

\$1. Special \$1.

DINNER WITH - Shrimp Cocktail One-Half Spring Chicken (Fried or Broiled) Tenderloin Steak Club Style 75c DINNER 75c Soup Chicken Broth a la Royal CHOICE OF- Fried Chicken a la Maryland -or- Roast Prime Rib of Beef Au Jus -or- Small Sirloin Steak Bearnaise Pine Apple Fritters Canded Sweet Potatoes New Green Peas in Butter Hot Tea Biscuits Wilted Lettuce and Hard Boiled Eggs CHOICE OF- Ice Cream and Cake -or- Boston Cream Pie Tea Coffee

Carrizozo Eating House Sunday, August 23, 1931

Mr. Treib Pays Us a Visit

E. C. Treib, Lessee of the Lyric Theatre was here Monday from Roswell, and after inspecting the equipment of the theatre which he found to be 100% in every way, left Tuesday morning.

Mr. Treib has two theatres in Roswell, the Princess and the Captain, both of which have been lately remodeled. He expressed himself as being well satisfied in the manner in which Mr. Earnest has his equipment in operation at the Lyric. "The sound," said Mr. Treib, "is equally as good as we have in either of our theatres in Roswell."

There is a good line - up of pictures dated for Carrizozo, and a visit to the theatre will convince the most skeptical of the fact that the sound reception is as good as any in the southwest. Give the local amusement enterprise your support and become a regular patron.

Miss Louise Sweet

wrote this office a nice letter this week. Miss Louise is undergoing advanced study on the violin at the Conservatory of Music at Cincinnati, Ohio. She has been very busy with her course, but has found some periods which have enabled her to become better acquainted with Cincinnati and its people, whom it has afforded her great pleasure to meet. She has also visited the many places of interest in the city and vicinity, where Miss Louise has been courteously entertained - but still contends "there's no place like home." She will leave Cincinnati for home about Aug. 29.

Birthday Theatre Party

Last Saturday, Aug. 15, being the 13th birthday of little Miss Margaret Shafer, Mrs. Shafer entertained in her honor with a line theatre party, the guests numbering twelve. After attending the Lyric, they were taken to the Shafer home, where after games were played, the hostess served dainty refreshments.

E. L. Christian, traveling freight agent for the S. P. lines, was here yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

LOCAL MENTION

Wayne Zumwalt will fill the vacancy of Mr. Null as Cashier of the First State Bank at Mountainair. The Nulls are returning to Marysville, Mo., their old home. - Estancia News-Herald. Ed. note - Wayne was at one time with the First National Bank of Carrizozo and Mountainair has made a valuable addition to their list of residents in the coming of Mr. and Mrs. Zumwalt.

Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Estancia Rose and family were here last week, Mr. Rose working in the interest of a highway that will connect the country to the extreme north, forming a link with the Canadian highways. Mr. Rose was editor of the Outlook in the early days of Carrizozo; he recalled many things of interest still here, and reminded him of the days when Carrizozo was in her swaddling clothes.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Thornton of Oscura were Carrizozo visitors on Tuesday of this week.

This office acknowledges the receipt of a nice, newsy letter from our old friend and former resident of Fort Stanton, W. S. Howson, who is now located at New Orleans in the employ of the government. After saying that he enjoys the weekly visits of the Outlook, where he reads about his many friends in Lincoln County whom he wishes well and sends his best regards. Mr. Howson resided at the Fort for a number of years, during which time he made many lasting friends not only there, but over the County.

Professor and Mrs. D. U. Groce spent a portion of the week at Corona, assisting Prof. Groce's sister, who is locating there and will teach in the Corona schools for the fall and winter term.

Sheriff John E. Brady and Henry Delgado were Roswell business visitors the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Robinson came through here yesterday from Three Rivers and went on to Santa Fe where they will transact some business, after which they will visit the different historical points at the ancient city. They will return about Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. U. Finley left yesterday morning for Roswell where they will attend the State Golf Association which will be held today and tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lovelace were here Tuesday from Corona attending to some business matters and returning to their ranch in the evening. They were greatly elated over the good rains they have had in the Corona district of late, which insures a fine range for the coming winter season. Water holes in that vicinity are well filled, stock is fat and healthy.

John Scharf was here Monday from White Oaks and his smile told how well he was pleased with the good moisture they have had in that locality during the past week.

This For That



Announcing the Opening Of the Carrizozo Public Schools Monday, August 31, 1931, 8:30 A. M.

The Carrizozo Schools are up-to-date in every respect and fully accredited. The faculty is composed of college men and women who are Specialists in the subjects that they teach.

This year, the Carrizozo High School offers the largest and most complete curricula ever offered in the history of the school. New elective courses in Science, Commerce, History and Music will be added to increase the total number of units in all subjects to 31 this year.

Parents residing outside of the Carrizozo School District are invited to enter their children in the Carrizozo Schools this year, free of tuition charge.

High School Education is more valuable today than ever before in the history of the world. Increased competition in all lines

of human endeavor coupled with an unparalleled increase in high school attendance places a severe and lasting handicap on the youth who is without high school training.

Statistics prove that every day spent in high school is worth \$10.50 to the student in money value alone as based upon the increased earnings of high school graduates over the earnings of individuals not thus trained.

Today, High School Education is the Nation's Birthright of Youth-in-terms of service, economic independence, and happiness. Carrizozo High School earnestly desires to serve this Community and Nation by helping young men and women to acquire this Heritage of Great Price.

Mrs. Christian Schale

Edith Degg was born in Hedgesford, Staffordshire, England, May 29, 1870. She died in El Paso, Texas, August 12, 1931. She married Christian Schale in 1888. To this union, eleven children were born: Geo. W. Schale, Albert Schale, Mesdames Marie Disinger, Edith Van Schoyck, Jane Eaker, Josephine Brungardt, Mabel Kessel, Misses Minnie, Dorothy, Blanche, and Fred Schale, the two last named preceding their mother in death.

Besides her children, Mrs. Schale leaves a sister, Mrs. Blanche Bailey and nine grandchildren to mourn her passing. Mrs. Schale accepted Christ as her saviour and united with the Episcopalian church early in life.

After brief services conducted at the cemetery by the Reverend John L. Lawson, Saturday morning, August 15, the body was laid to rest beside her husband in the White Oaks cemetery. To the surviving relatives, the sympathy of this and surrounding communities is extended.

Miss Belle Lutz left Saturday for Dalhart, Tex., where she will visit for several weeks with her sister, Mrs. O. W. Bamberger and family.

Attention, Masons!

There will be a Regular Communication of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., on Saturday night, Aug. 22, for the purpose of business.

All Master Masons are cordially invited. E. M. Brickley, W. M., R. E. Lemon, Secretary.

Nogal Items

Chas. F. Burton, employee on the LeBaron ranch, has returned from Louisiana where he visited relatives and friends.

Marion Hust and family were up from their ranch near Oscura last week.

Jesse Peacock and wife, Orley Brack and family were here from Hagerman last week for a few days' visit.

We received the sad news of the death of R. C. Skinner last week with regrets.

Geo. Hust, who was operated on a short while back, is practically well now.

Ethel May and son-in-law Paul Vandergriff made a trip to southern Texas for a short visit with her parents. They returned to Nogal this week.

Silas May of Tucuman passed through Nogal on Wednesday of last week.

Ethel Maloney is here this week from Phoenix, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Helms.

The Graves' Orchestra will be greatly improved now, as they have added another musician to the organization.

Albert May, who has been in El Paso receiving treatment for his eyesight, is back home and aside from his eyes being very weak, he is somewhat better.

Wm. Ferguson and his road crew have greatly improved the roads which were badly washed out during the recent rains.

For Sale - Nice, Fat Hens; R. I. Reds and Barred Plymouth Rocks. - Jesse J. May, Nogal.

CORONA CLEANINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Gates returned Thursday to their home in Pampa, Texas, after a two weeks' stay with J. A. Gates, who at this time is recovering from a stroke of paralysis.

Warner Greer, T. C. Greer, daughter and Miss Clara Greer drove in Sunday from Wewoka, Okla., for a visit with the G. W. Greer family. At present the whole party is on a fishing trip at Chama Canyon.

W. S. Dishman and daughter Zella left Saturday for Hadley, Texas. They were accompanied by Mr. Dishman's mother and a niece who have been here for a short visit.

Active construction on the new schoolhouse began Tuesday and is progressing rapidly.

Mrs. Edgar Ogden stopped overnight enroute to visit friends in Santa Rosa. Miss Dorothy Arnold returned with her from El Paso and will remain here for a few days before joining Mrs. Ogden on her return trip.

The C. E. Porter family and Delbert Jolly are attending the First American in Albuquerque.

Bryce Ward is in Albuquerque for a few days. Jack Kemper is looking after his business while he is away.

Mr. and Mrs. Fornham of Joplin, Mo., have been spending a few days here. Mrs. Fornham has returned to Joplin to make arrangements to move to Corona where she will join her husband who has purchased the Richards hotel and filling station at Torrance.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Eagleton and Mrs. Nay Service are guests this week at the M. C. Richards home in Alamogordo.

Mrs. W. C. Monk is enjoying the visit of her sister and family from Houston, Texas.

Word has been received from Mr. and Mrs. Paul Long and Verdine Cleghorn, who moved last week to a new home on the California coast.

Drowning

Serferino Montoya was drowned while attempting to swim across the Big Tank two miles south of Corona last week. Rescuers were more than two hours in getting him to the bank. All efforts at resuscitation proved futile. Burial was made in the local cemetery. He is survived by his wife, two children, his parents and three sisters, to all of whom our sincere sympathy is extended. - Serferino was born in Carrizozo; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dionicio Montoya, residing here for several years before moving to Corona.

Mrs. Alice M. French

County School Superintendent, has been called to Santa Fe by Mrs. Lusk, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, to attend a meeting of the County Superintendents throughout the State.

All schools throughout the County will open on Monday, Sept. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Payne, daughter June and Miss Gerhardt of Abilene, Tex., a cousin to Mrs. Payne, were here from their ranch near Capitan last Saturday. Miss Gerhardt is paying a visit to the Payne family and like our part of the state very much and we hope that she will come again.

LYRIC THEATRE

(G. Earnest, Mgr.)

Talking Pictures at their Best

Friday - Saturday - Warner Bros. present "Captain Thunder" Hot Tamale Heartbreaker. Kisses as hot as chile con carne! The grandest lover on the Rio Grande! Also chapter 7 of "The Indians Are Coming."

Sunday - Monday - Tuesday - "The Office Wife." Story of a new angle in the triangle! A busy man is thrown continuously into the society of a pretty and intelligent young secretary; a woman who understands his business - and himself - better than his wife does. Dorothy Mackaill, Lewis Stone, Hobart Bosworth, Blanche Frederici.

Coming Attractions "CIMARRON" - "The Lady Surrenders" - "Dracula" - Amos 'n' Andy in "Check and Double Check."

Murder at San Patricio

Tuesday afternoon at about 1:30, Bruce Wilson, 55, shot and killed Jim T. Boatwright. The two men had had several quarrels, the first about three months

ago and the second nearly a month ago, at which time the victim said that Wilson had made an attempt to go into his pocket after a gun, at which Boatwright knocked him down.

There was no further trouble until Tuesday afternoon at the time mentioned above, when Boatwright went to Wilson's house and as he entered, Wilson, who was sitting on his bed engaged in conversation with a Spanish-American lad of 16, fired five shots into his body with a .45 calibre gun, killing him instantly.

This is the story given to us by Sheriff John E. Brady, who received the statement from the young man, who was the only eye witness to the shooting.

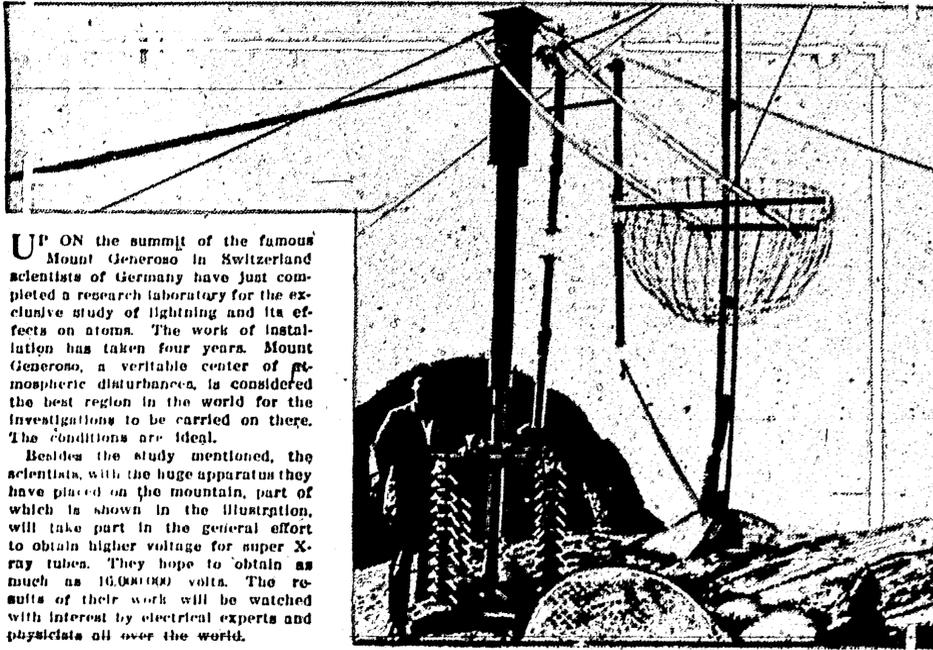
At the preliminary hearing before Justice Gallegos of San Patricio, Wilson was bound over to await the action of the District Court without bail. Sheriff Brady brought his prisoner with him and placed him in the county jail.

Salvation Army Campaign

Baron Auriemma is here this week winding up his campaign for the Salvation Army. He delivered a religious address at Lincoln Sunday and sang "The Holy City," with Mrs. J. M. Penfield at the piano. At 3 p. m. he sang in Ward 10 at Fort Stanton "God Touched the Rose," "Where the River Shannon Flows," "Absent" and "Let Me Call You Sweetheart." This was followed by a program in the dining hall as follows: "The Hills of Home," "Invictus," "The Blind Ploughman," "Holy City," "La Donna Mobile," "O Sole Mio," "It A Depends on You," "Springtime in the Rockies" and "Good Night Sweet Dreams," in all of which selections he was accompanied by Mrs. W. C. Hendren at the piano.

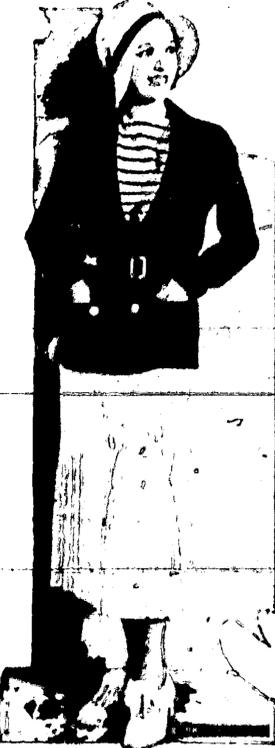
The receipts so far from the places visited are as follows: Capitan \$70; Fort Stanton \$67.50; Lincoln \$81; Corona \$88; Carrizozo \$275, making a total of \$681.50 at this writing and is expected that the total will reach the \$600 mark before the close of the week. To all whom contributed to the fund and assisted in the musical programs at different places, Baron extends his thanks.

Studying the Lightning on a Mountain Top



UP ON the summit of the famous Mount Generoso in Switzerland scientists of Germany have just completed a research laboratory for the exclusive study of lightning and its effects on atoms.

Ready for Yachting



This young lady is smartly attired for yachting or spectator sports in a costume combining brown and white, with a panama hat of the profile type.

Your Home and You

By Betsy Callister

GOOD MIXER

"MY DAUGHTER got a lot out of her college course," a middle-aged mother told me the other day, "but she's not such a good mixer as I am even if I never did go to college."

This was rather surprising to hear, as I know that the daughter under discussion had been a leader among her classmates and was at the time chairman of the reception committee for graduation week.

"In some ways she is a fine cook and she learned a lot about planning meals and fixing up tasty dishes that don't cost much, but they have some of those new electric mixers in the cooking school kitchen and the girls have just got into the habit of using them. I'm old fashioned and I still think that a cake that is mixed regularly with a big wooden spoon tastes a lot better and bakes better than one that is mixed by electricity and I know a number of good cooks who agree with me."

I didn't stop to argue the point, but I admit to being now fashioned enough or lazy enough to think that any electrical or mechanical device that lessens physical work and shortens the time required to cooking are worth the benefit of a doubt.

(C. 1931, McClure Newspaper Syndicate) WNU Service

BEDTIME STORY FOR CHILDREN

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

HOW FLATHORNS THE MOOSE GOT EVEN

OF COURSE that is another way of saying that if some one wrongs us we shouldn't try to wrong them in return. But there are times when it seems as if the only way to teach some people a lesson so that they will not forget it is to treat them as they treat others.

"It was this way," began Honker. "Old Flathorns had been hunted and hunted by men with terrible guns until he was so uneasy and worried that he couldn't eat or sleep. The rustling of a leaf falling from a tree would make him jump and shake all over. It was dreadful. He didn't dare go to any of the places or use any of the paths which had been perfectly safe all summer. Once in a while he



"If These Men Would Fight Fairly, I Wouldn't Be Afraid," Said He.

would steal down to the lake where I was, and while he got his breath between drinks he would tell me about his trouble.

"If these men things would fight fairly, I wouldn't be afraid," said he. "But they don't. What chance have I got against them when they kill or hurt with their terrible fire-sticks while yet a long way off? If they would meet me face to face and fight fairly, as any honest liver in the Great Woods does, I wouldn't be afraid. I've never harmed or bothered them. If I could just catch one of them without his terrible fire-stick, I'd show you who's afraid."

"Right while he was talking there was the bang of one of those terrible fire-sticks, and old Flathorns went right down on his knees with a grunt,

and there was a red mark where something had hit him. But it didn't kill him. It just hurt him dreadfully and knocked him down. He closed his eyes for just a wee minute with the pain, and when he opened them there was the hunter running toward him and shouting excitedly. I guess by the way he acted that he never had shot anybody like Flathorns before, or he would have known better than to run out that way. The minute old Flathorns saw him he forgot all about being afraid of the hunter. He forgot all about the pain from the hurt made by that terrible fire-stick. He just jumped to his feet, all the hair on the back of his neck standing on end with anger, and with a fierce-sounding snort he put his big horns down and rushed straight at that hunter. The fire-stick banged once more, but I guess the hunter was too frightened to shoot straight. Anyway the hunter dropped his fire-stick and started to climb a tree just the way you do, Buster.

"He got out of reach of Flathorns just in time. He was the worst scared hunter ever you saw. His eyes looked as if they would pop out of his head. When he reached the first branches he hung on for dear life while old Flathorns butted the tree so hard that I didn't know but he would knock it down. It was all the hunter could do to hold on. How he did yell! It makes me laugh now just to think of it. Then old Flathorns stamped on that fire-stick and threw it about until I guess it wasn't good for much. After a while he grew tired and went off into the woods out of sight. The man waited a long time, and I guess finally he made up his mind that Flathorns really had gone away. He started to come down, but was only half way when old Flathorns as angry as ever, and the hunter scrambled back as fast as ever he could. Flathorns kept him up in that tree all night and it was a pretty cold night, too. He certainly was getting even for all the worry and trouble the hunters had made him, and I didn't blame him a bit. Do you?"

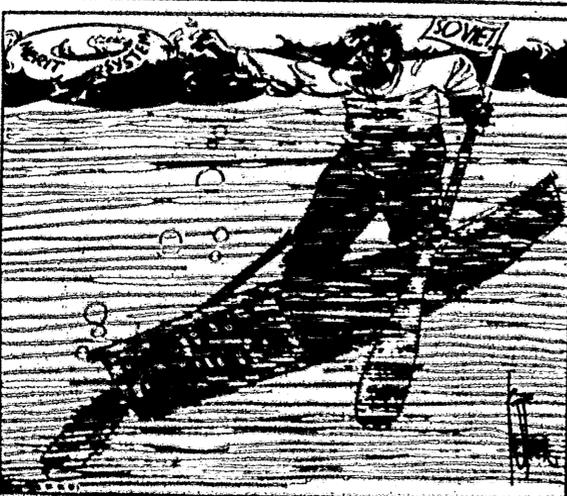
"Not a bit! Served that hunter right. Guess he knows now what it is like to be hunted," growled Buster Bear in his deep grumbly-rumbly voice, his little eyes twinkling. "Wish I could have seen him."

"Did the hunter get away?" asked Peter.

(C. 1931, Lloyd's WNU Service)

Historic Relics Preserved To make way for modern buildings, the walls of a primary and adjoining building of the seventeenth century in Edinburgh, Scotland, were razed, but several sculptural stones were preserved.

Life Preserver



Mother's Cook Book

Great occasions do not make heroes or cowards; they simply unveil them to the eyes of men.—Canon Westcott.

HOT DAYS WITH COOL DESSERTS

WITH one of the inexpensive vacuum freezers, or a mechanical refrigerator, one may have a different frozen dish every day while the warm weather lasts. When ices and creams have begun to pall on the family taste, try some of these dishes that are cool but simple to prepare.

Lemon Foam.

Boll together one cupful of sugar and one and one-half cupfuls of water for five minutes. Stir in two tablespoonfuls of corn starch mixed with one-half cupful of cold water, and cook over boiling water fifteen minutes. Add three tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, one teaspoonful of salt and one stiffly beaten egg white. Chill and serve on sponge cake.

Fruit Fluff.

Mix one and one-half tablespoonfuls of cornstarch with half a cupful of milk. Scald one and one-half cupfuls of milk in a double boiler. Beat two eggs slightly and add with one-fourth cupful of sugar and one-half teaspoonful of salt to the scalded milk; add cornstarch mixture, stir and cook until thick. Cool, well covered, add one teaspoonful of vanilla, and pour the custard over two cupfuls of sliced fruit. Beat the egg whites, add one-third cupful of powdered sugar, and pile on top of the pudding. Bake long enough to brown the meringue. Chill and serve cold.

Cinnamon Stick Pudding.

Wash, soak and cook one-half pound of prunes with a three-inch stick of cinnamon in the water, using three cupfuls of water. When the prunes are soft, remove the pits. Measure the liquid, adding more boiling water to make three cupfuls. Mix one-fourth of a cupful of cornstarch with cold water to make a paste and add slowly to the prune mixture. Cook carefully with one cupful of sugar, stirring constantly until it thickens, then cook over hot water for fifteen minutes more. Add one tablespoonful of lemon juice, salt to taste. Pour into molds or glasses to chill and serve with whipped-cream.

Dixie Peaches.

Line six sherbet glasses with shredded coconut; place a half of a fresh or canned peach on the coconut, cut side up. Cover peach with any good fruit sirup, fill the cavity in the peach with a spoonful of favorite jam. Cover with whipped cream and top with a bit of the jam for garnish. These may be served on rounds of sponge cake. (C. 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

SUPERSTITIOUS SUE



SHE HAS HEARD THAT—

If during a wedding ceremony the minister hesitates and makes a mistake—oh, thunder thoughts and lightning looks—some one present opposes the match. (C. 1931, McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Break the Chain

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

YOU'LL hear a lot, as like as not, from women and from men who hear a tale and seldom fail to tell the tale again. But when they come to me with some new scandal they obtain, I let it rest, I try my best—at least to break the chain.

They just drop in with some one's sin, a secret to disclose. They tell with winks what some one thinks. And not what some one knows. They say, "My word! You haven't heard. Of that? I wonder why?" Then if they vow you can't tell how you heard it, it's a lie.

Folks do not fear the truth to hear. To tell the truth as well; It's only when they doubt it, then they fear a tale to tell. They make you swear you'll never share The secret told to you. When that they say, then here's the way To fool them—never do. (C. 1931, Douglas Malloch, WNU Service.)

STAGE COACH TALES

By E. C. TAYLOR

A President Takes a Tumble

"WE DO NOT travel any more; we merely arrive." Macauley wrote this in commenting on the passing of the old days, when a trip was an adventure, when one lived every moment of his journey, whether it was a few hours' trip of a few miles, or a trek across the continent.

One of the most romantic periods of the history of the United States was that between 1800 and the coming of the railroads prior to 1850. That was the day of the stage coach.

The notes of the coachman's horn, the stamping of four or six horses, and the rattling of the old Concord stages that filled the highways of America in those years are nearly forgotten. Few records have been kept of their era, although for decades the life of the young nation flowed through these great arteries of travel.

The lords of that distant day were the drivers of the stage coaches. They were the boys' heroes, like aviators are today. Their word was law, and they were looked up to and respected by the great and the lesser individuals who comprised the general public.

Of the tales that are left of these romantic figures the most amusing perhaps is the one of how they ventured to express their emphatic disapproval of a President of the United States.

When Martin Van Buren was occupying the White House, he vetoed a bill appropriating funds for the improvement of the National road in Indiana. That great highway was the backbone of the nation between 1830 and 1848, when the railroads pushed westward over the Allegheny mountains.

Everywhere along the road there was great indignation over Van Buren's action. The stage drivers being sort of overlords of their community, and no doubt somewhat tired of the severe jolting they received when they drove their coaches at full speed over a rocky, rough and swampy highway, nursed their revenge.

Their opportunity came when Van Buren was returning to Washington, D. C., from a trip up the Mississippi valley. The President rode in as much peace and state as the highway then provided, until he reached Plainfield, Ind.

When his coach left Plainfield, it had an "accident," and the President of the United States was unceremoniously spilled out in the road, where the mud was deepest.

The identity of the driver of his coach is cloaked in mystery. Everyone denied responsibility for what had happened, although it is probably they all laughed up their sleeves.

Investigation showed that an axle had been sawed nearly in two, and it was brought out that the driver, when he reached a particularly muddy stretch of road, had not avoided any of the numerous bumps. The coach hit a big rock, and the axle broke. As it was going at good speed, the vehicle turned over, of course, and Mr. Van Buren was sent sprawling into the mud puddle.

The President returned to the tavern at Plainfield, and after cleaning up, started off again and reached the nation's capital without further mishap. But he had been taught an object lesson on the importance of keeping the country's greatest highway in repair. When the bill came to him again soon after his adventure, he promptly signed it.

The position held by the drivers of the old stage coaches was like that of the captain of a steamboat. Some of the drivers stood on as lofty a plane as the commanders of great ocean liners of the present day. Their word was law while on the road.

They came into constant touch with all the prominent political, social and commercial figures of the country, and their attention and favor was eagerly sought.

Although they were paid only a standard wage of \$12 a month and their board and lodging, they took precedence over even their most distinguished passengers.

In the eyes of small boys they were even above the President of the United States. They also thought well of themselves; as one driver remarked: "While I drive this coach I am the whole United States of America." (C. 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

Mighty Mites Termites cause \$1,000,000 worth of damage in Illinois every year, according to a bulletin of the American Institute of Architects. . . . They are second cousins of the ant family, and formerly lived almost entirely in the woods. . . . destruction of the forests is driving them to the cities, where they get into fireproof steel and masonry vaults and destroy valuable papers. . . . The wood sills of buildings are their favorite dish, and after they have held a few banquets in a sill nothing is left but a shell. . . . It may collapse, carrying the house with it.

Hours of Slumber Most medical authorities think the same amount of undisturbed sleep during the day gives the same benefit as sleep at night. They say that it does not make any difference when you sleep, so long as you get the required amount and so arrange your program of living that you get sufficient outdoor exercise.

Mercolized Wax Keeps Skin Young

Get an ounce and use as directed. Fine particles of aged skin peel off until all defects such as pimples, liver spots, tan and freckles disappear. Skin is then soft and velvety. Your face looks years younger. Mercolized Wax brings out the hidden beauty of your skin. To preserve wrinkles use one ounce Mercolized Wax dissolved in one-half pint witch hazel. At drug stores.

Engine, Aged 100, at Fire When the fire departments in neighboring towns refused to help extinguish a blaze in a grain store at Bishops Cleeve, England, a fire engine built in 1831 was used. . . . ladders poured water into the ancient machine with buckets, while others pumped. . . . Eventually a volunteer brigade at Stroud, 20 miles away, came to the rescue and extinguished the blaze. . . . Departments of other towns refused aid because the Bishops Cleeve council refused to contribute to their upkeep.

AVOID INFECTION HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh

ALTHOUGH I send manuscripts and \$1.50 for advice by experienced editors. Exclusive marketing. Authors & Journalists International Synd., 400 S. Western Av., Hollywood, Cal.

Booklet from High School. Best results. Promptness assured. WATSON E. COLLIER, Patent Lawyer, 124 9th St., Washington, D. C.

Sometimes Seems So "The lawyers make some glowing pleas for these prisoners." "To hear the orations, anyone of them has led a better life than I have," commented the weary court clerk.

DAISY FLY KILLER Picked anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Not clear, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal can't spill or tip over. Will kill or injure anything. Guaranteed. Send for DAISY FLY KILLER. HAROLD SOMERS, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Boon to Smallpox Patients Smallpox patients confined in rooms which admit light only through a special red glass have less scarring than patients confined under ordinary light conditions.

How One Man Lost 22 Pounds

Mr. Herman Runkle of Detroit, writes: "A few lines of thanks from a rheumatism sufferer—My first bottle of Kruschen Sulfate took out of my aches and swellings out of my joints—with my first bottle I went on a diet and lost 22 pounds and now feel like a new man."

To lose fat safely and quickly take one half teaspoonful of Kruschen Sulfate in a glass of hot water before breakfast every morning—an 85 cent bottle lasts 4 weeks—Get it at any drug store in America. If not joyfully satisfied after the first bottle—money back.

Thank Goodness The mayor had just laid the foundation stone of a new wing for the hospital, and the spectators awaited his speech. "What can I do, Mary?" whispered the mayor to his wife. "I've laid the stone on top of it."

Worth Pondering Over If the devil can have first chance at our children I don't make a particle of difference to him how high we build our church steeples. —Copper's Weekly.

Guidance Provided We need only obey. There is guidance for each of us, and by lowly listening we shall hear the right word.—Emerson.

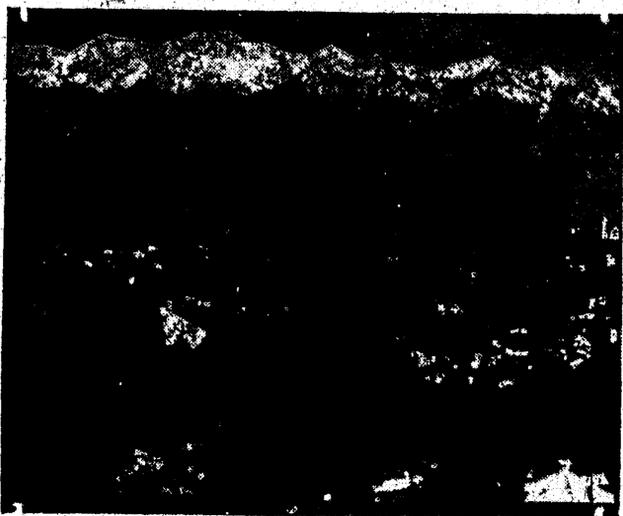
With Sound Defects Love is a beautiful story, and marriage is the talkie version of it.—Life.

One of the joys of life is to have a friend who, you think, is just about dead.

Why are the righteous so interested in the affairs of others?

FILTY is food touched by flies! Be safe Spray FILTY Largest Seller in 121 Countries W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 33-1931.

Mighty Mountains



Darjeeling, With Peaks of the Himalayas in the Background.

(Prepared by the National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.)

MOUNTS KAMET and Kinchinjunga in the Himalayas have taken the place of Mount Everest this summer in the interest of the world's mountain climbers. Mount Kamet, 25,445 feet high, was successfully scaled by a British party on June 21. Kinchinjunga, 27,815 feet high, is now being attacked by a party of Germans.

Heretofore, Mount Kamet has seldom been heard of when the earth's highest pinnacles are being discussed, but nevertheless it is one of the select little group of Asiatic peaks that push up farther above sea level than mountains in any other part of the earth. Although it ranks thirtieth among the amazing group of mountain-giants that extend along the Himalaya chain and into China, it is not greatly surpassed in height by any of its fellows except Everest, 29,002 feet high; Goodwin Austen, 23,250; Kinchinjunga, 27,815; Dhaulagiri, 26,828, and Gosaik Than, 26,505. All of these super-giants among mountains are in Nepal except Goodwin Austen, which is in northern Kashmir.

The peak of Mount Kamet is situated just a stone's throw south of the Tibetan border, in the United Provinces of India. Nearby is Nanda Devi, which tops it by less than 200 feet. These comparisons boil down to the fact that Kamet is the third highest mountain in the British empire; and by virtue of this fact it was considered well worth a serious attack by mountain climbers.

While Mount Everest and Kinchinjunga are near Darjeeling, hill capital of Bengal, Mount Kamet is 600 miles to the northwest near Simla, hill capital of India. It lies in the Garhwal district of the United Provinces, 150 miles due east of Simla near the eightieth meridian of longitude. This area came into British possession in 1814 as a result of the Gurka war (with Nepal). This region consists of a maze of high peaks with extremely deep valleys winding among them. The valleys and lower slopes are heavily wooded.

How Mount Kamet is Reached. The railroad used in expeditions to Mount Kamet is at Kathgodam, in the United Provinces, at the southern edge of the Himalayan foothills. From there travel is overland through valleys and up steep slopes to Ranikhet, a hill village comparable in location to Simla. From Ranikhet the way leads over rough country and across a number of deep river gorges, to the village of Nilu at 12,000 feet altitude. From this point both yaks and coolie bearers are used.

Although numerous attempts to scale Mount Kamet have been made since 1855, no one succeeded in reaching the summit until this summer. The latest expedition prior to the one that has just scaled the peak was led in 1920 by Dr. A. M. Keates. He reached an altitude of 23,000 feet but had to turn back because his native assistants were suffering from mountain sickness.

On the slopes of Mount Kamet is one of the chief head-water glaciers of the Ganges river. Kinchinjunga is bigger game for the mountain climber than Kamet, both because of its extreme height and the steepness of its slopes. It is the third highest mountain in the world, reaching upward five and one-third miles above sea level.

Of the three highest peaks—Everest, Goodwin Austen, and Kinchinjunga—the latter is most inaccessible. It lies 45 miles north of Darjeeling in an air line, but the road that one must travel across canyons, over ridges and around intervening peaks, is much longer.

Darjeeling has been headquarters for the several expeditions that have tried unsuccessfully to scale Kinchinjunga in past years. Like Simla, 700 miles farther west, and Srinagar in Kashmir, Darjeeling is a godsend to perishing Europeans who must spend the hot period in India. But it is more than a cool retreat; it is a matchless observation post, when the clouds permit, for the mightiest mountain scenery that the world affords. And the outstanding sight to the northward, across deep chasms and beyond her after-tier-of-foothills, is the mighty Kinchinjunga, buttressed by half a dozen peaks from 20,000 to 24,000 feet in altitude.

Darjeeling stands on a sort of stage before and above which sweep the amphitheater slopes of Himalayan foothills that rises about 7,000 feet from the Belgian plains. On the side toward the mountains the ridge drops away for approximately 6,000 feet forming what might, in American terminology, be called "the Grand Canyon of the Ranjit," but whose heavily forested slopes and tropically luxuriant floor earns in India the more poetic name of "Vale of Ranjit."

It is across this titanic valley, and beyond over ranges of foothills, lower than that on which Darjeeling sits, that one looks to mighty Kinchinjunga. The eye therefore sees a rise of approximately 7,000 feet, a range of altitude to be seen in few if any other places in the world, since most of the highest mountains rise from lofty plateaus.

Darjeeling on the Foothills. Darjeeling has characteristics unlike those of most towns. It can hardly be said to have streets. Most of the buildings face on paths or walks which run along the main ridge and out onto its minor spurs, or work their way by serpentine routes to other paths that cling to the steep sides of the slopes. Steps, too, serve in place of roads, connecting terraces that rise one above the other. One of the few carriage roads is a driveway that skirts the lower end of the main ridge and leads below to the suburb Lebong and its barracks for British soldiers.

The villas, bungalows, shops, government buildings, hospitals, churches, schools, barracks and native huts that make up Darjeeling and its suburb form pendant communities, like giant saddle-bags thrown over the ridge. Dwellings are scattered down the slopes for a thousand feet, the ground floors of one tier on a level with the roofs of the next tier below. If one must cover much space in Darjeeling he rides on pony back or is carried in a litter by four servants.

The center of Darjeeling is Observatory hill, a knoll on the crest of the ridge. Topping the knoll is a Buddhist monument and surrounding it is a small forest of staves from which prayer flags flutter their supplications. From the benches near the monument one may sit, when mist and clouds do not interfere, and take advantage of Darjeeling's best view of mighty Kinchinjunga and its fellows. But often the vigil is fruitless. It is only for relatively brief periods during spring and early winter that one may be sure of long, uninterrupted views of the towering granite and ice walls and snowy slopes to the north.

Looking Across to the Peaks. Standing on the Darjeeling ridge when the air is free of mists, the observer first looks down, deep down 6,000 feet into a river gorge choked with tropical jungle. Then his eyes rise to the rice fields reflecting the blue sky and the tea plantations. Up and up to the temperate zone trees, then to the pine forests crowning lower mountains. The observer peers over half a dozen intervening ridges into the dark mysterious depths of valleys. Then he sees the bare uplands above the tree line and finally the beginning of the snows. Long white glaciers drape the mountain mass whose two-pronged peak-half fills the sky.

The world seems to be walled on the north. There is no such thing as a horizon; Kinchinjunga closes the view like an exquisite screen. The vertical height is to the length, at this point of vantage as one is to eight; that is, as a tree 60-feet-high appears when viewed at the distance of one average city block.

In terms of familiar American views, Kinchinjunga, seen from Darjeeling, is like the Washington monument as it appears from the west veranda of the Capitol or the Woolworth building as seen from the Jersey shore.

Darjeeling well earns its popularity as a summer resort. While on the steamy plains of Bengal, a few miles away, the mercury climbs in summer above 100 degrees Fahrenheit, it seldom tops 75 degrees at Darjeeling; and in winter 35 degrees marks the low point of the temperature range. The unpleasant feature of the weather is furnished by the heavy rain. Ten feet of water fall each year, and some of the storms are violent.

BEFORE THE COMING OF THE WHITE MAN

Abundant Proof That Indians Had Villages on Site of the Capital.

There are many evidences that before the coming of the white man Indians spoke the language of the great Algonquian family which covered the East coast, and for this reason the Algonquians were met by John Smith at Jamestown and by the Pilgrims at Plymouth. Dr. Walter Hough writes, in the Washington Post, accustomed as we are to the buckskin of the western Indians, we will be surprised to know that Powhatan's braves had navy a shirt to their backs, robes taking their place. The women wore short skirts and the children dispensed with clothes. Of course, in the cold months of winter the Indians withdrew into their houses and enjoyed the stores of corn, smoked fish, hickory nuts and such things as they had laid up. The houses were of bent poles covered with mats and were in shape like a haystack seen on farms.

It may seem unfortunate that the District of Columbia Indians left so few traces of their life here. Archeologists trained to the work are able to see much in small things and to tell the story without straining the imagination. One picks up an arrowhead, say, at Anacostia. It is of a certain stone and worked from a bowlder most likely at the Piney Branch quarry. He knows that the arrow was fixed with sinew at the end of a wooden shaft, straight and smooth, which was notched at the end to receive the string; also that it was feathered to guide its flight. The arrowhead was found at Anacostia and belonged there because it is the right kind of stone. Another variety of stone would indicate that it was a point made by the hostile Indians living on the Sus-

quehanna or where the certain stone was found. The District of Columbia Indians were in the Stone age and imperishable stone tools left in the soil are silent though eloquent of the old times.

The river life of the Potomac in 1608 must have been very interesting. John Smith tells of divers savages in canoes, well laden with the flesh of bears, deer and other beasts. Some of these dug-out canoes are in the Potomac mud no doubt now. There were many places to paddle not open today. Boats could move about freely where the new government buildings are going up, and the eastern branch was a great river 300 years ago. At night, reflected in the undulating Potomac, were the lights of the torches of fishermen, and over the smouldering fires of the primitive griddles the catch was smoked for the winter.

Land trails also centered in the District, leading to the Susquehanna and on to the West. Braddock used an old trail to Cumberland worn deeply in old times by Indian moccasins. In its natural conditions or only slightly aware of the presence of man, the District must have been an ideal place for savage life. Every family could have a deer a day and not decrease the herd; a bear once in a while, wild turkey, whet birds, fish, roasting ears and ripe corn would vary the fare.

The coming of the white man to Jamestown in 1607 was a small entering wedge into a vast territory, and perhaps we would think it of little effect on the District. On the contrary, in 75 years there was not an Indian left in the valley of the Potomac, the same story that became old as the white man pushed the remainder west. The District was settled by hardy pioneers and a new line of history began.

And He Doesn't "How do you keep such a fine polish on the floor?" "Well, my method is to place little Whille on it and ask him to keep still."

Turks Shaken in Their Veneration for Koran
Arabic, being a sacred language, the ecclesiastics have cried out against their holy book, the Koran, appearing in any other tongue. But the Turkish government has in spite of this allowed the publication of three separate translations. Fourteen thousand copies have been sold. Turks, who formerly heard the sounding Arabic of the Koran without understanding anything of its meaning, imagined it charged with tremendous and mystic meanings. That impression melts away when the Koran is read in the vernacular. It is sometimes enough to place a Koran and a Testament in the hands of a Turkish reader and leave him to draw his own conclusions. It is said that Kemal Pasha in disgust threw the book across the room into a corner. Yet in the Sudan the primary textbook in all the government schools is the Koran, and Islam is gaining ground constantly in the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan. — Sunday School Times.

How It Happened
Josephine had a pet lamb, Billie. We noticed that it showed signs of butting, but felt it would break her heart to separate them. One day she came in crying and rubbing her back and said: "Billie ran up behind me and forgot to stop." — Liberty Magazine.

Some How
O'Fuddle—"That boy of mine is just the kind of a boy to make a noise in the world."
O'Muddle—"Oh, he is that kind of a boy all right! Just wait until you put it up to him to look for a job." — New Bedford Standard.

Up in the Air
"Klymer has a high position, I hear."
"Yes, he builds smokestacks." After a boy has been going on errands for five or six hours, does it ever occur to you that he might like to sit down?

Counts Time Spent on Study of "Math" Wasted
I believe that an appalling amount of time is spent in childhood in learning things which don't matter. Remembering things which will never be needed, and doing silly tricks which an intelligent man need never waste his time upon.
Let us contemplate, for example, the absurdities and abominations of arithmetic. At a conservative estimate, I have myself wrestled with arithmetic and its related studies through ten years of my irreplaceable youth.
I assure you that not a trace of it is left, and that furthermore I don't miss it. There must be a large blank area in my brain which was once full of arithmetic, but it isn't the least painful. Except for a reasonable facility with the multiplication table there isn't a particle of arithmetic left in my system.
I can make change, but so can a street car conductor. But I can't remember more than five telephone numbers, and so long as they continue to print telephone books I won't need to. — Donald Rose in the Forum and Century.

Salt Statistics
The man who "isn't worth his weight in salt" and the one who "feels like 30 cents" seem to be on a par. Judging from the salt statistics of last year. During that period, 8,000,000 tons of salt were produced and the total value was about \$25,000,000, which on the basis of a 200-pound man works out at about the rate of 30 cents.
Michigan led in production, and with New York, Kansas and Louisiana accounted for 93 per cent of the national production.
Most of the disappointments are due to depending on some one else.

CAR OWNERS bought more Firestone Tires during May, June and July than in any like period in History

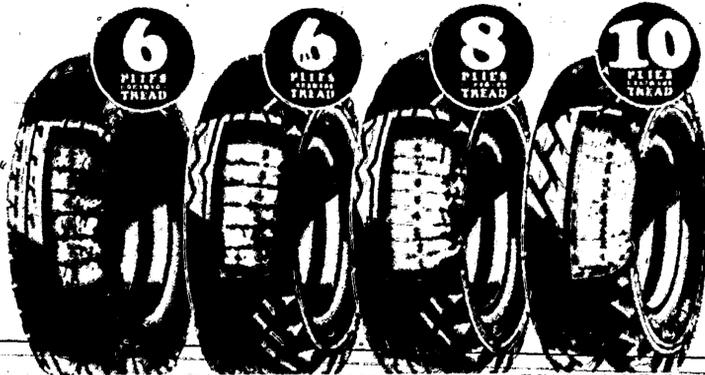
THERE are reasons for this—Firestone is building the Greatest Tire Values in history, with the result that Firestone factories are operating 24 hours a day, 6 days a week, to meet public preference.

This is the year everybody is scrutinizing his purchases. This is particularly true in tire buying because of the many confusing and misleading statements made about tires.

To give car owners the facts, Firestone published comparisons showing quality, construction and prices. Then the public went to Firestone Service Stores and Service Dealers—made their own comparisons with cross sections cut from Firestone Tires—and from special brand mail order tires and others.

When they saw the facts, they bought more Firestone Tires during May, June and July than in any like period in Firestone history.

Let the Firestone Service Dealer show you these Firestone Extra Values and have your car equipped for Safe, Trouble-Free Motoring. Drive in today.



Firestone \$4.35 4.35 4.40 4.98
3.40-21 3.40-21 6.00-19 30x5

COMPARE CONSTRUCTION and QUALITY

Firestone Gives You	4.75-19 TIRE		4.50-21 TIRE	
	Firestone Oldfield Type	KA Special Brand Mail Order Tire	Firestone Oldfield Type	KA Special Brand Mail Order Tire
More Weight, Pounds	18.00	17.30	17.02	16.10
More Thickness, inches458	.405	.398	.361
More Non-Skid Depth, inches251	.250	.250	.234
More Flex Under Tread	6	5	6	5
Same Width, inches	5.20	5.20	4.75	4.75
Same Price	\$6.65	\$6.65	\$4.85	\$4.85

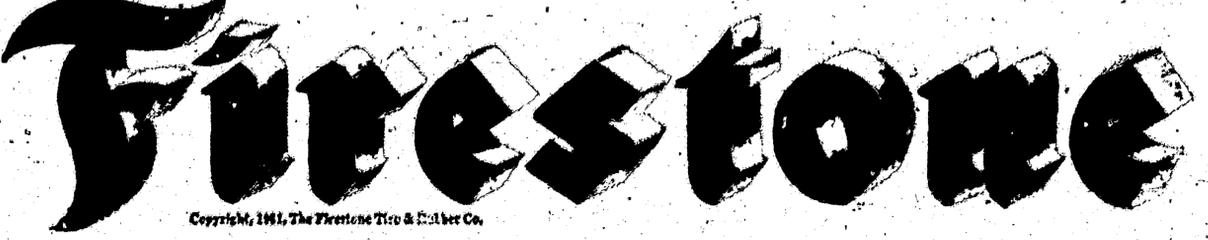
*A "Special Brand" tire is made by a manufacturer for distributors such as Mail Order houses, all companies and others, under a name that does not identify the tire manufacturer to the public, usually because he builds his "best quality" tires under his own name. Firestone puts his name on EVERY tire he makes.

Double Guarantee—Every tire manufactured by Firestone bears the name "FIRESTONE" and carries Firestone's unlimited guarantee and that of our 22,000 Service Dealers and Service Stores. You are doubly protected.

COMPARE PRICES

MAKE OF CAR	TIRE SIZE	Firestone Oldfield Type Cash Price Each	Special Brand Mail Order Price Each	Firestone Oldfield Type Cash Price Each	Special Brand Mail Order Price Each	MAKE OF CAR	TIRE SIZE	Firestone Oldfield Type Cash Price Each	Special Brand Mail Order Price Each	Firestone Oldfield Type Cash Price Each	Special Brand Mail Order Price Each
Ford	4.40-21	\$4.98	\$4.98	\$4.35	\$4.35	Dodge	5.25-18	\$7.90	\$7.90	\$15.30	\$15.30
Chevrolet	4.50-20	5.60	5.60	4.78	4.78	Chrysler	5.50-18	8.75	8.75	17.00	17.00
Ford	4.50-21	5.69	5.69	4.85	4.85	Oldfield	5.50-19	8.90	8.90	17.30	17.30
Ford	4.75-19	6.65	6.65	5.68	5.68	Chrysler	6.00-18	11.20	11.20	21.70	21.70
Erskine	4.75-20	6.75	6.75	5.75	5.75	Franklin	6.00-19	11.40	11.40	22.10	22.10
Chandler	5.00-19	6.98	6.98	5.99	5.99	Lincoln	6.00-21	11.50	11.50	22.30	22.30
Dodge	5.00-19	6.98	6.98	5.99	5.99	Oldfield	6.00-21	11.65	11.65	22.60	22.60
Erskine	5.00-20	7.10	7.10	6.10	6.10	Oldfield	6.50-20	13.10	13.10	25.40	25.40
Erskine	5.00-21	7.35	7.35	6.35	6.35	Oldfield	7.00-20	15.35	15.35	29.80	29.80
Oldfield	5.25-21	8.57	8.57	7.37	7.37						

Firestone Service Stores and Service Dealers Save You Money and Serve You Better



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THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, N.M.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher
Largest Circulation in The County

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Six months, in advance \$1.00
One year, in advance \$2.00

Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

Office Phone No. 24

EDITORIAL COLUMN

Will LaPoint

Little did we think, when on the evening of August 8, when Will LaPoint with his family paid the Outlook home a pleasant visit, that in this short time, he would join the silent caravan. They had just finished a visit to the Grand Canyon which had been Bill's ambition for years. But it seemed that at each time when arrangements were made, something would turn up to prevent the trip until this time and ill as he was, it was hoped that the outing with its change of scenery and general diversions would be of benefit to him, but all failed and shortly after his return home he passed away.

Will LaPoint was a man who never forgot his friends and that fact was borne out in his visit to us at a time when he really should have been resting; but as he said, he could not pass thru here without seeing us again.

Fearless and firm in his convictions, true to his friends and loyal to any cause which he deemed just, made him an outstanding figure in the New Mexico newspaper profession. He was an ardent Republican and at times when he criticised certain acts of his party, it never led him to bolt, but rather to try and induce his party to change certain methods to what he thought would better its condition.

He will be sadly missed in the newspaper profession and among his many friends over the state, all of whom will regret to learn of his passing. To Mrs. LaPoint and the children, the Outlook extends its sympathy in their bereavement.

United States
Department of the Interior
General Land Office
District Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.
Aug. 10, 1931

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office its Indemnity School Land Selection No. 9493, Serial No. 044310, for the following land—

NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 24, T. 6 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection.

V. B. May,
Aug. 21 Sept. 18 Register.

An Invitation

The ladies of the Glencoe Woman's Club have extended an invitation to the Women's Club of Carrizozo to be their guests at a barbecue at the Bonnell Ranch on August 22. There will be speaking by Sen. Sam G. Bratton. Those wishing to attend will please notify the secretary not later than Sunday.

See the country correspondent— "Well, didja notice that the inside of a certain paper was printed up - side down."—He even had it in his notes for publication.

ICE CREAM



SODA WATER

NOVELTIES
MAGAZINES
CANDIES

Let us fill your prescriptions. We are careful Druggists.

Majestic Radios

Rolland's Drug Store

Carrizozo, N. M.

Come in and see our Stock.

- Beautiful Hand-Made Linen Handkerchiefs, 4 for \$1.00
- Ladies' Purse
- Silverware
- Chinaware
- Glassware
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- Stationery
- Chimayo Blankets
- Navajo Indian Rugs
- Underwear
- Pajamas
- Novelties

The Outlook

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"WE KNOW HOW"

Cleaning and Pressing
Try Our NEW PRICES!

Agency for
International Tailors
PHONE 66

Birthday Cards

—FOR—
Father, Mother, Sister,
Brother, Son, Daughter,
Husband, Wife, and
Sweetheart.
Outlook Art & Gift Shop

New Spring Coats
are shown at a special price of
25% off at Ziegler Bros.

Rainbow Pins
at the Outlook.



LONESOME

Someone is lonesome—lonesome for your voice. Your telephone will take you to them. So fast, at such low cost you'll be surprised.
For example, station to station day rates

from Carrizozo to
Santa Fe, N. M. 35c
Taco, N. M. \$1.25

Evening and night rates are lower. Calls by number are quoted.

Just Call Long Distance
"Number Please?"

TELEPHONE

Branum's Swimming Pool

Three Blocks West of Post-office. Cool and Sanitary. Prices, adults 25c; children 15c. Bathing suits may be had at the Pool.

Claude A. Branum, Prop.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, New Mexico
Aug. 6, 1931

Notice is hereby given that Juan Chavez of Ancho, N. Mex., who, on May 31, 1928, made additional homestead entry No. 037973 for N $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 26, N $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Section 27, Township 4 S., Range 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on September 18, 1931.

Claimant names as witnesses: Pete Nunez, B. W. Wilson, both of Ancho, N. Mex.; Antonio Otero, W. R. Lovelace, both of Corona, N. Mex.

V. B. May,
Aug. 14 Sept. 11 Register.

Notice of Contest
Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 8, 1931

To Edward N. Corn of Carrizozo, N. M., Contestee:
You are hereby notified that John H. Hines, who gives Corona, N. M., as his post-office address, did on July 9, 1931, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead, Serial No. 057746, made May 15, 1929, for Lots 1, 2, Sec. 3, T. 5 S., R. 10 E., W $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 35, SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 34, Township 4 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. M., and as grounds for his contest he alleges that the entryman has never established residence upon said land.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.
A. M. Bergero, Register.
Date of first publication Aug. 14, 1931
" " 2nd " " 21
" " 3rd " " 28
" " 4th " " Sept. 4

Methodist Church

Rev. J. L. Lawson, pastor
Sunday School, 9:45 a.m.
Preaching, 11 a.m. and 7:45 p.m., except first and third Sunday mornings of each month, when pastor will preach at Capitan at the 11 o'clock services.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

The "Incense of Flowers" Face Powder has a dainty, oriental odor. One for YOUR type of complexion—if your skin is Normal, Dry or Oily, we have a face powder that is suited to your individual requirements. Truly it has an exotic, "something different" odor.
Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

PROFESSIONS

JOHN E. HALL
Attorney & Counsellor at Law
Lincoln State Building
Carrizozo — New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director & Licensed Embalmer
Residence Phone 23
Carrizozo — New Mexico

W. H. BROADDUS
—Optometrist—
Will be in Carrizozo the Third Wednesday of each month at the office of Dr. Shaver. Practice limited to Fitting Glasses.

DR. R. E. BLANEY, Dentist
—Masonic Building—
Carrizozo — New Mexico

"Say It With Flowers"

They can be had at Rose Acres, Alamogordo, N. M. Pro in p t service. Prices Reasonable.
Mrs. M. I. Hunt.

Paper napkins and doilies at the Outlook.

Plough's Toilet Articles

"The Breath of the Orient." We now have a complete line of this celebrated toiletries, including Cold Cream, Bleaching Cream, Hand Cream and Brilliantine in solid or liquid forms. The Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Milk—Cream—Eggs
Butter—Buttermilk
LUCKY'S DAIRY
Phone 65

We Offer You a
Good 13 Plate Battery for \$6.50.

The Titsworth Co. Inc., Capitan, N.M.

Dainty Kraft

Home-Made
Candies

Pure and Wholesome
Made and For Sale
at the Home of

Mrs. C. O. Davis

or at Skinner's Grocery.
Second Residence South
of S. P. Club House

CHRISTMAS CARDS

All Kinds — All Prices
Save Your Order for the
Woman's Missionary Society
A7-21

WE OFFER

Exceptional Banking Facilities
Conservative Management
Efficient Service
3% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

"Try First National Service"
S - A - V - E !

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Carrizozo — New Mexico



Carrizozo Meat Market

Is equipped and is handling Baby Native Beef at Bargain prices. Also cured Meats, Fresh Eggs, Bread, Crackers, Lunch Meats and Cheese. Husmanized Electric Refrigerator. Come in and see the Old-Time Bronco Rider and Cowboy and let him cut you some Steaks. Hot Chili, Pies, Doughnuts, Coffee, Soft Drinks
Lish Leslie, Prop.

Our Repairing Service

IS COMPLETE—

We have an Efficient Force of Mechanics in our Repair Shop and Guarantee Quick and Reliable Service, no matter what your needs may be.

We Respectfully Solicit
Your Patronage.

Accessories, Washing, Greasing
CARRIZOZO AUTO CO.

Candlewick Spreads

\$2.00

Basket and Lily patterns in blue, rose, green, orchid, gold, or all white. Hand-made by the mountain dwellers of Tennessee. Full bed size.

Betty Bates Bed Spreads \$2.00

Log Cabin "Flower of the West" Bed Spreads \$5.00

All pure Linen 50-in. Lunch Cloth with 4 napkins, 99c Special

50-inch Lunch Cloths 50c

Outlook Art & Gift Shop

Ice Cream Social

will be held at the home of Mrs. C. O. Davis Friday afternoon, Aug. 21, for the benefit of the Methodist Church, to which the public is cordially invited. The social will begin at 2 p. m.

Special!

Reduced prices

on Canned Milk
Large Cans Pet Milk, \$1.00 doz.
Small " " " 50c doz.
Ziegler Bros. Store.

Carrizozo Eating House

We Specialize in Dinner Parties

Best of Accommodations To All the People, All The Time.



Mrs. E. H. SWEET,
Proprietor



B. & B. SERVICE STATION

Sinclair Gas & Oils

DISTRIBUTORS OF—

General Cord & U.S. Tires

"Service With a Smile"

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

Department of the Interior U. S. Land Office Santa Fe, N. M. July 20, 1931

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office Indemnity School Land Selection, List No. 9477, Serial No. 064647, for SE 1/4 Sec. 23, SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 5 S., R. 17 E., N. M. P. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of selection.

A. M. Bergere, Register, Aug. 28

Notice of Contest

Department of the Interior United States Land Office Las Cruces, N. M. Aug. 4, 1931

To Edward J. Murphy, Care of Forest Service, Santa Fe, N. M.; Contestee Gran Quivera, N. M. and Claunch, N. M., nearest land.

You are hereby notified that Juan Farmer, who gives Carrizozo, N. M., as his post-office address, did on July 20, 1931, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead Entry No. 038802, Serial No. 038802, made Feb. 12, 1929, for All Section 25, Township 2 S, Range 10 E, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said Edward J. Murphy has never established residence upon said land; not placed any improvements thereon; that said defaults exist at the date of filing this affidavit of contest.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you. V. B. May, Register. Date of first publication Aug. 14, 1931

State of New Mexico } The Third County of Lincoln } as, Judicial Dist. Court

Lucile N. Welch, Plaintiff, vs. Mary Brill, impleaded with the following named defendants, against whom substituted service is hereby sought to be obtained, to-wit: Clara May Zumbalt, Defendant.

Notice of Suit

State of New Mexico to the above named defendant, greeting:

You are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff has filed her complaint against you in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln; that the general object of said action is to quiet the said plaintiff's title to the following described lands, situate in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, to-wit:

SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 30; NW 1/4 NE 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 31; Lots 1 and 2, and E 1/2 NW 1/4 Sec. 30, all in Township six south of range fourteen east, N. M. P. M.; SW 1/4 Sec. 13; N 1/2 NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 24, in Township six south of range thirteen east, N. M. P. M.; S 1/2 NE 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec. 30, in Township six south of range fourteen east, N. M. P. M.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance on or before the 22nd day of September 1931, judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default.

The name and address of plaintiff's attorney is John E. Hall, Carrizozo, New Mexico. Witness my hand and the seal of said court, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 30th day of July, 1931.

S. E. GREISEN, Clerk. (Seal) J81-A21

St. Rita Catholic Church Rev. Fr. J. Francis Mitchell, pastor Masses on Sunday First Mass at 7:15 a. m. Second Mass at 8:30 a. m. Until October

LODGES

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 41-Carrizozo, New Mexico. A. F. & A. M. Regular Meetings, 1931 Jan. 3-31, Feb. 28, Mar. 23, Apr. 25, May 30, June 27, July 25, Aug. 22, Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 21, Dec. 19-26. E. M. Brickley, W. M. R. E. Lemon, Secy.

COMET CHAPTER NO. 29 ORDER OF EASTERN STAR Carrizozo, New Mexico. REGULAR MEETINGS First Thursday of each month. All Visiting Stars Cordially Invited. Mrs. Zoe Glassmire, W. M. R. E. Lemon, Secretary.

COALORA REBEKAH LODGE NUMBER 15 I. O. O. F. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month. Mrs. Birdie Walker, Noble Grand Mrs. Rachel West, Sec'y. Carrizozo, New Mexico

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 30, I. O. O. F. Carrizozo, New Mexico. S. E. Greisen, Noble Grand W. J. Langston Sec'y-Treas. Regular meetings every Tuesday night.

Notice to Contractors

Corona, N. M. School District No. F-13 do hereby call for sealed bids for the construction of a double toilet building to be erected upon their present site where directed. Proposals are to be addressed to T. M. DuBois, President of the Board at Corona, N. M., and are to be in his office not later than 10 A. M., August 22nd, 1931.

Plans and specifications can be had upon application at the offices of the Architects, Trout & Trost and W. M. Brittelle, 615 Sunshine Building, Albuquerque, N. M.

Bidders are required to accompany their proposal with a certified check in the amount of 5% of their bid. The successful bidder will be required to furnish a Corporate Surety Bond within ten days after being awarded the contract.

All proposals will be subject to the approval of the State Board of Education. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. T. M. DuBois, President. J81 Aug. 21-4t

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION Department of the Interior U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M. Aug. 1, 1931

Notice is hereby given that Salomon Aragon, of Ancho, N. M., who, on September 22, 1926, made original homestead entry No. 032759 and on December 17, 1927, made additional homestead entry, No. 035645, for NE 1/4 Sec. 17, T. 5 S., R. 13 E., and S 1/2 NW 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec. 23, Twp. 4 S., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. M., on September 11, 1931.

Pentecostal Sunday School

We have a nice Sunday School organized with 34 pupils enrolled. We meet at 10 o'clock every Sunday morning. Preaching at 11 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30, all at the Kelley Chapel. Visit our church and Sunday School. Everybody welcome. -Charlotte Emerson, Sec'y.

A full line of stockmen's Bed Sheets, Wagon Covers and Tents just received at Ziegler Bros.

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THE OUTLOOK

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From the Indian Reservation The Outlook

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION Department of the Interior U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M. Aug. 1, 1931

Notice is hereby given that Higinio Roma, of 105 N. Union St., Roswell, N. M., who, on September 17, 1928, made homestead entry, No. 038935, for Lots 1, 2, S 1/2 NE 1/4 Sec. 1, E 1/2 Sec. 12, Twp. 7 S., Range 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on September 17, 1931.

Claimant names as witnesses: Efran Pacheco, Amaranito Lucero, Pedro Romero, all of Arabela, N. M.; Rómulo E. Fresquez, of Roswell, N. M. V. B. May, Register. A7-54

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION Department of the Interior U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M. Aug. 15, 1931

Notice is hereby given that Vernon E. Quinn of Carrizozo, N. M., box 62, who, on Oct. 10, 1927, made original and additional homestead entries No. 035202 No. 035203 for E 1/2 Sec. 17 and E 1/2 Section 20, Township 5 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on September 25, 1931.

Claimant names as witnesses: Mrs. Julia S. Cook, Raymond Hobbs, Willis Wooten all of Carrizozo, N. Mex.; Walter Storey of Ancho, N. Mex. V. B. May, Register A 21 Sept. 15

Donnison's crepe paper 15c the roll at Outlook.

A limited number of attractive wash pajamas left; reasonably priced at 98c the pair. Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

TYPEWRITER PAPER AT BARGAIN PRICES 500 Sheets Bond - \$1.00 -at the- Outlook Office.

Notice to All Livestock Owners by The Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico Albuquerque, New Mexico

At a meeting of the Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico held in Albuquerque, New Mexico on July 15, 1931, a resolution was passed and it was made a ruling that all brands in the State of New Mexico be Re-Recorded in accordance with the Act passed by the Sixth Legislature of the State of New Mexico relative to the Re-Recording of brands.

This law requires all owners of livestock having a brand, or brands, on record in the Office of the Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico to Re-Record such brands within Three (3) Months after publication of Re-Recording notice.

This publication being made on August 20, 1931, your brand must be Re-Recorded on or before November 20, 1931. Failure to have such brand Re-Recorded as required by this Act provides that brand shall be stricken from the records and become obsolete. Proper blanks will be mailed to each brand owner for the Re-Recording of brand, from the office of the Cattle Sanitary Board. Following is the text of the Law to which your careful observance is directed: SIXTH LEGISLATURE State of New Mexico Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 86 An Act Relating to Brands and the Repeal of Chapter 71 of the Laws of 1921.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico: Section 1 The Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico shall have the power to and shall cause all brands now on record to be re-recorded whenever they may deem it necessary to clear records of unused brands. For this purpose the Cattle Sanitary Board shall issue and mail a notice through the United States Mail, addressed to each owner of any brand now of record with said Board, at the Post Office address shown on the brand record, requiring the owner or owners of brands to file with the Secretary of said Board an exact fac-simile of any brand or brands now being on record to such owners. In addition to the above notice, the Sanitary Board shall cause to be published in either English or Spanish, or both, in at least one newspaper in each county in this State, where there is a newspaper, a copy of this notice to re-record, said publication to continue for at least four consecutive weeks. Within three (3) months from the date of the first publication of this notice aforesaid, it shall be the duty of all owners of brands now of record in the office of the Cattle Sanitary Board, to file with the Secretary of said Board, fac-simile of the brand or brands now in actual use and recorded by them. A fee for the re-recording of brands shall be One Dollar (\$1.00) for each brand re-recorded, the proceeds to be used for the cost of notice given as provided in Section 1, of this act; Provided, that any excess of money from such fees shall be placed in the Indemnity Fund of the Cattle Sanitary Board. And be it further provided, that said re-recording shall not be required oftener than once in any five years; Provided, further that in no event shall there be a re-recording prior to January 1, 1936. Section 2 Chapter 71 of the Laws of 1921 is hereby repealed. BYRON O. BEALL, The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Attest: R. M. JACKSON, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives. JOSE A. BACA, The President of the Senate.

Attest: J. W. GIDDINGS, Chief Clerk of the Senate. Approved by me this 13th day of March, 1931. J. F. HINKLE, Governor of New Mexico.

ENDORSED: Filed in office of Secretary of State of New Mexico Mar. 13, 1931 10:45 A. M. Compared S. C. C. to L.M. SOLEDAD C. CHACON, Secretary.

State of New Mexico Office of The Secretary of State Certificate J. Soledad C. Chacon, Secretary of State of the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there was filed for record in this office at 10:45 o'clock A. M., on the Thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1931, Committee Substitute For House Bill No. 86

An Act Relating to Brands and the Repeal of Chapter 71 of the Laws of 1921, as passed by the Sixth State Legislature of the State of New Mexico and approved by the Governor of the State of New Mexico, March 13, 1931; and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of New Mexico at the City of Santa Fe, the Capital, on this Seventh day of April, A. D. 1931. SOLEDAD C. CHACON, Secretary of State. (State Seal)

Aviso a Todos los Dueños de Ganado Por El Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado de Nuevo Mexico. Albuquerque, Nuevo Mexico. En una junta del Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado de Nuevo Mexico habida en Albuquerque, Nuevo Mexico el 15 de Julio, 1931, fue pasada una resolución y se dio una orden de que todas las marcas o fierros de ganado en el Estado de Nuevo Mexico sean vueltas a registrar de acuerdo con la Ley pasada por la Sexta Legislatura del Estado de Nuevo Mexico relativa a volver a registrar las marcas citadas. Esa ley requiere que todos los dueños de ganado que tengan su marca, o marcas en los registros en la oficina del Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado de Nuevo Mexico, que vuelvan a registrar tales fierros o marcas dentro de Tres (3) meses despues de la publicación del Aviso para volver a registrarlos. Habiendo sido hecha tal publicación el 20 de Agosto, 1931, su marca debera ser registrada de nuevo en, o antes del 20 de Noviembre, 1931. Si se deja de hacer que el tal fierro o marca sea

registrada de nuevo como lo requiera dicha Ley, esta proveido que tal marca debera ser quitada de los registros y venga a ser nula. Los blancos propios seran enviados por correo a todos los dueños de marcas para que los vuelvan a registrar desde la oficina del Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado. El siguiente es el texto de la ley cual publicamos lea cuidadosamente SEXTA LEGISLATURA Estado de Nuevo Mexico Substituto del Comité al Proyecto de la Cámara No. 86 Una Acta Relativa a Marcas de Ganado y Para Repelear el Capítulo 71 de las Leyes de 1921. Decretese por la Legislatura del Estado de Nuevo Mexico: Sección 1. El Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado de Nuevo Mexico tendra por deber, y causara que todas las marcas fierros de ganado que estan ahora en los registros, que sean registrados de nuevo cuando lo crean necesario con fin de quitar de los registros las marcas que no se usen. Para este fin el Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado expedira y enviara por correo un aviso, por medio del Correo de los Estados Unidos dirigido a cada uno de los dueños de cualquiera marca que este en los registros de dicho Cuerpo, a la direccion postal que se manifiesta en el registro de marcas, requiriendo al dueño o dueños de marcas o fierros que depositen con el Secretario de dicho Cuerpo fac-simil exacto de cualquiera marca o marcas que ahora estan en los registros de tales dueños. En adición a dicho aviso de arriba, el Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado causara que se publique en ingles o Espanol, o ambos, a menos en un periodico en cada condado en el Estado, donde haya tal periodico, una copia de este aviso de volver a registrar, dicha publicación debera continuar a lo menos por cuatro semanas consecutivas. Dentro de Tres (3) Meses desde la fecha de tal publicación de ese aviso antes mencionado, sera el deber de todos los dueños de marcas que esten ahora en los registros en la oficina del Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado, de depositar con el Secretario de dicho Cuerpo un fac-simil del fierro o marca o marcas que se estan usando ahora actualmente por ellos. La cuota para volver a registrar las marcas sera de Un Pol (1.00) por cada marca registrada, y los productos seran usados para pagar el costo del aviso dado segun provee en la Sección 1, de esta Ley; Provedo, que cualquier dinero en exceso proceda de tales propiedades deba depositarse en el Fondo de Indemnización del Cuerpo de Sanidad de Ganado, sea proveido ademas, que dicho registro de vuelta no se debera requerir pronto que una vez cada cinco años Proveido ademas, que en ningun evento habra un registro de nuevo antes de Enero de 1936. Sección 2. El Capítulo 71 de las Leyes de 1921 queda por la presente repealed. BYRON O. BEALL, Presidente de la Cámara de Representantes. Doy Fe: R. M. JACKSON, Secretario en jefe de la Cámara de Representantes. JOSE A. BACA, El Presidente del Senado. Doy Fe: J. W. GIDDINGS, Secretario en jefe del Senado. Aprobado por mi esto día 13 de Marzo de 1931. J. F. HINKLE, Gobernador de Nuevo Mexico ENDOSADO: Depositado en la oficina del Secretario de Estado de Nuevo Mexico Marzo 13, 1931 10:45 A. M. Comparado S. C. C. a L.M. SOLEDAD C. CHACON, Secretaria. Estado de Nuevo Mexico Oficina del Secretario de Estado Certificado Yo, Soledad C. Chacon, Secretaria del Estado de Nuevo Mexico por el presente certifico que ha sido puesto en registro en esta oficina a 10:45 A. M., on el Decimotercer dia Marzo, A. D., 1931, el Substituto del Comité al Proyecto de la Cámara No. 86 Una Acta Relativa a Marcas de Ganado y Para Repelear el Capítulo 71 de las Leyes de 1921, segun pasado por la Sexta Legislatura del Estado del Estado de Nuevo Mexico y aprobado por el Gobernador del Estado de Nuevo Mexico de 13 de Marzo, 1931; y tambien, que he comparado la siguiente copia del mismo, con el original del mismo en el registro, y declaro que es una copia entera y correcta del mismo. Dado bajo mi firma y el Gran Sello del Estado de Nuevo Mexico en la Ciudad de Santa Fe, la Capital, en el día Septimo de Abril, A. D. 1931. SOLEDAD C. CHACON, Secretaria del Estado (Sello Del Estado) A21-81

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Mrs. Hoover Christens the Navy's Big Dirigible Akron— President Forms Relief Plans for Next Winter.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD



Mrs. Hoover, journeyed from Washington to Akron, Ohio, and there graciously christened the world's largest dirigible, the Akron, which has been built for the United States navy. As the first lady pronounced the name of the huge airship, the traditional ceremony of releasing a flight of white pigeons was observed. Before the christening the monster was brought to life by the inflation of twelve of its cells with helium gas, enough to raise it about ten feet from its cradle. It was then "walked" sideways forty feet and secured in its actual operation by hand ballast, so it was really aloft when Mrs. Hoover set free the homing pigeons to carry messages of the event to the various navy stations.

The trials of the Akron will take place in the latter part of August or early in September, under supervision of a board of inspection and survey. They will consist of five or six flights of various duration, including one of forty-eight hours, to determine speed, fuel consumption, endurance, structural integrity of parts and other details of performance and handling.

If the trials prove satisfactory the Navy department will accept the Akron and have it flown to Lakehurst for commissioning and docking.

Much trouble for the federal farm board developed during the week in the form of "civil war". It is now under fire from within its own ranks as the result of the fight between the farmers' National Grain corporation and the Farmers' Union Terminal association of St. Paul, on the one hand, and the Northwest Grain association on the other.

Like others the Northwest Grain association protests that the government's helping hand is not being stretched out to all alike. Ten other cooperatives and farm organizations have supported a resolution to that effect.

The side the board has taken is that of the management of the Farmers' National. Chairman James C. Stone reiterated that the board would not become a competitor among the north west cooperatives, which was again held to saying that the Northwest Grain association must come into line or it will not have its loan renewed.

The Farmers' Union Terminal association claims many of the old Non-Partisan League roads. Among its active supporters has been Sen. George W. Norris, present Republican of Nebraska.

What is now good by to further the differences between the two groups. The more immediate cause of the trouble lies in the recent policy of the Farmers' National to take over the marketing activities of the two other cooperatives composing a part of stockholder members.

The Farmers' Union Terminal association was the first cooperative in the Farmers' National and it now owns 30 per cent of the Farmers' National stock outstanding. According to the program of the central organization, it would use its marketing facilities to the Farmers' National. The Northwest Grain association however, refused to sell. Briefly, it gave an its reason that with the power exercised by the Farmers' Union Terminal association in the National and the close ties existing between the terminal association and the National management it soon would be forced entirely out of the picture.

President Hoover in a long conference at his Virginia week-end camp with Secretary of Labor Doak, virtually completed his plans for the organization of government and charitable agencies to care for the unemployed and others in distress during the coming winter. Mr. Hoover is unchanged in his opposition to anything like a dole or direct government assistance, and will continue to rely on organized charity. He is willing, however, that the army should be used as a distributing agency, as it is in the times of flood disasters, and to communities where distress is acute there will be loans of army blankets and supplies. The Red Cross will be, as heretofore, the backbone of the relief organization.

Mr. Doak presented to the President a report from the recent survey of conditions throughout the country. Neither of them would make public the estimate of the number of people who would be out of work during the coming winter, but both admitted that it would be little different from last year.

However, it was learned that the President, as head of the Red Cross, has directed the Red Cross to start a new drive to raise funds and that the machinery has already been set in motion.

tion. He also has issued the necessary instructions to the army to have concentrated at the various bases, most of which are located near the big industrial centers, all of the surplus property available should they be called upon to use it.

By an almost unanimous vote in a provincial plebiscite Catalonia gave its enthusiastic approval to a constitution which defines the liberties of the people and fixes the status of the province as autonomous within the Spanish republic. It is not granted by the new government of Spain, the Catalonians seem willing to fight for it under the leadership of that elderly patriot, Col. Francisco Macia. The apparent danger of Catalonia lies in the fact that Macia and his followers have given commitments to the syndicalists who form the huge labor organization and who are already threatening a general strike if their demands, including higher wages for family men, are not granted. Macia promised his friends he would be able to get out of this difficulty when the time was ripe.



Further relief was given Germany, in accordance with the decisions of the London conference, when the board of governors of the Bank for International Settlements at Basel, Switzerland, ordered the extension of its one-fourth share of the \$100,000,000 loan to Germany for a maximum of three months beyond August 5, the date it fell due. It was assumed this action would be imitated by the other participants in the loan, the American Federal Reserve bank, the Bank of England and the Bank of France.

The governors met Saturday, August 8, on the date for the committee of inquiry into German credit needs to begin its work. The meeting was delayed until then to await the arrival of Albert Henry Wiggin, the American member. It was believed that Mr. Wiggin, who is chairman of the board of the Chase National bank of New York, would be selected as chairman of the committee. There are ten members in all, and their principal task will be to study the possibilities of converting a portion of Germany's short term credits into long term credits. There were indications that the French would try to convert the committee into an international body.

New York bankers delegated to study the same question of German short term credits were busy throughout the week with the technical details of the problem, but the prospects of reaching an agreement were said to be small.

Through Ambassador Sackett the suggestion was made to Berlin that Germany purchase large amounts of wheat and cotton now held by the federal farm board and it was promised that long term credits would be arranged. The administration in Washington thought this would both aid Germany and relieve the farm board, and the idea was well received in Berlin. Germany is especially eager to get American cotton and for this reason might also take the wheat, although unofficial reports said she had already contracted with Romania for wheat. She needs, in addition to her own production about 25,000,000 bushels of the grain.

When it seemed such a deal might be put through, objections to the sale of the farm board's cotton to Germany came from the southern producers. Senator William J. Harris of Georgia said he had received a protest to the effect that such a sale would tend to depress the world price of cotton and that the policy of the farm board should be to hold its cotton and encourage purchases direct from the producers. There were indications, too, that some foreign countries would oppose the wheat and cotton proposal on the ground that it would be tantamount to dumping and would put Germany in an advantageous position over competitors.

There was universal grief and anxiety when it was reported that Thomas A. Edison had collapsed at his home in Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., and was at the point of death. Members of the aged inventor's family were summoned in haste and his personal physician, Dr. H. S. Howe, sped to his bedside by airplane. Mr. Edison was indeed in a precarious state, but three doctors, after thorough examination, said he was not in immediate danger of death. He is eighty-five years old and is suffering from diabetes, bright's disease and stomach ulcers, as well as uremic poisoning, but he declared he was too busy to die now and that he would soon be able to resume his work.

work. His determination apparently conquered and within a few days Doctor Howe acknowledged that the "Wizard" had a good chance of being able to return to his laboratories.

Mr. Edison soon was recovered sufficiently to sit in his library and read the newspapers, and he wanted to smoke, but this was forbidden. He was sleeping well, and his son Charles said his father was "in good spirits and feeling very chipper." His health had been falling since his return from Florida seven weeks ago and the collapse was no surprise to the physicians or his family.

Charles Boyd Curtis of New York, minister to the Dominican Republic, has been appointed by President Hoover to be minister to El Salvador. His place in Dominica is filled by the appointment of H. F. Schoenfeld of Rhode Island as minister there.

Two more reports from the Wickersham commission were made public. One deals with the federal courts, those of Connecticut having been studied in especial detail, and the conclusion is reached that prohibition cases dominate "the whole character of the federal criminal proceedings."

Prohibition cases in the Connecticut district increased from 69 per cent of the total number of cases in the first year of the study, the commission reported, to 81 per cent in the study's third year which ended June 30, 1930. The total increase in cases had been furnished by prohibition cases. It was explained, other types remained stationary.

The other report deals with the police of the country, and it is asserted that they have forfeited the public confidence because of their "general failure" to perform their duty. This is blamed mainly on political power, pull and protection, the short tenure of office of the average police chief and the burdening of the police with a multiplicity of duties. Milwaukee was lauded as a city with an enviable record for the prevention and prompt detection of crime, and the reason was found in the fact that it has had only two chiefs of police in 46 years.

New York is in the throes of an epidemic of infantile paralysis, the total number of cases reported since July 1 being well over eight hundred. The death rate is about 12 per cent. The other day Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt gave one pint of blood to aid in the fight against the disease. It went to the state health department for use as a serum. The governor was attacked by the disease some ten years ago, but has practically recovered, and doctors consider his case remarkable. Since blood from a victim who has recovered is considered the best serum for treating others, the governor's action will prove of tangible help to the state authorities.

Dr. Ingo Galdstein, secretary of the medical information bureau of the Academy of Medicine, announced that more than 100 former paralysis sufferers had donated from 250 to 300 cubic centimeters each of their blood at the Cornell medical school.

Mayor James J. Walker of New York city, threatened with a physical breakdown, sailed for Germany to take the water cure at Carlsbad. His blood pressure is low and his heart is weak.

Governor Murray of Oklahoma, having been somewhat worried in the "war of the bridges" he waged with Texas, found use for his National Guard in the oil controversy. He made good his threat to close down all the oil wells in the state except the small strippers if the price of crude oil were not put at \$1 a barrel. A proclamation to that effect was issued and martial law was declared within fifty feet of each of the 3,100 wells within the proration area. National Guardsmen with fixed bayonets were placed in control of the twenty-seven oil fields designated.

In his order the governor denounced his actions on the grounds that he is protecting the natural resources of the state. A considerable portion of the proclamation was given to an attack on the Harry Sinclair interests.

The governor charged that Sinclair attempted to bribe forty members of the legislature and to impede the governor; that Sinclair maintained a large oil lobby during the last session of the legislature and that the Sinclair company has continually attempted to break down proration of production.

It was an eventful week in aviation. Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh flew up beyond the Arctic circle with success and precision and rested at Akhavi before proceeding to Point Barrow, Parker Cramer was found to be making an unannounced flight to Norway by the northern route, the news breaking when he landed at Angmagssalik, Greenland. He was attempting to blaze an air mail route to Copenhagen for the Trans-American Airlines, Herndon and Pangborn reached Tokyo on their world circling flight and planned to try for a nonstop trip from there to Seattle. Just before their arrival in the Japanese capital Amy Johnson, the English aviatrix, also landed there.

Notable among the deaths of the week was that of D. R. Anthony, who for years represented the First Missouri district in congress. He was a very active and influential member of the lower house. Mr. Anthony was a nephew of Susan B. Anthony, the noted suffragist.

There Was Another Dorinda Dodd

By CLARISSA MACKIE

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.) (WNU Service.)

"Dear Captain," read the letter. "I now take my pen in hand to tell you that I am going to California to keep house for my brother, so that I cannot work for you any longer. He needs me, so I cannot wait until you come home from this trip. Dorinda Dodd will take by place as your housekeeper, and you can change if neither one of you pleases the other. Yours respectfully, Ellen Smith."

"Dorinda Dodd! Sufferin' Ash!" groaned young Captain Clark, as he put the letter away and leaned against the rail of his fine schooner Breeze, a large three-masted vessel that raced through deep seas. "Think of going home and not seeing Ellen Smith at the helm. Is Dorinda Dodd the only woman without a job in Fairport?"

He asked himself this question many times as the Breeze neared New York. They touched at the big city and took a Fairport man home with them. Jabez Case offended the captain before the ship had left the East river.

"I hear Dorinda Dodd's going to keep house for you," gossiped Jabez lazily.

"Until I can turn around and find some one else," said the captain, a frown on his handsome bronzed face. "Find some one else! What's the matter with Dorinda Dodd? Jabez fairly squeaked his surprise. "She makes the best apple pies in Fairport."

The captain hesitated. "That may be, and apple pie is my favorite, but I couldn't stand being talked to death by Dorinda."

"Talked to death?" repeated the stupefied Jabez.

Jabez became silent. He watched the captain's gloomy face as he stood by the wheel. They were entering the sound and the navigation through Hell Gate required the captain's close attention. Once Jabez slipped his knee just as though he had made a delightful discovery.

"Folks are gossiping already, Bill—you know old Dorinda Dodd always wanted to get married."

"Don't be a fool, Jabez," snapped Capt. Bill Clark.

"The Breeze is in port!" the word flew around the village of Fairport, but no one had an opportunity to have a word with the captain, who went ashore at once and took a short cut across the bluffs to his little white home on the hill. He had been born and raised there, and it pleased him to live on in the house that was so eloquent of his mother and father, dead these five years past.

"The old lady likes posies," he gradually admitted. He entered the front door and looked into the parlor. Everything was in its accustomed place, and immaculately clean. The small front windows were open and the scent of cinnamon roses filled the room. His throat tightened—memory seemed so insistent. He almost sensed the presence of his mother. He left hastily, passed through the quaint dining room, and sought the kitchen—and Dorinda Dodd.

There was a delicious fragrance of baking cake; on a side table were loaves of fresh bread and two pies—on the big kitchen table were all the evidences of molasses cookies to come, but no Dorinda Dodd.

"Oh, Miss Dorinda!" he sang lustily, cheered for the moment by the comfort of his home, and with the words scarcely uttered, out of the pantry stepped a woman, with dab of flour on her pretty nose and cheeks. Her wide brown eyes showed surprise.

"It must be Captain Clark," she extended a plump capable hand. "Welcome home."

"Thank you, ma'am, I was expecting to see Miss Dorinda Dodd here, so I just sang out," he explained.

"Oh—why, I am Dorinda Dodd!"

He stared at her doubtfully. "I was expecting an elderly lady—I went to school to her once upon a time."

"That was father's sister—and Aunt Dorinda died last winter, poor dear. I am sorry that you are disappointed."

"Disappointed?" he roared. "Why should I be disappointed?" He admired the pretty light blue dress she wore and the way the hair curled in the nape of her pretty neck. Send her away? He hoped nothing would happen to tempt her to leave his abode. She was a little more than thirty, and he was a sober thirty-six. And he was home for the summer!

When he was ready to sail on his next long voyage, he met Jabez Case on the street. "How is Miss Dorinda, Billy?" asked Jabez.

Capt. Billy Clark grinned happily. "There isn't any Miss Dorinda Dodd now, Jabez—it's Dorinda Clark, and we're off on our honeymoon."

English Privy Council
The Privy Council was originally chosen by the English sovereign to administer public affairs, but is now never summoned to assemble as a whole except to proclaim the successor to the crown upon the death of the sovereign. The business of the Privy Council is now performed by committees, of which the cabinet is technically one.

Motorist's Term
"Vapor lock" means the interruption in the flow of gasoline from the fuel tank to the carburetor, due to the boiling of the liquid fuel at some point in the feed system.

Southwest News Items

The twenty-fourth annual convention of the New Mexico Funeral Directors of the New Mexico Funeral Directors Association recently.

Nine hundred carloads of cantaloupes will be shipped from Mesilla valley points this season if weather conditions continue favorable.

Numerals on Arizona's copper automobile license plates for 1932 will be black or white, according to tests of visibility against the burnished background.

Glenn Blake of Clayton, and Claude Brister of Plainview, Texas, were hurled to death at Clayton, N. M., by a dynamite charge in a municipal ditch.

Excitement was high in Nogales as a result of the discovery of a gold vein assaying approximately \$100,000 to the ton in the old Victoria mine south of Nogales.

State Comptroller J. M. Lujan plans to ask all cities and towns in New Mexico to pass ordinance requiring the testing of automobile lights, brakes and steering equipment.

Deposits in the state and national banks in Arizona were \$71,938,363.11 at the close of business June 30, according to James B. Butler, Arizona state superintendent of banks.

Gilford I. Welch pleaded guilty before a justice of the peace in Roswell, N. M., to a charge of first degree murder for killing Deputy Sheriff Rufe Dunnahoo of Chaves county, on a farm south of Roswell.

The University of Arizona at Tucson has a robot mechanical eye that solves in a few minutes problems over which a mathematician would labor for hours. The eye is a combination of mirrors and lenses.

The Justice Department announced in Washington, D. C., that it was taking action in the form of a legal complaint against wild horses reported to be trespassing on the Shoshone Indian reservation in Wyoming.

The motor vehicle division of the Arizona State Highway Department issued an order recently that all motor vehicles operating on public roads must have brakes sufficient to stop within prescribed distances at various speeds.

The will of the late Guy Griffin, hotel operator and owner of Tucson and Nogales, leaves the bulk of a \$100,000 estate to his sister, Mrs. Bertha Griffin (niece of Litchfield, N. H.), and a brother, Carl Parker Griffin of Lawrence, Mass.

"Charging that the city gasoline tax was levied for revenue purposes and not for the purposes of regulating business of distribution or using gasoline," the Texas Company has asked an injunction in Federal Court in Albuquerque against the city of Albuquerque.

New Mexico will show between \$325,000,000 and \$329,000,000 in property subject to taxation when all county tax rolls have been received by the state tax commission, Rupert F. Appinal, director of the New Mexico Tax Payers Association stated in Santa Fe.

Under a blazing sun far out in the wastes of the Arizona desertland, chiefdoms of the mesa-dwelling Hopi Indians snake clans are turning their attention toward the most savage of southwestern Indian rituals—the Hopi Snake Dance. The rites are held in August.

Emerson Watts, former New Mexico state treasurer and vice-president of the defunct Watts-Harrison brokerage house of Roswell, was held for action by the grand jury in Roswell under a charge of embezzlement filed by J. Louis Keel. His bond was set at \$5,000.

Arizona leads thirty-two states in number of airports, according to a report here from the aeronautics branch of the Department of the Interior. The "baby state" has thirty-six airports, of which nineteen are municipal, five commercial, two intermediate, nine auxiliary and one army.

Arizona's exports of merchandise during 1930 were valued at \$5,849,792 as compared with exports amounting to \$14,438,868 in 1929, according to statistics issued by the Department of Commerce in Washington, D. C. Unmanufactured cotton ranked first among exports from this great copper producing state.

Statistics compiled by Cecil Koffman, employment secretary at the University of Arizona in Tucson, revealed that a total of \$12,500.60 was earned by students working their way through the university last year. This figure includes only the students who secured their work through the university student employment bureau.

Coach J. F. McKale, who for eighteen years has handled the football squads of the University of Arizona at Tucson, has severed that connection to devote most of his time to the post of athletic director. Returning next fall Fred Enke, varsity line coach for the last five years, will take over the gridiron reins at the Wilcox institution.

George H. Loggers of Globe was elected grand chief d'guer of the grand lodge of Arizona 46 and 8 organization as a feature of the state convention of the American Legion posts of Arizona in Prescott.

The last Wednesday, Thursday and Friday in August are given over to Inter-Tribal Indian Ceremonial at Gallup. Over 6,000 Indians from twenty tribes in the southwest will gather at Lyons Memorial Park to participate in what is called "the original American whoopee, exclusively of, by and for the Indians."

Improved Uniform International

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (© 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for August 23

A GOSPEL FOR ALL MEN

LESSON TEXT—Acts 10:1-11:18.
GOLDEN TEXT—For there is no difference between the Jew and the Greek; for the same Lord over all is rich unto all that call upon Him.

PRIMARY TOPIC—The Gospel for Everybody.
JUNIOR TOPIC—The Gospel for Everybody.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—First Steps in World Brotherhood. YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Gospel for All Men.

In the lesson for August 2 we saw the missionary program of the church broadened to include the Samaritans. We see in this lesson the program still widening and embracing the Gentiles. The conversion of Cornelius illustrates the breaking down of "the middle wall of partition" (Eph. 2:14).

1. Cornelius (10:1, 2).
1. His official position (v. 1). He was a Roman officer over a company of one hundred soldiers.
2. His character (v. 2). a. A devout, pious man. b. A praying man. c. A charitable man.

11. The Supernatural Preparation for the Transition of the Gospel to the Gentiles (10:3-33).

1. Two visions were given (vv. 3-10). (a). The vision of Cornelius (vv. 3-8). While engaged in prayer an angel of God announced that his prayer and aims had come before God as a memorial and instructed him to send to Joppa for Peter who would tell him what to do. (b). The vision of Peter (vv. 9-10). This took place while Peter was praying (v. 9). He saw a certain vessel containing clean and unclean animals let down from heaven, and heard the command, "Rise, Peter, kill and eat." This vision indicated that both Jews and Gentiles were accepted on high.

2. A messenger sent from Cornelius (vv. 17-22). Peter was greatly perplexed over what he had seen, but not for long, for messengers from Cornelius made inquiry at the gate for him. The Spirit informed Peter of the matter and bade him go, nothing doubting.

3. The meeting of Cornelius and Peter (vv. 23-33). (a). Peter took six witnesses along (v. 23). He had the good judgment to know that on a matter of so great importance he must have witnesses. (b). Cornelius waiting for Peter (v. 24). He had such confidence in God's instruction that he called together his kinsmen and friends to be ready on Peter's arrival. (c). Cornelius about to worship Peter (vv. 25, 26). Peter repudiated his act and protested that he himself was but a man. (d). The reciprocal explanation (vv. 27-33). Peter explained to him how God had taken from him his Jewish prejudice and asked why Cornelius had sent for him. Cornelius explained that God had instructed him to send for Peter.

11. Peter's Sermon (vv. 34-43).
1. The Introduction (vv. 34, 35). He showed that God is no respecter of persons but that in every nation those that fear God and work righteousness are accepted of Him. This does not mean that Cornelius was already in a state of grace, and therefore saved, but that he was eligible to hear the gospel and accept the terms of salvation.

2. His discourse (vv. 36-43). In the discourse he touches briefly upon the mission of Jesus, showing that by means of his baptism and the anointing of the Holy Spirit he was qualified for his work as mediator. He then exhibited the work of Christ: (a). In his life (vv. 36-38). He went about doing good, even casting out demons as a proof that God was with him. (b). In his death (v. 39). The just suffered for the unjust that he might bring us to God (1 Pet. 3:18). (c). In his resurrection (vv. 40, 41). God raised him up the third day showing openly that Christ was his Son (Rom. 1:4) and that his sacrificial work was satisfactory (Rom. 4:25). In this discourse is set forth (1) The basis of salvation—the crucifixion of Christ. (2) The scope of salvation—whosoever believeth in Him. (3) The method of appropriating salvation—believing on Him.

IV. The Holy Spirit Poured Out (vv. 44-48).
This was a new Pentecost. As the gospel was entering upon its widest mission, the Spirit came in new power.

V. Peter Vindicates His Ministry to the Gentiles (11:1-18).

Being called to account for having visited and eaten with Gentiles, Peter rehearsed the whole story showing how God had set his seal upon the work by the miraculous gift of the Spirit.

Ingratitude
The saddest example of ingratitude is the poverty of the thankfulness of those who are, in some measure, thankful for God's greatest gift. It is strange and melancholy that Christians should love, and love so little; should be thankful, and so tepid in it.—Alexander MacLaren.

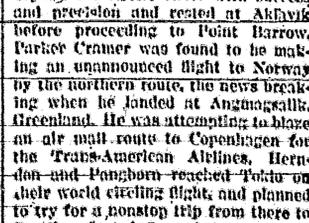
The Heavenly Father's Love
Our heavenly Father is no Eli: He will not suffer his children to sin without rebuke. His love is too intense for that.—Spurgeon.



Bevy Doak.



T. A. Edison.



Gov. Roosevelt.

CIMARRON

By EDNA FERBER

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WNU Service.

THE STORY

Yancey Cravat, just returned from the newly opened Indian territory, relates his experiences to a large gathering of the Yancey family. Yancey is married to Sabra Yancey; is a criminal lawyer and editor of the Wichita Wigwam. Yancey announces he is going back to the Oklahoma country with Sabra and their four-year-old son, Cimarron. They arrive at Osage, where Yancey intends to start a newspaper. Yancey is determined to find out who killed Editor Pegler of the New Day. Yancey consents to conduct divine worship on Sunday. During the services Yancey announces he has learned who killed Pegler. He steps in time to escape a bullet fired by Yountis. Still stooping, Yancey shoots and kills Yountis. Then he announces that Yountis killed Pegler. Yancey frustrates a bank robbery and kills two desperadoes. Yancey urges Sabra to join him in the run at the opening of the Cherokee strip. She refuses. He is gone five years. Dixie Lee and her girls arouse the indignation of the wives and mothers of Osage.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued

"Because they remove any member of the tribe that has had to do with a negro."

"Remove!"

"Kill. By torture."

"She stared at him. He was drunk, of course. 'You're talking nonsense,' she said crisply. She was very angry."

"Don't let this get around. They might blame you. The Osages. They might—I'll just go and take another look at her."

The girl was sleeping. Sabra felt a pang of pity as she gazed down at her. "Go to bed—off with you," said Doctor Valliant to Isalah. The boy's face was wet, pulpy with tears and sweat and fright. He wanted strictly, as though exhausted.

"Wait," Sabra cut him some bread from the loaf, sliced a piece of meat left from supper. "Here. Eat this. Everything will be all right in the morning."

The news got round. Perhaps Doctor Valliant talked in drink. Doubtless the girl who came in to help her, perhaps Isalah, who after a night's exhausted sleep had suddenly become proudly paternal and boasted loudly about the house (and no doubt out of it) of the size, beauty, and intelligence of the little lump of dusky flesh that lay beside Arita's bed in the very cradle that had held Donna when an infant. Arita was frantic to get up. They had to keep her in bed by main force. She had not spoken a word since the birth of the child.

On the fourth day following the child's birth Sabra came into Arita's room early in the morning and she was not there. The infant was not there. Their beds had been slept in and now were empty. She ran straight into the yard where Isalah's little hut stood. He was not there. She questioned the girl who now helped with the housework and who slept on a couch in the dining room. She had heard nothing, seen nothing. The child had vanished in the night.

Well, Sabra thought, philosophically, they have gone off. Isalah can make out, somehow. Perhaps he can even get a job as a printer somewhere. He was handy, quick, bright. He had some money, for she had given him, in these later years, a little weekly wage, and he had earned a quarter here, a half dollar there. Enough, perhaps, to take them by train back to Kansas. Certainly they had not gone to Arita's people, for Big Kneec, questioned, denied all knowledge of his daughter, of her child, of the black boy. They could make nothing of him. His squaw, stout, silent, only shook her head; pretended that she neither spoke nor understood English.

Then the rumor rose, spread, received credence. It was started by Pete Pitchly, the old Indian guide and plainsman, who was married to a Cherokee, and who had even been adopted into the Cherokee tribe. He had got the story from a Cherokee who in turn had had it from an Osage. The Osage, having managed to lay hands on some whisky, and becoming very drunk, now told the grisly tale for the first time.

There had been an Osage meeting of the principal chief, Old Howling Wolf; the assistant chief; the eight members of the council, which included Big Kneec, Arita's father. There the news of the girl's dereliction had been discussed, her punishment gravely decided upon, and that of Isalah.

They had come in the night and got them—the black boy, the Indian girl, the infant—by what means no one knew. Arita and her child had been bound together, placed in an untanned and aneured steer hide, the hide was securely fastened, they were carried then to the open, sun-baked, and deserted prairie and left there, with a guard. The hide shrank and shrank and shrank in the burning sun, closer and closer, day by day, until soon there was no movement within it.

Isalah, already half dead with fright, was at noonday securely bound and fastened to a stake. Near by, but

not near enough quite to touch him, was a rattlesnake so caught by a leather thong that, strike and coil and strike as it might, it could not quite reach, with its venomous head, the writhing, gibbering thing that lay staring with eyes that protruded out of all semblance to human features. But as dusk came on the dew fell, and the leather thong stretched a little with the wet. And as twilight deepened and the dew grew heavier the leather thong holding the horrible reptile stretched more and more. Presently it was long enough.

CHAPTER IX

"Remember the Maine! To hell with Spain!" You read this flaming sentiment on posters and banners and on little white buttons pinned to coat lapels or dress fronts. The Oklahoma Wigwam bristled with new words: Manila Bay—Hobson—Philippines. Through the Southwest sompleros suddenly became dust-colored army hats with broad, flat brims and peaked crowns.

Rough Riders! Here was something that the Oklahoma country knew and understood—tall, lean, hard young men who had practically been born with a horse under them and a gun in hand; riders, hunters, dead shots; sunburned, keen eyed, daredevil. Their uniforms, worn with a swagger, had about them a dashing something that the other regiments lacked. And their lieutenant colonel and leader who was energetic, toothy young fellow who was making something of a stir in New York state—Roosevelt, his name was. Theodore Roosevelt.

Osage was shaken by chills and fever; the hot spasms of patriotism, the cold rigors of virtue. One day the good wives of the community would have a meeting at which they arranged for a home-cooked supper, with coffee, to be served to this or that regiment. Their features would soften with sentiment, their bosoms heave with patriotic pride. Next day, eyes narrowed, lips forming a straight line, they met to condemn Dixie Lee and her ilk, and to discuss ways and means for ridding the town of their contaminating presence.

The existence of this woman in the town had always been a festering sore to Sabra. Dixie Lee, the saloons that still lined Pawhuska avenue, the gambling houses, all the paraphernalia of vice, were anathema lumped together in the minds of the redoubtable sunbonnets. A new political group had sprung up, ostensibly on the platform of civic virtue. In reality they were tired of seeing all the plums dropping into the laps of the early-day crew, made up of such strong-arm politicians as had been the first to shake the territorial tree. In the righteous ladies of the Wyatt type they saw their chance for a strong ally. The saloons and the gamblers were too firmly entrenched to be moved by the reform element; they had tried it. Sabra had been urged to help. In the columns of the Oklahoma Wigwam she had unwisely essayed to conduct a campaign against Wick Mongold's saloon, in whose particularly lawless back room it was known that the young boys of the community were in the habit of meeting. With Cim's future in mind (and as an excuse) she wrote a stirring editorial in which

reached almost to Yancey's broad shoulders. But he had not Yancey's heroic bulk, his vitality. The Cravat skull structure was contradicted by the narrow Venable face. The mouth was over-sensitive, the hands and feet too exquisite, the smile almost piteous in its wistful sweetness. "Gods! How the son degenerates from the sire!" "Yancey!" cried Sabra in shocked protest. It was as though the five years had never been.

"Do you want to see my dog?" Cim asked.

"Have you got a pony?"

"Oh, no."

"I'll buy you one this afternoon. A pluto. Here. Look."

He took from his pocket a little soft leather pouch soiled and worn from much handling. It was laced through at the top with a bit of stout string. He loosed this, poured the bag's contents onto the breakfast table; a little heap of shining yellow. The three stood looking at it. Cim touched it with one finger.

"What is it?"

Yancey scooped up a handful of it and let it trickle through his fingers. "That's gold." He turned to Sabra.

"It's all I've got to show, honey, for two years and more in Alaska."

"Alaska!" she could only repeat, feebly. So that was it.

"I'm famished. What's this? Bacon and eggs?" He reached for a slice of bread from the plate on the table, buttered it lavishly, clapped a strip of coldish bacon on top of that, and devoured it in eager bliss. Sabra saw then, for the first time, that he was thinner; there were hollow shadows in the pock-marked cheeks; there was a scarcely perceptible sag to the massive shoulders. There was something about his hand. The forefinger of the right hand was gone. She felt suddenly faint, ill. She reached a little and stumbled. As always, he sprang toward her. His lips were against her hair.

"Oh, G—d! How I've missed you, Sabra, sugar!"

"Yancey! The children!" It was the first exclamation of a woman who

After an interval reform turned its attention to that always vulnerable objective known then as the Scarlet Woman. Here it met with less opposition. Almost five years after Yancey's departure it looked very much as though Dixie Lee and her fine brick house and her plumed and parasoled girls would soon be routed by the spiritual broomsticks and sunbonnets of the purity squad.

It was characteristic that at this moment in Osage's history, when the town was torn, now by martial music, now by the call of civic virtue, Yancey Cravat should have chosen to come riding home; and not that alone, but to camp fiding home in full panoply of war, more dashing, more romantic, more mysterious than on the day he had ridden away.

It was eight o'clock in the morning. The case of Dixie Lee (on the charge of disorderly conduct) was due to come up at ten in the local court. Sabra had been at her desk in the Wigwam office since seven.

Horse's hoofs at a gallop, stopping spectacularly in front of the Wigwam office in a whirl of dust. A quick, light step. That step! But it couldn't be. Sabra sprang to her feet, one hand at her breast, one hand on the desk to steady herself. He strode into the office. For five years she had pictured him returning to her in dramatic fashion; in his white sombrero, his Prince Albert, his high-heeled boots. For five years she had known what she would say, how she would look at him, in what manner she would conduct herself toward him—toward this man who had deserted her without a word, cruelly. In an instant, at sight of him, all this left her mind, her consciousness. She was in his arms with an inarticulate cry, she was weeping, her arms were about him, the buttons of his uniform crushed her breasts. His uniform, she realized then, without surprise, that he was in the uniform of the Oklahoma Rough Riders.

"It is no use saying to a man who has been gone for five years, 'Where have you been?' Besides, there was no time. Next morning he was on his way to the Philippines. It was not until he had gone that she realized her failure actually to put this question that had been haunting her for half a decade.

Cim and Donna took him for granted, as children do. So did Jesse Hickey, with his mind of a child. For that matter, Yancey took his own return for granted. His manner was nonchalant, his spirits high, his exuberance infectious. He set the pitch. There was about him nothing of the delinquent husband.

He now strode magnificently into the room where the children were at breakfast, snatched them up, kissed them. You would have thought he had been gone a week.

Donna was shy of him. "Your daughter's a Venable, Mrs. Cravat," he said, and turned to the boy. "Cim, slender, graceful, taller than he seemed because of that trick of lowering his fine head and gazing at you from beneath his too-long lashes."

reached almost to Yancey's broad shoulders. But he had not Yancey's heroic bulk, his vitality. The Cravat skull structure was contradicted by the narrow Venable face. The mouth was over-sensitive, the hands and feet too exquisite, the smile almost piteous in its wistful sweetness. "Gods! How the son degenerates from the sire!"

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"Oh, G—d! How I've missed you, Sabra, sugar!"

"Yancey! The children!" It was the first exclamation of a woman who

had forgotten the pleasant ways of dalliance. Those five years had served to accentuate her splendorish qualities; had made her more and more powerful; less human; had slowed the machinery of her emotional equipment. A man in the house. A possessive male, enfolding her in his arms; touching her hair, her throat with urgent fingers. She was embarrassed almost. Besides, this man had neglected her, deserted her, had left his children to get on as best they could. She shrugged herself free. Anger leaped within her. He was a stranger. "Don't touch me. You can't come home like this—after years—after years—"

"Ah, Penelope!"

"She stared. 'Who?'"

"Strange lady, surely to thee above all womankind the Olympians have given a heart that cannot be softened. No other woman in the world would burden her heart to stand thus aloof from her husband, who after travail and sore had come to her . . . to his own country."

"You and your miserable Milton!"

He looked only slightly surprised and did not correct her.

One by one, and then in groups and then in crowds, the neighbors and townspeople began to come in—the Wyatts, Louie Heffner, Cass Peery, Mott Bixler, Ike Hawes, Gratt Gatch, Doc Nisbett—the local politicians, the storekeepers, their wives. They came out of curiosity, though they felt proper resentment toward this strange—this baffling creature who had ridden carelessly away, leaving his wife and children to fend for themselves, and now had ridden as casually back again. But at sight of Yancey Cravat in his Rough Rider uniform of khaki, U. S. V. on the collar, they were snared again in the mesh of his enchantment. The Rough Riders. Remember the Maine, to hell with Spain! There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight. He became a figure symbolic of the war, of the Oklahoma country, of the territory, of the Southwest—impetuous, romantic, adventurous. The renegade was a hero; the outcast had returned a conqueror.

Alaska. Oklahoma had not been so busy with its own growing pains that it had failed to hear of Alaska and the gold rush. "Alaska! Go on, you wasn't never in Alaska! Heard you'd turned Injun. Heard you was buried up in Boot hill along of the Doolins." He got out the little leather sack. While they gathered round him he poured out before their glistening eyes the shining yellow heap of that treasure with which the whole history of the Southwest was intertwined. Gold. The hills and the plains had been honeycombed for it; men had hungered and fought and perched for it; had died for it; had been killed for it; had sacrificed honor, home, happiness in the hope of finding it. And here was the precious yellow stuff from far-off Alaska trickling through Yancey Cravat's slim white fingers.

"D—n it all, Yancey, some folks has all the luck."

"Luck! Call it luck, do you, Mott, to be frozen, starved, lost, snow-blinded! One whole winter shut up alone in a one-room cabin with the snow piled to the roof-top and no living soul to talk to for months. Luck to have your partner that you trusted cheat you out of your claim and rob you of your gold in the bargain! All but this handful. I was going to see Sabra covered in gold like an Antee princess."

The eyes of listening Osage swung to the prim blue serge figure of the cheated Astee princess, encountered the level gaze, the unsmiling lips; swung back again hastily to the dashing, the martial figure of the lately derelict wanderer.

A tale of another world; a story of a land so remote from the brilliant sordid and orange of the burning Southwest country that the very sound of the words he used in describing it fell with a strange cadence on the ears of the eager listeners. Yukon. "Bilkoot Pass, Skagway."

Los Angeles Founded by Spaniards Back in 1781

It was into the hands of Don Felipe De Neve, who ruled as the Spanish governor of the province of California in 1781, that Carlos III, king of Spain, intrusted the duty of founding Los Angeles.

In order to establish in California of the south a new settlement, it is related that Don Felipe came from the capital at Monterey with a military escort to the mission of San Gabriel late in August, 1781. The mission of San Gabriel was already prosperous and well established, having had its beginning ten years before.

Don Felipe and his escort spent several days at the mission and then, on the morning of September 4, set out upon a march which took them three leagues westward to that spot which is still the plaza of Los Angeles. Nothing was there that morning but the brown grass of the little valley and the browner hills. The plaza was laid out, a Te Deum was sung, a volley of musketry was fired, the spot was

blessed by the padres, and the 12 emigrant families from Old Mexico, which were to constitute the original population and therefore the first families of the city, were established in what was to be their home. The new pueblo was called in euphonious Castilian La Ciudad de Nuestra Señora la Reina de los Angeles—the City of Our Lady the Queen of the Angels.—John Steven McGroarty, in the Los Angeles Times.

Frankfort Long Great City

Since the great trade routes of the Middle Ages, Frankfort-on-the-Main has played one of the most important parts in the commercial activities of all Europe, and for many years was the undisputed mistress of the international money market. However, her simplicity and quiet charm have not been affected by her eminent position in international affairs. She reflects her ancient walls and towers in the clear waters of the Main with a modest dignity becoming a beloved monarch. It is no wonder she beguiled and endeared herself so keenly to the heart of Goethe, her native son, who was inspired to write his famous opera "Faust," in the first part of which old Frankfort breathes in almost every verse.

Life's Anxieties

If life is unhappy, it is a burden to us which it is difficult to bear; if it is in every respect happy, it is dreadful to be deprived of it; so that in either case the result is the same, for we must exist in anxiety and apprehension.—La Bruyere.

Kuskokwim, Klondike, Moose, Caribou, Huskies, Sledges, Nome, Sitka, Billiards, Snow blindness, Frozen fingers, Pemmican, Cold, Cold, Cold, Gold, Gold, Gold. To the fascinated figures crowded into the stuffy rooms of this little frame house squatting on the sun-baked Oklahoma prairie he brought, by the magic of his voice and his eloquence, the relentless movement of the glaciers, the black menace of icy rivers, the waste plains of blinding, treacherous snow. Two years of this, he said; and looked ruefully down at the stump that had been his famous trigger finger.

They, too, looked. Two years. Two years, and he had been gone five. That left three unaccounted for, right enough. The old stories seeped up in their minds. Their eyes, grown accustomed to the uniform, were less dazzled now. They saw the indefinable break that had come to the magnificent figure—not a break, really, but a loosening, a lowering of the resistance such as comes to steel that has been too often in the flaming furnace.

"You and your miserable Milton!"

He looked only slightly surprised and did not correct her.

One by one, and then in groups and then in crowds, the neighbors and townspeople began to come in—the Wyatts, Louie Heffner, Cass Peery, Mott Bixler, Ike Hawes, Gratt Gatch, Doc Nisbett—the local politicians, the storekeepers, their wives. They came out of curiosity, though they felt proper resentment toward this strange—this baffling creature who had ridden carelessly away, leaving his wife and children to fend for themselves, and now had ridden as casually back again. But at sight of Yancey Cravat in his Rough Rider uniform of khaki, U. S. V. on the collar, they were snared again in the mesh of his enchantment. The Rough Riders. Remember the Maine, to hell with Spain! There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight. He became a figure symbolic of the war, of the Oklahoma country, of the territory, of the Southwest—impetuous, romantic, adventurous. The renegade was a hero; the outcast had returned a conqueror.



She Was in His Arms.

Alaska. Oklahoma had not been so busy with its own growing pains that it had failed to hear of Alaska and the gold rush. "Alaska! Go on, you wasn't never in Alaska! Heard you'd turned Injun. Heard you was buried up in Boot hill along of the Doolins." He got out the little leather sack. While they gathered round him he poured out before their glistening eyes the shining yellow heap of that treasure with which the whole history of the Southwest was intertwined. Gold. The hills and the plains had been honeycombed for it; men had hungered and fought and perched for it; had died for it; had been killed for it; had sacrificed honor, home, happiness in the hope of finding it. And here was the precious yellow stuff from far-off Alaska trickling through Yancey Cravat's slim white fingers.

"D—n it all, Yancey, some folks has all the luck."

"Luck! Call it luck, do you, Mott, to be frozen, starved, lost, snow-blinded! One whole winter shut up alone in a one-room cabin with the snow piled to the roof-top and no living soul to talk to for months. Luck to have your partner that you trusted cheat you out of your claim and rob you of your gold in the bargain! All but this handful. I was going to see Sabra covered in gold like an Antee princess."

The eyes of listening Osage swung to the prim blue serge figure of the cheated Astee princess, encountered the level gaze, the unsmiling lips; swung back again hastily to the dashing, the martial figure of the lately derelict wanderer.

A tale of another world; a story of a land so remote from the brilliant sordid and orange of the burning Southwest country that the very sound of the words he used in describing it fell with a strange cadence on the ears of the eager listeners. Yukon. "Bilkoot Pass, Skagway."

Los Angeles Founded by Spaniards Back in 1781

It was into the hands of Don Felipe De Neve, who ruled as the Spanish governor of the province of California in 1781, that Carlos III, king of Spain, intrusted the duty of founding Los Angeles.

In order to establish in California of the south a new settlement, it is related that Don Felipe came from the capital at Monterey with a military escort to the mission of San Gabriel late in August, 1781. The mission of San Gabriel was already prosperous and well established, having had its beginning ten years before.

Don Felipe and his escort spent several days at the mission and then, on the morning of September 4, set out upon a march which took them three leagues westward to that spot which is still the plaza of Los Angeles. Nothing was there that morning but the brown grass of the little valley and the browner hills. The plaza was laid out, a Te Deum was sung, a volley of musketry was fired, the spot was

blessed by the padres, and the 12 emigrant families from Old Mexico, which were to constitute the original population and therefore the first families of the city, were established in what was to be their home. The new pueblo was called in euphonious Castilian La Ciudad de Nuestra Señora la Reina de los Angeles—the City of Our Lady the Queen of the Angels.—John Steven McGroarty, in the Los Angeles Times.

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FARM POULTRY

FALL EGG LAYING BRINGS IN PROFITS

Now Is Good Time to Plan for Hatching Pullets.

Winter eggs are not the most profitable eggs for the poultry producer. Fall production of eggs is more important than winter production, according to an analysis of egg prices during the months of August, September, October and November, and comparison with the winter prices, made by R. E. Cray, extension specialist in poultry husbandry at the Ohio state university.

"In February is the time to plan the hatching of pullets for production of eggs next fall during the high-price season," says Cray. "Next winter is the time for managing the flock in such a way that the egg production which started in the fall will continue throughout the winter."

"Breeding is the first requirement of pullets that are to mature early, lay good-sized eggs, and continue to produce steadily through the fall and winter months. Careful breeding is becoming more and more important with general increases in feed prices and decreases in egg prices. I feel safe in predicting that the next five years will see conditions in the poultry business which will make it necessary to increase the production 10 eggs per bird in order to make the same profit we are making today."

Keep Young Cockerels in "Bachelor" Quarters

Place prospective breeding cockerels in "bachelor" quarters at the age of 10 to 12 weeks, counsels Berley Winton of the Missouri College of Agriculture. Put the culls in fattening crates for quick growth, gains two weeks before sale. Removal of the males will help prevent crowding and will provide room for the pullets to make rapid growth.

As soon as the young cull chickens weigh one and one-fourth to one and one-half pounds, they are ready to fatten. They should be placed in fattening crates, and should receive no feeding the first 24 hours. Then feed the fattening batter lightly for the first day or two at least three and preferably five times a day. Care should be taken not to over-feed, and to keep the birds snugly huddled by giving only what they will clean up in 15 minutes. It is not considered profitable to fatten for more than 14 days.

A good battery is made from seven parts of cornmeal and three parts of middlings mixed with enough buttermilk or skim milk to make the whole the consistency of pancake batter. Ordinarily two pounds of milk to one pound of dry feed are used. Neither grit nor water are required with this ration.

Green Ducks Always in Demand at Fair Prices

Ducks require about the same care that is given to geese. However, ducks are easier to mate and, generally speaking, easier to manage. It is best to keep standard bred ducks, the market will pay more for uniform quality, the carcass is bigger and heavier there is a ready demand for breeding stock of the more popular breeds.

Young ducks require fresh water to drink, but do not require it to puddle in and should not be allowed to spill the drinking water in this way.

To fatten young ducks to the green duck stage, they must be kept in yards or pens which are clean and sanitary, and fed every ounce they will consume of the following ration:

Three parts cornmeal.

Two parts low grade flour (or middlings).

One part bran.

One-half part beef scrap, to which should be added 3 per cent fine grit and 10 per cent green feed.

Feed this as a mash, moistened with milk, three or four times a day—all they will eat. This mixture, fed properly, will make a three to four pound green duck in ten to twelve weeks.

Poultry Hygiene

The task of poultry hygiene is twofold because it aims not only to promote health but also to protect and defend it. In connection with the former, conditions are sought to be established under which the vital functions of the animal body can be performed with the least hindrance and at a maximum efficiency, while the latter is designed to either ward off actual causes of disease, to interrupt their free movements, to bring about their destruction.

Avoid Worm Troubles

There are numerous recipes and suggestions given for the treatment of worms in poultry, turkeys included, but the first thing to notice is that worm troubles are largely due to dirty premises. There is not much use in attempting to stop losses in a flock through worms unless care is taken to clean up the premises regularly, disinfest them and clean out the droppings from the roosting place to a portion of the farm that is not frequented by the flock.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

The Outlook office received word from Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Gillespie and baby daughter Daisy Mae, who are in Long Beach, Cal., "seeing the sights." They expect to remain at Long Beach until the 28th of August.

Loose Wiles Package Candy. — Prehm's Variety Store.

Mrs. L. R. LeFevre, mother of Mrs. E. C. Treib, came in the first of the week from El Paso and will remain for an indefinite period of time to assist Mr. Earnest at the Lyric Theatre. Mrs. LeFevre will handle the financial part of the business which will give Mr. Earnest more time to attend to his outside work and also to pay more attention to his equipment. We welcome Mrs. LeFevre to Carrizozo.

Miss Hazel Dockery of Tucumcari is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Strauss for the present week.

32-piece Dinner Sets. Flower and Gold Border Design. Special \$3.65. — Prehm's Variety Store.

R. L. Hale was a business visitor from Ancho Monday, leaving for home in the afternoon.

F. E. Richard and Geo Strauss made a trip to El Paso last Friday, staying over and returning Saturday after transacting some business matters.

Have You Seen Prehm's New Variety Store? Lots of Saturday Specials.

Bob Brady of Hondo was here to attend the meeting of the County Board of Education of which he is a member.

Miss M. Gowan, nurse at Fort Stanton, was a Carrizozo visitor on Wednesday. While here, she paid this office a pleasant call and delivered a box of delicious pears sent by Miss Charlotte Rice to Mrs. A. L. Burke. We return our thanks, ladies.

C. N. Lemmon, who is on the train service at Tucumcari, wrote this office a nice letter from the above-named place this week. He requested us to send the paper to his wife, Mrs. C. N. Lemmon at Decatur, Ill., she being on her annual vacation, visiting relatives and friends in eastern points. The Lemmons resided at this place a few years ago, when Mr. Lemmon was connected with the local S. P. train service and Mrs. Lemmon was a member of the town school board. All who knew the Lemmons, pronounce them to be "regular fellows."

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Alexander and daughter Juanita of Houston, Tex., are here for a visit with County Clerk and Mrs. S. E. Greisen. While in this vicinity, the Greisens will take them to visit other relatives, the R. M. Hipp family of Capitan and the D. N. McFarland family of Roswell.

Juliette face creams and powders. Plough's complete toilet line. Special 10c each. — Prehm's Variety Store.

Manny and Sat Chavez, Jr. and grandmother, Mrs. Petra Gonzales were Capitan visitors on Monday. The boys are owners of a "Tin Lizzie" and generally keep up the speedometer doing more than its share. But this time—as Manny said: "Geel! It took us all day to go and return—no, not tire punctures."

Dr. T.H. Williams

DENTIST, will be in Carrizozo, N.M., on Tuesday, Aug. 25, 1931, for a week or ten days.

Women's Missionary Society

met in regular monthly session Wednesday, Aug. 19, at the home of Mrs. Meyer Barnett. The Leader for the afternoon was Mrs. John L. Lawson and Rev. Lawson had the Bible for the Lesson for the afternoon. The new member for the month is Mrs. D. U. Groce. The business session was presided over by the President, Mrs. F. L. Boughner and both work and interest continue to abound.

The Bible

or some part of it has appeared in 919 languages and dialects according to a statement issued by the American Bible Society. This figure, in which no duplication of languages or dialects occurs, represents the publication of the three major Bible Societies functioning throughout the world. The latest book from the press is the Gospel of St. Mark in Atche, a dialect used by one of the tribes on the French Ivory Coast of West Africa. — Rev. John L. Lawson.

The Earthquake

shocks Sunday morning was felt by many of our people. The heaviest shock occurred at 4:44 and the last, which was a slight tremor, was felt at 6:45. Roy Skinner said, the first shock aroused him and hearing a commotion in the back yard, he ventured out only to find the yard full of chickens. The chicken house shook so hard that it threw the fowls out and frightened them so, that he could not induce them to return. Roy says that "chickens may come home to roost," but this proves that they will not always stay there.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. English are spending the week in Denver, Mr. English attending a meeting of the Frigidaires agents of the western district.

Mrs. T. G. Grafton and son, Hugh, were here from their home at Angus yesterday, attending to some business matters and returning in the afternoon. They reported conditions good in that locality.

Frank Adams and daughter, June Caldwell, were here from their ranch near Ancho, yesterday.

Bumper Meeting, I. O. O. F.

Tuesday night at Oddfellows Hall, the Second Degree was conferred on two candidates, Fay Harkey and A. J. McBrayer. The meeting was well attended, the attendance being confined to the local membership.

On Tuesday night, Sept. 1, the second degree will be conferred on two more candidates. Renewed interest is manifested on every hand since moving into their new home, there being several more candidates to finish up the work.

All members are requested to be present at the next meeting for team rehearsal after the business session. The new lodge card will appear in our next issue.

John E. Wright, Noble Grand, Wm. J. Langston, Sec'y.

River of Two Colors

The white and blue branches of the Nile are so named from the color of the water. The Blue Nile is usually a clear blue. The White Nile is a light greenish gray. At the confluence at Khartoum in the Sudan it is possible to see the two colors clearly defined as the two streams meet.

Phillip Space

says he has been asked "Dija feel the earthquake shocks we had lately?" Phillip didn't feel it, so there! The first shock came while he was deep in the arms of Morphous, whatever that is. (In plain English, he liked the Hay too well.)

Carl E. Degner

Mineralogist & Mining Engineer
Appraisals, Examinations, Explorations.
Managements and Reports made with Accuracy.
Operating Real Del Monte Metals Co., Lincoln County, N.M. Office at Carrizozo, N. M.

FOR RENT—Well furnished 3-room house. Water and sink. Front and screened-in back porch. Water furnished. — Inquire at Outlook office.

Baptist Church

(L. D. Jordan, Pastor)
10 a. m.—Sunday School.
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

You can't be your best without God, any more than the daisies can bloom without sunshine. You can't explain God, but neither the daisies can explain sunshine. All the schooling that it is possible to get—if you have no God, of what use is it? You want to be more than cultured machines. You want to know Him whom to know is life eternal. When you know Him, all the rest will be useful and you will be better equipped for every good word and work—Gipsy Smith.



THE RIGHT TOUCH OF COLOR

The finishing touch of a beautiful complexion is the right touch of color. Beautiful women everywhere have found that the ideal touch for attaining complexion beauty includes Plough's Lipstick, Eyebrow Pencil and Rouge. Available in the popular units and usually priced at our stores.

Plough's ROUGE, LIPSTICK EYE BROW PENCIL



Outlook Art & Gift Shop

Skinner's Grocery

- No. 2 Hominy.....10c
- 8 lb. Compound.....95c
- Canova Coffee.....38c
- American Beauty Oats.....25c
- White Naphtha Soap, 7 bars.....25c
- Crystal White Soap, 10 bars.....36c
- 1 Large Log Cabin Syrup.....1.00
- Medium " " ".....50c
- Small " " ".....25c
- No. 2 Tomatoes.....12c
- Hamburger Meat, 2 lbs.....25c
- Dixie Flat Pineapple.....14c
- 12 Large Borden's Milk.....95c
- 6 lb. Pan Crust Shortening.....1.20
- 1 lb. Brown Sugar.....10c
- 1 lb. Powdered Sugar.....10c
- 2 lb. Pait Swift's Peanut Butter.....45c

"You be the Judge!"
Skinner's Grocery,
Carrizozo, New Mexico

United States Department of the Interior General Land Office District Land Office Las Cruces, N.M., Aug. 14, 1931

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office its Indemnity School Land Selection list No. 9483, Serial No. 044349, for the following land:
N $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 12, T. 18 S., R. 19 E., lot 8, Sec. 18; S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 17, T. 18 S., R. 20 E.
The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection.
V. B. May, Register.

Board of Education Meets

At a recent meeting of the Carrizozo Board of Education, Mrs. Brack Sloan and Mr. John E. Hall were appointed to fill these two vacancies on the Board.

At this same meeting, Miss Haldane Stover and Miss Dia Herringa were elected to positions on the high school and grade faculty respectively. The complete faculty is as follows—

GRADE SCHOOL

- Mrs. S. H. Nickels
- Miss Nellie Shayer
- Miss Dia Herringa
- Mrs. Mary F. Johnson
- Mrs. Clara T. Snyder
- Mrs. Maudie L. Blaney

HIGH SCHOOL

- Miss Hazel Melaas
- Miss Sally Margaret Evrard
- Miss Tressie Davis
- Miss Haldane Stover
- Mr. Raymond Gillette
- Mr. Hubert Detloff
- Mr. D. U. Groce

Methodist Church

The following were elected officers in the Carrizozo Church at the Fourth Quarterly Conference last Sunday night: Stewards, G. T. McQuillen, T. E. Kelley, Mrs. R. E. Lemon, Roy Shafer, Mrs. T. A. Spencer, F. L. Boughner, Brack Sloan and J. E. Hall; Sunday School Supt., Mrs. R. E. Lemon; Charge Lay Leader, Mrs. Brack Sloan.

The following were elected at Capitan Monday night: Stewards, Mrs. C. S. Rockwell, Mrs. Eunice Hall and Dock Williams; Sunday School Supt., Mrs. James Morris; Charge Lay Leader, F. H. Hall.

Sunday School and regular Church services next Sunday at Carrizozo. Remember the morning services will be brief and will begin promptly at 11 o'clock. Evening service at 8 o'clock. A Church Conference is called to follow the evening service.—By Rev. J. L. Lawson.

This Might Help Your Radio

Charlie Trapp in his newspaper at Topeka, Kan., offers this one for the cure of summer static and other interferences when your radio is working bad in the summer time.

Morris Milam dropped into the office just as I turned the radio to WENR, Chicago, and got nothing but a peculiar noise. I thought the radio was broken. "That is somebody broadcasting short wave signals," he said. Then he went on to tell me how to get away from summer static—

"Get a piece of copper or brass screen wire; solder a lead to it and attach your aerial post. Use the usual ground.

"I made a copper screen wire 'aerial' and put it into a galvanized pail filled with water and sat it on a cement floor of the basement. You ought to hear the difference in the quality of reception," Mr. Milam said. — From 'Pointers' Magazine.

Big Dance!

DON'T FORGET — That on Saturday, August 22nd, the "Wilson Orchestra" of Tularosa will give a dance at Community Hall, to which everybody is invited. This 5-piece orchestra has played in Carrizozo before and needs no introduction as to its quality as a fine, peppy, dance organization.

To those who are interested in "Cimarron" now running in this paper, we have been advised by Mr. Treib that the picture will be shown the early part of the coming month. We have had so many inquiries that we are glad to be able to say that it will be shown at the Lyric, shortly after the opening of school.

It Won't Be Long Now! Back To School We Are Ready-- Are You?

FOR GIRLS	FOR BOYS
Dresses	Suits
Shoes	Pants
Hats	Ties
Sweaters	Shorts
Raincoats	Sweaters
Bloomers	Caps
Middy Blouses	Shoes

New Fall Goods Arriving Daily And Priced Much Under Last Year's Prices-- Yet at No Sacrifice of QUALITY.

Ziegler Bros.
'Since 1886'
The Leading Store

As the Sun Goes From East to West, So Go the Styles — Mr. Ziegler is Now in the Eastern Markets, Making Selections from the SOURCE to Insure You CORRECT Styles at CORRECT Prices Direct from the Manufacturers.

Western Lumber Co.

REDUCED PRICES

REDUCED PRICES

Windows — Doors — Plaster Boards — Glass
Corrugated Iron Roofing — Building Hardware
Pipe — Pipe Fittings — Barbed Wire — Paint

CEMENT, \$1.00 Per Sack

DR. G. W. GRISWOLD
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist

White Building, Roswell, N. M.
Will Hold an EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT Clinic
August 20, 21, 22
At Paden's Hospital
Carrizozo, New Mexico

S. Dewey Stokes

has so many inquiries from West Texas Cattlemen wanting Ranches in this section that he has decided to handle a few ranches on commission. Anyone who has a good ranch for sale, regardless of size, will kindly write me at Carrizozo. Everything will be Strictly Confidential.

S. Dewey Stokes, 1f

When you can't start it, It's a Nuisance!

When you can't stop it, It's a Calamity!

"BRINGER HERE"

Keene's Auto Repair Shop
Oxy-Acetylene Welding
BLACKSMITHING
Carrizozo, N. M.

Dressmaking

Who remembers that old song "Baby's Got the Croup and the Flies are in the Soup; Oh What a Happy, Happy Home?"
Altering, Children's Sewing a Specialty. Prices reasonable. Work Guaranteed.
Mrs. Roy Skinner.