

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

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NEW MEXICO HAS PROSPEROUS YEAR

Mines and Ranches of the Sunshine State Produce Greater Wealth Than Ever Before

CARRIZOZO A PROSPEROUS AND GROWING TOWN

New Mexico has just closed her most prosperous year since the Spaniards rode up the Rio Grande from New Spain and planted the flag of the Kingdom on her soil, according to the El Paso Herald of January 23d.

No other state in the union, save California, can boast of such diversified wealth as can New Mexico. Mines, farms, ranches and factories all yield their quota of the state's great wealth. A treasure chest of precious and baser metals, New Mexico has become a great mining state. This development has approached the size of a boom during the past, war-torn year for the demands for ores has been so great that in every part of the state, mines have been reopened, new prospects developed, old workings which have been abandoned since the "crisis of '73" have been worked to capacity and thousands of tons of minerals, shipped out of the state in exchange for the gold of the European warring countries.

MINES HER PRIDE

New Mexico's mining development during the past 12 months has, perhaps been her greatest pride. Train after train of concentrates have been shipped from the Chino mines of Southern New Mexico to the El Paso smelter, to be roasted into copper for the allies. Tungsten suddenly made a semi-precious metal by its scarcity and the demand for its use in war, has been taken from the mines and dumps of the White Oaks district. "Mighty Fiva" mine, near Lordsburg, has built a special railroad branch line to get its copper and other mineral products to market, while the great Burro Mountain, Mogollon and Socorro county mineralized district have been shipping.

COAL AT WHITE OAKS

The Weightman Syndicate is now preparing to develop these mines to their capacity, while the Phelps-Dodge company, searching for new coal deposits to develop, have field engineers making survey and reports on the White Mountain coal districts which are of known value and extent.

At Red Rock, New Mexico a silver strike which is reported to run 3000 ounces to the ton, has been made during the year while the Black Range, the Jarillas and the Magdalena, Kelly, Kingman, Pinos, Altes, Haaver, Santa Rita, Tyrone and Hurley mines have been producing as they never produced before. The Chino Copper Co., is setting up a living mountain ear Hurley and shipping the copper ore to Santa Rita to be converted into sloppy, wet concentrates which are shipped in closed steel cars to El Paso smelter for smelting.

MINES HER PRIDE

New Mexico does not confine her development to any one particular section of the state, but in every

district there are a number of rapidly growing communities which have their own peculiar reason for development. Tucumcari, the county seat of Quay county, is one of these. It is a cattle section, has a fiber plant which manufactures fiber from the bear grass of the plain, is a dairying community and a railroad division point for the El Paso & Southwestern. Santa Rosa, Tucumcari's neighbor, is another thriving community. Carrizozo is growing rapidly and is becoming more a railroad and cattle center. It boasts of a fine railroad club house and has a number of new business buildings, as well as a new courthouse for Lincoln county erected there.

COAL PRODUCTION

Coal mining in northern New Mexico has become of equal importance because of the demand for coal in smelting and concentrating the ores. One company the Swastika coal company, has arranged to install a complete wireless system to connect all of its mines and selling agencies, including El Paso, in order that its greatly increased volume of business may be handled more expeditiously. The Dawson mines continue to pour out their stores of coal and coke which are shipped to Douglas in the smelters of the Phelps Dodge company and sold throughout the southwest. At San Antonio, New Mexico, the mines are also being worked extensively for coal while the White Oaks district has a number of coal mines in operation, one feeding an electric plant which supplies power to the nearby towns and mines.

OTHER SOURCES OF WEALTH

But mineralized New Mexico is only one segment of the total arch of wealth which supports this wonder state of the southwest. In agricultural and stock raising pursuits, New Mexico equals the wonderful outputs of its mines. In the wonderfully fertile valley of the Rio Grande, from the Elephant Butte dam to El Paso, in the fertile Pecos valley with its irrigation system and its flowing wells, in the rich alluvial plains of central New Mexico, in the Mimbres valley and in thousands of little valleys and plains throughout the state, farmers and stock raisers are producing their natural wealth, shipping it to market each year and banking the proceeds as a part of New Mexico's firm, financial fortune.

NEW FRATERNAL ORDER

J. B. Savage and J. Elmore of Roswell have been in Carrizozo for the past week organizing the Praetorians, a fraternal insurance society with headquarters at Dallas, Texas. The Praetorians is a well known and reliable insurance order, and many of the Carrizozo people have made application for membership. The lodge will be organized tomorrow evening.

MRS. KIMBELL ENTERTAINS

Mrs. J. F. Kimbell entertained the Auction Bridge Club at her home last Friday afternoon. Mrs. Nelson of El Paso who is visiting at the Kimbell home was the guest of honor. A two course luncheon was served and a pleasant afternoon was had.

MRS. GUMM DOING GREAT WORK

Widely Scattered Schools are Given Excellent Attention and Rapid Strides Have Been Made in Education

COUNTY TEACHERS AND THEIR SALARIES

Mrs. Wallace Gumm, superintendent of schools of Lincoln county, is accomplishing noteworthy work in the rural communities and widely scattered as well as sparsely populated mining camps of the county.

Lincoln County has thirty-three districts, three of which have just been created. Twenty-five of these have one building each; four have two buildings, one has three buildings. Twenty buildings has one room each, six has two rooms, two four rooms and two eight rooms. Of the total of thirty-six buildings, twenty eight has one room each, five has two rooms, one has three rooms, one seven rooms and one eight rooms, all except four buildings being owned. In one district, one school building is out of repairs, in two districts the buildings are rented, and in one district, one building is rented and one owned. Two of the buildings are in excellent condition, eight are good, seventeen fair, nine poor, fifteen are of adobe, four of logs, eight are frame, three of stone, two of brick, one of cement and one of jacal.

The value of the school property in the county is \$63,245, the sites being valued at \$1,895; the buildings at \$53,450; furnishings at \$7,900; the eight libraries having 370 books valued at \$370. Not only has Lincoln county, like four other counties in the state, a woman superintendent, but it has thirteen women on its school boards. In three districts all the members are women and in one district, two members, that is the majority, are women. Carrizozo has one school building, the property being valued at \$18,800; Capitan has a \$200 site, a \$12,000 building which houses the county high school and furnishings valued at \$13,825.

TEACHERS AND THEIR SALARIES

Lincoln County had in 1914-15 term fifty-five teachers, thirteen men and forty-two women. Two held life certificates, two had professional certificates, thirty four first grade certificates, thirteen second grade and four third grade. Their average monthly salary was \$67.40, average annual salary \$487.50, the women averaging \$449.10 and the men \$613.08—one teacher, the principal at Capitan, receives \$1,206; the principal at Carrizozo \$1,125; one \$925, one \$900, one \$740, two \$720, four \$675, one \$640, three \$630, one \$600, one \$575; two \$540, three \$525, two \$477.25, one \$455, two \$450, two \$420, three \$400, four \$375, one \$360, three \$350, two \$300, two \$275, six \$250, one \$225 one \$200 and one \$150.

The average school term was 7.09 months, three schools having 9 1-4 months, fourteen 9 months, six 8 months, two 7 1-4 months, ten 6 1-4 months, four six months, twelve 5 months, one 4 months and one

3 months.

CENSUS, ENROLLMENT AND ATTENDANCE

Lincoln county has 2,446 persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years of whom 421 are at Carrizozo and 146 at Capitan, the enrollment is 1,926, Carrizozo 353, Capitan 170; average daily attendance 1,471, Carrizozo 258, Capitan 101. The enrollment by grades is; Primary 412; Carrizozo 24, Capitan 42; first 421; Carrizozo 78, Capitan 18; second 302; Carrizozo 56, Capitan 10; third 194, Carrizozo 35, Capitan 20; fourth 161, Carrizozo 30, Capitan 18; fifth 153; Carrizozo 18, Capitan 15; sixth 123; Carrizozo 20, Capitan 11, seventh 86; Carrizozo 33, Capitan 9; eighth 48; Carrizozo 11, Capitan 4; ninth 41; Carrizozo and Capitan 16 each; tenth 25; Carrizozo 16, Capitan 6; eleventh 3; Carrizozo 2, Capitan 1; twelfth 6 Carrizozo 5, Capitan 1.

ENTERTAINS PASTIME CLUB

The Pastimers met on Friday afternoon of last week with Mrs. Walter W. Wanner and the meeting proved a genuine season of social enjoyment. The time was spent in fancy work and a geographical contest prepared especially for this occasion added much to the success of the afternoon, Mrs. R. T. Gibb sustaining her reputation as a successful contestant in this kind of problems. And last but far from least the appetizing lunch served on the popular Cafeteria plan. Baked beans, bread and butter, doughnuts and coffee composed the menu. Besides the regular membership, Mesdames Bowling, Shinn, Stidham, McCarty and Kelley were present. The next meeting will be with Mrs. John E. Bell.

FORGER APPREHENDED

Undersheriff John B. Baird who went to Douglas, Arizona, the first of the week to bring back one R. J. Reynolds, wanted here for forgery returned Wednesday evening with his prisoner.

Reynolds, who left here about two months ago after forging the name of Joe White, for whom he had been working, to several checks ranging in amounts from \$10 to \$20 which were cashed by the local business men, went to Douglas where he secured employment, going under the name of P. S. Decker, which he now admits is his real name. He was arrested there several days ago on advices from the local authorities who have been working on the case since he made his untimely get away.

At a preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon before Justice of the Peace Ed. Masse, Reynolds plead guilty. His bond was fixed at \$1000, in default of which he was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

COMPLETES ASSESSMENT WORK

W. G. Thornborrow who has been here for the past several weeks doing assessment work on his mining property near Nogal Peak, returned to his home at Canton, Ill., Monday evening.

A MASTER PIECE

We dished up a masterpiece of an editorial on the European war yesterday, but the office devil disintegrated from our views and dumped it into the waste basket. He accepted our apology and peace was restored without gore.

CARRIZOZO SHOULD NOT BE A DARK TOWN

Street Lights and Sidewalks Should be the Paramount Issue With Those Who Are Interested in Town's Future

QUESTION OF INCORPORATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED

Light has ever been the symbol of those things in life most worth while. The low and mean things find the cover of darkness their best protector; the good and beautiful seeks the life-giving light. During the process of the world's creation a stage of development existed in which "the earth was without form and void and darkness covered the face of the deep. Then the Master Creator spoke the word and the life-giving light burst in glory upon the world to make it a fit place for the existence of man, the lower animals and plant life of all kinds. So it seems to us a truism which can admit of no argument that the provision which a town makes for the lighting of its streets is a pretty good indicator to what kind of a town it is and what is the chance for the prevention of depredations upon the business men of the place. Cities have spent fabulous sums upon Great White Ways and have vied with each other to excel in the brilliance of the down town district. Conservative business men have given ready support because the idea of lights to them had something more substantial than a purely esthetic value—it meant an inevitable profit in dollars and cents—an investment purely "gilt-edge" in its outcome.

Carrizozo may not be ready to install a great white way, but a few wisely placed street lights in the business district will work wonders in the improvement of the town. Not much farsightedness is required to see that a dollar will buy more genuine and substantial assets to future development in street lights than any other improvement possible.

Sidewalks might also be mentioned but it is extremely difficult to keep on a broad sidewalk on a pitch-dark night even though the pedestrian is perfectly O. K., in every other respect. We speak advisedly.

And this leads us right into the question of incorporation. We are inclined to believe that opposition to this much-to-be desired step in Carrizozo's growth is now practically nil. The only thing needed now is organization and action—a crystallization of plans which have been for one reason or another deferred at least three years too long. The people of Carrizozo who control its business interests and the owners of property are willing to pay city taxes that these all important improvements may be facilitated and carried out in a logical and systematic way; so let us unite our efforts and see Carrizozo come into her own and take her merited place in the ranks of New Mexico's thriving municipalities.

HOUSTON Uncle Sam's Big Farmer

THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE MAKES DREAMS COME TRUE. HE IS A SCIENTIST WHO SCORNS GUESSWORK METHODS AND BELIEVES THAT AMERICAN FARMS OF THE FUTURE WILL BE THIS WORLD'S GARDEN SPOTS.

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By EDWARD M. CLARK.

HOUSTON is a man who is big enough to have the truth told about him.

These were the words of a friend, a confident and an admirer of David Franklin Houston, secretary of agriculture in the cabinet of Woodrow Wilson.

The secretary's friend had no thought of small traits in the character of Mr. Houston. What he meant was that certain things which have been dwelt upon by critics of the temperament and the methods of work of Mr. Houston should be set forth so that the proper light might fall upon them and thus lay bare the facts to eye and mind.

David Franklin has been criticized. Why? Well, the answer isn't hard. He is an idealist who believes that his idealism can be realized only after the proof has been adduced that it really is idealism. Consequently Mr. Houston is not a dreamer of dreams whose fabrics are baseless. He is of Scotch blood and is hard headed, and as a result a good many of the visionaries of the country who see glory gilding the castles which they rear in the air, cannot understand why the secretary of agriculture does not instantly see the domes and minarets of their fancy's building "burning with the splendor of noonday."

The department of agriculture, since Mr. Houston took hold of it, has broadened the field of its endeavors. Many things have been done. Some of them are things which the dreamers of the years have urged should be done. Everything bearing a trace of the imprint of worthiness that has been suggested has been subjected to the test of critical analysis. Some of the dreamers have been disappointed because this thing or that thing has not been done, but they may know that the test has been applied and that the proof of lasting worthiness has been lacking.

There seems to be a sort of general impression that Secretary Houston is a cold man. The presumption of his coldness comes unquestionably from the fact that he is so intensely scientific and analytical. The visionaries go to him bubbling over with their dreams of what can be done to bring the millennium of their desires to farm and field. They are so convinced that the vision they have seen from the mountain tops is real that they count the man who listens but declines instant and exuberant acceptance of the truth of their dreams, as a man who is cold and unresponsive. Little do they know, at any rate for a long time, that some of these dream realities are remembered and studied and that if they bear up under the study plans are laid to make them a reality.

Coldness is an exterior thing. A chamber bottle may be cold to the touch and yet have plenty of heat inside. The man who said that Secre-

tary Houston was big enough to have the truth told about him also said that the secretary is a volcano, a seemingly slumbering one, perhaps, but one which has within it the potentialities which one usually ascribes to Vesuvius and the other peaks of fire. Men who know the secretary cannot understand why he is called cold. The reason is simply that he is cold to the representation of things whose worth cannot be proved.

There is another view of Secretary Houston which is taken by some men who do not get next to him, or perhaps better, into him. Generally speaking, a man who has no sense of humor is an impossible man. Some persons think that the secretary of agriculture lacks appreciation of real humor. While Mr. Houston is of Scotch descent, Sydney Smith's joke about the necessity of a surgical operation before you can get a joke into a Scotchman's skull has no application to the case of David F. Houston. He is fonder of good stories and fonder of telling them than perhaps any other man in the president's cabinet. It is said of him, however, that, true to his temperament, he analyzes a story to find out first whether it has humor's real ingredients before he will accept it as one worth retelling. In this way the secretary avoids the fate of the man who tells stories at which other people laugh only because they feel that they must do so in order to be complimentary to the raconteur.

To a Washington correspondent who has been watching things fairly closely in the agricultural department, because of an innate liking for things agricultural, the chief thing to stand out prominently since Mr. Houston laid hand on authority is the "tremendous amplification" of works which were in little more than suggestive form when one administration of the department was succeeded by another. Secretary Houston found a lot of good things in tentative form in the agricultural department when he first entered office. He submitted the tentative projects of his predecessor to his usual analysis and those which he found good he adopted as soon as the study of them was complete.

The growth of the activities of the agricultural department of the United States since Mr. Houston has taken hold is of the kind usually called phenomenal. There is no attempt on the part of the secretary or any of his subordinates to take away from preceding administrations the credit for initiative. What was found to be good has been accepted as good, and what is more, has been put into operation. Beyond this the department has initiated and carried into action many plans of its own which at one time were thought to be impossible of success. It is in taking the thing said to be impossible, in testing it and in either proving or disproving its worth, that the present secretary excels.

It is said that one is praising David

F. Houston overmuch? Well, the proof or the disproof of the validity of the praise is to be found everywhere through the farming regions of the United States. Nobody knows better than the present-day farmer what Mr. Houston has tried to do and has done. Every housewife on the farm will make answer to the question as to whether praise has been wrongly placed or not. The records are written over every field in the United States. Their pages easily are turned and the print is large.

The secretary of agriculture is a blunt man when bluntness is an essential to imparting a lesson. He does not believe in mollifying men with soft words when hard words are necessary. Politicians do not get any great amount of satisfaction out of him when they are seeking their own ends. Here is a story in point that was written by Arthur W. Page.

"A member of congress from the middle West asked the secretary to get rid of the department agent who was at work in his district. The secretary refused. But that did not end the matter. A local attack hampered the work. The secretary investigated the situation, satisfied himself that the agent was not at fault, and then wrote to the member of congress that the work could not be done properly while this attack was going on, and that under the circumstances the department would withdraw from the district altogether.

"He mailed a copy of this letter to the governor of the state and to the rest of the congressional delegates from that state. They immediately notified him that it would not be necessary to withdraw the agent. The state legislature went even further, and passed a unanimous resolution endorsing the agricultural department's work in the state."

Now it must be understood that when some members of congress cannot do what they like in the way of influencing the heads of the government departments they can resort, if they want to, to the petty revenge of opposing necessary appropriations for enlarging the good work of the department whose secretary has incensed them. Secretary Houston never seems to have worried much about the appropriation matter as it might be affected by the action of men who "knew what they wanted and couldn't get it."

The truth is that the motives of men usually are made plain when it comes to antagonizing good work, and most men are afraid to have their motives turned to the sun. The result is that courageous secretaries of departments in Washington usually have no trouble because they have dared to stand out against purely political importunities.

David Franklin Houston was absolutely unknown in political circles when President Wilson called him to Washington. He was known, however, to educators and to scientific men generally all over the United States.

BEST SOILS FOR DRY FARMS

Silt and Sandy Loams Do Not Blow Readily and They Absorb and Retain Moisture Well.

(By ALVIN KESER, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.)

The best soil for nonirrigated farming are silt and sandy loams, as they do not readily blow, they absorb rainfall readily and retain it well. They do not bake and crack easily. Heavier soils such as the clays and adobes are more difficult to work and require more effort to prepare and keep them in shape for the retention and reception of moisture.

No matter what the texture, the soil must be deep and uniform. A soil consisting of a sandy loam or silt surface over a permeable clay subsoil, is good, but a layer of sand, gravel, magnesia, gypsum, hardpan or porous rock in the subsoil, closer than six feet to the surface, practically makes the field unfit for this purpose. One foot depth of soil will rarely store more than one and one-half or two inches of rainfall or water. Six feet of soil will not store over twelve inches of rainfall.

A soil which will not store a considerable number of inches of rainfall will not stand long, dry spells, and these are expected to occur in nonirrigated regions.

INSURE ROTTING OF MANURE

To Keep Up the Fertility of the Dry Soils, More Humus-Producing Crops Must Be Grown.

Many years in the dry region of the West there is too little rainfall to insure thorough rotting of the manure. This of course means that in the drier years the manured soils will dry out badly, causing the crops to fire from drought. If the vegetable matter of the manure has been rotted sufficiently to produce humus the soil is all the better able to resist the dry period.

To keep up the fertility and drought-resisting quality of our dry soils it is necessary to grow crops which produce more humus than they consume. The grasses, alfalfa, and sweet clover are such crops. What barnyard manure is produced can be more profitably used as a top dressing for these crops. This can be accompanied by a system of crop rotation, in which grasses, alfalfa or peas alternate, as pastures or meadows with the cultivated crops.

MANY BENEFITS OF PLOWING

Stirs Surface of Soil Thoroughly and Puts it in Condition to Catch Any Rain That Comes.

From tests that have been made plowing has been better for storing moisture than disking. If heavy rains fall the increase in moisture content of plowed land over disked land is greater. This is to be expected, since the plowing stirs the surface of the soil more thoroughly, and puts it in better condition to catch any rain that comes. The plowing also will kill all weeds.

The disk does not in all cases do this. It may be preferable—if a soil does not blow when it is fall plowed—to plow the stubble fields instead of disking them. This, however, is frequently impracticable, due to the dryness of the soil. Listing the soil has been almost as good as plowing. We have not, however, made many tests to determine the effect of listing.—Nebraska Station.

Soil for Walking Plow

A properly adjusted walking plow will run best in ground clear of stones, stumps and roots when you grip the handles but lightly. Too firm a grip throws the plow out of balance.

Attention to the Garden

Fall-plow the garden if possible and spread fine manure over it during the winter to disk in early 'n the spring.

Bad Habit of Horse

A horse that will pull or rub off his halter is a nuisance and the habit is the result of the carelessness of man.

Soil Mulch Saves Moisture

In order to prevent the loss of moisture from nature's reservoir a dam has been provided in the soil mulch.

Keep Moisture From Seed

After the seed corn has been well dried be careful that it is not permitted to reabsorb moisture.

Dig Out the Borers

Dig out the borers, if you haven't already attended to that important matter this fall.

Point in Favor of Silo

Another point in favor of the silo: Stalk disease is unknown to silage fodder.

Peer Apple Packing

Don't put good apples on top of the barrel and poor ones in the middle.

"Clean-up" is the constant slogan of the successful poultryman.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluices of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise; splitting headaches; stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at your druggist or from the store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly.—Adv.

Avoid the Deformity

Do you know why it is that most noses point east? Take notice in this regard of the people you meet, and you will see that their noses nearly always are turned quite markedly to the right, instead of being set straight on their faces. It is a deformation attributable to the fact that since early childhood they have used their handkerchiefs with their right hands, giving the nose each time a tweak to the right.

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sour, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Lateo, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Radical Departure

"Just a word, young man," said the owner of the store.

"Yes, sir."

"If a customer knows what he wants, sell it to him. I know that a star salesman can always sell him something else, but I have a theory that it will pay just as well to sell him what he wants."

Heavy Reading

Flatbush—The Postoffice directory of London for the present year weighs almost fifteen pounds.

Bensonhurst—Even so, some Englishmen of letters produce some heavier books than that.—Yonkers Statesman.

Too Small

Farmer's Wife—What do you think of our eggs?

Paying Guest—Too small for their age.

Not a Closed Incident

Pattence—Esa has a pretty mouth.

Falorio—A mere incident.

"Yes, but one that's never closed."

Beauty is only skin deep—and often just as shallow.

AMERICAN AIRMEN WHO AID FRANCE



Left to right: Sergt. Elliott Cowdin, Sergt. Norman Prince of Boston and Lieut. William Thaw, three American birdmen who, for daring deeds on the battlefields of France, have been decorated for bravery, and came back to the United States to spend Christmas with their folks at home. Each has received the military medal and the war medal, the latter being the French equivalent of the Iron Cross of Germany. Already they have returned to their duty at the front.

HITS POLAND HARD

Land of Graves Shows War's Greatest Desolation.

More Depressing Than Belgium or East Prussia is Picture of Ruin and Destruction Over Vast Area of Country.

Warsaw.—Even more depressing than parts of Belgium and East Prussia, the worst parts, is Poland—a land of graves and trenches, of ruin and destruction on a scale that has been wrought nowhere else by the war. The conflict has been waged back and forth across the ancient kingdom so long that agriculture has had but little chance, and, except in those sections where the German forces have been in control for some time, the fields are barren and untilled, scarred by miles upon miles of earthworks.

From the East Prussian boundary to approximately the old Rawka positions there is visible the maximum amount of order and peaceful quiet. At the Rawka, however, the interminable graves with their helmet adorned crosses, the deep slashes in the earth that once were trenches but now are the temporary "homes" of countless refugees, the maze of partly destroyed barbed wire entanglements and the succession of burned and ruined villages begin.

For miles, between Alexandrovo on the boundary and Warsaw, and between Warsaw and Lodz, the old trenches line the railroad, while graves, individual and common, line the trenches. Eastward of Warsaw, however, the trenches virtually stop, for the Russians moved fast once they abandoned the capital of Poland. The trenches stop, but the devastated villages do not. Rather they increase in number, and there is scarcely a railroad station and no bridges left standing.

The holes from time immemorial have been accustomed to building their thatched cottages—huts would be a better word—close together. Ac-

ordingly, it was necessary only to set fire to one structure in order to burn them all. In consequence, countless villages have been reduced to forlorn rows of chimneys, which, being of brick and stoutly built, resisted the flames.

Unlike the cities of Poland, the country seems to have been stripped of young men. One sees little else than peasant women, barefoot, ill clad, who struggle under bundles of wood through the mud, and who generally avert their eyes as strangers pass.

The Germans, partly for their own benefit, partly to give employment to the Poles, have done much to put the notoriously bad roads in shape. They have also altered the railroad from the Russian to the German gauge—a stupendous work, for all the main lines are now double track, and at important points huge yards have had to be built to conform to military needs.

The destruction in many parts of Poland is so general that village after village has no single house standing. Both soldiers and the civil population have had to rely on their inventiveness to obtain shelter, and all along the railroad lines freight cars, Russian and German, are being used as houses. In the case of the Russian cars the wheels have been removed, the cars have been set flat on the ground and the interiors fitted up with some degree of comfort.

INSISTS KAISER HAS CANCER

Matin Says Artificial Palate Was Considered by French Specialists Before War.

Paris.—The Matin revives the story that the kaiser is suffering from cancer. The paper says a telegram displayed at Zurich on December 24 said that the court physicians at Berlin were of the opinion that the kaiser's illness is due to a fresh manifestation of cancer.

The Matin adds that a practitioner living in Paris was consulted by the German emperor three months before the war concerning the manufacture of an artificial palate if a serious operation on the kaiser's throat were necessary.

LIVE LIKE ADAM AND EVE

Spend Two Months in Maine Woods to Prove Man Can Survive in Wilderness.

Boston.—The weather sometimes gets cold in the Maine woods. In fact, it is said the mercury hibernates in the thermometer bulbs when the spruce trees start popping. And there are wild animals there, too—deer, porcupine, rabbits and even bears. There is no steam heat and there is not a delictess about the place.

But all these things did not prevent Walter F. Estes and his 114-pound wife from proving to their friends that they could live in the woods for two months, kill their own food and provide their own clothing, and come out in better health than when they went in.

The lives of Omg and his mate Ik of the paleolithic age were copied by the Estes couple. In the warmer weather when they first entered the forest their clothing was made of leaves and vines. Then came winter's blizzards and snow and ice. They wore

then the skins of deer and other smaller animals they had caught in deadfalls. Mrs. Estes, by the way, was responsible for the first deer capture. One had run afoul of their trap and, when she discovered it, the animal was about to escape. Mrs. Estes flung her arms about its neck in true primitive style and hung on, too, until her mate arrived.

The flesh of the animals they trapped, with fish, nuts and herbs, made up their menu for the two months. Mrs. Estes came back to civilization—centered in Boston in this case—however, and insisting that woman can stand hardships today just as well as her "superior" mate.

SPELLING CAUSES HER GRIEF

Never Having Used Final "e" in Spelling "Corps" Woman Misunderstands Message.

Portland, Ore.—Never having used the final "e" in her own spelling of the word "corps," Mrs. Marcelline Germain of Donaldson, Mich., was prostrated with grief upon receipt of

IN DARING ESCAPE

Interped British Naval Officer Flees From Denmark.

Takes Back Promise Not to Try to Escape, Then Makes Get-Away While Doubly Guarded Day and Night.

London.—Lieutenant Commander Layton, a British naval officer who was interned at Copenhagen, has just made his escape in exciting circumstances, and arrived here.

At first he was allowed by the Danes a fair amount of liberty on parole, but a few days after his internment began he went to the commandant of the barracks and told him he wished to take back the word of honor he had given not to try to escape.

The commandant, interpreting this as an intimation that he would endeavor to escape, told Layton that he would have to have him very closely watched. His quarters were placed under double guard, and there always seemed to be three or four sentries watching his movements. The prospect of escape seemed small, and to make matters worse, Layton was seized with a violent influenza cold, which prostrated him for the time being.

Two sentries stood at the door of his room, and they never seemed to relax their vigilance. They were constantly looking through the peephole in the door of Layton's room, to see that matters were all right.

They did it as usual on the particular evening that he escaped. Things were apparently quite in order, and their prisoner was apparently lying on the bed. As a matter of fact, he was not, and at a moment when the attention of one of the sentries was engaged, and the other had been sent on an errand, Layton opened the door and slipped into another room, where he found a thick serge civilian suit. In due course he found himself at a window overlooking the street, and with a rope which he had discovered he lowered himself into a street.

The barracks were on an island, and for better security patrols had been placed everywhere.

His next obstacle was the canal. The night was dark and bitterly cold, there being several degrees of frost, but, clothed as he was, Layton took the most direct course, and swam for it. In spite of the fact that he was still suffering from influenza he did this successfully, and having got to land, he took off his clothes and wrung them out, so as to show no obvious signs of water.

On the ferry boat he turned himself into a porter, and managed to get a job of carrying a passenger's bag to the station. There he boarded a train, and in due course reached the dockside, where he caught a train to Christiania.

He used several disguises during the remainder of his voyage to Christiania, just succeeded in escaping detection, and finally sailed from Bergen to England. On the boat to England a passenger asked him if it was true that he was an American. He replied that he was, whereupon his fellow-traveler remarked:

"If you were not so darned sure about it, I should say you were a British naval officer."

When the travel-stained young Englishman, without money, presented himself before a transport officer at the British port, he was not unnaturally looked upon with suspicion, but he was soon able to establish his identity.

Carried Baby 250 Miles on Back.

South Bethlehem, Pa.—Joseph Danzko has arrived here after a remarkable trip from a northern Canadian town. Danzko carried his ten-month-old baby 250 miles on his back, Indian style, and sustained its life by feeding it with crackers and water.

an official communication announcing the fact that her brother, Joseph Ell Jolicouer, had joined the United States marine corps and had named her as next of kin to be notified in case of death.

"If my brother is a corps, of what did he die?" she wrote to Capt. H. T. Swain in charge of the local recruiting station of the United States marine corps, who had enlisted the man and was responsible for the notification.

The recruiting officer, by return mail, bade the sorrowing sister cease mourning, and assured her that the "corps" to which her brother had lately attached himself was the "lives" kind of an organization.

Stray Bullet Kills Deer.

Iron Mountain, Mich.—A stray bullet has killed a deer instead of a man. John Fry went hunting with a small rifle. He shot at a stump for practice. Out darted a deer and then fell dead with a bullet in its heart.

General von Haessler of the German army is eighty-one years of age and still in active service.

OH!
You Good Housewife
Cut Out
This Coupon
and Mail It
NOW

We will tell you how we send you a complete set of
Oneida Community Par Plate Silverware
FREE with
SKINNER'S Macaroni Products

Guaranteed ten years. Bridal Wreath pattern. Learn all about this grand offer and about the

<p>Send Coupon for Full Information</p> <p>Let us tell you how you can secure a complete set of Oneida Community Par Plate Silverware with Skinner's Products. This means to save the trade-mark from packages. Cheaper to buy Skinner's by the case—24 packages. All good grocers sell Skinner's Macaroni Products.</p>	<p>Nine Kinds of Macaroni Products</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>Macaroni</td> <td>Cut Spaghetti</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Spaghetti</td> <td>Elbows</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Egg Noodles</td> <td>Soup Rings</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cut Macaroni</td> <td>Alphabetos</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Vermicelli</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: right;">Skinner Manufacturing Co. The Largest Macaroni Factory in America Dept. E Omaha, Neb.</p>	Macaroni	Cut Spaghetti	Spaghetti	Elbows	Egg Noodles	Soup Rings	Cut Macaroni	Alphabetos		Vermicelli
Macaroni	Cut Spaghetti										
Spaghetti	Elbows										
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	Vermicelli										



Exaggerated Peace.

"Of course, you are in favor of peace."
"Certainly. But I don't want to be equipped with nothing but arguments in case I meet the kind of man whose one idea of peace is to have all his enemies stowed away in a graveyard."

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes
make us look older than we are. Keep your eyes young and you will look young. After the MURINE Eye Remedy. Don't tell your age. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, sends Eye Book on request.

Overheard on the Elevator.
"The cunningest dog came to us this week."
"You don't mean it! What did Baby think of him?"
"My dear, she was frightened to death. She fairly screamed every time he came into the room, and was so nervous all night she hardly slept a wink."
"Then you didn't keep the dog, did you?"
"No, we advertised him, but no one called, so we gave him to a young man in the neighborhood."
"What kind of dog was he?"
"Oh, just the same kind as Baby, only larger."

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Drug store returns money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Gaelic Literature for Soldiers.
Much Gaelic literature and material comforts were sent to the Highland regiments in Flanders and at the Dardanelles by the Association of Highland Societies of Edinburgh. They transmitted also hundreds of copies of the National Anthem, translated into Gaelic by Rev. Donald Mackintosh. The translation, now slightly revised, was accepted by King Edward. Letters from chaplains have been received, conveying the appreciation and gratitude of the men, and stating that the anthem will be used in their services.

The Proof.
"Do you believe dogs can reason?"
"I have known a bulldog in a dispute to be able to hold his own."

A bachelor says the best pet dogs come in glass cases.

SAVED MINISTER'S LIFE.

Rev. W. H. Warner, Frederick, Md., writes: "My trouble was Sciatica. My back was affected and took the form of Lumbago. I also had Neuralgia, cramps in my muscles, pressure or sharp pain on the top of my head and nervous dizzy spells. I had other symptoms showing that my kidneys were at fault, so I took Dodd's Kidney Pills. They were the means of saving my life."



Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c per box at your dealer, or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets for indigestion have been proved, 50c per box. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free.—Adv.

Only a great man can successfully dodge undeserved praise.

METZ

5 Passenger, Gray & \$600
Davis, Electric Lights
and Starter, 25 N. P.

Greatest hill climber: 24 to 25 miles on 1 gallon gasoline. 10,000 miles on one set of tires. Stewart Speedometer, one man wheel top, 108 in. wheel base, 2x35 inch tires, weight 1,000 pounds. METZ Distributors for Colorado, New Mexico, Wyoming and Western Nebraska.

The Colorado Cartcar Co.
1635 Broadway, Denver, Colorado
LIVE AGENTS WANTED

Send for Free general book of exchange, many makes of used cars, trucks, etc. Write to METZ, 1635 Broadway, Denver, Colo.

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman,
Patent Lawyer, Washington,
D. C. Advice and assistance.
Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service.

The Wheat Yield Tells the Story

of Western Canada's Rapid Progress

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The heavy crops in Western Canada have caused new records to be made in the handling of grains by railroads. For, while the movement of these heavy shipments has been wonderfully rapid, the resources of the different roads, despite enlarged equipments and increased facilities, have been strained as never before, and previous records have thus been broken in all directions.

The largest Canadian wheat shipments through New York ever known are reported for the period up to October 15th, upwards of four and a quarter million bushels being exported in less than six weeks, and this was but the overflow of shipments to Montreal, through which point shipments were much larger than to New York.

Yields as high as 60 bushels of wheat per acre are reported from all parts of the country; while yields of 45 bushels per acre are common.

Thousands of American farmers have taken part in this wonderful production. Land prices are still low and free homestead lands are easily secured in good localities, convenient to churches, schools, markets, railroads, etc.

There is no war tax on land and no conscription.

Write for illustrated pamphlet, reduced railroad rates and other information to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

W. V. BENNETT
Room 4, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
Canadian Government Agent

NEWS TO DATE IN PARAGRAPHS

CAUGHT FROM THE NETWORK OF WIRES ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD.

DURING THE PAST WEEK

RECORD OF IMPORTANT EVENTS CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

ABOUT THE WAR

Cettinje, capital of Montenegro, captured by Austrians.

French submarine sinks Austrian scout cruiser in Adriatic sea.

Italian steamer sunk by mine and 800 Montenegrin recruits drowned.

Russian torpedo boats destroy submarine of central powers in Black sea.

French troops have taken possession of Corfu, a Greek island possession.

Leyland liner Huronian torpedoed by submarine near spot where Lusitania sank.

Two Italian steamers were sunk by mines. The loss of life was great, according to reports.

Austria and Montenegro agree to armistice and absorption of latter by former is now conceded.

The British steamer Clan MacFarland of 4,823 tons has been sunk in the Mediterranean.

By an overwhelming majority the conscription bill was approved when the British commons refused to pass a bill killing the conscript measure.

Attack of central powers on Salonki develops on large scale. Germans, Austrians, Bulgars and Turks to take part in advance.

Germany notifies Great Britain reprisal measures will be adopted for alleged shooting of crew of German submarine which was sunk by the patrol boat Baralong.

Gen. Benjamin Arguedo, in command of 5,000 Oaxaca troops, is reported to have been victorious in a battle at Escalon with 3,500 de facto government troops from Chihuahua.

WESTERN

Typus fever has become epidemic in Juarez.

The safe of the Bank of Clayton, Ala., was cracked and \$25,000 stolen.

More than fifty Americans have been killed in Mexico since the United States troops occupied Vera Cruz in April, 1914.

The funeral of the Right Rev. Richard Scannell, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Omaha, was held at St. John's collegiate church in Omaha.

At Santa Fe, N. M., Miss Margaret Waddell, of Los Angeles, was given a judgment for \$10,000 for breach of promise against A. R. Manby of Taos, N. M.

Harold J. Cummings, 48, conductor, and Fred C. Salyby, 29, brakeman, both of Laramie, were instantly killed at Fort Steele, Wyo., when they were struck by Union Pacific Los Angeles Limited, No. 19, westbound.

WASHINGTON

Representative Hayden of Arizona spoke against the pending mineral lands bill.

Practically the entire United States Friday night was in the grip of the winter's most severe cold wave.

Senator Clarke introduced a resolution to withdraw the sovereignty of the United States from the Philippines and recognize an independent government.

Secretary McAdoo, in response to Senator Gore's request, estimated that \$130,000,000 in revenue could be gained from taxes on tea, sugar and automobiles.

Senator Fall introduced a resolution to exempt from Panama canal tolls American coastwise ships and Pan-American vessels trading between the Americas.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has sent a communication to Congress, requesting urgency appropriations for construction work on Colorado public buildings as follows: Durango, \$40,000; Fort Morgan, \$500; La Junta, \$40,000. For Wyoming he recommended Cody, \$400, and Basin, \$200.

Secretary Lansing telegraphed Gen. Carranza calling for the prompt punishment of the bandits who executed sixteen Americans near Chihuahua on the 10th. Through Wilson Arrascaeta, the newly-appointed Mexican ambassador, it was arranged to bring the bodies from Chihuahua to Juarez on a special train.

FOREIGN

The Prussian Parliament met on Jan. 14.

The 1916 session of Parliament opened in Paris.

The Duke of Connaught, governor general of Canada, is suffering from grip.

Seventy persons were killed and fifty seriously injured by the explosion of an ammunition depot in Lille.

Documents taken from Capt. Von Papen, recalled German attache, show he made payments to alleged plotters in America.

Bert Kramer, son of an American ranchman, was executed by a Villista firing squad at Guerrero, confirmed Chihuahua City advices.

The British have seized 185 bags of parcel post bound from New York to Norway, almost at the moment the American ambassador to London announced that he had filed a protest in London.

The Swiss mails have transmitted to prisoners of war during the period from Aug. 19 to Dec. 15, 1915, 15,000,000 parcels, 70,000,000 letters and cards and 2,000,000 money orders for a total of 80,000,000 francs.

A meeting of the Friends' Meeting House Headquarters in Great Britain, called to discuss "problems of the settlement of the war," broke up after an hour of pandemonium, with the singing of the national anthem and three cheers for conscription.

After years of experiment, Director Klinsberg of the General Electric Company, has announced the perfection of an electric magnetic hand, with which it is possible to grasp even the heaviest metal object and work with them advantageously with human hands.

The Ford peace expedition has elected the following American members of the permanent peace board to sit in Europe indefinitely with the purpose of using all efforts to settle the war: William Jennings Bryan, Henry Ford, Miss Jane Addams, the Rev. Charles F. Aked and Mrs. Joseph Fels of Philadelphia.

Berlin authorities announce that, although there is grain on hand in sufficient quantities, prudence dictates that Berlin shall go back to the early 1915 basis, which means that the bulk of the population will be restricted again to 200 grams of bread daily instead of 225, and that corn and other foodstuffs will be put under control.

SPORTING NEWS

Many fine horses are at the Denver show.

Frankie Murphy of Denver and Grover Hayes of Philadelphia fought fifteen rounds to a draw before the National Athletic Club in Denver.

Jess Willard has wired that he can not fight Frank Moran in New York in March, but that if a later date around Memorial Day is selected he will meet the challenger.

Suits were filed in the District Court in Denver simultaneously, by John F. Coffey, former manager of the Denver baseball team, and his wife, Mrs. Lorean V. Coffey, against James G. McGill, owner of the Denver baseball team and part owner of the Indianapolis baseball team, in which each plaintiff seeks to recover from McGill \$20,000 damages for an alleged attack upon Mrs. Coffey by McGill.

GENERAL

Ada Rehan, the actress, died in a New York hospital after an operation for arterial affection.

Miss Margaret Wilson, eldest daughter of the President, underwent an operation at Jefferson hospital in New York, during which adenoids and her tonsils were removed.

Col. Joseph Haddock Dorst, United States army, retired, who took a prominent part in the campaigns against the Indians in the '70s and '80s and married Esther J. Archer of Denver, is dead in Warrenton, Va., where of late years he made his home.

The American Smelting and Refining Company representatives at El Paso, Tex., received a telegram from Chihuahua City stating that a trainload of employes which left the capital for Cuahuatitlan, western Chihuahua, had been held up by Villa bandits and all the Americans killed.

The body of former President Victoriano Huerta, whose death occurred at El Paso, Tex., was placed in the receiving vault at Ocoacorde cemetery. Members of the family and former officers of the Mexican army followed the flag-draped casket to the cemetery, where brief services were conducted by the Rev. Father Carlos Mayer.

Floyd Payer, a dishonorably discharged United States soldier, murdered Mrs. Marjorie Hill, with whom he was intimated, at San Francisco.

After shooting her dead he also killed her mother, Mrs. G. W. Evans, and her sister, Mrs. Irene White, and then, with two bullets left in his revolver, turned the machine against himself and fired twice. He died almost instantly.

RUSSIAN DEAD FALL IN HEAPS

CHARGING COLUMN TWELVE DEEP WELTS AWAY BEFORE FIRE OF AUSTRIANS.

HAND-TO-HAND FIGHT

THOUGH LOSING THOUSANDS CZAR'S FORCES FAIL TO GAIN, SAYS VIENNA REPORT.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London, Jan. 18.—The Turks were attacked by both Russians and British. In the Caucasus the Russians, greatly reinforced, were on the offensive along a front of almost a hundred miles, while in Mesopotamia the British have forced the retirement of the Ottoman troops along both banks of the Tigris river to the south of Kut-el-Amara and still are closely pressing them on the east and the north.

Successes for the Russians in the fighting in Persia also are claimed by Petrograd.

The Russian offensive, resumed in force after a brief halt, apparently is being pressed with more determination than before.

Reports of the fighting so far have come only from Vienna, but these indicate that the attacks against the Austrian lines were of a desperate character. The Russians repeatedly charging in small lines, a dozen deep, only to be repulsed each time with frightful losses, according to the Austrian official statement.

This report adds that the attacks have not netted the Russians an inch of territory.

The Austrian statement says: "Fighting in the Toporontz district and east of Rarenopolis is more bitter than ever. Russian columns of many as twelve to fourteen lines deep attacked our positions at some places four times and at others six times, but the desperate contests always resulted in their repulse, frequently with the bayonet in hand-to-hand fighting. Russian losses have been appalling. More than 1,000 dead Russians were counted before the positions of one Austro-Hungarian brigade."

In Montenegro the Austrians, following up their capture of Cettinje, are pursuing the depleted forces of King Nicholas and have made additional captures.

It is declared that King Nicholas and his army and people will continue to fight until the last man.

The Montenegrin government is now at Scutari, according to an official report at Berlin. Advices from Rome say that the Italian cabinet has begun plans for giving adequate assistance to Montenegro and Serbia, but the nature of this aid and the manner in which it will be given is not stated.

Big Stock and Horse Show Opens.

Denver.—Pedigreed stock from every section of the country, estimated in the aggregate to be worth \$13,000,000, of which \$1,000,000 represents the value of the blue-blooded horses that have won prizes at the greatest shows in the country, were at the Denver Union stockyards when the tenth annual National Livestock and Horse Show opened Monday.

Wright Denies New Trial for Bulger.

Denver.—Col. James C. Bulger, who was found to be sane by a jury in the West Side Court, and who is sentenced to die the week of Feb. 27, was denied a motion for a new trial before Judge William D. Wright.

FOUR KILLED AND TEN INJURED.

In Explosion on Submarine E-2 Undergoing Repairs in New York.

New York.—Four men were killed and ten others injured, five dangerously, in an explosion on the submarine E-2 while the craft was undergoing repairs in dry-dock at the New York navy yard. One of the men killed was an enlisted electrician and the other three civilian workers. At least three of the ten in hospitals are not expected to live.

Although the detonation was terrific, the submarine itself from the outside shows none of the effects of the explosion, the second fatal accident of its kind in the history of the United States navy. The interior apparatus was badly shattered. A ladder was blown up through the conning tower and fell 150 feet away.

Taps Sounded for Veterans.

St. Louis.—Col. R. M. Powell, the last surviving commander of Hood's Fifth Texas brigade of the Confederate army, died of pneumonia.

LANDS IN NEW MEXICO

GOVERNMENT LAND ENTRIES LAST YEAR 3,266,995 ACRES.

Homestead Entries Numbered 6,119, and Covered a Total of 1,368,053 Acres—State Selected Land.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Santa Fe, N. M.—In the last fiscal year 14,639 government land entries, covering 3,266,995.81 acres of land, were made in New Mexico. Of this number, 6,119 were homestead entries, and covered a total of 1,368,053.88 acres.

These figures are shown by the detailed report of the commissioner of the General Land Office. Outside of the homestead entries, the majorities of the entries made represent state land selections.

The entries by the United States land districts were as follows: Clayton, 2,850, covering 464,374.71 acres; Fort Sumner, 1,237, and 443,887.48 acres; Las Cruces, 2,140, and 605,925.84 acres; Roswell, 3,509, and 1,145,510.34 acres; Santa Fe, 3,045, and 446,407.08 acres; Tucuman, 1,858, and 257,800.26 acres.

Lova Salm Plaintiff Scores Point.

Santa Fe.—With A. R. Manby, defendant in the \$50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Margaret Waddell, on the stand, counsel for defense in the Federal Court engaged in a determined effort to prove that the engagement was broken by mutual agreement and that thereafter their relations were merely those of "pals."

Judge Pope, in overruling a motion that the jury be instructed to find for defendant, indicated his attitude as to the evidence by saying: "The letters in the case leave too much to inference. The mutual intent is what controls." Manby entered a comprehensive denial of the charges of Miss Waddell.

Wind Demolishes Many Buildings.

Santa Fe.—Advices from Springer report thousands of dollars' damage done by a wind of almost cyclonic velocity at Cimarron, Colfax county. The brick public school building, Western Union Telegraph office and numerous other buildings were demolished and wire communication prostrated. No lives were lost so far as can be learned.

Moonlight School Pupils 18 to 70.

Santa Fe.—Men and women as old as 60 and 70 are learning to read and write in the "moonlight schools" of Santa Fe county, the first in the state, established for the first time in this school year. Over 1,000 are enrolled, according to a report by the county superintendent, the ages ranging from 18 to 70. These night schools are held from two to four times weekly.

State Mine Inspector Resigns.

Santa Fe.—Reese H. Beddow of Gallup, state mine inspector for the past three and a half years, has filed his resignation with the governor, effective February 1. An examination for applicants for this position is announced for January 29.

Boy of 15 Shoots Girl of 15.

Silver City.—Because she refused to marry him, Pedro Montes, 19, rode up behind Refugia Villanueva, 15, as she was walking home from church, and shot her twice in the head with a revolver. Montes rode to the jail, where he surrendered.

Dies After Lighting Fire With Oil.

Santa Fe.—Mrs. W. G. Johnson, wife of the postmaster at Roy, Mora county, is dead as the result of trying to light the kitchen fire with kerosene.

Confesses Killing Man and Woman.

Hillaboro.—News was received here that Albert Houckin, 17, had confessed to the police at Beaumont, Tex., that he killed R. H. Hammond and Madame Dolores, a palmet, near Los Palomas, Sierra County, November 27. The boy had been working for Hammond. He said Hammond mistreated him. He told the police he shot Hammond in his tent with a rifle and that he fired at the woman as she advanced. He is said to have admitted taking \$3,000 from Hammond's trunk.

Ranchman Found Dead from Gunshot.

Clayton.—Samuel Smith, a rich ranchman living on Cimarron river, thirty miles from here, was found dead in a country road some distance from his home, with a bullet in his head. It is supposed he committed suicide. Family trouble is believed to have been the cause.

Over \$1,000 a Student.

Santa Fe.—The School of Mines expended last year \$36,322.32 and had thirty-three students enrolled.

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

COMING EVENTS.

Jan. 17-17.—Convention of Alliance Hispano-Americana at Albuquerque.

March.—Meeting Panhandle and Southwestern Stockmen's Association at Albuquerque.

Eastern New Mexico is filling up with new settlers.

New Mexico last year produced 15,821,000 pounds of wool.

A company with \$25,000 has been formed at Deming to raise hogs.

Over 165,000 pounds of butter were sent out from Tucuman last year.

A contract has been let for the installation of a water system at Dexter.

Ira Thomas, catcher of the Red Sox, has bought a block of Curry county land.

A moonlight school, Grant county's first, has been organized at Brockman.

John Rudd of Dawson was seriously injured when a touring car turned turtle.

The Tularosa postoffice safe was blown open and less than \$100 secured.

Geo. Reisinger of Clovis accidentally shot himself while taking a gun from a wagon.

Work has been commenced on the Carlsbad armory, which is to cost nearly \$20,000.

Estancia is inaugurating a tree-planting campaign for the beautification of the town.

Already over \$5,000 has been raised for maintaining the New Mexico display at San Diego.

Work has been started on the permanent repair of the bridge over the Pecos river near Artesia.

J. W. Kelsey of Jordan reports that a prairie fire burned over 200 acres in that section recently.

Deming philanthropists have organized an associated charities organization to care for the needy.

Over 100 cars of alfalfa were shipped from Otis last week, most of it bringing \$12.50 f. o. b. Otis.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new dam being built by the Rayado tract people in Colfax county.

The new government sanitarium and hospital at Mesalero has been accepted from the contractor.

Over 2,400 turkeys were shipped from Hagerman for the Thanksgiving and Christmas trade last year.

Eight blocks, comprising the principal streets of the business district of Silver City, are now paved.

J. Masech, a Slav miner employed at the Navajo mine, at Gallup, was fatally injured by a fall of rock.

Manley Mason Chase, for forty years a resident of Colfax county, died at the Chase ranch near Cimarron.

In the fiscal year ended Nov. 30, last, 360,325 head of cattle were inspected for shipment in New Mexico.

One thrasher at Cuervo reports threshing 336,000 pounds of beans the past season, or more than ten carloads.

The property of the National Copper Company at Silver City was sold under court order to St. Louis parties for \$4,500.

The month of December was marked by abundant sunshine and had only two days on which the mercury hovered near zero.

Guadalupe Gonzales, accused of shooting Manuel Rubio at Roswell, has been bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$3,000.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new Lovington high school, which is to cost \$5,400.

At Tularosa, an outlaw horse recently dragged an employe of Mrs. S. E. Barbour, Eugenio Jurado, to death, after throwing him against a post.

Two thousand copies of the Spanish codification of the laws have been received from the publishers by the secretary of state. They cost \$16,000.

The high price of gasoline in New Mexico is being investigated by the State Corporation Commission, which has also asked the federal trade commission to look into the subject.

State School Superintendent Alvan N. White received an invitation to attend the national conference on immigration and Americanization of the National Americanization Committee to be held in Philadelphia Jan. 18 and 20.

Incorporation papers were filed by the Llano Irrigation Company of Questa, Taos county. It is a community stock, capitalized at \$10,000 of which \$2,673 is paid up, the shares being \$5 per. Water from Cañonito lake is to be diverted to irrigate the lands.

N. B. Taylor & Sons

The Only Exclusive Hardware in Lincoln County

STOVES, RANGES, GUNS, AMMUNITION,
PAINTS, OILS, HARNESS, BEST LINE
SADDLES IN LINCOLN COUNTY,
POULTRY NETTING, WALL
PAPER, HORSE BLANKETS,
AUTO ROBES, LAP ROBES, BABY
SWINGS, BABY PUSH CARTS.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF ELECTRIC
GOODS, SUCH AS IRONS, SHADES, INCON-
DESCENT GLOBES, MAZDA LAMPS, Etc.

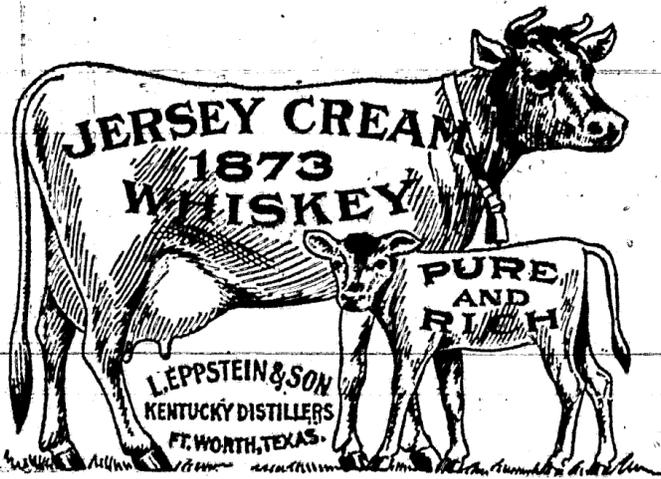
A Complete Line of Aluminum Ware

Gasoline Engines, Windmills, Barbed Wire, Water
Tanks made to order, all kinds of Sheet
Metal and Repair Work, Blacksmithing.

In fact we carry everything
to be found in a first class
Hardware store.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED : PHONE NO. 9

Carrizozo, : : New Mexico



FIRST CLASS DEALERS EVERYWHERE

DO YOU EVER SEND MONEY

To people in other towns? Do you realize that
the cheapest and best method and also the safest
is by bank draft?

The next time you wish to send money
through the mails let us furnish you a draft. It's
the best and most business like way to pay your
bills in other towns.

STOCKMENS STATE BANK

OF CORONA, NEW MEXICO

"Meaty" Truths

Eating meat builds up your muscle,
A juicy steak will make you hustle.

With Muscle and Hustle
THE WORLD IS YOURS

Carrizozo Meat Market

A. C. WINGFIELD, PROP.

Carrizozo, : : New Mexico

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of Commissioner of Public Lands,
State of New Mexico,
Santa Fe, New Mexico,
December 8, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to
the provisions of an Act of Congress ap-
proved June 20, 1910, the laws of the
State of New Mexico, and the rules and
regulations of the State Land Office, the
Commissioner of Public Lands will offer
at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at
ten o'clock a. m., on Thursday, the 16th
of March 1916, in the town of Carrizozo,
County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico,
in front of the court house therein, the
following described tracts of land, viz:

Lots 3 and 4 Sec. 18, Lots 1 and 2 Sec.
19, NW 1/4 Sec. 27, T. 9S., R. 8E., contain-
ing 362.94 acres. There are no improve-
ments on this land.

Also SE 1/4 Sec. 17, T. 12S.,
R. 17E., W 1/4 Sec. 18, T. 13S., R. 18E.,
Lot 1 Sec. 5, T. 13S., R. 17E., NW 1/4 Sec. 9,
T. 14S., R. 18E., containing 279.76 acres.
There are no improvements on this land.

Also S 1/4 Sec. 8, T. 8S., R. 11E.,
containing 240 acres. There are no im-
provements on this land.

Also Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 Sec. 7, T. 8S., R.
10E., Lot 4, NE 1/4 Sec. 12, S 1/4 Sec. 12,
All of Sec. 13, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
S 1/4, NE 1/4 Sec. 14, Lot 1 Sec. 11,
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, S 1/4 Sec. 15, Lots 1,
2, Sec. 21, N 1/4 Sec. 22, N 1/4 Sec. 23,
N 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 8S., R. 9E., containing 2016.42
acres. There are no improvements on this
land.

Also Lot 3 Sec. 30, T. 7S., R. 10E.,
containing 18.59 acres. The improve-
ments on this land consists of fencing,
value \$20.

Also S 1/4 Sec. 28, T. 7S., R. 11E.,
containing 80 acres. There are no im-
provements on this land.

Also E 1/4 Sec. 22, N 1/4 Sec. 23, T. 9S.,
R. 10E., containing 240 acres. There are
no improvements on this land.

Also S 1/4 Sec. 3, SE 1/4 Sec. 4, S 1/4
Sec. 15, T. 9S., R. 9E., containing 300
acres. There are no improvements on this
land.

Also SE 1/4 Sec. 11, S 1/4 Sec. 12,
N 1/4 Sec. 12, NE 1/4 Sec. 14, T. 8S.,
R. 11E., containing 320 acres. There
are no improvements on this land.

Also Lots 1, 2, S 1/4 Sec. 5, T. 8S., R.
11E., containing 225.60 acres. There are
no improvements on this land.

Also SE 1/4 Sec. 1, T. 8S., R. 12E., con-
taining 100 acres. There are no improve-
ments on this land.

Also NE 1/4 Sec. 20, T. 11S., R. 17E.,
containing 80 acres. The improvements on
this land consist of fencing, value \$20.

No bids on the above described lands
will be accepted for less than Three Dol-
lars (\$3.00) per acre which is the apprais-
ed value thereof, and in addition thereto
the successful bidder must pay for the im-
provements that exist on the land at
their appraised value.

Also E 1/4 Sec. 20, S 1/4 Sec. 21, SW 1/4
Sec. 22, N 1/4 Sec. 23, S 1/4 Sec. 26,
N 1/4 Sec. 27, T. 8S., R. 10E., containing 1040
acres. There are no improvements on this
land.

No bid will be accepted for less than
Five Dollars (\$5.00) per acre which is the
appraised value thereof.

Also NW 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 8S., R. 19E.,
containing 80 acres. There are no improve-
ments on this land. No bid will be accept-
ed for less than Five Dollars (\$5.00) per
acre which is the appraised value thereof.

Also SE 1/4 Sec. 18, T. 12S., R. 19E.,
containing 40 acres. There are no im-
provements on this land. No bid will be
accepted for less than Five Dollars (\$5.00)
per acre which is the appraised value
thereof.

The above sale of lands will be subject
to the following conditions, viz: The suc-
cessful bidders must pay to the Commis-
sioner of Public Lands, or his agent
holding such sale, one-tenth of the price
offered by them respectively for the land;
4 per cent interest in advance for the
balance of such purchase price; the fees
for advertising and appraisal and all
costs incidental to the sale herein, and
each and all of said amounts must be de-
posited in cash or certified exchange at
the time of sale, and which amounts and
all of them are subject to forfeiture to
the State of New Mexico if the successful
bidders do not execute a contract within
thirty days after it has been mailed to
them by the State Land Office said con-
tract to provide for the payment of the
balances of the purchase price of said
tracts of land in thirty equal annual in-
stallments, with interest on all deferred
payments at the rate of four per cent
per annum, in advance, payments and
interest due on October 1st of each year,
and such other conditions, obligations,
reservations and terms as may be required
by law.

The Commissioner of Public Lands of
New Mexico, or his agent holding such
sale reserves the right to reject any and
all bids offered at said sale. Possession
under contracts of sale for the above de-
scribed tracts will be given on or before
October 1st, 1916.

Witness my hand and the official seal of
the State Land Office this 8th day of
December A. D. 1915.

ROBT. P. ERVIEN
Commissioner of Public Lands.
First Pub. December 17th, 1915.
Last Pub. February 18th, 1916.



CARRIZOZO DRAY

ROY TEXTOR, Proprietor

General Transfer and Drayage business. Freight
Baggage, and Express delivered to
all parts of the city.

Phone 96 Residence Phone 62

HEADQUARTERS AT KELLEY & SONS

Prompt Service

Courteous Treatment

H. ORME JOHNSON

BUICK AGENTS

E. A. ORME JOHNSON

Johnson Bros. Garage

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MACHINE WORK

Supplies and Repairs - Tires and Tubes Repaired and Vulcanized
Headquarters for Rowell Automobile Mail Line

PHONE NO. 5.

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

FOR BARGAINS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Go to Williams' the little store on the corner.

We also carry a good line of fruits, candies, etc.

G. A. Williams, Prop.

BUILDING MATERIAL

OF ALL KINDS

If it is Building Material you want we can supply
you, regardless of quality or quantity.

Brick, Portland Cement, Rubberoid Roofing, Iron
Roofing, Plastering, Lime, Cal-o-tint, Paints, Oils,
Varnishes, Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil, etc.

Foxworth-Galbraith Company

STAG SALOON

JOE R. ADAMS, PROP.

WHISKEY, WINE, BEER AND CIGARS

BILLIARD AND POOL

SOLICITS YOUR PATRONAGE

Carrizozo,

New Mexico

THE CARRIZOZO BAR

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

BEER, WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS, ICE

Special attention paid to Mail or Telephone Orders

PROMPT SHIPMENTS

Ask for Wholesale Price on Scipps Beer

THE OUTLOOK

THOS. O. LUSTER
Editor and Publisher

Published Weekly in the Interest
of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln
County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January
5, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New
Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon
News columns close Thursday night. If you
do not receive your paper regularly, please notify
the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

ONE YEAR, In Advance \$1.50
SIX MONTHS, In Advance .75
OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1916

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Roy Skinner of Nogal was a
Carrizozo visitor Wednesday.

Frank W. Young was a visitor
to El Paso over Sunday.

Felton Grey was a business
visitor here from Oscura last Satur-
day.

Germany hand painted china of
all kinds at N. B. Naylor & Sons.

We have just received a car load
of Studebaker Mountain Wagons.—
The Titworth Company.

"Dudge" Lamay was here from
his home on the Nogal mesa
Wednesday.

The Titworth Company at Capitan
is offering cotton seed cake for
sale.

Manuel Cisneros is an El Paso
visitor this week, the cattlemen's
convention being the drawing card.

Buy your hay, grain and coal
from Wm. M. Barnett and save
money. Phone 88.

Scarlet fever has visited the home
of Harry Johnson but the red flag
is in evidence and it is hoped that
no new cases will develop.

For Sale:—700 bred ewes, three to
five years old. \$8.00 per head.
Enquire Outlook. 121 It

Mrs. Chas. W. Jones has begun
the construction of a modern bun-
galow on her property opposite the
Baptist church.

Charm Brand Tomatoes—One of
the big items. Regular 10c seller,
at per dozen \$1.00.—Carrizozo Trad-
ing Co.

Mesdames Daniel and Tomlinson
were El Paso visitors last week re-
turning to Carrizozo Saturday
night.

If you are intending to have a
water tank made see me before
placing your order.—Ed Long, the
tinner.

Little John Noonkester has been
at the old Burrel Hotel for some
days receiving treatment for blood
poison in his leg.

We especially recommend our
Telco Brand the very finest goods
that can be packed. Ziegler Bros
Sole agents for Carrizozo.

Harry Comrey was a business
visitor to the county seat Monday
from his ranch in the Ancho coun-
try. He returned the following
afternoon.

Take your Furs, Hides and Pelts
to Ziegler Bros who will pay you
the most money for them.

Charm Brand Peas, Beans and
Corn.—Every can guaranteed. Reg-
ular 15c size for 11c a can.—Carr-
izozo Trading Co.

For Sale—Four heavy ore wagons
good as new, two Studebakers, one
Peter Schuller and one Bain. At
a bargain. Enquire Outlook.

If you want to know all about
Protection vs. Free Trade send pos-
tal card request for free sample
copy of the American Economist,
30 Broadway, New York.

We are offering some very rare
bargains during our January Clear-
ance Sale.—Ziegler Bros.

Ben Sanchez, who recently re-
turned from Miami, Ariz., is tem-
porarily in the employ of John E.
Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Gordon re-
turned Sunday from Oscura where
they have been visiting friends for
the past ten days.

For Sale—Two mule teams and
three horse teams. Will range in
weight from 1000 to 1250. All
first class stuff. Enquire Outlook.

Wanted:—To purchase range for
300 or 400 head of cattle. Must
have living water and good grass,
and be a bargain. Address P. O.
Box 1027, El Paso, Texas. 3t-17.

We have just received a car of
new 1915 California and Eastern
can goods, get our prices on case
lots and we will save you money.—
Ziegler Bros.

Do you want to save a dollar, if
so get your next bill of hay, grain
or coal from Wm. Barnett. Phone
88.

BAPTIST CHURCH

(REV. J. M. GARDNER, Pastor)

Evangelistic meetings will start
Sunday morning January 30th, to
run to February 13th, conducted by
the pastor. Everybody is invited
to attend the meetings. All Chris-
tians are requested to pray for the
meeting and to come and help to
get the unsaved won to Christ.

The pastor will preach on the
following subjects, Sunday 11 a.
m., "Is It I," 3 p. m., "Hindrances
to Prayer," 7:30 p. m., "Rivers of
Life." Monday 7:30 p. m., "Hind-
rances to a Revival." Tuesday
7:30 "Why Men do not Become
Christians" Wednesday 7:30 p. m.,
"Why I Believe There is a Hell"
Thursday 7:30 p. m., "What is Hell"
Friday 7:30 p. m., "Hell and Who
is Going There." Saturday 7:30 p.
m., "One Thing You Will do or go
to Hell."

Everybody welcome to every
meeting. W. M. U. will meet with
Mrs. A. F. Roselle next Wednesday.
They met with Mrs. J. R. Adams
last Wednesday and had a fine meet-
ing in spite of bad weather.

GOV. COMMUTES SENTENCE

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 24.—The
governor today commuted to nine-
ty-nine years imprisonment the
death sentence of Austin Kinney,
the 65 years old Van Houten negro,
condemned to hang for murder at
Raton, next Friday. The governor
went to the scene of the crime and
made a personal investigation of the
case. It was claimed that the negro
killed by Kinney as he slept had
fully convinced Kinney that he was
going to kill the latter that night
if Kinney did not get him first.

ANNOUNCES FOR U. S. SENATE

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 25.—
Frank Hubbell has announced that
he will make the race for the United
States senate against Tom Catron
in 1917. He has announced his
candidacy in a local paper on a
platform of tariff for protection of
home industries, good roads, pro-
tection of the livestock industries,
national preparedness and national
drainage.

Mr. Hubbell is a millionaire sheep-
man of the Socorro county section
and has been in politics on the Re-
publican side and is considered a
strong candidate. He will have the
opposition of senator Catron, who
has announced that he will run
again.

H. B. Holt of Las Cruces is also
understood to be a candidate, al-
though he has not yet made an offi-
cial announcement.

What Are Your Needs in Winter Merchandise

Don't stop with supplying the present require-
ments, when savings so great are to be had. Buy
liberally with the assurance that you'll need the goods
that you buy at this sale, before you'll see them so
low priced again.

Children's Sweaters

Children's Sweaters,
sizes from 24 to 32
in, gray and colors.
Regular \$1.25
now 95c

Cotton Goods

All prices of cotton
goods are advanced
and we can't replace
many items offered
here at the sale
price.

Ladies' Ready- To-Wear

Ladies' Coats, Suits
and Dresses at a great
saving.

Outing Flannels

Outing Flannels, light
and dark colors, values
to 12 1-2 cents,
reduced to 10c

Outing Flannel Gowns

Outing Flannel Gowns
in white and fancy
materials, regular \$1.25
and \$1.50, now 95c

Extra Special

Choice of any Hat in
the house at \$1.35

Carrizozo Trading Company

QUALITY FIRST

THEN PRICE

Easy problems are never worth solution"

"Great rewards are always bought
by terrific effort—little men can only
achieve little things. Windfalls are worth-
less. Nature and human nature are both
alike—all real treasures are rockbound."

—Herbert Kaufman

Start
today to
Save!

THE EXCHANGE BANK
CARRIZOZO OF CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

Don't overlook the many bar-
gains we are offering in all depart-
ments during our big January
Clearance Sale.—Ziegler Bros.

Special reduction at just one
half price about one dozen Misses
and childrens coats, which we will
sell out in the next ten days.—
Ziegler Bros.

Ladies! See Spirella and Barolay
corsets before buying. Accurate
measurement taken in your own
homes. Telephone No. 1. P. O.
Box 204. Mrs. G. T. McQuillen. 4t-
17.

The El Paso Herald delivered to
your home at 60 cents per month.
Just give your subscription to
Mr. Rolland, of the Rolland Drug
Co., and he will see to it that you
get good service. You can pay
for your subscription monthly.
The El Paso Herald is the South-
west's greatest newspaper. Next
everybody reads it.

You Get The Best Here

Winter Vegetables, Fresh and
Salt Meats, Staple and Fancy
Groceries.

THE STORE WITH A REPUTATION FOR GOOD
GOODS AND SQUARE DEALING

PATTY & HOBBS

PHONE 46

READ THE OUTLOOK

THE LEADERLESS

The President must blame himself if the House majority is "milling" crazily. What else could be expected without definite leadership? The notion created in the minds of Congressmen is that the President is either indifferent on the question or that he is just about as undecided which side to take as some of them are. He has given the impression that he is less interested in the nation's defense than in other subjects, but that the question has been forced on him and he will consider it among the numerous matters to be adjusted by Congress. The consequence is that the Bryan-Kitchin plotters, who feel no such indecision and are sharp enough to see that this is no minor issue, but by far the most important matter that has come before the public in many years, have managed to stir almost a rebellion against the President among members of his own party. The fault lies with Mr. Wilson or, rather, with his inability to understand the immense seriousness of the question and the depth of feeling in the country. He was a long time in getting rid of Mr. Bryan. Whether he ever got rid of Mr. Bryan's influence—or ever will get rid of it—is a question. In any case, even after he had apparently made up his mind that "something must be done," he left decision as to what should be done and plans for doing it entirely to his Cabinet officers and merely repeated to Congress their opinion. The consequence is that there is an Administration policy on every subject, except the most important subject of all (in that there is a Garrison policy and there is a Daniels policy, but there is no Wilson policy). Congressmen cannot be blamed for not following when there is nothing to follow. But as we say, the difficulty lies in Mr. Wilson's own feeling. It seems impossible to arouse his interest. Otherwise we believe that if he could be persuaded to attack the subject with the same energy and intelligence that he has shown in dealing with matters with which he was familiar, if he would call the leaders in the House and Senate and the trained military advisers of the Government into consultation, he might even now prepare a bill that would rally the common sense of his party to his support. As it is, he has left this element unprotected, bewildered, and leaderless. No one is happy over the recommendations for the navy which he made casually in his message. They don't satisfy the Bryanites, they give the same members of the party nothing to stand on safely, and they are ridiculous to all who believe that this generation is the trustee of a vast estate, both material and spiritual, and who are by conscience driven to demand that it receive the assurance of safety. To them the Daniels program seems little better than no program at all. In fact, it may be worse if it gives the people of the country a false and exaggerated notion of the strength of their defenses, and leads them to cling to such policies as the Monroe Doctrine which are safely put forward only by nations able to defend them by force of arms.—Collier's Weekly.

WHAT WE HAVE TO SELL

Space and copies of his paper go to make up the newspaper man's entire stock in trade. These two are all he has to offer to the public for sale, and no one has as yet given any sort of satisfactory reasons why he should ever be asked

by any one to donate them.

One thing newspapermen will never be able to understand is why any person will walk into a newspaper office and make himself or herself an object of charity and insist upon what they would disdain ask for in any other shop or place of business in the town. The principle is the same in the newspaper office as in the dry goods store, the grocery, the drug store, and what a great many people need is to recognize it as the same and get off the newspaper list.

Advertising space in the newspaper is for sale not to give away. It has certain value in itself that makes it worth money. Copies of the newspaper are for sale, not to give away. If they are worth having they are worth the exceedingly small price asked for them.

The public, or at least a large portion of it, has some very erroneous ideas about these matters, and is but just to the newspaper folks that their ideas be corrected in accordance with the same business principles that prevail in all other business establishments.

In a vast majority of cases this generous charity on the part of the newspaper is blissfully taken for granted, and the paper's liberality is abused. That which is purely a favor is accepted as a matter of course, and what should be requests are couched as demands.

When the courtesy has been performed there is rarely appreciation and more often dissatisfaction—generally silence.

The result is that in many other towns a ban has been put on all free publicity, no matter what its object—even upon church notices. In these cities such notices as the press bestow are properly appreciated and valued.—The Fourth Estate.

VETERANS INDIGNANT AT

PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE

Roswell, N. M., Jan. 22.—Veterans of the Spanish-American war living in this neighborhood have expressed deep indignation and resentment at the assumption that they, with the national guard, are valueless as a preparedness resource.

A number of members of the local camp of the Spanish war veterans have forwarded the following telegram of protest to Senator A. B. Fall:

"Whereas, because of nearness thereto they are conversant with conditions in Mexico, he it resolved that the members of the Spanish War Veterans' camp here do hereby convey to the president through Comrade Senator Fall assurances that they and hundreds of soldier survivors of the Spanish war living in New Mexico are willing and ready, as well as able, to respond to any call for volunteer military assistance that may be made by the commander in chief of the army and navy."

Chas. A. Reynolds, Provisional Division Commander.
Henry A. Ingalls, Camp Commander.
Harold Hurd,
D. C. Cooney, Past Commanders.

LIVE STOCK INDUSTRY

A summary of estimates of numbers and values of live stock on farms and ranges on January 1, for New Mexico compiled by the bureau of crop estimates (and transmitted through the weather bureau) United States department of agriculture is as follows:

Horses—Number, 234,000, compared with 217,000 a year ago and

178,000 five years ago. Value \$58, compared with \$55 a year ago and \$50 five years ago.

Mules—Number, 17,000, compared with 16,000 a year ago and 15,000 five years ago. Value per head, \$35, compared with \$31 a year ago and \$22 five years ago.

Milch cows—Number, 76,000 compared with 68,000 a year ago and 51,000 five years ago. Value per head, \$67, compared with \$61 50 a year ago and 42 50 five years ago.

Other cattle—Number, 1,090,000 compared with 991,000 a year ago and 928,000 five years ago. Value per head, \$40 10, compared with \$35 50 a year ago and \$19 82 five years ago.

Sheep—Number, 3,440,000, compared with 3,340,000 a year ago and 3,113,000 five years ago. Value per head, \$4 30, compared with \$3 50 a year ago and \$19 80 five years ago.

Swine—Number, 91,000, compared with 73,000 a year ago and 46,000 five years ago. Value per head, \$9, compared with \$8 80 a year ago and \$9 20 five years ago.

SEED DISTRIBUTION

The following letter has been received from Congressman Hernandez:

Editor Carrizozo Outlook:

I understand that in nearly every part of New Mexico there are many packages of garden seeds undelivered. I would respectfully request you to put in your valuable paper a short notice asking the postmaster to distribute such packages to anyone to whom they would be of value, as of course there are persons who have been missed on my list.

You might also add that any person interested in such seeds

might call on their postmaster, and he will be pleased to give them such as they can use.

Thanking you for your courtesy in the matter, I am,

Yours very truly,

B. C. Hernandez

Washington, D. C., January 12.

DECISION OF LAND OFFICE

Santa Fe, Jan. 21.—The general land office has decided that an entry made claiming a piece of money spent on an original entry of the public land on a subsequent entry, even though the land and the individual are the same. The judgment affirms the land office in the case of Harry W. Elliott vs. Harry E. White for the possession of a quarter-section of land. White made an entry on the land and completed three annual proofs showing that he had expended \$782.15 in reclaiming the land under the desert land act. He then abandoned the claim, later re-filed and sought to use the fact of money expended under the first entry, to assist him in making his annual proofs. The land officials held that this cannot be done and that he would have to begin all over again and this position has been endorsed by the authorities at Washington.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WHEN DOCTORS DIS-AGREE

the patient generally gets the worst of it, but all the doctors in this neck of the woods are agreed that this is the best dispensary to which to send their patients with prescriptions.

ROLLAND BROTHERS

Dealers in Drugs, Toilet Articles, etc.

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEX.

JOHN E. BELL

Staple and Fancy Groceries

"WHERE QUALITY IS FIRST"

Dixie, Avondale and Joy Brands Signify Quality

Give them a trial, and you will

always use them

Phone 56.

RALPH JONES

Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing

LOCATED IN OLD P. O. BUILDING

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

H. B. HAMILTON
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
District Attorney Third Judicial District
Civil Practice in all Courts
Phone 51, Court House
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

GEORGE B. BARBER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

DR. ROBERT T. LUCAS
Special attention given Obstetrics and Diseases of Children.
Phone 79
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

CHARLES L. KENNEDY
LAWYER
MINING LAW A SPECIALTY
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

SETH F. CREWS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all the Courts
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

DR. R. E. BLANEY, DENTIST
EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

GUIDO RANNIGER, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
In Carrizozo every 5th day
Phone to
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

T. E. KELLEY
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND LICENSED EMBALMER
Phone 96
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A.
Carrizozo, New Mexico
Regular Communications for 1915
Jan. 15; Feb. 12; Mar. 18; Apr. 15; May 12; June 10; July 8; Aug. 12; Sept. 9; Oct. 7; Nov. 4; Dec. 9 and 27
J. B. Garven, W. M.
S. F. Miller, Sec.

Carrizozo Lodge No. 30, I. O. O. F.
CARRIZOZO, N. M.
Wm. J. Langston, N. G.
Dr. T. W. Watson, Sec.
Regular meetings 1915: First and third Friday each month

CARRIZO LODGE NO. II
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
Meetings every Monday evening in the Masonic hall. All members are urged to be present and visiting Knights welcomed.
G. T. McQUILLEN, G. C.
E. A. O. JOHNSON, K. of R. & S.

LEE B. CHASE
LANDS
Homesteads, Desert, State Lands, Contests
Mineral Lands and Water Rights.
Information cheerfully furnished.
Surveying
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

O. O. ASKERN, Roswell, N. M. BUEL WOOD, Carrizozo, N. M.

ASKREN & WOOD
LAWYERS
Exchange Bank Building
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER
INSURANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC
Agency Established 1892
Office in Exchange Bank
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEX.

GEO. SPENCE
ATTORNEY
in Bank Building Phone No. 14
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

EDWIN MECHEM
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over Rolland's Drug store
ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO

WILLIAM S. BRADY
NOTARY PUBLIC, INTERPRETER AND ATT'Y BEFORE JUSTICE AND PROBATE COURTS
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

JAS. F. O'BOYLE
VETERINARIAN
n12 Office Carrizozo Livery
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

The Praetorians Will Be Organized in Carrizozo Saturday Night, Jan. 29

Carrizozo Council of Praetorians will be organized in Carrizozo Saturday night, January 29th, in the Lodge Hall over the Exchange Bank. Many of the best citizens of Carrizozo have already given their applications as Charter Members. General Deputy J. R. Elmore and myself will be in Carrizozo all week working on the Charter List.

TWENTY YEAR PAYMENT POLICY OUR LEADER

Practically all members are taking our 20 year paid up policy. Why take out insurance on which you have to keep paying premiums as long as you live when you can get a policy in the Praetorians and get it fully paid up in twenty years? Our 20 pay policies have paid up insurance values and extended features after the third year.

MEN AND WOMEN ADMITTED ON SAME BASIS

Men and Women are admitted on the same basis. A man and his wife can both come in the Praetorians and attend the council meeting together.

ACCIDENT BENEFITS

Every policy the Praetorians write has accident benefits without additional cost. Every policy is worth the face value from first payment.

Mr. Elmore and I will be glad to take your application before Saturday night in order that you may come into Carrizozo Council as a character member.

J. B. SAVAGE, State Manager
ROSWELL, : NEW MEXICO

THE PRAETORIANS : Home Office, Dallas, Tex.
C. B. GARDNER, President : L. Blaylock, Vice Pres.

Best Accommodations for
All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the
Best the Market Affords

When Cupid Visits Your Home

Cupid, the God of Love, is a believer in comfort in the home.

He is conspicuous by his presence in homes that are neatly and comfortably furnished. He believes that Furniture adds comfort, and comfort brings happiness, and happiness promotes love. And Love is the foundation of every perfect home. Cupid, the God of Love, bids YOU buy furniture for YOUR home.

—AND—

We offer you some excellent opportunities in house furnishings. We offer you furniture of quality and style at prices reduced to the minimum. We offer you furniture of every grade, for every purpose, and to suit every purse. We offer you the best opportunities to be found in Furniture anywhere.

We offer you furniture and furnishings that will do much toward retaining the God of Love as a permanent member of your household.

"OURS IS THE TRADE THAT SERVICE MADE."

KELLEY & SON

Carrizozo, : : New Mexico

The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN, N. M.

We Carry in Stock:

Hog Wire	Drugs
Barbed Wire	Paints
Wagons	Groceries
Buggies	Boots and Shoes
Hacks	Dry goods
Cement	Ammunition
Portland Cement	Lubricating Oils
Coal	Grain Bags
Iron Roofing	Cotton Seed Cake

Our Prices are Reasonable

The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN N. M.

Advertising copy should be prepared with care and should be given as much attention as is given to buying goods. Every effort should be made to be truthful and not to exaggerate. There is no necessity for using big words or flowery language. Eighty-five per cent. of the people to whom you are appealing in your ads do not understand big words if you use them, and it is that 85 per cent. that you want to get into your store. Have your advertising copy read simple and direct, so that a child can understand. And after you have written an ad, read it over yourself and see how it sounds. Set aside a certain hour or period of your business day to your advertising, just the same as you open your mail when you go to the store the first thing in the morning. It is the right arm of your business, and it can make or break you. Give it your thought and attention. Study your competitor's advertising and compare it with your own.

Urges Use of White Space.

Use cuts or pictures to illustrate your ads if you can, and use white space. Don't endeavor to fill up every nook and corner of your space. A small ad well displayed, with an attractive illustration or white space around inside the border, will many times attract more readers and bring better results than a larger ad crowded with type. The same is true of your windows. Don't try to put all your merchandise in your display windows. A few articles tastefully displayed, with price tags or descriptive lines, in an attractively decorated window will reach more people than filling up that window with a lot of stuff which people look at, and then pass on without remembering anything they have seen.

Clerks Should Read Ads.

Insist upon your clerks reading your ads and paying particular attention to them. I would not have a clerk in my store who did not take a daily newspaper and who did not take enough interest in his or her work to read my ads, not only to know whether anything was being advertised in their department, but also endeavor to impress them with your desire to have their suggestions in regard to selling more goods in their department. A great many times a wide-awake clerk can suggest to a department head or manager that a certain line of goods is not selling, and an ad with a cut price on these lines the next day will start them moving.

Insist that your clerks familiarize themselves with your store and your store policy, and in every possible way make them appreciate that they must go out of their way to please every customer, and give as much attention and be as pleasant with a customer buying five cents' worth of goods as one buying \$50 worth. The five-cent customer today may be a \$50 customer tomorrow.

WM. M. BARNETT

DEALER IN

Hay, Grain and Coal

Freight and General Transfer Business

TRIPS MADE TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY

'Phone 86 or 91

Located on El Paso Ave., first door south of Lumber yard

Bright Lights

—Make—

Sharp Eyes

It don't pay to have those dim lights in your business house or office or home when the "electric way" may be traveled without any advance in the annual cost.

Let us install electric lights in your home. We do all kinds of wiring and sell you supplies at the minimum cost.

Alto Light & Power Co.

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

EPITOME DE LA SEMANA

Una breve relación de acontecimientos en curso en este país y en el extranjero.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Aceros de la Guerra.

Las tropas francesas han tomado posesión de Corfú, una de las islas de Grecia.

Dos vapores italianos fueron hundidos por la explosión de minas. Fue grande la pérdida de vida, según dicen los reportes.

El vapor transatlántico de Leyland, el Hironian, fué torpedeado por un submarino cerca del lugar en donde se hundió el Lusitania.

Austria y Montenegro se ponen de acuerdo en cuanto a un armisticio y se concede ya la aborción por Austria del pequeño estado.

El ataque de los poderes del centro contra las fuerzas aliadas en Salonica se desarrolla sobre gran escala. Los Alemanes, Los búlgaros, los Turcos, los Austriacos serán de la partida.

El General Benjamin Argumedo, en comando de 5,000 tropas de Oaxaca, según dicen los reportes sería victorioso en una batalla que se dió en Escalón con 3,500 tropas de facto del gobierno viéndose de Chihuahua.

A una mayoría irrealizable el proyecto de recluta obligatoria—ó conscripción—fué aprobado cuando los comunes británicos rehusaron de pasar una moción intentada para anular el proyecto de conscripción.

Washington.

Por medio de Eliseo Arredondo, el recién nombrado embajador mejicano, se arregló la posibilidad de transportar los cuerpos de Chihuahua á Juárez á bordo de un tren especial.

El secretario Lansing telegraficó al General Carranza ordenando al castigo inmediato de los bandidos que ejecutaron á los diez y seis Americanos cerca de Chihuahua el 10 del corriente.

El Senador Clarke introdujo una resolución tendiendo á retirar la soberanía de los Estados Unidos en las Filipinas, recomendando que se considere el país como gobierno independiente.

El secretario McAdoo, en contestación á la demanda del Senador Gore, estimó que la suma de \$130,000,000 no podría derivar en forma de recursos de las tasaciones sobre el té, el azúcar y los automóviles.

Sport.

Jess Willard, campeón del mundo de peso grande, y Frank Moran recibieron la oferta de \$45,000 por una partida de diez vueltas, sin decisión, en Nueva York, el viernes, 3 de marzo.

Varios clubs de golf presentaron su demanda de miembros en la Asociación de Golf del Oeste, anunció el secretario George F. Hennesberry. Entre ellos estaba el Club de Campo de Albuquerque de Nuevo Méjico.

Extranjero.

Setenta personas fueron matadas y cincuenta seriamente heridas por la explosión de una fábrica de municiones en Lille.

Las noticias no confirmadas procedentes de Suiza dicen que el príncipe de la corona, hijo del Kaiser, ha ido á Berna á asumir la dirección de los negocios de estado durante la enfermedad de su padre.

Según una estimación oficial, el valor de la propiedad poseída en Inglaterra por súbditos alemanes sería de 105,000,000 libras esterlinas, y el de la propiedad poseída en Alemania por los ingleses sería de 73,000,000 libras.

Los Ingleses han interceptado 185 sacos de correo destinados para Noruega y procedentes de Nueva York, casi al mismo tiempo en que el embajador de los Estados Unidos en Londres anunciaba haber presentado una protesta en Londres.

El Duque de Connaught, gobernador general de Canadá, está padeciendo de un ataque de gripe.

Oeste.

La fiebre tifóidea se ha vuelto epidémica en Juárez.

El funeral del Reverente Richard Doanell, obispo de la diócesis católica de Omaha, se celebró en la iglesia de San Juan en Omaha.

Bajo cubierta de una tempestad furiosa dos ladrones armados cerraron en el cofre fuerte al cajero y los clientes del banco de Kaleyville, Okla., y escaparon á caballo con la suma de \$3,000.

El Gobernador Ferguson de Texas con mucha vehemencia defendió la regla de conducta que se ha prescrito al Presidente Wilson en cuanto á la cuestión mexicana declarando que este país no está de ningún modo preparado para la intervención armada.

COLORADO

Noticias del estado. Notas especiales recogidas por todo el estado centenario.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Colorado.

La propiedad de Wm. Barth de Denver será administrada por su hijo, Charlotte.

La Asociación de Criadores de Ganado de Colorado tendrá su convención anual en Denver, el 21 de enero.

Los agricultores del condado de Delta están adquiriendo gran número de vacas de la raza Holstein en Wisconsin.

El Coronel D. C. Dodge fué elegido presidente de la Asociación de Tárrifas Justas de Colorado en un mitin en Denver.

H. W. Atkinson, auditor ambulante del gobierno, estuvo en Denver para examinar los libros del cobrador de recursos internos.

Las compañías de mudanza reportan que contra cada familia que sale de Denver, desde el primero de enero, tres estrañ.

Los planes para la reconstrucción del viejo edificio federal en Denver estarán comunicados á Washington por F. L. Lécuff, superintendente de construcción.

El Congreso de Intermontañas del Ejército de la Salvación cerró una sesión de tres días en Denver con un servicio de consagración en sus cuarteles generales.

Olof E. Lindstrom, hermano de doña María y Olga Lindstrom y la Señora C. R. Ericson de Denver, fué helada á muerte, durante una partida de caza cerca de Deer River, Minn.

E. P. Taylor será el nuevo agricultor de estado al salario de \$2,800 por año, aproximadamente, si él acepta la oferta de los comisionados de condado que se elaboró en un mitin en Grand Junction.

La Señorita Edith Wharton, de 21 años de edad, una bonita muchacha de California, está cerca de su fin en el hospital de condado de Denver á resultas de una tentativa de acabar oca la vida tomando veneno.

La Señora Celia L. Ackley, de 97, falleció de senectud en el hospital de condado de Denver. Ella y su hija, la Señorita Ima Ackley, que tiene 68 años de edad, han sido residentes de Denver por más de veinticinco años.

El Capitán Harry Holmberg fué reelegido comandante del número 17.

La muerte sola puede exonerar á Claude Maddox, quien, plebeo de la policía de Denver, es el joven ladrón herido en una pelea con revolveres con un vigilante de noche en el hotel de Du Nan, de la necesidad de explicar las circunstancias en que él recibió una bala en el pecho al tiempo en que se tuvo el duelo en dicho hotel.

Afirmando que George F. Hosner como custodio del edificio federal de Denver, es responsable por las heridas sufridas al entrar el viejo edificio de correos un día tempestuoso en enero pasado, Richard A. Schwab, veterano de la guerra civil, renovó su demanda de un pleito en un caso en que pide la suma de \$2,500 como daños en contra de Hosner en la corte de distrito de Denver.

La corte suprema de estado en una decisión declaró que el Juez Ben B. Lindsey de la corte juvenil erró en abrir de nuevo un caso referente á la dependencia de Catherine Muleritz, de doce años, en custodia de la Casa de Estado para Niños Asistidos, después de que habla expirado el límite legal para acción en semejantes casos.

Enmascarado y fuertemente armado dos jóvenes pareciendo no tener más de 18 ó 19 años de edad, entraron en una botica en 141 Sud Broadway, en Denver, y arrebataron al propietario á la punta de sus revolveres, se llevaron el contenido de una caja mientras pasaban delante de la casa, y se fueron á todo escape.

Las condenaciones contra John P. White, presidente de los Trabajadores Unidos de Minas; Frank J. Hayes, vicepresidente y veintinueve otros oficiales y miembros de la organización, presentadas por el gran jurado federal en Pueblo, en diciembre, 1913, fueron anuladas en la corte federal sobre recomendación del procurador de distrito de los Estados Unidos Harry B. Tedrow.

NOTICIAS DEL ESTADO

De interés para toda la gente de Nuevo Méjico.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Nuevo Méjico.

Nuevo Méjico el año p. pasado produjo 18,621,000 libras de lana.

La región este de Nuevo Méjico se está poblando de nuevos colonos.

Más de 165,000 libras de mantequilla salieron de Tucumcari el año p. pasado.

John Rudd de Dawson fué seriamente herido cuando se volcó un carro automóvil.

Geo. Reisinger de Clovis accidentalmente se dió un tiro al tomar un fusil fuera de un carro.

El nuevo sanatorio y hospital del gobierno en Moscalero ha sido aceptado del contratista.

Se han empezado los trabajos en el arsenal de Carlisbad, que costará alrededor de \$20,000.

El cofre fuerte de la oficina de correos de Tularosa fué volado y el contenido, \$100, robado.

Se ha concedido el contrato para la instalación de una planta de abastecimiento de agua en Dexter.

Se ha organizado una escuela de noche en Brockman, la primera de esa clase en el condado de Grant.

En Deming se ha formado una compañía al capital de \$25,000 cuyo propósito es la cría de marranos.

Estancia está inaugurando una campaña de plantación de árboles con el objeto de embellecer la ciudad.

Ya más de \$5,000 se han conseguido para el mantenimiento de la exposición de Nuevo Méjico en San Diego.

Más de 3,500 pavos fueron expedidos de Hagerman para el comercio de las fiestas de Navidad y Año Nuevo.

Los trabajos están progresando rápidamente en la nueva escuela superior de Lovington, que costará \$5,400.

J. Maseck, un minero ruso empleado en la mina de Navajo, en Gallup, fué gravemente herido por una caída de roca.

Más de 100 carros de alfalfa se expidieron de Otis la semana p. pasada, trayendo la mayor parte \$12.50 f. o b. Otis.

Los trabajos se han empezado en la obra de reparación permanente del puente sobre el río Pecos cerca de Artesia.

Guadalupe Gonzales, acusado de dar un tiro á Manuel Rubio en Roswell, ha sido entregado al gran jurado bajo fianza de \$3,000.

J. W. Kelsey de Jordan reporta que un incendio de pradería consumió más de doscientos acres de esa sección hace poco.

Ira Thomas, cogedor de los Red Sox, compro una extensión correspondiendo á una manzana de casas de tierra del condado de Curry.

Manley Mason Chase, por cuarenta años un residente del condado de Colfax, falleció en el rancho de Chase cerca de Cimarron.

El trabajo está progresando rápidamente en el nuevo dique que se está construyendo por la gente de Rayado en el condado de Colfax.

El mes de diciembre fué marcado por una cantidad abundante de luz del sol y tuvo solo dos días en que el mercurio se movió cerca del cero.

Los filántropos de Deming han formado una organización de caridades asociadas con el propósito de cuidar de los que están en la necesidad.

Dos mil ejemplares de la codificación española de las leyes han sido recibidas de los editores por el secretario de estado. Cuestan \$10,000.

En Tularosa, un caballo salvaje recientemente arrastró á un empleado de la Señora E. E. Barbour, Eugenio Jurado, hasta que el hombre expiró, después de haberle echado contra un poste.

El precio tan alto de gasolina en Nuevo Méjico va á sufrir investigación de la comisión de corporación de estado, que también ha pedido á la comisión federal de comercio que se sirva estudiar el asunto.

El miembro del congreso B. C. Hernandez ha presentado un proyecto apropiando la suma de \$25,000 para una estación de cultivo del pez en el condado de Río Arriba semejante á los proyectos presentados en la legislación de estado por el Senador T. D. Burns, en la sesión última. También él introdujo un proyecto reservando \$1,000 para el uso del secretario del interior Lane con el objeto de hacer el apañamiento del valle de Estancia para sitios de reservorios, proyectos de zanjas e irrigación. Otra medida presentada por el mismo apropió \$200,000 para el exterminio de animales de rapina en Texas y Nuevo Méjico.

GETTING A START

By NATHANIEL C. FOWLER, Jr.

(Copyright, 1913, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

SAM WAS DISCOURAGED.

"What's the matter, Sam?" asked his friend Will.

"I'm discouraged," replied Sam. "I haven't been late for a year, and I've worked hard; but the boss doesn't seem to appreciate me. Only yesterday he raised the pay of a fellow who hasn't been there half as long as I have."

"Kind of tough, I admit," replied Will, consolingly. "How did it happen? You say the other fellow got his pay raised. There must be a reason for it."

"The only reason I can think of is partiality. The boss always liked him and just pushed him ahead."

"Let's talk it over," said Will. "Perhaps the boss was partial, but was this partiality due to what the fellow did? Think hard."

"Not much," snapped Sam. "Walter has always been fresh, putting himself in the boss' way, and getting him to notice him, while I've minded my business."

"Let's be fair, Sam," said his friend. "You say that Walter has made his boss notice him. What has he done?"

"Well," replied Sam, "he's all the time doing a lot of things that he hasn't any business to do, things which he isn't paid for doing."

"Such as what?"

"Well, he fixes up the boss' desk, sees that the inkstand is filled, puts on a new piece of blotting paper once in a while, arranges the letters, and a lot of other things which nobody asks him to do."

"Sam," said Will quietly, "you've hit it. You've minded your own business, while Walter has done the same thing and more. You're getting all you are worth for what you're doing. Walter hasn't neglected his regular duties, has he?"

"No," snapped Sam.

"Now, you see, old boy, that Walter has minded his own business as well as you have. He hasn't neglected anything which he should do, but he has gone beyond that and done a lot of little things which the boss particularly appreciates."

"How is a fellow going to do more than his regular work when he is busy all the time?"

"Isn't Walter busy all the time, too? But he found a way, and so can you, Sam, if you want to. Walter has been interested. He has felt his responsibility. You've not been particularly interested, and you've not realized your responsibility. You've let well enough alone. Walter has gone farther. My boss lectured us the other day, and told us how he became a member of the house because he felt just as though he were the firm himself, when he was getting five dollars a week; and he looked out for the firm's interest as well as he would have done if he had owned it. I tell you, Sam, the fellow who gets anywhere nowadays has got to get out of the rut. Sticking to your duties isn't enough. The boss expects you to do that, but he raises the pay of the man who does what he doesn't have to do, provided, of course, that he performs his regular duties satisfactorily."

"Was Sam convinced? I think not, for at the end of the year he was out of a job, and his friend—well, he isn't a partner yet, and perhaps he never will be, but he is the head of a large department. He did what he didn't have to do and "got there."

WHAT YOU PAY FOR.

"I'll never trade at Blank's any more," exclaimed a friend.

"Why?"

"Look at this suit," he replied. "It's all out of shape; it's shabby, and it doesn't fit me."

"How long have you had it?"

"Six months."

"Ever had it sponged and pressed?"

"No!"

"What did you pay for it?"

"Sixteen dollars, I think."

"John," I said soberly. "When you buy a \$16 suit at Blank's or anywhere else, you may get \$16 worth of cloth, wear, style, and fit, and you don't get any more. You've had the suit six months, and no suit at any price looks well if it isn't pressed as often as once a month. I know Blank, and he is about as honest as anybody else in the business. He makes a specialty of low-priced clothes, and he gives you your money's worth."

But John went away disgruntled. He had purchased a cheap suit, and expected it to wear as well, and to

look as well, as one for double or more the price.

You can't get more than you pay for except by accident, and accidents are not to be depended upon.

There is a restaurant not far from my office, where they serve wholesome food at reasonable prices. The food is good, but the service is poor; there are no finger bowls, and the napkins are small; but everything is scrupulously clean. The restaurant gives you what you pay for, yet many of the boarders are continually kicking. They expect the same quality of food, and the same service, for 40 cents that they would receive if they paid \$1 or \$1.50. The restaurant serves a good 40-cent dinner. It is worth all you pay for it, and no more.

On the train the other day I overheard a stranger condemning the man who sold him a watch. In the course of the conversation it leaked out that he had paid \$10 for the timepiece and didn't like it because it didn't run as well as his brother's \$30 watch.

The 10-cent moving picture house, with vaudeville between the films, isn't likely to give you as good an acting show as you will receive where the prices run from 25 cents to \$1, yet half of the audiences compare the acts with those of higher priced houses.

If you don't get what you pay for, kick and kick hard. If you get what you pay for, no matter what it is, keep your mouth shut.

The kicker is one of the pushers of progress, provided he kicks at things which should be kicked at.

Criticism is all right when you have something to criticize, but this everlasting kicking and criticism, when you are receiving all that you have paid for, injures you and everybody with whom you come in contact.

Take the weather, for example. It doesn't seem to suit more than a small portion of the people, and the majority are finding fault with it. I have a suspicion that kicking against the weather doesn't change it. If it did, I'd raise a fund for the establishment of a weather-kicking bureau.

When it rains, let it rain. Don't try to stop it. Buy an umbrella, a raincoat, and a pair of rubbers.

THE FARMER AS CONSUMER

Agriculturist Noted as a Good All-Around Customer of the Hardware Dealer.

The farmer is the greatest and most universal consumer of goods in the hardware line of any class in this country. Not only does he use every form of farming implement, but he has likewise usually a complete assortment of carpenter's and mechanic's tools.

He is by far the best customer of the hardware dealer in household and kitchen utensils, and in these days of sanitation has become a large user of bathroom fixtures and plumbing sundries. He is the great tinker of the day, being a steady absorber of shoe soles, shoe nails, shoe hammers, shoe lasts, and rubber heels. He is about the principal consumer now left in the harness and saddlery line, and likewise buys heavily of automobile and bicycle sundries. Of late he has become a large user of electric light fixtures and of telephone appliances.

Besides that he is a liberal spender in the way of pocket knives and cutlery in general. Also, he is the best buyer of stoves and stove fixtures known to the trade. He is of more value to the hardware dealer as an all-around customer than a dozen city men living in steamheated flats and apartments.

Slightly Different.

Some little time ago a "benevolent" lady read in the papers a paragraph to the effect that, in an effort to save his cat from being crushed by the wheels of a passing omnibus, a small boy had been knocked down and seriously injured by the vehicle, and had been obliged to be taken to a London hospital.

The lady, who kept cats herself, greatly admired the boy's devotion to the "poor dumb animal," and wrote to the hospital, inclosing a handsome sum "for the brave and humane sufferer."

By return of post came a letter from the matron acknowledging the receipt of the money, but also explaining that the cat which had been the cause of all the woe was an even dumber thing that the lady had imagined. It was, in fact, that somewhat dangerous toy, a typist.

Gathered Smiles

ECENTRICITIES OF GENIUS.

"And whose little boy are you?" asked the benevolent but near-sighted professor of a small boy he noticed walking along at his side.

"Why, I'm your little boy, father. Don't you know me?"

"Well, well! So you are!" exclaimed the professor, peering into the child's face. "And what are you doing so far from home?"

"You told me to come along with you and carry something home to mother."

"Dear me! So I did. And—hum—what was it? How your mother wanted?"

NOT YET.



"I didn't think you'd refuse me after saying so often that you'd share your last dollar with me."

"And I will; but I'm not down to my last dollar yet."

IMPACTS.

How oft our fond intentions hit
And lead us to a slump;
How oft we try to make a hit
And only get a bump!

EASILY SETTLED.

The great magazine editor had just addressed a strong editorial to infants.

"But, sir," his assistant timidly pointed out, "some infants can't read."

"I thought of that," vouchsafed the great man. "Their mothers can read it to them."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A MERE DETAIL.

"Let me see," said the judge. "I know you. Are not you the man who was married in a cage of man-eating lions?"

"Yes, your honor," replied the culprit. "I'm the man."

"Exciting, wasn't it?" continued the justice.

"Well," said the man judicially, "it was then; it wouldn't be now."—Ladies' Home Journal.

UNKIND.

"I understand he inherited a fortune?"

"Yes, he was his rich uncle's only heir."

"I thought so."

"What do you mean?"

"Nobody who had more than one heir to choose from would have picked him out to leave all his money to."

AILING HUSBAND.

Young Wife—I a' so worried about Jack. He had an attack of vertigo last night and fell over the hall rack!

Old Wife—Bad, bad! Another case of "didn't know it was loaded."

A BRESCH.

Hinks—Young Mr. Fighhigh is certainly a man of promise.

Jinks—So I hear. I understand Miss Butterly is suing him for fifty thousand.—Judge.

HIS ADVANTAGE.

"A glove dealer ought invariably to please his customers."

"Why necessarily?"

"Hasn't he always stock to please them on hand?"

HARDLY SYNONYMOUS.

Omer—I say, old chap, can you let me have ten dollars for a day?

Parker—No, but I can let you have a dollar for ten days. Same thing, you know.

GETTING EVEN.



"My brother made ugly faces at your brother yesterday and he didn't dare to fight. He pretended he didn't notice 'em."

"He didn't, neither. He thought they was natural."

DAIRY HERD IN WINTER

First Essential Is That Cows Be Kept Comfortable.

Right Kind of Feed Goes Long Way Toward Bringing About Contented State of Mind—Several Important Factors.

(By W. M. KELLY.)

Good stable management is an important factor in determining the profits from the dairy herd during the winter. The first essential is that the cows be comfortable, because a cow kept otherwise can never do her best.

She must have a comfortable place to lie down, stand up, move, and stretch her limbs and lick herself all over the body. She must have sunshine and plenty of light. She must have pure air to breathe, and this means that the stable must be provided with some system of ventilation to give a frequent change of air.

This need not be expensive, only a little forethought and a few dollars' worth of material and labor. She must have good pure water at least twice a day, or better still, have an automatic water basin at her side.

The stable should be cleaned daily, and be thoroughly disinfected. The ceiling, floor and sides should be all smooth and of concrete construction, and the fixtures largely iron. It is not expensive, and they are sanitary and permanent.

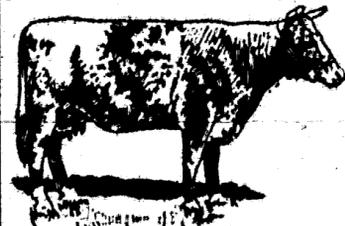
Large, smooth concrete mangers for feeding are about the best we know of today. Judgment and common sense must be exercised in the methods of feeding and handling the cows. Fixed rules in feeding are not practical.

Overfeeding is wasteful; underfeeding is unprofitable. The cows must be well nourished at all times, but if given more than they need for maintenance and production, they waste it as a rule.

Never stir up dust or foul odors at milking time. If you do a lot of it is sure to get into the milk.

Whether to feed the cows just before milking is a much debated question. It is not at all dangerous to feed them a little grain, provided you stir up no dust or disagreeable odors.

As a rule, the cows will give down their milk more freely when they have



Profitable Dairy Type.

contented minds, and a little of the right kind of feed goes a long way toward bringing about this contented state of mind. Never clean the stables just before milking, for it will stir up a tenfold worse odor than any feed the cows will eat.

Surrounding conditions have much to do with the milk-producing value of any ration.

Dairy cows cannot make as good use of whole grain as they can of grain that has been ground.

In the generally of cases, heifers with their first calf do not show as high a test of butterfat as they do at a more mature age.

A period of rest before freshening will usually produce a larger flow of milk than where the animal is milked close up to calving.

A man can better afford to sell butter at the cost of production than to sell grain, that is, when the selling price of the butter includes the feeds and labor at their market value.

HOW TO GROW BLACKBERRIES

Fruit Will Not Thrive in Dry Places, Plenty of Moisture Is Needed—Cultivate Constantly.

Blackberries need plenty of moisture and it will not pay to plant them on the top of some dry knoll; for the fruit will not grow to perfection in such dry places, and it will be hard and sour. Choose a place where the ground is of good quality, and where there is plenty of moisture.

Prepare the ground thoroughly by plowing and harrowing before planting, and make the ground mellow down quite deep where you set the plants. You cannot be too particular in this respect—remember you are setting them out for profit and not simply to see whether they will grow or not. They should be set about four feet apart one way, and eight feet the other way.

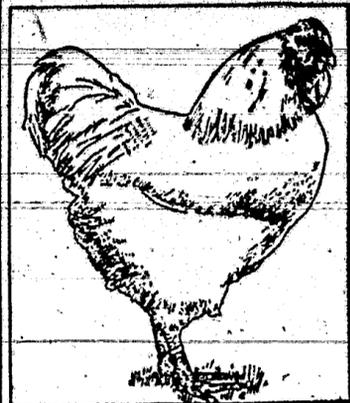
Keep the ground loose by constant cultivation, and the sooner you can get a good large bush, the sooner you will get fruit, and keeping the ground loose will help to keep it moist.

BREED FOR THE FARM FLOCK

Farmer Must Suit Himself and Market Conditions in Selecting Variety—Discard the Scrub.

As with most of our domestic animals, there is absolutely no best breed of hens; if there was there would soon be only that one breed left, while now one hardly dares say how many good breeds there are without first consulting the very latest issue of the Standard of Perfection.

Then suit yourself and your market conditions in selecting your breed, but select some one breed and "stick to it" until you have the best flock of that breed in the county or state. The color of the shell of the egg has much to do with the market demand for it. San Francisco demands



Fine Type for Farm.

a clear white egg, while Boston wants a rich brown color; and the intermediate cities, all the way across, may, in a way, take almost any color; but most city retailers find it to their advantage to separate the colors to suit individual customers.

But never, no never, fool away very much time with "scrub" or mongrel stock on the farm, and don't try to keep too many breeds or you may soon have a lot of mongrels yourself. Even on the regular poultry ranch where many breeds are kept, strange "mixtures" sometimes happen in some most unexplainable way.

It is often claimed that mixed breeds or "scrubs" lay better than purebreds, but a careful investigation will generally prove that the feed, care, and perhaps the age of the birds, has more to do with the egg product than the simple fact that they are cross-bred.

But while different markets demand different colored eggs there is no market on this continent, at least, that demands a dirty or stained egg, or an egg that has been under a broody hen for a night or two, or one that has been out in the sun for several days. Gather daily at least and ship at least weekly.

Fall Job in the Garden.

After garden stuff is all gathered in the fall, cover the entire garden with straw, then burn the straw. This destroys all weed seeds as well as insect eggs and larvae, leaving the garden clean for the following year. Then cover the garden with manure so as to keep the charred straw or ashes from blowing away, as well as to fertilize the soil for next year.

Look Out for Horse's Shoes.

Rough up the shoes of the team that has to do any hard work, these sleety days, for the slipping and skidding that is incidental to work on the road, in smooth shoes, is a continual strain on the muscles, and has the tendency to make the horse not only stiff but very sore.

Essential to Squab Raising.

Good breeding stock is essential to success in squab raising, but as it is difficult to tell the age and sex of pigeons (and age is very important), it is necessary to buy from reliable breeders and preferably those who guarantee their product.

Grapes and Waste Land.

There are thousands of acres that from year to year scarcely furnish feed for one cow, that would do well if planted with the right kind of grapes and properly cared for.

Dormant Spraying.

The "dormant spraying" which destroys the bark scale and the eggs of injurious insects, is the most important spraying of the year, in the judgment of some orchardists.

Change Feed Gradually.

Changes in feed, when necessary, should be made gradually. Unnecessary changing about of poultry is to be avoided.

The Dry Cow.

Some cows should go dry longer than others, but every cow will need a season of rest of at least a month or six weeks.

Pruning Fruit Trees.

Some kinds of fruit trees and vines need to be pruned annually, while others may be but rarely and little pruned.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapapsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapapsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapapsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapapsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

Every man gambles a little. That is to say he, twice a year, buys a new hat, betting \$5 that his wife will stand for it.

What the Doctor Knows

KIDNEYS MUST BE RIGHT TO INSURE HEALTH

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot readily be brought back to health and strength.

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. Therefore, it is particularly necessary to pay more attention to the health of these important organs.

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root.

The mild and healing influence of this preparation, in most cases, is soon realized, according to sworn statements and verified testimony of those who have used the remedy.

When your kidneys require attention, get Swamp-Root at once from any pharmacy. It is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.00.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation, send ten cents to Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Cautious Calculation.

"What do you suppose is the per capita cost of the war?"

"I wouldn't like to say unless I knew just to what extent they were using the per capita."

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now. Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

Never take a bull by the horns. Take him by the tail and then you can let go without getting someone to help you.

Wives Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Dyspepsia relieved, energy restored, appetite improved, bowels regular, nerves soothed, First application gives relief, see.

An irrefragable impulse is one we can't follow.

PAINS IN SIDE AND BACK

How Mrs. Kelly Suffered and How She was Cured.

Burlington, Wis.—"I was very irregular, and had pains in my side and back, but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and using two bottles of the Sensitive Wash I am fully convinced that I am entirely cured of these troubles, and feel better all over. I know your remedies have done me worlds of good and I hope every suffering woman will give them a trial."—Mrs. ANNA KELLY, 710 Chestnut Street, Burlington, Wis.

The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough to women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

This good old root and herb remedy has proved unequalled for these dreadful ills; it contains what is needed to restore woman's health and strength.

If there is any peculiarity in your case requiring special advice, write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for free advice.

Good Advice.

"Keep your eyes on the sky—not on the ground."

"You mean that it is better to be a skyscraper than a muckraker?"

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF

HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girl! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Advice.

"My capital is brains."

"You'd better compromise with your creditors."

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Makes Hard Work Harder

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headaches, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before the kidney disease takes a grip—before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

A Colorado Case

F. M. Conrad, prop. of cigar store, 1115 Pearl St., Boulder, Colo., says: "I had attacks of kidney trouble for five years and often the misery was so great that I could not get around to do my work. I had no more about Doan's Kidney Pills. I tried them and they relieved me in a short time. I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills several times since and they have always done good work."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Weeks' Break-Up-A-Cold Tablets

A guaranteed remedy for Colds and Grippe. Price 50c at your druggist. It's good. Take nothing else.—Adv.

Of a Kind.

"I wish Evelyn hadn't gone rowing with that young De Swift. He is a fool in a boat."

"Rock-the-boat idiot?"

"No. Not that kind. He is one of the sort that proposes."

Be happy. Use Red Cross Bag Blue; much better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All grocers. Adv.

During the Bugsome.

The Golf Insect—Where did the Beetle fall off his game, caddy?

The Caddy Insect—At the seventh hole, sir; he lost four strokes getting over an anthill.

FOR BABY RASHES

Cuticura Soap is Best Because So Soothing and Cooling. Trial Free.

If baby is troubled with rashes, eczemas, itchings, chafings or hot, irritated skin follow Cuticura Soap bath with light application of Cuticura Ointment to the affected part. Nothing so soothing, cooling and refreshing when he is fretful and sleepless.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Hotel to Have Food Albums.

One of the New York hotels has provided a food album to help the jaded appetites of their guests. Hereafter when you see a menu printed in French you may banish the look of bewilderment, for the food album will translate it for you. For instance, if you see "Jeune Perdreau" on the menu, and opposite page 15, just flip back the book to that page and you will see the picture of a well-dressed bird, surrounded with a cunning tombstone of rice. "That is partridge, smothered in rice," the waiter explains. And in case the diner does not like the picture he may take the book and go through it until he finds something that appeals to him.

Mother Explains.

"My dear," said Mr. Hemmandhaw, "I hope you are not planning to buy a lot of new furniture."

"I am not," replied Mrs. Hemmandhaw, "and I don't know what gives you the idea."

"This shopping list gives me the idea."

"What shopping list?"

"On this paper, which I just picked up off the floor, is written: 'Washstand, parlor chairs, dining-room table, writing desk, refrigerator, taboret, piano stool, pedestal, stoveplender, cedar chest, music cabinet and garbage can.'"

"Oh, that is just a record I was keeping of the things the baby has fallen from this week."—Judge.

If a man was hurt every time he is scared he would never live to reach three score and ten.

PRESSED HARD

Coffee's Weight on Old Age.

When people realize the injurious effects of coffee and the better health that a change to Postum can bring, they are usually glad to lend their testimony for the benefit of others.

"My mother, since her early childhood, was an inveterate coffee drinker, had been troubled with her heart for a number of years and complained of that 'weak-all-over' feeling and sick stomach."

"Some time ago I was making a visit to a distant part of the country and took dinner with one of the merchants of the place. I noticed a somewhat unusual flavor of the coffee and asked him concerning it. He replied that it was Postum."

"I was so pleased with it that I bought a package to carry home with me, and had wife prepare some for the next meal. The whole family liked it so well that we discontinued coffee and used Postum entirely."

"I had been very anxious concerning my mother's condition, but we noticed that after using Postum for a short time she felt much better, had little trouble with her heart, and no sick stomach; that the headaches were not so frequent, and her general condition much improved. This continued until she was well and hearty."

"I know Postum has benefited myself and the other members of the family, especially my mother, as she was a victim of long standing." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup. "There's a Reason" for Postum. —sold by Grocers.

BEST OF CANDIED FRUITS

Many Delicious Varieties That May Be Put Up at This Time of the Year.

Seasonable fruits for preserving just now are sickle pears, sections of oranges, bits of pineapple and grapes. A sirup is made from two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of water, and one-eighth teaspoonful of cream of tartar. This is boiled until it will make a soft ball when tried in cold water. Then the fruit is dropped in sufficient to cover the surface of the sirup. In about ten minutes this should be skimmed out and more fruit put in until all is cooked. Tender, juicy fruits may not take quite ten minutes, while hard pieces like pineapple will probably take longer. Care must be taken not to puncture the outside covering of any sweet, juicy fruit, as the sirup will not candy if the juice becomes mixed with it.

When all the fruit is cooked it should be drained and allowed to lie in granulated sugar till dry.

Amber jelly is another delicacy out of the ordinary that can be made at this time of year. The ingredients are one grapefruit, one orange, one lemon and granulated sugar. The fruit is peeled, being careful not to remove the white pulp with the skin. This must be saved for the pectin (jelly-making substance) it contains.

After peeling, the fruit is cut into lengths, removing the white center of the grapefruit, which is very bitter. The pulp with the skin of the orange cut fine is measured, and to each cupful of pulp a cupful of water is added. This is put over the stove and boiled for five minutes. Then hot water is added equal to one-quarter the amount of water originally added. When this comes to a boil the kettle is removed from the stove and the contents measured. To five cupfuls of the pulp four cupfuls of sugar is the right proportion. This is boiled for 45 minutes, then poured into jars and sealed.

Chintz as an Armor in Household.

The vogue for chintz in dress has led a young matron who does her own housework—and likes to look well while doing it—into making a set of work aprons and caps out of this decorative material.

The firm weave of chintz makes it an admirable dust-proof protection for gown and hair and keeps a fresh look. Chintz does not wrinkle easily, and if a gay all-over design be chosen, it will not look spotted for a long while. Dressed in her chintz apron and cap to match, the young matron looks pretty to a degree—more as though arrayed for some fancy dress affair than for mere work; a fact that makes work go gayly.

Her aprons cover her gowns entirely. They are lightly belted in at the waist and furnished with a commodious pocket. An apron and a cap striped in inch bars of dark blue alternating with a pattern of green leaves and yellow flowers on white background make her favorite chintz armor against dust and soil.

Roast Beef East Indian Style.

Fry an onion in a little butter till a golden brown, add a chopped green pepper and half a teaspoonful of curry powder. Then pour in the gravy or a cupful of tomato juice, also a few drops of Worcestershire sauce. Season to taste with salt and pepper. Cut the meat in neat squares and heat in the sauce. Do not allow it to boil, merely become heated through.

Turkey Salad.

Cut cold turkey into shapely bits, add to each pint eight stoned and sliced olives and a tablespoonful each of chopped gherkins and capers. Mix with the turkey, add a tablespoonful of grated onion and one pint of cut-up celery. When well mixed, stir in a half-cupful (or more to taste) of salad dressing. Garnish with celery tips and whole cloves.

Cornmeal and Salt to Clean.

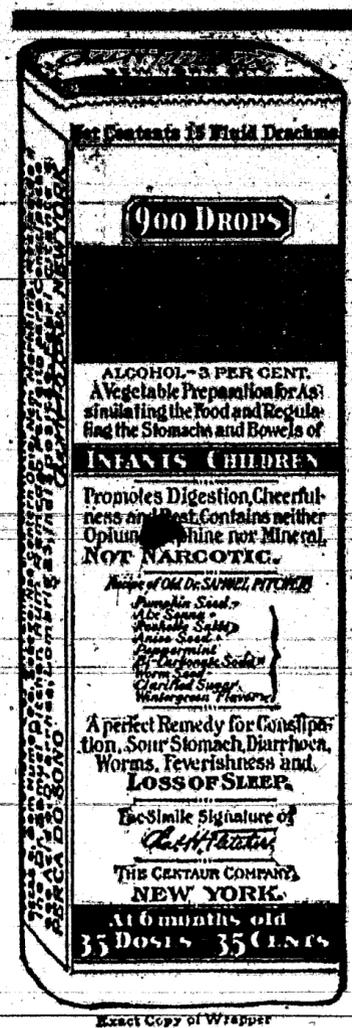
Any light woolen material may be cleaned by this method: Mix cornmeal and salt in equal parts, then spread out the material or garment on a white cloth on the kitchen table and cover it with the cornmeal and salt mixture. When it has been on for a short time, cover your clothes brush or scrub brush with a soft white cloth, and go over the entire surface of the garment. After it has been brushed thoroughly, shake well and hang in the open air. The same process may be used with white doorknobs.

Lemon Pie.

Cupful of sugar, two tablespoonfuls flour, small piece of butter (melted), grated rind and juice of one lemon, yolks of two eggs, one cupful milk, whites of two eggs beaten stiff; bake in one crust for 45 minutes in a very slow oven.

Ginger Cookies.

Two cupfuls of molasses, one cupful sugar, one cupful shortening, one cupful water, two teaspoonfuls soda, salt, teaspoonful ginger, flour to make dough. Will make six dozen cookies.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

No Time to Spare. "Now that the football season is over and it's rather too early for baseball, I guess our boy at college will be able to do a little studying," said Mrs. Dubwalte.

"I'm afraid not," answered Mr. Dubwalte. "He writes me that his social duties have been sadly neglected."

SALTS IF BACKACHE OR KIDNEYS TROUBLE YOU

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and lousy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

The Reason. Quiz—I wonder why motor boating is so much more sport than automobilizing.

Whiz—Because out here there are no trees or fences for 'em to climb.

An average man breathes about 21 cubic feet of air into his lungs every hour.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 4 oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and remove dandruff. It is excellent for falling hair and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Favors are accident, satisfactory. The best way is not to need them.

Ten smiles for a nickel. Always buy Red Cross Bag Blue; have beautiful, clear white clothes. Adv.

Looked Ominous. "I don't think this fellow will be very popular around the hotel."

"Why so?"

"I see he registers from No. Tippington, Wis."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Spirits—Have No Appetite

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Ben Hood

KEELEY INSTITUTE

608, EIGHTEENTH AND CURTIS STS., DENVER, COLO.

Liquor and Drug Addictions cured by a scientific course of medication. The only place in Colorado where the Genuine Keeley Remedies are administered.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 4-1918.

WHY "ANURIC" IS AN INSURANCE AGAINST SUDDEN DEATH!

Sufferers from Backache, Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble

Before an Insurance Company will take a risk on your life the examining physician will test the urine and report whether you are a good risk. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headache, dizzy spells, or the twinges and pains of lumbago, rheumatism and gout. The urine is often cloudy, full of sediment; channels often get sore and sleep is disturbed two or three times a night. This is the time you should consult some physician of wide experience—such as Dr. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Send him 10 cents for sample package of his new discovery—"Anuric." Write him your symptoms and send a sample of urine for test.

Experience has taught Dr. Pierce that "Anuric" is the most powerful agent in dissolving uric acid, as hot water melts sugar; besides being absolutely harmless it is endowed with other properties, for it preserves the kidneys in a healthy condition by thoroughly cleansing them. Checks the degeneration of the blood-vessels, as well as regulating blood pressure. "Anuric" is a regular insurance and life-saver for all big meat eaters and those who deposit lime-salts in their joints. Ask the druggist for "Anuric" put up by Dr. Pierce, in 50-cent packages. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong, sick women well. No alcohol. Sold in tablets or liquid.

January CLEARANCE SALE

GIRLS' HATS

We are making room for our spring merchandise. Therefore we offer all winter hats at **75c**

An Event of Vital Importance

Winter merchandise of every description is slated for quick exit. Nothing is to be carried over. That is our iron-clad policy. Prices have been cut to the

FANCY SILK

Dress trimmings in various widths; an exceptional offer. Many worth to 50c yd., for **10c Yd.**

very bone, for we will allow nothing to stand in the way of absolute clearance. The result of this all dominating clearance idea is the greatest array of genuine values you were ever fortunate enough to have offered you. Our stocks are replete with fine seasonable merchandise most of which would sell without any trouble at regular prices. But the clearance dictum has gone forth, and therefore you profit. The early shopper gets the best values we have when the doors open Saturday

SALE COMMENCES SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, AND ENDS SATURDAY, FEB. 5

Ladies \$1.00 Flannel-ette Kimonas, pink and blue ribbon trimmed **65c**

A big assortment of Ladies' Neck Wear for quick selling, values to 35c each **5c**

Men's Dress Shirts, soft fronts, cuffs attached, all sizes. Only **95c**

Men's \$2 and \$2.50 Sweater Coats. Some Boys' Sweaters in this lot **1.65**

Boys' 65c Kahihi Knee Pants, just the thing for rough wear **45c**

20c Kimona Flannel-ette, 36 inches wide, pretty floral patterns dark and light **12¹/_c**

January Sale Specials

250 yards lace neck ruffling; can be used in many ways for trimming **5c yd.**

Ladies' drawers and vests of bleached cotton, 65c usually, now **45c Ea**

Ladies' outing flannel gowns, white with pretty trimming, \$1.00 value **75c**

Children's 65 cents outing flannel gowns, pink and blue stripes **45c**

Men's odd vests, mostly in small sizes, many worth \$1.50, now at the low price of **50^c**

Ladies' Gingham house dresses in light and dark colors \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 values **95c**

Ladies muslin underwear reduced in this sale.

All Women's Apparel Must be Cleared

A women's wearing apparel event unprecedented in its opportunities. Our entire stock of this season's garments in the most fashionable models, materials and colors at drastic reductions, in order to make room in our apparel department for coming spring shipments.

Every Garment in Our Vast Stock Has a Special Sale

Ticket on it. Many of Which are Reduced One-Half

FOR UNHEARD OF BARGAINS SEE THESE LADIES' SUITS AND DRESSES

Ladies' \$1.50 white longieo and silk mull waists **95c**

CHILDREN'S COATS

At extra big savings. About a dozen children's coats left from the winter's selling. All with a sale ticket reduced in some cases to one half.

Millinery

A Sacrifice Clearaway

No need to remodel an old Hat when you can purchase new and stylish models at this price. Choice of any Ladies' Hat; many worth up to \$6 **\$1**

A whole table full of Ladies' \$3.50 and \$4 high shoes. All good desirable styles but mostly small sizes. This is an extra value **\$1.95**

Extra Big values in Women's and Children's Underwear. See them, and you will buy. Children's vests and drawers in all sizes, regular 35 cents cotton underwear at **25c**

Children's good bleached cotton union suits, high neck and long sleeves 65-cent values **50c**

January Sale Specials

Good cotton check suiting, regular at 15c **10c**

25 cent fancy wash-good brocades repps, plain and fancy colors **20c**

Men's good warm all-wool Sweaters \$3.50 values for **2.75**

A bran new lot of 10c embroidery edges, over 1000 yards **5c**

Fancy silk dress trimmings many worth 35c per yard, for **10c**

Fancy silk dress trimmings, frogs, buttons, fringe, etc. A whole table full at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' \$1.00 quality wool vests and drawers, a very fine medium weight **75c**

Men's Shoes

Odds and ends and broken assortments of Men's \$5 and \$6 Florsheim Shoes. No undesirable styles and a size for most every foot, at **\$3.90**

Men's Hats

Just a few of these Men's soft felt Hats we think they're mighty fine values; you will too when you see them **\$2.50** and \$3.00 values for **\$1.75**

Men's Duck Coats

Men's blanket lined duck Coats. Still lots of cold weather. We are asking such a low price you'll get your money's worth this season and have lots of coat left for next fall. Reduced **25^o/_o**

Mens' Furnishings

Worth while savings on Men's Furnishings. \$1.50 dress shirts, light new patterns **\$1.20**
35c mercerized Sox, four pair for **\$1** Underwear **.95**

The Biggest Values Ever Offered in Men's and Boys' Winter Suits and Overcoats
At no time can you purchase such high grade goods for so small prices as now in effect

RARE BARGAINS IN CLOTHING

The biggest Clothing value we have ever offered. Men when you see the clothes we are offering for one ten dollar bill, you'll fall sure. A lengthy description here isn't necessary. Suffice to say they are dandies **\$10**

MEN'S OVERCOATS

After such a mild winter we find our selves slightly overstocked on Men's Overcoats. We offer you your choice from a very complete stock at a reduction of **25%**

MEN'S HIGH GRADE SUITS

An offer in Men's Suits not to be overlooked. Men's \$18 and \$20 Suits in very desirable colors and in weight that can be worn the year around **\$15**

BOY'S GOOD WOOL SUITS

Here's an announcement the mothers will be pleased to read. You can buy your boy a good wool Suit worth \$4 and \$6 that he'll be proud to wear in this lot we are offering for **\$3.65**

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