Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

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Your Income Tax

No. 3

If you are single and support in your home one or more persons closely related to you and over whom you exercise family control, you are the head of a family and entiled under the revenue act of 1924 to the same personal exemption allowed a married person, $2,500. In addition, a taxpayer is entitled to a credit of $400 for each person dependent upon him for chief support, if such person is either under 18 or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective. Such dependent need not be a member of the taxpayer's household. For example, an unmarried son who supports in his home an aged mother is entitled to an exemption of $2,500 plus the $400 credit for a dependent, a total of $2,900. If from choice the mother lived in another city, the son, although her chief support, would be entitled only to the $1,000 exemption, plus the $400 credit. The mother not living with him, he is not considered the head of a family.

An exemption as the head of a family can be claimed by only one member of a household.

The $400 credit does not apply to the wife or husband of a taxpayer, though one may be totally dependent upon the other.

Your Income Tax

No. 4

The revenue act of 1924 provides that the status of the taxpayer relative to the amount of his personal exemptions shall be determined by apportionment in accordance with the number of months the taxpayer was single, married or the head of a family. Under the preceding act the amount of exemption to which the taxpayer was entitled was determined by his status as a single person, a married person or the head of a family on the last day of the taxable year, December 31, if the return was made on the calendar year basis, as most are.

For example, a taxpayer married on September 30, 1924, would be entitled to an exemption of $1,375. For the first nine months he is classified as a single man entitling him to an exemption of $750—three-fourths of the $1,000 exemption allowed a single person—and for the last three months he is entitled to an exemption of $625—one-fourth of the $2,500 exemption allowed a married man.

If on June 30 a taxpayer ceased being the head of a family—the support in one household of a relative or relatives being discontinued—he is allowed an exemption of $1,750—one-half of the exemption of $1,000 granted a single person plus one-half of the exemption of $2,500 granted the head of a family. With regard to the $400 credit for a dependent the taxpayer's status is determined as of the last day of the taxable year. If, during the year, his support of such dependent ceased, he is not entitled to this credit.

BACK TO THE SHRINE

(By the Committee)

The local fire department, at the request of the Ladies' Club, will run the film, "Home, Sweet Home," portraying home life in all lands, and for the purpose of encouraging better homes.

The first trip of the detachment from the 8th grade of the Carrizozo Schools will leave will leave on the 8:00 o'clock stage Monday, the 26th, to boost for the picture, "America." Irvis Williams will address the pupils of the Nogal school; Henry Humphrey and David Saunders will speak in all the rooms of the Capitan school; Boyd Loughrey will take care of Fort Stanton, and Maurice Lemon and Mack Shaver will address the student body of the Lincoln Schools. Without charge, the White Line Stage Company has generously agreed to carry these boys.

Every man or woman who has served in the military, naval or other services of the United States is asked to come to the entertainment in uniform; any one having a uniform who does not wear it will be fined $1.00. If you want to hear the old-time, patriotic music, don't miss the show.

Marie A. Tangeman will read "Paul Revere's Ride."

Then He Wound the Cat

"We've all heard about the absent-minded professor who poured the syrup down his back and scratched his pancake, but the one that worries us is the one who poured catsup on his shoelace and tied his spaghetti.—Ex.

The Farmers-Consumers League

(Producers and Consumers Magazine)

Early in December the first announcement was made of the fight to be waged before congress by a temporary committee on organization of The Farmer to Consumer League, an American Association for the relief of agriculture through cooperative marketing.

The purpose of the League, as then stated, read as follows:

"The Farmer to Consumer League proposes to demand necessary national legislation that will bring the producer and consumer in closer contact with a view of establishing fair and equitable relations to all concerned through national cooperative marketing and centralized distributian owned, controlled and managed by the farmers themselves."

Immediately following the foregoing announcement the newspapers of the country gave much space to the activities of the League. As a first step the League served notice that it would vigorously oppose any attempt on the part of middle-men or politicians to block cooperative marketing legislation. It spoke in no uncertain tones, declaring,

"The predominating and most serious economic problem in America today is agriculture and the issue of affording farm relief must be met fairly. It can no longer be dodged through political combinations backed by the monny of those who have grown rich and powerful dealing in the products of the farm and who seek again to defeat the farmers in their fight for justice."

On December 10th the League made further announcement of the fact that no bill for farm legislation will be satisfactory to farmers which places the control of the farmers' marketing organization in the hands of either goverment officials such as the Capper-Williams bill provides, or the friends of the middle-men. We might as well suggest that the government enter the steel business as to enact legislation that will put the government in the farming business.

On December 28th the League issued the following announcement to the press:

"Farmers, and consumers as well, will need to make a strong fight before Congress in order to obtain proper recognition and justice. Reports already indicate that the opposition, led by middlemen, are determined to block any legislation that will be a truly effective aid to the farmer and the consumer."

It (The League) is now doing the necessary educational and legislative work for the farmer and the consumer. Without such organization, no real, constructive farm relief legislation will be enacted. Only a start can be made at the present short session of Congress. This educational and legislative work needs to be carried on.

The Methodist Council

Denver, Colo., Jan. 20.—History will be made in the Methodist Episcopal Church in the Rocky Mountain Region on February 1, 2, and 3, when more than 3,000 men and women from the churches of Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and New Mexico will assemble at the City Auditorium here for the sessions of the Methodist Council, a gathering expected to inaugurate a new day in the work of the churches of the Denver area.

A team of eleven great speakers, each of national, and several of international reputation, will discuss themes of major importance in the life of the church and the nation. Topics such as Evangelism, Prohibition, Religion in the home, the Social Gospel, the Outlawry of War, the Missionary Needs of the World, the Church and its Youth, the Church in Modern life, Church Organization, the Minister and the Modern World, Christian Stewardship, etc., will be discussed by eminent speakers from all parts of the country.

Bishop Charles L. Mead, Resident Bishop of the Denver area, in a letter to thousands of laymen and ministers in the area, urged every official member of the churches to attend "both men and women. "No such group of speakers," said the bishop, "has ever been brought together in the Rocky Mountain Region before in the interest of any Christian movement."

The Council will be similar to the great conventions held recently at Kansas City and Columbus, Ohio, where several thousands were in attendance. It is authorized by the Denver Area Council and will be under the general direction of the Department of Adult Work of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Postal Rate and Pay Increase

Washington, Jan. 22.—The [illegible] salary bill, carrying [illegible] revision of postal rates was taken up today by the senate.

A move to make the pay increases effective only until January [illegible] this year instead of [illegible]

Proposed Farm Relief Legislation

Washington, Jan. 22.—Endorsement by the farm group in congress and early enactment of a modified McNary-Haugen farm relief measure is sought by the American Council of Agriculture.

Arguments in favor of the modified bill were presented at a joint meeting of the senate and house agriculture committees. Hearing of the council's spokesman by the committee was in line with a plan on the part of the congressional farm group to get behind some farm relief bill in the hope that it can be passed at this session.

No decision was reached as to what attitude should be taken on the council's bill.

The committee was told that the bill, while following the general lines of the original McNary-Haugen measure, which was defeated in the house last session, contained none of what were considered as the main objectionable features of that measure. Not only will the tariff law be left alone by the new measure, witnesses contended, but the price ratio provisions of the first bill have been stricken out.

A farm export corporation would be organized and financed by an advance of $50,000,000 from the war finance corporation, to be reimbursed by commission charges for handling farm commodities. The purpose of the bill would be to divert surplus American farm products into the foreign trade at profitable prices.

July 1 of last year, made headway, after Republican senators had conferred on the subject. Definite decision, however, was postponed.

Another attack on the rate increases applying to newspapers was launched by Senator Walsh, Democrat, Massachusetts.

Senator Walsh read messages from the National Editorial Association and the Country Newspaper Association, declaring the proposed advances would place an unjust burden upon the country press."

Without debate the first half of the bill, revising the pay schedules, was given initial approval.

Enthusiastic Meeting of Chamber of Commerce

The Chamber of Commerce held a most interesting meeting at the Wetmore Hall last night, members of the Woman's Club having been admitted to membership in the Chamber of Commerce, added materially to the Chamber and gave an additional tone and interest to the meeting.

A large number of committees were announced by President Hamilton, of the Chamber and duties of each assigned. An executive committee was chosen to handle the affairs of the organization, composed of the following from the membership:

Messrs. F. H. Johnson, G. T. McQuillen, J. B. French, E. M. Brickley and T. E. Kelley, Mesdames T. A. Spencer and J. E. Farley.

After the transaction of the regular business, among which was the adoption of a motion to meet the Fourth Thursday evening in each month, the Chamber adjourned to enjoy a delightful program put on by the members of the Woman's Club; then all fell to and partook of an appetising lunch, provided by the same organization.

Glencoe Woman's Club

The Glencoe Woman's Club met last Saturday, Jan. 17, at the home of Mrs. B. J. Bonnell.

After the regular business of the meeting was [illegible] an interesting program was rendered as follows:

[illegible]

Famous New Mexicans, [illegible]

[illegible] "America the Beautiful," Club

Archaeology of New Mexico, Miss Susan Tully.

Early Days in Lincoln County, Mrs. George V. Coe

Billy the Kid, Mrs. B. J. Bonnell.

The Museum at Santa Fe, Mrs. J. V. Tully.

The Carlsbad Cave, Mrs. Eloy Perry.

New Mexico's Future, Mrs. W. F. Coe.

Song, "O Fair New Mexico," Club.

At the close of the program refreshments were served by the hostess, Mrs. B. J. Bonnell.

The club then adjourned, to meet Saturday, Feb. 1st, at the home of Mrs. Nelson Bonnell.

Fresh Drugs, Cigars, Tobaccos,
Soft Drink Fountain.

ROLLAND BROS.

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It is to your personal advantage to become acquainted with our banking system.

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CARRIZOZO, N. M.

"Try First National service."

The Truant Soul

by VICTOR ROUSSEAU

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CHAPTER VII—Continued

—11—

As it fell, the other leaped at her as if strung upon wires. Joan saw, very dimly, the face of Mrs. Dana. She was in her nightdress, with her feet bare, and the ferocity of her attack seemed atrocious in contrast with the expressionless, masklike features. Only the eyes seemed alive, and they burned with implacable hatred, as if they meditated revenge for all the accumulation of a life's wrongs.

The woman bore Joan backward. The lamp fell crashing to the floor in a debacle of splintered glass. A chair was overturned. Mrs. Dana's hands sought Joan's throat, and they struggled in the darkness, crashing here and there, upsetting the water pitcher, smashing into the swinging door. Underneath her Joan heard Mrs. Fraser moving, and doors opening. There were steps on the stairs.

For a few seconds Joan felt no match for the onset of the madwoman. But Mrs. Dana's impulse was soon exhausted. Joan got her arms about her body, pressing down the other's arms to her sides. Mrs. Dana suddenly became passive, and the lights in the eyes seemed to go out like extinguished candles as the brain clouded. Joan got the woman into the corridor. At the farther end a little lamp was burning.

Mrs. Dana went with her quietly, walking like a [illegible] figure. At the head of the stairs appeared the matron, wearing a white wrapper. Behind her Joan saw the startled faces of Myers and Lancaster.

The girl led Mrs. Dana into her room, and Mrs. Fraser came at her heels, breathing hard in terror.

"Did she hurt you?" she gasped. "How did she get out? Who let her out? I should have told you she was dangerous, but I never dreamed that she could pick that lock. Did she—did she try to harm you?"

"She had a piece of glass," said Joan, "but I took it away from her."

"There was no glass in her room last evening," said the matron with conviction.

Lancaster was approaching. Joan was astounded to see the look of anger on his face. "Who opened that door?" he shouted.

"It's all right now, Doctor Lancaster," came the matron's voice from within.

But Lancaster was shaking with excitement. His anger turned upon Myers.

"You are responsible for this!" he cried. "You knew my one point that has to be carried out. I told you to have a bolt put on the door after she got out before."

"Now, now, doctor, don't excite yourself," said the secretary soothingly. "You're a sick man, you know. It was unfortunate, but I'll see it doesn't happen again."

Lancaster seemed beside himself with fury for some seconds. Indeed, then the [illegible] appeared to waver.

"She might have killed Miss Wentworth!" he screamed. "I've stood enough from you without this. I've suffered you, God knows, and you've sapped my strength and crushed me under your feet, and made the [illegible] of a man that the meanest creature [illegible], but now I'm ending. I'm out of my [illegible]! Leave the [illegible] to-morrow!"

"Say," sneered Myers, "am I responsible if that woman got out of her room? What's the sense of putting it on me? Didn't you hire a nurse to take care of your patients. Ain't Mrs. Dana a patient? Now there's been enough said, I reckon. You know what I mean, Doctor. Better go back to your room and forget what you've said tonight."

"If ever I see your face after tonight, by G—d I'll kill you!" shouted Lancaster.

Myers slunk away toward the stairs. "Oh, all right, all right," he answered. "I reckon you'll be sorry tomorrow, but I'll hold you to what you've said. I ain't going to see that nurse bust up my work here."

He scowled fearfully at Joan as he went down the stairs, a grotesque, almost deformed figure in his loose pajamas. But Joan hardly heeded the man. She did not know the cause of Lancaster's sudden outbreak of rage, but she knew that it was part of the whole dreadful problem, and that, in fighting Lancaster's driving devil, she was at work upon the darkest corner of the dark mystery.

"I think, Doctor Lancaster, you had better go and lie down again," she said. "No harm has been done, but I am very sorry you were awakened."

He was leaning against the wall, looking at her with a strange expression upon his face. He breathed quickly, like a man in uncontrollable agitation. Just then the matron came out of Mrs. Dana's room.

"How did it happen, Mrs. Fraser?" asked Lancaster.

The matron snapped the key in the lock before answering. "I don't know, Doctor Lancaster," she answered. "The lock's all right. It couldn't have been picked. And I swear I locked it last night. Somebody must have let her out."

"That hound—!" began Lancaster, but Joan interposed. "She may have found a key," she said.

The matron shook her head. "No key would fit that lock, except the right one," she answered.

"Why should anyone tamper with that lock?" Lancaster muttered. Suddenly he broke down and covered his face with his hands. His shoulders shook convulsively. Joan put her hand on his arm.

"Doctor Lancaster, you must go back to your room now," she said. "It was nothing, and it is all ended."

"Miss Wentworth, if you will stay with me till six it will help me to master myself. It is not the wear of yielding to morphine; it is my thoughts. If you knew how one's life comes crowding upon one in the darkness—"

"I'll stay with you," said Joan.

"Let us wait on the veranda," said Lancaster. "The air is stifling in this house. Put on a wrap and I will wait for you there."

Joan ran upstairs and slipped on her cloak. When she got back Lancaster had [illegible] from the door. The secretary was packing noisily in his room.

They went outside together, closing the front door behind them, as if to shut in the evil influences in the place.

"The Hound—" Began Lancaster, but Joan Interposed.

There was a hint of morning in the air, in its freshness, in the paling of the night above the eastern mountains.

Lancaster led the way toward the chairs at the end of the veranda and wiped the dew from them with his handkerchief.

"When you came here," he said, as they sat down, "when [illegible] I asked you to come here, I did not dream that my impulse was the prompting of my good angel."

"You said I was your good angel," said Joan quietly.

"It was more than chance," said Lancaster solemnly. "It was the happiest thing that has ever come to me."

"Doctor Lancaster, I am only too glad to have had the opportunity of being of service. It is what every nurse would have wished."

"No," he corrected her. "You have brought more than service into the institute. Do you know what you have brought? Hope!"

She could hardly restrain her tears, so deeply was she moved. She put her hand upon his. "Doctor Lancaster, it shall never leave you again," she answered. "Lift up your eyes and look at the hills. How can one help but hope? Hope lies all about you."

"When a man lives in darkness," said Lancaster gravely, "he cannot lift up his eyes. I was broken long before I became a victim of that damnable drug. I fell into the hands of unscrupulous men. I had nothing to live for. I dwelt in shadows, hardly knowing the dream from the reality, and all the men and women about me seemed like shadows until you came. I could endure my life only because of its unreality; it was like a dream, a nightmare, which, I knew, could not last forever."

She did not answer, and he remained silent for a long time. It began to lighten. Streaks of saffron appeared against the tops of the hills. A bird awoke and called; another answered her.

"But this is hope," said Lancaster, taking Joan's hand. "You have brought it to me, and I am never going to lose it again. I am going to win my fight against the drug, and then I am going to regain all else that I have lost."

He seemed upon the verge of a revelation, but he said no more. And now the day was dawning.

"You have made a splendid fight, Doctor Lancaster," she said. "Now you shall have your hypodermic."

He rose up eagerly, and she could see the terrific strain that he was undergoing in the trembling of his limbs, the eager look in his eyes. They went back into the house. A light still burned in the secretary's room, but no sound came from it. At the door of Lancaster's room he stopped.

"Miss Wentworth," he said, "I have something to say, and something to promise. I am not going to take that dose. Tonight, perhaps, but not now. If I take it and free my body from its suffering, I lose my soul again. I lose that hope which you have given me. And—I want to give you this."

He handed her a little bottle of morphine, three-quarters full.

"It is the bottle which you took from the drawer of my desk yesterday," he said. "I stole it from your pocket when you leaned over me last night, when you told me I was winning. I was a thief—but I am a penitent thief, and I restore it intact."

"No, Doctor Lancaster," answered the girl, smiling as she took the bottle from him. "That has no bearing upon your character; it was a symptom of your disease."

"Well, I didn't take any," said Lancaster, with the transient flash of humor lighting up his face. "I had the hardest conceivable battle over that bottle. I set it up before me, and I held my right hand back with my left, and I said, 'I am winning, in Joan Wentworth's name.' And at last the drug devil was beaten. And no more morphine until tonight."

"Doctor Lancaster, you have been brave and wonderful!" cried Joan, profoundly stirred. "Remember that one of the bravest men I have ever known— Never tell me again that you have lost your power of will. We are winning fast."

He placed his hands upon her shoulders and stood looking at her. Upon his face was an expression of indulgence, as if he was considering her [illegible] in the light of his experience of life, so much deeper than hers, so much the more profound. Then the look passed; the years seemed to fall from him, and strength came into his face.

"God bless you, my dear," he said, and bent and kissed her forehead.

She turned and ran upstairs. Her heart was singing in her breast. The flood of sunlight that came through the eastern windows, illuminating the dusty interior of the old building, seemed like a spiritual light, flaming into this dark place where shadows had dwelt so long. She went into her room and dressed for the day. She had never felt so happy before. And now the life in Arcamouth had become as dim as a dream, and she cared no longer whether she returned or not. A charge had been granted to her, a man's life put into her keeping, that trust she meant to fulfill.

She had saved Lancaster, and she would outwit Myers, and remove the only obstacle to Lancaster's recovery. She knew the man incited the doctor to drug himself. She would have known that even without the matron's statement to her. But why should Myers wish Lancaster to drug himself to death?

He must be acting for others. Which? No matter. Once the drug evil was overcome, the plot would be revealed and overthrown.

As she stood at her window Joan heard footsteps on the path below. Looking down, she saw the secretary leaving the house, carrying a suitcase. Her heart almost stood still. [illegible] Myers had not acknowledged defeat and taken Lancaster at his word? Surely he did not mean to go without a [illegible] struggle.

She watched him cross the grass beside the chicken coop to where the woodgrown path joined the winding road. He was outside the grounds of the institute now, and he was still going in the direction of the station. He disappeared behind the hedges, appeared again, a long way off, and vanished finally. He was gone, and the air seemed the sweeter, the day more glorious.

Joan almost danced downstairs to the dining room. Lancaster was at the table, waiting for her.

"Mr. Myers has gone away!" she cried. "Doctor Lancaster, your evil spirit has departed, suitcase and all."

Lancaster looked at her gravely. "I know," he said.

"Did he come to you? Did you discharge him?"

"He did not come to me. He did not tell the matron he was going. It looks bad."

"No," said Joan firmly, struggling against her conviction. "He was afraid. You will never see him again."

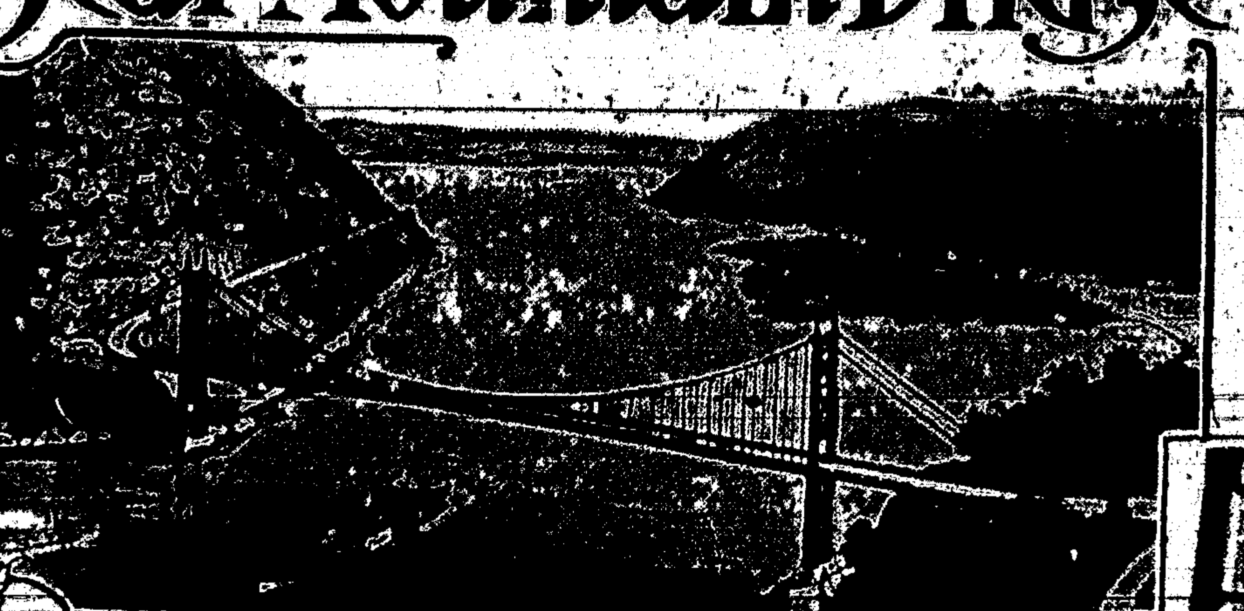
"You know what the Bible says about the unclean spirit who leaves a man, and returns with seven others, when he finds his home swept and garnished?"

"Doctor Lancaster, he has no hold on you. He can do nothing, and he will never dare to return."

"Well, my dear, we have a respite, at all events," Lancaster answered. "So let us eat our breakfast, and afterward I'll take you for a ramble through the woods, and we'll hold this fort together until evening."

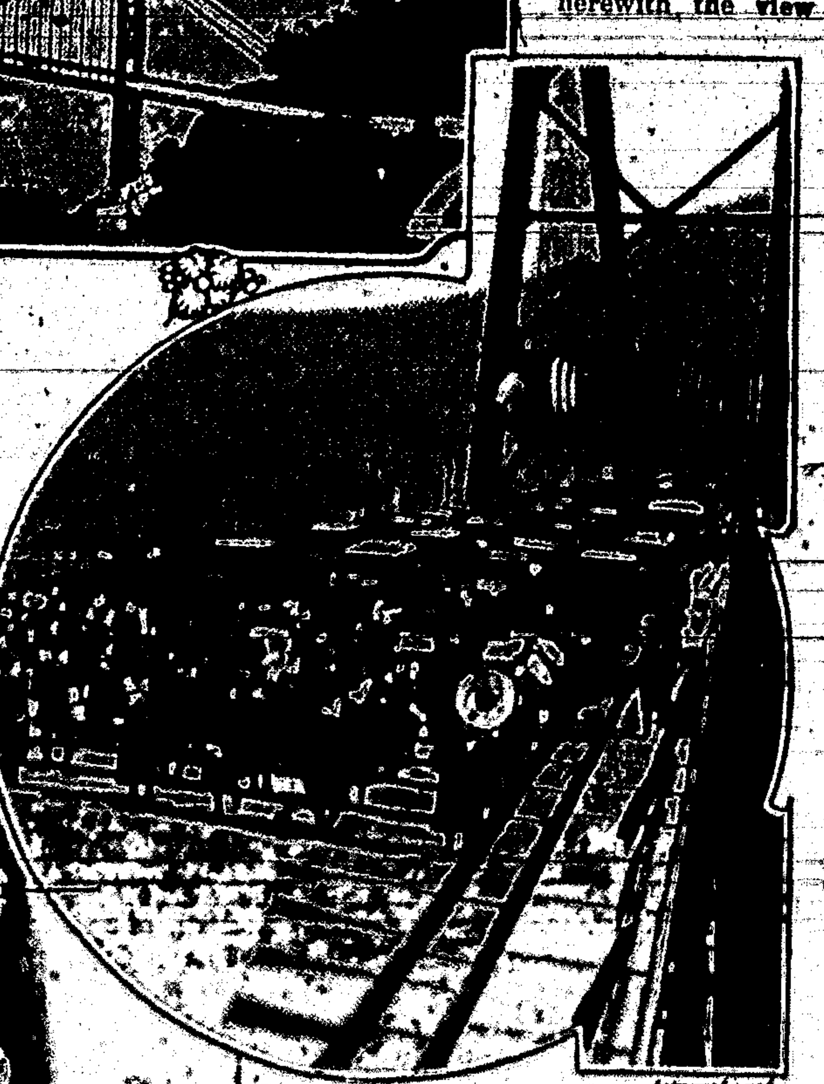
(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Bear Mountain Bridge



MRS. HARRIMAN AND TABLET
International Photo

HENRY HUDSON DRIVE



OPENING THE BRIDGE
International Photo

What This Crossing of the Hudson Means to Millions

BY JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

ALL this winter there has been a nearly continuous stream of motor traffic across the Hudson river at Peekskill, N. Y. Well, what of it? Why, the traffic is over the new Bear Mountain-Anthony's Nose suspension bridge. What of that? Well, it's a fine piece of engineering. What of that? But it's the only vehicular bridge across the Hudson, south of Albany. What of it—fine bridges are being built all over the country at places where they are needed.

Nevertheless, the Bear Mountain bridge is worth considerable attention as an object lesson of the tendency of the times. Its construction and use touches our everyday life at several points. It gives a hint of what the passenger and freight motor vehicles have come to mean in the United States. It shows how impatient are the American people of natural obstacles to travel. It proves that in the opinion of the Twentieth-century American "time is money." It throws a light on the popularity of outdoor recreation and the recognition by government of its importance.

Manhattan island was settled 300 years ago. How does it come that the Bear Mountain bridge has not been built until now? Simply because it was not a necessity until the automobile turned the transportation world upside down. But it has been sorely needed of late years. With the coming of the motor vehicle the New York ferries quickly became inadequate. As long ago as Memorial day of 1921 cars had to wait hours before they could cross on the Dyckman street ferry. Last summer people actually slept all night—or tried to—in their cars, so great was the delay in getting from one side of the river to the other. So the development of good roads and the increase of both passenger and freight traffic made a crossing of the Hudson imperative. And apparently the strategic site is Peekskill, which is about 50 miles north of the heart of the metropolis.

The Bear Mountain bridge makes a direct connection between the main highway leading through Middletown to Binghamton, Syracuse, Elmira, Rochester and Buffalo, and the Albany Post road. It gives Tuxedo, West Point, Newburgh and Kingston sections direct highway connection with New York city, thereby avoiding ferry delays at New York. It gives an inland route to West Point, Palisades Interstate park and the Catskill district, for residents of New York city and Westchester county. Another advantage is quickening and cheapening the motortruck service from the farms, truck gardens and dairies of Orange county into New York city, which has been going through the northern part of New Jersey.

There is a touch of sentiment about the building of the bridge. E. H. Harriman, the noted railroad man who died 11 years ago, was largely instrumental in giving the Palisades Interstate park along the Hudson its start and his widow has carried on his work. It was he who conceived the bridge, but his death temporarily stopped the work. At the dedication the automobile procession assembled on the Albany Post road and drove to the bridge along the three-mile highway cut into the side of Anthony's Nose 400 feet above the river. At the eastern entrance to the bridge E. Roland Harriman, president of the Bear Mountain-Hudson River Bridge company, introduced his mother, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, who cut a flag-covered rope, thus opening the bridge to all guests. Said Mr. Harriman:

"It is my mother, I can truthfully say, who is responsible for the accomplishment of this project."

While the band played "The Star Spangled Banner," Mrs. Harriman unveiled a bronze tablet, inscribed in part:

"Bear Mountain Bridge—the first highway bridge to span the Hudson river south of Albany. Begun March 24, 1923; opened November 27, 1924. To all who with thought, labor and loyalty have contributed to the construction of this bridge and highway this tablet is inscribed." It has been suggested that the name be changed to "Harriman Memorial Bridge."

The bridge is a fine piece of engineering. It has the longest suspended span in the world. Here are some of the figures: Work was begun in March of 1923. The length of the suspended span is 1,632 feet and the entire length of the bridge, including the two approach spans, is 2,257 feet. It rises to such a height that the Hudson river is 155 feet below it. The bridge is suspended from two mammoth cables, 18 inches in diameter. In each of these cables there are over 7,000 wires. The wire in each cable, if stretched in one solid piece, would reach from New York to San Francisco. The width of the bridge roadway is 38 feet, sufficient to easily permit the passage of two lines of automobiles in each direction simultaneously, and outside of the roadway, on either side of the bridge, are two five-foot walks for the use of pedestrians. Five thousand cars can pass over in an hour. There is a tollhouse at either approach. The toll is 75 cents a vehicle and 10 cents additional for each passenger; pedestrians may cross for 10 cents. Provision is made for public ownership after a reasonable period of tolls to the chartered bridge company. The construction cost, including the approaches—some of the road work cost more than $100,000 a mile—is close to $6,000,000.

In the picture herewith, the view is down stream from the Henry Hudson highway on the west bank, which extends from Dyckman street ferry along the west bank to Newburg. At the right of the drawing is Iona Island, and beyond that Jones point. On this side are the tracks of the West Shore railroad, and the New York Central main line is shown across the river. The hill across the river is Anthony's Nose, and the highway is part of a new three-mile road from the Albany Post road, North Peekskill, and just below Annsville.

The new bridge is of inestimable value in connection with the Palisades Interstate park. This now contains over 35,000 acres. It is the great public playground of New York city and its environs, which contain 8,000,000 people. Between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 have already been expended upon this park and the people of the state voted it another $3,500,000 at the last election for improvements and the purchase of land. One of the most remarkable things about this remarkable park is that under Maj. William C. Welsh, its superintendent—who was also consulting engineer for the bridge—politics has been kept out of its management.

In the 1924 season there were no less than 7,500,000 visitors to the park and an increase of 20 per cent is expected in 1925. This is likely, since the Bear Mountain region has hitherto been almost inaccessible by motor from New York city. The Bear Mountain bridge makes it possible for New York motorists to reach this part of the park without taking a roundabout way through New Jersey. In the New York sections of the park the camp sites number 86. The camp sites take care of about 40,000 persons a year. The demand far exceeds this and many organizations are turned away each season.

What New York state thinks of the Palisades Interstate park is evident from the fact that new highways are to be provided on both sides of the Hudson to afford easy access to the Bear Mountain bridge and to avoid traffic congestion. Following the opening of Bear Mountain bridge plans are being considered in the matter of an adequate approach road on the Westchester county side. From the Albany Post road north of Peekskill creek the present route to the bridge is the circuitous road into the state camp, where the bridge approach road begins. It was believed that the macadam road would be wholly inadequate to carry the traffic that will flow to the bridge.

With this in mind the program of the state council of parks included the extension of the Bronx River parkway from Kensico dam through Briarcliff and Mohansic park to the Bear Mountain bridge. Of the $15,000,000 state park bond issue carried at the recent election, $1,000,000 is allotted to this extension, known as the State parkway.

Bear Mountain bridge directly serves a beautiful and historic section of New York state. All about it is delectable country. And the Hudson valley about West Point is full of Revolutionary memories.

Silent Telephone

The silent telephone is an instrument which has been designed for the purpose of permitting exchange of communication between deaf and dumb persons. It has been invented by William E. Shaw of Cambridge, Mass., who was stricken deaf and dumb as a result of an [illegible]. The new device consists of a bank of electric [illegible], each marked with a letter or some character made use of in the deaf and dumb language. These are connected with a keyboard and with the combination it is very convenient to exchange messages between persons who can neither hear nor speak.

Embroidered in Human Hair

Jung Bo, wife of a Chinese merchant in Canada, returned from China with bobbed hair, but she carried her shorn tresses with her in the shape of an exquisite picture of Macao harbor, which she had embroidered in silk with her own hair while crossing the Pacific. The necessary relief in the picture was obtained by the use of white hair, for which one of the stewards sacrificed a lock.—London Tit-Bits.

The Sky's the Limit

New Boarder—But you told me in your letter that there was a beautiful view for miles.

Landlady—Well there is—just put your head out of the window and look up.

TEDDY BEAR'S ADVICE

LUELLA, the doll who lived in the big doll house in the playroom, was very unhappy when the magic hour came around and the toys could talk, because her husband, Harold Doll, had not come home.

All the toys could hear her softly weeping and Teddy Bear mustered up courage to say to the other playroom folks that he would go and see what was the matter.

"You better mind your own affairs, Teddy Bear," said Calico Cat. "I can tell you what has happened without asking Luella Doll; Harold has not come home and here it is midnight!"

Calico Cat always slept with one eye open and never missed a thing that went on in the playroom. "I saw the little mistress take him out

"He Did Not Stay Away Because He Wanted To."

of the room this morning. She said men didn't stay at home all day long. They had to work and earn the money for the wife to spend."

"Well, perhaps then Harold had to stay away and work," said Teddy Bear. "Anyway I think I'd better go to Luella and ask her what is the matter."

"Are you in trouble, Luella Doll?" asked Teddy Bear.

"Oh, Teddy Bear," sobbed Luella, "Harold has not come home and he never stayed out so late before."

"There is always a first time," snapped Calico Cat, who had followed Teddy. "You may as well get used to it, Luella; they all do it."

"But I am sure something has happened to him," said Luella. "He isn't staying away because he wants to. Oh, dear, what shall I do?"

"Fiddlesticks!" said Calico Cat before Teddy could say a comforting word to poor Luella. "Don't waste your pity on Harold. He is having a good time, while you, poor dear, are staying at home alone. That is all that is the matter with him."

"I am sure he will come home just as soon as he can," said Teddy. "Don't you cry, Luella. Harold is staying away on account of business. You can be certain he will come as soon as he is able. Now dry your eyes and sit down on the steps and chat with the rest of us, or the magic hour will soon be over."

Calico Cat laughed and said: "Yes, he will come home, Luella—in the morning."

It was long after the sun was shining in the playroom window that the little mistress opened the door and came in with Harold in her arms and placed him in his house with Luella Doll.

When the hall clock struck the magic hour that night Calico Cat ran to the doll house and sat down close to it with her ears wide open. "What did I tell you?" she loudly whispered to Teddy Bear. "He is telling her that the little mistress left him out in the yard all night under a bush, and that silly Luella Doll believes him. He better not tell me that."

In a little while Luella Doll and Harold came out of the doll house. "You were right, Teddy Bear," said Luella. "Harold could not help it. He did not stay away from me because he wanted to."

"Oh, dear me!" laughed Calico Cat. "She has swallowed the whole story, poor thing."

"Calico, you are a very unpleasant creature," said Teddy Bear. "Why do you try to make Luella unhappy? Don't you think there are any good gentlemen dolls in the world?"

"Well, I am not foolish, Teddy Bear, if I am unpleasant," snapped Calico Cat. "Nobody could fool me as Harold has fooled poor Luella."

"I would rather be foolish than think unkind things of folks the way you do, Calico," answered Teddy. And then he went over to the doll house and sat on the steps with Harold and Luella.

"You mustn't listen to anything Calico says, Luella," Teddy said. "She can't help being catty, you know, because she has claws."

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Lon Chaney

This well-known motion picture player was born April 1, 1883, in Colorado Springs, Colo. He received his education in the city of his birth. Chaney is 5 feet 9½ inches tall. He weighs 150 pounds. He has dark hair and dark eyes. He had a varied stage career before becoming an actor in the "movies."

Green's August Flower

The remedy with a record of fifty-eight years of surpassing excellence. All who suffer with nervous dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming-up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of digestive disorder, will find GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER an effective and efficient remedy. For fifty-eight years this medicine has been successfully used in millions of households all over the civilized world. Because of its merit and popularity GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER is found today wherever medicines are sold. 30 and 90 cent bottles.—Adv.

New Kitchen Utensils

In England a patent has been granted for a process by which cardboard pressed into the shape of kitchen utensils, such as kettles and saucepans, can be made waterproof and acid resisting. The cardboard utensils are dipped in a solution of one part asphalt, two parts resin, three parts shellac in five parts of spirit, and allowed to dry slowly in the air.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp. On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your everyday toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Advertisement.

Mammoth Electric Sign

To announce the recent Presidential election returns to Cincinnati, four large electric sign monograms, each made up of the letters "C" and "D," were mounted on the tower of the Union Central Life Insurance Company building, 33 floors above the ground. Each of these letters was 12 feet high by 10 feet wide and contained 60 25-watt electric lamps.

Many a man's strong argument is in reality nothing but a loud noise.

Internal cleanliness protects against disease

IN CONSTIPATION, say intestinal specialists, lies the primary cause of more than three-quarters of all illness, including the gravest diseases of life.

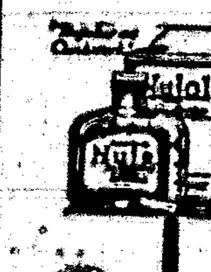
Laxatives and cathartics do not overcome constipation, says a noted authority, but by their continued use tend only to aggravate the condition and often lead to permanent injury.

Why Physicians Favour Lubrication

Medical science has found at last in *lubrication* a means of overcoming constipation. The gentle lubricant, Nujol, penetrates and softens the hard food waste and thus hastens its passage through and out of the body. Thus, Nujol brings internal cleanliness.

Nujol is used in leading hospitals and is prescribed by physicians throughout the world. Nujol is not a medicine or laxative and cannot gripe. Like pure water, it is harmless.

Take Nujol regularly and adopt this habit of internal cleanliness. For sale by all druggists.



Nujol

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

For Internal Cleanliness

Have You This Habit?

By Margaret Morison

REGINA

ALWAYS Regina's mother and father had stood between her and reality. When Regina wanted a new dress that the family finances could not afford, her mother went without a muff all winter. On the first day that Regina came home from school with a bad report, angry and mortified, a complaint was entered and her teacher was changed. If her younger sister was asked to a party and Regina omitted, regrets were sent. It was not strange that at twenty Regina should be afflicted with elephantiasis of the ego.

Then the day came when family finances broke down. Regina, who felt that her home town did not appreciate her as it should, went away to earn her living. In a strange city, as one of several applicants for the position of companion to a rich old lady, Regina was not surprised to be chosen. Naturally any one would want her before others. Even when she learned that her employer had once been indebted to her mother for a kindness, her self-satisfaction was not shaken—for was it not HER mother? From the first, Regina took the stand that she was a guest in the house; she insisted on her cup of coffee before she got up in the morning, and upon fresh flowers in her room each week. "Water seeks its own level" was a platitude often on her lips. Then the cook, who had lived with the old lady for thirty years, struck, and Regina found that her own level was elsewhere.

A long interval of seeking and not finding followed; Regina's suit was very shiny, but her self-esteem unclimmed, when she read one day a sign in a restaurant window that a waitress was wanted. "A lady can do anything!" she whispered to that within which corresponded to her soul as she donned apron and cap. In the same spirit she haughtily refused her first tip and found herself the laughingstock of the place. Three months later her tactics had changed; for the privilege of being waited upon by HER a customer could not tip too high. One day when she was tipped five cents instead of ten she offered a piece of her mind, was reported—and fired.

As she sat in her lodging house room, for which she had paid her last dollar, for the first time she sought one answer to her predicament. Then, from a changed angle, she thought of the restaurant as a place where tired working people came to get refreshment, instead of an institution that was run to pay her wages. The old lady's household was now a place where she might have learned the running of an establishment with the least possible friction. Her own home became a group to which it had been her special privilege to bring refreshment.

Suddenly the enormity of her habit of self-consciousness, of seeing in any situation only what affected herself, came upon her, and she asked herself how far, at thirty-five, this lifelong habit of self-consciousness had destroyed her power of adjusting to a world made up of many people?

HAVE YOU THIS HABIT?

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

AS TO CLOUDS

WHEN clouds beset my way
Upon some wintry day
I greet them carelessly
Because 'tis known to me
That naught of substance lies
In any clouds that rise,
And that at worst they bring
But misty vaporing
That I may brush aside
As toward my goal I stride.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The Why of Superstitions

By H. IRVING KING

SQUEALING PIGS

WHEN pigs squeal or grunt more than usual it is a sign of rainy weather—some say simply of "bad weather." This is a superstition almost universal in the rural districts. It is a question whether all the so-called superstitions regarding the power of animals to foretell the weather really belong in the superstition category.

Lord Bacon believed that all outdoor animals were weatherwise, attributing this to a susceptibility they acquired to atmospheric conditions by their constant exposure to the elements. The ancients attributed the weather-wisdom of birds and animals, on the contrary, to some mystic quality drawn from mythological sources.

The idea that squealing pigs predict wet weather has its evident origin in the status of the pig in ancient Egypt where it was closely connected with agriculture and was sacrificed to Isis at the Feast of the New Moon, the moon (Isis) being the source of moisture.

The Egyptian farmer who heard the squealing of the pigs being sacrificed upon the altar of Isis knew that because of that sacrifice he need not fear a drought. So the Yankee farmer of today when he hears the successors of those pigs of Isis squeal knows that it is going to rain. The persistence of the Isis influence in modern superstition is a remarkable fact.

In this connection it is interesting to note that among the papers of the unfortunate duke of Monmouth—a contemporary of John Locke and Isaac Newton, and born only twenty-three years after the death of Francis Bacon whose squealing [illegible] was [illegible] the minds of men—was found after his execution, a prayer for fortitude in his affliction, addressed to "St. Isis."

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"What's in a Name?"

By MILDRED MARSHALL

Facts about your name; its history; meaning; whence it was derived; significance; your lucky day, lucky jewel

LILLIAN

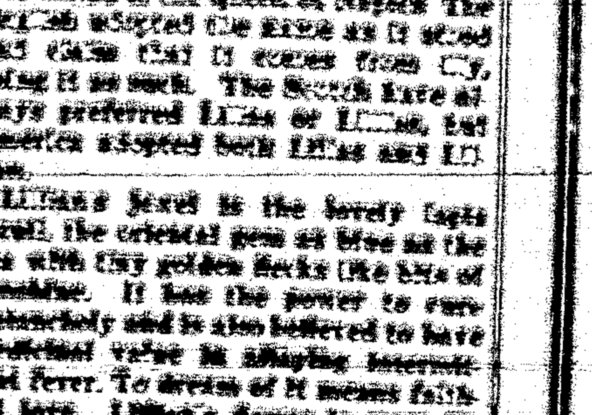
LILLIAN is one of the charming flower names which are so popular in the English language. Like all flower names, it is somewhat difficult to trace, but it is known that the name was a favorite with Italian ladies as early as the Fourteenth century, because of its romantic allusion.

Curiously enough, Lillian is not derived from lily as is popularly supposed, though it is called by etymologists a "flower name." The consensus of opinion seems to be that it has the same origin as Cecelia, though the connection seems a trifle difficult to perceive. However, Coeler Vivenna, an Etruscan general, who named the Coelian hill and gens, is the root from which a number of names containing the syllable "lia" is derived.

There was a Lillola Gonzaga in Italy in [illegible], and she is considered the first instance of the name. Lilias was another form, which is still in popular use. Lilias Ruthven appears in Scotland in [illegible]. She was probably so called from the old romantic poem of Roswal and Lillian, which was a great favorite in Scotland. The Lillian of this ballad is the queen of Naples. The English adopted the name as it stood and claim that it comes from lily, using it as such. The Scotch have always preferred Lilias or Lillias, but America adopted both Lilias and Lillian.

Lillian's jewel is the lovely lapis lazuli, the oriental gem as blue as the sea with tiny golden flecks like bits of sunshine. It has the power to cure melancholy and is also believed to have medicinal value in allaying intermittent fever. To dream of it means faithful love. Lillian's flower is most fittingly the morning glory, the fairy bloom which scarcely survives the dew that vanishes before the sun's rays. Her lucky day is Thursday and 2 is her mystic number.

(© by Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.)



(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Nervous? Back Ache?

Fort Smith, Ark.—"I had been all rundown in health for a long time when I started taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I had tried many medicines, but they did me no permanent good. The 'Favorite Prescription' was the only thing that gave me any relief. I was so very nervous and my back ached so I could get but little rest or sleep, but the 'Favorite Prescription' built me up so that I could rest and sleep well."—Mrs. W. L. Taylor, 303 N. 3rd. St.

All dealers. Tablets or Liquid.

Send 10c for trial pkg. to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., or write for free medical advice.

But They Counted

Madge—Did you get any duplicate Christmas presents?

Marjorie—Only under the mistletoe.

New Bird Sanctuary

A bird sanctuary comprising 20 acres has been bequeathed to the Rhode Island Audubon society. It is in the southwestern part of the state, about eight miles from Westerly. Trees, shrubs and berry bushes will be planted and the whole tract converted into an ideal refuge where students may enjoy exceptional opportunity for observance of wild bird life. The income from a trust fund of $15,000 will be used to maintain the sanctuary.

Pleasant Job

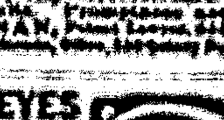
Knicks—"Where did you get that roll of money?" Knacks—"It's not mine. I'm just breaking it in for a friend."—Life.

Many a man is unable to meet his expenses because he is headed the wrong way.

Some queer birds roost in family trees.

PATENTS Send model or drawing for free [illegible] Highest references. Best results. WATSON E. COLEMAN, Patent Lawyer, [illegible] Washington, D. C. [illegible]

BATHE YOUR EYES Use Dr. Thompson's Eyewater. Buy at your druggist's or [illegible] Troy, N. Y. Booklet.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair [illegible] Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. [illegible] Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 3-1929.

Naturally

Magistrate—And what did you do when you heard the accused using such language?

Policeman—I told him he wasn't fit to be among decent people, and brought him here.

Feel Stiff and Achy After Every Cold?

Do You Have Constant Backache? Feel Old and Lame and Suffer Sharp, Rheumatic Pains? Then Look to Your Kidneys!

DOES every cold, chill or attack of grip leave you worn-out and utterly miserable? Do you feel old and lame, stiff and rheumatic? Does your back ache with a dull, unceasing throb, until it seems you just can't stand it any longer?

Then look to your kidneys! Grip, colds and chills are mighty hard on the kidneys. They fill the blood with poisons and impurities that the kidneys must filter off. The kidneys weaken under this rush of new work; become congested and inflamed.

It's little wonder, then, that every cold leaves you with torturing backache, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness and annoying bladder irregularities.

Don't delay! Get a box of *Doan's Pills*. Give your weakened kidneys the help they need. Assist them, also, by drinking pure water freely, eating lightly and getting plenty of fresh air and rest. *Doan's Pills* have helped thousands and should help you. *Ask your neighbor!*

"Use Doan's," Say These Good Folks:

MRS. M. L. JOHNSON, 3341 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo., says: "My back was lame and weak. There was a continual soreness in the small of my back. Dizzy spells were frequent and it seemed everything whirled before my eyes. I was nervous. I started using Doan's Pills. One box relieved me so I haven't had a sign of the trouble since."

J. F. WEBER, prop. of shoe repair shop, 1306 Santa Fe Drive, residence 1322 Mariposa St., Denver, Colo., says: "My back was lame and weak and there was a distressing feeling in the small of it. Sharp pains cut into my back when I leaned over and I had to gradually ease myself up. My back was so weak and sore I couldn't rest properly at night, and mornings my muscles felt drawn and tense. Doan's Pills relieved the attack."

Doan's Pills

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

At All Dealers, 60c a Box. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfg. Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

Carrizozo News

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1908.

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Circulation in Lincoln County, New Mexico

Subscription, in advance, $2.00 per Year

Advertising Rates (alike to all) furnished upon request

JNO. A. HALEY - - Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, JAN. 23, 1925

The legislature is getting down to business, and now has under consideration some very worthy measures. So far, only routine matters have been enacted.

Secretar Hughes retires from the cabinet on March 4. He will be succeeded by former Ambassador Kellogg. There are few who will contend the change is an improvement.

Prohibition is costly, according to the first president of the Anti-Saloon League. He asserts that attempts to enforce the Volstead law to date have cost the country ten billion sixteen million dollars, and that we are further from enforcement now than at the beginning.

It begins to look now as though the contest against Governor A. T. Hannett will result in a boomerang for his opponent. The Democrats have been looking into election affairs in the various counties, and if somebody doesn't have a job at one of our well-known state institutions it will be surprising. On the ground that "you can't spoil a bad egg," reputations probably won't suffer much.

The Fun Begins

If Secundino Romero is not reappointed United States Marshal then all other present federal appointees should not be reappointed. To fail to reappoint Don Secundino would smack of a petty desire for revenge and might mean worse disaster for the Republican party in the "conservative" and supposedly rock-ribbed banner Republican county of San Miguel. The Republican party in New Mexico is facing a crises right now and if any more Republican victories are desired the thing to do, in the matter of federal plums, is to make a complete sweep all down the line. To do otherwise, will be to court an even worse lambasting two years hence than has been handed the party at the last two elections.—Las Cruces Citizen.

Rebukes Partizanship

(Albuquerque Journal)

The Republicans control one branch of opportunity of service to their party as well as to the state.

The people of New Mexico are clamoring for greater political and economic freedom and nearer equality of opportunity and action. The senate can and should take an important part in satisfying these demands.

If this legislature fails to grant the relief which is so urgently demanded, the people will put the blame on the party responsible for it. The truth is New Mexico has not grown as it should, has not prospered to the extent it deserves. A good deal of this condition is due to faulty, hampering laws, conditions which the legislature can remedy.

The majority party in the senate has extremely able leadership. If it resorts to petty factional and political sabotage, it will put the Republican party on the defensive. If it leads in constructive, progressive reforms, if it exhibits statesmanship rather than the petty acts of the politician, it will put the Republican party in a commanding place in New Mexico.

The best party policy coincides with the best interests of the state. It may be interesting sport for politicians to throw monkey wrenches into the machinery just for the fun of breaking it up, but 95 per cent of the people who are not politicians at all, are sick and tired of such maneuvering. They demand affirmative action, they demand that New Mexico be put in the vanguard of the states of the Union.

And they will reward the party, this 95 per cent of the population, which responds to their urgent desire.

Crystal Theatre

W. T. Sterling, Manager

Sat. Jan. 24—"Anna Christie," with Blanche Sweet, (First National).

Tues. Jan. 27—"Masters of Men," with Cullen Landis; (Vitagraph). "Wild and Wicked," with Charlie Murray.

Wed. Jan. 28—"Masters of Men," and "Wild and Wicked" repeated.

Fri. Jan. 30—"The Marriage Cheat," with Leatrice Joy; (First National). "Life of Reilly," with Charlie Murray.

Sat. Jan. 31—"The Marriage Cheat" repeated.

FRUIT AND SHADE

Trees acclimated and adapted to Eastern New Mexico conditions. Our trees will grow well in your locality. Varieties selected for late blooming and sure bearing qualities. Send us a list of what you want or send for catalog. Our trees are grown strictly for Eastern New Mexico and West Texas. We do not sell trees in East Texas.—Plainview Nursery, Plainview, Texas.

Income Tax in a Nut Shell

WHO? Single persons who had a net income of $1,000 or more or gross income of $5,000 or more, and married couples who had net income of $2,500 or more or gross income of $5,000 or more must file returns.

WHEN? The filing period is from Jan. 1 to March 15, 1925.

WHERE? Collector of internal revenue for the district in which the person lives or has his principal place of business.

HOW? Instructions on Form 1040A and 1040; also the law and regulations.

WHAT? Two per cent normal tax on the first $4,000 of net income in excess of the personal exemptions and credits. Four per cent normal tax on the next $4,000. Six per cent normal tax on the balance of net income. Sur tax on net income in excess of $10,000.

C. M. T. Camps

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, January 14, 1925

According to plans just approved by the commanding general of this corps area, C. M. T. camps will this summer be held at Fort Sam Houston, Fort Bliss, Fort Crockett and Dallas, Texas; Fort Sill, Oklahoma; Fort Logan, Colorado, and Fort Huachuca, Arizona. Three new camps are in this way established. The new camps are established with the view of improving on the present camps by making them slightly smaller, thereby giving each student more of the instructor's individual attention. Also, this plan, by reducing the distances to camps, will allow more parents to visit their sons while camp is in progress. Visitors are always welcome and will be entertained at each camp in the best possible manner. Dates for the camps have not yet been announced by the War Department, but they will probably be held during the month of August. It is expected that the quota allotted to this corps area will be 4100 men in camp. To get this number into camp will require our securing about 5,000 applications. Applications blanks can be secured from the C. M. T. C. Officer, Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Many boys were disappointed last summer because there were no vacancies for them in the camps.

HISTORY'S MYSTERIES

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"NUMBER 88"

IN the Potter's field just outside the gloomy walls of the Asylum for the Criminally Insane at Mattewan, N. Y., there is a headpiece which bears the number "88"—and, back of this simple inscription, is a story of identity concealed even in the face of the law's most determined efforts which makes fiction appear pale and commonplace by comparison.

All that is known of the early history of "Mrs. Henrietta Robinson," the palpably assumed name of the woman whose body rests beneath the numbered headstone at Mattewan, is that she was of either English or Canadian origin and that she came to Troy, N. Y., in 1851, being always well supplied with funds from a source which remained concealed even during the rigid investigation which followed her arrest on the charge of murder.

Some months after "Mrs. Robinson" settled in Troy a strange and apparently inexplicable tragedy occurred. A merchant and a young woman who was living with his family dropped dead at the table. A post-mortem examination showed that they had been poisoned and, despite the absence of motive, "Mrs. Robinson," who had been present, was arrested, but refused to say a word even to her lawyer.

To add to the air of mystery which surrounded the entire case, the defendant insisted upon appearing in court shrouded in a heavy black veil which effectually concealed her features. All during the trial she sat, impassive and unmoved, apparently taking not the slightest interest in the conduct of the proceedings. When the state had concluded its case, a comparatively flimsy structure of circumstantial evidence, the counsel for the defense arose and, admitting that he had not a shred of direct evidence to offer, introduced the plea of insanity.

At the conclusion of the trial and before delivering his charge to the jury, the presiding judge called attention to the fact that no one in the court had seen the defendant's face and requested "Mrs. Robinson" to lift her veil.

Slowly and with great dignity she arose, but made no effort to comply with the court's request.

"I am here," she stated, in a voice which penetrated to every corner of the crowded courtroom, "to undergo a most painful ordeal, not to be gazed at."

The request was not repeated and, after a deliberation of several hours, the jury returned a verdict of "Guilty" and the prisoner was sentenced to death—a decree which was later commuted to life imprisonment by order of the governor, though not before "Mrs. Robinson" had made her one formal statement in the shadow of the gallows:

"When I am dead," she declared, "all will die with me. I have promised to be silent, to die without betraying anything."

The first 18 years of her life sentence were passed in Sing Sing penitentiary. She was then moved to the Auburn State Prison for the Insane, where she remained for 17 years, and finally to the Asylum of the Criminally Insane at Mattewan, where the woman of mystery finally died on May 4, 1905, after 52 years in prison. During all this time, however, she never wrote a letter nor spoke a word, save to her lawyer who visited her at regular intervals and who admitted that his services had been paid for by "certain influential personages" whom he was not at liberty to name.

All that was known of "Henrietta Robinson" was that she played the organ at Sing Sing with the touch of a master musician and that she died as she had lived—in silence, utter and absolute, leaving as a heritage some of the most puzzling questions in the history of criminal proceedings.

What was the woman's real name and where had she come from?

Had she poisoned the merchant and his young guest and, if so, with what motive?

Why had she insisted upon concealing her face during the trial?

If she were innocent, why did she refuse for more than half a century to make any plea for leniency?

What did she mean by her statement that she "had promised to be silent, to die without betraying anything?"

Who supplied the funds with which the lawyer was paid?

The answers to these and to many more unsolved riddles connected with this woman of mystery lie concealed beneath that simple headpiece in the Potter's field at Mattewan, a headstone bearing only the number "88."

Greetings for 1925

Beginning Jan. 1, 1925.

We are the only Exclusive Grocery Store in Carrizozo.

We carry the very best in Canned Goods the market affords.

We will carry everything in Groceries.

Our aim will be: If it is in town we will have it.

We will also do a 30-day credit with responsible parties.

We will appreciate a share of your business during Nineteen Twenty-five.

Roy G. Skinner

Watch & Clock Repairing

Mail Orders Solicited and all Work Guaranted

Charges Reasonable.

J. K. SUCH

Railroad Watch Inspector

Ford Prices Reduced

Announcement from Ford Motor Co., Detroit, Tuesday, December 2, lowering prices on all models of Ford Cars.

New Prices	Detroit	Carrizozo
Touring, St., D. R.	$375.00	$475.00
Runabout, St., D. R.	345.00	444.00
Truck Chassis	365.00	451.70
Coupe	520.00	626.15
Tudor Sedan	580.00	688.40
Fordor Sedan	660.00	771.70

No change in price of Fordson Tractor or Lincoln, and none contemplated.

Prices now prevailing are the lowest in the history of the Ford Motor Company.

COME AND SEE US. WRITE US. WIRE US.

WESTERN MOTORS, INC.

CARRIZOZO, N. MEX.

Severe Pains in Side

"I HAD had quite a bad spell and sickness," writes Mrs. Emma Patrick, of Casey, Ky., "and it was an effort for me to go about my home. I had a very severe pain in my left side that almost took my breath at times. I lost my appetite. I grew thin, pale and lifeless. I fell off till I only weighed about 116 pounds.

"Cardui was recommended to me and by the time I had taken one bottle I saw it was what I needed. I ate more and rested better. I kept taking it and my skin and flesh took on a more healthy color. I felt stronger and, as the nervousness left me, the pain in my side was less severe. After taking nine bottles, I eat anything, go anywhere and feel fine. I weigh 160 pounds and am well. I feel that I owe it all to having used Cardui."

Pain, in certain parts of the body, is a sure indication of female complications. The treatment needed is not the use of narcotic drugs, but—

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

The Carrizozo

COAL & WOOD YARD

J. M. TAYLOR, Prop.

Dawson and White Oaks Coal

Stove Wood, Kindling & Coal

For Quick Service

Phone 41.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

[illegible] of Montezuma College

Dr. J. W. Cammack of Birmingham, Ala., spent the week-end in Montezuma College, delivering two lectures daily. He was impressed with the location and possibilities of Montezuma.

The board of trustees held a meeting at Montezuma, Jan. 16. The buildings, grounds and a number of improvements were inspected.

Sixteen new students have entered the college since the holidays. A number of others will enter with the opening of the spring term. Preparations are being made to accommodate a large number at the summer session.

Prof. Barrick, a graduate of Oklahoma University, has arrived to take charge of the mathematics department of the college high school.

Prof. I. L. Allison, dean of the fine arts department of the college, has already received orders from twenty states for his novel, "Through the Years," which will be off the press in the spring.

Prof. Rocky, inspector with the department of education at Santa Fe, was a recent visitor at the college. He went through the various departments of school work, library, laboratories, etc., and expressed himself as pleased with the type of work being done.

A copy of the last issue of The Echo, the weekly school paper, went to every member of the Federated Music Clubs of New Mexico, this being the official paper for publishing the reports of the annual meeting at Albuquerque.

The girls' college basket ball team has just returned from a trip on which they won all three games—Taiban high school two games, 14 to 11 and 12 to 9; Fort Sumner high school, 8 to 6. The Montezuma boys' team, on a similar trip, won from Taiban 37 to 10; they also won from Clovis 16 to 10, but lost to Fort Sumner 6 to 10. At home Montezuma nonletter men lost to Belen high school 17 to 18. The college team has a game scheduled with the State Normal at Las Vegas for January 23.

Reserve Appointments Still Being Made

Roswell, N. M., Jan. 16

The erroneous impression seems to be abroad that on November 11, 1924, appointments in the reserve corps of ex-officers ceased. This is not the case. This date merely operated to make it necessary that applicants for appointment in the Officers Reserve Corps demonstrate by examination their professional as well as physical qualifications. Prior to that date physical examination was all that was required of ex-officers in good standing. Former officers may still be examined for the highest grade held by them while in active service during the World War, according to information received at the headquarters of the 416th Infantry at Roswell. This regiment, "New Mexico's Own," is receiving quite a number of new officers, appointed as a result of the "drive" held prior to November 11 last. The majority of former officers living in New Mexico responded, with the result that many of these are now receiving their appointments.

Mining Money Distributed

Zinc reached $7.80 Dec. 30, a gain of $2.01 since June 1923. Lead has passed the $10 mark; and copper has held firm at $15. The opening of new mines and the rehabilitation of older properties long idle, has followed in almost every mining camp.

It is worth noting that these are not speculative prices, but are the prices fixed by the consuming public that uses these metals in its industries. The sources of supply are world-wide; the competition is keen. There can be no compulsion in price, save the public demand at prices that the public will pay. There is no cleaner money than that dug out of the mines; and no industry that distributes money more lavishly for wages, supplies and taxes in the localities where it originate.

If there are mines within your reach, give them a boost. They will be your best friends.

Newspaper Postage

Does the average newspaper publisher realize that during the the last six years there has been an increase in newspaper postage rates of 100 per cent? In this same period, Congress authorized a decrease in first class rates, in third class rates and what was equivalent to a decrease in fourth class rates.

The facts submitted to Congress by the American Newspaper Publishers show that the receipts from newspaper mail have largely increased during the past six years. What would be more unfair than to now again increase by 100 per cent, or any other figure, the rates on the only class of mail that has already accepted without a murmur an increase of 100 per cent since the end of the war?—Manufacturer.

PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills taken in time, are not only a remedy for but prevent

SICK HEADACHE

biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases

Tutt's Pills

NOTICE OF EXECUTION SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a certain execution issued out of the district court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, within and for the county of Lincoln, in Cause No. 3291, on the civil docket thereof, wherein Exchange Bank, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, is plaintiff, and Carl Hadley Haines is defendant, commanding me, the undersigned Sheriff of said county of Lincoln, to make out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the defendant the sum of $145.33, damages, and $9.00, costs of suit, and interest thereon from the 22nd day of May, 1922, to satisfy the judgment recovered therein by the plaintiff, and against said defendant, transcript of which judgment was filed for record in the county clerk's office of said Lincoln county on the 23rd day of September, 1922, and recorded in Book "C," at page 65, of the Judgment Docket, I have this day levied upon all the right, title and interest that the said Carl Hadley Haines had on the 23rd day of September, 1922, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot 2, in block 2, of McDonald's Addition to the Town of Carrizozo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, together with the appurtenances and improvements thereon, including windmill and tank,

and that I will, on Tuesday, the 17th day of February, 1925, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the county court house, in the Village of Carrizozo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder for cash, the said above described property so levied upon, to satisfy said judgment.

There will be due on said judgment on the date of sale the sum of $192.75, together with the cost of this notice, levy, execution and sale.

Dated this 21st day of January, 1925.

S. W. KELSEY,
Sheriff.

Fresh Home-Made

CANDIES

Get a Box or Package of

THE CHOICEST AND SWEETEST

Mrs. J. K. Such

East Alamogordo Ave.

THE HOME RADIO

How to Make and Use It — By A. HYATT VERRILL

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XXIV. AN EFFICIENT 5-WATT TRANSMITTER

For those who wish a more powerful and efficient set for sending this is to be highly recommended. Under favorable conditions it should have a range of from 25 to 40 miles. Moreover, it is not an expensive set to make and, exclusive of batteries, should not cost over $35.00 to $45.00. The diagram as given in Fig. 60, makes the wiring very plain, A being the aerial, B the ground, C the ammeter, D the inductance, E the variable condenser, F the fixed condenser, G the grid-leak, H the modulation transformer, K the grid, L the plate, M the rheostat, N the choke-coil, O the rectifier, P the current transformer.

Although practically every part of this set can be made, with the exception of the ammeter, rheostat, microphone, and modulation transformer coil, still it is almost as cheap and much more satisfactory to purchase the current transformer, the variable condenser and the choke-coil. The inductance D is easily made, the plate coil being wound with No. 18 cotton insulated wire on a cardboard tube three and one-half inches in diameter, using twenty-six turns and is tapped at the thirteenth turn. The aerial coil is the same size of wire, but with only eight turns. The space between windings or turns should be about one-half inch. The choke-coil may be purchased as such, but an ordinary spark coil—using the secondary winding—may be used and an old Ford spark coil with contact-breaker screwed down may be used for the modulation transformer. The ammeter used should be one of low reading scale or, if desired, an ordinary 2 volt flashlight bulb may be used instead. The ammeter, however, will give far better results. The grid-leak is an ordinary lead pencil leak of medium soft lead. The most difficult part to make is the current rectifier; but even this is very simple and consists merely of eight pint fruit jars filled with a solution of ordinary borax in the proportion of half a pound of borax to ten pints of water. In filling the jars avoid having any undissolved borax or sediment in them, and fill only about three-fourths full. The plates consist of alternate lead and aluminum strips, eight of each alternating as shown in Fig. 61, and with each plate 5 x ¾ inches. With this rectifier and the current transformer P, an ordinary 110 volt, 60 cycle electric current may be used, or without these, two or three B-batteries may be used instead, but this is far more expensive and does not give as good results. Before using this outfit the rectifier must be treated to form the plates, which is accomplished by connecting an ordinary 50 watt incandescent bulb and letting the 110 volt current run through it for ten or twelve hours.

Another point to remember is always to disconnect the high voltage current from the plate when not in use and when using the set always light the filament in the tube with the low voltage battery before turning on the high voltage current. The switch on the microphone circuit also should always be thrown off, thus disconnecting the phone from the battery, when not in use. To tune this set it is only necessary to adjust the variable condenser until the ammeter or flashlight shows the highest reading.

$100 Prize for an Essay

The following letter has been sent to superintendents of schools throughout the state:

Department of Education,
Santa Fe, Dec 12

It affords me pleasure to announce a "State Essay Contest" for High School students. The subject chosen is particularly pertinent and worth while. It is, "The Federal Constitution and the Courts."

We are very grateful to certain members of the New Mexico Bar Association, whose foresight and good Americanism has led them to choose so vital a topic, and whose generosity has made available prizes totalling $100.

This is an opportunity to vitalize your teaching of history, English, civics, sociology, etc. It is a chance to develop a spirit of community co-operation through the aid of the local members of the Bar.

For your convenience, the regulations governing this contest have been mailed you. Contest closes March 15. We expect all high schools to participate in this contest, for nothing is more vital to a great nation than that its boys and girls shall have clear concepts of the basic principles upon which are founded its material and spiritual greatness.

Isabel L. Eckles,
State Supt. of Schools.

SERVICE & SAFETY

Faithful service, combining safety with progressiveness, plus courteous treatment and due regard for the accommodations of our customers, has always been our steady aim and on this platform of service we solicit your business.

The Stockmen's State Bank

CORONA, N. M.

(Member of the Federal Reserve System)

Special Facilities For Banquet and Dinner Parties

Carrizozo Eating House

E. H. SWEET, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords

MAYER'S CASH GROCERY

Groceries — Phone 6

Try Our

PUTTMAN BUTTER-NUT BREAD, 15c

CAKES & DOUGHNUTS

Tuesdays Thursdays Saturdays

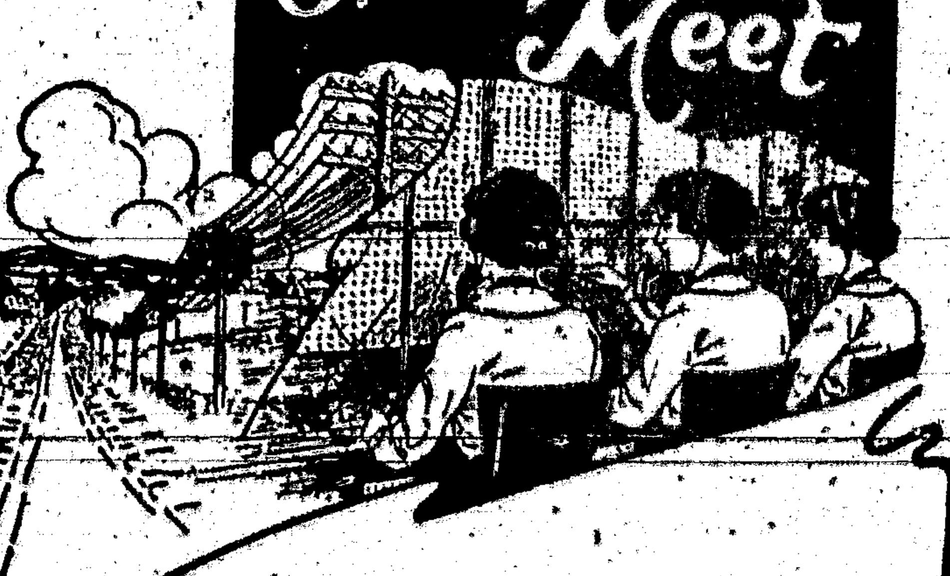
PICKLES—All Kinds—Bulk, Bottles and Cans.

Our Stuffed Pickles are Fine

MAYER'S CASH GROCERY

If you scan News Ads carefully, you'll find that Carrizozo merchants sell as cheaply as city stores.

Where the Talkways Meet



Many Thousands of Dollars

worth of switchboards and other central office equipment have been added to the telephone plant in this state every month for the past five years.

That's just the INSIDE installation. It doesn't include pole lines, cables and all the buildings that are being erected and added to from month to month. Just the exchange equipment.

On a railway journey from Santa Fe to El Paso, you see the locomotive, the tracks and yards, the cars and stations and bridges. But to talk from Santa Fe to El Paso you see only the telephone instrument before you. Great exchange buildings house millions of dollars worth of switchboards, intermediate and terminal frames, batteries and power plants—the intricate and highly sensitive mechanisms which make Long Distance communication a valuable service for every citizen.

Bell System

One Policy One System Universal Service — and All Directed toward Better Service

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.

We Believe in New Mexico

CLASSIFIED

Sweet Milk—20 cents a quart. Phone 137F2—Reily's Dairy.

Just received—Ingersoll Watches—Paden's Drug Store.

See the Christmas Displays in the Stores; now is the time to do your Christmas Shopping.

When you want coal or wood, call the Taylor Fuel yard and receive prompt service, phone 40.

Get your Kodaks, Films, etc. at Rolland Bros.

A full line of Jewelry, the best and cheapest—Smith's

Headquarters for School Books and School Supplies.—Paden's Drug Store.

Raw Furs—We have the best Eastern connections with Fur Houses, and are prepared to give you the market price for your furs.—Ziegler Bros.

Fresh Sun-Maid and Seedless Raisins; 15-oz. pkgs. 2 for 35c. at C. D. Mayer's.

Drugs, fresh and pure, at Paden's Drug Store.

For Sale—Wire, hog fence chicken netting, etc.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan.

Save 85 per cent on your repair parts for every make of car. Our stock is complete; buy from us. Save money.—Mid-West Auto Parts Co., 1318 West Broadway, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Found—A small gold pin, set with stones. Owner may have article by calling at this office, describing property and paying for this notice.

Piano for Sale—In good condition; price very reasonable; see Mrs. H. Edmiston for terms.

Try the News Office for stationery, cards, etc.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

A. [illegible]

Attorney-at-Law

[illegible]

Carrizozo New Mexico

G. [illegible]

Attorney-at-Law

Carrizozo New Mexico

G. [illegible]

Attorney-at-Law

Carrizozo New Mexico

E. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Bldg Upstairs

T. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Phone 96

Carrizozo N. M.

FRANK J. SAGER

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Office in Exchange Bank

Carrizozo N. M.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT & INVESTMENT TRUST

[illegible] Carrizozo, N. M.

ABSTRACTS ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE

Anything More Cowboy?

According to students of ethnology, ten great fundamental factors have influenced the evolution of civilized man. They are: fire, the bow and arrow, pottery, domestic animals, iron smelting, writing, gunpowder, printing, steam and electricity.

1—Bust relief of General Pershing, by Julio Kilenyi, which is to be presented to him in May. 2—Pope Pius XI on his throne at the opening of the holy year. 3—Secretary of the Navy Wilbur and J. A. M. Elder, Australian commissioner in the United States, discussing the battle fleet's projected visit to Australia next summer.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Senate Rejects Government Ownership for Muscle Shoals Properties.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

GOVERNMENT ownership of Muscle Shoals received its death blow in the senate when that body, as the committee of the whole, by a vote of 48 to 37, substituted the Underwood leasing bill for the Norris bill, which had been reported by the committee on agriculture as a substitute for the Henry Ford measure passed by the house. The Underwood measure, however, may not be finally passed by the senate. Instead, the Jones substitute is quite likely to be successful. This provides for the appointment of a commission of three, comprised of the secretary of war, the secretary of agriculture and one other to be selected by the President, to study the entire problem and report a solution to congress next winter. Most of the government ownership advocates are said to prefer this to the Underwood bill, under which the President is authorized to lease the Muscle Shoals property at any time up to September 1, on terms similar to the Henry Ford offer, except that the lease is limited to fifty years. If no satisfactory lease can be made a government corporation will be created. The bill emphasizes production of fertilizer for agricultural purposes, and specifies the amount of air nitrogen which must be produced by a lessee.

WITH a margin of only one vote the senate refused to override President Coolidge's veto of the postal employees' pay raise bill. Fifty-one senators voted for the measure, but 29 stood firm in sustaining the veto and the prestige of the White House and of Senator Curtis, the new majority leader of the senate, was saved. This was done by the aid of Senator Dial, Democrat, who voted to sustain the veto, and of King, Owen and Shields, also Democrats, who were absent. Several who originally favored the bill changed over and voted against it.

It was at once announced by the administration leaders that they would now push the Moses bill, which provides for wage increases for postal employees and for postal rate advances amounting to $60,000,000. [illegible] it was believed the chances to get this measure through in this session were small.

JOSEPH McKENNA, for 28 years an associate justice of the United States Supreme court, retired from that exalted position, and on the same day the President nominated Attorney General Harlan Fiske Stone to succeed him. As a mark of the affection in which Justice McKenna was held by his associates his resignation was made known with unusual ceremony. A large basket of roses was placed on the bench in front of him and Chief Justice Taft announced his retirement. Justice McKenna read a letter to his colleagues, and then, as he withdrew to the robing room, the court and the audience in the chamber arose and stood silent.

Until the President selects a new attorney general the place will be filled automatically by Solicitor General Beck. Several men were considered for the vacancy by Mr. Coolidge, and it was said he looked with especial favor on Charles Beecher Warren of Michigan, former ambassador to Japan and Mexico. This stirred up the entire Michigan delegation in congress, and also Governor Groesbeck of that state, who had himself been suggested for the place. Senator Couzens carried to the White House the information that the Michiganders much preferred Groesbeck to Warren and arranged to take the state's delegation to the executive mansion to back up his assertion. The opposition to Mr. Warren grows partly out of factional Republican politics in Michigan and partly out of personal misunderstandings between Mr. Warren and various Republican leaders in his own state.

Other possible choices for the attorney generalship were said to be Mr. Beck, Silas Strawn of Chicago, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur, Owen J. Roberts of Philadelphia and Chief Justice Arthur P. Rugg of the Massachusetts Supreme court.

WORKING rapidly and smoothly, the senate passed the appropriation bills for the Interior and Agricultural departments and the combined Treasury-Post Office measure. Only slight changes were made in any of them. The house passed an emergency deficiency bill carrying $157,000,000 for immediate expenditure. Major provisions of the bill, in addition to the Inland Waterways corporation item, are $120,000,000, to be used in refunding internal revenue taxes illegally assessed and collected; $3,501,200 for continuing work on dam No. 2 at Muscle Shoals, Ala.; $275,000 for eradicating reported epidemics of bubonic plague among rats at New Orleans and Oakland, Cal., and $150,000 for repairing the coast guard cutter Manning.

During the discussion of this measure it came out that the appropriations committee had turned down requests of the President for money to pay the expenses of the St. Lawrence and the agricultural commissions, and that Chairman Martin Madden had sharply questioned the legal right of the President to appoint commissions without the authorization of congress.

MORE than a million farmers in 18 states were represented by leaders of the cooperative marketing movement who gathered in Washington last week, and these leaders declared themselves opposed to any coddling by the government and emphatically against the proposal of the Capper-Williams bill to unite producers and speculators into one organization. The men who dominate the national council of farmers' cooperative marketing associations now ask only that the government take up, in behalf of cooperation, the introduction of a senate resolution calling for an investigation of alleged unfair tactics by the American Tobacco company and the Imperial Tobacco company (British) against the Tobacco Growers' Cooperative association.

The Dearborn Independent has been printing a series of articles designed to show that the cooperative movement is a plan of an international group of Jews "to turn over to an organized international interest the entire agricultural industry of the republic." The magazine mentions the names of Julius Rosenwald, Otto Kahn, Bernard M. Baruch, Albert D. Lasker, Eugene Meyer, Jr., and Aaron Sapiro. The last named is counsel for several of the cooperative organizations, and he has taken steps toward bringing suit against Ford and others for $1,000,000 for alleged libel. He has mailed to Ford a formal demand for a retraction within thirty days, this being required by Michigan laws as a preliminary to a libel suit.

WHEREVER [illegible] of the eighteenth amendment and the [illegible] of the national and state prohibition laws led to the formation of the national citizens' committee of one thousand on law enforcement, which last week concluded its annual meeting in New York. It adopted resolutions for presentation to the President and the governors of the states, and a special committee carried these to Washington, where it was entertained by Mr. Coolidge at breakfast. One of the resolutions requested the President and the governors to urge all officials "of every rank and classification, appointive or elective, to join them by precept and personal example and, so far as they may be active participation in all administrative efforts, in maintaining among the citizens of our republic the high determination to obey and enforce the law of the land."

A second resolution "commends to the people of the United States, and particularly to their official representatives, the attitude of the President in his obedience to the provisions of the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution in the hope that the example of the first citizen of our country may induce those who are now wilfully violating the prohibitory statute to accept his leadership in conduct and induce in practice the integrity of his fidelity to the supremacy of the law."

This same subject of dry law violation has aroused some of the reformers in congress, because the [illegible] in the divorce case of Representative Scott of Michigan has brought out the alleged fact that various congressmen are among the frequent offenders. Mr. Upshaw of Georgia intimates that an effort may be made to expel from the house those members who drink intoxicating liquors.

SENATOR LADD of North Dakota, one of the four LaFollette supporters who were read out of the Republican party by the senate caucus, found opportunity last week to denounce that action and to declare he would not submit to it. He said the same method would have meant the death of the Republican party in 1912. Thereupon Senator Edge said the Republicans would welcome Senator Ladd back into the party if the section of his address relative to the return of Roosevelt to the party was an indication of "your plans to march in line in the future."

On the Democratic side, Senator Dial recently made an address blaming Democratic members of congress for the party's defeat last November. For this he was hotly assailed by other Democratic senators, and he asked leave to withdraw his remarks, saying he had not intended to be offensive, seeking only a way to re-unify his party.

CHICAGO, the upper Mississippi valley and all cities on the Great Lakes are vitally interested in the decision of the United States Supreme court forbidding, after 60 days, the withdrawal of more than 4,167 cubic feet of water per second from Lake Michigan for the Chicago drainage canal. As at present constructed and operated, the Chicago drainage system requires two or three times this amount of water, and if the court's order stands a new program of sewage disposal will have to be undertaken at great expense. The suit was brought by the government years ago. The real complainants are the lake cities, which claim the lake level is being dangerously lowered, and the people of the Illinois and Mississippi river valleys, who say the water was contaminated. The Chicago congressmen are seeking temporary relief from the secretary of war and permanent relief from congress.

EARLY and amicable settlement of America's claim for payment of its occupational army costs and war damages from the Dawes plan proceeds was forecast by the talk in the allied financial conference which met in Paris. Col. James A. Logan, American unofficial observer, and Chancellor Winston Churchill had several friendly conversations, and Ambassadors Kellogg and Herrick took part in the negotiations. The British seemed ready to drop their objections to payment of America from the reparations receipts, and Colonel Logan made concessions as to the amounts of the annual payments asked. The matter of the interallied war debts also was taken up, unofficially, and it was reported that, while there would be no international debt conference, France would proceed at once to negotiate settlements with America and Great Britain through diplomatic channels.

BY MUZZLING the press and ridding the organizations of the opposition, Premier Mussolini succeeded in "clearing the situation" in Italy and the Fascisti are on top, safely for the present. What amounts to military law has been established, the prefects being given permission to take whatever steps they deem necessary for the safety and internal peace of the land. Parliament is in session again, but will consider only Mussolini's new electoral law and then disband, and thereafter parliamentary immunity from arrest will not operate. The opposition has not given up yet, but on all sides assurance is given that there will be no public disorders during the holy year, when many thousands of pilgrims are expected to visit Rome.

FOR the first time an American state has a woman governor, for Mrs. Nellie T. Ross has been inaugurated as chief executive of Wyoming. The ceremonies were severely simple, and Governor Ross announces that economy will be one of her guiding principles. On January 20 Mrs. Miriam Ferguson becomes governor of Texas. Already she has selected women for secretary of state and for a seat on the state Supreme court bench.

New Mexico State Items

The annual banquet of the Gallup Kiwanis Club, which was held last week, was one of the most successful affairs of the kind ever given in that city.

Hunted by federal authorities for thirteen years, during which time he was a fugitive, Roman Bachicha, former postmaster at Encino, N. M., surrendered to the United States marshal at Salt Lake City.

The Hagen Power and Electric Company has asked the city commission for a franchise to furnish electric current to consumers in Albuquerque. The power will be furnished from a plant at the Hagan coal mines, forty miles north of Albuquerque.

The Senate has accepted an amendment to the Interior appropriation bill carrying $40,980, of which $25,000 will be available for the improvement of the Carlsbad cave when the state surrenders title to it, according to a wire from Senator A. A. Jones to Governor Hannett.

The new board of directors of the Deming Chamber of Commerce held a meeting last week to discuss the plans for the coming year. The committee to make up the budget for the new year gave its report and a drive will be started at once to raise $6,000 to carry on the work.

The First State Bank of Grenville, Union county, has closed its doors. Its capital was $30,000. The amount of the bank's deposits at the time of closing could not be learned. Its report of Oct. 10, however, showed more than $38,000. The chief officers were W. T. Jungbluth, president, and C. B. Moore, cashier.

Postoffice inspectors have been in Albuquerque investigating a series of three postoffice robberies during the holidays in which several hundred dollars in cash was taken. The postoffices robbed were at Willard, Loving, and Toine, New Mexico. Stamps were not molested, the robbers evidently wanting only cash.

According to City Manager Calkins, of Albuquerque, the work of putting the aerial landing field, east of the city in shape will be started at once. As soon as the field is graded and the telephone installed the National Aeronautic Association will be advised. The field is to be one of the finest of the kind in the state.

Frederick Luna, of Denver, Colo., was arrested in that city on request of the sheriff at Raton, N. M., where Luna is charged with having shot a fellow miner with intent to commit murder. Following his arrest Luna is said to have admitted to Assistant Captain of Detectives Harry Lane that he shot the man after a quarrel.

One of the largest real estate deals in that part of the state for some time was closed recently when the Santo Tomas land grant was sold to parties from El Paso for $160,000. The grant consists of 2,000 acres of fine land lying on the west side of the Rio Grande below the Mesilla diversion dam and will be made one of the finest farms in the southwest according to Mr. Stallmann.

Reduced bag limits on game and fish are among the recommendations made by Mrs. Grace B. McLaren, state game and fish warden, in her report to the governor. The cuts she advises are: Turkey—from three to two; quail—from twenty to fifteen; game fish—from fifty to twenty-five. Mrs. McLaren believes the "daily possession limit" should be made to coincide to the bag limit on protected game.

The annual meeting of the Chaves County Farm and Livestock Bureau, held recently in Dexter, was one of the most successful sessions of the kind ever held in the valley. The poultry show, one of the big features of the meeting, drew large crowds.

Quo warranto proceedings were filed by Attorney General Armstrong in the District Court in Albuquerque contesting the election of A. T. Hannett as governor. The action came as a surprise as Republican attorneys had believed that the attorney general would refuse to file the suit and permit them to file it on behalf of Manuel B. Otero, Republican candidate for governor in the election last fall.

Governor Hannett granted his first pardon to Paul Lewis who was committed to the Santa Fe county jail on Dec. 13, by the justice of the peace in Precinct No. 7, Rio Arriba county, to serve a sentence of 30 days plus 36 days on account of a fine of $36. "It appears that the defendant was convicted on evidence given by an escaped patient from the New Mexico state insane asylum," says the governor.

The Hope country may be the next oil field in the southeastern part of the state. A well known oil company has offered to place a $30,000 rig on the ground if the citizens of the district will "put up" 30,000 acres in leases. It is believed that the deal will go through.

The resources in the territory proposed to be tapped by the Gallup and later the Farmington extension of the New Mexico Central are "beyond comprehension" says President S. G. [illegible] of the Central in a letter read before the Albuquerque Kiwanis Club.

ROAD BUILDING

THOUSANDS TRAVEL OLD TRAILS ROUTE

One of the great transcontinental highways extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific is the National Old Trails road. It has been called "The Broadway of America." It traverses mountains, plain and forest and is rich in varied scenery, while offering splendid road conditions and very little desert country. By many motorists it is regarded as the most practicable of all highways for transcontinental tourists.

Its importance as a through highway is evidenced by the fact that it is traveled by thousands of motorists. Starting from New York, the route runs in a westerly direction over a hard-surfaced road by way of Washington or Philadelphia, through West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, southern Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and thence to southern California. It is hard-surfaced from St. Louis east to New York. West of St. Louis, particularly across Missouri and Kansas, weather conditions govern the traveling. In rainy weather across these two states skid chains should be carried, and when overtaken by sudden storms the motorist would do well to lay over a day or two in the nearest town, as the roads dry off quickly after storms.

In traveling the National Old Trails route it is no longer necessary to carry large supplies of gasoline. Two extra quarts of oil may be carried, but gasoline supply stations are found all along the road. Motorists are advised to keep the tank filled at all times. Good hotel accommodations and automobile camp grounds will be found in almost every city and in the mountain regions of Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona natural camp sites can be found along some stream close to the highway, at almost every necessary stop. The automobile camps usually charge a small fee, from 25 to 50 cents per day.

The trip can be made in from 20 to 30 days at approximately ten hours per day. This means that only 18 miles per hour need to be made during the traveling time. Many long stretches of fine highway enable the motorist to exceed this speed.

For car equipment, the following list is recommended: One set of skid chains, one good horn for use on mountain curves, one set of tools, one jack, good cutting pliers, two extra casings, four extra inner tubes, tube patches, three spark plugs, one to two-gallon water bag or canteen, one flashlight, one ax, one small shovel, radiator hose connections, lamp bulbs, one motometer and one tow rope or a short cable.

Proper Maintenance of Roads Is Big Necessity

Extensive travel over the highways of Minnesota and the Dakotas this year has brought home to us the prime necessity for proper maintenance of unpaved roads. Fortunately the necessity of maintenance was early recognized in the Minnesota road laws, says the Farmer. It may seem "patriarch" to see a road patrolman with his rake, and even some of the frequent dragging may seem unnecessary and unduly expensive. Nevertheless it is this constant attention that smooths the path of travel and saves the life of the road.

About the only bad roads we have run across in Minnesota this year have been in the Twin Cities and in the cities and villages of the state where no attention is given to road maintenance except on paved streets. Those in charge of these city and village streets might well take a course of instruction from the state highway commission.

We must not get the idea that only state highways can be kept in good condition by maintenance. In the old days before we had these modern roads, nearly all of our roads were acquainted with the road drag at least. Now we depend so much on these trunk highways that the minor roads are neglected and abused to an unusual degree.

Ancient Highway Taxes Were Collected in 1661

The policy that United States highway authorities have adopted in regard to taxes on vehicles being confined to the maintenance of highways, has an ancient precedent.

Students of Blackstone will find there is an old statute from the time of King Charles II, namely, Statutes 32 and 14, Card 12 c. 2, bearing on this point.

In 1661 there were 400 public coaches having licenses for operation in London and Westminster within a radius of about six miles. The tax collected from these licenses was used to pave the streets.

Road-Work Problems

Rapid growth of motor traffic has placed before highway officials of the various states a huge problem to provide for the reconstruction of obsolete types of "high crown" roads, to obtain adequate rights of way for future expansion, to improve the safeguards at curves and grades, to eliminate grade crossings and one-way bridges, and to increase the maximum carrying capacity of existing roads. Much information is being furnished through the bureau of public roads.

FREE To Housewives

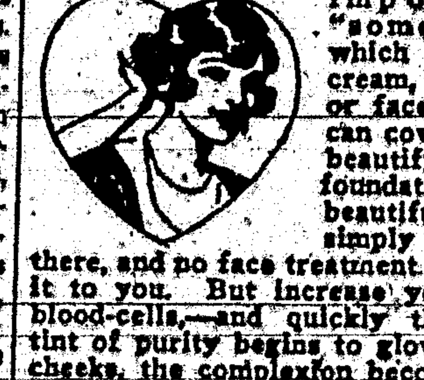
Send us your name and we will send you FREE and POSTPAID a 25-cent bottle of LIQUID VENEER. Wonderful for your daily dusting. Cleans, dusts and polishes with one sweep of your dust cloth. Renews pianos, furniture, woodwork, automobiles. Makes everything look like new. Makes dusting a pleasure.

Sold by Hardware, furniture, drug, paint, grocery and general stores.

LIQUID VENEER COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y.

LIQUID VENEER

Pimples



BLOOD impurities are pumped by the heart into the face. That is what causes that grainy appearance, that muddiness, sallowness, pimples, blackheads, acne, red spots, and that impossible "something" which no face cream, massage, or face powder can cover up or beautify! The foundation for a beautiful skin simply is not there, and no face treatment can give it to you. But increase your red-blood-cells,—and quickly the ruby tint of purity begins to glow in the cheeks, the complexion becomes venus-like and immaculate! Try it. It will do it every time. S. S. S. builds the red-blood-cells you need for a beautiful complexion. Begin using S. S. S. at once, and give yourself what you have been working for, for years.

S. S. S. is sold at all good drug stores in two sizes. The larger size is more economical.

S.S.S. The World's Best Blood Medicine

"Cutting teeth is made easy"

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

The Infants' and Children's Regulator

At all druggists

Non-Narcotic, Non-Alcoholic

Oakland, Nebr., Feb. 26, 1923

Anglo-American Drug Co.,

Gentlemen:

I am more than glad to tell you of the experience and result obtained from your wonderful Baby Medicine. [illegible]

(Name on request)

ANGLO-AMERICAN DRUG CO.

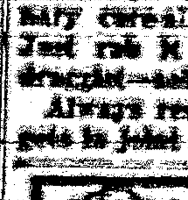
215-217 Fulton Street, New York

SOAKS RIGHT IN and LIMBERS UP STIFF JOINTS

Stiff, swollen, inflamed, rheumatic joints should be treated with a remedy made for just that purpose and that purpose only.

Remember the name of this discovery is Joint-Ease and it will take out the agony, reduce the swelling and limber up any troubled joint after ordinary cure-alls have miserably failed. Just rub it on—60c a tube at any druggist—ask for Joint-Ease.

Always remember, when Joint-Ease gets in joint agony gets out—quick.



Retain the Charm Of Girlhood A Clear Sweet Skin Cuticura Will Help You

Use Cuticura Soap Every Day

"77"

HUMPHREYS' REMEDY BEST FOR COLDS·GRIP

Exportation of Perfumes

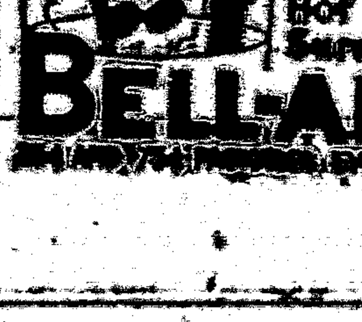
Perfumery and other toilet preparations made in this country and shipped abroad had a value of more than $1,000,000 in the last year.

Record Clam Bed

Off the southwest coast of Florida is the largest clam bed in the United States. It covers 100 square miles.

The tramp avoids many of the walks of life by catching freight trains.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION



6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

Another Nurse Praises Tanlac

"As a nurse I have seen many marvelous results from Tanlac. For anemia, nervousness, stomach trouble and building up the system after operations I consider Tanlac great!" Mrs. K. M. Lowe, Walnut Park, Cal.

NURSE Lowe's statement merely backs up what over one hundred thousand grateful Tanlac users have said about this great natural tonic and builder. Our files are packed with such testimony.

If your system is run down, if you can't seem to eat or sleep, have lost weight or suffer from trying pain, why not let Tanlac start to bring you back to vigorous strength and health.

No long, wretched wait to get results! Tanlac starts right in to build you up. It cleans the blood, revitalizes digestive organs, fixes up the liver and makes you feel like a new person.

For Constipation Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills

TANLAC

FOR YOUR HEALTH

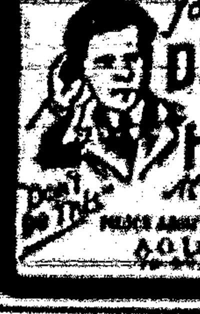
PISO'S for **coughs**

Quick Relief! A pleasant effective syrup. 35c and 60c sizes. And externally, use PISO'S Throat and Chest Salve. 35c

RESINOL

Soothing and Healing For Baby's Tender Skin

LEONARD EAR OIL



for DEAFNESS and HEAD NOISES Price $1.00 At All Druggists

Don't Do This

[illegible] "ABOUT DEAFNESS" ON REQUEST.

A. O. LEONARD, INC.

[illegible]

Great Power Possibility

Colorado has a river on which 10 power dams, yielding 26,000 horsepower 90 per cent of each year, could be constructed.

An engaged girl is always suspicious of her girl friends who are heartwhole and fancy free.

Made House Sacred

In Arabia, as in many other countries, salt is the symbol of hospitality, and among the Arabs hospitality is almost a sacred thing. They tell of a thief who broke into a house one night and, in looting the place, came upon a small gold box. He opened it and inside it found another box, also of gold. That in turn held a third box, which was partly filled with a fine white powder. The thief tasted the powder and found that it was salt. Immediately he restored to their places all the valuables that he had gathered to carry off. He could not rob a house in which he had "eaten salt."—Youth's Companion.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Take Tablets Without Fear If You See the Safety "Bayer Cross."

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 23 years.

Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Imitations may prove dangerous.—Adv.

Lives Long Without Food

To have lived without food or drink for four years is the startling claim made by an invalid woman in Madrid, Spain. Two doctors have examined her and made a report to the Academy of Medicine. As yet there is no hint of the nature of their verdict. The woman had gastritis four years ago, and can take nothing by the mouth. She has had injections of phosphorus and various narcotics, but declares that she had nothing more. She is weak, but able to speak.

Chains in Old Watches

The fusee chain used in the old English watches was manufactured by hand. The little blanks for each side of the links and the connecting pieces from link to link were knocked out with a punch and die. The pins for rivets, the riveting and the finishing of the finished chain by stoning and polishing, were all done by hand. The use of fusee and chain as an equalizer of motive power is now limited to marine chronometers.

Many a man fails to reach the top because every time he stops to rest he falls asleep.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh.

Sold by druggists for over 40 years

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

What can the Creator see with greater pleasure than a happy creature?—Lessing.

Genuine BAYER

ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds	Headache	Neuralgia	Lumbago
Pain	Toothache	Neuritis	Rheumatism

Safe → Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

It's no fault of the fair sex if a secret remains a secret.

It's often a matter of an hour when a woman says, "Wait a minute."

Chronic hand shakers always have something up their sleeves.

Trouble's shadow is frequently blacker than the trouble itself.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's **CASTORIA**

MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

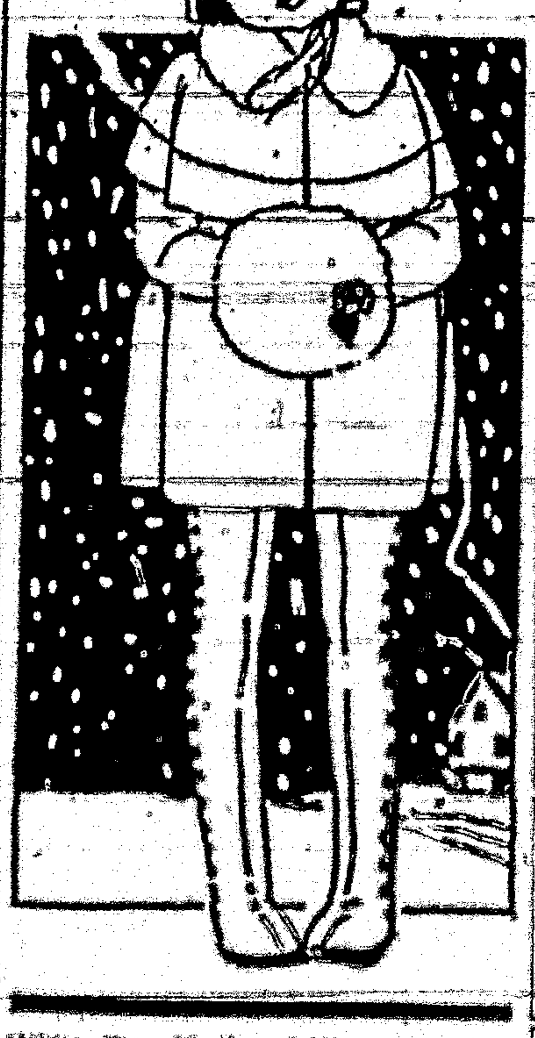
To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. Absolutely Harmless—No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Selecting Frocks for Young Girls

A thrill, and one of the sweetest, comes once in a lifetime when the first party dress is selected, says a fashion writer in the New York Times. Nothing has ever seemed or will ever seem quite so important and nothing has ever been known to give more satisfaction, more beatific contentment. It is the early dawn of that peace of mind and poise that come from the feeling that one is well dressed, and to the woman of discriminating taste this feeling is of supreme importance all through her life.

Whenever that great event happens, whether it is just a children's party or something more pretentious a few years later, the occasion is never to be forgotten. The frolics of very little people mean to them a fresh frock not too good to be spoiled by play. The real thrill comes when the affair is a real party.

Parents who have the understanding that all properly trained parents should have make a supreme effort to meet the occasion, and a clever couturiere co-operates with more enthusiasm than she can ever feel in the work she does for grownups. It is a challenge to the intuition, the taste, the fine sense of propriety in the artist, the making of this party dress,



White Fur, Muff and Warm Leggings for the Tiny Tots.

and it is not an easy task. It is vitally important that the young person shall show she is no longer a baby. Also that she shall not appear too grownup or be dressed too sophisticatedly.

We Americans have much to learn from the people of England and the continent. They all delight to dress their children as "young" as possible, which seems to keep them so. This is what every woman devoutly desires, but the thing that is most elusive among the small fry this side of the water. The shingled head has done much to equalize the years, and the little girl and the debutante are so much alike that the distinction is not always simple. Not any of these considerations discount the importance of that first party dress.

The styles in frocks for little girls of the difficult age, when angular lines and awkwardness are the rule, have never been more attractive than they are this season. With fashion's skill Parisian artists have modified the extremes with which even the children's and misses' clothes have lately been marked and have seized upon the new features that best become the younger people.

Short Puffed Sleeves.

The latest ideas in sleeves—the short puffed sleeve that gives such a quaint effect in charming frocks and the long sleeve that adds demure dignity to the daytime dress—are among the welcome changes in styles for children. Another change is the length of skirt, still so very short for the tiny tots, but perceptibly longer for the girl whose legs so quickly outgrow her silhouette. And there are the collar and cuff sets that add such an air of daintiness to a simple frock.

These points and others combine to present a jeune fille style that is delightful, illustrated in a number of models created by some of the most important designers in Paris. People of such prestige as Paquin, Alice Bernard, Chanel and Vionnet delight in making fashions for young and very young people, giving them all the subtle charm, fine quality and tone one might look for in the gowns of a lady of importance in the beau monde. In these the most admirable restraint and the finest sense of fitness are reflected. Many of the little models are works of art in the highest degree in the designing of clothes.

Paquin, for example, leaves for the moment his larger problems to create a sweetly pretty, altogether Parisian little party dress of baby blue taffeta, trimmed with border half the length of the skirt, with a crosswise shirring and strips of silver embroidery. Some of this shirring is applied on the front of the bodice, which is only slightly longer than the normal waistline. A narrow belt of silver ribbon is tied in a bow-knot, with ends at one side.

In sharp contrast to this winsome frock is a merry one of geranium pink velvet made quite plain, with a suggestion of the directoire in its lines. The waist is perfectly plain, with a deep cape collar of plaited chiffon opening in front. The skirt, which ends just below the knee, is laid in deep box plaits, and has wee stiff cravat bows of ribbon sewn each side of the front, as the plaits meet.

Of still another quite different type is a robe de style done by a French modiste, in apple green taffeta. This frock has no furbelows, but the skirt which is gathered full to the plain, sleeveless bodice, is trimmed with three bands of the silk, each scalloped at the edge. This little dress has the air of a "period" costume and is quite long.

Material Is Important.

Lanvin's things for children are usually important as to material, and they have a certain dignity which requires much skill to keep from them any suggestion of maturer styles. One lately shown by a New York importer is distinctly smart, of dark blue velvet, embroidered on the pockets and down the front with gold-brown silk. The waist is a deep blouse. The skirt is laid in kilt plaits around the side and back, and is barely knee-length.

In another model from this house, a coat of hunter's green velvet is cut in straight line with a high, rather military collar, and is embroidered in silver down the front, wrists and neck. Lanvin completes these chic little affairs by designing for each a variant of the cloche bonnet, and invariably adds ribbon streamers at the back.

Black velvet is used by many of the designers of dresses for young girls, and most people consider it well to have at least one black velvet frock in the girl's winter wardrobe. One model just brought out is unusually smart. It is cut after the pattern of the latest blouse, almost to the knee, to which is added a slightly gathered flounce having large motifs in scarlet silk chain-stitch embroidery appliqued over the joining. A piping in scarlet silk outlines all the edges of the frock, which is sleeveless and cut in slightly bateau line at the neck.

In a unique and particularly dainty little party dress, pale blue grosgrain ribbon, with picoted edges and shot with silver is used in straight bands across the neck, in stripes down the sides from shoulder to hem, and tied in a bow to hold the slight fullness at the waistline under each arm.

Ribbon Is in Favor.

The vogue of ribbon in children's frocks is illustrated in many different styles. On one delicious little frock, pale yellow moire ribbon is sewn perpendicularly in stripes close together, covering the entire front and back of the dress of fine white net, over a slip of peach-colored taffeta. Ribbon of the same shade of yellow in a wide width is drawn around the hips,

Frock of Pale Green Crepe, Neckline Edged With Ribbon.

caught at one side with a tiny nosegay of French flowers and tied at the other side in a large bow with ends that hang below the edge of the skirt.

Ribbon is used again in an adorable party dress of flowered georgette in shades of peach, periwinkle blue and gold, veiling a slip of apricot-colored silk. The ribbon is in narrow frills to edge a deep double cape collar back and front. This same little plaiting outlines the waist and forms a chou and ends over one hip. These are among the many attractive costumes received from the best designers of children's clothes, and are intended to be worn by little girls ten to thirteen years old.

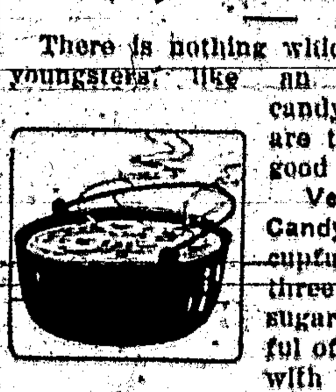
The KITCHEN CABINET

(©. 1925, Western Newspaper Union.)

The real economist is not one who considers the value of ten cents, but the man or woman who knows the value of ten minutes.—Hamilton Wright Mabie.

SWEETS FOR YOUNGSTERS

There is nothing which pleases the youngsters like an old-fashioned candy pull. Here are two that make good candy to pull.



Velvet Molasses Candy.—Put one cupful of molasses, three cupfuls of sugar, and one cupful of boiling water with three tablespoonfuls of vinegar in a kettle on the range. Bring to the boiling point and and add one-half teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Boil until when tried in cold water the mixture becomes brittle. Stir constantly during the last part of the cooking. When almost ready to take off the range add one-half cupful of melted butter and one-fourth teaspoonful of soda. Pour into a buttered pan and pull when cool enough to handle. Add one teaspoonful of vanilla, and one-half teaspoonful of lemon extract, peppermint or wintergreen for flavor, while pulling. When pulling handle the candy with the tips of the fingers and thumbs. Cut into pieces with large shears or a knife and arrange on buttered plates to cool.

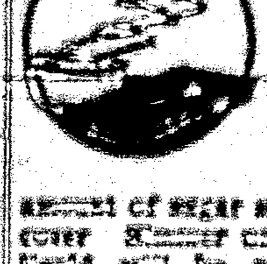
Molasses Candy.—Take two cupfuls of Porto Rico molasses, two-thirds of a cupful of sugar, add three tablespoonfuls of butter to a Scotch kettle and when melted add the sugar and molasses with three tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Boil until brittle when tried in cold water. Pour out on buttered platter to cool, then pull. Here is still another good one:

Pinoche.—Add one-half cupful of milk to one cupful of brown and white sugar, stir until dissolved, then boil to the soft-ball stage. Add one-half cupful of pecan meats, vanilla to flavor, and beat until creamy. Pour into well-buttered patty pans and if they are to be made into lollipops put a small wooden skewer into each and wrap in waxed paper.

Butter Scotch.—Take one cupful of sugar, one-fourth cupful of molasses, one tablespoonful of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of boiling water and one-half cupful of butter. Boil until brittle when tried in cold water. Turn into a buttered pan and when slightly cool mark with a sharp-pointed knife into squares.

SWEETS FOR THE SEASON

A goodly supply of sweets to pass around when entertaining is always a great satisfaction.



Candied Peel.—Cut orange or grapefruit into long strips, cover with water and bring to the boiling point, drain and repeat this three times. Measure an equal amount of sugar and enough water to cover. Simmer until translucent—the liquid will be nearly evaporated—drain and roll in granulated sugar. Fruit coloring, green or red, may be added to the grapefruit, adding to its appearance.

Creole Kisses.—Blanch one-half pound of almonds, finely shred half of them and dry slowly in the oven. Put one-fourth of a cupful of water, one-half cupful of sugar in a saucepan, and as soon as the boiling point is reached add the remaining almonds and cook until the sirup is a golden brown color. Turn into a pan, cool and pound in a mortar. Beat the whites of four eggs until stiff; add gradually one and one-fourth cupfuls of powdered sugar, then one-half teaspoonful of vanilla and the pounded almonds and sugar and one-fourth teaspoonful of salt. Shape, sprinkle with shredded almonds, dust with sugar and bake in a slow oven 20 minutes.

Currant Rocks.—Sift four cupfuls of flour, add one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful (each) of cinnamon, nutmeg and cloves, one cupful of sugar. Cream a cupful of butter and add three well-beaten eggs, then stir in the flour mixture with one-half pound of currants and one-quarter pound of walnuts chopped. The mixture should be stiff. Break off small bits and roll into balls; decorate with a bit of cherry. Bake in a hot oven.

Molasses Chips.—Put three cupfuls of sugar, one-fourth teaspoonful of cream of tartar and one cupful of water into a kettle. Stir until the boiling point is reached, brushing down the sides of the kettle to remove any grains, using a brush dipped into cold water. Add two-thirds of a cupful of molasses and cook until the candy becomes brittle. Remove from the fire, add one-third of a cupful of butter, a pinch of salt and a little vanilla. Pour into buttered plates to cool, then pull and cut into pieces.

Coconut Caramels.—Cook one cupful of brown sugar, one-fourth cupful of corn sirup, two tablespoonfuls of butter, and one-fourth cupful of boiling water. Cook to a soft ball when dropped into cold water. Remove from the heat, stir until cool, adding one-half cupful of coconut, then pour into a pan powdered with sugar.

Nellie Maxwell

On the Funny Side

HOME, SWEET HOME

"I am satisfied of one thing at last; I found where my husband spends his evenings," remarked Mrs. Gadabout.

"You don't say so, dear; how did you find out?" questioned the excited Mrs. Gossip.

"I stayed at home one evening last week and found him there," answered the satisfied lady.—Arkansas Utility News.

UP IN THE AIR

"Jack is always kicking about those new balloon tires on his car."

"Goes up in the air, eh?"

Auld Scotia

An open winter hurts the Scot
And racks his very bones—
It doesn't give him any place
To skirl the curling stones!

Wake Up, Slow Boy

They sat side by side in Battery park, watching the moonbeams play upon the majestic waters of New York harbor.

"I wonder," he said, looking at the goddess and her uplifted arm, "why they have the light so small?"

"Perhaps," she said, moving a little closer, "the smaller the light, the greater the liberty."—National News.

The Deceiving Clock

"How much is that old clock?" asked the customer of the antique dealer.

"Five thousand francs."

"That's pretty expensive. I suppose it still works?"

"Admirably, only you've got to know how to use it. When the hands point to noon and the chimes ring 5 o'clock, you must understand that it is half-past two."—Sans Gene.

Tom Was Angry

Two girls were engaged in conversation in the street. Said the first: "Tom tried to kiss me last night and I wouldn't let him."

"Did it make him angry?" her companion asked.

"It did. He said he wished he had called on you."

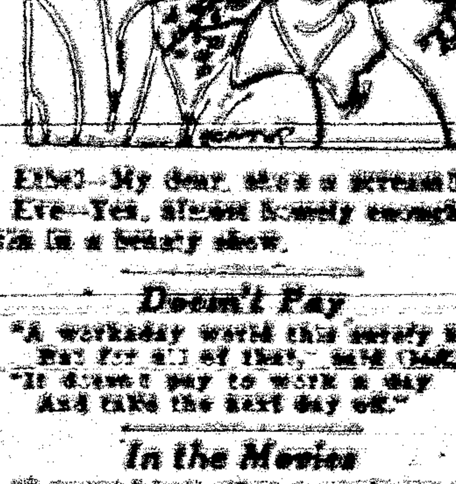
Cruel and Unusual

"What caused the accident?" asked the judge.

"He tried to kiss the girl while he was driving," replied the arresting cop.

"Tried to hug while driving. Sentenced for one year. Next case!" snapped the judge.

UGLY ENOUGH TO WIN



Ethel—My dear, she's a scream!

Eve—Yes, almost homely enough to win in a beauty show.

Doesn't Pay

"A workaday world this surely is,
But for all of that," said Chad,
"It doesn't pay to work a day
And take the next day off."

In the Movies

"I never know what a producer will accept," growled the playwright.

"And I never know what a censor will cut out," grunted the producer.

The Lesser Evil

Hero—I'm tired of these break-neck stunts. Haven't you another part I can take?

Director—Nothing but a lover's part, playing opposite to your wife.

Hero—All right, then, lead me back to the cliff.

One Friend to Another

"John, I fear your son is lazy."

"Why do you say that?"

"I just saw him walk around a burnt match on the sidewalk."

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

H. J. Garrard made a trip to the Lincoln-Hondo country yesterday.

P. R. Phillips was in town today from his ranch home on the Carrizzo Draw.

M. B. Paden returned the early part of the week from a trip to El Paso.

C. F. Grey was up last night from Oscuro, in attendance upon the club meeting.

No MEAT ORDERS will be taken between 10:30 a. m. and 3:30 p.m.
Mayer's Grocery.

Dr. J. C. Jones, of Albuquerque, will preach at the Methodist Church Sunday at eleven o'clock.

W. M. Ferguson writes that he has seen about all of California that's good, and expects to return home soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Leslie came over from their Capitan home yesterday afternoon, and remained over night.

Demetrio Perea, an old-timer in Carrizozo and Lincoln county, left this week for Roswell, there to make his home in the future.

M. U. Finley is putting in a two-inch pipe line, to convey water from Chavez Canyon to a west pasture, a distance of nearly two miles.

The board of county commissioners held a special session Monday. The same board met later in the week as a board of education.

Born, Sunday night, a boy, to Mr. and Mrs. James Saulsberry. Mrs. Simpson was down from Duran to welcome her grandson's advent.

Considerable sickness prevails in this community and surrounding country, ranging from bad colds to flu. The malady has invaded the local schools, several teachers and many pupils being affected.

Can a successful performance be staged without a MAN in the cast? Attend the Crystal theatre Feb. 19th and 20th, and see.

The continued cold weather, we must conclude, has kept our rural population at home—building fires—as few have shown their faces hereabouts.

Wanted—Young man to distribute circular letters. 10 per cent commission on all sales from your territory, part or full time. —Style Shirt Co., 232 Lexington avenue, New York.

Mrs. Ralph Treat and children leave today for El Paso. Ralph will join them in a day or two, and the family will reside in El Paso, where Mr. Treat has some business propositions under consideration.

Gus Collier, brother of E. T. Collier, came in last week from California, and will make an indefinite stay with Lincoln county relatives. Gus left here about fifteen years ago, after spending his boyhood years in White Oaks.

Rev and Mrs. John H. Skinner left Monday, by auto, to visit Cleve C. Bourne and family, at Buckhorn, north of Silver City. En route they will visit other members of the family, and expect to be absent about two weeks.

Sam Bigger was over from Capitan Sunday. He came to this point to place his wife's sister, Miss Mae Renner, and brother Johnnie, on the train. They have been visiting the Bigger family the past three months and were returning to their home in Torrance county.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Y. Kimmons came down from Duran yesterday and Mrs. Kimmons, suffering from a abscess on her hand, underwent an operation at the Johnson Hospital. Last night, however, pneumonia developed and her condition today is critical.

Woman's Club

The Woman's Club met at the home of Mrs Paul Mayer, Mesdames Haley, McPherson, McCall assisting hostesses.

The cemetery committee reported that they would proceed with such street and alley work as funds donated will permit and hope to plant a hedge on rear line of cemetery.

After the business meeting the following program was given under the direction of Miss Ella Brickley:

Subject, "New Mexico."
Song, "America," by Club.
Roll call, "Nature's Gifts."
"History of New Mexico,"
Mrs. W. C. McDonald.
Reading, "New Mexico,"
Miss Marie Tangerman
"Talk on Carlsbad Caves,"
Mrs. W. R. McPherson
"Salt Lake near Datil,"
Mrs. A. Ziegler.
"Carrizozo as a Community,"
Miss Myrtle Dakin.
"Lakes near Roswell,"
Mrs. M. U. Finley.
Reading, "Mammy Ann,"
Ruth Brickley.

Many other nice talks on places of interest in the state were discussed.

NOTICE

LICENSE DATE EXTENDED

On account of the weather conditions and the hardship that might be caused in some cases, the grace period for making application for motor vehicle license is extended to the night of January 31, 1925.

Applications not in transit on or before that date should be accompanied by a penalty of 25 per cent of the annual registration.

R. H. CANON,
State Comptroller.
Santa Fe, N. M.
January 13, 1925.

Big Reductions on Everything

All Wool Suits for Men and Young Men at Greatly Reduced Prices

Walk-Over and other Shoes

All Styles at a little more than cost.

Men's Unions
"Wright's Spring Needle"
All Wool
Wool Mixed
and Heavy Cotton

Boy's Unions
Winter Weight Unions
and
Heavy Cotton Ribbed Hose
in "Worthmore" brand.

Ladies
Silk Hose in Leading Shades
in
"Worthmore" brand
$1.50 to $2.50 a pair

Boys' Clothing
We are Offering a Special Discount of 25 per cent on all Boy's Winter Suits.

10 to 20 per cent off Everything

Save Money by Buying Now

Carrizozo Trading Co.

Carrizozo, New Mex.

LAST WEEK OF

January Clearance Sale

A MOST IMPORTANT DEMONSTRATION of

TYPE CORSETRY

Men's and Boys' Clothing, 20 p. c. Off

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, 1-3 Off

Sale Ends Sat. Jan. 31st

TO those of us who really care about our appearance, it is important that we should understand the unmistakable Fashion tendency toward "personalized styles."

Gossard artistry introduced the idea of classifying women into nine ideal figure types and using this classification as the designing fundamental to create special corsets for their varying needs.

Gossard TYPE CORSETRY is an unfailing foundation for becoming dress and this special demonstration by an accepted style and corset authority is truly important to every woman who would make the most of her personal charm.

Look these Bargains Over whether you buy or not.

Ziegler Bros.

Universal Providers. CARRIZOZO, N. M. Established 1896

"The Marriage Cheat"

Perched on a rock in the Pacific Ocean, with the tide rapidly rising and threatening to engulf them, were a man and his wife—and their tiny infant. The man was a wealthy New Yorker. He was taking his wife and child back home, he had found them, following their mysterious disappearance, on a South Sea Island. To his dismay, he had discovered that his wife had fallen in love with a young missionary. Although she agreed to return with him, intuition told him that her acquiescence was a reluctant one. Then came the wreck at sea.

Suddenly he saw a boat approaching and he gave a cry of joy. His exultation was short-lived, however, for in the craft he descried the missionary. He glowed at his wife. She had seen, too, and there was a look of delight on her face.

For years the rich man had led a life of selfish pleasure-seeking, during which his wife had suffered at his hands. Here he found a new sensation stirring his soul. Thoughts of himself were forgotten. He saw an opportunity to make amends for the past; to give his wife the happiness which of he had denied her. So, he loosened his hold on the rock and sank into the waters. He had made the supreme sacrifice, willingly and cheerfully.

The foregoing is but one of the powerful incidents that make "The Marriage Cheat" one of the greatest pictures of the season. This picture will be presented at the Crystal Theatre Friday and Saturday nights, January 30 and 31.—In the cast are a host of notable players—Percy Marmont, Adolphe Menjou, Beatrice Joy.

Give the Kiddies a Chance

Save systematically for their future through a thrift and insurance plan issued on Children between the ages of one day and fourteen years.

If the Parent dies or is permanently disabled the Insurance Policy is immediately paid up by the Company. And if the Child dies the Parent receives the value of the Insurance. If neither die the easy deposits mature at a stated time as an endowment.

NOW IS THE TIME TO START.

Lincoln National Life Insurance Co.

MRS. J. S. ROSS, Agent,
Carrizozo, N. Mex.

Methodist Church

Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Preaching at 11 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Catholic Church

Every Sunday
First Mass (English) 8 a. m.
Second Mass (Spanish) at 9:30.
Sunday School at 2:00 p.m.
Evening Services at 7:30 p.m.
P. J. Otten, Pastor.

I. O. O. F.

Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30
Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, Tuesdays of each week.
ROY G. SKINNER, N. G.
WM. J. LANGSTON, Secy.

Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M. for 1925:

Jan. 3; Feb. 7; Mar. 7; Apr. 4; May 2; Jun. 6; Jul. 4; Aug. 1 & 29; Sept. 26; Oct. 31; Nov. 28; Dec. 26

W. O. ALLEN, W. M.
MILTON F. MILLER, Secy.