

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County

VOL. VI, NO. 21

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FEBRUARY 16, 1912

PRICE \$1.50 THE YEAR

A HOMESTEADERS IDEA

Of How Our Homestead Laws Could Be Very Materially Improved

CANADA HAS BETTER SYSTEM

Editor L. C. Kilnsfelter, of the Obar, New Mexico, Progress in the following open letter to Senator Borah presents some very logical arguments for a change in the federal land laws that strike home and that will produce an echo and applause from every homesteader in eastern New Mexico, or for that matter from everywhere in the arid region:

My Dear Senator:

Please pardon a letter from one who lives outside your bailiwick.

I write because I see you are pushing a bill to modernize our archaic system of homestead laws and to ease up on the American homesteader and give him an equal show with the Canadian homesteader.

For several years, I was Canadian Government Agent in Iowa and am familiar with the Canadian homestead country and system.

At present I am a homesteader in New Mexico so that I can compare the two systems.

In point of liberality, however, there is no comparison, since there is none in the American system.

Canada says to the homesteader "If you go on a quarter section you get a full 160 acres, nothing out for roads. I furnish the roadway."

"For 25 cents, you can get a permit which allows you to go on a timber reserve and cut timber for a house stable and fencing. You can take all the 'dead and down' timber you need for fuel."

"When you are ready for a school, I will build you a schoolhouse and then I will pay 75 per cent of the teacher's wages."

"We will help you build roads and when you have enough cows, we will build you a creamery."

"After you have lived on the land six months of each year for three years, you get the land."

Uncle Sam, on the other hand, virtually says to the homesteader:

"There is a quarter section, less the roads. I'll bet it against your filing fee, that you can't live on the land five years."

"If you want any thing, get it yourself."

"And may God help you, for I won't."

Up to 15 years ago the land taken as homesteads lay in the humid regions and was adapted to the crops and the methods with which the homesteader was familiar.

The land now opened calls for entirely different treatment.

The educational process entailed is always expensive and frequently disastrous.

The present conditions call for homestead legislation laid on new and more enlightened lines.

Here are a few things that should be provided for:

Before opening any section of country for homesteading, the government should put down enough test wells to make it certain that sufficient water for farm animals can

be obtained at reasonable depth. If this could not be secured, the land should not be thrown open to homesteading but otherwise disposed of.

Then, require the homesteader to keep a certain number of milch cows if he wants to prove up in three years.

The present law calling for 80 acres cultivation on 320 acres is based on a mistaken idea.

It takes too much horsepower that is of no use a great part of the year, and becomes a bill of expense. Whereas the same investment in cows would bring in an income during all the year to support the family.

This is one important point which is too often overlooked.

A short period of homestead settlement is open to the objection under our present laws, that it makes it possible for individuals or corporations to acquire large tracts to be held for speculation.

Here again we may learn a lesson from Canada which provides against this speculation evil by a system of taxation which makes the holding of large tracts, unimproved, for speculation unprofitable.

The Canadian system puts all the tax on the land. Improvements and live stock are not taxed, but the land pays the same tax whether improved or not.

It don't pay to hold land unimproved, for speculation in Canada.

MEISTERSINGERS-TUESDAY

The people of Carrizozo will have an opportunity next Tuesday evening of hearing the last number of the J. S. White Lyceum Bureau course to occur this season when the Meistersingers will appear at the M. E. Church. The Meistersingers come recommended as the best of the several numbers of this splendid course and we believe that they will not disappoint the people here. The personnel of the singers and players is F. A. Newell, Justin T. R. McCarl, W. D. Porter and H. R. Porter. The company will have with them a full set of expensive organ chimes. The singing of the boys with the chimes will be a feature of the evening and it is said that their voices blend beautifully.

BOUND OVER

Ernest Mathews was arraigned in Justice Massie's Court in Carrizozo last Saturday morning on a charge of assault with intent to maim and do bodily harm. Attorney A. H. Hudspeth appeared for the defence and Attorney Prosper Sherry and H. B. Hamilton prosecuted the case for the plaintiff, W. A. Baskin. Att'y Hudspeth asked for a change of venue for the defendant which was denied by Judge Massie, on account of it being a preliminary hearing. Judge Massie bound Mathews over to the action of the Grand Jury, under bond of \$400 which was given.

Frank Gauchat is visiting relatives in Clarksville, Tenn.

Dr. J. Phelps Taylor of Deming was a business visitor here Thursday.

S. M. Hoadroy of Carrizozo Flats, formerly of Glenn Falls, New York, was in the city Saturday on business.

COE RANCH ON RUIDOSA

A Spot of Beauty as Well as Historic Interest Located

In Lincoln County.

WAS FIRST SETTLED IN 1864

Not every person realizes the beauty of the mountains and plains that will be opened up to the world by the transcontinental auto route and mail service from Roswell to Tularosa, across the White Mountains, which will bring El Paso and Roswell eight hours closer together. There are many vistas of surpassing beauty, and spots of considerable historic interest, such as, for example, the Coe ranch, on the Ruidosa, sixty miles due west of Roswell.

This is one of the historic tracts of the mountain country. It was first settled by Yeach and McPherson in 1864. McPherson was killed by an Apache Indian in 1868 and Yeach was murdered at Burn's crossing on the Picketwire, twenty miles below Trinidad, in the fall of the same year, while on his way to the States, the murderers being inspired by the several thousand dollars in money which he was taking back with him.

The ranch was relocated by Jack Gillam in 1870. He was elected the first sheriff of Lincoln county in 1871, and was waylaid and killed along with David Warner and Ben Harold, which was the starting of the Harold war, which lasted a year, and whose bloody story is familiar and oft-repeated history.

The tract was then located by R. M. Brewer, a fine young man from Michigan, who was killed at Blazer's Mill in 1878, during the Lincoln county war.

The next owner was John W. Miller from Kansas, who with his family held the place for five years, when it passed to the present owner, Frank B. Coe, who has improved it and made it one of the most noted ranches on the Ruidosa. The work of planting the large orchards was begun by Jack Gillam in 1871, these trees being therefore, forty-one years old, and it is interesting to note that they are still in good bearing, and that the stock was part of a shipment sent by the government to New Mexico to test the fitness of this country for fruit.

There were but twenty five of these government trees, including such

PLEASE NOTE

The business office of the Carrizozo Outlook is now located in the Post Office Building. (A. H. Harvey's office), where the business of the paper will be transacted hereafter. The shop remains in the same building as formerly.

The publisher will be found at the office, which is more convenient to the public than the former location.

Phone, office 22 shop 24

Don't forget our Job Printing Department.

GIVE US A TRIAL

varieties as the Yellow Bellflower, Northern Spy, Winesap, Maidenblush and Jennet, and they are bearing good crops of fine fruit to this day.

The general orchard has increased to 2,080 trees, and is one of the crack producers along the Noisy Water, last year turning off 6,000 boxes of extra selects, including a heavy per centage of the White Winter Pearmain, which were grown on this ranch the first in New Mexico. The elevation of five thousand feet and the general conditions seems to be the very best for the production of this most splendid of eating apples, and the fame of the Coe Pearmain has spread all over the southwest.

The general crops have not been neglected on this historic ranch, the original home of the apples in Eastern New Mexico, and there are fields of alfalfa, grain and the general farm crops that thrive splendidly on the rich soil, as the water for irrigation is abundant. Ros-Frib

AMATEURS AT FORT STANTON

The bunch of Amateurs who produced the drama "Because I Love You" last Friday evening in Carrizozo were asked to produce their show at Fort Stanton, which they did Tuesday night and were accorded much applause by the members of the government colony on the hill. Those participating left Carrizozo Tuesday in autos, the scenery having been transported in advance by train and all report a very pleasant trip and all are loud in their praise of the extreme hospitality shown to the troupe by the residents of Fort Stanton.

VALENTINE PARTY

Miss Sallie Hilderbrandt entertained the 'girls' in a unique manner at the home of her sister Mrs. H. S. Fairbanks Wednesday evening, February 14th, Valentines. Appropriate favors were given to the guests and dainty refreshments served with a royal good time. Those attending were: Miss Grace Jones, Miss Allie Johnson, Miss Jane Brockway, Miss Lillie May Bythewood, Bettie Bythewood, Miss Georgia Lannett, Miss Lorena Sager, Miss Kate Chandel and Mrs. Hattie Pons.

TULAROSA BANK CLOSED

H. S. Holloway, cashier of the Tularosa Bank, was arrested Wednesday evening by Mounted Policeman Alex Street on a charge of embezzlement reported to have occurred before the robbery of the bank last week. Captain Fred Farnhoff of the mounted police and Alex Street of the same force have been very active in working up the case. State Auditor John Joerns has been in Tularosa the last several days investigating the bank and found a misappropriation of \$5000, it is alleged. District Attorney H. B. Hamilton was called to Tularosa in the matter Wednesday afternoon. The Bank was closed by the state auditor Tuesday and it is expected that it will pay dollar for dollar to its depositors.

Seba Gray of Capitan came down on Thursday's train and returned the same day.

HUDSPETH IS CHAIRMAN

White Oaks Man Selected to Guide Democratic Party

CONVENTION AT CLOVIS MAY 14

A. H. Hudspeth of White Oaks was elected this week to the chairmanship of the Democratic State Committee to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of A. A. Jones. At the central committee meeting at Albuquerque this week, besides the election of Mr. Hudspeth, Clovis was selected as the convention city and May the 14th was set as the date for the holding of the meeting.

The Clark sentiment among members of the committee was practically as strong as was that for Wilson and the Missourian tied Wilson in the straw vote taken. It would perhaps be safe to say that Wilson just now is the first choice of the New Mexico democracy for president with Champ Clark second choice. Just what turn sentiment will take when the state convention is held is problematical as between these two candidates. There are those who insist that an uninstructed delegation will be sent to Baltimore by the democrats.

Mr. Hudspeth, the new chairman is one of the best known democrats in New Mexico. He is a lawyer and was a member of the constitutional convention, being the titular leader of the minority in that convention and in the last legislature. He is rated a shrewd politician and an indefatigable worker.

J. J. Ayers, Jr. has returned to the Jicarillas after a brief stay here.

S. E. Willis, dispatcher left Tuesday night for Dallas, Texas.

Probate Court will meet the first Monday in March in Carrizozo.

The K. P. Lodge at Capitan will give a splendid ball next Monday evening at the Capitan School House.

District Attorney H. B. Hamilton made a business trip to Tularosa Wednesday.

Joe Adams, the new road supervisor is busy this week repairing the streets of Carrizozo.

Ira O. Wetmore, of Deming N.M. came up Wednesday evening on a business trip.

L. C. Barlow of El Paso passed thru Thursday enroute to White Oaks on business.

Assessor Henry Corn is in the city today and will start out to assess the county in about two weeks.

Ex-sheriff Chas. A. Stevens came over from Lincoln Wednesday evening on a business trip.

The Ladies of the Home Mission Society will serve tea next Thursday afternoon at the Rolland home.

The Republican primary for Carrizozo precinct will be held next Saturday February 24th to elect four delegates to the county convention at Capitan February 20th.

Dr. Robt. Blaney announces that he will arrive on the noon train Thursday remaining until Saturday morning hereafter instead of using his former schedule.

Dep. Sheriff Al Roberts left yesterday afternoon for El Paso and Deming where he will take charge of two prisoners who recently escaped the Lincoln County jail.

Justice Harlan's Golf.
Here is a new golf story about Justice Harlan, says Tid-Bits. He was playing one day with a friend who was noted for making long drives. This man found a cow in his path, but, not daunted by the obstacle, drove his ball with great force in the direction he wanted it to go. The ball landed in the cow's mouth. Straightway the judge's friend chased the cow. The startled animal turned tail and ran, still carrying the ball. Her pursuer began belaboring her with his club as the pair went racing over the links. Finally the cow, on reaching a putting green, dropped the ball. It landed in a good position and the golfer holed out in one stroke. Justice Harlan followed in leisurely fashion and made it in eight strokes, claiming the hole.
"But I made it in two!" exclaimed his friend.
"Two nothing," said the judge, "you mean thirty-two! I was watching you, and every time you hit the cow counts a stroke."

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.
Besides its soap-tree, the West Indies has its toothbrush plant in the Gouania domingensis of San Domingo. One end of a piece of the dried stem is rubbed across the teeth, soon becoming frayed and serving like the bristles of a brush, and the saponin of the wood cleanses the teeth as that of the soap tree cleanses linen. The material is also crushed into the form of a tooth powder.
To popularize lighting and heating by electricity, various plans are being tried by European electric stations. In Bremen a limited current is offered to small users, making it practicable for a workman's family to use a specified number of lamps—any, three of 16-candlepower—and no more, the cost to be about the same as that for oil lighting. The house may be wired for any number of lamps, the current-limiter preventing the use of more than the contract number at one time. In Vienna, the municipal plant is seeking to encourage electric baking, and provides free ovens for local bakeries, guaranteeing that the electric current shall not cost more than sources of heat, hitherto employed. Great results are expected. Among the advantages claimed are saving of time, greater cleanliness, greater ease of management and regulation, and the banishment of chimneys and flues. It is furthermore stated that smaller ovens will do the same baking, as loaves can be packed closer.
A novel method of bringing nascent iodine into contact with the tissues of the body, for the treatment of lupus or skin tuberculosis, has been reported by Dr. Axel Noyen, a German. The patient is first given a large dose of sodium iodide, and in about an hour the negative pole of an electric battery is placed in his hand, one or several fine platinum-iridium needles, forming the positive pole, being at the same time passed into his ear. The current of three or four milliamperes is applied for three minutes. Of the five cases treated, two were completely and quickly cured, and the others showed marked benefit, while no harmful effects on the tissues were detected.

Brown Bread Baker.
Mayor Gaynor was talking about advertisement writing.
"I like the literary style of the average advertisement," he said. "Even when advertisements exaggerate, they are written in good style."
"The best advertisements don't exaggerate; but there are some few advertisement writers who seem to think that, in their line of work, a little exaggeration does no harm."
"They remind me, in their mistaken views, of a miner. The miner was passing a bakery with a friend, and in front of the bakery stood a very untidy baker.
"Gee," said the miner's friend, pointing his pipe at the filthy baker disgustedly—"gee" what a dirty-looking chap to be a baker, eh?"
"But the miner explained with a smile:
"Oh, that's all right. He's just the fellow, you know, who bakes the brown bread."

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.
RATES TO TEXAS AND NEW MEXICO POINTS DURING 1911.
On the first and third Tuesdays of each month during the entire year The Colorado and Southern Railway will sell round trip home-seekers' excursion tickets to a great many points in New Mexico and Texas at greatly reduced rates. Final limit 25 days allowing liberal stop-over privileges. For detailed information, rates, etc., call on your nearest Colorado and Southern agent or address T. B. Fisher, General Passenger Agent, Denver, Colo.

TREES AND SEEDS. Apple, Peach, Cherry, etc. For sale by Fruit and Seed Co., M. J. Callen, Denver, Colo.

HOWARD E. BURTON, ASSAYER & CHEMIST.
LEADVILLE, COLORADO.
Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, \$1; gold, silver, lead, \$1; gold, silver, lead, \$1. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and sample work solicited. References: Carbonate National Bank.

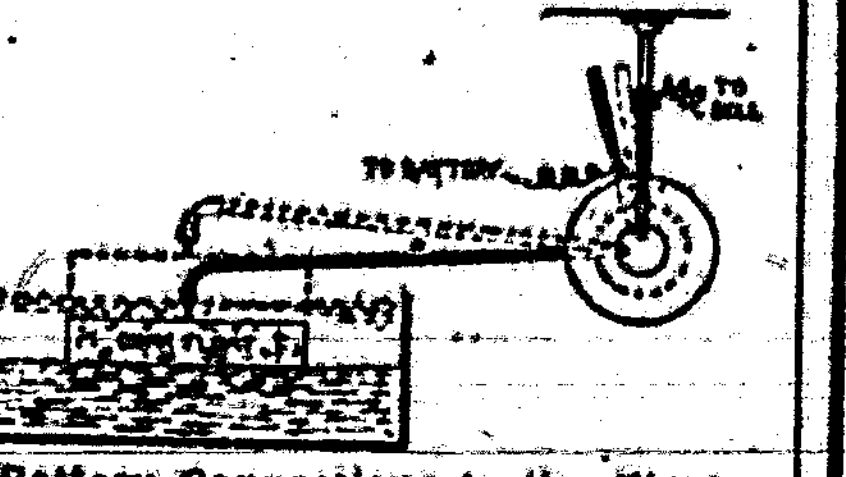
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NEED NOT BE WITHOUT HERBS.
Even Dwellers in Cities Can Grow Ample Supply of Several Varieties in Window Boxes.
Not everyone has the time or the space for a kitchen garden, but no one need be without the savory herbs which are sometimes hard to find in the market and which add so much to the tastiness of the table. Says a writer in Armour's Farm Almanac: "Even people who live in cities can have a few window boxes, which will produce as much parsley and dill and chives as they will want to use, and which are just as pretty as many decorative plants. The possessor of a back yard need never lack for early vegetables, such as lettuce, beets and onions; and as for the farmer's wife, there is no excuse at all for her not having a complete assortment of the lighter vegetables."
Fennel, rue, balsam, mint and lavender grow by the roadside, where knowing ones may find them, but the savory vegetables of the garden, which give so much flavor to cooking, are little known. Sorrel grows wild, but is better when cultivated, and is the foundation for one of the finest fish sauces in the world, which is made by bruising the young leaves, and pouring over them oil and vinegar in equal parts. It is also excellent in a soup, which is so delicate that invalids and children relish it, especially. To make, wash and boil the leaves for fifteen minutes in water in which potatoes, cauliflower or asparagus has been cooked; then throw in a handful of rice, boil ten minutes more, add a general lump of butter, pepper and salt, and serve piping hot.

Tarragon is a plant which is even less known than sorrel, but which deserves to be treated with great respect, for it is the flavor, par excellence, for all pickles, salads and chow-chows. The plant is a perennial, which springs up every year, like rhubarb. The pungent little chive, an infinitesimal onion, is also more or less of a stranger to us, which is a pity, for it is the most delicate in flavor of the onion family, and is often relished by people who cannot eat its lustier relatives.
The leek, too, is delicious, either as a relish, when very young, or fried, as a garnish for meats, or sliced with cucumbers and tomatoes.

ALARM FOR THE DRIP PAN.
Handy Contrivance to Remind House-keeper When to Empty the Refrigerator Pan.

Being annoyed by the overflowing of the refrigerator drip pan, I attached the small device shown in the illustration to the refrigerator to remind me to empty the pan before it would overflow. A cork float and a common spool with wires set into it at right angles comprise the outfit. The whole device was fastened with



Battery Connections to the Float. screws to the under side of the refrigerator. When the float has risen to the top, an electric circuit is formed, which rings a bell. The wires can be lengthened and bent to suit the size and depth of the pan used.—Frank W. Preston in Popular Mechanics.

Crystal Icing.
All one teaspoonful vanilla to two teaspoons boiling water, stir in one cup confectioner's sugar and use as soon as it will spread. This icing is quickly made and has a sparkling appearance. A little coarse sugar dusted over gives it brilliancy.

Bolled Coffee.
For four heaping tablespoons ground coffee allow one quart freshly boiling water and one-half white one raw egg. Mix the egg white with three tablespoons cold water, beating with fork. Add coffee and stir till well wet. Scald coffee pot, put in prepared coffee. Pour in boiling water, cover spout and boil five minutes. Pour in quickly one-quarter cup cold water, let stand three minutes to settle. Strain into hot pot or have strainer on table.

Stuffed Apples.
Take some good cooking apples, pare and core them and stuff with the following filling: One cup of sugar, half a cup of butter, one teaspoon of curry powder, one tablespoon vinegar, mix all together, fill apples and bake till done.

Graham Bread.
One quart of buttermilk, one cup of molasses, four cups graham flour, three cups white flour, one large teaspoon of soda and a little salt. Bake in a moderate oven.

Swallowing Glory.
The little daughter of a well-known Baltimore clergyman recently startled the family while at breakfast by suddenly exclaiming:
"I'm full of glory!"
"What on earth do you mean, child?" the father hastened to ask.
"Why," exclaimed the youngster, "a sunbeam just got on my spoon, and I've swallowed it."

A Good Turn.
George Ade, with the gentle cynicism of the confirmed bachelor, was talking in New York about New Year resolutions.
"Every wife," he said, "loves to see her husband turn over for her sake a new leaf—in his check-book."

Treacherous Memory.
Parson Johnson—"Yo' must nevah cherish an enmity against your neighbor, Miss Jackson. If your neighbor does you an injury you must forget it, Mrs. Jackson—An' so I does forget it, pahson—but I'se got a powerful bad memory, and I keeps forgetting dat I'se forgotten it."

Man and Meter Both Unique.
A Kansas City man notified the gas company that his meter was running slow. Greater honesty hath no man than this.

No Doubt About It.
And every good husband, no doubt, is sure that he is married to one of the world's twenty greatest women.

Welcome.
It was 3 o'clock on a cold and frosty morning, and the weary cyclist had still many miles to go.
Passing through a lonely village he saw a lighted window. Perhaps, he thought, he might be able to get something to eat and drink. So he knocked.

"Who's there?" came a gruff voice from within.
"A traveler," the cyclist replied in clear tones.
Back like a shot came the answer: "Then travel!"

Looking Upward.
(In 1899)—"Marie, bring out the aerobulator, and take baby up for an airing."—Judge.

A Hold-Up

An Oppressive Trust.

Before the Coffee Roasters' Association, in session at Chicago on Thursday, Thomas J. Webb, of Chicago, charged that there is in existence a coffee combine which is "the most monstrous imposition in the history of human commerce."

There is very slight exaggeration about this statement. It comes very close to being literally true. There is a coffee combine in Brazil, from which country comes the bulk of the coffee used in the United States, which is backed by the government of Brazil and financed by it, which compels American consumers, as Mr. Webb said, "to pay famine prices for coffee when no famine exists."

The worst thing about this is that the consumers of the United States have been compelled to put up the money through which this combine, to further clinch them, has been made effective. There were formerly revenue duties imposed upon all coffee entering the United States. Those taxes were denounced as an imposition upon the people; as taxing the poor man's breakfast table, and the like. The taxes were removed. Immediately thereafter Brazil imposed an export duty upon coffee up to the full amount of the former customs taxes in this country. The revenue which formerly went into the treasury of the United States was diverted to the treasury of Brazil. The poor man's breakfast coffee continued to cost him the same old price.

But this was only the commencement. The "valorization" plan was evolved in Brazil. Through this plan the government, using the revenues derived from the export duties for the purposes, takes all of the surplus crop in a season of large yields and holds it off the market, thus keeping the supply down to the demands of the market and permitting the planters to receive a much higher price than they would otherwise have done.

The United States consumes more Brazilian coffee than does the rest of the world. We are the best customers of Brazil, and Brazil buys little from us. Now Brazil is promoting, financing and maintaining a trust designed, and working effectively for the purpose, to compel American consumers to pay an exorbitant price for the coffee they use. What is the remedy?—Seattle Post-Intelligencer—Nov. 19, 1911.

POSTUM

is a pure food-drink made of the field grains, with a pleasing flavour not unlike high grade Java.

A Big Package

About 1½ lbs. Costs 25 cts.

At Grocers

Economy to one's purse is not the main reason for using Postum.

It is absolutely free from any harmful substance, such as "caffeine" (the drug in coffee), to which so much of the nervousness, biliousness and indigestion of today are due. Thousands of former coffee drinkers now use Postum because they know from experience the harm that coffee drinking causes.

Boil it according to directions (that's easy) and it will become clear to you why—

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan.

Handwritten notes on the advertisement:
He did
"Compels"
Tax Americans
Get this clear
Then this
Standard statistics of the coffee trade show a falling off in sales during the last two years of over two hundred million pounds. Authenticated reports from the Postum factories in this city show a tremendous increase in the sale of Postum in a like period of time.
While the sales of Postum invariably show marked increase year over year, the extraordinary demand for that well-known breakfast beverage during 1911 is very likely due to a public awakening to the oppression of the coffee trust.
Such an awakening naturally disposes the multitude who suffer from the ill effects of coffee drinking to be more receptive to knowledge of harm which so often comes as a result of the use of the drug-beverage, coffee.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer—Nov. 19, 1911.

THE OUTLOOK.

Published Weekly In The Interest
of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln
County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January
8, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New
Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

LEE B. CHASE, Editor and Publisher

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon.
News columns close Thursday night. If you
do not receive your paper regularly, please notify
the Publisher of Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
ONE YEAR, In Advance \$1.50
SIX MONTHS, In Advance .75
OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 22
SHOP 24

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1912

SAVING THE CHILDREN

Are the children of the United States worth one-eighth as much as the bugs? Hon. Andrew J. Peters, a member of congress from Massachusetts, asked this rather startling question at Louisville last Sunday at a mass meeting on child labor. Mr. Peters showed that the bureau of animal industry costs the country \$1,054,750 a year and the bureau of plant industry costs \$2,051,686. The proposed children's bureau would cost \$20,440 and would investigate child labor, infant mortality and other important phases of child conservation. It is being opposed, of course, by some manufacturers who want to employ babies in cotton mills, coal mines and other places admirably adapted for the growth of mind and body and the development of sturdy American men and women. In some quarters the investigation of child labor is regarded as an unwarranted invasion of personal liberty. Certainly! Public schools were so regarded in their early days. The Journal of the American Medical Association says that no doubt we shall soon have a National League for Juvenile Freedom, secretly financed by the coal and cotton barons, and demanding for the child the right to labor when and where it pleases. In the meantime if congress thinks the baby crop is worth as much as one tenth as much as the fruit crop, a children's bureau should be established without delay.

An exchange says: "How would you like to be the editor of the home paper and sit at your desk six days out of a week, four weeks a month, and twelve months out of a year, and have such copy as the following to edit? Mrs. Jones, of Cactus Creek, let a can-opener slip last week and cut herself in the pantry. A mischievous lass of Picketown threw a stone and struck Mr. Pike in the alleyway. Tuesday John Doe climbed on the roof of his house last week looking for a leak and fell, striking himself on the back porch. While Harold Green was escorting Miss Violet Wise home from the church social Saturday night a savage dog attacked them and bit Mr. Green four times in the public square. Mr. Long while harnessing a broncho last Sunday, was kicked just south of the corn crib."

"BECAUSE I LOVE YOU"

BY HER

Last Friday night the Carrizozo Amateur Dramatic Club presented to the public a very creditable production of John A. Fraser's romantic drama, "Because I Love You." The success of the play was due to hard work and much rehearsing as well as histrionic ability and the participants deserve great credit for the manner in which it was given. The scene being laid in old Virginia made it necessary to have entirely

new scenery, but this difficulty was overcome by the efforts of Mr. S. F. Miller and Mr. Frank Elliott, who proved themselves quite efficient in the art of scenery construction.

As to the actors themselves, Mrs. J. E. Bell and Mr. Art. J. Rolland, having the leading roles, carried the heavy scenes in a very creditable manner and were especially good in the climax in the fourth act. Especial credit is due Mrs. F. L. Elliott and Mr. S. L. Northlane for their portrayal of the old gypsy women and her husband, the worthless gypsy tinker; Mrs. Elliott's make-up was wonderfully true to life, even to the smallest details, and her portrayal of the part showed the true dramatic instinct, while Mr. Northlane seemed perfectly at home in the part of the drunken vagabond, getting off several local hits with mirth provoking effect. Mrs. A. J. Rolland, as their daughter, costumed well and played her part with good effect. Thos. Davis, as her artist lover, made a good impression especially in the comedy bits. The part of the confederate veteran was well taken care of by J. E. Bell, whose Irish brogue was well-nigh perfect, while Mr. Elliott, as the tavern keeper and Morgan Reilly as his negro servant both did excellently in their respective roles. J. B. Chase as the villain seeking the heroine's hand and fortune and Prosper Sherry as the dudish New Yorker, were well received and gained their share of hearty applause. Mrs. Stanley Squire, who took the part of the old maid, aged it perfectly, although it was found that the make up box held nothing that would make her look the part. The play was undoubtedly the best amateur production ever seen in Carrizozo. This fact is attested to by the large crowd, Real's Hall being packed to the doors and many standing in the aisles. The advance seat sale was without precedent for any production, either amateur or professional, and a goodly sum was turned over to the Ladies Home Mission Society of the M. E. Church, enough to completely wipe out the remainder of the furniture debt. There have been several requests for a second performance, and the play will probably be put on again in a few weeks.

NOGAL NOTES

Jop Adams, the new road supervisor for this district was here this week gathering up road tools.

H. K. Allen, Rufus Brown and Ollie Emerson have left for the Rio Grande River country on a trapping expedition.

Lin Brannum and family and Jim Cooper and family were in Nogal this week on a visit to their father who is very sick.

Don't forget the dance to be given at Nogal, Washington's Birthday February 22nd.

The eldest daughter of Lin Brannum is staying at Uncle Tom Henley's during his illness.

MAY MAKE HOMESTEAD LAW MORE LIBERAL

In the hope of checking emigration of American farmers to the Canadian northwest, important amendments to liberalize the public land laws were favorably reported in Congress last week by Senator Smoot from the public lands committee.

The enforced residence on a homestead would be reduced from five years to three, and a homesteader would be permitted to absent himself from his cabin six months every year.

Senator Borah and others who stand for liberalizing the laws, have declared in the Senate that a very desirable class of American citizens were being driven to Canada at the rate of 100,000 a year by the stringent land law.

MINING ACTIVITIES

(From El Paso Times)

Christ Yaeger, a veteran mining man, who has mined in nearly every camp in the Rocky mountains from Crede and Gilpin county, Colorado, southward to Bland, Lordsburg, the Jicarillas in New Mexico, and is now engaged in mining in White Oaks gold camp in New Mexico, is in the city for the purpose of arranging for the installation of a hoist on the 150-foot shaft on the Silver Hill-Miners Cabin mines which he and associates have been developing for more than a year and a half. Mr. Yaeger says that large bodies of gold bearing ore have been opened up in these properties.

In the same camp the Wild Cat Mining and Leasing company which is operating the North Homestake and the South Homestake mines is a constant producer and shipper of gold bullion. This company is installing an electric power plant at the coal mines some two miles east of their mines and will transmit power to the twenty-stamp mill at the mines. The Old Abe mine is also in constant operation, its twenty stamp mill running night and day.

There are other prospects being opened up in the same section, and in the opinion of Yaeger, White Oaks will soon rank as one of the biggest gold producers in the entire Southwest. The Old Abe has the deepest workings of any mines in New Mexico. The ore is oxidized and free mining down to the greatest depth, which is more than 1500 feet. Some marvelously rich shoots have been encountered in the North and South Homestake and also the Old Abe, but the great mass of lower grade ores are treated by the cyanide process.

NOTICE

I will be at Carrizozo from Saturday the 17th of February to Monday the 19th. Mass on Sunday the 18th at 9 A. M. preaching in English and Spanish.

J. H. Gierma
Parish Priest

WHITE LEGHORNS

White Leghorn "settings" for sale, 15 eggs. Pen No 1 & 2, \$1 per setting. Pen No. 3, 75c per setting. For further particulars call or write

Mrs Robt. Hoffman,
Highlands Add, Carrizozo.

025654
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,

Feb. 3, 1912
Notice is hereby given that JOEL W. MC PHERSON, of Lincoln, N. M., who, on June 25, 1906, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 025654, for N¹ SW¹ & SW¹ SW¹ sec 3 Jan 1 NW¹ NW¹ Section 10, Twp 9 S Range 16 E, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before A. H. Harvey, County Clerk, at Lincoln, N. M., on the 22nd day of March, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Calvin N. Morris, George Yates, Thomas B. Yates, Willie Folk Blevins, all of Lincoln, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register

—Have you investigated? Come in and get wise to the many new things direct from New York in Ladies Ready to wear. Ziegler Bros

The Capitan Mercantile Co.

BE PREPARED

NOW is the time to look over your implements and harness and find what you will need when spring opens up.

We are ready to supply you from our stock of:

Double-trees, Single-trees,
Neck-yokes, Hames, Tugs
Collars, Bridles, Straps
Lines, Breeching, Halters
Clevises, Wagon Timber
Post-diggers, Spades, Shovels
Forks, Hoes, Rakes, Axes

Determine right now what you will need, then come and see us.

We can get any tools or implements you may want.

"LET US SERVE YOU"

The Capitan Mercantile Co.

Capitan

JOHN J. HEASLEY

ALEX. J. COUTURE

Heasley & Couture

PHOTOGRAPHERS

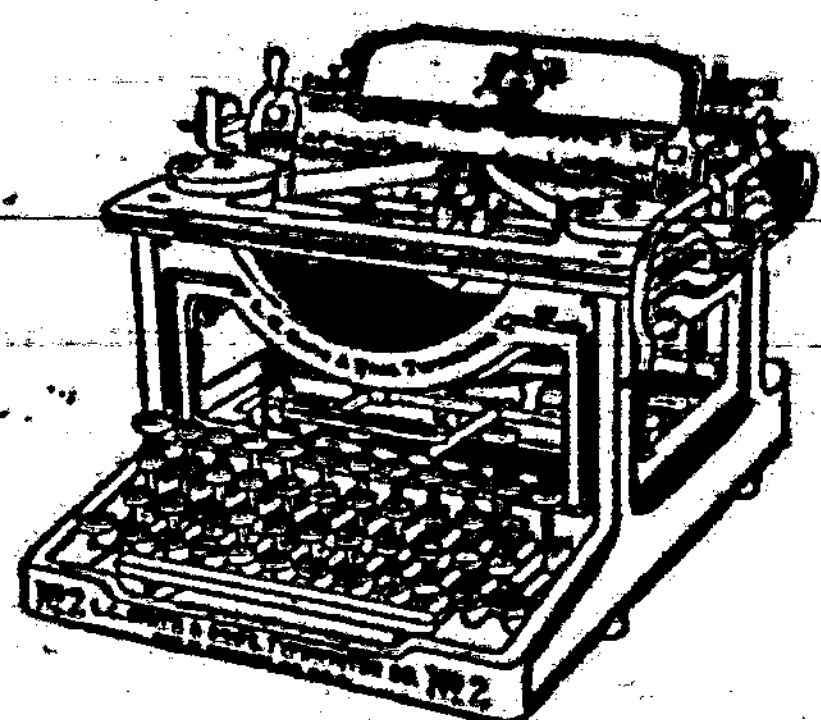
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Perfect Team Work
of Perfect Units—
That is What Wins
the Typewriter
Game.



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(BALL-BEARING, LONG-WEARING)

is a rare and unusual combination of mechanical features of superior excellence, each of which is designed,

First—To do its individual work better than it could be done in any other way.
And,
Second—To work so smoothly and accurately, in conjunction with all the others, that the completed result is just as perfect as the work of any individual part.

That is what makes a good-working typewriter—it is what justifies the overwhelming verdict of 150,000 users in approval of the L. C. Smith and Bros. Typewriter—it is why this typewriter does all kinds of work superlatively well without attachments and gives no disappointing results.

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HEWITT AND HUDSPETH
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK WHITE OAKS

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PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Phone No. 25
Carrizozo, New Mexico

DR. D. R. SCOTT
CALLS answered NIGHT or DAY
Telephone—Two Short—Two Long
Capitan, New Mex.

DR. R. E. BLANEY, DENTIST
OSCURO - - - - - NEW MEXICO
IN CARRIZOZO FRIDAYS AND
SATURDAYS AT TEMPLE HOTEL

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank Carrizozo, N. M.

PROSPER SHERRY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Exchange Bank Building
CARRIZOZO NEW MEX.

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Public Land Matters: Final Proof,
Desert Lands, Contents and Mining Cases.
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Associate Work for Attorneys

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Carrizozo

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LAND IN SMALL TRACTS
Joining Additions to Carrizozo
on the West. Good Soil. Good
Shallow Water. Terms Reasonable
See W. W. STADTMAN
P. O. Box 245. Carrizozo, N. M.

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For all makes and machines
and all kinds of typewriter
supplies on hand at The Out-
look Office.

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AND TRUST CO.**
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LINCOLN NEW MEXICO

LUNG DISEASE
"After four in our family had died
of consumption I was taken with
a frightful cough and lung trouble,
but my life was saved and I gained
87 pounds through using
**DR. KING'S
NEW
DISCOVERY**
W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex.
PRICE 50c and \$1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS

COUNTY NEWS NOTES

JICARILLA HAPPENINGS

We had a visit from Messrs.
Clark and Cunningham of Santa Fe.
Mr. Clark is ex-superintendent of
public instruction.

Wm Franklin is in camp again
from Chicago looking after the prop-
erty of the Wisconsin M. & S. Co.

Al Sewell, who has been working
for Littell Bros for the past year,
has gone to Quay Co. to get ready
for spring planting.

B. E. Wilson is doing his spring
plowing on his ranch on the east
side of Jack's Peak.

Mr and Mrs. Jessie Mays of No-
gal are here on a visit to Mr. Mays'
sister.

There is quite a little profitable
placering going on in camp now.

B. Brookin left Saturday for the
Ruidosa on business.

Invitations are out for a big dance
here on the 14th, St. Valentines
day.

Lorenzo Guebarra and family of
White Oaks were here on a visit to
Max Guebarra and family.

THREE RIVERS LOCALS

George Spence was down from
Carrizozo last week transacting busi-
ness.

Joe Wingfield was over from Mes-
calero, looking after his cattle here.

Lloyd Hulbert and Miss Mollie
Lindley drove to Carrizozo last Fri-
day to attend the amateur theatrical

John Roberts was over on the
Bonito for a few days last week,
looking at some property there, in
view of buying.

H S Scheffey made a business
trip to Carrizozo this week.

F. M. Guodin left Monday for
Carrizozo, enroute to Nogal, where
he will gather horses.

Ben Robinson from Bonito was
a business visitor in our vicinity for
a few days this week.

George Sianeros from Carrizozo,
has been visiting Dick Lindly for a
few days..

OSCURO OBSERVINGS

Miss Ida Roberts of Oklahoma is
visiting friends in and around
Oscuro.

Mr. Patten of the Bull Gap Dam
enterprise is here on business per-
taining to the dam

Mr. Mooney of Chicago, who has
been looking over the country with
a view to locating here returned to
Chicago Tuesday on business.

Mr Archer Jones was pleasantly
surprised by a number of friends
and relatives Saturday evening.
An excellent repast was partaken
of about 6:30 and the evening spent
in dancing.

Willie McCallum is visiting in
Magdalena

Mr. Cravens of the Oscuro Mts.
was in town Sunday.

Mrs. Black, Miss Maud Young,
Miss Helen Jones and Archer Jones
attended the home talent play at
Carrizozo last week.

A light rain fell here Monday
afternoon.

She sign painters are busy deco-
rating the store of Mr. Joe Ash-
ford.

Mrs. Young and Fred Roberts
and daughter Virginia are on the
sick list.

Eugene F. Jones returned Tues-
day from Chicago and other points
in the east and south.

PICTURE SHOW

TULAROSA
Thursday, Feb. 15th

CARRIZOZO
Friday, Feb. 16th

WHITE OAKS
Saturday, Feb. 17th

LINCOLN
Monday, Feb. 19th

TINNIE
Tuesday, Feb. 20th

PICACHO
Wednesday, Feb. 21st

SAN PATRICIO
Thursday, Feb. 22nd

CAPITAN
Saturday, Feb. 24th

Look over the above list and see
when the picture show will be in
your nearest town and then come
out and see it. We will be around
every two weeks, so why not make
the show a social meeting place.

The men can chew tobacco, trade
horses and talk about the crops
they would have made last year if
it had rained a little more; the
ladies can talk about their neigh-
bors if they are not all present, and
the young people can talk about.

Well it's nobody's business what
you talk about; just come on and
have a good time. If your nearest
town is not on the list it should be
so you'd better write to the Picture

Show-man, box 12 Capitan and have
it put there.

Remember our show is as good
as the best and better than the rest;
if you don't get your money's worth
you get your money back.

Complete change of program
each trip Time, 7:30 P. M. Price
15 and 25 cents.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Jan. 31, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that HARRISON
E. KELLER, of Nogal, N. M., who, on Sept
10, 1908, made Homestead Entry Serial,
No. 0410, for W3 SW1, and SW1 NW1,
Section 31, Township 18 S, Range 13 E.,
N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention
to make final five year Proof, to establish
claim to the land above described, before
A. H. Harvey, Probate Clerk of Lincoln
County, N. M. in his office, at Lincoln,
N. M., on the 10th day of March, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
William R. White, Albert H. Pfiggenen,
Mahlon R. Keller, Leroy R. Lamay, all of
Nogal, N. M.,
T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register

2-9-12 64.

Go South Sir!

Farm Land
910 acres
To be purchased in the Southeast along the Southern Railway. Make & Own R.R. Co. & Fla. Ry. supporting good crops.

LIVE STOCK, POULTRY AND DAIRYING business here, and is conducted as smaller part than in other sections of the country. Luscious pastures and good feed the whole year round make this possible.

ALFALFA CROPS abundantly in nearly all parts of the Southeast. Many acres produce 4 to 6 tons, selling locally from \$14 per ton up.

APPLES, FRUIT, TRUCK AND COTTON are other big paying crops. Apples orchards set \$100 to \$500 an acre, and truck gardening \$200 up.

CLIMATE UNSURPASSED—Every day in the year one can work in his fields. These low seasons allow raising two and three crops from the same soil each year.

Subscribed to "South Sir" by Mr. J. H. Jones, who has been in the South for many years, and who has been successful in his business.

and Grow Rich

W. R. PATTERSON, L. and L. Jones, Southern Railway, Roswell, Washington, D.C.

ELITE TAILORING PARLOR

Suits Made to Order and Satisfaction
Guaranteed In All Work

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AUTOMOBILES
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TIRES & TUBES REPAIRED & VULCANIZED ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TELEPHONE CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

THE CARRIZOZO BAR

XXX Port Wine 50 cents Quart
XXX Blackberry 50 cents Quart
Old Kingdom Blend Six years
Old 4.00 Per Gallon
All Bottled in Bond Whiskies
\$1.75 Quart

Seipps Beer Always on Tap

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Harvey & Chase

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REAL ESTATE
RENTS
SALES
HOMESTEADS LOCATED
CARRIZOZO LOTS

Notary Publics Conveyancing
All Legal Blanks
Surveyor in Office
Post Office Bldg. Carrizozo, New Mex.

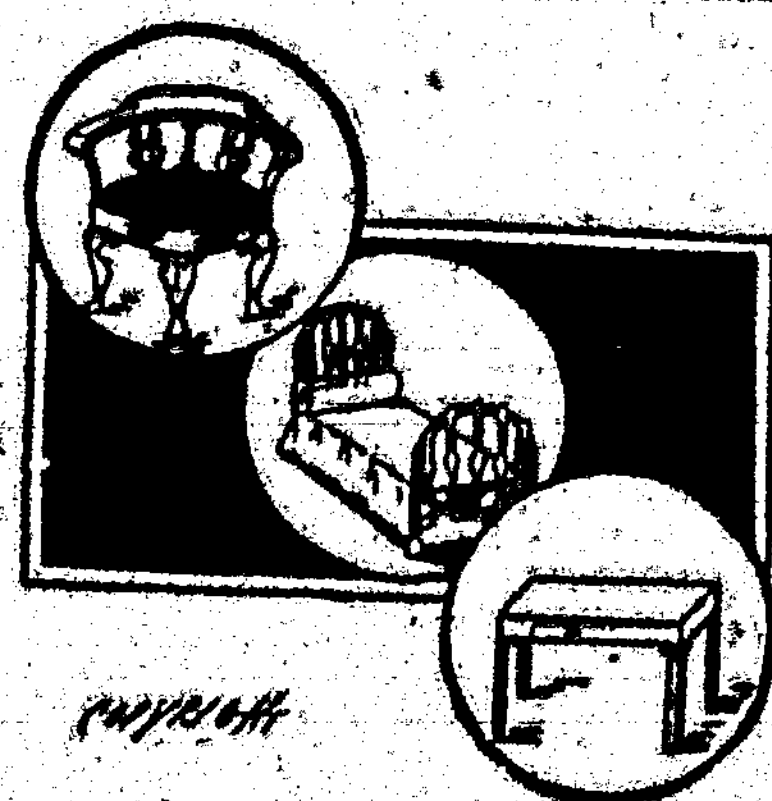
THE EXCHANGE BANK

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Capital \$40,000.00
Transacts a General Banking Business
Sells Drafts on Principal Cities of the World
Accords Borrowers Every Accomodation
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Carpets, Rugs
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Carrizozo, New Mex.



CENTENNIAL OF THE BATTLE OF TIPPECANOE



W. H. Harrison



Tecumseh

THE celebration in Indiana and other western states of the centennial of General Harrison's victory at Tippecanoe calls to mind one of the most decisive defeats ever inflicted on the Indians, and a battle greatly important in its bearing on the subsequent attitude of the fierce war-like tribes of the northwest. It quelled the haughty spirit of these discontented hostiles, and defeated the ambitious plan, which they had almost matured, of attacking and destroying the border settlements in detail. If the Indians had been victorious, the American army would have been annihilated, and the whole extent of the defenseless frontier would have been at the mercy of sanguinary and unparrying savages, drunk with blood and maddened with the conjurations and prophecies of their medicine men. It was unquestionably one of the most spirited and best fought actions recorded in the annals of Indian warfare. The numbers and weapons on either side were nearly equal; and the Indians, contrary to their usual custom, fought hand to hand, and with the most desperate ferocity, displaying a boldness and reckless daring during the engagement that can only be accounted for by their reliance on the specious promises held out to them by Elakwatawa, their principal commander and medicine man. This worthy, known to history as the Prophet and generally regarded by his followers as possessing the gift of prescience in an eminent degree, had promised his warriors that "the Great Spirit would turn the powder of the whites into ashes, and charm their bullets, so that they should drop harmless." He was wise enough to take an active part in the battle, notwithstanding his prophecies of victory, and during the whole of the contest remained secure on a neighboring eminence, chanting a war song.

The Celebrated Tecumseh. Tecumseh, his brother, was cast in a different mold. He was a bold and skillful warrior, sagacious in council and formidable in battle. An active, daring, energetic man, but one who preferred tact and secret management to open violence. Deeply imbued with a hatred of the whites, against whom he had sworn an unrelenting enmity, full of enthusiasm and highly gifted with eloquence, he appealed with great success to the passions of the Indians, in his endeavors to rouse them to a hostile feeling against the settlers and the army.

There had been no war with the Indians since their disheartening defeat by "Mad Anthony" Wayne at the Maumee Rapids in 1795. In 1804, however, Tecumseh, who had been one of the most active braves in the Maumee war, and his brother began a series of arduous and daring intrigues among the Indians along the whole western border. His brother, the Prophet, had succeeded in obtaining so strong a hold upon the credulity of the deluded Indians that his influence over the warriors of several powerful tribes was practically unbounded. Tecumseh claimed that the treaties, by which large tracts of Indian land had been ceded to settlers, were illegal, as the land was the common property of all the tribes, and therefore could only be alienated by common consent. The general discontent was increased by the action of speculators in ejecting Indians from lands, and by British emissaries, and the brothers soon had a large following.

During the five years, from 1806 to 1811 the situation on the northwest frontier was undoubtedly grave. The threatened Indian coalition was warmly backed by the British in Canada, both with arms and men, openly and in secret. It was fortunate for the future of the country that the most capable man for dealing with such a serious state of things was on the spot—William Henry Harrison, then governor of Indiana territory, that is, of the whole northwest. Major General Francis Greaves says of him that "we probably never had in the service a better Indian fighter or one who more thoroughly understood the Indian character."

Harrison's Ability. Throughout the five years' Indian war Harrison revealed a military capacity which showed that his desire to enter the army was born of latent ability. In the final battle of the Maumee Rapids, his personal courage was so great that "Mad Anthony" Wayne, no mean judge, made special mention of it in his report to the war department.

With the exception of a year's service in congress as delegate from the northwest, Harrison had lived on the frontier for the 20 years preceding the battle of Tippecanoe. He was appointed secretary of the territory in 1797, and governor four years later. In congress he had procured the passing of a law relating to the sale of federal land in small parcels, to which the western states ascribe a large share of their prosperity. He was now to find plenty of scope for his talents and experience as soldier and statesman, in the land troubles with the Indians. The sale of lands to the United States under the treaty of Greenville, in 1795, had been disavowed by Tecumseh, and the subsequent treaties of sale effected by Harrison with the different tribes only served to further irritate that proud and haughty chief.

In 1809 Harrison, by the treaty of Fort Wayne, purchased from the Indian tribes two large portions of land, for which they were paid by certain annuities which they considered a satisfactory equivalent. Tecumseh was absent at the time on a visit to the distant tribes but, on his return some months later, he stormed and raged and threatened some of the chiefs with death for participating in the council. Harrison invited him to a council which he attended with 400 fully armed warriors. The Fort Wayne treaty was fully explained to this haughty savage, particular stress

being laid on the voluntary agreement of the chiefs who owned the lands, and their satisfaction with the compensation granted. Tecumseh violently declared that the governor lied, and his warriors jumped up, brandishing their tomahawks and war clubs and threatening Harrison with fierce menaces. His coolness and presence of mind averted an outbreak which would have resulted in the massacre of the small force at his disposal. The next day Tecumseh took his departure, saying to Harrison with ominous significance that "your great father may sit over the mountains and drink his wine, but if he continues this policy, you and I will have to fight it out."

In the following year, 1811, the Indians proceeded to more open violence, and assumed an attitude of more decided hostility. Aggressive of the most atrocious nature were audaciously committed by the Indians within the limits of the territory and every day brought fresh accounts of the perpetration of those ruthless deeds of depredation and murder which always give the first intimation of the approach of a savage war. The people on the frontier became exceedingly alarmed and Harrison was instructed to march with an armed force to the Prophet's town, but to avoid hostilities not absolutely necessary.

Ending all ambuscades Harrison reached the vicinity of Tippecanoe, where he was met by a deputation of the Prophet's councillors demanding a parley. A suspension of hostilities was agreed upon and a meeting was to take place the next day between the governor and the chiefs to agree upon the terms of peace. But Harrison knew too well the treachery of his artful antagonist and encamped in a carefully selected position, taking every precaution against a night surprise.

The night was dark and cloudy and soon after midnight there commenced a light fall of drizzling rain. The governor and his officers were sitting in conversation about the fire when the attack began. One of the sentries discovered an Indian creeping toward him through the grass and fired. This was immediately followed by the piercing Indian war-whoop and a furious charge, so sudden and fierce that the guard in that quarter gave way, at first, to their savage assailants; but notwithstanding the severe fire they soon rallied and maintained their ground with desperate valor. Harrison had formed his men into a hollow square, which was now determinedly attacked at every point. When day broke about two hours later the troops took the offensive, making a simultaneous charge upon the enemy on both flanks. So vigorous and determined was this attack that the enemy broke in all directions and fled from the field.

Tecumseh's Gallant End. Tecumseh was not present at the battle of Tippecanoe, being on a visit to the southern tribes, whom he was endeavoring to unite in his combination against the United States. In his absence, his affairs had sustained a sharp reverse and his ambitious plans were ruined. He joined the English and commanded their Indian allies in the War of 1812, holding the rank of brigadier general. Jointly with General Proctor he commanded at the battle of the Thames, laying aside his sword and uniform and putting on his hunting dress in the conviction that he must fall. His Indians were driven back, and he fought desperately till he was killed.

In the War of 1812 Harrison held the chief command in the northwest, with unusual discretionary powers. It was, however, Tippecanoe that gave Harrison his greatest reputation. Notwithstanding his distinguished services in the War of 1812, and afterwards as senator and as a foreign minister, the chief source of his popularity was this battle with the Indians, and nearly 30 years after it the campaign song which carried him into the presidency was "Tippecanoe and Tyler too."

THE LATEST IN LOCOMOTIVES



HAS NEW EQUIPMENT ONE CAUSE OF BROKEN RAILS

INSPECTION LOCOMOTIVE DIFFERS FROM ORDINARY TYPE

Combines Balance Feature With a Simple Engine—Method Has Been Used in Europe But Not Before in This Country.



Two inspection locomotives, differing in some important features from any yet built in this country, have been turned out within the past few months by the locomotive shops of the Ohio railroad. The first one to be completed is shown in the photograph.

It is already in active service and attracts a great deal of attention among railroad men wherever it goes. The chief point of construction which distinguishes these engines from others of similar type is in the fact that they are each four-cylinder balanced simple locomotives. The combining of the balanced feature with a simple engine has been used in Europe, but these new engines are the only ones of this type in America, and are the only inspection locomotives thus equipped in the world. Below the forward end of the new locomotives are located four equal cylinders, those on the outside being connected with drivers, and the inside cylinders driving through practically duplicate connections to the crank axle. Between the cylinders is a single piston valve with inside adjustment. The valve chamber has only two steam ports. An opening in the port allows the steam to enter the rear of one cylinder and the forward end of the other simultaneously and in equal amounts. This maintains the balance. The valve gear, as will be seen, is of the Walschaert type.

As indicated in the photograph, the observation room and the engineer's and fireman's quarters are under the same roof. There are four chairs on each side of the boiler in the observation room. The interior finish of this room is elaborate. An arrangement for signaling the engineer is located near the right-hand front chair. The front doors, it will be noted, open outward to winding steps. To prevent coal dust from being blown into the observation coach, the tender is equipped with a sheet-iron covering.

The weight of the new locomotive in working order is 125,600 pounds. The weight on the drivers is 35,100 pounds. The diameter of the drive wheels over tires is 32 inches. The wheel base of the engine and tender is about 42½ feet. The boiler is wagon top in shape, and has a working pressure of 180 pounds. The total heating surface is 1,466 square feet. The water capacity of the tender is 4,308 gallons, and the coal capacity ten tons. The diameter and stroke of the cylinder is 12½ by 28 inches.

Iron Trade Review Arises in Defense of the Good Name of the Makers

Recently a passenger train between Chicago and Indianapolis was wrecked, although, fortunately, no one was injured. Examination immediately after the wreck showed that a rail over which the train had passed was broken into five pieces. The railroad employees did not fail to take advantage of this opportunity to call attention to the apparently inferior quality of the rail and to convey the impression that the steel maker was ultimately responsible for the accident.

However, there were some other very significant circumstances connected with this wreck which the railroad people did not dwell upon. An examination immediately after the accident showed that several of the ties under the broken rail were rotted to a depth of at least one and one-half inches, and were so soft that an ordinary pocket knife could be stuck into the wood the full length of its blade with scarcely any effort. Some of the spikes in the ties were so loose they could be pulled out with the fingers. Several of the ties had been broken off short by the accident. One of these showed a core of sound wood of not over ten square inches in cross section, equal to about a quarter of the total section area of the tie.

It is very evident that the real cause of the wreck was not due to any failure of the rail, but to the fact that the rail had practically no support. Broken rails have been rather frequent lately and rail makers have been the target for a great deal of criticism. It is not unlikely that a careful investigation of all the recent wrecks attributed to broken rails would indicate that in several cases it was the ties and roadbed which were at fault.—Iron Trade Review.

Gets a Deserved Holiday

"Old Jimmy" Rowan, trackwalker between Umatum and Rozz, in the Yakima canyon in Washington, passed the Christmas holiday at the home of his birth in Ireland, as a guest of the Northern Pacific Railway company, in whose employ he has been for 32 years without a vacation or layoff. He has been in central Washington since 1887, living alone in a rude shack, built of odd pieces of boards and discarded railroad ties; and has been on the track at all hours and in rain and shine. He has seen the tributary country in transformation from the sagebrush and jack-rabbit period to the day of high agricultural perfection and enjoys the friendship of scores of engine drivers, firemen and other railroad employees, as well as the acquaintance of every man, woman and child for many miles around. Rowan, who is 67 years of age, recently expressed the wish of returning to his native home. His request and record were forwarded to the company's main office at St. Paul, from which transportation was provided. His railroad friends also made up a purse to cover his expenses while he is abroad.

ROTHSCHILD'S OF THE EAST

Mitsui Family of Japan is Famous for Unsullied Honor of Their Name

The Mitsui family of Japan have been called the Rothschilds of the East; but while the fame of the latter has gone abroad over the world, says the Atlantic Monthly, the Mitsuis have remained practically unknown except to a few western merchants who have had extensive dealings with the Orient.

The European family owes its great renown to the fact that for a century there has been no slightest stain upon its commercial honor. But its secret, it should be remembered, has been passed in a world where honesty itself has been held in honor; while the Mitsuis, engaged in a pursuit utterly condemned by public sentiment for three centuries, in spite of the generalizing influence of the social and political changes and have kept the honor of their name unsullied.

matting the nation, they no longer stand so conspicuously alone.

Other great commercial families are being ranged with this one, their members not only enrolled among the peers of the realm, but ranking with the merchant princes of the west as exponents of all that is honorable in the conduct of mercantile affairs. To their number are yearly being added many of the Senator, or knightly chivalry of old, who once wore all contact with trade, but who are now returning to bring to the rescue of their country the fine sense of honor in which they were educated under the ancient regime. That they will eventually succeed in their task, backed as they are by the instinct of common honesty pervading the rank and file, there can be no manner of doubt.

A Rejoice.

"Not frequently or of necessity to say to anyone or to write in a letter that I have no leisure, nor intention to engage the neglect of duties required by our relations to those with whom we live, by alleging that we are engaged."

The Duty of Art.

Every day, every bright word, or picture, like every pleasant air of music, is a piece of pleasure set afloat. One reader catches it, and if he be healthy, goes on his way rejoicing, and it is the business of art so to send him as often as possible.—R. L. Stevenson.

Not a Subject.

"I hear you make jokes on every subject," said King George recently to a witty American girl. "Please make one on me."

"Oh, but your majesty is not a subject," laughed the girl.—The Catholic.

Sincerity Most Valuable Thing.

Next to being honest and able we ought to be sincere men. Sincerity is the quality which not only makes friends, but holds them.

Most People Can't Get Them.

"We would willingly have others better and yet we cannot get our own better."—Bacon.

COULD NOT SEE THE JOKE

German Railroad Official Utterly Unable to Appreciate Humor of American Traveler

"Ever ride in a German express?" said a traveler. "Well, they call it ever there a 'sohnellzug,' meaning 'fast train.'"

"I was going from Cologne to Mainz, I think it was, and the thing was not making any more speed than an American milk train. Out of my disgust and my small knowledge of German I evolved what I thought was an original name. I decided that instead of being a scorching train really was a snail, and looked about for somebody to beset with my witty conceit. There was nobody about that looked as if he spoke English, so I yelled for the conductor. He came, a fat military person, covered with a uniform and an array of medals.

"Conductor," I remarked pleasantly, "I have decided that this train is not a scorching, but a snail."

perplexity. I exhausted all my German and all my English in the effort to make myself plain. Finally we began to understand, but he did not appreciate the joke. On the contrary, he seemed to consider I had been guilty of a personal affront, and I had to apologize or run the risk of being put off the train. After that I never dared to joke with a German conductor."

Wisdom From Bacon.

An ant is a wise creature for itself, but it is a shrewd thing in an orchard or garden; and certainly men, who are great lovers of themselves, waste the public, divide with reason between self-love and society; and be so true to thyself, as thou be not false to others, especially to thy king and country. It is poor center of man's actions, himself.—Bacon.

Sater.

"I take off my hat to Bruce Brown, the speed king."

"If you see him coming, you had better get out of the way first and then take off your hat."

BEGIN THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

Trade With
Welch & Titsworth

Capitan, New Mexico
Wholesale and Retail
**General
Merchandise**

OUR Stock of General Merchandise is the largest and most complete of any in this vicinity. We can come nearer supplying you with all your requirements than any store in Lincoln County. We handle more country produce than any of our competitors.

There are many reasons why you should trade with us. If you are already one of our customers, you know what some of them are. If not a customer, we would like an opportunity to explain these matters and show you why you should trade with us. Our goods are to be depended upon and our prices will average low.

Yours for mutual benefit,
WELCH & TITSWORTH

Capitan, New Mexico
Welch & Titsworth

Billiard and Pool Parlor in connection.

The Capitan Bar

HARRY KEABLES, Manager

CHOICE LIQUORS,
BRANDIES & WINES

Capitan, N.M.

Headlight Saloon

J. P. WALKER, Proprietor.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer of Beer

FINEST GRADES OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

CALL FOR THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION OF THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN

Pursuant to the requirements of the call made by the State Central Committee on January 25th, 1912, calling for a convention of the Republican party of the state of New Mexico to be held in the city of Santa Fe, state of New Mexico, at two o'clock on Friday the 8th day of March, A. D. 1912, for the purpose of selecting eight delegates and eight alternates to represent the Republican party of the state of New Mexico in the Republican National Convention to be held in the city of Chicago in the state of Illinois, at twelve o'clock noon on Tuesday June the 12th, 1912, for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice president to be voted for at the presidential election on Tuesday, November the 4, 1912, the Chairman and Secretary of the Lincoln County Republican Central Committee on this 7th day of February, 1912, hereby call a convention of the Republican party of the county of Lincoln to be held in the city of Capitan, state of New Mexico and county of Lincoln, on Monday, February 26th, A. D. 1912, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to represent the county of Lincoln at the state convention to be held in Santa Fe, March the 8th, 1912.

The precinct chairmen of the various precincts of the county are requested and directed, to issue a call for the holding of a precinct primary on Saturday, the 24th day of February to select delegates to the said county convention to be held at Capitan, February 26th, 1912. The basis of representation from each precinct will be one delegate for each ten votes or fraction of 5 or over cast for the Republican candidate for governor in the election held on November the 7th, 1911. Upon which basis the representation at the said county convention shall be as follows:

No.	Precinct	Vote	Delegated
1.	Lincoln	66	7
2.	San Patricio	128	13
3.	Los Palos	102	10
4.	Picacho	22	2
5.	Rabenton	57	6
6.	Richardson	18	2
7.	Jicarilla	10	2
8.	White Oaks	26	3
9.	Capitan	44	4
10.	Ruidosa	38	4
11.	Nogal	10	2
12.	Bonito	13	1
13.	Corona	46	5
14.	Carrizozo	42	4
15.	Oscuro	10	1
16.	Ancho	32	3
		673	68

Written proxies only will be accepted and must be in the hands of a resident of the precinct from which issued.

Said county convention is called for the election of the allowed eight delegates to the state convention and for such other purposes as may properly come before it.

WM. BRADY, Chairman.
LEE B. CHASE, Secretary.

B-1548 025536
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 27 day of December A. D. 1911, the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, made application at the United States Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21st, 1904, (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit: NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4, S 1/4 of the NW 1/4, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 17 in T. 3. S. of R. 15 E. New Mexico P. M. N. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situated, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests there in, or the mineral character thereof.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

The TWO REPUBLICS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF EL PASO, TEXAS

A HOME COMPANY SOLICITS HOME PATRONAGE. FOR RATES AND OTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS OR CALL ON
LEE B. CHASE,
District Agent.

ROLLAND BROS. DRUGGISTS

Drugs, Periodicals, Stationery, Cigars,
Candies and Men's Furnishings

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

JOHN E. BELL STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES PHONE 50 FRESH VEGETABLES AND FRUITS A SPECIALTY

Our Goods are all New and Fresh
Give us a trial and we will do the rest
Promptest Delivery in the City

CARRIZOZO LIVERY STABLE

WM REILLY, PROP.
Fine riding and driving horses. First class buggies and hacks. Teams with or without drivers.

Best Accommodations for
All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the
Best the Market Affords

PHONE 10 Mail Orders Carefully Filled

HUMPHREY BROTHER

Wholesale and Retail

Hay, Grain, Flour and Feed

WOOD AND WHITE OAKS COAL Carrizozo

CARRIZOZO

Business and Residence Property. Real Estate Sold on Easy Terms. Dealers in Ranch Property. Homesteaders Located and all kinds of Surveying.

THE CARRIZOZO TOWNSITE CO.

A. H. HARVEY, Manager and Surveyor. JIRA O. WILMORE, President.

JOHN H. BOYD DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE

I Buy Hides and Pelts Notary Public
Free Corral. Edward's Old Stand
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

NO MAN'S LAND A ROMANCE

BY LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WATERS
COPYRIGHT, 1914 BY LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

SYNOPSIS.

Garrett Coast, a young man of New York City, meets Douglas Blackstock, who invites him to a card party. He accepts, although he dislikes Blackstock, the reason being that both are in love with Katherine Thaxter. Coast fails to convince her that Blackstock is unworthy of her friendship. At the party Coast meets two named Dundas and Van Tui. There is a quarrel and Blackstock shoots Van Tui dead. Coast struggles to wrest the weapon from him, thus the police discover them. Coast is arrested for murder, he is convicted, but as he begins his sentence, Dundas names Blackstock as the murderer and kills himself. Coast, free, goes to the Blackstock estate, where he meets Katherine Thaxter and finds Coast purchases a yacht and while sailing sees a man thrown from a distant boat. He rescues the fellow who is named Appleyard.

CHAPTER V.—(Continued.)

Appleyard executed an ample gesture. "Romance," he replied, sententiously.

"Who are you, anyway?" pursued Coast incautiously.

"I might put the same question to you, sir."

"To your prospective employer?" The faded eyes twinkled. "As nearly won over as that, Mr. Coast? Decidedly my talents should have been devoted to spellbinding, as you so delicately suggest."

"But seriously, sir," he grow momentarily grave and earnest—"I've been painfully truthful; my moniker is actually Melchisedec Appleyard, incredible as it may sound. I give you my word I'm an honest man; the law has no knowledge of or concern with me."

For all his banter he betrayed not a little eagerness as he bent forward, scanning Coast's face.

His verdict was something deferred; Coast was actually and seriously considering the preposterous suggestion. The little man promised a diverting companion, who had proven such up to that moment; and there were dark hours, when Coast needed diversion poignantly. Beyond question it would be convenient to have somebody at one's back and call, to stand a trick at the wheel or advise concerning dangerous waters. And, furthermore, Coast thought to detect in Mr. Appleyard's manner a something which lent more than a mite of confirmation to his hunch that he needed food and shelter—albeit temporarily.

Finally, one inclined to like the man for himself; his personality persuaded even when one realized the apparent silliness of yielding to his importunity.

In the end Coast nodded slowly. "I'll go you," he said, holding the other's eyes; "I'll take you at your word."

Relief shone radiant on the withered face. "Right you are, Mr. Coast!" cried Appleyard, extending a hand. "I promise you won't regret this. Word of honor, sir!"

"That's understood." Coast pressed the hand and released it. "And now let's get under way. I'm for bold water—Nantucket Sound to begin with. Can we make Vineyard Haven by nightfall, do you think?"

"With this wind, via Quick's Hole?" Coast nodded and Appleyard considered eagerly. "Of course we can," he proclaimed.

CHAPTER VI.

"All ready?" Coast, at the wheel, nodded to Appleyard, who was crouching in the bows. "Ready," he said.

There followed a splash as Appleyard dropped the hook of the mooring at which the Echo had been riding overnight.

In a long and graceful sweep the Echo swung round and slipped briskly down the harbor to the urge of the following wind.

Early in the afternoon the wind began to fall, its volume diminishing by fits and starts; heavy puffs alternated with spells of steady breezing successively more faint.

Over the bows the entrance to Quick's Hole, the passage between Faqua and Nahawena islands, became plainly visible.

Appleyard remarked the signs of change with a wrinkle of disquiet between his brows.

"Going to have a shift of wind, you think?" Coast asked.

The little man nodded anxiously. "It's a clench," he asserted, "and when it does swing the chances are ten to one it'll come in from the southwest. That's the prevailing wind round here at this season, you know."

"Well? Even so, it'll favor us up the Sound, won't it? Besides, we've got the motor."

"That'll help a heap in case that fog comes down on us, won't it?" Appleyard asserted in disgust, nodding toward the bank of tawny haze that encircled the horizon beyond the few peaks of Nahawena and Cuttyhunk, over the starboard quarter.

"Hadden't thought of that—"

"And yet you had the nerve to resent my suggestion that you needed a keeper!"

"Well, then, it's up to us to make that passage as soon as we can—what? Hadden't I better get the motor going? Here, take the wheel, while I—"

"Never mind," Appleyard returned. "That's my job. You stay put. That is, unless you prefer—"

"No; I'm not crazy about it. Go ahead and break your back turning up a cold engine, if you want to."

"Don't let that fret you any, Cap'n." Appleyard grunted, setting the binoculars aside and lifting the engine-pit hatch. "Me, I was born and brought up with marine motors; they used to fill my nursing bottle with a mixture of gasoline and Vacuum A. Pipe your uncle."

He dropped lightly into the pit, threw in both the main and shut-off switches, opened the globe-valve in the feed pipe, made a slight adjustment of the carburetor, and slowly turned up the fly-wheel. An angry buzzing broke out in the spark-coil.

"You see," he said with elaborate nonchalance. "They're all alike—any one of 'em will feed right out of my hand."

He dropped lightly into the pit, threw in both the main and shut-off switches, opened the globe-valve in the feed pipe, made a slight adjustment of the carburetor, and slowly turned up the fly-wheel. An angry buzzing broke out in the spark-coil.

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"Only thing to do. I'm willing to risk my valuable rep. as a weather prophet, that this won't lift before morning."

"Tarpaulin Cove?"

Appleyard pursed his thin lips and rubbed his nose, considering. "Good enough anchorage," he admitted; "but for muh, I ain't strong for it. Menemsha Bight would do us more comfortably—across the Sound, you know, a bit east of Gay Head."

"Why Menemsha Bight?"

"Because there's an able-bodied and energetic fog hell at Tarpaulin. Take my advice. There'll be nothing but dead silence at the Bight, and it ain't much of a run over there."

"You know best. How shall I hold her?"

"Sou'east."

"So." Coast put the wheel over and brought the Echo round to that course, as indicated by the compass.

Monotonously the chronometer in the cabin knelled the half-hours. About two bells (five o'clock) Appleyard began to fidget uneasily. He knocked out his pipe and, jumping up, trotted forward to the bows, where, an arm embracing the mast, he remained for many minutes stubbornly peering ahead into dreary blankness which the keenest vision could by no means have penetrated.

After a while he returned, discouraged, to the cockpit. "I don't like this," he asserted glumly. "There's something gone wrong. We ought to've made the Bight over an hour ago. I've been expecting we'd run aground every minute of the last thirty."

"Sure you've got the course right?"

"Absolutely," returned Coast with conviction.

"Then what the devil's the matter?" grumbled the little man. "Martha's Vineyard hasn't moved, I'll go

worst of it is, I'm a saved-off little runt, too small for you to kick as I ought to be kicked."

"Yes," said Coast.

They dined simply and solemnly on cold things, after which Appleyard, at his own suggestion, took the first watch. "You need rest," he argued, and I don't—rarely sleep over three hours a night. You turn in now and when your time's up I'll call you. There's nothing to worry about, anyway; we're perfectly safe unless we're in ship channel, which I judge we ain't from the absence of any whistling hereabouts."

Coast was really very tired and little loath to be persuaded. He dropped off instantly into dreamless sleep.

At some time during the night he was disturbed by a heavy splashing under the bows. He roused just enough to appreciate where he was, and lay staring drowsily at the cabin lamp; until (he seemed to have dozed off again and again awakened) he was aware of Appleyard's presence in the cabin.

"Hello," he yawned, staring at the little man's head and shoulders as he sat on the other transom, beyond the center-board trunk, busying himself over something invisible in his hands.

"What's up?"

"Sorry I waked you," returned Appleyard. His eyes flickered keenly over Coast's face for an instant. "We drifted aground a few minutes ago," he explained in a perfunctory tone; "I pushed off with the sweep and anchored with a short cable."

"Whereabout d'you think we are?" Coast pursued sleepily.

"How should I know? Menemsha Bight for choice, but it might be anywhere along the Vineyard Coast—possibly Pasque—or No Man's Land."

"What's that?"

"No Man's Land? Oh, a little island south of Gay Head, 'bout as big as a handkerchief. Practically uninhabited."

Appleyard rose.

"What you doing?" Coast yawned extravagantly.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Soaps in Panama.

All soaps imported here for laundry, scrubbing, and ordinary bath purposes come from England and the United States, the former exporting to Colon during 1910 \$20,210 worth, while the amount from the United States was only \$2,487. It has not been possible to obtain from the customs the value of the medicated and perfumed soaps imported into Colon, these being included under the item of drugs, but inquiries made of the druggists and dealers therein establish the fact that the United States sells more medicated soap than England, while France sells more perfumed soap than either the United States or England. From the foregoing, it is seen that England leads in the sale of laundry, scrubbing, and plain toilet-soaps, with the United States second; the United States leads in the sale of medicated soap, with England second; France leads in the sale of perfumed soap, with the United States second.—From Consul James C. Kellogg, Colon.

Not the Odor of Araby.

Theodore P. Shonts at a dinner at the Chicago club, praised the ventilation of New York's tubes. "Our tubes," he said, "small as sweet, almost, as a clover field in June. But I wish you could smell the underground railways of London, especially those railways that haven't been electrified!" Mr. Shonts' beaming smile was evidence of the fact that an appropriate story had come into his mind. "Two spirits clad in winding sheets," he said, "advanced with slow, shrinking steps toward a portal over which were inscribed the words, 'All hope abandon, ye who enter here.' From this portal belched vast volumes of foul black smoke. The first spirit, as he neared the dreadful gateway, snarled, 'My word!' he said, 'it smells like the blavasted tuppenny tube!' 'Oh, not so bad as that,' said the second spirit."

Man's Preposterous Appetite.

Herbert W. Fisher in the World's Work for July gives a very uncomfortable simile as an illustration of the surplus quantities of food we consume. Two generations ago a Dutch physician, out walking with his child, called the lad's attention to a passing hay load as big as a mastodon. "There, my son," said he, "is the equivalent of what one man eats in a year in excess of what he needs."—World's Work.

Speedy.

"Julie is a versatile girl," said the dizzy blonde.

"Put me her," said the little brunette who bales slang.

"She gets to bed sooner than the other girls because she says her prayers and puts on her face cream at the same time."

When Consent Is Strong.

Occasionally a man's consent attains that superlative degree where he talks glibly in his own interest and falls in working for the general good.—Stallion Globe.

ALUMET
BAKING POWDER

SEE how much better it makes the baking
SEE how much more uniform in quality
SEE how pure—how good
SEE how economical—and
SEE that you get Calumet

At your Grocer's

ALUMET
BAKING POWDER

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

CALUMET
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CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

Chest Pains and Sprains

Sloan's Liniment is an excellent remedy for chest and throat affections. It quickly relieves congestion and inflammation. A few drops in water used as a gargle is antiseptic and healing.

Here's Proof

"I have used Sloan's Liniment for years and can testify to its wonderful efficiency. I have used it for sore throat, croup, laryngitis and rheumatism, and in every case it gave instant relief."

REBECCA JANE ISAACS
Lucy, Kentucky.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is excellent for sprains and bruises. It stops the pain at once and reduces swelling very quickly.

Sold by all dealers.
Prices, 25c., 50c., \$1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent free. Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

READERS

of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Prevents itching and keeps the hair clean and healthy. It is the best hair dressing ever made. It is sold by all druggists and hairdressers.

REMEMBER PISO'S

FOR COUGHS & COLDS

NEW SPRING GOODS

Arriving Daily!

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

We are showing a complete line of Muslin Underwear from the cheapest to the best. We invite your personal inspection of this line.

SPRING LINE OF LADIES OXFORDS

Our line of Ladies Oxford is complete. We can fit most any foot. We have the Colonial Ties in Suede, Patent, Gun Metal and Vici Kid.

WHITE GOODS

We have just received our White Goods for Spring. This line embraces Linens, Flaxons, Checked Nainsooks, Figured and Dotted Swisses and all the newest cloths to be had.

GINGHAMS

We opened early on our Spring Gingham and have enjoyed a very nice business. We still have a complete line at 8 1-3c, 10c, 12c and 15c per yard.

WUNDERHOSE

We have the celebrated Wunderhose, four and three for \$1.00, in all colors. These are guaranteed to give satisfaction. We have them for the entire family.

MENS SHIRTS

Our Spring E. & W. Shirts have arrived. This includes the soft and laundered shirts. Also the shirt with two collars to match at 50c. Other prices ranging from 75c to \$2.50.

OTHER GOODS are coming all the time.
When in town visit our store and ask
to be shown the NEW GOODS

The Carrizozo Trading Co

"If it's not good we will make it good."

CARRIZOZO NOTES

"The Outlook is always pleased to receive news of the local people and greatly appreciates news items called to our attention. Call 22, or drop into office."

—A. T. Anderson, superintendent at Parsons came down Friday.

—S. L. Northlane was a visitor to Alamogordo Saturday evening.

—Mrs. Maud Hightower of Ancho came down Tuesday with her father James Cooper.

—J. F. Thompson, the Ancho cattleman was down this week several days transacting business.

—Chas. Kennedy of Jicarilla was down Monday of this week transacting business.

—W. M. Stone of Albuquerque, is shaking hands this week with his many friends.

—Paul Mayer of White Oaks returned Tuesday evening from an extensive trip to Florida.

—A. L. Bartz, traveling engineer for the southwestern was down from Tucumcari Tuesday.

—Apples, Apples, Apples, at the Carrizozo Trading Co. in boxes at right prices.

—F. A. Sherrer and wife of Tucumcari are visiting the latter's parents at Capitan.

—H. C. Sams and wife of Tecolote came down Sunday and went to El Paso for a visit.

—A. L. Hulbert of Three Rivers was up Friday evening to take in the amateur show that evening.

—H. E. Stansberry and F. J. Twynham, civil engineers for the southwestern, were here on business the last part of the week.

—Signal Shirts—Union Made, exclusive with Ziegler Bros. a big line of new styles in all colors for spring and summer, 1912.

—J. Jerome McCourt representing Armour and Company of El Paso interviewed customers in the county this week.

—"Florsheim Shoes for the man who cares" are sold only by Ziegler Bros. First to show new stuff for spring.

—Easter comes April 7th—Better buy your suit now, next week, we will have on display our line of millinery for 1912. Ziegler Bros.

—Supervisor Kinney of the Capitan National Forest came in Sunday evening from a visit to El Paso and went out on Monday train to his station.

—R. B. Thomas arrived from Santa Fe Friday and has gone out to his Iron property at the head of the Mal Pais where a number of men are at work.

—Wm. F. Whittingham who is in the hospital at El Paso suffering from a recent injury sustained while at work on the railroad is reported as progressing nicely.

—An eight pound boy was left by the stork at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reilly, Tuesday. Both mother and boy are reported as doing well.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Rice of Parsons, New Mexico spent Monday here. The Rices are enroute for Carthage, N. M. where they will visit their daughter Mrs. Webber.

—The family of District Attorney H. B. Hamilton arrived Sunday evening from El Paso and are now occupying their former home. The Hamiltons expect to remain here indefinitely.

—Eugene F. Jones of Oacuro stopped Tuesday in Carrizozo enroute to his home from a months visit in Indiana and Illinois and reports being very glad to get back to a milder climate.

—Mrs. Wallace Gumm County Superintendent, accompanied by Prof. Clark former Territorial Superintendent of Schools and Prof. Buchanan are visiting the schools of this county this week. Mr. Clark's auto is being used.

—Those participating in the "Because I Love You" amateur theatrical have been requested to repeat their show in Carrizozo at an early date: the request comes from many sources and it is probable the "show" will be reproduced in a week or two.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Downs formerly of Alamogordo spent Sunday in the city. They are enroute by auto to Santa Fe where Mr. Downs is to represent Otero County in the first state Legislature. They were accompanied by Frank. Rousseau of Alamo.

—J. A. Anderson, representing the Fairbanks Morse Engine Company spent several days in the county this week and sold a number of engines to ranchmen and homesteaders for the pumping of water. The Capitan Mercantile Company are the County agents for this well known firm.



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Combined with Economy, describes the KAISER GLOVE. It is a glove that is "just as good" as the best, when you consider the "cost, no more," and are worth double in quality. It is the kind that "don't wear out" at the finger ends. We carry "the genuine" with the name KAISER in the palm, and a guaranteed ticket in every pair. Each Glove—No. \$1.00 Long Gloves—No. \$1.25, \$1.50

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