12 PAGES

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo, and Lincoln County

VOL. VI. NO. 52 CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 27, 1912. PRICE $1.50 PER YEAR

County Clerk

$16,000 CLUB HOUSE

Railroad Breaks Ground for Large Building for its Employees in Carrizozo.

INCREASES PROPERTY VALUES

That Carrizozo will always at least be as good a town as it is at present was assured this week when the railroad company through its sub-contractors started work upon a splendid Club House for its employee in Carrizozo For several years, or in fact ever since the railroad moved its division point to Carrizozo from Alamogordo, there has been an under current of rumor inspired by citizens from up and down the railroad, that the large permanent brick round house and shops with other permanent equipment placed in Carrizozo, were only placed here temporarily, and that the division point would be moved from Carrizozo in a short time to some other town. But alas! this little bunch of 'singers' against the virtues of the town of Carrizozo has come to an end, as the establishing of this large permanent cement building here by the railroad is certainly a sign that the railroad has no intention of quitting the town.

The firm of Jolly & Ware contractors of El Paso, have the contract for the erection of the building and Mr. Ware when here Wednesday, stated that work will be pushed as rapidly as possible. The firm intends to use all the local labor, material and every team available in the construction of the building The plans call for a cement building with 'pebble dash' covering; plaster inside. The basement is devoted to bowling alleys, shower baths, billiard and pool tables and other modern amusements and conveniences. The second floor will house the library and lecture room and the game room. There is a wide veranda fronting on the railroad for the men to rest upon also.

The survey and levels have been run for the building which is to be located between the depot and the Eating house upon the railroad company's 400 feet of right-of-way The inside dimensions of the building are to be 47 feet by 100 feet.

The start of this building, which has been a myth with the people for sometime, was greeted with much enthusiasm this week when the contractors got busy and made it appear that there is to be no question as to the immediate completion of the building.

GURNEYS ENTERTAIN

Mr and Mrs. Frank W. Gurney were the hosts at a birthday party at the Hotel Monday evening, the occasion being to commemorate Mr. Gurney's birthday The evening was spent at cards and games amid much jollification. After the games a splendid lunch was served: Those present included Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kimbell, Mr and Mrs. Wm. Whittingham, Oscar Bamberger, S. L. Northlane, Mrs Margaret Chase, and L. B. Chase.

SPECIAL PRICE--First grade hard wheat flour at $2.60 per hundred. Welch and Titsworth.

COURT MEETS OCTOBER 7TH

Preparations for court have been going on the past week and the Sheriff and his deputies have been busy summoning the Grand and Petit Juries. We give below a list of the Jurors on the regular venires:

GRAND JURY

(1) Juan D. Romero, San Patricio,
(2) Ira Little, Jicarilla;
(3) Harry Edmonson, Carrizozo;
(4) Apolinario Montoya, San Patricio;
(5) George Slaneros, Lincoln;
(6) Gabriel Marquez, Rabenton;
(7) Ramon Luna, Lincoln;
(8) C. W. Hyde, Carrizozo;
(9) Teodoro Gamboa, Lincoln;
(10) W. H Corwin, Oscuro;
(11) Ambrosio Chavez Alcisa, Lincoln;
(12) Lonjino Lial, San Patricio;
(13) Eusebio Baca, Rabenton;
(14) Wm. Garvin, Nogal;
(15) W. E. Kimbrell, Picacho;
(16) S. W. Clore, Meek;
(17) Julian Gill, Ruidoso;
(18) Florencio Chavez, Lincoln;
(19) Fulgenio Flores, Lincoln,
(20) Yesbel Paralfo, Capitan;
(31) E. Carabajal, Jicarilla;

TALESMEN

(1) Otto Zidlitz, Richardson;
(2) Felipe Montoya, San Patricion;
(3) T. E Kelley, Carrizozo;

PETIT JURY

(1) Ruma'do Fresquez, Arabela;
(2) Fred B tters, Nogal;
(3) Celso Gonzales, Picacho;
(4) Juan Otero Ancho;
(5) Wm Kelt, White Oaks
(6) Joe Long, Richarson.
(7) Frank, Salazar, Lincoln;
(8) Cruz Herrera, San Patricio;
(9) J. G. Recue, Nogal;
(10) Patrocinio Chavez, San Patricio;
(11) W. W Slack, Alto;
(12) W. E. Blanchard, Richardson;
(13) Sam Frambough, Ancho;
(14) Lorando Zamora, Lincoln;
(15 Frank Pipp, Richardson;
(16) O. K Ingram, Corona;
(17) A. S. McCammont, Corona;
(18) Monroe Riggs, Three Rivers;
(19) R. E Blaney, Oscuro;
(20) Frank Hall, Corona;
(21) W. G. Wells, Bonito;
(22) G. A. Titsworth, Capitan;
(23) E. C. Slack, Richardson;
(24) Vincente Ulivarri, San Patricio.

TALESMEN

(1) J. F. Kelso, Richardson;
(2) Hijino Sanchez, Arrhela;
(3) Marcial Sambrano, San Patricio.

MRS. FAIRBANKS ENTERTAIN

An enjoyable whist party, complimentary to Miss Frieda Eckman of El Paso, was given by Mrs. H. S. Fairbanks at her home on Wednesday Septemember 25th The house was tastefully decorated with wild flowers, the color scheme, green and gold, forming a pretty background for the fair faces and stunning gowns of the assembled guests.

Tally cards, daintly hand painted, suggestive of the season, were used as score-keepers

The first prize, a beautiful cut glass dish, was won by Mrs. F. W Mudge; the consolation prize being awarded to Mrs Stanley Squier.

Following the cards, which were played with zest, a card cutting contest was indulged in, Mrs. W. F. Whittingham being the fortunate winder of one of the latest literary gems

A tempting course of ices and cake concluded an afternoon of merriment, of which Mrs. Fairbanks proved herself to be a charming hostess

Those present, including the hostess and honor guest, were Mesdames Sager Gumm, Gurney, Mudge, Walker, Dawson, Squier, Jones, Riley, French, Whittingham, Campbell, Hamilton and Kimbell.

"THE SCUM OF THE EARTH."

JICARILLA HAPPENING

This part of the country was visited by the first frost of the Fall on the 22nd, which was four months from date of last frost in the spring to the day.

Mrs. Barnett and Miss Tickner of Ancho were visitors at Mr and Mrs Talbert's for a few days last week.

A. M Murry of El Paso, was in camp a few days last week looking over the mining situation of this part of the country, but he make one grand mistake when he says that the strike is not in the "Jicarillas," it is near in the center of the camp.

It is reported that W A. Franklin who represents the Wis M. & S. Co. contemplates putting in stamps in place of Rolls in the mill.

W. W. Fitspatrick, E. H. Talbert and L. M. Stubbs have been about 25 miles northeast from Jack Peak doing some work on a prospect located some 8 years ago by Mr. Fitspatrick which runs very well in silver.

Mr. Christian and Miss Flippen of Ancho, made a visit to the Camp Sunday.

W. A. Franklin made a business trip to Ancho one day last week.

A. T Roberts deputy sheriff, made a visit to the camp on official business last week.

THREE RIVERS.

Mrs. F. K. Reilly of Chicago, who has been spending the past month in various parts of California, stopped off here on her way home to visit her sister, Mrs. William Durbrow, Jr.

Sam Hall transacted business in Oscuro one day last week.

Joe Wingfield has been vacinating his cattle for black leg this week, also branding

Miss Rachel Harper spent Sunday with Mrs. Calfee at the I—X ranch.

A party composed of Mr. and Mrs. Dunbar and little daughter Marian, Mrs. Reilly, Mrs Nabours and daughter Miss Florence, Messrs. Riggs and Schelley spent a very enjoyable day Sunday on a picnic in the mountains.

EL PASO DELEGATION

The combined delegations from El Paso and Las Cruces, N M, to the Twentieth irrigation congress at Salt Lake City, beginning September 30, will leave El Paso in two special pullmans attached to the El Paso & Southwestern train on Friday morning, September 27, traveling by way of Dalhart, Texas, the Colorado & Southwestern Pueblo, Colo, and the Denver & Rio Grande. The delegates are due to arrive in Salt Lake City on the afternoon of Sept. 29 The El Paso Las Cruces headquarters will be established at the Utah hotel. Forty representative men of the New Mexico-Texas section of the Rio Grande valley will comprise the party. The excursion is being run under the auspices of the El Paso and Las Cruces chambers of commerce and water users' associations The party is due to pass Carrizozo on Friday Sept. 27th at about noon.

PIANO CONTEST

1	680005	41	2000
2	2000	42	2000
3	747935	43	2000
4	1078240	44	2000
5	2000	45	2000
6	2000	46	446161
7	2000	47	2000
8	2000	48	2000
9	432720	49	2000
10	17220	50	2000
11	2955	51	2000
21	2000	52	2000
13	2000	53	302025
14	2000	53	2000
15	2000	55	2000
16	2000	56	2000
17	2000	57	2000
18	2000	58	2000
19	941065	59	2000
20	2000	60	2000
21	2000	61	2000
22	2000	62	2000
23	2000	63	2000
24	2000	64	2000
25	2000	65	2000
26	4505	66	2000
27	2000	67	2000
78	2000	68	2000
9	2000	69	2000
20	2000	70	2000
21	2000		
32	2000		
333	2000		
33	2000		
34	2000		
35	731810		
36	917895		

TWO BIG FESTIVAL DAYS

Crowds are assembling for Two Days of Sport in Carrizozo.

MANY GOOD PURSES GIVEN

Today is the first day of the two days' festival being given by the citizens of the county. This is the first event of a like character given by the Carrizozo people in several years and the number of people coming in, evidences a splendid time for all. The committee has added a special purse of $35 00 for a quarter mile race to be run this afternoon which is in addition to the program given below.

For the Barbecue the beef has already been butchered and everything points to a success for the affair from start to finish.

The executive committee raised over $300.00 for the purses and contributions are still coming in. Every committee has done its work thoroughly, and every event from the reception to the horse racing promises to be very entertaining.

The program for the two days is as follows.

FRIDAY MORNING

Trap shooting, Carrizozo vs Duran.

AFTERNOON

2 o'clock, Social Reception at Peoples' Building.

3:30, Base-Ball Game, two Lincoln County teams.

AT NIGHT

8 o'clock, Social Ball, at Peoples' Building.

SATURDAY MORNING

10 o'clock. Base-Ball Game, Lincoln County vs. El Paso.

NOON-BARBECUE

AFTERNOON

1:30 o'clock, Foot Races.

1. 100 yard dash, purse $10.00.
2. 50 yards dash, boys under 16, purse $10.00.
3. 40 yard Sack Race, $2.00 and $1.00

3 O'CLOCK HORSE RACES

1. 3-8 mile dash. Free for All, $50.00 purse; entrance fee $2 50, to go to 2nd. Three to enter, two to start.
2. 250 yard dash, free for all, $25.00. Entrance fee $2.00, to go to 2nd. Three to enter two to start.
3. 350 yards dash for cow ponies. $25.00, entrance fee $2.00, to go to 2nd Three to enter, two to start.
4. 1-4 mile dash, free to Lincoln County Horses, $35.00, entrance fee $3 50 to go to 2nd. Three to enter two to start
4:30. Goat Roping, Purse, entrance fee $1.00.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

(Herbert Haywood, Pastor.)

Sunday Sept. 29th, 1912.

Bible School at 10, a. m. Prof. Charles Schreck, Supt. Junior B.Y.P.U. at 3 o'clock, and the Seniors at 7. Preaching at 7:45, Subject; "God's Way of Saving Mankind." Good singing at all the services, You are especially welcome.

Midweek Service Wednesday night at 7:45.

"Cut out this coupon and present it at the CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY STORE and they will exchange it for 25 votes in the $400 Piano contest."

1-4 MILE RACE FOR $35.00 PURSE THIS AFTERNOON AT THREE O'CLOCK

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Lee B. Chase, Editor and Publisher.

CARRIZOZO - NEW MEXICO

WEATHER AND NERVES.

The influence of excessive heat on human beings is amply demonstrated when the country is visited by extraordinary hot waves. In legislative and other deliberative bodies it leads to loss of temper and frequently to the passing of the lie. Individuals who are ordinarily even-tempered suddenly become morose or violent. The occupants of public conveyances are snappy in conversation and cross. There are also more suicides in warm weather than in cold. Deeds of violence and strikes predominate in the heated term. Most of these deplorable conditions are brought about by the ragged state of the nerves, and by loss of sleep. The disgruntled are run down in health. Many also are overtaxing their strength and consequently become nervous wrecks, says the Boston Globe. Overindulgence in smoking and drinking when the thermometer registers over 90 degrees causes faint action of the heart and dizzy spells follow. The wise man or woman, knowing how the hot weather can disturb their health and nerves, study how to keep from a breakdown. They control their eating, drinking and exercise, and keep within such limitations that they can pass through trying days of heat and discomfort with the least possible expenditure of vitality. They determine not to worry and to observe the laws governing health. Those who ignore these laws must pay a severe penalty.

The average individual who looks about him, particularly the individual who has had an opportunity to observe to what a small class the consumption of "luxuries" is restricted in European countries, can hardly fail to conclude that practically our entire population is interested, in one way or another, in the annual importation of luxuries. This is only another way of saying that the standard of living is, on the whole, vastly higher in this country than anywhere in the whole European world—that the average American demands and receives comforts and conveniences which the average European can seldom hope to gain. In brief, it calls attention to an indisputable fact which the preachers of discontent among us are only too ready and anxious to neglect. Voltaire wittily defined "the superfluous" as "the thing so necessary." In view of the high standard of living in this country, even in dull times, "the necessary" may aptly be defined, for Americans, as "a matter of course," the luxury as "the necessity," and "the wildly extravagant" as "the luxurious."

The American Bible society has been operating 16 years and in that time has issued 24,219,105 volumes, says the New York Times. Nearly a half million more bibles were sold and given away during the last twelve months than the year previous. The budget of the society for this year will amount to $660,000. The last report of the society intimates that the American people are not contributing as liberally as they should for the purpose of disseminating the Holy Scriptures. The demand for bibles is increasing instead of diminishing and recent statistics show that it is still the world's best seller. However, there's a lot of dust on some family bibles resting on the center table of the parlor.

A Japanese who lives in New York has a theory that gold fish of the kind caught in Morris Canal basin can be successfully used to kill off Jersey mosquitoes. The fish loves the larvae of the pingee, declares the Jap and will eat all he can get. This looks like an oriental dream. The Jersey bite breeds in the Jersey swamps, and there the gold fish cannot live. In fact, there is reason to believe that nothing can kill the animal except an axe or a stroke of lightning. Gold fish will never do.

In opposing his wife's suit for separation a Brooklyn man declared that he furnished a flat for his wife, gave her plenty of money to run it, hired servants, did part of the cooking himself, let his father-in-law go over his books to find out his income and has been a patient and submissive husband. Such a woman should have her petition dismissed if only on the ground of being so ignorant of her own welfare as not to know when she had a good thing.

BOY SCOUTS ON 2,000 MILE BICYCLE TRIP

BOY scouts of Burlington, Ia., who left that city June 10, on bicycles with a message for President Taft, are now on their way home. They reached New York August 3, and were entertained for four days by the boy scouts of the metropolis at the Hunter Island encampment, and then went on to Washington, where they were received by Mr. Taft and complimented on their pluck in making such a long ride on their wheels.

USED SHARK POWER

Man Rigged Up Boat With Small Engine That Could Go.

Won First Place in Race—Everything Lovely Till Inquisitive Swimmer Dived Beneath Craft and Made Discovery.

Newbern, N. C.—George Arthur, a fisherman, in the neighborhood of Adams creek, near Neuse river, 35 miles from this city, caught in one of his nets a large shark. He penned it in a pool which he made for the purpose, and after exhibiting it there for a month or more it suddenly vanished. Arthur told the inquirers that he had taken pity on the "varmint" and returned it to its native waters. About this time Arthur purchased a "long, low, rakish" skiff, explaining to his friends that he intended placing an engine in it and making a racing boat out of it. For several weeks he devoted many hours a day to remodeling it and placing a two-horse power engine in it. At last he announced that the boat was in readiness for any and all comers, and offered to bet that he would win. Several men who thought they had fast boats inspected Arthur's boat and laughed at his diminutive motor. But he said it was of a new and powerful type and that anyway he'd back it to win. So they arranged a race.

There were six contestants, and among the number were some exceedingly fast boats. Arthur was asked to give a trial exhibition of his engine's ability, but he refused. He said they could see it work the day of the race. On the appointed day several hundred people lined the river bank. The course was about five miles. The boats were lined up for the start and at the crack of a pistol off they went. So faint was the exhaust of Arthur's new engine that it could scarcely be heard, and within the first 100 yards he was left far behind the other racers. However, things had only begun to happen.

Arthur was seen to settle back in the steersman's seat and push a small lever. Immediately the little boat sprang forward. Faster and faster it cut through the water. Passing the other boats and their startled crews, it sped on toward the goal and arrived several minutes ahead of its nearest competitor.

That the little engine was the real thing was no longer doubted, and the owner received many offers to purchase, but declined them all.

After that Arthur was frequently seen on the river with his craft cutting through the water at a terrific rate.

Recently a party of picnickers visited the place, and during the day hired Arthur to take them for a trip on the river. They, too, were amazed at the boat's speed. One of the more inquisitive decided that there was something not entirely on the level about the engine. Arriving at a desirable point, a suggestion that the party go in swimming was made, and soon several of the young men were in the water. Suddenly one of them dived beneath the boat and when he arose to the surface lost no time in scrambling back into the craft. He said he had seen a shark just beneath the boat.

Arthur became greatly agitated at this point and suggested that they leave at once, but the other members of the party resolved to see whether their companion was fooling them. Seizing an oar, one of the young men jabbed it into the water beneath the craft, and, sure enough, found the shark. They were going to kill or catch it, when Arthur told them that the fish was in a wire cage beneath the vessel and that he used it for motor power. Further investigation proved it to be true.

After catching the big fish Arthur got the idea of building a cage for it beneath the boat and utilizing it to tow the boat. To get the fish started Arthur used a pointed nail driven into the end of a short stick.

FIVE HAVE UNIQUE MALADY

Children Are Helpless From an Unusual Disease—Doctors Call It Frederick's Ataxia.

Lynchburg, Va.—With the death and burial a day or so ago of C. C. Mitchell, in Bedford county, is brought to light a remarkable and wholesale case of affliction. He is survived by his wife and five children. All of these children, who range in age from about 12 to over 20 years, are afflicted in the most unusual and remarkable manner with a disease known as Frederick's ataxia, which renders them almost helpless, without power to perform any service for themselves, unable to speak intelligently, yet they are not without intelligence. With the intuition of a mother's devotion she has trained their memories in a remarkable degree, teaching them to repeat in jargon that she alone can understand, hymns, selections from the Bible and simple poems.

Mitchell and his wife were very poor and some years since the small farm they had bought, but upon which they had not been able to make the payments, had to be sold. The case seemed so unutterably pitiable that through the newspapers the story was told and help asked. To the appeal there was quick and generous response from many parts of the United States and even from Central America. Funds sufficient were thus secured to make full payment for the farm. With debt removed Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell made a comfortable support from the farm for themselves and their helpless brood of children.

Cases of this disease are very rare and attract much interest among medical men. One of the children was sent when quite young to the Johns Hopkins hospital, of Baltimore, for examination and the case was pronounced hopeless of any amelioration. One of the girls, who seemed less helpless than the others, was sent to Richmond to Dr. Allison Hodges and he exhibited her before the medical class of the University College of Medicine, but declared no medical or surgical skill would avail.

TO PROTECT HUMAN LIVES

American Museum of Safety Augmented by Gift From Kindred Institutions in Foreign Lands.

New York.—The work of the American Museum of Safety here will be considerably enlarged this fall by the receipt of a number of interesting and valuable collections from abroad. The German woodworking unions are sending 126 specimens of the various dangerous dusts from the wood used in their industry.

For the section of "Chemical Industries" France is the donor of 250 specimens of colors, showing those which are noxious to workers, with descriptions of the best methods of lessening occupational disease therefrom.

The German Life Saving association has sent a collection of marine appliances. One of the exhibits includes a full-sized lifeboat, equipped with oars, sails, compass, lanterns, provisions, water, life preservers, etc.

SEEKS HER HUSBAND AT 100

Kittitas Squaw Dresses in Finery to Woo Back Deserting Spouse—Met Him 80 Years Ago.

Spokane, Wash.—A tale of the loyalty of an Indian squaw comes from Ellensburg, where "Old Julia" Hanson, as the whites know her, has donned her finery at 100 and is endeavoring to woo back the husband who has deserted her. She has attracted much attention on the streets as day by day she has sought the runaway. He has not returned to her yet, but she believes that his old love will be awakened in time.

Julia is the last of the chieftainesses of the Sockley tribe of Kittitas Indians. She and her sisters have been well known to the white settlers since the region was first invaded. The three of them once owned more than 1000 horses and much land, but the property was largely dissipated by the husbands, who were unable to withstand white temptations. These derelictions, however, did not shake the loyalty of the squaws. Old Nancy, another of the sisters, for years led her blind husband about with every evidence of devotion, so that they become known as the Darby and Joan of Kittitas Valley.

Julia met her husband more than eighty years ago at one of the great councils of the Kittitas tribe.

Boy's Gray Locks Puzzle.

Berwick, Pa.—Physicians of this section are puzzled over the case of the five-year-old son of John De Frabis of West Berwick, whose hair is gray as might be found in a person of fourscore years. The parents, who are normal, have four children, all brunettes, while one son delights in eating chalk, coal and pieces of paper.

Doll Got Away.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Attempting to save six-year-old Vera Stanley's doll when it fell from her arms into the river, Hazel Kulka, aged eight, was drowned.

Polar Exploration.

North polar exploration had attracted the attention of adventurous and ambitious men for nearly 400 years before Peary reached the top of the world. Search for the south pole has always proved less attractive, and only during the last 140 years have explorers turned their attention toward the goal recently reached by Amundsen.

HANDS CRACKED AND BLED

St. Clair, Mo.—"My trouble began about fifteen years ago. It was what some claimed eczema. The form the disease worked under was a breaking out with watery blisters on my hands which would then dry and scale, and then would follow the trouble of cracking and bleeding, also itching and hurting. My hands were disfigured at the time, and sore. The trouble was very annoying, and disturbed my sleep. This last February it was ever so much worse than before. I did not do all my work on account of the condition of my hands. I could not put them in water without making them worse. I tried a lot of home remedies, also salves and liniments that claimed to be a cure for the trouble, but I did not obtain a cure.

"At last I saw the advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for a sample. I thought they would cure, so I sent for a fifty-cent box of Cuticura Ointment and some Cuticura Soap. A doctor advised me to keep ahead with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they cured me completely. No trace of the trouble remains." (Signed) Mrs. Mary Taylor, Mar. 29, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Remarkable Financiering.

"Figures don't lie."

"Don't they? Here's an item from New York that says a policeman there saved $80,000 in a month from his salary of $2,800. Those figures must lie, for they won't stand."

Opening Up Lhasa.

Lhasa, which is the capital of Tibet, for generations was known as the Forbidden City, because of its political and religious exclusiveness. In 1904 a British armed expedition opened the mysterious old city. Previous to that time practically every European traveler had been stopped in his efforts to reach the place. The population of Lhasa is about 35,000.

RELIEF.

The Editor—Well, there's hardly any chance of our going to war with Japan.

The Reporter—I'm glad of that. I never could spell those Japanese names.

A Large Package

Of Enjoyment—

Post Toasties

Served with cream, milk or fruit—fresh or cooked.

Crisp, golden-brown bits of white corn — delicious and wholesome—

A flavour that appeals to young and old.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

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IN CARRIZOZO FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT TEMPLE HOTEL

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
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LUNG DISEASE
"After four in our family had died of consumption I was taken with a frightful cough and lung trouble, but my life was saved and I gained 87 pounds through using
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex.
PRICE 50c and $1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS NOTES.

LINCOLN LOCALS

(Crowded out last week.)

School opens Monday Sept. 23rd. with J. E. Koonce as principal and Miss Bernice Barber, assistant. No teacher has been secured for the upper school, as yet.

H. P. Halstead has accepted the position as manager of the Leopoldo Pacheco store at Arabela, and will leave Monday to take charge.

R. A. Duran will occupy the shop vacated by Mr. Halstead and will conduct a general blacksmith and carpenter shop.

Henry Lutz returned Monday to Roswell to continue his studies at the N. M. M. I.

George Lindley took charge of the Lincoln Hotel Monday morning.

Dr. J. W. Laws attended the meeting of the Medical association in Roswell last week.

H. Lutz left for Kansas City with 8 cars of his Persiano lambs. Mr Lutz shipped from Ancho on Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. Penfield and children are visiting relatives in Morenci Ariz.

Mrs. Frank English and children of Carrizozo are visiting with the English's parents Mr. and Mrs. Peter Burleson.

Celetino Vigil who was dangerously wounded at Arabela some time ago, has been brought here, and is being treated at the home of Epimanio Vigil. The physicians in attendance say that Mr. Vigil is doing nicely and will recover.

WHITE OAKS WHIFFS

(Crowded out last week.)

H. B. Dye left for St Louis Wednesday.

Paul Mayer has returned from Albuquerque.

Francis Blanchard was a White Oaks visitor Wednesday.

Albert Ziegler, Mr. Thayer and family were visitor Sunday.

Mr. Campbell and family passed through Sunday.

Miss Eckman is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Clay Van Schoyck was up from Carrizozo Monday

Mr. Strong, a sheep man transacted business here one day last week.

Geo. L. Ulrick and friends passed through on their way to the Block Ranch.

W. A. Franklin was in from the Jicarilla on business.

Allen Lane and D. L. Jackson went to Carrizozo Sunday.

CAPITAN MURMURS.

(Crowded out last week.)

John R. Coleman has returned from Albuquerque, where he went to help represent Lincoln county in the Republican State Convention.

Jesse May has returned from the flats where he has been cutting hay.

Mrs. McBuerl and family of Jicarilla, are visiting her brother Jesse May of Capitan.

The Baptist meeting begins Sunday, Sept. 15th. Rev. Price the pastor, will be assisted by Rev. Dawn of Clovis, N. M.

Miss Hulbert of Lincoln, is visiting relatives of Capitan.

—Remember that Harvey and Chase can insure you against loss by fire in the best companies in existance. All Company's rates are the same so why not enjoy protection from an absolutely sound company such as the Hartford, Queen, Royal, Aetna, German American, Springfield Palatine or North American.

Serial No. 012691
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land office at Roswell, N. M.
Sept. 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that AUGUSTIN CHAVEZ, of Rabenton, N. M., who on July 30, 1907, made H. E. No 12244, Serial No 012691 for SE¼ SW¼, Section 13; and N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, Section 24 Township 6-S, Range 14-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Leo B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner in his office at Carrizozo, N. M., on October 12, 1912

Claimant names as witnesses:
Henry M. Corn, of Carrizozo, N M., Alvino Romero, of Rabenton, N. M., Argruello Sanchez, of Rabenton, N. M., Porfirio Meranda, of Rabenton, N. M

T. C. TILLOTSON,
s-13-0-11 Register.

Serial Nos. 014107 020110.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U S. Land office at Roswell, N. M.
September 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that HENRY ROSCOE DEAN, of Corona, N. M. who, on February 20, 1908, made H. E No 14206, Serial No. 014107, for NW¼, and on Sept. 17, 1909, made additional entry Serial No. 020110, for N½ NE¼ all in Section 35, Township 1 north, Range 13-E, N M P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Benjamin F. Adams, U. S. Commissioner in his office at Corona N. M. on October 12, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Governor Ross Brown, Doy Z. Colbaugh Azariah W. Colbaugh, Tom B Dye, all of Corona, N M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
s-13-0-11 Register

Serial No. 024873.
NOTICE OF PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
September 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that BRUTUS H. HENDERSON, of Corona, N. M., who on June 7, 1911, made H. E. Serial No. 024873, for S½ SE¼ Section 10; and N½ NE¼, Section 15, Township 1-S Range 14 E, N M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Benjamin F. Adams, U. S Commissioner, in his office at Corona, N. M., on October 12, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Alexander S. McCamant, James C. Brown, Daniel Franks, John T. Bond, all of Corona, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTON,
s-13-0-11 Register

Serial No. 03977.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION,
Department of the Interior,
U.S. Land Office, Roswell, Sept. 21 1912

Notice is hereby given that HARVEY HENDERSON LEDBETTER, of Corona, N. M., who, on April 23, 1909, made Amended H. E. 11669, serial, No. 03977, for S½ SW¼, sec. 20; and N½ NW¼, section 32, Township 1-S, Range 12-E, N.M.P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Leo B. Chase, U S. Commissioner, in his office at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 29th, day of Oct, 1912

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jame A. Cox, Horace H. Slack, Wiley W. Chrisenberry, George W. Sely, all of Corona, N M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
9-27-6-25 Register

$200.00 DEATH BENEFIT.
$15.00 Weekly Benefit for Accident or Sickness; $1,000 for loss of limb or eyesight; $100.00 Emergency Relief benefit. Cost is $6.00 per year—No other dues nor assessment.—MEN and WOMEN between ages of 16 to 65 are accepted Reliable Company with $100,0 of State Deposit for the protection he Policy-holders and to guarantee trpayment of claims. Write for further information giving your age, sex and occupation. Address Dept. 441 - American Registry Company, - Erie, Pa
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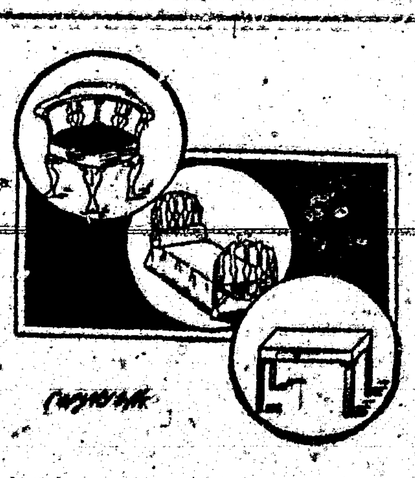

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ROYAL CHILDREN OF SPAIN AT GRANADA

CHILDREN OF THE KING AND QUEEN OF SPAIN.

THIS new photograph of the children of the reigning house of Spain was taken at the royal chateau in Granada. In the foreground to the left is the Prince Don Jaime, convalescing from a recent operation on his ear, and his brother Alphonse, the heir to throne. In the background, holding the hand of the governess, is the Infanta Marie Christine, aged three, and the Infanta Beatrice, aged seven months, on the arm of the governess.

TELL OF HARD CLIMB

Parker and Companion Back From Mount McKinley.

Brooklyn Man Arrives at Seattle, Wash., Meets Young Wife and Sees His Child for First Time—Will Not Ascend Again.

Seattle, Wash.—Prof. Herschell C. Parker of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Belmore Browne of Tacoma, who came within 200 feet of reaching the summit of Mount McKinley last June, have returned from Alaska. Prof. Parker was greeted at the pier by Mrs. Parker, a bride of a little more than a year, who had come from Brooklyn to meet him. He hastened to Tacoma on the first interurban car to see for the first time his child, a baby of a few months, born during his absence in Alaska.

Prof. Parker and Mr. Browne left Seward February 2, reaching the foot of Mount McKinley April 25. On their previous expedition they attempted to ascend the mountain from the south side, but this time they crossed the Alaska range about twenty miles east of Mount McKinley. They went up Muldrow glacier, taking the route selected by Tom Lloyd and his party of explorers when they ascended the mountain in 1910.

At an altitude of 10,000 feet the Parker-Browne party relayed supplies with dog teams from the camp below. After remaining at this altitude several days and unable to proceed higher because of a severe storm they decided to await more favorable conditions and dropped back to an altitude of 6,000 feet.

The party set out again June 5, going up the northeast ridge and Muldrow glacier. The route selected was narrow and hazardous and the ridge steep, but the explorers were able to reach an altitude of 10,000 feet before being driven back by the severe cold and blinding snow blown by a high gale from peak to peak.

On the third attempt an altitude of 20,100 feet was reached. There, with only three days' provisions left, they were unable to withstand the cold and gave up hope of reaching the summit.

Prof. Parker in explaining the severe cold on the mountain said that at a height of 15,000 feet June 15 it was 19 degrees below zero.

"I found that pemmican, the special food used by arctic explorers and made of beef, tallow and raisins, is of no value at the high altitudes," said Prof. Parker. "We were soon afflicted with severe cases of indigestion, as the food was too heavy, and we were unable to use a large part of our rations. I found that at an altitude of 13,000 feet I could not smoke without experiencing severe dizziness, while Mr. Browne seemed able to smoke at any height. About the coldest weather we experienced was at 13,000 feet, when the temperature fell to 36 below zero."

Both Prof. Parker and Mr. Browne said they had made their last attempt to reach the top of Mount McKinley.

EXPLORES WILDS OF KOREA

American Discoverer Finds Lakes Never Before Seen by White Man.

New York.—With three lakes and a large section of northern Korea added to his conquests as an explorer, Roy Chapman Andrews, assistant curator of the American museum, has returned from a trip around the world. Mr. Andrews penetrated the north Korean wilderness as far as the mysterious "three rivers," never before seen by white men. The rivers proved to be lakes on the top of a plateau and the explorer described them as the most beautiful he had ever seen. Their shores are of volcanic dust and the water, which is perfectly clear, contains no fish.

The Korean journey covered a distance of 500 miles and during its entire length its leader had to rely almost wholly upon the compass for his location. The main object of the expedition was the capture of certain specimens of gray whales, needed to make the collection at the museum the most complete in the world. Andrews caught three varieties, whose skeletons he shipped to the museum some time ago.

OLD AGE RISKS IN FRANCE

Number Who Are Registered Under Law Increasing Every Year, Statement Shows.

Paris.—Leon Bourgeois, minister of labor, has tabulated statistics up to July 1 of the number of persons who have registered themselves for old age insurance in accordance with the terms of the law of 1910, as amended in February, 1912.

According to returns received from prefects of departments, the number of persons under obligation to insure now registered is 7,029,008, or an increase of 273,930 since the previous quarter day, April 1.

The number of registered persons in France under an obligation to insure is about 12,000,000.

The government, it is understood, regards the returns of July 1 as fairly satisfactory in view of the fact that it has not been possible to apply actual compulsion, owing to an adverse decision of the court of cassation. A new bill making insurance effectively compulsory for the working classes is to be introduced in the chamber next session, and it will have every prospect of passing.

It is in view of this situation that the date for the practical application of compulsion was postponed till January, 1913.

KILLS WIFE IN PITY; FREED

Austrian Jury Acquits Man Who Shot Consumptive Spouse to End Her Sufferings.

Vienna.—Public opinion in Austria is divided over the verdict at Loeben in the case of a Viennese clerk named Haas, who killed his consumptive wife to end her continued sufferings. Haas shot his wife in a railway carriage passing through a tunnel, and then attempted suicide. The wife died immediately, but the husband was only slightly hurt. The jury acquitted him of murder, but found Haas guilty of carrying a revolver without a license. He was fined $1.75, and on payment was released.

Legless Boy Is Swimmer.

Philadelphia.—Although legless Tyson Bolwer, aged fourteen, has become an expert swimmer and wrestler.

NEGRO'S REST IS COSTLY

City Pays $15 a Day That Negro "Invader of White District" May Be Free From Annoyance.

St. Louis.—To insure peaceful sleep to R. A. Hadlin, a negro, and his family, this city is spending $15 a day, or $450 a month, to guard his home from possible attack by whites who resent what they term a "negro invasion" in their residential district. The guarding by policemen began early in May and if it is continued until September 15 the city will have spent $1,800.

NEW STYLE CALLING CARD

Maid Uses Those of Mistress, With Own Name and "Cook to the Above" Added.

Vienna.—A serving maid in one of the most aristocratic families of Vienna was dismissed because it was discovered that she was using her mistress' visiting cards, to which she had added her name and the explanation, "Cook to the above."

HAS OWN ORGANIST

Salary of $15,000 a Year is Paid Archer Gibson for an Hour's Solo Each Morning on Millionaire's $100,000 Instrument.

New York.—Pity the hard lot of Archer Gibson. He gets $15,000 a year for fingering a $100,000 organ an hour a day and rendering "Dearie" between the classical thunderings and groanings of the costly pipes. Also he gets a summer home—you'd wish you owned it if you saw it—and a nice, comfortable automobile. Archer works at the above-mentioned laborious task to delight the musical soul of Henry Clay Frick, multimillionaire Pittsburg steel magnate, whose summer home is at Pride's crossing, near Beverly Farms, Mass.

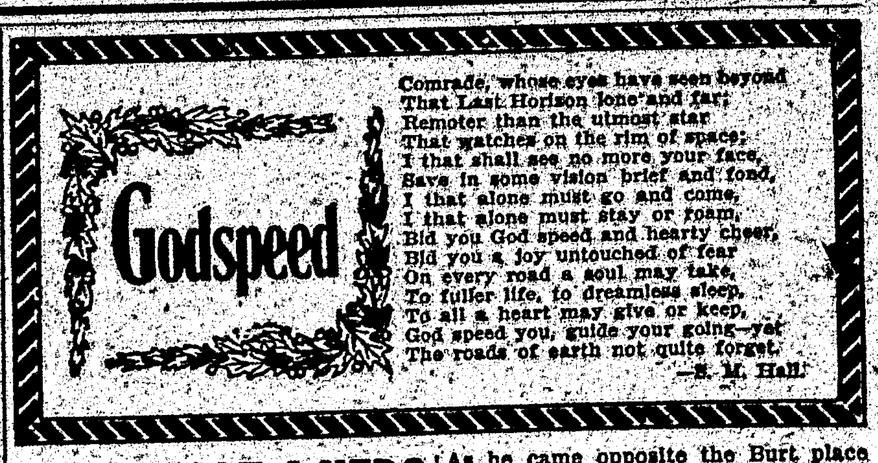
Every day at two p. m. the phone rings in the Gibson house and the organist motors over to the Frick mansion. There in the music hall the silent, gruff money giant sits waiting for his daily music. While the nimble fingers of Organist Gibson rip out peal after peal of stuff that dead men wrote—the kind that no one could see any merit in while the composer was alive—Henry Clay Frick, the tips of his strong fingers joined, listens in silence.

After a particularly weird succession of crashes and thunders from the costly organ the millionaire's countenance loses its former expression of wrapt interest. He leans forward uneasily as the music bursts in a glorious finishing flare.

"Play 'Dearie!'" he commands.

Then the $100,000 organ sends forth the strains of "that popular ballad, ladies and gentlemen," strains that the common instalment, "go-as-you-please house piano used to know before every began "doing it."

Usually a few repetitions of the above ballad are enough to allow a fresh start on the previous heavy stuff. And so the hour of music passes.



JIMMIE NOT A HERO

Why? Because Miss Mildred Detested Them.

By GRACE KERRIGAN.

Jimmie Fargo, gentleman, clubman, society man and traveler, had been in love no less than seven times when he met Mildred Burt at a function. Seven times he had been in love, or thought he had, but he had scarcely gazed into Miss Burt's hazel eyes when he realized that all that had gone before was mere fancy. This was no passing whim. It was love—the only and original. It foamed up like soda water and had the tang of cider three years old.

Jimmie was a young man. He had been used to making his vows on the first of January each year, but ten minutes after his introduction to Miss Burt he might have been found in a corner vowing to himself that he would win that young lady's heart and hand ere the robins or any other sort of birds nested again.

Jimmie Fargo had the reputation of going right at things. That's the way he happened to fall in love and fall out again the seven times recorded. He went right at this affair in his usual breezy way, but that wasn't, after all, such an aggressive way as to scare the bird off its nest. He made his vows and his inquiries, and then he brought his fad into play.

Jimmie Fargo had a fad. All men have, but they won't admit it. They flatter themselves that it's erudition, perspicacity, judgment, a gift granted to them alone for being so good. Jimmie's fad was character reading. He could tell the leading traits in the character of every man and woman that passed the clubhouse in a long afternoon. Of course there was no way of proving him right or wrong, and so he built up a reputation for himself in which he was the only real believer.

From a safe position Jimmie brought his fad to bear on the girl of his heart.

Chestnut hair. That signified a rather particular girl — particular about to whom she gave her heart.

Oval face. That signified a romantic nature.

Hazel eyes. That signified loyalty and love after the heart was once won.

A proud poise of the head. That signified pride of birth, and that triflers stood no show.

A dimpled chin. That signified that no every-day sort of man could hope to win her. She had her ideal, and he was a hero.

Red lips and even teeth. They signified that the owner was not to be won in the usual way. There must be heroism and adventure.

Small feet. That signified that the owner was defiant of public opinion to an extent. That is, she wouldn't make a beanpole of herself because Mrs. Jones had, and that she had just as soon ride up and down Fifth avenue in a farm wagon as in a $5,000 auto.

Jimmie Fargo had his own little patent way of interpreting things. When he had come to the end of his string he drew a long breath and tightened his belt. His job was cut out for him. Never in this world could he win the heart of Mildred Burt by sending bouquets and proving himself the most graceful dancer in his set. There must be romance and adventure, and there should be.

The Burts dwelt in the suburbs in an old colonial mansion. Jimmie Fargo had been invited there to several affairs. When a couple of months had passed he couldn't say whether he had made an impression on Miss Mildred or not, but he felt that he had not lost ground. One April evening he drove out that way in his auto. He wasn't going to call, but all men in love are pretty much alike. It does a heap of good to see the outside of the house that shelters the girl one loves. There is a sort of calm, sweet consolation in realizing that her hand has opened that gate, and that her feet have left tracks on the gravel path.

Jimmie drove past the house and ten miles beyond, and it was while coming back that Providence jumped into the auto and snuggled down beside him. Results followed within ten minutes. It was late in the evening. Jimmie had taken a slow gait. As he came opposite the Burt place he saw a human figure raising a ladder to a window in Miss Burt's room. The golden opportunity!

Jimmie was out of his auto and on that Raffles' back before one could have counted fifty. Raffles uttered a yell of terror as he was grabbed by the neck, and he tried to fight back, but he was flung down and sat on and pounded until a window was raised and a voice demanded to know what was the matter. It was the voice of Miss Mildred Burt, and Jimmie Fargo recognized it and gave Raffles another punch on the nose and answered:

"I have caught a burglar, Miss Burt! Please arouse the house and telephone for the police!"

"A burglar, you fool!" exclaimed the supposed Raffles. "Milly, tell the idiot who I am!"

"It's—it's brother Jim!" she softly called down.

"But—but—"

"I was late in coming home, and the governor locked me out," explained the boy of fifteen.

"Oh—ah—I—"

No, Jimmie Fargo was not a hero. That jade of Providence had played him false. He had blacked the eyes and bloodied the nose of the youth he fondly hoped to call his brother-in-law some day. That was all.

A week later another chance was given him. On Thirty-fourth street he saw Miss Mildred leave a dry goods store and take a taxi. After going a hundred feet toward Broadway, the vehicle began to cut capers and the frightened chauffeur abandoned his seat. Jimmie Fargo dashed forward to do or die, but the vehicle suddenly decided to be good and stopped, and Miss Mildred stepped to the sidewalk calmly.

"I—I—was going to—"

"Oh, it's you, Mr. Fargo? Fine day, isn't it? Do you know I'm off to the country in a day or two? No? Going down to Cliffdale to stop with my married sister for a month. Pleased to have you call if you are down that way."

Was Jimmie Fargo down that way in about ten days? He was! Jimmie was feeling blue for a week after that taxi farce. Two adventures and no romance—nothing to count for him. Then he suddenly brightened up. The country was the place for adventure—mad dogs—fierce bulls—vicious tramps—outlaws and horse thieves. Yes, he would go down, and he would depend upon Jimmie Fargo this time.

Miss Mildred had gone to cull the early summer flowers, and after waiting on the veranda for half an hour to work up the good will of the sister the lover set out. Far across a green meadow he caught sight of a figure. It was that of Miss Mildred. A moment later he caught sight of another. That was Farmer Taylor's bull that had jumped the fence. The bull started for the girl and Jimmie started for the bull. He shouted. He waved his arms. He called to Miss Mildred to make for the fence—to climb a tree—to fly away in an aeroplane.

And then his foot struck a hidden stone and he fell forward with a crash that dislocated his shoulder and rendered him unconscious for many minutes. It was the voice of the girl calling to a farmer in the next field that seemed to rouse him.

"Mr. Fargo, what on earth were you trying to do?" she asked, as she turned to the victim.

"To save you," was the reply.

"To save me? Why, didn't you see that the bull fell and broke his neck before he was half way to me?"

Jimmie sat up and his eyes filled with tears.

"You poor boy—you are in awful pain."

"It isn't that. I—I can't be a hero nohow!"

"But what do you want to be a hero for?"

"To—to win you!"

"Why, I positively detest heroes! Leave it out and be plain Jimmie."

It's too soon yet, but it will come around all right.

(Copyright, 1912, by Associated Literary Press.)

Scrub Chickens.

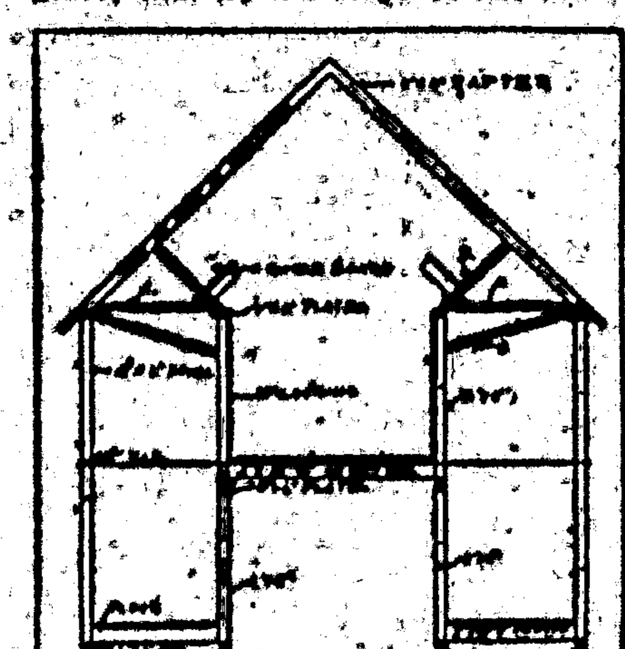
The skin of poultry is frequently very dirty when brought from market and fowls should not only be washed but scrubbed with a soft brush and warm water, in which a teaspoonful of baking soda has been dissolved. Such treatment will prevent the disagreeable "henny" taste often noticeable in cooked poultry.

FARM AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT

CONSTRUCTION OF CORN CRIB

Modern Farmer Now Uses Elevator for Cribbing Crop—Section of Building Is Shown.

Modern machinery and methods have brought about great changes in harvesting the corn crop and the modern farmer now uses a corn elevator for cribbing his corn. In response to several inquiries and for the benefit of those who intend to build new cribs to be filled with an elevator we publish herewith a sectional drawing showing how the crib should be built, how the timbers should be placed and the various sizes of same, says the Iowa Homestead. The drawing shows a section of a 24-foot crib with a ten-foot driveway in the center and a grain bin over the drive. The length may be any size from 25 to 200 feet long. In building one of these cribs it must be remembered that the roof must have an angle of at least 45 degrees, that is, the slope of the same



Section of Corn Crib.

must be what is called half-pitch, meaning that the distance from the peak down to the plate must be half the width of the building. This steep roof is necessary to accommodate the corn conveyor and distributing spout which is hung directly from the rafters. For this reason care must be used not to have any cross ties higher up on the rafters than shown in the drawing. The studs are two by six inches set 24 inches on centers. The braces A, B and C are all two by six inches placed four feet on centers. The rafters are two by six inches set 24 inches on centers; the sills, if crib sets on piers, should be six by six inches or six by eight inches square. A tie rod one-half or five-eighths inches in diameter should be placed across the building ten feet apart, as shown. The guide boards are for distributing the corn evenly in the crib, but should not be nailed in place until the conveyor is installed, as in the distributing spouts in the various machines, the spout is so arranged that the center studs forming the driveway may be extended up above the plate line as much as three feet, increasing the capacity of the grain bin just that much. The roof may be covered with any material, but a good composition roof is recommended.

Improved Roads.

According to a report of the director of the office of public roads, the five leading states in improved roads are as follows:

	Mileage Improved. 1904.	1909.
Indiana	22,877	24,985
Ohio	28,460	31,106
New York	5,576	12,787
Wisconsin	10,628	14,167
Kentucky	9,096	10,114

Digging Potatoes Promptly.

Irish and sweet potatoes should be dug as they mature. Do not let them remain in the ground after they are ripe. They will never keep so well as when dug as soon as ripe and carefully dried out. The injured and diseased tubers should be carefully sorted out as soon as possible after digging.

Development of Acidity.

Acidity in marsh soil develops commonly where lime carbonate is not brought in from surrounding higher land. This acidity does not interfere with the growth of crops provided the soil is properly fertilized.

Push Fight on Weeds.

The fight against the weed pest should be pushed to the last notch from now on because this year's weeds and next year's seed can be destroyed at one stroke.

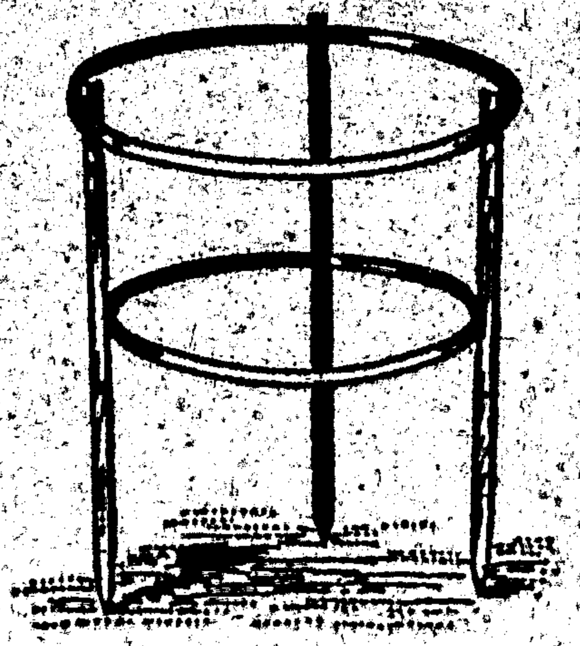
Getting Most Profit.

The ultimate end of the hog is pork and the quicker the growth to market maturity, the more profit there is in it for the feeder.

SUPPORT FOR THE TOMATOES

One Shown in Illustration, Used for Several Years, Has Given Entire Satisfaction.

The illustration herewith shows a tomato support that I have used several seasons with much satisfaction, as it takes so little time and trouble to place it, and performs its office so perfectly, writes Henry C. Little of Massachusetts in the Rural New Yorker. All that is required is three stakes 2½ feet long and one inch or more square, sharpened at one end, and notch cut on one side at the other, just sufficient to hold the hoop up, and two barrel hoops of different sizes; a sugar barrel hoop and a flour barrel hoop work well, or hoops from



Tomato Support.

end and middle of flour barrel. Drive the three stakes on a slant on a circle around base of plant as much smaller than the smaller hoop's diameter, as the difference in diameter of the two hoops. Place the larger hoop in place, in the notches on top, and then press in the smaller one till all is taut. At end of season I make a bundle of all the stakes, and another of the hoops, and hang up out of the way till wanted the next season. Mine have been used five seasons, and are still good.

POLE DRAG IS SERVICEABLE

Next Best Implement Where One Does Not Possess Land Roller—Easy of Construction.

If you don't possess a land roller, the next best thing is a pole drag. The one shown in the cut is better than a roller for leveling and pulverizing the soil. It is composed of three hardwood poles 6 inches through and 7 feet long writes Fred O. Selby in the Farm and Home. They are fastened together about 2 feet apart by means of short pieces of chain.

To hold the seat a piece of board is bolted to the middle of the first pole and allowed to extend slightly

A Serviceable Pole Drag.

beyond the last one. On top of this an old mowing machine seat is fastened, and the arrangement is such that while the seat is held in place the poles may work independently of each other. As the seat is bolted to the board, it can easily be removed, making the implement much easier to house when not in use. The drag should be drawn by a short piece of chain attached to the center of the first pole, as is indicated.

Breeding Flies.

The number of flies on the farm can be kept in check by keeping all manure carted away to the field, thus removing their breeding grounds.

Good Roads & Farm Notes

It's the stray cockleburr that seeds the field for next year.

Never hoe or cultivate beans when the vines are wet with dew or rain.

A heavy crop of weeds will check the growth of the clover a great deal.

Blood meal is rich in protein, peas are much richer in protein than corn.

Corn planted to secure a large yield of ears makes the most valuable silage.

The seeding of rape and turnips in corn has become an established practice.

Sow some clover; if nowhere else, sow in corn after the cultivation is over.

Alfalfa will grow on nearly all good, well-drained soils, but best on a rich, sandy loam.

The only good way to shock grain is in round shocks with one or two cap sheafs on top.

Pick cucumbers often and clean. If permitted to mature and make seed, the productiveness of the vine stops.

LIBERAL DRY FARM GARDENS

One to Two Acres Will Give Varied and Healthful Diet and Cut Down Living Expenses.

The dry-farmer should plant a liberal garden. I believe from my experiences that a kitchen garden of one and one-half to two acres will not only give a more varied and healthful diet, but actually cut down the living expenses of the average family from $100 to $300, writes J. B. Barber in the Dakota Farmer.

My garden of 1911 was broken from the virgin sod from six to nine inches deep. It was situated next to the river and 40 inches above it, so you can readily see there was no chance for sub-irrigation; soil, sandy loam over a gumbo hardpan at a depth of about two feet.

I planted two-thirds acre of potatoes April 12th, breaking the ground six inches deep and placing the potatoes (cut to about two eyes) in each third furrow and next to the square side so the next furrow would just break over them. This insures even and uniform stand. Usually the early planted potatoes do the best here, the very best ones I have grown being planted March 27th, although it is very probable that in a season like 1911, later planting would have given equal if not better results.

April 15th I began to plant small seeds such as onions, beets, carrots, salsify, parsnips, spinach, radish, rutabaga, turnip, etc. Practically no precipitation fell from the melting of the snow, March 1st to 10th, until May 15th, when we were favored by heavy rain. On May 24 I reworked half of the onion land and planted to popcorn. On May 28th I set two dozen each of cabbage and tomato plants, and more cabbage later on. I planted a few hills of melon and squash May 15th; also cucumbers. Had to replant part of these later owing, I believe, to mice taking the seed. Getting occasional light rains from this time on, all the varieties grew and produced well, and while the results would not, perhaps, be called wonderful, they were very satisfactory, and not only furnished an abundance of vegetables throughout the season, but also put in the cellar something like 60 bushels of potatoes, 15 bushels of table beets, a sack of carrots, two each of turnips and rutabagas, several of onions, some salsify and cabbage; also salted down a keg of cucumbers for pickles. I had between 100 and 200 melons of each variety. Squashes, while they produced abundantly, were a worthless mixture. Beans were omitted from the seed order, so had none, if I except the Syrian peas, which are great producers here.

From one pound of seed of the Golden Bantam sweet corn I had corn to use for six weeks (not small quantities either) besides giving considerably away. Also produced 12 quarts of select shelled seed in addition.

Of onions the Southport Red Globe is my favorite, and my experience would lead one to believe they could be profitably produced in a commercial way upon the dry farm. There is no patent on my way of growing onions; they were simply drilled into a deeply-inverted sod which had been well worked down and afterwards kept clean, frequently going through them with a fine-tooth hand rake.

Carrots seem the best adapted to dry-land conditions of the root crops, though I had rutabagas measuring 25 inches in circumference. Plant plenty of these and the old cow will willingly help you dispose of the surplus next winter.

Salting Stock.

Shall we salt the stock? A friend says to feed the salt in the feed and not let them have access to it. His grounds are that he does not like to eat unsalted food, and then go into the pantry and eat a lot of salt, and he takes it that the sheep or cow is like him in this respect. This looks like good logic.

Culture of Alfalfa.

The culture of alfalfa can only be successful under careful and intelligent cultivation, or in other words high-class farming. In the dry-farming sections alfalfa is now successfully grown. Under the irrigation system the crop is a sure and abundant one. In the Atlantic states the greatest returns have only been secured by those following careful preparation of ground, heavy fertilizing and best method of harvesting and feeding the crop.

Action in Light Horses.

Action is extremely important in light horses. It should be straight and true. At the trot it should be what is known as the straight line trot, no wabbling from one side to the other or swinging the feet. The action from behind should be straight, the feet picked up smartly, hocks well flexed and the feet of both fore and hind legs at each step placed immediately in front of the former position.

Ben Franklin was a dry farmer, for he wrote: "Plow deep while sluggards sleep."

GOOD JOKES

A Suggestion.

The retailer stopped one of his oldest customers on the street.

"I want to speak to you," he began.

"Go ahead and see if I care."

"You've got to care. This bill of yours has been running a long time now."

"Poor thing! How can you be so cruel as to let it run a long time?"

"Well, what are you going to do with it?"

"I'm going to make you a suggestion. If that bill has been running for as long as you say it has, give it a rest. Let it stand for a month or two."

Influence of Clothes.

He—Did you ever observe what a difference clothes make on one's mind? Now, when I am in my riding togs I'm all horse; when I have on my business suit my mind's full of business; when I get into my evening dress my mind takes a purely social turn."

She—And I suppose that when you take a bath your mind's an utter blank?—Stray Stories.

WELL NAMED.

She—Do you notice that Lord De Broke calls Miss Milyuns, to whom he's engaged, "My Subby?"

He—Yes; I suppose he means "sub-treasury."

In No Hurry.

"I'm next," said the lanky man in the barber shop, "but you can have my turn."

"That's good of you," gratefully responded the last comer, "but you will have to wait an hour or more before you get in the chair."

"I wish it was six hours. There's a chap on the other side of the street with a bill, waiting for me to come out."

Flirting With Fame.

"Why do you insist on nibbling around that hook?" said the wise fish. "You know the danger."

"Yes," replied the little fellow; "but we all have a certain appetite for glory. I am willing to take a chance for the sake of being described to that man's friends as the big fish that got away."

Didn't Live Long.

Day and night
He sought fresh air;
That's his grave
In the corner there.

A Bit Radical.

"It seems to me that Mrs. Waggson is inclined to go too far in her demand for woman's rights."

"She does seem a bit radical."

"I heard say, the other day, that she would never be satisfied until the word 'patriot' had become obsolete and 'matriot' had taken its place."

The First.

A little boy who was evidently attending Sunday school for the first time, listened with much interest to the questions that were asked by the teacher and answered by the pupils. Finally he was asked:

"Who were the first man and woman?"

"Punch and Judy," he confidently replied.

Anything May Happen.

"What are you smiling at?"

"I see here a report that a child was born with a full set of teeth."

"Well?"

"How do such impossible reports get abroad?"

"Do not be too incredulous. Strange things happen. Seems to me that I have heard a report that a Boston child was once born with eyeglasses."

Very Careful.

"I understand she plays a very careful game of bridge."

"Careful is the word. Just good enough to keep her husband interested, and not quite good enough to beat him."

THOUGHT TOO MUCH.

Tompkins—Your wife seems to be a very thoughtful woman.

Thompson—She is. She thinks all kinds of things if I happen to be out late.

AN EYE ON THE MAIN CHANCE.

"And what, my dear boy," asked the minister, "do you intend to do when you grow up?"

"A farmer, sir."

"Very good indeed—to supply the natural food—most good."

"And you?" turning to the second.

"Please, sir, a schoolmaster."

"Even better. Filling the mind of the rising generation with mental food—yes, even better."

"And you?" turning to the third.

"A preacher, sir."

"The best of all, my dear little boy; for filling the soul with spiritual food is far worthier than either filling the mind or body. And why do you wish to become a minister?"

"'Cos we always have duck for dinner when the parson comes," replied the boy.

Took Too Much.

A very doleful case, alas—
He hoped to 'scape from pain
And so he took some laughing gas,
But never smiled again.

Well Satisfied.

Bliffers—Buncom is a self made man, isn't he?

Wiffers—Yes. What made you think so?

Bliffers—He seems to be so well satisfied with the job.

SUNBURNED.

She—Oh! Belle's a shirt waist girl.

He—But she wears a coat of tan.

A Preference.

"Mrs. Stoughtone says she always sleeps on her front porch."

"Does she? I prefer my right side."

Deduction.

"I wonder what the slender young woman works at?" says the man with the vibrant ears.

"She must be a school teacher," answered the man with the deep set eyes. "I overheard her say that she tans very quickly."—Judge's Library.

A New Industry.

"Now that so many automobiles are passing your house," said the visitor, "I should think you would keep your hens shut up."

"What!" said the farmer. "And cut off my greatest income?"—Judge's Library.

Doing Something.

"Say, John, our calf isn't any better. Isn't their anything we could do till the vet comes?"

"Well, there are two powders left that the doctor gave Tommie for the measles. Let's try those."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Not He.

Who thinks the world all right
When fish begin to bite,
Will never vex his heart
About the money mart.

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly In The Interest of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 5, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

LEE B. CHASE, Editor and Publisher

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

ONE YEAR, In Advance . . . $1 50
SIX MONTHS, In Advance . . . 75

OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1912

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President.
WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

For Vice-President
JAMES SCHOOLCRAFT SHERMAN

THE BRAYING DONKEY AND THE BELLOWING MOOSE

There is sunshine o'er the nation, there is joy in every heart,
For the crops are just tremendous and in every busy mart
There's a hustle and a bustle—men are busy every day,
Happy in their constant labor, steady work and steady pay.

Railroad trains are running heavy, loaded down with tons of freight;
Factories are humming gayly, starting early quitting late.
It's a great and glorious country, with Prosperity endowed,
While the Donkey keeps on braying and the Moose bellows loud

'Twas not always thus so pleasant! There were years of direal gloom
When the workingmen were idle, factories were like a tomb.
Hungry men tramped dusty highways, vainly seeking daily bread;
Families were near starvation; business languished, almost dead.
Farmers everywhere despondent; corn and wheat sold for a song;
Hogs were hardly worth the raising, everything went sadly wrong.
Those sad days will be returning, every heart with care be bowed,
If the Donkey keeps on braying and the Bull Moose bellows loud.

Let us reason well together! Common sense should have full sway!
Why should we be blind and foolish driving happiness away?
Why should we the farm encumber with a mortage, as of old,
When we know that we vote right, crops are worth their weight in gold?
When the Ship of State is sailing safely on its charted way,
Why invite disastrous shipwreck on the next election day?

O we'll vote for Taft and Sherman—just the same old happy crowd—
While the Donkey keeps on braying and the Bull Moose bellows loud!

TOO MUCH

The following card was this week received from a subscriber and we appreciate the spirit:

"Why is it that the 'zozo papers never say a word about the war in Mexico and other places. What would we know about the events of other countries unless we subscribed for outside papers With this exception your paper is a good one and we are glad to know about the 'teas' and entertainments and where Lee Goats and Jim Harper are each week."

SUBSCRIBER.

All we can say as to why we do not print the news of the war in Mexico is that it is impossible for a local paper to cover all international events and as well give all the local news. A local weekly newspaper is, we believe, strictly for the home folk and to tell what they are doing, and we only aim to print news of outside events which effect them. The subscriber expects too much for 'our one-horse outfit' to turn out, and Lincoln county will not at this time support a daily news service. When the county does get sufficient population for a daily paper, telling of the worlds events, "we will be there with the goods."

CORONA CLIPPINGS

Joe Holzman is on a business visit to Santa Rosa.

Messrs. Morris and Kelly have returned from Ancho where they have been shipping sheep.

Messrs Lovelace and Queen have just returned from a business trip to Roswell

Miss Pearl Colbaugh from the country is visiting Miss Gladys Bond this week.

Miss May Adams returned from a visit to Santa Rosa on the 21st.

Mrs. W. R. Lovelace spent two day in town with a sick child, Dr. Richards in attendance.

R. and F. Sultemair came in from their ranches for a two days shopping visit.

Lon Atkinson and family return from Estancia the 22nd.

Zeb Owens and wife were in town Sunday, traying their new auto.

Pablos Chavez made a business trip to Pinos Valley Saturday.

Earnest Johnson came up from El P. so the 23rd.

Wilbur Dishman is still improving

Mrs McCammant was in town Monday.

Zeb and Al Owens returned from Roswell with two new autos last week.

—With every subscription, new or renewed to this Outlook 150 votes will be given in the Carrizozo Trading Company's Piano Contest. Votes will also be given with every job order, engraving order, or for any goods or work out of the Outlook shop. The rate will be one vote for every penny expended. J mp.

03963
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior.
U. S Land office at Roswell, N M.
Sept 21, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that JAMES A. COX, of Corona, N M, who, on April 23, 1900, made amended homestead entry 10511 serial, No 03963, for S½ NW¼, and N½ SW¼, Section 29, Township 1-S, Range 12-E N.M P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U.S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N.M on the 29th, day of Oct. 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

George W. Sely, Horace H. Slack Wiley W. Chrisenberry, Harvey H. Ledbetter, all of Corona N. M

T. C. TILLOTSON
S 27-0-25 Register.

Serial, No 017928
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department Of The Interior,
U. S. Land office at Roswell N. M
Aug. 31, 1912

Notice is hereby given that THEODOR MIETHEL, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on May 8, 1909, made H. E Serial, No 017928, for SE¼, Section 20, Twp. 8-S Range 11-E, N. M P. M, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Carrizozo, N. M, on October 12, 1912.

Claimants names as witnesses:

George M. Hughes, Charles L. Lemmons John G. Textor, Walter W. Whitmire, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
9-0-4t Register

RE-RECORDING OF BRANDS

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CATTLE MEN AND STOCK OWNERS.

In consequence of the great number of brands now on record in the office of The Cattle Sanitary Board, not now in actual use, the State Legislature has passed a law requiring all owners of recorded brands to re-record their brands within a period of six months, commencing on Sept. 10th, 1912. A failure upon the part of each holder of a recorded brand to re-record his brand in the time required by law, forfeits all right of further use. In a short time circular letters together with proper blanks for sending in renewals to the office of the Cattle Sanitary Board will be sent out to each holder of brands now of record. To facilitate this work as much as possible, and to avoid the lapsing of brands, it is earnestly requested that all parties now having recorded brands, upon receipt of proper blanks from this office, send in their renewals with the least possible delay.

Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico.
By W. J. LINWOOD,
9-20 4w Secretary.

Serial No. 024972
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior:
United States Land Office, Roswell, N. M.
August 24, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that CHARLES A BURRELL, of Alto, N. M., who, on July 31, 1911, made H. E. Serial No. 024972, for Lot 4 Section 5; and NE¼, Lot 1, Section 6, Township 11-S, Range 13-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clement Hightower, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitan, N. M. on October 4 1912.

Claimants names as witnesses:

William W. Slack, George W. Hagee, John H. Phillips, Peter R. Phillips all of Alto. N.M

a-30-6t T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

03961
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Sept. 21, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that MARY J. CHRISENBERRY, formerly Mary Judie Ledbetter, of Corona, N. M., who, on April 23, 1909, made Amended Homestead Entry, No. 11668, Serial No. 03961 for NE¼, section 32, Township 1-S, Range 12 E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N M, on the 29th, day of Oct. 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

James A. Cox, Harvey H. Ledbetter, Horace H Slack, George W. Sely, all of Corona, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON
S-27-0 25 Register.

Serial, No. 012781
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Aug. 31, 1912

Notice is hereby given that EUGENE F. JONES, of Oscuro, N. M., who, on Aug 23, 1907, made H. E No 42392, Serial, No. 012781, for SE¼, Section 31, Twp. 9-S, Range 9-E, N. M. P, M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 11th day of October 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Dr. Guido Ranniger, Adolph R. Gschwind, Robert E Blaney, and Fredrik Olsen, all. of Oscuro. N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
S-6-0-11 Register

Serial No. 012780
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N.M.
Aug. 31, 1912

Notice is hereby given that GUIDO RANNIGER, of Oscuro, N. M., who, on Aug. 23, 1907, made H. E. No. 12391, Serial No. 012780, for SW¼, Section 32, Twp 9-S, Range 9-E, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M. on the 11th day of October, 1912

Claimant names as witnesses:

Eugene F Jones, Robert E. Blaney, Adolph R. Gschwind, and Fredrik Olsen, all of Oscuro. N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON
S 6-0-11 Register

ELITE TAILORING PARLOR

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
Ladies' and Gents' Clothing cleaned, pressed and repaired. All work guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered.
Agent for LAMM & CO Chicago Tailors.
L. B. CRAWFORD, Proprietor Carrizozo, N. M.

The Capitan Mercantile Co.

AGENTS FOR
Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines, Eclipse Wind Mills
Power Plants, Spraying Outfits, Pumping Plants any size desired from a small residence outfit up. Any and all conditions. Lighting Systems, electric, are furnished with these engines if desired--any and all kinds of Pumps.

These engines are recommended for reliability and economy of service and are offered in a great variety of sizes and styles, intended to meet, as far as possible, all requirements and conditions and to operate with the greatest saving of fuel. Simplicity of Construction. Reliable Service and Durability.

Let us know what you want and we will get it. Write us for information and prices. We can make terms to suit on some of these goods.

The Capitan Mercantile Co.
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NEFF BROS. DENVER BEER
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT THE
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J. P. WALKER, PROPRIETOR.
BONDED WHISKIES FOUR YEARS OLD AT
$4 PER GALLON. OPEN DAY and NIGHT. Carrizozo, N. M.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

A NEW BARN AT THE OLD STAND
NEW RIGS AND TEAMS HAVE BEEN ADDED. WE DO A GENERAL DRAYAGE AND TRANSFER BUSINESS.

Will receive and deliver or transmit express packages or freight to any part of the county when entrusted to our care. Sample room for accomodation of drummers. One price to all. Agent for Continental Oil Company's products. Old and new buggies, wagons and harness for sale. Wagon yard in connection.

Visit us when in need of anything in our line or call us up, No. 32. Prompt attention to all matters
CHAS. A. STEVENS, PROP. CARRIZOZO, N. M.

JOHN R. FLOUR.

NONE BETTER.)

JOHN R. FLOUR is the product of the choicest selected hardwheat from the world's renowned wheat field, the great Kansas Belt. Our mills and milling machinery are the latest improvement, and are devoted to the single object of turning out a flour which for purity, nutrition, strength and wholesome stands without a rival. It is the family friend and the housewife's pride. Famous wherever used and quality is what made it famous.

Every sack positively guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded

THE TURON MILL AND ELEVATOR CO.

Carrizozo Trading Co., Carrizozo.

John E. Bell, Carrizozo, Treat & Kelt, White Oaks

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PUMP GUN

Solid-Breech, Hammerless, Safe.

Bottom Ejection—empty shells are thrown downward—smoke and gases must go the same way, too—insuring uninterrupted sight—rapid pointing always.

Solid Breech—Hammerless—perfectly balanced—a straight strong sweep of beauty from stock to muzzle.

Three Safety Devices—accidental discharge impossible.

Simple Take-Down—a quarter turn of the barrel does it—carrying, cleaning, interchange of barrels made easy—your fingers are your only tools.

For trap or field work the fastest natural pointer. Your dealer has one. Look it over today

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KELLEY & SONS Carrizozo, N. M.

Homestead and Desert Land Filings — Final Proofs Commutations

LEE B. CHASE,

U. S. Commissioner

CARRIZOZO, N. M., P. O. BLDG.

BLUE DIAMOND

1600 Pound Percheron Grade.

Standing at Capitan. FEE $10

C. D. WILSON,

Capitan, New Mexico.

Billiard and Pool Parlor in connection.

The Capitan Bar

CHOICE LIQUORS, BRANDIES & WINES

Capitan, N. M.

LEGAL NOTICES

Serial No. 013068.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
U. S Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
Aug. 31, 1912

Notice is hereby given that FREDRIK C. OLSEN, of Oscuro, N. M., who, on Sept. 30, 1907, made H. E No. 12814 Serial, No. 013068, for NE¼, Section 4, Twp. 10-S, Range 9-E, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 11th day of October, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Guido Ranniger, Eugene Jones, Robert E. Blaney, and Adolph R. Gschwind, all of Oscuro, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

9-6-6-11.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial, No. 017928
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department Of The Interior,
U. S. Land office at Roswell N. M.
Aug. 31, 1912

Notice is hereby given that THEODOR MIETHEL, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on May 8, 1909, made H. E Serial, No 017928, for SE¼, Section 20, Twp. 8-S Range 11-E, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Carrizozo, N. M. on October 12, 1912:

Claimants names as witnesses:

George M. Hughes, Charles L. Lemons, John G. Textor, Walter W. Whitmire, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register

6-0-11

No. 09692.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell N. M
Sept. 14, 1912

Notice is hereby given that WILL COLBAUGH, of Corona, N. M. who, on Oct. 13, 1905, made H.E No 6195 Serial No 09692, for S½ SW¼, and S½ SE¼, Section 31 Township 1 north, Range 14-E N M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Benj. F. Adams, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Corona, N. M., on the 22 day of Oct. 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: John T. Bond Alexander S. McCamant, James Beever, Jesse A Bond, all of Corona, N M

T C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

9-20-12 6t.

No. 012974.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U S. Land Office at Roswell N M.
Sept 14, 1912

Notice is hereby given that WALTER W WHITMIRE, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on Sept. 19, 1907 made Homestead Entry No 12678, Serial No. 012974, for NW¼ Section 5, Township 8 S. Range 11 E N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 21st day of Oct. 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:

George Lee, W Henry West, Robert E. Berry, Walter C Miller, all of Carrizozo N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON
Register

9-20-12. 6t.

Serial No 023354
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land office at Roswell, N. M
September 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM M. LOVELACE, of Corona, N. M., who on September 12 1910, made H. E, Serial No. 023354, for SE¼ NW¼, Section 4, Township 5-S, Range 15-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Benjamin F. Adams, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Corona, N. M. on October 12, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses;

John Queen, Joe Holzman, Alonzo J. Atkinson and Finis L. Atkinson; all of Corona, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON
Register.

8-13-6-11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

No. 012975
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Sept. 14, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that CHARLES L. WHITMIRE, of Carrizozo N. M, who, on Sept 19, 1907, made Homestead Entry No. 12679, Serial No. 012975, for SW¼ Section 8 Township 8-S, Range 11-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lee B. Chase, U S Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 21st day of Oct. 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: George Lee, W. Henry West, Walter C. Miller, Robert E. Berry, all of Carrizozo, N M.

T C. TILLOTSON
Register

Sept. 20—Oct 18.

The TWO REPUBLICS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF EL PASO, TEXAS

A HOME COMPANY SOLICITS HOME PATRONAGE. FOR RATES AND OTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS OR CALL ON

LEE B. CHASE,
District Agent.

ROLLAND BROS.

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Drugs, Periodicals, Stationery, Cigars, Candies and Men's Furnishings

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

JOHN E. BELL

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

PHONE 56

FRESH VEGETABLES AND FRUITS A SPECIALTY

Our Goods are all New and Fresh
Give us a trial and we will do the rest
Promptest Delivery In the City

IF YOU WISH

TO SELL YOUR PROPERTY

Send Full Description to HARVEY & CHASE

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Best Accommodations for All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the Best the Market Affords

PHONE 16 Mail Orders Carefully Filled

HUMPHREY BROTHERS

Wholesale and Retail

Hay, Grain, Flour and Feed

WOOD AND WHITE OAKS COAL Carrizozo

JOHN H. BOYD

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

I Buy Hides and Pelts Notary Public

Free Corral. Edward's Old Stand

OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

PHONE NO. 77 NEATNESS

CITY MEAT MARKET

GEORGE LEE, PROPRIETOR

FINEST

Fresh Meats, Sausages, etc. Best Hams

EXCUSE ME!

By RUPERT HUGHES

NOVELIZED FROM THE COMEDY OF THE SAME NAME.

ILLUSTRATED FROM PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE PLAY AS PRODUCED BY HENRY W. SAVAGE.

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SYNOPSIS

Lieut. Harry Mallery is ordered to the Philippines. He and Marjorie Newton decide to elope, but wreck of taxicab prevents their seeing minister on the way to the train. Transcontinental train is taking on passengers. Porter has a lively time with an Englishman and Ira Lathrop, a Yankee business man. The elopers have an exciting time getting to the train. "Little Jimmie" Wellington, bound for Reno to get a divorce, boards train in maudlin condition. Later Mrs. Jimmie appears. She is also bound for Reno with same object. Likewise Mrs. Sammy Whitcomb. Latter blames Mrs. Jimmie for her marital troubles. Classmates of Mallery decorate bridal berth. Rev. and Mrs. Temple start on a vacation. They decide to cut loose and Temple removes evidence of his calling. Marjorie decides to let Mallery proceed alone, but train starts while they are lost in farewell. Passengers join Mallery's classmates in giving couple wedding hazing.

CHAPTER X—(Continued).

He sank into the seat opposite Marjorie, who gave him one terrified glance, and burst into fresh sobs:

"Oh—oh—boo-hoo—I'm so unhap—hap—py."

Perhaps Mrs. Temple was a little miffed at the couple that had led her astray and opened her own honeymoon with a wanton fib. In any case, the best consolation she could offer Marjorie was a perfunctory pat, and a cynicism:

"There, there, dear! You don't know what real unhappiness is yet. Wait till you've been married a while."

And then she noted a startling lack of completeness in the bride's hand.

"Why—my dear!—where's your wedding ring?"

With what he considered great presence of mind, Mallory explained: "It—it slipped off—I—I picked it up. I have it here." And he took the little gold band from his waistcoat and tried to jam it on Marjorie's right thumb.

"Not on the thumb!" Mrs. Temple cried. "Don't you know?"

"You see, it's my first marriage."

"You poor boy—this finger!" And Mrs. Temple, raising Marjorie's limp hand, selected the proper digit, and held it forward, while Mallery pressed the fatal circlet home.

And then Mrs. Temple, having completed their installation as man and wife, utterly confounded their confusion by her final effort at comfort: "Well, my dears, I'll go back to my seat, and leave you alone with your dear husband."

"My dear what?" Marjorie mumbled inanely, and began to sniffle again. Whereupon Mrs. Temple resigned her to Mallery.

CHAPTER XI.

A Chance Encounter.

While Mrs. Temple was confiding to her husband that the agitated couple in the next seat had just come from a wedding-factory, and had got on while he was lost in tobacco land, the people in the seat on the other side of them were engaged in a little drama of their own.

Ira Lathrop, known to all who knew him as a woman-hating snapping-turtle, was so busily engaged trying to drag the farthest invading rice grains out of the back of his neck, that he was late in realizing his whereabouts. When he raised his head, he found that he had crowded into a seat with an uncomfortable looking woman, who crowded against the window with old maidenly timidity.

He felt some apology to be necessary, and he snarled: "Disgusting things, these weddings!" After he heard this, it did not sound entirely felicitous, so he grudgingly ventured: "Excuse me—you married?"

She denied the soft impeachment so heartily that he softened a little:

"You're a sensible woman. I guess you and I are the only sensible people on this train."

"It—seems—so," she giggled. It was the first time her spinstership had been taken as material for a compliment.

"Say, you look something like an old sweetheart—or—friend—of mine. Were you ever in Brattleboro, Vt.?"

A flush warmed her cheek, and a sense of home warmed her prim speech, as she confessed:

"I came from there originally."

"So did I," said Ira Lathrop, leaning closer, and beaming like a big sun: "I don't suppose you remember Ira Lathrop?"

"Why, Ira!—Mr. Lathrop!—is it you?"

She gave him her hand—both her hands, and he smothered them in one big paw and laid the other on for extra warmth, as he nodded his savage head and roared as gentle as a sucking dove:

"Well, well! Annie—Anne—Miss Gattles! What do you think of that?"

They gossiped across the chasm of of years about people and things, and knew nothing of the excitement so close to them.

Suddenly a twinge of ancient jealousy shot through the man's heart, recurring to old emotions.

"So you're not married, Annie. Whatever became of that fellow who used to hang 'round you all the time?"

"Charlie Selby?" She blushed at the name, and thrilled at the luxury of meeting jealousy. "Oh, he entered the church. He's a minister out in Ogden, Utah."

"I always knew he'd never amount to much," was Lathrop's epitaph on his old rival. Then he started with a new twinge: "You bound for Ogden, too?"

"Oh, no," she smiled, enraptured at the new sensation of making a man anxious, and understanding all in a flash the motives that make coquettes. Then she told him her destination. "I'm on my way to China."

"China!" he exclaimed. "So'm I!"

She stared at him with a new thought, and gushed: "Oh, Ira—are you a missionary, too?"

"Missionary? Hell, no!" he roared. "Excuse me—I'm an importer—Anne, I—I—"

But the sonorous swear reverberated in their ears like a smitten bell, and he blushed for it, but could not recall it.

CHAPTER XII.

The Needle in the Haystack.

The almost-married couple sat long in mutual terror and a common paralysis of ingenuity.

Marjorie was awakened from her trance of inanition by the porter's voice. His plantation voice was ordinarily as thick and sweet as his own New Orleans sorghum, but now it had a bitterness that curdled the blood:

"'Scuse me, but how did you all git that theah dog in this heah car?"

"Snoozleums is always with me," said Marjorie briskly, as if that settled it, and turned for confirmation to the dog himself, "aren't you, Snoozleums?"

"Well," the porter drawled, trying to be gracious with his great power, "the rules don't 'low no live stock in the sleepin' cars, 'ceptin' humans."

Marjorie rewarded his condescension with a blunt: "Snoozleums is more human than you are."

"I p'sume he is," the porter admitted, "but he can't make up berths. Anyway, the rules says dogs goes with the baggage."

Marjorie swept rules aside with a defiant: "I don't care. I won't be separated from my Snoozleums."

The porter tried persuasion: "You betta lemme take him, the conductor is wuss'n what I am. He th'owed a couple of dogs out the window trip befo' last."

"The brute!"

"Oh, yassum, he is a regulah brute. He just loves to hear 'em splosh when they light."

Noting the shiver that shook the girl, the porter offered a bit of consolation:

"Better lemme have the pore little thing up in the baggage cah. He'll be in charge of a lovely baggage-smasher."

"Are you sure he's a nice man?"

"Oh, yassum, he's death on trunks, but he's a natural born angel to dogs."

"Well, if I must, I must," she sobbed. "Poor little Snoozleums! Can he come back and see me tomorrow?"

"I reckon p'haps you'd better visit him."

"Poor dear little Snoozleums—good night, my little darling. Poor little child—it's the first night he's slept all by his 'little lonesome, and—"

The porter was growing desperate. He clapped his hands together impatiently and urged: "I think I hear that conductor comin'."

The ruse succeeded. Marjorie fairly forced the dog on him. "Quick—hide him—hurry!" she gasped, and sank on the seat completely crushed. "I'll be so lonesome without Snoozleums."

Mallory felt called upon to remind her of his presence.

"I must find a clergyman," he whispered. "I'll be back the minute I find one, and I'll bring him with me."

THE WEDDING RING IS FOUND.

The porter thought he wanted the dog back, and quickened his pace till he reached the corridor, where Mallory overtook him and asked, in an effort at casual indifference, if he had seen anything of a clergyman on board.

"Ain't seen nothin' that even looks like one," said the porter. Then he hastened ahead to the baggage car with the squirming Snoozleums, while Mallory followed slowly, going from seat to seat and car to car, subjecting all the males to an inspection that rendered some of them indignant, others of them uneasy.

If dear old Doctor Temple could only have known what Mallory was hunting, he would have snatched off the mask, and thrown aside the secular scarlet tie at all costs. But poor Mallory, unable to recognize a clergyman so dyed-in-the-wool as Doctor Temple, sitting in the very next seat—How could he be expected to pick out another in the long and crowded train?

All clergymen look alike when they are in convention assembled, but sprinkled through a crowd they are not so easily distinguished.

In the sleeping car bound for Portland, Mallory picked one man as a clergyman. He had a lean, ascetic face, solemn eyes, and he was talking to his seat-mate in an oratorical manner. Mallory bent down and tapped the man's shoulder.

The effect was surprising. The man jumped as if he were stabbed, and turned a pale, frightened face on Mallory, who murmured:

"Excuse me, do you happen to be a clergyman?"

A look of relief stole over the man's features, followed closely by a scowl of wounded vanity:

"No, damn you, I don't happen to be a person. I have chosen to be—well, if you had watched the billboards in Chicago during our run, you would not need to ask who I am!"

Mallory mumbled an apology and hurried on, just overhearing his victim's sigh:

"Such is fame!"

He saw two or three other clerical persons in that car, but feared to touch their shoulders. One man in the last seat held him specially, and he hid in the turn of the corridor, in the hope of eavesdropping some clue. This man was bent and scholastic of appearance, and wore heavy spectacles and a heavy beard, which Mallery took for a guaranty that he was not another actor. And he was reading what appeared to be printer's proofs. Mallery felt certain that they were a volume of sermons. He lingered timorously in the environs for some time before the man spoke at all to the dreary-looking woman at his side. Then the stranger spoke. And this is what he said and read:

"I fancy this will make the bigots sit up and take notice, mother: 'If there ever was a person named Moses, it is certain, from the writings ascribed to him, that he disbelieved the Egyptian theory of a life after death, and combated it as a heathenish superstition. The Judaic idea of a future existence was undoubtedly acquired from the Assyrians, during the captivity.'"

He doubtless read much more, but Mallory fled to the next car. There he found a man in a frock coat talking solemnly to another of equal solemnity. The seat next them was unoccupied, and Mallory dropped into it, perking his ears backward for news.

"Was you ever in Moline?" one voice asked.

"Was I?" the other muttered. "Wasn't I run out of there by one of my audiences. I was girlin' hypnotic demonstrations, and I had a run-in with one of my 'horses,' and he done me dirt. Right in the midst of one of his cataleptic trances, he got down from the chairs where I had stretched him out and hollered: 'He's a bum faker, gents, and owes me two weeks' pay.' Thank Gawd, there was a back door openin' on a dark alley leadin' to the switch yard. I caught a caboose just as a freight train was pullin' out."

Mallory could hardly get strength to rise and continue his search. On his way forward he met the conductor, crossing a vestibule between cars. A happy thought occurred to Mallory. He said:

"Excuse me, but have you any preachers on board?"

"None so far."

"Are you sure?"

"Positive."

"How can you tell?"

"Well, if a grown man offers me a half-fare ticket, I guess that's a pretty good sign, ain't it?"

Mallory guessed that it was, and turned back, hopeless and helpless.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

SAW GOLDEN FUTURE AHEAD

Young Man Had Absorbed Knowledge, as Directed, and Was Ready to Apply It.

The bright young man had tried several business ventures and promptly failed in each.

"You're not well grounded," said a friend who had been watching his commercial tumbles. "What you need is technical knowledge."

So the bright young man sat himself down and ate up the six best sellers of the commercial library. They told him how to do business in every way known to the gods of supply and demand, and they plainly showed him that if he had efficiency and energy and enthusiasm on his side he could take the limited to success and get there ahead of time.

So the bright young man read these helps to prosperity forward and back and down the middle.

One day he met his friend.

"Hello," he said: "I've got all the success dope I can carry and don't intend to shake down for any more."

"Good," said the friend. "I suppose you'll be right back in business again?"

"Nothing doing," laughed the bright young man. "I've got something better on hand than that."

"But aren't you going to apply the principles you have just absorbed?"

"Yes, yes."

"By working?"

"No, by lecturing!"

Poor Interest.

Other people may be interested in your troubles, but if they are their interest isn't likely to be worth much.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

"I was very happy," said the professor, "when, after years of wooing, she finally said 'Yes.'"

"But why did you break the engagement so soon after?" asked his friend.

"Man, it was she that dissolved it."

"Really?" said his friend. "How did that happen?"

"It was due to my accursed absent-mindedness. When, a few days later, I called at her home, I again asked her to marry me."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Easy.

"I put the wrong couples together at that dinner and I don't know what to do about my mistakes."

"Why, repair them."

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

People who build castles in the air are never sure of their ground.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Ball Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers.

Never trust your secrets to the mails—or the females, either.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Ideals in America are almost as high as the cost of living.

CRITICAL TIME OF WOMAN'S LIFE

From 40 to 50 Years of Age, How It May Be Passed in Safety.

Odd, Va.:—"I am enjoying better health than I have for 20 years, and I believe I can safely say now that I am a well woman. I was reared on a farm and had all kinds of heavy work to do which caused the troubles that came on me later. For five years during the Change of Life I was not able to lift a pail of water. I had hemorrhages which would last for weeks and I was not able to sit up in bed. I suffered a great deal with my back and was so nervous I could scarcely sleep at night, and I did not do any housework for three years.

"Now I can do as much work as any woman of my age in the county, thanks to the benefit I have received from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I recommend your remedies to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARTHA L. HOLLOWAY, Odd, Va.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. We know of no other medicine which has such a record of success as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been the standard remedy for woman's ills.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

FARM AND GARDEN

QUALITIES OF LITTLE QUAIL

Food Consists Largely of Seeds of Noxious or Troublesome Plants —Eats Scales.

(By F. E. L. BEAL.)

The natural food of the quail consists of the seeds of the vast number of plants known as weeds, with a little foliage of the same, especially in winter, when the leaves are young and tender. Considering how small is the amount of fruit usually found in the stomach of this bird, it is a surprise to learn that it sometimes does serious damage to vineyards. Investigation, however, shows that, as in most other similar cases, the injury results only when too many birds gather in a limited area.

Nearly all the complaints against the quail for eating fruit are that it visits vineyards in immense numbers and eats grapes. When thousands visit a vineyard, even if only occasionally, and each bird eats or spoils at least one grape, the result is disastrous.

In the laboratory investigation of the food of these quail 619 stomachs were examined. Animal food, principally insects, amounted to 3 per cent. of the food, and 97 per cent. vegetable food. This latter consists of seeds of plants, most of which are of noxious or troublesome species.

Ants appear to be a favorite animal food, but the quail will eat caterpillars, beetles, grasshoppers, flies, spiders, snails and scale insects.

In this connection the following extract from a letter from Dr. W. G. Chambers of Los Angeles is interesting:

"Last May during the hatching season one of my female quail died a

California Quail.

week prior to completing the hatch. An incandescent light eight candle-power was substituted, the result being 15 baby quail, very wild at first, not understanding human sounds or language, but finally becoming as docile as pet chickens. They were raised in my back yard, running at large after the first week.

"A number of Marguarite bushes which grow in profusion in the yard were so infested with black scale that I had decided to uproot them and had postponed doing so as the little quail worked so persistently among the branches; upon investigation I discovered them eating the scale and twittering happily; they would swallow the fully developed scale and thoroughly clean the branches of all those undeveloped."

Average Fertilizer for Corn.

Use 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre of a fertilizer containing, actual potash, 5 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 7 per cent.; and nitrogen, 2 per cent. The plant food in a ton of the above formula may be supplied by mixing 240 pounds of muriate of potash, 1,600 pounds of acid phosphate and 160 pounds of nitrate of soda.

Cutting Cowpeas.

Cowpeas may be cut with the mower, and after getting at least a full day's sun the vines are raked up and generally lie another day in the windrow. They are then bunched up in small bunches and after another day or two put up into larger bunches and let stand as long as weather permits, when they are drawn to the barn.

Winter Radishes.

Try some winter radishes. Either the white or the pink varieties are desirable for the home table or for market. To secure a root that is crisp and tender the seed should be sown in rich soil containing an abundance of vegetable matter.

PRODUCTION OF ONION SETS

Industry Is Now Receiving More General Attention Than Formerly —Market Is Wide.

(By W. R. BEATTIE.)

The term "set," as applied to the onion, indicates a small, undersized bulb which, when replanted in the ground, will produce a large onion. This method of producing onions is perhaps the oldest and now the most universally employed for the growing of small areas of onions in the garden and where an early crop is desired. The common method of producing sets is to plant a large quantity of seed on a small area of rather rich land and

Onion Sets Drying on Trays Piled in a Field.

thus procure a great number of bulbs that are undersized, owing to crowding and lack of plant food. The greater number of these bulbs do not attain sufficient size or maturity to produce seed the following season and are really plants in which the process of growth has been arrested.

In the United States the onion set industry is largely confined to a few areas. The crop is extensively grown near Louisville, Ky., Chillicothe, O., and Chicago, Ill., in the Platte River valley of Nebraska, in southwestern New Jersey and in southern California. The entire area devoted to this enterprise in these localities is estimated at from 2,500 to 3,000 acres. The yield to the acre varies with the locality, but the average about 300 bushels. The market for onion sets is found throughout the entire country, the greater portion being disposed of in small quantities.

The climatic conditions governing the production of onion sets are practically the same as those for standard onions, although it is not necessary to plant quite so early in the spring. Onion sets can undoubtedly be grown in any part of the northern states where suitable soil conditions can be obtained. The soil adapted to onion set culture is, as a rule, about the same as that required for the growing of large onions, except that the land should not be so rich.

SET ALFALFA BY MACHINERY

Experiments Made in Transplanting by Use of Machine Used for Tobacco and Tomatoes.

Prof. H. A. Hansen of North Dakota, who has introduced many hardy plants from Siberia for the department of agriculture, among them hardy strains of alfalfa, has been experimenting in transplanting the latter with a machine, using one employed for tobacco, cabbage, cauliflower and tomatoes. At five points in the state he set the plants at the rate of 6,000 an hour. At other points he set them with a plow. He thinks this will do away with dodder and injury from disking. Some of the Russian alfalfa plants when given room in the garden had 500 shoots from one crown. Over 1,200 farmers are cooperating with Professor Hansen and many reports are coming in showing their remarkable resistance to the drought of last year.

GARDEN and FARM NOTES

Topping corn serves to materially reduce the yield.

A hive of bees makes a delicious thing to have about.

There is little practical benefit resulting from the use of a mulch with wheat.

Early oats almost invariably yield more heavily than late oats.

The use of a tile under four inches in diameter is not to be recommended.

Spraying of potatoes with Bordeaux mixture is a preventive of potato blight.

Any impervious covering will check but not entirely prevent deterioration of silage.

Get that piece ready for alfalfa. Better double disk it again just for good luck.

You cannot keep your farm permanently productive without the use of legumes.

Don't put in the alfalfa seed too deep; and remember to roll it well after sowing.

A barnyard full of manure never produced a big corn crop until it was spread on the field.

Tobacco uses up a large amount of plant food and for that reason should be heavily fertilized.

Now and then old cisterns are used for silos and make good receptacles for preserving silage.

Keeping any machine well oiled and in proper repair not only increases efficiency, but decreases the amount of power required to run the machine.

MAKES FINE DESSERT

"ROYAL DIPLOMATIC PUDDING" MAY BE RECOMMENDED.

Must Be Very Carefully and Properly Put Together, However, to Insure Success—Attractive Looking in the Extreme.

The fame of the double dealing diplomatist has extended even to the humble realm of the kitchen and has given its name to the "royal diplomatic pudding," which requires double dealing of a very intricate sort to make it a success. Like the schemes of the wily diplomat it will fall completely if not put together with great care. The pudding is sometimes referred to as a "jelly au surprise," because when it is sent to the table its coating of jelly conceals its real character until it is opened, betraying the delightful surprise within. The main difference between the pudding and the diplomatic scheme is that the surprise in the former is always pleasant, while in the latter the contrary is likely to be the case.

A delectable Bavarian cream, or a custard with whipped cream beaten into it, usually forms the foundation of the pudding, and the jelly coating, while it should completely cover the interior, should be semi-transparent, permitting glimpses of something hidden—just enough to arouse curiosity and whet the appetite. If there is a pretty contrast of color between the cream and the jelly, so much the better.

A royal diplomatic pudding should always be prettily decorated with candied fruits, rose petals, angelica and so forth. Candied rose leaves and angelica make an appropriate decoration for a rose cream covered with a delicate green mint jelly. Maraschino cherries should, of course, accompany a maraschino jelly. The strawberries in their season are better with a strawberry jelly than ordinary candied fruit. A decoration of blanched almonds in the form of a daisy with a bit of yellow apricot or candied orange peel in the center, looks pretty when imbedded in the top of an almond Bavarian cream, covered with coffee jelly or one flavored with wine.

Whipped cream is the ideal sauce to serve with these desserts, but some cooks recommend a soft custard sauce. A little sweetened fruit juice may be used to flavor the whipped cream in some cases.

A novice in the art of making gelatine jellies will do well to reserve her attempts at building diplomatic puddings for those days when only her immediate family will be at dinner. A failure of this kind, unless it is very much of a failure, usually tastes just as good as a success, but it does not look pretty.

Devilled Tomatoes.

Twelve fine tomatoes, pared and sliced nearly half an inch thick, yolks of 3 hard-boiled eggs, pounded; 1 tablespoons melted butter, same of vinegar, 2 raw eggs, beaten light, 1 teaspoon sugar and half as much each of made mustard and salt, a pinch of cayenne; rub butter, pounded yolks, pepper, salt, mustard and sugar together, beat hard, add vinegar and heat to a boil; put this upon the beaten eggs and whip to a smooth cream; set in hot water while you broil the tomatoes over clear coals in an oyster broiler, lay this upon a hot dish and pour the scalding dressing upon them

Baked Bean Soup.

One pint of cold baked beans, one pint of hot water, a little sliced onions, one cup of stewed tomatoes; let all cook until very soft; rub through a sieve; season with salt, pepper and celery salt. If too thick, add more water, put back on the fire and let boil up. Just before serving add a cup of cream or rich milk.

Beef Soup With Okra.

Cut a round steak in small pieces and fry three tablespoonfuls of butter with one sliced onion until very brown; put into a soup kettle with four quarts of cold water and boil slowly one hour; add salt, pepper and one pint of sliced okra and let simmer three and one-half hours longer; strain before serving.

Fruit Punch.

Juice of 1 dozen lemons, ½ dozen oranges, 1 jar of pineapple, 1 jar of raspberries. Sweeten to taste.

Spiced Crab Apples.

For six pounds of fruit use three of sugar, five dozen cloves and a handful of stick cinnamon (broken in pieces), one pint vinegar; boil the sirup, add fruit and cook until tender. Prick each apple before cooking with a fork, thus preventing the apples from breaking open.

Moths in Carpets.

Take a damp towel, spread it out upon the carpet and iron it dry with a hot iron. The heat and steam will destroy the worms and eggs.

FASHIONS

IN PLAIDS OR CHECKS

MATERIALS POPULAR FOR YOUNG GIRL'S AUTUMN CLOTHES.

Designs Are as Pretty as Ever, and in the Fullest Vogue—The Scotch Fabrics Are Also Strictly Correct.

When in doubt as to 'missy's autumn hat, coat or dress get something with a touch of plaid or check, for materials with these patterns are again eminently in vogue for young people and they seem quite as pretty as ever.

To quote the dressmakers for the junior world, one can never get away

from the suitability of such materials to youth—the Scotch fabrics with their varied melange of color and checks; big and little, seem so juvenile and correct for young people's wear. So here they are again with us, holding a breath of new color sometimes, showing the familiar devices of the Scotch clans, in dress silks and wools, in coats, hair ribbons and buttons. The pretty designs are a great relief from the plain materials that have reigned so long—but, dear me, except for a light difference of detail, some of the long coats showing the plaid or check reverse and decking are all but twin sisters to last year's wraps. This takes nothing away from their charm, the deft changes here and there giving the last agony touch in a way sufficiently piquant to suit the most ardent devotee of new fashions.

At this season the long coat needed for school use, and which will, of course, come in for many other occasions, is of more importance to the college maid or high school girl than anything else—anything but her hat, for without a suitable headpiece the most charming coat could not be worn, coats and hats of a kind needing to run together. The shops are full of correct fabrics for it, the soft reversible coatings, plain on one side and plaid on the other, used last year and still with us, offering themselves as the most facile textures in the world for home sewing for all the trimmings of the coat are made of the reverse side of the material.

Of the plaid touch on little girl frocks, those short-skirted gowns maids from six to eight wear, there is no end, but somehow checks seem a bit more suitable for these than the larger plaids, and many of the Russian blouse styles lend themselves most effectively to a combination of checked and plain material.

The design shown in the illustration allows this use of the two materials in a very smart way, the coat being of a plain blue wool and the little skirt and blouse trimming of checked blue and white wool. Here the collar is a flat round affair, but if made in sailor form a shield with a high neckband could be used inside, and this arrangement might be better for the lassies with tender throats. Serge, broadcloth and cheviot; are other adaptable materials, for, to be sure, the dress could be made of one fabric, and the style of it is good enough for the very best street suit.

For girls of all ages—and for women, too, for that matter—there are some perfectly round felt hats with rolling brims which respond very prettily to a binding and crown piping of plaid silk, or if the hat is already bound and banded a Scotch quill may be added to the side.

So if there are bits of handsome plaid and checked fabrics in the house they will come in very handy for the trimming of youthful hats, for the very wings themselves may be made of silk or velvet, and when of a fabric they always seem smarter than when the real thing.

MARY DEAN.

BLOUSE SLEEVE IS NOVEL

Genuine Comfort and Artistic Appearance Combined in a Recent French Importation.

There is a genuine comfort in the sleeve displayed in one of the recently imported French blouses. It is long, of course, for all Paris is wearing long sleeves with the same eclat with which they adopted the short ones in the winter, and is tight from the elbow to the wrist. It fits comfortably into the armhole under the arm, but the upper portion runs right up over the shoulder to the collar. This affords an excellent opportunity to use a long length of lace, from three to four inches in width. The effect is very much like that of the popular raglan sleeve. The undersleeve may be of tucked net, chiffon or ninon. The long lines of lace from collar to waist lend the kimono effect without any of the looseness of the kimono sleeve under the arm.

This sleeve is generally buttoned from the wrist to the elbow with tiny lace or silk buttons, for the glove-like snugness of the sleeve demands an opening. The ruffle at the wrist is often extended to the elbow, sometimes on the outer seam, again on the inner. To have a ruffle dainty, however, it must be fresh, and unless this can be accomplished it is advisable to omit it.

Shoe Novelties.

The colored silk stocking, especially deep purple and green, worn with the white shoes remain in style. Patent leather pumps are bound with a color to match the stocking.

A French shoe that will not find favor with many Americans is of laced patent leather with colored velvet uppers.

It is better to wear white shoes with nothing but white or light frocks. The white shoe has been done to death this season. It is bad form to wear them with cloth, silk or, indeed, any street costume save the linen coat and skirt.

Do not lay in a large stock of shoes even at bargain prices. Styles change and, oddly, feet look much bigger in shoes whose cut and leather are out of date.

If you value the appearance of your feet adapt the style of shoe to your foot. Do not crowd the foot into an unbecoming shape because it is fashionable.

SHOWING TWO IDEAS.

The return of the "Tour de Cou," and a charming hat by Lewis of white moire, edged with chantilly and lined with black moir.—London Madame.

WELCH & TITSWORTH

CAPITAN, N. M.

Granulated Sugar $6.00 per cwt
First Grade Hard Wheat Flower $2.80 per cwt

Portland Cement, Studebaker Wagons, Chicken Netting, Dynamite, McCormick Mowers, McCormick Balers, McCormick Rakes.

We get all of these articles in car loads, which enables us to make reasonable prices.

WELCH & TITSWORTH

CAPITAN, N. M.

Suits for Men of Every Build

NO matter how unusual your shape, we can fit you in a

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Suit or Overcoat, as well as any custom tailor in the country. You'll find here Fall Suits in every color.

Snappy gray checks and mixed grays at

$20 to $25.00

Fancy and plain blues at

$18 to $27.50

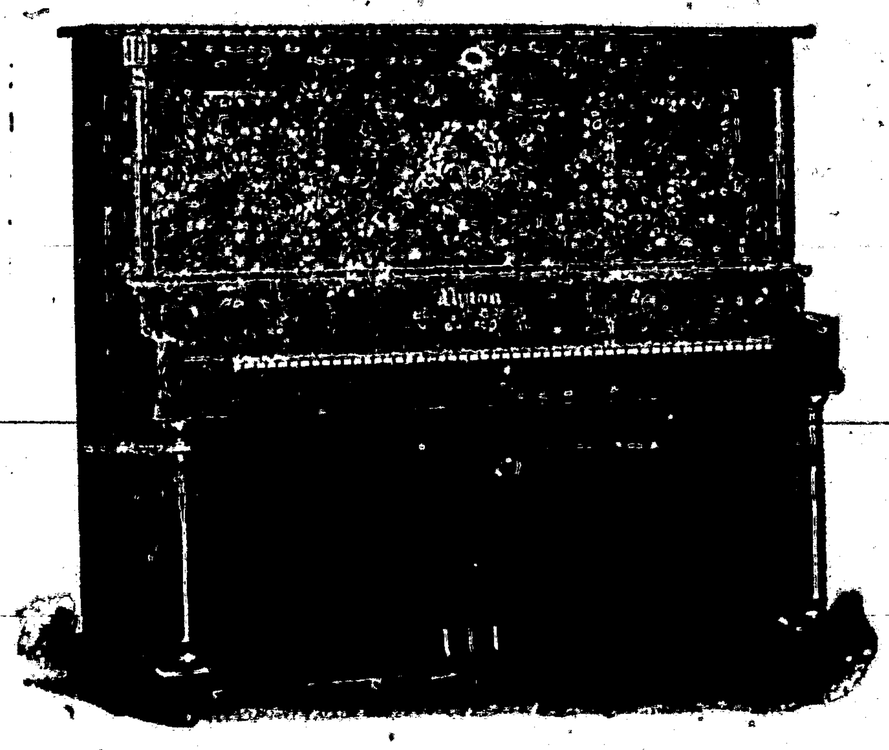
ALL THE NEW MODELS IN

This Store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

ZIEGLER BROS.

This is the Piano we Give away on January 24, 1913.

VALUE $400.00.



What seems to us to be a question is now a gratifying success. It pays to be liberal with our trade.

Since we first announced that we should give away this beautiful Upton Piano to some one of our customers business has shown an increase in every department. BE SURE AND ASK FOR YOUR PIANO VOTES WITH PURCHASE.

RULES OF CONTEST.

1. Name of contestant will not be known.
2. Name of contestant will not be published.
3. Every contestant is credited with 2,000 votes to start with.
4. Every contestant gets a number.
5. Standing of contestants numbers published weekly.
6. All votes must be brought in for recording on Wednesday.
8. Tie votes in packages with contestants number and the amount on top slip only.
9. Color of votes will change and must be recorded weekly.
10. Votes are transferably only before recording
11. Contestant having the largest number of votes on January 24th 1913 wins the piano.
12. Candidates not bringing in personal votes will be dropped

CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

32nd Annual New Mexico State Fair

ALBUQUERQUE.

OCTOBER 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1912

GRAND NEW MEXICO STATE RACE.

Biggest Running Event every held in New Mexico.

26 Horses to Start. One from Each County.

D K B. SELLERS, Pres FRANK A. STORTZ, Secy

It's Not What You Pay But What You Get!

"Natural Shape" Lasts and Florsheim Quality insure comfort, long wear and enduring style.

The Florsheim SHOE

The shoe for the man who cares

THE SPEED WILL GIVE YOU A STEADY GAIT

Five Dollars the Pair

ZIEGLER BROS

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

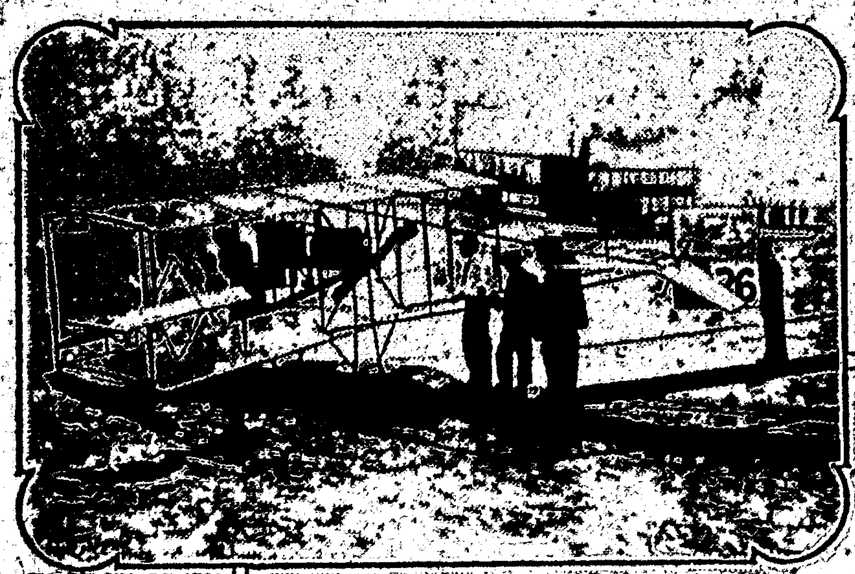
Subscribe for the OUTLOOK, $1.50 per year.

WATER FLYING GAINING FAVOR AS SPORT

IS THIS IS BECAUSE HYDRO-AEROPLANE HAS GREATLY REDUCED ELEMENT OF DANGER IN AVIATION

JUST now when it has become apparent that the aeroplane entails too great a risk for the sportsman, inventors of flying machines the world over are turning their attention to the hydro-aeroplane.

This comparatively new air craft has given a fresh impetus to the business side of flying by reducing the element of danger so that the aviator may feel it prudent to go for an air sail without first making his will. Although the water plane did not come into use until about 18 months ago, it has rapidly gained in popularity from the fact that it has not been the cause of a single fatality or serious accident. It is true there have been plenty of spills and duckings and counterparts of accidents in which aviators have lost their lives in land machines, but the pilots of the water machine have suffered nothing worse than a wetting.



CURTIS HYDRO-AEROPLANE TAKING THE WATER

FRANK COFFIN FLYING IN HYDROPLANE

There have been some striking illustrations of this. For instance, on February 10 Hugh Robinson while flying at Antibes, near Nice, France, started out to give a demonstration in rough weather. When he attempted to come down the shore was crowded with spectators and he was forced to descend on the water. As he was about to settle a big wave rolled up and hit the tail of the machine, pitching him out head first. Robinson escaped with a drenching.

Two years before John B. Moisant was killed in just such a fall on land. While making a flight of 370 miles along the Mississippi river Robinson's motor stopped out over the river. He reached the water, drifted shoreward and was towed back to the starting point by a boat.

It is this margin of safety that makes the hydro-aeroplane popular with the sportsman, who heretofore has hesitated about taking up flying for the reason that the sensation did not justify the risk. Aeroplane builders both in Europe and America have awakened to the situation and are turning out machines fitted with floats or hydros.

The aeronautical organizations throughout the country have been impressed with this clean record of the hydro-aeroplane and are doing their utmost to promote thus form of flight. As a consequence schools are being established along water-fronts to supplant the aerodromes on land. This alone should insure a liberal patronage when it is considered that the Aero Club of America and its affiliated clubs alone have a membership of 3,000 and the Aeronautical of New York has about 200 members.

On a rainy day last May Mr. Collier, with Walter Brookins as pilot, flew from Seidler's Beach to the flagship Washington, anchored off Ninety-sixth street, to deliver an invitation to Admiral Osterhaus to attend the Aero show then in progress of the Grand Central Palace. Previous to that Admiral Osteahaus had contended that no flying machine was worth more than ten cents, but he completely changed his mind.

The 22 miles was made in 30 minutes, good speed being made on account of a following wind. By motor the trip requires two hours and by train upward of an hour and a quarter.

Overwater flying about New York is not an unusual spectacle. Thousands of persons almost daily for two weeks last winter watched Frank Coffyn in his Wright hydro-aeroplane skim the surface of the water of the bay from the battery, drift into the air with a moving picture machine, hurdle bridges, circle Miss Liberty, spiral over ferryboats and drop back on the water with the ease of a gull. He had one or two mishaps, but was always towed back safely.

The nearest approach to real danger occurred when on one of these flights Coffyn dropped his camera in the water several hundred feet below. The machine fortunately did not hit a ferryboat and consequently there was only the loss of a camera.

It was while making these flights that Coffyn demonstrated the feasibility of communicating with ships in case of emergency. He flew down the harbor and overtook the Italian liner Axona and landed a passenger without the slightest difficulty. Coffyn afterward said he could have caught the boat 50 miles outside New York just as easily.

It would also seem that the water machine would be valuable for life-saving purposes along the coast. During the Chicago aviation meet last August an aviator lost control while flying and was pitched into the water. Three-quarters of a mile away Aviator Hugh Robinson was performing circles in a Curtiss machine. Seeing his fellow flier in distress, he flew to the rescue at a mile a minute, reached the spot, landed on the water alongside the submerged aeroplane and offered to give the plot a lift. All this in less than one minute.

On another occasion Naval Aviator Herbster while carrying a passenger over San Diego Bay had some mishap in alighting and turned over. This was about half a mile from the shore. Long before motor boats could reach the spot Harry Atwood had launched his machine from the beach and in less than a minute was to the rescue of Mr. Herbster and his passenger. Neither was hurt, and both preferred to stay by their machine, which was upside down in the water, until a motor boat came to tow it to shore.

A Hammondsport physician who had received an urgent call to see a patient across Lake Keuka, not being able to get a boat at once, found an aviator to take him there. The patient was in a serious condition, and the time saved was important.

This new aircraft is not limited to the water. It can fly at a speed of 60 miles or more, skim the water at 50 miles and run over the ground at 35 miles. It therefore marks the conquest of three elements—air, water and earth.

The hydroaeroplane is essentially an aeroplane equipped with floats to take the place of wheels. Almost every builder has his own ideas for a hydro, and hardly any two are exactly alike.

America is far ahead of Europe in the matter of hydroaeroplanes, so much so that this water plane may be said to be an American invention. While experiments were conducted in Europe since 1905 only one machine, the Fabre hydroaeroplane, as much as left the water, and it was wrecked after a few short trials. That was in 1910.

The first complete success was attained by Glenn H. Curtiss in the early part of 1911, and for nearly a year he practically had the field to himself. The idea of the hydroaeroplane, however, seems to have originated with William Kress, an Austrian inventor. After 27 years of experimenting he completed a machine fitted with cylindrical floats of aluminum which were tried out at the Unter-Tullnerbach chantiers in 1898 and 1901. It never left the water. In 1902 and 1903 the Wright brothers made some experiments, but they were terminated by the breaking of a dam near Dayton, Ohio.

Other inventors followed, but without any pronounced success. Among those notably were Parseval, Dufaux brothers, Archdeacon, Gabriel, Voisin and Bleriot. The last three collaborated in their experiments, Voisin acting as pilot of the machines, which were tried out over the Seine river.

In July of 1905 Voisin was trying out a Bleriot in which the pilot was seated in a cagelike apparatus. The machine became submerged and for some seconds he was fastened underneath the water. He did not like this experience and after that the machines were flown over land.

Then in 1911 along came Glenn H. Curtiss with a satisfactory solution of the problem.

It was not until January, 1911, that a hydroaeroplane was ready for trial. The first tests were failures, and for two weeks daily the machine was set afloat to undergo some new change, some knowledge being gained from each test. Assisting with the experiments were Lieut. Theodore Ellyson of the navy and Lieut. Paul Beck, Lieut. John C. Walker, Jr., and the late E. M. Kelly of the army; Hugh Robinson and C. C. Witmer, aviators of the camp.

The men wore bathing suits usually and no one thought anything of wet clothing or cold feet. The success which came January 26 was a surprise even to Mr. Curtiss. On this day the machine was taken out for its usual inspection and much to the delight and surprise of Mr. Curtiss, the pilot, it leaped into the air.

The success was electrifying. The spectators ran along the beach shouting and the ships that caught sight of the man gull sent exultant blasts. This event marked the success of a new flier.

There were daily flights thereafter, with and without passengers. The navies of the world were quick to recognize its value as an auxiliary. It had hardly attained success before the United States navy acquired an hydroplane for experimenting and it has since added others. An aviation section in charge of Capt. Washington Irving Chambers has since been established at Annapolis. Other nations failing to develop a reliable aeroplane followed in line and ordered machines from America.

New Use for Library Plaza.

A gay scene is presented daily on the west plaza of the public library these summer days. A new use has been found for it which doubtless had no place in the architects' scheme.

Little children run races when it is not too hot or draw their toys back and forth over the long expanse of flagging. Older children find shady nooks about the Bryant fountain where they sew or read, sometimes to the little ones or to the mothers who also find time to get away from the close tenements, and enjoy a rest in the quiet open space.

It is within walking distance of a large tenement district. It is not easy for the poor to find such a place, and so far the park loafers have not invaded it. It belongs to the women and children.

The Ideal Summer Beverage Is

LIPTON'S TEA

HOT OR ICED.

More often it is the man who gets justice that kicks.

Red Cross Dog Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer.

One way to become popular is to let other people impose on you.

Appropriate Trimmings.

"What was that ice palace trimmed with?"

"I suppose it had a handsome frieze."

PUTTING HIM WISE.

He—I'd kiss you if I had the sand.

She—There's sand all about us. Help yourself.

Everybody in Hard Luck.

Suddenly he stepped up to a gentleman, who was waiting for the train, and, tapping him lightly on the shoulder, said: "Excuse me, but did you drop a five-pound note?" at the same time holding out in his hand the article.

The gentleman questioned gazed a moment at the note, assumed an anxious look, made a hasty search of his pockets, and said: "Why, so I did, and I hadn't missed it," holding out an eager hand.

The elderly hunter took the name and address of the loser and, putting the note in his pocket, turned away.

"Well," said the other, "do you want it all as a reward?"

"Oh, I did not find one," remarked the benevolent one with another beam; "but it struck me that in a big place like London there must be a quantity of money lost, and upon inquiry I found that you are the one hundred and thirty-first man who lost a five-pound note this morning."—London Answers.

THE WAY OUT

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health.

"From infancy," she says, "I have not been strong. Being ambitious to learn at any cost I finally got to the High School, but soon had to abandon my studies on account of nervous prostration and hysteria.

"My food did not agree with me, I grew thin and despondent. I could not enjoy the simplest social affair for I suffered constantly from nervousness in spite of all sorts of medicines.

"This wretched condition continued until I was twenty-five, when I became interested in the letters of those who had cases like mine and who were getting well by eating Grape-Nuts.

"I had little faith but procured a box and after the first dish I experienced a peculiar satisfied feeling that I had never gained from any ordinary food. I slept and rested better that night and in a few days began to grow stronger.

"I had a new feeling and peace and restfulness. In a few weeks, to my great joy, the headaches and nervousness left me and life became bright and hopeful. I resumed my studies and later taught ten months with ease—of course using Grape-Nuts every day. It is now four years since I began to use Grape-Nuts, I am the mistress of a happy home, and the old weakness has never returned." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Feeding the Animals.

This farmer entertains a few summer boarders out in Elizabeth township. A stray city man happened along and spent a couple of hours on the farm while his automobile was being fixed.

"Any wolves out here?" was one of his questions.

"Not exactly," answered the farmer. "But if you want to see the next best thing stick around until I open the dining room doors."

Unreasonable Restraint.

A wag, entering an empty railway compartment lately, happened to notice the legend, "Wait until the train stops," above the door, and thinking to have a joke on someone, he dexterously erased the "t" in "train." At the next station an old country dame got in and seated herself.

A very heavy storm of rain now came on and when the train drew up at the next station the good lady looked anxiously out of the window. After a short stay the train again started on its way, to the old lady's amazement.

"Yer's a purty go, sir," she said, turning toward the heartless wag. "An' my old man was waitin' on the platform. W'y won't they let 'e get out when it's raining?"

A Translation.

She—That's a funny French dish on the menu. Do you know what it means?

He—Yes; an attack of indigestion if you take it!

False Alarm.

You ought to have seen Mr. Marshall when he called to see Dolly the other night," remarked Johnny to his sister's young man who was taking tea with the family. "I tell you he loked fine a sittin' alongside of her with his arm—

"Johnny!" gasped his sister, her face the color of boiled lobster.

"Well, so he did," insisted Johnny. "He had his arm—"

"John," screamed his mother, frantically.

"Why," whined the boy, "I was—

"John," said his father, sternly, "leave the room."

And Johnny left crying as he went, "I was only going to say that he had his army clothes on."

He Translated It.

The general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad was riding on a freight engine on the Cumberland division of that road a short time ago. The train was a heavy one, made up of refrigerator cars loaded with the maximum tonnage for the engine. As they approached a grade the engineer leaned over to the fireman and yelled: "Warm her up, old tallowpot! Warm her up! Slam the poiple into her so she'll be katish to take the big dip for the knob."

"Will you kindly translate that for me?" asked the manager.

"Why sure," said the engineer. "I told him to slip some chow to her so she'll razzle-dazzle the hump."

A Frightful Shock.

The president of the university had dark circles under his eyes, his cheeks were pallid, his lips trembling, he wore a haunted expression. Every now and then he turned and glanced apprehensively behind him.

"You look ill," said his wife. "What's wrong, dear?"

"Nothing much," he replied. "But—I—I had a fearful dream last night, and I feel this morning as if I—as if I—" He hesitated and stammered. It was evident that his nervous system was shattered.

"What was the dream?" asked his wife.

"I—I—dreamed the trustees required that—that I should—that I should pass the freshmen examination for admission!" sighed the president.

Had Good Reason.

An old darky with an old gray mule pitched to a ramshackle wagon stood on the incline of Capitol Hill, in Washington, during one of the worst sleet storms in January.

The old man huddled in his rabbit-skin cap, shivering; the mule was trembling with cold. Two congressman, waiting for a belated car, were attracted by the strange outfit and wondered, as time went on and the darky made no effort to depart, what ailed the old fellow.

One of the congressmen walked over and said: "Why don't you move on, uncle?"

The old darky pointed a trembling finger at his "team" and replied: "'Cause dis yere mule won't go 'less I whistle at him, and it's so cold I cyarn't whistle!"

Parks Business School

Denver, Colo., will send, free, a useful program and a valuable book, "How to Become Most Successful," to all who write this week.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Medical, Surgical and Maternity Cases

Legal Adoption Babies Boarded Confidential

962 BROADWAY, DENVER

DENVER & RIO GRANDE-WESTERN PACIFIC

"The Royal Gorge-Feather River Canon Route"

Taken together form the most beautiful line of continuous travel Denver, Salt Lake, City, San Francisco.

The marvelous scenic attractions of the Rockies, the Great Salt Beds of Utah and the wonders of the Sierras can be seen from the car windows, without extra expense for side trips.

SUPERB DINING CAR SERVICE.

For illustrated descriptive matter, write Frank A. Wadleigh, General Passenger Agent, Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, Denver, Colo.

BIG REMNANT SALE

ALL NEXT WEEK

Big Sale of Remnants, one half off. Men's Linen Collars 5 cents each. One hundred votes with each Collar

MEN'S STRAW HATS 50c. 500 VOTES WITH EACH HAT

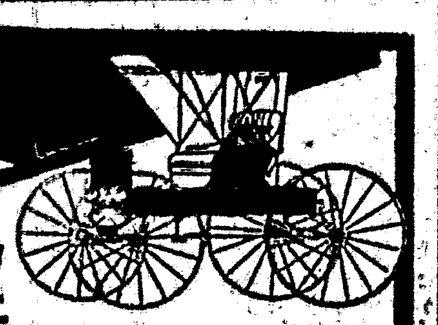
WE MUST MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES ALWAYS ON HAND

CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY.

Just Say "It's a Studebaker"



Then Your Friends Know You've Bought the Most in Buggy Comfort, Durability and Style

Everybody recognizes at once the name Studebaker—and immediately think of quality.

It's simple to understand, though, when you recall that for sixty years the Studebaker Company has been turning out quality vehicles.

So when you buy a Studebaker buggy your friends know that you're sharing in the quality that's resulted from tireless effort and invaluable experience.

We sell and guarantee the Studebaker because we know its value.

WELCH & TITSWORTH
CAPITAN, N. MEX.

—FOR SALE—High Grade Angora Bullies, address E. L. Yates White Oaks, N. M. sep-13-2m

—SPECIAL PRICE:—First grade hard wheat Flour at $2.60 per hundred. Welch & Titsworth

—FOR SALE; A well improved ranch with open range, nicely improved, in the Jicarillas. For full information write Jas. Cooper, Jr Jicarilla, N. M. sept 13 2m

—FOR SALE- A two room house partially furnished, also a 4 room house in Carrizozo completely and nicely furnished. Will sell at reasonable prices. Tom Chant, Carrizozo, N. M.

—A. J. Rolland will assume his office as postmaster commencing October 1st

—The County Commissioners will meet in regular session in Carrizozo on October 7th.

—Superintendent L. U. Morris stopped here Monday night on business for the railroad

—Mrs. Ralph Connell of Tularosa, has been the guest of Mrs H. B Hamilton this week.

—Dr. T. H. Williams, the dentist, arrived Wednesday and has opened his office in the Paden drug store.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. S. McCall of Midland, Texas, arrived this week and are visiting at their son's home, Mr L. A. McCall.

CARRIZOZO NOTES

"The Outlook is always pleased to receive news of the local people and greatly appreciate news items called to our attention. Call 24, or drop into office"

—Court preparation are now under way for the fall term which convenes in Carrizozo on Monday, October 7th.

—Governor W. C. McDonald came in Monday and remained a day on business before returning to the state capitol.

—Chas. Cook came down Tuesday from Duran and brought in his race horse which will be entered in the big race Saturday.

—Mr and Mrs. C. V. Cook and sons, Dan, Frank and Paul are visiting this week with Mr. and Mrs. W. F Whittingham

—P. D Southard of Picacho, came in Wednesday from a business trip to El Paso and went out with Johnson brothers in their auto for his ranch home.

—Dr. F. S Randles arrived from the Capitan mountains Thursday after having spent two months in that country on iron properties for local parties.

—Truman Spencer met his wife in El Paso Sunday on her return from a several weeks' stay in California. The Spencers left Wednesday for an auto trip to the block country.

—Mr C. D. Wilson and Jno Haley propose getting out a Lincoln County Year Book this fall pointing out the advantages of the community. This is a splendid idea and deserves boosting.

—Henry Lutz of Lincoln returned Wednesday from Kansas City where he had taken nine cars of sheep. He met his daughters there on their way to Central College in Missouri.

JICARILLA GOLD STRIKE

The Jicarilla gold strike which was mentioned a few weeks ago in this paper is reported as fully valuable as was expected. It is stated that a shaft sunk on the Sally Dear by Wm. Franklin, passed thru gold bearing rock the entire depth and it is said an assay from any of the rock would average $40.00 to the ton. There is a streak—and not merely a small streak, that would run as high as a thousand dollars to the ton This higher grade ore is taken out in pieces of ten pounds or more. The Canadian capitalists who were here a month ago have informed Jicarilla parties that they will return to that camp in a few weeks.

MEETING NOTICE

The annual meeting of the Iowa and New Mexico Mining and Milling Company will be held at Carrizozo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, on October 22d, 1912

T. B. COOKERLY,
Secretary.

9-20 4t

—Mr. and Mrs. W. A Wagoner left Monday for Dawson, where they will make their home. Mr. Wagoner has a position there as cashier for the Mining Co. Store.

—Postmaster A. J. Rolland met his wife and daughter in El Paso Sunday on their return from Hermosa Beach, California. Miss Helen was quite ill for a few days but her health is rapidly returning in New Mexico's exuberant climate.

—Andrew Hudspeth, State Democratic Chairman, arrived home from Albuquerque and Santa Fe, Monday night. Mr. Hudspeth in speaking of the political situation stated that the Democrats were so confident of victory that few contributions to the campaign fund were being received.

OSCURO HAPPENINGS.

Thomas and Charles Andrews and S. J. Marton have arrived from a business trip in the east.

Word has been received here announcing the marriage of Sidney Franz and Miss Hortense Baker, both of Denver. Mr. Franz spent the winter in Oscuro some time ago and has the good wishes of his many friends here.

Mrs. Walter Evans arrived Sunday on 33 and will join her husband at the Hacheta ranch.

Earl Black and Chas Thornton have joined the hay makers at Polly.

Mr. Hall, a cattle buyer, was in our locality Sunday.

Dr. McCallum has arrived from Magdelena to visit with his family here.

Messrs. Patten and Morrison arrived Sunday on 33. Mr. Patten is looking after business interests here.

Mrs. Capt. Roberts left for Alamogordo Sunday accompanied by the Mayes children.

The school building is progressing rapidly.

Mrs Loyd Keller is visiting the Mayes family.

NOGAL PREACHING

On Saturday night (Sept. 28) at 7:45 Rev. Haywood of Carrizozo will preach. And on Sunday morning service will also be held. Mrs. Haywood will be present and render service in special song. Come and bring others with you.

Call at
BRYAN'S STORE
for Cheap
DRY GOODS AND SHOES,
at the Gray Building.
Capitan, N. M.