge the keys that open the door to opportunity. I am the source of inspiration; the aid of aspiration. I AM IRRESISTABLE POWER.

A Hike to the Country

Saturday last the pupils of the Seventh Grade, chaperoned by their teacher, Miss Myrtle Dahle, went on a hiking expedition to the Harkey Ranch, about four miles south, where they had a substantial lunch, and plenty of fun and frolic, returning about 4:30 in the afternoon, stepping with the measured tread of a company of soldiers, and not showing the slightest sign of fatigue. Outdoor exercise and recreation not alone helps the body and brain but prepares the young mind for indoor study.

Among the youngsters were: Robbie Crenshaw, Gladys Baker, Nellie Gallegos, Beatrice Pino, Mary Romero, Florentino Lopez, Candido Martinez, Marvin Roberts, Dora Trost, Otila Vega, Marguerite Elena Luera, Fay Harkey, Alex Chapman and Julia Romero.

The youngsters were full of spirit and happiness on their return, and evidently had enjoyed the outing to the limit.

A. F. of L. Will not Join with new Party

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 24.—The annual convention of the American Federation of Labor today rejected by an overwhelming majority proposals for the support of a new political party, and reaffirmed adherence to a policy of strict non-partisan political activity.

The Capitan Forest Fire Under Control

The forest fire that has been raging in the Capitan mountains for several days, had gained great headway this morning, the conflagration covering a seven-mile front. Forest Supervisor Arthur and every available forest ranger are on the ground, and volunteers from all sections of the county have gone to their aid, a number leaving from here this morning for the scene.

Late this afternoon the fire fighters had succeeded in staying the progress of the fire, and it is believed they will have it under complete control tonight. It is thought that the firestarted from careless hunters who had swarmed in the Capitan mountains during Thanksgiving week.

A large area of fine pine timber has been destroyed.

Two resolutions asking the Federation's participation in a new party were unfavorably reported by the committee on resolutions. The committee, at the same time, recommended acceptance of the special report of the executive council urging continued non-partisan activity.

One person out of every eighty-five in the United States owns a part of an electric railway, according to statisticians of the American Electric Railway Association.

The "condition" of a cigar as well as its quality has a great deal to do with its flavor.

We keep the best brands of cigars and keep them in the proper condition.

Buy your cigars from us and know that they are right

Buy cigars by the box and have them in your home should friends drop in.

We have everything in the drug store line.

COME TO US FOR IT.

ROLLAND BROS.

Young Man!

SAVING MONEY is a duty. It does not mean being "stingy."

The best resolution is: "I will open a bank account."

The rainy day of sickness and hard times is bound to come.

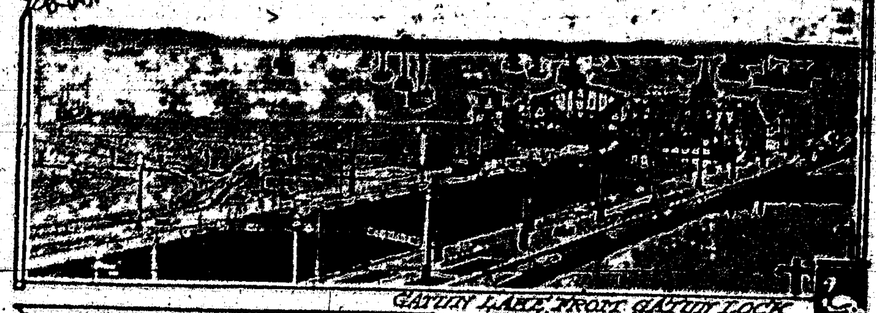
Are you prepared?

First National Bank

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

"Try First National Service."

IN GATUN LAKE—



GATUN LAKE, FROM GATUN LOCKS

Buccaneers Once Raided Where Jungle Life Now Finds Refuge

DR. DAVID FAIRCHILD

BLACK-HOWLER

AS THE WATER ROSE

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

ONE, long ago was it written that man should have dominion over the earth and sea and air. Now that the prophecy is largely fulfilled man is doing miracle things in the face of nature. He cleaves his roads through great banks of earth. He makes rivers run up hill. He makes a Continental storage reservoir of a forest. He cuts through the back of the globe to connect the Great Seas thereof. So he gains his ends, he is careless of other results. And often they be productive and evil and lamenting. So it is with Uncle Sam's cutting of the Panama canal.

It was only then (30 years ago—the old Spanish words say Septiembre 15, 1513 that Vasco Nunez de Balboa entered (naturally as the first of white men) to see the Pacific ocean standing on the peak of Mount Peru. A few days later, to call and Nombre de Dios, he sighted into the South Sea and took possession of its waters in the name of Spain. He knew (because somebody told him so) that Asia was to the west and a part of Asia. Yet here they (Spaniards) this God called ocean the globe. And they (Spaniards) are happy to call with desire to see Mexico the riches of Panama and with the name of the Infinite and its Peace.

It was said (as a matter of fact) by Balboa (then certainly also) that he was to cut the isthmus in half (the name of Balboa should be cut in half to the name of Balboa) and let the waters of the two oceans meet. Today, two years after the completion of the canal, it gave to others and years of other multitudinous acts.

A picture of the Panama canal in Balboa Park at San Diego (city perfect) to us in the days of the Panama Exposition in the summer of the canal, is merely as a reminder of the Isthmus (for the excursion time) that the canal really has to offer to the lover of Nature. Here in the Chagres a suite of Cuba. They also land that the Chagres is one of many rivers, which (as so to fact and every everything before it) (Nature added the problem by being the Chagres, the biggest river in the world. This great dam locked the Chagres in its way to the Atlantic. The Chagres thereupon backed up and made Gatun lake, with an area of 164 square miles and a surface 85 feet above the ocean level. Now it may talk with torrential violence over the 1,000 square miles of the Chagres basin—and the level of Gatun lake must rise a few inches. Moreover the water of Gatun lake in its deep is sea level (without the hydraulic) is power for the operation of the canal locks.

Now, the creation of an artificial lake of 164 square miles, where was jungle before, naturally turns things topsy-turvy, from many points of view. The wild life of the jungle, for example, did not know what to make of the steadily rising waters. Probably it thought for a while that it wasn't going to be much of a flood anyway and simply moved to higher ground (as in the rest, when the water rose over the tops of the trees of the lower levels, there was panic among the jungle animals and a great rush to escape from the region. But some of them delayed too long, with the result that the islands formed in Gatun lake became their only refuge.

One of these islands in Gatun lake has been given the name of Barro Colorado. In the picture that shows Gatun lake from Gatun lock it is in the upper right-hand corner. It is about six square miles in extent and is covered with the luxuriant vegetation and forest growth of the Panama jungle.

Recently it was discovered that Barro Colorado was likely to offer a collection of animal specimens of many as exciting and as interesting wild things as the jungle ever has. Therefore Dr. Jay J. Morrow of the Field Zoological museum of Chicago, was selected as the official representative of the National museum of Panama.

So here we will say (parenthetically) that through the efforts of Dr. Morrow and others of the Panama canal commission and numerous private citizens of Panama and Panama, the Barro Colorado island will be in the nature of a zoological park. It is to be, for years and years, a preserve for animals and birds of all kinds.

A picture of Dr. Morrow and a picture of the island will be in the nature of a zoological park. It is to be, for years and years, a preserve for animals and birds of all kinds.

Dr. Morrow is a member of the staff of the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago, and is a member of the Panama canal commission. He is also a member of the Panama canal commission. He is also a member of the Panama canal commission. He is also a member of the Panama canal commission.

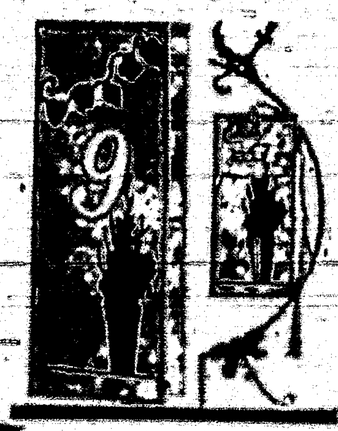
Dr. Morrow is a member of the staff of the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago, and is

Nice Things for Christmas Gifts

Rich Chenille Bag

A gift that is sure to be cherished is shown in the rich shopping bag pictured. It is crocheted of brown chenille with gay flowers introduced on one side. The band and handles at the top are of brown suede leather, and the bag is lined with brown silk. Silk cords slip through slashes in the suede band, to close the bag, and the handle ends are concealed under little triangles of leather.

Painted Tally Cards

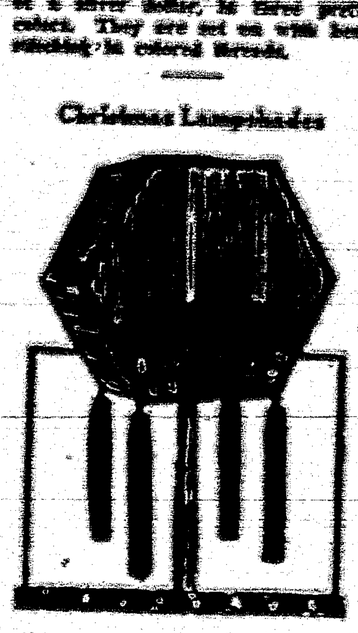


Among the delightful gifts that even an amateur artist can make are tally and score cards. Every hostess who receives them will be twice pleased, for no gifts are so cherished as those made by the donor. A graceful decorative design is shown in the illustration, simply as a suggestion—for there is no end to the ways in which the characters on playing cards are introduced in decorations.

Dainty Gift Lingerie

This dainty lingerie set is going to make some lucky lady happy at Christmas time—if a hint to the wise is enough. A step-in and chemise are made of flat, light-colored voile and decorated with dots of voile, the size of a silver dollar, in three pretty colors. They are cut on with hemstitching in colored threads.

Christmas Lampshades



Every lady of the home-maker who receives pretty lamp or candle shades at Christmas time—nothing helps more to deck out the house and make it cheerful. Here is a new theme made of thin silk, or fine crepe paper, in two colors, rose and light blue. A wire frame is first covered with the rose color, put in pleats, and over this the light blue is pleated. Gold lace, silk or paper roses and foje bouche finish off this novelty in shades.

The SANDMAN STORY

LAUGH WAS ON MR. FOX

MR. FOX did not like to be laughed at, and as he most always had the laugh on some one else, he seldom had to, but one day Jack Rabbit, who had often suffered from tricks of Mr. Fox's planning, caught sight of Mr. Fox limping along with a pair of crutches.

Jack was hiding under a cabbage in the garden eating his dinner and happened to spy Mr. Fox, but all at once

"How Did You Get Up Here?" Quacked Granny Duck.

Jack's eyes popped wide open, for Mr. Fox had put his crutches under his arm and jumped over a stone wall.

"Just as I thought," said Jack. "He is up to something. I'm going to see what it is. He isn't lame at all."

Jack scampered out of the garden, dipped through the stone wall and hid where he could see what was going on. Mr. Fox now was using his crutches again and limping slowly towards a place in the barnyard fence where the poultry could be seen on the other side.

"Oh, oh!" screamed a hen as she caught sight of Mr. Fox.

"Come back. He can't hurt us," said another. "He is lame. How did you hurt your leg, Mr. Fox?" she asked. "Jumping from the top of the poultry house?"

All the hens cackled, but Mr. Fox only shook his head. "No, I have not done any jumping lately" (Jack smiled as he thought of the jump Mr. Fox had just made over the stone wall), "I have sprained my ankle. I slipped on a stone crossing a brook."

"How did you manage to get up here, then, if you are so lame?" quacked old Granny Duck. "Seems to me you took a hard walk for a sprained ankle."

"I am obeying the orders of the doctor," solemnly replied Mr. Fox. "He told me I must take exercise walking up Hill. I mind most walking alone, though. If I had one or two charming companions like Miss Young Duck or Miss Goosey, I should not mind the pain, I am certain."

"Oh, dear, let's go," giggled Miss Goosey. "It will be such an adventure to go walking with that sly creature."

Miss Young Duck quacked that she thought it would be great fun, and they were just crawling under the fence when Mr. Dog leaped from somewhere and, dropping his crutches, Mr. Fox ran lickety split for home.

Jack Rabbit fell over laughing, and when he crawled out from his hiding place he saw nothing of Mr. Fox or Mr. Dog, but Mr. Fox's crutches were on the ground near the fence.

"I'll just take them to him," said Jack, smiling to himself, but he was wise enough to hide in the woods until he saw Mr. Dog return.

"He got away," said Jack. "Trust Mr. Fox for fooling Mr. Dog."

When Jack first knocked on the door of Mr. Fox's house there was no answer, but after two hard bangs with the end of a crutch Mr. Fox cautiously opened a shutter upstairs and asked, "What's wanted?"

"Here are your crutches," said Jack. "I know your walk over the hill cured your lame ankle, but I thought you might sprain it again some time and need them."

"Yes, I might," said Mr. Fox. "Thank you."

Jack Rabbit ran off shaking with laughter. "I had the joke on him this time, anyway," he said.

"Now, I wonder where that little snapper was?" said Mr. Fox as he crept back into his bed. "Never knew such a nosey little fellow as Jack Rabbit. I wonder just how he knows about that trip over the hill?"

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Virginia Valli

Charming Virginia Valli, the "movie" star, was born and educated in Chicago, where she began her career as an interpretative dancer, later going to Hollywood as a motion picture actress. Her brunette beauty, her acting and her popularity generally brought her rapidly to the fore in Filmland.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds · Headache · Neuralgia · Lumbago
Pain · Toothache · Neuritis · Rheumatism

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Have You This Habit?

By Margaret Morison

MR. AND MRS. NICK

EVERYONE who visited Nick and Mrs. Nick came away convinced that their home was a wonderful organization—their household ran on greased wheels. "It is better run than anything I've ever seen," each guest would agree, "but—"

Then Dick suddenly turned up from the West. Dick and Nick had not seen each other since their bachelor days years before when they worked from sunrise to sunset and rested from sunset to sunrise.

Dick just telephoned from the station that he was in town; Mrs. Nick said that, if he'd only written ahead that he would come, they would have been prepared for him more formally than he would find them now. Formality was the last thing Dick wanted from Nick's wife, as he explained, starting to carry his valise upstairs. Nick, who knew his wife pretty well, gently but firmly set the big bag on the floor and said with a laugh that discipline must be preserved. Then he and Dick mounted to Dick's room for an old-time talk. They were just well under way when Nick jumped up, saying that they would be late for dinner—there was exactly ten minutes to dress.

At the table they decided on a reunion of all the old crowd within hailing distance. Monday they would have a stag party. But "not Monday" put in Mrs. Nick gently. Mrs. Nick was "at home" Monday afternoon, and she always planned not to have guests Monday night.

Half an hour later they were comfortably seated round a blazing fire. Dick had his hand in his pocket on his cigarette case when Nick said, "Sorry, old man, I can't ask you to smoke in here—we keep the little room at the end of the hall for smoking."

Then Mrs. Nick had an emergency schedule to present—not, she regretted, what Mr. entertainment would have been had he "written ahead" of his coming. And Dick settled down to the real work of visiting in a well-organized household.

Next summer Mr. and Mrs. Dick asked Nick and his wife to their ranch. At breakfast they served themselves; then they were offered their choice of horses or the library for the day; dinner was the only fixed hour, and everyone was so hungry for that that they were all invariably prompt. No planning was obvious; yet there was variety from day to day. And always there were the mountains and the river and the open sky and a sense of freedom.

On their return in the fall, Mrs. Nick said suddenly: "My dear, has it ever occurred to you that in our life here we need more leisure?"

"What do you mean?" asked Nick cautiously.

"I think we have been over-systematized, over-organized. Too much routine is a bad habit."

HAVE YOU THIS HABIT?

(© by McClure Newspaper Service.)

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

THE GOOD WORD

"WHAT'S the good word"
quoth one to me.
"Well, you may take your
choice of three,"
Said I. "There's LOVE, and
HOPE, and CHEER.
All worth twenty on my ear."
"I'll take the first," said he,
"and you
Can keep yourself the other two,
For if I've LOVE it seems to me
I need the substance of the
three."
And so I thought it was that
night.
I found the wise old chap was
right,
For he to whom true LOVE doth
fall
Hath truly won and garnered all.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"What's in a Name?"

By MILDRED MARSHALL

Facts about your money by Mildred Marshall (secretary) whereon it was deduced statistics prove lucky days, lucky years!

URSULA

THE ancient Romans were apparently fond of wolves and bears; at least, many of the masculine and feminine names originating from them were derived from their terms for animals. One of these is Ursula, which comes from the Roman word, meaning bear.

Ursus, as a proper name was popular in early times among most Romans and Gothic bishops. But it was perhaps some allusion to the polestar which made Ursula, (little bear) famous with the name of the heroine of the curious legend of Cologne, that the Breton maiden, who, on her way to her betrothed British husband, was shipwrecked on the German coast and slain by Attila, king of the Huns, with 11,000 virgin companions. The saints of the maidens are shown at Cologne, and their princess' name has been followed by noble ladies.

The Irish word ursbon also signifies bear and hence some of the Macbeans of Ireland have turned themselves into Fitz Ursulas. The popularity of the name has spread into all the countries of Europe and has been copied to some degree in America, though most of our Ursulas are of Saxon extraction. The English have two other charming forms beside Ursula; they are Ursel and Ursley. France favors Ursule and many a religieuse has borne the name of Sister Ursule. Spain adopted the form of Ursula, while Portugal accepts the English version of Ursula. Italy follows Spain with Ursula. The unutterable Teutonic interpretation is Ursel or Urschael. Ursula comes to us from the Russian and the Dutch have a peculiarly musical Orsellina.

Ursula's talismanic gem is the topaz. This beautiful amber stone is said to shine like the sun in the dark mines where it is found and the ancients believed that certain rays of the sun are imprisoned in the stone. For that reason it has the beneficial effects of sunlight on its wearer and dispels evils and danger as the sun drives away the spirits of the night. But it must be worn in gold to be effective. Tuesday is Ursula's lucky day and 5 her superstitious number. The chrysanthemum is her flower.

(© by Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.)

Seek Grave of Achilles

Prof. Wilhelm Doerpfeld, successor to Henrich Schliemann, who excavated the ruins of Troy, has gone to Constantinople preparatory to continuing the excavations. He is hopeful of locating the graves of Achilles and his friend Patroclus through ideas obtained from Homer's poems. Professor Doerpfeld was with Schliemann in the 80's when Troy was first uncovered.

Important to All Women Readers of This Paper

Swamp-Root a Fine Medicine

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by parcel post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

Railway for Mount Fuji

Application for permission to build a cable railway up Mount Fuji has been filed with the department of home affairs and is backed by a group of Tokyo capitalists. The government has ordered a survey of the mountain's slope preliminary to issuing the necessary permits.

The man who lives like a king seldom does it to the queen's taste.

Credit Account

Prison Governor (to released convict)—I'm sorry. I find we have kept you here a week too long.

Convict—That's all right. Knock it off next time!

Cuticura Soothes Baby Rashes

That itch and burn, by hot baths of Cuticura Soap followed by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better, purer, sweeter, especially if a little of the fragrant Cuticura Talcum is dusted on at the finish. 25c each.—Advertisement.

One is not often dissatisfied with others excepting because one is dissatisfied with one's self.

Many a man would rather have a tooth pulled than pay his taxes.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh.

Sold by druggists for over 40 years

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

INFLAMED EYES

Use Dr. Thompson's Eye Water

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

HINDERCORNS

BOYS & GIRLS Earn Xmas Money

"77" REMEDY BEST FOR COLDS-GRIP

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 47-1926.

The Why of Superstitions

By H. IRVING KING

LUCKY-BUGS

THE lucky-bug superstition is largely, but not entirely, confined to children. Have you not, as a child, sought to catch in your hand one of those little, black water-beetles which go gyrating about upon the surface of still pools or the calm backwaters of brooks and rivers? Most children have and most children do to this day; while it is not unusual to see a "grown-up" engaged in the same diversion. In some sections they say that the catching of a lucky-bug brings good fortune and in other sections you are advised to bury the captured beetle and make a wish, when you will assuredly "get your wish." In some places this little water-beetle is called the "dollar bug" and the superstition is that you will get a dollar for every one you catch. But generally their capture simply means good luck.

The lucky-bug gets its magic powers principally from the fact that he is a beetle—a sort of scarab; the mystic virtues and powers of the scarab among the ancient Egyptians are well known. The beetle was sacred; it typified the ram-headed gods, the rising sun, immortality and the resurrection. Beetles of metal or stone were worn by the Egyptians being worn almost upon their head reminders as amulets for good luck. As we know, much of the ancient mythology of Europe was derived from Egyptian sources and from European mythology we derive directly much of our popular superstitions as have a mythological basis. The lucky-bug is not. It is true, the same sort of a beetle as the sacred scarab of the Pharaohs but he is nearly enough related to it to partake of its mystic properties and so be a good-luck amulet. The fact that he carries about on water, that element so revered by the ancients as a source of life, does not detract from his luck-bringing qualities.

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Get rid of constipation by internal cleanliness

HEADACHES, biliousness, sleepless nights, heaviness, are Nature's warning that intestinal poisons are flooding your system. If this is allowed to continue, you may become a victim of serious organic disease.

Laxatives and cathartics do not overcome constipation, says a noted authority, but by their continued use tend only to aggravate the condition and often lead to permanent injury.

Why Physicians Favour Lubrication

Medical science has found at last in *lubrication* a means of overcoming constipation. The gentle lubricant, Nujol, penetrates and softens the hard food waste and thus hastens its passage through and out of the body. Thus, Nujol brings internal cleanliness.

Nujol is used in leading hospitals and is prescribed by physicians throughout the world. Nujol is not a medicine or laxative and cannot gripe. Like pure water, it is harmless.

Take Nujol regularly and adopt this habit of internal cleanliness. For sale by all druggists.

Nujol

For Internal Cleanliness

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1909.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (able to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY . . Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, NOV 28, 1924

1911---1924

It sometimes becomes necessary to change your measure of a man. But in the light of developments following the recent election, we see no reason for a change of opinion expressed about H. O Bursum made in the News November 24, 1911. In that issue appeared the following under the head "CUSTOMARY CONGRATULATIONS LACKING:"

"It has been almost thee weeks since the election, and yet the public press has published nothing of a congratulatory nature from H O Bursum, the defeated candidate for governor to his successful rival, W. C. McDonald. Many have wondered why such a message had not been sent from the vanquished to the victor; or if the victor had received such a message, why it had not been given to the general public.

"Therefore, in order to secure the facts, we, yesterday, called up Governor elect McDonald and asked him if he had received the congratulations of Mr. Bursum, his late opponent. Mr McDonald replied in the negative, stating that he had received neither a telegram nor a letter of congratulations; and added that he would gladly have given it to the public if it had been received. We felt confident that Governor elect McDonald would not have been so far lacking in common courtesy as to withhold congratulations from his late rival; but deemed to get a statement from him to give the public."

Now, thirteen years later, the same man receives the following far from complimentary notice from the Santa Fe New Mexican:

"H O Bursum is the real original loser and poor sport.

"So far as we remember, he never took a beating with a smile—and he's had several.

"We imagine he is probably the only unsuccessful candidate for U. S. Senator in America who failed to congratulate his winning opponent.

"One of those common little courtesies which are supposed to be a foregone conclusion among gentlemen.

"Of course congratulating your winning adversary may be barred by the G. O P rules and regulations. Aside from J. V. Gallegos, candidate for secretary of state, who came across handsomely with felicitations to Mrs. Chaves as soon as the result was evident, we know of no Republican candidate who observed this little formality. So shines a good deed in a naughty world. We congratulate Gallegos on being a gentleman.

"But not from the defeated candidate for Senator of the United States, an office about which beats a brighter light than in the case of any other voted on in New Mexico.

"No word from Mr. Bursum.

"No game and cheery 'Pat 'er there, Sam—you win!'

"No. A matter from Washington, a month after the election—'I'm going to contest.'

"That's the sportsmanship, that's the official courtesy, that's the gameness of H. O. Bursum.

* * * * *

"Everybody in New Mexico knows that H. O. Bursum was defeated fairly and squarely by near 3,000 majority.

"He knows and they know that in the face of a Republican landslide, his defeat is thus equivalent to defeat by 10,000 votes on his own ticket.

"Mr. Bursum, of course, knows he was defeated.

* * * * *

"If he yearns for publicity, such a contest would undoubtedly lead to plenty of it.

"Meanwhile Bursum remains the champion bum loser of the U. S. A."

GOVERNOR HANNETT

(From The Santa Fe New Mexican)

By this time, with official certificates issued and an informal statement from the attorney of the opposition that the poll books support the certificate in so far as the practical result is concerned, it looks as if the election is fairly settled.

In view of which and foregoing, we take the liberty, some four weeks after election day, to congratulate Arthur T. Hannett of Gallup upon his election as governor of the state of New Mexico. The Republicans may decide to contest it. In view of the joint statement by Mr. Seth and Mr. Renehan that inspection of the poll books shows no chance of changing the net result; in view of the undisputed fact that 100 votes were counted against Hannett in San Miguel county where the poll book showed no such voters or part thereof; in view of the failure of San Geronimo precinct of San Miguel to exercise the franchise and in view of certain allegations regarding Indian and absentee votes, it is not immediately apparent that the Republicans would have much to gain from a contest.

Now that the white light of publicity has beaten so long and so brightly upon the precinct returns, and the battle has been fought for a solid month after the votes should have been counted, and now that it is clearly apparent that the Democrats have won another victory at the polls in this state we think it will be the part of wisdom for the G.O.P. to be a good loser. It is plain to everyone that Hannett received the majority of the votes cast in the election.

We have heard no Republican claim the contrary. Contests are long-winded, long-drawn out and futile sort of things as a rule anyhow. We notice that one has just been decided in Colfax county with one month of the term involved still to run.

Common sense should probably indicate to the Republican managers that, excepting two candidates, they are beaten and that they will be wise to let it go at that. There is no special moral to be pointed except that the Republican party in New Mexico must have a change of leadership if it is to "come back." There has been no change for a quarter of a century and it stands to reason that one cannot keep up with the times on such a basis. The defeat in the state must be regarded in the light of a Republican landslide in the nation. Without this pull in the other direction the Democrats would probably have elected all their candidates by even bigger majorities than in 1922. Under the circumstances the majorities that were polled were decisive.

The state and business have been up in the air during this month of indecision. We think everybody will be relieved, regardless of politics, to have the thing settled.

To the successful party one can only say that it has been again given a heavy responsibility by the voters and that on the efficiency and honesty of its candidates in public service depends the next verdict at the polls. On this occasion New Mexico has very plainly endorsed the official record of the past two years.

When you want coal or wood, call the Taylor Fuel yard and receive prompt service; phone 41.

EXPERIMENTAL WORK BEGUN IN TWELVE STATES

Eleven Farms Have Electric Service at Red Wing, Minn.—Several Lines in Alabama.

With the general co-operation of the National Committee on the Relation of Electricity to Agriculture, the great fundamentals of farm electrification are being thoroughly studied in ten different states in various sections of the country. Within the next few years—for it can hardly be done much sooner—both the agricultural and the electrical interests will know with scientific accuracy just what the American farmer can hope for in the way of permanent, extensive and profitable electric service on his farm, supplied from the power lines of electric light and power companies.

The first of the state investigations, and at the present moment the most advanced of them all, is the co-operative experimental line at Red Wing, Minn., built by the Northern States Power Company and to be operated for at least three years by a joint co-operative committee.

Cooking Electrically in Home of E. I. Malin, Near Red Wing, Minn.

This line now serves eleven out of a possible total of nineteen customers. All of these eleven farms have been wired for electric lights in the farm houses, out buildings and yards. The electrical apparatus put into operation consists of electric ranges, ironing machines, irons, washing machines and vacuum cleaners, as well as electric feed grinders, cream separators and pumps. There are also on these farms three electric incubators and three electric brooders.

Equipment Loaned to Farmers

The activities still to be undertaken comprise electric silage cutting and blowing, electric threshing, electric wood sawing and electric milking. An effort is also to be made to plow fields electrically.

Electrical manufacturing companies have loaned to the farmers for three years the equipment which is being used. From the beginning of this enterprise electrical manufacturers have followed it keenly. The Gen[illegible] Electric company, displaying a co-operative attitude as to policy, has both engineers and commercial men regularly in touch with the work in Minnesota.

The installation of electrical devices has meant, on several of the farms, the necessity of solving fuel [illegible] problems. When running water was installed in the house a whole electric water system, including piping and pumps, was naturally involved. Also in kitchens where the stove had been wired on for heating as well as for cooking, the introduction of an electric range meant making over the house heating system.

Alabama Also Investigating

Studies adjacent to at least Minneapolis are completing plans for conducting experimental lines of their own, particularly in Wisconsin. In Alabama a very thorough program for gathering authentic data for the benefit of the Southern farmer has been worked out and is partly under way. A careful survey of existing conditions on 500 farms in 25 different communities has been made, and no less than four experimental power lines are in operation, all extending out of Huntsville.

From these lines twenty farms, one nursery, one gin and two secondary agricultural colleges are receiving electric service. The total length of the four lines is slightly more than twelve miles.

Early in the spring of this year investigations were begun to determine the actual cost and returns from the use of electric power for the different appliances on the lines. For this purpose each piece of equipment was metered separately.

On a Red Wing Farm This Autumn

These States Are the Centers

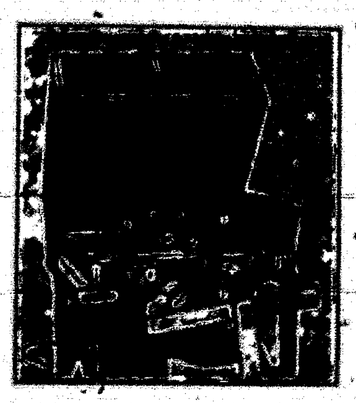
In twelve states of the Union active investigations are either contemplated or in progress of the whole broad question of supplying the American farm with electricity on an economical basis. Either by laboratory study, experimental electrical lines or surveys to obtain a knowledge of farm needs and farm sentiment (in some states by all three methods) a thorough analysis is being made, which will not cease until the basic question is solved, no matter if it takes several years. The states where these investigations are going on, in the order in which progress is the most advanced, are as follows:

Minnesota, co-operative experimental line in operation.
Alabama, four experimental lines, laboratory study and survey.
Wisconsin, experimental line about to start operations.
Iowa, studies of several existing projects.
Kansas, state-supervised experimental line mapped out.
South Dakota, co-operative study planned and experimental line under construction.
Oregon, laboratory study.
Virginia, general investigation planned.
California, survey of existing electrical farms.
New Hampshire, plans still in formative stage.
Illinois, making plans.
Pennsylvania, organizing.

ELECTRIC HEN AT WORK

"Covers" 508,000 Eggs at One Setting on Big Poultry Farm.

Undoubtedly the largest electrical chicken hatching plant in the world is located at Petaluma, Cal., where a great new hatchery is rapidly being completed which will house an electric hen capable of "covering" 521,000 eggs at one setting. That would indeed be the talk of the barnyard if it could be visualized before the



Typical Electric Incubator

eyes of the common fowl of the common (unlegged) variety of hen.

The Petaluma hatchery is electric throughout, and its new plant will be able to ship 15,000 chicks daily. The output for a single season is three million chicks. Thirty of the largest egg farms in the vicinity are kept busy supplying eggs for this hatchery.

The owner of this super-hen studied electric incubation for two years, both in this country and abroad, and finally came to the conclusion that hatching by electricity is the best word in artificial incubation. He holds that it produces a sturdier, healthier chick and one that matures more rapidly in the producing age.

Throughout the busy hatching season, from the first of February until June, the temperature in each of the twelve hundred incubators is maintained at 101 degrees without the slightest variation. In the new plant of this hatchery, electric heaters are to be installed in the ovens, so that it will be an all-electrical plant, using no other kind of fuel.

Booklet Tells Function of Electricity on Farm

Summarizing the possibilities of farming by electricity, an attractive illustrated booklet has just been issued by the General Electric Company, called "The G-E Farm Book." In addition to listing, with brief descriptive text, the applications of electric current to field and barn work and to house work on the farm, the publication discusses the sources of electricity and the principal problems involved in getting electricity to the farm.

The main divisions of the booklet include the sources of electricity, the electric light, heat and power company, radio on the farm, electricity in the home, miscellaneous electrical appliances, lighting on farm buildings, electricity in poultry raising, in the farm workshop, in the barn, in the dairy, in irrigation, and the value of highway lighting. This booklet is furnished without cost to farmers or rural residents interested.

WARNING!

DO YOU REALISE that when you habitually carry a considerable amount of money on your person, you are perhaps endangering your life as well as risking the loss of the money? Don't you know that the money you withhold from circulation or from deposit is, for the time being at least lost as a basis of credit, and that if all our money were so held business would stagnate.

Deposited in this Bank your money is safe, and gives you, as a customer, the advantage of checking service, or if placed in a saving account will earn you a considerable sum in interest each year. The service of this Bank is yours for the asking.

The Stockmens State Bank
CORONA, N. M.
(Member of the Federal Reserve System)

The Carrizozo
COAL & WOOD YARD
J. M. TAYLOR, Prop.
Stove Wood, Kindling & Coal
For Quick Service
Phone 41

LUMBER
And Building Material, Paints and Glass
CARRIZOZO Western Lumber Co., Inc. NEW MEX.
Phone 39 D. R. STEWART, Manager.

FEED YARD
HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS
All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities
Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water
Coal and Wood
Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE
Phone 86

Prize Offered for Design for State Flag

$25.00 prize for the one sending in the best design for a flag for the State of New Mexico. The present flag is declared unconstitutional.

The Federal Flag Law provides that a trade-mark cannot be registered, which consists or comprises, among other things, the Flag, Coat of Arms, or other insignia of the United States;

Therefore, The Daughters of the American Revolution of the State of New Mexico have taken the initiative in trying to secure designs for a State Flag. It is our purpose to enlist the interest of our people in finding an emblem suitable to the history of the State.

Flags have always appealed, with irresistable force, to the patriotism of all loyal hearts, born and protected beneath its folds, so let us make this one thoroughly imbued with the spirit of progress and justice. This will be your flag and the flag of your neighbors; so enlist your thought and your talent in designing an emblem suited to your State and its civic needs.

An arrangement has been made by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the State of New Mexico to offer a prize of $25.00 to the person, or organization, submitting the best design.

The real enthusiasm for this contest is not based on money, but the patriotic privilege of being the author of our State emblem. All designs should be sent to Mrs. J. F. Hinkle, Santa Fe, before January 1, 1925.

The design selected by the awarding committee will be submitted to the next legislature for adoption as the State Flag.

Mrs. J. F. Hinkle,
Mrs. Reed Holloman,
Mrs. E. H. Portle,
Committee.

Shippers Aid Traffic

Cooperation of shippers materially assisted the railroads in handling a record business this fall without car shortage. This is the view held by the Railway Age expressed in an editorial praising the work of the eleven Regional Shippers Boards. The Age points out traffic in the spring and summer was much lighter than in 1923, but that from May to October 25 the car loadings were the heaviest on record and in the week when the "peak load" came there was a surplus of 99,012 cars.

The marked success with which the traffic has been handled is largely due to the many thousands of new locomotives and cars which the roads have placed in service in the last two years and to improved operating methods, but, according to the Age, too much stress cannot be laid on the importance of the shippers' cooperation.

Says the Age: "It would be a mistake to assume that the transportation problem that has been presented to the shippers and the railways has not been a difficult one. It has been an especially difficult in some territories, particularly in the western grain belt.

Just received—Ingersoll Watches.—Paden's Drug Store.

Education Week

Education Week brings home to Americans the astonishing fact that this country ranks highest amongst enlightened nations in percentage of illiteracy. The Better Schools League, of Chicago, calls this attention to this amazing fact and gives these figures in proof:

Percentage of illiterates (ten years or over unable to write in any language, not necessarily English) in the United States, 6; Germany, 2-10ths of 1 per cent, Denmark, 2-10ths; Switzerland, 5-10ths; England, 1 and 8-10ths; France, nearest to the United States in this discreditable showing, stands only 4 and 9-10ths. Illiteracy is not confined to any one section of our country but it is heavier in rural communities than in the larger cities. Nor is it to be attributed to the foreign-born, for there are twice as many native-born illiterates as those of alien birth.

There are two reasons for this condition. First, failure of too many communities to realize the importance of education and to subordinate their support for lesser civic enterprises. Next, the lack of accessibility to schools in sparsely-settled communities. The Better Schools League is working in co-operation with the other national organizations to improve individual situations.

One of the obstacles depriving the young of a fair start in life is inadequacy of school funds. It seems strange that at a time when we are beginning to estimate the real worth of things any community should be so indifferent in its support of its schools. Only a failure to realize what education means can explain such indifference. Our schools are the instruments with which we build Americanism and breed better Americans; they are our first line of defense against ignorance and anarchy.

The country school is probably the richest field for improvement. The 1920 census shows one state with 62,000 illiterates, 60,000 of whom are in the rural districts. Is it any wonder that country boys and girls are lured to the cities where their craving for better education can be gratified? Country school districts can shut off the stream flowing to the cities by supplying modern educational facilities. Where the need is for aid and counsel of those experienced in school administration these are easily to be had.

The problem of school improvement is purely a local one. If there is insufficient provision it is the fault of the community. We are living in a period of higher costs, but incomes are large, too. The people should adjust itself accordingly. Education is the cheapest thing it can buy. Education Week is a good time to take of local conditions and outline policies of improvement.

I. O. O. F.

Carrizozo Lodge NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.

Roy G. Skinner, N. G.

Wm. J. Lanoston, Sec'y.

Fresh Home-Made CANDIES

are a

Gift a Box or Package of

THE CHOICEST AND SWEETEST

from

Mrs. J. K. Such

East Alamogordo Ave.

Woman's Club

The Rummage Sale given by the Carrizozo Woman's Club at the Wetmore building last Friday afternoon proved very successful, the proceeds amounting to $25. We take this opportunity to thank all who contributed by giving or buying. Mrs. Ziegler, the music chairman, arranged the following program:

Piano solo, Ruth Brickley.

"Riley's Bear Storey," Miss Tangeman.

Piano solo, "The Whispering Wind," Mrs. Ziegler

Vocal solo, Miss E'eanor Connell.

Piano solo, Ruth Kelley.

"A Telephone Romance," Mrs. Ethel Copeland.

Piano, "Neven's Love Song," Mrs. Coe.

Costume song, Misses Hilary Cooper and Lady Connell.

"The Star Spangled Banner," audience.

After the program, bridge, mah jong, checkers and dominoes were played. Each player paid 15 cents for his seat at the table

Delicious refreshments were served to all present.

One of the novel features of the affair was that each guest confessed his age in pennies, collected by the door-keeper.

A "fish pond" also provided amusement and revenue. About $50 was realized from the entire program.

The next meeting of the club will be held at the home of Mrs. J. B. French on the afternoon of December 5th.

—Committee

Lincoln News Notes

Two basket ball games were played here last Saturday afternoon between Tularosa and local teams. The Lincoln girls won the first by a score of 10 to 1. The Tularosa girls played a good game, and had several chances to make goals, but failed by a shade. The Tularosa boys, however, evened up matters by defeating the Lincoln boys by a score of 46 to 0.

Miss Carrie Covington, of Alamogordo, spent the past week here, the guest of Mrs. John M. Penfield. Miss Covington was elected county school superintendent of Otero county at the late election.

Miss Clara Peppin and Miss Zetta Longcrier motored to Roswell last Saturday, returning the following day.

Joe P. Romero of Carrizozo was among the big game hunters in the Capitan mountains the past week.

The girls of the Lincoln County High School Domestic Science classes are preparing to give a dance about December 6, for the purpose of raising funds for the domestic science accounts. Music will be furnished by a Fort Stanton orchestra. The girls will serve refreshments during the evening.

The teachers of the grades gave a Thanksgiving program Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Amelia Vigil, one of the San Patricio teachers, spent the week-end with her parents.

E. W. Hulbert, of Carrizozo, was in Lincoln last Saturday, visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hulbert.

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Scallon, Manager

Sat., 29—"The Pride of Palomar," with Forrest Stanley and Marjorie Daw, a Paramount. Comedy, "High Power."

Tues., Dec. 2—"Woman Proof," with Thomas Meighan, a Paramount.

Wed., Dec. 3—"Woman Proof," repeated.

Fri., Dec. 5—"Youth to Youth," with Billie Dove, a Metro-Goldwyn. Comedy, "One Stormy Knight."

Sat., Dec. 6—"Law of the Lawless," with Dorothy Dalton.

WORK STARTED ON NEW DENVER RADIO STATION

General Electric's Broadcasting Trio Will Be Complete When New Voice Goes on the Air.

In the late fall or early winter a new voice will be on the air—KOA, the Denver, Colorado, broadcasting station of the General Electric Company. This station will complete the General Electric's nation-girdling system of three stations, the first of which, WGY, opened at Schenectady, N. Y., early in 1923, and the second, KGO, at Oakland, Cal., early in 1924.

In the construction of the Denver station full advantage will be taken of the experience gained in the operation of both the Schenectady and Oakland broadcasting plants. Every technical advance proved by extended use will be included in the equipment.

The entire plant, like the Oakland station, will be housed in its own building. Provision will be made in the equipment to go to higher power than is now permitted should the regulations of the Department of Commerce be changed.

Two Studios Provided

The station, a two story structure, will be located on a 200x210 foot plot, four miles from the heart of Denver and on the main eastern motor highway. The studio building will be 58x67 feet, and the first floor will be divided into reception room and offices for the executives, the correspondence and the program forces. On the second floor will be two studios, a waiting room and a control room for the station's amplifying equipment.

The first and main studio will be 41x22 feet in size, big enough to comfortably accommodate large musical organizations like bands and choruses. The deadening or reverberation period will be made variable through the use of movable hangings and floor coverings.

As a program varies from speaker to band, or soloist to orchestra, different degrees of deadening are required to secure perfect tone quality, and the Denver station will be so equipped that it may be readily changed to care for the different extremes of sound.

Separated from the main studio by the control room will be a second and smaller studio. This arrangement has proved most successful at KGO, in that one number may follow another with only the spacing of an announcement between them. This means that the listener is saved the annoyance of waits between numbers.

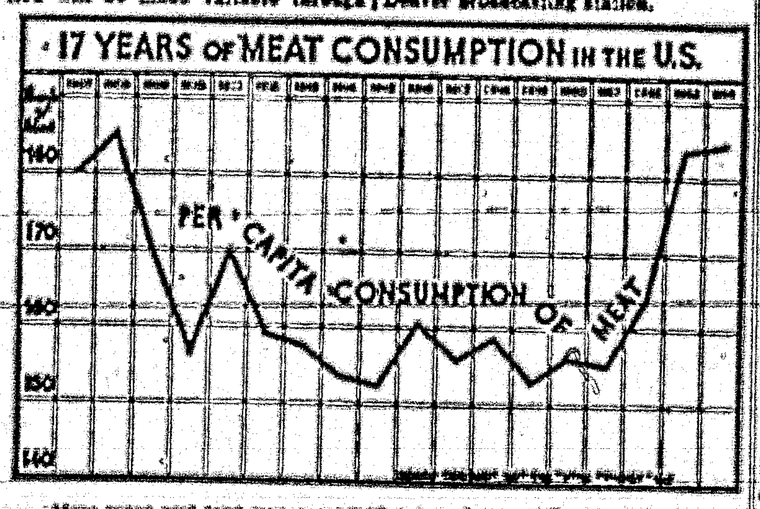
Towers Close to Buildings

The power house will be a one story building, 32 feet long and 42 wide, and will be directly back of and connected to the studio building.

Unlike WGY, where the towers are located on top of a five story building, a quarter of a mile from the control room, or KGO, where the towers, built on the ground, are also a quarter of a mile from control room and studio, the towers of the Denver station will be built on the ground, one on each side of the studio building. The towers will be of steel, 150 feet high and triangular in shape.

Plans for the new station have been prepared under the direction of Martin P. Rice, manager of broadcasting for the General Electric Company. H. D. Randall, Denver manager for the General Electric Company, will have direct supervision of the Denver broadcasting station.

New General Electric Broadcasting Station at Denver, Colo.



More meat and lard was consumed per capita in 1923 than in any other year since 1908. The increase in consumption was primarily in pork and lard. According to the Swift-Essbeck Agricultural Foundation, in addition to providing the average meal for domestic consumption, enough meat and lard was produced to support over two billion persons, which is equivalent to about 18 pounds per capita. As pork production is now being curtailed, the 1924 figure of total consumption is not likely to be equaled in 1925.

Billie Dove Stars

"Youth to Youth," which will be presented Friday evening, Dec. 5, at the Crystal Theatre, is one of the season's most refreshing photoplays. It tells a wholesome and thoroughly entertaining story, and is interpreted by a cast of players of unusual capabilities.

"Youth to Youth" is the first of a new series of Metro films, in which special stories by noted writers are interpreted by a carefully selected cast, headed by Miss Billie Dove.

The story by Hulbert Footner is concerned with the plight of a beautiful musical comedy star, whom all New York worships. She quits her career suddenly, and mysteriously disappears after she overhears a conversation in which she is depicted as having more than friendly relations with her wealthy promoter. She accepts a position with a small troupe of barnstorming players, under an assumed name, and falls in love with a young farmer, whom she meets while playing at a small rural town.

It is this young man's ambition for the actress which almost ruins her happiness. The mysterious disappearance is explained, and unlooked for complications set in which ensure the gratified bliss of the young lovers.

NOTICE

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate To Pay Debts

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance to an order duly made by the District Court of the Third Judicial District Court of the State of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln, on the 16th day of October, 1924, in the cause pending in said court, on the Civil Docket thereof, and numbered 3466, wherein Wayne Van Schoyck, administrator of the estate of H. S. Hanner, deceased, is plaintiff, and Rita Hyatt and Mrs. Fuller Stevens, otherwise known as Myrtle Stevens, widow of H. S. Hanner, deceased, are defendants, the Administrator of the estate of H. S. Hanner, deceased, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, and subject to the confirmation of said court, on the 2nd day of December, 1924, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Carrizozo, County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, for the purpose of raising funds with which to discharge the debts allowed against said estate, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said H. S. Hanner at the time of his death, in and to the property hereinafter described, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has acquired by operation of law or otherwise, other than or to add to that of said deceased at the time of his death, in and to all those certain lots, parcels or parcels of land, situate in the county of Lincoln, state of New Mexico, and described as follows, towit:

Northeast quarter of southeast quarter, and southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section thirty-one, southwest quarter of southwest quarter and southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section thirty-two, all in township six south, range thirteen east, N M P M, also lot one in block thirty-six of the original townsite of the town of White Oaks, according to the official plat on file in the office of the County Clerk of Lincoln County, also an undivided one-half interest in Placer No. 1, a mining claim situate in the Jicarilla Mining District.

Terms of sale: Cash in lawful money of the United States, ten per cent of the purchase price to be paid on the day of sale, and the balance upon confirmation of sale by said District Court and the delivery of conveyance.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1924.

Wayne Van Schoyck,
Administrator of the Estate of H. S. Hanner, Deceased.

11-7-4t

Severe Pains in Side

"I HAD had quite a bad spell and sickness," writes Mrs. Emma Patrick, of Casey, Ky., "and it was an effort for me to go about my home. I had a very severe pain in my left side that almost took my breath at times. I lost my appetite. I grew thin, pale and lifeless. I fell off till I only weighed about 115 pounds.

"Cardui was recommended to me and by the time I had taken one bottle I saw it was what I needed. I ate more and rested better. I kept taking it and my skin and flesh took on a more healthy color. I felt stronger and, as the nervousness left me, the pain in my side was less severe. After taking nine bottles, I eat anything, go anywhere and feel fine. I weigh 160 pounds and am well. I feel that I owe it all to having used Cardui."

Pain, in certain parts of the body, is a safe indication of female complications. The treatment needed is not the use of narcotic drugs, but—

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

Irish Blood Tells

Don Mike Farrell was only half Irish, but you would never guess that he was only part Irish if you were to judge by the way he tackled the biggest problem that man ever faced, as is shown in "The Pride of Palomar."

It will be shown here for the first time Saturday, 29th, at the Crystal.

Don Mike just tore into all who opposed his plans, and in the end when the enemy were expecting a final attack along the same lines, he cleverly changed his tactics and threw a great scare into them by staging a big bluff.

"The Pride of Palomar" is being greeted everywhere as one of the greatest pictures of the year.

CLASSIFIED

Raw Furs.—We have the best Eastern connections with Fur Houses, and are prepared to give you the market price for your furs.—Zinc-Lee Bros.

For Rent—One apartment, also two rooms, furnished. Steam heat, hot and cold water.—Henry Lutz. 9-10

Get your Kodaks, Films, Kits, at Rolland Bros.

Found—A small gold pin, set with stones.—Owner may have same by calling at this office, describing property and paying for this notice.

Headquarters for School Books and School Supplies.—Paden's Drug Store.

Try one of those cold cans at our fountain.—Rolland Bros.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest.—Such's

Wanted—Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children; eliminates darning; salary $75 a week full time, $3 an hour spare time. Collect, no experience, silks.

International Stocking Mills
11-4-10 Norristown, Pa.

Hall's Pills

[illegible] to eat whatever [illegible] Cures Constipation, [illegible] Liver, Give Appetite.

DEVELOP FLESH

NOTICE

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln. } No. 337 In the Probate Court.

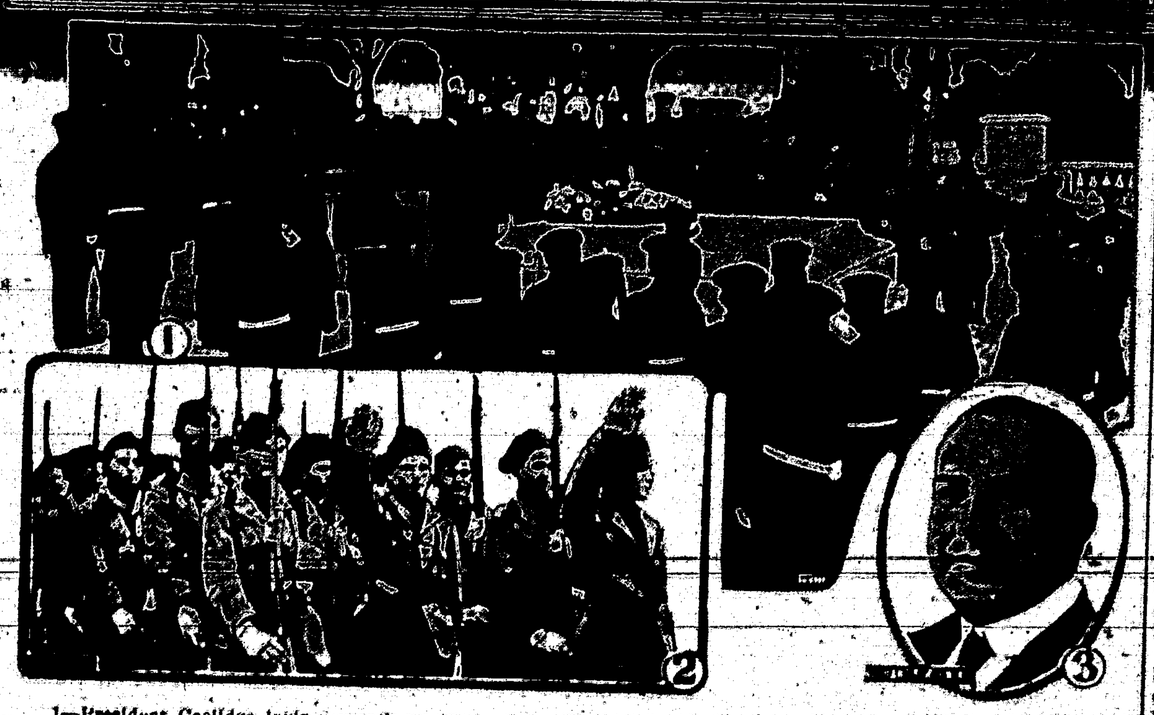
In the Matter of the Will of George A. Purington, Deceased. } Notice of Hearing.

Notice is hereby given that a Petition for the probate of the Foreign Will of George A. Purington, deceased, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Mary L. Purington, has been filed in this court, and that Monday, the 5th day of January, 1925, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the court house at Carrizozo, New Mexico, have been appointed as the time and the place by the above named court for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same, and show cause, if any he or she has, why the said petition should not be granted, the said will be admitted to probate and Letters Testamentary be issued to the said Petitioner.

This the 7th day of November, 1924.

(SEAL) R. M. Tipton, Clerk.

11-14-4



1—President Coolidge laying wreath on tomb of the Unknown Soldier on Armistice day. 2—Fascisti of Italy taking oath of allegiance to king and becoming part of regular army. 3—Dr. Eusebio Ayala, new Paraguayan minister to the United States, Mexico and Cuba.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Armistice Day Is Observed Impressively—W. M. Butler Given Lodge's Seat.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

MORE impressively and more generally than ever before, Armistice day was observed throughout the United States, in all parts of the British empire, in France, Italy, and in the smaller allied countries, and wherever a number of veterans of the Great war could gather together. America's chief ceremony was of course at the tomb of the Unknown Soldier in Arlington cemetery. Upon the tomb President Coolidge placed a wreath at 11 o'clock, and Mrs. Coolidge next quietly laid upon the white marble slab a single white rose, symbolic of the tribute of the motherhood of the land. The British ambassador placed a wreath there, a scarred hero from France laid beside it a bronze leaf sent by the French Union of Fare Wounded, and soon the beautiful sarcophagus was covered with floral offerings.

With King George and his sons leading at the great cenotaph in London, the people of the metropolis piled flowers six feet high about the shaft, and solemn services were held at the tomb of the Unknown British Hero in Westminster. For the first time the day was observed generally in Dublin, where the crowds sang "God Save the King."

Another ceremony of the day in Washington was held at the peace cross where Woodrow Wilson is buried. Heaton Thompson, chairman of the federal trade commission, was the chief speaker, and he described the war President as another Savonarola who had seen a great vision and found the way of salvation for mankind but "had been compelled to accept the Mount of Crucifixion" by men who could not understand him and would not be led by him.

At a church service at Page in a New York church, held in connection with the Armistice anniversary, Rear Admiral Henry A. Fiske warned America that "war probable enemies are becoming stronger to attack and we weaker to resist."

Admiral Fiske argued that competition among nations, while often beneficial to all, was also the stimulus of progress, and that "from this last it would be illogical to expect human beings could escape." He said the United States was surrounded by rivals, ambitious and intelligent but poor nations, and mentioned Germany, Russia and Japan. These countries, he said, "cannot justly be blamed" if they envy America's wealth.

PREDICTIONS that, having been elected to the Presidency, Mr. Coolidge won't soon get rid of some of the cabinet members selected by President Harding and would also discard some of the Harding policies seem to have been premature if not baseless. No startling changes in either respect is to be expected. Secretary of the Interior Work, it is known, would be glad to retire, and Secretary of War Weeks would like to quit official life because of poor health, as they may step out on March 4. It is reported that there may be a new postmaster general, and that Secretary of Labor Davis may be succeeded by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers. Any such changes will be at the request of the present cabinet members concerned. Howard M. Gore, new acting secretary of agriculture, is likely to be left in that position until March 4, when he becomes governor of West Virginia.

From the White House the word emanated that the President contemplated no changes in policy because he was to be chief executive in the next Congress; that he proposes to keep the ship of state on an even keel and that if he can help it privileges appropriated under cloaks will not be permitted by executive. He feels in the November house that his inherited his election as due to confidence in the stability of the administration, and intends to keep it stable.

Washington, and to a lesser degree the whole country, are interested in plans for the inauguration, but Mr. Coolidge seems rather bored by the matter. He seemingly doesn't especially want either an inaugural parade or an inaugural ball, but says if they are held he supposes he will participate.

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE and Secretary of the Treasury Mellon held a conference on the tax situation and it was made known that the program of the administration would be to postpone any extensive revision of revenue laws until the regular session of congress convening in December, 1925. Because no satisfactory data showing to what extent the present law will cut revenues will be available before the end of the calendar year 1925, Secretary Mellon has been informed that it would be folly to tinker with the present law either during the coming winter or at a special session in the spring. The President is on record as favoring a further tax reduction as soon as feasible, but in view of the information given him by Mr. Mellon he will not seek such action at the coming short session.

WHILE the mortal remains of Henry Cabot Lodge were being laid away in Cambridge, Mass., after a simple ceremony attended by many distinguished men and women, the national capital was speculating as to his successors as senator, as floor leader of the senate and as chairman of the foreign relations committee. Governor Cox of Massachusetts settled the first point by appointing William M. Butler, R. O. P. national chairman, to fill the senate seat. Senator Borah, it is conceded, will become chairman of the foreign relations committee, and the position of floor leader lies between Senators James W. Wadsworth, Jr., of New York, and Charles Curtis of Kansas, both of whom were associated with Mr. Lodge in that work.

IF YOU have any Liberty bonds or federal savings stamps it might be well to investigate their genuineness, for the government secret service in the Middle West has uncovered a ring that has been flooding the country with forged, counterfeited and altered securities of those kinds. Warrants were issued in Chicago for a large number of persons and some of them already are under arrest. Chief of these is Ben Newmark, assistant state attorney of Illinois.

TREASURY and customs agents announced in Washington that they had broken up another huge conspiracy, this time of jewelry smugglers who have brought much stuff into the country. At least two murders have been directly connected with the smuggling ring. Both were in Los Angeles. The first was that of Mrs. Theresa Mora, jeweler and antique dealer, for whose death "Kid" McCoy is being held; the other was that of Harry L. Kate, who was shot down a few days ago. The treasury was informed that a man named Meadamati, now in flight to a foreign country, was the person who actually had brought the jewelry in.

JOHN PHILIP HILL of Baltimore, congressman and foe of the Volstead law, has had his seat in court and runs out with flying colors. Tried on charges of violating the dry act by manufacturing intoxicating wine and cider at his home, he was acquitted by a jury in the United States district court. In the course of the trial Judge Soper gave the opinion that the clause of the Volstead act defining beverages of more than one-half of 1 per cent alcoholic content as illegal did not apply to home-made wines and cider, provided the product was nonintoxicating "in fact." Judge Soper also instructed by his rulings and his charge to the jury that the burden rested upon the government to show that such home products were intoxicating in fact and a violation of the law.

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon league, analyzing the results of the election, says 326 of the 435 candidates for the house of representatives indorsed by the dry's were successful, and the wets elected 36 of the 101 candidates they indorsed. He adds: "Of the 32 senators elected 17 who were re-elected are listed as dry, one is outspokenly wet and two vote for most enforcement legislation, while all but two of the 13 newly elected senators are favorable to prohibition enforcement. Most of these were fought by the wets."

FOR several days it was feared that the strike of railway employes in Austria for higher wages would have serious international results. Two or three of the lines crossing Austria and which were tied up by the strike are of utmost importance to mid-European commerce and there were indications that Italy and Czechoslovakia might seek to intervene. Chancellor Seipel offered his resignation but carried on and finally the strike was settled by compromise. This is well for Austria, for the country cannot afford to lose the guidance of the able Mgr. Seipel.

MUSSOLINI, declaring recently that he would continue to rule Italy and if necessary would recommend the dissolution of parliament and the proclamation of a dictatorship, is making good so far, and seems to have his enemies cowed. The new session of parliament opened quietly but 705 members of the opposition remained away. They issued a manifesto declaring they would absent themselves "so long as the present oppression continues," assailing the recent election as gagged and attacking the good faith of the oath to the king which the Fascisti took.

OPPONENTS of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, president of Turkey, led by Former Premier Hacui Bey, resigned from Kemal's People's party and formally organized the first opposition party. As they include many men of great influence, some of whom were named in this review last week, they are expected to give Kemal a lot of trouble.

SUPPORTERS of the republic in Germany, of whom Foreign Minister Stresemann has declared himself the leader, were much encouraged by a test election for the diet in the district of Alsdorf which showed losses for both the Nationalists and the communists. Stresemann has cut loose entirely from the Monarchists, saying it is impossible to work with them. It is predicted that in the elections of December 7 the communists will maintain their biggest defeat since the armistice, for the workers are returning to the Socialist Democratic party.

MARSHAL CHANG TSO-LIN of Manchuria is now taking steps to set himself up as the real ruler of China, and will go to Peking as soon as military discipline has been established. Already he has made some important changes in officials and positions most, and it seems Feng General Feng will have to take a back seat. Chang has expressed a willingness to confer with Tuan Chi-Jui, Anfu leader, whose intervention has caused to be restored to the former emperor the summer palace and all his personal effects. The leaders will meet in Tientsin. General Wu Pei Fu has not given up the fight and ten provinces are counted on to support him. Most of these are in the Yangtze region so the scene of the civil warfare may be shifted in that direction.

EMMA GOLDMAN, veteran anarchist, who was deported from the United States and went back to Russia, is in England telling the truth about bolshevism at the new it. She says the bolshevik leaders have given the country tyranny instead of liberty and are the arch-counter-revolutionists of the world today. "Let me warn all people that bolshevism is an international disease," said Miss Goldman to a gathering of London intellectuals. "You may think that it will not come here because you have only a few communists. It doesn't take many to destroy, but it does take many to build. The whole world must be warned to protect itself against this foul thing."

Disregarding this expert testimony and lots more the U. Senator Borah advocates recognition of the soviet government of Russia by the United States "as a necessary step toward the economic rehabilitation of the race."

New Mexico State Items

Safe blowers, believed to be professionals, entered the garage of J. S. Griffin, at Mountainair, forced open the doors of the safe with explosives and escaped with a small sum of money.

All the big oil drills in the Artesia field are busy both day and night and interest in the field is growing to such an extent that many investors from all parts of the country are looking for land.

With the approach of the end of the ginning season in the Carlsbad district, the gins have turned out nearly 10,000 bales of cotton to date and the total estimated for the season is now about 14,000 bales.

The big cotton compress at Roswell, has been running nearly 24 hours per day to keep up with the gins. It is believed that more presses will have to be installed to take care of the Pecos valley crop during the coming year.

The big oil well on the Floersheim ranch, near Hoy, is reported to be one of the biggest gassers in the state, the flow being over 3,000,000 feet per day. The gas can be heard hundreds of feet away from the top of the 22-inch casing.

Hidalgo county claims the honor of raising the finest cotton in the entire state according to reports of the farmers of the district. Wherever the samples of cotton have been shown this year they have carried off the first honors.

The Portales valley will have the best crop of yams in history, according to reports given out by the growers. The price at the curing plants ranges from 5½ to 7 cents, the highest for several years. The growers will make a neat profit on the crop.

The Santa Fe Petroleum Company spudded in its first oil well on the Agua Negra ranch, near Santa Rosa, last week. The company has over 60,000 acres under lease and it is believed that several other wells will be under way by the first of the year.

Plans have been completed in Tucumcari for the new water tower to increase the capacity of the city water supply, the contract having been let at the cost of $11,200. The increased capacity of the tower and the height will add greater pressure in the city mains.

At a recent meeting of the Kiwanis Club of Clovis, it was agreed by the members to make boys' work the major activity for the coming year. The club will sponsor a district committee of the Boy Scouts of America as its part of the work in the Pecos valley area.

That J. Nestor Ortiz, member of a wealthy family of Antonito, Colo., was held up and robbed of $561 by a lone bandit, who was tall, stout and masked, was the report given out in Santa Fe by Chief of Police Herrera. He shot Ortiz in the leg and the victim is now in the hospital.

Plans for the annual poultry show for Bernalillo county are now going ahead by the executives of the association and the dates have been set for December 10, 11, 12, and 13. The show is to be one of the best ever held in the county and one of the features will be an address on "Artificial Light for Layers," by J. C. Largent.

George R. Becker, of Thatcher, N. M., an old resident of New Mexico, was found frozen to death in his automobile on the mountain road between that place and Antonito, Colo., according to word received in Albuquerque. Mr. Becker's body was found by a searching party from Chama, which had been looking for him for four days. Thatcher is a small town between Chama and Antonito.

The Roswell chamber of commerce closed a deal last week for the erection of a large oil refinery in Roswell and the work on the plant is to be started in the next sixty days. While the new plant will not be the largest in the country it will be ample to take care of the present needs and will be so constructed that additions can be made at any time in the future. The company back of the venture is well financed and there will be no stock for sale in the new firm.

Cattle shipments from New Mexico during October were the heaviest in the history of the state, according to the secretary of the Cattle Sanitary Board. Approximately 120,000 cattle were sent to other states, the majority of the shipments being to market. Shipments by counties follows: Springer, 5,000; Clayton, 5,000; Tucumcari, 12,000; Alamogordo, 5,000; Roswell, 10,000; Roosevelt, 178; Deming, 5,217; Albuquerque, 5,000; Santa Fe, Lovi; Mineola, 2,000; Carlsbad, 6,172; Lordsburg, 7,000; Cimarron, 4,000; Tucumcari, 5,000; Columbus, 5,000; Silver City, 3,000; Jal, 1,000; Ambrosia, 4,500; Portales, 10,000; Miscellaneous, 1,000.

Stanley Hulbert, formerly a member of the Prescott, Arizona Boy scouts, is the first boy in Albuquerque to become an Eagle Scout. In order to become an Eagle scout Stanley had to have 21 merit badges and pass an examination. Among some of the tests which Stanley had to take before becoming an Eagle scout are: Life saving, first aid work, personal health, public health, cooking, camping, rifle, bird study, pioneering and athletics. Each Eagle scout leader will be given a gold Eagle scout button by the chief of Scouts.

GOOD ROADS

LOWER CALIFORNIA IMPROVING ROADS

Southern California during the first six months of 1924 contracted for more than $5,000,000 of road work, one-third of which has been state funds, and the remaining two-thirds provided by the counties. This money will be applied on the construction and improvement of more than 350 miles of highway. There were 46 different projects undertaken.

In addition to this road work there were 13 bridges placed under construction, totalling nearly 1,200 feet in length and involving expenditures of more than $124,000.

These figures are estimated from records of the engineering department of the Automobile Club of Southern California, which organization has always been a strong proponent of good roads, and which keeps tab of the highway construction throughout that section.

California now has more than 15,000 miles of surfaced roads. This state is called upon not only to provide adequate highways for its 1,200,000 motor vehicles, but it must also be prepared to take care of an ever-increasing number of visiting motorists. During the present year it is estimated that some 300,000 cars entered the state and made use of the roads for touring purposes, and were under no further expense for use of the highways than the 2 cents a gallon gasoline tax, which is levied upon all automotive vehicles.

Farmer Is Booster for Hard-Surfaced Highway

Once upon a time it was difficult for the farmer to raise vegetables profitably because of the difficulty in getting them to market promptly and economically. The same held true in the selling of butter and eggs from the farm.

Paved highways, however, have changed all this. With his automobile or light truck he may carry the produce of the farm into the city and put them on the market quickly. This is especially important in the case of green vegetables and fruits, which are likely to spoil unless they are marketed quickly.

With good roads available, there is still another avenue of transportation open to the farmer. It is the parcel post rural deliveries. In sections where the country districts are traversed by paved roads of the better types, city post office departments are offering this service, and many farmers take advantage of it to market their produce profitably.

Consequently, the farmer is a booster for paved highways. The figures for one type of highway pavement—concrete—are significant. At the first of this year, the country had the equivalent of 36,837 miles of 18-foot concrete highway pavement. Of this, 5,134 miles were laid in 1924.

New Highway Opened for Travel Through Wyoming

The thousands of tourists who drive west every year on the Lincoln highway will be interested to learn that access to the Yellowstone National park through central Wyoming, leaving the Lincoln highway at Cheyenne, has been made much more easy and attractive by the construction of a new highway through Wind River canyon which does away with the old trail known as Bird's Eye pass across the Owl Creek range.

The new road which is a part of the Yellowstone highway between Casper and Thermopolis is 12 miles in length and is hewn almost entirely out of solid granite, three tunnels being required with an aggregate length of over 800 feet.

This road, which is a federal aid project, cost $700,000 to construct.

Prosperity Will Follow Improved Road System

Prosperity follows a really good road. This is invariably found to be the case. A good system of highways impresses home-seekers and investors. They look upon the state that is improving its highways as a progressive state in which there will be found opportunities that other states would not offer. This has been found to be the case in North Carolina, and it has been also found there that the paying of streets even in the smaller cities pays good dividends and that the good effect is not long in being noticed. Paved streets and hard-surfaced roadways are closely linked and work together for the upbuilding of towns and communities.—Amherst (Va.) Nail.

Favor Grade Elimination

Active co-operation of electric railway companies in cities, in the movement of eliminate as far as possible grade crossing accidents, is wholeheartedly assured.

Traction executives of the country have pledged themselves to read all possible aid to a campaign which purposes not only to reduce accidents of grade crossings, but automobile collisions on State highways, as well. This is a result of the labors conference called by the president.

WEAK, RUN DOWN AFTER SICKNESS

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Mrs. Dube Well and Strong

E. Hartford, Conn.—"After a severe sickness I was so weak that I could not do my housework, so my mother told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The first bottle helped me so much that I took six more bottles and felt fine. I have just given birth to a nice baby girl and am feeling strong and well. So different from the way I felt before. I am taking the Vegetable Compound right along while nursing. The baby seems to be in good health, and my friends say they see a big change for the better in me."—Mrs. EUGENIE DUBE, 59 Woodbridge Street, East Hartford, Connecticut.

The Vegetable Compound is a splendid medicine to bring back health and strength. Many mothers have found this true, as did Mrs. Dube. Ask some of your neighbors and friends, for there are women everywhere who know by experience the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women."

Cruel

"Women certainly have no consistency," said Brown ruefully, when he strolled into the club.

"What's the matter?" came in chorus.

"Well," he said, "my wife chased me out this morning, and then cried because I left home without kissing her good-by."

A Nurse's Advice to Women!

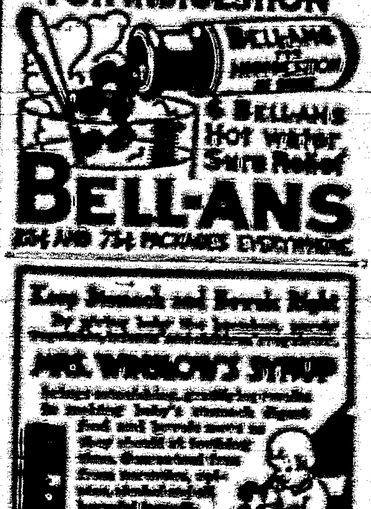
Rogers, (West Walnut) Ark.—"I suffered for many years with trouble peculiar to women, and used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription with wonderful results. And I can say that I have never found anything better for an expectant mother—I am a practical nurse. Anytime I can say anything in behalf of Dr. Pierce's remedies I will surely do so."—Mrs. Wyatt Keeling, Route 3, Box 5.

At all dealers, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for trial package tablets.

"Peter Pan of Nations"

"America is truly the Peter Pan of nations," says Capt. Bruce Bairnsfather, British cartoonist. "Here I find dignified men of business, bankers, brokers and statesmen reading the comics. In England or on the continent such a thing could not happen. America is a youthful country and Americans have the spirit of youth in their hearts. They like to laugh."—Copper's Weekly.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION



Keep Stomach and Bowels Right

By doing baby the hygienic, gentle

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

Cuticura Soap Is Pure and Sweet Ideal for Children

PATENTS

The Truant Soul

By **Victor Rousseau**

Copyright by W. G. Chapman

"IT ISN'T ENDED"

SYNOPSIS.—Nurses in the Southern hospital at Avonmouth are angered by the insolent treatment accorded them by Dr. John Lancaster, head of the institution, and there is a general feeling of unrest into which Joan Wentworth, probationary nurse, is drawn. Doctor Lancaster is performing a difficult operation, for which he has won fame. Joan, with other nurses, is in attendance. She is upset through no fault of her own, and makes a trivial blunder at a critical moment. The patient dies and Doctor Lancaster accuses her of clumsiness. She is suspended, the action meaning the end of her hope of a career as a nurse.

CHAPTER II—Continued

—3—

In the town of forty thousand inhabitants Joan was as isolated as she had been in the latter years at home. Her life was as unsophisticated and as simple, and she was so unacquainted with the conditions and circumstances of existence that her dismissal seemed to her an irreparable disaster. She had won good opinions, she had been praised, and it seemed monstrous that her faintness at a critical moment should have ruined her whole life, prospects. What made the tragedy the less tolerable was the admixture of the farcical. There was a simple and absurd explanation, Mrs. Webb's colored cook, Amanda, had quarreled with her mistress that morning, and Joan had had to go to the hospital without her breakfast.

She got up and walked slowly homeward without having resolved her problem. Inside, the boarding house the air was like a furnace, and the smell of cooking was triumphant and dominant.

Inside the kitchen, seen through the open door, was Amanda, the cook, and Mrs. Webb, the landlady.

"Here's Amanda again!" Mrs. Webb called to Joan. "My dear, the idea of your running away without your breakfast this morning! Now you sit right down and have your lunch, Miss Wentworth!"

Joan was not hungry, but it was impossible to oppose the resolute insistence of Mrs. Webb, backed by the penitent cook, whose black face, as she flitted from the kitchen to the dining room, radiated remorse and good intentions.

"One can't get along without the proper food at the proper times," said Mrs. Webb as she set down the dishes before Joan. "But I call it real sensible of you to have come home early. Some girls wouldn't have thought of that."

Joan choked suddenly, and Mrs. Webb perceived her distress. She bent over her and placed a kitchen-roughened hand upon her shoulder.

"My dear, what is it? What is the matter? Something gone wrong at that old hospital?" she asked. "Tell me now, honey?"

"It isn't anything, Mrs. Webb," said Joan, smiling valiantly to keep back her tears. "Well, then, I'm—I'm discharged."

Mrs. Webb withdrew her hand and placed it upon one hip, bringing the other into corresponding position. She glared at Joan, as the convenient focus of her indignation.

"I never heard of such a thing!" she cried. "What's dared to discharge you, Miss Wentworth? Why, it was only yesterday Miss Gray was saying you were the only one in the hospital that attended to her work instead of trying to make dates with the doctors! I've had the nurses two years now, Miss Wentworth, and they ain't a snap better than the outsiders I used to keep. A pack of tantrumsies! If some of them had been discharged 'twould serve them right. But not you, my dear. Is it that old Doctor Lancaster?"

"It was, and I think he was right. I felt faint from the smell of ether—"

"Of course you did!" cried Mrs. Webb. "I always knew the day would come when you would. Those smells make my head go round and round whenever I take the short cut that side of the park. I always said you weren't cut out for that sort of work. It's all right for them strong he-horse girls that's made for it, but what you need is to marry some good man who can take care of you, not to go nursing a lot of dirty hands and dusting people's bodies spread up. It's my belief that when the Lord put our insides inside and our outsides outside he meant 'em to stay there," snorted Mrs. Webb.

"Well," said Joan wearily, "it's ended now. And I don't know what I'm going to do."

"But I say it isn't ended!" cried Mrs. Webb, concentrating all her indignation against Lancaster in a venomous glare at Joan. "It's only just begun. If that old Doctor Lancaster dares to discharge you, I'm going to tell everything I know about him. Miss Wentworth, that man's no more fit to be at the head of a hospital, with nurses under him, than he's fit to fly. What is he? Nothing but a fast liver and a common drunkard."

"Never mind, Mrs. Webb!"

"But I do mind. To think of a man like that, who went about with a gang of common tramps for years, Miss Wentworth, just breaking away from his job and reboling it up and down the country and then coming back and getting his job again and acting as he does! All that I say is common knowledge. Five years after the hospital had seen the last of him in he walks, as bold as brass, and puts the head doctor out, and says the hospital's his and he's going to run it again. And him being in charge of the nurses—him that runs 'round in his auto with every pack of cheap actresses that comes to Avonmouth! I know what they are! I haven't been in the boarding house business twenty years for nothing!"

Mrs. Webb was becoming incoherent. Joan succeeded in stopping the flow of vilification at last, mainly because Mrs. Webb had exhausted it.

"Now I tell you what you are going to do, my dear," she said. "You're going straight to that old Lancaster's house and you are going to ask for your place back. And you're going to get it, too."

"Mrs. Webb, how can I do that?"

"How can you do it? Why, you can manage him all right, my dear. Yes, I guess 'tis going to be all right. I suppose he lost his temper. When a man leads the sort of life he does he hasn't much good humor left the morning after. I know about that. You just go to him and act as if you didn't care much and let him think you look on him as just the finest man in the world."

"Please, Mrs. Webb!" expostulated Joan; and as she spoke there came back into her mind vividly the sinister advice of the dark-haired girl.

"You've only got to let him see your face, my dear," continued the landlady. "You see, it's this way. When he's in the hospital he's thinking about his work. A nurse is just a nurse to him then. But after his work's over she's different. Now don't tell me you can't make that man do anything you want him to, because I know better."

Joan crimsoned. "I couldn't think of such a thing," she protested.

"And why not?" inquired the other. "If you've got good looks, ain't you going to use them? It isn't as if I was asking you to do anything wrong.

"I Must See Him; It Is Important," Faltered the Girl.

(is it? You'd be a precious fool if you didn't. Any girl can twist a man round her finger, especially if she looks pretty."

Joan looked at Mrs. Webb in great distress. She rose, but the landlady followed her toward the door.

"You see, my dear," she went on, "if you were given the sack flat-footed by the Almighty, why shouldn't you use it to get plain, common justice done you? Its your job, that's at stake, and you all alone in the world. All you've got to do is to make him forget that he's dealing with a nurse. There isn't anybody would think twice about it. Didn't Amanda do it this morning, coming to me with her big, black, honest face, and looking at me so that I had to take her back, as I was glad enough to do? You go straight and see that old Lancaster and fly it, that's all!"

A nurse passed the window and came up the steps.

"Mrs. Webb, you won't say a word about what I've told you to the others, please?" asked Joan.

She flew upstairs and, flinging herself down on her bed, stared out dismally toward the monument. The catastrophe had swept her little, unchartered world away. The sense of her loneliness swept over her like a black cloud, appalling her. She was cut off from life, and utterly helpless outside the medium in which she had lived.

Because she felt this sense of helplessness, her outraged pride began to vanish before the terrors that her imagination conjured up. Starvation, the ultimate terror of her childish days on the estate, which like a living thing had gnawed into her mother's nine hundred dollars, seemed incredibly real and near. She must ask for her position back!

She must face Lancaster in his home, humble her pride, and bow to him; but she watched the sun decline and the shadows lengthen, and for a time she could not bring herself to her task.

What strengthened her at last was the realization that her status must be settled before she faced the day nurses coming home off duty. She slipped on her cloak and went out of the house softly, and to escape the landlady's attentions Joan went hastily toward Lancaster's house.

She had passed it almost daily on her journeys to and from the hospital. It was an ordinary brick house in a new block at the north end of the park, and commonplace enough, but now, to her excited eyes, it seemed to reflect the grim personality of its owner in the staring windows, with the shining door knobs of brass, and the brass name plate. Her heart was beating with panic, and it was with difficulty that she contrived to press the bell and to remain until the door was opened.

A white attendant confronted her—a sullen, undersized man with square shoulders, who scowled at her as he stood blocking the passage.

"Doctor Lancaster?" asked Joan.

"He doesn't see patients after five," answered the man.

"I must see him. It is important," faltered the girl.

"Well, I'll find out if he can see you," the fellow grumbled. "Walk in if you want to."

He had not recognized Joan's uniform beneath the cloak. She gave him her card and went into the waiting room. There the sense of the terror which made that place its domain, the accumulated fears of all who had ever waited there for the approaching verdict, seemed to leap out at her.

Then Joan heard Lancaster's voice in the next room, which was divided from the waiting room by folded doors. It was audible as a bass rumble, emerging occasionally into a distinguishable sound. Lancaster was talking with somebody, and he was growing angry. That was an ill omen of what was to come!

Joan braced her nerves. She was anything but a coward, and, having made up her mind, she intended to carry her scheme through.

Suddenly Lancaster's voice was raised in violent altercation.

"A nice mess you've made of everything!" he cried. "I've tolerated you too long. I've been a fool, but I've finished with you now. Go back where you came from!"

Another voice spoke in indistinct tones. It was that of a man, and it was almost abject in contrast with Lancaster's violence.

"I've finished with you, I tell you!" cried Lancaster. "I've borne this burden long enough. You can get out of my house. You can get out of my life."

"I've borne it long enough, too," replied the other, doggedly. "Who started it? Who made the first proposal?"

"I did, out of kindness to you. And how have you repaid me?"

"By placing myself, soul and body, at your service," retorted the second man, aroused into some show of spirit.

"Who picked you out of the gutter and set you on your feet?" rejoined the doctor. "Answer that! You can't! You know you can't! Where would you be today if it were not for me?"

The second man said something in a low voice.

"Myself! A lot I care about that!" retorted Lancaster. "I tell you—what's that?" The white attendant was speaking at the door. Joan recognized his rasping voice.

"No! No!" cried Lancaster, violently. "I see nobody. Why can't these women come during my hours? Aren't they posted plainly enough upon the card in my window? Tell her—what? Important? Well, let her wait, then, and I get ready to see her."

The voices died away down the rear end of the passage. Joan heard the two men talking again. Then the sounds ceased. She heard the door in the adjoining room creak beneath a man's tread. Lancaster was coming in! Her fate was in the balance. She would anticipate that interview, see him, face to face. She left the waiting room and went in by the door.

It was hung with little pictures of a uniform size, each exactly like its neighbor. It came into the girl's mind, even during those few hasty steps, that this was essentially a man's house; a woman would have arranged things differently, have given the place personality, have made her presence felt somehow, even in the decoration of this dark passage. The atmosphere was that of an institution, not of a home.

Then she was standing with caught breath at the door of the consulting room, which was a little ajar, as if the coach had become unfastened. She knocked, opened it, and went in.

Is it legitimate for a pretty girl to wangle her way, when ordinary methods fail? What do you think?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Tells Work of Statesmen

The Congressional Record is a journal of the proceedings of the congress of the United States, dating from 1789. Prior to that date the senate held secret sessions only, but thereafter publication was required, save in the case of "executive sessions." Record has been the title since 1896. Before that date the journal was entitled Annals of Congress (1789-1824 for the house, and 1789-1824 for both branches), Register of Debates (1824-37), and Congressional Globe.

Four Coats Found in Milady's Favor

Four different coats are essential for the complete winter wardrobe, and Paris has made each type so distinctive that it occupies a separate niche in the contemporary hall of fashion, says a Paris fashion correspondent in the New York Herald-Tribune. The afternoon coat, the evening wrap, the ensemble cloak and the sports coat are all decreed by the current mode, and while the minimum requirements of fashion may be satisfied by the first two of these, the socially active woman will find a definite demand for all of the models.

The most important type of coat—because it cannot be omitted from even the most frugal wardrobe—is the afternoon coat, which can be worn for formal and semi-formal daytime functions. The Paris couture has offered numerous interpretations of this essential garment, and these have centered around two silhouettes—the slim, straight outline and the fuller flared effect. The latter type is smarter, because it is newer and because it is gradually gaining ground as the season progresses. The coat flare differs from the dress flare in that the distended effect begins at a higher line—usually slightly above the knees. It is accomplished by the manipulation of godets and flounces, and in order to impress the fuller outline more forcefully the waistline is often perceptibly fashioned.

The details and fabrics of the afternoon coat vary according to the salon which presents it. Molyneux, for example, is an ardent sponsor of the cape-coat—decidedly one of the modish manifestations of the current season. With this designer the cape reaches to a point just below the waistline and it is sewed into the side seams of the coat in such a manner that only the lower edge gives a clue to its presence. Capes are also sponsored by Callot and her offerings are typical of the winter mode. For traveling, they are developed in tweed, collared and edged with gazelle, squirrel or hare and cut on simple circular lines. These capes are also of velvet or cloth in more luxurious furs and incorporate the Venetian collar movement.

Fur Trimming Popular.

Full evidence is given in the forthcoming winter fashions of the popularity of the fur-trimmed fabric coat, whether the material be of silk or wool. Where dress and coat match this is a happy solution of the ensemble idea. In a striking Patou model, fittingly called Inde de Chine because of the Chinese embroidery that covers the long tunic, the coat is of navy blue satin, with deep skirt band, collar and cuffs of nutria fur in the natural beige tone. The Chinese tunic is of dull rose wool, with intricate Chinese patterned embroidery in navy blue. The satin skirt that underlies the tunic is of navy blue, matching the top coat.

Madeline Vionnet offers wider models which feature wide bands of fur bordering entire side of the front

Velvet Street Costume Trimmed With Bands of Kolinsky.

and continuing to form a pointed collar and yoke at the back. Lynx, ermine, seal and sealskin effects are used as trimmings by this designer.

Paton makes a feature of the molded bodice and the slight sub-waistline flare beginning just below the waistline and being apparent at the front and sides. His most successful model is known as Ines Pedro. This coat has created an unusually favorable impression and is being much copied. The original model (Mrs. Paton is in mourning) is in ruched black crepe of a very heavy quality. It has as a novel feature a pleated apron-like flounce across the front only. It is of severely straight cut and the apron, or tabbier, barely disturbs the slender silhouette. The collar, cuffs and skirt band are of gray chinchilla fur.

These are characteristic variations of the winter afternoon coat, which recognizes few restraining influences in its diversifications. The most typical models have high fur collars, almost any type of sleeve and are developed in ottoman, bengaline, taffeta, velours de laine and the new suede finished cloths. Black, brown and green are the leading colors.

The evening wrap is its usual elaborate self this winter, and the opera coat is brilliant as ever, presented. There is less fundamental variation in the evening cloak—its distinctiveness is achieved principally through rich fabrics and luxurious trimmings—and this greater conformity begins with the silhouette, which is most frequently straight. The flared types are not without representation, but they have not been accepted as eagerly in this class of dress as in others. Cape effects are among the most prominent models. The three-quarter length models are featured by Vionnet, who shows a regal evening cape in black and gold brocade fitting at the shoulders and cut in a circular movement. The same model is developed in broadtail.

Red Is Effective.

An effective Chanel wrap is of red Louis XIV lame with a tiny all-over pattern done in gold threads. This model has a straight, slightly fitted back, a full apron front and is bordered with a six-inch strip of lapin pekin. The same house offers a striking cloak in soir of Bordeaux red velvet lined with matching marabou. The feature of this model is a succession

Coat of Satin-Faced Canton, Deep Flounce Accordioned Skirt.

of bands two inches wide, which are set about three inches apart. These continue to the end of the hipline.

From these typical details it is apparent that the evening cloak depends upon fabrics, trimming and color for its individuality. Sleeves are invariably ample, with still more ample cuffs, and collars and cuffs are generally of fur. Tinsel cloths, velvet, lame and metallic brocades are the principal fabrics, bright shades of red, green and brown the leading shades, and luxurious furs yield the most prominent trimmings. The keynote of the evening wrap rests not in its details, but in its materials and colorings.

The ensemble coat is, of course, not a separate item of dress, and it must conform with the costume of which it is a part. That conformity is usually a question of material, and it is frequently manifested in the lining of the coat, which is of the identical fabric as the dress. However, there is no set rule on this point, and the ensemble effect may be carried out by numerous other means, such as blending and color. This type of costume is appropriate for all occasions—informal, semi-formal and formal—and its accompanying coats generally follow the lines of the type of costume for these functions except that fluted effects are seldom adopted.

Jean Patou's famous quasi-tailored ensemble is a perfect example of the Parisian ensemble—a dressy costume quite classy enough for an informal evening dance or dinner and yet equally appropriate for a tea dansant or afternoon reception. The coat is developed in a silky quality of black broadcloth and is bordered with a deep band of lynx. Collar and cuffs are also of lynx.

Tunic Tries Velvet Ensemble.

Another typical afternoon ensemble consists of a coat and dress of navy blue velvet. The long skirt coat is trimmed with border bands of dyed lapin and moleskin silk tassels. The dress is exquisitely embroidered in turquoise beads and silk, this giving the name of le turquoise to the model.

The sports coat follows the same general lines and details as its afternoon prototype, except that the materials are different. Rough and fancy woolens in Scotch and Tartan plaids, gayly colored, take the place of the more conservative fabrics and have employed for ordinary daytime wear.

Apart from the mechanical details of the sports coat there is another noteworthy consideration which places this item of the feminine wardrobe in a class of its own. It is the symbol of youth, and its boyish effect must be paramount, even when worn by the more mature woman. This idea runs directly counter to the present temper of the mode, which has generally discarded the concept of youth eternal and has designed separate models for debutante and matron.

Yet the exception is logical enough. When Mr Old Grad comes back to the bowl to cheer his alma mater he casts the years behind him and for the moment revives his undergraduate days. And the lady at his left is transformed for the occasion into the same youthful girl who fractionally accompanied him in the days of Nineteen Nine. Therefore she must dress the part.

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Waiter—Yessah, but de gen'man what won't wait done gets his first.—Boston Transcript.

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LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Grace M. Jones spent last week-end in El Paso.

Fount A. Miller, a prominent farmer and ranchman of Ruidoso, was here Monday

Miss Lillian Merchant, Western Union operator, is back at the keys, after a two weeks' vacation in El Paso.

Supt. J. M. Helm went to El Paso yesterday. He will return in time for the re-opening of school Monday.

George L. Ulrick will go to Santa Fe tomorrow to attend a meeting of the State Tax Commission which meets there next Monday.

Rev. P. J. Otten, Catholic pastor, went to Socorro Monday, returning Wednesday. He found the roads, with slight exceptions, in good condition.

Mrs. Louise H. Coe, the Misses Connell and Mrs. Geo. J. Dingwall drove to Roswell Wednesday evening to spend Thanksgiving with relatives.

Mrs Harry Lyman came in Wednesday morning on No. 1, from Clovis. She will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs M. U Finley, over the Thanksgiving season.

The schools of the county took two holidays this week—Thanksgiving and today. A number of the Carrizozo teachers took advantage of the vacation to visit friends at different points.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Paden motored to Roswell yesterday morning returning last night. They witnessed the football game between the Institute and the "Aggies," which the former won—7 to 0.

Bishop Howden was here last Saturday from Albuquerque to meet Rev. H. K. Stanley of Fort Stanton, and confirmed a class at the regular evening hour. The Episcopal church has a splendid congregation here.

Ed Sullivan, the mayor domo of the power plant, White Oaks, was a visitor yesterday.

A large number of people gathered here yesterday, from different parts of the county, to witness the horse race and attendant sports.

Thanksgiving has come and gone, and left in its wake a happy, pleased and contented populace. Turkey—both wild and tame—graced most tables hereabouts and reminded all of the earnest old Pilgrims—mistaken as they might have been, in many things—who instituted this day on the American continent. Nature, also, was charitable, and the day was ideal from the standpoint-of-comfort, and all humanity appeared to be in harmony with the day and its purposes.

A Trio of Babies

A trio of babies arrived during the past week in the following families:

Mr. and Mrs. James E Brown, who live at Oscuro, a girl, born Thursday, Nov. 20.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L Robinson, Angus, girl, born Friday night, Nov. 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Ware Brazel, Carrizozo, a boy, born Sunday, Nov. 23.

Catholic Church

Every Sunday.
First Mass (English) 8 a. m.
Second Mass (Spanish) at 9:30.
Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.
Evening services at 7:30 p.m.
P. J. Otten, Pastor.

Methodist Church

(W. R. McPherson, Pastor.)

Sunday school at 10 a. m., D. A. Donaldson, superintendent.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m.

Young People's meeting, 6:30.

Preaching at 7:30 p.m.

Accidental Discharge of Shotgun

Allen A. Lane, White Oaks, received a painful wound, yesterday at 11 o'clock from the accidental discharge of a shotgun. The injured man was brought to the Paden Hospital, arriving at 2:45 in the afternoon, and his injuries given immediate attention by Dr. M. G. Paden. He is resting well this morning, and it is believed that he will rapidly recover, notwithstanding what appeared at first to be a very dangerous wound.

The manner in which the wound was inflicted is described as follows: Mr. Lane, accompanied by Mrs. Lane, had gone out into the Carrizo mountains on a turkey hunt, but also carried a rifle in addition to a shotgun, in the event a deer was encountered, and in Dark Canyon a deer was killed. The deer's feet were lashed together, a pole run thru them and the shotgun also placed between the deer's legs. The husband and wife started to carry the deer out of the canyon, and had difficulty in getting through some heavy underbrush. Therefore, they stopped to rest, and upon again picking up the deer, one of the antlers struck the trigger of the gun—the trip thru the underbrush evidently having thrown off the safety—when the gun was discharged. The charge of shot entered the calf of the right leg, lacerating it badly and causing a most dangerous-looking wound.

Help was obtained as quickly as possible, but, even so, considerable time elapsed before the wounded man could be brought out of the mountains, and the hospital was not reached until 2:45 in the afternoon. In the meantime, Mr. Lane suffered a great loss of blood, and it was feared the wound was more serious than an examination showed it to be. The examination disclosed tendons intact and, what was still more fortunate, the main artery was not injured. The wound, however, is an ugly-looking one, the flesh of the calf having been almost wholly torn away.

Special Sale of Ready-to-Wear

If there is anything you need in
Ladies' or Children's Coats
Wool Dresses
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it will pay you to take advantage of this Special Sale.

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These Coats are made of the best materials and are self or fur-trimmed. Are greatly reduced.

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$7.35, $8.50, $10.00, $21.00 $25 and $33.

Misses and Children's Coats

You'll find a large assortment of colors and sizes. The fact of the matter is, we never had a larger assortment at this time of the year before, so we are not considering cost when price these to you at **$3.85 to $9.75**

33 1-3 Off—SILK & WOOL DRESSES—33 1-3 Off

Our entire stock of Ladies' and Children's Wool and Silk Dresses, suitable for all occasions. All greatly reduced to 33 1-3 per off.

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ALL WOOL SUITS

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Among the most popular styles this season the Welton Block of Velour leads. See them here.

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Rev. R. T. Cribb, Moved to Fort Smith

Rev. R. T. Cribb, who left here about three years ago, and until recently filled the pastorate at Mansfield, Arkansas, is now located at Fort Smith, Arkansas. The church at Fort Smith to which Rev. Cribb has been assigned as assistant pastor, has 1500 members. The regular pastor is Rev. Norman Kraus, a son of a former pastor of the Carrizozo Methodist Church, and who also was manager of the Carrizozo Trading Company for a number of months. Rev Cribb will have charge of the Junior Church, comprised of boys and girls from the ages of eight to seventeen, and will also preach at the Grand Avenue Mission and assist the pastor in general church work. The News, which has gone to him regularly since he left Carrizozo, will now go to him at 1411 North I street, Fort Smith, Ark.

We Are Thankful

For many years we had received our Thanksgiving turkey from our old friend, George Kimbrell, of Picacho; but the past year he joined the silent majority and it was left to his son, W. E. Kimbrell, to carry on. So when the period again rolled around we not only received a bird for a Thanksgiving dinner, but two dinners—one of which decked our table yesterday, the other to hold sway in Chattanooga. We heartily endorse the expression that a friend counts; and we thank you, William.

Drugs, fresh and pure, at Pe-Ruble Drug Store.

The Thanksgiving Race

The sweepstake race at the ball park yesterday attracted a good crowd and supplied a means of entertainment that no other sport could equal. The three entries, ponies owned by Warden, Cooper and Crenshaw, were in the pink of condition and each had his backers—sentimental and financial. That we got down a little wrong was no particular disappointment, because, as the old raceman would say, when the three passed under the wire, "you could have covered them with a blanket."

Warden's pony came first, then Cooper's and then Crenshaw's; but they came in a bunch—no daylight showing between the contestants.

The next was a match race between a couple of three-year-old cow ponies. "Snowball," a jet-black colt, with young Rankin up, and "Billy the Second," a dun, with young Spencer in the saddle. It was a neck-and-neck race from the start, "Billy the Second," defeating the black by a nose.

Quite a little loose change—which was dug up from the old cook, from under the hearth or out of the old teapot, where it had reposed since our banks tumbled a year ago—found new possessors. But the losers had to admit that it was a real horse race, and the sport was worth it.

Commissioned Lieutenant

E. M. Brickley is in receipt of information from the War Department that he has been appointed First Lieutenant in the Army Reserve Corps, and that his commission would follow immediately. This gives Carrizozo two officers in the Reserve Corps, Dr. F. M. Johnson holding the other, a Captain's commission in the Medical Department.

For Sale—Wire, hog fence, chicken netting, etc.—The Tidwell Co., Inc., Capitan.

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No. 41,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1924:

Jan. 19; Feb. 16; Mar. 15;
Apr. 19; May 17; Jun. 14;
July 12; Aug. 9; Sept. 20;
Oct. 11; Nov. 8; Dec. 6 & 27

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