

CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

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Sundayed at Home of Rev. Lewelling

W. J. Hunt and wife of Norman, Tex., who have been visiting relatives on the Bonito, spent last Sunday as guests at the home of Rev. Lewelling of the Methodist Church. The Hunt family are to remain in this locality for about one week, during which they will divide their time with friends here and on the Bonito.

Mrs. Massie Goes East

Mrs. Nora Massie left for Owensboro, Ky., where she will visit for a short while, after which she will go to her home and mother at Utica, to spend the balance of the time she has allotted to her stay. The many friends of Mrs. Massie wish her a pleasant visit and a safe return from her old home in the blue grass state.

Mrs. Wm. Reily, who has undergone a siege of La Grippe, is reported as gradually improving. She became a victim of the attack just after the 4th of July, and her condition was somewhat serious, but her friends will be glad to know that she is now out of danger.

New Manager at Western Union

Mrs. J. A. T. Beardon who has been managing the local office for the Western Union Telegraph Co., has accepted a like position with the same company at Ora Grande. Her husband who is also an operator, will be with her, thus dividing their time in the combined management. Her successor is Miss Elsie Hall, who served her apprenticeship with Mrs. Beardon and her rapid advancement soon qualified her for a higher position. When the position was offered to the Beardons at Ora Grande, the opportunity came to Miss Elsie to assume control of the local office.

She accepted when the offer was made and since her beginning the first of July, conducted affairs in a commendable manner and to the full satisfaction of the public which she has been called upon to serve. She has at the present time as students, the Misses Lassie Ayers and Florence Lacey and will soon add another to list in the personage of Herbert Dennis. The Outlook congratulates Miss Hall on her advancement, knowing as we do, that the same came as a reward of merit.

Junior League

Subject—Hinders or Helpers?
Song 42.
Bible Reading, by Leader.
Prayer.
Song 85.
Piano Solo—Adele Lahan.
Recitation—Birda Lacey.
23rd Psalm by all.
Roll call and offering.
Story—Margie Lacey.
Announcements.
Benediction.

McMillans Locate

H. W. McMillan, formerly of White Oaks, has located at Claypool, Arizona, where he is engaged in the mining business. Mr. McMillan was chief engineer at the Lincoln Light and Power Co. at White Oaks and their many friends wish them success in their new home.

From the "Very, Very Good Man."

In last week's issue of THE OUTLOOK, there was an article on "The Patriotism of the Alto People," which was fine, if the last half had been left off.

In the last half of it the writer made some accusations that he did not know anything about, for it happened that the man who told him never heard a statement made by the "Very, Very Good Man." And if he had, the principle advocated by the writer of the article is against the Government. You ask "How?" In the first place, he advocated the ignoring of all law on Sabbath observance, and attempted to explain it by saying that our soldier boys have to fight on Sunday, which we all know. But our Government is not asking that we go ahead with our daily avocations of life yet. Neither is it asking that we have "even a dance on Sunday" to help the Red Cross, for our Government is doing everything in its power to punish the crime committed by the lewd women of the country against our soldier-boys. Statistics show that at least 75 per cent of these are the direct output of one "factory," and that is the dance. He says, "enlarge the factory." If so, the output will be the greater, and the Government will have to have more money appropriated to prevent the output of the 'factory' from spreading crime and disease among our soldiers.

Then it is not overstepping the mark of patriotism to say that a patriotic citizen does not have to dance to give his money to the Red Cross. Neither does the patriotic citizen have to break all recognized law to help the Red Cross. That would be getting too near Prussianism for the average American. I am too busy helping the Red Cross and buying W. S. Stamps and Liberty Bonds to write any more at this time.

Crystal Program for Next Week

Tuesday—Select—"The Studio Girl" with Constance Talmage.
Wednesday—Paramount—"Flare up Sal," with Dorothy Dalton. Thursday—World—"The Man Hunt," with Ethel Clayton. Friday—Pathe—"For Sale," with Dorothy Phillips. "Under the Stars," Life of Abraham Lincoln. Saturday—Paramount—"Things that we Love," with Wallace Reid. "Rough and Ready Reggie"—Black Diamond Comedy. An All Star Program. (Cut this out for future reference.)

Iron and Steel Company Making Progress

President Roberson Divides Time This Week Between Texico and Carrizozo In Interest of Smelter

C. A. Roberson, Pres. of the New Mexico Iron & Steel Corp., left Monday night for Texico, to attend to matters of business importance which require his attention. He will return the latter part of the week to take up his duties in organizing the above named company.

Mr. Roberson feels highly satisfied over the situation as our business men and wide awake citizens in general, are responding cheerfully and stock in the company is selling fast. Mr. Roberson is a fluent speaker, convincing in his arguments, and these virtues or qualifications rather, appeal to men of business intelligence who have money to invest in an enterprise where there is a good evidence of profits on their investment.

Carrizozo needs the smelter; it will be just the thing to greatly help the growing community, and we predict that Mr. Roberson and associates will find not only Carrizozo people, but Lincoln county in general, will respond with the proper amount of money to insure the complete success of the enterprise.

Hondo Hot-Stuff.

Frank Allison an old resident on the upper Ruidoso made a short visit to Hondo last week, he says crop conditions are very good in the mountain section and stock are looking well, but good rains are needed to improve the range.

C. S. Osborne accompanied by Mrs. Osborne and young son, visited Tularosa, Alamogordo and Cloudcroft last week.

Jim Gonzales motored to Carrizozo Monday to attend to business at the county seat. While there he bought more land.

Jose Gonzales, one of the first settlers at the Hondo Junction, a former friend of Billy-the-Kid, went to the county seat Monday to close a deal for 200 acres more of Hondo Valley land. Don Jose is investing all his spare change in Liberty Bonds and land—pretty good investments.

Jourde Claunch has returned from El Paso where he visited his sister a few days before going back to his fort in Garden City, N. Y.

Colonel J. C. Bender of Nogal was a Carrizozo visitor one day this week.

J. O. Gillman of El Paso was a business visitor Thursday.

Remarkable Opportunity For Purchasers

The wide awake firm of Zeigler Brothers are about to launch a big sale of merchandise beginning with July 15th, and continuing 10 days; the sale will be enormous, and buyers may now have an opportunity of making purchases at a greatly reduced figure, all goods carried in stock will be marked down to give the people a chance to make the contents of their pockets reach further than they can imagine. The big sale will begin on July 15th, and end on the 25th, bear in mind the dates. Take advantage of the sale!

Reliable Service

Under the new management the "White Line Stage" between Roswell and Carrizozo is giving the best of satisfaction. The management uses every means to be just what they claim: public servants in every sense of the word. Their new time table appears in this issue of the Outlook and those who patronize the company should keep the arrivals and departures clearly in mind. Any information desired can be obtained by phoning the company at their headquarters at the Western Garage, Phone No. 89, where all information will be cheerfully given.

Mr. C. W. Hyde and Ed Harris have returned from Santa Fe where they left a prisoner at the State Penitentiary.

Mr. O. N. Tinklebaugh is a Carrizozo visitor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Malarney have returned from a 6 week's visit to Mr. Malarney's father in Michigan.

Ben West Takes Vacation

Ben West, special detective for the E. P. & S. W. leaves Saturday on his vacation. He will stop for a short time at Beeville, Texas and from there he will go to Galveston, then to Ft. Worth, finishing his trip at Mineral Springs where he will take advantage of the baths at that popular resort.

H. J. Henry, who is also special officer for the company, will fill Mr. West's position during his absence, the time allotted to his vacation being one month.

New Management

Last week the well known barber shop owned by S. G. Anderson and afterwards sold by him to Geo. Friedenbloom, was purchased by Mr. J. O. Wycoff who has lately located in this city with his family, having prior to this movement been a resident of the state of Texas. Mr. Wycoff, being a newcomer, desires to introduce himself to the people of this town, and therefore comes out this week with an ad which will speak for itself. In his opening notice, he calls your attention to the change of management and asks the people for a portion of their business, in which he assures the best of service.

The following ladies and gentlemen comprise the present force of the New Mexico Iron and Steel Corporation, C. A. Roberson and wife, Arthur Holloway and wife, Frent Stalling, Joe Paggett, Blanche Qualis, C. C. Knoles, and Nora Giesler, niece of Mr. C. A. Roberson.

Judge E. L. Medler and Dr. T. W. Watson spent several days in Carrizozo this week.

Don't Carry Money.

in your pockets, or keep considerable sums at home, it is unsafe and wasteful, hence unpatriotic.

Open a checking account at this Bank, then you can pay all bills conveniently and safely. We do your book-keeping, and the cancelled checks returned to you at the end of the month are valid receipts.

The convenience of a properly used checking account is immeasurable.
Exchange Bank of Carrizozo

War Savings Stamps Buy Them Often

The RANCH at the WOLVERINE

B.M. BOWER

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WARD EVENS UP OLD SCORES WITH OLNEY IN A MANNER THE LATTER IS NOT LIKELY SOON TO FORGET

Synopsis.—Marthy and Jase Melike, pioneers, have for twenty years made a bare living out of their ranch at the Cove on Wolverine creek in the mountain range country of Idaho. Their neighbors, the MacDonalds, living several miles away, have a daughter, Billy Louise, now about nineteen years old, whom Marthy has secretly helped to educate. At the time the story opens Billy Louise is spending the afternoon with Marthy. A snowstorm comes up, and on her way home the girl meets an interesting stranger, who is invited to stay overnight at the MacDonald ranch. Ward Warren and Billy Louise become firm friends. Jase dies and Marthy buries his body without aid. Charlie Fox, Marthy's nephew, comes to the Cove. He discovers evidence of cattle stealing, and Billy Louise verifies suspicions. Billy Louise discovers what she thinks is evidence of Ward's connection with the thefts. Her troubles are increased by the serious illness of her mother. Ward discovers a hidden corral in which are three men, one of whom he believes to be Buck Olney. When they leave he finds in the corral stock on which the brands have been changed to his own mark in an attempt to brand him as a cattle "rustler." He obliterates the brands. Later he discovers Olney hiding behind a rock with gun trained on his cabin and takes him prisoner.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

Buck got up awkwardly and went stumbling down the steep slope with his hands trembling in the air upon either side of his head. From their nervous quivering it was evident that his memory was good and that it was working upon the subject which Ward had suggested to him. He did not give Ward the weakest imitation of an excuse to shoot. And so the two of them came presently down upon the level and passed around the cabin to the door with no more than ten feet of space between them, so inexorably had Ward crowded close upon the other's stumbling progress.

"Hold on a minute!"
Buck stopped as still as though he had gone against a rock wall.
Ward came closer, and Buck flinched away from the feel of the rifle muzzle away from his shoulder blades. Ward reached out a cautious hand and pulled the six shooter from its holster at Buck's right hip.

"Got a knife? You always used to go beeled with one. Speak up and don't lie about it."
"Inside my coat," grunted Buck, and Ward's lip curled while he reached around the man's bulky body and found the knife in its leather sheath. Evidently Buck was still remembering with disquieting exactness what reasons Ward might have for wanting to kill him.

"Take down your left hand and open the door."
Buck did so and put his hand up again without being told.

"Now go in and stand with your face to the wall." With the rifle muzzle Ward indicated which wall. He noticed how Buck's fingers groped and trembled against the wall, just under the eaves, and his lip curled again in the expression which Billy Louise so hated to see.

Ward had chosen the spot where he could reach easily a small coil of rope. He kept the rifle pressing Buck's shoulders until he had shifted the knife into one hand, leaned and laid its blade against Buck's cheek.

"Feel that? I'll jab it clear through you if you give me a chance. Drop your hands down behind you." He spent a busy minute with the rope before he pushed Buck Olney roughly toward a chair.

Buck sat down, and Ward did a little more rope work.

"Say, Ward, you're making a big mistake if you—"
"Shut up!" snapped Ward. "Can't you see I'm standing all I can stand just with the sight of you? Don't pile it on too thick by letting me hear you talk. I heard you once too often as it is."

Buck Olney caught his breath and sat very still. His eyes followed Ward as the eyes of a caged animal follow its keeper.

Ward tried to ignore his presence completely while he lighted a fire and fried bacon and made coffee, but the hard set of his jaw and the cold intensity of his eyes proved how conscious he was of Buck's presence. He tried to eat just to show how calm he was, but the bread and bacon choked him. He could feel every nerve in his body quiver with the hatred he felt for the man and the bitterness which the sight of him called up out of the past. He drank four cups of coffee, black

and sweetened at random, which steadied him a little. That he did not offer Buck food or drink showed how intense was his hatred. As a rule, your true range man is hospitable even to his enemies.

He rose and inspected the ropes to make sure that they were proof against twisting, straining muscles and took an extra turn or two with the loose end just to make doubly sure of the man's helplessness.

"Where did you leave your horse?" he asked him curtly when he was through.

Buck told him, his eyes searching Ward's face for mercy or at least for some clue to his fate and dulling with disappointment because he could read nothing there but loathing.

Without speaking again Ward went out and closed the door firmly behind him. He felt relieved to be away from Buck's presence. As he climbed the bluff and mentally relived the last hour he wondered how he had kept from shooting Buck as soon as he saw him. Still, that would have defeated his main purpose, which was to make Buck suffer. He was afraid he could not make Buck suffer as Buck had made him suffer, because there were obstacles in the path of a perfect retribution.

Ward was gone an hour. He did not hurry; there was no need. Buck could not get away, and a little suspense would do him good.

Buck's face was pasty when Ward opened the door. His eyes were a bit glassy. And from the congested appearance of his hands Ward judged that he had tested to the full his helplessness in his bonds. Ward looked at him a minute and got out the makings of a smoke. His mood had changed in his absence. He no longer wanted absolute silence between them; instead he showed symptoms of wanting to talk.

"If I turn you loose, Buck, what will you do?" he asked at last in a curious tone.

"If you— Ward, I'll prove I'm a friend to you in spite of the Mea you've got that I ain't. I never done nothing—"

"No, of course not." Ward's lip curled. "That was my mistake, maybe. You always used to say you were my friend when—"

"And that's the God's truth, Ward!" Buck's face was becoming flushed with his eagerness. "I done everything I could for you, Ward, but the way the cards laid I couldn't—"

"Get me hanged. I know; you sure tried hard enough!" Ward puffed hard at his cigarette, and the lips that held it trembled a little. Otherwise he seemed perfectly cool and calm.

"Say, Ward, them lawyers lied to you."

"Oh, cut it out, Buck. I've seen you wriggle through a snake hole before. I believe you're my friend just the way you've always been."

"That's right, Ward, and I can prove it."
Ward snorted. "You proved it, old timer, when you laid up there behind a rock with your sights on this shack, ready to get me when I came out. I sate how how it happened Jim McGuire was found face down in the spring behind his shack with a bullet hole in his back that time. You were his friend too!"

"Ward, I—"

"Shut up! I just wanted to see if you'd changed any in the last seven years. You haven't, unless it's for the worse. You've got to the end of the trail, old timer. When you went laying for me you fixed yourself a plenty. Do you want to know what I'm going to do to you?"

"Ward, you wouldn't dare shoot me! With the record you've got you wouldn't stand—"

"Who gave it to me, huh? Oh, I heap sate; you've left word with your partners that you were coming up here to arrest me single handed. They will give the alarm if you don't show up, and I'll go on the dodge and get caught and—" Ward threw away his cigarette and took a step toward his captive, a step so ominous that Buck squirmed in his bonds.

"Well, you can rest easy on one point. I'm not going to shoot you." Ward stood still and watched the light of hope flare in the eyes of his enemy. "I'm going to wash the dishes and take a shave, and then I'm going to take you out somewhere and hang you."

"My God, Ward! You—you—"
"I told you seven years ago," went on Ward steadily, "that I'd see you hung before I was through with you. Remember? By rights you ought to hang by the heels over a slow fire. You're about as low a specimen of humanity as I ever saw or heard of. You know what you did for me, Buck. And you know what I told you would happen. Well, it's going to come off according to the program."

"I did think of running you in and giving you a taste of hell yourself. But, as usual, you've gone and tangled up a couple of fellows that never did me any particular harm and I don't want to hand them anything if I can help it. So I'll just string you up—after awhile, when I get around to it—and leave a note saying who you are and that you're the head push in this rustling business and that you helped spend the money that Hardup bank lost awhile back and that you're one of the gamblers—"

"You can't prove it! You—"
"I can't have to prove it. The authorities will do all that when they get the tip I'll give them. And you, being hung up on a limb somewhere, can't very well give your partners the double cross. So they'll have a fighting chance to make their getaway."

"Now, I'm through talking to you. What I say goes. You can talk if you want to, Buck, but I'm going to carve a steak out of you every time you open your mouth." He pulled Buck's own knife out of its sheath and laid it convenient to his hand, and he looked as if he would do any cruel thing he threatened.

CHAPTER X.

"So long, Buck!"
Ward relighted the fire, which had gone out long ago, and set the dishpan on the stove with water to heat. He remade his bunk, spreading on the army blanket which he took from the saddle on Rattler. He swept the floor as neatly as any woman could have done it and laid two wolf skins down in their places where they did duty as rugs. He washed and wiped his few dishes, keeping Buck's knife always within reach and sending an inquiring glance toward Buck whenever that unhappy man made the slightest movement, though, truth to tell, Buck did not make many. He brought two pails of water and set them on the bench inside, and in the meantime he had cooked a mess of prunes and set them in a bowl on the window sill beside his bunk, where the air was coolest. He stropped his razor painstakingly and shaved himself in leisurely fashion and sent an occasional glance toward his prisoner from the looking glass, which made Buck swallow hard at his Adam's apple.

"I've sure put the fear of the Lord into you, haven't I, Buck?" Ward observed maliciously, wiping a blob of hairy lather upon a page torn from an old mail-order catalogue. "I was kind a hoping you had more nerve. I wanted to get a whack at you just to prove I'm not joking."

Buck swallowed again, but he made no reply.

Ward washed his face in a basin of steaming water, got a can of talcum out of the dish cupboard and took the soap shine off his cheeks and chin. He combed his hair before the little mirror, trying unavailingly to take the wave out of it with water and leaving it more crinkly over his temples than it had been in the first place, and retied the four-in-hand under the soft collar of his shirt.

"I wish you'd talk, Buck," he said, turning toward the other. He looked very boyish and almost handsome, except for the expression of his eyes, which gave Buck the shivers, and the set of his lips, which was cruel. "I've read how the Chinks hand out what they call the death-of-a-thousand-cuts. I was thinking I'd like to try it out on you. But—oh, well, this is Friday. It may as well go as a hanging." He made a poor job of his calm irony, but Buck was not in the mental condition to be critical.

The main facts were sufficiently ominous to offset Ward's attempt at facetiousness. Indeed, the very weakness of the attempt was in itself ominous. Ward might try to be easily

malevolent, but the light that burned in his eyes and the rage that tightened his lips gave the lie to his forced composure.

He went out and led up the horses to the door. He came back and started to untie Buck Olney's feet, then he thought him of the statement he had promised to write. He got a magazine and tore out the frontispiece—which, oddly enough, was a somber picture of Death hovering with outstretched wings over a battlefield—and wrote several lines in pencil on the back of it, where the paper was smooth and white.

"How's that?" he asked, holding up the paper so that Buck could read what he had written. "I ain't in the mood to sit down and write a whole book, so I had to boil down your pedigree. But that will do the business all right, don't you think?"

Buck read with staring eyes, looked into Ward's face and opened his lips for protest or pleading. Then he followed Ward's glance to the knife on the table and shut his mouth with a snap. Ward laughed grimly, picked up the knife and ran his thumb lightly over the edge to test its keenness. "Put a fresh edge on it for me, huh?" he commented. "Well, we may as well get started, I reckon. I'm getting mighty sick of seeing you around."

He loosened the rope that bound Buck to the chair and stood scowling down at him, drawing in a corner of his lip and biting it thoughtfully. Then he took his revolver and held it in his left hand, while with his right he undid the rope which bound Buck's hands.

"Stick your hands out in front of you," he commanded. "You'll have to ride a ways. There isn't any gallows tree in walking distance."

"For God's sake, Ward!" Buck's voice was hoarse. The plea came out of its own accord. He held his hands before him, however, and he made no attempt to get out of the chair. He knew Ward could shoot all right with his left hand, you see. He had watched him practice on tin cans long ago when the two were friends.

"You know what I told you," Ward reminded him grimly and took up the knife with a deadly air that made the other suck in his breath. "Hold still! I'm liable to cut your throat if I make a mislick."

Really, it was the way he did it that made it terrible. The thing itself was nothing. He merely drew the back of the blade down alongside Buck's ear and permitted the point to scratch through the skin barely enough to let out a thin trickle of blood. A pin would have hurt worse. But Buck groaned and believed he had lost an ear. He breathed in gasps, but did not say a word.

"Go ahead. Talk all you want to, Buck," Ward invited, and wiped the knife blade on Buck's shoulder before he returned the weapon to its sheath in his inside coat pocket.

Buck flinched from the touch and set his teeth.

Ward tied his hands before him and told him to get up and go out to his horse. Buck obeyed with abject submission, and Ward's lip curled again as he walked behind him to the door. He had not the slightest twinge of pity for the man. He was gloatingly glad that he could make him suffer, and he inwardly cursed his own humanity for being so merciful. He ought to have cut Buck's ear off slick and clean instead of making a bluff at it, he told himself disgustedly. Buck deserved it and more.

He helped Buck into the saddle, took the short rope in his hands and hobbled Buck's feet under the horse, grasped the bridle reins and mounted Rattler. Without a word he set off up the rough trail toward Hardup, leading Buck's horse behind him.

"Before you go, Buck, I want to tell you that you needn't jolly yourself into thinking your death will be avenged. It won't. You noticed what I wrote, and there isn't a scrap of my writing anywhere in the country to catch me up—" Ward's thoughts went to Billy Louise, who had some very good samples, and he stopped suddenly. He was trying not to think of Billy Louise today. "Also when somebody happens to ride this way and sees you I won't be anywhere around."

"This is the tree," he added, stopping under a cottonwood that hung a big branch out over the narrow cow trail they were traveling. "The chances are friend Floyd will be ambling around this way in a day or two," he said hearteningly. "He can tend to the last sad rites and take charge of your horse. He's liable to be sore when he reads your pedigree, but I don't reckon that will make a great deal of difference. You'll get buried, all right, Buck."

Ward dismounted with a most businesslike manner and untied Buck Olney's rope from the saddle. "I can't spare mine," he explained laconically. He had some trouble in fashioning a hangman's noose. He had not had much practice, he remarked to Buck after the first attempt.

"How do you do it, Buck? You know more about these things than I do," he taunted. "You've helped hang lots of poor devils that will be glad to meet you with the devil today."

Buck Olney moistened his dry lips.

Ward glanced at his face and looked quickly away. Staring, abject terror is not nice to look upon, even though the man is your worst enemy and is suffering justly for his sins. Ward's fingers fumbled the rope as though his determination were weakening. Then he remembered some things, hunched his shoulders, impatient of the merciful impulse, and began the knot again. An old prospector had shown him once how it was done.

"Of course a plain slipknot would do the business all right," he said. "But I'll try and give you the genuine thing, same as you gave the other fellows."

"Ward, for God's sake, let me go!"
Ward started. He did not know that a man's voice could change so much in so short a time. He never would have recognized the tones as coming from Buck Olney's loose, complacent lips.

"Ward, I'll never—I'll leave the country—I'll go to South America or Australia or—"

"You'll go to a hotter climate, Buck," Ward cut in inexorably. "You've got your ticket."

"I'll own up to everything. I'll tell you where some of the money's cached we got in that Hardup deal, Ward. There's enough to put you on Easy street. I'll tell you who helped—"

"You'd better not," advised Ward harshly, "or I'll make hanging a relief to you. I know pretty well right now all you could tell. And if I wanted to send your partners up I wouldn't need your help. It's partly to give them a chance that I'm sending you out this way myself. I don't call this murder, Buck. I'm saving the state a lot of time and trouble, that's all, and your partners the black eye they'd get for throwing in with you. I heap sate who was the head push. You got them in to take whatever dropped, so you could get off slick and clean, just as you've done before, you—you—"

Buck Olney got it then hot from the fires of Ward's wrath. A man does not brood over treachery and wrong and a blackened future for years without storing up a good many things that he means to say to the friend who has played him false. Ward had been a happy go lucky young fellow who had faith in men and in himself and in his future. He had lived through black, hopeless days and weeks and months because of this man who tried now to buy mercy with the faith of his partners.

In the saddle Buck sat all hunched together as if Ward had lashed him with rawhide instead of with stinging words. The muscles of his face twitched spasmodically. His eyes were growing bloodshot.

Ward spilled two papers of tobacco before he got a cigarette rolled and lighted. He wondered a little at the physical reaction from his outburst, but he wondered more at Buck Olney sitting alive and unhurt on the horse before him, a Seabek horse which Ward had seen Floyd Carson riding once or twice. He wondered what Floyd would do if he saw Buck now and the use to which the horse was being put.

Ward finished the cigarette, rolled another and smoked that also before he could put his hand out before him and hold it reasonably steady. When he felt fairly sure of himself again he lifted his hat to wipe off the sweat of his anger, gave a big sigh and returned to the tying of the hangman's noose.

When he finally had it fixed the way he wanted it he went close and flung the noose over Buck Olney's head. He could not trust himself to speak just then. He cast an inquiring glance upward, took Buck's horse by the bridle and led him forward a few steps so that Buck was directly under the overhanging limb. Then, with the coil of Buck's rope in his hand, he turned back and squirmed up the tree trunk until he had reached the limb. He crawled out until he was over Buck's bullet punctured hat crown, sliced off what rope he did not need and flung it to the ground. He saw Buck wince as the rope went past him. The Pinto horse shied out of position.

"Take the reins and bring him back here," Ward called shortly, and gave a twitch of the rope as a hint.

Mechanically Buck obeyed. He did not know that the rope was not yet tied to the limb.

Ward tied the rope securely, leaving enough slack to keep Buck from choking prematurely. He fussed a minute longer, with his lip curled into a grin of sardonic humor. Then he crawled back to the trunk of the tree and slid down carefully so that he would not frighten the Pinto.

He went up and took the hobble off Buck Olney's feet, felt in the seam of his coat lapel and pulled out four pins, with which he fastened Buck's "pedigree" between Buck's shrinking shoulderblades. Then he stood off and surveyed his work critically before he went over to Rattler, who stood dozing in the sunshine.

Fortune aims another blow at Ward, but his iron nerve enables him to survive terrible ordeal. The story of Ward's new misfortune is told in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Service Flag Galley



Flag No. 1. Bearing three stars, in honor of Eb, Ralph and Lewis Jones, at the residence of R. R. Sale brothers of Mrs. R. R. Sale and Miss Grace Jones.

Flag No. 2. Bearing two stars, in honor of Ralph R. and Geo. B. Barber Jr., at the Barber residence.

Flag No. 3.—Bearing the single star, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lutz, in honor of their son, Lieut. Chas. H. Lutz.

Flag No. 4. Bearing the single star, in honor of Morgan Reilly, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reilly.

Flag No. 5. Bearing two stars, in honor of Thos. F. Wright and David T. Beals, displayed at the First National Bank.

Flag No. 6. Bearing the single star, in honor of Roy H. Grumbles, son of Mrs. M. B. Grumbles, at her home.

Flag No. 7. Bearing one star, in honor of Romaldo Garcia, at the home of his father, Jose Garcia.

Flag No. 8. At the home of Mrs. Chas. A. Stevens, bearing the single star in honor of her son, Allison Stevens.

Flag No. 9. Bears one star, displayed at the home of Mrs. Alice Roberts, in honor of her son, Bert Roberts.

Flag No. 10. Bears the single star, displayed at the home of Mrs. Geo. B. Barber, by Miss Anna Kirby, in honor of her brother, Guy Kirby.

Flag No. 11. Bears the single star, displayed at the ranch home of Mrs. J. B. Cleghorn, in honor of her brother, Joe B. Collier.

Flag No. 12. Bears the single star, in honor of Lloyd Hulbert, at the home of his father, F. S. Hulbert, at Lincoln.

Flag No. 13. Bearing the single star, in honor Ivan P. French, at the home of his mother, Mrs. Emma A. Flowers.

Flag No. 14. Bearing two stars, displayed at the home of J. E. Farley, by his daughter, Mrs. I. D. Baker, in honor of her husband, I. D. Baker and her brother, Albert F. Farley.

Flag No. 15. Flying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Straley, bearing two stars, in honor of their two sons, Thos. and Chas. Spurgeon, at Ancho.

Flag No. 16. At the home of Mrs. R. T. Lucas, bearing the single star in honor of her husband, Lieut. R. T. Lucas.

Flag No. 18. Bears two stars, displayed at the home of Mrs. Edith R. Smith, in honor of her two sons, Orville Vernon, in the army, and Cecil Hammond, in the navy.

Flag No. 17. At the home of Wm. Barnett, in honor of Sam and Mike brothers of Wm. Barnett, and Roy Hamilton, a brother of Mrs. Barnett.

Flag No. 19. At the residence of W. C. Merchant, in honor of his two sons, Bernard R. and Ralph W. Merchant.

Flag No. 20. At the home of Mrs. Phil S. O'Connell, bears the single star in honor of her brother James Carpenter.

Flag No. 21. At the home of E. W. Harris, in honor of his son-in-law Ira Johnson, and bears the single star.

Flag No. 22. At the ranch home of P. M. Johnson, bearing two stars in honor of sons, Peter and Ira Johnson.

Flag No. 23. At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stimmel bearing two stars in honor of his two sons, Benjamin P. and Charles M. Stimmel.

Flag No. 24. At the home of Mrs. M. F. Wells, bearing the single star in honor of her son Gordon Wells.

Flag No. 25. At the home of Mrs. L. B. Crawford, bearing two stars in honor of her husband, L. B. Crawford and brother, M. G. Lesnet.

With the emperor of Austria, who is said to be the only monarch in Europe who can trace his lineage to the Caesars, knocking at the door of Potsdam (for his people) there is indeed a swallowing of mighty pride. —Albuquerque Journal.

Save

**Your Strength
By Conserving Your
Nervous Energy**

For Nervousness or
Sleeplessness, Try

**Dr. Miles
Nervine**

A Nerve Sedative containing
Ingredients recognized
by Specialists as having
great value in the Treatment
of Nervous Diseases.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

**"Shoot Down
the Red
Cross Flag"**

—Kaiser's Orders.

"The wounded who lay in No Man's Land were left to perish. The French tried to rescue them under the Red Cross flag but we only sneered at them and shot it to bits. The Red Cross flag had lost all its value for us when it was raised by the French. Mistrust was nurtured among us. We were told that the enemy misused the flag and that we must shoot down the men who bore it."

Here is an admission of a German soldier—a confirmation of Prussian "kultur." It is only one of the striking paragraphs in

**Confessions of a
German Deserter**

The real "inside" story of Prussian militarism about to appear in installments in

This Newspaper

**The
Confessions of a
German Deserter**

Written by a Prussian Officer
Who Participated in the
Ravaging and Pillaging
of Belgium

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Best Accommodations For All The People
All The Time

CARRIZOZO EATING HOUSE

Table Supplied With Best The Market Affords

Building Material

With a large stock of building material we are able to give you good service and solicit the trade of the people of Lincoln county, Carrizozo and adjacent towns.

Foxworth-Galbraith Lumber Co.
D. R. Stewart, Manager



The Bread Question

At your house can be easily settled. Just quit the labor and uncertainty of home baking and make this bakery the source of your bread supply. Then you will always be sure of fine toothsome bread on your table. There will be no uncertainty, no disappointments. Our bread is perfect all the time

PURE FOOD BAKERY

Doering Bldg. E. HANNON, Prop. Carrizozo, N. M.

The Mounted Police.

The organization and renewed activity of the New Mexico mounted police is a commendable move on the part of the administration. Although Captain H. J. McGrath's first monthly report does not indicate that there have been undue deprivations on the part of malefactors and criminals throughout the state, a vigilant state constabulary is the best means of forestalling any such condition.

New Mexico is sparsely settled there is broad stretches of country which offer inviting hiding places for criminals. Regular city and county police cannot reach such fastnesses to advantage, and they should not be expected to do so.

The state mounted police, equipped for business of this nature is the most logical organization for properly policing the outlying regions.

Thrift and Economy

A letter of caution has been sent out by the Council of National Defense, signed by that body and also by the Advisory Commission, which urges the people to avoid unnecessary expenditures of every kind, which is highly important in winning the war. The letter follows:

The Council of National Defense and the Advisory Commission of the Council believe that a concerted effort for economy by the people of the Nation will not only go far toward paying America's expense in the war, but will reduce the consumption of raw and manufactured materials es-

sential to the conduct of the war.

The Council urges all to refrain from unnecessary expenditures of every kind, and to bear constantly in mind that the only one thing is now of real importance, and that is the winning of the war.

The Nation's resources in man power, money, transportation, food stuffs, raw materials and fuel, have already been subjected to heavy strain, and it is the clear duty of every citizen to guard against increasing this strain by a single wasteful act.

It is most creditable for everyone—man or woman, boy or girl—to be economical in dress, food and manner of living. Every evidence of helpful self-denial on the part of all in a time like this is most commendable.

This war is more than a conflict between two armies; it is a contest in which every man, woman and child can and should render real assistance. Thrift and economy are not only a patriotic privilege, they are a duty.

"To what do you attribute your remarkable age and your wonderful health?" asked the summer boarder of the aged farmer. "Well," answered the bucolic one, "I reckon I got a pretty good start on most people by bein' born afore germs were discovered, an' so I have had less to worry about."—Ex.

The time is coming when a patch on a man's pants will be a badge of honor, says an exchange. That is going to be all right if we still have the pants or can arrange to borrow enough money to buy the patch. —El Paso Times.

LODGES

COMET CHAPTER NO. 29
ORDER OF EASTERN STAR
Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Regular Meeting
First Wednesday of
Each Month.

All Visiting Stars Cordially Invited.

MRS. R. R. SALE, Worthy Matron
S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 41—
Carrizozo, New Mexico.
A. F. & A. M.

Regular communications for 1918.
Jan 26 Feb 23 Mar.
23, Apr. 20, May 25
June 22, July 20,

Aug. 17, Sep. 14, Oct. 19, Nov. 16, and Dec. 14 and 27.

R. E. Blaney, W. M.
S. F. Miller, Secretary.

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 30 I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo, New Mexico.

S. F. Miller, N. G.
M. H. Montgomery, Sec'y

Regular meetings 1918— First and third Friday each month.

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 11, K of P
Carrizozo, New Mexico,

Meeting every Monday evening in the Masonic Hall. All members are urged to be present, and visiting Knights welcomed.

G. T. McQuillen, C. C.
E. A. O. Johnson, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONS

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Attorney-at-Law
District Attorney Third Judicial District
Civil Practice in all Courts
Phone 51; Court House
Carrizozo New Mexico

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Attorney-at-Law
Practice in all the Courts
Oscuro New Mexico

EDWIN MECHEM
Attorney-at-Law
General Practice
Office Over Rolland's Drug Store
Alamogordo New Mexico

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Notary Public, Interpreter and Attorney
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FRANK J. SAGER
Insurance, Notary Public
Agency Established 1892
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo New Mexico

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W. B. EDWARDS, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Specialist will visit Carrizozo regularly
Gallup, New Mexico

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrah that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrah Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known J. J. Cheney for the last 12 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all his transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Food Value of Fish

Extensive Use Recommended by Department of Agriculture

Further evidence that fish deserves a place in every diet was obtained from a recent series of digestion experiments in the United States department of agriculture. These tests furnished scientific proof that fish, which has always been reckoned as a valuable food, is very completely utilized in the body.

In the experiments Boston mackerel, butterfish, salmon and grayfish—a variety not generally used in this country—were made into "fish loaves" and served as a basis of a simple mixed diet to young men of healthy appetites.

Both the protein and the fat of the fish were well utilized. Following are the percentages of protein digested: Boston mackerel, 93.1 per cent; butterfish, 91.9 per cent; grayfish, 92.8 per cent; and salmon, 93.2 per cent. The percentages of fat digested were found to be: Boston mackerel, 95.2 per cent; butterfish, 86.4 per cent; grayfish, 94.3 per cent; salmon, 93.7 per cent.

In addition to the fish loaf, the diet included potatoes, crackers, fruit, sugar, and tea or coffee. On the average the subjects each day ate 440 grams of Boston mackerel, 471 grams of butterfish, 440 grams of grayfish, or 855 grams of salmon, indicating that in every case the fish was eaten with relish.

The department recently has concluded an investigation of the commercial freezing and storing of fish, and a bulletin on that subject says that this method of preserving fish will hold them for many months in the condition in which they were received, but will not counteract deterioration due to previous heating or mishandling. Chemical analysis shows no significant changes in frozen fish held for 27 months—much longer than would be necessary or profitable in storing fish commercially.

Germany Has Pledged to Let Both Military and Civilian Prisoners Have Home Help

Through the Spanish ambassador at Berlin arrangements have been made whereby American prisoners in Germany, both civilian and military, will be allowed to receive money from home. They will perhaps not receive actual cash, but will probably be given credit on prison exchanges.

A. (1) Sixty marks (about \$15 at normal exchange rates, but probably considerably less now) may be spent weekly by officers and others of similar rank; (2) 50 marks weekly (about \$12) by noncommissioned officers and privates.

B. Civilian prisoners—(1) Sixty marks weekly "for men of better social positions;" (2) 50 marks weekly for others.

The note of the Spanish ambassador says: "With a view to obtaining particular articles the prisoners are allowed at any time to draw on their credit."

All money sent interned civilians or prisoners should be remitted through the Bureau of Prisoners' Relief, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. Remittances should be checks, drafts or postal money orders, made payable to the American Red Cross. That organization will do its best to get the remittances through but cannot guarantee delivery. Thus far it has had pretty good success, and such American prisoners as have already or may hereafter become German prisoners will most certainly need all the help they can get to make their lives bearable.

To the Point.

Some music has charms that would drive a savage to drink. Injustice often puts a man on the back while justice kicks him.

A woman often says: "It's no use talking"—but she never means it.

Some would be more likely to take hints if they could pawn them.

Any chronic borrower soon begins to wonder why every one he knows is broke.

World's Tallest Tree.

The tallest of California's big trees is 355 feet in height, but among the great gum trees of Australia many specimens are more than 400 feet in height, and one which was felled in southeast Australia measured 471 feet—the tallest tree on record, says Popular Science Monthly. Gum trees grow very rapidly.

Simple Remedies That Will Rid the Living Rooms and Offices of All Cockroaches

The nuisance of roaches in offices and living rooms of houses can be reduced, if not removed entirely, by the elimination of all attractive substances, according to the United States Department of Agriculture.

Roaches will not frequent rooms unless they find some available food material, and if such materials can be kept from living rooms and offices or scrupulous care exercised to see that no such material is placed in drawers where it can leave an attractive odor or fragments of food, the roach nuisance can be largely restricted to places where food necessarily must be kept. In such places the storage of food material in insect-proof containers or ice boxes, together with thorough-going cleanliness, will go a long way toward preventing serious annoyance.

Roaches as household pests may be controlled by the use of various poisons, repellents, and fumigants, and by trapping. The more efficient of these remedies are powders, particularly sodium fluorid, a liberal dusting of which about the infested premises furnishes an efficient means for the elimination of these pests. Also one part powdered borax and three parts finely pulverized chocolate sprinkled freely about infested premises.

Cockroaches are the commonest and most offensive of the house pests. Four kinds are often found in houses, offices, etc. These are the American roach, a native insect; the European or Oriental roach, known in England as the black beetle; the Australian roach; and the little German roach, commonly known in this country as the Croton bug.

POULTRY CONVERT WASTE INTO FOOD

(By the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The central thought to be borne in mind in considering the growing of more poultry as a war necessity is the fact that the keeping of poultry is a means of converting into good food materials that cannot be utilized by man, that cannot be eaten by any other kind of stock, and that, without the poultry, would be absolute waste. Very clearly, it becomes a national as well as an individual duty to keep enough poultry to take up all such waste materials. As long as fowls take the bulk of their feed from such sources and require to be fed on grain or other garnered feeds only as a finishing process, additional food is being created.

Careful planning must be done, of course, to insure the utilization of as many kinds of waste materials as possible and to avoid overstocking with any one kind of poultry that would not

be fully fed from the particular kinds of waste which it eats and would, therefore, require to be largely fed from garnered materials.

Chickens, in any general scheme of poultry production, of course, must take first place. They are best adapted to general conditions, take a wide range of feeds and convert them, perhaps, with the greatest margin of profit. Chickens, better than any other class of poultry, utilize table scraps and the general run of waste from the kitchen door, all the way from apple and potato parings to sour milk. Chickens far surpass all other kinds of poultry in salvaging waste grain from the stables, from the shed or lot where the cattle are fed, and from hog pens. During the winter months, on farms where any considerable number of live stock are kept, the 100 hens suggested would make their living from these sources with only slight additional feeding from time to time. Chickens are great destroyers of insects, including many injurious forms, in yard, pasture, and orchard. They utilize, also, many grasses and weeds, and seeds from the same, that would otherwise be of no use. Except in isolated instances, the part of wisdom would be, undoubtedly, to keep more chickens than all other kinds of poultry combined, but there should be, in a majority of cases, some of all the other common kinds of poultry.

MARCH OF THE DEFENDERS

Oh, knights of hope and Spring-tide marching, marching, When shall you wear the flowers again, and not the blood-stained thorn?

Oh, young and dear, who come to lay the splendor of your life away, We know not what immortal bloom from your brave dust is born!

For hark! a sound of marching — marching, marching — We hear the thunder of the steps of Michaels' host in Heaven!

The Force which struck the fiery Star that kindled to a lurid bar, And fell as a red meteor when the morning clouds were riven.

And they shall come—the gallant dead — to meet us, marching —

The souls that made of earth's dark wars a golden memory.

The Maid of France shall ride again, grave captains at her side again, And Nelson's spirit on the wave shall call to victory.

Oh, hosts of light, that strive and die, —oh, great ranks, marching, Still hold aloft the deathless rose, your hope of years to be!

Where ruin marked the steps of wrong, again the Spring shall break in song, And valiant lilies, white and red, shall flower from sea to sea.

—Marion Couthouy Smith of the Vigilantes.

In a kite frame patented by a Wisconsin man, ribs radiate from a central disk of metal.

Exiles' First Breath of Free France

Scene at Railroad Station at Evian, on the Swiss Border



Every day on the platform of the railroad station at Evian, on the Swiss border, about 1,000 returning exiles have their first breath of free France. They are the men and women and children—of no further use to the enemy, who are being returned to their own country from Germany and the conquered districts of France and Belgium. The French government requested the assistance of the American Red Cross in solving some of the acute problems at Evian, where these 1,000 people must pass through every day to make room for those coming tomorrow!

When the first trains came in, always with several cases of contagious diseases among the children, there was the constant danger of epidemics spreading through France, as these refugees scattered through the country. The first thing the Red Cross did was to establish a system of medical inspection to prevent this, and a children's hospital and dispensary, where thousands of little ones are given expert care. Several famous old monasteries and chateaux near Evian and Lyons have been made over into educational homes for these orphan children and the Red Cross is active in their support. Amid all the tragedy of Evian there is the thrilling hour of return to France; and in the care of the Red Cross the children sometimes find a journey's end that reminds them of the fairies.

Where the Trouble Was. Jones—Are you good at mental arithmetic, Brown? Brown—Pretty fair. Jones—Well, listen to this: A train starts on a journey with 70 passengers on board. At the first stop it drops ten and picks up 15. Have you got that? Brown (calculating) Yes, 75. Jones—At the next stop it drops 25, and picks up 11. Shortly after it stops again and picks up 17 passengers and drops nine. Got that? Brown—Yes; well? Jones (making for the door)—What was the name of the engineer?—Path-finder.

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

And Why Not? A presentation was to be made to Tommy's teacher, and he had been asked to contribute.

His mother duly handed him a subscription, and then asked her hopeful the nature of the gift.

"We are giving teacher an illuminated address," he said. "And, mother, that's rather a good idea. Why don't we buy ourselves an illuminated address and hang it on the letter box, so that the postman will always be able to see our number at night?"

Nashville, Tenn., reports 100 new industries started in the last 12 months.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Appropriate Union.

The vicar was just about to give out the banns of a marriage when he discovered he could not find the book. However, he began, groping meanwhile for the lost volume.

"I publish the banns of marriage between—between—"

"Between the cushion and the seat, sir," whispered the vergier, hoarsely, suddenly realizing what the vicar was looking for.

Industrial Defense.

"It takes four men to maintain one fighting man at the front." Just about one "man" in four is a woman. A million and a half men at the front means 6,000,000 men at the back, of whom 1,500,000 are women—and that is just about the size of the woman's army of industrial defense.

Some men can't even hope to have brain fever.

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.

The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend. The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment. Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Steals EATONIC

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

Cures Him— Comes Back and Pays For It It's the Acid Test of Man and EATONIC They Both Win!

Most Startling Endorsement Ever Published
Mr. A. W. Cruser, Registered Pharmacist and Proprietor of Evans, Illinois, writes under date of December 12, 1944
"Evans, Illinois, Ill.
"Evans, Ill.
"Comments—The following incident which happened in my place of business I know will be of great interest to you, and I hope of great benefit to humanity, morally and physically.
I keep a quantity of EATONIC in my store, and I recently missed a box, and knowing that the clerk had sold it, I could not account for its disappearance. I immediately traced a man who had bought a box of EATONIC, and I saw him in my store and said, 'I see you bought a box of EATONIC which I stole from your store case. I am embarrassed with stomach trouble and, not having the money to spare to get a box, I took it. EATONIC has done me so much good, I can't say enough for it. I had to come back and pay for it.'
This is the most wonderful testimonial statement in all my experience in the interest of my preparation. It is positive proof to my mind that EATONIC is all that is claimed for it. If it had not helped this man his conscience would have left him unrepented. Very truly yours,
A. W. Cruser."

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

correct
CONSTIPATION

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

Sapolio doing its work. Scouring for U.S. Marine Corps recruits.

Join Now!

APPLY AT ANY POST OFFICE for SERVICE UNDER THIS EMBLEM

New Mexico Iron & Steel Corporation

(Incorporated)

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Owners of More than 2000 Acres of the Rich-
est Iron Ore Deposits in the West,
With Operating Mines

Will Build Smelters and Blast Furnaces at
Carrizozo, New Mexico

Authorized Capital of the Company \$3,000,000. All Stock Common, "Fully Paid
and Non-Assessable."

The Company Will Sell a Limited Amount of Stock at \$1.00 Per Share.
All Orders for Stock Taken Subject to Prior Subscription and Reservations.
More Than 100 Citizens of Carrizozo and Vicinity Have Taken Stock in the
Company. Sixty Acres of Land Have Been Secured for the Building Site, and
Actual Construction Will Begin August 1st, 1918

USE THE COUPON BELOW AND BUY SOME STOCK IN THE COMPANY
AT ONE DOLLAR PER SHARE

COUPON	
New Mexico Iron & Steel Corporation, Carrizozo, N. M.:	
Gentlemen:	
Enclosed herewith find \$ _____, in payment of _____	
shares of the Capital Stock of the Company at the price of \$1.00 per Share.	
Name _____	
Address _____	

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, New Mexico.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher

Member of American Press Association

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879

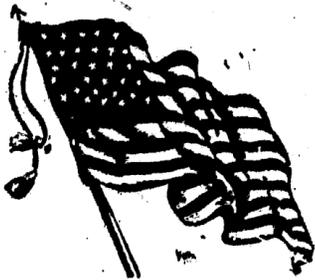
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ONE YEAR, in Advance \$2.00
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OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1918



YOUR FLAG AND MY FLAG

MOTTO OF THIS PAPER

Pledged to the Undying Support of Its Country's Cause.

WHIP AND SCORPION

Sad as it may seem, a great many of our preachers throughout the land have suffered the humiliation of being indicted for acts unbecoming American citizens by advising their congregations to resist the draft, refuse to buy Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, and committing other acts which expose them to ridicule, disgrace and prosecution. These people think they are doing the Almighty service by these acts, while they forget that peace can only be restored now by punishing the perpetrators of the condition that calls us to fight it out of existence with guns and money.

As an example of what the preacher's position should be in these trying times, we quote the words of pastor Robert Baird, of the Walker Memorial Church of Birmingham, Ala. on what he considered his duty. In a recent sermon to his congregation he said:

"Having decided that my duty is in the battle line with a gun in my hand doing all in my power to blot out this blight of the world, I should be unworthy of your respect and ashamed to face the world if I failed to get in the war, and so I am leaving today for Camp Pike."

This is the proper spirit for the times and conditions; this is the policy that was carried out by the Master when he drove the evil doers from the temple with a scourge. So now, as then, we must apply the whip and scorpion to the gang who would bring us all into penal servitude, and cause the ambition of man to sink to the level of the brute.

How close this war brings our sense of duty to us, if we will only let reasonable thought lead the way. How real it makes im-

mortality; how sublime then, the divine undertaking of all hands concerned is to bring this war to a successful ending with the scourge of justice.

W. W. Stadtman
NOTARY PUBLIC
Agent for Royal Typewriters
FIRE INSURANCE

THE REFUNDING OF THE SANTA FE RAILROAD BONDS BY THE STATE BOARD OF LOAN COMMISSIONERS

(From the New Mexico Tax Review for June, 1918. Published by the Taxpayers' Association of New Mexico.)

Early in 1917, in fact on the second day of the administration of Governor Lindsey, there were presented for his signature three bonds of the state, series "C," covering claims presented to the board of loan commissioners by W. G. Kelly of Kansas City and approved by them. Governor Lindsey refused to sign the bonds and asked Mr. R. C. Reid to examine the alleged evidences of the railroad indebtedness for the refunding of which these bonds were issued. Mr. Reid advised against the issue of the bonds and upon a partial examination of the records found that there had been paid illegally to Mr. Kelly on duplicated claims the sum of \$23,566.36.

Following this partial audit by Mr. Reid, Mr. Kelly paid back \$3,284.35, but failed to pay back \$20,281.98, although asked to do so and although he acknowledged the duplicate payment.

The Governor and Mr. Reid then asked this Association to make a complete audit of the issue of state bonds of series "C". These bonds were issued to refund all the old bonds of Santa Fe County issued in aid of railroads. The history of these bonds is interesting especially as bearing upon the folly of heavy bond issues hoped or expected to "improve" a new and progressive community.

Santa Fe County in 1880 and 1887 and Grant County in 1883 issued bonds in aid of railroad construction. Although held valid in the state courts these bonds were held invalid by the U. S. Supreme Court and Santa Fe County refused to pay either principal or interest on the two issues of \$150,000 each which it had made. In 1897 Congress validated the bonds of 1883 of Grant county and bond issues of Santa Fe county of 1891 and 1892 which refunded the original county railroad debt.

Santa Fe county continued to default in its interest not only on the railroad bonds but on all others and the debt grew as the interest piled up. Interest accumulated on the defaulted interest and it became apparent that the county never could hope to pay out without oppressive taxation.

Under these circumstances Congress granted the state in the enabling act one million acres of land upon condition that the state assume and pay the railroad debt of Grant and Santa Fe counties and provided that any balance remaining from the proceeds of these lands after paying these debts should go to the common school permanent fund and Congress also stipulated that only debts "valid and subsisting" on June 30, 1910, should be paid by the state and reserved the right to see that the trust was properly administered.

The state Legislature in 1912 created a state loan commission consisting of the auditor, treasurer and attorney general, charged with the duty to ascertain the railroad debt of Grant and Santa Fe counties and to refund this debt and the accrued and unpaid interest with new bonds known as bonds of Series C, these and the interest thereon to be paid from the proceeds of the million acres of land granted to the state.

To make a complete audit it was necessary to trace the original issue of railroad bonds, to follow the suits upon interest coupons from these bonds which followed the default of the county, to trace the bonds and judgments on the coupons through the refunding process in 1891 and 1892 and to trace the payment of interest, court judgments thereon and finally the issue of series "C" bonds for coupons, judgments and bonds by the board of loan commissioners.

In the beginning it was found that in various ways interest coupons and even many court papers had disappeared from the court files of Santa Fe county. Why or how this happened cannot now be told as the information will be of service in several criminal actions now pending. It was necessary to supply this missing information. Without a correct list of the interest coupons upon which numerous judgments were based it was obviously impossible to tell whether coupons later

submitted for refunding represented a lawful claim against the state. Except in one case now being investigated the information was finally secured. Although the District Court records were missing the Supreme Court records were not where cases had been appealed. Copies of coupons and of complaints were found in the hands of the plaintiffs or their attorneys.

When this information had been assembled the records of the board of loan commissioners, consisting of the state auditor, the treasurer and the attorney general were examined covering the period from statehood to December 14, 1916. It was during this period that all bonds of series "C" were issued.

One of the pleasing features of the examination was the unusually complete record kept by Santa Fe county of the proceedings of the board of county commissioners during the period these railroad bonds were being issued and refunded and the excellent bond register kept at that time by the county clerk. By these records it was possible to determine exactly what

bonds were issued in 1891 and 1892 to refund the railroad bonds and to prove that bonds other than those so recorded could not have been issued to refund that indebtedness. This information was very pertinent as will be shown.

The state board of loan commissioners kept a register of series "C" bonds issued by them and a minute book of their proceedings. They did not keep a register of the Santa Fe bonds and coupons taken up or incorporated in the judgments against the county funded by them, nor did the minute book show the interest coupons upon which such judgments were based.

The act creating the board of loan commissioners required the county to certify its indebtedness. The county commissioners filed a report which presented a correct and complete list of bonds, an incorrect and incomplete list of judgments and no list at all of the interest coupons outstanding and not reduced to judgment. The board of loan commissioners contented themselves with passing upon each claim as it was presented unsupported by any knowledge of the basis of claims already paid by which each new claim could be checked. A register of these things would have shown the payment of many coupons subsequently presented and would have prevented the payment of \$58,168.69 of duplicated claims alone. Such a register, or the examination of the county bond register, or proper credence given the report of indebtedness of the board of county commissioners would have prevented the recognition and payment of fraudulent bonds to the amount of \$12,434.67.

The examination undertaken in this matter necessarily raised numerous questions of law. Chief among these were the legal obligation of the county to pay interest upon delinquent in-

terest coupons and the liability of the state to recognize this interest in issuing series "C" bonds, and the right and duty of the state to plead the statute of limitations upon obligations whose collection was barred by its terms. On the first question, involving more than \$286,313.79 it was concluded that the legal obligation to pay such interest existed and on indebtedness which was valid was properly recognized by the board of loan commissioners. On the second point, the statute of limitations, notwithstanding a decision of the District Court for Santa Fe county it was believed that both the right and the duty devolved upon the board of loan commissioners to avail themselves of this defense and save the taxpayers the payment of claims which by the terms of the statute were barred.

The detailed report submitted to the governor covers more than one hundred typewritten pages and goes at length into each transaction. This is impossible in the space here available but the conclusion in each case will be set forth and the names and amounts given.

The reader is asked to bear in mind that the mere fact that a claim is set up against an individual is of itself no evidence of wrongdoing. Even when claims are based upon duplicate payments or apparently fraudulent or irregular bonds, the claimant must have known of such duplication or fraud to be charged either by the criminal law or by fair and sound judgment with guilty intentions to defraud the state. Nothing could be more unfortunate as a result of this investigation than unfounded charges of wrongdoing against anyone merely because in the opinion of the director of this association the board of loan commissioners paid the

Continued on last page.

The War-Time Value of Good Tires

Your car is a vital war-time necessity if you make it contribute to war work and war service.

Make it give the limit of service.

But don't add one extra dollar to your driving expenses.

War-times makes economy imperative. Practice it in operating your car or truck.

Keep down your tire costs.

Use good tires—United States Tires.

Increasing thousands are recognizing the war-time value of United States Tires.

They are getting away from haphazard tire buying.

They are buying mileage—choosing tires that give most miles per dollar.

United States Tires offer supreme dependability and unapproached economy.

There are five different types of United States Tires—one for every possible need.

The nearest United States Sales and Service Depot dealer will tell you which one will serve you best.

United States Tires are Good Tires

Chain Tread

We KNOW United States Tires are GOOD Tires. That's Why We Sell Them - Western Garage, Atkinson-Simpson Co., Corona; Chas. F. Grey, Oscuro.

Nogal Notes

The 4th was quietly observed in Nogal; an all day service at the Church with a basket dinner on the grounds being the features of the day.

Another feature, and a good one, is the serving of ice cream in the old post office building by the Red Cross with gratifying results. The esteemed Carrizozo merchants, Ziegler Bros., donated a large ham to the cause which was raffled off bringing the handsome sum of \$17.00 and then some. The Nogal Red Cross workers wish to extend their thanks to this firm through the columns of the Outlook for their generosity. The ladies who worked so faithfully had the satisfaction of "cleaning up" \$45 for the cause.

Rev. Bendy from Hope, N. M. has just closed a series of successful meetings with several additions to the church and the baptisms which were by immersion occurred at Sallie White's tank. Six additions in all was the total outcome of the meetings.

The Parsons mining company are to install a saw mill on their ground in Nogal Canyon. They have about 500 logs which they are bringing into the canyon and the mill will also supply the American mine. The mill will be up-to-date and operated by electricity.

We are pleased to know that there is substantial evidence of a smelter in Carrizozo, it will greatly help this part of the country, for it will offer encouragement to industries to bring to the surface untold wealth which this section contains and be both beneficial to rich and poor. The goods are in these hills, and the smelter will be the means of bringing it out.

Prof. Steele, our esteemed school teacher, has resigned to take a much needed rest. Miss Norton of Encinosa is now in charge of the school and we wish her much success.

James Gatewood has the contract to carry the mail from Nogal to Parsons; Jim is a good fellow and we are glad he has the contract.

Mrs. Emerson has made a decided improvement in her hotel in general and finished up by giving it a new coat of green paint.

We are encouraged here to the extent that when one of our houses has been vacated it soon finds a new occupant. This shows prosperity for Nogal.

The mines around here are showing activity and we expect to soon rival Carrizozo.

It is about time for a good rain in this locality, which is all it needs to make the range in first class condition. We have had some, but not enough.

METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Lewelling, Pastor

Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. Let's make next Sunday a gala day.

Short gospel sermons at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Mrs. Donaldson and her choir will provide special music for both services.

Junior League at 4 p. m. All the little folks are invited.

Senior League at 7:15 p. m. Come and be one of the happy Band.

ONE BILLION PENNIES

In the past ten years about one billion pennies have been minted in the United States. A large part of this great stream of bronze is now being turned back to the National Treasury for war purposes by means of the Thrift Stamps, War Saving Stamps and Certificates. Are you contributing YOUR spare pennies to this stream which will HELP WIN the war

STOCKMENS STATE BANK
CORONA - NEW MEXICO

Confessions of a German Deserter

The Pillaging and Ravaging of Belgium

is told in detail by one who participated—a Prussian officer whose conscience revolted at the atrocities, causing him to desert.

The author—a young German—was an engineer with Von Kluck's army when it crossed the Belgian frontier on the mad rush to reach Paris. He participated in the entire campaign until the battle of Mons, in which he was wounded and sent to a hospital from which he escaped over the Dutch frontier, finally reaching America. He is in the United States now, registered as an alien enemy, and has written his experiences for our readers.

This Authentic, Vivid Story of German Militarism and "Kultur" as It Really Is

can be read in

THIS NEWSPAPER

Don't Fail to Read It

Barnett FEED Store

Wholesale and Retail

**Hay, Grain and Feed
Stock Salt, Oil Cake
Wood and Coal**

Prices Lowest and Service Best

Carrizozo - New Mexico

No. 59.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Lincoln State Bank

AT CARRIZOZO, IN THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON JUNE 29TH, 1918.

RESOURCES

1.	Loans and discounts (except those shown on b).....	\$79,253 50	
	Total loans.....		\$ 79,253 50
2.	Overdrafts, unsecured.....		411 02
3.	U. S. Bonds		
c.	U. S. bonds owned and unpledged.....	2,045 31	
	Total U. S. bonds.....		2,045 31
4.	Bonds, securities, etc.		
d.	Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged) war saving stamps.....	100	
	Total bonds, securities, etc.....		100
5.	Real Estate owned other than banking house.....		4,695 43
6.	Net amount due from banks and bankers.....		18,469 69
7.	a Outside checks and other cash items.....	518 43	
8.	Coin and currency.....		4,555 00
	TOTAL.....		\$110,018 33

LIABILITIES

9.	Capital stock paid in.....	\$25,000 00	
10.	Surplus fund.....		250 00
11.	Undivided profits.....	\$5,558 90	
b.	Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid.....	2,537 81	2,816 09
	Demand deposits		
12.	Individual deposits subject to check.....		70,268 29
13.	Certificates of deposit.....		11,492 40
14.	Other time deposits, savings deposits.....		251 60
	TOTAL.....		\$110,018 33

State of New Mexico }
County of Lincoln } ss

We, J. B. French, President, and H. S. Campbell, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
J. B. FRENCH, President. H. S. CAMPBELL, Cashier.

Correct Attest:

J. B. French, H. S. Campbell, F. W. Gurney, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of July, 1918.
Grace M. Jones, Notary Public. (SEAL)
My commission expires Aug. 25, 1921.

By Cable From the War Zone

El Paso Morning Times—The Southwest's One Big Newspaper. By arrangement with the New York Times and the Chicago Tribune the Morning Times is enabled to present to its readers the greatest war service ever offered by an American newspaper. Articles from the leading war correspondents of the world, men of international reputation, will appear in the Southwest exclusively in the Morning Times. Matter written within the sound of the thundering guns—even in the very first line trenches—will come by cable and by leased wire direct to the Morning Times office and will be served to Times readers within a very few hours of the actual happenings on the bloody fields of Europe.

This new arrangement brings to the El Paso Times readers the cable dispatches from 23 noted correspondents stationed throughout the war zone and in every important foreign center and this service is in addition to the Times individual correspondents and regular seven-day Associated Press reports. The Morning Times is the only seven-day newspaper in this territory.

Special Offer

To introduce the paper we will give \$10.50 worth of El Paso Morning Times for a short time only for \$3.00.
14 months' subscription..... \$9.00
6 months' subscription..... \$4.20
3 months' subscription..... \$2.20
1 month's subscription..... .75

Mail your subscription to or give it to the Times authorized agent.

This exceptional offer is open a short time only.



The First National Bank
Carrizozo, N. M.

Welcomes and appreciates the accounts of the Merchants, Stockmen and all other accounts, large or small. The extensive connection of this bank developed by years of experience on the part of the men who control it, is a splendid endorsement of the agreeable and satisfactory relations maintained with our customers.

H. B. JONES, President, E. M. BRICKLEY, Cashier.

ZIEGLER BROS.'

SEMI-

Annual Clearance Sale!

Begins Monday, July 15th and Ends July 25th
Carrizozo's Greatest Bargain Event!

There are Plain Reasons why you Get More Than 100 Per Cent Value buying your summer needs during this Clearance Period. From a single viewpoint, there is overwhelming evidence of this, and that is, that our customers look forward to this Summer Clearance Period with the greatest eagerness, and withhold certain purchases so as to secure the greatest values. Another element must be taken into consideration, and which is of the utmost importance: War has shown effects heretofore only in the matter of prices. In a short time, from the present outlook, there will be a scarcity of merchandise to contend with. Certain lots we have on hand are literally worth their weight in gold to us. It is impossible to duplicate them. Yet we shall maintain our merchandising policy, and sell whatever we advertize without reserve. We say again, that what you buy now will cost you, in many cases, half again as much in a few months from now. Every dollar you can put aside to invest in Clothing and other items will bring to you a saving of astonishing proportions. Particularly so during these Clearances, while prices are at near cost and less than cost. You can invest in War Saving Stamps with the money you will save during this sale.

Smart Suits Sacrificed



Our entire remaining stock of Women's Suits, in Silk or Cloth, such as Taffeta Silks, All-Wool Poplins and Serges:

\$25.00 to \$35.00 Suits reduced to	\$22.50
\$18.00 to \$22.50 Suits reduced to	12.50
\$10.00 to \$13.50 Suits reduced to	9.50

Ladies' Spring Coats

\$19.50 to \$23.50 Spring Coats reduced to	\$12.50
\$15.00 to \$18.00 Spring Coats reduced to	10.00

A Few Children's Coats

\$5.00 to \$6.00 Values, in neat, new Spring Children's Coats, now	\$3.00
\$3.50 to \$4.00 Values now	2.00

Ladies' Skirts

A special lot of Women's Novelty Skirts, in plaid and stripes, \$5.00 & \$6.00 values reduced to.....\$4.25
 \$8.00 and \$10.00 values now 6.50
 10.50 " 12.50 " " 8.75

Women's Silk Dresses

Many of these Dresses have been in our stocks but a very short time. They are all fresh, dainty, exquisite creations, in Silks, Taffeta, Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Crepe and Satin, also a few Serges and Jersey Cloth Dresses, all this season's styles,

\$30.00 to \$35.00 values	\$22.50
18.00 to 23.50 " "	13.50
12.50 to 17.50 " "	10.50
10.00 to 12.50 " "	9.50

No Alterations, no Exchanges, at these prices. Sale must be final.

Wash Dresses Reduced

Special lot of Fine Voile and Linen Dresses, \$10 to \$12.50 values, now \$ 7.75
 Special Lot of Fine Voile and Lawn Dresses, \$5.00 to \$7.50 values, now 4.50
 Special Lot of Fine Lawn Dresses, \$3.50 to \$5.00 values, now 2.00

Farewell Prices on Millinery

Your Choice of any Ladies' Hat in the store for.....\$1.50
 Your Choice of any Child's Hat in the store for..... 75c

White Dresses

\$12.00 to \$18.00 values now	\$9.75
6.75 to 8.75 " " "	5.00

100 Children's Dresses Reduced

Sizes ranging from 2 to 14 years, Children's Dresses, 2 to 14 ranging, \$3.50 to \$5.00 value, \$3.00
 " " \$2.50 to \$3.00 val., 2.00
 " " 1.50 to 2.00 " 1.25

Muslin and Fine Cambric Underw'r

Ladies' Gowns, \$1.25 to \$1.50 values, reduced to.....\$1.05
 \$1.75 to \$2.00 values now 1.35
 2.50 to 3.00 " " 2.25
 All other Underwear at 25 per cent discount, as we have not enough space to mention each item.

Special Lot Ladies' House Dresses

\$1.50 Values now	\$1.00
2.00 " " "	1.35

Kayser Silk Gloves

Genuine Kayser Long Silk Gloves, regular \$1.75 and \$1.50 values, now per pair \$1.00

Ladies' Voile and Silk Waists

All \$1.50 Waists reduced to	\$1.00
" 2.25 " " "	1.50
" 4.50 & 4.00 " " "	3.15
" 5.00 to 6.00 " " "	3.75
" 7.00 to 8.00 " " "	5.50
" 10.00 to 12.50 " " "	7.50



Parasols and Silk Umbrellas

Owing to the very windy weather, Parasols have not sold so well this season. We offer our entire Stock at less than cost. Parasols and Silk Umbrellas, \$3.50 to \$5.00 values, \$2.50
 2.25 to 3.00 " " 1.25
 1.50 to 2.25 " " 0.95

Men's Dixie Weave & Cool Sum'r Suits

Men's Light Summer Coat and Pants, regular \$10.00 values, now.....\$ 6.75
 \$15.00 values now..... 11.25
 25.00 " " 18.75
 A Reduction of 10 per cent on our entire stock of Men's and Boys' Suits during this sale; also Boys' Knee Pants, Boys' Shirts and Boys' Blouses.

EXPERT'S TRIBUTE TO WESTERN CANADA SOIL

That there is good reason for the wonderful crops of grain grown in Western Canada, which have made thousands of former residents of the United States wealthy, is not always given the thought that it deserves is quite apparent. But that there must be a reason is quite evident. Probably more than one—but the one that requires emphasis—is that the soil is of the nature that will produce good crops. It was not long since that the farmer selected his land in the most haphazard way. He need not do so today. He will select it on the soil analysis plan. Soil from Western Canada was submitted to Prof. Stevens, soil physicist of the State College of Washington, at Pullman, Wash. His report should no doubt further encourage settlement in Western Canada. It reads as follows:

"We have analyzed this sample and find that it runs high in lime, very high in potash, phosphorus and in nitrogen; that it has a splendid supply of organic matter and is in the best of physical condition. There is nothing wrong with this soil from the standpoint of crop production, and I am satisfied that it will give splendid results wherever put under cultivation."

It is soil like this properly worked, and on scientific lines, as is the rule today, that gives the opportunity to quote the experiences of farmers who have increased their incomes from \$500 to \$30,000 in two seasons, and whose story would read as follows:

"I have threshed altogether 7,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat from 200 acres, which went from 24 to 56 per acre—sod breaking 24, spring plowing 38, back setting 56 bushels—the average being 35 bushels per acre."

The newspaper giving an account of this man's experience says: "When he disposed of his 1,000 acres from north of Brooks, Alta, to four Oak Harbor men, he was worth \$30,000. Two years ago he came here with \$500 and a few horses."

It is the soil of Western Canada, and the knowledge of what it will do that brings to Canada the hundreds of settlers that are daily arriving at the border. A growing enthusiasm for the fertile prairie lands of Western Canada is spreading all over the continent. This enthusiasm is the recognition of the fact that sufficient food could be produced on these prairie lands to feed the world. From the south, east and west, hundreds of men, too old for military service, are pouring into Western Canada to take up land or to work on the farms. A great many of the incoming settlers have arrived at such central points as Calgary, Edmonton, and Lethbridge, Alberta, and at Regina, Moose Jaw, and Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. Judging from the bulk of their household effects, the number of their horses and cattle, and the quantity of implements they are bringing with them, most of the new arrivals also seem well blessed with the world's goods.

Reports from North Portal, Saskatchewan; Coumts, Alberta, and Kingsgate, British Columbia—the principal gateways into Western Canada from the United States—indicate that the present influx of farmers is in such volume as has not been witnessed for many years. From Vancouver, British Columbia, people are going to the prairies for summer farm work, many with the intention of taking up land themselves at the end of the summer.

The influence of this tide of farmer settlers on greater food production will be more readily appreciated when it is considered that the average settler takes up at least twice as much land as he has hitherto been farming—and land which, acre for acre, produces better and larger crops.—Advertisement.

Bigamous Wish.

A visitor to the household of a colored man in Georgia was much impressed by the thriftiness of the mistress of the house.

"That's a hard-workin' wife you've got, Joe," said he.

"Yes," said Joe, with the utmost gravity. "I wish I had a couple more like her."—Harper's Magazine.

Soothe Itching Skins

With Ointment. Bathe with Ointment Soap and hot water, dry and apply the Ointment. This usually affords relief and points to speedy healing. For free samples address, "Ointment, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

The Quickest.

The Dame—"Little boy, which is the quickest way to get to the railway station?" The Kid—"Run, lady."

Don't give your candid opinion to friend unless you are tired of that friend.

Give a woman a chance to show off and she will make good.

PLAN TO GET RID OF GRASSHOPPERS

Poisoned Bait Distributed Over Infested Fields Proves Effective Remedy.

SIRUP OR MOLASSES IS USED

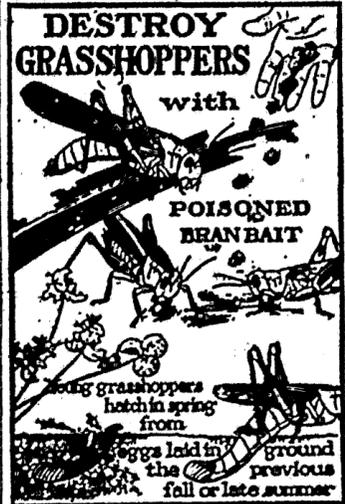
Coarse-Flaked Bran is Most Desirable, Although Ordinary Middlings or Alfalfa Meal May Be Substituted—Sow Broadcast.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Poisoned bait has proved to be a simple, reliable and cheap method of destroying grasshoppers. It is made up as follows: Wheat bran, twenty-five pounds; paris green or crude arsenic, one pound; lemons or oranges, six finely chopped fruits; low-grade molasses, such as refuse from sugar factories, or cattle molasses, known as "black strap," two quarts; water, two to four gallons. The bran and poison are thoroughly mixed while dry, the chopped fruits are then added, and lastly the molasses and water are poured over the bait and the whole thoroughly kneaded. A coarse-flaked bran is most desirable, although where this cannot be obtained easily ordinary middlings or alfalfa meal may be substituted.

Sirup or Molasses Essential.

Low-grade, strong-smelling sirup or molasses is essential to the entire success of the undertaking. Crushed ripe tomatoes, watermelons or lemons may be substituted for the lemons or oranges, if necessary. In California and other semiarid regions water should



be added to the bait at the rate of four gallons to twenty-five pounds of bran, as in these climates the bait dries out very rapidly and the extra moisture is necessary in order to attract the grasshoppers. Five to seven pounds of the mixture should be estimated per acre.

Another Good Bait.

Another effective bait of similar character is the modified Criddle mixture. This is prepared as follows: Fresh horse droppings, one-half barrel; paris green or crude arsenic, one pound; finely chopped oranges or lemons, six to eight fruits; water sufficient to make a moist but not sloppy mash; mix thoroughly.

Poisoned baits are distributed over the infested fields by sowing broadcast, either on foot or from a light wagon or buggy. In applying the poisoned bait in orchards, avoid distributing it close to the trees because severe injury to fruit trees occasionally results from heavy applications of arsenicals.

GRAPE PEST IS CONTROLLED

Two Thorough Applications of Arsenate of Lead Are Satisfactory, Say Specialists.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Large-scale spraying experiments against the grape-berry moth, in progress in northern Ohio vineyards in cooperation with the Ohio agricultural experiment station, have confirmed earlier results obtained at North East, Pa., according to the annual report of the bureau of entomology, United States department of agriculture. The conclusion from the experiments is that the pest can be controlled by two thorough applications of arsenate of lead (preferably in bordeaux mixture) made by the "trailer method," the first immediately after the falling of the blossoms and the second two weeks later. This is held to be an important improvement over schedules requiring late spraying, which usually result in discolored fruit at picking time.

Cream that is overripe (too sour) makes poor butter.

GARDEN VEGETABLES NEED SUNNY PLACE

Most Crops Will Not Thrive If Planted in Shaded Spot.

Fair Amount of Sunshine Is Essential to Beans, Tomatoes, Beets, Peas, Corn and Carrots—Avoid North Side of House.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Most garden vegetables will not make a satisfactory growth where they are shaded during even a part of the day. It is extremely difficult to find space in the city back yard where there is not some shade at least a portion of the daylight hours. Such plants as lettuce, onions and plants raised for their leaves can be grown in considerable shade, but beans, tomatoes, beets,



Give the Garden a "Place in the Sun."

peas, corn and carrots must have a fair amount of sunshine if they are to amount to anything.

It would be a waste of costly seeds to plant most garden crops on the north side of the house or near a high board fence that would effectually shut out the sunlight. Those who can not provide a plot of ground in the sunshine are advised to confine their gardening to the few crops that will make a fair growth in partial shade.

MAKING USE OF COVER CROPS

Sometimes Limited in Particular Seasons by Lack of Moisture—Find Soil Troubles.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The use of cover crops is sometimes limited in particular seasons by lack of moisture. If there is a protracted drought at the time the seed should be put in and the trees are suffering therefrom, it might do more harm than good to make a further demand upon the moisture in the soil by sowing a cover crop, even though the soil may be known to lack humus.

In maintaining soils in a highly productive condition it is important to learn what factors are limiting the performance of the orchard. The limiting factor may be an insufficient supply of some kind of plant food, improper physical condition of the soil due to a lack of humus or poor drainage, or it may be something else. The real problem is to determine what the trouble is and then apply the proper remedy, if it is known.

Cultivation of Plants.

Cultivate early sown plants. Thorough cultivation is very necessary to good plant growth.

Have Spraying Outfit Ready.

Every gardener and grower of small fruits should have a spraying outfit and be ready for war in time of peace. This is the kind of preparedness that pays; it is the preparedness that insures fruits and vegetables.

Acid Phosphate is Best.

Rock phosphate is slow acting, and generally does not benefit corn to any great extent the first year of its application. Acid phosphate is much more likely to increase the corn yield the first year.

Test Seed for Germination.

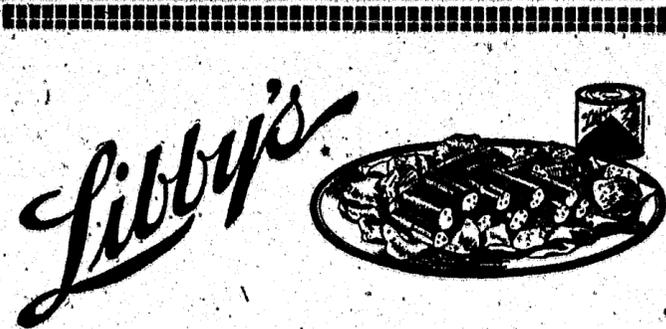
No seed corn for any purpose, from any source, should be purchased, sold, or planted without having been tested for germination.

Water is Essential.

Water is very essential to milk production as it is the main constituent in milk.

Ration Poor in Ingredients.

A ration poor in food ingredients has a tendency to reduce the solids, but not the fat in the milk.



Appetizing Vienna Sausage

THE aroma of Libby's Vienna Sausage tells you that it is delightfully seasoned. The first taste that it is made of carefully selected, meat—seasoned to perfection.

Have Vienna Sausage for luncheon today. Your husband—your children will ask for it again and again.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

In Keeping. "Yes, I'm to give the bride away." "Well, I'm sure she looks very presentable."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Literally. "Was your friend, the aviator, equal to the test?" "He, certainly rose to the occasion."



Bridging the Gap From Steer to Steak

Live stock is raised on the farms and ranches of the West.

Meat is eaten in the large cities of the East, and by our boys in France—thousands of miles away.

The day of transporting live animals from ranch to seaboard and overseas has passed. There was too much waste. The modern packer locates his large and specialized plants in the producing regions. He ships the dressed beef in refrigerator cars, and holds it in his own refrigerated branch warehouses until delivered to the retailer. For shipment to foreign ports, he transfers the meat to refrigerated ships.

By means of his nation-wide organization the modern packer maintains a continuous flow of meats to all parts of the country, so that each retailer gets just the quantity and quality of meat his trade demands, and at the time he wants it.

Swift & Company recently shipped 1,000 carloads of meat products in one week to our Armies and to the Allies.

Bridging the gap from ranch to consumer can be done successfully—and at low unit costs and profits—only by large business organizations.

Swift & Company's profit on meat, always so small as to have practically no effect on prices, is now limited by the Government to about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.

Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request. Address Swift & Company Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

Studebaker Wagons
Goodyear Casings and Inner
Tubes

Portland Cement

Dynamite, Fuse and Caps

Kansas Blackleg Serum

Lubricating Oils

Steel Roofing Rubberoid Roofing

Building Paper Sash and Doors

Drill Steel

Dry Batteries, Etc., Etc.

The Titsworth Company,
Capitan, New Mexico



YOU PAY FOR THE WASTE
of hand-mixed methods—and
the uncertainty. A good workman
must figure time when he figures
on mixing his paint.

Specify perfect machine-mixed.

B. P. S. PAINT—

then his estimate will be based on actual work.

Ask your painter—he will tell you B. P. S. Paint
gives satisfaction.

Kelley & Son "OURS is the TRADE that
SERVICE made."

**More Patients
for Fort Stanton**

It is stated upon good authority that the War Department has asked the U. S. Public Health and Marine Hospital Service to arrange for the accommodation of one thousand invalid soldiers at Ft. Stanton, and that the necessary tent-houses, beds, etc. will be received at an early date. This is no doubt just a start for the "big drive." So far as our soldiers in the actual business of this war extends, we have just begun, by the time the Allies are ready and going, on the big offensive that is sure to come, there will be thousands of gassed and tubercular men to care for and no doubt Ft. Stanton will become one of the leading sanatoriums for this class of invalids in the country. It is possible that the water supply at Stanton will be inadequate for so large an institution, but in that event Lincoln offers a most favorable location for the establishment of a sanatorium large enough to accommodate an army, most of the land is owned by the railroad co. and no doubt would be glad to dispose of it to the government at a reasonable price. The establishment of a big sanatorium here would mean a great deal for farmers and ranchers of Lincoln County and indirectly benefit the entire south eastern part of the state.

A concerted effort on the part of the citizens of the county at this time might secure this institution without opposition and the present is surely an opportune time to try. Let us get busy!

Clement Hightower.



**FOLLOW UNCLE SAM'S
EXAMPLE**
and teach your youngsters to save. They'll thank you many times in years to come. Open a small savings account in their names with this bank and show them how saving counts up by setting an example yourself. The child who is taught to save will never die poor.

THE LINCOLN STATE BANK
BANK WITH US GROW WITH US

CRYSTAL THEATRE
"The Home of Good Pictures"

**Complete Change of Program
Each Night**

Show Starts Promptly at 8:30 O'clock

EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING

Better Mind

Your Uncle Sam

The recent trouble experienced by some people charged with selling "booze" to the soldier boys, should be a lesson to all parties who have been in the habit of treating the orders of the Government lightly. When Uncle Sam says something it means a whole lot nowadays, for his orders always did carry a meaning with them, but this war has added a few more wrinkles to his forehead, and those who disobey his orders must suffer the consequences. "Better mind your Uncle Sammy!"

Methodist Church to Honor Soldiers and Sailors

The evening services at the Methodist Church are to be in honor of the men in the service. Mrs. Donaldson and her choir will provide suitable music. The sermon will be of a fitting nature. All those that have relatives in the service are especially invited to be honor guests at the services. Let every one come and help make this service just what it should be. We owe it to our boys to remember them in this way.

Best equipped Ford shop in the state.—Western Garage.

**Willys - Overland
Automobiles**

Preparedness is our watchword—therefore we are constantly prepared to serve the public with the best cars obtainable—the name is a guarantee.

Samuel Fambrough Agent for Lincoln County

OASIS CONFECTIONERY

Ice Cream Bon Bons
Fine Chocolates Chocolate Ices
Fancy Creams, all flavors

Phone No. 82.

For Refreshments for Parties and Entertainments

Rolland's Drug Store

Full Line of Nyal's Remedies
Constantly on Hand

ROLLAND BROTHERS,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Carrizozo,

New Mexico

100 Per Cent on LIBERTY BONDS

BLACK LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTTER'S BLACKENING FILLS

Rely On Cuticura To Clear Pimples

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

C. J. Mustion Wool Commission Co.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 24-1918.

Reginald Remembered. During the delivery of an address...

OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised...

An Alarmist. Billy, eight-year-old son of Carl Youngblood of Boonville, Ind., ran to his mother the other day...

The cloak of charity is often a sad misfit. In 1910 there were 5,510,613 illiterates in the United States.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

CORSET AND GRACE

Provides the Foundation for Well Fitting Garments. ATTRACTIVE SUMMER FROCK

Season of Vests and Vestees is Further Demand for Service of Corsets That are Right.

You wouldn't expect to stand firm if the foundation were faulty. That is the first thought in building a house—a good foundation which is intended not only to preserve the unity of the building...



Flesh-colored taffeta is the material of this lovely frock, which is a foundation of cream-embroidered organdie and a charming fichu collar of the same.

Correct corsets are even more important this year than ever before, asserts an authority. If you have any desire to look attractive, and every woman should have a keen sense of the value of always looking her best...

Just buying a corset, because it is made of pretty material is not being done by women who wish to be well gowned and comfortable.

The time spent in the retail shop, having a corset tried on to determine if it is the right one for you, repays a hundredfold, and every shop nowadays would far rather go to the trouble of trying on corsets in order to have the customer content.

Certain it is that if the start isn't right the finish can't be what you desire for no matter how good looking your clothes may be the foundation must be well fitting.

TO MAKE NEGLIGEE AND CAP Dainty Wearables Can Be Made With Small Amount of Material, Fashion Writer States.

There is something particularly attractive about a thing that is simple to make, according to a fashion critic. Then when it turns out a confection, too, it becomes an absolute joy forever.

NOTES OF LATE FASHIONS

These present-day instances of what can be done from a decorative point of view with quilting are encouraging.

The colored organdie frocks are lovely for young girls. They must always be worn with discrimination, however. They are so essentially girlish in appearance that they do not look well on the older woman who never hesitates to wear youthful-looking frocks.

The narrow ribbon or cord girdle over the wider belt or girdle of silk, satin or whatever the fabric of the frock may be, is still a good note.

fortably tight in back. One of those brilliant Japanese or Chinese hankies is ideal for the purpose.

How about a new short summer negligee from a yard and a half of material? You can do it, too, if you choose your material "on the square." You see, it has to be 54 by 54. Begin by cutting out quite a deep square back and front for the neck, which will, of course, be directly in the center of the square.

Authority for Wide Skirts. Those who are wearing wide skirts get their authority from Jeanne Lanvin, one of the first designers of the world.

Those who are wearing wide skirts get their authority from Jeanne Lanvin, one of the first designers of the world. She is the only dressmaker who insisted upon the five-yard skirt, and she held to her conviction by turning out dozens of gathered or plaited skirts that hang limply to the figure, but are not in keeping with the narrow silhouette of the day.

fields have found favor in the most fastidious millinery shops. In the hands of the milliners, too, these field flowers have acquired no little smartness.

Dull jet beads heavily applied to the lower edge of flying panels or overskirts of thin fabric, like georgette or chiffon, give just the necessary weight to these winglike parts of the skirt. The dull jet, too, has a lovely finish that catches the light but is nevertheless soft to the eye.

When fine lace gets torn it may be made to look like new by placing beneath the worn pieces the thinnest of white muslin and darning down. The patch doesn't show at all.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

THE PINE NEEDLES.

"I must thread my needle before I begin my work," said a little girl as she sat under the big pine trees, with another little girl.

"What's that I hear?" asked one of the pine needles. "She speaks about threading her needle? Am I her needle, or are you her needle, or who in the world is her needle? And what is thread?"

The poor needles were very nervous. And the other little girl spoke next: "I like to knit better than I do to sew because then I can use four needles."

"Oh, dear, oh dear," said the pine needles. "There's a child who needs four needles. Do you suppose she threads us too?"

They watched for a long time, trying to move away from the children so they would not be used. They whispered to the pine tree saying: Blow about and move us away, Sway, swing, swing and sway.

Blow about and move us away, Sway, swing, swing and sway. For we've just this minute heard it said, That into needles they will put thread.

And the pine tree whispered to the breeze: Blow, blow, make me sway, So I can move the needles away; Please, Mr. Wind, would you mind Doing this act so very kind?

And the wind said: I love you, pine tree, You are my delight, In the winter to see, And in summer you're right, just right.

"I'm glad I please you," said the pine tree. So the wind blew the pine tree and the pine tree's branches swayed and blew about the little pine needles. But no sooner had all this happened than

"I Must Thread My Needle." they saw that the children had other things called needles. They hadn't wanted pine needles at all.

"It's a good thing though," said one of the pine needles, "that we're not used for sewing. I'd hate to go into a sewing basket."

"I'd hate to go into that great big knitting bag," said another pine needle. "Goodness only knows all that may be in that bag. I've never seen such a big one. Oh, I'd be frightened if ever I were put in a bag like that."

"But in a sewing basket," said the first pine needle, "it would be far worse. I saw scissors there with which she cut all sorts of things—and suppose I were cut in little pieces! I might bump straight into that pair of scissors in the dark and instead of saying, 'How-do-you-do,' the scissors would probably cut off my head, or some part of me. I have no special head of course."

"Oh, that knitting bag would be so dreadful because it could hide so many things. Gracious! it might even hide a small furnace or an open fire-place—or anything."

"I don't believe it could hold a fire-place," said the first pine needle. "It would be dangerous, for the bag itself might catch fire."

"I wouldn't be any too sure of that bag," said the second pine needle. "I don't like the looks of it. I am sure I wouldn't trust it for a moment. It might be made like a grate so it couldn't catch on fire, but would make everything else catch on fire that was put in it."

"Oh well, we're not going in those bags because we're not sewing and knitting needles," said the first pine needle.

"I'm very, very glad," said the second pine needle. "I like the wild and free life, the pine trees and the wind, the snow and the rain and the sunshine and the beautiful out-of-doors world, but I would never like to live a life in a knitting bag or a sewing basket. I can imagine nothing more dull in all the world. Nothing, absolutely nothing could be more dull."

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."

"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."

—Mrs. MARIAN BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

Queer Happening.—"Meat prices in France keep soaring higher and higher," said Novelist Edith Wharton. "Cold boiled ham, for instance, now costs \$2 a pound."

"I know a French woman who visited her butcher's the other day with a basketful of wooden skewers. She plumped the skewers down on the counter and said: 'I return these. Give me their weight in beef, please.' 'Wh—what?' gasped the butcher. 'They were weighed to me as beef,' the woman explained, 'and I paid for them as beef. So, naturally, now that I bring them back I demand their full value as beef.'"

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Big Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

FIRST TO USE "CAMOUFLAGE"

American Indians Early Recognized the Value of Simple Devices for Misleading an Enemy.

That the art of camouflage as now practiced in Europe is an American institution and originated by the American Indians was recently proved to the driver of a touring car which crossed the country.

A squaw, reported to be over a hundred years old and to have lived in the days when the white man was a common enemy, through an Indian interpreter explained how the Indian children were taught to place flowers in their hair as well as twigs, leaves and other bits of foliage, and were able to move along the ground in such a stealthy manner that they were not discernible to the rest of the tribe.

Before a young buck could become qualified as a warrior he had to make his approach to the Indian camp almost in the midst of the assembled warriors without being detected. The real origin of paint on their faces, as well as on their wigwams and horses, as claimed by authority, was for the purpose of making them blend in with rocks, trees and dirt, so that they could approach their prey or remain hidden without detection.

Getting Rich Off Coyotes. The champion coyote killer of the Black hills, South Dakota, is George Waters, Jr., living near Crow Park. In one day recently he brought in three coyote pelts, on which he collected \$2 each in bounty from the state, and then sold the pelts to a hide dealer for a good price. Several weeks ago he brought in 11 hides, which netted him \$78, including the bounty and the price received for the hides.

It's a curious anomaly of war that both contending parties are always in the right. No man should object to thick soles, as the objection will soon wear away.

When you think of Wheat-Saving foods, think of POST TOASTIES - SUPERIOR CORN FLAKES

Better than Pills - For Liver Ills

The reason



Get a 25¢ Box

Not tonight - Tomorrow, Alright

At Rolland Bros., Druggists

Swat The Fly

Keep the germ carrying fly on the outside of the house where he belongs. Buy door and window screens of N. B. Taylor & Sons.

AN OPPORTUNITY

Four room house, with two porches. Nicely finished inside and out—Electric lights. One two room house with porch, painted and papered. Lot 75 by 125 feet, on corner fronting 60 foot street—GOOD WATER and nice shade trees. This property FOR SALE at a BARGAIN—Owner expects to be called to the army. For particulars, inquire of OUTLOOK OFFICE.

Your Attention for a Minute

Our Hot Point Vacuum Cleaners make spring house cleaning a pleasure. We have the line—Lincoln County Light & Power Company.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

PERSONALS

Cars washed at Western Garage.

Mrs. J. B. Garven and baby, Kitty Bell left for El Paso Wednesday and after visiting friends and relatives will return Saturday.

Bring your Fords to us—we will repair them right and at Ford prices. Try us—Western Garage.

John B. Barber and family of Long Beach are visiting with the Barber family of Carrizozo. Mr. Barber, who is a brother of the local attorney, is a retired citizen of Long Beach, and will spend an indefinite period of the time allotted to an extensive trip with his brother's family at this place.

Listen!!!

I have bought the Syl Anderson Barber Shop from G. A. Friedenbloom, and from now on will be known as the Sanitary Barber Shop. I am not a beginner and will work none other than a first class barber. There is plenty of business in Carrizozo for two barber shops, and I certainly would appreciate just a share of your trade. If you don't get good service, it will cost you nothing! Give me a trial.

Truly yours,
J. O. Wycoff.

NEW MAIL and PASSENGER LINE

"THE WHITE LINE" owned and operated by the ROSWELL-CARRIZOZO Stage Co., 106 S. Main st., Roswell, N. M. Carrizozo office at the Western Garage. "Run daily and Sunday"

East bound		West bound
3:15	Roswell	7:30
12:10	Picacho	10:00
11:45	Tinnie	10:25
11:15	Hondo	10:50
10:40	Lincoln	11:20
10:15	Ft. Stanton	11:50
9:45	Capitan	12:20
8:45	Nogal	1:20
8:00	Carrizozo	2:00

Roswell-Carrizozo Stage Co.
Ed I. Amonett, Mrg

Look! Look! Look! Look!

Bedsteads, Mattresses, Go-Carts, Combination Chair and Step Ladders, Furniture.—N.B. Taylor & Sons.

FOR SALE—Vernice Martin bed, 2 coal oil stoves, 2 sanitary couches, 2 cooking stoves, 1 sewing machine, 1 wringer, 1 ironing board, comforts feather pillows, 2 rugs, 1 book case
Phone no. 22.

ATTENTION

Oil Stoves, Kitchen Cabinets, Dining Tables, at lowest prices. N.B. Taylor & Sons

Real Economy to

Build The GILLETT Way—

Style, Comfort, Beauty and Permanence, at a PRICE To suit your PURSE—See

O. T. Gillett

Architect, Contractor and Builder

THE REFUNDING, ETC.

claimant more than they were regularly bound to do. There is room for reasonable differences of opinions as to the law and even if there were not the securing of more than a full legal payment on a debt itself regular stands upon a different footing from repeated double payments to individuals who knew the claim had already been paid—sometimes to themselves.

It should also be remembered that the over-payment of claims by the board although made for the most part by the issue of bonds was of vital interest to the taxpayers. Under the terms of the grant of one million acres of land from the federal government to cover the series "C" bond debt the surplus left from the proceeds of these lands, if any, after the bonds are paid is to be added to the common school permanent fund, by so much relieving the necessary demands upon the taxpayers. As there is now available nearly \$300,000 from such proceeds it is clear that a large surplus will be available for the schools. As interest upon the bonds amounts in thirty years to 135 per cent of their face every dollar of bonds unnecessarily issued takes \$2.35 from the schools and through them from the taxpayers and postpones also the time when the surplus can be devoted to school purposes. In the case of series "B" bonds issued to refund the debt of Santa Fe county other than the railroad debt every dollar is a direct and immediate burden upon the taxpayers of Santa Fe county and one upon which they are now paying more than \$25,000 interest annually on a valuation of \$10,000,000 and not yet providing anything for the ultimate payment of the debt.

Series "C" bonds have been issued to the amount of \$1,183,000 and payments from the proceeds of land have been made in a total sum of \$1,926.62. Of these three bonds have been cancelled and \$284.38 has been repaid. The interest on the bonds outstanding constitutes an annual charge upon the proceeds of lands of \$53,100. The bonds are optional in ten years. If paid then, the total payments of interest and principal will aggregate \$1,711,000. If not paid till maturity the interest will amount to \$1,593,000 and the total payments will be \$2,773,000.

Passing immediately to the excess payments made by the board the following table is a statement of the persons to whom these payments were made and the ground of excess:

It should be perfectly obvious in reading the above table from left to right that the excess claims in the first four columns stand in a different category from those in the last two. All the items upon which payments were made in the first four columns were proper claims. The statute of limitations could have been pleaded in protection of the taxpayers by the public officers having these matters in charge. It was not. The collection of the claim under these conditions involves no reflection upon the claimants. Reception of the wrong kind of bonds also involves no criticism of the claimant. The taxpayers of the state lose, those of Santa Fe county gain. The certificates given Mr. Coler and Moore and Schley by the county represented an actual claim, but one believed invalid in law. The district attorney simply failed to protect the rights of the county. The excess computations of interest rest for the most part upon the construction of the rights of the parties to collect interest after the state was ready and willing to pay the county debt.

But the last two columns represent a different condition. Some errors are of course to be expected. But it is significant that there are only three parties concerned in duplications and only five in all concerned in duplication and fraudulent bonds. Of a total of \$51,980.36 in this class of cases Mr. Kelly secured \$43,634.13. The following table showing total claims paid the several parties claimant, the total amounts overpaid to each on all grounds and the total duplications and fraudulent bonds shows more clearly the extent to which this class of overpayments narrows to only a very few parties.

Five parties are included in the list of those securing duplicate payment of coupons or presenting fraudulent bonds. All of these items represent a claim on the part of the state for reimbursement. If presented by the claimant with fraudulent intent they form the basis of a criminal prosecution.

Each case will be discussed in detail. Of course at this time the evidence of fraudulent intent will not be disclosed but any evidence clearly disproving such intent will be.

The first and smallest item is that entered opposite the name of Mr. Bird S. Coler, \$12.85. One coupon, one item

in the thousands presented by Mr. Coler is a duplication. This one coupon was presented and put in judgment first by Mr. Coler, second by Mr. Sellman. The cancelled coupon is in the file of the case in the District Court on which Mr. Sellman secured judgment. The coupons are missing from the file of the Coler case. The writer believes Mr. Coler, or the person drawing his complaint, made a mistake in listing this particular coupon.

Undoubtedly the district attorney either failed to check over the coupons or failed to detect this one item among a large number of similar items. The face of the coupon was \$25.00, interest \$18.85. There is nothing in this state of facts to impute fraud to any of the parties concerned.

The second item in size is \$334.75 presented by M. A. Otero for Maud Paine Otero. The claim is based upon coupons 25 to 33 inclusive and coupons 36 and 37 of a bond numbered 326 and dated March 1, 1892. No bond of this number and date was ever legally issued by the county. Whether the claim was fraudulent depends upon the knowledge of the claimant of this fact. The bond is exactly like the genuine bonds numbered 328 to 502 of March 1, 1892, issued to Moore and Schley. Without investigation of the county's records it appears on its face to be a genuine bond. Without direct evidence of knowledge of the county records there is nothing to impute fraud to this transaction, although, unless the claimant can prove that she was a purchaser for value without notice the case constitutes a possible claim on the part of the state in a civil action.

Third in size is the amount of \$2,297.88 set out as duplications by Moore and Schley. This consists of two separate items, one a duplication in the original refunding settlement in 1892, the other a duplication of certain coupons put in judgment by Moore and Schley in case 3,463.

In 1892 Moore and Schley secured the refunding of the railroad bonds of 1887 owned by them together with the unpaid interest on those bonds. They owned all but six out of 150 bonds. In their settlement at that time they claimed to own all the unpaid interest coupons. In fact the owner of the six bonds not presented by Moore and Schley presented and collected on ten coupons amounting to \$300 attached to these six bonds. Moore and Schley, thus duplicated \$300 at that time. Bonds 500, 501 and 502 of \$100 each represented this excess charge. Following these bonds and their coupons through numerous judgments and to final settlement it was found that Moore and Schley collected on them the sum of \$1,047.02. As Moore and Schley did own all the coupons of the original railroad bonds of several numbers and by mistake claimed them all there is evidence only of a mistake in collecting this original \$300, a proper basis for a civil action.

Moore and Schley took up all of coupons number 1 of the bonds of 1892 and took from the county a certificate of indebtedness for \$4,307.50, which was to have been paid from the taxes of 1892-93. In fact the certificate was never paid and was put in judgment in case 3463. The county bond register shows that coupons 1 from bonds 482 to 498 were paid. This could have happened by their abstraction from the county files and a second presentation as well as by a duplication on the part of Moore and Schley. A double payment was made. That Moore and Schley got it cannot be proved. Of course no fraud can be imputed to them under this state of facts and even a civil action might fail of proof against them.

Fourth in size is the claim of W. F. Jacoby of New York based upon alleged bonds 521 and 522 and coupons thereof dated March 1, 1892. W. F. Jacoby did not present these bonds to the board of loan commissioners. They were presented by the law firm of Catron & Catron claiming to act for Mr. Jacoby. The bonds are not like the other bonds of March 1, 1892, they were never registered by the county and appear to the writer to be forgeries.

Finally, the claims of Mr. W. G. Kelly amounting in series "C" claims alone to an over-payment of \$43,634.13. This is made up of

Duplications	\$27,202.92
Fraudulent bonds	6,430.17
	33,633.09

Items	DUPLICATIONS.
1	\$ 1,047.02
2	1,981.56
3	310.50
4	210.54
5	1,087.50
6	11,725.05
7	20,251.92
Total	\$27,202.92

Continued next week.

Just put a couple of them in your grip! Suits of Featherweight

to make your vacation more enjoyable. No warmth, no weight, no worry. Just cool comfort from sun-up to sun-down.

These smart Summerweight garments carry the hallmark of good tailoring and bear out our promise of perfect fit and satisfaction.

All aboard now! Come in and make your selections while the new arrivals are here in full force.

\$8.50 to \$21.00

CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY Quality First—Then Price

Buy Your Ford Cars Now!

Cars are hard to obtain at present, so come in and figure with us while we have them on hand. Bring your repair work to us. We are better equipped than ever to do your work. No delays—prompt service. All work absolutely guaranteed and our prices are standard—Authorized by the Ford Motor Co. We carry at all times a complete line of Ford parts and accessories. Mail orders promptly filled

Western Garage

OUR TERMS—CASH.

Classified Ads

FOR SALE—The Sandoval residence on Ancho. avenue on terms to suit purchaser. A real bargain for anyone looking for a nice home. Inquire at Outlook office.

Government advises storing coal. Get storage prices from Humphrey Bros.

For Sale—Yearling and two-year-old Hereford Bulls.—The Titworth Company, Capitan.

For Sale—Parke Davis Company's Blacklegoids.—The Titworth Co.

WANTED—Girl between the ages of 12 and 15 years to take care of baby. Call phone No. 22.

Recognize Food Values

Recognize the food value in milk and buy your milk from pure-bred tested Jersey cows. Also whipping and coffee cream fresh daily. Carrizozo Dairy. H. Dixon.

—Subscribe for the Outlook.