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ORCHARD TREATMENT

Now is the Time to Treat Lincoln County Orchards Expert Says

PLOW UNDER ORCHARD SOILS

A bulletin from the State College issued this week is worthy of careful consideration we believe by the fruit growers of Lincoln County where the best apples at least, in the world are grown. The Bulletin is as follows:

"Now is the time for the orchardist to begin his orchard work for next year. The practice of leaving all orchard work until spring, as a rule does not bring satisfactory results in the long run.

The first orchard operation should be the plowing under of the orchard soil. Plow deeply; six or more inches. Plow both ways. The winter plowing of an orchard in this section of the country undoubtedly is a very important orchard operation. Some objections to this work are sometimes cited by fruit growers, for the reason that they say that the deep plowing will break off many of the roots. One of the things that should be kept in mind in growing fruit trees is to have as deep a root system as possible. Do not encourage surface roots. By systematic and continuous deep plowing, the surface roots can be materially reduced. What produces surface roots? It is usually light and shallow irrigations, shallow cultivation, and no plowing. If the orchard has not been plowed as it should have been for a long while, naturally, many of the roots will come to the surface. The sooner these are cut off the better it will be for the trees. If they are plowed in the fall, the broken off roots will have a longer time for the wound to call over, so that by spring it will be easier for the large number of fibrous roots to grow from the end of the old root. The plowing under of the orchard soil in the fall or early winter will also destroy many insect pests and eggs which may be in the trash, weeds or surface soil.

By this deep plowing the soil is better aerated, and it will afford a larger moisture reservoir. This is particularly important in sections where there are winter rains and snows.

Aside from the winter plowing, the orchard should be irrigated once or twice during the season. If the soil is in fair moisture condition at the time that frost comes, it would probably be better to plow before irrigating. If it is dry, as often happens, it can be irrigated, and as soon as the soil is dry enough for a plow to scour well, it may be plowed under. Whether the plowing should be done after or before irrigation depends altogether on the local conditions, and the orchardist himself may decide this point better than anybody else. The point to keep in mind is to plow the soil thoroughly and irrigate the orchard either before or after.

Another thing that should be done is to remove all of the weeds and trash along the fences on the outside of the orchard. Aside from improving on the appearance of the place, many of the orchard pests are by this means destroyed.

FALL PESSIMISTIC

United States Senator A. B. Fall, in discussing the Mexican situation this week said:

"The time for a peaceable settlement of the trouble in Mexico has passed. Nothing but outside force will bring peace in our sister Republic. If the United States does not bring about peace in Mexico soon, the masses of the Mexican people will take to arms and thousands instead of dozens will be killed. I believe that the United States will take decisive action before Christmas."

Judge Fall stated that only about 10 per cent of the Mexican people are taking active part in the war. He stated that he has been closely connected with the affairs of Mexico for thirty years and that recently some Mexican friends sent a delegation to Washington to ask him when the United States would assist in restoring peace in Mexico.

"The Federal army comes one day and takes our horses", the delegates told Senator Fall, "and the next day the Constitutionalists come and take our provisions. We are the prey of the armies of both sides and we want help."

When asked about the attacks being made on his articles which appeared in Leslie's recently, Senator Fall said:

"The figures set forth in that article were furnished by the government; surely there is no better source of information."

CRITICISM FOR LAND LAWS

Representative Scott Ferris, of Oklahoma, chairman of the house committee on public lands, in an address before the International Dry Farming congress at Tulsa, criticized the administration of affairs in the interior department and assailed federal laws now in force as a "jargon of inconsistencies that retard progress and developments."

"Our land laws are crude in many respects, irreconcilable, indifferent, without uniformity, confusing to the brain of the settler and impossible of interpretation by the layman," Mr Ferris declared. "Most of our so-called land laws are a confusing of executive orders, rulings, interpretations and decisions made by bureau chiefs and clerks in the various ramifications of the interior department.

"In my service in congress, we have had four secretaries of the interior, Ballinger, Garfield, Fisher and Lane. The views of these four men have differed in policy of questions of law and construction and many of the decisions made actually are obstructive to the settlement of lands of the west and a blight on the development of the unbounded resources of a nation.

Work on the J. F. Kimbell residence is being pushed along at a rapid rate and the cement foundation which is being poured will be complete in a few days. Several others of the townsmen are anticipating the erection of bungalows soon and with the completion of the Hamilton and Watson homes, Carrizozo will have a number of fine residences.

LOCAL CO-OPERATION

The United Effort on the Part of a Community a Great Boon

TENDS TOWARDS PROMOTION

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Community co-operation simply means a united effort on the part of the people living in any community along lines tending to promote its growth and development, and thus furthering the prosperity of every individual citizen.

The ideal community in which to live, in my mind, is the one that has good roads, streets, sidewalks, ample religious, educational, and social advantages—well kept parks and public grounds—and above all this, a contented people, working in unison towards the upbuilding and bettering of the entire community.

The creation and existence of this ideal community depend entirely upon local commercial activities.

The necessary factors in the production of the finest churches, the best schools, the happiest homes, in fact, the ideal community, are to be found within cold commercialism.

Local public advantages of all kinds, as well as all individual prosperity, are the outcome of local trade activities, and those people who really promote the general welfare of their community, must co-operate with their local commercial interests to this end.

Upon the extent of business transacted by your local mercantile institutions, depend the growth and development of your community, as well as the prosperity of your citizenship.

When you spend money spend it with your home merchants (provided they offer you the same inducements in the way of quality, price and service to be found elsewhere), thereby giving your community a chance to profit by a portion of your expenditures.

When your local merchants are prosperous, they will in turn deal liberally with the community on which they depend for trade.

MEETING WEDNESDAY NIGHT

A meeting of the Commercial Club has been called by President Rolland for next Wednesday night at the Harvey & Chase offices. The purpose of the meeting is to take up the incorporation of the Carrizozo Experimental Farm and the distribution of shares to the contributors who are the stock holders. The incorporation of a County Fair Association so that we may receive the aid of the county to the extent of \$500 in premiums next year and the incorporation of the town may also be discussed. All citizens of Carrizozo are urged to be present.

A party consisting of Dr. R. T. Lucas, Wm. Osborn and A. H. Harvey left here this morning for a hunting trip to the White mountains. They expect to be joined by Wallace L. Gumm on the Ruidosa.

The Willow Springs coal property will be able to deliver coal at an early date according to J. J. Ayers. The coal will sell at \$4.00 at the mine.

FEW CATTLE—FIRM PRICES

The high cost of beef, as evidenced by the higher prices being received by ranchers, is not a temporary condition, and still higher prices can be expected to be the rule. In the last six years the number of beef cattle in the country has apparently fallen off 30 per cent. During this time the population has increased. The United States from 1904 to 1906 exported about 600,000 head of cattle annually, and during the past year only 24,714. This practically means that the United States has ceased to be an exporter of beef. The bogie set up that Argentina would become an exporter of beef to this country has no foundation, since that country has been called upon to make up in the British market what was formerly sent from the U. S. Moreover, Argentina has reached the limit of its beef production, since the past ten years shows a decrease in cattle in that country. The number of cattle being raised in Canada also shows a decrease. So it seems evident that beef cattle will continue to command at least present prices, and it is almost a certainty that there will be an increase before the price tends to lower. This ought to be particularly good news for those in the cattle business. The results to this country are likely to be even farther reaching than making the present industry very profitable. It may easily result in the growing of fodder crops on much of this western land that is not capable of producing grain, since it is quite evident that by having a supply of fodder available at certain short seasons of the year the capacity of the ranges could be very greatly increased. It may be some years before irrigation can be resorted to profitably, outside of places where running water is available, but the production of dry farming fodders will receive more attention resulting in a much denser population and a higher price for land than at present obtains.

COMMERCIAL CLUB MEETING

The Carrizozo Commercial Club held a meeting Wednesday evening at the Harvey & Chase offices. The meeting was primarily for the purpose of auditing the accounts and determining the outcome financially of the Fall Festival. Several other matters were discussed however, and it was decided to call another meeting of the club for next Wednesday evening at the same place.

Dr. Guido Ranniger has been up this week from Oscura, having performed an operation on Harry Humphrey Thursday morning. He was assisted by Dr. T. W. Watson.

A party consisting of Jim Lee, Allen Lane, D. L. Jackson, Ed Queen, Wayne Vanschoyck of White Oaks and a party of men from El Paso went into the Oscura mountains this week and returned yesterday bringing in one fine buck. Three automobiles carried the party and equipment.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

News of Interest of our Towns People and of Outsiders Visiting in our Midst

GATHERED DURING THE WEEK

—W. L. Weber was down Wednesday from Parsons.

—Mrs. George L. Ulrich is spending two weeks in El Paso on a shopping and visiting trip.

—It is reported that John A. Haley has been confirmed as postmaster at Carrizozo.

—Mrs. Robert T. Lucas left Thursday evening for Galesburg, Illinois, on a visit to her parents.

—J. P. Morgan representing Jas. A. Dick and Co., was in town Thursday.

—Mrs. Wallace L. Gumm has been away for a week visiting the county schools.

—The quail and turkey season opens tomorrow and a number of the local sportsmen anticipate trials with their luck early in the sport.

—H. B. Dawson, Tom Fitzpatrick and Syl Anderson will leave the first of the week on a hunting trip to the Nogal country.

—The first really cold weather of the season struck this vicinity this week and fires were started in the parlor stoves to make the evenings pleasant.

—Wm. Osborn returned from Alamogordo Thursday where he had went to take the commandry degree in Masonry. He reports a very pleasant trip.

—James O. Nabours of White Mountain spent sometime in town this week having brought up a shipment of cattle Sunday and transacting other business while here.

—Oscar Thomas of Oscura was up on Wednesday making final proof on his homestead near Oscura. Dr. G. Ranniger and Adolph Gschwind acted as witnesses for Mr. Thomas; the proof being taken by Albert H. Harvey, of the firm of Harvey & Chase.

—On Friday evening a number of the ladies of the town have arranged a Halloween Masque Ball to be held at the Railroad Mens Club House. The general public is invited and all present must masquerade. There will be good music and a fine time is anticipated.

—A change in the time of the mail service between Carrizozo and Roswell is contemplated, which would cause the auto to leave here at six o'clock each morning arriving about 3 p. m. A protest is being sent in, owing to the inconvenience of such an early hour for passengers, etc.

—Phil. Blanchard has been in the city a couple of days having come down from Ancho where he expected to ship sheep but changed his mind and sent his sheep back to the range. Phil. says the Blanchard Bros. lost three cents a pound on 70,000 pounds of wool this year due to the Wilson administration making something like a loss of \$2,100 to this firm alone.

MOLLY McDONALD A TALE OF THE FRONTIER



By RANDALL PARRISH Author of "Keith of the Border," "My Lady of Doubt," "My Lady of the South," etc., etc.

Illustrations by V. L. BARNES

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SYNOPSIS.

Major McDonald, commanding an army post near Fort Dodge, seeks a man to intercept his daughter, Molly, who is headed for the post. An Indian outbreak is threatened. "Brick" Hamlin, sergeant who has just arrived with messages to McDonald, volunteers for the mission. Molly is at Fort Dodge two days ahead of schedule. She decides to push on to Fort Dodge by stage in company with "Butler" Bill Moylan, Gonzales, a gambler, is also a passenger. Hamlin meets the stage with stories of depredations committed by the Indians. The driver deserts the stage when Indians appear. The Indians are twice repulsed. Hamlin and Molly escape in the darkness. Molly is wounded. Hamlin is much excited at finding a haversack marked C. S. A. He explains to Molly that he was in the Confederate service and dismissed in disgrace under charges of cowardice at the close of the war. He enlisted in the regular service. Hamlin says the haversack was the property of one Capt. LeFevre, who he suspects of being responsible for his disgrace. Troops appear under escort of Hamlin. Molly starts to join her father. Hamlin leaves to rejoin his regiment. He returns to Fort Dodge after a summer of fighting Indians, and finds Molly there. She is heard in the night. Hamlin risks his life to save her. He believes in the figure of Molly hiding in the darkness and falls over the body of Lieutenant Gaskins, who accuses Hamlin of shooting him. The sergeant is proven innocent. He sees Molly in company with Mrs. Dupont, whom he recognizes as a former sweetheart, who throw him over for LeFevre. Mrs. Dupont tells Hamlin LeFevre forced her to send him a lying note. Hamlin declares he has been looking for LeFevre to force him to clear his record. Later he overhears Dupont and a soldier hatching up a money-making plot. Molly seeks an interview with Hamlin.

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

"It is all right, Miss McDonald," he murmured hastily, arising. "There is nothing to fear." "You are here—alone?" "Yes," smiling in memory. "There were occupants when I first arrived, but they were persuaded to depart. I had a suspicion you might prefer it that way." "Yes," puzzled by his manner, yet softly pushing the door back so as to exclude the light. "I can see better now. Are you sure no one can overhear? I have something to tell you—something important." "There is no one else here, yet some one might stumble into this room. It is not private, you know. We shall be safer on the porch outside. Will you take my hand, and let me guide you?" She did so unhesitatingly, but her fingers were cold, and he could feel the twitching of her nerves. "You are frightened—not of me, surely?" "Oh, no!" a slight catch in her voice, "but I am running such a risk venturing here. I—I had to pretend a sick-headache to get away. You must not condemn me until you hear why I came." "I condemn? Hardly, Miss McDonald. I am merely a soldier receiving orders; mine not to question why. Here is the window; now sit down on this bench. I'll keep guard, and listen." His voice sank lower, a little touch of tenderness in it impossible to disguise. "Are you in trouble? Is it something I can aid you to overcome?" She did not answer at once but rested her chin in one hand, and turned her eyes away. Her breath came swiftly, as though she had not yet recovered from fright, and her face in the dim light looked white and drawn. "Yes, you can," she began slowly. "I am sure you can. I—I came to you because there was no one else in whom I felt the same confidence. I knew that sounds strange, but I cannot explain—only it seems natural to trust some people even when you do not know them very well. I do not suppose I know you very well; just these few hours we were together, but somehow I think you are true." "I certainly hope so," he put in earnestly. "I couldn't very well help being—with you." "I believe that," and she lifted her eyes to his face. "Yet I do not wish you to think me bold, or—or indiscreet. You do not think so, do you?" "That idea has never once occurred to me, Miss McDonald. I am only too glad to be of service." "It is good of you to say that; you see, there was no one else." "Your father?" he suggested. "But that is the very trouble," she insisted, rejecting that he had then unconsciously opened the way to her confidence. "It is because my father is involved, is completely in her hands that I am compelled to appeal to you. He will not listen to a word against her." "Hark! You refer to Mrs. Dupont?"

"Of course; why, I hadn't mentioned her name! How did you guess?" "Because I am not entirely ignorant of conditions," he answered soberly. "Although I have only been at the post a short time, I have managed to see and hear a good deal. You know I chanced to become involved in the shooting of Lieutenant Gaskins, and then I saw you riding with Mrs. Dupont, and recognized her." "Recognized?" in surprise. "Do you actually mean you know her before?" "Not as Mrs. Dupont, but as Vera Carson, years ago. She knew me at once, and sent your driver over to the barracks with a note." "Why, how strange. She asked me so many questions, I wondered at the interest shown. Do you mind telling me what the note was about?" "Not in the least. She referred to the past, and asked me to meet her." "Were you—very intimate? Great friends?" "We were engaged to be married," he acknowledged frankly, his eyes upon her face. "That was at the breaking out of the war, and I was in my senior college year. We met at school, and I was supposed to be the heir to large property. She is a beautiful woman now, and she was a beautiful girl then. I thought her as good and true as she was charming. Since then I have learned her selfishness and deceit, that it was my money which attracted her, and that she really loved another man, a classmate." She glanced up at him as he paused, but he resumed the story without being interrupted. "The war came, and I enlisted at once, and received a commission. Almost our entire class went, and the man she really loved was next below me in rank." "Eugene LeFevre?" "Yes; how did you know? Oh, I told you of him out there in the sandhills. Well, I urged her to marry me before I went to the front, but she made excuses. Later, I understood the reason. She was uncertain as to my inheriting the property of an uncle. We were ordered to the Army of Northern Virginia. Once I went home on furlough, severely wounded. We were to be married then, but I had not sufficiently recovered when I was suddenly ordered back to the front. I did suspect then, for the first time, that she was glad of the respite. I afterwards discovered that during all this time she was in correspondence with LeFevre, who had been detailed to the staff. It was his influence which brought about my sudden, unexpected recall to duty. A few months later I was promoted major, and, at Fisher's Hill, found myself commanding the regiment. Early in the action LeFevre brought me an order; it was delivered verbally, the only other party present a corporal named Shultz, a German knowing little English. Early's exact words were: 'Advance at once across the creek, and engage the enemy fiercely; a supporting column will move immediately.' Desperate as the duty involved appeared, there was nothing in the order as given to arouse suspicion. In obedience I lunged my command forward, leading them on foot. We charged into a trap, and were nearly annihilated, and Shultz was either killed, or made prisoner. Two days later I was arrested under charges, was tried by court-martial, and dismissed from the service in disgrace. Early produced a copy of his written order; it read 'cautiously feel the enemy's position, and LeFevre wait on the stand, and wrote the original had been delivered to me. I had no witness." She watched him with wide-open eyes, her lips parted. "And she—this Vera Carson?" The man laughed bitterly. "Wrote him a letter, which the man actually had the nerve to show me when I was helpless, proving her falsity. I would not believe, and went back seeking her. But she had departed—no one knew where—but had first convinced herself that my name had been erased from my uncle's will. Two months later I heard that she married LeFevre in Richmond." "And she—that woman—actually asked you to meet her again tonight?" "Yes." "Did you?" "I must plead guilty." "Where?" "Here, just where we are now; we were together half an hour." She half arose to her feet, her hand grasping the rail.

"But I cannot understand. Why should you? Do you?" "No; wait," he interrupted, venturing to touch her arm. "I came, not because of any interest in her, Miss Molly—but for you."

CHAPTER XX.

Molly Tells Her Story. Her breath came in a little sob, and she sank back on the bench. "For me? How do you mean?" "Surely I had every reason to distrust her, to question her character, and I could not believe you realized the sort of woman she is. I felt it my duty to discover her purpose here, and to warn you if possible." "And you have succeeded? You learned her purpose in your interview?" "Not exactly," with regret. "My suspicion was merely stimulated. To tell the truth, we rather drifted into a renewal of our old quarrel. However, between what she said, and parts of another conversation overheard, I know there is a blackmailing conspiracy on foot in which you are involved. May I speak very frankly?" "I certainly desire it," proudly. "I am not aware that I have anything to conceal." "Apparently the scheme these people have on foot originated about Lieutenant Gaskins. He is wealthy, I understand." "I have been told so; yes, I know he is." "This knowledge, coupled with the fact of your engagement—" "My what?" "Your engagement. I had heard it rumored before, and Mrs. Dupont assured me it was true." "But it is not true, Sergeant Hamlin—indignantly. "I cannot imagine how such a report ever started. Lieutenant Gaskins has been very friendly; has—" her voice breaking slightly, "even asked me to marry him, but I told him that was impossible. He has been just as kind to me since, but there is nothing, absolutely nothing between us. I have never spoken about this before to any one." If Hamlin's heart leaped wildly at this swift denial, there was no evidence of it in his quiet voice. "The point is, Miss Molly, that Mrs. Dupont, and those connected with her, think otherwise. They are presuming on Gaskins' being in love with you. Mrs. Dupont can be very seductive. Little by little she has drawn the Lieutenant into her net. Believing him engaged to you, they have him now where he must either pay money for silence or be exposed. Just how it was worked, I do not know. The shooting last night was done to convince him they were serious. The fact that



"We Were Engaged to Be Married," He Acknowledged Frankly. Gaskins later denied knowing who his assailants were—even endeavored to accuse me—is abundant proof of their sneaks." He hesitated, wondering at her silence. "What parcel me most is why you were present?" "Present? Where?" "At this quarrel with Gaskins last evening. An I ran by toward the scene of the shooting I passed you hiding at the angle of the barrack wall. Of course I have mentioned the fact to no one. That was why I made no attempt to defend myself when arrested." She gasped for breath, scarcely able to articulate. "You believe that? You think that of me?" "I may have been deceived; I hope so; there was but little light, and I got merely a glimpse," he explained hastily. "You were deceived," impatiently. "I was not out of the house that evening. I was in the parlor with my father when these shots were fired. You are sure you saw a woman there—hiding?" "There is no doubt of that; her footprints were plainly to be seen in the morning. This discovery, together with the site of the weapon used, resulted in my immediate release. I saw her, and imagined her to be you. I cannot account for the mistake, unless you were in my mind, and possibly what I had heard of your con-

nection with Gaskins. Then it must have been Mrs. Dupont. That looks reasonable. But she stays at your home, does she not?" "She makes our house her headquarters, but is absent occasionally. Last night she was here at this hotel. Well, we are getting this straightened out a little—that is, if you believe me."

"Of course." "Then I am going to question you. You spoke of overhearing a conversation?" "Yes; it was after Mrs. Dupont had left. Captain Barrett came, and took her away. I was sitting here thinking when two men came into the parlor." "Who were they? Do you know?" "One was the soldier who drives you about—Connor; the other a black-bearded, burly fellow called 'Reb.'" "Mr. Dupont?" "What? Is that Dupont? Lord! No wonder she's gone bad. Why, I thought her husband was a ranchman down south somewhere! This fellow is a tin-horn." "He did run cattle once, years ago. I think he was quite well off, but drank and gambled it away. Papa told me all about it, but I found out he was the man by accident. He—is the one I am really afraid of." She stopped, her eyes deserting his face, and stared out into the darkness. He waited, feeling vaguely that he had not heard all she intended to say. "What more do you know?" he asked. "What was it you expected of me?" She turned again, aroused by the question. "Yes, I must tell you as quickly as I can—before I am missed. I did not know about Mrs. Dupont and Lieutenant Gaskins. I realized there was something between them—a slight flirtation, but scarcely gave that a thought. What brought me here was a much more serious matter, yet this new information helps me to comprehend the other—the motives, I mean. Mrs. Dupont's maiden name was Vera Carson?" "Certainly; I knew her family well." "She came here, and was received into our family as a daughter of my father's sister. If true, her maiden name would have been Sarah Counts. Papa had no reason to suspect the deceit. He does not now, and I doubt it even your word would convince him, for he seems thoroughly under her influence. There has been such a change in him since she came; not all at once, you know, but gradual, until now he scarcely seems like the same man. I—I do not dislike Lieutenant Gaskins; he has been pleasant and attentive, but I do not care for him in any other way. Yet papa insists that I marry the man. Lately he has been very unkind about it, and—and I am sure she is urging him on. What can I do? It is all so unpleasant." Hamlin shook his head, but without reply. "You will not tell me? Then I will tell you I shall say no! no! in spite of them; I shall refuse to be sold. But how does that woman control my father?" she leaned closer in her earnestness, lowering her voice. "She has not won him by charms; he is afraid of her." "Afraid? Are you certain of that?" "Yes. I cannot tell you how I know; perhaps it is all womanly instinct, but I do know that he is terrified; that he dare not oppose her wish. I have read the truth in his eyes, and I am sure he is harsh to me only because he is driven by some threat. What can it be?" "You have never spoken to him of your suspicions? Asked him?" "Yes and no. I tried once, and shall never forget the expression of his face. Then he turned on me in a perfect paroxysm of anger. I never even dared hint at the matter again." The Sergeant stared out into the street, not knowing what to say, or how to advise. Almost unconsciously of the action his hand stole along the rail until it touched hers. (TO BE CONTINUED)

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomachs in five minutes —Time It! "Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcomes indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness. A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction. It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Adv.

Over-the-Teacups. An open fire, blue tea things on the table, and a teakettle singing a little song of comfort are the proper stage settings for this little anecdote. An Irish hostess, when she asks if you'll have sugar in your "tay," holds out the bowl and absently goes on with her conversation, or glances the fire, allowing you to help yourself. An English hostess asks: "One lump or two?" and carefully drops the sugar into your tea. If you should ask a Scotch hostess for a little more sugar in your tea she would demand, with a note of surprise: "And has ye stirred it yet?"

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair. But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv. Could You Blame Him? "What was that aviator's former business?" "He used to act as a guide to deer hunters, but he lost his nerve."—Puck. Paw Knows Everything. Willie—Paw, what is a pointed argument? Paw—One in which both sides refuse to see the point, my son. Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for *Watson's Castoria*. Expert Advice. "When you want to sue a girl for her hand, what is the best course to pursue?" "Take the case to court." For the treatment of colds, sore throats, etc., Dr. J. C. Watson's Compound Drops give sure relief. So at all good Druggists. The time you can depend upon a woman is when you are sick or in trouble. Suffer on week day. That's when you see Red Cross Best Balm. Clothe white then brown. All grocers. Adv. The truth is as clear as a bell, but it isn't always told. Our castles in the air generally include an entrance.

HE TOOK THE RISK

By FLORENCE HENDERSON.

"It's a nerve thing to ask you to do, Alling," spoke the chief clerk of the Empira National bank. "I'm willing to take the risk," smiled Gerald Alling quietly, "for two alluring reasons."

"Would it be impertinent for me to ask what those reasons might be?"

"You are so good a friend," replied Alling promptly, "that I am glad to tell you. First reason: I shall with delight any variation in my humdrum work of counting money in a screened cage. Second reason: I am in love with Mr. Ward's daughter, Lucy, and I would like to make a good impression on her father, who, to tell the truth, rather frowns on my matrimonial aspirations."

"I see. Very good," laughed the chief clerk. "I hope this new experience will lead to a consummation of your wishes all around."

Young Alling had been with the bank for three years and was a model employe. The Mr. Ward he spoke of was the special messenger of the institution. For years, whenever large amounts of securities or money were to be delivered, it was the duty of Ward to attend to it.

The coin transmissions were made in a wagon guarded by special officers. Mr. Ward disdained such protection. With his money satchel handcuffed to his wrist he had carried hundreds of thousands of dollars across the city.

One day his good luck missed him. As he was passing an open area way two men hustled him down his steps. Two others stationed below seized him. He was knocked senseless with a slugshot and when he recovered consciousness the men and satchel were gone.

Fortunately the amount of currency in the satchel was small, but over \$50,000 in bonds had been secured by the bold footpads. They were of no value



A Frightful Alarm.

to the robbers, but until they were recovered or proof positive of their destruction was secured, the bank had to put up a large bond against them.

Out of all this had grown a suggestion from the chief clerk of the bank. Ward was to carry the money as before, only to distribute about his person. He was to proceed on his mission secretly from a side exit of the bank. Gerald was to carry the satchel empty.

The hope was that the old gang of robbers might be on the watch for a more profitable opportunity. They might some day attempt to rob Gerald, just as they had Ward. The former was to keep a close lookout, was instructed to raise an instant alarm if attacked. A detective was to follow him with ready call, but not closely enough to awaken suspicion.

It was the second day of the new program when Gerald was returning from his mock cash delivery to a bank that a bright-eyed old man accosted him and walked along with him. "Messenger service, eh, Mr. Alling?" he questioned.

"Yes," assented Gerald. "Thought that loan of theirs would stir up the bank," observed his companion. "Say, I guess I shall never be able to thank you enough for that situation you found for me."

"Oh, I was glad to be of service to you," declared Gerald heartily. "Dropped your invention, have you?"

"Until I get a little capital ahead, yes. Look here, drop in and see me at my room some time soon," suggested the inventor with a staid glance at the satchel Gerald was carrying. "I'd like to show you a new machine I've devised to make the bank messenger absolutely immune from loss."

"Why, you interest me," declared Gerald. "I will surely avail myself of your invention."

He had been going pretty regularly to see Lucy Ward, but her father had

circumscribed these calls to once a week now.

"It is nonsense to think of marrying," he declared sharply, "or even an engagement until your salary is materially increased and you have enough to start housekeeping in some substantial way."

"It's a long prospect ahead, then," mourned Gerald, but Lucy loved him; he knew that, and both exerted the virtue of patience.

Nothing of a sensational character had happened along of his carrying the empty money satchel. One day, however, the bank detective came to him.

"You needn't know it except to keep a firm grip on your nerve, Alling," he said, "but you are being followed."

"Is that so?" inquired our young hero.

"I feel sure of it. I have noticed two suspicious looking characters apparently on your trail for three consecutive mornings now."

That evening Gerald went to visit his friend, the inventor, for lack of a better place to go to. The man was a genius and grateful to the young bank man for past favors done.

That night he showed his gratitude to Gerald by proving that he had done some thinking in his behalf.

When Gerald left the inventor's room he carried a fair-sized package which he took down to the bank with him.

When he got ready to start on his decoy route next morning he went to a secluded corner of the bank and placed the package in question carefully inside of the satchel.

A wire from it he ran through the canvas so that its loop just clasped one of his fingers.

Every morning after that for more than a week Gerald repeated this operation and one eventful day there were results.

A jam of vehicles near a crowded court, a jostling mob around him, two men got close up to him. One quickly caught his arm. The other gave him a push down the court away from the street. Gerald Alling smiled despite his peril.

"Give up that satchel!" ordered one of the men.

"Take it!" retorted Gerald accommodatingly, and he let the loop slide from his finger.

Bang—bang—ding—ding—ding—ding— A frightful alarm of sound echoed from inside the satchel—two revolver shots, the shay rasping clanging of half a dozen bells.

The dismayed and discomfited looters stared marvellingly at satchel and messenger. Before they could turn and run the bank detective was at their side.

Gerald saw them led to a patrol wagon, went on his way and after banking hours was called into the private office of the president of the institution. He found the bank detective also there.

"Now then, young man," observed the money magnate, a pleased but curious expression on his face, "explain that young noise wagon of yours—the satchel."

And then Gerald told of the ingenuity of his friend, the inventor, in producing a device which "went off" the moment he let go of the handle of the satchel.

"I sent for you," said the president, "to tell you that through the arrest of the men your clever alarm call baffled we have recovered the stolen bonds. Our officer here will share a reward of five thousand dollars with you. And you probably deserve a month's leave of absence, Alling."

"I'll make a honeymoon of it!" cried the delighted young bank man. (Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

Small One on Daddy. "Can't you keep still, David?" asked Mr. Mead from behind his evening paper. "What are you doing?"

"Studyin' Latin," came the muffled answer, "an' I'm stuck."

"Show it to me," ordered his father, resignedly. Mr. Mead's Latin was exceedingly rusty, and he, knowing this fact, was wont to act with due caution.

David brought his work over and explained where the trouble lay. It seemed that a certain word could not be found in the vocabulary, nor could he guess whence the form was derived. The father studied the page for a moment and then said: "Now, David, I don't think I ought to help you. It is a great deal better for you to puzzle things out for yourself. In this case it is merely a question of your knowing your declensions and conjugations."

The lad worked till bedtime without success. The next afternoon he came home from school with a look of triumph.

"I've found out about that word!" he announced.

"Perseverance—" began his father. "The teacher told us it was a misprint!"—Harper's Magazine.

Impossible. "Why are you always poring so over those government reports? They must be very dry reading."

"Quite the contrary. They are interesting reports."

HOW M'GRAW COACHES

Leader of Giants Requires Fast Base Running.

Players Are Drilled Incessantly During Spring Practice to Run Bases, Getting a Quick Start and Then Making Turns.

Time and again Manager McGraw of the New York Giants has been seen during a game to dash up to a batter with a runner or two on the bases, talk to him for a minute or two and then sprint back to the coacher's box at third base.

"He does that to worry the pitcher," is the cry that goes up as soon as he is seen to walk up to batter. "His scheme is to make the pitcher think some unusual play is to be performed."

This is not so, McGraw never hustles up to a player at the plate or calls him toward the coacher's box without telling him to try something. His brain works instantaneously as soon as a runner reaches first and immediately he endeavors to outguess the opponents.

"What does McGraw tell his batters when he talks to them before they step up to hit?" was asked Al Bridwell of the Chicago Cubs, who was formerly a member of the New York team.

"You can bet that every time McGraw calls a man from the plate he tells him what to do," replied Bridwell. "It all depends on the situation. Sometimes he will request his man to bluff a bunt, and then switch on the next ball and hit. Then he may tell him to give the runner on first a chance to steal second, or to make order him to wait out the pitcher. Chances are he will say to the batter: 'Wait for one on the outside and hit into right field.'"

"One of the first things McGraw teaches his men is to hit to right field. He would not have a player in his batting order who could not swing late and hit into that section of the field. He considers a man who can hit to right field with a runner on first is valuable. When he does hit past the first baseman or over his head the man who is on the initial sack can go to third. And if one is out can score easily on a long fly to the outfield."

"Speed is required to go from first to third on a hit to right field unless the hit and run play is worked. As McGraw does not believe in the hit and run play, his men have to be fleet to execute the play. On the spring training trip he drills them incessantly in running the bases, getting a quick start and turning the bases. He has a peculiar method in base running."

"McGraw works his men as a race horse is used. If the man is fast in getting away with a lot of stolen bases McGraw sends him out to run wild as soon as he gets on, because he figures the chances are seven to ten he will succeed."

"Much of the Giants' success is due to the coacher. McGraw is at third or first base every day of the season. When he is at one corner he has a man on the other who is on the alert and knows what to do. McGraw does not use signals very much when runners are on third, although it appears as if he does by the many movements he goes through. By this he deceives the opponents, for they are continually watching him. Seldom will you see a Giant caught on second or first base. This is left entirely to the coacher. One watches the second baseman and shortstop and as soon as they begin to move over the guide at third base yells out. As long as he is quiet the runner will creep up and obtain as big a lead as possible. You do not see a Giant player caught off second base when McGraw himself is at third base."

Quick Jumps. To be shunted off to a Class C league and then purchased by a major league club, all in ten days, was the experience of Pitcher Watson, bought by the Chicago Cubs. Milwaukee traded Watson to the Fond du Lac club of the Wisconsin-Illinois league for Outfielder Felch, giving cash in addition, and President Murphy then bought him from Fond du Lac. Watson pitched great ball for Milwaukee in the closing days of last season, but did not go well this year.

Name Against Him. A Louisville youngster in a semi-pro game recently did not allow a hit and struck out 20 men in nine innings. The Louisville club proposed to sign him at once, but the scorer objected. His name is Theodore Brascowick, that's the reason for the objections.

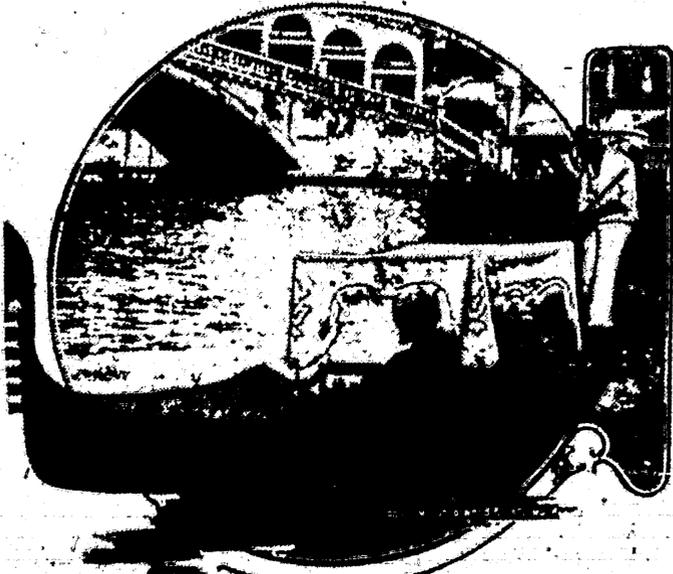
Joe Berger Doing Well. Joe Berger is playing a grand game at second for the Southiders. The work of the former Los Angeles man all that was claimed for him at start of the season.

Motor Boat Displacing Gondola

MODERN means of locomotion on the Grand canal in Venice have been stubbornly fought for some time by the Venetian gondollers, but this seems about to be overcome by the formation of a co-operative society among these boatmen. This body is providing a public service of small motor launches between the railway station and the Adriatic shore. They maintain that the launches can be used by those in a hurry, while the gondolas will be retained for the use of the leisurely pleasure-seekers.

But why should anyone be in a hurry in Venice? It is a place to dream and rest. One of the greatest attractions in this most picturesque city on all the continent is to loiter back in a gondola and glide slowly down the Grand canal. That first ride one never forgets. It is as if he had been transported into an altogether different world, for everything is strange, unfamiliar. As the boat proceeds leisurely along the stately old palaces, with the high poles with the colors of their owners painted on them, add to the charm. They are ancient and many are in a rather dilapidated condition, but that makes them seem all the more picturesque. It is fitting that they should be.

Many Great Palaces. Here, the gondoller tells you, is the Palazzo of Desdemona, beautiful old place crowded in between two larger palaces; there is the palace of the Brownings, one of the stateliest on the canal; over there is where the famous Dusa once lived, but her palace, probably discouraged of having been deserted by the great celebrity, leans disconsolately against its neighbor, and seems ready to plunge into the waters of the canal. And so as you slip along to the sweep of the one great oar of the gondoller, you see palaces of great dukes and duchess, of poets, writers and many others.



GONDOLA OF VENICE

Other gondolas glide silently past you, and perhaps now and then a barge loaded with fruit or fish, propelled by the one long oar in the hands of a swarthy Venetian. But you are rudely awakened from your reverie by the shrill whistle of an impertinent little steamboat. It seems like an anachronism, and one resents its presence.

These boats now run between the railway station and the Adriatic sea. In them one can go out to the Lido, the famous Venetian seaside resort; to the great Venetian glass works and other places. Now and then a speedy motor boat will dash by you, and you shake your hat at its departing stern, and wish it would sink.

Then with a sudden turn to the right you enter a labyrinth of smaller canals, so narrow, some of them, that you can almost touch the houses on either side with outstretched hands. As you approach a sharp turn, the gondoller shouts a warning, answered by another boatman, and presently a long black prow emerges slowly and cautiously into view. With perfect ease the two boats pass each other in this narrow space, never touching nor bumping. The gondollers have perfect control over them and handle the long unwieldy things perfectly. These back canals are charming, although, one must confess, they are sometimes rather nasty, and there is danger of having the day's garbage

dumped from an upper window into your lap. But you do not mind this as you glide beneath many bridges, and slip past the old, old houses, with the window gally decorated with flowers. You gaze in wonder and admiration at the picturesque old places, and perhaps a black eyed signorina leans from a window and drops a rose into your boat, and smiles.

At night the charm of Venice is even greater. Then it seems like a veritable dream city; but without the gondolas it might be a nightmare. Far out on the Grand canal one can see two or three concert boats, decorated with Japanese lanterns, and on the still air comes snatches of old Italian love songs. You listen a few minutes, and then, with a nod to your companion, you get up from your chair on the hotel gallery and signal for a gondola. Silently it slips up to the steps leading into the water; you step into it and sink by the side of your companion deep into the cushioned seats in perfect luxury. Never go out alone.

"La musica," you say, if your Italian vocabulary is very limited, and soon the long, black brow is pointing toward the fairylike boats. You sigh in contentment. As you slip along the lights of St. Mark's square wink gaily. Small lights on the water here and there show that other boats are going to the concert. Everything is silent and serene, only the sound of the music breaking the stillness. The gondoller stands majestically behind you, making long sweeps with his oar. The sound of the music grows plainer, and soon beneath the string of lanterns a black barge looms up.

Hundreds of gondolas, it seems, are lined up around this boat. By skillful maneuvering your gondoller slides in between two other boats. And then you just stretch back and listen to the singers, the water sloshing and lapping against the boats making an effective accompaniment. The singers can sing, too, grand opera and love songs composing their repertoire.

When one song has been finished the gondollers shout for their favorite song, for these swarthy boatmen seem to enjoy the singing as much as do their passengers. Presently a man descends from the singers' craft and steps from gondola to gondola, a small bag in his hand. You hear the clinking of coins, and when he gets to your boat you drop a few centesimi into the well filled bag. This is repeated three or four times, but altogether you do not squander more than ten or fifteen cents in American money. You would not begrudge three times that amount.

When one of the gondolas by the side of the concert leaves there is a scramble to get its place. The gondollers manipulate their boats skillfully, and perhaps your man, by a quick twist, gets you into the coveted place. It seems to be covered by the boatmen, but in reality it is not as good as being farther away.

All the gondolas are painted black, and are just alike. It is said that one of the old Doges of Venice, finding that many of the wealthy nobles were obtaining gondolas much more elaborate than he could afford, made a law that all except his own should be painted a modest black, and that no boat has come down to the present day.

THE OUTLOOK

LEE B. CHASE, Editor and Publisher

Published Weekly In The Interest of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

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ONE YEAR, in Advance \$1.50
SIX MONTHS, in Advance .75
OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1913

POOR CORONA

(Contributed)

It will doubtless be remembered that a girls' basket ball team from Corona assayed to play our girls' team and received defeat by a large majority. To those who attended the game the spirit of malice was evident. To those who undertook to entertain certain of these visitors the spirit of chagrin over defeat was especially manifested since their proffered hospitality got a cold rebuff. These girls, preferred to come to our town and play for a purse, though they were offered their expenses provided no purse was put up. Their peevish condition was therefore decidedly un-called for. They received fair play from us. Returning to Corona they decided that our team owed them a return game. They felt that the Carrizozo girls should stand all expenses incident to the trip because their attempt to win the purse had proved unsuccessful. Our girls decided, that although they were under no moral obligation to play them and pay their own expenses, they would play the game and as Friday was understood to be Corona's appointed time, the girls were allowed to miss the afternoon's work in school and accordingly left on the noon train accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Hutcheson and Prof. and Mrs. McCurdy, the former the official referee for Carrizozo. Upon reaching their destination the girls found that Corona did not want to play till Saturday. There had been a misunderstanding. But Mr. Hutcheson had to return that evening so our girls agreed to remain over and play two games the next day if Corona would play a game that afternoon counting the best two out of three.

The shades of evening were lengthening before Corona was ready to play. The first half proceeded with close scores on both sides, Corona doing plenty of talking back to our referee a thing the game strictly forbids. Cognizant however of their weighted condition, Mr. Hutcheson let it go unheeded and the second half was progressing with the scores tied and our girls redeeming the time. It was at this juncture that the fouls of Corona became intolerable. Holding of our players was engaged in almost at will. Mr. Hutcheson had just finished telling one of Hon. George Clement's daughters that she would be fouled if the offense occurred again and had turned to continue the game when she faintly departed approached from behind and in the strength of his athletic manhood seized our referee by the collar and conducted him from the field with threats and loud rancor. Meanwhile the better elements of the town were intervening and the girls themselves begged for the suppression of the outrage but it was only after some minutes' persistence that Mr. Hutch-

son was released with the peace officer's decree that no referee could call fouls on his girls and that the game could not continue.

It must be said that the good people of Corona regret this unparalleled action on the part of a peace officer but everyone ought to know when justice is trampled underfoot by those who are its sworn advocates. As for the Corona team, the least we can say is that they have lots and lots to learn. If they could only learn the lesson that they do not know it all, they would be a long way toward correct basket ball. It is no disgrace to be ignorant, but what about persisting in it?—By one that was there.

CORONA CLIPPINGS

Joe Simpson who has been confined to his bed for several days is again able to be up.

The school at Gallina has been closed for two weeks awaiting the construction of a building.

The board of directors have had our school replastered and are now having the floor oiled.

Rev. LaBretton filled his appointment here on Saturday evening and Sunday at 11 a. m. While here he organized a young people's league.

Messrs. Galbough and McCamant have just returned from Kansas City where they shipped several cars of cattle. They found weights and prices very satisfactory.

A number of people from a distance were in town Saturday to witness the basket ball game which was to have been played by the Carrizozo and the Corona teams. By a misunderstanding of dates the Carrizozo team came on Friday and insisted on playing the game that afternoon. It was finally agreed to play the best two out of three games one Friday and two Saturday. The score stood eight to eight when some trouble over the ruling of the referee brought the game to a close. The Athletic Club gave a box supper and ball at night and the young people passed an enjoyable evening. The Carrizozo party returned home on No 1.

WHITE MOUNTAIN

Mrs. M. S. Harper has returned to the ranch for a short stay.

Wm. Reily and wife drove down from Carrizozo the latter part of last week returning the same day.

J. O. Nabours who sold his steers to Wm. Reily delivered them to Carrizozo Sunday.

Mrs. M. S. Harper, James Harper, Sam Hall and Thomas Keshn were transacting business in Carrizozo this week.

We had our first freeze for this year Sunday night and on account of it being so warm we did not realize that winter was here.

H. B. Sheffey and Norman Riggs who have been fencing their land for the past two weeks or more will finish their task this week.

Quite a number of our citizens have had wells dug on their places and it seems they have been quite successful in obtaining a good flow of water.

Dr. C. H. Bolosau of Warrensburg, Mo., has been visiting his son who has lived on a homestead here, but was called home last week, owing to the illness of his wife.

It was Stewart Edward White who made the old placeman say of our leaders of Sunbabe: "There in this country, there is more fire and less water, more corn and less milk, and you can see farther and see less than anywhere else in the world."

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LINCOLN COUNTY NOTES

FORT STANTON NOTES

Two new members will arrive at the No. 4 club in a few days.

Miss Catherine Becker, trained nurse at No. 10, arrived Tuesday morning from El Paso.

The office force was photographed last week by the Heasley Photo Co.

Commanding officer Dr. F. O. Smith made a hurried business trip to Alamogordo last Wednesday.

Master Donald and Richard Smilch arrived for a visit at the Post and are having the time of their lives as junior cow boys.

C. W. Martin arrived Monday from Denver and will be quartered at No. 4 during his stay at the Post.

Rev. Father Girma visited the Post last Wednesday morning on business matters, returning to Lincoln in the afternoon.

The Chaplain is giving private lessons in the commercial line to a number of the children of the Post. He has a large attendance.

A new Mirroide motion picture screen has been placed in the Fort Stanton theater by C. U. Babbs. This is the finest and only one of its kind in the state.

Special memorial service is announced by Chaplain Frund next Sunday evening for the late Dr. W. W. Markoe who died in the east last Sunday.

The following are the "movies" at the Post theater this week: "The Answered Prayer," "Celery Industry," "Bronco Billy's Way," Pathes weekly No. 14 "John Bunny in Seeing Double," "Jean the Dog and Her Family."

John F. Truesdell Assistant General of the United States and P. W. Dent of the U. S. Reclamation Service transacted government business here last Tuesday and Wednesday, leaving by auto for Carrizozo later.

PARSONS PICKINGS

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Anderson were visitors in Capitan Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Grafton spent Sunday afternoon as guests of the Rice family.

Otto Goetz who has been visiting for several weeks with Mr. Consbuch went to El Paso Sunday.

Mrs. Luther Jennings who has been ill for the past week is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wells were week end visitors in Capitan and were the guests while there of Fred Pfingsten and family.

Miss Alice O'Connor of El Paso who has been with Mrs. Weber for the past two weeks returned home Tuesday.

Apple gathering is still going on down the valley, although some of the ranchers have all their crop harvested. The Jennings boys are gathering apples in the Skinner orchard and expect to go to Angus as soon as they finished there.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Robinson left Sunday for the Ruidosa to visit their daughter, Mrs. I. N. Wingfield. They expected to spend Sunday night with their daughter, Mrs. Hightower, on Eagle Creek.

NOGAL NOTES

Capt. Henley has moved to the J. O. Beckman homestead.

Joe Cochran has moved to the Nat Moore place in Nogal.

The Sterling family have moved to Nogal and have bought the W. J. Henley house and lot in town.

W. R. Sterling is quite ill with rheumatism and has to use a crutch to get around.

Most all of the pupils in the public school have had to stop on account of their vaccinated arms.

The public school in precinct No. 11, (Nogal) will close on the 14th of November, making six months of school for the entire year.

A large force of men and teams are still at work trying to stop the leak in the Watson Lake and enlarging the lake as well. When it is filled now the water will be thirty-two feet deep in the center.

PARSONS PICKINGS

(Too late for last week)

Buck Jennings has returned from the Mesa where he has been working for Mr. Skinner.

Mrs. I. N. Wingfield is here visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Thorpe are here for a few days as guests of the Grafton family.

Mrs. Ellen Staton has moved into the Byrd house where she expects to live this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Grafton have returned from Capitan where they attended the preaching services conducted by Rev. H. H. Haywood.

Herman Consbuch and his guest Otto Goetz of Carrizozo took dinner with the Rice family Wednesday, Oct. 22nd.

James Robison and family have returned from White Oaks and back into their house on the Bonito. Mr. Robison has been working in the mines for the past few months.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Weber are the proud parents of a son born last Wednesday, October 15th. William Loyd Jr., weighs nine pounds and as he sleeps twenty three hours out of twenty four is an all around good baby.

STODDARD JOHNSON WRITES

A letter received from Stoddard Johnson is as follows:
Edmonton, Alberta, Canada,
October 20th, 1913.

Friend Lee: I would just like for you to run the enclosed clipping in your paper to show the good Carrizozo people what life is in the out side world, and especially out here in western Canada where the soil yields as high as sixty four bushels wheat to the acre and oats as high as 120. September 25th when you were having the big snow and plenty of cold weather down there it was warm and sunshiny up here in the far north. Have had one light snow so far this season, which was last week.

Yours very truly,
Stoddard Johnson

MRS. EDMONTON GOES TO MARKET

At the market gate "sweet Peggy" is not the only person seen these fine young mornings. Hanging about stalls the stroller distinguishes among the crowd present the woman about town in her smart tailored suit and her face wearing a most business-like expression—all the house-keeper in her on the alert.

About fifty women from the west end go to the market every day.

Here a nice juicy sirloin is selected for twenty-two cents a pound—mushrooms which thrive about Alberta farms are available—a tasty roast runs from fifteen to seventeen cents a pound. Round steak the kind which makes such awfully good pie with rich gravy for the hungry kiddies, is twenty cents a pound. Here Mrs. Edmonton buys a side of bacon at twenty-five cents a pound. Brand new ladies are one of the advantages of the market at twenty cents a dozen.

Farmers' wagons stand around laden with potatoes, turnips, beets, cabbage and carrots—great possibilities here for the woman who gives her cuisine and the health of her household intelligent thought. Celery, corn on cob tomatoes—ripe and green—such as would delight the palate of the vegetarian fresh from outlying farming soil, make the market popular.

8822 010863
NOTICE OF CONTEST
Department of the Interior
United States Land Office Roswell, N. M.
October 8, 1913
To Thomas J. Givins, of Carrizozo, N. M. Contestee.

You are hereby notified that Jose Lopez, who gives Carrizozo, New Mexico, as his post office address, did on September 17, 1913, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead, Entry No. Serial No. 019803 made August 28th, 1909 for S1NW1 and N1SW1, Section 31, Township 7 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said Thomas J. Givins has wholly abandoned said above described land and claim and has been absent therefrom for more than two years, last past; that he is not now residing upon the same;

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be cancelled thereunder without your further right to be heard therein; either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the post office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

HAROLD HURD,
Receiver.
Date of first publication October 17, 1913
" " second " " 24 1913
" " third " " 31 1913
" " fourth " November 7, 1913

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—Good Pasture for your stock, plenty of water, reasonable terms. Apply box 43.

—Six per cent loans on farms, orchard lands, city resident or business property, to buy, build, improve, extend or refund mortgages or other securities; terms reasonable; special privileges; correspondence invited. Dept. L., 618 Commonwealth Building, Denver, Colorado. 8-29-4t

I have opened up the City Meat Market, first door west of the Grand View Hotel and will carry at all times a good line of fresh and salted Meats: T. Bone Steak 22c per lb., Round Steak 20c. Other Meats ranging in price from 8 to 18 cents per pound.
Trinidad Gallegos, Prop.

ROSWELL-CARRIZOZO MAIL LINE
Daily Passenger service leaving Roswell and Carrizozo at 8:00 a. m.
West Bound East Bound
Arrive Arrive
.....Roswell.....4:45 p. m.
11:00 a. m.Plecho.....1:40 p. m.
11:30 a. m.Tinnle.....1:15 p. m.
11:55 a. m.Hondo.....12:50 p. m.
1:00 p. m.Lincoln..... 11:30 a. m.
2:00 p. m.Ft. Stanton 10:30 a. m.
2:35 p. m.Capitan.....10:00 a. m.
3:35 p. m.Nogal..... 9:00 a. m.
4:45 p. m.Carrizozo.....
Through fare, one way..... \$10 50
Intermediate points.....10c per mile
50 lbs. Baggage, free, Excess carried
ROSWELL AUTO COMPANY

SPENCE & SHERRY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Practices in all the Courts
Carrizozo, New Mexico

DR. ROBERT T. LUCAS
Special attention given Obstetrics and Diseases of Children.
Phone 79
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

DR. R. E. BLANEY, DENTIST
EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

DR. E. B. WALKER
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Phone No. 25
Carrizozo New Mexico.

GUIDO RANNIGER, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
In Carrizozo Wednesday and Saturday afternoons
Phone to
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

DR. D. R. SCOTT
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

DRS. PRESLEY & SWEARINGIN
SPECIALISTS EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT AND GLASSES FITTED
Suit 4 and 5, First National Building
ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE-INSURANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in Exchange Bank Carrizozo, N. M.

PATENTS
VALUABLE INFORMATION FREE
If you have an invention or any patent matter, write immediately to W. W. HRIGHT, registered attorney, Loan and Trust Bldg., WASHINGTON, D. C.

A. J. BUCKS
UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING
Alamogordo, N. M.
Prompt attention given to calls from Carrizozo

W. W. STADTMAN
INSURANCE
REAL ESTATE, RENTS, RELINQUISHMENT, LOCATING AND SURVEYING.
Carrizozo, New Mexico

HARVEY & CHASE
LAND OFFICE BUSINESS
Homestead and Desert Land Filings
Final Proofs. Commutations
STATE LEASE LANDS
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M.
Carrizozo, New Mexico
Regular Communications for 1913

T. W. Watson, W. W.
S. F. Miller, Sec.

July 12; August 10; September 13; October 11; November 8; December 13
December 27, Installation.



INSURE YOUR PROPERTY WITH
Harvey & Chase
Carrizozo, New Mexico

THE CASH GROCERY STORE

Delivers goods to all parts of the city. Special on FLOUR. Fruits and country produce

Bought and Sold

Give us a chance to demonstrate that we can do you good.

G. A. WILLIAMS, PROP.

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Foxworth-Galbraith Company
LUMBER
Complete line of Building Material, Paints, Varnishes, Cal-O-Tint, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil



OUR AIM

is to supply you with the best in the sporting line that is on the market. We carry a superior line of firearms and ammunition, together with sporting goods generally, and our prices do the rest. Drop in. You'll find here what you're looking for.

FURNITURE
KELLEY & SONS

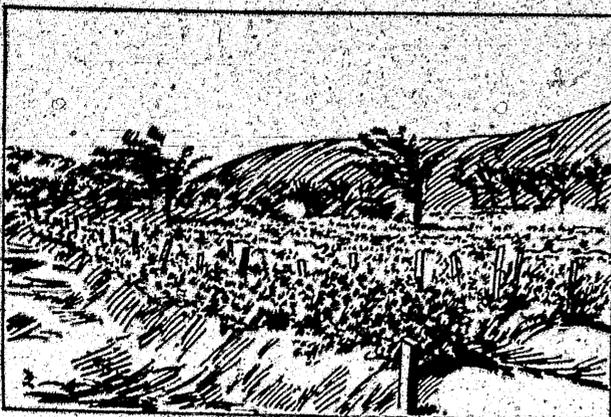


A WELL-STOCKED LARDER

is a good house-keeper's pride. Fill yours with the kind of groceries sold here and no one in town will have better. Start today with a trial order. It will probably surprise you to learn that superior as our groceries are, our prices are not a bit higher than you have been used to paying for the ordinary kind.

WHERE QUALITY IS FIRST
JOHN E. BELL

AGRICULTURE IN THE CANAL ZONE



Tomatoes Ripening in February.

By H. H. BENNETT.
The climate of the Canal Zone is humid and typically tropical. With a very narrow annual range in temperature, but with marked contrasts in quantity of rainfall, the seasons are aptly divided into dry and rainy. The dry season proper begins usually about the middle of December, although there are occasionally considerable variations from this. Fairly heavy precipitation sometimes occurs in the dry season, particularly on the Atlantic slope.

Normally the season is characterized by cloudless skies, constant winds, and such scanty rainfall that many crops which made steady growth throughout the rainy months, hasten to maturity, practically cease to grow, or are completely parched unless irrigated. The prevailing type of corn planted about December 1 usually matures the latter part of February. Northern vegetables are unable to survive the dry season, but certain tropical species and many tropical fruits are uninjured or only slightly retarded in growth.

Many trees shed their leaves at this time of the year, which corresponds to



Canal Zone Farm House.

winter or the dormant season of plants in the temperate zone.

The growth of vegetation during the rainy season is phenomenal. An abandoned or untenanted clearing is quickly covered with a dense tangle of rapidly growing plants, while unseasoned fence posts cut from soft wood trees, driven into, or in many cases even laid upon the ground, take



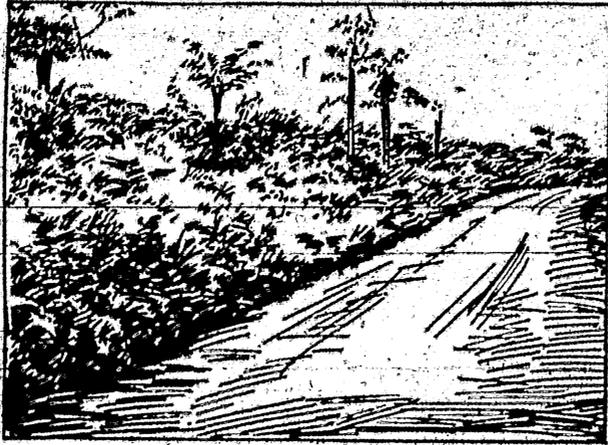
Openings Ready for Shipment in February.

root and stem produce trees. Many northern flowers and vegetables are forced by the warm, humid climate into wood and leaf growth at the expense of blossoms and fruit. Cereals and southern fruit thrive well throughout the rainy season, so do also a number of other vegetables.

Most of the indigenous plants have had development until checked by the scant supply of moisture abundant in the rapid drying out of soils in the dry season. Owing to the great surface inequality of the country and the impermeability of the clayey soils, run-off is extremely rapid. With a few days of somewhat exposed soils dry out sufficiently to cause successive baking and cracking. When land is to be broken by plowing, advantage should be taken of the most favorable weather during the latter part of the wet season, the more being taken in all cases than can be done in proper conditions

and receiving radius will be about 2,000 miles direct reach, to the Arlington station, to San Francisco, and to Valdivia, 420 miles south of Valparaiso, on the Pacific, and Buenos Aires on the Atlantic. It would cover a vessel anywhere on the east coast of the United States, and communicate with St. Vincent, 500 miles west of the coast of Africa.

Air Adulteration.
In view of the recent decision in a New York court declaring the smoke ordinance of the board of health unconstitutional, the New York Medical Record asks the question, "Why make laws against food adulteration, in the consumption of which there is at least some choice, when air adulteration is allowed to go unmolessted?" High



Section of Highway Constructed to Open the Rich Agricultural Lands of the Canal Zone.

with respect to moisture, that is not soxy or sticky.

Among the important temperate zone vegetables that have been more or less successfully grown are cucumbers, eggplant, lettuce, beans, corn, peas, radishes, carrots, peppers and pumpkins. In fact, there is little reason to doubt that with knowledge gained through systematic experimentation a sufficient supply of vegetables will be produced to replace, in a large measure, the canned and cold-storage products at present consumed by the white inhabitants. It is true that many obstacles will be encountered in the establishment of an agriculture upon a modern business-like basis, and much remains to be determined through experimentation, especially as to manual treatment and as to the best varieties of native and foreign plants.

Wireless at Panama.

The proposed wireless station at Panama to be erected by the United States government will be known as the Darien Radio station. In its general equipment it will duplicate the station at Arlington except that all three towers will be 600 feet high, whereas at Arlington only one of the three reaches that height, the other two being 150 feet shorter. The low-

medical authorities have pointed out the ill effects of a smoke-filled atmosphere upon the mental as well as the physical health of the community, says the Indianapolis News. It has been shown that catarrhal affections, with their long train of sequelae, particularly tuberculosis, are increased. It has



Native Long-Horn Type of Cattle.

been clearly shown that the chief benefit resulting from a vacation of two or four weeks spent in the mountains, at the lakes or on the seashore, where there is an absence of the smoke and dust of the city, is to clear the head and lungs and make life worth living until one gets all stuffed up again with the deadly effluvia of civilization. It is held that the general efficiency of a community is appreciably lowered under smoky conditions, and that the expense of the community in the increase of disease and death far overbalance the industrial gains that come from an unrestricted output of dense, black smoke.

Fine Jail Not Needed.

Guthrie, King county, Texas, one of the few remaining stands of the cattle kings and real cowboys, has a \$10,000 jail which has not contained a King county prisoner in three years. The sheriff and his family live in the low-



Sheep Being Reared in February.

est part of these towers will be 150 feet above sea level, and they will be arranged in a triangle measuring 500 feet on each side. The building

or part of the jail building. Guthrie has the county attorney and there is but a practicing attorney in the county.

WHEN YOU WASH BLANKETS

Process That Will Not Only Cleanse but Materially Assist in Their Renovation.

The method of washing blankets recommended by the School of Household Science, Macdonald college, is this:

Things necessary: 1. A fine, sunshiny, windy day. 2. Plenty of soft water, melted soap, made from a good soap free from excess of alkali, and some ammonia or borax.

Things to avoid: Heat, rubbing and rubbing on soap, as these will shrink the wool.

Process: 1. To a tub of tepid (not warm) water, add one table-spoonful of ammonia or borax (this softens the water and aids in cleansing, and enough melted soap to make a good suds. 2. Wash the blankets by kneading and squeezing (never rubbing), in two waters. A good washing machine is excellent for this, and saves much hand labor. 3. Rinse in two waters, of the same temperature as the washing water. A change in temperature will shrink wool. 4. Wring well, using the wringer, shake well and stretch well. Attention to these three matters will ensure soft, fluffy blankets. 5. During the drying if they are shaken two or three times they will be much softer and fluffier.

Should it be the case that your blankets are now hard and discolored from mistakable treatment in the past, one washing with above method will do much to restore the fluffiness and whiteness, while a second washing in due season will further add to their renovation.

SYSTEM IN THE HOUSEHOLD

Means a Wonderful Saving of Time and Money When It is Properly Worked Out.

A fireless cooker is a great boon to the housekeeper; it saves many steps for her tired feet, keeps the kitchen cool and pleasant, and above all, cooks the food thoroughly without loss of flavor or danger of burning.

One of these labor-saving devices, even of the homemade variety, is as valuable for keeping foods thoroughly chilled as it is in conserving heat for cooking processes, so that it is really a splendid investment for kitchen equipment.

It is becoming the tendency more and more for the housekeeper to put her work upon a business basis, using system in her expenditure of time, money and labor, just as her husband does, who goes out into the world. This is evinced by the planning of meals a week in advance, which not only removes the nerve strain of daily marketing, but actually reduces the living expenses, because the left-overs may be utilized; these usually find their way into the garbage can, giving foundation to the reports of our sinful waste and extravagance.

Fortunately, the haphazard guessing housekeeper who waits until an hour before mealtime to think of the mess has almost vanished from the ranks of modern, up-to-date women. In her place we have the housekeeper who appreciates her opportunities for displaying her business ability, and who realizes that there is no profession so broad as that of homemaking.

Beef à la Flamade.

A piece of brisket which contains the gristle is considered the best meat for this dish. Use seven pounds of the beef, which should be trimmed, and put into a stew pan with five slices of bacon, one onion, two carrots, a bunch of herbs, four cloves, four allspice, two blades of mace, and a pint of weak stock or water. Simmer slowly, until the meat is tender. Carafish the meat, when served, with mushrooms, and boiled turnips and carrots, cut in fancy shapes, and pour around it the flavored liquor, thickened with rice flour. It makes an ideal luncheon dish.

Nice Salad Combinations.

Bermuda onions and beets with French dressing. Well-seasoned boiled halibut, served with mayonnaise or tartar sauce. Lettuce and cucumbers. French dressing. Lettuce and tomatoes cut in quarters—never sliced—French dressing. Watercress, hard-boiled eggs. French dressing. Spinach, sliced, mayonnaise. String beans, carrots and beets. French dressing. Orange salad. French dressing, with game course. Apple and celery, mayonnaise and nuts. Cherries on lettuce, French dressing.

Apple Tapioca.

Soak one cup lake tapioca in four cups water, over night. In the morning add two and a half cups light brown sugar and bake three hours, stirring occasionally. When done, grate four sour apples into the mixture, stir thoroughly and let cool. Not with cream.

The hot tapioca absorbs the apple flavor and with the brown sugar makes a very different dish from any other recipe. It's very easy to make and very cheap.

MAKES HARD WORK HARDER

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headache, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before the kidney disease takes a grip—before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

A CALIFORNIA CASE

Lois C. Wardwell, 1400 Pacific St., San Bernardino, Cal., says: "I had so much pain in my back I could hardly get on and on the wagon. The jarring I got while riding brought on the trouble. The kidney secretions were filled with sediment. I tried many remedies, but Doan's Kidney Pills were the only ones that cured me. They drove away all the pain and weakness and freed my kidneys up in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store. 50c a Box. **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**. FOSTER-McLEBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilelessness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.



Hard to Please. A typical "mover" of the ultra-shiffling type was passing a few days at a cow camp in Arizona, preparatory to going into the desert on a prospecting trip. His wife, a tired-out, faded-out creature, complained to some of the cowhands of the hardness of her lot; and the foreman took it upon himself to remonstrate with the husband for his shifflingness and his indifference to his wife's welfare.

"The old woman ain't got no kick comin'!" said the husband when he had heard the foreman's remarks. "She ain't got no kick at all. Why, stranger, when we wuz fixin' to camp of a night many a time I've driv' the team half a mile out of the way so's wood and water would be handy for the old woman to fetch!"—Saturday Evening Post.

The Sensation.

Upon returning from the city, Farmer Green said to his friend: "Say, Aaron, I had a ride in my cousin's automobile while I was up to the city."

"Wa-al," replied Farmer Green, "it seemed a good deal like fallin' into a mighty deep well, only ye dropped straight ahead instead of downwards."

To the Thirsty.

"This is the hardest kind of luck." "What is?" "Nothing here but soft drinks."

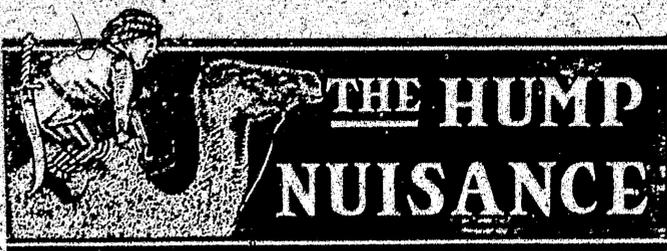
Well Met— A Good Appetite And Post Toasties

A dainty, nourishing dish for breakfast, lunch or supper—ready to serve direct from the package with cream and sugar.

"Toasties" are thin bits of choice Indian Corn—skillfully cooked and toasted to an appetizing golden brown.

Wholesome Nourishing Easy to Serve

Sold by grocers everywhere.

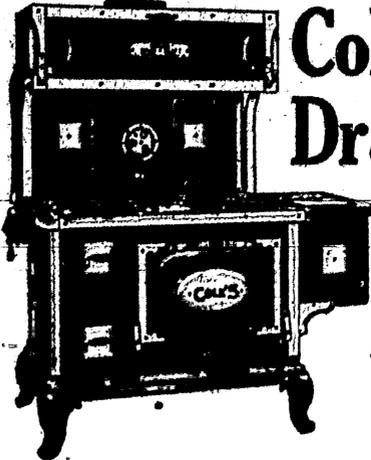


THE HUMP NUISANCE

"Gracious! There goes my pudding again—all over the oven. Now, I've got to stop and clean that up and I'm just rushed to death. I declare! I won't stand that old oven with a hump in it much longer."

What is more exasperating than a cheap stove with an oven that allows the baking pan to teeter and spill and bake your cakes thin on one side? Cheap construction means a cheap range. But moderate prices do not necessarily imply poor materials.

If you want a quality range at a reasonable price—get a



Cole's Down Draft Range

You economize in first cost and lose nothing in efficiency. You get Cole's Hot Blast System of combustion that saves half your coal bills.

You get a one-piece oven that will not warp or buckle.

A ventilated fire back that insures its wearing qualities.

Thin, quick-heating, unbreakable lids.

You get more good qualities than in any other range of medium price on the market. That's why we sell them

See the name "Cole's Down Draft"—on the high closet door—none genuine without it

KELLEY & SONS
Carrizozo, New Mexico



BLANKS LEGAL FORMS

- Lease
- Option
- Subpoena
- Garnishee
- Execution
- Bill of Sale—3 Forms
- Commitment
- Proof of Labor
- Mortgage Deed
- Relinquishment
- Butcher's Bond
- Location Notice
- Warranty Deed
- Chattel Mortgage
- Quit Claim Deed
- Promissory Note
- Placer Location
- Justice Summons
- Contract for Deed
- Contract for Sale
- Notice of Contest
- Homestead Entry
- Power of Attorney
- Criminal Summons
- Bond of Replevin
- Appeal Bond, (J. P.)
- Affidavit of Replevin
- Affidavit of Attachment
- Satisfaction of Mortgage
- Appearance Bond, (J. P. or D. C.)
- Coal Declaratory Statement
- Order of Garnishes to pay
- Warranty Deed—Liquor Clause

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Single copies, 5c. Half dozen, 20c
One dozen, 35c.

SPECIAL RATES BY THE HUNDRED

Call or Address

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

The Advertised Article

It is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he would not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up-to-date and never shopworn.



ARE A NECESSITY like pure food. They should be chosen with greater care because it often happens that a human life depends on the quality of the Drug. Every drug or medicine used in our Prescription Department of sold by us is the product of the best and most reliable chemists in American and Europe.

ROLLAND BROTHERS

Dealer's in Drugs, Toilet Articles, etc.

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEX.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS

We want you to come around, meet our officers, familiarize yourself with our methods of doing business, inspect our vault and above all feel free and easy with us. Your interests and ours are mutual, and we are nothing less than partners, and between us we can build up this section in every way, and at the same time increases business in every line.

STOCKMENS STATE BANK

Corona, New Mexico

CLEANING, PRESSING AND LADIES TAILORING

We are prepared to give you the best of service in the way of Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Ladies Tailoring. Suits Cleaned and Pressed \$1.25.

BALPH CROONER, PROP.

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

MAIN STREET MILLINERY

MRS. A. W. ADAMS, Proprietor

We have just received our Fall and Winter line of Hats and Millinery goods and cordially invite the public to call and see our line and get our prices before buying elsewhere.

Special attention given to curling and dying plumes.

FIRST DOOR SOUTH OF EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Are Your Loved Ones Protected If You Should Die?

Why not Insure Your Life in a Home Company
THE TWO-REPUBLICS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF EL PASO

For Full Information see

Harvey & Chase

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

The Outlook is prepared to do all kinds of job and commercial printing.

CARRIZOZO LIVERY

CHAS. A. STEVENS, Proprietor.

ONLY AUTO GARAGE

Located east of Postoffice

LIVERY BARN

Main Street

BEST CORRALS

El Paso Avenue :: :: Phone No. 32

Best Autos, Careful Drivers, First Class Teams, Hacks

Safe and Reliable Transportation Anywhere. Old and New Buggies, Hacks and Harness For Sale. General Transfer and Drayage Business—Prompt Service. Agent for Continental Co's Products.

AUTO SUPPLIES AND REPAIRS

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IF YOU WISH TO SELL YOUR PROPERTY

Send Full Description to HARVEY & CHASE
REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE CARRIZOZO, N. M.

CAKES COOKIES BREAD
—AGENCY FOR—

Weigle's Bakery of Alamogordo

A full line of Cakes, Cookies, Rolls and Bread, fresh daily. Orders taken for special party or wedding cakes.

CALL AND INSPECT OUR LINE

J. E. BELL

THE QUALITY GROCER

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

AUGUST LANTZ GENERAL BLACKSMITH

WOOD and IRON WORK IRON FORGING
FULL LINE OF EQUIPMENT
Wagon and Carriage Repairs / Horse Shoeing

GIVE US A TRIAL
NEAR HUMPHREYS' FEED YARD

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

THE CARRIZOZO BAR

XXX Port Wine 50 cents Quart
XXX Blackberry 50 cents Quart
Old Kingdom Blend Six years
Old 4.00 Per Gallon
All Bottled in Bond Whiskies
\$1.75 Quart

Scipps Beer Always on Tap

NEFF BROS. DENVER BEER
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT THE

Headlight Saloon

J. P. WALKER, PROPRIETOR.
BONDED WHISKIES FOUR YEARS OLD AT
\$4 PER GALLON. OPEN DAY and NIGHT. Carrizozo, N. M.

PHONE 16 Mail Orders Carefully Filled

HUMPHREY BROTHERS

Wholesale and Retail
Hay, Grain, Flour and Feed
WOOD AND WHITE OAKS COAL Carrizozo

The Capitan Bar

CHOICE LIQUORS,
BRANDIES & WINES Capitan, N. M.

RAW FURS

If you want to get the full value out of your furs be sure and send them to FRED L. SALTER, 107 N. Main St., Roswell, N. M. He pays the highest price for furs and gives you a square deal. Will buy all fur bearing skins, including Fox, Skunk, Civet Cat, Coyote, Coon, Muskrat, badger, Wild Cat, Bear, Mountain Lion, etc.

Address all communications to P. O. box 266, Roswell, N. M.

FRANK GRAY ERVIN GRAY

STAG SALOON

GRAY BROS., Props.
Fine Wines, Pure Whiskies, Choice Cigars.
Pool Room in Connection.
Your Patronage Solicited
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

LEGAL NOTICES

02175 c8810
NOTICE OF CONTEST
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office, Roswell, N. M.
September 24, 1913.
To John W. Pramborg, of Carrizozo,
New Mexico, Contested;

You are hereby notified that Oscar C. Pramborg, who gives Carrizozo, New Mexico, as his post office address, did on September 22, 1913, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Home stead, Entry No. Serial No. 02175 made August 25, 1908, for WANEZ and N4NW1, Section 2, Township 7 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that you have wholly abandoned said above described land and claim and have been absent therefrom for more than one year last past and are not now residing upon the same.

You are, therefore further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestants' written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the post office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.
Date of first publication October 3, 1913
" " " " 10, 1913
" " " " 17, 1913
" " " " 24, 1913

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office, Las Cruces,
New Mexico, Sept. 26, 1913.

NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that the following named official plats of survey will be filed in the above office at 9 a. m., on the 6th day of November, 1913, at which time the lands therein will become subject to entry, except such lands as may be withdrawn for National Forest or other purposes:

T. 19 S., R. 13 E., N. M. P. M.
T. 20 S., R. 13 E., N. M. P. M.
T. 9 S., R. 8 E., N. M. P. M.
J. C. GONZALES, Register.
E. H. SIMS, Receiver.
Oct. 3, 1913 5t

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

In the Matter of the Estate of
P. L. Krause.

TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, J. M. Rice, was on the 3rd day of September, A. D., 1913, as a regular term of the Probate Court, within and for the County of Lincoln, New Mexico, duly appointed as the Administrator of the Estate of P. L. Krause, deceased, and on the 23d day of September, A. D., 1913, qualified as such Administrator of the Estate of P. L. Krause, deceased, as required by law.

Now, therefore, you and each of you are hereby notified that any and all persons having claims against the said estate of P. L. Krause, deceased, are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned for approval or file the same with the Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, within the required time provided by law or the same will be barred.

Dated at Carrizozo, N. M., October 15, 1913.

J. M. RICE,
Administrator of the Estate of P. L. Krause, deceased.
1st Pub. Oct. 15, 1913.

SUBJECT TO 320 ENTRY.

We are in receipt of advices from the Land office that all of Township 48 of Rg. 11E and Twp. 59 of Range 11E are now subject to entry under the enlarged Homestead entry act, which allows all entrymen 320 acres. This land is situated around Anelo, New Mexico. Filings for additional and enlarged homesteads will be received on said lands on and after September 1st, 1913. 4t Sept. 5

H. ORME JOHNSON BUICK AGENTS E. A. ORME JOHNSON

Johnson Brothers A U T O M O B I L E S

Supplies TO HIRE Repairs,
Agents for DIAMOND and GOODRICH TIRES
TIRES & TUBES REPAIRED & VULCANIZED ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TELEPHONE CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

ESTABLISHED JUNE THE FIRST, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO

THE EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Capital \$50,000.00
Transacts a General Banking Business
Sells Drafts on Principal Cities of the World
Accords Borrowers Every Accomodation
Consistent With Safety
Accounts Solicited

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS



**FINEST
Meat**

BEST CUTS OBTAINABLE are to be found here. We never sacrifice quality to make low prices. We use the utmost care in selecting our MEATS and see that they are properly kept for the short time they remain in our store. Our prices are not high. We try and give as much as possible for the money.

Carrizozo Meat Market

A. C. WINGFIELD, PROP.

Carrizozo, New Mexico

Best Accommodations for
All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the
Best the Market Affords

N. B. Taylor & Sons

Blacksmithing and Hardware

Tinware, Oils, Glass, Harness and Ammunition
We carry in stock a full line of Cooking and Heating stoves which we are selling at low prices.
Agents for Sampson Windmills and Gasoline Engines. Pumps of all kinds. Wire Fencing.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED

PHONE NO 9

"While yer Gittin' git a Plenty, Say I"

BOYD'S GENERAL MERCHANDISE

OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

WILL AMUSE CHILDREN

EXCELLENT IDEA FOR A JUVENILE PARTY.

Might Be Called a "Dolls' Entertainment," and Will Please Others as It Did These—"Nuts to Crack."

Little girls "just love" paper dolls as I have found out by close observation of many girls aged from six to ten. I really believe they like them better than any other kind of "children."

Bits of wall paper were produced for the inside decoration. It is needless to say that the girls had an enjoyable time for cutting and pasting is great fun.

Time passed so rapidly that refreshments were ready long before the children wished to stop work; they begged for another party so that they might weave rugs from strips of kinder garden paper and make furniture from match boxes, powder and pill boxes and frame two pictures for the walls.

After Dinner "Nuts to Crack."

Every one likes to linger around the dinner table and children of my acquaintance love to propose riddles for the benefit of their elders, so I append these which I read recently and think they will afford a few moments amusement.

- Who could a square house be located, so that all its windows would face south?
At the north pole.
What is that which has a mouth, but never speaks, and a bed, but never lies in it?
A river.
If an ice wagon weighs two tons, a block of ice 200 pounds, the team 3,000 pounds and the man on the front of the wagon 100 pounds, what does the man on the back of the wagon weigh?
The ice.
Why is "O" the most charitable letter in the alphabet?
Because it is found oftener than any other in doing good.

MME MERRI.

NEW FALL MODEL



Model of dress velvet with flannel lining of black velvet. Collar and cuffs of orange damask.

HOLDS THE FAMILY READING

By the Use of This Contrivance the Literature is Kept Together and Always at Hand.

The convenience of having a handy receptacle for the daily paper and magazine is known in every family. The holder we illustrate here may be hung in the living room, and will hold several papers and small books.



Inches long. The outside of our model is covered with cloth, embroidered in the center with a trailing pattern of roses and foliage. On each side of this is a wide fancy gallow. The edges of the cloth are turned over, then the other side of the card is covered with satin to form a lining; the edges are turned in and slip-stitched securely to the turned-in edge of the cloth, then the long strip of covered card has the two ends joined together by sewing, and to flatten the top a little the edges of sides can be sewn together for about 2 1/2 inches down.

A brass rod or a piece of small bamboo about 12 inches long, with little brass knobs screwed in the ends, is fixed across the top to make it quite firm; cord is attached to each end under a rosette of ribbon, and it can be thus suspended from a hook or brass-headed nail on the wall.

HAIR ADDS MUCH TO BEAUTY

That is, if it is Kept in Proper Condition, Which is an Easy Thing to Do.

A good picture surrounded by an ugly frame loses more than half its beauty. A beautiful face beneath lifeless hair loses its attraction. Therefore, it is most important to spend a little time each day in caring for the crown of glory.

Even though a face cannot boast of carved features, it can be improved if topped with long, luxuriant hair. The hair will get into an undesirable state if left to itself. Beautiful hair is comparatively rare, and this is the case because women do not devote enough time to its care.

To keep the hair in good condition it needs air, light, and exercise. The latter can be given by means of vigorous brushing. Select a good brush for this purpose; pay more attention to the bristles than to the back. The bristles should not be stiff enough to scratch the scalp, but they should be firm enough to stimulate the circulation of the blood through the scalp.

To get the best results from brushing, divide the hair into strands, and then brush each section separately. It is important that the brush be kept clean. This is easy enough. Add a teaspoonful of ammonia to a quart of water and so place the brush in the solution that the back will not be affected.

Evening Gown Styles.

The afternoon gowns follow in the main the lines of the evening frocks. Sleeves may be made either long or short. The waists are all open at the throat, cut in V; and tulle finishes the neck and sleeves. The skirts are short in drawn-up draped effects in the center front below the hip line, or built tunelike in two or three tiers. The sleeves show kimono top, with bishop shape below dropped shoulder seams. Yellowish tints are conspicuous in afternoon gowns. Flaid silks are used in combination with charming poplin, brocade and moire for satin sleeves, bodice trimmed and other details.

Short Cuts for Needle Women.

The stores furnish self-trimming lace, ready-made yokes for baby dresses, lingerie strips containing buttons and buttonholes, pressed bias folds of different colored materials for trimming, cheap shirtings and bundles of thin tape in all widths, all of which tend to lessen the hours of tedious sewing when a woman does her own household work. These permit of interspersing the day's duties with sewing, which must be hurriedly completed.

Applying Tents to Soap.

A new fire-eat sewing-machine oil can is excellent for this purpose. It puts the application where it is needed without soiling the hair.

DINING FOR 4 CENTS

How to Live in London on Practically Nothing.

Getting a Six Course Meal—Fish Without Price in Billingsgate and Bones for the Stockpot at Smithfield.

London—"I never go without a good meal a day at least," said the weary old man with the drooping features. "I'm shabby, I know. I want a shave. But I'm not hungry. Never am. And why should I be, when there is plenty of food for all—food in heaps all over the place, only waiting to be picked up?"

"Mind you," he went on, "you have to walk about a bit to get it. And you must have the use of a room, however humble. You must have, besides, a saucapan and a frying pan. Last of all, you ought to have at least twopence if you want to do the thing in style.

"Now, if a man hasn't sufficient gumption and enterprise to get hold of twopence somehow he has no right to live at all, so far as I can see. Can't he hold a horse for five minutes? Can't he carry a bag? Can't he do a bit of grinding—singing in the street?"

"I'll tell you how to get a five course dinner for nothing at all. I'll tell you how to get a six course dinner—with a glass of bitter beer thrown in—for twopence." He considered a while. The dinner would consist of hors d'oeuvres, soup, fish, joint, cheese and dessert.

"Let us begin with the six course dinner. Let us see how we can procure our hors d'oeuvres for nothing, first of all.

"We rise early. We don our very ragged rags, in case of emergencies. Then we hie us to Billingsgate. There the salesmen are sorting out their goods. Frequently they come upon a red herring, or a bloater or a sprat that has got broken or crushed in transit. They dare not restore those damaged goods to the box they have opened as a sample. The buyers are not too nice. They would plunge their hands in among the fish, discover the damaged one, and use their discovery to beat down the salesman's prices. So he throws it away. And I pick it up and put it in my bag. Dried fish, filleted and cut into strips, makes an excellent dish. You get no better at a swaggar West end hotel.

"There is other damaged fish, of course, which is flung aside, and gathered in by you in just the same way. Thus we have, you see, obtained courses one and three.

"To procure the material for soup we go to Covent Garden market. There we shall find, amid heaps of cabbage leaves and other waste greenstuff, abundance of vegetables—small cabbage, potatoes, onions, carrots, turnips—whatever happens to be in season, the spillings from overflow baskets. We shall find, also, the fruit for our dessert, and if you are fond of beautiful things, you may even pick up flowers to adorn your table with.

"So, you see, we now have courses one, two, three and six. From Covent Garden we wend our way to Smithfield. There we shall find any amount of bones to put in our stockpot under the stalls, in pails, everywhere. We shall find odds and ends of meat, too, for our fourth course. We shall find giblets with which to thicken and flavor our soup. So we have now obtained—for nothing at all—a dinner of five courses. We get six courses for twopence, with a glass of beer, too.

"You will observe that the only course missing from the six course banquet is the fifth—the cheese. The publican supplies this. I go into the saloon and order my glass of bitter.

"You possess so many vegetables that you don't need bread. But if you prefer to take bread you have only to keep your eyes open to get enough

FIRST STREET CARS IN CENTRAL AMERICA



Picture showing street cars in the narrow streets of Panama. The system was recently opened to the public. Many of the streets in the city of Panama are so narrow that they are completely blocked when the street car passes through. The system is owned by American capitalists.

ON FREEDOM OF THE PRESS

Battle for Liberty of Thought is Fought in Book by John Milton That is Never Read.

New York.—Milton's "Areopagitica" was given to the world 269 years ago, August 28, 1644.

Not one in a thousand of the readers of this newspaper or of any other newspaper has read the "Areopagitica" or even seen it—any more than he has seen the force of gravity or the electrical energy that is working such miracles in this age of ours. But, like the invisible powers of nature, the book of the great Latin secretary of the old protector has been serving the purpose for which it was written.

The parliament of 1643, under the dominance of the champions of tyranny, had passed an ordinance against the liberty of printing, and with a sublime fearlessness Milton challenged them to battle. His challenge was this same "Areopagitica," which made them sit up and think, and which convinced them that there was at least one man in England who loved intellectual liberty and understood perfectly well how to defend it.

In sentences that are like the blasts of a trumpet Milton protested against the infamous attempt to throttle the freedom of the press. He would have no oppression of the printers, no gag put upon their desire to spread abroad among men the thoughts of the mind.

Foreseeing the future and exulting in its happy deliverance from every form of mental tyranny—the era in which every one should be perfectly free to think, and perfectly free, also, to put his thoughts into print—Milton did what he could to help the good time along.

Likening truth unto the eagle, which in its royal might, scatters the "timorous birds that love the twilight," he excoriated the unrighteous attempt at shackling the press and predicted the time when a free and enlightened press would be the salvation and glory of humanity.

All England was forced to listen to his glorious plea for free printing, and for two and one-half centuries the echoes of his noble appeal have sounded and resounded in British ears and in the ears of all men.

Whoever floats the British flag today, there, under its protecting folds, is to be found the mental hospitality—the large freedom of thought and expression—which dates back to Milton's great plea that was given to the world on that 28th of August, 1644.

Awakened After 40 Days' Sleep. San Jose, Cal.—Wright Keshel of Tennessee, awoke here after a 40 days' sleep, apparently sound and well. Several physicians had worked over him without results.

The deed was committed shortly before midnight as Lukos was counting his cash preparatory to closing up the saloon. One person who was in the saloon fled in terror as the bandits entered. At their command of "Hands up!" the saloonkeeper grappled with the smaller of the two robbers, while the larger highwayman stood over them with ready gun. The battle lasted several minutes and brought the man from one end of the bar to the other, Mrs. Lukos screaming, crying and praying all the time. Finally the smaller highwayman wrenched himself free. As the saloonkeeper reached for his gun the larger highwayman killed him.

Remantic Start Ends With Wedding. Birmingham, N. Y.—As a result of her prank two years ago when she dropped a ship with her name and address on it into a mail box, Miss Mildred Norton, clerk in the Niagara post office, Westport, was married to Ivey Collow of Pennsylvania, Pa. Collow, also a post office clerk, found the note, a correspondence followed and then came the wedding.

to stock the baker's shop. The waste of bread in London is prodigious. You will find great chunks of it in almost every street.

"Fuel? I will not insult your intelligence by telling you where to find paper, and bits of wood lie about everywhere. For coal you go to the arches near King's Cross. There you can get a hundredweight," he concluded, "if you are strong enough to carry it."

OSTERHAUS SEEKS BIRD FARM

Rear Admiral Comes Home From Germany and Says He Will Raise Canaries.

New York.—Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, U. S. N., retired, who was in command of the great fleet of warships making up the north Atlantic squadron at the time of his retirement on his sixty-first birthday last



Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus.

June, proposes to start a canary bird farm. He is back from Germany, where he has been visiting his ninety-one-year-old father, Brig-Gen. Peter J. Osterhaus, U. S. A., retired, who has a bird farm in Germany.

"I feel lost without something to do," said Admiral Osterhaus, "and I have invented a job for myself. I have brought over twelve canary birds and am going to start a bird farm like my father's. I shall raise doves on my farm, too, and call them 'doves of peace.'"

A VANDERBILT SOCIAL WAR

Alfred G. and His Second Wife Give an Elaborate Dinner to Newport Society.

Newport.—Following closely upon the elaborate masquerade dinner of Mrs. Made French Vanderbilt, all Newport is talking of the novel entertainment given by Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt at their Oakland Farm house, and those who were fortunate enough to attend both affairs are of the opinion that the one arranged by the newest Mrs. Vanderbilt far outshines that of her predecessor both in novelty and attractiveness.

The dinner was really a return to the gatherings for which Newport was famous several years ago, but which of late years have been succeeded by the larger and more costly social entertainments. One of the features of this dinner was the wonderful red and white electrical display. During the dinner the guests were regaled with pianoforte songs by musicians brought from New York, and hundreds of Mr.

Vanderbilt's former neighbors gathered to hear this singing.

Just after midnight the guests were taken to the trophy room where dancing held sway. The honor guests of the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Henry of England and among the guests were Lord Camden of the British embassy, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt.

KILL HUSBAND AS WIFE PRAYS

Sanctis Street St. Louis Saloonkeeper Dead as He Reckets Them—Saves no Money.

St. Louis, Mo.—While his wife on her knees pitifully begged them to empty the cash register, but to spare her husband's life, two bandits shot and killed Stephen Lukos, a saloonkeeper here, and escaped without taking a penny from the open cash drawer.

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless, "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

Public Health.

Diseases and epidemics used to be counted as "acts of God," in the old legal phrase. It has taken modern sanitary science to discover that the most of them result from acts of man, and that a good portion of the rest may be controlled by the exercise of man's power over nature. The United States government has been a pioneer among the nations in demonstrating the power of modern sanitation to save life. It sent Waring to Havana; he made it a city of health, and laid down his life in so doing. It took a fever-smitten tropic wilderness, its noxious jungles steaming under a torrid sun, and the death rate of the Panama canal zone is today an example to the most salubrious regions of the world. The whole history of modern sanitation tends to drive home public responsibility for public health. —St. Louis Republic.

'CASCARETS' FOR LIVER, BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box. Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

Truly Blessed.

"Whom do I envy?" said the tired-looking woman. "I'll tell you whom. It is not the kings and queens of earth, nor the merely rich, but a woman who, I know, earns every cent of her income, yet manages to squeeze so many pleasures and junketings into her daily life that she sometimes exclaims in despair: 'Oh, when will I ever get time to do any work?'"

"That's it! Just to be able to wonder when you will ever get time to do any work instead of wondering when you will ever get time to do anything else seems to me the very apotheosis of earthly bliss."

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes further than liquid blue. Get from any good grocer. Adv.

Net Gain.

"Did your son take anything at college this year?"

"He did—the stamps."

A woman always calls it "feminine intuition" when she succeeds in making a fairly good guess.

Have levels all things, except the head.

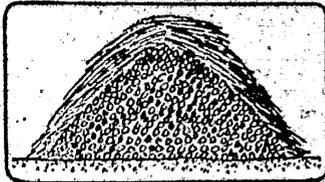
STORAGE OF POTATOES

As Soon as Dug Tubers Are Piled in Heaps in Shade.

When Frosty Weather Comes Hole Is Dug for Them on High Well-Drained Ground—Layer of Hay Will Prevent Freezing.

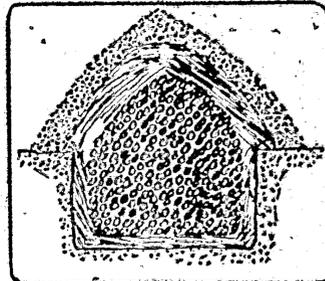
In answer to a query as to the best method of storing potatoes the Rural New Yorker makes the following reply:

In storing potatoes we use neither cellar nor loft. As soon as the potatoes are dug in the summer, we pile them in heaps under the shade of some large trees. Sometimes we make cone-shaped piles by dumping the baskets over the same point and letting the potatoes spread out as they will; while at other times we make ricks of them by laying two rails on the ground



Summer Heap of Potatoes.

parallel to each other and about four feet apart, and piling the potatoes just as high in-between these two rails as we can without their sliding over them. We then cover these piles with a layer of hay from one to two feet thick, using the most on top and laying it so that it will shed rain. In the fall as frosty weather comes on, we dig holes, from two to three feet deep and from eight to twelve feet in diameter, on high well-drained ground. The bottom and sides of these holes are then lined with about a one-foot layer of hay, and the potatoes poured carefully into them. They are piled up as high as possible without their spreading out over the edge of the hole. A layer of hay about two feet deep is spread over the potatoes above ground, after which a layer of soil about one foot deep is thrown over the hay. This much hay and soil is usually sufficient to protect the potatoes from freezing, here in South Jersey. However, it matters little if they do freeze so long as they are not removed from the pits while frozen, as they thaw out so gradually that no injury is done. They can be left in the pits until the first of April, after which they will begin to sprout if the weather is warm. In using this method



Winter Pit.

of storing we have never experienced any loss except one year when we left them in the summer heaps so long that an early freeze caught them before they were buried.

Disposal of Manure.

The most important part of the stable sanitation from the other fellow's standpoint is the disposal of manure.

The liquid manure should be absorbed by the bedding and the bedding changed every day. The solid manure should be cleaned up morning and evening and thrown in a flyproof box or vault. If possible, have it hauled away daily.

Watching the New Horses.

Horse owners should be particularly watchful of new horses taken into the stable, as they may have a mild form of glanders or farcy, both of which are incurable, deadly and extremely contagious to horses and to human beings as well. A horse with a running nose may be as dangerous as a mad dog.

Liquid Manure.

Liquid manure offers one of the best means to keep up the flagging spirits of the garden in a dry season, and whenever growth seems to lag. It is easily made by filling a cheesecloth bag with fresh manure and suspending it in a tub filled with water.

Unhealthy Condition.

Too fat is no disease, but it is an unhealthy condition. Many diseases and troubles can be laid to over-feeding.

Dairy Animals.

No breed of dairy cows can continue as first-class dairy animals if the calves are allowed to run with the cows.

CEDAR MAKES BEST FENCING

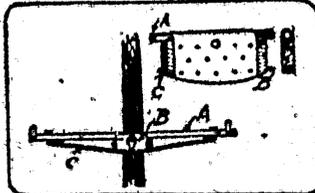
Fence Built of That Material Still Standing After Forty Years of Continuous Service.

I know of a fence in our neighborhood that is still standing after 40 years of continuous service. The posts were made of cedar, charred to six inches above the ground and every one is still well preserved. Another fence of which the posts were not charred, decayed completely after 39 years. Oak and chestnut posts are not as durable as cedar, however, even if charred. Some of the oak posts we buy these days will not last ten years and it is a pretty expensive fence that has to be renewed every ten years. Speaking of fences, I wonder what we are going to do about the wire that some manufacturers are sending out. A great deal of it is made of good material and will stand long wear, but some of it is far from being what it should be. I suppose it is all a question of the honesty of the manufacturer and it is up to us to discover the one who makes honest goods. The experiment stations, some of which spend much time and work analyzing stock foods and fertilizers might find a ripe field in testing of fence wire.

SIMPLE FOUR-HORSE EVENER

When Made-Right Device Will Pull 3-Ton Load Through Mud Holes or Up 30 Per Cent. Grade.

I have a four-horse evener possessing many advantages, writes Charles Fredericks of Freedom, Okla., in the Farmers' Mail and Brezeer. A is a 1 1/2-inch gas pipe 5 feet 10 inches long, with a hole 7 inches from each end for brace rod, and two more holes 1 1/4 inches from each end for double tree clevises. B is an oak



Explanatory Sketch of Evener.

block 18 inches long, 5 inches wide and about 2 inches thick. One edge is hollowed out for the main tree and the other is rounded off to conform with the brace rod. Holes are drilled into the pipe near the center and nails driven through them into the block. C is the brace rod of five-eighths-inch iron, bent as shown, and with threads cut in each end. The ends are put through the holes in the pipe and tightened up with nuts until the pipe is slightly bent. This holds the block tight at all times. The last thing is to cover the pipe, block and all with a plate of iron bent over it and bolted or screwed down. Small doubletrees must be used. If made right this evener will pull a three-ton load through mud holes or up a 30 per cent. grade. There are no square corners, everything works freely, and there is no chance of either team shirking.

Cutting Out the Weeds.

If it is desired to make the place look tidy and neat and keep the weeds from obtaining a more determined hold, they should be cut at the earliest opportunity. A mower will undoubtedly cut nearly all of them. A scythe will be found necessary only to cut the weeds under the fences and in the corners.

Market for Green Corn.

The best market you can find for the green corn, if you haven't plenty of silage, is cutting part of it and throwing it into the pastures for the cows or, better still, feeding it in the barn. They will return you a good price for everything you give them if they are good cows.

Cow Brings Profits.

When crops begin to look poor and there seems to be a scarcity of feed, the farmer always hangs on to the good dairy cow and lets the rest of his stock go first. The cow is what helps to bring the profit and tide over hard times.

Care of Dairy Utensils.

It is economy of time and labor to wash milking utensils as soon as possible after using. If you can't wash them right away, rinse them with cold water and you will save time in washing.

Litter for Ducks.

Keep the litter in the duck house dry by frequent changing. The ducks are great messers.

Cheap and Excellent.

Air-dried lime, freely dusted everywhere, is cheap and will destroy lice, fleas and the roach.

Doeking Lambs.

The lambs should have been dooked before this, but, if not, the job should be done at once.

SWINE ON DRY FARMS

More Readily Grown Than Some Other Classes of Animals.

Brood Sows May Be Carried Over Winter on Alfalfa and Mangels Until About Season of Farrowing—Rye is Excellent.

(BY PROF. THOMAS BHAW.)

Swine may be grown on dry-land farms more readily than some other classes of domestic animals, and for the reason that they do not call for so much pasture relatively to sustain them. They are more dependent on grain than other classes of live stock on the farm, except in the case of poultry, and good grain yields are more easily obtained as a rule in dry areas than good pasture yields. The maintaining of swine in winter in such areas is not difficult. The brood sows may be readily carried over on alfalfa and mangels until about the season of farrowing. A small amount of grain may be helpful in cold weather, but the amount called for is not large.

One of the most useful pastures for swine in such areas is winter rye. It is so because it may be pretty surely started almost any season in the autumn by simply drilling it in amid the stubbles, if it cannot be arranged to first plow the land. It is so because it is ready for being grazed quite early in the spring, and for the further reason that, when thus grown, it becomes a catch crop, so that the grazing of the rye may be completed by the time that the season has come for plowing the land as summer fallow. The only labor called for in providing such pasture is that involved in sowing the crop, and the only cost is the seed, which in such a case would be about 1 1/2 bushels per acre, or not more than two bushels in any event.

By the time that the grazing season of the rye is past other grazing may be necessary. It may consist of alfalfa or hard barley. The alfalfa crop is unexcelled in furnishing grazing among the grasses, and one of the good points about growing it is that it may be disked in the spring, which encourages the retention of moisture, and promotes growth. It may also be disked at a later period, should this be deemed advisable. But when alfalfa is thus grazed, it will not endure close grazing and maintain itself in the soil for so many years as when it is grown to produce hay only. It will probably be found to produce more moisture for swine than any other plant, especially during the first part of the season, and as a pasture for swine it should endure for several seasons, with due care in the grazing.

Barley of the hull-less variety will provide such pasture. It should be sown quite early, as early as the ground may do to work in the spring without injury to the same. It may be wise, also, to sow more seed than when it is sown to provide a grain crop. Dwarf Essex rape may be made to produce pasture in dry areas, but to make sure that it will be quite successful in such areas it ought to be cultivated during the process of growth.

When the rain falls, more especially in the autumn, winter and early spring months, as in the inter-mountain regions, the barley and rape pastures may prove less valuable than in the plains country east of the Rocky mountains. When deciding on the growing of such pastures the season of the rainfall and the amount of the same should be carefully considered.

Loosening Soil Surface.

A few days loosening the soil surface will be well spent, because it not only puts the land in condition to receive all the moisture that falls but also gives a good chance for circulation of air, which is just as necessary for plant growth as water.

Conserving Moisture.

In case there is plenty of moisture in the soil the conservation of it is worth working for. If the surface is hard with a crust beginning to form, a disk, alfalfa cultivator or some other tool that will break up the surface is a good tool to use.

Fertify Against Drought.

The best time to fortify against drought is at the beginning of the season before the drought sets in, by making a dust mulch by thorough surface cultivation.

Concrete Foundation Best.

The cream separator that vibrates will not do its best work nor last as long as the one that runs smoothly on a solid concrete foundation.

Good-Farm Team.

The cow and the mow always make a good farm, but they ought to do better than ever this winter.

Stalk Disease Unknown.

One-alf argument that appeals to every farm owner is that stalk disease is unknown to the silage feeder

WOMAN A GREAT SUFFERER

Tells How She Was Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Grayville, Ill.—"I was a great sufferer of female complaints for a year and I got nothing that helped me until I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was irregular and had cramps so bad that I had to go to bed. Now I have better health than I have had for years and I cannot speak too highly of your medicine."—Mrs. JESSIE SCHAAK, 413 Main St., Grayville, Ill.

Case of Mrs. Tully.

Chicago, Ill.—"I take pleasure in writing to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered with such awful periodic pains, and had a displacement, and received no benefit from the doctors. I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and am now as well as ever."—Mrs. WILLIAM TULLY, 2052 Ogden Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

At an elevation of 100 feet at sea the horizon is a little more than 13 miles away.

JUDGE CURED, HEART TROUBLE.

I took about 6 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills for Heart Trouble from which I had suffered for 5 years. I had dizzy spells, my eyes puffed, my breath was short and I had chills and back-ache. I took the pills about a year ago and have had no return of the palpitations. Am now 63 years old, able to do lots of manual labor, am well and hearty and weigh about 200 pounds. I feel very grateful that I found Dodds Kidney Pills and you may publish this letter if you wish. I am serving my third term as Probate Judge of Gray Co. Yours truly, PHILIP MILLER, Cimarron, Kan. Correspond with Judge Miller about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All sent free. Adv.

Woman must make her way in the world; man has his.

You Can Buy The Best Irrigated Land

In Southern Idaho For \$50.50 an Acre Good Soil Fine Climate Crops Never Fail

Especially adapted to the raising of alfalfa, grain, potatoes and fruits. Ideal for dairying and stock raising.

On main line Oregon Short Line Railroad. Lands surround Richfield, District, 530-shares and Gooding in Lincoln and Gooding Counties, 20,000 acres open to entry. THE BEST WATER RIGHT IN THE WEST AND TERMS OF PAYMENT ARE THE EASIEST OFFERED BY ANY IRRIGATION COMPANY.

Let us tell you more. Your letter will have individual attention. Address Idaho Irrigation Co., Ltd., Richfield Idaho

THE BEST STOCK SADDLES on earth this price, write for free illustrated catalogue. A. H. HESS & SON, 206 Third St., Boise, Id.

We Will Pay You \$120.00 to clean up your horse manure in your own locality. 30 days work. Expenses not included. Run or try our "Opportunity" horse manure. See that you get the real "Opportunity" horse manure. 1000 lbs. per ton. \$120.00 per ton. 1000 lbs. per ton. \$120.00 per ton.

NOTE: FOR SALE in Cheyenne town, 18 c. per lb. in 50 lb. bags. See ad. in this issue. For more information, write to W. W. WYMAN, UVA, WYO.

DOUGLASS REMEDY Best Cough Syrup, Throat Wash, etc. In Glass, Billed by Thousands.

Do Your Buying Where the Best Values Await You!

The judgment of buying merchandise should be based on sound logic—your judgment should be no less. Many good values have been prepared for you here. We would direct your attention particularly to the most exceptional values offered in our dry goods department.

LADIES' AND MISSES' SKIRTS

Dress Fabrics

Beautiful Storm Serge in Blue, Black and Tan, also French Serge, all wool grade. Per yard.....60c
Cord Royal in many patterns; something serviceable! Per yard.....35c
Beautifully Striped Silk Maltesse, very popular this season. Per yard.....45c

Mens Shirts

A swell line of Men's fancy Shirts in plain and plaited busoms, sizes from 14 to 16 1-2, price, \$1.25 to \$1.50
Also Flannel, and Corduroy Shirts, ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$3.00

Sweater Coats

We have on display a large number of Ladies' and Misses' Sweater Coats, made of good warm quality of goods, in many colors, just the thing for the New Mexico winds. Come in today and look our line over. Prices range from 75c to \$4.00.

LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS AND HOUSE DRESSES

CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY

CARRIZOZO NOTES

The Outlook is always pleased to receive news of the local people and greatly appreciates news items called to our attention. Call 24, or drop into office.

—Mr and Mrs. W. E. Grumbles are the parents of a baby girl, born Sunday, Oct. 20th.

—Comfort and economy make happy homes. You get both by using Cole's Hot Blast Heaters.

—Buy your clocks of Roselle, they are guaranteed for one year for \$1.25.

—For a quality range at moderate cost, buy Cole's Down Draft Range. It has no equal for the price.

—First class watch and clock repairing done at Roselle's. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—Mr Burnett of Ancho has returned to that place where he teaches school, after spending a couple of days here.

—Kodak films developed and finished in a workman like manner at Roselle's. Charges reasonable.

—Mrs. J. B. Farley who is spending the winter in El Paso with her daughters, spent Sunday here with her husband.

—New Models in Misses and Children's fall and winter Coats are here and await your inspection.—Ziegler Bros.

—Mrs. Monroe Harper, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Harper and Samuel C. Hall were up from Three Rivers on Saturday on business.

—Any old thing in the jewelry line repaired in an up-to-date manner by A. F. Roselle. Try him and see for yourself.

—Mrs. A. W. Adams announces great reductions on all Hats and millinery goods sold at her emporium during the next three weeks.

—George Blencoe has been down from Lincoln for a few days visiting his mother before he leaves for Roswell to accept a position with Jaffa Frager Co.

—Otis Geats has returned from the White mountains where he has been prospecting and hunting and left for El Paso. From El Paso he will leave for Chicago.

—Marcelo Porfello and Mariana Montoya both of Carrizozo were united in marriage last Saturday evening at six o'clock, by Justice of the Peace Ed. Maest.

—Chas. Spence and J. Baird French are shipping about 4000 lambs from Ancho this week. Wm. Barnett will accompany the shipment to Illinois.

—Mrs. W. C. McDonald and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Johnny McCourt, arrived Wednesday from Santa Fe and are visiting here for a few days.

—It was a big baby, of the feminine gender, that made its appearance at the home of Mr. and John Lee Jr. Wednesday, at White Oaks. Dr. Robt. T. Lucas was the attending physician.

—Hester S. Sheffey and William Durbrow, Jr. were up from Three Rivers (now White Mountain) on Wednesday transacting business. Wm. Durbrow while here filed on a 320 acre homestead.

—The John A. Haley homestead house has been moved to town from the homestead west of here and is being put into good shape on a couple of lots across from the Sager home.

—Uncle Tom's Cabin produced by a road company under canvas Saturday night attracted a fair sized audience which remained in spite of a threatening wind, which indicated it would blow down the tents.

—Dr. F. S. Randle and a couple of men left Tuesday morning for the Capitan mountains where they will do the annual assessment work on the iron properties belonging to Campbell, Rolland and Randlee. The work will take a month or so.

—FOUND.—A handkerchief on the festival grounds, near the grand stand having a ring tied in one corner. Owner may have same by calling at my store and giving description.—A. F. Roselle, Carrizozo.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Announcement has just been received of the date of holding the second annual convention of the Lincoln County Sunday School Association at Carrizozo on Saturday and Sunday, November 23d and 24d. Rev. W. C. Merrill, Field Secretary for New Mexico will have part in the program. All Sunday schools in the county are urged to send a list of officers and members at once to A. F. Roselle, County Secretary, Carrizozo.

COATS AND SUITS FOR FALL AND WINTER

We have special assortment and styles that will please you. We are showing the latest fall and winter models and our prices are unusually low for the merchandise you receive.



Great Values in Misses' and Children's Coats and Dresses

This week we have on display a complete line of children's Coats and Dresses. We urge your early inspection.

Sweaters and Knit Goods

We are showing Sweaters for every member in the family. Our stock comprises many styles in all colors. Prices from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

Ziegler Bros