

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

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CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1914.

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MOVEMENT A SUCCESS

The Go-To-Church Movement was a Success. Brought out many stay at homes

AUDIENCE LOOKED NATURAL

Last Sunday was the Sunday mentioned as the date for everybody to start to church. It is a fact, that the attendance at church has been much better some Sunday days before it was ever mentioned to have such a day set apart. The pastors and some of the people most closely allied with the churches had decided that the church was not reaching as many as it ought to. Anything that seems to have enterprise recommends itself to the public, and there is one failing of the church anyway. We are sure that the results were well worth the efforts put forth in the campaign. There was a large crowd out at both services. Our best crowd was in the morning and, we are told that the Baptist had their best crowd in the evening. Our Sunday school has been ranging between ninety and a hundred now for a month or more; we did not expect the movement to materially aid in attendance. But our church crowd was enlarged. There were some out we hardly expected. The audience came with no gusto, no seeming curiosity. They entered very quietly, and so remained. They all looked natural and seemed to feel natural. There seemed to be no facial expression giving out the notion that they had come to satisfy any fancy of their own, or to relieve us of any further search and trouble. They did not appear to wonder what we were going to have in the way of singing or preaching. As best I could observe, (and I watched very closely) they had just come on the Sabbath morning to the house of worship. They listened as attentive as tho they were real hungry, and maybe some were, if length of time away has any affect, they were. There were some there I had never seen out to any regular service. During the sermon there was the best of attention, not a stir, even some leaned forward for all that was coming to them. I was made to feel I was ministering in the house of my friends. I really enjoyed the service and, personally felt that in one service I was amply repaid for my work. When the service was over there was a friendly atmosphere prevailing all.

The evening service was largely attended by a different crowd. Many among them were new comers to church, and they had all the appearance of church-goers as characterized the morning crowd. All together I consider our movement a success. The next thing is since people have learned the way to church, those who heretofore have not attended, just make out a program and include in it a time for attending public worship. We know enough about life to know that there are times when some people can not come, but when you can get off come and you will always find a welcome awaiting you. Personally I am here to do all the good I possibly can and my usefulness depends largely upon your consent.

Your pastor and a citizen.
JNO. W. HENDRIX.

FOR INDUSTRIAL CLUB

We have been requested to publish the following letter.
To the Teachers of Lincoln Co.
The committee appointed at the last session of the Lincoln County Teachers Association to organize the Lincoln County Industrial Club has decided it best to have the club organized before the spring session of the association.
Before the committee can proceed with this organization it will be necessary to know what schools will become members of it. After the committee has obtained this information, officers for the club will be nominated from those schools by the county Superintendent, Mrs. W. L. Gumm. An election will be held and each school will vote upon the candidates so nominated. The results of the election will be sent to the committee and they will declare who is elected.
Superintendent W. T. Conway, Head of the Extension Department of the New Mexico Agricultural and Mechanics Art College, has been requested to send each school of the county a copy of the constitution by which this organization will be governed.
If you have not organized a local industrial club in your school we hope that you will do so in the near future and will join the county club. Individuals may become members of the county club whether or not they belong to a local organization, but by all means each school should have a local industrial club.
Further information on this subject may be obtained from Supt. W. T. Conway, State College, N. M.
Please advise us at the earliest possible date whether or not your school desires to enter into this County Industrial Club

Very respectfully,
C. H. THOMASON
MISS RAY SNOW
J. F. DAVIS
MYRTLE McDONALD
REUBEN BOONE
Committee.

THE GREAT CHURCH DAY

The Begin-To-Go-To-Church movement proved a good success. While at the morning services there still was room for others, at night very little room was left. At the Baptist church the seating capacity had been enlarged, seats having been placed in every available place, and at the 8 o'clock service room for about ten or twelve only was left. Many who have not been regular attendants expressed appreciation, and we hope they will keep up the coming to church. We shall try to make it worth while. We have not heard a discordant or rueful note.
The Knights of Pythias are to attend the morning service next Sunday, the 22d, and by that time we hope to have a hymn book for every person that comes. Come and join in the singing. The program appears elsewhere in this issue.

HERBERT HAYWOOD.

Mrs. Julia Gurney received word Wednesday of the death of her brother in Elk City, Kan., and left Thursday night for that point.

COMMISSIONERS MEET

Examine and Approve Financial Statement of Lincoln County for 1913

BOARD APPOINTS CONSTABLES

Board met at 11:00 a. m.
Present: Hon. Melvin Franks, Chairman; W. M. Ferguson, Member; R. A. Duran, Member; Porfirio Chavez, Sheriff; A. H. Harvey, Clerk.
The financial Statement of Lincoln County, for the year 1913, was examined and approved by the Board.
In the matter of Petition for the appointment of Constable for Precinct No. 14, the petition of J. R. Adams, having been filed with the Clerk.
The Board having considered said petition, appoints J. R. Adams Constable for Precinct No. 14, to fill the unexpired term of J. B. Baird, resigned, said Adams to qualify as required by law, within the time specified in the Statutes.
It appearing to the Board that Antonio Otero, heretofore appointed by the Board as Constable for Precinct No. 5, Rabenton, has refused to serve as such, the Board appoints Juan Martinez Constable for said Precinct No. 5, he to qualify as required by law, within 30 days from this date.
In compliance with the requirements of an Act authorizing the State Board of Equalization and the Boards of County Commissioners to fix the valuation of property or taxation, which Act became a law March 17, 1913.

The said Act requires the Boards to ascertain the value of property of different classes subject to taxation within their respective counties other than mentioned in Sec. 1, thereof, and to fix a valuation thereof for taxation purposes of thirty-three and one third per centum of the value so ascertained.
It is therefore ordered by the Board that the value ascertained and adopted be as follows:
Bearing Orchard Lands . . . \$60.00
Other Irrigated Lands . . . 45.00
Dry Farming and Meadow Lands . . . 6.00
Grazing Lands . . . 3.00
Timber Lands . . . 9.00
Coal Lands, under 10 miles from railroad . . . 30.00
Coal Lands, over 10 miles from railroad . . . 15.00
Mineral Lands, not less than . . . 6.00
And it is further ordered that there be fixed a valuation upon all such property above mentioned for purposes of taxation of 33 1-3 per centum of the true value thereof so ascertained and it is further ordered that the Assessor be instructed to act according to law, and ascertain the value of all property that the Board has not been able to ascertain and that the valuation of town lots be made upon the basis of list thereof heretofore made by the Board, as minimum.
Adjourned sine die.

K. OF P'S. ATTENTION

You are urgently requested to be present at Castle Hall, Sunday, February 22d, for the purpose of attending special services at the church. Time, 10:30 sharp.
R. J. HUTCHISON,
K. of R & S.

W. H. Johnson left the first of the week for a trip through Ariz. enroute to Santa Monica to attend the race meet there.

The many friends of O. W. Bamberger, will be pleased to learn of his fine success as a traveling salesman, the monthly bulletin of the Brown Shoe Co., for whom he is traveling in Colorado, showing him as first in rubber sales and sixth in shoe sales, out of a force of sixty-two salesmen.

ROBERT RIDLEY BYRD DEAD

Robert R. Byrd, a well known young man of this place, committed suicide at his home here on Monday, February 16th, 1914. Mr Byrd was employed by the railroad here as an operator and had been associated with the company off and on for several years. He was married to Miss Zella Grumbles, daughter of Mrs M. Grumbles of this place several years ago.

A Coroner's Jury which was called by Justice of the Peace Massey at about mid-night Monday returned a verdict to the effect that Byrd had inflicted a gun shot by his own hand.

Mr. Byrd was born in Atlanta, Georgia, October 24th, 1886 being twenty-eight years old. Funeral services were conducted on Wednesday afternoon from the Methodist church with Rev. J. W. Hendrix officiating.

He was of a happy disposition and had a multitude of friends who feel keenly his demise. No cause for the act has been given out.

The sympathy of the community goes out to the widow and relatives in this their sad bereavement.

CORONA CLIPPINGS

Many cattle buyers are in Corona. One firm has secured 1000 head for spring delivery and many more are contracted for.

There were 300 head shipped to Kansas City markets and 100 went to Pittman and company, El Paso.

From now on they will be shipped out in large numbers.

Many Corona stockmen are anxious to buy well bred cows to increase the herds on their ranches, and there are others going into cattle raising here, so that in the future even larger herds will be run. The fine winter and fat cattle here has made everyone enthusiastic.

A. S. McCamant, who owns large ranches of thoroughbred Herefords, was taken to El Paso to a hospital where he successfully underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. A. W. Shartzler is very ill at a hospital in Albuquerque, N. Mex., and will be compelled to be operated on again. Shartzler is a prominent stockman here.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Varney. Mr. Varney is in charge at the Corona Trading & Supply company.

Miss Dulcie Brooks has arrived to make her home with her mother, Mrs. Richardson. She is popular in the younger set.

JURIES DRAWN

The Grand and Petit Juries for the March term of District Court for Lincoln County were drawn by Clerk Harvey in the absence of Judge Medler this week. Court will meet on Monday, March 9th, and will be a lengthy term if the Docket is cleaned up. There are at least three murder trials as well as much other criminal business for disposal. Sheriff Chavez is summoning the Juries this week.

E. O. Anderson has been in town the past week demonstrating the Clark Metal Tie and Rail Co.'s products at Rolland's Drug store, and is disposing of stock among the railroad men here.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

News of Interest of our Towns People and of Outsiders Visiting in our Midst

GATHERED DURING THE WEEK

Earl Owen Brown of Duran was a business visitor here Monday.

Geo. Spence, Sr., returned Sunday from a several days' business trip in Socorro county.

Mrs. Allen B. Kirkwood of Tucumanari has been in Carrizozo for the past few days visiting friends.

J. M. Monroe, who has a homestead near Capitan, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Welch & Titsworth of Capitan have just received a car load of Studerbaker wagons.

J. F. Kimbell and family moved into their new residence the first of the week. F. L. Elliot and wife have moved into the property vacated by the Kimbells.

Harry Dixon of Rancho Emerald near here, was here for a few days' visit this week. He returned to Douglas yesterday where he is chief dispatcher for the E. P. & S. W.

Geo. J. Mauck is here representing the Jenkins Music Co of Kansas City this week, and reports having sold a fine piano to Mrs. A. Arrington.

We are requested to announce that there will be services at the Carrizozo Catholic Church, Sunday, February 22. Sermon in English at 8 o'clock and sermon in Spanish at 10 o'clock a. m.

Mrs. George Spence and daughter, Miss Grace, arrived Wednesday evening from a three months' visit spent with relatives and friends in Seattle, Portland, and San Francisco.

Cashier Brickley of the Stockman's State Bank of Corona was in town Thursday and went to Capitan and Lincoln Friday on business. He reports that his bank is doing a very good business.

J. M. Rice of Parsons, accompanied by his son-in-law L. R. Weber came in Wednesday morning. Mr. Weber leaving that evening for an extensive prospecting trip through Utah with his brother.

George Spence, Jr., returned Wednesday from an extended visit to points in Arizona, California, Oregon and Washington. He was accompanied home by Wyatt Blakemore of Seattle. Mr. Blakemore is an old time friend and school mate of young Spence and will likely remain in this section permanently.

J. D. Gilchrist, general manager of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Co. accompanied by F. U. Nelson, his assistant, is making an inspection of the company's properties in this section, and is reported as being highly pleased with the development of the Yellow Jacket mine east of this place.

W. A. Dunlavy, traveling salesman for the Brown Shoe Co., in this territory received word while here last Friday that his little son had fallen from the roof of a barn at Willard, N. M. and was instantly killed. Mr. Dunlavy left for Willard on the fast train.

MOLLY McDONALD A TALE OF THE FRONTIER.



By RANDALL PARRISH Author of "Keith of the Border," "My Lady of Doubt," "My Lady of the South," etc., etc.

Illustrations by V. L. Barnes

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SYNOPSIS.

Major McDonald, commanding an army post near Fort Dodge, seeks a man to intercept his daughter, Molly, who is headed for the post. An Indian outbreak is threatened. Sergeant "Buck" Hamlin meets the stage in which Molly is traveling. They are attacked by Indians and Hamlin and Molly escape in the darkness. Hamlin tells Molly he was discharged from the Confederate service in disgrace and at the close of the war enlisted in the regular army. He suspects one Captain LeFevre of being responsible for his disgrace. Troops appear and under escort of Lieut. Gaskins Molly starts to join her father. Hamlin leaves to rejoin his regiment. He returns to Fort Dodge after a summer of fighting Indians and finds Molly there. Lieutenant Gaskins accuses Hamlin of shooting him. The sergeant is proven innocent. He sees Molly in company with Mrs. Dupont, whom he recognizes as a former sweetheart, who threw him over for LeFevre. Later he overhears Dupont and a soldier hatching up a money-making plot. Molly tells Hamlin her father seems to be in the power of Mrs. Dupont, who claims to be a daughter of McDonald's sister. Molly disappears and Hamlin sets out to trace her. McDonald is ordered to Fort Ripley. Hamlin finds McDonald's murderer, a guide, and two troopers, a guide, and the murderer, who had robbed McDonald of \$30,000 paymaster's money. He suspects Dupont. Conners, soldier accomplice of Dupont, is found murdered. Hamlin's party is caught in a fierce blizzard while heading for the Cimarron. One man dies from cold and another almost succumbs. Watson is shot as they come in sight of Cimarron. Hamlin discovers a log cabin where a bluff, occupied by Hughes, a cow thief who is trying to follow the trail of LeFevre, who cheated him in a cattle deal. His description identifies LeFevre shot Watson mistaking him for one of LeFevre's party. Hamlin and Hughes take up the trail of LeFevre, who is carrying Molly to the Indian camp. Two days out they sight the fugitives. A fight ensues in which Hughes is shot by an Indian. Dying, he makes a desperate attempt to shoot LeFevre, but misses. Hamlin, while the latter is disarming LeFevre, LeFevre escapes, believing Hamlin and Molly dead. Molly tells Hamlin that her father was implicated in the plot to steal the paymaster's money. Hamlin confesses his love for Molly and she that it is reciprocated. Molly deceives her father was forced into the "Cimarron" plot. They meet an advance troop of Custer's command, starting on a winter campaign against the Indians. Hamlin remains as guide.

CHAPTER XXXV.—Continued.

From the top of the ridge they could look down on the tolling column of cavalrymen below in the bluff shadow, and gaze off over the wide expanse of valley, through which ran the half-frozen Canadian.

"What was that pony herd?" Hamlin pointed up the valley to the place where the swerve came in the stream.

"Just below that point, do you see where the wind has swept the ground bare?"

"Ears they weren't buffalo?" "They were ponies all right, and herded."

The two men spurred back across the hills, and made report to Elliott. There was no hesitancy in that officer. The leading squadron was instantly swung into formation as skirmishers, and sent forward. From river-bank to crest of bluff they plowed through the drifts, overcoats strapped behind and carbines slung forward in readiness for action, but as they climbed to that topmost ridge, eager, expectant, it was only to gaze down upon a deserted camp, trampled snow, and blackened embers of numerous fires. Hamlin was the first to scramble down the steep bluff, dismount, and drag his trembling horse sliding after. Behind plunged Corbin and Elliott, anxious to read the signs, to open the pages of this wilderness book. A glance here and there, a testing of the blackened embers, a few steps along the broad trail, and these plainsmen knew the story. The Major straightened up, his hand on his horse's neck, his eyes sweeping those barren plains to the southward.

"Corbin," he said sharply, "ride back to General Custer at top speed. Tell him we have discovered a Cheyenne camp here at the mouth of Buffalo Creek of not less than a hundred and fifty warriors, deserted, and not to exceed twenty-four horses. Their trail leads south toward the Washita. Report that we shall cross the river in pursuit at once, and keep on cautiously until dark. Take a man with you; no, not Sergeant Hamlin, I shall need him here."

The scout was off like a shot, riding straight down the valley, a trooper paddling along behind him. Major Elliott ran his eyes over the little bunch of cavalrymen.

"Captain Sparring, send two of your men to test the depth of water there where those Indians crossed. As soon as ascertained we will ford the river."

CHAPTER XXXVI.

Ready to Attack. There was a ford but it was rocky and dangerous, and so narrow that

horse after horse slipped aside into the swift current, bearing his rider with him into the icy water. Comrades hauled the unfortunate ones forth, and fires were hastily built under shelter of the south bank. Those who reached the landing dry shared their extra clothing with those water-soaked, and hot coffee was hastily served to all alike. Eager as the men were to push forward, more than an hour was lost in passage, for the stream was bank full, the current rapid and littered with quantities of floating ice. Some of these ice cakes startled the struggling horses and inflicted painful wounds, and it was only by a free use of ropes and lariats that the entire command finally succeeded in attaining the southern shore. Shivering with the cold, the troopers again found their saddles and pressed grimly forward on the trail. Hamlin, with five others, led the way along a beaten-track which had been trampled by the passing herd of Indian ponies and plainly marked by the trailing poles of numerous wicky-ups.

This led straight away into the south across the valley of the Canadian, on to the plains beyond. The snow here was a foot deep on a level, and in places the going was heavy. As they advanced, the weather moderated somewhat, and the upper crust became soft. Before them stretched the dreary level of the plains, broken by occasional ravines and little isolated patches of trees. No sign of Indians was seen other than the deserted trail, and confident that the band had had fully twenty-four hours' start their pursuers advanced as rapidly as the ground would permit. The very clearness of the trail was evidence that the Indians had no conception that they were being followed. Confident of safety in their winter retreat, they were making no effort to protect their rear, never dreaming there were soldiers within hundreds of miles. Whatever report Dupont had made, it had awakened no alarm. Why should it? So far as he knew there were but two men pursuing him into the wilderness, and both of these he believed lying dead in the snow.

Steadily, mile after mile, they rode, and it was after dark when the little column was finally halted beside a stream, where they could safely hide themselves in a patch of timber. Tiny fires were built under protection of the steep banks of the creek, and the men made coffee, and fed their hungry horses. The silence was profound. It was a dark night, although the surrounding snow plains yielded a spectral light. Major Elliott, drinking coffee and munching hardtack with the troop captain, sent for Sergeant Hamlin. The latter advanced within the glow of the fire, and saluted.

"We have been gaining on those fellows, Sergeant," the Major began, "and must be drawing close to the Washita."

"We are travelling faster than they did, sir," was the reply, "because they had to break trail, and there were some women and children with them. I have no knowledge of this region, but the creek empties into the Washita without doubt."

"That would be my judgment. Sparring and I were just talking it over. I shall wait here until Custer comes up; my force is too small to attack openly, and my orders are not to bring on an engagement. Custer has some Osage scouts with him who will know this country."

"But, Major," ventured Hamlin, "if the General follows our trail it will be hours yet before he can reach here, and then his men will be completely exhausted."

"He will not follow our trail. He has Corbin and 'California Joe' with him. They are plainsmen who know their business. He'll cross the Canadian, and strike out across the plains to intercept us. In that way he will have no farther to travel than we have had. In my judgment we shall not wait here long alone. Have you eaten?"

"No, sir; I have been stationing the guard."

"Then sit down here and share what little we have. We can wait for night tonight."

It was after nine o'clock when the sentries challenged the advance of Custer's column, as it stole silently out of the gloom. Ten minutes later the men were hatching about the fires, absorbing such small comforts as were possible, while the General and Major Elliott discussed the situation and planned to push forward. An hour later the fires were extinguished,

the horses quietly saddled, and noiselessly the tired cavalrymen moved out once more and took up the trail. The moon had risen, lighting up the desert, and the Osage guides, together with the two scouts, led the way. At Custer's request Hamlin rode beside him in the lead of the troopers. Not a word was spoken above a whisper, and strict orders were passed down the line prohibiting the lighting of a match or the smoking of a pipe. Canteens were muffled and swords thrust securely under saddle flaps. Like a body of spectres they moved silently across the snow in the moonlight, cavalry capes drawn over their heads, the only sound the crunching of horses' hoofs breaking through the crust.

The trail was as distinct as a road, and the guides pushed ahead as rapidly as by daylight, yet with ever increasing caution. Suddenly one of the Osages signalled for a halt, averring that he smelled fire. The scouts dismounted and crept forward, discovering a small campfire, deserted but still smouldering, in a strip of timber. Careful examination made it certain that this fire must have been kindled by Indian boys, herding ponies during the day, and probably meant that the village was close at hand. The Osage guides and the two white scouts again plucked up the trail, the cavalry advancing slowly some distance behind. Custer, accompanied by Hamlin, rode a yard to the rear and joined the scouts, who were cautiously feeling their way up a slight declivity.

The Osage in advance crept through the snow to the crest of the ridge and looked carefully down into the valley below. Instantly his hand went up in a gesture of caution and he hurriedly made his cautious way back to where Custer sat his horse waiting.

"What is it?—What did you see?" "Heap Indians down there!"

The General swung down from his saddle, motioned the Sergeant to follow, and the two men crept to the crest and looked over. The dim moonlight was confusing, while the shadow of timber rendered everything indistinct. Yet they were able to make out a herd of ponies, distinguished the distant bark of a dog and the tinkle of a bell. Without question this was the Indians' winter camp, and they had reached it undiscovered. Custer glanced at his watch—the hour was past midnight. He pressed Hamlin's sleeve, his lips close to the Sergeant's ear.

"Creep back and bring my officers up here," he whispered. "Have them take off their sabres."

As they crept, one after the other, to where he lay in the snow, the General, whose eyes had become accustomed to the moon-gleam, pointed out the location of the village and such natural surroundings as could be vaguely distinguished. The situation thus outlined in their minds, they drew silently back from the crest, leaving there a single Osage guide on guard, and returned to the waiting regiment, standing to horse less than a mile distant. Custer's orders for immediate attack came swiftly, and Hamlin, acting as his orderly, bore them to the several commands. The entire force was slightly in excess of eight hundred men, and there was



The Scout Was Off Like a Shot.

every probability that the Indians outnumbered them five to one. Scouts had reported to Sheridan that this camp of Black Kettle's was the winter rendezvous not only of the Cheyennes, but also of bands of fighting Arapahoes, Kiowas, Comanches, and even some Apaches, the most daring and desperate warriors of the plains. Yet this was no time to hesitate, to debate; it was a moment for decisive action. The blow must be struck at once, before daylight, with all the power of surprise.

The little body of cavalrymen was divided into four detachments. Two of these were at once marched to the left, striking the village silently in the darkness, and taking up a position at the farther extremity. A third detachment moved to the right and found their way down into the valley, where they lay concealed in a strip of timber. Custer, with the fourth detachment under his own command, remained in position on the trail. The sleeping village was thus completely

surrounded, and the orders were for those in command of the different forces to approach as closely as possible without running risk of discovery, and then to remain absolutely quiet until daybreak. Not a match was to be lighted nor a shot fired until the charge was sounded by the trumpeter who remained with Custer. Then all were to spur forward as one man.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

The Battle With the Indians. Corbin had gone with the detachment circling to the left, and "California Joe" was with the other in the valley, but Hamlin remained with the chief. About them was profound silence, the men standing beside their horses. There was nothing to do but wait, every nerve at high tension. The wintry air grew colder, but the troopers were not allowed to make the slightest noise, not even to swing their arms or stamp their feet. After the last detachment swept silently out into the night, there still remained four hours of daylight. No one knew what had occurred; the various troops had melted away into the dark and disappeared. No word, no sound had come back. They could only wait in faith on their comrades. The men were dismounted, each holding his own horse in instant readiness for action. Not a few, wearied with the day's work, while still clinging to their bridles, wrapped the capes of their overcoats over their heads and threw themselves down in the snow, and fell asleep.

At the first sight of dawn Hamlin was sent down the line to arouse them. Overcoats were taken off and strapped to the saddles, carbines loaded and slung, pistols examined and loosened in their holsters, saddles rechecked, and curb chains carefully looked after. This was the work of but a few moments, the half-trodden soldiers moving with an eagerness that sent the hot blood coursing fiercely through numbed limbs. To the whispered command to mount, running from lip to lip along the line, the men sprang joyously into their saddles, their quickened ears and eager eyes ready for the signal.

Slowly, at a walk, Custer led them forward toward the crest of the hill, where the Osage guide watched through the spectral light of dawn the doomed village beneath. To the uplift of a hand the column halted, and Custer and his bugler went forward. A step behind crouched the Sergeant, grasping the reins of three horses, while a little to the right, beyond the sweep of the coming charge, waited the regimental band.

Peering over the crest, the leader saw through the dim haze, scarcely five hundred yards distant, dotting the north bank of the Washita for more than a quarter of a mile, the Indian village. There was about it scarcely a sign of human life. From the top of two or three of the teepees light wreaths of smoke floated languidly out on the wintry air, and beyond the pony herd was restlessly moving. Even as he gazed, half convinced that the Indians had been warned, the village deserted, the sharp report of a rifle rang out in the distance.

Hamlin saw the General spring upright, his lips uttering the sharp command, "Sound the charge!" Even while the piercing blare of the bugle cut the frosty air, there was a jingle of steel as the troopers behind spurred forward. Almost at the instant the three dismounted men were in saddle. Custer waved his hand at the band, shouted "Play!" and to the rollicking air of "Garry Owen," the eager column of horsemen broke into a mad gallop, and with ringing cheers and mighty rush, swept over the ridge straight down into the startled village. To Hamlin, at Custer's side, reins in his teeth, a revolver in either hand, what followed was scarcely a memory. It remained afterward as a blurred, indistinct picture of action, changing so rapidly as to leave no definite outlines. He heard the answering call of three bugles; the deafening thud of horses' hoofs; the converging cheers of excited troopers; the mingling ring of revolver shots; a sharp order clearing the turmoil; the wild neigh of a stricken horse; the guttural yells of Indians leaping from their teepees into the open. Then he was in the heart of the village, firing with both hands; before him, about him, half-naked savages fighting desperately, striking at him with knives, firing from the shelter of teepees, springing at him with naked hands in a fierce effort to drag him from the saddle. It was all confusion, chaos, a babble of noise, his eyes blinded by glint of steel and glare of fire. The impetus of their rush carried them irresistibly forward; over and through tents they rode, across the bodies of living and dead; men reeled and fell from saddles; riderless horses swept on unguided; revolvers emptied were flung aside, and hands closed hard on sabre hilts. Foot by foot, yard by yard, they drove the wedge of their charge, until they swept through the fringe of teepees, out into the stampeded pony herd.

(TO BE CONTINUED.) The faith that counts is the kind that always counts on results.

WHY GRIP IS DANGEROUS.

It is an Epidemic Catarrhal Fever Caused by a Bacillus that Generally Leaves the Patient Weak After the Acute Stage Has Passed.



Grip Patients Grateful to Peruna, the Expectorant Tonic.

Do not make the error of regarding grip as an exaggerated cold. There is a big difference between the two. Grip is an epidemic disease that poisons the vital organs. When a person has grip, the air passages are alive with millions of bacilli poisoning the blood. The infected person feels tired and exhausted.

Peruna is a Tonic Laxative.

It requires a good tonic laxative to keep the body of the patient as strong as possible to counteract the effect of the poisons created by the grip bacillus. An expectorant tonic with some laxative qualities is the safest remedy. Such is Peruna. Beware especially of coal tar powders or tablets because they lessen the vitality of the patient.

There is no specific for the grip. Peruna has been used with good success in former grip epidemics. Indications point to the return of grip this winter.

Do not fail to read the experience of former grip patients with Peruna.

Mrs. Gentry Gates, 5215 First Ave., East Lake, Ala., writes: "I had a bad case of grip. I tried Peruna and it cured me. I can safely say it is a fine medicine."

Mrs. Charles E. Wells, Sr., 289 South St., Delaware, Ohio, writes: "After a severe attack of a gripe I took Peruna and found it a good tonic."

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Lucky Day Almanac for 1914.

Old One. "Johnny, why did Washington cross the Delaware?" "Aw, why did de chicken cross de street?"

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Deadly Insult. "You and Mr. Puffins don't speak?" "No. He referred to my automobile as antique rolling stock."

An exchange says: "Silver is less valuable than eggs." Perhaps it is but a pocket full of silver causes less uneasiness.

Quiet, But Visible. Maude—"She's such a quiet little person that I'm surprised to hear she's wearing a diaphanous skirt." Edna—"Perhaps she believes in the old saying that little girls should be seen, but not heard."

Prevent Potatoes Sprouting. Before putting away for use on-table, keep potatoes in tub of boiling water for five minutes. Pour water off and lay potatoes on boards, one layer deep, in a dry place. Handle carefully.

Not Many of Them Do. One of the men who take life hard for a statesman is the constituent who imagines that a congressman spends most of his time waiting impatiently for six o'clock so that he can get into his evening clothes.

Wisdom of Silence. "No one can know what's in you if you don't talk. It's a great deal easier to look wise than to talk wisely. When you have plenty to speak for you, why talk?"—"Unpardonable Waters," by Frank Harris.

Strawberry From Chile. A great many people are under the impression that the strawberry is of European origin. As a matter of fact, it is derived from the Chilean berry, which is native to the Pacific coast.

Luke McLuke Says. Luke McLuke says there may be somewhere girls like the ones on the magazine covers. But there ain't no such animals as the woman in the corset ads.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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THE OUTLOOK

EE. B. CHASE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 30, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

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SIX MONTHS, In Advance .75

OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1914

HOW DO YOU LIKE YOUR JOB

"Are you one of those who believes he has the toughest job in the country? We have heard of lots of tough jobs lately. There are people in all kinds of business that feel sorry for themselves at times and are convinced, each for himself, that he has the hardest lot in life. But they are all wrong. Work of any sort is hard for those who don't want to do it, whether it is singing in comic opera or milking a cow. Chopping wood is hard work but just think of the thousands who would give most anything for the strength to do a good job at the woodpile. We always think the other fellow has it easy. In any kind of business the easiest work is the hardest if the workman goes to it with reluctance, and the hardest is the easiest if the performer pitches into it with a pleasurable view.

METAL PRODUCTION

Large gains were made in the production of the precious and semi-precious metals in New Mexico in 1913, according to preliminary estimates by Charles W. Henderson of the United States Geological Survey.

The mine production of gold showed an increase of \$100,000 over the output of \$784,446 in 1912 that of silver, an increase of 100,000 ounces over the production of 1,536,701 ounces in 1912; lead, a decrease of 800,000 pounds from the yield of 5,494,018 pounds in 1912; copper an increase of 20,000,000 pounds over the yield of 34,000,964 pounds in 1912; and zinc (figured as spelter or zinc in zinc oxide,) an increase of 8,000,000 pounds over the output of 13,566,637 pounds over the output of 13,566,637 pounds in 1912. Despite lower average yearly prices for copper and zinc, the total value of the output was \$11,620,000, an increase for 1913 of over \$3,000,000.

USE THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

P. P. Claxton, commissioner of the United States bureau of education, comes out clearly for use of the school plant the year around, declaring the use of it only nine months in the year is "preposterous." During the summer months we would teach vocational work. The idea is good. The pupils should be taught vocations, and paid for their work. Under right management they would bring in enough to pay all expenses. And this would solve the great problem of what to do with the millions of boys and girls who can find nothing to do during the summer months. And the schools should be open evenings also, as social centers, where educational lectures and even lessons for adults are given. Let us use the public school plant and we can soon enlarge it to where it will be of tremendous service to the whole people.—Ex.

LOWER COURT REVERSED

(From Santa Fe New Mexican)

In the supreme court in the case of the State of New Mexico vs. Lillie C. Klanser, from Lincoln county was decided. Mrs. Klanser, who is a Lincoln county pioneer and who has been engaged in civil litigation for years over lands, had been sentenced on the charge of stealing cattle, but the supreme court reverses the lower court. She had been convicted upon the second count of an indictment charging her with larceny of nineteen head of calves "of the goods, chattels and property of owners to the grand jurors unknown." The syllabus says:

"1. A count of an indictment charging that defendant at the time and place named, nineteen head of calves, of the goods, chattels and property of owners to the grand jury unknown, then and there being found, did then and there unlawfully etc., steal, take etc., is not had for duplicity as it prima facie discloses that the larceny occupied at the same time and place, and constituted but a single transaction.

"2. Where, upon the trial, witnesses testify that certain known parties owned the alleged stolen animals, and the indictment charges that the owners of the animals are unknown to the grand jury, it is incumbent upon the state to prove that the names of the owners were unknown to the grand jury and could not, by reasonable diligence, have been ascertained."

DOES GOOD BUSINESS IN N. M.

The El Paso & Southwestern Railroad system, even though it is not a transcontinental line, has been doing a very profitable business in New Mexico, as is apparent from the figures just compiled by the state corporation commission. Next to the Santa Fe it has the greatest mileage in New Mexico, a total of 694,55 miles. Yard and track sidings make 124 miles of additional track. The freight revenue last year amounted to \$5,174,850.51. The passenger revenue was \$1,800,673.06, making a total income of \$6,243,739.39. The operating expenses for the same period were only a little more than one half of that amount, or a total of \$3,397,859.52. The taxes paid in New Mexico exceeded one-fourth of a million dollars or a total of \$250,012.19. The passengers carried were 201,539, or 26,292,979 carried one mile. The freight carried was 2,779,012 tons, or 689,240,222 tons for one mile.

CAN YOU SQUARE IT?

Here is an easy way of squaring fractions ending in one-half. For instance, the square of 6 1-2 is desired. Multiply 6 by 7 and add 1-4. Result: 42 1-4. Or, if one wishes the square of 9 1-2, multiply 9 by 10 and add 1-4, giving 90 1-4. In decimals, it is the same. Multiply 35 by itself and you get 1225, the 25 or 1-4 of 100 being added instead of the fraction 1-4.

Again, if it is desired to multiply two numbers ending in one-half and there is only one unit of difference between them, as 7 1-2 times 8 1-2, multiply as follows: Take the higher number, square it and deduct 1-4. Eight times eight equals 64, less 1-4, product 63 3-4. Or in decimals: 75 times 85 gives 6375 as the product.

In schools these simple methods could be taught and the pupils would never fail to use them thereafter.



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No. 4—East Bound
Arrives 7.05 P. M. Departs 7.10 P. M.
No. 7—West Bound
Arrives 2.15 P. M. Departs 2.40 P. M.
No. 8—East Bound
Arrives 12.18 P. M. Departs 12.40 P. M.
No. 32—Capitan
Departs 6 A. M. Tuesdays and Fridays.
No. 31—Capitan
arrives 11.20 A. M.

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LINCOLN COUNTY NOTES

ANCHO NOTES

(Too late for last week)

Mrs. Deel and Mrs. Coomes made a trip to Carrizozo last Friday. Whit Thompson went to Carrizozo Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Sam Wood returned home from Carrizozo last week. Comrey Bros. made a trip to Carrizozo in their Ford. Andy Anderson and Charley Martin have gone to Tularosa. Mr. Deel made a trip to Jicarilla Monday. Miss Annie Frambrough visited the Misses Straley Saturday and Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Frambrough returned home from El Paso last Friday.

Mrs. Maxwell and Miss Alma Warden are visiting their brother, R. E. P. Warden.

Miss Gladys Harvey has gone to El Paso where she will visit friends for a week. From there she will go to Las Cruces to enter school.

The Industrial club held its regular meeting Friday, February 6. After the meeting the club was very pleasantly entertained by Misses Myrtle Straley, Alma Hightower and Thelma Thompson.

At the dance given last Saturday evening about one hundred and fifty people were present. It was one of the most successful dances ever held in Ancho. Refreshments were served.

OSCURO OBSERVINGS

(Too late for last week)

Mrs. F. L. Howland of Chicago will spend a few months here.

Owen Kees and Mrs. Ida Roberts were married this week in El Paso. Andrew Purcella has returned to Carrizozo.

E. G. Raffety has gone to Chicago on a few days' business trip.

Dr. Guido Ranniger reports his fruit trees as doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kendry and daughters have located here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Crews expect their daughter to arrive here this week from Chicago.

Messrs. Jones and Black have repaired the bridge north of town on the Carrizozo-Oscuro road.

Will Bourne and Mrs. Pearl Cravens slipped quietly away to the county seat and were married Tuesday of last week, much to the surprise of their friends.

PARSONS PICKINGS

(Too late for last week)

Luther Jennings took a load of cabbage to Carrizozo Monday.

Buck Jennings is gathering up cattle that have strayed from the home range over into the Three Rivers country.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Grissel who have been visiting the family of J. M. Rice for the past two weeks have returned to their home in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

NOGAL NOTES

(Too late for last week)

The youngest child of Joe Cockran has been quite sick with fever. The infant son of Harry Henley has been quite sick, but is now improving.

L. R. Huat, we understand, has bought the Dillard farm in the canyon.

Mrs. Mattie Latham has sold her place north of Nogal to Tom Whitaker who will move here shortly.

FORT STANTON NOTES

The new dentist has arrived and can be found at his dental parlors in the rear of No. 11.

Mrs. Coleman and son, William, visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Able Saturday and Sunday.

Next Sunday being George Washington's birthday, special patriotic exercises will be held in the Library hall in the evening.

Dr. M. F. Sloan left for Baltimore last Sunday, going by auto to Carrizozo where he took the train for El Paso. He will visit with his relatives at San Antonio, Texas, for a few days, then to New Orleans for the "Mardi Gras," arriving at Baltimore about March 1st.

SOCIAL DANCING SCHOOL

Social Dancing School at Bank hall, Carrizozo, every Wednesday night, lessons from 8 to 9 o'clock, social dance from 9 to 12. Admission; Ladies free, gentlemen \$1.00. Children under 12 years not allowed on the floor. Children's class Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Private lessons by appointment.

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STRAYED or STOLEN:—From a pasture near Oscuro, N. M., about the 17th of November, one dark sorrel horse, weight 850 or 900, branded 4 on left thigh, white spot in forehead, and a small hole through left nostril. This horse was raised by Bert Shipp, on the Block Range, and if strayed probably went that way, but I think he was stolen. \$5.00 reward will be paid any person furnishing information leading to the recovery of this horse.—W. J. McCallum, Oscuro, N. M.

ROSWELL-CARRIZOZO MAIL LINE

Daily Passenger service leaving Roswell and Carrizozo at 8:00 a. m. West Bound East Bound

Arrive	Arrive
Roswell 4:45 p. m.	Roswell 4:45 p. m.
11:00 a. m. Picochito 1:40 p. m.	11:30 a. m. Tinnie 1:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Hondo 12:50 p. m.	11:55 a. m. Hondo 12:50 p. m.
1:00 p. m. Lincoln 11:30 a. m.	2:00 a. m. Ft. Stanton 10:30 a. m.
2:35 p. m. Capitan 10:00 a. m.	3:35 p. m. Nogal 9:00 a. m.
4:45 p. m. Carrizozo	

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BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDY ON GOD BURIED MOSES, HIS SERV- ANT.

Deuteronomy 34:1-12—Nov. 16.
"Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His saints."—Psalm 116:15.

MOSES is one of the grand characters of history. His nobility looms up as a great patriot, general, judge and ruler of his people; and still grander does he appear in his relationship toward God. He was the personification of obedience and loyalty as a servant of Jehovah. In this he typifies Messiah. As we read, "A Prophet shall the Lord your God raise up unto you from amongst your brethren like unto me"—I am a diminutive picture of that great Teacher, Leader and King whom Jehovah has appointed to be the real Deliverer of Israel and the world from the bondage of Satan, sin and death.



Moses Smote It the Second Time.

Any one can see that great faith in God was necessary for the position occupied by Moses. But comparatively few can see the real depths of Moses' character; for only a few realize the Divine call to Israel and Moses' work as their mediator.

Moses, the Servant of God.

We cannot help feeling sympathetic toward this grand servant of God—"the meekest man in all the earth." After so many years of patience, toil, suffering and loyalty to God, in an unguarded moment, Israel's great mediator failed in meekness and loyalty. Directed by the Lord to speak to the rock, which on a previous occasion he had smitten, Moses petulantly smote it the second time.

The rock whence came the life-giving stream represented the Rock of Ages—Messiah, who was to be smitten once more. Compare Hebrews 6:4-6.

The fact that Moses was used as a type of the Second Death class in no sense implies that he experienced the Second Death or cut himself off from Divine favor. The punishment he received merely helped to complete the typical picture—he might not enter Canaan.

Canaan Viewed From Mt. Pisgah.

Pisgah is one of the peaks of Mt. Nebo. From it Moses got a view of the Promised Land, toward which his eye of faith had looked for eighty years and toward which he had laboriously guided Israel for forty years. This grand old servant of God, fully resigned to the Divine arrangement, was put to sleep by the Lord whom he served.

Moses' sepulchre was hidden—doubtless to prevent anything of the spirit of idolatry. St. Jude declares that Satan strove for possession of Moses' body, doubtless with a view to using it in some idolatrous way.

Moses Died and Was Buried.

We are not to overlook the fact that Moses died, and will not live again until the Divinely appointed time when, under Messiah's Kingdom, he will be resurrected. Meantime he has slept with his fathers, as the Bible generally records of all who died.

The account of the transfiguration of our Lord and the appearance of Moses and Elias with Him in that vision need not be made to contradict the statement that Moses died and that the only hope for any one is by a resurrection from the dead. (1 Corinthians 15:12,14.) We have Jesus' own word for it that neither Moses nor Elijah went to Heaven. He declared, "No man hath ascended up to Heaven."—John 3:13.

Jesus explained that what the disciples saw was a vision. "Tell the vision to no man." (Matthew 17:9.) Just so the trumpets, beasts, etc., of Revelation are not realities, but visions. St. Peter, who witnessed the vision, declares that it was a representation of Messiah's Kingdom. (2 Peter 1:16-18.) Moses represented one class and Elijah another, as participators with Jesus in His Messianic glory.

God's Promise to Abraham.

At the foundation of all God's dealings with both Natural and Spiritual Israel lies His great, oath-bound Promise to Abraham—"In thy Seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed." This was the first clear statement of God's purpose to remove the curse of death. From the very beginning He had premeditated sending the Lamb of God to redeem the world and to bring in a blessing instead of the curse. But the long...



Moses Struck the Rock.

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Complete line of Building Material, Paints, Varnishes, Cal-O-Tint, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil

AUUST LANTZ GENERAL BLACKSMITH

WOOD and IRON WORK IRON FORGING
FULL LINE OF EQUIPMENT
Wagon and Carriage Repairs Horse Shoeing

GIVE US A TRIAL

NEAR HUMPHREYS' FEED YARD

CARRIZOZO,

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THE CARRIOZO BAR

XXX Port Wine 50 cents Quart
XXX Blackberry 50 cents Quart
Old Kingdom Blend Six years
Old 4.00 Per Gallon
All Bottled in Bond Whiskies
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STOCKMENS STATE BANK

CORONA, NEW MEXICO

This new and active bank is equipped to serve its patrons promptly, in any capacity consistent with conservative banking where the services of a strong bank are required

CARRIZOZO DRAY

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General Transfer and Drayage business. Freight Baggage, and Express delivered to all parts of the city.

HEADQUARTERS AT KELLEY & SONS

Prompt Service

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HUMPHREY BROTHERS

Wholesale and Retail

Hay, Grain, Flour and Feed

WOOD AND WHITE OAKS COAL

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Billiard and Pool Parlor in connection.

The Capitan Bar

CHOICE LIQUORS,
BRANDIES & WINES

Capitan, N. M.

FRANK GRAY

ERVIN GRAY

STAG SALOON

GRAY BROS., Props.

Fine Wines, Pure Whiskies, Choice Cigars.
Pool Room in Connection.

Your Patronage Solicited

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE

BIBLE STUDY ON
HOW ISRAEL CROSSED JORDAN.

Joshua 3:7-17—Nov. 30.

"Fear thou not; for I am with thee."—Isaiah 41:10.

UNDER Divine direction the hosts of Israel removed to the Jordan River three days in advance of the time appointed for the crossing. The Jordan, as usual at this season, was overflowing its banks. Ordinarily about ninety feet wide, it is supposed to have been about five hundred feet wide at this time.

The Canaanites in general, and Jericho in particular, although expecting an invasion, would not expect it when the river was impassible and bridges little known. The Israelites, too, must have had various opportunities for exercising faith or doubt in respect to crossing. The fact that nothing is said respecting doubts, fears or murmurings implies that their wilderness experiences had taught them valuable lessons of faith in God and trust in Divine appointments.

The crossing day came. Joshua, by Divine instruction, directed the priests to bear the Ark of the Covenant and to go before the people. As their feet touched the water, it began to recede and they to advance, until finally they stood in the middle of the river bed, still bearing the Ark, representing the Divine promise under which they had left Egypt and were hoping for grand results.

The hosts of Israel, lining the banks of the Jordan for miles, crossed over from Moab to Canaan. Twelve large stones, representing the twelve tribes, were taken from the river bed and piled on the shore as a monument of God's aid, while twelve stones from the shore were placed in the river as a similar memorial. Finally the priests followed the people to the Canaan shore. Shortly thereafter the waters began to return to the river bed.

How the Miracle Was Done.

The fact that we may know with considerable certainty just how this miracle was performed should not in the least detract from its value. With God nothing is a miracle, since He is able to accomplish His will in every respect. Many things are miraculously simply because we do not understand the Divine processes. The growth of even a blade of grass is something wholly beyond our power, and in a general way beyond our comprehension as a process.

The account tells plainly enough that the heaping up of the waters was in the direction of Adam. This place has been located with considerable certainty by Prof. Wright as seventeen miles above Jericho, on the Jordan. There the waters became in a heap, or lake, the Professor assures us, by reason of a landslide which choked the narrow passage in the river, where there were steep banks.

The character of the soil in that vicinity would be favorable to the blocking of the narrow channel of the Jordan there by the slipping of the hillsides. Indeed, history tells that a similar slide took place in that vicinity in A. D. 1267, damming up the Jordan for several hours and leaving the river bed below quite dry, the waters draining off to the Dead Sea.

Prof. Wright says, "So striking is this conformity of facts to conditions indicated in the Biblical account that geologists can find but little difficulty in believing the written record. At the same time the written record is so precise itself and free from fantastic elements that the literary critic cannot well consider it anything but the unvarnished tale of an eye-witness."

The marvel of the story is that the Divine marching orders were so timed as to suit the circumstances and conditions exactly.

Entering into Canaan Rest.

St. Paul, in Hebrews 4:5-8, gives us the suggestion that Israel's entrance

into Canaan under Joshua's leadership typified the Church's entrance into the rest of faith and special privilege under the leadership of the antitypical Joshua—Jesus.

The Israelites had rest from their wilderness journeyings. It was a wonderful

change for them, yet it was not the full realization of all that God had promised them. That condition will be attained only in Eden itself, as the result of Messiah's glorious Restitution work.



Private Going Before the People.

H. ORME JOHNSON

BUICK AGENTS

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Johnson Bros. Garage

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MACHINE WORK

Supplies and Repairs Tires and Tubes Repaired and Vulcanized
Headquarters for Roswell Automobile Mail Line

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CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

THE EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

We wish to announce to the public that our fire-proof vault is now equipped with an up-to-date set of Safe Deposit Boxes.

ARE YOUR VALUABLE PAPERS PROTECTED AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE OR THEFT?

If such is not the case, call and have us explain to you how you can have your own safe in our vault at a very small yearly cost.



FINEST
Meat

IT MAY SEEM A LITTLE

Primitive and old-fashioned ed not to use these new-fangled preservatives to make people think they are getting Fresh Meat when they are not, but we believe it is better for the health to be old-fashioned and give our customers just what they pay for.

Carrizozo Meat Market

A. C. WINGFIELD, PROP.

Carrizozo,

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Best Accommodations for
All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the
Best the Market Affords

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Blacksmithing and Hardware

Tinware, Oils, Glass, Harness and Ammunition

We carry in stock a full line of Cooking and Heating stoves which we are selling at low prices.

Agents for Sampson Windmills and Gasoline Engines. Pumps of all kinds. Wire Fencing.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED

PHONE NO. 9.

I buy Cow Hides, Sheep and Goat Pelts. Do a general mercantile business, and run a first class Store and Hotel. Come to see me.

JOHN H. BOYD

OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

OPPORTUNITIES IN FOREST PLANTING FOR FARMERS

By ALLEN S. PECK



FORESTRY is but one of the forms of crop production included under agriculture. The woodlot is an integral part of the farm and an essential factor in its success. Forest planting is that part of forestry which seeks to restock and perpetuate desirable timber and to establish new forests on treeless areas.

The lands which offer opportunities for planting may be classified into (1) cut-over burned lands, not fitted for agriculture, which are not restocking naturally with commercially valuable species; (2) forest lands originally cleared for agriculture which have since proven unsuitable for this purpose; and (3) farm woodlots. The abandoned farms of southern New England are striking examples of the second class, as are also the lands in

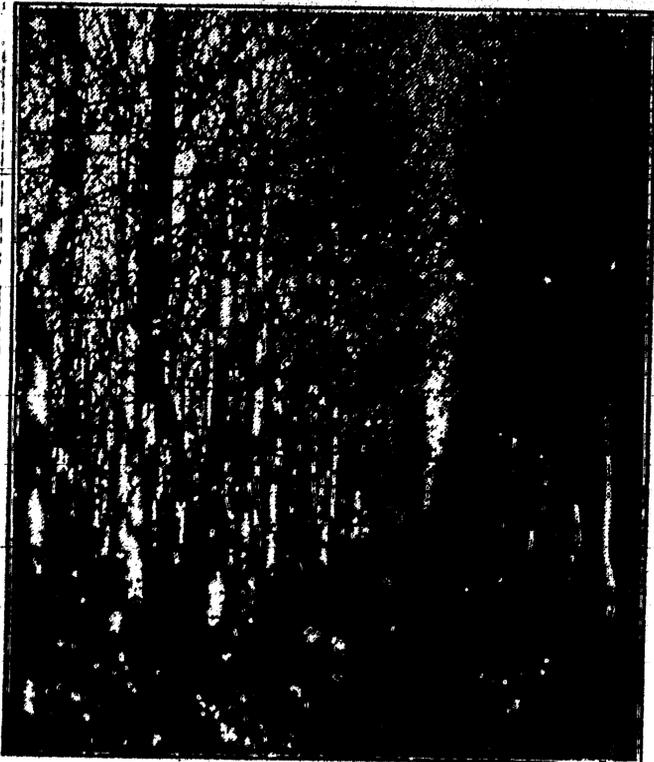
for this purpose are the white pine, the Scotch and Austrian pines, and the Norway spruce.

Except for the early planting in New England, the farmers of Ohio and Indiana have been the first to recognize the value and importance of forest planting. In these two states and generally throughout the central valley district, the practice has been to plant rapid-growing kinds. For example, in West Virginia and southwestern Pennsylvania, walnut, locust, sugar maple, red oak, chestnut, and catalpa, have been planted for posts, mine props and timber; in Ohio, black locust and catalpa for posts; in Indiana, black locust, catalpa, and walnut; in Kentucky, black locust, catalpa, tulip, poplar, maple, and walnut principally for mining timbers and posts; in Tennessee, locust, maple and cedar; in Missouri, catalpa, locust, walnut, osage orange, cottonwood; in Arkansas, locust and walnut.

In the central section forest planting has been a part of the progress in agriculture and therefore has been quite extensive in the region of best agricultural development. Nebraska and Kansas lead in the acreage of plantations. About 840,000 acres have been planted within the central region. Shelterbelts are increasing in the newer farming districts of the Dakotas and Oklahoma, and much interest is being shown in forest planting throughout the central section of the United States.

In the western region and the Pacific coast states much of the forest land is within National Forests, and forest planting on these lands is chiefly a federal problem. But there are abundant opportunities for private planting in the valleys of southern California and on irrigated lands throughout the region.

It is absolutely essential that the people of each state and particularly farm owners, should realize the immense importance of individual effort in providing for a future timber supply. The quantity of land that can be restored to value through forest planting by the federal government or by the states is in the aggregate small and comparatively insignificant as compared to the great area that must



Plantation of Hardy Catalpa, Reno County, Kansas.

where they are needed for protective or other purposes. Forest planting should not be confused with tree planting or arboriculture, for these terms cover only the planting and care of

the southern Appalachians, once cleared for farming but now ruined by erosion.

The area of plantation already made in the eastern region is nearly 93,000 acres, and 85,000 acres of this are about equally divided between the northern tier of states and the central hardwood region.

Forest planting requires a considerable initial investment, and the cost is relatively higher than that required to start any other form of forest work. Therefore protection of the investment is of the utmost importance, and fire is the source of loss most to be guarded against. Other things that must be taken into consideration are cheap land, a good market, a minimum initial cost, and a low rate of taxation.

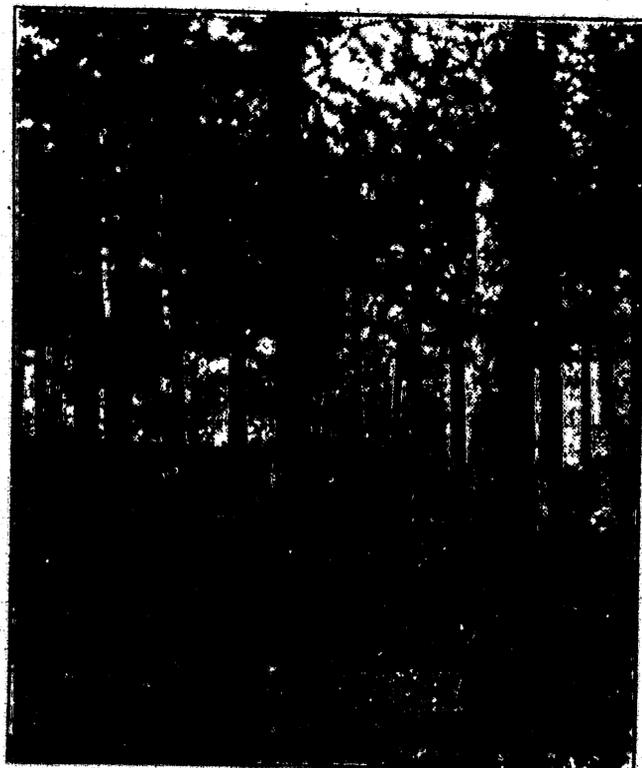
In the Lake States, which have a southern hardwood forest and a northern coniferous forest, forest planting is rapidly increasing. The principal species which have been planted are white pine, Scotch pine, Norway pine, European larch, and, to some extent, the more rapid growing hardwoods, such as locust, catalpa, black walnut, cottonwood, ash and elm. As in the east, woodlots are deteriorating and require interplanting. Excellent trees



A 27-Year-Old European Larch Plantation, Dundee County, Ill.

are sought chiefly for ornamental purposes, while forest planting indicates the planting of trees in stands of considerable size, in which forest conditions are sought.

In the farming districts of the east, where almost every farmer has preserved a small bit of the original forest, which he calls his woodlot, there is very general lack of appreciation of the necessity for utilizing these woodlots to the best advantage, and of the methods by which this may be accomplished. Much may be done by management, which consists largely in careful cutting that will keep the forest cover intact, and in removing dead, any dying and inferior trees. Planting, however, is very generally needed in order to hasten the restocking of woodlots with valuable species. One of the fundamental principles of forestry is that the trees in a stand must be sufficiently close together to be mutually helpful; that is, that their crowns must form a continuous cover to shade the ground and the tree trunks, in order that side branches may be self-pruned and the trees be forced into straight upward growth. Where there are open spaces they should be planted, and where it is desirable to cut a portion of a woodlot clean much time can be saved by planting instead of waiting for natural reproduction. On many farms the tract now occupied by the woodlot would be more valuable for crops, while on the same farm there may be an irregular plot of land or a piece of worn-out or rocky land upon which it would be wise to plant trees. Planting is also valuable to check erosion, or soil washing.



Red Pine Plantation, 33 Years Old, Rhode Island.

KAFFIR CORN FOR DRY LAND

Crop Finds Its Greatest Use on Farms Where Grown When Fed to Horses, Hogs and All Stock.

Though more or less of a novelty in the east, Kaffir corn is coming to be the staple crop in the middle west, where the seasons are long enough to mature it, says the Farm and Fireside. From July 1, 1912, to March 1, 1913, 331 cars of Kaffir corn were inspected in Chicago. Most of this was used for making poultry food, the three largest manufacturers using an average of about 20,000,000 pounds a month. This year the yield is so much greater that the poultry manufacturing trade cannot use the entire crop, and concerns making various mixed feeds will become users of it.

Kansas and Oklahoma are the principal Kaffir growing states, but Texas comes in for some recognition, as do also parts of New Mexico and Colorado. It is probable that with further selection of the present varieties Kaffir can be profitably grown both farther north and east. The black-hulled white and the dwarf black-hulled are the principal varieties.

Kaffir finds its greatest use on the farm where grown when it is fed to the horses and hogs in the head or, if threshed and ground, to all stock. With the use of combination grinders Kaffir can be ground in the head, and thus fed without threshing. In any case it has to be balanced with a protein feed, like cottonseed, to give the best results. In some cases Kaffir has been hogged down with good results, but milo, its slide partner, is better for this purpose.

Kaffir is the one crop that the farmer in the drier parts of the west can plant and be assured that he can use whether it matures or not. It may be cut for forage after frost and still be good feed, and if it does not seed the fodder is still good. We have known farmers to plant Kaffir for fodder where they had no hope of getting seed, and they felt they had the best feed they could possibly grow. Many farmers prefer Kaffir fodder to alfalfa for horses and cows. We have known horses to do their spring and summer work on Kaffir fodder and come through in fairly good condition.

DRY FARM FAILURE CAUSES

Probably as Many Farmers Fail Because of Too Little Capital as From Any Other Source.

(By ALVIN KEYSER, Colorado Agricultural College.)

Failures occur in the best humid or irrigated country. Under nonirrigated farming, there will be years when the best methods, on the best soils, will not be entirely successful. Probably as many fail, because of too little capital, as from any other source. Too little capital prevents work being done as it should be, when it should be. It prevents saving the big crop against the year of small crop.

The settler must have domestic water. His first consideration is therefore, a good well. If he cannot obtain a good well, or if usable water for stock and household cannot be obtained within reasonable hauling distance, failure is certain, no matter how favorable the soil.

However, not every person is adapted to this class of farming. Success depends as much on the adaptability of the man and his family to the environment, as to any other factor. Health and endurance are absolutely necessary. They must be able to live alone and find their own amusement, for the most part the settlements are far apart. The man who must be amused, who cannot endure his own company for long periods, has failed before his time. Mist and incompetence will fail anywhere under the most favorable conditions, they cannot exist under the regular conditions that sometimes prevail in the best land, and must be overcome in order to win success.

Conserve Moisture.
Berries draw heavily upon soil moisture in the maturing of a crop of fruit, and every effort which the grower can make, in dry years, to conserve the moisture supply will mean a better crop of berries. Mulching the strawberry field with straw not only protects the berries from being splattered with soil when it rains, but protects the surface from evaporation when the weather is dry. Blackberry and raspberry fields need frequent cultivation in dry weather to conserve the moisture.

Good Natured Bull.
To keep a bull good natured he should be raised with the other stock, allowed to run in a paddock where he can see the rest of the herd. Treated thus he will seldom become cross.

Care for Valuable Stock.
Unless you are willing to give time and attention to valuable stock don't be too anxious to acquire such. Remember, however, that any animal must have rational treatment to give good results.

1st

First in Everything

First in Quality
First in Results
First in Purity
First in Economy

and for these reasons
Calumet Baking Powder is first in the hearts of the millions of housewives who use it and know it.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition,
Chicago, 1904.
Paris Exposition, France, 1905.
1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or inferior baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical. It's more reliable. It's more pure. Calumet is far superior to your milk and soda.

Willing to Learn.
Pauline motored to the station to meet her dearest friend, who was coming down for a week-end.
"Oh, Belle," cried Pauline enthusiastically, "do you know, Mr. Barnum, the young millionaire, is going to teach me to swim."
"To swim!" exclaimed the guest, wondering. "Why, Pauline, I thought you had been taught already."
"Yes, so I have dear," said Pauline, "but not by him."

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK
Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely. A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sour, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested-food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again. Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Extravagant Diet.
"My, but that woman's got money to throw away!"
"How do you know?"
"Didn't you just hear her order a soft-boiled egg?"

Makes the husband happy—that's Red Cross Bar Blue. Makes beautiful, clean white clothes. All good grocers, Adv.

Their Object.
"What is the idea of these repeated farwell tours of stars?"
"Why, to fare well, of course."

Some men would never water their lawns if all seeds were grass.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or excretions of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath. Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless. Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

AS GREEK UNDERSTANDS IT

Student's Rendering of Shakespearean Phrase Somewhat Literal, But He Had the Idea.

A young Greek merchant of Washington, who has been taking lessons in English from a private tutor, has so far advanced that his teacher recently introduced him to the beauties—and perplexities—of Shakespeare. He was instructed to read a passage several times until he had the ideas firmly fixed in his mind and then, closing the book, to put these ideas into his own English, following as closely as his memory permitted the author's text.

He had read over a soliloquy of Othello's several times and was reproducing the Moor's somber thoughts with pretty fair approximation to the poet's words, but when he reached the last line: "Farewell, Othello's occupation's gone!" he stopped short, utterly at a loss. The original phrasing had quite escaped him. However, he had grasped the idea, for after a few seconds of frowning perplexity his brow cleared.

"Ah, I haf eet!" he exclaimed. "Eet es this: 'So long! Othello's lost hees job!'"—New York Evening Post.

Papal Swiss Guard to Remain. The Swiss guard of the Vatican is to be given new lease of life, for, although some time ago it was practically decided to disband the corps and to replace it by a guard of Italians, it now appears that it is to be retained, while a number of new recruits have actually been won for it.

Subragettes will march seven times around the White House. Hope it's better built than Jericho was.

SELF DELUSION, Many People Deceived by Coffee.

We like to defend our indulgences and habits even though we may be convinced of their actual harmfulness. A man can convince himself that whiskey is good for him on a cold morning, or beer on a hot summer day—when he wants the whiskey or beer. It's the same with coffee. Thousands of people suffer headache and nervousness year after year but try to persuade themselves the cause is not coffee—because they like coffee. "While yet a child I commenced using coffee and continued it," writes a Wis. man, "until I was a regular coffee fiend. I drank it every morning and in consequence had a blinding headache nearly every afternoon. My folks thought it was coffee that ailed me, but I liked it and would not admit it was the cause of my trouble, so I stuck to coffee and the headaches stuck to me."

Finally, the folks stopped buying coffee and brought home some Postum. They made it right (directions on pkg.) and told me to see what difference it would make with my head, and during that first week on Postum my old affliction did not bother me once. From that day to this we have used nothing but Postum in place of coffee—headaches are a thing of the past and the whole family is in fine health."

Postum looks good, smells good, tastes good, is good, and does good to the whole body."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. Instant Postum—Is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds. "There's a Reason" for Postum.



THE MODERN MAID.

It was getting late at night when the servant girl returned from the shops with various domestic purchases. As she explained the transaction to her mistress she cried out suddenly: "There! If I haven't forgotten the 'am an' eggs for breakfast." "That's a pity," observed the mistress, but added, with kindly philosophy; "Never mind. The shops will all be shut now. We shall have to manage in the morning with bread and butter and marmalade." The girl stared. "And what shall I have?" she inquired. "Well, Ellen, I suppose you'll have the same as we do," replied the mistress.

"Yes, Mrs. X," responded Ellen, with some severity; "but let me tell you I can't do my work unless I'm properly fed."—Manchester Guardian.

TRUST AND MONOPOLY.



Tom—She tells me she has a perfect trust in you. Dick—Well, she has a perfect monopoly of me.

Breaking It Gently. "I hev come to tell yer, Mrs. Malone, that yer husband met with an accident."

"An' what is it now?" wailed Mrs. Malone. "He was overcome by the heat, mum."

"Overcome by the heat, was he? An' how did it happen?" "He fell into the furnace over at the foundry, mum."—Independent.

Voices of the Night. "Maria, there isn't half enough cover on this bed!"

"John, I suppose you've left our best umbrella at the office, as usual."

"I wish somebody would kill that infernal cat!"

"Henry! Henry! Wake up! There's a ring at the telephone!"

"There! I forgot to put out a 'No Milk This Morning' card!"

Domestic Amenities. "I was a fool over to marry you!" sobbed Mrs. Winks.

"Now, my dear," said Winks nobly. "I cannot permit you to take the blame for that. It was I who was the fool for ever asking you. The mistake was not yours, but mine."—Harper's Weekly.

HARD ON HIM.



"We want you to make a speech at the banquet. Just talk a lot of nonsense, you know."

"Oh, no; really, I couldn't." "Yes, you can. I don't know any fellow better qualified to do it than yourself."

Just the Opposite. Lewis Cass Ledyard was talking in New York about a muckraker of a new type.

"I've never heard any good of him," he said. "Even when I've thought I heard a word in his favor, it has always proved the opposite when traced to its source."

"It's like the case of the office boy whose master said: 'Willie is slow and sure.' 'Slow and sure, eh?' 'Yes, slow to learn, sure to forget.'"

Truly Graphic. There was a change of curates in the parish, and shortly after one of the prominent men of the congregation asked his chauffeur:

"How do you like the new curate, Barney?"

"Middlin'," replied Barney, "but he can't come up to the old one. 'Twas himself could tell 'e all about hell. Shure, to hear him describin' it, you'd think he was bred, born and reared there."—Harper's Magazine.

Tragedies Told in Headlines. "Motorcycle for Sale at Half Price; Used Only Once."

"He Catches Her Smoking a Cigarette; Engagement Broken Off."

"Figures Up His Insurance Premiums; Has Paid Out More Than Face of His Policy."

"Builds First Fire in Old Mansion Since 1861. Destroys a Hundred Families of Chimney Swallows."

"Tries to Cure Wart by Mail; It Turns Into a Wen."

And Proud of It. Mrs. Maloney was before the judge, charged with assault on Policeman Casey. She had been unusually attentive throughout the proceedings, and now the judge was summing up the evidence.

"The evidence shows, Mrs. Maloney," he began, "that you threw a stone at Policeman Casey."

"It shows more than that, yer honor," interrupted Mrs. Maloney, "it shows that I hit him."

HIS SCHEME.



The Reformer—Money is the cause of a great deal of corruption. The Politician—Yes; it's a pity we can't all be millionaires and be beyond the reach of temptation.

Slightly Obtuse. "It is astonishing how much information a man can pick up while loafing in a hotel lobby."

"Yes, indeed, but there is one particular bit of knowledge that the average hotel loafer never seems to acquire."

"And what is that?" "The fact that his room is more desirable to the management than his company."

Bibleless, Not Bibulous. A Massachusetts minister was making his first visit to Kentucky several years ago. He had to spend the night in a small mountain town when feuds and moonshine stills abounded. Engaging in conversation with one of the natives, he said:

"My friend, this is a very bibulous state, I hear."

"Lord!" replied the man; "there isn't 75 Bibles in all Kentucky."—Exchange.

An Exception. "I have no use for people who do you favors and then expect something in return."

"Oh, I wouldn't blame anybody who sent me something good to eat or drink on a silver platter for expecting the return of the platter."

Life in New Jersey. Brown—Well, as I was saying, I'll try to get down to see you—swat—got him that time—next Saturday.

Jones—Do—swat—hold on! Let me belt that other one on your ear—swat—and bring Mrs. Brown and the children.—Puck.

EVEN IN PRESENCE OF DEATH

Feminine Curiosity as to Another Woman's Wearing Apparel Had to Be Satisfied.

"Over death itself fashion rules supreme," said the woman. "I went to a funeral last week in Riverdale. I wore a new coat. I was not exactly one of the mourners, but somehow I got mixed up with the relatives and walked pretty well up toward the head of the procession. A cousin of the deceased walked just behind me. On the way into the church she leaned forward and whispered: 'Where did you get that coat?'"

"I turned my head half way and told her."

"How much did you pay for it?" she asked.

"Forty-five dollars," said I.

"I thought it cost more than that," said she.

"Then we walked on as if nothing had happened. That is what I call discussing the fashions under difficulties."

DISFIGURED WITH PIMPLES

Whitewater, Colo.—"Eczema broke out all over my little grandson's face and body. It just looked as though blood poison would set up at times when he would scratch himself so much. The eczema broke out in pimples and would run a watery corruption and wherever the water touched the flesh, another pimple would form, until the pimples would form a sore. His clothing irritated his body and he lost his rest at night. The disease was so irritating and would itch so that I have seen him in such an irritating condition that he would cry and scratch himself until the blood would run. He was very much disfigured as the skin would be torn from his cheeks from the scratching."

"I tried all the simple remedies that I knew of to stop the pain and burning, but they did not cure him. This went on until January, 1912, when I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which proved a complete cure in a short time." (Signed) Mrs. Laura Stephens, Nov. 19, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Worse Yet. "He's a frightful bore, your baron. Here he's been buzzing the whole evening long about Kant and Schopenhauer."

"You have my sympathy. For my part I detest philosophical discussions."

"Philosophical discussions, indeed! Kant and Schopenhauer are the names of the baron's two horses."—New York Evening Post.

Stop that cough, the source of Pneumonia, etc. Prompt use of Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops gives relief—5c at Drugists.

Paw Knows Everything. Willie—Paw, what is the greatest common divisor?

Paw—Divorce, my son.

Don't be misled. Ask for Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful white clothes. At all good grocers. Adv.

Do not borrow trouble, unless by so doing you can relieve some sufferer of the burden.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH LIVER

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now. Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated, waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

A Bitter Experience. "Do you believe in telepathy, Mr. Plumby?"

"No, Miss Gadders. I have discovered that no matter how many thought waves a fellow sends a young woman, unless he happens to own an automobile they are shattered on the cold shoulder of indifference."

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp!

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

If a man is a bore he's always the last to discover it.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

relieves rheumatism quickly. It stimulates the circulation—instantly relieves stiffness and soreness of muscles and joints. Don't rub—it penetrates.

Rheumatism Never Returned

"I am a traveling man and about one year ago I was laid up with rheumatism and could not walk. A friend recommended Sloan's Liniment and the morning after I used it my knee felt all O.K. and it has never bothered me since. I always keep my liniment in the house and carry it with me on the road."—Mr. Thomas S. Barker, West Philadelphia, Pa.

Rheumatism Neuralgia

Stiffness Vanished

"I suffered with an awful stiffness in my legs. That night I gave my legs a good rubbing with Sloan's Liniment and believe me, next morning I could jump out of bed. I have been troubled with a bottle ever since."—Mr. J. Moore of Manchester, N. H.

Soreness Amie Relieved

"It was all for a long time with a severely painful ear. I got a bottle of Sloan's Liniment and now I am able to be about and can walk a great deal. I write this because I think you deserve a lot of credit for putting such a cheap liniment on the market and I shall always take time to recommend Dr. Sloan's Liniment."—Mrs. Charles Hayes of Baltimore, Md.

Sloan's Liniment gives a grateful sensation of comfort. Good for sprains, neuralgia, sore throat and toothache. Use it now.

At all Dealers, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00
Send for Sloan's free book on rheumatism.

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc.
BOSTON, MASS.

Save Money

While Our 25 Per Cent Reduction Sale Lasts

DO
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Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Childrens' Coats, Ladies' Suits and Skirts, Lace Collars.

Ladies' and Childrens' heavy ribbed Underwear (Choice 25c.)
Great bargains in remnants.

Mens' Flannel Shirts, Sweater Coats and Jerseys, Mens' Overcoats, Mens' and Boys' Suits.

INGRAIN
CARPET
AT
25 CENTS
PER
YARD

ODDS AND ENDS IN LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES AT LESS THAN COST
CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY

CARRIZOZO NOTES

"The Outlook is always pleased to receive news of the local people and greatly appreciates news items called to our attention. Call 24, or drop into office."

—Attend the Garrett recital Feb. 24th, at the school house.

—Phone 40 for Willow Springs coal, \$8.50 per ton.

—J. L. Jones of Corona was a business visitor to Carrizozo Monday and Tuesday.

—Willow Springs coal at \$8.50 per ton. Best in New Mexico. Phone 40.

—Mrs. Robert Hoffman of El Paso is here for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kahler.

—SEWING—I will take in sewing at reasonable rates. Mrs. Myrtle Kilpatrick, Peck Hotel, Carrizozo. —Adv. m1 1 23

—J. B. French and family have returned from a several weeks' visit to their old home in Knoxville, Tennessee.

—Walter C. Miller was in Roswell this week to attend the funeral of his brother, Roy Miller, who died there from appendicitis.

—J. S. Patterson of Bairdwood, Ill., is here for a several months' visit with the Gallacher Bros., at their ranch near Indian tank.

—Mr. and Mrs. George J. (Mike) Dingwall have returned from a few weeks' visit with friends at Dawson and Kahler, N. M., and Trinidad, Colorado.

—Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Austin left on Tuesday for Nashville, Tennessee, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Austin's father who died at that place the day previous.

—Two small children belonging to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Henley who reside at the Government spring near Capitan died the first of the week of scarlet fever. A third child is reported as being seriously ill with the same disease.

—Frank Hunt, who has been working on the Fall ranch at Three Rivers for some time past, was arrested here Saturday night charged with obtaining money under false pretences, and is now awaiting trial in the county jail.

METHODIST CHURCH

(J. W. Hendrix, Pastor)

Preaching both morning and evening by the pastor.

Theme, "Mary, Like the Lord in her Deed." This service will be especially to the Missionary society. We hope to have a large attendance both of ladies and men but especially ladies.

Theme evening, "A Liberated Life." This service will be especially to the K. P. lodge as they are to attend in a body. You are invited to be present.

The Woman's Home Mission Society met on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Wm. Rely. The meeting was called to order a little late on account of the ladies of the choir having to sing for the funeral. But there was a large attendance. Having been decided at a previous meeting to undertake the purchasing of a piano for the church, it was decided to give a recital, the date of which will be announced later. After the business session the hostesses assisted by Mrs. Ira Greer, served refreshments. The Society will hold its next meeting Wednesday, March 4, with Mrs. Andy McCurdy.

BAPTIST CHURCH

(Herbert Haywood Pastor)

Bible school at 10 a. m.
Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

At 11 a. m. the Knights of Pythias will attend in a body, and the text will be: "Greater Love Hath no Man Than This, That a Man Lay Down His Life For His Friends." Special music will be rendered, including a solo by Mrs. Haywood.

At 7:45 p. m., largely music.
Old familiar hymns, from hymn books just arrived.

Chorus.
Ladies quartette, Mesdames Watson, Arrington, Donaldson and Haywood.

Sermon subject: "The Magnificence of Calvary."

Solo: "Face to Face"—Mrs. Haywood.

(Note: Being the pastor's wife we have often not announced Mrs. Haywood's singing, but we have had so many requests that we put it in the local papers when she is to sing, that henceforth it will be announced.)

NOW IS THE GREATEST PURCHASING SEASON OF THE YEAR

A time when winter goods are still in season and at our store you can buy them at wonderful bargains.

We still have a number of winter and medium weight Suits, Overcoats, Sweaters and heavy Underwear to offer our customers at very low prices.

So now is the time to save money on these articles. Come to our store and be convinced.

We are also receiving our spring goods daily, and now is the time to get first choice of the newest styles in spring merchandise.

We have received a shipment of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothing also the latest and noblest line of Thoroughbred Hats for men and boys.

For ladies we are receiving all the newest styles in everything, too numerous to mention.

For winter or spring goods at the lowest prices and of the most up-to-date styles come to

ZIEGLER BROS.

"THE HOME OF STANDARD MERCHANDISE."