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CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

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VETOED BY GOVERNOR

Governor finds it Necessary to Disapprove of Several Important Bills

COUNTY SALARY BILL IS ONE

Vetoes placed last night by the governor upon half a dozen highly important measures passed in the closing hours of the recent legislature session left the state in an anomalous position.

By the governor's disapproval of the county salaries bill, the county officers are left for an idnefinite period without pay and many of them have to pay out large sums for the hire of deputies in the meanwhile. The governor practically abolishes the bureau of immigration by vetoing the appropriation of $6,500. for that body, ruling that if it is to be under the land commissioner, the revenues from land sales will suffice for publicity.

The governor vetoes the new industries bill, the district clerk bill, the medical bill, the bill extending the Camino Real westward from Albuquerque, and numerous other acts passed up to him by the legislature in the haste of the closing hours

Eminent lawyers in New Mexico hold that it is not the intent of the constitution that the legislature which has just closed its deliberations shall hold another session in January.

This being true, the only means of attending to the fixing of salaries for county officers and securing other important legislation is for the governor to call a special session.

Governor McDonald is non-committal as to whether he will take such action. It is certain that tremendous pressure will be brought to bear upon him to that end

The intelligence that the county officers are to be left without provision for their compensation until such time as a special session of the legislature may be called, created nothing less than genuine consternation.

Not only are the officials left unpaid for an indefinite time, but in the meantime they must pay out their own money for the hire of clerks and deputies and the situation is one that has caused widespread indignation among the county officials.

The situation is an extraordinary one and a serious one not only as affecting the county officers, but the public whose work is supposed to be transacted by these gentlemen.

In the general appropriation bill the governor struck out the item allowing $6,500 for the Bureau of Immigration.

Amended House Substitute for House Bill No. 17, the medical bill, was vetoed on the ground that it discriminates against the scientists.

Senate Bill No. 91, creating the office of district clerk and fixing salary, was vetoed because there had been slipped into the bill a clause placing the district clerk's appointment under the county commissioners. Other bills vetoed were as follows:

Senate bill No. 181, defining the crime of libel and prescribing the punishment therefor;

Senate Bill No 174, exempting new industries from taxation for a peiod of six years.

Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2, providing for the laying of pavement around the state buildings in the capital.

Senate Bill No. 184, the direct primaries election bill.

House Bill No. 287, providing for the advertising of estrays.

Senate Bill No. 42, providing that the death penalty shall be carried out at the state penitentiary.

Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, relative to the western extension of El Camino Real.

House Bill No. 278, relative to the grazing of livestock on land grants.

Asked this week for a statement as to his reasons for vetoing the county salaries bill, Governor McDonald declared that he disapproved the measure because it was extravagant, unfair and discriminated against certain counties and certain officers in all the counties.

Governor McDonald rankly admitted that the disapproval of the county salaries bill would work a great hardship on the officers in the various counties, but he was firm in the belief that a greater hardship would be inflicted on the people of the state were the measure allowed to become a law.

Governor McDonald believes that a fair and just salary bill can be drawn which will save the people of the various counties of the state from forty to fifty thousand dollars a year.

"Were the present law to be in effect only for one year I should have signed it," declared the governor "But under the circumstances I believe that the best interests of the state require that the present measure should be disapproved, since were it to become law, it is quite likely that long years of effort would be required before the people could secure relief from its burdensome provisions."

The governor declined to discuss the possibility of an extra session of the legislature to enact a satisfactory salary bill, but it is believed to be more than probable that an extra session will be called within the next six months.

CIVIC RECEPTION

The Civic Improvement League of Carrizozo will hold a reception on Saturday evening of this week in honor of the teachers who are in the city attending the Lincoln County Institute. This was decided at a meeting of the League held Tuesday and the plans for the evening promise the affair to be complete and pleasant in every detail. The reception will be given in the People's Brothers building, and all are cordially invited to attene without exceptions.

The League has postponed its Junior department work until after the Fourth of July. When the work is resumed in this department the children of the city will be called into meeting and talks made by President, Mrs. Geo. Ulrick and Secretary, Mrs. Wallace Gumm. The children will be given two prizes of $2.50 each for the best two essays on 'How to Improve the appearance of Carrizozo.'

LOOKS LIKE MR. TAFT

Hardest Political Battle in History of Republican Party in Chicago

ROOSEVELT MAKING HARD FIGHT

As we go to press the reports of the Chicago Republican National Convention which is to name the Republican nominee for president and vice-president is still in session and in chaotic condition. Elihu Root, the Taft candidate for chairman of the convention was elected by a vote of 558 to 502 for McGovern, the Roosevelt candidate. On subsequent motions as to seating contesting delegates the Taft strength was increased to 564 votes and from the Roosevelt candidates vote for chairman must be deducted, the votes pledged to LaFollete and Cummins who will go for these respective candidates when it comes to the nomination of a president.

It is only a guess as to what the outcome will be, the convention has been in recess throughout the day. Awaiting the reports of the committee, but it appears that Taft has the convention in hand and will be nominated while there still stands a chance for a 'dark horse' and Justice Hughes of New York appears to be the strongest of the compromise candidates

Betting odds in Carrizozo on the nomination have went from 2 to 1 that Taft would be nominated up to 3 to 1 that the president would get the nomination. Several Hundred dollars have been placed at these figures.

ROOSEVELT MAY BOLT:

In the session yesterday Colonel Roosevelt ordered his delegates out of the credential committee meeting believing that the Taft forces had a control of the committee that could not be broken and that there was not a chance of having the Roosevelt contesting delegates seated. Roosevelt's managers, however instructed the representatives to go back into the meeting where they remained. The possibilities of a 'Rump' convention by the Roosevelt advocates is eminent as 'Teddy's followers have signified that they would see him nominated or disrupt the Republican party as far as possible.

Many of Roosevelt's strongest backers however, are against a bolt and will not follow the Colonel in such action. Roosevelt's leaders have signified that they intend to hold their convention if they bolt, at the Coliseum in the same hall at the same time as the regular convention of the Republican party.

NEW MEXICO FOR TAFT

Of the eight delegates sent from this state to the National convention; the delegation going uninstructed, there are seven for President Taft. Holm O. Bursum, an old friend of Roosevelts is said to be the only delegate of the eight delegates from this state for Roosevelt

Roosevelt at first stated that he would not go to Chicago but he duly arrived on the scenes of course and is directing his force from his headquarters.

The possibilities are apparent for a united party, with either Taft as the nominee or a compromise candidate in the field.

BOND NOT ACCEPTED.

The Lincoln County Seat case came again to hearing in the District Court of the First District of New Mexico before Judge C. A. Abbott at Santa Fe on last Saturday. That day having been set as the day on which Lincoln must furnish an additional bond in the sum of $10.000 to protect the county and the Contractor from the damages to be sustained from further delay in the construction of the county buildings at Carrizozo; this bond being in addition to the former bond of of $15,000 put up some time ago. Judge Abbott examined the bond in the presence of Attorney Renehan for Lincoln and Attorney A. H. Hudspeth Representing Carrizozo and the county commissioners. J. A. Haley was also present. Judge Abbott refused to accept the bond and ruled that Lincoln be allowed two more weeks from that date or until June 29th in which to secure a Suretry Company bond or a bond on which each person qualifiying be liable for at least $1000.

WHITE OAKS BASE BALL

Last Sunday a number of the Carrizozo boys who can play ball journey up to White Oaks and played the White Oaks boys a game which was a one sided affair from the start and in which White Oaks had all the advantage. The pitching of Willie Gallacher for the White Oaks team was too much for the Carrizozo boys. The local team didn't even wait to find out just how many scores the White Oaks team had made.

There will be another contest in Carrizozo at Sportsman's Park Sunday afternoon however, and it is expected that the two teams will line up with more even chances for a good contest. The game will be called a 3 o'clock.

FORT STANTON FLASHES

Mrs. Brockway is on the sick list this week.

Miss Clara Jacobe visited in Capitan Friday.

Prof H. F. Jones and Mrs. Lurlyne Lane passed thru the Fort Saturday, on their way to attend the institute at Carrizozo.

Mrs. Ben Coe has been quite sick this week, but is improving on last report.

Miss Ether Phillips left for Carrizozo last Sunday to be in attendance at the Institute.

The dance given at the Hall, Friday evening, June 14th, by the young men of the Fort, proved to be one of the most enjoyable social occasions of the season The visitors present from a distance were: Walter Grumbles, Kate Channell, Ida Grumbles, Sibyl Perry and Mildred Peters of Carrizozo, Jennie Lucke, Lona Highfill, Bernice Hubbert, Mrs. Harry Johnson, Noveline, Stanley Peppers and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Peppers of Capitan; Pete Philips, Bob Hagee, Elfert Brown and Knox Philips of Alto; Celest Minters and James Bracken of Ruidoso.

COUNTY INSTITUTE HELD

Teachers of County are Having Institute in the City. Large Attendance

WILL BE HELD TWO WEEKS

Amidst much enthusiasm the largest teachers institute ever held in Lincoln County convened at the Public School building in Carrizozo Monday morning, Mr. J. B. Taylor of Deming assisted by Mrs. Grace Johnson being the instructors.

Teachers from most every point in the county are here in attendance and much benefit will be derived from the work going on. A practice class was instituted this week in order that the teachers present might have the advantage of seeing Mrs. Johnson conduct classes in primary work which is a feature of this institute.

Mr. Taylor has a faculty of inspiring earnest, thorough work. County Superintendent Mrs. Wallace L. Gumm is assisting in many ways and the institute will undoubtedly be very successful.

TEACHERS ATTENDING.

Miss Callie Thompson, Corona;
Miss Donnie Franks, Corona;
Miss Theo. Richardson, Corona.
Prof. Geo. E. Caldwell, Ancho
Mrs. M. H. Perkins, Ancho;
Miss Edith C. Tickner, Ancho;
S. C. Burnett, Jicarilla;
Miss Lenola Reasoner, Jicarilla;
Samuel Kelsey, Nogal;
Miss Gertrude Keller, Nogal Mesa,
Mrs. Edith Wells, White Oaks;
Prof. H. F. Jones, Alto;
Mrs. Lurlyne Lane, Alto.
Miss Ethel Phillips, Ft. Stanton;
Miss Mae Gilmore, Ruidoso;
J. E. Koonce, Capitan;.
Mrs. Robt. Blaney, Oscuro;
Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Mose, Carrizozo.
Mrs. Ed. Maese, Carrizozo.
Mrs. G. de Nisson, Carrizozo.
Miss Mamie Humphrey, Carrizozo
Miss Ruby Perry, Carrizozo.
Miss Buelah Brazel, Corrizozo.
Miss Etta Wroidon, Carrizozo.
Prof. J. W. Compton, Carrizozo
C. H. Parks, Fort Stanton.
A. G. Burlingame, Capitan

WHITE OAKS DANCE

The Young ladies of White Oaks are to give a Leap Year Ball on the 22nd of June. The dance will be held in Watson Hall, Admission being charged to Ladies of $1.00 each.

—M. O. Stone of the Continental Oil Company was in the county this week interviewing customers.

—Rev. Evans of the Highland Park Methodist Church, accompanied by his wife and daughter, are visiting his parents here and Rev. Evans is conducting Revival meetings during the evenings of the week at the Methodist church. The meetings have been well attended and are proving quite successful.

—The people of Carrizozo are now planning where they will spend the Fourth of July The Big celebration at Nogal will attract many while a number will go farther and attend the affair on the Ruidoso which promises to be attractive. Jicarilla will also have a celebration.

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Lee D. Chase, Editor and Publisher.

CARRIZOZO * NEW MEXICO

Wireless has done much to minimize the terrors of the seas.

Incubators have nearly driven the setting hen out of business.

Even the wireless has to send back now and then the signal "line busy."

"Get 'em while they're hot" applies to delegates as well as to frankfurters.

The man who does the most kicking is generally in need of a kicking himself.

The Turks have lost their base in the Aegean sea, where Icarus lost his balance.

A Frenchman now claims he was in the house long before the clock struck 14.

The boat-rocking idiot has started on his annual murderous joke with the result of a life lost.

It is too early to pick a pennant winner yet; also it is too early in the season to give up hope.

"American women are timid," remarks Dr. Colt. The doctor never has attended a bargain sale.

Any fond mother will agree that however much it costs to keep the baby, it is worth the money.

One of the chief faults to be found with gentle spring is that it generally carries a fareback up its sleeve.

A woman who was sent to jail for having ten husbands probably was found guilty of restraint of trade.

A western woman, in a $20,000 breach-of-promise suit, compromised for $750, but she had the last word.

New York is trying to secure a street car that is easy to enter if one be not a ballet dancer or high stepper.

The report that the peanut crop has been ruined is another blow at the ancient and honorable game of baseball.

Reports that Wu may not come back after all, will be welcomed by those who have had to answer his questions.

The Mississippi river is not a trustworthy irrigation agent. It is inclined to overdo the work every spring.

A California man has secured a divorce because his wife went through his pockets. Cut this out and put it in your pocket.

A burglar appeared as a character witness in a New York case probably to prove the statement that there is honor among thieves.

A Philadelphia man has discovered a way to live on $1 a week. Thus is solved the problem how to attend all the games this season.

The prince of Wales is going to take lessons in aviation. Some people find that even the next to the top step of a throne isn't high enough.

People who have nothing more important to do are beginning to argue about the respective merits of "Ty" Cobb and "Honus" Wagner.

At San Diego, Cal., the police have seized 1,300 pounds of dynamite. We assume that the seizing was done without undue impulsiveness.

The sultan of Morocco is said to be taking care of 3,000 refugees in his Tangier palace. Our flat used to look like that in World's Fair year.

A Trenton (N. J.) man claims that he has not been able to sleep for 36 years. Why doesn't he indulge in a little run down to Philadelphia?

A physical culture artist tells us that swimming is the safest exercise, but even if it is, the man who rocks the boat never will become popular.

A convention of shoe manufacturers has decided that women's feet are growing larger, and a new and improved list of sizes is to be adopted.

An inventor claims that he has evolved a safe and sane aeroplane, but there are those who labor under the impression that there hain't no such thing.

An eccentric Frenchman has left behind a collection of buttons valued at $40,000. His life was one continual game of "Button, button; who's got the button?"

NEWEST AFRICAN RAILROAD LINE

The Only Railroad as Yet Constructed in the Uganda Protectorate — The Newly Opened Busoga Line.

The Busoga railroad, recently opened by Governor Jackson, is the first built actually in Uganda, for the Uganda railroad in British East Africa, from Mombasa to Port Florence on Lake Victoria Nyanza, does not come within the protectorate after which it is named. The Busoga line, which cost $900,000, follows the course of the Nile from the Ripon Falls, and connects Lake Victoria Nyanza with Lake Chioga, a distance of 81 miles. It will greatly assist the cotton industry.

DID THEIR WORK WELL

OLDTIME LOCOMOTIVES WERE SMALL BUT EFFECTIVE.

Make Somewhat Ludicrous Comparison With the Monsters of Today—Train Crews Had Little Time for Gossip on Their Runs.

What a contrast between the old freighters of the '50s and the monster locomotives of today. The early locomotives could haul about 15 of the small freight cars of that time, while the modern locomotive can run away with 50 or more of double the capacity of the old cars.

In the 50's locomotives had been considerably developed from the crude machines on wheels of the 30's, when they were first introduced into New England.

Take, for instance, the Gardiner and compare it with the first locomotive to turn a wheel in Maine, in 1836, on the old Bangor, Oldtown & Veazie railroad, the fourth road in New England.

These little engines were built in England, had one pair of driving wheels, one pair of leading wheels, no cab, pilot or headlight. They weighed about six tons and could run only in one direction, as they had no reversing mechanism. The rails were of wood, which were later improved by bolting iron straps on them.

The Gardiner was a great improvement over those engines, and represented the latest in locomotive construction at that date. It was built at Taunton, Mass., by Fairbanks, later known as the Taunton Locomotive Works, in 1854, with cylinders 15x22 in. and 5-foot drivers, for the Kennebec & Portland Railroad Company, better known by its later name of Portland & Kennebec.

It was designed for freight service, and for many years hauled freight between Augusta and Portland. Finally the old machine was put in the passenger service and pulled the night Pullman. Eventually it became attached to the work train service, and was finally sold in the late 70's to the Canada Southern Railway.

When first put in service this locomotive was equipped with the old hook motion, which was later changed to the Stevenson link motion. The Gardiner was a showy engine, resplendent with brass work and fancy painting. On the tank was a landscape representing a train of cars crossing a long arched bridge. The drivers were painted red, and there was an ornamental molding under the eaves of the cab.

The Gardiner's drivers were only one inch less in diameter than the large B. & M. Mallet locomotive. The Gardiner weighed about 25 tons, and the modern engine 225 tons.

The Gardiner's cylinders were 15x22 inches, while the 1251's cylinders are 22x30 inches high pressure, and 36x30 inches low pressure. The Gardiner had two pairs of drivers, the 1251 has six.

In the method of firing and in the amount of work the fireman had to do there was a vast difference. The Gardiner's fireman had to help wood up the tank before starting and several times on the run, when the whole crew helped. The cylinders were oiled from the outside, and cylinder cocks had each to be opened and closed from the outside.

The cocks were opened while standing at a station. After the engine was under way and the condensed water freed from the cylinders, the fireman had to make his way along the running board to the cylinders, reach down and shut each cock on both sides of the engine, and return to the cab, where he was kept busily employed in throwing wood into the furnace and between spells getting the wood forward on the tank to be easily reached.

When the cylinders needed oiling he would go out front again when they were descending some grade, while steam was shut off, drain the oil cups and pour the melted tallow into the cylinder cups. In a high wind, or on cold days in winter, when the running board was icy, this was a dangerous task.

Those little, old, eight-wheelers performed well their part. Many an old engineer, who has handled a throttle on the old wood burners, is still in harness, handling the modern locomotives, but if you should ask him what was his favorite engine, the chances are he would assure you one of those old engines he handled in former years would "lick the spots off anything ever made of her inches," and they were smarter, very much smarter, according to their size, than the heavy machines of today. Less machinery and consequently less friction.

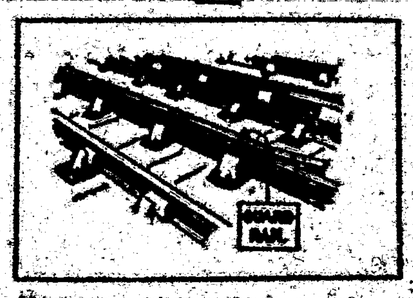
SAVING AN ALPINE RAILROAD

Massive Stone Walls So Constructed as to Make Avalanches Jump Over Tracks.

The new railroad that will pass through the Loetschberg tunnel, in the Bernese Alps, is protected from avalanches by great fortifications. At the southern entrance to the nine-mile long tunnel a massive stone wall has been built, 30 feet high, and 7 or 8 feet thick at the base.

Behind and above this wall is a kind of trough. When a descending avalanche strikes this depression it will be diverted upward, and clearing the railway below in a parabolic curve, will descend into the Lonza torrent beyond. The snow swept down by avalanches in this region sometimes attains a depth of 30 feet. In February, 1906, a building of the railroad works was struck by the rush of air set up by a snowslide, and was swept bodily into the river below. There were eleven men in the building, and all of them lost their lives.—Youth's Companion.

GUARD RAIL



Have you ever noticed a strip of rail attached to a part of the railway line just where there is a sharp curve? For the information of those not in the business, it may be stated that this rail is called the guard rail, and enables the wheels of the train to maintain a grip on the metals where the curve is.

Cigarette Barred.

"Did you insist on having 'love, honor and obey' included in the marriage service?"

"No," replied Mr. Flimgitt; "the only thing I made my wife promise was that she wouldn't smoke in the house."

"War" Bank Notes.

The Swiss National bank with headquarters at Zurich, has just completed printing at Geneva "war" bank notes of 20 francs each for a sum of 6,000,000, but they will not be put into circulation unless war breaks out in Europe. While the notes were being printed special police guarded the printing offices and the bank night and day. The notes are now stocked in the cellars of the bank of Zurich.

The Exception.

"In one respect, a man is unlike a conflagration."

"What is that?"

"When they put him out he is full of fire."

To be sweet and clean, every woman should use Paxtine in sponge bathing. It eradicates perspiration and all other body odors. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Professional Bias.

"We're having very dry weather."

"That's because our weather man is too much interested in local option."

Use Allen's Foot-Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, aching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a Delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Fitting for the Occasion.

"You need to put more ginger in your dinner stories."

"How would Jamaica ginger do?"

Red Cross Ball Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good grocers.

It may take a lot of cheek to kiss a girl, but most girls are willing to furnish the cheek.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A man may not know who his friends are, but he usually has his enemies spotted.

To stay young or to grow young, Garfield Tea can help. It rejuvenates both in looks and energy.

The man who hesitates may win by watching others lose.

WOMAN SICK TWELVE YEARS

Wants Other Women to Know How She Was Finally Restored to Health.

Louisiana, Mo.:—"I think a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but complete restoration to health means so much to me that I cannot keep from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"I had been sick about twelve years, and had eleven doctors. I had dragging down pains, pains at monthly periods, bilious spells, and was getting worse all the time. I would hardly get over one spell when I would be sick again. No tongue can tell what I suffered from cramps, and at times I could hardly walk. The doctors said I might die at one of those times, but I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got better right away. Your valuable medicine is worth more than mountains of gold to suffering women."—Mrs. Bertha Muff, 503 N. 4th Street, Louisiana, Mo.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

"SINKING OF THE TITANIC" Fastest selling book we have ever published. Gives full details of awful disaster, including report of Investigating Com. at Washington; complete books now ready. 200 pages, magnificent photographs. Agents coining money; one agent reports 98 sales first day. Price only $1. Cost to agents 50c. Outfit free. Write today. Globe Comm'l Co., Dept. E, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pettit's EYE SALVE

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 21-1912.

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

35 DOSES 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

W. L. Douglas $2.00 & $2.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 shoes equal Custom Branch Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE, he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE, they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE, they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Fast Color Eyelets Used.

MAKING THE AIR FEED US

TO make the wind that from Eden time bloweth where it listeth carry man on frail new found wings savors of the sublime.

But it also savors of the supremely natural, for have not the years looked forward to it as a foregone conclusion? Not because it was imperative, like those problems that the race must solve for its very existence, but merely for the reason that man in his god-like vanity must perforce reach the very limit, if limit there be, of his possibilities. So men have learned to make wings that adapt themselves in a measure to the air, and when the untamable winds are complaisant they make their little flights and say, "We have conquered the sky. Behold the sublime!—the work of men." And the name of each aerial adventurer is known and lauded and passed from tongue to tongue.

To take that same free eternal air and rend it as we rend the earth to make metals, to make of it helpless material in men's hands, answering with indifference its raging and blustering, and to do not only that, but to make it answer the most unanswerable riddle ever propounded by mother earth—this is the work of one woman. And it is a thousand to one you have never even heard her name.

No, not strange, but only the world's way. For one achievement is as romantic and gratuitous as a tourney of knights in glittering armor. But the other is as humble as the baking of a loaf in the ashes. So that I hesitate to turn from the grandeur of flying through the air to the making of fertilizer from that air, lest I be accused of willfully plunging from the sublime to the ridiculous.

It is not only impossible, being an accomplished fact, but it is of an aspect yet more sublime than aviation.

Never heard of making fertilizer out of the air? There is a factory now doing it in this country and another is being built, there are seven or eight in Norway, and Sweden, Austria, Germany and France have them also.

Fertilizer is absolutely essential to your life, because there is not so very much virgin soil left on the earth, and much of what there is is uncultivable. And in spite of the rotating of crops earth is becoming weary with the immense strain of feeding her teeming millions. In the childhood of the race she fed us freely, as a mother should her babes. But as the race grew up things have changed, and earth long since became like a bank into which we must first put something if we would get anything out. The next age will behold a still more stringent state of affairs, for earth will be seen to be holding over man's head a mortgage, with the threat of immediate foreclosure if the giant interest accruing be not met. Even now things have reached a state where practically every acre of land under cultivation is first fertilized. The end of the natural fertilizer is in sight, which means that Mother Earth has at last seen through our trick of paying our board bill with something taken from herself, and is putting a lock on the pantry door.

What next? We must pay her or starve, and pay her in advance in the shape of so much fertilizer for so much food. So the mad question becomes, "How shall we pay without coin? Earth is our only supply of that, even as she is our only supply of food. And now she is withdrawing the coin."

Could a more impossible deadlock be imagined?

And doesn't the deadlock become a thing to amaze the stars when we consider that one of the most needed elements of a "complete fertilizer" exists right in the air that all plants grow up in and breathe and stretch out their arms in, but that through all the aeons that have passed since "God said, let the earth bring forth," they have been separated by a gulf from that food that they live in and for lack of which earth says she will one day extinguish them and through them us.

That is not to say that plants do not absorb nitrogen from the atmosphere. But plants obtain but a part of the needed nitrates that way. The rest must, by an edict of nature, come by way of their roots from the soil where earth is withdrawing the supply, instead of by way of leaf and branch from the air, where the supply is exhaustless.

Doesn't that look as if it were true that earth were conspiring against her children? That is just what it has been looking like to those seer eyed scientists who are able to peer into the future and see the end of those supplies that seem so boundless to the lay mind. But even to them the question has only recently become acute, and they have been asking each other how this great sphinx riddle could be answered.

But where was ever the woman who could forever remain a closed book to other women? The riddle has been answered, and answered by a woman. If earth demands fertilization and is withdrawing her own natural supplies of the coin she demands, what then? "Simple," said Mme. Lefebre of Paris. "There's only one thing besides the earth available, and that is the air. Use it." And then she devised the method of extracting the nitrogen from the air and using it to make nitric acid, and in turn the multitudinous chemicals that man now needs, including the humble and all important fertilizer.

"When did she do it?" asks the public. "It must be very recent, or the news would have traveled outside of scientific circles. When it does, the woman will be landed as she deserves."

The woman will not be landed. She made her discovery more than half a century ago, taking out an English patent on the process in the year 1859, and the decades that intervened between the time of her work and mankind's discovery of its necessity have been sufficient to bury her name as completely as they hid her deed till urgent necessity made us aware of it. Look through the articles on famous women scientists in the old French reviews; look through French dictionaries of science and histories of important inventions. You'll find the names of those who met a then recognized need, but you will probably find no mention of her, though the value of her discovery may exceed theirs many times. And listen to this, published not long ago in one of the chemical trade journals: "Nitrogen . . . is so rare an article, the commercial sources of it being so few, that he who will discover a cheap commercial process for obtaining it from the atmosphere and combining it in a form that will be serviceable in crop production not only will be a great benefactor and inventor, but will change the economy of living on this earth."

"He who will discover!" "She" had already discovered, and had done it before the need became pressing, just as a mother feeds her family so long before hunger becomes acute that they are not aware that her simple act sustains and saves their very lives. Had Mme. Lefebre made her discovery 50 years after she did this is what the chemist would have said: "Nitrogen . . . is so rare an article . . . that she who discovered a process for obtaining it from the atmosphere . . . not only is a great benefactor and inventor, but has changed the economy of living on this earth." Then he might have added: "And the modern need being everlastingly for the greater cheapening of processes, and the cost of water power, high or low, the one who will make the latter still cheaper or invent a substitute independent of the natural supply of water power, will make her blessing to mankind practically free."

What is this process that produces such marvelous results? It is as elemental in its simplicity as the great primal drama I spoke of in beginning to tell this story. It is in this that fire and water are called in to aid the woman. Fire? The leading feature of the process is an electric arc between the poles of which the temperature is 4,200 degrees centigrade, or 7,592 degrees Fahrenheit. It reminds us of that "fervent heat" in which "the earth also shall melt," and when air is passed over that arc one naturally expects a result apocalyptic in its nature. What does happen is that the oxygen in the air is burnt up, utterly consumed. That which remains is, a colorless gas, as invisible as the air itself, which is known as nitric oxide. This, driven out into the air, recombines with it, the result being, of course, twice as much nitrogen as there was before to the same amount of oxygen; in other words, nitrogen dioxide (NO_2). The next step is just as childishly simple. There is added one more ingredient, no rare and mystic compound to transform the air by magic into chemicals before our eyes—just water. The result of this is nitric acid, poisonous and powerful, made of air plus a part of the air plus water! And this chemical stands second in commercial importance, only one, sulphuric acid, having a vaster area of usefulness.

But nitric acid, you say, is not fertilizer. It practically is in the chemist's mind, for with it he is as near to having fertilizer as he is to having money when he pushes an indorsed check through the paying teller's window. Limestone is cheap, exhaustless, easy to get and easy to work. He treats it with his air made nitric acid, and the result is nitrate of lime (or nitrate of calcium), for fertilizing purposes the practical equivalent of the famous Chilian nitrate of soda.

That is about all of the process, but, simple as it is, it is spectacular enough to fulfill all expectations. For the electric spark between the poles of that arc is nine feet long. Nine feet of that inconceivable fervor of heat! a nine foot core of light so intense as to be colorless, a thing almost beyond the concept of both eye and imagination. Surrounding this is a zone of wonderful greenish blue, fascinating and repelling at the same time, like an evil beauty. Here the temperature is 1,400 degrees centigrade, or 2,552 degrees Fahrenheit. Wrapped about this (the beauty's veil, to make more alluring by partial concealment) is a zone of pale greenish brown, and here the temperature is but a paltry 900 or 1,000 centigrade. It is mystical, terrible, and to behold as its result that humble, whitish, crumbly stuff that is only fertilizer dust, and to return to dust, is as if we were to behold witches casting, with spells and mutterings, all sorts of magic into their cauldron to take therefrom—a loaf of bread.

That is just what it is, though—bread for us and the generations to come. For, in spite of the fact that water power costs four times as much in this country as it does in Norway and twice as much as in Austria or Switzerland, its development has already so cheapened the use of electricity that the production of atmospheric nitrogen is at last coming into its own as a thing of such limitless commercial value that its discoverer indeed deserves the name of "a great benefactor," for she has, in truth, accomplished that which will "change the economy of living on this earth."

Child Explained.

Sinker told the following story: He was one day giving a lesson to his school children at Goole. He had been talking to them about colors and had explained that white denoted goodness and black sin.

Wishing to drive his lesson further home, Sinker said: "Now, children, have you ever noticed the colors of my hood?"

"Yes, sir; black and white."

"Quite right, and what do those colors signify?"

After a short pause one small child answered:

"Please, sir, you wear black because you are a sinner, and white because you are trying to be good!"

PLEA FOR MORE BOILED MEAT

Average Housekeeper Is Inclined to Belittle the Value of This Method of Cooking.

If you scorn boiled beef, either through ignorance of its nutritive value or because the cheaper cuts may be used, here is enlightenment:

One of the most eminent phisicians of Carlsbad says boiling is by far the best way to cook meats.

That it is most economical, since no part of its juices are lost, and that flank, a cheap cut, is one of the best pieces for boiling, every good housekeeper knows.

The family with small income or even average income should use boiled meats instead of expensive steaks as one of the first steps toward reducing the cost of living, and it can be done without robbing the table of needed nourishment.

Recipe for Boiled Beef.—Two pounds and a half for small family, or five pounds for medium, should be selected, the beef removed from butcher's paper at once, then wiped. The membrane is then removed, the meat shaped, stuffed, tied and then skewered. Cover with a cloth, place in kettle, cover with boiling water, bring to boiling point and cook just below the boiling point five or six hours until tender. Simmered beef would be a more correct term than boiled beef, but it is ordinarily known as boiled beef.

Season with salt one-half hour before serving. Reserve liquor for making gravies and soups. Boiled beef should have a rich well seasoned gravy served with it.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

Stains may be removed from the zinc tops of kitchen tables with vinegar.

Potato balls which are sautéd in butter after being boiled are delicious. They should be served with a generous sprinkling of minced parsley.

When making baked or boiled custard the milk to be used should be scalded and set aside to cool. Then make the custard in the ordinary way and it will be perfectly smooth.

If one cupful of vinegar is put with the water in which colored table cloths are washed it will prevent the color from running. Iron when still damp and they will look equal to new.

To make string beans or cabbage tender in cooking them and also to shorten the time required for cooking the latter vegetable add a pinch of baking soda to the water in which they are boiled. This, used judiciously, makes the vegetables as fresh and tender as when they came from the garden.

Sweet Muffins.

One-half cupful of butter rubbed to a cream. One-half cupful of sugar stirred into the butter. Add two well beaten eggs, stir and mix thoroughly. Add one cupful of sweet milk, three and three-quarters of a cupful of winter wheat flour. Three rounded teaspoonfuls of baking powder should be sifted into the flour after measuring, and the flour and the baking powder sifted together into the muffin mixture. Bake in gem pans about twenty minutes.

Making Waffles.

Sift two cupfuls of flour into a basin, add two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, half a teaspoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of sugar. Beat up the yolks of two eggs, add one cupful of milk to them, add very gradually to the flour, then lightly mix in one tablespoonful of melted butter and the whites of the eggs, beaten to a stiff froth. Fry on a hot, well-greased waffle iron. Serve hot, with syrup.

A Critic Corrected.

Fogg—I see that some critical person has dubbed that new circular structure on the common "the collar box."

Fenderson—He's away off. That's no collar box; it's a bandbox.

Just Before Rome Fell.

"I see," said Wiggles, "that Bobby Fancier and his wife have got a divorce."

"Really?" said Jiggles. "What a sad case. Who gets the custody of the poodle?"—Harper's Weekly.

The Usual Result.

"For heaven's sake," said the Rounder, "where did that bunch of homely old chromos come from?"

"Why, they are the winners in the Planet's great beauty contest," replied the hotel clerk.

Hereditary.

Miss Snowflake—Yo' beau am a very lit'rary sort o' pusson!

Miss Johnsing—Yais. It runs in de fambly. He says his gran'father was one ob de six bes' sellers in slavery days.—Puck.

HEALTH FOR THE CHILD.

The careful mother, watching closely the physical peculiarities of her children, soon learns that health is in a great measure dependent upon normal, healthy, regular bowel action. When the bowels are inactive, loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder are soon apparent.

Keep the bowels free and clear and good health is assured. At the first sign of constipation give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at bed-time and repeat the dose the following night, if necessary. You will find the child will quickly recover its accustomed good spirits, and eat and sleep normally.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable to salts, cathartics and purgative waters which are harsh in their action. Syrup Pepsin acts on the bowels easily and naturally, yet positively, and causes no griping or discomfort. Its tonic properties build up the stomach, liver and bowels, restoring their normal condition.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this remedy, send for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. He will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

A REMEDY.

Howell—My knees are very weak.
Powell—Get a lighter girl.

PHYSICIAN ADVISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"Four years ago I had places break out on my wrist and on my shin which would itch and burn by spells, and scratching them would not seem to give any relief. When the trouble first began, my wrist and shin itched like poison. I would scratch those places until they would bleed before I could get any relief. Afterwards the places would scale over, and the flesh underneath would look red and feverish. Sometimes it would begin to itch until it would waken me from my sleep, and I would have to go through the scratching ordeal again.

Our physician pronounced it "dry eczema." I used an ointment which the doctor gave me, but it did no good. Then he advised me to try the Cuticura Remedies. As this trouble has been in our family for years, and is considered hereditary, I felt anxious to try to head it off. I got the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and they seemed to be just what I needed.

"The disease was making great headway on my system until I got the Cuticura Remedies which have cleared my skin of the great pest. From the time the eczema healed four years ago, until now, I have never felt any of its pest, and I am thankful to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment which certainly cured me. I always use the Cuticura Soap for toilet, and I hope other sufferers from skin diseases will use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Irven Hutchison, Three Rivers, Mich., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Freedom is won through hard obedience to the truth.—William James.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Bag Blue. At all good grocers.

The man who gets gay with a busy bee is apt to get a stinging rebuke.

For liver or kidney troubles, nothing is quite so reliable as Garfield Tea.

Never exaggerate your faults; your friends will attend to that.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, cures kidney, bladder diseases, piles, chronic ulcers, skin eruptions—either sex. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

Your Eyebrows—Eyelashes—Mustache
How to make them grow long and beautiful. Free booklet to all who send their name and address. Write today. The LaRoque Co., ... Chicago, Ill.

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly In The Interest of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

"Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

LEE B. CHASE, Editor and Publisher

¶ Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon ¶ News columns close Thursday night. ¶ If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher ¶ Advertising rates on application.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1912

IT IS WORTH FIGHTING FOR.

Congressman H. B. Ferguson has introduced in the House of Representatives a bill, which, if passed will do more toward developing the desert lands of New Mexico than anything yet undertaken. There are in New Mexico today thousands—even millions of acres of barren waste. This land has been lying idle since the dawn of creation and unless inducements on the order of Mr. Ferguson's bill are held out to the people to develop the land, it will, in a great measure remain idle for all time to come. Mr. Ferguson proposes that every man who develops water on the public domain, by pumping from a depth of 50 feet or more be given 40 acres immediately surrounding the well, which must be cultivated, no man to be entitled to more than eight such tracts or the present 320 acre desert claim The bill was referred to the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands and in explanation of the necessity of such a law Mr. Ferguson made the following address before that committee:

"The first result of this bill will be the prospecting of land absolutely unsuitable, as far as demonstrated, for agricultural purposes or for irrigation, and will induce cattle and sheep men in regions where they can not graze cattle and sheep now because of lack of water—it will induce the grazing men to prospect for water, and proposes to reward them for the expense incurred in procuring water on grazing lands now absolutely inaccessible to the herds because of lack of water. Should water be found at less than 100 feet in depth, it has been demonstrated, at least in New Mexico, that in many places water will come up to within a few feet of the surface that is not strictly artesian, and in five or six different places in New Mexico where it is not necessary to pump water from a further depth than 50 or 60 feet, little farms have been irrigated from these wells and agriculture largely promoted. I might mention the Mimbres Valley in New Mexico, around Deming, where there are more than a hundred farms on land that was formerly fit only for grazing, and fit only for grazing where water was accessible within a 5 or 6 mile drive. By accident it was found that water in inexhaustible quantities could be pumped from wells and farms could be created. So that if the cattle man or sheep man sinks a well and has to go 100 feet or more for water, he can not by pumping irrigate anything, because the pumping would be too expensive, but he can afford, for the sake of reaching the rich grass, to spend all that is necessary in sinking to a great depth and pumping from a great depth in order to get and make valuable for his herds, either cattle or sheep, the grazing lands."

The citizens of New Mexico cannot commend this section too highly and no time should be lost in trying to influence every congressman and every senator in Washington to support the measure. The homesteaders of New Mexico and of the other western states are indebted in a great measure to newspapers throughout the West for agitating in the strongest terms possible the passage of the three-year homestead bill. It was through their aid that the western congressman and senators were able to convince the conservative easterners that life on a homestead is not a dream and that three-years residence is sufficient pay for any quarter section of Uncle Sam's domain. Let us get together and help pass this bill which will do so much to induce development.

CHILDREN'S PARTY.

Last Saturday afternoon a very pretty party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Taylor the occasion being the fourth birthday of their son, Keesler. Many nice presents were given and the little 'Tots' enjoyed themselves in diverse ways during the afternoon hours Delightful refreshments were served including ice cream and cake; among the little ones present were: Maurice Lemon, Albert Roberts, Carrie Roberts, Maurice Hoffman, Jeanette Johnson, Lillian Johnson, Mae Schaeffer, Roy Schaeffer, Alma Lacey, Birda Lacey, Florence Lacey, Lucille Lacey, Helen Rolland, Evelyn French Ira Van Schoyck, Donald English, Isabelle Tinnon, Jack Kahler, Dayton Herrin; Ollie Niles, Thelma Niles, Anna Thayer, Grace Taylor, Leora Taylor, Miller French, Max Taylor, Lucille Jones, Lois Jones and Maden Gallacher.

JICARILLA HAPPENINGS

Mr. Frasier of Albuquerque was here a few days last week and while here, we understand, let several mining contracts for work in this district.

Mr and Mrs Smithers gave a very enjoyable moving picture show here recently.

The committee on arrangements for the Glorious Fourth entertainment to be given here; have about completed their program and announced among the features, horse racing, girls and boys race, greased poll climb and other like events but no Flynn- Johnson fight or the like

R. P. Brokin left this week for the Capitan Mountains to do some mining work.

We had a very heavy rain here Tuesday and have had several other rains recently.

RUIDOSO RIPPLES

Mr. Texter and sister and Miss Daly all of Roswell are camped on the Ruidoso on a camping trip.

A fine rain fell here last Tuesday evening.

Ike Wingfield made a business trip to Capitan last Friday.

Mr and Mrs. Jas. Robinson were on the 'Duso' one day last week visiting relatives.

The Ruidoso school closed last Friday for a three weeks vacation.

Rev. Harper of Mescalero was visiting the Indians on the 'Duso' last Friday.

Mrs Nannie Hightower has been visiting Mrs. Lula Wingfield.

NOTICE.

No. of Application 631.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE ENGINEER,
Santa Fe, N. M. May 25, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of January, 1912, in accordance with Section 26, Irrigation Law of 1907, A. M. PATTEN, of Denver, County of Denver, State of Colorado made an application to the State Engineer of New Mexico for a permit to appropriate from the Public waters of the State of New Mexico.

Such appropriation is to be made from Mal Pais, Willow creek, Jake's, Bull Gap & other arroyas in western slope of White Mountains at a point Tps. 8 & 9 S., Rgs. 8 & 9 E.N. M. P. M., by means of diversion works and 1005 cu. ft. per sec and acre feet is to be conveyed to Secs. 9, 10, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 29 T. 9 S., R. 8 E., by means of ditches & canals and there used for irrigation of 1522 acres.

The State Engineer will take this application up for consideration on the 23rd day of August, 1912, and all persons who may oppose the granting of the above application must file their objections substantiated with affidavits with the State Engineer and copy with applicant on or before that date.

4-5-21 CHARLES D MILLER,
State Engineer.

First Published in the Carrizozo N. M. Outlook, June 21, last pub. July 12.

NOTICE

No. of Application 630.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE ENGINEER,
Santa Fe, New Mexico, May 25, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of January, 1912, in accordance with Section 26, Irrigation Law of 1907 A. M. PATTEN, of Denver, County of Denver, State of Colorado, made an application to the State Engineer of New Mexico for permit to appropriate from the Public waters of the State of New Mexico.

Such appropriation is to be made from Willow creek, Jake's, Cub Mountain, Bull Gap & other small arroyas in western slope of White Mountains at a point Tps. 8 & 9 S., Rgs. 8 & 9 E. N. M. P. M., by means of diversion works and 75 cu. ft per sec. or 16,000 acre feet is to be conveyed to Secs. 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 29 T. 9 S., R. 8 E. by means of ditches and canals and there used for irrigation of 4,000 acres

The State Engineer will take this application up for consideration on the 23rd day of August, 1912, and all persons who may oppose the granting of the above application must file their objections substantiated with affidavits with the State Engineer and copy with applicant on or before that date.

CHARLES D. MILLER,
State Engineer.

Serial Nos. 023822 024897.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
June 10, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that PAUL R MC COURT, of Carrizozo, N. M. who, on November 12, 1910, made Original Homestead Entry, Serial No. 023822, for the S½, SW¼, Sec. 19, Township 7-S, Range 11 E, and who on June 15, 1911, made add'l, H. E. Serial No. 024897 for the SE¼ SE¼ Sec. 24 N. M. P. Meridian, and NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 25, Twp.; 7-S, Range 10-E, N. M. P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M.; on the 23rd day of July, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Arthur J. Rolland, Peter M. Johnson, Truman A Spencer and Edward Harris, all of Carrizozo, N. Mexico.

T. O TILLOTSON,
Register.

You may easily make FIVE DOLLARS per DAY selling our Automatic Needle Threader. Retails for ONE DOLLARS NO woman will permit you to take it off her machine when she sees it operates Threads needle in a flash. Carry sample in your vest pocket. Sells wherever you can find a sewing machine; Cities, Villages Mud Huts, Ranches, and along the roadside.

If you have any scruples against canvassing, put your false pride aside, get out into God's sunlight, NEW MEXICO sunlight; and make your FIVE DOLLARS per DAY and gain experience and confidence which will make you independent of everybody and open your eyes to possibilities which you may have never dreamed exist.

This business means CASH IN HAND EVERY DAY, collect as you go. The price admits of no argument, if your prospect has a dollar in the house you get it. I have made as high as $18.00 in one day work. No capital required, just WORK. DO YOU WANT IT? Write at once and you will be making good money inside of days.

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These engines are recommended for reliability and economy of service and are offered in a great variety of sizes and styles, intended to meet, as far as possible, all requirements and conditions and to operate with the greatest saving of fuel Simplicity of Construction. Reliable Service and Durability.

Let us know what you want and we will get it. Write us for information and prices. We can make terms to suit on some of these goods.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer of Beer
FINEST GRADES OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

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A NEW BARN AT THE OLD STAND
NEW RIGS AND TEAMS HAVE BEEN ADDED. WE DO A GENERAL DRAYAGE AND TRANSFER BUSINESS.

Will receive and deliver or transmit express packages or freight to any part of the county when entrusted to our care. Sample room for accomodation of drummers. One price to all. Agent for Continental Oil Company's products. Old and new buggies, wagons and harness for sale. Wagon yard in connection.

Visit us when in need of anything in our line or call us up, No. 32. Prompt attention to all matters
CHAS. A. STEVENS, PROP. CARRIZOZO, N. M.

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OSCURO - - - - - - NEW MEXICO
IN CARRIZOZO FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT TEMPLE HOTEL

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LINCOLN NEW MEXICO

METHODIST CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Sunday School 10 o'clock A.M.
Preaching at 11 o'clock A.M
Epworth League 6:30 P. M.
Preaching at 7:45 P. M.
Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45. You are not only welcomed but most cordially invited to attend any and all service
R. B. Evans, Pastor.
Frank J. Sager, S. S. Supt

LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS NOTES.

PARSONS AND BONITO VALLEY ITEMS.

Mr. James Robinson and family who have been visiting relatives on the Ruidoso have returned home.

Mr. Clark Hurt and son have been on this side of the Divide looking up stray cattle.

Mrs Wells and Mr. Berry who have been on the sick list are out again.

Mr. Dalton of Nogal made a short visit to Parsons during the past week.

Mrs. M. L Blaney of Oscuro who has been visiting Miss Rice for the past month left Sunday for Carrizozo where she will attend the Teachers Institute.

Mr. J V. Hobbie of the Forest Service has a party of men at work improving the Government Trial up Ruidinabet Canon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Rice have returned from Carthage, N. M. They drove across country and instead of encountering dust and hot weather as was to be expected in June it was the cool and cloudy most of the way over, and they were nearly mired in the mud several times while crossing the Journado.

Prof. Patterson escorted a party consisting of Mrs Blaney of Oscuro, Miss Emma Grafton and Miss Rice up to the "Top o' the World" last Saturday.

To reach the "Top o' the World" one gets a glimpse of Fairyland

The trail winds through the Forest Primeval where mother Nature has been particularly lavish this year in strewing the ground with flower and fern. Moss covered logs and rock line the banks of the tinkling stream and deep dark pools. Up and over the trail twists and turns through shadowy isles of stately trees and flowery shrubs, and further up through a narrow alley flanked on either side by oak and locust, one feels fairly lost till above and through the wall of green an opening is seen and there before you is a pasture green and a great grey rock guards the top of the hill like some grim sentinel of the past. Mounting the rock and gazing off into the violet some distance you feel as if you had surely reached the top of the world and it is a dream world after all.

THREE RIVERS LOCALS

Sam Hall and sister were visitors to the County Seat this week

Nadine Thompson, the little daughter of Mrs. Caldwell has returned home from the Loretto Academy for the vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Neighbauer were El Paso visitors last week.

Miss Dorothy Brown of Las Cruces is visiting Miss Florence Nabours.

Frank M. Goodin has returned from Las Cruces where he has been visiting his family for the past week and is now contemplating a trip to the Pacific Coast.

Senator A. B. Fall spent a few days at his ranch home this week.

A. L. Collins and Frank Goodin came over from Oscuro Saturday.

A. Moody made a flying trip to Lincoln last week

POLLY POLAVERINGS.

Our section, together with surrounding regions, was well saturated with some fine rains lately, giving the grass and other vegetation renewed freshness.

Mr. Morrison shipped a carload of last year's hay from the siding here recently.

Messers. Jones and Black hauled hay from here to their ranches at Oscuro last week.

C F. Goddard made a business trip to Capitan.

Messers. I. M. Harkey and L. Morrison performed quite a feat of house-moving the past week, having purchased the two-room house belonging to Clarence Steele formerly, and removed it by team to the north end of Willow Mountain.

A. J. Orr and wife, who has been on the sick list, spent the day with the latter's mother near Carrizozo Monday Of course Master John accompanied them.

CAPITAN MURMURS

(Received to late for last week.)

Shipley Bros., of Clovis, N. M., left Capitan last week with a herd of about 400 head of Cattle bought in this vicinity. The cattle will be taken on foot to Clovis as the expense of driving over land will be less than it would be to ship by rail.

An interesting and fast game of base-ball was played at Ft Stanton last Suuday by a team composed principally of Lincoln fans and the Stanton team, the score was 4 to 5 in favor of Stanton. Henry Lutz, Jr., and a son of Atty. Barber and Harry Norman of Lincoln who are spending their vacations at home, showed the Stanton team that school boys know some of the tricks of game and can play them as well. Gid Thorpe of Augus and W. E. McDaniel of Capitan were the battery for the visitors, Grover Hightower Harvey Coe occupied the same positions for the Stanton team.

The rainy season is apparently at hand a month earlier than usual, while the showers have been local hardly a day has passed for the past week without a good shower in this vicinity and over several small areas in this section quite heavy hail storms have occurred; one in vicinity of Indian Divide on Tuesday forenoon caused a large flood in the Arroyo north of town: the crest of the flood was a solid mass of hail stones fully four feet deep and three hundred yards in length.

The Contractor who is repairing the dike wes tof town came near loosing a large part of his work Tuesday morning by the sudden rise in the arroyo striking an unfinished portion of a levy.

Dr. Guy Titsworth and bride are visiting at the home of George A. Titsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Hobbs left last week on a visit to their daughter Mrs. Martin Moore at Willard.

C. D. Wilson has been employed several days at the Torres ranch cutting alfalfa.

C B. Lane and family of Alto were in Capitan during the week

Wm. Ferguson, County Commissioner of this district was in town this week from his farm on the Mesa.

The small pox suspects that were quarentined here by Dr, Scott were allowed to depart after being vaccinated and the little girl who had a mild case of the dreaded disease is about well and will be allowed to continue on her journey in a few days.

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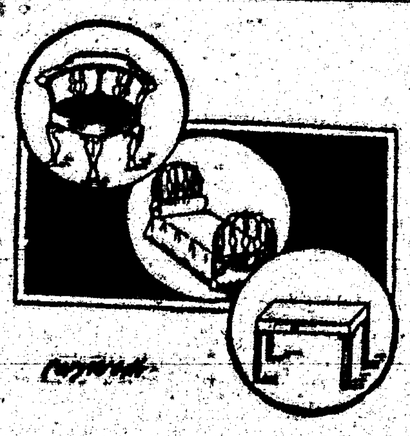

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OUT OF THE ORDINARY

China's Letter of Thanks

From China came recently to the American Red Cross an official letter of thanks for relief sent to the famine sufferers. It is six feet square and of red silk. Translated, the inscription in the center reads: "You have supplied a multitude of our people with provisions;" on the right: "To the Chinese and foreign relief associations;" on the left: "Respectfully presented by Yushi, representing the municipal bureau of the city for the relief of famine sufferers of the Mengchen district."

MAYOR AS A LIFEBOATMAN

Councillor R. T. Thornton of Eastbourne, England, is not only mayor of his city but also is an active member of the local lifeboat crew. That crew has been very busy saving lives of late, one of their recent exploits being the rescue of twenty-one of the passengers and crew of the P. and O. liner Oceana at Beachy Head.

WERE MAYAS BABYLONIANS?

The towers and pyramids built by the Mayas, the ancient civilized inhabitants of Mexico, who flourished before the Aztecs, are the greatest wonders of antiquity in America.

An interesting theory, now strongly held by scientists and scholars of the Smithsonian Institution, is that the Mayas are descended from the ancient people of Babylon who were dispersed over the face of the earth after the capture of that famous city by Cyrus.

If this be so, then the ancient Mayas built the tower of Babel of the Bible, and those inhabitants of the earth were in a sense Americans. This view is confirmed in a great degree by the extraordinary resemblance between the ruined towers and pyramids of Babylonia and those built by the Mayas in Yucatan. In addition to this there is other evidence that the Mayas came from somewhere in Asia.

The tower of Babel was the largest one of many a similar structure of pyramidal shape in Babylon which were crowned with temples. But where the ancient Assyrians constructed scores of such terraced towers the Mayas built thousands, many of them of huge size and of substantially the same pattern—likewise upholding temples on their platform summits.

According to the Maya legend, Xibalba, one of the seven giants who survived the deluge, erected a pyramidal tower of enormous height for the purpose of storming heaven. But the offended gods destroyed the languages of the builders.

The pyramids of Yucatan are square or rectangular in shape. Some are nearly one hundred feet high, and the largest is more than five hundred feet square. They have sloping sides, some are nearly vertical, and many rise in steps. Faced with stone and dressed smooth or plastered and embellished with sculptures, they are ascended by steep stairways on one or more sides. The interior mass is of earth and stones, or of stones and mortar. In some cases the slopes were filled in to a smooth slant.

The loftiest is the pyramid of El Castillo, or the Castle, at Chichen Itzá, which is of the stepped type. The largest and most imposing is the so-called governor's palace, at Uxmal, which stands on a natural elevation artificially heightened by stone blocks and rising in three terraces. It is considered by ethnologists the most important prehistoric structure in America. The building, 320 feet long, 40 feet deep and 26 feet high, is covered with a marvelous elaboration of sculpture, one belt of which, ten feet wide, running entirely around the palace, contains 20,000 stones, nearly every one of them a separate work of art.

STRENGTH OF THE INSECTS

When one is asked to name the strongest animal he generally begins with elephants as the largest, and continue with oxen, horses, and on down through creatures of lesser size. But for real strength proportionate to size, one must go to the insect world. A man's strength is absurdly small compared with that of an insect. The beetle will carry 500 times its own weight on its back. To be proportionately strong a man would have to lift 75,000 or 100,000 pounds, a weight which only the biggest steel freight cars carry. If a man were placed under a box containing five times his weight, he would be held there indefinitely. But to hold a beetle down the box would have to be 1,500 times as heavy as the beetle.

KENTUCKY'S YOUNG MOTHER

The youngest mother in Kentucky is Mrs. Kate Fields, of Georgetown. She is thirteen years old, and the grandmother of her new born daughter is just thirty.

TAME DECOY FOR VULTURES

The Tibetans of the upper Mekong valley have an interesting method of catching vultures, the feathers of which are used for making fans. They fasten tame vultures to stone pedestals near the cliffs where the wild birds live, and when the latter are sighted one or two of the decoys are loosed and the men hide in huts. Near the pedestals a heap of carrion has been placed in a rough wooden cage, so constructed that it is difficult for the birds to make away with a piece bodily, though it is easy enough to get at; they therefore hop clumsily round the cage, pecking and tearing furiously at the stinking morsels, in full view of the savage birds above. The carrion is the bait, the tame vultures are the decoy. No sooner do the wild

birds see what is going on than down they swoop to join in the tussle for tit-bits. The trained birds, incensed with their unbidden guests, immediately try conclusions with them, and in the dust and turmoil of the gory encounter out rush the men from ambush and the wild birds are either killed or captured.

From Money Plates to Guns

Thousands of steel plates, dies, and rolls, from which millions of dollars in money and stamps have been made, have just been converted into 40,000 pounds of gun metal at the government's melting pot at the navy yard, Washington. Each year at the bureau of engraving and printing large numbers of the plates, rolls and dies which are used in making currency become so worn as to be unfit for further use. A committee of three is appointed by the secretary of the treasury to examine all plates in the bureau and to mark such pieces as are worn out. The committee also supervises the destruction of them.

TO OPEN UP RICH COUNTRY

New Connecting Line in Montevideo Will Care for Traffic of Important River Cities.

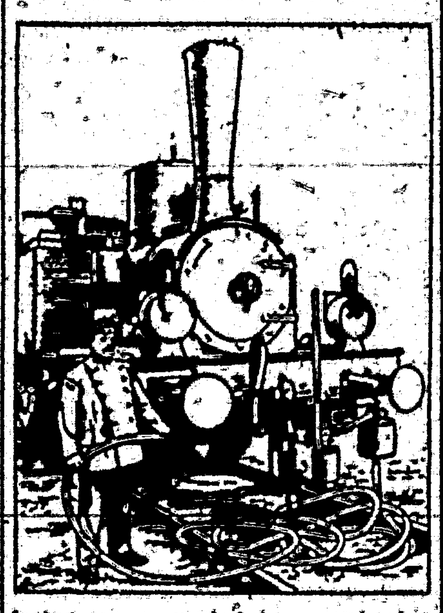
The American minister at Montevideo reports that work has just been started on a connecting 35-mile line of the Midland Railroad company from Tres Arboles to Piedra Sola, in the department of Tucuarembo, the contract announcement of which appears in Daily Consular and Trade Reports for January 12, 1912. The constructor is Engineer Juan Storm, a well-known railroad builder. He is working a force of 600 men and expects to have the new line ready for operation in about a year. The 91-mile line from Fray Bentos to Algorta, finished last year, was also built by Storm.

The new line, although comparatively short, is of great importance, especially to the river cities of Fray Bentos and Payasandu, as it will give a fairly straight through line to the border city of Rivera, the northernmost point of the department of Rivera. Payasandu, with upward of 20,000 inhabitants, is probably the greatest live stock center of Uruguay. Fray Bentos, the capital of the department of Rio Negro, is a city of some 8,000 people. It has been made a port of entry, which will add greatly to its importance as a distributing point.

MADE INTO VACUUM CLEANER

Simple Device by Which a Locomotive Adds Greatly to Its Term of Usefulness.

An ingenious apparatus by means of which a locomotive is converted into a vacuum-cleaning plant is shown in the accompanying illustration. It comprises simply a suction chamber attached to the injector valve of the locomotive, a steam trap for the condensation of water, a dust collector, which is kept partially filled with water, and the necessary amount of hose and types of suction tips or nozzles. The steam trap and dust col-



lector are connected by means of a hose of large diameter, and the suction hose is attached to the bottom of the dust collector.

When the injector valve is opened the live steam passes the opening of the suction chamber and creates a vacuum therein, which produces the suction drawing the dust and dirt into the dust collector where it is retained by the water. The air, after unloading its burden of dirt, then passes into the steam trap and is exhausted into the atmosphere. With a sufficient length of hose, several passenger coaches can be vacuum cleaned by simply backing the locomotive up to one end. The apparatus is used on one of the German railways.—Popular Mechanics.

New Type of Block Signal.

A new type of automatic block signal, which is being used on an interurban electric railway west of Cleveland, O., is believed to furnish a solution of the problem of operating block systems in cold weather. During the last winter the various railroads experienced considerable difficulty owing to the accumulation of ice and frost on the signal lamps. The lighting of the new signal is provided by a single 25-watt tungsten lamp supplied from a trolley through a resistance. A high speed one-tenth horse power motor drives the mechanism, the motor being designed to operate safely through a wide variation of line voltage. Enough heat is furnished by the lamp and its resistance to prevent the accumulation of ice on the lenses and mechanism.

Wise Lion.

Paul Rainey, while showing privately in New York the cinematograph pictures of his African lion hunts, told an amusing lion story.

"A man," he said, "sat before his tent, when a magnificent lion stiffened for the spring, leaped and—missed the man, missed him by jumping three feet too high. It then slunk back into the forest, looking thoroughly ashamed.

"The next day the man came unexpectedly on the lion by a stream. It had upended a log of wood and was practicing low jumps!"

IN SAFETY MOVEMENT

ORGANIZATION OF RAILROAD MEN DOING GOOD WORK.

Committees Formed of Employees Are Constantly on the Watch and Report at Once All Possibly Dangerous Conditions.

"Of the 235,841 trainmen employed on the railroads of the United States in 1911, one out of every 124 was killed, and one out of every eight was injured."

"Of the 91,694 yardmen employed, one out of every 137 was killed, and one out of every eight was injured."

"Taking all railroad employees, covering trainmen, yardmen, bridgemen, trackmen and crossing watchmen, totaling 1,646,033, one out of every eight was injured."

These statements are made in Popular Mechanics.

"In the west an organized movement for safety has been started among railroad men," the article says. "In September of 1911, officials of the 'Frisco road inaugurated a 'safety first' movement to reduce, so far as possible, casualties on their lines. This 'safety first' movement has crystallized in the form of committees organized on each of the ten divisions and in the three shops, who are constantly on the watch for conditions by which life and safety are endangered in their territory.

"The committee members are supplied with report cards printed, 'I have noticed . . . ' to be filled out with suggestions for remedying defects in roadbed, station platforms or operation of rolling stock, which might some time cause loss of life or limb.

"Each member of a division committee goes over the main line and terminals of that division once a month, his expenses and time being paid by the railroad company. Some of the division men inspect the shops and some of the shop men inspect the divisions each month, being assigned particular points to observe.

"A central committee meets once a month and considers all of the suggestions and complaints. They illustrate the bulletins with a great many photographs, showing every-day acts of carelessness to impress upon each employee the necessity of being careful."

New International Bridge.

Surveys have been made, at Los Vacas, Mexico, for the proposed international railroad bridge that is to be erected across the Rio Grande to connect Los Vacas with Del Rio. This bridge, it is stated, will be built jointly by the National Railways of Mexico and the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient, and will form the connecting link between these two lines and thus establish a new international railway route between the United States and Mexico. The National Railways of Mexico will construct a branch line from its international division at Allende to Los Vacas, about 75 miles. The Kansas City, Mexico and Orient is already constructing its branch line from San Angelo south to Del Rio. It will also connect with the Southern Pacific at that place.

Get to Know Their Engines.

In the early days of railroading engines were handled by one crew. They had a chance to learn all their peculiarities and knew how to take advantage of them. In the modern system of railroading, if you are on a main line run you might not get the same engine twice in a week. The crews have small chance to learn their faults, and they do not get attached to or take the interest in an engine that they would if handled by them wholly.

The old railroad man likes to look back to the days when railroading was in its infancy, and talk about the good times when he was practically his own master and was allowed considerable latitude in getting his train over the rails.

Not the Proper Word.

"Did you send Mr. Dresser the samples he asked for?" inquired the tailor.

"Yes," replied the clerk; "I'm just finishing our letter to him. I'm sending it 'Trusting to have your order—'"

"What! Cut out that word 'trusting' and make it 'hoping.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

World of Uncertainties.

This is a world of uncertainties. Occasionally a man makes money by raising chickens.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

ARREST OF A PARIS TAXICAB BANDIT

GOUZY UNDER ARREST

THE photograph shows the arrest of the Paris taxicab bandit named Gouzy, after the murder of Assistant Superintendent of Detectives Jouin. Gouzy, in the disguise of an informer, led Jouin into the trap of the bandits. The latter was shot and killed by the leader of the bandits, Bonnot. The police arrested Gouzy, who was surrounded by an angry crowd and with difficulty was saved from being lynched. Gouzy was implicated in more than 22 murders.

WIFE IS LUMBERJACK

Mrs. Gregory Is Best Man in Maine Camp.

Mere Female Chops, Splits and Piles More Wood Than Most of Them, and as Much as Any of Them, According to Employer.

Manchester, N. H.—Woodbury Bachelder of this city, engaged in the lumber business at Damariscotta, Me., has in his employ a most remarkable woman as regards strength and endurance. She is Mary Gregory, wife of Frank Gregory.

Mrs. Gregory first entered the employ of Mr. Bachelder to provide meals for the 14 men in the camp. This she was able to do and have half a day left, and she asked permission of Mr. Bachelder to take her place with the choppers.

Mr. Bachelder gave his consent, and was astonished to see her perform. She wielded an ax as expertly as any man in the crew, and made a record one day of chopping, splitting and piling three cords of wood, a task that most men hardened to the service of the woods are incapable of equaling.

"She is the strongest woman I ever saw," Bachelder says. "No sooner does she fell a tree than she is on top of it limbing it out, and in every line of work she is the equal of the men in camp. She handles a crosscut saw with all the skill of a man, and not a laborer in the camp can surpass her in the amount of work accomplished."

Mrs. Gregory is 35 years old, weighs about 175, stands 5 feet 8 inches, and is as quick as a flash. She is fond of sport and expert as a wrestler. Mr. Bachelder says he has yet to see a man in camp who can match her at wrestling. She is not afraid to try conclusions with any of them. She has put every man who has been willing to wrestle her on his back and yet is modest in speech and manner, the mother of seven children, a native of Nova Scotia, and prior to making her home in the Maine woods lived in Massachusetts.

INDIANS HAVE WITCH GIRL

Savages Persecute Her Because She Puzzles Folks With Sleight-of-Hand Tricks.

Malone, N. Y.—Down on the St. Regis Indian reservation, which lies partly in the state of New York and partly in the Province of Quebec, a young Indian girl, aged fifteen years, has been raising a furore and the Indians assert she is a witch.

Her name is Iola Rason. When she was finally declared to be a "black witch" she was transformed into an object of dread. The Indians say that when she appears among them either some of their live stock dies, children get sick, or dogs run mad and make nights hideous with their howls.

The medicine men have been consulted and with their spells tried to depose the evil spirit, but in vain. The squaws instructed their children to shun the "witch girl" and warnings were given not to let her shadow fall upon any member of the tribe, nor on their horses, cattle or hogs.

At a council the chiefs decided that the "witch girl" must leave the tribe at once and she went to Luzerne Mountain, where she has an uncle engaged in basket making.

The little Indian is bright for her years and is ambitious to become a teacher among her people and put an end to their superstitions. She has been to school and by a few simple tricks which she performed by way of entertainment started the hue and cry of her having the "evil spirit."

BABY WEIGHS 180 POUNDS

But It's an Elephant, Born in California—Mother Tries to Kill It.

Salinas, Cal.—The heaviest baby ever born in America saw the light here in a circus tent. He is a baby elephant, two feet tall, three feet long and weighs 180 pounds. His god-parents say that nothing like him was ever born in captivity on this continent. Alice, the mother, tried to kill her baby. Her trainer, in saving the calf, was hurled twenty feet and a panic was caused among the other animals. Unless Alice relents, her baby will have to be brought up on the demijohn. He is unhurt, pink and healthy.

WIRELESS FOR ARMY FLIERS

Instruments for Aeroplane Use Invented by Officer Weighs Only 25 Pounds.

Washington.—Probably the smallest wireless telegraph set ever made has just been perfected by the officers in the army signal corps laboratory here, and has been sent to New York for the aeronautical show which is to be held there. The receiving and transmitting apparatus weighs only 25½ pounds, and is contained within a box 15 inches square and 16 inches deep. The generator from which the apparatus derives its power adds an additional 26 pounds.

The machine is the result of the efforts of the army signal officers under the direction of Maj. Charles McK. Saltzman, to perfect the lightest machine possible for use in the "fifth military arm," or the aeronautical division.

Saws Off Arm, but Lives.

York, Pa.—Falling upon the sliding carriage of the circular saw he was operating near Gatchelville, this county, Elmer Pentz of Harrisburg had his right arm cleanly severed at the elbow, and barely escaped a horrible death.

Pentz was hit by the log upon the carriage and his body in some manner became wedged in front of it. He noted his peril and in the short time given him he managed to shift his body out of the course of the revolving blade; but to do so he had to sacrifice the arm.

Other workmen saved him from bleeding to death by making a tourniquet from a handkerchief.

Girl Tries to Commit Suicide

Geisha Driven to It by Monotony of Life.

Girl Says She Doesn't Want to Die Now, but May Later If She Is Seized With Another Melancholy Fit.

Tokio.—A sensation was created in Tokio by the recent attempt at suicide of one of the most famous of the Shimbashi geisha, who are in their turn the most famous of all the thousands of geishas in Tokio.

The first reports stated that the unfortunate lady had been driven to her attempted death by mountains of debt contracted as the result of a passionate attachment to a certain popular actor. The Tokio Asahi, indeed, considered the matter of such importance that after the recovery of the would-be suicide the editor induced her to write the history of the incident and her own feelings during the attempt for the benefit of its readers. Here it is:

"The mere idea of a debt of 1,000 or 2,000 yen could never drive me to suicide. I am subject to fits of melancholy, and when in the grip of one of these I want to get out of the world. Why? Simply and solely because I am tired of life, its monotony and quietness. A geisha's life contains no excitement. It is always the same, day in and day out.

"Publicans sell drink, cats catch mice, dogs watch burglars and men have their constant varying, selfish pastimes and occupations. But the geisha has nothing to do but continue always in the same tiresome groove, dancing and singing, singing and dancing. I thought if I died that I might one day be reborn in the shape of one of those creatures, men, mice or dogs. Therefore, I resolved to die.

"I finished the bottle in one wild gulp. Then the pain began in my chest, and at once the utter stupidity and madness of my wish to die came upon me. All wish of dying vanished. I coughed and coughed, and here I am quite well again. If I get another fit of melancholy I may want to die again, and I may commit suicide at any time, but I don't want to at present; but, in case, I always carry my will about with me in my dress."

BEARD CUT BETRAYS CONVICT

Promoter, in Seattle Federal Prison, Proved to Be an Old Offender.

Seattle, Wash.—Clarence Dayton Hillman, millionaire townsite promoter, serving 20 months in the federal prison for using the mails to defraud, has been revealed by the shears of the prison barber as No. 11716, San Francisco rogues' gallery, a produce dealer, sentenced in 1895 for swindling farmers. Special agents of the department of justice, the two years since his indictment, have searched for his identification with a previous crime. His identity was hidden by his whiskers.

Physical Exercise

Of Great Value to Many Morbid Persons

By SARAH S. PERKINS

THE common-sense point of view, it seems to me, is that as far as the working people, under present conditions, are able to benefit from gymnastic exercises, just so far they are valuable to them.

That, of course, applies to any other class of people as well. All of which simply means that to a vast number of working people it is a matter of minor importance or of utter indifference because their principal need is for industrial conditions which are safe, and for higher wages and shorter hours, which would give them opportunity for mental and moral education as well as physical.

To educate oneself in any way means the expenditure of energy, and one must not only have the energy to expend, but must also have enough good sleep and happy leisure, which is not active, in order to replace the energy used in work and active play.

If the question is whether the large part of working class women have these things, the answer must be that they do not.

The object of expending energy is in the hope of getting something one wants; one's living, one's health, some one or other form of happiness; if the struggle of life is too hard, then the lessened energy is used to secure the greatest instinctive desire, one's bare existence, and often there is not enough energy for that.

To use a part of that small and precious fund in active play appeals, I think, very little to the working class, that is, to that part of it which expends most of its energy in making a living. They crave something to relax the nervous tension, something which is "done to them" without much effort on their part. Hence it is that there is so much drinking, loafing in cheap theaters and so many vices of various kinds.

However, I would not in any way undervalue the usefulness of physical exercises for the many persons who are enabled by them to throw off morbid conditions and to pull themselves out of anemic conditions and get fresh starts in life.

The only objection, I should think, is the tendency to make them into a fad, and to give the impression that, given gymnastics, we have cured the sorrows of the world. In other words, we must not put the cart before the horse, but remember that poverty and ignorance are the real evils to be coped with and we can have no real health while we have these. Anything, however, that will strengthen us for the time being to play whatever part we have to play in the world must be counted as useful.

Sarah S. Perkins

Husband to Shine in His Own Home

By MRS. F. E. BROWN

Where do I want my husband to shine? At home. I am a young married woman and wish my husband to always shine in his home as much as he does now. I hope he never does shine in "society" or at the "club."

I think any man ought to shine more in his own home than any place else, especially if his wife appreciates and loves him.

How do I want my husband to shine? I want him to shine by always being the same to me as he is now.

Of course I had girlish dreams of my ideal man. He would be very handsome, have lots of money, etc. Although he is none of these, he is everything a woman could desire in a man. He is honest, industrious, generous and very affectionate. He is not handsome, but he has a nature full of the joy of living, full of purity and love for all, both young and old.

The trait that attracted me most, I think, was his respect for old age, pity for the blind or crippled and willingness to help in all cases where his help was needed. Another thing that won me was his beautiful brown eyes.

But, girls, always look before you leap; never marry for beauty, because beauty is as beauty does.

And don't marry for money either, for when poverty comes in one window love flies out of another.

Marry the one you love and have a love so deep and strong it will place him on the highest pedestal and will last forever.

One Great Need for Many Large Cities

By J. R. PRICE, M. D., Chicago

During the last quarter of a century I have been watching with interest the growth and improvements made in our great city. Most of the improvements have been in sidewalks, streets, buildings, transportation and communication, all of which have been advantageous to commerce, while at the same time in a subordinate way to all the people.

On the other hand, I regret to say that my observation has led me to conclude that this city, as well as many others, has been neglectful of one thing which is of paramount importance to the health and happiness of her entire population, and that is suitable public comfort stations conveniently located and distinctly prominent.

For neglect in this respect is the primary cause of multitudinous ailments, and among them are headache, indigestion, Bright's disease of the kidneys, rheumatism and so forth. I do not deem it honorable for myself, as a medical man, to remain silent on this most important question.

City authorities should see that public health and comfort stations be installed as rapidly as possible, designated by understandable signs, and they should advertise the locations in our public newspapers.

Not more than one person in a hundred in the city of Chicago knows of our excellent, finely equipped public comfort station situated in the City hall at Washington and Lasalle streets.

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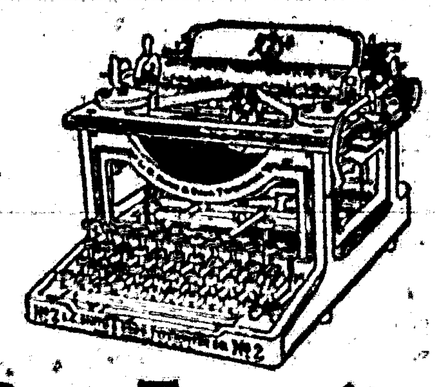

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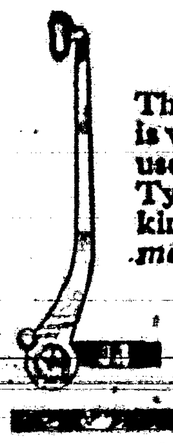

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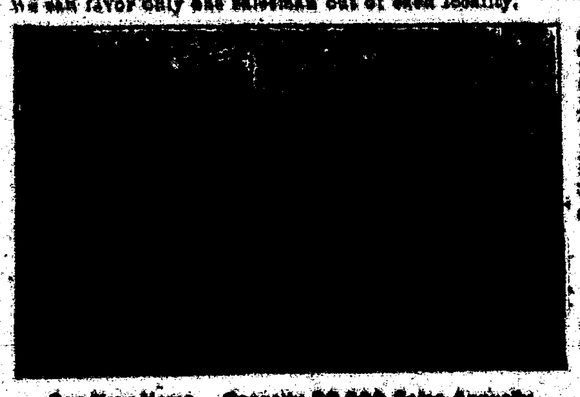

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CINCINNATI, OHIO.

LEGAL NOTICES

Serial No. 010228
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land office at Roswell, N. M.
May 27, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that HENRY M. CORN, of White Oaks, N. M., who, on March 24, 1906, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 010228, for SE¼, Section 35, Township 6-S, Range 14 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 9th day of July, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charles Spence, of White Oaks, N. M.; Wayne Van Schoyck, of White Oaks, N. M.; Augustine Chavez, of Rabenton, N. M.; Felix Perea, of Rabenton, N. M.;

T. C. TILLOTSON
Register

5 31-6t.

Serial No. 012106
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
May 11, 1912

Notice is hereby given that PAUL BURTON, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on March 8, 1907, made Homestead Entry Serial No. 012106, for SW¼, Section 14, Twp. 8-S, Range 10-E, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 25th day of June, 1912

Claimant names as witnesses:

Will G. Thornborrow, Robert L. Ransom, Paul Bentley, and William Kahler all of Carrizozo, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON
Register.

6t 5-16-12

Serial No. 010543
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell N. M.
May 13, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that NAPOLEON B. BROWN, of Corona N. M., who, on June 11, 1906, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 010543, for SW¼ NW¼, Sec. 14; and SE¼ NE¼, E½ SE¼, Section 15, Twp. north, Range 13 E, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Benj F. Adams U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Corona, N. M., on the 25th day of June, 1912

Claimant names as witnesses:

Tom B. Drye, George W. Grove, James E. Floyd, Alonzo J. Atkinson, all of Corona, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

Serial No 013266
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N M.,
May 7, 1912,

Notice is hereby given that WILL G. THORNBORROW, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on October 30, 1907, made Homestead Entry, serial No. 013266, for W½, NW¼ SE¼, NW¼, NE¼ SW¼, Section 15, Twp., 8-S, Range 10, E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year proof, to establish claim to the and above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 25th day of June 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Joseph R. Adams, Alex. W. Adams Peter N. Skow, Paul Burton all of Carrizozo.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register

5-10-6t

Serial No. 06502
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
U. S Land Office at Roswell N. M.
May 16, 1912

Notice is hereby given that WAVERLY O. DUGGER, of Angus, who, on December 23 1908, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 06502, for SW¼ SW¼, Section 8, Township 10-S, Range 13-E N. M. P. Meridan, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M. on the 5th day of July, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Thomas A. Bragg, of Angus, N. M.; Ira Robinson, of Capitan, N. M.; Benjamin R. Robinson of Parsons, N. M.; Thomas Zumwalt, of Angus, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register

24 6t

$2000.00 DEATH BENEFIT

$15.00 Weekly Benefit for Accident or Sickness; $1,000 for loss of limb or eyesight; $100.00 Emergency Relief benefit Cost is $6.00 per year—No other dues nor assessment.—MEN and WOMEN between ages of 16 to 65 are accepted Reliable. Company with $100,0 of State Deposit for the protection be Policy-holders and to guarantee prompt payment of claims. Write for further information giving your age, sex and occupation. Address Dept. 441 - American Registry Company, - Erie, Pa.

3mo.-4-19-12.

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OF EL PASO, TEXAS

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District Agent.

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"Pride of Denver" Flour per 100 pounds, - 3.25
Native Pink Beans, " " " - 4.50

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We get all of these articles in car loads, which enables us to make reasonable prices.

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MERCHANTS OF NEW MEXICO

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The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company.

HENRY LACY, Manager.

THREE YEAR HOMESTEAD LAW

Following is the new homestead law signed by the president that is of particular interest to the southwest.

Resolved that the bill in the senate 3367 entitled, 'An act to amend section 20 to 191 and section 20 to 197 of the revised statutes of the United States relating to homesteads do pass with the following amendments: Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert: That section 2291 and section 2297 be amended to read as follows; No certificate, however, shall be given or patent issued there for until the expiration of three years from the date of such entry and if at the expiration of said time or at any time within two years thereafter the person making such entry, or if he be dead, his widow, or in case of her death his heirs or devisees or in case of a widow making such entry her heirs, or devisees, in case of her death proved by himself and by two witnesses, that he, she or they, have a habitable house upon and have actually resided upon and cultivated the same for the term of three years succeeding the time of filing the affidavit, and makes affidavit that no part of such and has been alineated except as provided in section 2288, and that he she or they will bear true allegiance to the government of the United States, then in such case he she or they, If at that time citizens of the United States, shall be entitled to a patent as in other cases provided by law; that upon filing in the case land office notice of the beginning of such act, the entryman shall be entitled to a continuous leave of absence from the land for a period not exceeding 3 months in each year after establishing residence, and upon the termination of such absence the entryman shall file a notice of termination in the local land office, but in case of commutation, the fourteen months actual residence as now required by law must be shown, and the person commuting must be at the time a citizen of the United States, provided that when the person making entry dies before the offer of the final proof, those succeeding to the entry must show that the entryman had complied with the law in all respects to the date of his death and that they have since complied with the law in respects as would have been required by the entryman had he lived, excepting that they are relieved from any requirments of residence upon the land, provided further that the entryman shall in order to comply with the requirements of cultivation herein provided for, cultivate not less than 1 sixteenth of the area of his entry, beginning with the second year of the entry and not less than one eighth beginning with the third year of the entryman, had he lived, except that in case of entry under section 6 of the enlarged homestead laws, double the area of cultivation herein provided shall be required, but the secretary of the interior may, upon a satisfactory showing under rules and regulations prescribed by him, reduce the required area of cultivation; provided that the above provision as to cultivation shall apply to entries commonly known as the Kincaid act, or entry under the act of June 17, 1902, a reclamation act, and that the provisions of this section, relative to the homestead period shall apply to all unprotected entries as well as entries hereinafter made, upon which residence is required; provided that the secretary of the interior shall within 60 days after the passage of this act, send a copy of the same to each homestead entryman of record, who may be affected thereby, by ordinary mail to his last known address and any such entryman may, by giving notice within 120 days, after the passage of this act, by registered letter to the register and receiver of the local land office, elect to make proof upon his entry, under the law which the same was made without regard to the provisions of this act.

Section 2297. If at any time after the filing of the affidavit as required in section 2290 and before the expiration of the three years mentioned in section 2291, it it is proved after due notice of the settler to the satisfaction of the register of the land office, that the person having filed such affidavit has failed to establish residence, within six months after the date of entry or abandoned the land, for more than six months at any time, then and in that event, the land so entered shall revert to the government, provided that the three years period of residence herein fixed shall date from the establishment of actual permanent residence upon the land

And provided, further, that where there may be climatic reasons, sickness or other unavoidable cause, the commissioner of the general land office may, in his discretion allow the settler twelve months from the date of the filing in which to commence his residence on said land under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe.

WHY STAY IN DARKNESS?

During the summer months of 1912, I will make a specialty of installing Lighting systems of the Coleman Hollow-wire make in the Ranch homes and surrounding towns at prices charged here.

As these systems have proven a success beyond a question of a doubt and the prices reasonable, every one should own a modern lighting plant of their own and do away with the old kerosene lamps.

With the begining of the season of 1912-1913 my entire time will be devoted to general agency work of the Coleman system of Lighting in the States of New Mexico and Arizona, so it will be to every ones interest to have a system installed in the coming months in their homes and business houses.

Write for catalog and prices.

W. J. Doering,
Carrizozo, New Mex.

THE COLUMBIAN NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS.

ARTHUR E. CHILDS, PRESIDENT

Statement for the year ending December 31, 1911.

Full Paid Capital - - - $1,000,000.
Admitted Assets - - - - 7,448,326.
Liabilities - - - - - - 5,992,408.
Surplus to Policyholders [Including Capital Stock $1,000,000] $1,455,018
Insurance in force - - - $51,025,051

D. P. GREINER, General Agent.
Roswell New Mexico

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

E. P. & S. W. RAILROAD.

WESTBOUND.

No 1—California Daily arr .. 2:35 a. m.
Departs.....2:40 a m.
No. 3—Golden State, arr....11:28 a m;
Departs..... 11:33 a. m
No. 33—Kansas City Ex. arr..3:10 p. m
Departs..... 3:35 p. m.

EASTBOUND.

No. 34—Kansas City Ex. arr. 12:01 p m.
Departs.....12:25 p, m.
No. 4—Golden State, arrives..5:05 p. m.
Departs.....5 10 p. m.
No. 2—California Daily, arr...9:45 p. m
Departs.....9:50 p. m.

CAPITAN BRANCH

No. 31—Leaves Carrizozo....6,00 a. m.
32—Arrives Carrizozo....11:20 a. m.

F. W. JONES, Agent.

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NO MAN'S LAND A ROMANCE

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Garrett Coast, a young man of New York City, meets Douglas Blackstock, who invites him to a card party. He accepts, although he dislikes Blackstock, the reason being that both are in love with Katherine Thaxter. Coast fails to convince her that Blackstock is unworthy of her friendship. At the party Coast meets two named Dundas and Van Tuyl. There is a quarrel, and Blackstock shoots Van Tuyl dead. Coast struggles to wrest the weapon from him, thus the police discover them. Coast is arrested for murder. He is convicted, but as he begins his sentence, Dundas names Blackstock as the murderer and kills himself. Coast becomes free, but Blackstock has married Katherine Thaxter and fled. Coast purchases a yacht and while sailing sees a man thrown from a distant boat. He rescues the fellow who is named Appleyard. They arrive at a lonely island, known as No Man's Land. Coast starts out to explore the place and comes upon some deserted buildings. He discovers a man dead. Upon going further and approaching a house he sees Katherine Thaxter, who explains that her husband, under the name of Black, has bought the island. He is blind, a wireless operator and has a station there. Coast informs her that her husband murdered Van Tuyl. Coast sees Blackstock and some Chinamen burying a man. They fire at him, but he is rescued by Appleyard, who gets him to the Echo in safety, and there he reveals that he is a secret service man and has been watching the crowd on the island, suspecting they are criminals. Coast is anxious to fathom the mysteries of No Man's Land, and is determined to save Katherine. Appleyard believes that Black and his gang make a shield of the wireless station to conduct a smuggling business. Coast penetrates to the lair of Blackstock's disguise. Katherine enters the room and passes him a note which tells Coast that neither his life or her own are safe. Coast feels that Blackstock suspects him. Appleyard and the Echo disappear. Coast assures Katherine of his protection, and she informs him that they are to abandon the island immediately. The blind man and his coolie servant overpower Coast.

CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.)

"But this boat—you say you have found it—the row-boat?" Coast demanded excitedly.

"Yes. When I had called Chang, I went down to the beach. I wanted to be alone, so that I might think. Today has been dreadful to me—alone there with him, the man I was married to, knowing he was a murderer! always fearing he suspected and trying to behave as if nothing had happened—"

Coast folded her close. "I know, I know," he said softly.

At their feet the dog stirred restlessly, whimpering; and alarmed, the woman deftly disengaged herself, with a terrified glance up the straggling, deserted street. But still they were gratefully if desperately alone and unwatched.

"Then—the shock of being told we were to leave the island . . . I wanted to think. . . . I went west along the beach, without noticing—some distance beyond the western point. Then suddenly I found the boat, drawn up close under the bluff, invisible from above. . . . At first I thought it meant Mr. Power had come back, and then I saw how unlikely that was, and tried to explain it. And suddenly it came to me—the real meaning of it. And I hurried to find you . . ."

"Thank God!" said Coast.

She looked up, wondering at his tone.

"I mean it's one way out," he said soberly; "a mighty slim chance—but yet a chance: I mean, the boat. I've been puzzling all along—if worst came to worst, there was the catboat—but how to get you aboard her? You couldn't swim that far . . ." She shook her head. "I could; but even then would it be possible to work her inshore and take you aboard unobserved? For if they saw us, I'd be under fire and . . . Blackstock has my pistol," he ended lamely.

She uttered a low cry of distress; but he could only shake his head in melancholy confirmation of the tidings, detailing the way Blackstock had seized the weapon.

"But now," he wound up with a sorry show of optimism, "it's another story. With the rowboat, we can get off. As things stand, Appleyard . . . Well, we'd better not risk waiting for him. The cat lies out of easy range, and if they try to swim out to stop us, I can beat them off with a boathook or an oar. I think we can make it—at least, it's worth trying. I'll go now and have a look at that boat."

She drew a deep breath, with a nod endorsing this forlorn hope. "Very well," she said tersely. "Go, then. I must hurry back, for fear he may miss me. . . . Yes, I can brave it out; don't worry—I shan't let him suspect. . . . And there's another reason," she continued stubbornly, when he tried to object: "I can get you a revolver if I go back. Yes, my own. I have it in my trunk; I'm sure he doesn't know of it, for I never thought to show it him. It is loaded, too; and I can get it easily. . . . Now I will go."

"Very well," he consented reluctantly. "They won't miss me, that's sure; but you . . . Try to slip away about dusk. Make some excuse, and—I'll be waiting here, all prepared. And . . . make sure of that revolver, first thing you get back. Take care of yourself above all things. . . . Oh, don't worry about me; he doesn't; with my fangs drawn, I'm no longer a factor in his calculations. . . . Go, then, and—God keep you, Katherine."

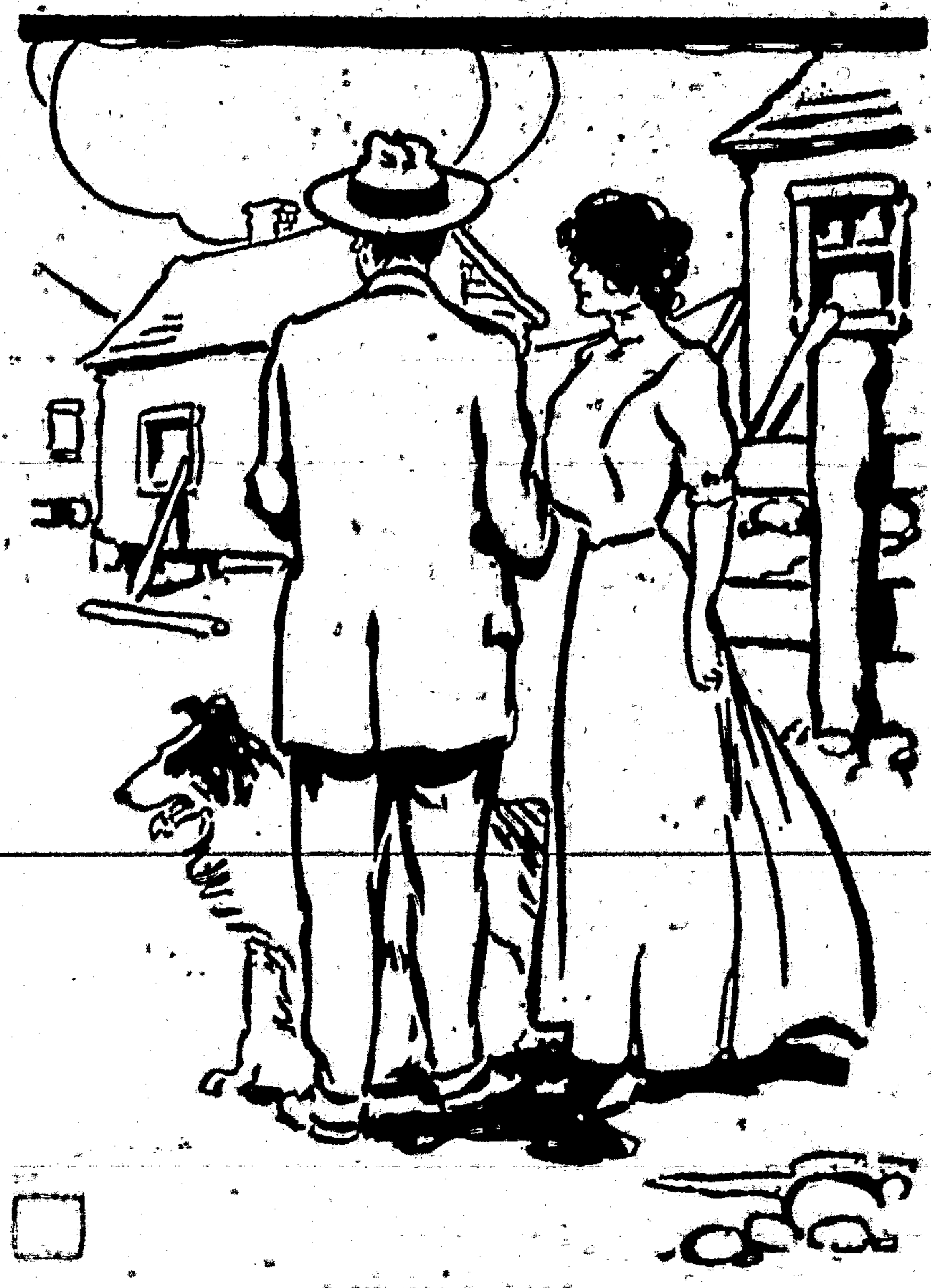
He could imagine the effort that her brave smile at parting cost her. . . .

Unsmiling, somberly thoughtful, he watched her away, then hurried down to the beach.

Ten minutes of steady walking brought him to the place where he had bathed that morning—ages ago! A scant hundred feet further on, at the very foot of the bluff that arched a slightly concave face above it, lay a rowboat, bottom up, screened by a huge boulder. Hope palpitant in his bosom, leaping and dying like a candle in the wind, he hastened to it, bent over, hands beneath the thwart, and stood it on its side. A low cry of disappointment sighed out from his lips. He let the boat fall back to its original position.

There were neither oars nor rowlocks. . . .

Despair blackened the sky for him. He swung about mechanically, in a daze of frustrated hope, and started back, plodding heavily as with weighted feet.



. . . . I Wanted to Think. . . .

Fifty yards away from the boat, a resounding crash behind him brought him to the about face with a start.

Whether by accident of nature or human design a portion of the overhanging bluff, just at its verge, had given way, precipitating upon the boat, in a cloud of pebbles, earth and dust, a rock several hundred pounds in weight; one entire side of the dory had been crushed in.

Coast's gaze ranged upward. Along the edge of the bluff nothing moved.

He listened intently. Not a sound . . .

A pale smile edged his troubled lips. "Check!" he said; and with a shrug resumed the backward way.

Unheeded at his heels the blind dog dragged, muzzle and tail adroop, uttering now and then a woeful whine so faint that it seemed hardly more than a sigh. . . .

CHAPTER XVIII.

Evening was advancing in utter calm when Coast regained the beach before the deserted village. The wind had died away to mere vagrant breaths, barely strong enough to darken that dully polished, unquiet floor of water, widening in loneliness from those desolate, fog-bound shores.

Pausing beside the beached catboat Coast stared hungrily at the little vessel off shore, gently swinging at its mooring. How to reach her, how make use of her if needs must? . . .

He shook his head in doubt, strongly assured now that he would set foot upon her decks only through exercise of force.

His hopes reverted now to Appleyard as the last resort. Without the little man and the Echo—or some other boat—he was powerless, a figure for the mirth of his enemies.

At his feet the blind dog crouched, motionless as stone, seeming to search the infinite with the unwinking stare of its dead, colorless eyes. . . .

Abruptly a sound of pelting feet transformed the scene. The blind dog lifted up with a jump and faced round, growls, rumbling in its throat. Coast turned, startled and apprehensive.

Down the way to the beach Chang was running at a curious, outlandish jog-trot, head low between his broad, gaunt shoulders. Apparently he was heading directly for Coast.

With a little thrill of fear the American glanced round for some means of defending himself. He had no doubt that the Chinaman had been commissioned to dispose of him even as poor Power had been done away with. In a sudden flush of anger he laid hold of the first thing that caught his eye—which happened to be the half rotted tiller of the catboat, a heavy and formidable club if it did not break with the initial blow—and moved a pace or two forward, holding himself in a position of defence.

But within a hundred yards the Chinaman swerved widely, then held on steadily toward the northern sand spit. A moment or two later he arrived at the water's edge, and while Coast stared half stupefied, stopped and stripped to his linen drawers, then took to the water, wading out until he lost footing, then swimming with long, powerful, overhand strokes, straight off for the catboat.

Watching the round, shaven poll with its coiled pigtail out swiftly throught the glimmering silvery sheet of water, Coast lost himself in anxious speculation until recalled by a quick movement of the dog at his side, accompanied by a deep-throated growl. He wheeled then to discover Blackstock close upon them, his burly body swaying heavily as he came on at a moderate pace.

A second growl, that more resembled an angry roar, brought the man to a standstill, with a hand moving nervously toward the side pocket of his coat, in which a firearm sagged visibly.

"If you're on speaking terms with that brute," said the man brusquely, "call him off before I take a pot-shot at him."

"Keep your hand clear of that pocket," said Coast sharply, advancing, "or I'll take a chance at you myself."

"You?" Blackstock's thick lips curved, contemptuous. "Take your chance, by all means, with that silly, worm-eaten tiller, if you've got the nerve; but call off that dog, or I'll shoot him dead. I want a little talk with you."

Coast, without ceasing to watch the man, for fear of treachery, had stepped to the dog's side and caught his fingers in an aged and weather-worn strap round its throat, before he appreciated the full significance of Blackstock's words. Then his jaw dropped and his eyes widened.

"What!" he cried, astounded. His gaze was keen upon the plump, dark, brutish face that leered at him; he saw its small eyes no longer dull and fixed, but twinkling with an evil, impish glitter. The dim suspicion that more than once he had rejected from his thoughts as extravagant and idle, was suddenly resolved into conviction. "So," he said slowly, "you do see, after all!"

"The discovery," said Blackstock with a ponderous affectation of mordant wit, "does credit to your perspicuity. I congratulate you on making it—when I chose to let you."

For a moment occupied with restraining the dog, which seemed half-mad with desire to fly at Blackstock's throat, Coast made no reply. In the light of this revelation the situation was taking on a new and fairly terrifying complexion.

"Of the two of us, I must say you've been the blindest," Blackstock continued in a manner of biting irony that seemed to amuse him. "I wondered from the first how long you'd take to find me out. Kate, of course, I'm accustomed to; I've had her hypnotized so long that she never dreams of questioning the matter, no matter how barefaced I am. But you—Lord! I thought you'd show more discrimination!" He chuckled grimly, resting an elbow on the side of the careened boat. "You, the knight-errant!" he jeered. "Blind as a bat! Good Lord!"

Coast spoke to the dog and succeeded in quieting it temporarily. "You've been faking all along?" he asked without visible resentment. "Ever since you showed up in court with those smoked glasses?"

He was talking more than for any better reason, to gain time to readjust his view point.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Electricity and Toothache.

A new cause for toothache and certain nervous diseases has been found by an European physician in the high tension electrical currents that are produced in the course of wireless telegraphy. This same savant is quoted as predicting a general increase of nervous ailments traceable to this same cause. He believes that the neuronic elements are so affected that a low grade neuritis is produced which progresses according to each patient's general physical condition, hygienic surroundings, occupation, habits, etc. If these make for health, the individual may slowly overcome the particular nervous manifestation caused by the electricity which artificially permeates the surrounding atmosphere. If the environment is faulty and the metabolism is failing, the low grade neuritis extends and sooner or later assumes the form of some aggravated nervous disorder.

Good Work of Wireless.

Throughout the world there is a shipwreck about every sixteen hours, and the general adoption of the wireless system of communication promises to cut this rate down very materially. It is estimated that the system has already been the means of saving marine property valued at $12,000,000, and of saving nearly six thousand lives.—Philadelphia Record.

Plurals.

There is considerably less reason why the plural of mouse should be mice than why the plural of spouse should be spice. Any bigamist will admit as much.—Puck.

All About the Swordfish

It Is Born in the Mediterranean and Americans Have Learned It Is Delicate Food.

The swordfish has arrived. We have called attention hitherto to the statement of naturalists that these fish are never found small and young on our Atlantic coast. They are born across the seas in the Mediterranean. When they begin to feel the spirit of adventure they start over for a summer along the North Atlantic shore. Here they spend the season, and, if they are not taken to market, they disappear again when the water cools and off they go. They are taken by harpoon. It is their custom to lie on the surface of the ocean, their great back fins swaying in the air. Apparently they sleep. But nobody would call them sleepy after the harpoon hits in. A considerable line is attached to a barrel at one end and harpoon at the other. The fish is struck and then over goes the line, barrel, and the whole outfit. The fish sets off madly, but after a time tires and in a dory the fisherman draws up to him, sticks him with a knife, much as a pig is dealt with in the farm, the ocean reds for a space about the boat, and then several hundred pounds of fish are hauled on board the larger craft. Last year swordfish were scarce and the fishermen got as high as 15 cents a pound. This year the Boston market is giving the princely sum of four cents a pound. Of late years New York has taken to eating swordfish, but for a long time the meat was unsalable there and New England did all the eating. Few fish furnish a more delicate food.

Write For This Free Book—Shows 20 Beautiful Modern Rooms—

tells how you can get the very latest effects on *your* walls.

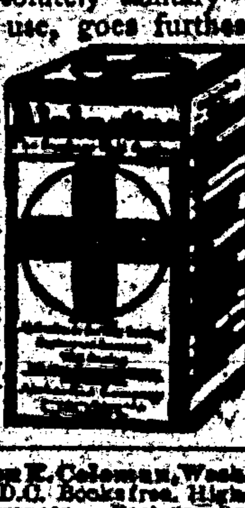
Contains a sample of the *Color Plans* our artists will furnish you, FREE, for any rooms you wish to decorate.

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

comes in 16 exquisite tints. More artistic than wall paper or paint at a fraction of the cost. Kalsomine colors are harsh and common beside the soft-hued water color tints of Alabastine. Absolutely sanitary—easiest and quickest to use, goes furthest and will not chip, peel, or rub off.

Doesn't need an expert to put on. Easy directions in every package. Full 5 lb. Pkg., white, 50c; regular tints, 55c.



Alabastine Company

18 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York City, Desk 8, 105 Water Street

DON'T FAIL to WRITE FOR THE *FREE BOOK*

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-est references. Best results.

Man's favorite brand of love is usually the latest.

Garfield Tea helps clear a muddy complexion, dispel foul breath and sweeten the temper.

A true friend is a person who listens to your troubles.

Some people lead such placid lives that nothing ever seems to happen to them, not even the unexpected.

Many a woman who wishes she had been born a man would be surprised to know that her husband shares the wish.

You may have noticed that about the time a shoe begins to feel comfortable it looks like a candidate for the refuse wagon.

Cuts Down Sentence.

Silicus—Do you believe in long engagements?

Cynicus—Sure. The longer a man is engaged the less time he has to be married.

Irrelevant Reasons.

"Why is Jones making his girl take music lessons? She'll never learn if she practices for a million years."

"Jones says he knows she has no talent, and he can ill afford the expense, but that he hates the people so on the next floor."

Kind of Things to Buy.

"I'm thinking of going on a tour on the Rhine this summer, and I should like your advice about the best things to buy there. You've been there, haven't you?"

"Yes, but it's a long time ago. I shall have to refresh my memory. Waiter, bring the wine card."—Fliegende Blaetter.

When the Appetite Lags

A bowl of

Post Toasties

with cream hits the right spot.

"Toasties" are thin bits of corn, fully cooked, then toasted to a crisp, golden-brown.

This food makes a fine change for spring appetites.

Sold by Grocers, and ready to serve from package instantly with cream and sugar.

"The Memory Lingers"

Made by
Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Pure Food Factories
Battle Creek, Mich.

Aftermath.

The great ball had been given, says Harper's Weekly, and Mrs. Noovo was running over the bills with her husband. When it was found that it totaled $10,000 Mr. Noovo winced.

"By ginger, Maria," he ejaculated, "$10,000 is a pile o' money."

"We have to do it, Silas, to get into society," replied Mrs. Noovo.

"Well," said the old man, scratching his head, "judgin' from results, it don't seem to me that we're gettin' into society quite so much as society is gettin' into us."

The Power of a Word.

A single word was often sufficient for Talleyrand to make his keenest retort. When a hypochondriac, who had notoriously let a profligate life, complained to the diplomatist that he was enduring the tortures of hell, Talleyrand simply answered, "already?"

To the woman who had lost her husband, Tallyrand once addressed a letter of condolence in two words:

"Oh, madam,"

In less than a year the woman had married again, and then his letter of congratulations was:

"Ah, madam."

Wonderful.

"How well you are looking?"

"Yes, I am a vegetarian."

"That settles it. I shall never eat meat again. How long have you been one?"

"I begin tomorrow."

A Good Reason.

Daniel Kennedy, New York's famous auctioneer, was talking about a collection of French snuffboxes that had sold too low according to the Washington Star.

"You ask why the owner sold them so low?" said Mr. Kennedy. "Well, he sold them low because he had to. Poverty compelled him.

"It is like the story of the little boys with the green ribbon on their coats. The school teacher interrogated these little boys to see what their knowledge of Irish history amounted to.

"'Patrick,' she began, 'Why are you wearing a green ribbon today?'

"'Because it's the anniversary of the great and good St. Patrick, ma'am.'

"'Very well, and you, Michael, why are you wearing a green ribbon?'

"'Because St. Patrick is Ireland's patron saint, ma'am, and green is Ireland's color.'

"'Good. And now, Solomon Eckhardstien, tell us why you in your turn are wearing a green ribbon.'

"'Because, ma'am, Pat and Mike and Denny said they'd bust me snoot if I didn't.'"

Rubbing It In.

Booth Tarkington was talking in Indianapolis about a novelist of the "high brow" type—one of those half-starved novelists whose reviews are much more remarkable than their sales.

"As this novelist, shabby and cold," said Mr. Tarkington, "was walking on Fifth avenue one wintry afternoon, there glided past the magnificent automobile of a publisher who had bought out one of the poor fellow's books at a heavy loss.

"The publisher signaled to his chauffeur, the automobile stopped and the novelist, in reply to a wave of the millionaire's hand, presented himself at the window of the car humbly.

"The publisher, wrapped in furs, said:

"'There's a great big manuscript nearly falling out of your hip pocket, If you weren't so well known—'

"Here the publisher removed the superb Havana from his mouth and laughed a loud, scornful laugh.

"'If you weren't so well known,' he repeated, 'I guess you'd have had your pockets picked.'"

Pointed Paragraphs.

Too many people mistake gall for genius.

Talk to yourself if you want an appreciative audience.

Many a bride is self-possessed even when given away.

And most of our troubles are magnified at short range.

An old toper is satisfied if he can keep his head above water.

A pretty girl never approves of men who flirt with other girls.

Some of the charity that begins at home isn't up to the standard.

A Woman doesn't worry about her intellect if she has a good complexion.

Most women are economical as long as you keep them out of dry good stores.

To a girl of sweet 16 a love letter looks like an advance agent of a wedding feast.

JOKES WNU

Unless a man is personally interested in a thing his enthusiasm soon drops to zero.

There are two things calculated to make a man's head swim—a merry-go-round and a merry widow.

A woman thinks a man is extravagant because he would as soon pay $1 for a thing as he would 98 cents.

The woman who shows her teeth and smiles is reasonably sure to attain her object much quicker than the one who shows her teeth and growls.

No man ever does as much today as he is going to do tomorrow.

A woman's mind is like a bed—it must be made up occasionally.

HOWARD E. BURTON, ASSAYER & CHEMIST
LEADVILLE, COLORADO.
Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, $1; gold, silver, 75c; gold, 50c; zinc or copper, $1. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank

POULTRY

KEEPING LICE FROM POULTRY

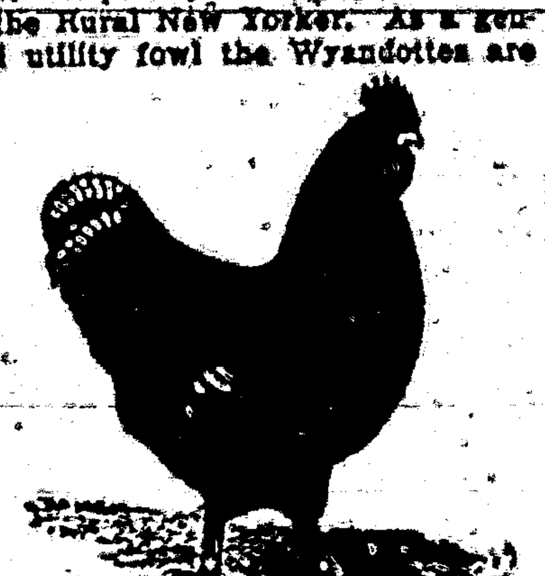
Maine Experiment Station Bulletin Recommends Simple and Quite Inexpensive Treatment.

One of the difficult and trying problems of the poultry keeper is to keep his poultry houses and stock free from lice, mites, etc. There are many proprietary preparations on the market to combat these, most of which work satisfactorily. However, they are more or less expensive. The Maine experiment station has just issued a bulletin on the subject and recommends a treatment which appears to be fully as simple as anything else, and much less expensive. The powder made by the station at a cost of only a few cents a pound is as follows: Take three parts of gasoline and one part of crude carbolic acid. Mix these together. Add gradually, while stirring, enough plaster of paris to take up all the moisture. The liquid and dry plaster should be thoroughly mixed and stirred so the liquid will be uniformly mixed through the plaster. When enough has been added, the resulting mixture should be a dry, pinkish-brown powder, having a strong carbolic odor and a rather less pronounced gasoline odor. Be sure that the crude carbolic acid is secured. If a spray is desired instead of the powder, simply take three parts of kerosene and one part of crude carbolic acid. If birds are infested with lice the best way to get rid of them is to use the powder, which is to be worked into the feathers. Remember, a single application will not be sufficient, because where there are lice present there are also unhatched eggs or nits. Make a second application four days to a week after the first, and if it is a bad case a third application may be necessary.

PLYMOUTH ROCK IS POPULAR

More of Breed Found on Farms Than Any Other on Account of Blocky Shape—Wyandottes Next.

The Barred Plymouth Rock is without a doubt the most popular breed of chickens in this country—more of them are found on the farms than any other breed. On special poultry farms the Leghorn is a very popular breed, and in the poultry farming districts the Rhode Island Reds are almost exclusively used, says a writer in the Rural New Yorker. As a general utility fowl the Wyandottes are



Plymouth Rock.

second in popularity to the Rocks, the white variety being the most popular. Their blocky shape makes them an excellent breed for broilers. Like the Plymouth Rocks and Rhode Island Reds, they lay a brown egg. The Leghorns lay a white egg and in this respect they have a slight advantage, as most markets prefer the white egg, though there is no difference in the qualities of eggs with a brown or a white shell.

SEPARATING YOUNG AND OLD

Pullets Need Plenty of Flesh Forming Food, Such as Barley, With Less Fattening Feeds.

Young chickens, like young people, have more or less timidity and therefore it is not well to run young and old together, at least it is much better to have them separate if you can well do so. Then again the pullets are still growing and they need plenty of flesh forming feed, such as barley, bone, meat with less of fattening foods. The hen should not be deprived of these either, but she can get along on less, as what you give her will not be taken away from the purpose for which you intended it, as in the case with the pullet, which not only needs these things for making the egg, but to go toward the development of her body. It naturally follows, too, that the developed bird will require less feed than the pullet, and because the pullet is somewhat timid she is likely not to get enough, or even her share. The young will feed more free among themselves and if you can possibly do so, keep them to themselves.

HOUSE FOR THE FARM FLOCK

Material Used Does Not Figure as Much in Economy as Shape Allowing Use of All Room.

It is not so much the materials that enter into the construction of a poultry house that means economy as it is the style or shape that allows for making use of every inch of room. The house shown in the accompanying plans is economical in cost, will take charge of a good-sized flock of hens and allow for additions to be put on

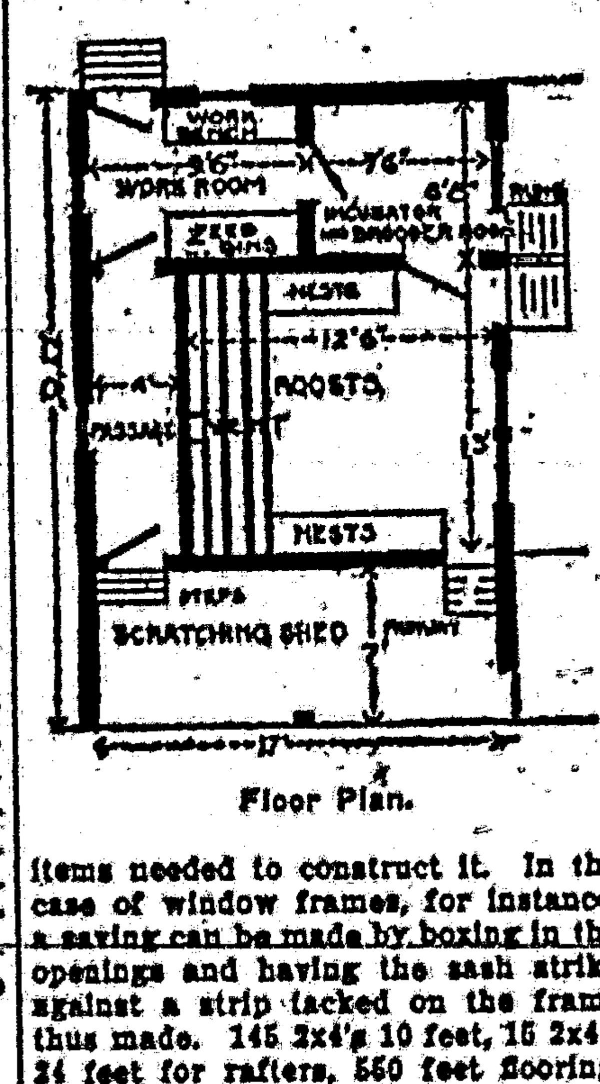
Front Elevation.

from time to time as the flock is increased, writes Thomas F. Maher of New York in the Farm and Home.

The roosting room is placed in the central part of the house and the roosts are in such a position that no drafts can possibly reach the hens. The ventilator, with openings close to the floor, tends to draw the fresh air from the windows toward the roosts and carries impure air out, while an abundance of fresh air is around the hens.

For a foundation brick or concrete can be used, but for cheapness sheet metal can be used and the house built on posts. In this case it is advisable to use a double floor. Before nailing the flooring it is a good plan to tack wire netting on the beams to prevent rats from gnawing through.

The house is 27 feet 8 inches long and 18 feet wide. The following bill of material will give the principal



Floor Plan.

items needed to construct it. In the case of window frames, for instance, a saving can be made by boxing in the openings and having the sash strike against a strip tacked on the frame thus made. 145 2x4's 10 feet, 15 2x4's 24 feet for rafters, 550 feet flooring, 800 feet siding, 300 feet inside sheathing, 6 rolls roofing, 22 2x6's 10 feet, 1 bearing bear 20 feet long 4x6, 700 feet roofing boards, 40 linear feet ⅞x4 for door jambs, 4 doors 2-6x6-6, 1 door frame and outside door 2-6x6-8, 2 window frames with storm sash to fit, 3 barn sash 20x24 inches, 32 linear feet 1¼x4 for corner boards.

The other materials needed for roosts, etc., can generally be found around the place.

Chicken Houses.

Sooner or later the chicken thief gets his due, but that does not recompense one for the loss of his stock; therefore, in building chicken houses, care should be exercised in their location and construction to prevent loss through thieves.

Remedy for Fowls.

If you notice symptoms of cold among your fowls, put coal oil in the drinking water.

POULTRY NOTES

The lazy hen is seldom the profitable hen.

It is as an egg producer that the Indian Runner duck has gained the most fame.

On every farm poultry should not only have a place, but a prominent place.

The Indian Runner duck is not inclined to fatten so readily as other varieties.

Rigid culling is absolutely necessary if you would keep the flock in the best shape.

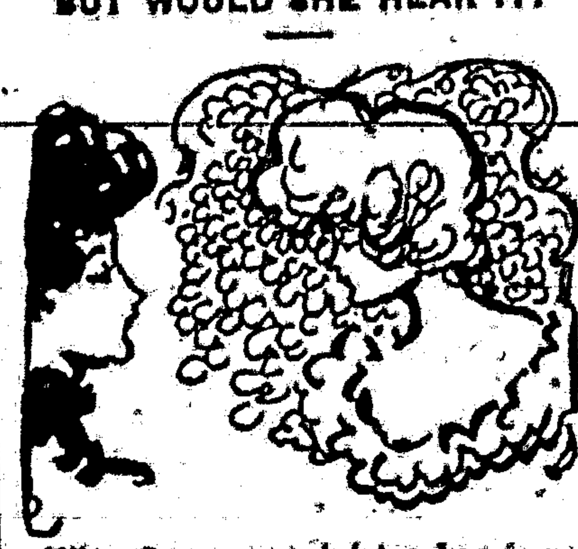
Ducks as a rule are hardy. They do not have gapes. The weakest part of a duck is its legs.

In case some of the cockerels need to be eaten or sold on a fancy market it pays to put them in a crate and fatten them for two weeks.

As an article of diet, if provided by a competent chef, the green duck resembles the famous and fast disappearing canvass back duck.

Here's
The Road to Comfort
A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the *only* way is via a glass or bottle of
Coca-Cola
Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.
Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.
Demand the Genuine as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

BUT WOULD SHE HEAR IT?



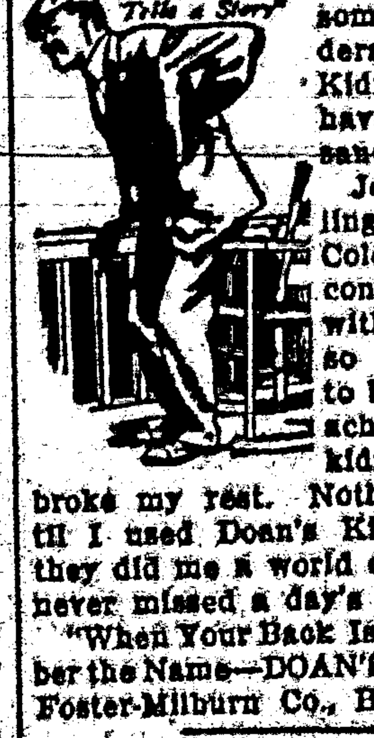
Ella—Our new minister has a perfectly lovely voice.

Stella—Yes. It would be worth while to die just to hear him read the burial service.

BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS.

Together Tell of Weak or Disordered Kidneys.

Much pain that masks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys—to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly. When you suffer achy, bad joints, backache, too, with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.



John T. Scantling, Trinidad, Colo., says: "I was confined to bed with rheumatism, so helpless, I had to be fed. My back ached acutely and kidney secretions broke my rest. Nothing helped until I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me a world of good. I have never missed a day's work since."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Real Cause.

The temperance orator was waxing eloquent.

"What," he demanded, "what causes more misery than liquor?"

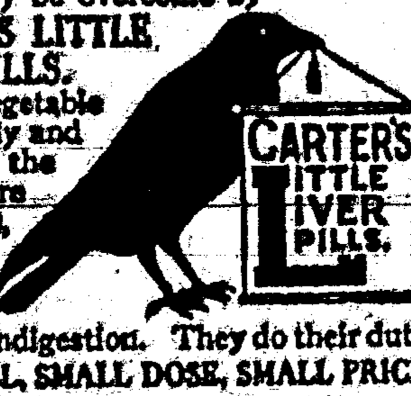
"Thirst," responded a husky voice from the rear of the hall.

That irritable, nervous condition due to a bad liver calls for its natural antidote—Garfield Tea.

Even a love match may have its flare-ups.

F.P 20TH CENTURY Corset
STYLE 270

Made of good quality steam shrunk coutil that will not stretch. "Automatic Boning," warranted not "to break for a year." Bones constructed with a patented automatic system that gives a sliding movement in bending, distributing the strain, and making them impossible to break.
AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50
BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.
233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Head-ache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.


SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. 15 cts. each at dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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EVERYBODY'S MAGAZINE and ADVENTURE
want a local Representative. You can earn a salary every month. Write to-day to: The Butterick Publishing Co., Butterick Bldg., New York City

Wanted An intelligent person to sell high-grade household specialty; write today for free particulars. N.Y. Lundstrom, 307 S. Second St., Rockford, Ill.

Fourth of July Special Sale

Men's and Young Men's Clothing

Our entire line of Clothing will be put on sale at a **Discount of 25 per cent.**

The season has only started yet, we are going to give you our profits and you get your choice of any suit in our Large Stock. The goods are all new this Season. Styles of the newest material and shades including Browns, Tans, Blues and Grays.

Sale Commences June 17th

$20.00	Suits Reduced to.....	$15.00
18.00	Suits Reduced to.....	13.50
16.50	Suits Reduced to.....	12.00
15.00	Suits Reduced to.....	11.75
10 AND 12	Suits Reduced to..	8.75

Florsheim Shoes & Oxfords

The greatest line of Men's Oxfords ever shown in Carrizozo are here awaiting your inspection, we are showing only what is new and stuff to please you. Any style and in all leathers. Most Styles $5.

Complete line of Men's Furnishings. "Hole-Proof Sox," "Signal Shirts" Coopers Underwear and Stetson and Thoroughbred Hats.

The House of Good Taste.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS.

CARRIZOZO NOTES

"The Outlook is always pleased to receive news of the local people and greatly appreciate news items called to our attention. Call 22, or drop into office."

—B. F Gumm made a short visit in town this week.

—J. M Rice of Parsons drove down from Parsons Sunday evening.

—W. G. Duggar has returned from a visit to the upper Ruidosa.

—Mrs. A C. Austin has returned to her home at Angus after a visit to relatives here.

—Will Prager of Roswell has been in the city this week in the interest of business.

—Mrs Grace Johnson of Deming came in Sunday to assist in the Lincoln county Institute.

—County Clerk Albert H. Harvey retnrned to Lincoln this week after six weeks spent here in Court work.

—Mrs. M. R. Pice has left for her home in Austin Texas, after an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Orin Stidham.

—The Eastern Star chapter of Carrizozo held a Special Meeting last Wednesday evening to inititate Mrs. Sales and Mrs. and Mr. Humphrey B. Hamilton.

—List your property for rent or sale with W W Stadtman dealer in Real Estate, Locating and Surveying, Office in Roselle Jewelry store.

—Chas. P. Downs, representative to the State legislature from Otero County accompained by his wife spent Saturday evening in the city on their way from Roswell to Alamogordo by auto. Mr. Downs left Santa Fe in his machine and has been visiting friends en route.

—Supt. of motive power J. T. Beckett was in the city this week.

—John Haley returned from Santa Fe, Monday after two weeks absence.

—A. L. Shirley of the claim department of the Southwestern was in the city this week.

—H. S. Campbell is expected to return to the city in a few days from Monroe, Wisconsin.

—A. T Anderson of Parsons was in the City this week to meet T. J, Jeff who went out to the camp with him.

—Gorden Gunn passed thru the city this week on his way to El Paso and stopped off to greet his many friends here.

—Business on the railroad at this point has picked up in a great degree there now being many fruit trains and stock trains each day.

—Robert Hoffman returned to work for the Southwestern this week after eight months enforced lay-off caused by an injury to his foot.

—Alfred Higgins and brother this week bought the Elite Tailoring Parlors from Ira Yarbro who had been propreitor for the last several months.

—Mrs. J. F. Kimbell and daughter Harriett left Tuesday for El Paso where they spent the following day shopping; returning Wednesday evening.

—The Gallacher Brothers brought their wool clip to Carrizozo and stored the same in a local warehouse. The clip amounted to over a hundred sacks.

—John Patten who went to Santa Fe some time ago to act as guard in the penitentiary returned here this week and will remain for some time

—George Ulrick and son, T. C. Fitzpatrick left Wednesday evening for Santa Fe where Mr. Ulrick will attend a meeting of the penitentiary board.

—Walter Winfield and mother, Mrs. Sarah E. Hill made final commutation proof upon their homestead near Carrizozo this week before Commissioner Chase.

—Andrew H. Hudspeth, chairman of the state democratic committee returned to the city Monday after having been absent in Santa Fe for several weeks.

—Frank Gurney left last Friday for El Paso where he spent the week end with his wife and son and returned here Monday Mrs Frank Gurney and Frank Jr. wil return here next week.

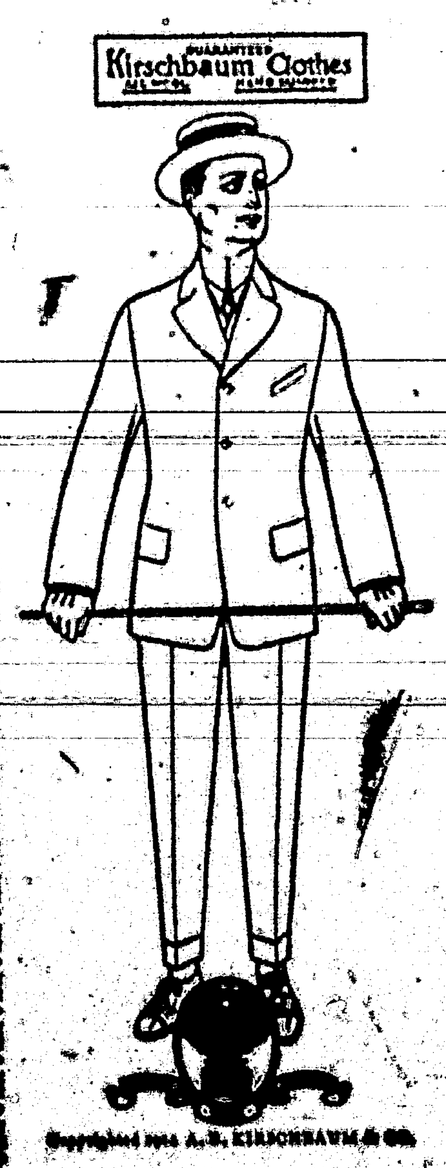
—J.B Taylor who is conducting the Lincoln County institute being held in this city arrived from Roswell Sunday where he conducted a very successful institute for Chaves County.

—Judge Frank Parker, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court passed thru the city this week on his way from Santa Fe to his home in Las Cruces, he left here Wednesday morning for Alamogordo.

—Herbert Hackett, wife and child were in the city for a couple of days. The Hackett's formerly lived here but now reside in Tucumcari. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Whittingham while in the city.

JUNE SALE

BEGINNING THE 6th, WE WILL GIVE 25 PER CENT OFF ON ALL READY TO WEAR GARMENTS.



Kerschbaum Clothes for Men. Ranging in Pric FROM $8.50 TO $25

Figure the 25 per cent and call in for the suit. We positively guarantee each and ever garment to give satisfaction.

BOYS CLOTHING.

We are exclusive agents for the BECKER MAYER & CO., Clothing of Chicago. Most of them have 2 pair pants, prices $3.50 to $7.50; 25 per cent off on these make them in reach of every one.

LADIES WHITE DRESSES.

We have a very large assortment of these dresses from $5.00 to $20.00, which we will give 25 per cent off.

ATTENTION.

These goods sell for CASH only at the discount price. No goods will be charged except at the regular prices.

CARRIZOZO TRADING CO

"IF IT IS NOT GOOD WE WILL MAKE IT GOOD."

STATEMENT

GERMAN AMERICAN INSURANCE CO. of New York, As of December 21st., 1911.

Assets - - - - - - $20,351,395.00
Liabilities - - - - $11,548,982.00

Harvey & Chase
Resident Agents