

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

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CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1914.

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR

NEWS OF LOCAL AND PERSONAL INTEREST

The Lincoln County Road Board will hold meeting in Carrizozo on Monday, May Eleventh.

H. S. CAMPBELL BEGINS NEW RESIDENCE

Ice Cream of all kinds and colors at Paden's

One five and ten acre tracts of land with shallow water near Carrizozo, N. M. Prices low; terms easy.—Stadtman & Byron.

J. B. Salberg, brother of Mrs. Herbert Haywood, is expected here Saturday for a few weeks visit with his sister and brother-in-law.

Mrs. Clara Larson has received appointment as postmistress at Capitan, and will assume her new duties at once.

Welch & Titworth of Capitan have reduced the price of sugar in their advertisement elsewhere in this issue, from \$4.85 to \$4.75 per cwt.

Dr. J. H. Cody of Capitan will be at Dr. Paden's office in Carrizozo, on Tuesday, May 19th, for the treatment of eye diseases and fitting spectacles.

The Socialists will hold a meeting at the Meek hall, across the track, Thursday evening, April 30. Doors open to any one who wish to attend.—Adv.

Mrs. J. M. Penfield and two children of Lincoln, stopped over in Alamogordo last week with Miss Covington, and proceeded to Morenci, Arizona for a short visit.

Dennis L. Byron, who has been working in the lumber yard for some time has gone into partnership with Walter W. Stadtman in the real estate and insurance business.

The Lincoln County Road Board will meet at Carrizozo, May 11, 1914. All bills to be paid by the Board must be itemized and sworn to before a Notary Public or other authority.—Jas. W. Laws, Chairman.

Wm. Garvin resident engineer in charge of the Southwestern water supply system was in town Tuesday from his home near Nogal. Mr. Garvin says that there is a large amount of snow in the mountains now, and that a fine water supply is assured for the summer season.

Section foreman J. F. Morse received notice Tuesday of his transfer to Corona as section foreman there, and moved his family to that point Thursday. Carrizozo is the loser of a good citizen, and Corona the gainer there by. Mr. Crowell who relieves Mr. Morse comes highly recommended.

At a short session of the Otero County District Court last Friday, Judge Medler gave District Attorney H. B. Hamilton until April 27th to make known his intentions to try the case of the State vs. H. H. Major charged with assault with intent to commit murder and unless the district attorney sets the case will be dismissed.

Jesse Dawson and wife of Capitan, Fred Dawson and Doc Tice of this place left Thursday for the Mogollon country where they will look at some ranch property. They are driving overland.

Ziegler Bros. the popular general merchants, are figuring on an addition to their present store building and while the plans have not as yet been fully decided upon, it is understood that they figure on about doubling their present floor space.

Maj. W. H. H. Llewellyn, prominent attorney and legislator of Dona Ana county who is well known here was the victim of two painful accidents last week. Major was just recovering from the effects of a fall from a ladder, when he was thrown from a wagon and severely bruised. He is recovering nicely.

Arlton S. Kilpatrick of the State Engineer's office came in Sunday on his motorcycle to conduct a hearing of protests against the application of Gov. W. C. McDonald for the flood waters of Bar W. draw with which the governor wishes to irrigate 160 acres. The hearing was conducted at the court house Monday morning and the Attorney General will no doubt soon render his decision in the case. The only protestant was M. B. Foreman.

R. T. Vaughn a popular conductor on the Southwestern went to El Paso Monday morning with Mrs. A. W. Jones the night telegraph operator at Tecolote, and they were quietly married there that day, and will spend a few days in El Paso and vicinity on their honeymoon, after which they expect to return and make their home in Carrizozo, occupying the Northlans property in the McDonald addition.

W. T. Swoyer a mining expert from Chihuahua, has assumed the mining contract formerly held by Henry M. Corn at the Yellow Jacket property, and has a large force of men at work getting out ore. Mr. Swoyer has recently uncovered a new body of ore on the property which is developing beyond all expectations. As soon as some necessary improvements are completed Mr. Swoyer expects to be shipping 150 tons or more daily. Mr. Swoyer has moved his family to White Oaks and is occupying the Bergey residence on the south side.

H. S. Campbell has commenced the construction of his new two-story adobe dwelling on the lots formerly occupied by his old residence, which he has moved onto his other lots on White Oaks Ave. The new dwelling will be modern in every respect, with eight rooms and bath, and will be pebble-dash finish. This makes the sixth modern expensive home to be built in Carrizozo within the past six months, and it certainly speaks well for the future of the town to see these farsighted citizens building permanent homes here.

OSCURO

Considerable plowing is going on in the valley and a good crop on most of the places is anticipated.

The Oscuro young men have organized a ball team and are in practice, saying that they will challenge any team in the county.

Sam Hall the White Mountain merchant spent several days in the Oscuro country last week on business.

Dr. and Mrs. West and children are visiting Mrs. West's parents Dr. and Mrs. Guido Ranniger for a few weeks. Dr. West is located in Chicago.

E. P. & S. W. PLANS EXTENSION TO COAST

Officials Pleased with Scenery Between Tucson and San Diego and Construction will Start soon

MUCH NEW EQUIPMENT IS BEING DELIVERED

An official special eastward, passed through Friday noon carrying Chairman of the Board of Directors T. M. Schumacher, of the Rock Island System, General Manager H. J. Simons of the Southwestern and other officials of that company, returning from an inspection trip over the proposed extension of the Southwestern from Tucson to San Diego, in connection with the Rock Island Lines, the contract of which has been secured by the Phelps-Dodge interests. This extension will make the Southwestern a real trans-continental system.

The Southwestern has the reputation throughout the railroad world of being the best managed road in America, and with its influence extended throughout the Rock Island System, much can be hoped for in the way of a fine trans-continental service. New engines and cars are being received every day to handle the anticipated increase in traffic which will result when the exposition business begins to move, and it is likely that even with the increased hauling power of the new engines and large capacity of the new cars, that more men will be needed to handle trains.

The new passenger equipment which is now being delivered, is modern in every respect, being the latest products of the car builder's art, with all the improvements and safety appliances.

While some of the officials have anything to say in regard to the Pacific Coast extension, it is stated on good authority that the inspection trip proved highly satisfactory and that construction will be pushed as soon as Mexico conditions justify.

NOGAL

The camp meeting at Nogal is set for some time in June by the holiness persuasion.

Mrs. Mattie Latham expects to start on a visit to her mother in Texas at an early date.

There is an epidemic of distemper among the horses in this vicinity which is extremely severe.

Don't tell anybody but some automobile agent can get a good farm in this vicinity for most any kind of an auto. The farmer has it bad.

Prof. Cardwell was in Nogal recently looking for a house to move into. He is employed to teach the Nogal public school for a term of eight months.

SIDNEY WILCOXSON DEAD

"Uncle Sid" Wilcoxson passed away at the L. X. ranch on Friday April 10th, 1914. The immediate cause of death being complications arising from pneumonia. The deceased was well known throughout the county having become a resident of the county over 25 years ago. In recent years he had perfected a homestead upon the road between Carrizozo and Nogal. Of recent months he has been at the Calfee ranch, among friends and rapidly failing. Mr. Wilcoxson was a member of the 20th Georgia Infantry Confederate army and respected and honored by all who knew him.

SCHOOL NOTES

The Lincoln County Teachers' Association had a most profitable and enjoyable convention Friday and Saturday of the past week. A number of pedagogues, some of them from remote parts of the county were present. There was also a basketball and baseball team among the visitors, these last named being from Capitan. A basketball game was not arranged, but two closely contested base ball games were played Friday and Saturday, Carrizozo winning both games by only one score. A business meeting of the Association convened Saturday forenoon and some musical numbers were also given at this time. Saturday evening the teachers and general public were addressed by State Supt. Alvin N. White and Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts of Las Vegas State Normal. Both addresses were highly appreciated and practical in every sense of the word. Supt. White spoke of school work generally and the vast strides New Mexico has made educationally in the past decade, and Dr. Roberts dwelt upon the value of industrial work in the school, since our school does not propose to lag in this phase of education. In the English room of the High School was a most creditable display of work from Capitan, Ancho and Rabenton as well as from the local school. These displays and especially the Botany work of the Carrizozo pupils, supervised by Mrs. Jewett received much commendation from the educators present. The visiting teachers were the guests of the town and we take this opportunity of thanking those who were generous enough to open their homes at this time and otherwise assisted the committee on entertainment.

Respectfully,
ANDREW McCURDY
Principal

DEPUTY GAME WARDENS

Thos. Henley has appointed the following list of Deputy Game Wardens for Lincoln County. Licenses for hunting can be secured from any of the following list of deputies, and the appointments have been made for the convenience of hunters in all parts of the county.

All violations of the game laws should be reported to the deputies of the various precincts.

Precinct No. 1, Wm. H. Savier Lincoln.

Precinct No. 2, John C. West, San Patricio.

Precinct No. 3, Aron Montoya, Arabela.

Precinct No. 4, George Kimbrell, Piecho.

Precinct No. 2, Sam Kelsey, Hondo.

Precinct No. 2, H. D. Murray, Tinnie.

Precinct No. 5, Roman Pacheco, Rabenton.

Precinct No. 6, Lloyd Taylor, Capitan.

Precinct No. 7, A. H. Norton, Jicarilla.

Precinct No. 8, Robt. H. Taylor, White Oaks.

Precinct No. 9, S. T. Gray, Capitan.

Precinct No. 8, James L. Goodall, Capitan.

Precinct No. 10, J. V. Tulley, Glencoe.

Precinct No. 11, Thos. Henley, Nogal.

Precinct No. 12, Lute Jennings, Parsons.

Precinct No. 13, George Clements, Corona.

Precinct No. 14, Art Rolland, Carrizozo.

Precinct No. 15, Guido Ranniger, Oscuro.

Precinct No. 16, Jimmie Cooper, Ancho.

BASE BALL BUGS SEE FINE GAME SUNDAY

Local Boys lose Hard Fought Game to the El Paso Maquinistas in Tenth Inning Finish

EL PASO SHOPS TWELVE; CARRIZOZO SEVEN

The local fans turned out in masses Sunday to witness the game between the local team and the boys from the shops in El Paso.

The game was interesting from start to finish, and it took ten innings to decide the contest.

Dolan in the box did some good work for the home team and Van Schoyok behind the bat was at his best. At the end of the ninth the score was 7 to 7 but in the 10th the home team seemed to blow up and before the inning was over five of the mechanics crossed the plate.

Carrizozo has the material for a first class team, and all that is now needed is team work, which can be accomplished only by practice.

HIGH SCHOOLS PLAYS 2 GAMES

Capitan High School team came down Friday accompanied by a crowd of jolly rooters, to cross bats with team of the local High School. The game was interesting from start to finish, and both teams had their very best with them.

The game went ten innings and Carrizozo won by the close score of 4 to 3. Adams in the box for Carrizozo did fine work in the first game allowing the Capitan boys 4 hits and striking out 17.

Another game was arranged for the next day, and the game, though not so well played was interesting and a large crowd attended. Capitan again lost by a score of 13 to 12.

These teams are evenly matched and play a clean game, and we hope to see them meet often during the season.

PRISONERS BREAK JAIL

At nine o'clock Sunday evening it was discovered that four prisoners were missing from the county jail.

Examination showed that Chas. Gist, a seventeen year old boy who was serving sentence for the theft of a rifle, and who had only two days left to serve out his sentence, and had been made a trusty by various jailers who have been in charge since his incarceration and had been instructed by special Officer Barnett to light the lights in the jail and court house and the outside door had been left unlocked for that purpose.

In some manner as yet unknown the inner doors of the steel cage were unlocked and Gist with three other prisoners departed for parts unknown.

The other three prisoners who escaped were John Ward and John Wilson, two of the paries who were recently convicted for the burglary of Ziegler Bros. store, and who were each under sentence of one year in the pen, and Frank Madden, who was held to await action of the next Grand Jury for the burglary of the little Casino saloon at White Oaks a couple of weeks ago.

The boy Gist was the boy for whom pardon was recommended by the last Grand Jury, who thought his sentence of three months excessive, and it is much regretted that the boy allowed himself to be led astray by the older offenders and become a party to their escape, as he has enlisted the sympathy of many of the citizens here, and it was promised that he would be given a chance to redeem himself upon his release.

The ISOLATED CONTINENT A ROMANCE OF THE FUTURE

By GUIDO VON HORVATH and DEAN HOARD

Copyright, 1913, by WASHINGTON IN THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN

SYNOPSIS

For fifty years the continent of North America had been isolated from the rest of the world by the use of Z-rays, a wonderful invention of the future...

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

Napoleon bowed, and so the matter was settled. The Countess Koritza Rosiny was led into the room. Astra embraced the countess kindly...

velocity. The machine was practically noiseless, the only sound being a whistling murmur caused by the beating wings. The countess was perceptible and Astra wrapped her cloak more closely about her...

"As rapidly as the earth revolves," remarked Astra. Napoleon led Astra into a large square building in the center of the group.

"Welcome to Our Continent, My Dear Countess."



"Welcome to Our Continent, My Dear Countess."

group. A peculiar odor greeted her nostrils as she entered. It was not disagreeable, but reminded her of some oppressive tropical flower. She followed Napoleon into the private laboratory...

CHAPTER X.

Between Z Rays. The general of the confederated European army and navy had arrived on the scene of action. The first line of resistance was down, and he believed the American continent ready for occupation...

and more the engineering boats forward. He had hardly finished his orders when another message came that was thrilling, yet it annoyed him. The grating announcement said that a tremendous American eagle was approaching from the west...

ing the paper: "Tell to those who sent you that I, Count von Werdenstein, commander in chief of the navy and armies of the European confederacy, will break down all the resistance that may be before me, and will land and occupy the countries that you call the United Republics of America..."

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make it Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse..."

THE BEST TREATMENT FOR ITCHING SCALPS, DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR

To allay itching and irritation of the scalp, prevent dry, thin and falling hair, remove crusts, scales and dandruff, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, the following special treatment is most effective...

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels. Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative...

PICKED THE WRONG NIGHTIE

Walter's Scheme to Save "Tie" Was a Good One, but It Failed to Work Out. A waiter in a certain cafe has for several nights been wearing a tie...

addressed, he imagined, when his wife addressed him thus: "Thank you so much, Hans, for the present." "What present?" "Why, all that money tied in my nightie."—New York World.

Making Tomorrow's World

By WALTER WILLIAMS, LL.D.
(Dean of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri)

THE HIGHER COST OF LIVING



Vienna, Austria.—The world today may be growing better. Upon that point there are differences of opinion. The cost of living in the world, however, is higher today than yesterday. Upon this there are no differences of opinion. The discussion of this higher cost, which is confined to no one country or continent but is world-wide—of the causes and of the possible cures is general. In parliaments and in chambers of commerce, in pulpits and on the streets, in shops and factories, in workmen's homes and international hotels, one hears the discussion on every hand.

The "sights" of travel do not appeal to me. It is of far more interest to learn how the Egyptians live than to see the Sphinx by moonlight; to observe the customs of the Frenchman or German in his real home than to look down on Napoleon's tomb in Paris or look up at the Schloss in the most un-German city of Berlin. Just this personal note as preface to an explanation of the homeliness of a letter, for the figures of which, gathered in several countries and a dozen German towns from actual prices paid, have been supplemented by those of official reports, particularly an illuminating one by George H. Roberts, a British member of parliament, a representative of the Typographical Association, and his colleagues.

Prices of Necessities Increased.
How does the other fellow, assuming that he works for his daily bread, live? The disputed Sauerbeck figures for England and Wales show a gradual increase in wages, but in the last ten years a much greater increase in prices of necessities. The consump-

tion of wheat and wheat flour—a mark of a standard living in western lands—has remained about the same in Great Britain, decreased in France, and increased in Germany and the United States. As to the amount of consumption, France comes first, the United States and Great Britain second, and Germany last. The importations of meat, coffee, tea, sugar and rice into northern European countries have necessarily increased in the last ten years. This shows an increase in the standard of life of the people which, to a degree, explains the higher cost which the other fellow must pay.

More People Want More Things.
"The question of the increased cost of living," said Harold Cox, the British authority, "is an extraordinarily difficult problem. I believe, however, the general explanation is to be found in the fact that wages have been rising throughout the world, especially among the poorer classes and the more backward races, for example, in India and in eastern Europe. The result is that the labor cost of production has been increased. This may have been offset to a limited extent by the increased use of machinery and the wider cultivation of the new countries of the world, but the improved economic position of the poorer classes—their increased demand and in-

creased consumption—is the root cause of the rise in prices. It must be remembered that these classes are eating more and dressing better than they did ten or fifteen years ago. It is a question of supply and demand—we always get back to that. To sum the matter up in an instance, you can say that because the Poles, who formerly lived on rye bread, are now demanding wheat bread, the world has to pay more for its wheat." Which, being interpreted, means that living is higher because more people want more things. But do they get them? Here are some replies that each may interpret for himself.

German Metal Workers' Budget.
The German workman, better situated than his comrades in industry in other countries of the continent of Europe, is shown at his best in a report issued by the Metal Workers' union. This report gives the actual budgets of income and expense of 320 of the workmen in this best-paid industry. The average was an income of \$480 a year, of which \$375 was from the workman's own labor, the rest from that of his family and aids and benefits. His annual expense was \$475, divided \$255 for food, drink and tobacco, \$65 for rent and taxes, \$55 for clothing, \$25 for sick, trades and other subscription, \$70 for sundries, and leaving a saving of about \$5 a year.

The figures of the unskilled laborer are not so favorable, of course. They are also more difficult to obtain. A case of a factory laborer's home at Dusseldorf is not exceptional, however, and serves for testimony. In this case the flat which was the workman's home was on the third floor and consisted of three rooms. The occupants were a laborer and his family, a wife and eight children. His wages were \$5 a week of 60 hours. The rooms were 14 by 10 feet in size, the rent \$7 a month and the local taxes \$6 a year. In this case, therefore, the laborer received \$260 a year and paid in rent and taxes more than one-third. His wife said that they bought a little meat for Sundays—about two pounds; children never ate the meat but they had the soup. She would

Many workmen buy a mixture of oatmeal coffee and chicory at 20 cents to 25 cents a pound, or what is called malt coffee at 5 to 8 cents. Butter is little used at ordinary meals. A substitute, butter oil, sells at 18 cents a pound, and oleomargarine from 10 to 25 cents. Sugar sells for 5 to 6 cents a pound. It is a beet sugar, granulated and weak sweet stuffs, if they are really sweet—which is not often in Germany—are dear. Milk, sold from central dairies, is about 3 cents a pint.

Vegetables are cheap, potatoes, a common food, particularly so. The onion and the cabbage, German favorites, are inexpensive and, as might be expected in a land of highly organized education, a delicious cauliflower, which Mark Twain called a cabbage with a college education, is sold for three cents. Wood is bought in small bundles, a few cents worth at a time, and coal, usually in the form of briquettes, coal dust moulded into brick shape, is not of high cost, except near the mines, but is of small heating value.

All these prices are 20 per cent. or more higher than ten years ago. Clothing, a rather inferior grade, is 10 to 15 per cent. higher and rents, except in favored localities, are 20 to 30 per cent. higher. Official figures on file in the Rathaus or Town Hall at Munich show increases in five years of from 10 to 20 per cent. in the prices of all foodstuffs.

Savings Deposits Increasing.
The standard of living is increasing. The average man in Germany, France, Austria-Hungary and Great Britain, as in America, is not content to live on the same level of expenditure as did his fathers. Despite this higher standard and the increased cost, he is each year saving more money. Ten years ago the savings deposits in postal and other banks in Great Britain averaged \$1.25 per capita less than today. During the same period the savings deposits in German savings banks increased from eight to fifteen million marks, two million to three and three-fourths million dollars, and the number of depositors from 8,670,709 to 12,382,140.

What is true in this regard of Great Britain and Germany is true of France, Austria-Hungary, Holland, Belgium. In all these countries the cost of living has increased to a marked degree, but at the same time there has been a measurable increase in the savings of the people as well as in the standards of living. Over against this must be considered the 40,000 unemployed in Berlin, the strikes in Belgium, and Great Britain and the widespread and concealed distress for lack of food that every great European city shows as cold weather comes. "You ain't so 'ungry w'en it's 'ot" said a crippled workman in a London park.

Plea for New Economic Science.
A British scientist, discovering the complicated economic problem of the cost of living, argues that the time has come for the establishment of a new constructive science, the aim of which would be to evolve and teach the principles under which economic equilibrium in the life of communities might be attained. Congestion of population in the towns, the desertion of the farm, low wages and the increasingly high cost of living are, in his view, all related. The world is capable of supporting all its inhabitants in abundance. Its failure to do so is due to the non-emergence of an organizing science. Every individual is entitled to secure an economic place in the world and every normal individual is capable of filling such a place. Poverty is not really, therefore, necessary. We need not have the poor always with us. There is something wrong with a world where cost of living becomes to any people oppressively high. Resources, even in these old countries of Europe, as in the newer United States, are undeveloped. Countries which now import goods and export food will in time consume their own food and manufacture their own goods. Development of the nation's resources, adequate and comprehensive transportation, and an equitable distribution of the profits of labor and capital, may not bring prices down, but will accomplish what is more to be desired, an increase of the average man's income to keep pace with the increased cost of his food and clothing.

Living in the world today costs more, but it is worth more. The average European is willing, though not anxious, to pay the extra price, if he has the means to do so—extravagance is not a common trait of Europeans, but with German thrift and French frugality, he wishes to get his money's worth. And, more, he is becoming concerned as to who or what is responsible for the high increased prices and why the benefits, if any, of high prices, as well as their burdens, should not fall to his share. That is the meaning of the unrest in Europe which manifests itself today in many ways, political party platforms, parliamentary discussion, legislation, street talk, home conversation, newspaper discussion, and too-often hunger strikes and riots. It is the disturbance which the underdog makes in struggling for a bigger bone.

(Copyright 1914, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

New Indian Animal Stories

Why the 'Possum's Tail Is Bare

By JOHN M. OSKISON



Get Out Your Paint Boxes and Color the Animals.

(Copyright, 1914, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Long time ago, the 'possum had a beautiful bushy tail. He was so proud of it that he combed it out every morning and made up some songs about it. The rabbit, who had only a stump of a tail after the bear pulled most of it off, got very jealous of the 'possum on account of his tail, and decided to play a trick on him.

There was to be a great council and dance of the animals, and the rabbit said that he would invite every one to come. He went to tell the 'possum, and the 'possum said:

"I will come if you will be sure to have a special seat for me. I have such a fine tail that I ought to sit where every one can have a good look at me."

"Very well," said the rabbit, "I will have the best seat for you; also, I will send you some one to comb and dress your tail for you." The 'possum was pleased, and thanked the rabbit.

Then the rabbit went to the cricket, who was such a good hair cutter that he was called the barber. "You go and dress the 'possum's tail for the dance," the rabbit said to him; and the rabbit told the cricket just what to do.

Next morning, the cricket went to the 'possum's house and said that he had come to fix him up for the dance.

"You just stretch out and take it easy," said the cricket. So the 'possum stretched himself out, shut his eyes, and let the cricket do his work.

Now the cricket combed out the 'possum's tail and wrapped a red ribbon around it to keep it smooth until that night at the dance. But as he combed, the cricket clipped off all the hair close to the roots, and he wrapped the red ribbon around a bare tail.

When night came, the 'possum went to the council house where the dance was to be, and he found the best seat ready for him. "So, my friend Rabbit keeps his word," said the 'possum.

His turn came in the dance, and the 'possum loosened the red ribbon from his tail and stepped into the middle of the floor. The drummers began to beat, and the 'possum began to dance and sing, "Oh, see my beautiful tail!"

Every one shouted when they heard what the 'possum sang, so he danced around the circle again, singing "See What a Fine Color My Tail Has." Again, all of the animals shouted, and the 'possum danced around a third time, and he sang, "See How My Tail Sweeps the Ground!"

This time the animals shouted louder than ever, and once more the 'possum danced and sang, "See How Fine the Fur of My Tail Is!" Then every one laughed so long that the 'possum wondered what they were laughing at. Some one said, "Look at your beautiful tail!" and the 'possum, for the first time, looked down at his tail.

Not a single hair was left on it—it was as bare as a lizard! The 'possum was so surprised and ashamed that he could not say a word; he just rolled over on the ground and grinned! And that is what he does to this day when he is taken by surprise.

(Copyright 1914, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

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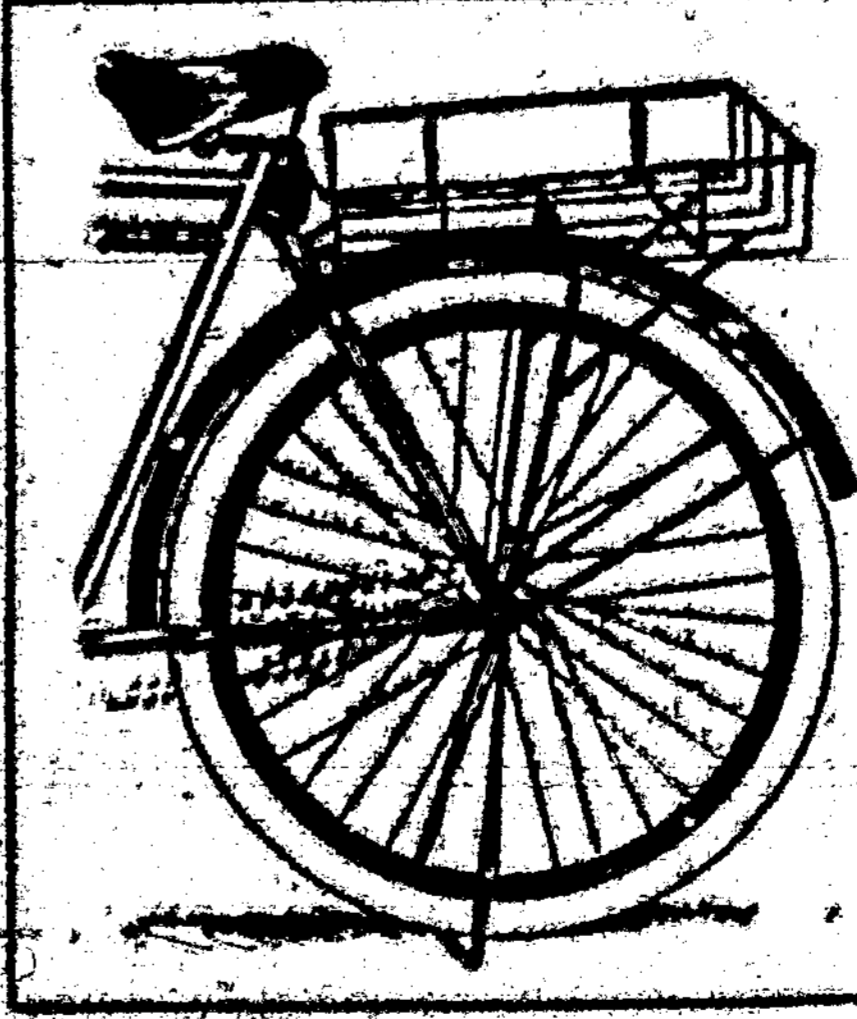
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CARRIER AND BICYCLE STAND

Handy Combination—Which Increases Utility of Wheels—Labor of Errands Greatly Simplified.

While the fact may not be generally appreciated, it is, nevertheless, true that the bicycle is increasing in its popularity, not so much for pleasure as for practical purposes. This is particularly true of the suburbs and



Carrier and Stand.

country, where there are always errands to be done, and the labor of these is greatly simplified by the use of the bicycle, which stands in the corner always ready and willing to carry its burden quickly from one point to another. There are often bundles to be carried to and from the post office, and for this purpose the combined carrier and stand has been invented. It slips quickly in place without regard to the presence or absence of a mudguard, and it is claimed

that the basket will hold a weight of 100 pounds and the stand, when in use, will hold the weight of a 175-pound rider.

Prompted. Willie was struggling through the story in his reading lesson. "No, said the captain," he read, "it was not a sloop. It was a larger vessel. By the rig I judged her to be a sloop."

The word was new to him. "Barque," supplied the teacher. Still Willie hesitated.

"Barque!" repeated the teacher, this time sharply. Willie looked as though he had not heard a word. Then, with an apprehensive glance around the class, he shouted:

"Bow-wow!"—Detroit Free Press.

And He Drives On. "Say," calls the bright youth to the houzat agriculturist who is working in his garden, "why don't you set a hen on your egg plants?"

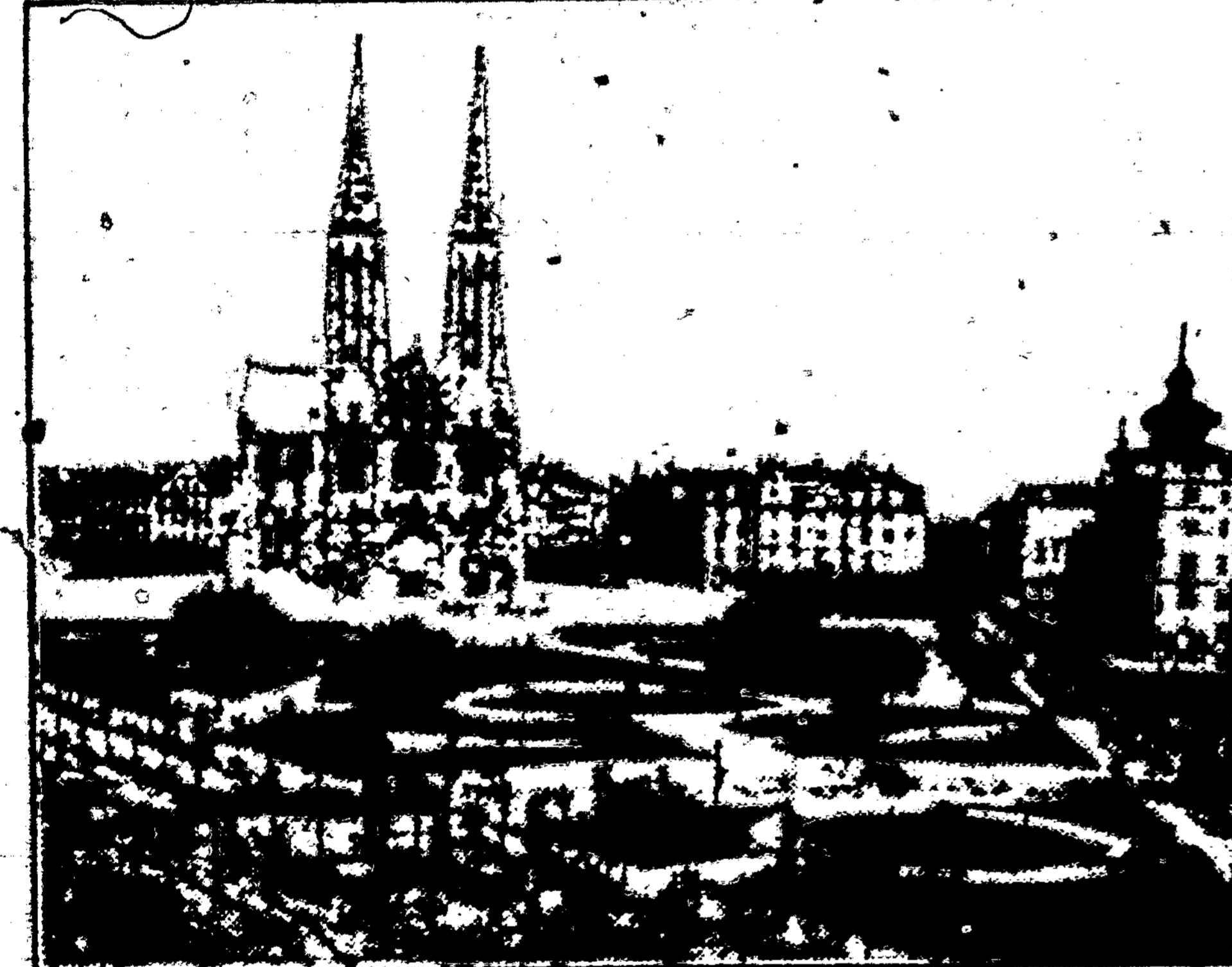
"Ma w-at-ers on 'em last year," answers the agriculturist, barely looking up.

"Did she? Hatch anything?" "Yep! Hatched out that bed o' cocombs by the fence."—Judge.

Fitting Remedy. Tommy—I want another box of those pills, like what I got for mother yesterday.

Druggist—Did your mother say they were good? Tommy—No, but they just fit my air gun.—Life.

Athletes at Princeton. Princeton university has over 1,300 students registered in various sports



Scenes in Vienna.

like, she said, to get the children milk and eggs but could not afford to buy them. She earned a little money by selling fruit on the streets, sometimes as much as 75 cents a week. She complained bitterly about prices of food and goods rising. There was a loaf of black, rye bread on the table. For it she said she paid 3/4 cents a pound.

Food Prices.
Prices of foodstuffs vary somewhat in different markets. Those usually paid by the average mechanic or German of the middle class may best serve as typical. In the meat diet, pork is a large item. It ranges from 20 to 25 cents a pound. Beef may be bought from 15 to 20 cents, veal at 20 cents. Horse meat is eaten for cheapness, advertised in some shop windows at 2 to 10 cents a pound. Dogs are eaten to a small extent, not for cheapness, but as a fancied cure for certain ailments. The bread ordinarily consumed among the working classes is of two kinds. The most general is a heavy, close kind made up in shape not unlike an ordinary American brick but larger. It is of a dark brown color, baked of rye, ground wet, and costs about 3 cents a pound. The other bread is lighter in color, a larger and differently shaped loaf, and costs 4 cents a pound. Good coffee costs from 20 to 25 cents a pound.

THE OUTLOOK

O. T. NYE, Editor and Publisher

Published Weekly in The Interest of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. All you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher of advertising rates on application.

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SIX MONTHS, in Advance .75

OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1914

GOOD ROADS ENTHUSIASM

The sentiment in favor of the improvement of the roads of our County were never so strong as now. The activities of the good roads boosters of other counties and states are beginning to have a wonderful effect upon the minds of our citizens, and it is indeed rare to find a citizen who does not believe that good roads will do more for Lincoln County in the present fast traveling age, than almost any one project of which the public mind can conceive.

We now have a road board composed of three of the most progressive men of the county, who are thorough good roads enthusiasts, and who will no doubt do everything within their power to advance the cause.

The appointment of viewers on the proposition of straightening the Tularosa highway, and the enthusiastic bunch who motored down to meet engineer Hooker are but straw indicating the strength of the good roads' wind, and the main thing now that such enthusiasm has been aroused, is to direct it into the proper channels, and get down to a practical working basis.

It would seem that the first improvements to be made should be those which would be of most benefit to the entire county, and among these the completion of the Gran Quivira highway is one of the most important, as the connections this highway would make both east and west of Lincoln County, will place it on one of the direct trans continental highways, and with the proper advertising of the ruins and of the good condition of the road, would without doubt bring many tourists this way.

This route would be of equal benefit to both the east and west sides of the county, as tourists using it would traverse the entire county from east to west, and as about all that is needed to put the road in fine shape is a bridge across the arroyo north of Carrizozo, and the working of a couple of miles of sand near the ruins, it is to be hoped, that

these matters will be given early attention.

Neither of these improvements present any great engineering difficulties, and if they could be made at an early date should prove of incalculable benefit to the county.

The yearly automobile blue book, which is in the possession of nearly every long distance tourist in America, will soon go to press and if its publishers could be assured that these improvements would be made by the time the book was issued, it is likely that some arrangement could be made with them to show the route as being in good condition, and the advertisement thus secured would bring many tourists our way.

The Roswell-Hondo Ruidoso route has been taken in hand by boosters both in Roswell and El Paso, and it will no doubt receive proper consideration without a great deal of further effort from Lincoln County citizens.

This route while passing only through the southeast corner of the county will pass through a number of Lincoln County towns and settlements and its claims to our attention should not be overlooked.

The Carrizozo Tularosa highway is now assured also, and it only remains to see that it is completed at an early date as is possible, that the best route is followed, and that its extension to the county line near Corona, be completed as soon as practicable.

The matter of a good crossing over the mal pais north and west of Carrizozo is another matter of great importance to the citizens of Carrizozo, and if a good and permanent crossing can be built nearer town than the present crossing, it would no doubt throw quite a bit of trade territory open to Carrizozo merchants that now goes elsewhere. A place has been found near the Byfield ranch about four miles west of town where it is thought a good and comparatively cheap crossing can be built, which would have good approaches on each side, making it available in all kinds of weather. It is hoped to bring the attention of the State engineer to the construction of the Gran Quivira and mal pais crossing roads while he is in this vicinity and obtain his opinion as to the best manner of improving them.

If each citizen will put his shoulder to the wheel and give ever so little a push in the right direction, Lincoln County can easily secure as good roads throughout the county as any county in the Southwest, and thus put herself on the tourist map of the country.

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS

We learn from a reliable source that the Parsons Mining Co. is contemplating the building of a power plant to be operated by coal, at Walnut station on the Capitan branch, and a transmission line from that point to their property at Parsons, a distance of about twelve miles.

It would seem that by proper

cooperation these people might be induced to build this plant in Carrizozo, and of sufficient size to furnish this town with lights and power in addition to that needed for their own use.

The cost of transmission would be practically no greater from this point than from Walnut, the freight rate on their fuel would be lessened, and better car service could be given the plant if placed here.

Why not get together and put the matter before the company? Carrizozo undoubtedly would be benefited by an up-to-date city lighting system, and perhaps this is our opportunity. It's worth a trial.

METHODIST CHURCH

(J. W. Hendrix, Pastor)

Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Preaching both morning and evening by the pastor.

Theme, "A New Creation". The words of Christ to Nicodemus examined as to its application to present needs.

Theme evening, "A Divine Testimony." On last Sunday evening we spoke on the external or objective evidence of God in the world. This takes up the subject from an inner witness—a subjective testimony. At both services the choir will render special music. It is fair to assume that they will give good music, they are always on hand with their best.

Now we will just do so much during the week so please leave room in your program for divine worship one day out of seven. Our attendance was most pleasing last Sunday at both services. The chief desecration of the Sabbath is to unfit us for worship.

Let US PRINT your SALE BILLS

BAPTIST CHURCH

(Herbert Haywood Pastor)

Bible school at 10:00 a. m.

Preaching services at 11 in the morning, and at 7:45 p. m. Subject for the morning: "Ye are... that ye may".....1 Peter 2:9.

At night the pastor will discuss the Relation of the Church or Christianity to Society.

Special music at both services. We cordially invite you to come and worship with us.

Young people's services at 6:45 p. m., Sundays and mid-week service on Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m.

Woman's Missionary Union meets at the church house at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Economic Mining and Milling Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held in Carrizozo, New Mexico, on Tuesday, the second day of June A. D., 1914, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the president. E. C. MONROE, Secretary.

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Table with columns: THROUGH DAILY SERVICE, ROSWELL TO EL PASO, EL PASO TO ROSWELL, Via Roswell-Carrizozo mail line, in connection with E. P. & S. W. R. R. Daily passenger service leaving El Paso 8 a. m. and Carrizozo 12:45 p. m. Leaving Roswell 7:30 and 8 a. m. West Bound East Bound Arrive - Arrive a. m. p. m. 10:00-11:00 Roswell 4:45-7:00 10:15-11:30 Picoche 1:40-4:05 10:30-11:55 Tinnie 1:15-3:40 10:30-11:55 Hondo 12:50-3:30 p. m. 11:10-1:00 Lincoln 11:30-3:00 p. m. 2:00 Ft. Stanton 10:30-12:15-2:35 Capitan 10:00-2:30 1:30-2:35 Nogal 9:00-1:30 2:00-4:44 Carrizozo 8:00-12:45 7:30- El Paso 8:00-8:00

Through fare one way \$8.40. In-termediate points 8 cents per mile. Hand baggage carried on passenger cars; excess baggage on mail cars. Thirty minutes for meals each way in Carrizozo.

ROSWELL AUTO COMPANY.

OWNERS AND OPERATORS PHONE 180

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CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

NEWS OF THE COUNTY

ANCHO

C. F. Goddard of Carrizozo came to Ancho Monday on business.

G. F. Graves, manager of the Ancho store, left for California for a much needed vacation.

Will Gallacher came into town Tuesday, riding a horse, to telephone for repairs for the Gallacher car. That's the reason.

Beautiful weather as usual at Ancho prevails. Grass is coming along nicely, and the wild flowers makes one glad they are here.

As Sherman said: "War is—", From present indications the U. S. may have L with Mexico is the general opinion at Ancho.

Every one who could get away attended the Educational Picnic at Corona Monday, and all report a good time. A good dinner and such speaking as was reported should satisfy anyone.

The Woodmen of the World of Ancho Camp No. 94 have arranged to make a special offer to new members by greatly reducing the fees. They expect to secure enough members to make theirs the biggest camp in Lincoln county.

The Ancho base ball team pulled off a game with the Mexican team Sunday afternoon in which the score was 0 to 0, in favor of Ancho of course. The game was interesting from the start, and the crowd of rooters present would do credit to such a city as Carrizozo.

T. J. Straley and his sister took advantage of the reduced rates to Corona Monday. Some took advantage of the side door cleepers, and others went in automobiles and buggies. One of the Carrizozo cars could not negotiate the Tecolote hills, so the sympathetic occupants of several other cars returning, lent their assistance and advice until a strong arm car was dispatched from Carrizozo to the rescue.

Jimmie Cooper started to Corona Monday evening to take in the dance and met a number of people returning who understood the dance had been called off. With the real Ancho spirit he rounded them up, "rustled" a couple of musicians and came back to town where the rest of the Anchoites joined a merry crowd at the school house and pulled off one of the best little balls of the season.

The Ancho base-ball team announces a benefit ball to be given at the Ancho school house Saturday night April 25th. A special feature will be an endurance hoe-down rag, to be participated in by several of our best, and that will be going some. Notwithstanding the activity in the sheep camps, a large crowd and a very pleasant time is anticipated. A special invitation is extended to Carrizozo, and it is up to Carrizozo to show whether they really appreciate a good time.

ANCHO

(From another correspondent)

S. C. Burnett is visiting his family here.

Mrs. T. J. Starley has been suffering with a severe case of la grippe.

Mrs. E. C. Tickner left for Colorado last Wednesday.

G. W. Wills has returned from Pella, Iowa, after spending a few weeks there.

Emmett Ross came in from Denver, Colo., to visit his father for a few weeks.

Charley Anderson has returned from Tularosa where he was called to attend the funeral of his father-in-law, Andrew Wilson.

WHITE MOUNTAIN

Max Beagles of Polly visited with friends here for a few days this week.

Mr. Harris of Roswell who recently purchased the Harper place is moving his family over this week.

James O. Nabours, Jr., and wife spent the week end with B. F. Nabours and wife near Lincoln.

If the weather continues warm we will have worlds of fruit in this part of the country.

The Hatcheta Cattle Co. shipped a train load of cattle to Colorado Tuesday of last week. They intend shipping more in a few days.

W. H. Weber and wife came up Saturday from Alamogordo in their auto to visit with the latter's parents. They were accompanied on their return trip. Sunday by Mrs. Weber's brother and family who are here from Chicago for a visit.

GLENCOE

J. V. Tully is planting about ten acres of fruit trees on his ranch.

The next thirty days will tell the story as to the fruit crop for 1914.

Cattle are rather thin, but only the cows that have young calves are in danger.

S. L. Starkey is farming his and an adjoining ranch and has a crop of oats up and doing nicely.

The fine snows of the last two weeks have been a great help to the farms and ranges, and we hope for some early grass for the stock.

Glencoe is a flower garden to look at these days. The orchards are in bloom, peaches, pears and Crab apple trees are decked out in full blossom.

Frank Coe is planting another orchard on an adjoining ranch which he purchased last winter. Mr. Coe's home ranch is looking fine under the management of B. J. Bonnell, his son-in-law.

Goat men report severe losses of kids during these snows, which is a serious loss to the small herd owners who have waited a whole year for the event of lambing, and then are knocked out by a storm which is otherwise very desirable. Better luck next time is the only comfort we can extend to the goat men and that mohair is already better sale on the market in spite of the removal of the tariff.



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S. F. Miller, Sec

January 10th, February 7, March 7 April 4, May 9, June 6.

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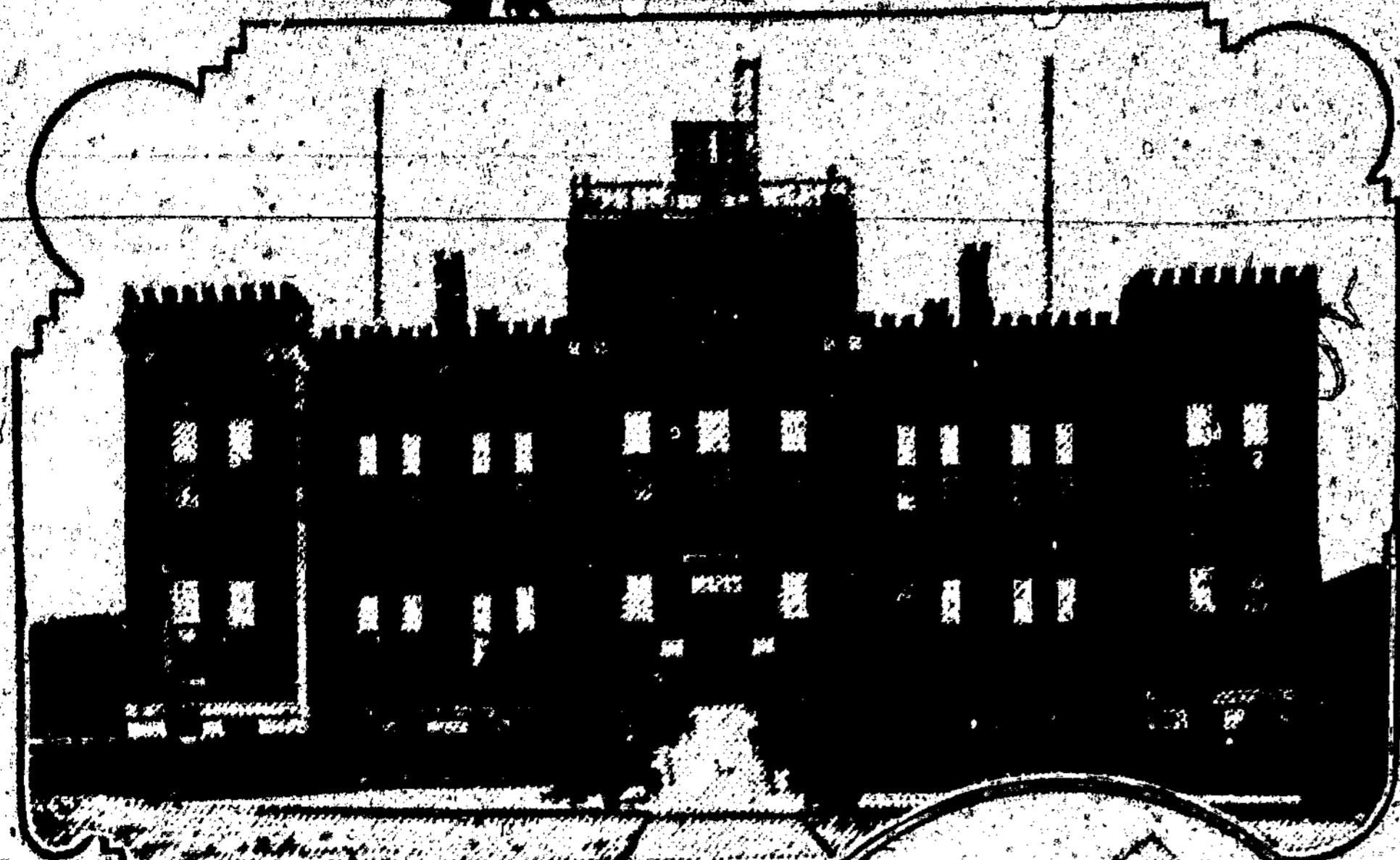
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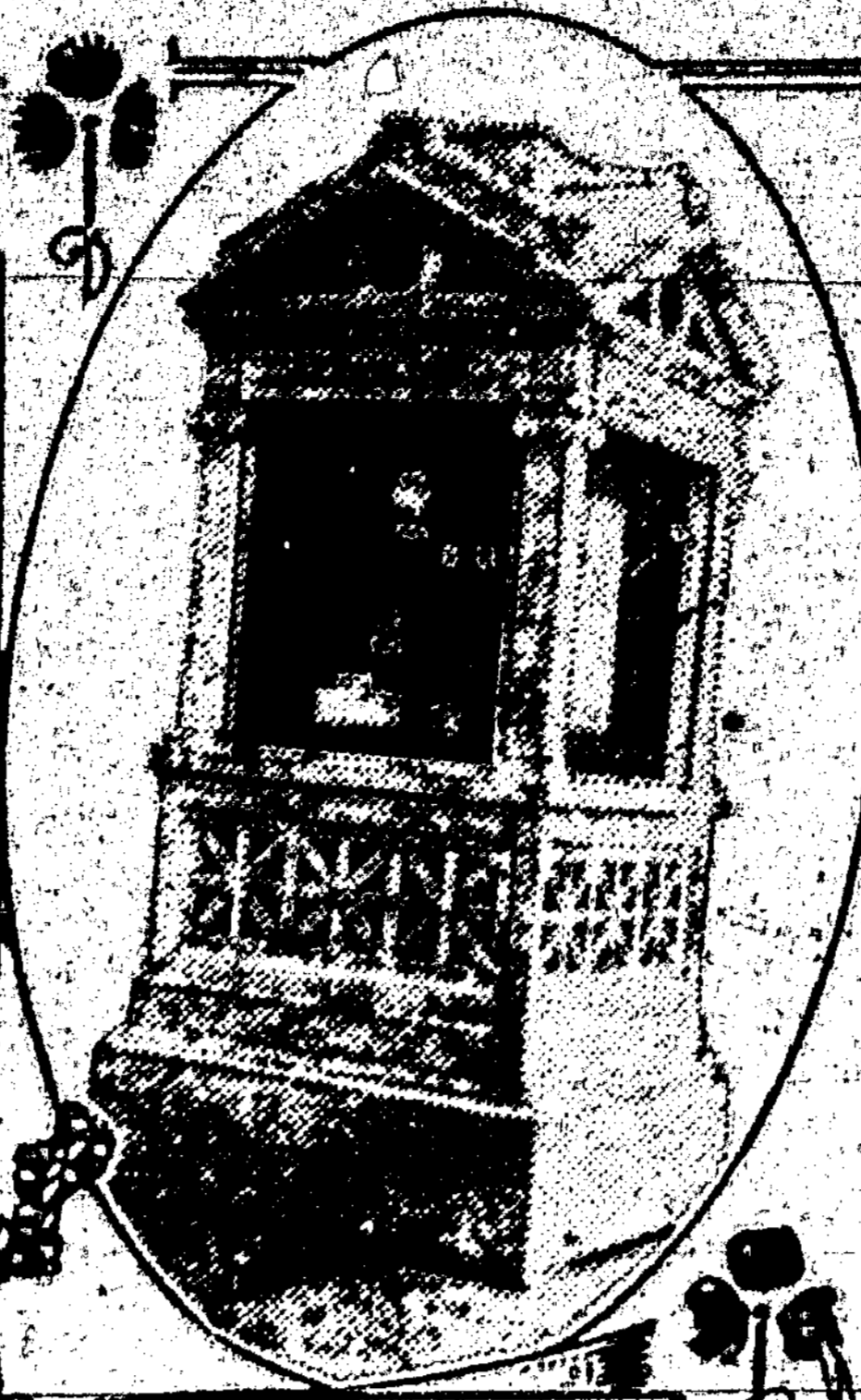
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CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

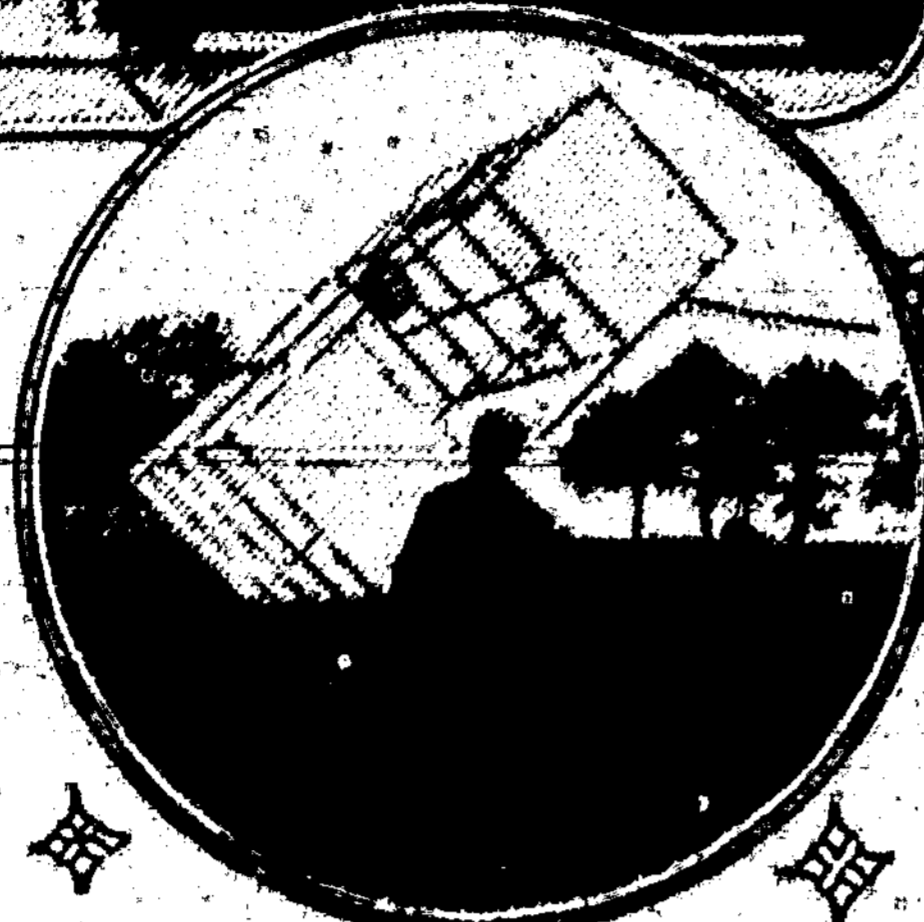
FORECASTING STORMS, FROSTS AND FLOODS



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WEATHER BUREAU KITE WITH RECORDING INSTRUMENT ATTACHED USED IN OBTAINING UPPER AIR TEMPERATURES

MONTEREY, Calif., Dalmatian seaman, ensue, dubbed.

Why, certainly, help yourself, glad to know you, sir, or anything else you wish. That's about what you would say to anyone who stepped up to you on the street with a knowing air and delivered himself of the above quotation. There would be just a chance that he was kidding if he pulled it verbally, but if he sent it to you via wireless—well, there would be but one answer, "hughouse."

At least that would be your natural surmise, and you little know how wrong you would be. For instance, the government weather bureau at Washington receives just such messages every day in the year. And the weather bureau men know that these apparently "dippy" messages are really an important part of a great and intricate system which Uncle Sam supports to tell the people of the United States what the day is going to bring forth in the matter of weather.

As a matter of fact, "Colic, Dalmatian," etc., when translated, signifies that at 7:00 a. m. on the seventh of the month, she is in latitude 22 degrees 52 minutes; that the barometer is 30.04, the temperature 80; that the wind is northeast, blowing 14 miles an hour, and that the sky is clear. Rather an original and unique way of saying it, is it not?

It is a mighty slick little organization, this weather bureau of the department of agriculture. It keeps a small army of experts busy from seven o'clock in the morning until midnight every day in the year keeping track of just what Old Man Weather is up to, cataloging all his idiosyncrasies and doping out what new caper he is about to cut up.

No ghost of an atmospheric disturbance, no storm wrath or cold wave apparition can stalk abroad in any cranny of the states, nowadays, without being instantly pounced upon by the nearest bureau, and its would-be secret maneuvers spread broadcast to other stations that they may expect its coming and set in motion their machinery for doping out the exact time of its appearance. It was only comparatively recently that the efficiency of the weather bureau was enhanced by an arrangement between the department and many of the big steamship lines to send semi-daily weather reports from vessels at sea beyond a distance of 75 miles from port.

Many people have an idea that there is something mysterious and occult about the work of the weather bureau in forecasting the coming of storms, frosts and floods. Not a far thing that the observers must necessarily get their data, by reading the planets, the stars and the moon. As a matter of fact the forecaster of the bureau forecasts the coming of disturbances in a businesslike way, very similar to that in which a man who has ordered a shipment of goods would estimate the date of its arrival.

Suppose a business man had ordered a parcel of pineapples from the Hawaiian Islands. He would know the average time it would take the steamer to make the trip to the Pacific port, the average time for unloading and loading into refrigerator cars, and the average number of days to be allowed these cars for their trip across the continent to New York. His estimate, however, would be subject to error, because the steamship might be delayed by fog, or the cars might meet with an accident.

Storms, like pineapples, as a rule do not originate in the United States. They come to us, some from the Philippines, Japan, Siberia, Alaska, Canada or the Gulf of Mexico. The weather bureau gets cable, telegraphic or wireless notes of a foreign storm. Stations after station, or vessel after vessel reports the storm's arrival to his neighborhood, so that the general direction and rate of progress can be determined very early. In fact, the

arrival of some storms can be forecast ten days in advance.

The forecasters watch for the region of low barometer, which is the storm center around which the winds blow. This whirl or eddy moves bodily forward with the general eastward drift of about 850 miles a day in our latitudes. As the lines of equal pressure (isobars) around the low center crowd closer together, the winds attending the storm increase in force. The forecaster determines the direction of movement of the storm and its velocity.

When weather disturbances are reported, the forecasters know from experience about how long it takes them to reach our Pacific coast, and then how long after they will reach the Atlantic coast. For example, if a storm coming from Siberia drifts eastward around the North pole and reappears in Alaska, it should appear in Washington and Oregon in about two days; should get to the great lakes in six days and to the Atlantic coast in seven or eight days.

Unexpected conditions may delay storms or divert them from the straight track just as a refrigerator car may be thrown off its schedule or be shipped by accident on a wrong road. Some of these storms deplete themselves by running into regions of high barometer which are of greater magnitude and extent than the storm itself. Some of them, however, travel completely around the world.

To keep tabs on cold waves that come into the United States from Canada and Alaska, the weather bureau studies the Canadian weather reports. England sends reports from Iceland, the British islands and continental Europe, and daily reports come from St. Petersburg on the conditions in Russia and Siberia.

The same businesslike system used

in tracing the track of a storm is applied in determining the arrival of frosts.

Flood forecasts are made in much the same way. Information as to the amount of rainfall at the head waters of streams that cause floods are covered by telegraphic reports sent by local observers. As this rain reaches the main channel, the height of the water in the channel is determined by successive gauging stations. Past records establish how much a height, say of 20 feet at Dubuque, Iowa, will produce at Davenport, another station 80 miles down the Mississippi. This plan is followed all the way down the river, and at each point full allowance is made for the effects of water from tributaries, and from additional and local rainfall. As a result of these observations in the recent flood, the people of Cairo had warning a week or ten days in advance. The Pittsburgh district can be given only 12 to 24 hours' notice, because a flood is upon them within 24 hours after a heavy rainstorm.

To carry on this work of forecasting storms, frosts and floods, there are established throughout the United States 100 branch bureaus, each with apparatus for measuring rainfall, wind, etc., and with a circulating system of information between them that twice every 24 hours swaps observations, each with the other 199.

Briefly, forecasting of the modern school is resolved into watching the course of great disturbances and calculating their probable movements and the time it will take them to cover given distances. But then there is a good deal of the forecaster's work more subtle than this. For instance, it recently has been discovered that there is a remarkable interplay between atmospheric phenomena in widely separated regions. The state of the barometer in Siberia in winter is found to be related in an intimate way to the existence and progress of storms in the United States at the same time. And now the modern forecasters are reaching out into other continents for their storm warnings and prognostications.

LOTS OF BUYERS LIKE THAT

Man's Complaint That He Never Gets Quite What He Wants is a Pretty General One.

"I never buy what I want!" explained Traxler to his friend, Ebsan. "Every time I buy anything, no matter what, I hardly get home before I think of something else that I need worse and that I could have bought with the same or less money. Sometimes I can figure out three or four things I really need that the same money would have bought."

"There is the library table that I have needed so long. The time for it never comes—yet I paid \$18 for photographs the other day. I could have bought the library table for that money. I could have paid the laundry bill with that \$18."

"There is truth in what you say," murmured Ebsan sadly. "I went without a phone in my house for eight years and spent the money I could have used to pay phone rent in making monthly payments on an encyclopedia! Can you beat that?"

"Many a time I hurried over to the neighbor's phone in my bathrobe and slippers when I could have had a phone right in my own bathrobe, and so would have gone along with my ablutions while the heat complained over the phone about my latest blunder."

"In your bathrobe!"

"Sure. I never took a bath in my life without some one calling me on some urgent matter. So my phone is

in my bathroom now. I stopped payments on the encyclopedia and had a phone put in.

"But it has turned out now that I need the encyclopedia worse than I do the phone. That's the way it always is. Every time I go to take a bath now some neighbor is stricken with paralysis or some other calamity and the family has to use my phone instantly. So I have to do my dressing gown and duck into my room while the family's representative tells doctors, nurses and relatives about it."

"Even so, why do you need the encyclopedia?"

"To fill up the bookcase that Uncle Hitbottle gave me for Christmas."

Banded Against Napoleon. One hundred years ago Great Britain, Russia, Austria and Prussia concluded the treaty of Chaumont, so called after the French town where the allied sovereigns then had their headquarters. Fearing the dispute might break up the coalition when its object—the overthrow of Napoleon—was all but accomplished, Lord Castlereagh, the British plenipotentiary, proposed to conclude a treaty among the four great powers which should bind them solemnly to one another, at first until the conclusion of the settling war, and then for 20 years afterward. The treaty of Chaumont, however, was soon after succeeded by that of Paris, signed April 11, 1814, by which Napoleon renounced his sovereignty.

A FREE BOOK

That Teaches the People How to Avoid Catching Cold.

The thirteenth edition of the "Ills of Life" is now ready for distribution. Beginning on page three of this popular work on medicine, is an article stating in plain language how any one can avoid catching cold.

The article was written by a doctor. It was written by a doctor eighty-four years old, who is a hale and hearty man. It is his boast, founded upon fact, that he does not catch cold. He thinks he knows the reason why. He explains it in detail in this book. Every family ought to have a copy of it. Sent free by the Ferrus Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. O. Fred Linstrum, 1023 University Ave., St. Paul, Minn., writes: "I contracted a severe cold several years ago. Through the use of Ferrus I fully recovered. I have never had any trouble since."

Mrs. Henry Martin, La Motte, Iowa, says: "I have found Ferrus to be a great remedy for coughs and colds of children. A dose at bedtime will relieve them all night."—Adv.

Courting an Heiress.

"The duke is fearfully jealous," remarked the heiress.

"Worries him to see you look at another man, eh?"

"No; but it gives him the shudders every time I spend any of my money."

Hard to Forget.

Teacher—And can you remember Tommie, Tommie?

Tommie—Well, I can remember the one that Muggs boy made at me yesterday.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe. Adv.

The fool-killer doesn't exist. If he did there would be no tomorrow's wall flowers.

Doctor up that Cough—Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops are a sure relief for all coughs and colds—So at Druggists.

Any man who can make money can make friends, but he can't always keep either.

If you would avoid indigestion shun the person who delights in telling bad news.

Fireplaces.

"Fireplaces," says a woman architect, "should be placed on the inside walls and grouped together, for this arrangement keeps the heat in the house and provides that, when one fire is lighted and the fires get warmed the other fires all light and draw better."

Distress After Eating.

Indigestion and Intestinal Fermentation immediately relieved by taking a Booth-Overton Dyspepsia Tablet. Buy a 50c. bottle at Druggists. Money refunded if they do not help, or write for free sample. Booth-Overton Co., 11 Broadway, New York.—Adv.

Anyway, the man who is unable to get credit doesn't have to dodge up an alley when he sees a bill collector coming.

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any good grocer. Adv.

In these days of talented money there seems to be a difference between spot cash and spotless cash.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes do not stain the hands. Adv.

When a woman rides horseback man fashion she ought to know enough not to get off a street car backwards.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.



Genuine must bear Signature

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR ALL SORE EYES

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 12-1914.

A Message To Women

Those of Middle Age Especially.

When you have found no remedy for the horrors that oppress you during change of life, when through the long hours of the day it seems as though your back would break, when your head aches constantly, you are nervous, depressed and suffer from those dreadful bearing down pains, don't forget that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the safest and surest remedy, and has carried hundreds of women safely through this critical period.

Read what these three women say:

From Mrs. Hornung, Buffalo, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—"I am writing to let you know how much your medicine has done for me. I felt terribly during the last winter and summer and every one remarked about my appearance. I suffered from a female trouble and always had pains in my back, no appetite and at times was very weak."

"I was visiting at a friend's house one day and she thought I needed Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and have gained eight pounds, have a good appetite and am feeling better every day. Everybody is asking me what I am doing and I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You may publish this letter if you wish and I hope others who have the same complaint will see it and get health from your medicine as I did."—Mrs. A. HORNUNG, 91 Stanton St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Was A Blessing To This Woman.

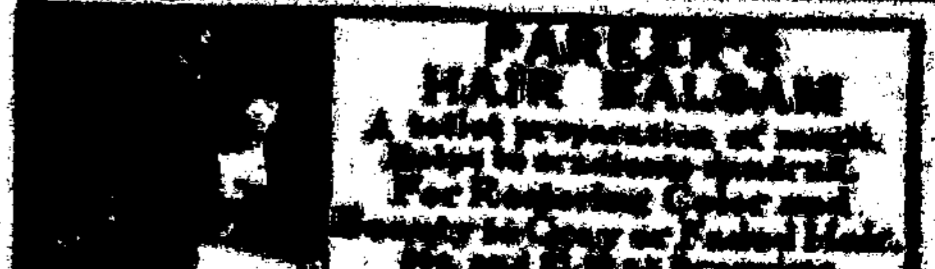
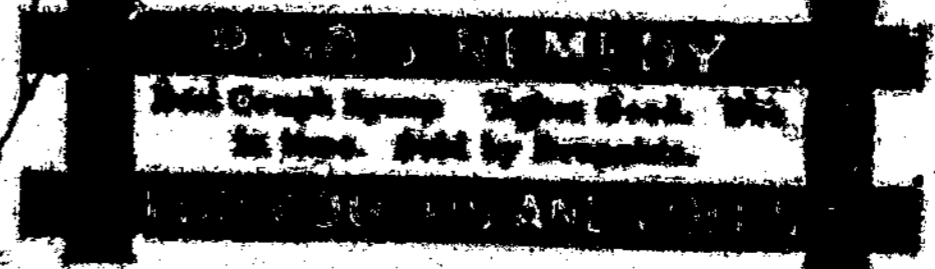
So. RICHMOND, Va.—"I was troubled with a bearing down pain and a female weakness and could not stand long on my feet. Of all the medicines I took nothing helped me like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am now regular and am getting along fine. I cannot praise the Compound too much. It has been a blessing to me and I hope it will be to other women."—Mrs. D. TYLER, 23 West Clopton St., South Richmond, Va.

Pains in Side, Could Hardly Stand.

LONG, Wis.—"I was in a bad condition, suffering from a female trouble, and I had such pains in my sides I could hardly move. Before I had taken the whole of one bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt better, and now I am well and can do a good day's work. I tell everybody what your medicine has done for me."—Mrs. JOHN THOMPSON, Lodi, Wisconsin.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with women's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs. It has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



A Human Churn

WHEN the food reaches the stomach it is subjected to a peculiar churning movement by the muscular walls of the stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

is a stomach, liver and kidney tonic—by assisting the stomach to assimilate, the liver to filter, the kidneys to act—the poisons are removed, the red blood corpuscles are increased and one feels light, fresh and active instead of logy, dull and heavy.

Sold by all medicine dealers in liquid or tablet form; or send 50 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and a trial box will be mailed you.

Her Status. "Are you going to ask that stenographer of yours to be your wife?" "Oh, no; she's merely assister to me."

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomachs in five minutes—Time It!

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world.

A little flattery now and then will sorten up the toughest men.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

Exactly. "What do you think of the top in my new farce?" "Oh, he's a dandy character."

Sure Enough. Bill—I see a distinct advance over finger-print identification is the arrest of an alleged crook through the imprint of his teeth in a free lunch sandwich.

Jill—But suppose a man wasn't eating with his own teeth?

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. FLETCHER.

Like and Like. William Dean Howells said the other day of a certain type of "best seller" novel:

"The men who write these books are intellectually debased, and the public who write for it is intellectually debased also. The thing reminds me of an anecdote.

"What are you doing, dear?" a mother said to her little four-year-old daughter.

"I'm writing a letter to Alice," the youngster replied.

"But, dear," said the mother, "you don't know how to write."

"The little girl, however, as she calmly continued her pencil scrawl, answered: "Well, mother, Alice doesn't know how to read."

The Noley Noyes Again. Ezra Pound, the Philadelphia poet, whose work has thrilled London, said the other day of Alfred Noyes, his British rival:

"Noyes declares that my torch of diluted Browningism, after a feeble splutter, has gone out. Now, in revenge, let me tell you a story about Noyes and Swinburne.

"Some time after Rossetti's death Noyes wrote a long memorial poem. He was so proud of this poem that he waylaid Swinburne one morning on Putney common and insisted on reading it to him.

"Swinburne tired to escape, but Noyes bawled the whole 30 stanzas into his poor deaf ear. Then, at the end, he said, with a complacent smile: "There, sir, is my poem on Rossetti. What do you think of it?"

"It would be better," Swinburne answered, "if you had died and Rossetti had written the poem."

WANTED TO KNOW The Truth About Grape-Nuts Food.

It doesn't matter so much what you hear about a thing, it's what you know that counts. And correct knowledge is most likely to come from personal experience.

"About a year ago," writes a N. Y. man, "I was bothered by indigestion, especially during the forenoon. I tried several remedies without any permanent improvement.

"My breakfast usually consisted of oatmeal, steak or chops, bread, coffee and some fruit.

"Hearing so much about Grape-Nuts, I concluded to give it a trial and find out if all I had heard of it was true.

"So I began with Grape-Nuts and cream, soft boiled eggs, toast, a cup of Postum and some fruit. Before the end of the first week I was rid of the acidity of the stomach and felt much relieved.

"By the end of the second week all traces of indigestion had disappeared and I was in first rate health once more. Before beginning this course of diet, I never had any appetite for lunch, but now I can enjoy the meal at noon time."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Real Son."

COMPOSITION OF MILK

MUCH DEPENDS UPON THE BREED OF ANIMALS USED.

Jerseys and Guernseys Produce Rich Milk on Which Cream Rises Quickly and Completely—Holsteins Big Producers.

(By R. PEARSON.)

The proportion of constituents in milk depends largely upon the kind of cows used. Jerseys and Guernseys produce a rich milk, on which the cream rises quickly and completely; this is a decided advantage to those who wish to raise cream.

Although these statements refer to pure-bred cows of the different breeds named, they also apply to grade animals having one-half or more of the blood of these breeds. All cows of the same breed do not give milk of the same quality; in fact, the composition of milk from cows of the same breed may vary as much as that from cows of different breeds.

The first milk given after calving is called colostrum. It contains a large proportion of albuminoids and is somewhat laxative. It is not fit for food. In natural milk a small amount



George Washington of Fairfield Farm, No. 10685—Prize-Winning Guernsey Bull.

of albumin is present, but in colostrum the albumin often exceeds the amount of casein, and these two constituents may form over 15 per cent of the milk. The percentage of sugar in colostrum is low; the fat is normal. The composition of colostrum changes rapidly, and within a few days after birth of the calf natural milk is given.

PREVENT SPREAD OF DISEASE

When Dangerous Parasite Appears on Farm Healthy Animals Should Be Removed to High Land.

(By W. L. BOYD.)

Parasitic diseases have caused serious losses among our domestic animals, and are often diagnosed as some other malady showing similar symptoms. Heavy rainfall serves to convey eggs and young worms from place to place.

Medicine is often of little value in dealing with parasites. As soon as a dangerous parasite appears on a farm the healthy animals should be removed to high ground and allowed only pure water to drink. Pastures and yards where infested animals have been kept should be planted with cultivated crops for several years.

Carcases of diseased animals must be buried or deeply buried.

SOW POTATOES UNDER STRAW

Mulch Should Be Applied Just Before Crop Comes Up, About Ten to Fourteen Inches Deep.

When the season for planting comes in the spring, harrow the plot thoroughly, then furrow the same north and south five inches deep and make rows two feet apart. Select the strongest tubers and plant one every foot. Cover with the harrow and thereby level the ground as you go.



Desirable Potatoes for Seed Purposes moisture better. A sled with a rack will be found very handy for this. This will make it easy to load and unload where the plot is adjoining the source of straw supply.

At gathering time, says the Oklahoma Farmer, take a fork and uncover one row on each side, laying the covering just outside and proceed to dig the crop. As the tubers don't grow deep in the soil a four-tined fork with tines bent to shape of a hoe is very convenient to rake potatoes to the surface.

SELECT EGGS FOR HATCHING

Should Be Fresh as Possible and From Sound, Vigorous, Healthy Breeding Stock Only.

All eggs intended for hatching purposes, whether under hens or in incubators, should be as fresh as possible when set. These eggs should be from sound, vigorous, healthy breeding stock only. Choose medium-sized eggs that are well formed and that have smooth, normal appearing shells.

Decomposition of Manure.

In mixed manures the decomposition of the nitrates results in heavy loss. If this can be prevented in any way, the value of the fertilizers is greatly increased. It has been shown that by adding gypsum dinitrification is retarded, but by adding kailnit the process is hastened. Kailnit in no case should be added to barnyard manure, as it liberates ammonia and results in a large loss of nitrogen.

Feeding Mash.

Feed mash in a hopper that does not waste it. If you do not have such, a shallow box, not more than six inches deep and eight to ten inches wide, and in length to accommodate the number of hens to feed will serve. Cover the mash with one-half or one-inch mesh wire, and make the piece of wire just a little smaller than the box. The wire prevents the birds from scratching out the mash.

Give Them Fresh Earth.

As soon as the pigs are old enough to run out of the nest and begin to explore the pen, they should have a sod of fresh earth placed where they can work at it at will. Dirt seems to be the first food they appear to crave. It is very important for them to have fresh earth instead of dirt they will pick up about the pen.

Removing Calf Early.

The milk cow is the better off if her calf is taken from her within a day after her birth. If it stays with the dam much longer than this she is likely to form the very undesirable habit of holding up her milk for it.

Quit Gambling.

Some time the farmer on dry lands will learn to find out the amount of water in his subsoil and govern himself accordingly. He is going to quit gambling and work on a sure thing.

A Scare is Costly. A scare in the sheep flock is worse than three days' fasting—and poor feeding foreruns failure.

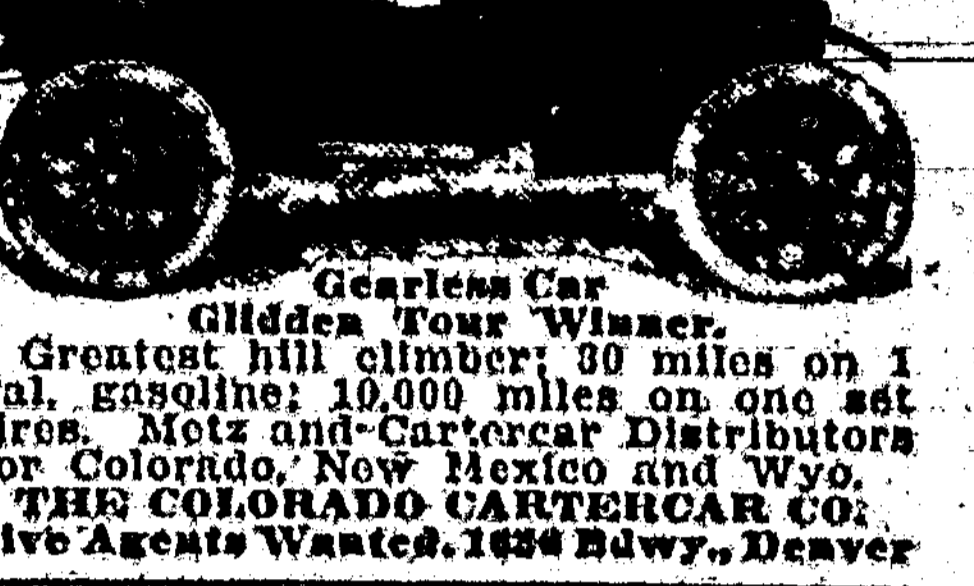
200,000,000 Acres For Homesteads.

Since the enactment of the enlarged homestead law 211,000,000 acres have been classified by the United States Geological Survey as nonirrigable and designated by the Interior Department as enterable under this law in 520-acre tracts, the limit being twice that allowed under the original homestead law. During the month of February 3,312,206 acres were thus classified by the Survey and thrown open to entry by Secretary Lane. The states most affected were Colorado, where 1,129,000 acres were so designated; Montana, with 1,590,000 acres, and Oregon, with about 200,000 acres.

Fair Officers Re-Elected.

San Francisco, Cal.—President Charles C. Moore and all the officers of the Panama-Pacific International exposition were re-elected by the board of directors following the reelection of the entire board of directors by the stockholders.

METZ 22 \$475



KODAKS and SUPPLIES. Send us your films for developing. Export work only. The book of the Brownies free on request. Denver Photo Materials Co. (Eastman Kodak Co.) Denver, Colorado

KEELEY INSTITUTE

COR. EIGHTEENTH AND CURTIS STS. DENVER, COLO. Alcohol and Drug Addictions cured by a scientific course of medication. The only place in Colorado where the Genuine Keeley Remedies are administered

Jackson. No hill too steep No sand too deep. Power, Comfort, Economy, Safety, Reliability. WE ALSO HAVE THE FAMOUS

HENSON KEROSENE CAR

The Mid-West Auto Sales Co. 220 16th St., Phone Champs 2005. DENVER, COLORADO.

EVERYTHING FOR THE AUTOMOBILE

WELDING and BRAZING of broken automobile and machine parts by OXY-ACETYLENE process. All work guaranteed.

DON'T TAKE POISON! For rheumatism, blood poisoning, cuts or lacerations, diphtheria, etc., use SALVAGE.

Rubber Stamps

IDEAL MUSIC LIBRARY

WANTED. Men to learn barber trade. Ten weeks, no money down. Ready position for competent graduates.

BEE SUPPLIES

PIPE

UNSHAPELY NOSES

Famous Thompson Saddles

Buy direct from the maker. Special designs to order. Send for complete, illustrated catalog.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON

United States of America, State of New Mexico

It is hereby certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the Certificate of Incorporation of THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION (No. 7818) with the endorsements thereon as same appears on file and on record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In testimony Whereof, the Chairman and Clerk of said Commission have hereunto set their hands and affixed the seal of said Commission, at the City of Santa Fe, on this twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1914.

M. S. GROVES, Chairman. EDWIN F. COARD, Clerk.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

BE IT KNOWN, That we, Elias G Raffety, John W. Pursley, and Felton Grey, residents and citizens of the Town of Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico and William Sansom, Edward W. Mueller Harvey H. Miller, John Weirter, John W. Meyer, Irving H. Eddy, J. A. Leonard, Freeman K. Blake, Charles F. McKinley and Channing W. Barrett of Chicago, Illinois, do hereby associate ourselves together and form a corporation under the laws of the State of New Mexico, and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I. The name of the corporation is

THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

ARTICLE II The location of its principal office in the State of New Mexico shall be at the town of Oscura Felton Grey is hereby appointed and designated as the agent of the said Association at Oscura in charge of its said office, and the person upon whom process against the corporation may be served. Offices may be established, business, transacted and meetings of directors held at Chicago, Illinois, or at such other place as the Directors of the Association shall determine. The books of the corporation, including duplicates of the stock and transfer books, may be kept at Chicago or such other place as the Directors may determine.

ARTICLE III. The objects for which the corporation is formed are to buy, sell exchange and deal in lands, lots, orchards and farms, and to develop, improve, plant and sell the same, to engage in the business of planting, developing, operating and maintaining orchards, nurseries, gardens and farms; to raise, buy and sell hogs, cattle, sheep, horses and other stock; to provide an adequate water supply upon all land of the Association either for irrigation or stock; to engage in the business of drilling wells, developing and furnishing means of power to operate the same and constructing dams, rear vairs, flumes and conduits; to prospect and drill for oil, gas, coal and minerals, to operate and maintain such wells and mines, and to distribute and market all products from the same.

ARTICLE IV. The amount of the total authorized capital stock of this corporation is One Hundred Thousand and (\$100,000) Dollars, divided into One Thousand (1,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars each, which shall be paid in at such times as the Board of Directors may designate. The amount of the capital stock with which the said corporation will commence business is \$25,000.00.

ARTICLE V. The names, post office addresses of the incorporators, and the number of shares subscribed for by each, are as follows:

Table with columns: NAME, ADDRESS, NO. OF SHARES. Lists incorporators like Elias G. Raffety, John W. Pursley, Felton Grey, William Sansom, Edward W. Mueller, Harvey H. Miller, John Weirter, John W. Meyer, Irving H. Eddy, J. A. Leonard, Freeman K. Blake, Charles F. McKinley, and Channing W. Barrett.

ARTICLE VI. The duration of the company shall be 20 years from the date of the completion of its incorporation.

ARTICLE VII. (a) The number of directors of the corporation shall be twelve (12); provided that the number may be changed by the stockholders at any annual meeting if 30 days notice thereof has been given.

(b) The Board of Directors shall be

divided into three classes, of four directors each: The directors of the first class shall hold office for one year; those of the second class for two years, and those of the third class for three years; and at the end of the terms of office of the respective classes, and at all future elections, the directors shall be chosen for a term of three years.

(c) At all elections of directors each stockholder shall be entitled to as many votes, whether present or by proxy, as shall equal the number of his shares of stock multiplied by the number of directors to be elected, and he may cast all of such votes for a single director or may distribute them among the number to be voted for, or any two or more of them as he may see fit.

(d) The Board of Directors shall have the power to make and adopt by-laws for the management of the corporation and to amend the same. The directors shall by by-law determine the time of holding and the manner of calling and conducting all meetings, and what number shall constitute a quorum.

(e) The directors who shall act for the first three months and until their successors are elected and qualified, are as follows:

- Channing W. Barrett, Chicago, Ill. John W. Pursley, Oscura, N. M. Charles F. McKinley, Chicago, Ill. Freeman K. Blake, Chicago, Ill. J. A. Leonard, Chicago, Ill. Irving H. Eddy, Chicago, Ill. John W. Meyer, Chicago, Ill. John Weirter, Chicago, Ill. Harvey H. Miller, Chicago, Ill. Edward W. Mueller, Chicago, Ill. Elias G. Raffety, Oscura, N. M. William Sansom, Chicago, Ill.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hands and seals this 10th day of March, 1914

- ELIAS G. RAFFETY, (Seal) JOHN W. PURSLEY, (Seal) FELTON GREY, (Seal) WM. SANSON, (Seal) JOHN WEIRTER, (Seal) HARVEY H. MILLER, (Seal) EDWARD W. MUELLER, (Seal) JOHN W. MEYER, (Seal) IRVING H. EDDY, (Seal) J. A. LEONARD, (Seal) FREEMAN K. BLAKE, (Seal) CHARLES F. MCKINLEY, (Seal) CHANNING W. BARRETT, (Seal)

State of Illinois, County of Cook

I, Chas. R. Casler, a Notary Public in and for the county and state aforesaid, do hereby certify that, Elias G. Raffety, John W. Pursley and Felton Grey, residents and citizens of the Town of Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico, and William Sansom, Edward W. Mueller, Harvey H. Miller, John Weirter, John W. Meyer, Irving H. Eddy, J. A. Leonard, Freeman K. Blake, Charles F. McKinley and Channing W. Barrett of Chicago, Illinois, personally known to me to be the persons who executed the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged that they signed, sealed and delivered the said instrument as their free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal, this 10th day of March, 1914 CHAS. R. CASLER, Notary Public.

State of Illinois, Cook County

I, Robert M. Switzer, County Clerk of the County of Cook do hereby certify that I am the lawful custodian of the official records of Notaries Public of said county, and as such officer am duly authorized to issue certificates of magistracy, that Chas. R. Casler whose name is subscribed to the proof of acknowledgment, of the annexed instrument in writing, was, at the time of taking such proof of acknowledgment a Notary Public in and for Cook County, duly commissioned, sworn and acting as such and authorized to take acknowledgments and proofs of deed of conveyances of lands, tenements or hereditaments, in said State of Illinois, and to administer oaths; all of which appears from the records and files in my office; that I am well acquainted with the hand writing of said Notary and verily believe that the signature to the said proof of acknowledgment is genuine and further, that the annexed instrument is executed and acknowledged according to the laws of the State of Illinois.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County of Cook at my office in the City of Chicago, in the said County, this 18 day of Mar., 1914.

(Seal) ROBERT M. SWITZER, County Clerk. ENDORSED: No. 7818 Cor. Rec'd Vol 6 Page 257 Certificate of Incorporation

THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION Filed in Office of State Corporation Commission of New Mexico Mar 21, 1914, at 9 a. m. EDWIN F. COARD, Clerk.

Compared EDC to JJO State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln

Filed for record in the Clerk's office the 14th day of April, A. D., 1914, at 11 o'clock a. m. and recorded in Book A of Articles of Incorporation on page 197. ALBERT H. HARVEY, County Clerk. By FRIDA M. ECKMAN, Deputy.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON

United States of America, State of New Mexico It is hereby certified, that the annexed

WELCH & TITSWORTH

- IRON ROOFING COMPOSITION ROOFING BARBED WIRE CHICKEN NETTING HOG FENCE WAGONS HACKS HAY BALERS MOWING MACHINES LIME SULPHUR PITCH BLASTING CAPS FUSE DRILL STEEL

- ALFALFA SEED FETERITA SEED CANE SEED MILLET SEED KAFFIR CORN SEED MILO MAIZE SEED SEED OATS SEED BARLEY SHEEP MARKING PAINT LINSEED OIL TURPENTINE WHITE LEAD DRY BATTERIES, Etc. COTTON SEED CAKE

BEST GRADE FLOUR PER CWT \$2.70 GRANULATED SUGAR PER CWT \$4.75

Our prices will always average low. Prompt attention given to mail orders.

These quotations subject to change without notice.

WELCH & TITSWORTH CAPITAN N. M.

is a full, true and complete, transcript of the Certificate of Stockholders' Non-Liability of

THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION (No. 7818)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the Chairman and Clerk of said Commission have hereunto set their hands and affixed the seal of said Commission, at the City of Santa Fe, on this twenty-first day of March, A. D., 1914.

M. S. GROVES, Chairman. EDWIN F. COARD, Clerk.

DECLARATION OF NON-LIABILITY OF STOCK HOLDERS OF THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

BE IT KNOWN, That we, the undersigned, having executed, acknowledged and filed with the Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico a Certificate of Incorporation of THE OSCURO DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 1000 shares of \$100.00 each, hereby state and declare, that there shall be no stockholders liability on account of any stock issued and unpaid, and that there shall be no liability against any stockholder for any unpaid stock which he may own or hold.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hands and seals this 10th day of March, 1914.

- ELIAS G. RAFFETY, (Seal) JOHN W. PURSLEY, (Seal) FELTON GREY, (Seal) WM. SANSON, (Seal) EDWARD W. MUELLER, (Seal) HARVEY H. MILLER, (Seal) JOHN WEIRTER, (Seal) JOHN W. MEYER, (Seal) IRVING H. EDDY, (Seal) J. A. LEONARD, (Seal) FREEMAN K. BLAKE, (Seal) CHARLES F. MCKINLEY, (Seal) CHANNING W. BARRETT, (Seal)

State of Illinois, County of Cook

I, Chas. R. Casler, a Notary Public in and for the County and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that, Elias G. Raffety, John W. Pursley and Felton Grey, residents and citizens of the Town of Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico, and William Sansom, Edward W. Mueller, Harvey H. Miller, John Weirter, John W. Meyer, Irving H. Eddy, J. A. Leonard, Freeman K. Blake, Charles F. McKinley and Channing W. Barrett of Chicago, Illinois, personally known to me to be the persons who executed the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged that they signed, sealed and delivered the said instrument as their free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal this 10th day of March, 1914.

(Seal) Chas. R. Casler, Notary Public. ENDORSED: No 7818 Cor. Rec'd Vol 6, Page 257 Certificate of Stockholders, Non Liability of

PABST BLUE RIBBON BEER

Headlight Saloon

PORFIRIO CHAVEZ, Props.

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Filed in Office of State Corporation Commission of New Mexico Mar. 21, 1914, 9 a. m. EDWIN F. COARD, Clerk.

Compared EDC to JJO

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln

Filed for record in the Clerk's office the 14th day of April A. D., 1914, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and recorded in Book A of Articles of Incorporation on page 195. ALBERT H. HARVEY, County Clerk.

By FRIDA M. ECKMAN, Deputy.

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Capitan, N.M.

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**BROOKLYN
TABERNACLE**

A GOD-FEARING BAD MAN.
Numbers 22:1 to 23:10—Nov. 2.
"A double-minded man is unstable in all his ways."—James 1:8.

AFTER Israel had entered Canaan and were fully recognized as God's holy people, apparently all dealings between God and the Gentiles were discontinued. Before that time, men of faith in God were recognized by Him; for instance, Abraham, Job, Melchizedek and Balaam, the central figure of today's lesson. Balaam lived on the Euphrates. He was known far and wide as an oracle.

The king of Moab perceived that Israel, conquered all with whom they battled, and feared them, although they had not molested Moab. After conferring with the ruler of Midian, King Balak sent four hundred miles to get Balaam to come to curse Israel, and offered a considerable reward.

Balaam inquired of the Lord whether to go on this mission. The reply was, No; Israel was blessed of the Lord, not cursed. Balaam gave the decision, and the messengers returned. King Balak then sent messengers of higher station, intimating higher rewards. Balaam knew the mind of the Lord on the subject, but coveted the rewards of unrighteousness. In response to his second inquiry, he obtained permission to go.

It was on this journey that Balaam was reproved by his ass. An angel of the Lord stood in a narrow place where the ass, seeing him, could not pass. The ass, being human, demonstrated. Even thus did not stop Balaam's money lust.

Received by King Balak with honor, Balaam directed that altars be built and sacrifices offered to God. He would have a form of godliness, even while desiring to do contrary to the Divine will, which he already knew. Then he began his prophecy, which was really a blessing, the words being Divinely inspired. As St. Peter wrote, "Holy men of God spake as they were moved by the Holy Spirit."—2 Pet. 1:21.

The disappointed king took the Prophet to another viewpoint, and urged the curse of at least this much of Israel. Altars were built again, and sacrifices offered. Again the hoped-for curse did not come. The angry king insisted, and led the Prophet to another standpoint. Again the results were blessings upon Israel.

A Double-Minded Man.
Balaam's double-mindedness was abundantly manifested by his course. He wished to speak the Lord's word, and also to have riches and honor. Right and wrong, God's way and the way of riches—both were before him. He chose neither, but tried to have both.—2 Peter 2:15, 16.

Alas, how many in every age have had the Balaam spirit! Jesus warned against this spirit, saying, "Ye cannot serve God and mammon." How many have found the Master's words true! How many have found that God rejects those who regard iniquity in their hearts; and who, if they would not serve it, at least would love its rewards! Let us remember that God looketh on the heart.

If, overtaken in a fault, Balaam had started on the journey, hoping to gain the evil reward, he should have been thoroughly aroused by the incident of the ass. Even an ass knew better than to attempt to go contrary to the Higher Power. Evidently humanity's greater reasoning power and courage may be disadvantageously used.

Balaam's heart was wrong. The professed man of God groyelled in the mire of sin in his desire to obtain wealth.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

In the District Court,
County of Lincoln
April Term, A. D., 1914
ANNA KROONER
vs.
RALPH KROONER

No. 2235
The said defendant, Ralph Krooner is hereby notified that a suit in divorce has been commenced against you in the District Court for the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico. By said Anna Krooner, alleging abandonment, non-support and other grounds as will be seen from the complaint now on file in this office, that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in said suit on or before the 15th day of May, A. D., 1914, decree PRO CONFESSO therein will be rendered against you.

GEO SPENCE, ESQ.
Carrizozo, New Mexico
Atty. for Plaintiff.
ALBERT H. HARVEY,
Clerk.
By Frida M. Eckman, Deputy.

H. ORME JOHNSON BUICK AGENTS E. A. ORME JOHNSON

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RALPH CROONER, PROP.

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO



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Primitive and old-fashioned
ed not to use these new-fangled preservatives to make people think they are getting Fresh Meat when they are not, but we believe it is better for the health to be old-fashioned and give our customers just what they pay for.

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JOHN H. BOYD

OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

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"SHOT AT SUNRISE" AS DEMONSTRATED IN REAL LIFE AND IN FICTION

How Two Mexican Peons Met the Fate of Traitors in the City of Juarez—Neither of Doomed Men Show Interest, While Firing Squad Is Just as Indifferent—One Woman Was Observed to Weep.

New York—"To be shot at sunrise" is a phrase that has long done duty in the Civil war romances. Of late it has cropped up in the "sunrise for you" form of vaudeville, and now bids fair to become one of the standard phrases of humor. A short time ago I heard the expression in a vaudeville theater at El Paso, Tex., and laughed, says a writer in the New York Sun. The next morning I saw the actual thing—and didn't laugh. The execution, as Mexican executions go, was a mere incident. There had been many before this one, there will be many in the future. The two men executed were named Juan and Ramon, last names unknown, and the only reason why their end, which was similar to that of many others of their class, is now recorded is the fact that one of the El Paso newspaper men happened to be with me at the time the "sunrise" expression was used in the theater and remarked that the actual thing was cheaper than that on the stage, as no admission was charged and that an execution was due in Juarez the next morning. At that time Colonel Castro was in command at Juarez, the Mexican bor-

about corresponds to that of a first lieutenant in the United States army, came into the room and the three of us walked out into the courtyard. Lined up at one side of the inclosure were a dozen federal soldiers and two buglers. We waited a short time and presently an iron bound door opened at the south end of the yard and between two guards Juan and Ramon stepped out. The captain gave an order and the soldiers fell into double file, the prisoners in the center. At a second command the little procession started for the door and we fell

in behind. We passed up a back street and headed for the eastern edge of the town. The bells in the church were still ringing and the caretaker at the plaza gave us an uninterested glance as we marched past.

As we went I took a good look at the condemned men. Each wore the faded blue shirt and dirty khaki trousers generally used by the peon class. Cheap sandals were on their feet. Neither wore a hat. Juan, the younger, was probably twenty-five. The other, Ramon, was about forty.

There was nothing dramatic in their appearance. There was nothing of the "marching straight and defiant to their doom." Both shambled along, their eyes on the ground, and showing not the slightest emotion. They might have been going to mass, to the bullfight, for a walk—their expression of stolid lack of interest would have been the same.

No one spoke, and we marched along steadily for about half a mile. The buildings were becoming more scattered. In the early light we could see the big 12-story Mills building in El Paso looming up.

The procession halted at a dilapidated adobe wall that surrounded a Chinese truck garden. Two rough coffins leaned against the wall. A woman in a rusty black dress was waiting. She was Juan's "woman," I afterward learned. The peons don't usually bother with marriage ceremonies.

Two of the soldiers escorted the prisoners to the wall. Their hands were placed at their sides and they were bound, the rope being wound about their breast high. The woman was ordered away, and she shambled off a short distance, muttering. There was no snap or military precision about any of the movements. The whole thing was done in a slipshod way, the captain pointing to the spot where he wanted the firing squad to stand and the position of the coffins. The firing squad was lined up about 20 feet from the condemned men.

The captain fumbled in his pockets and looked a little annoyed. He began going through his pockets again and finally drew out a folded sheet of paper from his back pocket. The soldiers looked on with no apparent interest; the prisoners kept their eyes on the ground as the captain read the charge. It was something about plotting against the government of Mexico; the usual thing, my friend told me. The men were asked if they had anything to say. Neither made any reply, or in fact, seemed to pay any attention.

The captain stepped back on a line with the firing squad and one of the soldiers stepped forward and tied a brightly checkered piece of cotton rag about Ramon's head. He moved over to Juan to do the same, but the prisoner shook his head and mumbled something. There was nothing dramatic about the action; it seemed one

more of petulance. The soldier stepped back into line. "Prepare," commanded the captain. The guns were raised. Juan looked sullenly straight into the muzzle; Ramon, slightly turned and cowered against the wall. I heard the woman sobbing.

"Fire!" came the command. There was a ragged volley, the last rifle barking as the first ones were being lowered. I had kept my eyes on the prisoners.

At the first report Juan jumped on his face and wrenched his arms, nearly freeing them. He fell forward on his side.

Ramon sagged to his knees, swayed a moment and then slid forward on his face. The woman had turned her back to the sight and cowered against the wall, holding a little wooden rosary and muttering. The firing squad looked on stolidly. In three years of newspaper work in western mining towns, where strikes were hardly classified as gentle pastimes, I have seen many wounded men and some dead ones. One gets used to the sight, but as Ramon finally slipped forward on his face I became faint. Two strong, healthy men in a moment

turned into inert masses is not a pleasant sight to witness.

The firing squad had brought their guns to the order, and the captain stepped forward, at the same time drawing his revolver to administer the "tiro de gracias," the act of thanks. He placed the muzzle of the revolver at the head of Ramon and fired and then stepped to the body of Juan and repeated the action. I do not know whether the two men were dead before this, but I think they were.

The bodies were placed side by side, face upward. And then the strangest part of the whole affair took place.

The firing squad, the two buglers in front, were formed in single file. The first man stepped forward a pace



Victims of "Shot at Sunrise" Order.

der port across the river from El Paso. My newspaper friend arranged with him for passes for us to witness the execution, which was to take place at sunrise.

Thus it was, then, that at five o'clock on a chilly morning we made our way across the river to Juarez. The streets were deserted when we arrived, but the bells in the shot-riven tower of the cathedral of Guadalupe, where old Don Porfirio's men made such a gallant stand against Madro two years ago, were ringing for early mass and devout Mexican women were entering the church. The old caretaker of the plaza drifted about picking up scraps of paper, and altogether the scene was one of peaceful quiet.

Soon a second captain, whose rank

CAVALRY LANCE AGAIN IN USE

European Armies Now Adopting Weapon Discarded and Put on Retired List.

London.—A fortune may be waiting for the person who invents a collapsible yet strong and serviceable lance, which is rapidly regaining some of its old-time favor as a cavalry arm in European armies. For some time back the six English regiments of lancers have had their favorite arm restored to them after it had been practically placed on the retired list, or, in other words, reserved for parade purposes only. The French dragoons and chasseurs are now also equipped with lances, so that, as the papers say, they shall not be behind the Prussian Themas in this respect. The French weapon is the lightest of all; it is a hollow steel shaft nine feet long and it only weighs four pounds. It is claimed to be a handier and better balanced weapon than the German. The French harness and outriggers will not be equipped with the lance for the present.

The latest addition to the cult of the lance is the Russian war department, which has just decided to arm the principal of the czar's cavalry regiments with a formidable steel shaft nearly 12 feet long and weighing close upon six pounds. The Austrian and Italian cavalry are still holding aloof from the adoption of the lance for service purposes. The one great objection to it is that the shaft is in the way when not actively in use, but there is no doubt—so military authorities think—that the lance would be universally accepted if it could be made to fold or to shut up like a telescope, and yet be instantaneously ready for active use.

Hawks Kill Cat.

Oceanide, N. Y.—Fuzzy-Wa, a small Japanese cat, was out stalking sparrows when a flock of hungry hawks swooped down upon it and killed it.

New Method of Identification.

London.—A machine which identifies a person by his manner of walking has been invented by Prof. H. A. Ross-Grove.

MAKES THE OYSTERS WORK

Japanese Scientist's Discovery Results in an Annual Crop of Pearls.

London.—The manner in which the Japanese have developed the discovery of Dr. Mikimoto, a well-known scientist, that pearl oysters could be made by artificial means to produce their gems, is described in The Graphic.

The new industry has already attained such proportions that valuable crops of pearls are regularly harvested and placed upon the market. They are in every sense of the word true pearls, as beautiful as those obtained in the ordinary way. One strange feature of the industry is that the work of gathering the pearls is done by women divers.

May Send Pictures by Cable.

Berlin.—Prof. Alfred Kora's Italian method for sending photographs by cable has been so far perfected that it may be possible within a year to transmit pictures that way.

BUILDING A ROMANCE

By CLARA INEZ DEACON.

"Well, mother, it's time for me to be on my way to the depot."

"Be careful, Bessie, and don't take the wrong train."

"Oh, I shall ask at least 50 people if it's the right one."

"And be sure you are not carried past Redfern."

"I shall be out on the platform and waiting."

"The name of the station is Redfern, isn't it?"

"Is sure, is, mother, and don't you get it mixed up with Red Hill or Red Head."

"And Kitty St. Clair will be there to meet you?"

"Yes, unless she is laid up with a broken leg."

"You may be killed in a railroad wreck before you get there."

"If I am I'll telephone you, I'm off."

"Just another word, Bessie. Mrs. St. Clair is a sober, sedate woman, and you and Kitty must not go to cutting up or she'll be shocked."

"Not a cut-up, mother. There, now!"

And about the same hour Mrs. St. Clair, at her country home, was saying to her daughter, Kitty:

"This is the day when your friend, Bessie, comes down?"

"Yes, mother."

"Well, we must give her a good visit. Didn't you say she was rather sedate?"

"She's almost as solemn as a gravestone."

"I'm glad of that, for she will act as a check on you. You have spirit enough for any three girls. I do hope that while she is here you won't act quite so like a boy!"

"I shall go around with tears in my eyes and my hands tied behind me!"

An hour later there was a meeting at the country station that was witnessed only by the old depot master and a small boy.

"Oh, Kitty!"

"Oh, Bessie!"

"Hip, hurrah!"

"Whoopee!"

"I'm so glad!"

"I'm so happy!"

And after kissing each other exactly 15 times they joined hands and went waltzing up and down the platform and then drove away in the pony cart.

The old man and the boy looked after them in astonishment, and the boy exclaimed:

"Gee, but did you ever see anything like it?"

"My son," answered the man with a sad shake of his head, "that's what you've got to come to."

"What? Turn into a gal?"

"You've got to marry a gal like one of them, and she'll make it so blamed rapid for you that you'll be a lunatic in less than a year."

When the girls had arrived and the stranger had been welcomed to her room, Mrs. St. Clair's face wore a troubled look, and she said to herself:

"I don't see anything as solemn as a gravestone about that girl. On the contrary, she looks like a girl that would turn a somersault off a haystack any day in the week. I hope they won't get to carrying on too high."

And upstairs there was giggling and tittering and jumping over chairs and exclaiming:

"Oh, but won't we make home howl when we get at it?"

It was three or four days before there was any howling. Then one day the girls got on their old skirts and set off to view the country, as they termed it. As they were ready to go Mrs. St. Clair felt it her motherly duty to say:

"At this season of the year there are lots of snakes, you know!"

"We shall carry clubs to kill them with."

"You know there is a dangerous bull in Black's pasture?"

"Yes, but he won't hurt a couple of demure maidens."

"Tramps were never as numerous as now."

"We are each armed with a table knife. Good-by and don't worry."

Half a mile down the road was Black's bull pasture. The bull was at home and had a chip on his shoulder.

The girls sat on the fence and gave him a bad half hour. They shouted at him and taunted him and daded him until he broke his way out and ran down the road and chased a farmer to the roof of his wagon shed.

That was enough of the bull. When he had careered away they went to a grove and climbed trees. It was jolly fun until both had falls and bumps.

When they had eaten lunch a circus was suggested. It would be betraying a confidence to say that they attempted cart-wheels, hand-springs, somersaults and standing on their heads. They probably didn't do a thing of the kind, but sat with their feet braced against each other's and peered at a stick to see which was the stronger.

The circus performance was out and each had a tall-hold on a calf and was running round when the small boy of the depot came trotting up with his eyes bulging out.

"Hello, bub, does your mother know you're out?"

"Yes, and somebody knows you're out, too!" He replied.

"What do you mean?"

"Why, a guy with a kodak has been followin' you for the last hour and makin' snap-shots!"

"Oh, Kitty!"

"Oh, Bessie!"

"Boy, why didn't you come and tell us sooner?"

"I wanted to, but the feller said he'd knock my eyebrow off if I did!"

"Where is he now?"

"The last I saw of him he was going down to them willers by the creek."

"How many shots did he take?"

"More'n 20! He began when you sat on the fence sassin' the bull."

"Did he say what he was going to do with the photographs?"

"I guess they are for the movies!"

"My stars, Kitty!" wailed Miss Bessie, "but just think of it! My folks will surely turn me out doors!"

"I am thinking of it. Boy, do you know what a hero is?"

"Yes'm. Buffalo Bill is one."

"Will you be a hero for 50 cents?"

"Sure, Mike!"

"Then lead the way down to the willows. If the man is there the three of us will pitch into him and destroy his kodak and plates. He shall not get away with them! Lead on, young hero!"

As they broke through the fringes of willows into an open space they came upon a young man seated on the grass with his kodak and other things lying about. In his hand he held a large grasshopper and was studying him through a microscope. He had barely raised his hand when the boy hero cried out:

"Tis the villain! Charge him!"

Mr. Burt Allen was charged. His kodak was kicked sky-high and his plates scattered over the grass.

"Whoop!" shouted the hero.

"There!" gasped both girls in chorus.

"Young ladies," said the kodak man as he rose and lifted his hat, "permit me to introduce myself as Mr. Burt Allen, naturalist, and connected with Yale college. At the same time may I have the honor of asking the cause of this violent attack upon my property?"

"You have been following and spying upon us!" answered Miss Kitty.

"I pledge you my word that I did not know you were afraid until a moment ago."

"And you have not taken snapshots of us?"

"Upon my word, not! The films are all of birds and insects to be enlarged. What gave you such a wrong idea?"

"Why, the boy here said—"

The boy started to make a "sneak," but was collared by Miss Kitty.

"What did he say?" asked Mr. Allen.

"That you had followed us for over two hours, making snapshots for the movies."

"The young liar—"

The hold on the young hero's collar was transferred to his strong fingers and there was about to be a vigorous shake-up when there was a wall and a sob, and the lad cried out:

"I lied about it!"

"But why?"

"Be—because I wanted to earn the money!"

"Did I even see the young ladies?"

"No!"

"Did I see you?"

Could Cupid have found any better foundation to build a romance and something better on if he had looked around for a year?

Which one?

It was Miss Bessie who wrote to Miss Kitty some months later:

"You are a pig! I wanted him for myself!"

(Copyright, 1914, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Austria First to Use Postcards.

The honor of having been the first country to use the postcard belongs to Austria, where it was introduced in 1869 as the result of the suggestions of Dr. Hermann.

Its price was less than a halfpenny, and at first its users were allowed to write only 25 words upon it. The card appeared in England exactly one year later to the very day. The first picture postcard was apparently one sent from the model of the Eddystone Light house at the Royal Naval exhibition in 1891, and it was not until two or three years later that the first English view-card made its appearance.

Writes Novel at Ninety.

Longevity and industry seem to be characteristic of English women novelists. Mrs. Katherine Mansfield has celebrated her ninetieth birthday and is writing her sixty-fourth novel. There is not only Mrs. Mansfield writing away at ninety, but Miss Braddon, also over eighty years of age, and as busy today as she was when she made her name with "Lady Audley's Secret."

DREAM OF CENTURIES IS REALIZED AT GAMBOA WHEN DAM IS BROKEN

Free Waterway Across the Isthmus Created When President Wilson Touched Button—Possibilities Were Seen by Balboa—Story of the Panama Canal and of French and American Engineering.

New York—For more than 400 years the vision of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama has fired the imagination of the world. Frank Parker Stockbridge writes in Popular Mechanics. The vision became a reality on October 10, 1913, when President Woodrow Wilson in the White House at Washington pressed a button which sent the electric current 2,000 miles to explode 40 tons of dynamite which blew up the last barrier to a free waterway across the Isthmus.

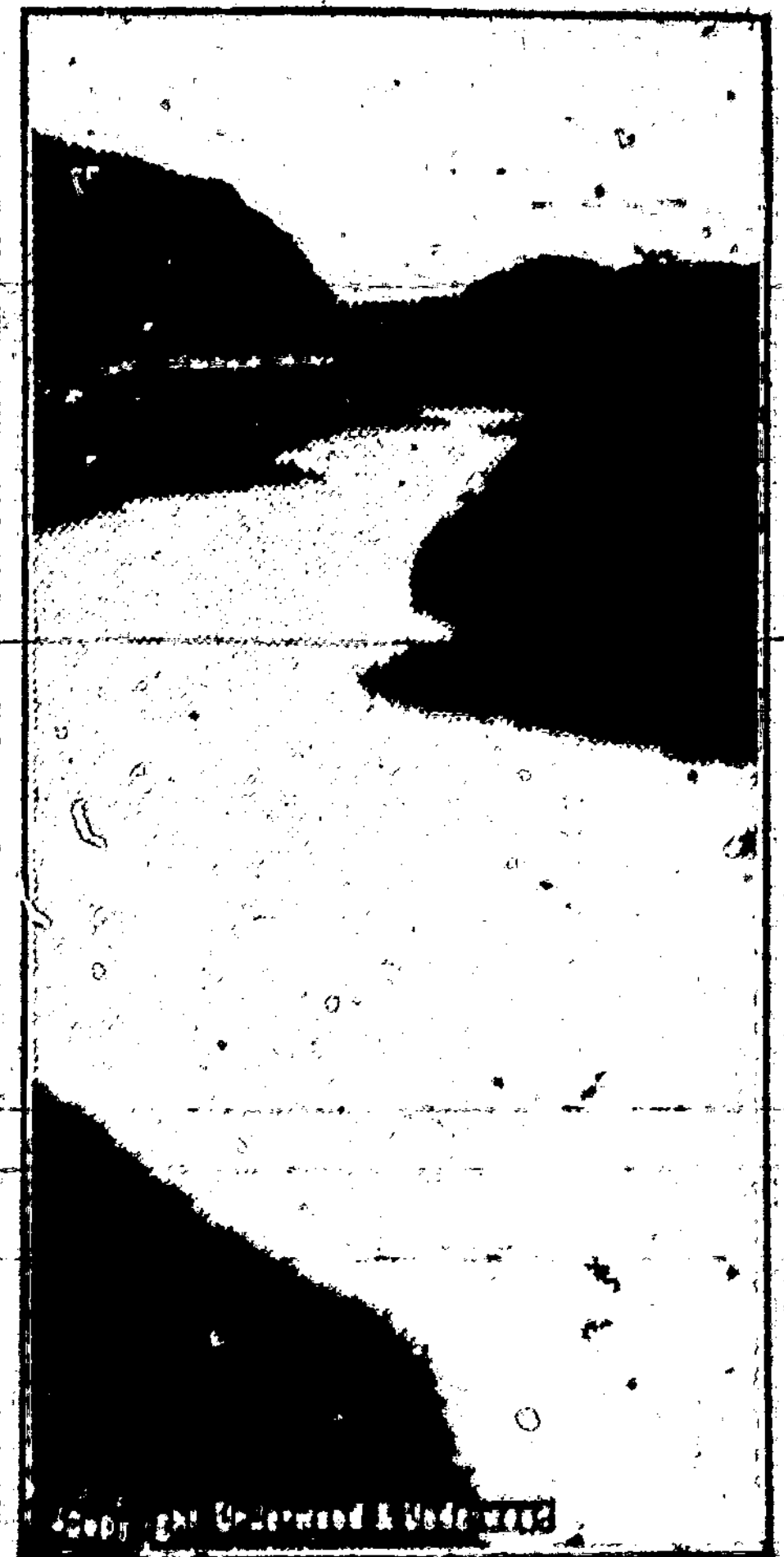
"Gamboa's busted!" exclaimed the president as he pressed the telegraph key. The casualness of his remark was a tribute to the engineers of the United States army, to whom the digging of the canal has been simply "another job" in the routine of their regular work and one that called for no brass bands or special ceremonies to glorify it. With the same simplicity the first vessel to pass through the famous Culebra cut, after the breaking of the Gamboa dike had let in the water, was an ordinary rowboat, while a humble but useful tugboat was the first craft of any kind to make the passage through the great Gatun locks.

While the work at Panama is still far from completed, yet the canal which the first Spanish explorers visualized is today an accomplished fact.

On September 25, 1543, Vasco Nunez de Balboa climbed the peaks of the continental divide and discovered the Pacific ocean, which he named "the South sea." From where Balboa stood

When Balboa's report of his discovery reached Spain, it was accompanied by the recommendation that a canal be immediately dug across the Isthmus. What the explorer had in mind was a sea-level canal, for, although Leonardo da Vinci, the great Italian painter-engineer, had recently invented the hydraulic lock, now generally used for lifting vessels over elevations, it had not become widely known.

The discovery of gold in California in 1848 was followed by a tremendous volume of traffic between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and for fifteen years practically all of this traffic was by way of the Isthmus over the Panama railroad, opened in 1855 by Americans under a concession from the republic of New Granada, now known as Colombia. The explorations and surveys for the railroad, a work that is



First View of Canal Since Blowing Up of Gamboa Dike.

said to have cost the life of a man for every 10, led to a much more accurate knowledge of the topography and geology of the Isthmus than had previously been available. President Grant in 1869 asked congress to take up the matter of a canal. The only action was a resolution providing for an exploration by officers of the navy, and the creation of a commission in 1872 to consider their reports. Then in May, 1876, the republic of Colombia granted a concession for the construction of a canal from Colon to Panama, the terminals of the Panama railroad.

In 1894 a new French company was organized and work was resumed. In 1899 the United States congress created the Isthmian canal commission to examine all practicable routes and to report which was the most practicable and feasible for a canal "under the control, management and ownership of the United States." The commission reported two alternative plans, one for a canal at Panama and the other across Nicaragua. It estimated the cost of a Panama canal at \$166,378,258 and of the Nicaragua canal at \$200,540,000. But because the route from New York to San Francisco would be several hundred miles short

or by way of Nicaragua, and considering existing French concessions in Panama, the commission gave it as its belief that the Nicaragua route was more desirable under the circumstances. The effect of this report was to induce the French Panama company to offer its concession to the United States for \$40,000,000 in January, 1902. The Isthmian canal commission advised the purchase and congress authorized the president to buy all the property of the Panama company, including a majority of the stock of the Panama Railroad company, and to obtain from Colombia perpetual control of a strip of land six miles wide, through which to build the canal. Colombia refused to grant this



Blowing Up of Gamboa Dike.

control, but in November, 1903, ten months later, the state of Panama declared itself independent. Within a month a treaty had been negotiated with the new republic by which the United States was given control of a strip of land ten miles wide for the purpose of a canal. The French company's property was bought and in February, 1904, a commission for the construction of a canal was appointed. In May of that year work was begun where the French company had abandoned it. In June, 1905, a board of consulting engineers was appointed to consider whether the canal should be at sea level or with elevating locks. The canal itself, from deep water to deep water, is 50 miles long. Its general direction from the Atlantic entrance to the Pacific end is from northwest to southeast, the northern terminal being about 22 1/2 miles farther west than the southern entrance from the Pacific. The first seven miles of the canal beginning at the Atlantic end are at sea level. Five miles of channel, 500 feet wide, have been dredged to a depth of 41 feet directly south through Limon bay, and two miles of this sea-level section has been cut through low-lying land to the entrance to the Gatun locks, where the ships are raised, in three steps, to a height of 85 feet above sea level, into the great body of fresh water called Gatun lake.

ROYAL FLUSH BRINGS DEATH

New Orleans Man Believed Slain by Man He Beat in Poker Game.

New Orleans.—With his head and the upper part of his body filled with buckshot, Capt. William Collier was found dead in his hermit's lodge. He was seated at a table and clutched in one hand was a "royal flush." Opposite him was a "full house." He had been playing poker and was evidently assassinated by the loser. The police are seeking his opponent in the game, believed to be a sugar planter.

Barroom Fork Doomed.

New York.—The doom of the barroom fork, which stands in a glass on the free lunch counter, has been forecasted by Health Commissioner Goldwater. He declares it is deadly as a germ bearer and must go.

Prohibits Button-Up Back Dresses.

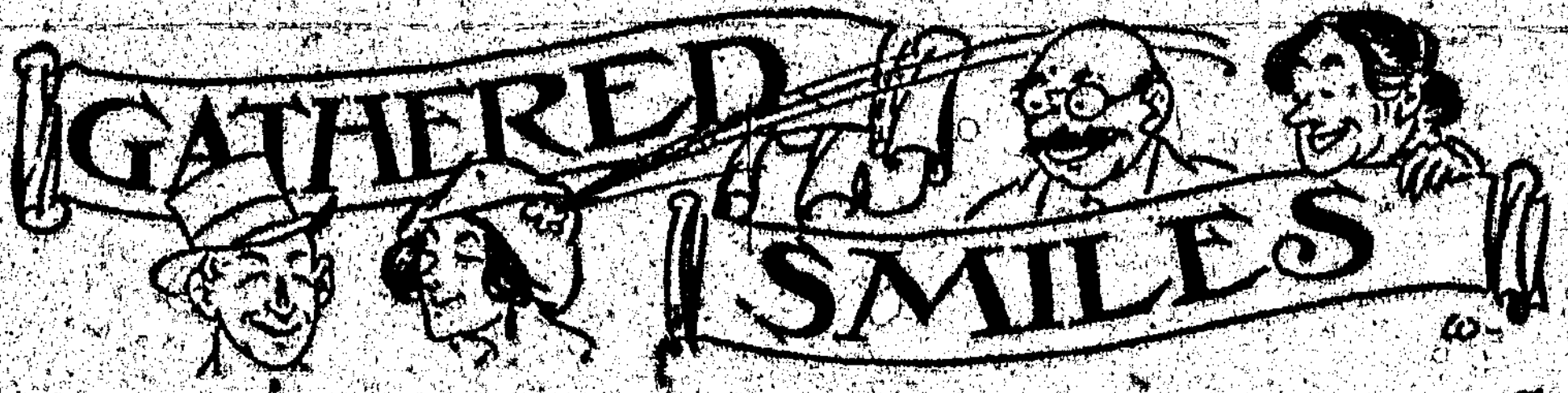
Providence, R. I.—A bill prohibiting women from wearing dresses that button up the back has been introduced in the legislature. It would make offenders serve six months at hard labor in the kitchen.

Youth With Two Stomachs.

Berne, Switzerland.—Doctors, using the Roentgen rays, discovered that a nineteen-year-old youth possesses two stomachs. The youth has been suffering from stomach disorders.

Court for Mother-in-Law.

Yonkers, N. Y.—Thomas Murphy had his mother-in-law, Mrs. Anna Maloney, brought to court for smashing furniture she had given him for a wedding present.



HER IDEA.



Patience—I see Dean George Hodges, of Harvard Theological school, says the world never was socially better than it is now.

Temporary Magazines. The eternal fitness of things in this life oft may vary. Powder sometimes rests upon shoulders not military.

Flattens Them Out. William Dean Howells, at his country house in York Harbor, was admonishing a young novelist who, after writing a successful novel, had written only slight things.

Mr. Howells couched his admonition in terms of delicate originality. "Two critics," he said to the young man, "were discussing a certain author."

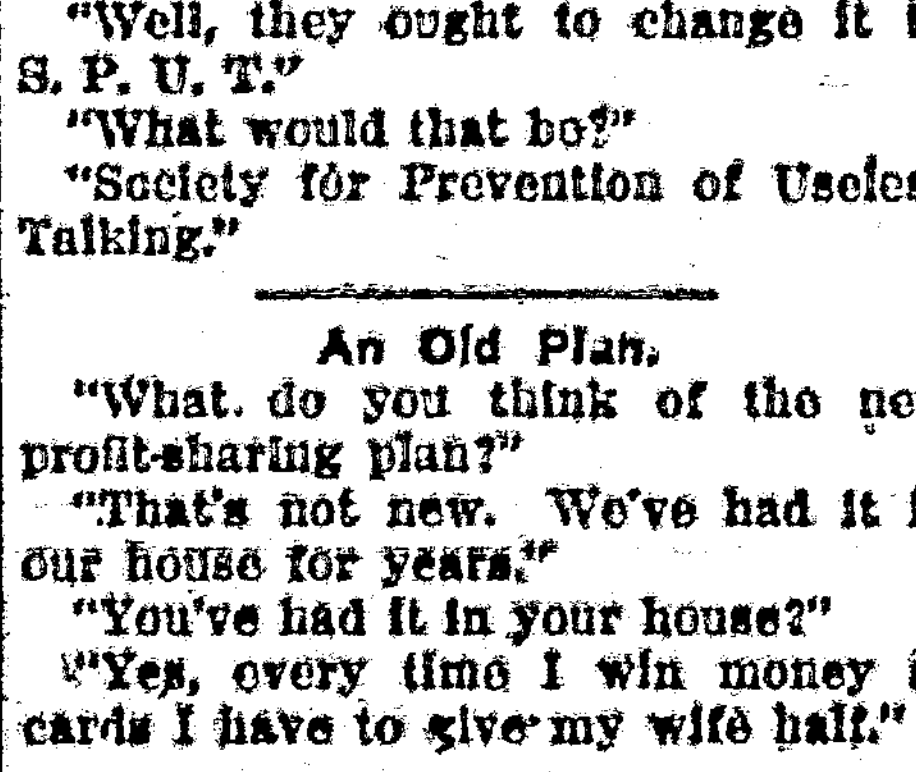
Redd—He's the greatest man for dropping hints.

Bacon—Is your daughter interested in neighborhood improvement work? Egbert—Oh, yes.

Women's Societies. Mr. Platt—What is this S. P. U. G. I hear so much about?

An Old Plan. "What do you think of the new profit-sharing plan?" "That's not new. We've had it in our house for years."

STUNGI. Mrs. Gottrox—You never loved me. You just married me for money.



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HER IDEA. A woman sitting at a desk, looking thoughtful, with a large lightbulb above her head.

HER IDEA. Patience—I see Dean George Hodges, of Harvard Theological school, says the world never was socially better than it is now.

LANGUAGE.

Dr. Osler tells the following to illustrate the elasticity of the English language, as used by the Southern negro. One day there came to the clinic a negress with a broken jaw. The examining physician, intent on discovering the exact nature and extent of the injury, asked numerous questions. To all of them the negress returned evasive answers. Finally, she admitted that she was "hit by a object."

On Dangerous Ground. "Take this book home and read it. 'A Cigarette Maker's Romance' is the title of the work."

HIS SCHEME.



Applicant—Give me a position as proofreader—we'll get along all right. Magazine Editor—What do you mean?

Better Than Crusading. In the days of old the knights were bold. And minstrels went round thrumming: Life was romanda tion, I'm told, But no for modern plumbing.

Hard Work. Church—Was that her pay envelope you just handed to your stenographer?

No Music for Him. William (who has been persuaded to contribute to our annual concert)—Can 'eo tinkle 'Farmer's Boy,' miss?

That Changed Him. Mistress (finding visitor in the kitchen)—Who is this, Mary?

A Bald Fact. Old Beau—When I was a tiny boy with long, golden curls, they called me Archie!

A Generous Soul. "Here, my good man, is a cent. Don't be discouraged."

Searing. Things are surely going up: Life's struggle's growing bitter. Eggs are as high as shellbacks be. Silt skirts becoming siltier.



First Boat Through After Gamboa Dike Was Blasted.

his new ocean lay directly south, because of the S-shaped twist of the Isthmus, which brings the Pacific entrance to the canal not only southward but eastward of the Atlantic terminal.

SLAYER HID IN BIG PRISON

Man Wanted for Murder Allowed Himself to Be Caught in Burglary to Escape Search.

Sacramento.—A country-wide search, covering almost three years, for Otto Shaumburg, the notorious "key burglar" of St. Louis and alleged murderer of Detective James Arnold of East St. Louis, has ended in a cell at San Quentin prison. Shaumburg was identified by William J. Mulconery, sheriff of Le Claire county, Illinois. The police of every city in the United States have been on the watch for Shaumburg and \$500 reward for his capture is authorized by Le Claire county.

Shaumburg was betrayed by his cellmate at San Quentin, to whom he narrated the story of his criminal operations in St. Louis and East St. Louis. Sheriff Mulconery was notified and extradition papers were signed by Governor Dunn of Illinois and filed with Governor Johnson two months ago.

Sheriff Mulconery recently came to the Pacific coast to get a prisoner at McNeil's Island penitentiary and stopped over at San Quentin to identify Shaumburg, whom he had seen about East St. Louis.

"Hello, Otto," Mulconery said, and offered his hand to the convict. "My name's not Otto," Shaumburg replied, and he pulled back his hand. "I never was back there, and I don't know you," he added.

"Back where?" queried Mulconery. "Back where you come from," Shaumburg replied, and then wiled down when Mulconery accused him of the murder.

Shaumburg told his cellmate that after he had murdered Detective Arnold he hurried to the Pacific coast and permitted himself to be captured in the act of committing a burglary at Santa Cruz, Cal. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve two years in prison. Shaumburg told his fellow convict he thought he would be safer in prison while a search for him was on than roaming around the country.

OUR SPRING ASSORTMENT IS COMPLETE

We are now showing a large assortment of patterns in summer weight Silks, Crepes and Linens, Wash Goods of all kinds such as Gingham, Percales, Nainsooks, Laces and Embroideries.

Full line of ladies' ready-to-wear Waists and Underwear.

Men's and boys' ready to wear Suits and Pants, Shirts and Blouses.

Agents for the famous Crack-a-Jack made to order men's and boys' Clothing. Correct fit or no pay.

CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY

CARRIZOZO NOTES

Call at Paden's. Just arrived, a fine lot of fresh candies. *tw*

We have just received a car of Steel Roofing—Welch & Titworth.

Just received a car load of Seed Barley—Welch & Titworth. *3c*

United States Marshal A. H. Hudspeth was here several days, the first of the week on a business trip.

Ziegler Bros. are agents for the Beacon Light, \$3.50 Shoe. The best shoe made for the money.—Adv

Clemente Hightower of Hondo passed through Tuesday, returning home from the burial of Mrs. Hightower at Socorro.

FOR SALE:—Good residence lots in all parts of Carrizozo.—Stadtman & Byron.

Thos. J. Moore of Nugal returned Monday from El Paso where he has been undergoing treatment for an affection of the throat.

Mrs. W. L. Gumma and sister, Mrs. J. W. Laws, of Lincoln left Tuesday for a few days trip to El Paso where Mrs. Gumma expects to take treatment for her eyes.

FOR SALE TYPEWRITER:—Remington No. 6, only used a short time. Good as new with case and also rubber cover. \$50 cash See Nye & Osborn

Benj. H. Horton, third trick dispatcher at this place is taking a 45 day vacation, which he will spend on the Pacific coast. He is being relieved by W. H. Osborn.

FOR SALE—Two Pony Mares, one Studebaker Wagon and two sets harness. Will sell cheap, or will trade. Enquire Outlook if

State Senator John M. Bowman of Alamogordo and well known throughout this county has organized the Farmer's Trust and Savings Bank of Las Cruces and will move to that point about May first to take personal charge of its affairs.

Just received a car load of barbed wire, hog fence, chicken netting, Welch & Titworth

I will sell cheap a good ten horse power, vertical Steam Boiler.—Stephen Ramond, Tinnie, N. M. *6t*

I have several good business lots for sale at lowest prices.—Stadtman & Byron.

I have many beautiful spring and summer Hats for ladies and children, and invite you to call and see my line before purchasing elsewhere.—Mrs. A. W. Adams.

M. H. Young operator at Escondida who has been working in the Carrizozo office for the past few days left Monday for a visit with relatives in Virginia.

FOR SALE AUTOMOBILE:—Studebaker 30, 1910 model, four good tires, can be put in shape for fifty dollars, for any kind of service. \$200 cash takes it. Apply to Nye & Osborn.

Mrs. Ira A. Greer was quite painfully burned on the hand and wrist Tuesday morning, by a gasoline explosion, caused by using gasoline to kindle a fire, thinking it be kerosene.

C. S. Henning has returned to take charge of the construction of the Eagle Creek pipe line and will start work in a few days, all legal obstacles to its construction having now been removed.

FOR SALE:—One pair mules, two years old, one stud colt coming one year old. All from 1750 pound mares. For information and price call on or address F. S. Hulbert, Lincoln, N. M.

Mrs. A. W. Adams, is agent for the Marietta Stanley Company's famous toilet preparations. All the articles put out by this company are the best that can be had. If you want the best in toilets see Mrs. A. W. Adams.—Adv.

LOST

Our former agent, Mr. Geo. W. Hall, held policies numbered as follows.

Mercantile Policies No. 1005 to No. 1025, inclusive.

Dwelling Policies No. 100003 to No. 100025, inclusive.

These have been lost and reported as not having been issued by him. Should any of the above policies be in the hands of any person and shown to have been issued at the Carrizozo New Mexico Agency, he will confer a favor and protect his own interest by advising our Special Agent, Mr. A. E. Williams, P. O. Box No. 1444, Denver, Colorado, or reporting the same direct to the office of The Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Connecticut.

To Promise you the most and always to Fulfill is our Creed

OUR PURPOSE is to carry the most favored things in style and fabrics to satisfy your wants; to sell our merchandise at prices that give you a good profit in value received; to make right any failure to secure for you a hundred per cent satisfaction.

Our ladies' and children's Suits, Coats, Dresses, Underwear, etc., are carefully selected and we have some extraordinary values to offer our customers.

In dress goods we have some beautiful patterns and will be pleased to show these splendid values. Also our beautiful line of Lace and Embroideries. See our ladies' and children's wash Dresses, from the cheapest to the best. Waists from 75 cents and up.

Our Clothing for men and boys cannot be excelled either in price or quality. We can fit any figure, the slender man as well as the stout man,

Just received a shipment of Arrow brand and Signal Shirts with and without collars.

Buy your summer supplies while you can get your choice. Come in and let us sell you a complete outfit of spring Clothing and save you some money and at the same time give you the best values in all lines of merchandise.

Ziegler Bros