

Carrizozo Outlook

"WE REACH THE HOME"

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County

8 PAGE

VOL. XVI—NO. 8

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1921

PRICE \$2.00 PER YEAR

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

AN APPEAL FOR OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Throughout the country, teachers are now being selected and salaries fixed for the coming year. Hundreds of thousands of school teachers will be employed during the next few weeks. In recognition of the momentous importance of this fact, the National Educational Association today gave out the following appeal to school boards and citizens:

This is no time for extravagance in governmental expenditures. Appropriations should be carefully scrutinized and all unnecessary items eliminated. The times demand the application of the best business principles in the conduct of public affairs.

However, there can be no retrenchment in the support of education. Money wisely expended for this purpose is an investment in citizenship and an insurance against the revolutionary conditions which exist in countries whose peoples are ignorant and illiterate.

Our free public school system is an integral part of our free government, essential to its life and prosperity. The only secure foundation for democracy is an enlightened and intelligent electorate. A government of the people and by the people can be no better and no stronger than the composite citizenship of which it is constituted.

This fact was recognized by the far-seeing statesmen who founded this Nation. William Penn declared that the only way to preserve free government was by the education of all its citizens. "For which," said he, "spare no cost, for by such parsimony all that is saved is lost." Washington urged his countryman "to promote as objects of primary importance institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge."

Jefferson, Adams and Madison taught that the education of all the people furnishes the greatest safeguard for our free institutions. The greatest need of our country today is competent, well-qualified teachers to train the future citizens of the Nation. We must get rid of the incompetent and unprepared in our public schools. The schools of tomorrow should be taught only by the best, and the profession of teaching must be made so inviting that it will attract and hold the best. Any reduction in the salaries of teachers or any failure properly to appreciate the importance of education will turn from the teaching profession those young men and women now preparing for their life's work who should be secured for this most important field of public service.

Let us cut down expenditures for luxuries. Let us reduce appropriations wherever it can be done with safety, but for the perpetuity of those ideals and the principles which are nearest to the hearts of the American people, there can be no backward step in the development of a strong, intelligent, patriotic citizenship, upon whom must depend the preservation of the things for which we have made such sacrifice in blood and treasure. The hope of America is in her free public schools. To elevate their standards and promote their efficiency should be the purpose of every American statesman and citizen.—National Educational Association.

MAIL LETTERS EARLY

El Paso Times:

Will Hays, the new postmaster general, is out with an appeal to business men throughout the country to help the postoffice and to help themselves at the same time by mailing their letters early in the day instead of letting them accumulate and be dumped into the postoffice shortly before the closing of business hours. With characteristic enterprise the postmaster general first tackled his colleagues of the cabinet, pointing out to them how the government department mail was permitted to pile up until evening and then was dumped into the Washington postoffice in carload lots to be sorted by clerks who might well have had much of it disposed of earlier in the day.

The postoffice "sorters," as Mr. Hays points out, are bound to get behind if a whole day's work floods them in an hour. Then, too, evening mail trains are overcrowded, while morning and afternoon trains carry little mail.

Statistics compiled in the Chicago postoffice, for example, show that more than 1,600,000 letters are mailed between 5 and 8 p. m. The same condition, relatively speaking, prevails in El Paso and every other town.

Make those early trains with your mail, by posting your letters throughout the day—and help the postoffice give you quick service.

SHOOTS HOLE IN BRAND NEW REVENUE CODE

Edwards Declares Unconstitutional Section That Excuses Delinquent Taxpayers

Advised by Assistant Attorney General A. M. Edwards that section 474, Revenue Code, is unconstitutional, J. E. Saint, tax commission chairman, today advised county collectors to disregard the provision. The section provides that delinquent taxes accrued before January 1, 1919, shall be discharged and the delinquents excused from the payment.

The assistant attorney general cited Section 32, Article IV of the constitution, which says that no obligation owing the state shall be extinguished by the legislature and added, in his opinion, the legislature had no authority to extinguish the obligation of the delinquent taxpayers.

Mr. Edwards also said, in his opinion, Section 9, Chapter 102, Session Laws of 1919, also was unconstitutional. This discharged taxes accrued prior to January 1, 1903, and was passed by the fourth legislature.

The constitutionality of Section 474 of the Revenue Code, probably will be attacked in the district court shortly in suits filed for the collection of delinquent taxes in Santa Fe county.

IT'S ALL OVER

Last Saturday evening Kelley's sale and contest came to a successful end. At 10 o'clock on that evening, Kelley's sales manager turned over the ballot box to the committee of judges who had assembled for the purpose of counting the votes and awarding the phonograph. Mayor A. J. Rolland, A. L. Burke, Jno. A. Halcy, upon receiving the sealed ballot box, proceeded to open same and count the votes in the presence of the contestants who attended. The ballots were separated according to the names of contestants. Mr. Halcy called off the amounts of the votes and then handed same to Mr. Burke for examination, after which the number was recorded on an adding machine which was operated by this honor the mayor. After recording each ballot, it was offered to the contestants for their examination.

When the tabulation of each contestants votes was completed, the figures were checked back. The contest ended in a very close race between Mrs. Patty and Mrs. Wetmore, as the results given below show: Mrs. Wetmore, 612,483; Mrs. Patty, 645,656; Mrs. Roberts, 286,717.

Mrs. Wetmore wishes to thank the people for their assistance which made her victory in the contest, possible.

NEW MEXICO ROAD BUILDING PROGRAM TO COST \$147,500

Santa Fe, N. M., April 15.—State Engineer Gillott announced today that the state highway commission will offer for sale debentures amounting to \$147,500 to build five roads authorized by the Fifth legislature. These include two in Santa Fe county, one from Pankey's gate, 10 miles from the capital, to the Estancia valley via Gallitito and Stanley and the other the Cerillos-Madrid loop of the Albuquerque-Santa Fe road. This construction will furnish a splendid highway from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, eliminating the dangerous La Bajada hill which must be traversed on the road via Durango and Bernalillo. Each of these projects will get \$16,000. The Albuquerque-Farmington highway will get \$50,000, the Elephant Butte-Silver Lake highway \$27,000, and the Wagon Mound-Mora road \$44,000.

Wanted on Bigamy Charge Acting Governor Duckworth today issued a requisition for L. Huff, indicted on the charge of bigamy in Quay county, who is reported in jail at Okmulgee, Okla. The acting governor was told that Huff, while married to Mand Patton Huff, took unto himself another wife, Sallie Smith Huff, "being then and there an unmarried female."

The Quay county sheriff was advised by the Okmulgee sheriff that Huff was held on the charge of illegally selling liquor. A jury in the district court today awarded John W. Wiley \$1,500, damages for three broken ribs sustained in a school fight at Otto at the hands of J. M. Glimmer, Jr., and Clarence A. Galina. The court announced that unless plaintiff agreed to a material reduction of the award he would set aside the verdict. The plaintiff said he would leave it to the court.

Mrs. Robt. Scott of French, N. M., daughter of Mrs. W. N. Williamson of the Star Cafe, will visit the Williamson and Haines families for several weeks.

DO YOU WANT A HOME AMONG THE TALL PINE TREES

Many persons would like to own a camp in the mountains; most people would, but hesitate on account of the expenses; by a recent law forest service cabin sites can be obtained for a nominal yearly rental. There are millions of acres from which to choose in the national forests. The forest service has many beautiful sites surveyed—or if the particular site you want is not yet platted forest service officials will prove very accommodating. Persons desiring sites should pick them out personally as no one else can tell just exactly what will suit your fancy. The forest supervisor will assist you and complete the deal for you. There are many fine summer home sites on the Lincoln Forest and many of the best are within easy reach of Carrizozo. The following article is from the Albuquerque Journal.

This is the tenor of many letters received by the district office of the forest service in Albuquerque, especially at this time of the year when the city dweller—and his country brother for that matter, too, begins thinking of getting away from the town and job for awhile, when the spirit of the wanderlust and desire for new surroundings in the velvety green of the mountains in the trees. The call of the wild, some characterize it. The primitive in us seeks to pull us out of the soft rut of civilization and his creature comforts into a bit of conflict with nature and the outdoors where water comes tumbling over the rocks instead of through leaden pipes, where the wind blows across the fragrant pine trees instead of polluting smokestacks—that is it, even though we do not analyze the cause.

Everybody's Call.

These requests for places to camp come from all classes and places. The stationery of a big business house in St. Louis carries an inquiry while rubbing it in the mail in a piece of paper scrawled upon by a railroad worker between runs, from some point along the Santa-Fe. Often the writer is a homesteader out in the hot, flat plains who wants to drink his fill of the big green timber and high hills so different from the plains surroundings.

Congress Answers Call.

Fortunately some five or six years ago congress passed a law that just answered the need of these various people. The mining laws were not applicable, the homestead laws could not cover the case and in fact no existing law gave the man wanting to build a fairly permanent place in the national forest a sufficiently good title to a small patch of non-agricultural land to safeguard his investment. The forest service had several forms of permits for special uses of this nature but they ran for but a year and this feature was objectionable to the average person who wanted to see a longer tenure granted in his permit.

On March 4, 1915, congress passed the law known as the "term occupancy act." This law authorized the secretary of agriculture to allow the occupancy of national forest lands for any period not exceeding thirty years where the lands were to be used for summer homes, hotels, stores or other structures needed for recreation or public convenience, but no person may be allowed to use more than five acres. The purpose of the act was to make the national forests more available than hitherto for recreational uses. While five acres was the maximum area specified most summer home sites consist of considerable less than this amount, usually one-half acre. As finally worked out attractive areas are subdivided into a number of lots, the shape depending upon topography and natural features, and due allowance being made for privacy and the general individual welfare of the prospective renters of the sites.

Apply to Forest Supervisor.

The permits for these areas are granted by the forest service, upon verbal or written application to the forest supervisor of the forest upon which a particular area occurs which is desired. While the permits are for long terms of years they are assignable to a new party with the consent of the service, who might buy out the improvements of the one who originally took out the permit. In general, premises may be sublet without transfer or permit.

General Rules.

- Besides asking the permittee to observe the general rules for residents, transient or otherwise, in the national forests, a few specific terms, as follows, are included in every term permit: (1) That premises be kept in a neat and orderly condition and that the permittee dispose of refuse and locate outhouses and cesspools as directed by the forest officials and observe such other sanitary requirements as may at any time appear necessary to protect the public health. (2) That improvements be constructed within a reasonable time and in accordance with plans and specifications filed with the forest officials when required, and approved by them. (3) That all reasonable caution be taken to prevent forest fires. (4) That where the permit is for a business enterprise the permittee shall comply with the requirements of state laws and shall conduct his business in a legal and orderly manner. (5) That timber shall be removed only under permit from forest officers. (6) That a fair annual rental be paid for the use of the land occupied.

NEW MEXICO PROVIDES TRAINING FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS AND CIVILIANS

Santa Fe, N. M., April 25.—The work of industrial rehabilitation contemplated in the industrial rehabilitation act, passed by the fifth legislature will be begun by the educational department shortly.

The act provides for the training of disabled persons in useful trades, and applies to all disabled New Mexicans, who on account of physical defects or infirmity, whether from injury or disease, have been partially or totally incapacitated. The act applies to civilians as well as ex-service men and opens to civilians practically the same opportunity for vocational training the federal board offers the ex-service men.

A. B. Anderson, who has been appointed supervisor of rehabilitation, said training would be given disabled persons in their home localities if possible. The state will pay educational expenses, but not board and lodging as only \$10,000 is available—\$5,000 from the United States and \$5,000 from the state.

Cheap Rent.

Rental charges for a lot vary from \$10 to \$25 a year, the average place renting for \$15. The higher prices are for more desirable or especially attractive lots in a subdivision. Since the primary object of the term permits is not to secure revenue but to promote the use of national forest lands for recreation purposes. At the same time, since permittees obtain special benefits, it is only fair that they should reimburse the government to some extent for the expenditures it incurs in administering the land.

Rights Protected.

Building restrictions in civic development and city and town subdivisions have proved entirely feasible and equitable in many cases all through the country. The damage done a property built at considerable expense and of high grade architecture, through the erection of an adjoining lot of an unsightly and cheap building, is incalculable in dollars and cents. There is no redress for the first owner unless there has been a violation of a building restriction clause in the deed of sale of lots in that vicinity. Recognizing this principle the forest service requires the submission of a descriptive and detailed plan of all structures that are to be erected prior to granting permission to proceed with building. This restriction is purely informal and it is not to be in plans are to be submitted. A rough home made sketch showing the dimensions and plan, a description of materials, color of paint or stain, and so on, are usually sufficient to enable the forest supervisor to gain an idea of the suitability of the intended structure for the locality.

That the restrictions in the form of rules and regulations, and no on, and in building restrictions, are not likewise to be imposed by the vast number of summer homes built on the national forests under the term of occupancy act since its passage in 1915.

A Site for Everyone.

Some people in locating a summer home or camping and fishing lodge in the wilds prefer to be entirely away from all other settlements and people and the summer home subdivision plan of the forest service that is attractive to many, does not appeal to them. For these folks provision is made and recognition given that they exist. The individual forest embraces a great expanse of country of great diversity, much of it wild and accessible only to the more venturesome. Any place in this area where the lie to the ground rests with the government and where no other administrative consideration intervenes, the seeker for an isolated retreat for his summer home can have, on application, a site surveyed and a permit issued. The more accessible the lot subdivisions remain for those wishing to be nearer to supplies, mail and community life as represented by nearby neighborhood summer residents. For the seeker of solitude, the vast mountain ranges and the back country still remain.

Community Sites.

A number of forests in the southwest have summer home areas, subdivided and surveyed ready for application and building. As far as possible the forest service anticipates the demand for lots in advance of the larger communities. Phoenix has such an area already highly developed and containing over fifty homes, a club house, golf links, tennis courts, store and community pavilion on the Prescott forest near Prescott, Ariz. On the Santa-Fe forest on the famous Pecos river many individual summer homes have been built in past years and there await for the application many attractive sites in three groups as many points along that river. On the Coronado forest, near Tucson, the big impetus has been recently given through the construction of a new scenic automobile road to the crest of the Santa Catalina mountains, hitherto reached only by pack burro or mule, tedious wagon trip of several days' duration. About twenty new summer homes are to be built this spring at this place on three groups of forest service sites, development of which, excepting half a dozen or

so cottage built some years ago, has been awaiting the building of the road now completed. Roswell is starting a community development in the Lincoln national forest this spring, and here also about twenty-five summer home lots will be built upon in addition to a central club or community house.

Pick Your Own Site.

As to the procedure in getting one of these summer homes the process is simple. Just as one would buy a city or town lot upon which one planned to build a home and live, without seeing it or having a very definite idea as to its surroundings, so it is impractical to ask for a term occupancy permit without having made a trip to the area available and picking-out a lot that is for rent. Conditions and surroundings on the forests are so variable that only by going over the ground could one be assured of being satisfied with the lot for which a permit is taken. The forest ranger in the particular region is available to direct applicants to summer home subdivisions. The boundaries of the lots are usually marked on the ground and numbered so that each lot is easily identified and selection thereby facilitated. As has been indicated, a site need not be in a locality already subdivided, but any suitable area can be applied for and if, upon examination, there are no conflicting claims or interests, it will be surveyed and permit issued. The selection of such a site is usually, however, based upon a fairly good knowledge of the region and surroundings by the one desiring the land. For information on summer home sites available on the Lincoln Forest consult with the Forest Supervisor, at Alamogordo, N. M.

THE SEARCH FOR OIL

Albuquerque Herald: The flurry of excitement over oil development which swept New Mexico a year ago, has passed. Financial conditions have slowed down, drilling operations and speculative activities have showed rolling warily have subsided, having run out of fuel.

Drilling operations that are now progressing are backed by substantial interests and by individuals who are not interested in selling leases, or in any form of speculation other than that of the courageous explorer, known in mining circles as the prospector, and in the world of exploration as the "wildcatter." In the language of oil, all New Mexico is "wildcat" territory.

The rigs erected for stock selling purposes and to help the sale of leases are idle or have been removed. These that are now running, and the half dozen rigs that have been set up in various sections of the state during the past week are being operated by men and interests whose sole objective is to find oil.

During the past two weeks strong flows of gas have been counted in three wells, in widely separated districts. Better indications of oil have been found during this period than ever before.

The shouting and tumult over oil has largely subsided. It would not be surprising if out of the succeeding serious effort the long search for oil in New Mexico should be rewarded, and in the not far distant future.

The surplus air is pretty well out of speculative enterprises here as well as elsewhere in the nation. New Mexico is in excellent physical and mental condition to experience a boom, to receive and digest without distress a genuine boom.

GOOD SPORT TUESDAY NIGHT

A good wrestling match was staged Tuesday night between Pete Ewens and John Hoarn. The former follows the business for a livelihood while Hoarn had not wrestled for a period of five years. However, he was game to the core and did some fine floor work. The first fall was won by Hoarn in 12 minutes. The second and third were won by Ewens; the second in 4 minutes, the third in 7 minutes. This was due to the fact that the Carrizozo boy was soft and his wind gave out quicker than did that of his antagonist. Several of our home boys engaged in boxing bouts as preliminaries and showed good class. Stuart Stirling refereed the match, after announcing that we are to have more sport of this nature during the coming summer.

WHITE OAKS NEWS ITEMS

The Woman's Social Club met last Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Jet Rustin. Despite the disagreeable weather, a large number were present. The ladies decided to each bring a favorite recipe at each succeeding meeting and to compile a cook book.

A delightful luncheon of cake and coffee was served. A roll call was had, each lady responding with the name of her birth-place. The locations differed greatly, as some were found to have been born in Sweden, others in different places in the United States ranging from ocean to ocean. Happily, some were born in our good state of New Mexico.

FIRE AT TAILOR SHOP

What might have been one of the biggest fires we have yet experienced, occurred Tuesday morning at the cleaning and pressing rooms of Pink Roberts' place next to the First National Bank. An alcohol lamp burning in one of the rooms with no ventilation, caused an explosion. The building was totally destroyed. The E. P. & S. W. fire squad would have perhaps saved a portion of the building, but incoming No. 3 blocked the way, causing considerable delay, hence the loss of the entire structure. Mr. Roberts will start anew, his friends say.

ODD FELLOWS REMEMBER

On the night of April 26, Carrizozo Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., will hold an Anniversary meeting in honor of the 103 years of the order's existence. An elaborate luncheon will be prepared and together with a "smoker," the evening will be spent in great social fashion. Rev. Wm. Ingman of the Baptist Church, who is a member of the order, will deliver the principal address. All members of the order and also the Babcocks, are invited.

HARDING SAYS LEAGUE IS DEAD

CONGRESS URGED TO PASS EMERGENCY TARIFF BILL WITH-OUT DELAY.

ASKS IMMEDIATE PEACE

STRICT ECONOMY IN GOVERNMENTAL EXPENSES URGED.

President Harding's message was a plea for peace and a warning of the dangers of a prolonged war. He stated that the League of Nations is dead and that the United States must take immediate action to secure peace. He urged Congress to pass an emergency tariff bill without delay and to maintain a strict economy in governmental expenses. He also called for a reduction in the cost of living and for the protection of American industry.

EMERGENCY TARIFF BILL—A bill for the relief of the tariff on certain goods, which will be passed by the House of Representatives today. It is a measure of emergency relief for the American people.

PEACE—President Harding's message was a plea for peace and a warning of the dangers of a prolonged war. He stated that the League of Nations is dead and that the United States must take immediate action to secure peace.

STRICT ECONOMY—President Harding's message was a plea for peace and a warning of the dangers of a prolonged war. He stated that the League of Nations is dead and that the United States must take immediate action to secure peace.

REDUCTION IN COST OF LIVING—President Harding's message was a plea for peace and a warning of the dangers of a prolonged war. He stated that the League of Nations is dead and that the United States must take immediate action to secure peace.

PROTECTION OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY—President Harding's message was a plea for peace and a warning of the dangers of a prolonged war. He stated that the League of Nations is dead and that the United States must take immediate action to secure peace.

taxation from the shoulders of the American people. Extravagance means in Nation. One cannot be unmindful that economy is a much employed cry most frequently stressed in pre-election appeals, but it is ours to make it an outstanding and ever impelling purpose in both legislation and administration. The unrestrained tendencies to needless expenditures and the attending growth of public indebtedness, extending from federal authority to that of state and municipality and including the smallest political subdivision, constitute the most dangerous phase of government today. The nation cannot restrain except in its own activities, but it can exemplify in a wholesome reversal. The staggering order of war debt must be cared for in orderly fashion and gradual liquidation. We shall hasten the solution and aid effectively in lifting the tax burdens if we strike resolutely at expenditure. It is far more easily said than done.

In the fever of war, our expenditures were so little questioned, the emergency was so impelling, appropriation was so unimpeded that we little noted millions and counted the treasury inexhaustible. It will strengthen our resolution if we ever keep in mind that a continuation of such a course means inevitable disaster. Our current expenditures are running at the rate of approximately five billions a year and the burden is unbearable. There are two agencies to be employed in correction: One is rigid resistance in appropriation and the other is the utmost economy in administration. Let us have both. I have already charged department heads with this necessity. I am sure Congress will agree; and both Congress and the administration may safely count on the support of all right minded citizens, because the burden is theirs. The pressure for expenditure, swelling the flow in one locality while draining another, is sure to defend the imposing of just burdens and the effect of our citizenship protesting outlay will be wholesome and helpful. I wish it might find its reflex in economy and thrift among the people themselves, because therein lies quicker recovery and added security for the future.

The estimates of receipts and expenditures and the statements as to the condition of the treasury which the secretary of the treasury is prepared to present to you, will indicate what revenues must be provided in order to carry on the government's business and meet its current requirements and fixed debt charges. Unless there are striking cuts in the important fields of expenditure, receipts from internal taxes cannot safely be permitted to fall below \$1,000,000,000 in the fiscal year 1922 and 1923. This would mean total internal tax collections of about one billion less than in 1920 and one-half billion less than in 1921.

Tax Adjustment Essential. The most substantial relief from the tax burden must come from the present from the readjustment of internal taxes, and the revision or repeal of those taxes which have become unproductive and are so artificial and burdensome as to defeat their own purpose. A prompt and thorough-going revision of the internal tax laws, made with due regard to the protection of the revenue, is in my judgment, a requisite to the revival of business activity in this country. It is earnestly hoped, therefore, that the Congress will be able to enact, without delay, a revision of the revenue laws and such emergency tariff measures as are necessary to protect American trade and industry.

It is of less concern whether internal taxation or tariff revision shall come first than has been popularly imagined, because we must do both, but the practical course for earliest accomplishment will readily suggest itself to the Congress. We are committed to the repeal of the excess profits tax and the abolition of inequities and unjustifiable exasperations in the present system.

The country does not expect and will not approve a shifting of burdens. It is more interested in wiping out the necessity for imposing them and eliminating confusion and cost in the collection.

Emergency Tariff Demanded. The urgency for an instant tariff enactment, emergency in character and understood by our people that it is for the emergency only, cannot be too much emphasized. I believe in the protection of American industry, and it is our purpose to prosper American first. The privileges of the American market to the foreign producer are offered too cheaply today, and the effect on much of our own productivity is the destruction of our self-reliance, which is the foundation of our independence and good fortune of our people. Moreover, imports should pay their fair share of our cost of government.

One who values American prosperity and maintains American standards of wages and living can have no sympathy with the proposal that easy entry and flood of imports will cheapen our cost of living. It is more likely to destroy our capacity to buy. Today American agriculture is menaced and its products are down to pre-war markets, yet we are endangering our fundamental industry through the high cost of transportation from farms to market and through the influx of foreign farm products, because we offer essentially unprotected, the best market in the world.

Farmer Must Be Protected. It would be better to act in protecting our basic food industry than pursue our farm activities in the world

struggle for restored exchanges. The manner of our tariff laws should be based on the policy of protection, reflecting that self-reliance which turns to greed, but ever concerned with that productivity of home which is the source of all abiding good fortune. If we agreed that we cannot sell unless we buy, but ability to sell is based on home development and the fostering of home markets. There is little sentiment in the trade of the world. Trade can and ought to be honorable, but it knows no sympathy. While the delegates of the nations at war were debating peace terms at Paris and while we later debated our part in completing the peace, commercial agents of other nations were opening their lines and establishing their outposts with a forward look to the morrow's trade. It was wholly proper and has been advantageous to them. Tardy as we are, it will be safer to hold our own markets secure and build thereon for our trade with the world.

A very important matter is the establishment of the government's business on a business basis. There was toleration of the easy-going, unsystematic method of handling our fiscal affairs when indirect taxation held the public unmindful of the federal burden. But there is knowledge of the high cost of government today, and the high cost of living is inseparably linked with high cost of government. There can be no complete correction of the high living cost until government's cost is notably reduced.

Let me most heartily commend the enactment of legislation providing for the national budget system, Congress has already recorded its belief in the budget. It will be a very great satisfaction to know of its early enactment, so that it may be employed in establishing the economies and business methods so essential to the minimum of expenditure.

Business Rights Recognized. I have said to the people we meant to have less of government in business as well as more business in government. It is well to have it understood that business has a right to pursue its normal, legitimate and righteous way unimpeded and it ought have no call to meet government competition where all risk is borne by the public treasury. There is no challenge to honest and lawful business success. But government approval of fortunate, untrammeled business does not mean toleration of restraint of trade or of maintained prices by unnatural methods. It is well to have legitimate business understand that a just government, mindful of the interests of all the people, has a right to expect the co-operation of that legitimate business in stamping out the practices which add to unrest and inspire restrictive legislation. Anxious as we are to restore the onward flow of business, it is fair to combine assurance and warning in one utterance.

One condition in the business world may well receive your inquiry. Deflation has been in progress but has failed to reach the mark where it can be proclaimed to the great mass of consumers. Reduced cost of basic production has been recorded, but high cost of living has not yielded in like proportion. For example, the prices on grain and livestock have been deflated, but the cost of bread and meats is not adequately reflected therein. It is to be expected that non-perishable staples will be slow in yielding to lowered prices, but the maintained retail costs in perishable foods cannot be justified.

Rail Rates Must Drop. The great interest of both the producer and consumer—indeed, all out industrial and commercial life, from agriculture to finance—in the problems of transportation will find its reflex in your concern to aid re-establishment, to restore efficiency and bring transportation cost into a helpful relationship rather than continue it as a hindrance to resumed activities.

It is little to be wondered that ill-considered legislation, the war strain, government operation in heedlessness of cost and the conflicting programs, or the lack of them, for restoration have brought about a most difficult situation, made doubly difficult by the low tide of business. All are so intimately related that no improvement will be permanent until the railways are operated efficiently at a cost with to that which the traffic can bear.

Freight Discourage Production. Freight carrying charges have mounted higher and higher until commerce is halted and production discouraged. Railway rates and cost of operation must be reduced. Congress may as well investigate and

let the public understand where our system and the federal regulations are lacking in helpfulness or hindering in restrictions. The remaining obstacles which are the heritage of capitalistic exploitation must be removed and labor must join management in understanding that the public which pays, is the public to be served and simple justice is the right and will continue to be the right of all the people.

Transportation over highways is little less important but the problems relate to construction and development and deserve your most earnest attention, because we are laying a foundation for a long time to come and this creation is very difficult to visualize in its great possibilities.

The highways are not only feeders to the railroads and afford relief from their local burdens, they are actually lines of motor traffic in interstate commerce. They are the smaller arteries of the larger portion of our commerce and the motor car has become an indispensable instrument in our political, social and industrial life.

There is begun a new era in highway construction, the outlay for which runs far into hundreds of millions of dollars. Bond issues by road districts, counties and states mount to enormous figures, and the country is facing such an outlay that it is vital that every effort shall be directed against wasted effort and unjustifiable expenditures.

The federal government can place no inhibition on the expenditure in the several states; but since Congress has embarked upon a policy of assisting the states in highway improvement, wisely, I believe, it can assert a wholly becoming influence in shaping policy.

With the principle of federal participation acceptably established, probably never to be abandoned, it is important to exert federal influence in developing comprehensive plans looking to the promotion of commerce and apply our expenditures in the surest way to guarantee a public return for money expended.

Federal Aid to Be Guarded. The large federal outlay demands a federal voice in the program of expenditure. Congress can not justify a mere gift from the federal purse to the several states, to be pro-rated among the counties for road betterment. Such a course will invite abuses which it were better to guard against in the beginning.

The laws governing federal aid should be amended and strengthened. The federal agency of administration should be elevated to the importance and vested with authority comparable to the work before it. And Congress ought to prescribe conditions to federal appropriations which will necessitate a consistent program of uniformity which will justify the federal outlay.

I know of nothing more shocking than the millions of public funds wanted in improved highways, wasted because there is no policy of maintenance. The neglect is not universal, but it is very great. There is nothing the Congress can do more effectively to end this shocking waste than condition all federal aid on provisions for maintenance. Highways, no matter how generous the outlay for construction, cannot be maintained without patrol and constant repair. Such conditions insisted upon in the grant of federal aid will safeguard the public which pays and guard the federal government against political abuses, which tend to defeat the very purposes for which we authorize federal expenditure.

Linked with rail and highway is the problem of water transportation—inland, coastwise and trans-oceanic. It is not possible on this occasion to suggest to Congress the additional legislation needed to meet the aspirations of our people for a merchant marine. In the emergency of war we have constructed a tonnage equaling our largest expectations. Its war cost must be discounted to the actual values of peace, and the large difference charged to the war emergency and the pressing task is to turn our assets in tonnage to an agency of commerce.

It is proper to invite your attention to the importance of the question of radio communication and cables. To meet strategic, commercial, and political needs, active encouragement should be given to the extension of American owned and operated cable and radio service.

Between the United States and possessions there should be ample communication facilities providing direct service at reasonable rates. Between the United States and other countries not only should there be adequate facilities, but these should be, so far as practicable, direct and free from foreign intermediation. Friendly cooperation should be extended to international efforts aimed at encouraging improvement of international communication facilities and designed to further the exchange of messages. Private monopolies tending to prevent the development of needed facilities should be prohibited. Government-owned facilities, wherever possible without unduly interfering with private enterprise or government needs, should be made available for general uses. Particularly desirable is the provision of ample cable and radio services at reasonable rates for the transmission of press matter, so that the American reader may receive a wide range of news and the foreign reader receive full accounts of American activities. The daily press of all countries may well be put in position to contribute to international understandings by the publication of interesting foreign news.

Practical experience demonstrates the need for effective recognition of both domestic and international radio operation if this never means of international communication is to be fully utilized. Especially needful is the provision of ample radio facilities for those services where radio only can be used, such as communication with ships at sea, with aircraft and with out of the way places. International communication by cable and radio requires cooperation between the powers concerned. Whatever the degree of control deemed advisable within the United States, government licensing of cable landings and of radio stations transmitting and receiving international traffic seems necessary for the protection of American interests and for the securing of satisfactory reciprocal privileges.

Aviation is inseparable from either the army or the navy and the government must, in the interests of national defense, encourage its development for military and civil purposes. The encouragement of the civil development of aeronautics is especially desirable as relieving the government largely of the expense of development and of maintenance of an industry, now almost entirely borne by the government through appropriations for the military, naval and postal air service. The air mail service is an important initial step in the direction of commercial aviation.

It has become a pressing duty of the federal government to provide for the regulation of air navigation; otherwise independent and conflicting legislation will be enacted by the various states which will hamper the development of aviation. The national advisory committee for aeronautics, in a special report on this subject, has recommended the establishment of a bureau of aeronautics in the Department of Commerce for the federal regulation of air navigation, which recommendation ought to have legislative approval.

I recommend the enactment of legislation establishing a bureau of aeronautics in the Navy Department to centralize the control of naval activities in aeronautics and removing the restrictions on the personnel detailed to aviation in the navy.

Be Generous With Ex-Soldiers. The American people expect Congress unfailingly to voice the gratitude of the republic in a generous and practical way to its defenders in the World War, who need the supporting arm of the government. Our very immediate concern is for the crippled soldiers and those deeply needing the helping hand of the government.

Conscious of the generous intent of Congress, and the public concern for the crippled and dependent, I invited the services of a volunteer committee to inquire into the administration of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, the Federal Board for Vocational Training and other agencies of government in caring for the ex-soldiers, sailors and marines of the World War.

The immediate extension and utilization of the government's hospital facilities in the army and navy will bring relief to the acute conditions most complained of, and the hospital building program may be worked out to meet the needs likely to be urgent at the time of possible completion.

Favors Public Welfare Department. During the recent political canvass the proposal was made that a Department of Public Welfare should be organized. It was endorsed and commended so strongly that I venture to call it to your attention and to suggest favorable legislative consideration.

I assume the maternity bill, already strongly approved, will be enacted promptly, thus adding to our manifestation of human interest.

It is needless to call your attention to the unfinished business inherited from the preceding Congress. The appropriation bills for army and navy will have your early decision.

Neither branch of the government can be unmindful of the call for reduced expenditures for these departments of our national defense. The government is in accord with the wish

to eliminate the burden of armament. The United States will be in harmony with the movement toward the higher standards of peace. But we shall not until we have secured for ourselves the peace we are ready to co-operate with other nations to approximate adjustment, but mere prudential expedients that we disarm alone.

League of Nations Scrapped. In the existing League of Nations, world governing with its super-powers, this republic will have no part. There can be no misinterpretation, and there will be no betrayal of the deliberate expression of the American people in the recent election; and, settled in our decision for ourselves, it is only fair to say to the world in general, and to our associates in war in particular, that the league covenant can have no sanction by us.

The aim to associate nations to prevent war, preserve peace and promote civilization, our people most cordially applauded. We yearned for this new instrument of justice, but we can have no part in a commitment to any agency of force in unknown contingencies; we can recognize no super-authority.

Manifestly the highest purpose of the League of Nations was defeated in linking it with the treaty of peace and making it the enforcing agency of the victors of the war.

Approves Peace Resolution. The American aspiration, indeed, the world aspiration, was an association of nations, based upon the application of justice and right, binding us in conference and co-operation for the prevention of war and pointing the way to a higher civilization and international fraternity in which all the world might share.

In rejecting the league covenant and in rejecting rejection to our own people, and to the world, we make no surrender of our hope and aim for an association to promote peace in which we would most heartily join.

We wish it to be conceived in peace and dedicated to peace, and will relinquish no effort to bring the nations of the world into such fellowship, not in the surrender of national sovereignty but rejoicing in a nobler exercise of it in the advancement of human activities amid the compensations of peaceful achievement.

In the national referendum to which I have adverted we pledged our efforts toward such an association and the pledge will be faithfully kept. In the plight of policy and performance we told the American people we meant to seek an early establishment of peace. The United States alone among the allied and associated powers continues in a technical state of war against the central powers of Europe. This anomalous condition ought not to be permitted to continue.

To establish the state of technical peace without further delay, I should approve a declaratory resolution by Congress to that effect, with the qualifications essential to protect all our rights.

Such action would be the simplest keeping of faith with ourselves and could in no sense be construed as a parting with those with whom we shared our sacrifices in war, for these powers are already at peace.

Such a resolution should undertake to do no more than thus declare the state of peace which all American craves. It must add no difficulty in effecting, with just reparations, the restoration for which all Europe yearns, and upon which the world's recovery must be founded. Neither former enemy nor ally can mistake America's position, because our attitude as to responsibility for the war and the necessity for just reparations already has had formal and very earnest expression.

It would be unwise to undertake to make a statement of future policy with respect to European affairs in such a declaration of a state of peace.

Must Safeguard Essential Interests. The wiser course would seem to be the acceptance of the confirmation of our rights and interest as already provided, and to engage under the existing treaty, assuming, of course, that this can be satisfactorily accomplished by such explicit reservations and modifications as will secure our absolute freedom from inadvisable commitments and safeguard all our essential interests.

We must not allow our vision to be impaired by the conflict among ourselves. The weariness at home and the disappointment to the world have been compensated in the proof that this republic will surrender none of the heritage of nationality, but our rights in international relationship have to be asserted; they require establishment in compacts of amity; our part in readjustment and restoration cannot be ignored and must be defined.

With the super-governing league definitely rejected and with the world so informed, and with the status of peace proclaimed at home, we may proceed to negotiate the covenanted relationships so essential to the recognition of all the rights everywhere of our nation, and play our full part in joining the peoples of the world in the pursuit of peace once more.

To the complete re-establishment of peace and its contracted relationships, to the realization of our aspirations for nations associated for world helplessness without world government, for world stability on which humanity's hopes are founded, we shall address ourselves, fully mindful of the high privilege and the paramount duty of the United States in this critical period of the world.

DENVER VICTROLA OUTFITS WITH LIBRARY OF RECORDS EASY PAYMENTS

AUTOMOBILE TIRES "Erie Cord" & "Olympian Fabrics"

HOME OF THE COLE ALWAYS THE BEST IN THE CAR

SHOE REPAIRS WITH LATEST SPECIALS \$6.75

PAINTS AND WALL PAPER

SHOES REPAIRED

KODAKS AND KODAK FINISHING

SAFETY COFFEE FROM THE MASTER

SANITARY CLEANING & DYEING

HAIR GOODS SWITCHES, TRANSFORMERS

BEAUTY PARLORS

HOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.

AUTO TOPS

Urge Soldiers to Get Medals

Match Plant Burned

Farmers Favor Co-operative Market

Catarah Can Be Cured

Wonderful Transformation

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

Burning Coal Surplus

Had Experience

Simple Deduction

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

WOMEN OF MIDDLE LIFE

Mrs. Robert O. Reynolds



"I have actually gained twenty-five pounds and I just think Tanlac is the greatest medicine in the world," said Mrs. Robert O. Reynolds...

"I had only taken my first bottle of Tanlac when I noticed my appetite was improving and I could sleep better at night..."

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble...

Catarah Can Be Cured

Catarah is a local disease greatly induced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment...

Wonderful Transformation

Figures from Maine show that capital of \$8,000,000 is invested in the business of transforming the raw herring into the baked sardine...

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment...

Burning Coal Surplus

Washington.—To determine whether coal consumers are unwisely burning their reserve supplies...

Had Experience

In the old days of the draft an examiner was putting Sambo through the usual course of questions...

Simple Deduction

"Saw Mr. and Mrs. Bangs going to church this morning."

MARKETS

Furnished by U. S. BUREAU OF MARKETS Washington, D. C.

Prices fluctuated within narrow limits last week. There was some buying of July wheat...

Wheatfeeds again on the decline, and bran and middlings quoted at 15 and 16, respectively...

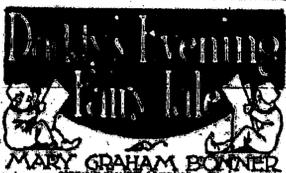
Spot cotton prices down 23 points during the week, closing at 10.84 per pound...

Prices of practically all classes and grades of live stock at Chicago declined the past week...

Potato markets down 15c to 20c at northern shipping points...

Prices show little change. Better grades of beef steers quoted up to \$7.50 with good grades from \$6.75 to \$7.25...

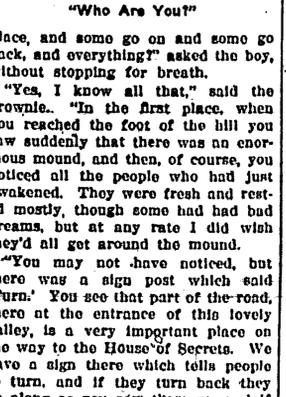
Timothy, No. 1 ton \$17.50 Timothy, No. 2 ton \$16.00



BEHIND THE MOUND.

The girl and boy adventurers had succeeded in getting around the mound. They had mastered the obstacle or big thing which had gotten in their way...

"No, you didn't," said a voice which seemed to come from the mound, or obstacle. They looked, and a brownie appeared.



place, and some go on and some go back, and everything?" asked the boy, without stopping for breath.

"Yes, I know all that," said the brownie. "In the first place, when you reached the foot of the hill you saw suddenly that there was an enormous mound, and then, of course, you noticed all the people who had just awakened..."

"I'm not surprised you missed the post, because everyone is too busy thinking what they will do."

"Of course," said the brownie. "There are lots who're always going back along the road..."

EVIDENTLY HE DIDN'T LIKE IT

From Report Made, Post Office Employees Had Decidedly Poor Opinion of That New Trailer.

Once on a time an automobile concern asked the post office department to try out a certain truck trailer. The car was put in service at a post office and shortly the traffic superintendent asked for a written report...

Almost Had It. Proud Mother—Oh, George, little Harry is just beginning to talk. He's learning to recite "Ban, Ban, black sheep, have you any wool?"

Continuous Reign. A lecturer says that women will be ruling this country 20 years from now. Of course; why should she abdicate?

Who Are You? "Who are you?" asked the boy. "I'm one of the Old Obstacle Boys," said the brownie.

Who Are You? "Who are you?" asked the boy. "I'm one of the Old Obstacle Boys," said the brownie.

Who Are You? "Who are you?" asked the boy. "I'm one of the Old Obstacle Boys," said the brownie.

Who Are You? "Who are you?" asked the boy. "I'm one of the Old Obstacle Boys," said the brownie.

COOKROACHES



Stearns' Electric Paste Also BUREN DEATH to Waterbury, Ants, Fleas and Mice.

Saved My Life With Eatonic

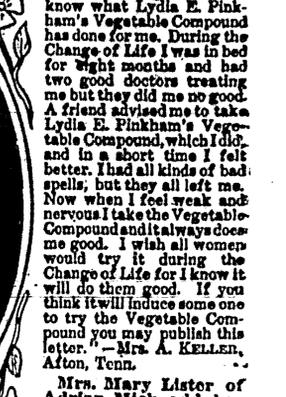
Says New Jersey Woman "I was nearly dead until I found Eatonic and I can truly say it saved my life. It is the best stomach medicine ever made."

PATENTS

WATSON E. COLEMAN Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE LIFE

A Dangerous Period Through Which Every Woman Must Pass Practical Suggestions Given by the Women Whose Letters Follow



Afton, Tenn.—"I want other suffering women to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me..."

It is with pleasure that I write to you thanking you for what your wonderful medicine has done for me. I was passing through the Change of Life and had a displacement and weakness so that I could not stand on my feet...

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Allments Peculiar to Women" will be sent to you free upon request.

What to Take for SICK HEADACHE

Got Skin Disease? Purify Your Blood

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, New Mexico.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher.

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

Largest Circulation in the County

Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES SIX MONTHS in Advance \$1.00 ONE YEAR in Advance \$2.00 OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

President Harding's Address

Washington, April 20.—"The very favorable impression made upon the public mind by the President's inaugural address has been very greatly strengthened by his first message to Congress," declares the Republican Publicity Association, through its president, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr. "From various sources there has come in recent weeks an effort to create the feeling that the president was wavering in his attitude on the League of Nations—the issue upon which his election was chiefly determined. His message is not only a reassurance to the country in this respect, but it confirms the earlier conviction that he is a man of stable mind who can be depended upon to fulfill in both letter and spirit his campaign pledges.

"The president very properly relegated the league and peace treaty to the last place in his message, for they are among the least of our national problems. Reduction of the burden of government was treated in a most practical manner, for the president sets forth the only possible plan for reduction of taxes—reduced appropriations combined with diminished expenditures. He seeks to shirk none of his own responsibility for curtailment of the cost of the government.

"The country will heartily approve not only his utterances on that subject but also his declaration that while the government must not interfere with legitimate business neither can it tolerate restraint of trade or maintenance of prices by unnatural methods. He very appropriately called attention to the fact that reduced cost of basic production has been recorded but high cost of living has not yielded in like proportion, and that the maintained retail costs of perishable foods can not be justified.

"If any have entertained the fear that in an effort to encourage restoration of normal business conditions unfair practices would be overlooked, their fears are allayed. There will be no class favoritism in the Harding administration. Rich and poor, labor and capital, organized and unorganized, will be accorded equal opportunity and held to similar responsibilities.

"The government is to be supreme over selfish interests and the rights of all are to be protected from the encroachments of a few."

Carrizozo Woman's Club

The Woman's Club of Carrizozo met in regular session at Lutz Hall, Friday afternoon April 15. In the absence of the President, Mrs. Stadman presided over the meeting; in the absence of the Secretary, minutes of the previous meeting were not read. Resolutions were adopted, urging the County Commissioners to set aside the one-half mill tax in making up their budget for the coming year, for the maintenance of a Public Health Officer in Lincoln County. A committee consist-

ing of Mesdames French, Cole and Scott was appointed to draw up the resolutions.

The meeting was then turned over to Mrs. J. B. French, who had arranged a splendid program, foremost of which was an excellent talk on "Public Health" by State Public Health Officer H. F. Grey of Santa Fe. His talk was very instructive and highly appreciated by those who were so fortunate as to be able to hear him. Then, Mrs. Greene, presented the children from the school across the track in delightful songs, drills and readings. Those, together with recitations by Richard Patty and Boyd Loughrey, were extremely enjoyed. Miss Eva Wack followed with "What We Have Learned, as a Class," showing benefits derived from the teachings of Nurse Greene during the past seven months. At the close, Mrs. French again urged the Club to do all in its power to secure a Health Officer for the County.

First Methodist Church

The sermon next Sunday morning will be an "Object Sermon," planned especially for children and youth. By the means of cords, ropes, etc., the binding power of sin will be illustrated. Rev. Higbee will request the assistance of some of the children to help him preach this sermon. It is hoped that the parents will plan so that their children may come to Sunday School and remain for this service. Decision Day will be held in connection with the morning session. While no undue pressure will be exerted and no one received into the church without first securing consent of parents, it is earnestly desired that many who are young and tender in years will decide and be permitted to grow up in the kindness of God, under the protecting wing and guiding hand of His Church. The Church may not be perfect, but her influences are the greatest and her ideals the highest, known to men. Let us give our children the full benefit of the best attainable. The evening services will be Evangelical.

Prof. Robert Huston, who has been announced in the Outlook to assist in the local revival, was enabled to finish his work in El Paso sooner than expected and arrived here last Sunday evening. The services are being held at the Methodist Church this week, but will be held in the Lutz Hall after Sunday. Attendance has increased and interest deepened. People are pleased with Prof. Huston's singing. The preaching is being done by Rev. Higbee. It is not of the caustical type, but a fair and frank dealing with the truth as it is honestly understood; his attitude, one of sympathy, sharing in the problems which all must face. All who stand for the moral and spiritual uplift of our community, are invited to co-operate with us. Young People's service at 7:00 and evening preaching at 7:30 p.m.

Attention, Teachers!

All teachers of the county who have undertaken work in state or local history under the plan put out by the New Mexico State Normal about three months ago, are urged by the Normal to turn over to that institution, immediately after the close of their schools, the papers that have resulted from that work. The Normal is very anxious that one of its valuable materials be lost through neglecting to file it and have the same kept in a safe place. Unexpected responses have come in, in answer to the Normal's call, from outsiders as well as from teachers, but the Normal is especially anxious that the material being collected and worked up by the teachers and students of the state, shall not be mislaid or neglected. So you are requested to send it in at the earliest practicable moment. W. O. HALL, PRES., New Mexico State Normal.

Classified Ads

FOR SALE—House of six rooms, well improved. One block from school house. Bargain if taken at once. Inquire of Outlook office. 5-21 tf

Several one and one quarter inch Studebaker wagons at reduced prices. Titsworth Company.

Drs. Swearingin & Von Almen, eye, ear, nose and throat specialists and fitting glasses—414 Trust building, El Paso, Texas. Dr. Von Almen will be at Dr. Wood's office, Carrizozo, N. M., on the 15th day of each month. 3-5 tf

Now Is The Time For Seeds

Mandeville & King's Fresh Stock of Flower Seeds are here. Mrs. Jones: Get your supply at Kelley & Son.

WANTED—Waitress and second cook—Star Cafe.

FOR RENT—House of three rooms. Inquire of A. H. Harvey.

FOR SALE—Seed Barley. The Titsworth Co., Capitan, N. M.

FOR SALE—Yearling and Two-year-old Hereford Bulls. The Titsworth Co. tf

Sweet Milk

Sweet milk, 20 cents per quart. Mrs. R. H. Taylor, Phone 82. tf

FOR SALE—Pure Bred Registered Hereford Bull at a Price less than quality justifies. I am keeping his Heifers. An through with him—C. D. Mayer, White Oaks, N. M. 48-tf

White Wyandottes.. Hatching Eggs and Baby Chicks. Write for catalog. Blanco Poultry Yards, box 1600, El Paso, Texas. A16t

MORE MEN THAN WOMEN HAVE APPENDICITIS

Medical reports show men are more subject to attack from appendicitis although many sudden cases occur among women. It can be guarded against by preventing intestinal infection. The intestinal antiseptic, Adler-Lika, acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing all foul, decaying matter which might cause infection. It brings out matter you never thought was in your system and which may have been poisoning you for months. Adler-Lika is EXCELLENT for gas on stomach. Sold in Capitan at Sunshine Pharmacy.

"Purity" Germ-Free Vaccine Stockmen, play safe and vaccinated your Calves. M. B. PADEN, Agt.

JUST RECEIVED; A Car of barbed wire and HOG FENCE. PRICES are LOWER. The Titsworth Company. tf

FOR SALE—Ford Touring Car in first class condition—Inquire at Patty's Cash Grocery & Meat Market.

FOR SALE—One Ford Touring car, one Maxwell Touring car, one Ford light truck. These cars are in good running condition. Inquire Taylors Garage. tf

Place, the "Tire Doctor"

Will attend to your wants in vulcanizing, putting on Gates' Half Soles and Tires. Also sells Accessories. The PLACE to have your Tires Doctored.

We buy and sell Poultry, eggs, etc.—Patty's Cash Grocery & Meat Market.

BULLETIN

Compiled by LINCOLN COUNTY ABSTRACT CO. Weekly information on all filings in County Clerk's office. PRICE \$2.00 PER MONTH

Jack For Sale One American Jack 8 years old, Good and sure breeder, in good shape. Will sell or trade for other stock. Can be seen at my place, near Glencoe—Frank B. Coe, Glencoe, N. M. 4 22 3t

FOR SALE—five room a d o b e house, two lots, plenty of water. Close in. Will sell furnished or unfurnished. Bargain to party in search of a nice home—Inquire at this office. 4 22 4t

FOR RENT—Two, three room houses. One unfurnished and one furnished for light house-keeping—Inquire of the Outlook. 4 22 1t

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Charles F. Grey, Plaintiff, No. 4006 V. R. J. Beatty, Defendant.

To said Defendant: You are hereby notified that said plaintiff has begun an action against you in the district court of Lincoln county, New Mexico, the nature of which is a suit to enforce the payment of a promissory note given by you on Dec. 12, 1918, to E. G. Raffety and transferred for a valuable consideration to said plaintiff; that the amount of plaintiff's demand is \$1,000 and costs of suit; that your property in New Mexico has been attached; that unless you appear herein on or before May 13, 1921, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to satisfy said demand; that the plaintiff's attorneys are Hamilton & Whalley, whose post-office address is Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and the seal of said district court at Carrizozo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, this 19th day of March, 1921.

April 1, 4t. R. M. TREAT, Clerk of the District Court.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Gertrude Britt, Plaintiff, No. 4009 V. Henry Britt, Defendant.

In the District Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

To said Defendant: You are hereby notified that said plaintiff has begun a civil action against you in the district court of Lincoln county, New Mexico; that the nature of said action is a complaint for divorce and for an allowance for the support of your minor child; that unless you appear and plead to the action herein referred to on or before May 13, 1921, judgment by default in said cause will be rendered against you; and that the plaintiff's attorneys are Hamilton & Whalley, whose post-office address is Carrizozo, New Mex. o.

Witness my hand and the seal of said district court at Carrizozo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, this 19th day of March, 1921.

April 1, 4t. R. M. TREAT, Clerk of the District Court.

Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior United States Land Office Serial No. 046903 Roswell, N. Mex., March 31, 1921.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March A. D., 1921 the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by Howel Jones, its Land Commissioner, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21, 1904 (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit: S 2 N 2, Sec. 3 Tp. 7 S. R. 9 East of N. M. P. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situate, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON, Register. April 8—May 6-5t.

Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior United States Land Office Serial No. 046904 Roswell, N. Mex. March 31, 1921.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March A. D., 1921 the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by Howel Jones, its Land Commissioner, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21, 1904 (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit: S 2 NE 1, Sec. 33 Tp. 6 S. R. 9 East of N. M. P. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situate, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON, Register. April 8—May 6-5t.

L. W. CARLETON

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR Near Lodge on Eagle Creek

A Worthy Friendship THE SERVICE of this Bank is not ruled by custom. This institution is endeavoring to be MORE than a depository for funds to the People of this section. It has a FRIENDSHIP that is worth cultivating, because it is prompted by warmer motives than mere profits and is available to those with small accounts just as easily as it is to those with large ones. Bring your business and financial problems here and let us help you to develop all the possibilities in them. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK "Try First National Service" Carrizozo, New Mexico

THE EXCHANGE BANK Established 1892 CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO Commercial and Savings Departments. Interest at 4 per cent per annum paid on time and savings Deposits. Accounts Solicited. INQUIRIES PROMPTLY ANSWERED

You can get it at Our Drug Store When you want Drugs, medicines and drug store things, you want to know where you can get them; where you know they will be the best; where you know the price will be fair. Then, come to us, we keep our stock up, keep it free from dust and we have what you need when you want it. Trade with Careful Druggists. ROLLAND BROTHERS THE BEST DRUG STORE

PROFESSIONS

Geo. W. Fritchard W. C. Merchant
RICHARD S. MERCHANT
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
 Latta Building
 Carrizozo, New Mexico

GEORGE B. BARBER
 LAWYER
 Phone 28 Carrizozo, N. M.

DR. R. E. BLANEY, Dentist
 Exchange Bank Building
 Carrizozo New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
 Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
 Phone 98 Carrizozo New Mexico

FRANK J. SAGER
 Insurance, Notary Public
 Agency Established 1892
 Office in Exchange Bank
 Carrizozo New Mexico

P. M. SHAVER, M. D.
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office Rooms at the Bramum Building
 Alamogordo Ave. Phone 1
 CARRIZOZO NEW MEX.

GEORGE SPENCE
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
 Rooms 5 and 6, Exchange Bank Bld.
 CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO.

DR. E. L. WOODS
 Office Wetmore Building, Tel. 124
 Private Hospital—Phone No. 28
 General Surgical and
 Maternity Accommodations
 Graduate Nurses - Glasses Fitted
 CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

LODGES

Carrizozo Lodge No. 44
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
 Meets every Monday evening at K. of P. Hall, Latta Building
 Visiting Brothers cordially invited
 C. P. HUPPERTZ, C. O.
 S. L. SQUIER, Kof P. & S.

COMET CHAPTER NO. 29
ORDER OF EASTERN STAR
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Regular Meeting
 First Thursday of
 Each Month.
 All Visiting Stars Cordially In-
 vited.
 Mrs. D. S. Donaldson, W. M.
 S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 41-
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.
 A. F. & A. M.

Regular communi-
 cations for 1921:
 Jan. 22, Feb. 19,
 Mar. 10, Apr. 18,
 May 21, June 18,
 July 16, Aug. 13, Sept. 17, Oct. 15,
 Nov. 12, Dec. 10-27.
 R. E. Lemon, W. M.,
 S. F. Miller, Secretary.

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 30 I.O.O.F.
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.

E. J. Shufda,
 N.G.
 W. J. Langston,
 Sec'y.
 Regular meeting nights First
 and Third Tues. of each month

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 610-
 B. of R. T.
 Carrizozo, N. M.
 Meetings First and Third
 Wednesdays of Each Month
 at 7:30, at Masonic Hall.
 R. C. O'Connors, Pres.
 W. E. Wallace, Sec.-Treas.

FOR SALE—Some fine jersey
 cows. Some fresh, some spring-
 ing. Also have some yearlings
 Apply to Willis Hightower, Cap-
 itan, New Mexico.

Mining Locations, Warranty
 Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Bills of
 Sale and all kinds of legal blanks
 at this office

\$100 Reward, \$100
 The readers of this paper will be
 pleased to learn that there is at least one
 remedy known that science has been
 able to cure in all its stages, and that is
 Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only
 positive cure now known to the medical
 faculty. Catarrh being a constitutional
 disease, requires a constitutional treat-
 ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken in-
 ternally, acting directly upon the blood
 and removing all traces of the disease, there-
 by destroying the foundation of the dis-
 ease, and giving the patient strength by
 restoring the weakened and exhausted
 nature is doing its work. The proprietors
 have so much faith in its curative pow-
 ers that they offer One Hundred Dollars
 for any case that it fails to cure. Send
 for free literature.
 Address: F. J. CHAMBERLAIN & CO., Toledo, O.
 Sold by all Druggists.

Baptist Church Notes

The funeral services over the
 remains of the late Mrs. M.
 P. Thayer were held at the
 Church last Saturday afternoon
 at 2 p.m., with the pastor Rev.
 Wm. Huffman conducting the
 same. The floral offerings
 were beautiful. A choir of la-
 dies sang several selections and
 Miss Uta Edmiston sang, "Jesus
 Lover of My Soul," in keeping
 with the request of the deceas-
 ed. The scripture lesson was
 the 23rd Psalm, which was also
 in accordance with her wishes.
 Our preaching services both
 morning and evening were well
 attended. Announcements for
 next Sunday are as follows:
 The regular morning and ev-
 ening services have been called
 off in deference to the revival
 movement at the Methodist
 Church. There will be prayer
 meeting, Sunday School and B. Y.
 P. U. meetings as usual. The
 Ladies' Missionary Society will
 give a Bazaar and Tea at Mrs.
 Adams' Millinery Store on the
 afternoon of April 28.

Notice for Publication

State of New Mexico, ss
 County of Lincoln.
IN THE PROBATE COURT
 To Whom it may concern:
 Notice is hereby given,
 that John M. Cravens, Administrator
 of the Estate of Edmund R. Ball De-
 ceased, has filed his final report of his
 acts and transactions as Administrator
 of said estate; that, the 9th day of
 May, 1921, has been set, the same
 being a special term of the Probate
 Court within and for the aforesaid
 County, at the hour of 10 O'clock, A.
 M., at his office in the Court House in
 Carrizozo, New Mexico, at the time
 and place for hearing any objections
 to the same.
 Therefore, any person or persons
 wishing to object to said final report,
 may do so by filing their objections on
 or before the above named date.
 Dated at Carrizozo, N. M., this 12th
 day of April, A. D. 1921.
 Ralph M. Treat,
 Clerk of the Probate Court.
 April 15, May 6-4t

Notice to Tax Payers

Section 416 of Committee Sub-
 stitute for House Bill No. 100,
 passed by the last Legislature
 provides for a penalty of 5 per
 cent to be added 15 days after
 any taxes shall become delin-
 quent. Provides however, that
 on delinquent taxes on the 1921
 call shall not be penalized until
 August 1st, 1921.
 There seems to be a genera-
 misunderstanding about the
 above law, under the impression
 that this refers to the regula-
 penalty on delinquent taxes.
 The above has nothing to do with
 the one percent per month pen-
 alty which has to be paid on de-
 linquent taxes.
 Respectfully,
 H. G. Norman,
 Treasurer & Ex-Officio Collector.
 April 15 3

Try Sunshine Service
 We carry in stock at all times a full and complete
 line of drugs.
**Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles of All the Stan-
 dard Makes, Stationary, Writing Material,
 School Supplies, Perfumes, Standard Line of
 Cigars and Tobacco, King's Chocolates.**
 In fact any thing to be found in a first class drug
 store.
 Also we carry in stock a full line of Jewelry and
 Watches—We repair Clocks and Watches.
 Our work gives satisfaction and the price is right.
SONORA PHONOGRAPHS
 Try Sunshine Service, It Pays
The Sunshine Pharmacy
 Capitan, New Mexico

WE HONOR YOUR DRAFTS
 instantly and glad to do it.
 There's no waiting or checking
 up. We know how your account
 stands at all times because our
 system is perfect. Every officer
 and employee spells efficiency.
 Place your account with us and
 we'll justify your confidence.

THE LINCOLN STATE BANK
 CARRIZOZO, N. M.
 "BANK WITH US GROW WITH US"

Barnett FEED Store
 Wholesale and Retail
Hay, Grain and Feed
Stock Salt, Oil Cake
and Stove Wood
 Prices Lowest and Service Best
 Carrizozo New Mexico

Have You
 Indigestion and Rheumatism?
"Digesta Kai"
 Is the only medicine that will help you
 AT
ROLLAND DRUG STORE
 Local Agents

STOCKMEN'S STATE BANK
 SERVICE
 To us this much used word "Service," means person-
 ality, responsibility, quality, courtesy and scope. We feel
 it is more than a "catch phrase" and with us its meaning
 goes way below the surface and becomes apparent in every
 transaction we have with our customers.
 Regardless of the size of your business, we invite you to
 test this service of this strong, fast growing bank. Let us
 show you the character of the cooperation we are in a posi-
 tion to give you.
STOCKMEN'S STATE BANK
 CORONA, NEW MEXICO

Why Don't Those Hens Lay?
 We have the feed that will do the
 business.
 We sell Flour, Corn, Chops, Meal, Hay,
 Bran, Shorts.
 A full line of Purina Mill Feeds.
 Phone 140
**CARRIZOZO TRANSFER AND
 STORAGE CO.**



It's Paper Hanging Time in Homeland

Therefore ting to call us in to offer
 suggestions and bids on this work.
 We have a remarkable line of Wall
 Coverings, comprising the latest
 things in
Fine Art Wall Papers
W. E. ELLIOTT,
 Painting, Paper Hanging, Kal-
 soming, Sign and Auto Paint-
 ing - A Specialty
 PHONE 52

The Outlook Want Ad---Gets Results.

Chicks to Broilers in Less Time
 JUST think what it means to make
 your chicks grow twice as fast
 during the first six weeks! It's the
 running start that puts broilers on
 the market or on your table fully a
 month earlier.
Double Development Guaranteed!
 Purina Chows fed as directed are
 guaranteed to make chicks grow
 twice as fast during the first six
 weeks, as a grain feed only, or
 your money will be refunded.
Feed Purina Chows
 Place your order today, knowing that
 you will get results or money back.



Carrizozo Transfer & Storage Co.
 Carrizozo, New Mexico

We Carry In Stock

Plows	Patent Medicines
Blackleaf 40	Toilet Articles
Kan. Blackleaf 40	Safety Razors
Barbed Wire	Hot Water Bottles
Hog Fence	Rubber Syringes
Dynamite	Mellins Food
Blasting Caps	Horlick's Milk
Grain Bags	Eagle Brand Milk
Dry Batteries	Nursing Bottles, Etc.

The Titsworth Company,
 Capitan, New Mexico

THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

(Western Newspaper Union News Service.)

WESTERN

Craig Chesterfield, claiming to be the son of an English lord, was found guilty in the District Court at Fremont, Neb., of forgery and sentenced to serve from one to twenty years in the penitentiary.

In a twenty-two-inning game, the longest in organized baseball so far this season, Seattle defeated Los Angeles 12 to 8, in the first game of a scheduled double-header at Los Angeles. The second game was postponed because of darkness.

Emma Cimino, reported to have disappeared mysteriously in Salt Lake City on the eve of her marriage to John Verna, scheduled to take place at the Catholic cathedral, was married at Ogden to Carmine Colisimo, according to word received in Salt Lake City. The Rev. Hugh Neville, a Methodist minister, officiated, according to the report.

Major H. R. Arnold, air service officer of the United States Ninth army corps area, and Governor Ben W. Olcott of Oregon, landed in San Francisco on their airplane flight from Portland, Ore., in a race against six navy carrier pigeons. Their actual flying time was five hours and thirty-three minutes. The distance is 722 miles, and the time is said to be a record. The pigeons, released ten minutes before Major Arnold took off from Portland, had not landed on his arrival in San Francisco.

WASHINGTON

Declarations that the Navy Department is ready to take what Congress will appropriate and keep the fleet "ready and fit to fight," and that the War Department is pursuing a policy of retrenchment in an effort to get down to "normalcy" were made by Secretaries Denby and Weeks before the American Legion post of the National Press Club at Washington, D. C.

"Go to it," smilingly exclaimed Postmaster General Hays after Dr. Hubert Work of Pueblo had taken the oath of office and prepared to assume his duties as first assistant postmaster general. Dr. Work preferred that the taking of oath be just an incident, but the postmaster general called in several department heads as witnesses and made a ceremony of the induction into office.

Agreement with a German syndicate whereby certain American potato importers will obtain a rebate in potato equal to 45 per cent of their purchases has been announced by the Department of Commerce. The agreement, department officials explained, means delivery of more than \$2,000,000 worth of additional potato to those American importers who bought German potato during the war.

Secretary of the Interior Fall has offered for lease, under the provisions of the oil land leasing act, 6,000 acres of all land in the Salt Creek fields in Wyoming. The leases will be given to those offering the highest cash bonus, and no single person or corporation will be permitted to secure more than 640 acres. Royalties will range from 25 per cent to 35 per cent. The leases will be sold in June at Douglas, Wyo.

One of the new reporters in the House press gallery is former Representative Sherwood, Republican, Ohio, who at the age of 63 began to watch congressional proceedings for a Toledo newspaper.

Secretary Mellon has announced the reappointment of Col. R. O. Cholmely, Jones of New York as director of the bureau of war risk insurance, who reentered upon the duties of his office at once. He was returned to the department at the request of the secretary to assist in carrying out the recommendations of the special committee appointed by the President of which Gen. Chan. G. Dawes was chairman.

President Harding has before him two proposals for settlement of the dispute between the railroads and their employes. One proposition, that from S. Davis Warfield and Darwin P. Kingley, representing railroad security owners, is that he use his good offices to bring about regional conferences between the carriers and their men. The other, submitted by B. M. Jewell for the five railroad mechanical unions, is that he bring about a general conference.

Railroads suffered a deficit in February of \$7,205,000, while 100 out of 200 reporting to the Interstate Commerce Commission failed to earn expenses, and taxes, as against a deficit of \$1,107,600 for January, with 109 out of 203 failing to make expenses, according to tabulations made public by the Association of Railway Executives. Of the 106 roads reported as failing to make expenses, 46 were in Western, 10 in Southern and 44 in Western districts.

FOREIGN

Mr. Alfred Tristram Lawrence, judge of the High Court of Justice since 1914, has been appointed lord chief justice of England in succession to the Earl of Reading, now viceroy of India.

The result of seizures in Belgian Congo last month during which fifty trading posts were burned, was followed by a native pretending to have discovered a charm making its possessor invisible and invulnerable, according to Congo advices received in Brussels.

In western Koula Turks have created a special corps of men aged from 60 to 100 years. Its commander is 90 years old. A Greek destroyer in the Black sea has captured the pirate leader, Hassan, aged 95, who has been burning Greek sailboats and villages on the Posidius coast.

The non-union crew of the steamer Huttala, operated by the Paraguayan government between Paran river ports, stole off with the vessel and headed north toward Brazil, according to advices from Asuncion. A Paraguayan gunboat was sent in pursuit. Dispatches received at Buenos Aires reported that the Huttala was sunk near Concepcion.

Former Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany died in Doorn, Holland, Born Oct. 22, 1858, at Doorn, Augusta Victoria was the oldest daughter of Grand Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, and ranked as a princess of Schleswig-Holstein. Her early childhood was spent at Kiel. She married to the then Prince William of Prussia on Feb. 27, 1881. They had six sons and one daughter.

Voicing the opinion of the Danish trading community of Copenhagen the Politiken suggests that King Christian combine his visit next June to Iceland and Greenland with a visit of state to President Harding in Washington. The suggestion is that the king pay this visit to thank the United States for the first nation to recognize Danish sovereignty over Greenland and for the introduction by its representatives of the principle of self-determination into the peace treaty.

It is no longer doubted in circles in Paris considered to have the best sources of information that Franco will, either alone or in common with the allies, take radical action against Germany if satisfactory assurances regarding the payment of reparations are not forthcoming by May 1. What form the action will take is still only a matter of surmise, but semi-official opinion is that it will be such as to impress the German people as they have not been impressed since the armistice.

GENERAL

Thirty-six of the forty-five men tried during the last four weeks in Federal Court at Macon, Ga., on charges of conspiracy to rob the American Railway Express Company of goods valued at more than \$1,000,000, were found guilty and the other nine were acquitted.

Love for his dog nearly cost the life of Harold O'Grady, 7, in Chicago. Harold and his brother, Ray, 6, live next door to the Livingston warehouse, which was burned at a loss of \$100,000. The father of the boys rushed into his home and rescued them. Harold remembered his dog and rushed back into the house after it. As walls were caving in, firemen rescued him. He had the dog.

The United States battleship Connecticut and the tank steamer S. C. Folger, from Port Arthur, Texas, collided off Point Breze, four miles south of Camden, N. J. The Connecticut was steaming up the Delaware river when the tide caused the moorings of the S. C. Folger to break. The Connecticut was not badly damaged. S. O. S. calls from the Connecticut said the Folger was in danger of sinking and aid was rushed at once.

After holding John West, alias Edward Roberts, in jail as a suspect, Lincoln, Neb., police released him, only to receive notice from Joliet, Ill., that he was wanted for violating a parole granted by the Illinois penitentiary authorities. Advices from Joliet said West had served two terms in San Quentin prison.

Federal authorities in Jacksonville, Fla., have taken steps to seize the Japanese steamship Erie Maru, aboard which twelve cases of liquor were confiscated after officers had arrested seven Japanese sailors. One sailor was slightly wounded during a struggle with the officers. Officials said the ship's manifest showed only thirteen quarts of liquor aboard.

Doubt that the Cherokee Indian nation can properly lay claim to 14,000,000 acres of land in Oklahoma and Texas, as was done in a petition filed in the United States Supreme Court because it has no official or legal status as a nation, was expressed by S. P. Freeling, attorney general of Oklahoma. He said, however, it might be possible for individual descendants of members of the nation to support the petition.

Indictments charging conspiracy to dynamite buildings owned by several junk dealers were returned by the grand jury in Chicago against twenty men, two of whom are labor leaders. The indictments are the result of a controversy between labor leaders and junk dealers opposed to a union of junk peddlers.

Attorneys for W. D. Haywood and other I. W. W. convicted of conspiracy to obstruct the government's prosecution of the war will seek to have Haywood and his associates freed from prison by requesting general amnesty.

Southwest News From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

(Western Newspaper Union News Service.)

Mining operations at Tombstone, at one time the richest silver mining camp in the West, have practically ceased.

Fire which threatened the city of Wilcox, Ariz., destroyed several business houses and threatened the new Biggs Bank.

Albuquerque's second troop of cavalry to be known as Troop B, was organized at a smoker held at the National Guard armory.

The annual spring round-up for Guadalupe county was held in Santa Rosa, New Mexico, April 9 and 10, when over \$1,000 in prizes were awarded to the winners.

Directors of the Chamber of Commerce of Douglas, Ariz., unanimously voted down the plan placed before them to return to the daylight saving plan April 1 to October 1.

The Fort Bayard, N. M., post of Veterans of Foreign Wars will stage a big roundup the first week in May, and the arena, grandstand and the bleachers are now under construction.

Tomas Ramon, convicted of murder in the first degree in connection with the robbing of a mercantile store in Tempe some months ago, has appealed his case to the State Supreme Court.

Francisco Ramones, escaped convict from Florence, was captured in Tucson by Sheriff Daniels and Deputy Hicks. Ramones was convicted of burglary and given a sentence of from two to three years.

Mrs. Clarence V. Hopkins, wife of a prominent mining engineer and former official of the United Verde-Copper Company, was rushed to the Prescott county jail to protect her from violence, following the throwing of a poisonous acid into the face of Miss Lucille Gallagher, a Jerome, Ariz., school teacher.

The New Mexico Corporation Commission has been notified by the Santa Fe railway that the rate increases would be suspended for cattlemen shipping their cattle from the drought-stricken districts in the southwestern part of New Mexico to the northern and eastern districts, where they can get pasture. The increases, which the railway will suspend, range from 25 to 85 per cent.

Fire of undetermined origin at Clayton, New Mexico, destroyed five buildings occupied by fuel and feed companies and a grocery store. The loss was estimated at \$50,000. The fire cut telephone and telegraph wires, and isolated the town from communication with outside communities. Help was obtained from neighboring towns and a bucket brigade succeeded in getting the fire under control.

While Postmaster L. R. Bailey of Bisbee, Ariz., was working in his office two masked men, believed to be Mexicans, entered, and at the point of guns, forced him to open the postoffice vault. They escaped with about \$50,000, according to information given out, \$40,000 of which is said to have been in cash. Postmaster Bailey was found bound and gagged, having been beaten over the head.

Deputy sheriffs captured Ramon Lazano and E. Corral and returned them to Silver City, N. M., where they are wanted to answer charges in connection with the killing of Ventura Bencoma, Silver City jailor. Bencoma was killed with an ax while asleep in the jail. Lazano and Corral, who were prisoners on misdemeanor charges, escaped shortly after the killing, according to officials of Grant county.

W. P. Lathrop, for ten years manager of the branch bank of the Gila Valley Bank and Trust Company at Safford, Ariz., is wanted on a charge of embezzlement. The shortage is said to be in the neighborhood of \$17,000. Lathrop left Safford about a month ago, on what was supposed to be his annual vacation.

It has been announced at Jerome, Ariz., that the United Verde Copper Company's mine and the United Verde Extension mine, the two largest producers of copper in Yavapai county, would be shut down on April 15. Both mines curtailed production some time ago and at present are employing only about 50 per cent of their normal forces.

The Postoffice Department report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, just issued, shows that Raton leads the state of New Mexico in postal savings deposits. Twenty-seven accounts at that office show a total of \$17,178, or \$7,000 more than any other office in New Mexico. Albuquerque has thirteen depositors, with a total of \$1,501, while Gallup has thirty accounts totaling \$9,517.

W. J. Galbraith, state's attorney general, has filed an application in Superior Court asking for the appointment of R. W. Baxter as receiver of the Central Bank of Wilcoxburg. Baxter is a Wilcoxburg business man. The bank recently voluntarily suspended business.

Articles of incorporation of the Maricopa Country Club, formerly Morley's Country Club, have been filed at Phoenix. The club is incorporated for the purpose of "fostering a good fellowship, promoting social activity, recreation and entertainment."

FIVE ARE DEAD AND 25 INJURED

FIRE BREAKS OUT IN DEBRIS OF TOWN FOLLOWING VISIT BY TWISTER.

TORNADOWRECKSTOWN

HOTEL IS TURNED COMPLETELY AROUND AND OTHER BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

(Western Newspaper Union News Service.)

McKinney, Texas, April 14.—Five persons were killed and from twenty-five to fifty others injured, some probably fatally, when a tornado swept down on Melissa, six miles north of here. Fire followed in the debris, and virtually the entire business district and the east side of town were destroyed.

The tornado unroofed a school building in which about 240 children were at classes, also caving in the east walls, but due to the foresight of the teachers, who marshaled their charges into the basement, none of the children was hurt.

Tracks of the Houston and Texas Central railroad and electric interurban railway were torn up for a half mile. A string of freight cars on the railroad was blown off, injuring several trainmen.

The tornado originated near Franklin, six miles west of Melissa, swept eastward, destroying farm buildings along the way, then missed the west side of Melissa only to sweep down from the east.

The Waldon hotel, which faced south, was hurled around and left facing west. "No one in the hotel was hurt."

A child was killed in its mother's arms by a flying piece of scantling. The mother was uninjured.

A horse was found with a scantling driven through its body.

In the business district only one building, the bank, was left standing, and about twenty-five structures, mostly brick buildings, were destroyed. All residences in the east portion were blown down.

Tulsa, Okla.—Roofs were ripped from farm houses by a tornado about two miles south of Cushing, according to reports.

Drop in Steel Prices.

New York.—The first big break in steel came when Judge Elbert H. Gary announced a substantial reduction of prices by the United States Steel Corporation and all subsidiaries. The announcement continued: "After consultation with the presidents of subsidiary companies and careful consideration of the whole subject, we have decided substantially to reduce the base selling price of our commodities (a. o. b. Pittsburgh, to take effect April 13, 1921."

Declares He Won With Dice.

Los Angeles, Calif.—"Ze 111" cubes—we roll 'em on ze table and I win," testified "Count" Albert Sitchofsky, self-styled Polish nobleman, on trial in Judge Reeve's court on a charge of having embezzled \$7,500 from Dr. O. M. Justice and Dr. S. Levin. The physicians, however, declared that worthless old stocks and not the festive dice were the means by which Sitchofsky wheedled them out of the money.

Ship Founders in Gulf.

Beaumont, Texas.—The Bowle line steamship Colonel Bowle, with twenty-two men on board, foundered in the Gulf of Mexico, according to wireless advices received by the home office here.

Oulja Has No Legal Standing.

Joliet, Ill.—The oulja board can say anything it likes about you and you have no legal comeback. This is the effect of a decision by Judge DeSelm in the Circuit Court here, who ruled that the oulja has no standing in law. Mrs. Frank Walters sued Mrs. Albert Yost for \$10,000, claiming that Mrs. Yost's oulja had slandered her by accusing her of robbing the Yost pantry of various edibles. Judge DeSelm ruled that Mrs. Yost could not be held responsible for what her oulja said.

"Cult Forced Her to Marry."

Chicago.—Declaring she had been forced, with twenty-four other couples, to take part in a wholesale marriage ceremony while an inmate of the "House of David," a religious cult at St. Joseph, Mich., Mrs. Hilda L. Hansel told her story to Judge Baldwin in an effort to have the marriage annulled. According to her testimony, all of the victims were forced to undergo the ceremony under threat of being marooned on an island in Lake Michigan.

Fire Threatens Landmark.

Boston.—Fire threatened for a time to destroy the old state house, a landmark of the days of the American Revolution and earlier, and the priceless records stored there. The flames started in the basement and worked their way up through the walls to the cupola. The firemen prevented the blaze from reaching the museum of historical exhibits on the second floor but it is feared many exhibits were damaged by water. The amount of damage had not been determined.

Advertisement for Castoria medicine, showing a bottle and text: 'ALLEGEDLY THE BEST REMEDY FOR ALL THE ABOVE MENTIONED AFFLICTIONS... INVASION OF THE SYSTEM...'

Advertisement for Castoria medicine with text: 'MOTHERS KNOW THAT GENUINE CASTORIA Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer... In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA'

Advertisement for Parker's Hair Balm: 'PARKER'S HAIR BALM...'

Advertisement for Hindergorn's Remedy: 'HINDERGORN'S REMEDY... You Save From \$15 to \$25 on every Saddle and Harness...'

HER REALLY BRIGHT THOUGHT

Mary Ellen Had Shrewd Scheme for Making Sick Children Satisfied With Their Lot.

Little Mary Ellen McKeo is, as she terms it, "just half past four," and lives around the corner from the Union hospital in Terre Haute, says the Indianapolis News. Recently she received a tricycle, which she rides morning, noon and night. At first her rides were confined to her own street, but the other day she wished to ride around the corner.

"But the little sick children at the hospital will see you, and then they'll be unhappy because they can't ride, too," her mother told her.

Mary Ellen was silent a minute. Then she said earnestly: "Well, then, mother, I won't ride past the hospital. When I get in front of it I'll get off and push it like it was hard work, and then they won't be unhappy. They'll be glad they can lie in bed and not have to push things like tricycles."

Another Call to Arms.

A lad of twelve, riding his wheel at top speed, suddenly burst out singing, "Goodby, Ma, goodby, Pa, goodby mule with your old behaw."

An old dandy, sitting half asleep on the board seat of a little old wagon, and drawn by a gray mule, roused himself and exclaimed, "What, you got'n agin?"

It's awful to hear a tomcat tell another tomcat to go to the devil.

We feel sorry for a man who gets what he really deserves.

Contempt, but Not of Court.

When "Auntie" Dorcas, a typical old negro mammy, was placed in the witness chair in the Austin (Tex.) police court the other day she observed Judge A. L. Love presiding over the august body. She had been in the family of Judge Love when he was a boy. She was peeved at being summoned as a witness and, glancing up, she recognized the judge.

"Is dat you?" she sniffed contemptuously.

"Correct you are, 'nuntie," was the reply.

"What you all doin' up there? Is a good mind to knock you out of that chair with a stick?"

Judge Love took the remark good naturedly, and there was no hint that the witness was in contempt of court.

Thought She Was a Parrot.

"You are charged with being drunk and disorderly, sir."

"Your honor, there must be a mistake somewhere. I had a few drinks, but I'm sure I wasn't disorderly."

"The young lady cashier who had you arrested says you were poking crackers through the brass bars of her cage and saying, 'Pretty Polly, pretty Polly.'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Willing to Serve.

"Want to go on an investigating committee?"

"If it is headed in the right direction. I don't mind investigating ice conditioons in Havana harbor."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Where Wizardry Falls.

Knicker—Is that beer any good? Bocker—No; she could tell my fortune, but not my income tax.

Large advertisement for Postum cereal: 'Save Yourself from the disturbances which often follow tea and coffee drinking—by a change to INSTANT POSTUM This delicious cereal beverage of coffee-like flavor is prepared instantly in the cup to suit your taste—free from any harmful element—economical—satisfying. There's a Reason for Postum. SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE! Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Michigan.'

The Homesteader

Copyright, All Rights Reserved

By
ROBERT J. G. STREAD

Author of "The Cow
Penalty," Etc.

"YES; HE'S GONE."

Synopsis—Discredited because of his position as a school teacher in a Canadian town, John Harris determines to leave it, take up land in Manitoba, and become a "homesteader." Mary, the girl whom he loves, declares she will accompany him. They are married and set out for the unknown country. They select a homestead, build a house and put in a crop. Returning from selling his first crop, Harris finds his wife almost insane from loneliness and with immediate expectations of becoming a mother. A son is born and they name him Allan. The story now jumps forward 25 years. Harris is prosperous and all for getting rich. Mary is full-worn and saddened over the change in her husband. Allan works on the farm. Beulah, the pretty daughter, is rebellious at the school farm life. Jim Travers is an unusual hired man and he is in love with Beulah.

CHAPTER V—Continued.

"We'll hurry up the plowing, Dad, and run west before the harvest is on us," Allan said as they rode home through the darkness. "We can file our land and get back for the fall work. Then we will go out for the water and commence our duties. The only question is, can they grow anything on that land out there?"

"That's what they need to ask when we came to Manitoba," said his father. "And there were years when I doubted the answer myself. Some parts were froze out year after year, and they're among the best in the country now, and never think of frost. The same thing'll happen out there, and we might as well be in the game."

To do him justice, it was not altogether the desire for more wealth that prompted Harris. It was the call of new land; the call he had heard and answered in the early eighties; the old appetite that had lain dormant for a quarter of a century, but was still in his blood, waiting only a suggestion of the open spaces, a whiff from dry grass on the wind-swept plains, the zigzag of a wagon-trail streaking afar into the horizon, to set it tingling again.

So this morning father and son were especially anxious that not a moment of their plowing weather should be lost, and it was particularly aggravating when the hired man's long delay resulted in a bubbling sputter followed by a dry hiss from the injector, warning the engineer that the water-tank was empty. Allan shot an anxious glance down the road to the colic, but the water team was not in sight. Seizing the whistle cord, he sent its peremptory summons into the air. Harris looked up from the plows, and the two exchanged frowns of annoyance. But the water stood high in the glass, and Allan did not reduce the speed, although he cut the link action another notch to get every ounce of advantage from the expansion. But the water went down, down in the glass, and still there was no sign of a further supply. Allan again cut the air with his whistle, and at length, with a muttered imprecation, he slammed the throttle shut and jumped from the engine.

"Keep a keen eye on your fire," said Harris, "and I'll go down and see what's wrong with him." So the farmer strode off across the plowed field. The delay annoyed him, and he felt unreasonably cross with Travers. As he plodded on through the heavy soil his temper did not improve, and he was talking to himself by the time he came upon Travers, giving his team their wind at the top of the hill leading up from the creek.

"What kept you?" he demanded when he came within a rod of the wagon. "Here's the outfit shut down waiting for water, and you—"

"I'm sorry, Mr. Harris—"

"That ain't what I asked you. You can't make steam with sorrow. What have you been foolin' about?"

"I haven't been fooling. As to what delayed me—well, you're delaying me now. Better jump on and ride up with me."

"So you won't tell me, eh? You think you can do what you like with my team and my time, and it's none of my business. We'll see whose business it is."

Harris came threateningly toward the wagon, but was met only by the imperturbable smile of his hired man. He thrust his foot on a spoke of the wheel and prepared to spring onto the tank, but at that moment the horses stirred and his foot slipped. Seeing that the farmer was about to fall Travers seized him by the collar of his shirt, but in so doing he leaned and lost his own balance, when the weight of the falling man came upon him, and the two tumbled onto the grass in each other's arms.

Allan, having satisfied himself that the engine would take no harm, had followed his father, and came over the crest of the ridge above the colic just in time to see Jim apparently strike his employer and the two struggling on the grass together. In an instant the young man's hot blood was in his head; he rushed forward, and just as Jim had risen to his knees he

struck him a stinging blow in the face that measured him again in the grass. It was only for an instant. Travers sprang to his feet, a red line slowly stretching down his cheek as he did so. Allan came upon him swinging a tremendous blow at the jaw; but Jim guarded skillfully, and answered with a smash from the shoulder straight on the chin, which laid his adversary's six feet prostrate before him.

Allan rose slowly, sober but determined, and for a moment it looked as though a battle royal were to be fought on the spot, both men strong, lean, rigid, hard as iron, and quick as steel; Allan angry, careless, furious; Jim calm, confident, and still smiling. But Harris rushed between them and seized his son by the arm.

"Stop it, Allan; stop, I say. You mustn't fight. Jim didn't hit me—I'll say that for him. Now quit it. As for you" (turning to Jim), "I'm sorry for this, but you have yourself to blame. I'll give you one more chance to answer me—what kept you?"

"I don't choose to answer," was Jim's reply, spoken in the most casual tone. His eye was rapidly closing where Allan's blow had fallen on it, but his white teeth still glistened behind a smile.

"All right," said Harris. "You can go to the house and tell Mrs. Harris to pay you what is coming." And the farmer climbed onto the wagon and took the reins himself.

When Jim entered the kitchen he was received with astonishment by Mrs. Harris and Beulah. "Why, what



He Rushed Forward, and Just as Jim Had Risen to His Knees He Struck Him a Stinging Blow in the Face.

ever has happened?" they exclaimed. "Has there been an accident? You're hurt!"

But Jim smiled, and said: "No accident at all. I have merely decided to go homesteading." And he went up the stairs to pack his belongings.

CHAPTER VI.

Into the Night.

Harris and Allan drove straight to the engine, never looking back to see what became of the hired man. On the way the farmer explained to his son what had taken place; that words had passed between them, but no blows had been struck, until Allan appeared on the scene.

"I can't make out what got into Jim, that he wouldn't answer a civil question. Jim was a good man, too." Perhaps the disturbing suggestion entered Harris' mind that the question had been none too civil, and he was really beginning to feel that after all Jim might be the aggrieved party. But he crushed down such mental sedition promptly. "It don't matter how good a man he was," he declared, "as long as I pay the piper I'm golt' to call the tune."

"It puts us up against it for a watterman, though," said Allan, thoughtfully.

"So it does," admitted Harris, who up to that moment had not reflected that his hasty action in dismissing Travers would result in much more delay than anything else that had occurred. "Well, we'll have to get somebody else. We'll manage till noon, and then you better ride over to Grant's or Morrison's. They'll be able to lend a man or one of the boys for a day or two."

At noon Jim's chair was vacant, and the family sat down to dinner amid a depressing silence. No mention was made of the morning's incident until the meal was well advanced, when Harris, feeling that he ought in some way to introduce the subject, said: "Is Jim gone?"

"Yes, he's gone," blazed Beulah. "You didn't expect he'd wait to kiss you good-by, did you?"

"One in the family is enough for that treatment," put in Allan, whose

swollen chin and stiff neck still blazed him against Travers.

"He didn't, either. And if he did it's none of your business, you big—," she looked her brother straight in the face, her swollen eyes telling their own story, and repeated deliberately, "you big coward."

Allan bit his lip.

"Jim's quite a hero, all right. It's too bad he's gone."

"It's a good job he's gone," said Harris. "By the way Beulah talks things have gone far enough. I don't want my daughter marrying a farmer."

"Her grandmother's daughter did," said Mrs. Harris.

"Yes, I know, but things are different now. I look for something better for Beulah."

It was characteristic of Harris, as of thousands of others, that, although a farmer himself, he looked for "something better" for his daughter. He was resigned to Allan being a farmer; his intimate, daily relationship with his son shrank from any possibility of separation. But for his daughter—no. He had mapped out no career for her; she might marry a doctor, lawyer, merchant, tradesman, even a minister, but not a farmer. It is a peculiarity of the agriculturist that, among all professions, he holds his own in the worst repute. In later years has come a gradually broadening conception that farming, after all, calls for brain as well as muscle, and that the man who can wrestle a successful living from nature has as much right to hold up his head in the world as the experimenter in medicine or the lawyer playing hide-and-seek with justice through the cracks in the criminal code. Heroin is a form of the cityward migration; the farmer himself is looking for "something better" for his children.

"Jim was a good man," persisted his wife. "Don't you think you were—well, perhaps, a little hasty with him?"

Harris sat back. It was his wife's business to agree. For twenty years and more she had been faithful in the discharge of that duty. That she should suggest an opinion out of harmony with his indicated a lack of discipline, not very serious, perhaps, but a seed which, if permitted to flourish, might develop to dangerous proportions.

"So you're goin' to take his part, too? It's a strange thing if I can't handle my hired help without advice from the house."

Mary flushed at the remark. Any open quarrel with her husband, especially before the children—for she still thought of the man and woman to her left and right as "the children"—was more painful to her than any submission could have been. It would be so much easier to change the subject, to follow the line of least resistance, and forget the incident as quickly as possible. But of late the conviction had been coming home to her that some time, somewhere, she must make a stand. And, quite unbidden, a strange surge of defiance welled in her when her husband so frankly told her to mind her own business.

"I was under the impression we were managing this farm together, you and I, John," she said, very calmly, but with a strange ring in her voice. "When we came West I understood it was to build our home. I didn't know it was just to be your home."

The look of surprise with which Harris greeted her words was absolutely genuine. A hot, stinging retort sprang to his lips, but by a sudden effort he suppressed it. "We will talk about that some other time, Mary," he said. "If Jim had answered my question fairly, as he had a right to, instead of bestin' around the bush, I might 've let him off. But when I wanted to know what kept him he simply parried me, makin' a fool of me and rubbin' it in with that infernal smile of his."

"So that's what started it!" exclaimed Beulah. "Well, I'll tell you what kept him, if he wouldn't. The cattle got into the oats through a break in the fence, and I couldn't get them out, and the dog went ky-tying over the prairie after a rabbit, and just as I was beginning to—to—condense over it Jim came up and saved the situation. What if he did keep your old engine waiting? There are more important things than plowing."

"Aha!" said Harris, knowingly. "Well, I guess it's just as well it happened as it did. Jim was gettin' altogether too good at runnin' at your heels."

"That's all the thanks he gets for working late and early, like no other hired man in the district. All right. You and Allan can milk the cows tonight, for I won't—see?"

"You see, they're living—and we're existing."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Secret of Success.

The great secret of success in life is to be ready when opportunity comes.—Diersoll.

WRIGLEYS



Next time you want to concentrate on a piece of work just slip a stick of WRIGLEY'S between your teeth.

It's a wonderful help in daily tasks—and sports as well.

Hazards disappear and hard places come easy, for WRIGLEY'S gives you comfort and poise—it adds the zest that means success.

A great deal for 5c

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts



B11

BELIEVES IN SAVING PENNIES

Rich New York Banker Certainly Cannot Be Justly Accused of Undue Wastefulness.

Russell Sago made a great record, but there's another rich man who is hot on his trail.

This man is a New York investment banker who is largely interested in a southern railroad. Once a year he makes a trip of inspection over the property in a private car. Usually he takes with him two big valises, into which his extra clothing is packed. Arriving at the end of the road he sends his valet to a barber shop, which he has patronized once a year for years, to arrange for a bath. A porter carries the two valises there and back. For this he receives a tip of five cents. The banker pays 25 cents for his bath. After bathing he returns to the private car. He sleeps in it in the railroad yard rather than pay the fancy price the hotel charges.

The financial man's valet never washes out his employer's shaving cup. The banker does not believe in wasting soap. — Philadelphia Public Ledger.

SMART DOG.

"I've just paid three dollars for an alarm clock, and I consider it positively disgraceful!" grumbled Brown one evening.

"But why buy an alarm clock?" answered Jones. "I have a dog that is as good as any alarm clock. He barks every morning at 6:30 o'clock."

"What a wonderful dog!" remarked Brown, without much enthusiasm.

"Yes," continued Jones, "all I have to do is to get out of bed and hit the dog, and then he barks, and I know it is time to get up."

Inseparable.

"Waggle and his young wife are inseparable, aren't they?"

"Yes; he calls her his altar ego."

A woman never thoroughly enjoys anything she can't cry over.

MADE QUEER HIDING PLACE

Sleeping Apparatus Proved Effective in Concealing Elongated Individual in Lady's Bedroom.

Lord Rosmore, who has just died in England, was a great sportsman and hunter, and had many good stories, not only of the hunting field, but of life in many other places. One of these concerned his friend, Bay Middleton, whom he describes as one of the best riders to hounds that ever lived, and runs as follows:

"Bay once got a lady that he could hide so effectually in her bedroom that she could never discover him. She hunted high and low, but never a trace of the hidden one could she see."

"The lady was completely at her wit's end, and at last, when she had literally gone all over the room inch by inch, she was started out of her seven senses by hearing Bay's voice exclaiming: 'Hallo! I can see you.' This was a puzzle and no mistake, but the mystery was at last solved, for Middleton, who was long and thin, had got inside the bolster!"

Where He Might Succeed.

Blind Beggar (who has been advised to go to work)—"And what would you have me work at—me being blind from birth?" Old Gentleman—"Why, my friend, many of your colleagues have succeeded splendidly as diplomats."—Paris Illustration.

Culinary Note.

"What'll yez have for lunch, mum?" "What have we in the house, Mary?" "Well, there's some ham scrap from yesterday, a hunk o' that beef roast, two pieces o' sausage an' a stalk o' celery."

"Good! I guess we'd better make some chicken croquettes."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Located.

Maud—"If the third finger is for the wedding ring, which is for divorce?" Marie—"The finger of scorn."

It's Really Amazing

the amount of nourishment you'll find in a small dish of

Grape-Nuts

with cream or good milk added

Sweet with its own sugar, developed from the grains in the making, this sturdy blend of wheat and malted barley contains, in compact form and at low cost, the nutritive and mineral elements needed to build health and strength.



A Colorado Case

Glenn Watson, coroner, Vista, Colo., says: "I suffered from rheumatic twinges and kidney trouble. I tried more than a dozen different kidney medicines, but received no benefit. My back and limbs were stiff and painful. It was almost impossible for me to sleep over and straighten up quickly. Doan's Kidney Pills soon cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR THE MURKIN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

125 HAMBUR JAMES

W. E. DOUGLAS, JAMES WALKER, CODED KNIGHT, IOWA

Some Squad.

First Coach—Why, I thought you said if your football team became vegetarians they would win all their games. How do you account for those they lost?

Second Coach—Why, the opposing team threw garden bugs on my men and they became afraid.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetlicacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

The True Answer.

Interviewer—"To what do you attribute your longevity?" Old Man—"To the fact that I never died, principally."

Education is only like good culture, it changes the size but not the sort.—H. W. Beecher.

Ruined for Life.

"At one time our deceased friend was spoken of as presidential timber."

"Yes. It was most unfortunate."

"Why so?"

"He was never afterward able to concentrate his mind on making a living."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Hot Comeback.

Mrs. Kutting—You agents are such prevaricators. The idea of trying to tell me that your confection will remove any kind of a stain.

The Agent—Well, madam, I have such faith in it that I dare you try a little of it on your hair.

An Inquisitive Youth.

Henry, Jr., is an inquisitive small boy, intensely interested in everybody else's business.

"Say!" he exclaimed one day to the garbage man, "Do you yuh like to haul garbage? Are yuh stuck on yer job?"

What Caused His Downfall.

"There goes Dubbs, poor old chap. He falls for everything that comes along."

"Yep, he's just been trying to learn to skate in two lessons."

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL WALKER'S

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the Western Remedy of England since 1866. Three sizes, all druggists.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and always the instructions.

Keep Your Skin Pores Active and Healthy With Cuticura Soap

Keep Me, Cuticura 25 and 50c, Toilet Soap.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 16-1921.

Miss Irene Price of Ancho, was a Carrizozo visitor on Monday.

Dean Gumm and Miss Charlotte New, both of Corona, were Carrizozo visitors for the weekend.

Thos. J. George of Monticello, Iowa, an old friend of the Clarence Spence family, is visiting at the Spence home.

Mrs. G. M. Osborn and daughter Sara left Monday for Santa Fe after spending the major portion of last week with Carrizozo friends.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Phillips wish to thank their many friends for their sympathy and assistance in their recent misfortune.

E. D. Boone and N. B. Taylor returned Monday, accompanied by Mrs. Boone and Mrs. Taylor, who have been visiting the Joe White family for the past four weeks in Waco, Texas.

Wm. Hoarath has recovered from a successful operation at Paden's Hospital, sufficient to warrant the return to El Paso of his nurse, Miss Laura Scharf, who attended him.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Brown left for Dawson, N. M., last Sunday where Mr. Brown, who was a train dispatcher at the local station, has been transferred. We wish the Browns the best of everything in their new home.

Charles McDaniel and wife left last week for Danville, Ill., after receiving a call from Mr. McDaniel's uncle, who requested him to take up his residence there on account of the advanced ages of himself and wife, who is ill at present.

Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., held a well attended meeting last Saturday night. Work was exemplified in the second degree and the usual interest and harmony prevailed. Much work is in store for the future.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. French, Evelyn Miller, Mrs. R. T. Lucas, Mrs. G. M. Osborn and daughter Sara, A. J. Rolland and children motored up to Eagle Creek Club grounds last Sunday. The weather was ideal at the mountain lodge and the party spent the day under the tall pines, returning at twilight.

The Music Study department of the Woman's Club will hold the next and last meeting of the season on Tuesday evening, April 26, at the Ziegler home. A springtime program will be arranged for the occasion. All members of the Woman's Club are welcome.

Attorney George Spence paid a visit to Alamogordo Saturday to transact some legal matters. On his return, he stayed over for a day in Tularosa, where Mrs. Spence has been a guest for the past several weeks at the Peppard Hotel.

Now that we have "started something," let us organize an Athletic Club, as advocated in this paper some time ago. There is plenty of material here to head the movement and by all means, we should have some place for our boys to pass the time and have advantage of things in the athletic line which the youthful constitution craves. A meeting will soon be called for this expressed purpose. Let us respond to the call.

The revival meeting will be held at Luts Hall beginning with next Sunday evening.—COME.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank all the kind friends who offered assistance and expressed their sympathy during our recent bereavement. Also for the beautiful floral offerings of love and esteem. For those acts and expressions of human kindness, we return our sincere thanks.

Frank Lovelace and children, W. R. Lovelace and family, Mrs. Wells.

B. Y. P. U. Program, Sunday.

President in charge, — James Roselle.
Prayer and Song Service.
Business Discussions and Secretary Report.
Leader in Charge, — Pearl Baldwin.
Scripture Lesson found in 2 Timothy 4:4 8:14-15.
Introduction by Leader.
"The Open Bible and American Young People," — Lassie Ayres.
"Why Send Missionaries to Rome?" — Mrs. Ayres.
"Jesus First, Not the Virgin Mary," —
"Priests Cannot Forgive Sin," — Mrs. Huffman.
Special Song, — Nellie Ayres.
"Reverence for the Pope," — Clyde Paine.
"Worship of Pictures and Images," — Mrs. Paine.
"Beds," — Robanna Corn.
"Rome," —
"Italians Becoming Atheists," — Mrs. Merchant.

Special Song, Mrs. Loughray.

"What Can We Do About It?" — Rev. Huffman.

Coyne-McCartney

At the parsonage of the Baptist Church April 19, with the Rev. Wm. Huffman performing the ceremony, occurred the marriage of James Coyne of El Paso and Miss May McCartney of Carrizozo. The bride came to this place with her parents, about one year ago and has made many friends since locating here, all of whom are extending congratulations.
The groom is a fireman on the E. P. & S. W., running between here and El Paso. When our country's needs were the direst, "Jimmie" performed his part in bringing things about in Uncle Sam's favor. His many friends at both ends of the division are wishing the Coynes life-long happiness.

Notice for Bonds

On the twenty-fifth day of May, 1921, there will be opened in the office of the Treasurer of Lincoln County, New Mexico, bids for the purchase of Bonds, School District No. 2, in amount of \$4000.00 optional 10 years, maturing thirty years from date, bearing interest not exceeding 6%, payable semi-annually at

the office of said County Treasurer.

The County Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

H. O. NORMAN,
County Treasurer. 422 St.

Commissioners Confer

The Lincoln County Board of Commissioners met with the Chavez County Board at Pine

Lodge on Tuesday to discuss general road matters between the two Counties. Among the conferees, our Commissioners were assisted to Roswell, where they were shown every courtesy possible by the Chavez County neighbors. While nothing official resulted from the conference, it opened the way for a great amount of good for the future.

Carrizozo Prices

FORD CARS, TRUCKS and TRACTORS

Touring Car, (Starter)	\$630.60
Roadster, (Starter)	583.35
Coupe, (Demountable Wheels)	874.30
Sedan, (Demountable Wheels)	926.80
Trucks, (Pneumatic Tires)	656.85
Tractors	703.15

Delivery can be made on all models on short notice.

Western Garage, Inc.,
Carrizozo, New Mexico

Walk-Over



Take Any Group of Men

No matter who or where they are, the Walk-Over store can fit each man's feet with exactly the right shape of shoe. There is a Walk-Over made for you.

AN OXFORD FOR MEN WHO MUST WEAR A COMFORT SHOE

This oxford is the best of its kind that has ever been made. It is a combination last, which means that the toe construction is wide while the heel is narrow. The narrow heel is wide at the bottom and narrow at the top near the sole. So accurate is the fitting that this oxford could be worn without lacing and the heel would not slip out. The fit around the instep is close and gives a bracing effect. In all leathers with or without rubber heels.

\$8.50



Walk-Over
CARRIZOSO TRADING COMPANY
"Quality First Then Price"

PURE FOOD BAKERY

Doering Bdg. C. H. HAINES, Prop. Carrizozo, N.M.

THE VARIOUS KINDS OF CAKES

we bake are all alike in several respects. They are made from the best materials, prepared by experts and baked with every attention to cleanliness and sanitary perfection. And they are so varied in form and flavor you can have a different kind every day and enjoy it.

TRANSFER & DRAYAGE

Light and Heavy Hauling

Call Phone No. 140

JOHN MARTIN

Carrizozo New Mexico

Carrizozo Eating House

Best of Accommodations To All the People, All The Time.

Table Supplied With Best The Market Affords

E. H. SWEET,
Proprietor

Your Lingerie Needs

Styles that Charm

Dainty and Economical

There are many reasons why women choose "DOVE" Undergarments. The styles are lovely, becoming and so artistically designed that they will always delight you. Beautiful novelty fabrics, lustrous batistes, fine nainsooks—all their materials are satisfying in quality and made up with the daintiest of trimmings.

Women who wear "Dove" Undergarments know the ample measurements, well-made seams and numerous extra stitches which keep the garments looking fresh and chapey through long service.




You enjoy wearing "DOVE" Undergarments, and they are so desirable and so moderately priced that you find an added pleasure in their very economy.

Buy "DOVE" Undergarments for Satisfaction's Sake

They are well-made, their materials are the best obtainable, and their styles the newest and prettiest of the accepted fashions

Come in and make your selection from our Spring stock of

Night Gowns Pajamas Bloomers Camisoles Combinations
Envelope Chemises Under-skirts Drawers Corset Covers Chemises

ZIEGLER BROS.
Carrizozo New Mexico