

## CORONA GLEANINGS

Sidney Foy of Amarillo spent several days last week at the McCament ranch as the guest of Mr. and Miss Hubert Reynolds.

Mrs. T. H. Darr returned Sunday from California where she was called early in December to the funeral of her mother. Mrs. Darr has the sympathy of the community in her bereavement.

A large crowd attended the ball games and dance Saturday night. Corona scored 3 victories, the boys' first team won over the Sigma Phi Epsilon team—the town team took their games with Vaughn easily, and the boys' second team went over to Encino to win by a narrow margin.

Miss Elaine Simpson and Mr. Frank DuBois, Jr., spent a few days at home before returning to Albuquerque to register for the second semester at the University.

Mrs. C. J. Kimmons is seriously ill at Hotel Dieu, El Paso, where she was taken last week.

Messrs. Thurman Yates, Elmo Stover and Jack Robinson, New Mexico University students, were week-end guests at the home of Mr. Yates' cousin, Mr. George Simpson.

Mr. Burleson stopped over for a few days at the Darr ranch, enroute from the Pacific coast to New York, from where he will sail soon to accept a position with a large oil corporation in South America.

Mrs. Minnie Perkins, Raymond Perkins and Jimmy Jones are visiting Mrs. Perkins' daughter, Mrs. K. Schwab in Roswell.

The Mountainair and Corona boys' basketball teams will play off their tie Saturday night on the local court. This game promises to furnish plenty of excitement.

The girls will play the Willard team, and a dance will follow—music by the Vaughn orchestra. Come and support your team.

## Capitan Notes

William Ferguson returned from Hot Springs Sunday, where he had been the past two weeks. He was accompanied home by his daughter Mary and son Wallace.

The Union Missionary Society meets today with Mrs. Roy Copeland.

Geraldine Cummins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cummins is quite all with tonsillitis.

Quite a number from Capitan attended the picture show in Roswell Monday night. Those who attended are as follows: Frances Gaudin, Mary and Beesie Ferguson, Miss Chambers, Joe Evans, Travis Werner, Jack Shaw and Mr. Northrup.

The basketball teams will go to Alamogordo Friday, where they will meet the Alamo, Tulare and Clouderoff teams.

Miss Keta Carter of Chicago, has been employed as the extra teacher for High School and also for the grades. She will be here Monday.

Mrs. A. E. Rhode was bowled to the Saturday Bridge Club at her home in Tucumcari Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Elliott was the guest of her sister and husband Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Croft for several days last week.

## LOCAL MENTION

Albert Scharff and sister, Mrs. Sullivan were visitors at Albuquerque this week.

Bert Pfingsten came up from Hondo yesterday with a truck load of fine Grimes' Golden and Stark's Delicious apples and disposed of them in a short time. He stayed over last night and left early this morning for Corona to attend to further business. Bert has some fine turkeys for sale and if you are interested, see his ad on page 8.

Mrs. Wm. Ferguson daughters Mora and Frances were here from the Nogal-Mesa Wednesday. They report the weather somewhat 'cool' in that higher altitude this week. Wallace Ferguson was also here Tuesday evening, attending the dance at the Community Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Lovelace spent last Sunday with the Prude family at the Mesalero Indian Reservation.

Mrs. J. E. Farley came up from Alamogordo for a few days this week, to stay with her granddaughter, Frances Charles, while Mrs. Charles took Virginia "Ginger" to El Paso for treatment of tonsils and adenoids.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Beck and Mrs. Elizabeth Gallacher were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Doyle Rantfrow last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. English entertained a number of friends with a 6 o'clock dinner at their home last Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Renick the Model Cleaners, made a trip to San Marcial Sunday. They visited relatives and friends at that place.

Fireman Billy Norman, who has been ill of late, has recovered and is now making regular runs between Carrizozo and Tucumcari.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Price who have been at Alamogordo for several months, have gone to Orogrande. Mr. Price is supervising the signal service for the S. P. in this particular part of the state.

Car Inspector S. E. Clark has been transferred to Tucumcari and will work in the train yard there.

## High School Notes

The Carrizozo boys' and girls, basketball teams went to Alamogordo last Saturday to compete with the Alamo teams. The games started at 7:30, the girls playing first with their usual line-up. Our girls field Alamo exceedingly well, considering the fact that Alamo was on its home court and had a very fast team. Both teams fought hard and it was a fast, clean game up to the final whistle. Our girls, without an exception, played with a remarkable fighting spirit and at the end of the game, the score was 26-31 in favor of Alamogordo.

The boys went into their game with the same fighting spirit. The high scores kept going from side to side until it ended 18 to 12 in Alamogordo's favor.

## Defiant



## CRYSTAL THEATRE

T. J. Pittman, Mgr.

Saturday-Sunday—Ken Maynard in "The Wagon Master," a Universal Western Special. Also Serial.

Monday-Tuesday—Leo Carrillo and Virginia Valli in "Mr. Antonio," a Booth Tarkington play. Collegians.

Wednesday Only — H. S. Orchestra Concert and the Picture, "Dance of Life," with Nancy Carroll and Hal Skelly. News.

Thursday - Friday—All-Star cast in "The Mysterious Island" Metro-Goldwyn Special. Lake comedy.

## PROGRAM

of Carrizozo High School Orchestra, to be given at the Crystal Theatre Wednesday, Feb. 5th, 7:45 p. m.

"Indian Trail," an Indian war dance, E De Samater; "Narcissus," Ethelbert Nevin; "I'm a Dreamer, Aren't We, All?" De Sylva - Brown - Henderson; "Moonlight," a serenade, Floyd J. St. Clair; "Sweetheart of Sigma Chi," Dudleigh Vernor; "Evening Star" from "Tannhauser," Richard Wagner; "Co-Ed" March, J. S. Zamecnik.

And the Paramount Super-Picture, "Dance of Life," starring Hal Skelly and Nancy Carroll.

A good musical program and a spectacular picture awaits you, so plan to be there. The orchestra members all have tickets and will appreciate you buying from them. The admission is 25-50c. The proceeds will go to the orchestra fund to purchase music and sweaters.

## Mr. Harvey's Open Letter

Beginning on page 1 of this issue and finishing on page 9, Mr. C. M. Harvey has an open letter to the public which he asks everyone to read carefully and come to their own conclusions.

This paper is not using its influence in one way or the other, neither does the writer solicit the opinions of newspaper men in this controversy. He simply writes the letter to the people and requests their indulgence in reading it and judging for themselves. We are, therefore, following the writer's copy, and as the public is a reading public, it will form its own opinions and reach its own conclusions regardless of any influence a newspaper might seek to exert. It is before you to read—that is the intention of the writer—Read it and that is all he asks.

Brakeman Ernest Dingwall was off the Tucumcari board for several days this week.

## FORT STANTON NEWS

W. S. Howson has received preliminary notice of his transfer to New Orleans, where he will be in the office of the District Director of the Public Health Service and will also serve as Special Disbursing Agent. This is a much sought after detail for many reasons, and Mr. Howson's friends are elated to know that he was selected to fill the position. His many friends will be sorry to see him leave, but we all wish him happiness. He plans to leave here March 1.

Eric Williams, local Radio Dealer and A. S. Lowie were visitors at Carrizozo last Friday.

The musical program given by our own home talent in the Community House Friday evening, was equal to the best in this tri-state section and better than we have had before. Mrs. Hendren gave several piano solos. Her music is so full of beauty, melody and expression that we all are anxiously awaiting the announcement of another program by her. She also accompanied Mr. A. Delwyn (Mickey) MacAniffe, who tried to outclass himself; Mickey laid his fiddle aside and played the violin as we have never heard him play before. Only musicians could play as the two played on this occasion. Mrs. C. H. Boyd gave several readings which thoroughly demonstrated the fact that we have a professional elocutionist in our midst. Her readings were enjoyed by everyone, and as in the case of the others on this program, everyone is awaiting to hear her read again. Our own Sandy Anderson, ukelele soloist, demonstrated his ability to make music, as well as fun, on the uke. It was necessary to ask him to stand up so the whole audience could see him perform. He brought forth much applause and laughter. A very appetizing lunch was served by the Fort ladies; hot dogs, potato salad and coffee. The boys all departed asserting it was some party.

Rev. Rowland of Carrizozo conducted services in the Chapel of Our Redeemer Sunday evening and a large and appreciative congregation heard and enjoyed his sermon. Everyone joined in the singing.

## John and Harriett

Blackshere spent last Sunday in Roswell, visiting their many friends and returning home that evening. They reported the highways in good condition between here and the Pecos valley.

Car Inspector J. D. Chandler has been transferred to Tucumcari for service.

## TO THE GOOD PEOPLE OF LINCOLN AND SOCORRO COUNTIES, NEW MEXICO

I have before me copies of two written communications sent to the Secretary of the Interior at Washington, D. C., protesting against a proposed exchange of timbered lands in Otero county, New Mexico, owned by me and some of the Public Domain of Socorro and Lincoln counties, owned by the government of the United States.

One of the said communications starts: "We the undersigned citizens of the State of New Mexico, etc." and purports to be from parties it is claimed will be injured if the proposed exchange is made and the names and purported interests involved are given in the body of this letter, but when it comes to the signatures, only one name is signed to that communication and that name is W. R. Lovelace.

The other communication, also a protest, is signed by one hundred twenty citizens of Lincoln and adjoining counties, many of whom are known to the writer as citizens of high standing and as good men, and it is to these good men and all other fair minded citizens that this letter is addressed because neither of the communications contain the full facts and both contain statements that are untrue and misleading. The writer hereof believing that you have not been fully advised and further believing in your sense of justice, asks your indulgence and invites your attention to the following facts:

First, I am the owner of approximately 13,000 acres of timbered land located within the confines of the Lincoln National Forest in Townships 16 and 17 South, Range 13 East, Otero county, New Mexico.

Second, For the past six or seven years the government forest representatives have been trying to work out some plan whereby the government could acquire title to this land.

Third, In January, 1929, an act was passed by congress authorizing the exchange of this land for public domain located anywhere within the state, the said exchange to have the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior.

Fourth, I own five adjoining sheep ranches together with seven wells and three tanks located in Lincoln and Socorro counties, New Mexico, that were purchased by me with this exchange in view.

Fifth, I have made my selection of the public domain in these two counties including and adjoining my present ranches.

Sixth, This selection and the exchange has the approval of the forest service, local representative of the Agricultural Department, and of the Government Land Office at Santa Fe, who are the local representatives of the Secretary of the Interior.

Seventh, This selection by me of the public domain desired, interferes materially with the interests of a few influential stockmen and politicians because they have enjoyed the use of said public domain for many years without paying 1 cent therefor.

Eighth, I deeply regret that anyone has to be injured if the proposed exchange is consum-

mated, but, wherever anybody has had the long use of public domain and for any reason has to surrender that use, they will necessarily feel injured.

Ninth, That it is impossible to select public domain anywhere within the limits of the state without depriving someone of the use thereof, and practically no other public domain is to be found in the state where so few would be deprived as in the proposed deal and where all are so well able to stand it.

Tenth, That in practically every instance where anyone will suffer deprivation here, that someone has grown rich or at least well-to-do by the long use of that which he had no legal right.

Eleventh, That no man is going to suffer loss as to that which belongs to him, but three are going to lose the right to use that for which they have never paid and on which they have grown rich or well-to-do.

Twelfth, That the writer has in writing proposed to pay and here and now proposes to pay a fair price for all wells, tanks and other improvements on lands within the area of his selection—the valuation of same to be fixed by government representatives who have already placed the valuation on his land and on the public domain involved in the deal.

Thirteenth, That it is to the advantage of the government to have this selection made as nearly in a body as possible so that its holdings will not be scattered and in shoe strings and little patches, and that it is also to the advantage of the writer to have his lands in one body.

Fourteenth, That if the proposed deal goes through more than 100,000 acres of public domain which is not now on the tax rolls will become privately owned and immediately become revenue producing.

Fifteenth, That it is my intention to expend thousands of dollars in building wolf-proof fences; in the development of more water and in increasing the grazing capacity of the land until it will care for at least twice the present number of livestock.

Sixteenth, That nothing is more vital to the Pecos Valley Section than the preservation and protection of the timber lands and watershed of the Sacramento mountains and that there is no other way they can be preserved except by government ownership and that the cheapest way for the government to get this valuable timber land and watershed is to trade for it something that is now non-producing so far as the government is concerned.

Seventeenth, That the timber land which the government would acquire by the exchange is valuable and should by all means be conserved for recreational, scenic and economic reasons and should be under the control of the Lincoln National Forest within the confines of which it is situated.

On the first page of this letter I made the statement that neither of the communications at first mentioned stated the full facts. The reason for my making that statement was partially because neither of said communications contained any of the facts that have heretofore been stated in this letter. And there are still other facts which will come further along in this letter which should have been contained.

Continued on page 2



1—President Hoover receiving members of General Federation of Women's Clubs gathered in Washington for their annual convention. 2—Automobiles buried in snow in Kansas City during fierce blizzard that swept over the Middle West. 3—Entrance to St. James palace, London, scene of the naval limitation conference.

# NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

## Center of Stage in Capital Held by Prohibition Enforcement.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

PROHIBITION was again the dominant topic in Washington, displacing the tariff and the naval conference in London. Somewhat hurried by political pressure, the Wickersham crime commission made a preliminary report and in submitting it to congress President Hoover made recommendations for legislation designed to facilitate enforcement of the dry laws. Then the growers started.

The commission's report was thus neatly summarized by the Boston Herald:

"In effect Chairman Wickersham and his associates say: 'Whether the Eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act are wise legislation or not, we do not choose to say. The law is here. Conditions in the courts and elsewhere are such that enforcement under ideal conditions has not been responsible. Set up some new machinery for enforcement, try it a while and ultimately we may have something to say on prohibition as prohibition. We defer judgment meanwhile.'"

The four major recommendations made by the commission were:

Unification of enforcement under the Department of Justice.

Machinery for speeding up prohibition cases in the federal court.

Codification of all statutes relating to prohibition.

Amendment of Volstead act to facilitate prosecution of padlock injunctions.

Here is what President Hoover asked of congress:

Reorganization of the federal court structure so as to give relief from congestion.

Consolidation of the various agencies engaged in prevention of smuggling of liquor, narcotics, other merchandise and aliens over our frontiers.

Provision of adequate prisons and reorganization of parole and other practices.

Specific legislation for the District of Columbia.

Legislation to give United States court commissioners enlarged powers in minor criminal cases.

Transfer of prohibition machinery from Treasury department to the Department of Justice.

IN THE house these recommendations were referred to the several committees especially concerned, and there was an apparent disposition to push the administration measures through in quick time; but it was thought they would encounter much opposition in the senate. The constitutional lawyers in both houses were prepared to fight especially the commission's plan to permit United States commissioners to handle petty prohibition cases on the ground that it deprived citizens of their constitutional right of trial by jury. Mr. Wickersham explained that this was a misapprehension, the plan merely assigning the defendant a speedy trial with the right to appeal to another court in which he would be tried by a jury.

The wets in the house organized for the coming battle by electing J. Charles Linthicum of Maryland leader of the bloc. Previously Representative James M. Beck of Pennsylvania had declined the post, explaining that while he opposed the prohibition law, he believed it to be "the manifest duty of the administration to enforce it."

Representative La Guardia of New York made a surprise attack on the drys when he raised a point of order on the prohibition provisions of the pending Treasury department appropriation bill and offered a resolution to declare the Eighteenth amendment inoperative. La Guardia set forth the proposition that only ten of the state legislatures ratified the Eighteenth amendment within seven years, as required by its third section. The scheme, he said, failed merely the joint resolution, which later became the constitutional article. Hence, he argued, the amendment and its en-

forcement legislation automatically died three years ago.

ALL this hullabaloo coincided with the tenth anniversary of the advent of national prohibition, and at the same time the Anti-Saloon league opened its twenty-fourth annual convention in Detroit. The leaders of the organization announced plans for raising a "war chest" of \$50,000,000 for use during the next ten years and said they were determined to rout utterly the organized forces that seek repeal or modification of the Eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act. General Superintendent F. Scott McBride in his address assuming a rather remarkable knowledge of the Creator's ideas, declared "The league was born of God. It has been led by Him and will fight on while He leads."

Dr. A. J. Barton, chairman of the executive committee, said: "The Anti-Saloon league is the most hated and feared organization in America. The wets are more and more amazed at the strength of our organization. In a pitying and patronizing way they announce that we are dead or at least moribund. The wish is father to the thought; they know that we are very much alive."

ON THURSDAY the senate, by a majority of ten votes, rejected the proposal of the Republican regulars for an increase in the sugar tariff. The amendment of Senator Harrison of Mississippi forcing the retention in the tariff bill of the existing rate of 170 cents a pound on Cuban sugar, was adopted, 48 to 33. The finance committee had proposed a rate of 220 cents on Cuban sugar and the bill passed by the house put the rate at 240 cents.

The Western Independent Republicans, who combined with the Democrats to knock out of the Republican bill all rate increases except those on agricultural products, split on the sugar duty. Senators Borah of Idaho and Norris of Nebraska, leaders of his bloc, were among those voting against an increased rate.

GOVERNOR GREEN of Michigan, acting on recommendation of Arthur D. Wood, commissioner of pardons and paroles, has commuted the sentences of the five victims of the state's former "life for a plot" law, reducing their terms from life imprisonment to 7 1/2 to 15 years, in conformity to the amended statute. The sixth sentenced under the former law committed suicide in his cell.

Oscar G. Olander, Michigan's commissioner of public safety, announced that the state police would be provided with fast automobiles equipped with machine guns and tear bombs to stop rum running between Detroit and Chicago. The officers will wear bullet proof vests.

In Providence, R. I., a special grand jury called to consider evidence in the slaying of three men aboard the rum runner Black Duck by coast guardsmen reported to the Superior court that, after thorough investigation, it had found no indictment.

SECRETARY OF STATE STIMSON and the rest of the American delegates to the naval limitation conference landed at Plymouth Friday morning and were speedily carried up to London. There Mr. Stimson spent several hours in conference with Prime Minister MacDonald, and on the two following days he talked confidentially and at length with Premier Tardieu of France and Dino Grandi, Italian foreign minister. Presumably these conversations did much to clear the way to a tentative agreement in the conference, which was to open Tuesday.

To the advance guard of the newspaper correspondents from all over the world Mr. MacDonald said Great Britain would propose the abolition of battleships and submarines, not with any great hope of obtaining total abolition, but in the strong hope of securing a drastic reduction in these forms of armament and their possible extension after a term of years. He favors reduction by categories rather than global loanage, but France and probably Italy are committed to the latter plan and it is believed the United States is ready to accept it. The French and Italian delegations were reported still at issue on the question of naval parity. However, fair minded observers in London were convinced that all five of the delegations were

sincere in their desire to obtain results of real international value and that while each of them would insist on adequate national defense, all were against the principle of armed supremacy. Therefore there is reason for optimism.

DELEGATES of the allies and of Germany in the conference at The Hague finally reached an agreement on the several questions of sanctions and formulated two declarations on the subject to be part of the Young plan protocol, the way to the signing of which was thus cleared. Germany agreed that in case she wilfully defaulted any of the Young plan provisions any creditor nation might appeal to the court of international justice and if that court gave an affirmative decision, the creditor power or powers should resume "full liberty of action." That, of course, means the possibility of armed intervention or occupation, and both the Germans and the British hesitated to sign it, but this was necessary to prevent utter failure of the conference. Paul Moldenhauer, German minister of finance, had already promised that the Reichsbank would participate in the financing of the world bank for reparations, though Hjalmar Schacht, president of the Reichsbank, had fought stubbornly against this. Agreement was reached on the date of German payments, the fifteenth of the month, as demanded; on the moratorium question, with the provision that at the end of any period of suspended payments the amount postponed becomes payable immediately, and a special advisory committee is to determine whether Germany's economic life is endangered when moratorium is asked.

SENATOR CARAWAY, chairman of the lobby investigating committee, reported to the senate denouncing tariff lobbyists, especially those of the sugar interests, as a set of grafters "attending upon the donations of credulous business men, who might as well give their money to a palm reader or a crystal gazer." He estimated that the sugar lobbyists, both high and low tariff, had raised more than \$400,000 in their campaign to influence congressmen. The report said the committee had found no impropriety nor anything open to censure or criticism on the part of the President.

THROUGHOUT much of the Mississippi and Ohio river valleys flood conditions were increasing until they threatened to be the worst in years. Vast areas of farm land were inundated and many towns were isolated. Southern Indiana especially suffered, and extremely cold weather added to the distress, there and elsewhere. The severest storms of the winter swept over the North Central states, and the heavy snowfalls extended even to Portland, Ore., and southern California. Still worse in destruction of life and property were the great gales that prevailed in England and northern Europe. About fifty persons were killed and many injured, the majority of deaths being due to the foundering of vessels.

GROVER CLARK returned to Piening from a six weeks' inspection trip in the Wei river district on behalf of the China International Famine Relief and reported that thousands of persons are dying daily from famine and exposure. He declared two millions are doomed to die within a few months and that there was no hope of saving them because of transportation difficulties and fear of bandits.

POPE PIUS XI issued an encyclical severely criticizing co-educational methods and declaring the right of the church and family to take precedence over the state in education of children. The pope, he said, should have charge of military education for the common good, but should avoid an excess of so-called physical and military instruction. Though especially a part of the pope's controversy with Mussolini, the encyclical was translated into several languages and sent to the church throughout the world. The Italian press accorded it the severest criticism of complete silence, which brought forth an angry rebuke in the Vatican official organ, *Concettione Romana*, 28, 28th, Vatican newspaper (Rome).

# South West NEWS ITEMS

Arizona will receive \$132,049.37 as its share of receipts from the eight National Forests in the state for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1929, it was announced by the Forest Service office in Phoenix.

Announcement has been made by Floyd W. Lee, president of the New Mexico Wool Growers' Association, of the twenty-seventh annual convention of that body to be held in the Elks' Club room, Albuquerque, February 5 and 6. An educational program is offered this year.

Building activities in Arizona during 1930 will total nearly \$25,000,000, according to figures announced by the United States Employment Bureau of the Department of Labor. Of that amount approximately \$8,000,000 will be spent for improvements by Arizona highway commission.

The chief farm products of Arizona in 1929 showed a gain of \$1,946,000 over 1928, the summary of the Phoenix Bureau of the Department of Agriculture shows. This report places the total valuation of the crops at \$45,223,000, during that year, compared with \$43,277,000 in 1928.

The total yield from all crops on the Carlbad irrigation project was \$1,847,502, or an average of \$76.27 an acre during 1929, according to the annual report of L. E. Foster, project superintendent. The total irrigable area for the project was 25,955 acres, on which are located 859 farms.

The annual midwinter convention of the Arizona Wool Growers Association adjourned in Phoenix without taking action on the proposal to join the National Marketing Association. Further information on the functioning of the national organization is desired, the Arizona Association decided.

The Interior Department at Washington has announced the appointment of Jesse Nushbaum, superintendent of Mesa Verde National Park, as acting director of the new laboratory of anthropology at Santa Fe, N. M., for one year, during which he will be given partial leave of absence from his park post.

An artesian well, said to be the largest in the world and known as the Oasis, is located south of Roswell, N. M. It delivers 5,710 gallons of water a minute and has been in operation since 1925. The casing is twelve and one-half inches and the well is 780 feet deep. The well supplies irrigation for a large tract.

The apportionment of \$4,500,000 of federal forest highway funds as authorized by Congress for the construction of forest roads in and adjacent to the national forests in the fiscal year 1931 has been approved by Secretary of Agriculture Hyde. The authorization apportioned for Arizona is \$283,292 and for New Mexico \$201,512.

Arizona chiropractors will hold both their mid-year and annual conventions this year in Tucson. It was decided at the closing session of their gathering in Phoenix, at which Dr. Josie M. Trinkle, Phoenix, was re-elected president of the organization. Dr. Carl W. Owens, Prescott, was named vice president. Dr. H. A. Call, Tucson, was elected a member at large.

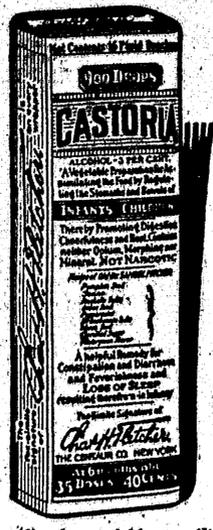
Mrs. Carrie Armijo, comely young cashier of the New Mexico auto license bureau, who was arrested with three men as suspects in the theft of a safe containing \$2,853 in license funds from the courthouse in Albuquerque, has been revealed as the wife of Telesfor Armijo, convicted bootlegger wounded by an Albuquerque policeman three years ago in an attempt to escape arrest. Mrs. Armijo was released on \$3,000 bond.

Arizona set a new record in 1929 in value of production of its basic industries. The state's combined farm, mine, livestock, lumber and manufacturing production for the year aggregated approximately \$250,000,000 compared with \$225,000,000 in 1928, according to tentative figures compiled by Arizona Industrial Congress. The 1929 advance was due mainly to increased copper production, which exceeded all former marks and passed the 1918 wartime record for the first time.

Altho the Redman of the Southwest is passing, his ancient tribal customs, his weapons and cooking utensils are to be preserved in Santa Fe for posterity. A museum and laboratory for study of human life in New Mexico will be erected in Santa Fe. The first unit of the proposed group of buildings will be constructed in the spring, under present plans. Funds donated by John D. Rockefeller Jr. will be used. He already has given \$200,000 for the work and will contribute the income of a \$200,000 fund to the laboratory budget for five years.

Jose Ignacio Maestas and Rafael Lopez ended an unfinished quarrel with their knives on the streets of Santa Cruz. Lopez was killed; Maestas is held in jail in Santa Fe facing a murder charge. District Attorney J. J. Kenney, who investigated the case, said he believed the street fight was the result of an unfinished quarrel of the two at a dance recently. More than 500 sportsmen from all sections of eastern New Mexico gathered in Roswell recently to attend a banquet of the Chavez County Game Protective Association.

# The upsets of Children



All children are subject to little upsets. They come at unexpected times. They seem twice as serious in the dead of night. But there's one form of comfort on which a mother can always rely; good old Castoria. This pure vegetable preparation can't harm the tiniest infant. Yet mild as it is, it soothes a restless, fretful baby like nothing else. Its quick relief soon sees the youngster comfortable once more, back to sleep. Even an attack of

colic, or diarrhea, yields to the soothing influence of Castoria. Keep Castoria in mind, and keep a bottle in the house—always. Give a few drops to any child whose tongue is coated, or whose breath is bad. Continue with Castoria until the child is grown! Every drugstore has Castoria; the genuine has Chas. H. Fletcher's signature on the wrapper.

**An Ambitious Hen**  
Cluck—Why are you eating those ticks?  
Hen—I'm going to lay a carpet.—Washington Star.

**Strain**  
"How are you getting along, girlie?"  
"Oh, all right. But it is quite a task being modern."

The man who knows it all must be an awful bore to himself.

When an old bachelor says he was cut out to be a bachelor, he understands himself.

# How A College Athlete Keeps Himself Well

BOB DEMING of Colgate, claims that a sensible method of health has really made life a pleasure for him. Mr. Deming writes that at first he could not believe this simple thing was the cause of his buoyant spirits. Finally, however, he had to admit that it was Nujol which was keeping him well, besides giving him, as he says, "five times the vitality."



Robert O. Deming, lawyer, diver on Colgate University Swimming Team.

The whole story. He is right in believing that Nujol contains no drugs, no medicines of any kind. It is tasteless and colorless as pure water. It is simply harmless internal lubrication, which your body needs as much as any other machine. Regularly as clockwork, Nujol cleans out of your body those poisons which we all have, and which make us low in our minds, tired, headachy, and below par.

The way for you to find out how much better Nujol will make you feel is to try it for a few days. You can get a bottle in a sealed package at any drug store. It costs only a few cents, but it makes you feel like a million dollars. Do you know how many thousands of people keep themselves well and happy just by using Nujol? Why shouldn't you feel well all the time? You can get yourself a bottle of Nujol today!

**Speechmaking**  
"Have you decided what you will say in your next speech?"  
"No," answered Senator Sorghum.  
"Statesmen now have to work so hard and radio time has become so limited that I don't know whether I'll get a chance to talk."

**Forté and Forty**  
"I'm told tragedy is her forte."  
"Oh, no, Forty is her tragedy!"—Detroit News.

**Not a Best Seller**  
She—When does a book become a classic?  
He—When people who haven't read it begin to say they have.

The housewife smiles with satisfaction as she looks at the basket of clear, white clothes and thanks Red Cross Ball Blue. At all grocers.—Adv.

**Filled Up**  
Yznaga—So you don't like lemons?  
Zweig—Now, I hafta kiss one good by every mornin'.



# Any COLD

That cold may lead to something serious, if neglected. The time to do something for it is now. Don't wait until it develops into bronchitis. Take two or three tablets of Bayer Aspirin as soon as you feel a cold coming on. Or as soon as possible after it starts. Bayer Aspirin will head off or relieve the aching and feverish feeling—will stop the headache. And if your throat is affected, dissolve two or three tablets in a quarter-glassful of warm water, and gargle. This quickly soothes a sore throat and reduces inflammation and infection. Read proven directions for neuralgia, for rheumatism and other aches and pains. Genuine Bayer Aspirin is harmless to the heart.

# BAYER ASPIRIN

**DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY**

SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

**Grund Dry Cleaning**

Denver's Expert Dyer and Cleaner. Send your cleaning and dyeing to an expert; 22 years' experience. Proper cleaning or dyeing rejuvenates the garment and gives it a feeling of newness and a pleasing look. Return charges paid on orders over \$3.00. **GRUND BLDG., 17th AND LOGAN**

**BOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.**

Established 1879. **DIAMONDS—SILVERWARE**. Manufacturing and Repairing. 18th and Welton.

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**THE MODERN CLEANERS AND DYERS**. Main Office and Plant, 1317 Broadway Denver, Colo. Address all correspondence Dept. D.

**ONLY THE BEST**

Baby Chicks—Poultry Supplies—Feed, etc. Finest, largest and best equipped Poultry Farm in Rocky Mountain Region. We sell the poultrymen everything they use and buy in return everything they have to sell. Catalogue Free.

**THE MILE HIGH POULTRY FARMS, Inc.** 1400 Blake Street, Denver

**INFORMATION DEPARTMENT**

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

**TIME EXTENSION MAY BE GIVEN FOR FILING INCOME TAX DATA**

Washington.—If the reasons given are satisfactory to treasury officials, income taxpayers may be granted an extension of time for filing their returns for 1929. Commissioner Lucas of the Internal Bureau said that while there would be no general extension of the period for filing returns, which ends at midnight March 15, collectors have been instructed to examine requests and to grant them if they were sufficient. Lucas also said that where requests were granted the taxpayer would be required to file on or before March 15 a tentative return accompanied by at least one-fourth of the tax estimated to be due and would be charged 6 per cent interest a year on any deficiency in the unpaid installments from the original due date. The commissioner added that in no case should a particular extension be granted covering a period of more than ninety days and that the usual time given should be from thirty to sixty days. "In any case," Lucas said, "where a taxpayer requests an extension for a period of more than ninety days, the extension should be granted only for ninety days and the taxpayers advised that if he is unable to file the completed return prior to the expiration of the ninety-day period a new application should be made before that period expires."

**Mary Pickford Wins Tax Suit**

Los Angeles.—A \$38,000 deduction in the state's inheritance tax on the estate of the late Mrs. Charlotte Pickford-Smith was won in Superior Court by her daughter, Mary Pickford, film actress. Miss Pickford told of Liberty and Victory bonds she had purchased during the World War and just after the armistice, claiming that they were part of a trust fund held in her mother's name, but were not the mother's property. Superior Judge Harry Hellzer made the \$38,000 reduction in the state's \$90,284 assessment against the \$1,160,000 estate.

**31,500 Killed by Autos in 1929**

Chicago.—Automobile accidents claimed 31,500 lives in the United States during 1929, according to figures compiled by the national safety council. Drawn from a survey of thirty-one states, the 1929 death list shows an increase of 13 per cent over 1928. California showed the greatest increase, 20 per cent, according to the figures. More than half of the persons killed were pedestrians, the records show.

**Lindbergh Has Flying Laboratory**

Los Angeles.—The new specially built monoplane of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh was declared by J. L. Maddux, executive of the air line which employs the famous aviator, to be a "flying laboratory," particularly designed to test high altitude flying, in anticipation of the future development of aerial transportation. "In co-operation with naval meteorological experts at the Lakehurst, N. J., naval air station and the United States weather bureau, Colonel Lindbergh is planning to carry out a number of experimental flights," Maddux said, "testing the use of varying atmospheric conditions which are found at high levels."

**Says Life Moves Too Fast**

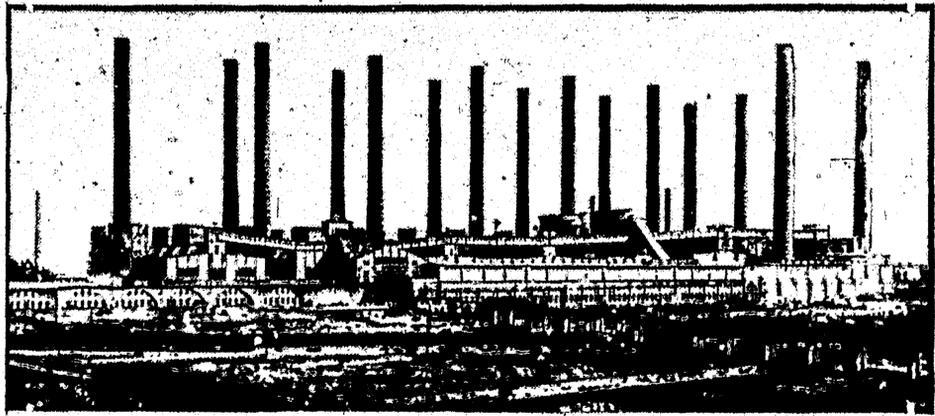
Chicago.—Warning that life moves at too rapid a clip in America for the good of health or culture was voiced in addresses made here by Dr. Morris Fishbein, editor of the Journal of the American Medical Association, and John Cooper Powys. "Prevention of heart disease is far more important than cure," Dr. Fishbein said. "And unless life moves more slowly, prevention will be retarded. The rush of modern life does not permit tissues to rest enough."

**Americans Building Good Highways in China**



While a group of local and state officials looked on, an American road building company, working against time, recently completed a mile of highway at Mukden at a cost of sixty Mexican dollars. To accomplish the same result with manual labor would cost 601,000 Mexican dollars.

**World's Largest Power Plant Opened in Germany**



This lignite burning power plant, the largest in the world, has just been opened at Bitterfeld, Germany, to supply power for a large section of eastern and central Germany. It has two of the biggest turbogenerators in Europe.

**Friend of Hopeless Home Again**



"Brother Tom" Liddecoat and his daughter, Mary, who have just returned from a five months' world tour which was taken to study the way other countries took care of their poor. "Brother Tom" has used up a personal fortune of \$1,000,000 in twenty-eight years of charity work. He returns from his tour convinced that America is doing more for her poor than any other country with the possible exception of Italy. His daughter is a senior at the University of Southern California.

**Studying Marine Life at First Hand**



Here is the class in marine zoology of the University of Miami, Florida, studying marine life at the ocean's bottom. Some of the students are shown with diving helmets on about to go down. The entire class wears bathing suits. Prof. Robert McInbush jets down notes and instructions while the class is under water gathering specimens.

**RUNS 180 MILES**



Eugene Estoppey, better known as "Gene, the California Bear," an Indian runner who recently at the age of fifty-eight made the 180-mile run from Fresno to San Francisco in less than 37 hours.

**SENATOR ROBSION**



John Marshall Robison, who has been a representative in congress from Kentucky, was appointed to the senate to complete the term of Senator Frederick M. Sackett, resigned.

**Long "Rain"**

The Sunday school lesson was from 2 Kings 22, and read: "Josiah was eight years old when he began to reign, and he reigned 31 years in Jerusalem."

On describing the lesson to his mother, John, aged four, said: "The lesson was about a good rain, and there was a little boy named Josiah, and it began to rain when he was eight, and when he was thirty-one it was still drizzling."

**Improved Uniform International**

**Sunday School Lesson**

(By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)  
© 1929, Western Newspaper Union.

**Lesson for February 2.**

**PUTTING GOD'S KINGDOM FIRST**

LESSON TEXT—Matthew 6:1-24 (Print vv. 8-13, 19-21, 31-33).

GOLDEN TEXT—Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and His righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Being True to Jesus.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Being Loyal to Jesus.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Being Loyal to Christ.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Putting First Things First.

Having set forth in the previous chapter the standards of the kingdom, Jesus now exhibits the underlying principles which control the subjects of the kingdom.

**I. As to Giving (vv. 1-4).**

Alms were not to be given before men to be seen of them. Doing alms before men is not condemned as that would contradict Matthew 5:16, but the doing of them before men to be seen of them. To seek publicity in doing our alms is to miss the reward of our heavenly Father. The true child of the kingdom will seek privacy in doing righteousness; that he may have the open reward of the Father.

**II. As to Praying (vv. 5-15).**

**1. False prayer (vv. 5, 7).**

This consists in (1) Praying to be seen and heard of men (v. 5). Many of the prayers uttered in public are false, for there is more thought of what the people think than of what God thinks. (2) Using vain repetitions (v. 7). This does not mean that we should ask but once for a given thing. We have examples of Christ and Paul praying three times for the same thing (Matt. 26:39-40; I Cor. 12:7, 8). It means the using of meaningless repetitions. The reason is, "Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of before ye ask Him."

**2. True prayer (v. 9).**

Since prayer is a transaction of the soul with God, there should be a real desire for fellowship with Him which moves one to meet Him in the secret place.

**3. The model prayer (vv. 9-13).**

This involves (1) Right relationship—"Our Father" (v. 9). (2) Right attitude—"Hallowed be thy name" (v. 9, 10). (3) Right spirit—"Give us our daily bread, forgive us our sins, lead us not into temptation" (vv. 11-13).

**III. As to Fasting (vv. 16-18).**

The true reason for fasting is to be found in the opportunity it gives for a clear vision of God. Those who have thus seen God will make it manifest in a joyful countenance.

**IV. As to Earthly Riches (vv. 19-21).**

The Lord knew the temptations which would befall His children in their earthly pilgrimage and the anxiety to which it would lead; therefore He set forth the proper attitude toward them.

**1. The nature of earthly riches (vv. 19-21).**

(1) Uncertain (vv. 19, 20). Earthly treasures corrode, or are taken from us, therefore we should lay up for ourselves treasures in heaven where they are absolutely safe from corruption and from thieves. (2) Seductive (v. 21). Christ called riches deceitful (Matt. 13:22). It is not wrong to possess earthly treasures, but when earthly treasures possess us, they become a snare unto us. Excessive attention should not be given to earthly treasures.

**2. The effect of earthly riches (vv. 22-23).**

(1) Blunt the moral and spiritual perceptions (vv. 22, 23). Those who become enamored of the things of this world soon become irresponsive to spiritual things. When the heart is upon earthly treasures, it is taken from God. The double eye is disastrous to spirituality. (2) They render dull and void all service (v. 24). As soon as one's heart is stolen by riches, he is rendered unfit for spiritual service.

**V. As to Faith in the Heavenly Father (vv. 25-34).**

1. Be not anxious about food and clothing (vv. 25-34).

Because (1) It shows distrust of God (v. 30). God is able to supply His children's needs. (2) It is useless (v. 31). Anxiety can bring nothing. While bringing us nothing, it weakens our service. (3) It is heathenish (v. 32). Those who have not learned to trust God may worry over temporal affairs, but those who know Him as a loving Father, will be free from care.

2. Be anxious to seek the kingdom of God and serve Him (vv. 33, 34).

This means that worldly affairs should be subordinated to spiritual affairs.

**Seed Thoughts**

How often do we sigh for opportunities of doing good, whilst we neglect the openings of Providence in little things, which would frequently lead to the accomplishment of most important usefulness.—Crabbe.

**Anywhere**

The grace of God can make believers live the Christian life anywhere; and if they cannot be Christians everywhere, they cannot be anywhere.—Prophetic News.

**Get poisons out of system. . . .**

Doctors know that this modern scientific laxative works efficiently in smaller doses because you chew it. Safe and mild for old and young.

**Feen-a-mint FOR CONSTIPATION**



His Kind "He is the most undiplomatic boob I ever met." "Yes, he's the kind of a nut who will start bragging about what a wonderful place Florida is the minute he lands in California."

**COLDS COST MONEY**

It is estimated that sufferers from colds lose three days' time from work in a year.



**DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY** All Dealers, Liquid or Tablets.

**Consider Possible Growth**

The future development of the district and consequent increase or decrease in the value of his property should not be overlooked by the prospective buyer. Though he may not be building for an investment, the wise man considers carefully the financial end of the problem.



**Is Your Rest Disturbed?**

**Deal Promptly with Kidney Irregularities.**

If bothered with bladder irritations, getting up at night and constant backache, don't take chances. Help your kidneys with Doan's Pills. Used for more than 40 years. Endorsed the world over. Sold by dealers everywhere.

**50,000 Users Endorse Doan's:**

John Greenor, 26 N. Sheridan Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I was troubled with backache. The kidney overtones burned and contained sediment. I felt tired out and had no energy. Doan's Pills put me in good shape and I have had them several times with good results."

**DOAN'S PILLS**

Some people thirst for knowledge even if it is dry.



**Don't neglect a COLD**

**D**ISTRESSING cold in chest or throat—that so often leads to something serious—generally responds to good old Musterole with the first application. Should be more effective if used **once every hour for five hours.** Working like the trained hands of a masseur, this famous blend of oil of mustard, camphor, menthol and other helpful ingredients brings relief naturally. It penetrates and stimulates blood circulation, helps to draw out infection and pain. Used by millions for 20 years. Recommended by doctors and nurses. Keep Musterole handy—just in case. To Mothers—Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole.

**MUSTEROLE**

# THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, N.M.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher  
Largest Circulation in The County

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Six months, in advance - \$1.00  
One year, in advance - \$2.00

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Office Phone No. 24

## EDITORIAL COLUMN

### Santa Fe Plaza is Aged Institution

Few people know that one of the oldest parks, if not the oldest, in the United States is the historic plaza at Santa Fe which was a going concern long before the Boston Common and New York's Battery Park were thought of. This old plaza has been the scene of many historic events and come of them are related in an interesting fashion in the current issue of the National Republic in a special article on the plaza written by Louis H. Warner, chairman of the Pueblo Lands Board. In commenting on the age of the plaza, Mr. Warner says:

"Clay, Calhoun and Webster fought their last great congressional struggle over the compromise of 1850. It was important to New Mexico and the Southwest. Before the vote was taken Calhoun died. During the debate Webster made his famous 7th of March speech, his last great effort. With the passage of this act, Clay's last important deed was done. This law settled the annoying controversy between New Mexico and Texas; through it New Mexico became a territory.

"Its legislative machinery was soon in operation. One of the first acts passed by this legislature was to incorporate the city of Santa Fe. This act provided that all lands within a mile in either direction from the center of the plaza should be within the city limits. Thus the plaza became the geographical center. It was already commercially so.

"Some one has said that the history of Santa Fe was the history of New Mexico. It is not a far cry to say that the history of New Mexico was pretty nearly the history of the Southwest. From the very beginning the capital was here. The ruling officers dwelled here; also, everything of a governmental nature radiated out from here. The plaza was the center of this fountain source. Its history was that of the community of which it was such center. By analogy, the story of this famous square is but the story of the Southwest generally.

"The plaza is unique; it is old; it is historical; it is different. Boston has its common; New York, its Battery Park; Washington has its Pennsylvania Ave. Each has been the scene of many and varied happenings. For age, diversity of control and variety of events the plaza outshines them all.

It was a going concern before others were thought of and the plaza outshines them all. Formerly it was undoubtedly larger than now. Today, it contains probably three acres; a little longer from east to west than in the other direction. Once a sand lot, much neglected, it is now a veritable oasis. Trees planted during the rule of one of the last Mexican governors, are flourishing. Before the coming of the Spaniards, this area was inhabited by Indians and every excavation shows the existence of ancient pueblos.

# LODGES



COALORA REBEKAH LODGE  
NUMBER 15  
I.O.O.F.

Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month.  
Mrs. Birdie Walker, Noble Grand  
Mrs. Rachel West, Sec'y.  
Carrizozo New Mexico

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 41—  
Carrizozo, New Mexico



A. F. & A. M.  
Regular Meetings, 1920  
Jan. 11, Feb. 8, Mar. 8, Apr. 12, May 10, June 7, July 5, Aug. 9, Sept. 7, Oct. 4, Nov. 1, 29, Dec. 27.  
M. J. Barnett, W. M.  
S. F. Miller, Secy.

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 30, I.O.O.F.  
Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Herman Kelt, Noble Grand  
W. J. Langston, Sec'y.  
Regular meetings every Tuesday night.

COMET CHAPTER NO. 29  
ORDER OF EASTERN STAR  
Carrizozo, New Mexico.

REGULAR MEETING  
First Thursday of each month.

All Visiting Stars Cordially Invited.  
Mrs. Mae English, Worthy Matron  
S. F. Miller, Secretary.

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T. E. KELLEY  
Funeral Director & Licensed Embalmer  
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W. H. BROADDUS  
—Optometrist—  
Will be in Carrizozo the Fourth Tuesday and Wednesday of each month at the office of Dr. Shaver. Practice limited to fitting glasses.

S. B. Bostian  
ELECTRICIAN  
Wiring and General Repairing  
P. O. Box 146—Residence at 2nd and Pularosa Sts., Phone 61  
Carrizozo, New Mexico

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—Masonic Building—  
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Dr. Marvin  
—Optometrist—  
Glasses Fitted  
THE BORDER OPTICAL CO.  
108 Texas Street  
El Paso, Texas

Methodist Church  
Rev. J. L. Lawson, pastor  
Sunday School, 9:45 a.m.  
Preaching, 11 a.m. and 7:45 p.m., except first and third Sunday mornings of each month, when pastor will preach at Capitan at the 11 o'clock services.  
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

Lincoln County Baptist Church  
(F. C. Rowland, Pastor)  
Corona—1st and 3rd Sundays; 11 a.m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Cedarvale—1st and 3rd Sundays; 3 p. m.  
Carrizozo—2nd and 4th Sundays; 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Capitan—2nd and 4th Sundays; 3 p. m.  
Sunday School every Sunday, 10 a. m.  
Come to Church; induce your friends to come!

St. Rita Catholic Church  
Rev. Fr. J. Francis Mitchell, pastor  
Masses on Sunday  
8:45 a. m., Services in English  
10 a. m., High Mass  
Evening at 7, Rosary and Benediction.  
Thursday evenings at 7, Holy Hour.

# CARRIZO OUTLOOK

## Atwater Kent Radio

Here it is—from the leader of Radio

New Screen-Grid, Electro-Dynamic

### BATTERY SET

of course it's an Atwater Kent!



In Compact Table Model—for batteries, Model 67 Screen-Grid receiver. Uses 7 tubes (3 Screen - Grid). Complete, ready to run in your home . . . \$140

Console Model—for batteries, Uses 7 tubes (3 Screen-Grid) complete, ready to run in your home . . . \$170

## Eric L. R. Williams

Authorized Atwater Kent Dealer  
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become  
crisp and  
fresh in the  
Frigidaire



## HYDRATOR

This new moist air compartment gives lettuce and celery that "fresh from the garden" taste. See it demonstrated at our showroom...NOW.

## FRIGIDAIRE

MORE THAN A MILLION IN USE

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In FRESH MEATS and FANCY GROCERIES—Try  
Burnett's Cash Grocery & Market .

Fresh Fish and Oysters, Hens and Fryers (alive or dressed)  
Turkeys and Lamb, Corn-Fed Baby Beef  
Full Line of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables  
FRESH BAKED GOODS—Cinnamon and Tea Rolls  
Layer Cake, Etc.

## Look Our Prices Over

HOUSES FOR RENT—Inquire at Frehm's Bargain Store.

Rainbow Pins at the Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

WANTED  
Small herd of sheep to pasture. Can take care of from 500 to 1500 head—Good place to lamb. See W. B. Payne, Capitan, N. M.

ART NEEDLE WORK  
Stamped and Hemstitched, Pillow Cases

A NICE ASSORTMENT from which to select  
\$1.50 values for  
**\$1.00 the Pair**  
Outlook Art & Gift Shop

TYPEWRITER PAPER AT BARGAIN PRICES  
500 Sheets Bound - \$1.00  
—at the Outlook Office.

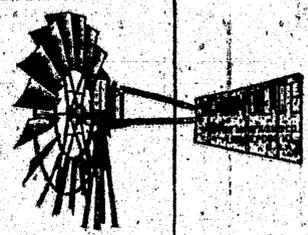
Latest Vogue Neckwear—Excellent Values.  
Lace Vestees  
Lace Bertha Collars  
Ensemble Sets  
At Outlook Art and Gift Shop

Paper napkins and doilies at the Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

The Methodist Church

Services at Ancho and Carrizozo were cancelled last Sunday because of the pastor's illness. The musical program will be next Sunday evening, Feb. 2, at Carrizozo, as announced for last Sunday.  
Preaching at Capitan next Sunday morning.

Frost Proof Plums  
Frost proof plums. Free catalogue—Labbock Nursery, Route 6, Labbock, Texas. Jan.



The above picture shows a sectional view of Samson "Oil-Rite" Windmill illustrating principle of Pump, also location of Four Timken Roller Bearers

The AUTOMATIC OILING SYSTEM and lubrication of the various parts is accomplished as follows: The oil is poured into the gear case, which submerges the lower part of the double gears, including the wrist pin when at the bottom of stroke. The rotation of the gears carries the oil up and floods the pinions, and the oil running down over the inside of the gears floods the gear shaft. The trough which is part of the hub of wheel head, maintains a level that submerges the lower part of both front and rear Timken bearings, and the surplus oil is returned to the gear case through a passage in the main frame extension. A felt oil retaining washer and paper gasket prevent any oil from working out around the wheel shaft.

### AUXILIARY OIL PUMP

One of the outstanding features of the SAMSON "OIL-RITE" is the extreme simplicity, efficiency, and practicability of the pump.

The main frame on the Oil-Rite mills forms a reservoir that holds a sufficient amount of oil to lubricate the mill for one year. A sheet metal helmet completely encloses the reservoir and covers all working parts thus eliminating waste and making it dirt, rain, sleet and snow proof. No water can get in to flood the oil, no dust can blow in to grind out the bearings. This construction prevents squeaks, rattles and gear howling brought about by insufficient lubrication, all of which is avoided in the automatically oiled "OIL-RITE" mill. The ball bearing turn table, the constant supply of oil always flooding the moving parts and the Timken roller bearings insure the owner the "OIL-RITE" mill will pump water in the slightest breeze.

JOHN W. HARKEY, Local Representative  
Carrizozo, New Mexico

## The Model Cleaner

W. E. Renick

Solicits your patronage in Cleaning, Pressing and all kinds of Alterations. Don't throw your old clothes away. Bring them to us and we will make them look like new.

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Tubes  
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Capitan - New Mexico

## STAR MARKET & CAFE

Hussmanized Sanitary Market

Better Meats — Cleaner Meats  
**QUICKER SERVICE**

Bring the Folks and have Dinner with us any day. We'll Treat you RIGHT.

R. A. WALKER, Prop.

Second Sheets 50 cents per Ream at this office

Since the holidays are over and inventories taken, our merchants are making money-saving offers to the public—Read the ads.

# To The Good People of Lincoln and Socorro Counties, N. M.

ed in these two communications in order to give a full understanding of the whole transaction. You can mislead as well by concealing a fact as in mis-stating one.

I also stated near the beginning of this letter that both these communications addressed to the Secretary of the Interior contained statements that were untrue and misleading.

For instance the first ground for protest as contained in the first communication which was signed by W. R. Lovelace says: "Within the area embraced in the grazing lands applied for by Mr. Harvey are many persons with established ranches; about sixteen watering places, consisting mostly of drilled wells, and ranges covering approximately 200 sections, upon which approximately 50,000 sheep and cattle are grazed during the greater portion of the year by the respective owners."

And in the concluding paragraph of said Lovelace letter we find this language: "While Mr. C. M. Harvey, or the Ancho Sheep Company, has approximately 134 sections on his own range from which to select lieu lands, and not interfere with the ranges of the above citizens."

In other words, Mr. Lovelace says that embraced within my selection are ranches of parties who will be injured, consisting of more than 200 sections of land.

And in the last paragraph the statement is made that Harvey has within his own range 134 sections of public domain where he might have made his selection.

The real facts are that I have approximately 60 sections of public domain in my range and that I have included all of these in this selection. The further facts are that my total selection only included approximately 165 sections counting my own, so it is impossible for the area to include more than 200 sections.

In this same first ground for protest the impression is left that "16 watering places consisting mostly of drilled wells," are included within this area applied for by me. The truth is that only four wells are included, two belonging to the writer of the letter, Mr. Lovelace; one to Mr. Gallacher and one to the Red Canyon Sheep Company.

Again in the Lovelace letter, on the first page near the bottom appears this statement: "Should such as exchange as applied for by Mr. Harvey be permitted, it would, in effect ruin the ranch of each and all of us and cause us to lose the ranches which we have been engaged for so many years in establishing."

And with one paragraph intervening, then comes the following, which shows the owner first, water, sections, livestock and class:

W. R. Lovelace, 2 wells, 50 sections, 11,000 sheep, 375 cattle; Red Canyon Sheep Co., 3 wells, 80 sections, 13,000 sheep; Wm. W. Gallacher & Co., 2 reservoirs and 1 well, 24 sections, 3,500 sheep, 600 cattle; Jimmy Cooper, 1 well (reservoir), 9 sections, 1,800 sheep; Frank Maxwell, 2 wells, 1 tank, 21 sections, 2,500 sheep, 300 cattle; Estanislao Bello, 1 well, 10 sections, 2,000 sheep, 30 cattle; P. M. Melton & Sons, 2 ground tanks reservoir, 1 well, 17 sections, 2,800 sheep, 50 cattle; H. O. Bursum, 1 well, 1 tank, 14 sections, 2,000 sheep. Total: 12 wells, 5 tanks, 220 sections, 33,000 sheep, 1,355 cattle.

In other words the impression is sought to be left that all these gentlemen will be ruined; that

all their ranches will be taken after a lifetime of labor; that they will have nothing left and the sympathy of the public is sought by this statement. The truth is as follows with reference to each party taken separately:

1. As to Mr. W. R. Lovelace: In addition to the ranch mentioned in the table herein Mr. Lovelace also has eight other ranches and will still continue to have the free use of approximately 150 sections of public domain left in these other eight ranches to which his livestock can be moved without damage. As a matter of fact he runs his sheep on the ranch involved in this deal for only about four months in the year.

Mr. Lovelace has a fenced ranch within the area selected by me and this ranch includes about 46 sections and two wells. Of this fenced ranch approximately 30 sections are included in my selection. The two wells are each approximately 150 feet in depth, one of same being in section 13, township 4 south, range 9 east and the other in section 29, township 3 south, range 9 east. Within this fenced ranch Mr. Lovelace pays taxes on approximately two sections, maybe a little bit more; in other words, out of 46 sections within the enclosure he pays taxes on only two together with improvements. The total valuation given by him in his assessment of the land being \$1846.20 and of all improvements \$844.00. This is the only land and improvements involved in my selection belonging to Mr. Lovelace and Mr. Lovelace has been using forty-four sections of public domain land under fence excluding everybody else for a period of more than ten years without the payment of any taxes or any rent save and except the taxes on approximately two sections.

With reference to his rights and the protest, he now makes, that no one else should have the right to come in because of his improvement of the land and the development of water, I desire to state that I am the present owner of the two original wells in that section of the country, the Ancho headquarters well and the B. French headquarters well. They are approximately fifteen miles apart with five miles of pipe line between and they were here long before any other were drilled and the original owners enjoyed the use of them and controlled the public domain between and surrounding them. Without regard to the previously acquired rights (if any rights existed) of the owners of these two wells, Mr. Lovelace, also the Meltons and Mr. Gallacher sank or acquired wells and appropriated the range which was formerly covered by these original wells. In other words, they were guilty and are still guilty of doing the things they now claim I am trying to do.

As further showing the attitude of unfairness on the part of Mr. Lovelace, about ten years ago he ran a fence to within approximately one-half mile of the J. B. French east well thereby cutting Mr. French off from the range that he had long enjoyed and fencing in one school section that Mr. French had leased and used for years. It seems if he had desired to be fair and do the right thing he would at least have conceded the school section and one-half of the range between himself and Mr. French to Mr. French, but instead he ran his fence, as above stated to within approximately one-half mile. Their two wells were about four miles apart.

As has been stated repeatedly in this letter, Mr. Lovelace will lose nothing that he really owns, for I have offered and am willing to pay a reasonable value for all improvements on the land within the area selected, that the owners care to dispose of. The only

loss that Mr. Lovelace will sustain will be of something that he has never owned but has enjoyed for many years without payment therefor.

2. The Red Canyon Sheep Company, so the statement says and the impression is sought to be left, has 3 wells and 80 sections within the area of my selection. The facts are that the Red Canyon Sheep Company together with Messrs. Bursum, Cooper and Gallacher, are enjoying and have enjoyed for many years the free use of public domain consisting of considerably more than 200 sections and that the only improvements on any part of the same included within my selection is 1 shallow well approximately 80 feet deep on 160 acres owned by the Red Canyon Sheep Company and 1 surface tank. They will have more than 100 sections of open unfenced public domain left in this range and in addition each of them are using large quantities of public domain on their other ranches. The Red Canyon Sheep Co. has 4 ranches in all and pays taxes on all land, together with improvements and farm products with a total value of \$3775. On the land included within the area of my selection, as stated above, is only 1 well approximately 80 feet deep on 160 acres and 1 surface tank and it is impossible to say how much valuation they pay taxes on.

3. Wm. H. Gallacher & Company have 1 well and 1 tank within the area selected by me, and as stated with reference to the Red Canyon people the range enjoyed by them together with Messrs. Bursum, Cooper and the Red Canyon Sheep Co. take in about 75 sections of my selection, leaving him together with them still more than 100 sections of public domain. For the well and the tank as stated with reference to all others, I am willing to pay a reasonable value. And with reference to Mr. Gallacher, I desire to state further that he pays taxes on only 1320 acres and improvements of \$1000.00 within this area and that he still has 2 other ranches and a very large range and some public domain to which he can move his livestock without sacrifice or injury and, in connection with Mr. Gallacher, I desire to state that with his co-operation a trade can be worked out which would prove beneficial to him.

Referring to the next one who it is claimed will be injured, to wit: Mr. Jimmy Cooper, I desire to state that Mr. Cooper is the user of the same range as the Red Canyon Company and Messrs. Gallacher and Bursum, that, of all this range consisting of more than 200 sections of public domain, more than 100 sections will still be left. Mr. Cooper pays no taxes on any land or any improvements situated within the area of my selection. In addition, Mr. Cooper has a forest permit, one well and one tank and large part of the public domain outside this selection. And as, stated above he has enjoyed this for many years without the payment of any taxes or any remuneration therefor.

4. With reference to Mr. Frank Maxwell, another one who it is claimed will be injured, the facts are that Mr. Maxwell has approximately 75 sections of forest range leased and about 15 sections of public domain and other land outside the area selected by me but adjoining this selection. He has four wells, a fenced range all outside my selection and will not be injured, but on the other hand, will be greatly benefited if this deal goes through.

5. Mr. Estanislao Bello has 2 wells and 35 sections of public domain open range outside of the area of my selection and will not be injured if this deal goes through.

6. P. M. Melton & Sons have no land within the area selected

by me, pay no taxes on anything within the said area and have no improvements. The nearest well they have to any land in the selection is 5 1/2 miles from said selection. They have a dry well in section 32, township 3 south, range 11 east about the center on the south line but said well has no water and has not been used for years. They also have a surface tank in section 15, township 3 south, range 10 east worth less than \$200.00 and as stated above they pay no taxes on any land or improvements or water within the area of my selection.

Mr. Melton has no fenced ranch and the public domain he is using, he has taken from others who have prior improvements and prior rights. And my selection will not take one foot of ground to which he is entitled and will not take one dollar's worth of improvements.

7. Mr. H. O. Bursum is listed as one who will lose if this deal is consummated. It is stated and the impression is left that he will lose one well, one tank and 14 sections. As stated above the facts are that the Red Canyon Sheep Co., Gallacher, Cooper and Bursum together are enjoying the use of more than 200 sections of public domain open range for which they have never paid one penny. Mr. Bursum does not pay one dollar taxes on any land or on any improvements within this selection. He also has selection of State Lands so chosen as to prevent anybody from the south and west from entering upon and using a very large part of the public domain, which he and the others above mentioned have used for so long. Instead of having one well and one tank within the area he has no improvements and except for the loss of the use of the 75 sections which he has been using together with the Red Canyon Sheep Co., Gallacher and Cooper for many years he will lose nothing. And an investigation will disclose that there is a very great part of the public domain which he is still using without payment therefor to which he can move his livestock.

And as been stated elsewhere in this communication, nobody will lose anything that they own if they are willing to accept a fair price to be fixed as indicated save and except the loss of the use of something they have never owned.

Again in the second communication which has been signed by many of the good citizens of Socorro and Lincoln Counties—

"If the application of Mr. C. M. Harvey is approved, the most of these persons would be injuriously affected; in many instances their watering places confiscated, which would mean a confiscation of the ranches used by them, and a sacrifice of their holding which they have spent the great part of their lives to establish. Most, if not all, of these ranches have been established for a long number of years and at great expense in money and work upon the part of the owners, all of whom have suffered in the past years from severe drouths which this country has experienced; the watering places alone on these ranches running in cost from ten to twenty thousand dollars.

"We are reliably informed that the application applied for by Mr. Harvey, in many instances, surrounds privately owned watering places, with the object in view of controlling the range, and that if his application is approved it would not only confiscate the watering places of the ranch owners but ruin their ranches, and would amount to a confiscation of not only their ranch holding but of a sacrifice of their livestock."

I wonder how many of you good people know that with no legal obligation on my part to do so I have offered and now propose to pay a reasonable value

for every well, tank and other improvement on any land coming within the area of my selection. I wonder how many of you have thought of the fact that if the contention of the present owners is right the government could never dispose of its public domain to advantage because it has already been "confiscated" by putting down a well or building a tank on a little strip of land or appropriating a little dab of water somewhere. I wonder how many of you thought when you signed your names to the above statement that you were advocating letting a few citizens at the expense of the many by building a tank or putting down a well, confiscate hundreds of thousands of acres of the people's land without payment of one penny.

If the government cannot trade this land now and get something it needs and wants, will the time ever come when it can dispose of it? Title of this public domain is in the government—it can do as it pleases with the land so far as it is legal. It can let a few men appropriate it and use it a life time and grow rich on it at the expense of the many, without payment of rent or taxes, or it can trade it for something of value that it needs and wants and thereby make it producing by placing it upon the tax rolls.

It a party acquires rights to the vast public domain by reason of sinking a well on a small acreage and then claiming the whole country, and paying taxes on only the small acreage and improvements, it would be cheaper not to own or contract or lease and the government and the people have lost all their rights by permitting a settler to go on public land and build a tank. The law never intended such a thing and justice does not demand any such thing, but that is the position of the parties protesting here.

Is the government trying to confiscate the wells, tanks and improvements these parties own, when they are to be paid a reasonable value, or is the shoe on the other foot and are these owners trying to confiscate a great body of public land without paying anything therefor? If their argument is good now that the government cannot sell or trade that which it owns, because it will deprive them of that which they do not own and thereby ruin them, then it will be good forever and they can never be touched and are in a better position than if they owned the land, because if they owned it, they would have to pay taxes.

In the last paragraph of the second communication quoted above is this statement, "if his (Mr. Harvey's) application is approved, it would not only confiscate the watering places of the ranch owners, but ruin their ranches and would amount to a confiscation of not only their ranch holdings, but a sacrifice of their livestock." When you signed this protest did you know how many other ranches these men owned and how much more public domain they were using in these ranches to which their livestock could be transferred, instead of being sacrificed?

Of the parties mentioned whose ranches it is claimed will be confiscated and their stock sacrificed, Only Three are within the area of my selection and they will be paid for their improvements and wells and tanks if they are willing to sell for a reasonable price, and the only loss they will sustain is the loss of that which they never owned. The parties referred to are Mr. W. R. Lovelace, Mr. Gallacher, and the Red Canyon Sheep Company and each of them, as shown above, will still have and be using enough of the public domain to care for all their livestock.

This exchange is clearly in the public interest and an impartial

investigation will bear out this fact.

In both the communications herein referred to there is a request that a careful examination be given this matter by the office of the Secretary of the Interior. In this request I wish to join and I ask you who have signed the protest against the consummation of the exchange join me in the further request that the best interests of the people of the State and County be allowed to control instead of the political influence of the few men who have profited for so many years at the expense of the many.

Very respectfully,  
C. M. HARVEY.

## Business Institutes Use the Plan of Getting People to Think Rather Than Merely to Learn.

There is one general principle of the basis of all good teaching and it is that a person learns more readily by assimilating the experience which he himself encounters than in any other way, says Harold Stoner, National Educational Director of the American Institute of Banking. This institute is the educational section of the American Bankers Association through which 35,000 bank men and women are receiving scientific instruction in their chosen business.

"The most advanced people in teaching today are emphasizing the importance of activity on the part of the student," he says. "In the school-room of former days we often heard such phrases as, 'Be still! Learn by heart! Don't do that! What does the book say?' The newer education asks, 'What do you think? What was your reaction to that experiment? What did you discover?' 'What reasons have you for answer?'"

The New School Calls for Action  
"The 'expressing' school is taking the place of the repressing and memorizing school. The classroom is becoming an open forum, a studio of self-expression, a place of mental growth. The modern concepts of education are personal experimentation; individual investigation, critical discussion and creative self-expression. The pupil really learns only as he is able to assimilate the new meanings of facts and principles with his previous experiences. Activities therefore constitute the pivotal force around which are grouped the new factors in education. The primary responsibility of the teacher is to furnish a constant stream of activities which will afford the stimulating urge to mental growth."

"Education is a process of experiencing, and the program of the institute is so arranged as to give the greatest opportunity to gain such experience. Through this we develop the art of thinking. Thinking has been described as the ability to handle experience and to bring it to bear on a problem. Effective thinking arises when we are presented with the choice of conduct. Our previous experiences become helpful as we marshal them and bring them to bear upon the matter of our choice."

The students in the American Institute of Banking by reason of the fact that they continue to go on about their employment in banks while taking the banking association's study courses have an opportunity to combine learning with practical thinking and action.

# THE DESERT MOON MYSTERY

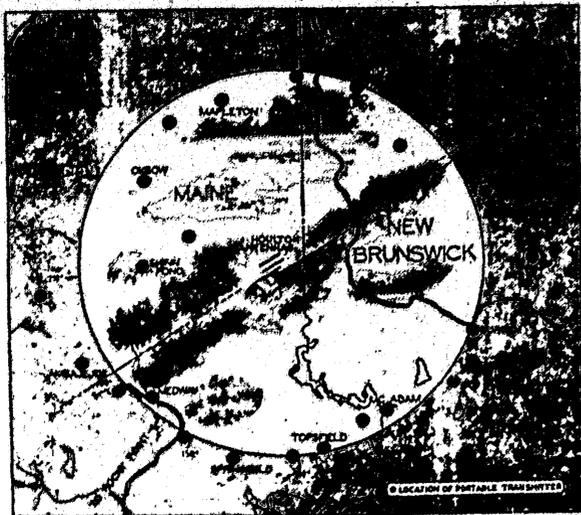
By Kay Cleaver Strahan

As amazing and entertaining as any mystery story you ever read. Its characters are remarkably real and convincing, its plot perfect, its climax and denouement as revealing as a flash of lightning. A masterpiece of detective fiction.

Will Appear Serially in The Outlook

# Blazing Radio Trails in Maine

Engineers Combine Camp Life and Most Modern Methods of Experimentation in Transatlantic Telephone Research.



By J. O. FERRINE

**T**HE transatlantic radio telephone is a connecting link between twenty million telephones in North America and seven million telephones in Europe. Eighteen nations can now talk to one another.

### Reducing the Effects of Static

The success which has characterized this service, begun in January, 1927, is the result of many factors. One of the most important is the reduction of static interference. The electric waves which carry the voice across the Atlantic from Rocky Point, Long Island, to Cupar, Scotland, and also those which carry the returning voice from Rugby, England, to Houlton, Maine, are subject to the maddening effects of this arch enemy of radio reception. The atmosphere is the seat of continual and fairly violent electrical disturbances. A radio receiver brings in a large amount of clicks and crashes familiar to listeners of broadcast programs. The telephone and radio engineer's fundamental obstacle is not distance alone, as one might think, but a combination of distance with this ever present disturbing agent, static. For many years it has been the dream of inventors to create a device which, attached to a radio receiver, would eliminate these noises. It would have taken an optimistic dreamer to conceive of cutting down the effects of static 20,000 times, but this is just what is now being done as compared with early receiving systems of less than a decade ago. This improvement has come about with the application of two simple principles. The first of these is the proper location for the receiving system, and the second is directional receiving.

Measurements disclosed that the severity of static in Maine was considerably less than in New York City. By locating the antenna in Maine, an improvement was obtained equivalent to increasing the power of the English transmitting station some fifty times. One might say the static was reduced fifty times.

### Directional Antennas

A greater advantage, however, was obtained by using a special kind of antenna. The word "antenna" means "feeler." Various insects and animals are equipped with slender feelers which are called "antennae" by the natural scientist. In a similar manner the wire system which is sensitive to incoming radio waves is aptly called an "antenna." Radio antennas vary in their sensitivity to waves coming from different directions. A vertical wire antenna shows no preference for waves coming from a particular direction. Loop antennas are more sensitive to waves coming from directions in the plane of the loop. These loops, therefore, offer possibilities as radio compasses, and today ships at sea can be located by them. Radio beacons guide airplanes by use of the same principle.

Another type of antenna consists of a wire line about as long as one or more wave lengths of the radio waves to be received. For this reason it is called the wave antenna. It looks like a telephone line, but is specially designed for radio. For waves which come from either side it possesses poor receptivity. For waves which approach it endwise from one direction it possesses a high degree of receptivity.

To determine experimentally the varying amount of receptivity of such an antenna—that is, to get the "feel" of the antenna—an interesting set of experiments was made during the summer of 1927 in the vicinity of Houlton, Maine. A portable radio transmitter on a motor truck, with its batteries, motors, generators, vacuum tubes, coils and condensers, sent out test signals from twenty-two towers on a fifty-mile radius circle.

At each of the twenty-two locations the group of young engineers pitched their tents, prepared their meals and slept under the starry skies, as did the early surveyors of railroad days of long ago. When the mast to support their temporary antenna had been erected and the radio transmitter was properly connected, tests could begin.

Since the Houlton antennas were being used daily for commercial transatlantic service, hours of test had to be arranged which were not characteristic of engineers, but were appropriate for fishermen and hunters. At 3:30 A. M., just when the sun was rising in the east, the tests began and continued until 6:30 A. M. Again, in the evening at 6 o'clock, tests were conducted one hour until 6 o'clock.

While the portable radio transmitter was sending out its signals, the measuring apparatus in Houlton was, of course, picking up the signals and measuring their strength.

It was found by the above experiments that the antennas did possess the high degree of receptivity predicted for signals coming from England, and lower degree of receptivity for signals coming from other directions. Fortunately, in Maine, static waves come from directions behind the antenna whose length lies in the direction toward England. The reduction of static interference, as revealed by the measurements taken in the summer of 1927, was most satisfactory, since it meant that by use of these antennas, as compared with loop antennas, transmission would be improved as much as if the radio transmitter power had been increased by 400 times.

The two improvements, therefore, resulting from the use of directional wave antennas and location in Maine, where the static is not so severe, represent respectively an equivalent of 400 and 50 times in power increase. Together, this means a 20,000 fold improvement which is obtained in the receiver now operating in Houlton, Maine, over that of operating a loop antenna near New York City. Since the transmitter in Rugby, England, has about 200 kilowatts of power, it may be said that the unobtrusive little receiving plant in Maine is as fruitful in results as a giant transmitting station 20,000 times 200, or 4,000,000 kilowatts power. It is a veritable radio David, more potent than any Goliath transmitting station which it would be feasible to construct.

## THIRTY YEARS AT SWITCHBOARD



Mrs. Harriet G. Daley, Chief Operator at Capitol, Washington, D. C.

**W**HEN the first switchboard serving fifty-one stations was installed in the Capitol at Washington, D. C., in 1898, Mrs. Harriet J. Daley was the first and only operator. Mrs. Daley is now Chief Operator, and in the thirty years since the first switchboard was installed she has watched the little board grow, first to an eleven-position board, and in 1926, to a new eighteen-position board, which requires the services of twenty-seven operators. In those thirty years, Mrs. Daley has trained practically all the operators that have handled calls over the Capitol's switchboard, and it is with great pride she tells of every one of them having been in service for at least two or three years, and some for ten years or longer. Incidentally, she has seen the service over this switchboard grow until now the office is large enough to serve a city of 15,000 people twenty-four hours a day.

### WHAT EDITORS SAY OF TELEPHONE

A single telephone, unless a thousand, some civilization a million of them and civilization prizes its ears; 18,000,000, modern civilization with its new concept of time and distance.

—The Rocky Mountain News, Denver, Co.

New York is a pretty extensive use of the telephone which within the memory of man now living was called a centennial toy.

—Boston Evening Transcript.

Most of Wall Street's business is done over the telephone. Average brokerage firm probably does more than 75 per cent of its business in this way, and probably too, for where a man gives an order or asks a question over the telephone he is apt to be quicker than going through the same motions on the spot. There are few errors made over the telephone, so far as the broker is concerned.

—Wall Street Journal.

If a railroad map of the country is a study in lines what must a telephone map look like? There are thousands of places reached by the speaking wires that are entirely off any railroad line, and even isolated from highways. There are many reasons why the telephone is the marvel of the age.

—Utility Users' Magazine, Seattle, Wash.



## The DESERT MOON MYSTERY

BY KAY CLEAVER STRAHAN

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One of the outstanding selections for THE CRIME CLUB, an organization of discriminating men and women for the discovery, detection and prevention of crime. The club relies upon a jury of famous critics and writers to choose the best mystery novel of each month. This story received unanimous endorsement.

Regale Yourself With This Highly Exciting Tale as a Serial in The Carrizozo Outlook

Just Received-- Beautiful Line of

GENUINE Navajo Indian Rugs From the Indian Reservation

Outlook Art & Gift Shop



Wedding Congratulations  
Birth Announcements  
Tally Cards, Place Cards  
Greeting Cards of all Kinds  
Valentine's Day, Feb. 14 is near at hand  
—Nice line to select from—  
All Prices  
Modern Girl and Society Maid  
Full-Fashioned Hosiery  
"They certainly do wear."  
Outlook Art & Gift Shop

**The Desert Moon Mystery**  
By Kay Cleaver Strahan

In the hitherto peaceful precincts of a ranch in Nevada, occur events most startling and mystifying. An absolutely new type of detective enters the scene and engineers the exciting search for a killer. The game in all mystery stories is to guess the ending. This one will astonish you.

**BasketBall!**  
Corona Gym, Saturday, Feb. 1.  
7:30 p. m.

**Mountainair**  
vs.  
**Corona**

Each team has defeated the other.  
Don't miss this play-off!  
**DANCE!**

**LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS**

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION**

Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office  
Las Cruces, N. M., Jan. 7, 1930  
Notice is hereby given that Jesus M. Montes of Hondo, New Mexico, who, on February 5, 1925, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 025987, for NE1-4 NE1-4 Sec. 23; NW1-4, N1-2 SW1-4, NW1-4 SE1-4 Sec. 24, Township 11 S, Range 16 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, New Mexico, on Feb. 27, 1930.

Claimant names as witnesses—  
Juan Montes of Glehcoe, N. M.;  
Mauró Sanchez, Pablo Salas,  
Faustino Salcido, all of Hondo,  
New Mexico.

V. B. May,  
J17 F14 Register

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION**

Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M.,  
Jan. 7, 1930

Notice is hereby given that Adelaido Chavez of San Patricio, New Mexico, who, on October 22, 1924, made Homestead entry No. 029127, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1-2 N1-2, N1-2 S1-2, S1-2 SW1-4; SW1-4 SE1-4, Section 8, Township 11 S, Range 16 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, United States Commissioner, at Roswell, New Mexico, on February 26, 1930.

Claimant names as witnesses—  
Eduardo Sedillos, Ysidro Chavez,  
Candido Chavez, Jacobo Sanchez,  
all of San Patricio, New Mexico.

V. B. May,  
J 17-F 14 Register.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION**

Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office  
Las Cruces, N. M., Jan. 9, 1930

Notice is hereby given that Alvin Moses Chambers of Ancho, New Mexico, who, on Oct. 25, 1926, made Additional Homestead Entry Act 12-29-16, No. 032897, for N1/2, Section 24, Township 4 South, Range 12 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, New Mexico, on March 5, 1930.

Claimant names as witnesses;  
L. P. Hall, J. E. Hall, Charley Peters, Harry Straley, all of Ancho, New Mexico.

V. B. May, Register.  
J 17-F 14

Department of the Interior

United States Land Office  
Las Cruces, N. M., Jan. 6, 1930

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, has filed in this office Indemnity School Land Selection List 9391, serial number 040998, for the following land:

W1/2SW1/4 Sec. 11, T. 3 S., R. 13 E., and lot 4, Sec. 6, T. 4 S., R. 15 E.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection.

V. B. May,  
J24-F21 Register.

Contest 5912

**NOTICE OF CONTEST**  
Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.  
Jan. 22, 1930

To George E. Kelley of Joneta, New Mexico, Contestee:  
You are hereby notified that Ova E. Austin who gives Bushland, Texas, as his post office address, did on December 31, 1929, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead Entry No. 051811, made June 5, 1925, for S1-2 S1-2 Sec. 4; S1-2 S1-2 Sec. 5; Township 2 South, Range 19 E, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that claimant has wholly abandoned said land for the past three years; that

title to the land has not been earned, and that the defaults exist and have not been cured.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be cancelled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations, of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent you.

A. M. Bergere, Register  
Date of first publication, Jan. 31  
" second pub., Feb. 7  
" third publication, Feb. 14  
" fourth publication, Feb. 21

Contest 5911

**NOTICE OF CONTEST**  
Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.  
Jan. 22, 1930

To Jack Burum of Joneta, New Mexico, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that Ralph O. Austin who gives Bushland, Texas, as his post office address, did on December 11, 1929, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead Entry No. 051812, made June 5, 1925, for S1-2 N1-2, N1-2 S1-2 Sec. 8; and S1-2 N1-2, N1-2 S1-2 Section 9; Township 2 South, Range 19 East, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that claimant has wholly abandoned said land for the past three years; that title to the land has not been earned, and that the defaults exist and have not been cured.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be cancelled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations, of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent you.

A. M. Bergere, Register.  
Date of first publication, Jan. 31  
" second pub., Feb. 7  
" third publication, Feb. 14  
" fourth publication, Feb. 21

Department of the Interior  
U. S. Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M.,  
Jan. 21, 1930.

Notice is hereby given that Alejandro Trujillo, of Capitan, N. M., who on Dec. 10, 1926, made Additional S. R. Hd. Entry, No. 053991, for SE 1-4 Sec. 7, W 1-2 W 1-2, SE 1-4 NW 1-4 and SW 1-4 NE 1-4 Sec. 8 and W 1-2 NW 1-4 Section 17, Township 5-S., Range 16 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on March 5, 1930.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
W. B. Payne, Tomas Fresquez,  
Martin Fresquez, Jesus Padilla,  
all of Capitan, New Mexico.

A. M. Bergere,  
Register.  
J 31-F 28

**OLD DOC BIRD says:**  
When you drink from a pail, you get more satisfaction because you don't have to keep filling a smaller measure.



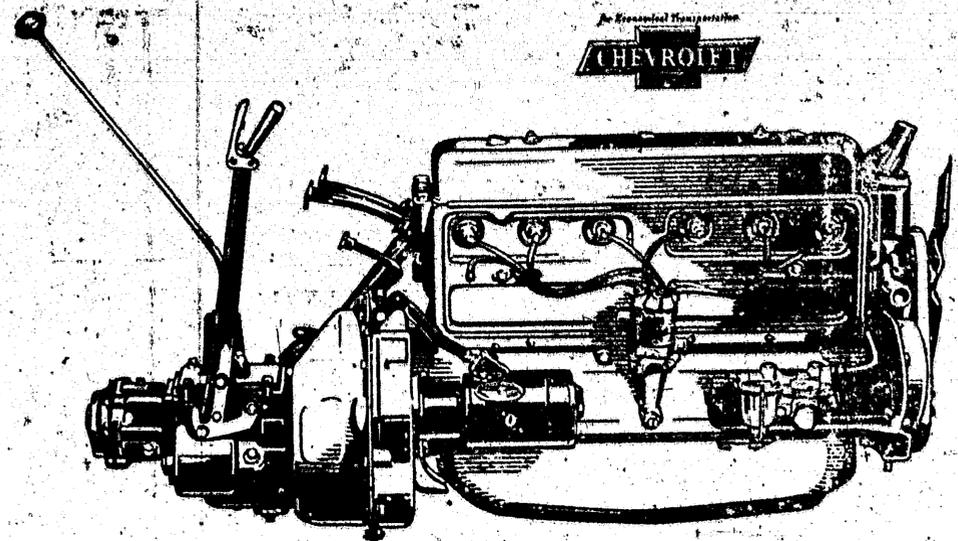
The same way with trading at our store. You are buying from a full stock, that has not been cut to pieces. Moreover, our stock is fresh and wholesome. Drink at our new fountain, smoke our fine brand of cigars and test our fresh and crisp candies.

Majestic Radio  
**Rolland's Drug Store**  
Carrizozo — N. M.

**Fresh Fish**



Fillets of Frosted Haddock  
Every Thursday  
**Otto Prehm**  
—at—  
Prehm's Bargain House



**50 horsepower six cylinder engine**

Not until you drive the new Chevrolet Six can you appreciate what a wonderful improvement has been made in its famous six-cylinder valve-in-head engine. With its capacity increased to 50 horsepower, it has great reserve energy for sweeping up the steepest hills—for swift acceleration—and for sustained high speeds. Its power flows evenly and smoothly. And it is extremely flexible in traffic. In fact—it does everything you could possibly want a motor to do. Yet it is remarkably economical in its use of gasoline and oil. Come in today for a demonstration.

**At Greatly Reduced Prices!**

The Roadster	\$ 495
The Sport Roadster	525
The Phaeton	495
The Coach	565
The Coupe	565
The Sport Coupe	625
The Club Sedan	625
The Sedan	657
The Sedan Delivery	595
The Light Delivery Chassis	365
The One and One-Half Ton Chassis	520
One and One-Half Ton Chassis with Cab	625.

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**The New CHEVROLET SIX CITY GARAGE**

Vincent Reil, Prop., Carrizozo, N. Mex.  
A Six in the Price Range of the Four

**Carrizozo Meat Market**

Is equipped and is handling Baby Native Beef at Bargain prices. Also cured Meats, Fresh Eggs, Bread, Crackers, Lunch Meats and Cheese.  
Humanized Electric Refrigerator  
Come in and see the Old-Time Bronco Rider and Cowboy and let him cut you some Steaks.  
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**S-A-V-E!**  
There is no such thing as making up for lost time—  
**LOST TIME IS LOST!**  
"Try First National Service"  
**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
Carrizozo — New Mexico

**City Service Station**  
"THE KIND of SERVICE YOU LIKE"  
Open Day and Night  
Competent Mechanic in attendance for Small Adjustments  
**Texaco & Quaker State Oils**  
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GREASING & CAR WASHING  
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**FREE ROAD MAPS**  
Willard Batteries, Tube Work,  
Are Included in our Service Line  
—Centrally Located for Business—  
EL PASO AVENUE CARRIZOSO, N. M.

**Carrizozo Eating House**  
Best of Accommodations To All the People, All The Time.  
Table Supplied With Best The Market Affords  
**E. H. SWEET,**  
Proprietor

# Decorative Things for the Home

By JULIA BOTTOMLEY



sky effects are painted in with transparent effects.

The final touch is achieved with very thin silver, gold or bronze paper worked in so as to illuminate the entire in a brilliant way. As valentine gifts small pictures worked in this way would be most unique and highly prized by those so fortunate as to receive them.

Sprays of flowers, made to look like thinnest glass through painting cellophane paper foundations with transparent dissolved sealing wax, give an exquisite touch of color to any room. The structure of the flowers begins with forming the petal-shaped of wire. These are then covered with cellophane paper to simulate glass or with crepe tissue in desired colors for opaque majolica effects. In either event as a final touch the flowers are painted with transparent sealing wax paint.

A bas relief of sealing-wax painted flowers or other motifs transforms the simplest parchment lamp shade into a "thing of beauty" from the standpoint of the interior decorator. Sealing wax, molding clay and pictured crepe paper are essentials for this fascinating work. The idea is to cut the flower or figures out of the fancy crepe paper. Pictures can also be used from magazines and the like. The motifs are then pasted smoothly on the parchment shade. To gain the "relief" effect, the designs are then built up with molding clay. After all is thoroughly dry, paint with melted sealing wax.

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)



In with opaque paint (dissolved sealing wax) on the reverse side of the glass. To give color to the scene the foliage and ornamental details pretty.

What with movies, bridge parties and a thousand and one other allurement "long winter evenings" have almost become a tradition of the past. Assuming, however, that time does hang heavy on yet a few of the feminine clan, we submit suggestions of decorative things for the home, which, to make, provide fascinating pastime for leisure hours.

One of the most popular arts of the moment is illuminating or hand-painting on glass. The very attractive silhouette panel at the top of this illustration is an "illuminated glass picture." Seen in the original it is very colorful. The work involves several very interesting processes which can merely be suggested in this brief space. However, the materials and instructions are easily available in departments where art materials are sold or wherever fancy crepe papers, sealing wax and such are sold for flower making and other ornamental work.

The various steps include the cutting out of figures from decorated crepe tissue paper, also painting these

## HINTS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

Serve fruits raw for their vitamin content. Raw fruits are excellent for salads.

When choosing your new hat, select one which can be worn with more than one costume.

The secret of looking well dressed when traveling is to take just a few well-chosen clothes and pack them carefully.

# Some Recipes That Will Be Liked

By NELLIE MAXWELL

A quick hot bouillon may be made by using a teaspoonful of the prepared vegetable paste, dissolved in a cupful of hot water. Any other flavor may be added if desired—a slice of lemon or a bit of onion extract.

**Tomato Canaps.**—Cut bread one-fourth inch thick and make into rounds with a cookie cutter. Spread with butter and then with mayonnaise; on this put a slice of peeled tomato the same size, spread with mayonnaise, edge the tomato with a ring of chopped chives inside a ring of chopped egg white and the fried yolk to fill the center. Top with a stuffed olive or a sprig of parsley.

**Cider Punch.**—Beat up a glass of apple jelly to a froth, add a cupful of boiling water and a quart of cider. Flavor with nutmeg. Fill glasses with shaved ice and pour over this the punch.

**Cherry Creams for Decorating.**—Cut candied or preserved cherries with scissors to make four open petals. Put a small ball of fondant in the center of each, stick a stem and leaf of angelica or citron at the bottom and use to decorate small cakes.

**Oyster Cocktail in Grapefruit Shells.**—Put two tablespoonfuls of catsup, a

tablespoonful of chili sauce, a dash of paprika and tabasco into a small glass with one-half dozen oysters for each cocktail. Set into the shell of half a grapefruit, surround with ice on the plate and serve. Horseradish is well liked and may be substituted for the chili sauce.

**Fruit Juice Frosting.**—Beat the yolk of an egg with three tablespoonfuls of any fruit juice, add enough confectioner's sugar to make the frosting of the right consistency. Strawberry or raspberry is especially good.

There are many people who do not enjoy a meringue. The following pie is made with the eggs folded in and makes a filling like sponge cake:

**Lemon Sponge Pie.**—Cream two tablespoonfuls of butter with two of flour, add the well-beaten egg yolks of two eggs, the juice and rind of a lemon. Mix well and stir in one cupful of milk, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, and fold in the beaten whites. Pour into an uncooled pastry shell and bake until firm.

**Sweetmeat Wishek.**—Put one-half cupful of candied orange peel, one cupful each of dates, figs, walnut meats and candied cherries through the meat chopper, add one tablespoonful of lemon juice and knead until well mixed.



# Baked Beans for Supper

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When tradition associates a particular dish or food combination with a definite part of the country, some good reason usually exists for the popularity of that menu. Winter days along the Massachusetts coast, and in fact, anywhere in New England, are much of the time as bleak as we paint them when we talk about the Pilgrims. There is need, therefore, in planning meals for those who go out of the home to work, to have various dishes which will be tasty, hot, substantial, and filling, when the workers come home.

New England thrift doubtless plays its part in the choice of one of the best liked of these traditional menus—Boston baked beans and brown bread for Saturday night supper. The beans themselves are economical and filling, but to be fine-flavored they must be cooked very slowly for a very long time. In many households it was the custom in colonial days to prepare all of Sunday's food on Saturday, and even where this is not adhered to, it is common enough to find Saturday a busy baking day, what with cakes and pies and bread for the week-end. With the fire in constant use from early morning, Saturday proved to be the most practical day for leaving the beans pot in the back of the oven until the taste of the salt pork and the molasses and other seasonings was thoroughly blended with the beans. The brown bread that goes with the beans is also the result of long cooking. First it is steamed, and then baked, so that advantage is again taken of the fire in the coal or wood range. The bureau of home economics

of the United States Department of Agriculture furnishes the following directions for making Boston baked beans in the true New England way.

### Boston Baked Beans.

2 cups dried beans 1 tsp. mustard, if desired  
1 1/2 quarts water 1 1/2 tsp. salt (depending on saltiness of pork)  
1 lb. salt pork  
Onion, if desired

Soak the beans overnight in cold water to cover. In the morning discard the water, add the quart of fresh water and simmer for 45 minutes, or until the beans begin to soften, and drain. Score the rind of the salt pork and put half of the pork in the bottom of the bean pot. Add the beans, mix the molasses and other seasonings with a little hot water, and pour over the beans. Add enough hot water to cover. Place the rest of the salt pork on top, cover the pot, and cook the beans in a slow oven (about 250 degrees Fahrenheit) for six or seven hours. Add a little hot water from time to time to replace that which cooks away and is absorbed by the beans. Keep the lid on the bean pot until the last hour of cooking, then uncover, and allow the beans and pork on the top to brown.

### Boston Brown Bread.

1 cup corn meal 2 cups sour milk  
1 cup rye meal and 1/2 cup soda or 1 1/2 cups  
1 cup graham flour sweet milk and  
1 tsp. salt 4 tps. baking powder

Mix and sift the dry ingredients; add the molasses and the milk. Beat the mixture thoroughly. Pour the batter into a greased tin can or mold until it is about three-fourths full. Cover, and steam for 3 1/2 hours. Remove the cover, and bake the bread in a moderate oven for one-half hour to dry it off. If the bread seems likely to crumble, loop a clean string around the loaf and cut slices by pulling the ends of the string.

cupful of chopped nuts to the gelatin, add one-fourth cupful of orange juice, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and the grated rind of an orange. Boil together one cupful of sugar and three-fourths cupful of hot water to the soft ball stage, remove from the heat and add the gelatin, stir and cook for ten minutes. Pour into a pan and sprinkle with four tablespoonfuls of chopped nutmeats.

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

# Fitting Sleeve into Armscye



How to Hold a Garment When Basting in a Sleeve.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The fit of the sleeve depends first of all on having the correct armscye line, which should lie parallel to the center front and center back and pass over the tip or highest point of the shoulder in a good curve, and fit the underarm as closely as is comfortable. The fit of the sleeve is also determined by the accuracy with which the sleeves were cut from the pattern, by the method used in attaching them to the armscye, and by the cut and style of the sleeve used. When properly placed, a set-in sleeve should have no fullness in the lower half of the armscye, except in the case of very fleshy arms, when some extra room is needed. There is seldom any gathering over the upper half, although the sleeve edge should always measure an inch or more longer than the edge of the armscye. This is eased in when the sleeve is set in and prevents an uncomfortable and unattractive strain across the arm.

The illustration, made by the bureau of home economics of the United States Department of Agriculture, shows how a set-in sleeve is basted into the armscye. Locate the highest and lowest points on the armhole line of the sleeve. These are the only points on the sleeve edge where it is not bias, if the sleeve has been cut correctly. Then locate the quarter points of the armscye. To do this, fold from the high point of the shoulder to the opposite or lowest point of the armscye, and mark these points with pins. Place the highest and the lowest points together and then locate the quarter points. The upper and lower halves will also be established. To determine which is the right or left sleeve, fold it through the center lengthwise with the sleeve seam edges together. In the shirt or middie blouses

type, the armscye edges coincide and either sleeve may be armhole, provided there is no right and left finish at the bottom. If one side of the sleeve is only slightly higher than the other and the top curve of the front and the back lie in the same general direction, the high side is the back. The underarm and sleeve seam will also be continuous in this type of sleeve.

Place each sleeve in its correct armscye, having the right or wrong side of the garment out, depending on which side the first seam will be stitched. For a felled or french seam, the first stitching is made on the right side of the garment and the sleeve is wrong side out as it is drawn up into the armscye. When the seams are to be stitched on the wrong side of the garment first, the sleeve is right side out when placed into the armscye. Pin the highest and lowest points of sleeve and armscye together, and pin the sleeve to the quarter points of the armscye so that there is only slight fullness in the lower half of the sleeve. This will leave most of the fullness in the top half.

Hold the sleeve side of the seam toward the worker when connecting these points and when basting the sleeve in position. Hold the edges in place with the left hand. Ease in the extra length of the sleeve edge. Its ruffled appearance does not indicate that there are gathers over the top of the sleeve. Be careful not to stretch the rounded top of the sleeve edge at any time.

With some material, especially wool, it is necessary to place two rows of fine gathering over the top of the sleeve and adjust the size to the armscye. Before the sleeve is stitched, shrink these gathers out by steaming over a pressing cushion with a damp cloth.

# Bedtime Story for the Children

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

David was about to see the great parade of Europe where he had gone adventuring and Europe was acting as master of ceremonies, and explaining why his suit was made of so many colors—just as the map of Europe has so many colors.

The sound of the music came closer and closer and now David was sitting in the grandstand to which Europe had led him.

At the head of the procession was the drum major, followed by little Map people beating drums. Suddenly they burst into a splendid march.

The drum major wore wooden shoes, and whirling about his head was a windmill. He carried a stick which Europe whispered to David was part of a forest tree used in building Holland's dikes. He kept throwing it up into the air. How splendid he was. The bands following him were from various countries. There was a lovely one from France, so melodious a one from Italy, a wild, sad, beautiful one from Russia, a gypsy band from Rumania, another from Poland, yet another band from Norway, which played parts from the Peer Gynt suite (which David recognized from having heard his school orchestra play it) and a gorgeous band from Germany and the five and drums from Scotland.

There were some marchers from Iceland who were undressing their coats, for they were not used to warmth, and as they belonged to an independent country, even though they had the same king as Denmark, they felt they could do as they liked.

The Map people from Alaska and Louisiana, were dressed like twins in costumes of material. Then came the Scots. On Belgium's host were all kinds of farming produce. Norway's host had a big tank

upon it with fish in the tank, and Sweden had built a house upon its float made out of matches. Denmark's float was like both Norway's and Belgium's.

Italy's float was shaped like a hoot and almost attached to the top end of the float was Stelly's float.

Switzerland's had a beautiful mountain scene depicted on it.

Then came the cages. In the first one was the Map person representing



At the Head of the Procession.

Vesuvius, the most noted volcano in the world.

As it went by the creature shouted out:

"Steam and gas, lava for sale. Guaranteed to make even the solid old earth tremble. See our fine crater—we make mountains, too.

"Best crater ash throwers in the world. Finer than any. Have Mt. Minna and all the others beaten."

This cage was heavily barred and the creature taking the part of Mt. Vesuvius was most magnificently ugly, as David thought.

Then came the animals. There were seals, deer ducks, reindeer, wolves, wild bears, chamois, goats and sheep. David clapped as the animals went by.

Next came those taking the parts of the city ladies. The one from Paris was beautifully dressed.

Birmingham was dressed in a heavy suit of iron. David felt that it must be most uncomfortable. Dresden from Germany was dressed to look like a china doll. Prague from Czechoslovakia looked like a distinguished old duchess. She was very old but she was dignified and handsome. Budapest from Hungary was dressed in the latest style, and Amsterdam and Rotterdam of Holland wore the most dazzling diamond ornaments. Florence, from Italy, came along carrying a box of paints a palette and a paint brush, and Athens was dressed as though ready for sports.

The country of Bulgaria sent a beautiful rose float, filled with fragrant roses.

There were so many city ladies! And then came more floats. David could hardly keep track of them all. He loved the Spanish float upon which were girls dressed in red and yellow who beat upon the tambourines and sang and danced gaily. When they came directly in front of the grandstand they threw David a package in which were olives and fruit, while those who rode on Portugal's boat called out:

"Nice stoppers for your lemonade bottles," but they didn't seem to realize that David had no lemonade bottles.

"It's because they make stoppers there," Europe explained, "and so they're quite proud of the fact. They naturally regard it as important."

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# Makes Life Sweeter

Next time a coated tongue, fetid breath, or acrid skin gives evidence of sour stomach—try Phillips Milk of Magnesia!

Get acquainted with this perfect anti-acid that helps the system keep sound and sweet. That every stomach needs at times. Take it whenever a hearty meal brings any discomfort.

Phillips Milk of Magnesia has won medical endorsement. And convinced millions of men and women they didn't have "indigestion." Don't die, and don't suffer; just remember Phillips. Pleasant to take, and always effective.

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# PHILLIPS Milk of Magnesia

# To Cool a Burn

Use HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh

All dealers are authorized to refund your money for the burn unless it is not soothed.

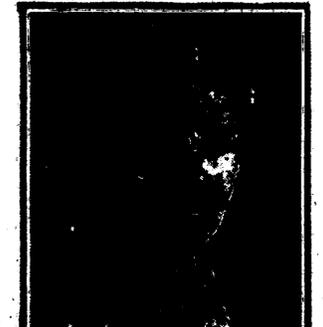
**HEADACHE?**  
Instead of dangerous heart depressants take safe, mild, purely vegetable NATURE'S REMEDY and get rid of the bowel poisons that cause the trouble. Nothing like it for biliousness, sick headache and constipation. Acts pleasantly. Never gripe.  
Mild, safe, purely vegetable  
All druggists—only 25c. Make the test tonight.  
FEEL LIKE A MILLION, TAKE

# NR TO-NIGHT TOMORROW ALRIGHT

Phonograph choirs tried in some churches in Germany, and they threaten to replace regular choirs and organists. The full-toned volume of sound is obtained by playing two records simultaneously or carefully synchronized machines, the sound being magnified by loud speakers in the organ loft.

Met His Match  
"They say her fiance has money to burn."  
"Well, he's met his match."

**SLEEPLESSNESS**  
Successfully Fought in this Scientific Way  
When a thousand different thoughts keep you from falling into peaceful sleep, REMEMBER KOENIG'S NERVEINE. Contains no habit-forming drugs. For years a household word of proven benefit in the treatment of Nervousness, Nerves, Indigestion, and Nervous Irritability. Available All Over the World.  
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# Helped at Change of Life

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a wonderful medicine at the Change of Life. I would get blue spells and just walk the floor. I was nervous, could not sleep at night, and was not able to do my work. I know if it had not been for your medicine I would have been in bed most of this time and had a big doctor's bill. If women would only take your medicine they would be better."—Mrs. Anna Weaver, R. F. D. No. 2, Rose Hill, Iowa.

# Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

# HATE

By Arthur D. Howden Smith

Copyright, 1928  
ARTHUR D. HOWDEN SMITH  
WNU Service

## CHAPTER XIII

### Doubt

The Badger was sinking to the booming of the Centurion's minute guns, sinking with the sun that had draped a crimson curtain across the portals of the west. At, under the break of the poop, a cannonade was made fast to ringbolts, square-rimmed shells, and on top of it was lashed the bundle of sailcloth that held Collishaw's body. The Englishman rested where he had died, and from the stump of the mizzen still floated the flag he had ordered nailed there, one corner torn by a roundshot.

The sloop-of-war reared up, struggling to keep her bow above water; but presently she sagged forward, and this time she failed to recover herself. Her fore-castle commenced to slant. Masses of green water surged through the forward ports, and she started to slide under as if she was coasting down a hill that grew steeper and steeper. Waves licked at the hull on the carronade, submerged it, slapped the poop railing—and her stern canted high in air, the White Ensign at the mizzen standing out straight in the breeze as it was engulfed.

The last minute gun boomed, and Fellowes launched a crisp stream of orders almost before the echoes had died away, none but himself aware that he must have something to divert his mind or else go mad.

Cara Inglepin ignored the resumption of discipline's sway. Her gaze remained fixed on the swirl of wreckage that marked the spot where the Badger had disappeared. But presently, as the brig forged ahead, the litter of spars and deck fittings dwindled to insignificance, and she became aware of the orderly hum of activities around her—and of her father.

"Do you suppose I might speak to Captain Fellowes?"

"Is it wise, Cara?" her father asked. "I am bound to admit Fellowes has been civil, but I think we do well to avoid him as much as possible. And I'll not have him suspecting us of pleading for mercy."

She laid a caressing palm on Ben Inglepin's face, which was neither so plump nor so rufous as it had been, after a day's toll in a stuffy cockpit that presented one endless succession of horrors.

"I owe him an apology, Father," she explained simply. "And I must thank him."

"Thank him?"

"For his generosity. It was noble."

"His generous and noble enough to see that we are by way of being hanged," Ben Inglepin retorted disagreeably.

"You're unfair, Father." Her lip- some figure straightened. "If we merit to be hanged, shall we complain of him? We knew the risks we must encounter. And if a stake such as ours is worth playing for, worth winning, 'tis worth losing a life for."

There was nothing circuitous or indirect in the expression with which Ben Inglepin regarded his daughter.

"Ah, lass, you shame me. Egad, you do!" He stooped and kissed her.

"Speak to Fellowes. He's a gentleman. I'll own, and a bulldog, if there ever was one. Chater and—"

"Well say nothing of Chater, Father," she interrupted. "I would have been better for us had we not soiled our case by contact with him."

"Oh, my dear! Don't be hard on Saul. He wasn't choice, I'll grant you, but in his way he helped—"

"Ah, no, he ruined us! But for him Captain Fellowes would not have been pressed. And if—but this is to no purpose. Go below, and see if you can help poor, fat Maria. I'll be with you soon."

"Stay on deck, poppet, and win some color to your cheeks," Ben counseled. "The senora and I can manage."

Fellowes was staring out over the stern—at the same distant spot, which so recently had monopolized Cara's attention, when the girl approached.

"Oh, Miss Inglepin, we—we are indebted to you. To you and your father and your—ah—duenna. Very helpful, Doctor O'Shaughnessy tells me. We should have been badly off without you—the Badger's wounded and everything—"

"We were glad to do it, sir," she returned. "But I came to thank you. 'Twas knightly of you—to bury him so—with his flag flying. And I am sorry for what I said this afternoon."

He flushed brick-red.

"'Twas the truth," he muttered. "I have much to answer for. He told me—Collishaw told me—'twas Chater persuaded him to press me—not you. I owe you an apology. I wasn't quite—"

"But how could you have been? We were dreadfully wronged, and

none the less because 'twas all a tissue of mischance."

"'Tis an evil passion, this hate," Fellowes insisted. "Vexation and sorrow—and death—it has brought to all who crossed my path."

"You exaggerate, sir," she answered soberly. "Surely, 'twas not evil to slay Captain Chater, who would have slain you. And James was your enemy in war. If he must have died, he'd rather have died so."

"Are you become my advocate?" he cried, exasperated—the other officers glanced at him askance. "Well, then, give me an argument in justification of delivering you to Joshua Inglepin's hatred!"

"'Tis unnecessary I should argue with you to do your duty," she replied as soberly as before. "You set your hand to this task. Will you draw back from it?"

"God knows! I—" He was on the point of saying: "I love you! How can I send you to a cell in the Bridewell, a ghetter on the Southwest battery?" When he realized the bare fact he loved her must make him implacable. In honor, he could not favor her. And if he possessed any lingering shreds of pride, he adured himself in a hot burst of fury, he'd remember she had accepted Collishaw after plighting troth with him.

"I have got myself into this coil," he concluded, strangling his emotion. "'Tis for me to work myself free. But I'd have you know, ma'am, I gain no satisfaction from it."

"How could you, who are not cruel?" she answered tranquilly. "Come, Cuffee, you can aid me shift the wounded men for their ease."

Burdened with prisoners and running short of water and food after a six months' cruise, Fellowes was relieved when a wet Easter sent the



But Joshua Stopped Him by a Gesture.

blockaders scurrying off shore, and the Centurion could venture a landfall. They stood out from the Rockaways, following the beat the Badger had patrolled, and on the verge of darkness sighted the spout of Sandy Hook and came to anchor for the night under the guns of the forts. They were safe! A fat cruise, everyone agreed. The prizes should yield \$100,000, at the lowest computation and allowing for the loss of one of the three sent in, what with the gold in the Centurion's strong box and the choicer bits of cargo stowed in the hold. And that meant some \$350 in prize money for every seaman.

Of all the crew, Fellowes, alone, was moody, and received indifferently the congratulations of visitors. By his instructions, nothing was said of the capture of the True Bounty, and the Inglepins and their attendant were confined in the after-cabin. They were Joshua's personal share of the spoil, he reflected cynically, they and the libit of treason that went with them, and Joshua should be the first to gloat over their humiliation and shame. He'd have nothing to do with it after discharging his duty. Surrender them, give his report—and go. Where? Anywhere there was fighting.

He abandoned his reflections when the Inglepins came on deck, the duenna, wrapped in her funeral garments, clinging to Cara like a shadow. Both Ben and his daughter looked like people who have shut the past from their minds, who front the future unafraid. Ben nodded pleasantly to Fellowes, and Cara enfolded him in one of those compassionate glances which made him writhe inwardly. Why should she pity him? He wanted none of her pity. And annoyed, self-conscious, his expression became wooden and taciturn as he responded to their greetings.

Nogge had the longboat hoisted out. In addition to the oarsmen, Fellowes detailed an armed escort, consisting of Sopher, Eaches, Doak, Cuffee, and Tom, and when they had taken their places he asked the Inglepins to follow them. The duenna was lowered in a lubber seat. Her vast bulk could never have accommodated itself to the Jacob's ladder. And last, he went overboard himself, precisely dressed in a fresh uniform, sword and pistols at his belt, the compromising petition Cuffee had found in the True Bounty's anchor-stock folded up in his breast pocket.

His hand crept toward the pocket, rested on his coat-lapel. He toyed with the thought of wrenching the document from its hiding place and casting it into the East river. But Cara's eyes were on him, steady eyes, pitying eyes, and head and head

dropped together. Had she read his purpose? Or was that but fancy, too!

"Faster, men!" he urged the rowers hoarsely.

It was only six months since the True Bounty and Centurion had sailed, and the waterfront remembered the gossip that linked the two vessels. And here was Ben Inglepin returning in Joshua Inglepin's brig, with an armed escort in attendance. Cara, her hand on her father's arm, waved to an occasional acquaintance, smiling frankly. The duenna was a shapeless mass, waddling after them. Nimrod Sopher, very important, strode in front. Doak and Eaches marched behind him, and Tom and Cuffee immediately behind the Inglepins and the duenna. Fellowes brought up the rear, denying the requests for information which were showered upon him, as the word spread along the docks—"Hey, the Centurion's in! They got Ben Inglepin 'n' his gal."

Merchants and shopkeepers, hucksters and peddlers, sailors and militiamen, boys, and girls, market women, housewives, maid servants, added toward Front street. Far in the rear a brace of fat watchmen hobbled anxiously, inquiring of everyone they met what had happened. In Front street they had an answer:

"Ben Inglepin's in Joshua's office. Joshua's, I tell ye. No, no, not his'n. Ain't nobody there. No, ye can't get in. Joshua's privateersmen won't let ye."

But the watchmen persisted and forced their way to the door-step. At that moment Fellowes emerged from the doorway of Joshua Inglepin's office, and the grim, set expression of his features, the competent poise of his lean body, caught the attention of the nearer bystanders. Men craned on tiptoe to catch the few words he spoke.

"You two are watchmen? Then one of you is to go to Government house, and inform Governor Tompkins, with Mr. Joshua Inglepin's compliments, that the Centurion privateer is in, and Mr. Inglepin will be obliged if his excellency will attend here to examine certain matters of importance."

A dozen voices hailed Fellowes. "What's toward, sir?" "Are the Brits coming in?" "Will they engage the forts?"

"I have no information of that character, gentlemen," Fellowes answered. "As a matter of fact, the blockading squadron was driven offshore by the recent storm."

"Did ye have a good cruise?" called a different group. And one deep voice roared: "What happened to yer foretopmast?"

"We lost it in action with the Badger sloop-of-war," Fellowes returned. And sensing the abrupt tension produced by the statement, went on: "It may interest you to know that we sunk her. We have the survivors of her crew aboard, and among other things I must consult the governor as to their disposition."

A cheer that was almost hysterical acclaimed the news.

## CHAPTER XIV

### Joshua's Decision

Joshua Inglepin stood in the entrance of his private office as Fellowes ushered the prisoners in from the street. His eyes gleamed like blue agates, his jaw was clamped rigidly; but there was less color than usual in his face, and his neck-cloth was damp with sweat. Ben was debonaire, self-possessed. He regarded Joshua half-humorously, gave him a curt nod and a "Morning, Joe," while Joshua eyed him almost slyly, and appeared to be fumbling for words.

Cara, after a single level-eyed stare at her uncle, looked idly out a window at the crowd besieging the warehouse. The duenna stood listlessly, clicking her beads in black-mittened hands.

"Humph," exploded Joshua, clearing his throat. "D—d if you didn't do it, eh, Fellowes? But where's Chater?"

"Dead."

And at the word a little, cool wave seemed to roll across the room, chilling the hearts of all who heard it. Joshua's mouth worked for a moment before he spoke again.

"Dead, eh? And the True Bounty?"

"We buried her. I couldn't spare the men to fetch her home."

"Had reason, I suppose?"

"We found what we sought," Fellowes answered, and thrust a hand into the pocket which contained the petition. But Joshua stopped him by a gesture.

"Not out here. Too public—people can see through those windows. Come inside."

He stood back while they filed into the private office, then shut the door after them.

"This is better," he said, in no hurry to accept the paper Fellowes had produced. "By the way! See anything of Collishaw?"

"He's dead," Fellowes replied, wincing. "We sank the Badger."

"This is what I call a thorough job," he exclaimed. "Tis what comes of hating enough."

The bellow of the crowd had risen louder, and Fellowes made an excuse of it to change the subject.

"We should get rid of those people, sir," he said. "They may be dangerous. And here is the paper. 'Tis important. If—if anything is to be done, the governor should see it immediately."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

The Best That's in Him  
What should be a man's first ambition? I should say to do as well as he can with what has been given him.  
—E. W. Hows Monthly.

## Clean Kidneys By Drinking Lots of Water

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys, if Bladder Bothers or Back Hurts

Eating too much rich food may produce kidney trouble in some form, says a well-known authority, because the acids created excite the kidneys. Then they become overworked, get sluggish, clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region, rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, begin drinking lots of good water and also get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys may then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for years to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity; also to neutralize the acids in the system so that they no longer irritate, thus often relieving bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to help keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus often avoiding serious kidney disorders.

### Another Universal Language

The latest effort at a universal language is "Panoptic English" which has been devised by a self-constituted group of scholars and scientists of Cambridge, Mass. English is the basis and it consists of only about 600 words and the whole language is exhaustively explained in a very small book of two or three pages. The claim is made that it is so simple a person of any nationality could learn it in a few months at the most and persons who are quick at such things could master the new language in a few weeks.

Snowy linens are the pride of every housewife. Keep them in that condition by using Red Cross Bleu in your laundry. At all grocers.—Adv.

### English Established Church

The principal revenue of the Church of England is obtained through its large estates and endowments and from tithes. Collections are taken up in the Church of England as elsewhere.

Cornell is the first university to establish an ultra-violet ray solarium for its students in an attempt to prevent colds.

## Acknowledged as a protection against Skin Troubles



Price 25c. Free Trial Size. Patent Drug & Chemical Corporation, Malden, Mass.

Long Life on the Farm  
Remarkable longevity was disclosed at the recent dinner of the Williston (England) Agricultural association. Benjamin Bouch, who headed the list of aged farm-hands, was eighty-six. The other winners were eighty-five and eighty-four. All the nine entrants in the class for aged women were eighty years or more. Harriet Milton, the first prize winner, was eighty-seven and one-half, and the youngest aspirant was eighty-one. The ages of the nine totaled seven hundred and fifty years.

## "Lucile is the Happiest Girl"

So many mothers nowadays talk about giving their children fruit juices, as if this were a new discovery. As a matter of fact, for over fifty years, mothers have been accomplishing results far surpassing anything you can secure from home prepared fruit juices, by using pure, wholesome California Fig Syrup, which is prepared under the most exacting laboratory supervision from ripe California Figs, richest of all fruits in laxative and nourishing properties.

It's marvelous to see how bilious, weak, feverish, sallow, constipated, under-nourished children respond to its gentle influence; how their breath clears up, color flames in their cheeks, and they become sturdy, playful, energetic again. A Western mother, Mrs. H. J. Stoll, Valley P. O., Nebraska, says: "My little daughter, Roma Lucile, was constipated from babyhood. I became worried about her and decided to give her some California Fig Syrup. It stopped her constipation quick; and the way it improved her color and made her pick up made me realize how run-down she had been. She is so sturdy and well now, and always in such good humor that neighbors say she's the happiest girl in the West."

Like all good things, California Fig Syrup is limited, but you can always get the genuine by looking for the name "California" on the carton.

Total Disregard  
He—Does Vera look her age?  
She—No; she overlooks it.—Royal Arcanum Bulletin.

## CLEANSING SOOTHING ANTISEPTIC



## Garfield Tea

Was Your Grandmother's Remedy  
For every stomach and intestinal ill, this good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ills and other derangements of the system so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.

## PISO'S for COUGHS

PISO'S gives quick, effective relief. Pleasant, soothing and healing. Excellent for children—contains no opiates. Successfully used for 65 years. 35c and 60c sizes.

## PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes dandruff, itching, itching, restores color and beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at drug stores. Illinois Chemical Works, Ypsilanti, Mich.

## SALESMEN WANTED

MEN and WOMEN for high class educational work. BOX 367 PRICZ, UTAH

## The Albany

Denver's Central Downtown Hotel at Reasonable Rates  
Frank R. Dutton, Martin E. Hawley

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 4-1930.

Perhaps  
"At a first night the gallery-ites go to see the celebrities in the stalls, and the stallsites go to see each other," says a critic.  
There is probably some reason or other for the presence of the actors, as well.—Montreal Star.

## A NEW AGE OF LUBRICATION BEGINS WITH THIS NEW MOTOR OIL CHARACTERISTIC:

# "Penetrative Lubricity"\*

## CONOCO Alone Has this New Characteristic

Since the discovery of the wheel, lubrication has been a necessity and a problem. The first rude barrows which pre-historic men built, needed lubrication, and one of the brighter tribesmen began rubbing the axles of his primitive cart with raw animal meat.

With Watt's invention of the steam engine in 1763, metal-on-metal friction resulted. Then it was that animal and vegetable oil lubricants became definitely unsatisfactory. Their tendency to leave corrosive deposits ruled them out.

Mineral Oils Are Discovered  
After the drilling of the first oil well in 1857, mineral oils became commercially successful. Because petroleum was plentiful and was free from gumming and corroding tendencies, it rapidly supplanted animal and vegetable oils.

But since 1901 there have been practically no changes of fundamental importance in refining motor oils.

Now since 1901, think of the changes that have been made in motor oil! Probably the make of car you drive today was not even manufactured in 1901. Certainly its needs for oils are far more exacting!

The Development of Germ Process  
Foreseeing that ordinary mineral oils would eventually fail to meet the increasing strains put upon them, Wells and Southcombe, two British scientists began a study of the problem which occupied 16 years. The result of their efforts was the isolation of the Germ Essence—a property that provides increased "lubricity" when introduced into mineral oils. These processes were patented and Continental acquired them exclusively for North America. The Continental plant brings you the first and only fundamentally better oil of the century!

Germ Process and Penetrative Lubricity  
The Germ Process adds one startling characteristic to CONOCO Germ-Processed Motor Oils. It enables them to penetrate metal surfaces! This means that an enduring oil film actually penetrates all working parts and clings under all conditions. In starting when 40% to 60% of motor wear occurs . . . in speeding when any failure of the film is fatal to motor life, remember this—the permanence of this film precludes any possibility of metal abrasion. The germ-essence naturally adds greater "oiliness" and we call that lubricity. So we have Penetrative Lubricity as the outstanding characteristic of this new oil.

When will you begin using CONOCO Germ-Processed Motor Oil?

## THE FOUR AGES OF LUBRICATION

<p>2 Years B. C. to 1763 Animal Fats for Wood-on-Wood Friction</p>	<p>1763 to 1859 Vegetable Oils and Animal Fats for Metal-on-Metal Friction</p>
<p>1859 to 1918 Petroleum discovered and used—not as "oil" but does not corrode</p>	<p>GERM-PROCESSED OILS 1929 The first fundamentally better oils of the Century!</p>

\* Means—Slipperiness, smoothness, freedom from friction; also the property that diminishes friction, as the lubricity of oil, coupled with the unique ability to penetrate metal surfaces.

CONOCO GERM-PROCESSED PARAFFIN BASE MOTOR OIL

# Stock Reducing Sale!

Beginning Saturday, February 1st - Ending March 1st

The Store With Real Values

Special Prices on all Goods - Full value for your Dollars

Visit our Store and Save Money by Buying Now!

Values up to \$1.85	Special Lot	Big Assortment
Children's Dresses, Hoover Aprons, Happy Home House Dresses - Your Choice 95c	Ladies' Felt Slippers, Padded Sole, Ribbon Trim, Assorted Shades, Only 50c pair	Men's Work Pants Values up to 3.00 Now 1.85
Values up to \$7.50 Stylish Silk Dresses Choice \$4.65	<b>Special Lot</b> Ladies' and Misses' Dress Shoes Choice \$2.85 Play Suits for Children in Plain Blue and Stripes, Crown Make Choice 95c	50c Gauntlet Gloves Stiff Cuff, Leather Palm, Tipped Fingers and Thumb, 2 pr., 75c
Values up to \$16.50 Smart Silk Dresses, Choice 9.85	School Tablets, Loose Fillers any 5c Tablet, 6 for 25c	Men's Neckwear 50c Grade, now 35c; 75c, now 50c; 1.00, now 75c.
Values up to \$1.50 Ladies Silk Hose New Shades 85c pr.	Men's Dress Pants Values to 4.85, Now 3.85; Values to 6.85, Now 4.85	Misses and Children's Shoes <b>Special Lot</b> Choice 1.95
Values up to \$1.00 Ladies' Silk Bloomers, Only 65c	Balloon Pants Regular 1.85 and 2.00 Grade Only 1.65	Men's Leather Coats Lumber Jackets, Sweaters Greatly REDUCED!
Values up to \$1.50 Ladies' Silk Bloomers, Lace Trim Extra Value Only \$1.15	Best Grade Union Made Overalls and Jumpers, Headlight, Crown Ironalls, Only 1.75	Men's Dress Shirts New Fancy Patterns, Colorfast Broadcloth, Only 95c
Great REDUCTION on all Children, Misses' and Ladies' Sweaters	Waist Overalls 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 Youths' Boys' Men's 75c, 1.00, 1.25	\$1.00 Work Shirts Tan, Blue, Gray, Chambray; also Black Sateen, Only 75c
Bibb Overalls \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 Youths' Boys' Men's 75c, 1.00, 1.25	Comforts and Blankets Special Reduction	Khaki Twill Pants 1.25, 1.50, 2.00 Youths' Boys' Men's 95c, 1.15, 1.45
Ladies' and Misses' Hats Choice \$1.00		Trunks and Suit Cases

## Prehm's Bargain House

The Store With Better Values

Carrizozo

New Mexico

Ziegler Brothers

## Girls' Pretty New Blouses



Each Little Girl will love this New Spring Line of Party Dresses, and Mothers will be delighted at the New Patterns, Colors and Fabrics that are being offered at such Reasonable Prices - Sizes, Two to Eight years

Price at \$1.35 to \$2.35

## Spring Exhibit of New Footwear

featuring the Latest Models to arrive at Ziegler Bros.; the finest creations of the boot-maker's art, all at an unusually low price for this time of the year.

## ZIEGLER BROTHERS

"UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS"

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

ESTABLISHED in 1836

## PERSONALS

Mrs. Jimmy Lee

and son Jimmy, Jr., came up from El Paso the latter part of last week and will visit for an indefinite period with Mrs. Lee's mother, Mrs. E. H. Sweet and sister, Louise, at the Carrizozo Meeting House.

George Hall

former resident of Corona, but now residing at Santa Rosa, was here last Saturday and left his subscription for the Outlook, so that he may keep posted on the affairs of his home locality. Mr. Hall is engaged in the drilling business, drilling for oil and water. He reports business extraordinary good in his locality, not only in his own line, but everything else seems to be on the boom in and near Santa Rosa.

Miss Janet Drummond

of Elmdale, Kansas, came in last Sunday and will be the guest of Miss Harriett Blackwell for several weeks. This is Miss Drummond's first visit to this section of the Sunshine State and we hope she will be pleased with our country and we know that she will be pleased with our people.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Ed Harris

returned from their wild goose hunt on the Rio Grande, and Saturday, a goose feast was prepared at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly, and all the good things that go together to make an old-fashioned home dinner adorned the table. They left again Wednesday to finish the season which will end today and they will be home tomorrow.

### The Social Meeting

of the Methodist Woman's Missionary Society for the month of January, was held last Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Carl Freeman, who was assisted by Mrs. Clyde Lucky. Nineteen members and guests enjoyed an afternoon entertained with handwork, games and pleasant conversation. Lovely refreshments were served by the hostesses.

### Turkeys! Turkeys!

Mammoth Bronze Turkeys

Big Healthy Birds

TOMS - \$5.00

HENS - 3.50

See or write Bert Pfingsten, Hondo, N. M.

Mrs. Geo. B. Barber

who has been at Albuquerque for the past several months, will arrive here today or tomorrow, according to word received at this office from Mrs. Barber a few days ago.

Mrs. J. M. Frame

of Ancho, who has been ill for the past three months, a portion of which time being in the S. P. Hospital at San Francisco, has improved to such a gratifying extent that she will be home in a few weeks, according to word received from there this week, by Mr. Frame.

Mrs. Albert Ziegler

entertained the Carrizozo Bridge Club at her home last Saturday.

J. R. Franch

made a trip to Santa Fe and Albuquerque, where he spent several days and returned, accompanied by his son, Miller, who after spending a few days with his parents, left Wednesday to resume his studies at the "U."

### Commissioners' Proceedings

Regular January meeting of the Board of County Commissioners; convened at 9 o'clock a. m., Monday, January 6, 1930. Meeting called to order by J. E. Brady, Sheriff.

Present - Earl B. Rountree, Chairman; Chas. F. Gray, Vice-Chairman; A. F. Stover, Member; J. E. Brady, Sheriff; S. E. Greisen, Clerk.

Petition presented to the Board for the construction of a road from Tecolote via Jack's Peak School House to connect with the Capitan-Encinosa road at the Jones ranch, north of Capitan; the Board takes no action at this time on said petition.

In the matter of the appointment of the member of the County Board of Tax Appraisers for Lincoln County for the year 1930, the following nominations were made:

R. E. Lemon and G. A. Buchanan. After due consideration R. E. Lemon is appointed as a member of said Board for the year 1930.

The following Justice of the Peace reports are hereby approved - A. H. Harvey, Precinct No. 14; S. W. Land, Prec. No. 10; Fortino Beltran, Prec. No. 1.

A Petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners from the citizens of Prec. No. 1, requesting the appointment of Roman Maez as Constable of said precinct, the Board after due consideration hereby appoints Roman Maez constable in and for Prec. No. 1, Lincoln.

The Precincts of Lincoln county shall be numbered and designated by name as follows - Nos. 1 - Lincoln, 2 - Hondo, 3 - Arabela, 4 - Pichaco, 5 - Rabenton, 6 - Encinosa, 7 - Jicarilla, 8 - White Oaks, 9 - Capitan, 10 - Ruidoso, 11 - Nogal, 12 - Bonita, 13 - Co-

rona, 14 - Carrizozo, 15 - Os-curo, 16 - Ancho, 17 - Spindle, 18 - Joneta.

The same is hereby approved on this 6th day of January, 1930 and the boundaries of the various Precincts to be recorded in the Record of Commissioners' Proceedings of Lincoln County.

There appearing to be no further business before the Board, the same is hereby recessed.

### RESOLUTION

Whereas, it has come to the Attention of the Board of County Commissioners that the records of Lincoln County are incomplete as to precinct boundaries; that the boundary lines are not closed in some precincts; that there have been no changes, except by elimination, for more than 30 years and that certain communities are now greatly inconvenienced in getting to polling places, and,

Whereas, the following Notice was published in the Carrizozo Outlook on Dec. 18 and 20, 1929, advising the public of contemplated action of the Board of County Commissioners:

### NOTICE

"Be it resolved by the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County in session this 10th of December, 1929, at the County Courthouse in Carrizozo, New Mexico:

That it is found that the boundary lines and records of the various precincts of Lincoln county are not complete or correct.

Therefore, the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County are going to re-district the precincts of Lincoln County at their regular meeting to be held on Monday, Jan. 6, 1930, and pass a resolution fixing same.

Any persons interested in the changing of precinct boundary lines may appear at said above set forth meeting," and

Whereas, authority for change in precinct boundaries is vested in the Board of County Commissioners by the provision of the 1927 Election Code.

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln county that the aforesaid be the numbers, names and boundaries of the Precincts of Lincoln county, New Mexico.

### Died Suddenly

On Wednesday afternoon, at about 5 o'clock, Lucillo Archuleta who had been doing chores around his home during the day, went in the house and told his mother that he felt very bad. She helped him to a chair, where he died in a few minutes.

Funeral services were held at the St. Rita Church Thursday and interment made local. The neighborhood sympathize with the Archuleta family.

### Bridge and Bunco

Carrizozo High School Athletic Association is giving a bridge and bunco party at Wetmore Hall, Saturday night, February 1, at 8 o'clock. If you play neither bridge, bunco, or dominoes, other games will be provided. A charge of 50 cents will be made which will include refreshments. Let the basketball teams show you what good hosts and hostesses they can be. They promise everybody a good time.

Mrs. A. E. Zumwalt

and daughter, Mrs. Gilbert Peters were down yesterday from the Nogal-Mesa, doing some shopping and returning home in the afternoon.

### To the People of Lincoln County

In reviewing our Savings Accounts we find we have 392 with a total of \$150,668.25. In addition to this we have in the last year bought for our customers approximately \$200,000 in U. S. Bonds.

Of this record Carrizozo and vicinity can well be proud and it really puts the locality in a class all by itself as compared with other New Mexico points when population and general conditions of the last few years are considered.

Every man and woman should have a savings account and one should be started for each child and maintained until ready for use, for higher education or some other worthy purpose. The handling of a savings account tends to promote habits of economy, industry, carefulness, thrift.

If the road for the thrifless and unprepared has been hard in the last 20 years it will be infinitely harder in the next twenty. Business is not being done as it used to be. A very radical change is taking or has taken place and the road for the unprepared will be littered with wrecks among which they will be forced to take their place.

Call and see us or write us and we will assist you to get started.  
E. M. Brickley, Cashier,  
First National Bank,  
Carrizozo, N. M.

Fireman Bryan Gazier was off the Tucumcari board this week, and made a business trip to El Paso.

Fireman Lawrence Rowland was off the Tucumcari board on account of illness this week.