

MODERN IRAQ



Fire Wood is Scarce in Iraq.

Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service.

IRAQ, where American explorers recently discovered a complete historic township, dating from the early fourth millennium, is the modern name for the traditional Garden of Eden, historically known as Mesopotamia. Many historians hold that somewhere in Iraq—in the valley of the Tigris and Euphrates rivers—is to be found the cradle of civilization.

Upon the breaking up of the Turkish empire following the World War Mesopotamia became a British mandate which was erected into the Arab kingdom of Iraq with a Mohammedan prince from Mecca upon the throne. Such is the latest form assumed by the Phoenix among nations. In the last six thousand years Babylonian, Assyrian, Chaldean, Persian, Greek, Roman and Saracen civilizations have flourished in Mesopotamia, each rising from the ashes of its predecessor.

The great irrigation works which, throughout the centuries, had kept the Tigris-Euphrates valley green, rich and flourishing were destroyed by invading Mongols and allowed to decay by heedless Turks. The Garden of Eden became a treeless desert, except for a few date palms along the river banks. Cities like Baghdad and Basra fell into decay and seemed fast approaching the fate which had overtaken Ur and Babylon, where jackals howl above a lonely waste.

Then followed a rebirth during the throes of the great war. Once more boats crowded the swift and treacherous reaches of the Tigris. Once more the bazaars of Baghdad and Basra and Mosul hummed with world traffic. Marauding desert robber tribes were kept in perpetual peace by airplanes humming over their remote villages. Sanitary regulations and electric lighting made towns and country both more safe and more healthful. Ice factories and soda water establishments helped alleviate summer days of 120 degrees in the shade. Levees were built to keep the flooding rivers within their banks and slowly bit by bit work was begun on repairing irrigation works and building railroads. Thus was modern Iraq born.

The new kingdom under British mandate embraces the valley of the Tigris-Euphrates between the Arabian desert on one side and the Persian uplands on the other. To the northwest lies the French mandate of Syria and to the north the Kurdish highlands of Turkey. Southward stretches the Persian gulf, the country's salt water outlet to the wide world. Within this strip of territory are barely 3,000,000 people where once flourished a population denser than that of modern Belgium.

What Baghdad is Like.

There are three principal cities: Mosul, of oil fame, is in the north; Baghdad, the capital in the central part; and the important port of Basra in the south. Of the three Baghdad perhaps is most famous.

From the deck of a Tigris steamer Baghdad looms up boldly, its splendid skyline of domes and minarets reminding one of some "Midway" of World's fair memory. An odd pontoon bridge connects the two parts of the city, separated by the yellow Tigris. On the west bank is the old town, inclosed by date and orange groves. From here the Baghdad-Mosul railway starts on its long run across the trackless desert. East of the river, on the Persian side, is "new" Baghdad, with its government offices, barracks, consulates, prisons, etc.

Beyond, as far as the eye can reach in every direction, stretches the vast, flat, treeless empty plain of Mesopotamia—a region once more populous than Belgium.

The traveler is paddled ashore from the steamer in a "roofah," a queer, coraclelike craft in use here since Jonah's day. A roofah is woven from willows about six feet in diameter, is circular and basket-shaped, and is coated outside with bitumen. Some say Moses was cut adrift in one of these roofahs.

Old City Meets in Ruins.

Another strange craft at Baghdad is the "kelek," a Kurdish invention. The kelek is a raft made of inflated goatskins, held together by poles and secured with a platform of straw mats.

These keleks come down to Baghdad in hundreds from Mosul, bringing wool, pottery, grain and skins.

The present custom house at Baghdad is a wing of the old palace of Harun-al-Rashid; yards of scrawling Arabic characters, cut in marble panels, still adorn its historic walls.

Baghdad arteries of traffic are mere alleys, often so narrow that two donkeys cannot pass. Once Turkish soldiers tried to move artillery through Baghdad. The streets were so narrow the horses had to be unhitched, and men moved the guns about by hand.

A great wall encircles Baghdad, with guarded gateways, as in medieval days. Flat-roofed, huddled Moorish houses, many almost windowless and each surrounding its own open court, are a distinct feature of the older parts of Baghdad. On these flat roofs Arabs spend the summer nights with tom-toms, flutes, water-pipes, and dancing women. Facing the river, removed from the Arab town, are built the imposing foreign consulates, mercantile offices, and the sumptuous homes of rich Jews, Armenians, Greeks and Syrians—the men who make New Baghdad.

But the Baghdad of All Daba's day, with the splendor of Aladdin's enchanted age, is gone forever. The palaces, the mosques, and minarets are mostly in ruins. Even the tomb of lovely Lady Zobeida, favorite wife of Harun-al-Rashid, is tumbled down and decayed. It is into modern monuments to New Baghdad—into roads, bridges, public buildings, irrigation works, army organization, dredging the Tigris, etc.—that the Young Turks put their money.

Modern Baghdad is in safer hands; no dissipated royalty guards its gates. Sober, clear-headed men, drilled in the best schools of modern Europe, able to hold their own anywhere, administer its affairs. As late as 1830 the Tigris overflowed its banks, swept through Baghdad, and drowned 15,000 people in one night.

Till lately Baghdad, more than any other city in the Near East, has been slow to yield to Europe's influence. For centuries Baghdad kept close to the Bedouin life, under the sway of nomad customs. Even now Baghdad's famous bazaars, despite her evolution in other ways, are conducted as they were a thousand years ago. These Arab trading places have changed not one whit since Abraham's time. Here is harter and sale as Marco Polo found it, as it was in the days of the Three Wise Men who bought gifts for Bethlehem.

Basra is situated on the Shatt-el-Arab, a river formed by the union of the Tigris and Euphrates. Smaller centers of importance, such as Kut and Amara, follow each other at intervals the entire length of the valley. Most of the inhabitants are Mohammedan Arabs, though in the cities are many Jews, while in the mountainous north are settlements of Nestorian Christians dating from very early times.

Arabs Who Work in Factories.

City Arabs have taken readily to the ways of civilization and seem glad for the chance to work in ice and cotton cloth factories, and upon engineering and public works. Much agricultural land has been reclaimed, the date palm, of which more than sixty varieties are known, being the chief product. Wheat, barley and rice are also grown, and experiments with cotton are being made. Flowers, pumpkins, and vegetables are planted in the date orchards where the palms protect tender leaves below from the scorching summer sun. These green spots are still chiefly confined to the regions of the river banks. The rest of the lower valley is swamp or treeless plain.

In the spring months when snows are melting on nearby mountains ranges the Tigris and Euphrates become swollen torrents and often overflow their banks and inundate the surrounding country, just as they did in the days of Noah. The new regime is taking active steps in flood prevention by strengthening river banks in low places and damming up the flow at headwaters. There has been no serious flood since 1919 when the Tigris rose to within a foot of the level of Baghdad and the lower valley became one vast lake wherein man and beast vainly sought for safety.

Modern Contract Bridge

No. 15.

Bidding a Two-Suiter

A STRONG two-suiter which finds partner with assistance in either suit is a tremendously powerful hand because of its high distributional value. When holding two strong suits, make every effort to find which partner can best assist, and to play the contract at that declaration. Always, if possible, show both suits, and give partner the opportunity to indicate his preference.

When choosing between two five-card biddable suits, or one six-card and one five-card biddable suit, the higher ranking should be mentioned first, irrespective of superior honor strength in the second suit or of the relative length of the suits. For example, with the following hand, S-A 10863 H-A K J 105 D-43 C-9, the opening bid should be one spade. Or with, S-3 H-J D-A J 4 3 2 C-A Q J 5 2, the correct opening is one diamond.

The reverse method of bidding two suits, that is of naming the lower ranking suit before the higher, is reserved for one particular type of holding known as a semi-two-suiter. When two biddable suits are distributed 5-3 or 5-4, the initial bid should always be in the longer suit, whether it is a minor or a major, and even though the longer suit is weaker in honors. For example, holding: S-A K J 8 H-8 6 5 3 D-J 10 8 C-3, your original bid should be one heart; then if a later round of the bidding gives you an opportunity to show the spades, your partner will know without question that the latter suit is a four-carder. When one of your suits is of six or seven card length, and your second suit contains only four cards, the longer suit should, almost invariably, be rebid once before the four-card suit is shown.

The definite rules which in the forcing system control the bidding of two-suiters and seal two-suiter enable partners to give and receive amazingly exact information concerning the distribution as well as the strength of their hands.

Responding to Two-Suit Bids

If your partner has shown two suits in the natural manner, bidding the higher valued suit first and the lower on a second round, your course is simply to choose the declaration to which your hand is best fitted. A two-suiter may be raised very strongly if you hold length in one of your partner's suits and a singleton or void in the other. Such a distribution promises a valuable cross-ruff, and enables you to give a higher raise than the count of your hand would normally indicate.

Even though you may not have a legitimate raise for either of your partner's suits, there is a certain technique in two suit bidding which it is important to understand. Whenever your partner bids a suit and subsequently names a second, unless there is a bid from the intervening opponent, you must take your partner back to his first declaration if it better fits your hand.

When your partner opens with a lower ranking suit, and later bids a higher ranking suit, it shows that the latter is a four-carder, so if the next player passes, you should, with equal length in both, take your partner back to his first declaration even at the expense of increasing the contract. To illustrate, you hold: S-J 8 3 H-K 10 8 5 D-9 6 3 C-8 5 4, when your partner has opened with one club and has later bid two spades. You should return to the club bid unless an opponent relieves you of the responsibility by intervening.

Whenever the intervening opponent takes your partner out, a bid from you in either of your partner's suits shows more than a preference, it announces a legitimate raise with some assisting tricks and trump support of normal caliber.

No Trump Bids and Rebids

While a great many hands gravitate in no trump contracts, in the forcing system the opening bid of a no trump is rarely heard. This is easy to understand considering the strict rule that a biddable suit, even a four-card minor, takes precedence over a no trump declaration in the initial bid.

When you bid, however, that your hand contains the quota of honor-tricks for a sound opening, but lacks a biddable suit, you must naturally consider a no trump.

In the position of dealer or second-hand, not vulnerable, you may open with one no trump when you have 2 1/2 honor-tricks distributed in three suits. Vulnerable, such a bid is dangerous and should not be opened with less than three honor-tricks. No trump bids by third and fourth hand are governed of course by the same restrictions as third and fourth-hand suit bids. They require at least three honor-tricks, with additional strength if opponents have a partial score.

Between the opening bid of one and two no trumps there is a wide gap, about five honor-tricks being required for the latter declaration. An initial bid of three no trumps is based on honor-tricks and playing tricks, the total requisite being eight sure tricks with all suits stopped. Considering the high requirements, a three no trump bid is naturally a rare occurrence.

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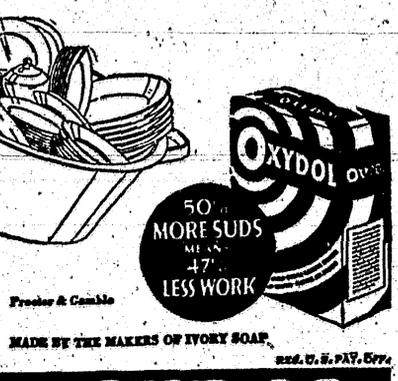
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You're Right, Madam,
Dishwashing is a
Nuisance

But see how much easier
the new Oxydol makes it

For clean, sparkling dishes with less work—try the New Oxydol with its 50% more suds—rich, lasting suds that cut grease cleanly and yet are kind to hands. Oxydol never balls up, leaves no scum, softens water.



OXYDOL
THE COMPLETE
HOUSEHOLD SOAP

"Shower" in Philippines
Holds World's Record.

The heaviest 24-hour rainfall ever measured occurred at Bagulo, the "summer capital" of the Philippines, in July, 1911.

Only brief accounts of it have been published until this year, when a detailed story of the shower and its effects was issued by Rev. Miguel Selga, director of the Philippine weather bureau, says Charles Fitzhugh Talmán in his Science Service feature, "Why the Weather?"

"This torrential downpour attended the passage of a typhoon. More than 88 inches of rain fell during the four days, July 14-17, inclusive, the maximum fall in a 24-hour period being 46 inches from noon of the fourteenth to noon of the fifteenth.

"Two inches less than four feet of rain in 24 hours! This is more than falls in the whole of an average year at most places in the north-eastern United States and Canada."

—Literary Digest

Thrill is not merely not spending money when you want to.

Extinct Marsupial

Remains of the diprotodon, an extinct marsupial of the Pleistocene age that was almost as large as a small elephant, have been found in great abundance in certain dried-up salt lakes of the central and south Australian deserts. The kangaroos and wombats are the nearest living relatives of this animal, which, so far as is known, was the largest of the animals that carried their young in a pouch.

Calamity

Speed Fiend—Well, I'm afraid that train will beat us to the crossing. Passenger—That's not what I am afraid of. It might be a tie.

Perfectly Suited

Lopher—How does Sniggelotritz like his new typist?
Lazier—She's just his type.

Limit in Argument

Phillips—Argumentative, isn't he? Brown Rather! He even answers back to the wireless announcers.

Money makes a man laugh.

Wanted "Preferred Position"

Rev. Moses How, pastor of the Middle Street Baptist church, New Bedford, Mass., for fourteen years and of the Seaman's Bethel there for fifteen years, in his diary tells of burying Elder Daniel Hix of Dartmouth, who requested that he be buried as near the gate of the cemetery as possible so that he could be first out at the resurrection. He was buried next the gate on March 24, 1838.

Varying Estimates

"I put my reliance in the wisdom of the plain people," said Senator Sorghum.
"But suppose the plain people do not happen to agree with you?"
"Then I refuse to be influenced by the clamor of the thoughtless crowd."

Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, of course, but one gets tired of vigilance.

Queerer and queerer roses are produced by horticulturists, but none more beautiful.



If a million mothers
had something to tell you
WOULD YOU LISTEN?

A MOTHER who has watched over her baby... day after day... thrilling to his every little gain... anxious about his smallest distress... Who can talk to you more understandingly than she? If a million such mothers could sit down with you now and tell you of their experience with a remarkable baby food—would you be interested?

Today, there are more than a million mothers who could tell you gladly, convincingly, of the wonderful things that Eagle Brand has done.

Year after year—by hundreds, by thousands—they write to The Borden Company, to tell their dramatic human stories. They tell of babies who grew and gained and flourished on Eagle Brand, with never a setback. They tell of babies who have won blue ribbons and silver cups. They tell of babies—once failing, starving, because they could not digest other foods—brought back to full health by Eagle Brand.

And often, they tell of handsome, healthy grown-up sons and daughters raised on Eagle Brand, and now giving this food to their babies.

FREE—helpful baby book for you. If you cannot nurse your baby, try Eagle Brand. See feeding directions on label. Send for "Baby's Welfare," containing feeding instructions, general information on baby care. We will gladly send your physician a report of the recent scientific feeding test of Eagle Brand.

THE BORDEN COMPANY,
Dept. WN-7 Borden Building,
350 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

Please send me new edition
"Baby's Welfare."

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____

(Please print name and address plainly.)

The House of the Three Ganders

By IRVING BACHELLER

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CHAPTER XI—Continued

"I couldn't have done half so much if it hadn't been for the doctor," Shad answered.

"It's a good thing for a boy to know how to pick out his friends," Bumpy declared.

Saturday morning Shad went up to the Dam for the mail and needed provisions. He received a letter from Colonel Blake which said:

"My dear boy: I have some good news. You look for me Sunday about one o'clock at Brown's Cove for another dinner with you and Bumpy. Tell him that I have not forgotten the Elysium of peace and joy I found under his roof. Go and buy a good fat turkey and whatever else you may need and charge the cost to me. Don't worry about the commentators. You are young yet for that kind of food."

Fowls were every day coming down from the hills to market. Shad found one to his liking at Smithers' store. That done, he went to the doctor's house. The learned man in his great coonskin coat stood by his cutter at the door. He was about to begin his rounds in the country. He called the boy aside and said:

"The young man is getting better. She has promised to commit to me important revelations. I may get them on my next visit. Say nothing of this to any one. I don't want her to be harassed by lawyers. She is not yet out of danger. A moment of undue excitement might be fatal to her and to the hope I have of serving justice. We must be patient."

With that the doctor shook the boy's hand, got into his waiting cutter and drove away.

Shad returned to the store and, with a well-filled basket in one hand and a kerosene can in the other, set out for Brown's cove. He had intended to invite Bony down to dinner but with Colonel Blake coming for a talk his young friend would be in the way. However, the prospect of seeing his beloved chief allayed his disappointment.

Bumpy was elated by the colonel's compliment and the prospect of having the distinguished lawyer at his table again. "Talk about 'systems'! That's a long jump ahead of me, but I'm a-goin' to cook him a turkey that'll make the hair grow on his bald head!"

Bumpy had a peculiar way of storing his meat in winter. There was a pulley in the roof-beam under the overhang outside the front door. The turkey, well wrapped in cheese cloth and fast to the end of a cord, was hauled up to the peak, where it hung through the night beyond the reach of coons or foxes.

After supper that night they sat under the evening lamp and went on with the adventures of Pip in the humble home of Joe Gargery until bedtime.

Next morning Bumpy prepared the turkey for the oven, stuffing it with sage dressing and basting its breast and sides with strips of well-cured bacon. When the oven was judged to be hot enough the panned turkey was shoved into it and the doors closed. At that moment he began to look solemn and refused to talk or to allow any interference in the matter of keeping the fire right.

"Now don't talk to me none," he would say. "This job has got to be done right. You run down to Warner's and get a pint o' cream. Hurry up."

Shad returned with the pitcher of cream.

"Now set the table and keep an eye out for Colonel Blake," Bumpy commanded. "I don't want to be took by surprise. If he don't come on time we'll hang him without a trial."

The table set, Shad stood by the window watching the trail. The turkey was hauled out of the oven. Bumpy peeled his potatoes. He put them in the spider and mashed and stirred them, adding cream and butter and salt and pepper with a cunning hand.

"Here he comes!" the boy called. "Throw open them doors—quick," Bumpy commanded. "There's a little too much dinner in the air o' this room."

He shoved his turkey into the cooled oven and closed its doors to protect it from the draft. "Hello!" the colonel shouted as he came in. "I hope that the dinner is as ready as I am."

"We was scared for fear it would be too ready," Bumpy answered. "A good dinner loses its temper if it has to wait. It gets kind o' disagreeable."

The old man stirred the fire a little and put his coffee on the stove. "Watch it now and don't let it bile," he said to Shad. "I'm goin' to get some cider for the colonel that has a razor edge on it."

He was especially careful in the making of coffee with a fixed rule as to quantities and temperature. The second it began to bubble the pot was set in a pan of hot water, there to re-

main until it was served, but never long. It was a beverage to be remembered.

Shad and Colonel Blake sat down at the table. Proudly Bumpy stood at its head between them and carved the turkey. What a fragrance and flavor were in the tender flesh of the bird and the mashed potatoes! The coffee was a joy.

They spent a delightful hour at the table. The turkey eaten, Bumpy brought on a pumpkin pie.

"It's a surprise," he said. "I made it yesterday while Shad was away. A wedge o' that will finish the job."

"That will require another cup of coffee," said the colonel. He ate his pie and added: "You could do a good business in our town as a caterer. I'll give you twenty dollars to come and cook our Christmas dinner for us."

"My clothes ain't fit fer goin' out in company."

"I've got that all fixed," the colonel went on. "You and Bony are to go down to Ashfield and get a complete outfit at my expense. You shall have a credit of fifty dollars at the store. See that you spend all of it. Don't scrimp."

"It's liberal," said Bumpy.

With a smiling face he began to pick up the dishes. The colonel lighted his cigar. When the dishes were washed and put away the old man excused himself as usual and went out to cut wood.

The lawyer began his story.

"Shad, we have been sitting at table with the most remarkable character I have known. I have been over to Burlington to see old Colonel Grimes of whom one day Bumpy spoke, perhaps inadvertently. The colonel reports that William Brown was the best and bravest soldier in his regiment; that he had told Lincoln of Brown's heroic fighting at Gettysburg and that the President had said that he would be glad to see the young soldier at the White House. Grimes told me that Bumpy refused to go for fear that he would miss a battle."

"The first thing of importance that I have to communicate to you is this: Bumpy is not the liar that he is supposed to be in these parts. He has probably been telling the truth. It is a fact that a man who has the habit of drinking too much ruins his credit among the people who know him. He was getting no pension. Therefore many assumed that his tales of heroic adventure were made out of whole cloth. The world we live in is rather harsh and uncharitable."

"I guess that Bony and I have been a little like that ourselves," Shad answered with a twinge of remorse.

"It was natural that you should fall in with the popular opinion. The thing I sought most in my trip to Burlington was the private history of this singular man. Grimes told me where he was born and where he married the woman whose portrait is on the wall yonder. She came of a good family. I went to the little town in the mountains. I got the information I wanted. They lived there for years after they were married. Brown had a sawmill. One child was born to them after their marriage—a girl with dark eyes and hair. She would be about twenty-one years old now. The mother died when the child was eleven. It seemed to break the man's heart. He took to drinking and became a nuisance to his family. He left the girl with relatives and came west to Ashfield with this remarkable bird which had been his wife's pet. He went to work in a big sawmill. The girl was a bit headstrong. Three years ago she ran away. Word came to them in a week or so—that she was with her father. Now there you are. It is altogether likely that the unfortunate girl who worked in the store at South Bolton is his daughter."

"Why doesn't Bumpy claim her?"

Shad asked.

"She is handsome and rather proud, I take it," the colonel went on. "He was a drunkard and more or less dejected. She was ashamed of him. My theory is that they had a quarrel and agreed to live apart. I think that she was engaged to some one of means and apparent respectability, in whose identity we, as the state's officers, are deeply interested. Was it Royce, and if so why has he not married her? We shall know soon. The inevitable consequences are closing in on the criminal. I hope to see the young woman tomorrow."

"Don't try to do it—not yet," Shad urged. "I have good reason for asking you to wait."

The colonel sat smoking in a moment of silence.

"I think that I understand you," he said. "I know of no reason why we should be in a hurry."

"Did you get any help from Algrey?" Shad asked.

"None as yet. The detectives have taken him to Chicago. With my help they captured John O'Brien, Jr., his confederate, at Brockville. They have

evidence for a prompt conviction and the charge will be murder in the first degree. I think that he will loosen up soon. By the way, the reward has come. Save for a few expenses I am going to give it to you."

Shad's face began to redden.

"To me?" he asked.

"To you. It will give you a liberal education and a start in the world when that is done."

Shad had grown very serious. His eyes were a trifle moist when he said: "I can't see what I've done to get all that money."

"For a boy you've done pretty well. Three times your life has been in danger. You're a good boy and I want to help you along."

"I won't take it unless I can do what I want to with it. I've thought it all over."

"What do you wish to do with it?"

"Give it to Bumpy Brown."

"My boy, the plan is a credit to you," the lawyer answered. "I expected that some like idea would come to your mind, knowing you as I do. Let me make a suggestion. At present Bumpy would not need so much. If it should be necessary later we could help him. Let's put half of the sum out at interest and give him the income from it. Use the remainder for your education. If you wished to help Bony to get a year or two of schooling you could do it."

Shad was quick to say: "I'd like to do that."

"I suggest that you put five hundred dollars in the St. Lawrence County bank to Bony's credit to be used for clothes and board and also tuition in the Canton union school. Later, if advisable, you could do more for him."

Shad rose from his chair. "It's grand," he said as he went and looked out of the window at the old man who was splitting wood.

"Converse has written me a letter. He told me how when he woke you up one day on the shore of the Oswegatchie you rubbed your eyes and asked: 'Is God here?' You were born into a new world, that day. I'm not much of a preacher but I'd say that God is here. A man who has been pursuing criminals as long as I have is sure to get that opinion."

"I guess you're right," the boy answered.

"He lifteth up the poor from the dust," the colonel quoted as he came and stood by the boy. "It is a great sentence from the greatest of all the law books."

Bumpy had finished his work and was getting ready to come in.

"Poor old man!" the boy exclaimed.

"I've got just one more thing to say about him," the colonel remarked, as he stood looking out of the window. "Grimes told me that Sergeant Brown would never apply for a pension although clearly entitled to it. He's growing into quite a considerable figure of a man. I must be off."

The day was near its end. He put on his arctics and his overcoat and added:

"We'll have a great Christmas day."

At that moment there was a rap at the front door. The doctor's stableman entered. He said to Shad: "If you please, sir, Doctor Gorse wishes to talk with you this evening. I can take you up with me and bring you back. The horse is hitched out of the road."

"I'll join you there in a few minutes."

The doctor's man left them.

The boy turned to Colonel Blake and said: "Something has happened. Maybe we'll get light on our mystery."

Colonel Blake made his acknowledgments to Bumpy, who had just come in, and Shad announced that he was going up to the Dam for an hour or two. In a moment the lawyer and the boy set out on the trail.

The boy parted with his friend on the road where the latter's team was waiting. Shad got in with the doctor's driver. He had begun to feel grown up. Was he not now a person of some importance? The colonel had seemed to have that opinion. Shad had written an essay on the common law. It was full of resounding words. Still it was a creditable effort brightened with characteristic humor.

"If he dares to read it he'll find out that I'm no child," the boy said to himself. "Maybe I'll get him pawing over the dictionary."

At the Dam he found a letter from Ruth Blake. It was a pretty letter, in which she said:

"Sometimes I think that you do not care whether I write to you or not. Sometimes I think that you hate girls. There are many pretty girls here who would like to know you. I think that you should learn how to dance and you ought to go to the parties."

The letter filled him with a shining happiness.

"I guess that I've been pretty mean to her," he said to himself.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Mastery of India Won at Battle of Plassey

Great Britain's control over India may be said to date from the time of Robert Clive, who in 1744, at the age of eighteen, was sent from England to be a clerk for the East India company. He soon gave up the pen for the sword and became a great military genius. The old Indian empire of the Great Moguls had fallen into the hands of provincial viceroys and in the fight for supremacy Clive aided certain of these against others backed by the French. His great victory of Plassey, in June, 1757, with 3,200 men opposed to 50,000, determined the struggle. In 1773, the three provinces of Madras, Bombay and Bengal were placed under the administration of a governor-general, and

Warren Hastings, the first governor-general, laid the foundations of the present administration of India. After the Indian mutiny of 1857, the direct sovereignty of India was transferred from the East India company to the crown and on January 1, 1877, Queen Victoria was proclaimed empress of India.

Dire Work of Plague

A single epidemic of plague in Russia in 1700 killed more than 150,000 people.

Oldest Assembly

The oldest assembly in the world is thought to be the Welsh bardic congress, the *Hydedd*.

NEW YORK HISTORY FROM EARLY DAYS

Museum Groups Vividly Recall the Past.

Among the tattered letters, odd maps and prints, time-darkened portraits and other fragmentary memorabilia which line the walls of the new Museum of the City of New York there runs the series of model groups in which Dwight Franklin and Ned J. Burns have recaptured the long past of the greatest city of the world. They are delicate little panoramas, beautifully constructed and finely modeled and breathing a sudden life and vitality into the dead relics about them as they repeat the veritable scenes amid which those old letters passed or those old dresses were worn. Peter Stuyvesant's sword looks simply like something in a museum until near it one sees the governor himself, fully as vivid as life (if only about one-tenth as large), storming over Colonel Cartwright's demand for surrender while the Seventeenth century sunshine lies plaidly upon the ramparts of Nieuw Amsterdam fort outside the door.

Well, the fort has lain buried for many years somewhere beneath the foundations of lower Broadway; Peter Stuyvesant is as dead as a doornail, and so is the pleasant, bucolic life of the little outpost of Dutch empire which once occupied what was once the tip of Manhattan. In the model those times are as alive as last night's supper club. So are the pleasant blue waters and wooded slopes of the East river (so much pleasanter than today) as they are seen through the windows of the Beekman mansion, while General Howe, interrupted with wineglass in hand and a mot upon his lips, tosses the irritated glance of authority over his shoulder to see what the guards have brought in. It's an infernal young rebel suspected of espionage—name of Nathan Hale. One almost hears the voices—and one suddenly understands a lot about the American Revolution.

Alive, too, are the waterfront crowds under the long jibbooms on South street, or the Indians, three centuries earlier, in their encampment at Inwood. These models are an essential and fascinating part of the new exhibit, something which distinguishes it from those of other museums. They give an incomparably better idea of the times they portray than do, for example, the models of old London in the great London museum; and they suggest how wonderful will be the record which this museum will contain when time has enriched its collections and broadened their scope to cover the countless fields of New York's life and activities down to the present time. As yet, of course, there are many lacunae. The contemporary scene is hardly touched.

Some types of exhibit may prove difficult to acquire; New York's growth, for example, has been so swift and so destructive as to leave few of the old shop fronts, old signs and utensils, pieces of furniture and paneling which are important items in the London collection. But the beginning is such a fine one, offering so many possibilities, that money and support for expansion must surely be forthcoming. One hopes that good slices of it will be spent on further work from Mr. Franklin and Mr. Burns.—New York Herald Tribune.

Salmon Killed by an Eel

Lasting more than an hour a battle to the death between a salmon and an eel was seen in the Spey at Aberlour, Scotland, recently. The combatants lashed the water to a foam at times. The eel wrapped itself around the salmon and attacked its head. One snap of the salmon's jaws would have dispatched its adversary, which defied all efforts to dislodge it. Finally the eel bit off both of the salmon's jaws and the salmon sank exhausted.

The African Goose

Nothing definite is known of the origin of geese, according to the leading writers on poultry. It is said that they were held sacred in Egypt, 4,000 years ago. They were domesticated many centuries before the Christian era. Italy is said to be the home of domestic geese. Scientists claim that the "graylag" is the ancestor of all domestic geese. This probably arises from the fact that all of the earlier geese were gray or gray and white.

Willing

A man was approached by his creditor for payment of a long overdue note on which there were, besides himself, two other securities.

"If you don't arrange to pay this," said the creditor, "I shall be forced to see your securities."

"That's all right," said the man. "You see them, and if they won't pay it, I will."

Caverns to Be State Park

An old cavern, not yet fully explored, but used by the Indians for many years as a hiding place, is to be made a state park northwest of San Antonio, Texas. It is beneath 500 acres of Burnet county land near Highway 66. Hundreds of arrowheads have been found in the cavern.

Pride of Possession

"Every man is entitled to his own opinion."

"Of course," replied Miss Cayenne, "but opinions are sometimes like small children. The worse the impression they make the prouder their parents seem."—Washington Star.

Sometimes you see a man so bashful, you want to shake him. Might do him good, too.

Mercolized Wax Keeps Skin Young

Get an ounce and use as directed. Fine particles of soap skin peel off until all defects such as pimples, liver spots, tan and freckles disappear. Skin is then soft and velvety. Your face looks years younger. Mercolized Wax brings out the hidden beauty of your skin. It prevents wrinkles and one ounce Mercolized Waxing discolors in one-half pint with soap. At drug stores.

PATENTS

Booklet from the Department of Commerce, Patent Office, Washington, D.C.

Through Arctic Snows

The erection of a 60-foot stone shaft on Cape York, in Greenland, as a memorial to Admiral Peary, the discoverer of the North pole, recalls one of the greatest chapters in Arctic history.

Although it was not until 1909 that he actually reached the pole, he had been engaged in Arctic exploration for some years previously, and his daughter, Mrs. Marie Peary Stafford, has the distinction of being the only white woman who was born within the Arctic circle.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



She's Up in the Air Again

Those she loves . . . are first to suffer when monthly pains shatter her nerves. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would ease that awful agony.

The Modern Apple

Is the apple keeping step with the whimsies of Dame Fashion or has a North side grocer found a new alibi?

A housewife, seeking the good, old-fashioned Maiden Blush apple, questioned the pale, greenish hue of the skin, and looked valiantly for a wee little bluish—but nothing daunted, the grocer smilingly replied: "You know, madam, the modern maiden does not blush."

Old Style Hair Cut

"Hairdressing to suit the hat," is the latest thing in Paris. Ladies now keep their hats on when they visit the hairdresser.

Sounds like a reversion to the old basin method of trimming Johnny's locks.—Boston Transcript.

The Right Soap for Baby's Tender Skin

Is Cuticura Soap. It is usually sufficient to allay minor irritations and remove redness, roughness and chafing, while, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, it is most valuable in the treatment of scabies, rashes and other infantile eruptions.

Keep 25¢. Ointment 35¢ and the Physicians' Footer Drug & Chemical Corp., Malden, Mass.



HERE'S OUR PASSPORT, WE'RE ON OUR WAY... SIGHTS TO SEE, AND HOW WE'LL PLAY! ... ROAD MAPS MARKED FOR EVERY MILE... AND SERVICE WITH A CHEERFUL SMILE! A GAS THAT TAKES YOU THERE WITH SPEED ... BECAUSE IT'S PACKED WITH POWER YOU NEED!

Let's Go! with CONOCO



THE Gasoline THAT'S PACKED WITH POWER!

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, N.M.
 A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher
 Largest Circulation in The County

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 Six months, in advance - \$1.00
 One year, in advance - \$2.00

Entered as second-class matter January 6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

Office Phone No. 24

EDITORIAL COLUMN

Seven Years of Railroad

The Manufacturer:
 A Statistical Railroad Summary for 1925-1931 has just been issued.

The principal deductions to be gained from it are that the rails have steadily lowered their cost of operation, have made remarkable progress in achieving further economies, have increased the speed and efficiency of operation, have advanced the safety of both passengers and employees—and have seen their earnings drop lower and lower.

Many, many moons have passed since the rails were able to earn the 5 and 3-4% on their investment, held to be a Fair Return by the Transportation Act. Not since they were returned to private hands after the war have earnings been that high. During the first six months of this year, for example, their earnings were at the average rate of but 1.01 per cent on their investment.

How long this state of affairs can continue has been a burning question for several years. Either we give the railroads a fair deal, by subjecting their competitors to the same type of regulation as we subject the railroads, or the future of transport is black indeed.

If the railroads go to the wall, the public will be the principal sufferer—and it will suffer plenty! No industry is more necessary to our social and economic well-being. Mr. Average Citizen should realize that he is vitally interested in this situation.

Donaldson Pupils Give Recital For Friends

El Paso Times:
 Music pupils of Mrs. Bertha Donaldson gave a recital Friday evening at Mrs. Donaldson's home, 1514 Lawton avenue. Those who appeared on the program were: Mesdames Walker White, W. T. Loughrey, D. A. Saunders, Bess Dinwiddie, the Misses Nina Katherine Ferguson, Frances White, Nell Loughrey, Dorothy Saunders, Jean Dinwiddie, Lorena Dinwiddie and Ardene McCammon, of Carrizozo, N. M., George Ferguson and Ernest Wellington, Friends of the musicians formed the guest list.

Mrs. Donaldson and her pupils, to a large degree, are former residents of Carrizozo.

MODEL CLEANERS

Wayne Withers, Prop.
 Phone 66

We Keep You Neat
 From Head to Feet

PROFESSIONS

JOHN E. HALL
 Attorney & Counselor at Law
 Lutz Building
 Carrizozo - New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
 Funeral Director & Licensed Embalmer
 Residence Phone 23
 Carrizozo - New Mexico

DR. R. E. BLANEY, Dentist
 - Masonic Building -
 Carrizozo - New Mexico

MILLIE M. BURKE
 Notary Public
 at Carrizozo Outlook Office
 Carrizozo, New Mexico
 Entries made of all Legal Transactions.

CHILDREN'S PAJAMAS

Children's Silk Cat's Pajamas, \$1.45 at
 Ladies' Silk Cats Pajamas - \$1.95 at the Outlook Art & Gift Shop.

Notice of Appointment of Administratrix

In the Matter of the Estate of E. L. Browning, deceased.
 No. 334

In the Probate Court Within and for Lincoln County, New Mexico. To All Persons Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that the Probate Court within and for Lincoln County, New Mexico, at the regular July A. D., 1932 term of said court, and on the 22nd day of August A. D., 1932, being an adjourned day of said regular term, upon the petition of Ida Browning duly and legally filed and passed upon by said court, the said undersigned Ida Browning, was, by order of said Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, on the 22nd day of August A. D., 1932, duly and legally appointed Administratrix of the Estate of E. L. Browning, deceased; and, that the said undersigned Ida Browning, is the duly and legally appointed, qualified and acting Administratrix of the Estate of E. L. Browning, deceased.

Now, Therefore, any and all persons having claims against the Estate of E. L. Browning, deceased, are hereby ordered and required to file the same with the County Clerk, and Ex-officio Probate Clerk of Lincoln County, New Mexico, under and in accordance with the statutes of the State of New Mexico in such cases made and provided, and within the time required by the statutes in such cases made and provided by the State of New Mexico, or the said claims will be barred.

Dated at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 26th day of August A. D., 1932.
 B. E. Graisen,
 County Clerk.
 Ida Browning, Administratrix of the Estate of E. L. Browning, deceased.

Notice of Primaries

Notice is hereby given that the Republican Precinct Primaries will be held in all precincts of Lincoln County on Saturday, Sept. 17, 1932, at an hour to be selected by the Precinct Chairmen, for the purpose of selecting precinct delegates to a County Convention to be held at Capitan, Monday, Sept. 19, 1932, said Capitan Convention being for the purpose of selecting 27 delegates to the Republican State Convention which meets in Albuquerque, Sept. 22, 1932, and for the organization of the County Republican Central Committee.

Further notice is also hereby given of the Republican Precinct Primaries to be held in all precincts of Lincoln County on Oct. 1, 1932, for the purpose of selecting precinct delegates to a County Convention to be held in Carrizozo on Oct. 3, 1932, said Convention being called for the purpose of nominating a Republican County Ticket.

Leopoldo Gonzales,
 Chairman.
 Attest: J. B. Franch,
 Sec'y.

FOR SALE—Good used piano. Will take milk cow or chickens as payment. — Ginsberg Music Co., Roswell, N. M. A36-59

Drive a New
FORD
 V-8

Call or Phone for a:-
Demonstration



At **CARRIZOZO AUTO CO.**
 Carrizozo, New Mexico

Hollomon Bros., Alamogordo



Roofs That Endure

Hexagon Strip & Butt Strip, Slate Surfaced Shingles, Red Cedar Shingles, Smooth Surfaced and Slate Roll Roofings, Asphalt and Felts, Iron and Clay Tile Roofings.

HOLLOMON BROTHERS

Or See **JOHN W. HARKEY**, Local Agent

Ladies' Sun Hats

\$1.75 Value, Now \$1.00

1.25 " " .75

CHILDREN'S HATS, 30c

Large Line of
Ladies' Voile Dresses at \$1.95

For the First Time---
LARKWOOD QUALITY Silk Hosiery

Full-Fashioned Chiffon and Service Weight
 Ranging in Prices from---
79 cents to \$1.50

Outlook Art & Gift Shop

"KWITCHERKIKIN"

It takes money to run a town; what town are you for?

1 1/2-lb. Loaf of Bread 10c
 1-lb. Loaf 8c; 2 for 15c

Special Prices on Party Orders

CARRIZOZO BAKERY

Phone 60 Carrizozo, N. M.

TRY
BURNETT'S GROCERY

FOR
 Choicest Meats
 Staple and Fancy Groceries
 Fruits and Vegetables
HOT BARBECUE Every Day
POULTRY -- Alive or Dressed

Burnett's Cash Grocery & Market

Carrizozo - New Mexico

Camp Malpais

Store—Filling Station
 Cabins
 —Best of Service—
 Open Day and Night; Phone 9
 B. Prior, Prop.

LODGES

—CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 41—
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.
 A. F. & A. M.
 Regular Meetings 1932
 First Saturday of Each Month

 F. L. Boughner, W. M.
 R. E. Lemon, Secy.

COMET CHAPTER NO. 29
ORDER OF EASTERN STAR
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.

REGULAR MEETING
 First Thursday of each month.
 All Visiting Stars Cordially Invited.
 Anna Stimmel, W. M.
 Ula Mayer, Secretary.

COALORA REBEKAH LODGE
 NUMBER 15
 I. O. O. F.

Meets second and fourth
 Wednesdays of each month.
 Pearl Bostian, Noble Grand
 Stephen Bostian, Secretary
 Carrizozo - New Mexico

CARRIZOZO LODGE NO. 80, I. O. O. F.
 Carrizozo, New Mexico.
 L. H. Dow,
 Noble Grand
 W. J. Langston
 Sec'y-Treas.
 Regular meetings every Tuesday night.

St. Rita Catholic Church

Rev. Fr. J. Francis Mitchell, pastor
 Masses on Sunday
 First Mass at 7:15 a. m.
 Second Mass at 8:30 a. m.
 Until October. Mass at Ruidoso every Sunday at 11:15 a. m.

Methodist Church

Rev. J. L. Lawson, pastor
 Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.
 Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., except first and third Sunday mornings of each month, when pastor will preach at Capitan at the 11 o'clock services.
 Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

Baptist Church

Rev. L. D. Jordan, Pastor
 Miss Edith Dudley, Sunday School Superintendent,
 Sunday School, 10 a. m. every Sunday. A place for everybody in this Bible School and a welcome for all.
 Preaching Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. on Third Sunday in each month.
 Choir practices every Wednesday at 8 p. m. Mrs. T. E. Kelley, Pianist; Mr. Ferguson, Choirmaster.
 Sunbeams meet every Sunday afternoon at 2:30; Mrs. R. M. Jordan, Leader.

I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Clerk, subject to decision of the coming Republican County Convention.

Ernest Kay.

I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the decision of the coming Republican County Convention.

Peter E. Johnson.

I hereby wish to announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for County Treasurer of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention.

R. E. Fresquez.

I hereby wish to announce myself as a candidate for the office of County School Superintendent, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention.

Eva Rose.

"CARRIZOZO" Stationery

—With—
 Printed Letterheads and Envelopes

10c, 25c the package
 Cellophane Wrapped

Outlook Gift Shop

In a Nutshell
 Experience is what you get when you're looking for something else.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U.S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N.M.
Aug. 1, 1932

Notice is hereby given that Cleveland C. Nelson of Capitan, N. Mex., Spindle Rt., who on April 12, 1929, made Homestead entry, No. 037004, for All of Sec. 25, Twp. 6 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on September 16, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses: Bob Davis, Herbert A. Lowrey, Dan McFarland, Everett Davis, all of Roswell, N. M. V. B. May, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U.S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N.M.
Aug. 1 1932

Notice is hereby given that William A. Nelson of Capitan, N. M., Spindle Rt., who on April 12, 1928, made Hd. entry, No. 037006, for S1/2SW1/4 Sec. 23; N1/2, N1/2S1/2, S1/2SE1/4, Sec. 26, Twp. 6 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on September 16, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses: Bob Davis, Herbert A. Lowrey, Dan McFarland, Everett Davis, all of Roswell, N. M. V. B. May, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, New Mexico
Aug. 20, 1932

Notice is hereby given that Estolano Sanchez of Claunch, N. Mex., who on December 16, 1927, made homestead entry No. 038900 for NW1/4NE1/4, NE1/4NW1/4, S1/2, Section 38, Township 2 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on September 30, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses— Estanislao Bello, Sotero Romero, Sigfrado Chavez, Estolano Chavez, all of Claunch, N. Mex. V. B. May, Register.

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at
Santa Fe, New Mexico
July 23, 1932

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office Selection for the Eastern New Mexico Normal School, under the act of March 31, 1932, (Public No. 69, 72d Congress), List No. 243, Serial No. 048049, for NE1/4SE1/4 Sec. 9, W1/2NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4 Sec. 14, E1/2NW1/4 Sec. 15, SE1/4NW1/4 Sec. 17, Lot 2, E1/2NE1/4 Sec. 18, T. 3 S., R. 16 E., W1/2W1/4 Sec. 14, E1/4 Sec. 15, E1/2NE1/4, SW1/4NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, S1/2SE1/4 Sec. 22, NW1/4, N1/2SW1/4 Sec. 23, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, SE1/4SW1/4, S1/2SE1/4 Sec. 24, W1/2 Sec. 25, T. 5 S., R. 17 E., N. M. P. M.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely or desiring to show it to be mineral in character an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection. A. M. Bergers, Register.

TYPEWRITER PAPER
—at Bargain Prices
500 Sheets BOND, #1
at Outlook Office

DAIRY PRODUCTS
Milk—Cream—Eggs
Butter—Buttermilk

LUCKEY'S DAIRY
Phone 65

UNITED STATES
Department of the Interior
General Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.
Aug. 15, 1932

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office its Selection List 210, act of Mar. 31, 1932, Eastern Normal School, Serial No. 046711, for the following land: Twp. 6 S., R. 19 E.: SE1/4NE1/4, S1/2SW1/4 Sec. 35. Twp. 6 S., R. 18 E.: N1/2NW1/4 Sec. 23. The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection. 32-30 V.B. May, Register

Birthday Cards

—FOR—

Father, Mother, Sister, Brother, Son, Daughter, Husband, Wife and Sweetheart.

Outlook Art & Gift Shop

To the Parents of All School Children

As the time for the opening of school approaches, the mother of the family begins to consider whether her children are ready for the opening of school.

She gives much consideration to his clothes and books. How many give any thought to the child's physical fitness for another year of school?

There is one point that this department wishes to call to the attention of all parents and that is the following Public Health Law—"It shall be unlawful for any child to attend school, or for any teacher to allow such child within the schoolhouse unless so vaccinated against smallpox."

Will you not give us your cooperation by seeing that your part of the above law is carried out before the opening of school?

"Say It With Flowers"

They can be had at Rose Acres, Alamogordo, N.M.

Prompt Service Reasonable Prices

Mrs. M. I. HUNT

Save Money on Your Kodak Finishing

Trial Offer: Send 30c in coin and any size 6 or 8 exposure roll of films. We will develop the films, make six or eight good prints and mail your order back to you postpaid. With the order we will send our latest price list. Ridenour Studio, Belen, New Mexico

Car Given Away by Capitan Merchants September 3rd

Perry Sears was over from Capitan Tuesday and said that the car as advertised in the Outlook by the Capitan merchants will be given away Sept. 3. After the drawing, there'll be a dance by the Young Men's Democratic Club, all of which will take place at the Capitan Gym.

FOR RENT—Five-room apartment with bath. Everything new.—Apply to Mrs. Elizabeth Gallacher.

Save Your Old Stove

We can furnish Repairs to fit all stoves and furnaces.

Carrizozo Hardware Company

Where Women Trip Up The first step in keeping a secret is keeping secret the fact that you have one.—Boston Transcript.

The Western Lumber Co.



Sash Doors Plaster Board Glass Nails Roofing Plaster Cement Paints Oils 3-Ply Oregon Fir Wall Board

ALIAS LEGAL NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF LINCOLN COUNTY: STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

Will Ed Harris, Plaintiff vs. Cruz Sedillo et al, Defendants.

Lincoln Co. No. 3958 Civil To Cruz Sedillo, impleaded with the following named defendants against whom substituted service is hereby sought to be obtained, to-wit: Cruz Sedillo and his wife (real name unknown) if he had a wife June 28 or July 1st, 1911 and Pablo Chavez and his wife, Rupertita Chavez also known as Rupertita Arronaga, and unknown claimants of interest in the premises adverse to plaintiff (Real Names Unknown) and if they or any of the said defendants be dead, then their respective unknown heirs, executors, administrators, devisees, trustees and assigns (Real Names Unknown) you and each and every one of you are hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against you by Will Ed Harris, the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, in the Third Judicial District of said State, and that said cause is now pending in that Court.

The general object of said cause is to quiet the title of the plaintiff and to forever bar and estop each and every one of you from having or claiming any right or title adverse to plaintiff in or to the South half of the Southeast quarter of section five and the North half of the Northeast quarter of section eight, Township one South, Range eleven East of the N. M. P. M. and being in said county and containing 160 acres.

You and each and every one of you are further notified that unless you enter your appearance, in said cause on or before the 17th day of Oct., A. D. 1932, that judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default.

The name of plaintiff's attorney is Fred H. Ayers and his postoffice and business address is Estancia, New Mexico.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court on this the 26th day of August, A. D. 1932.

(SEAL) S. E. GREISEN, A20-S16 Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U.S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N.M.
Aug. 24, 1932

Notice is hereby given that Ida Mae Purcella, of Capitan, New Mexico, Spindle Rt., who on Sept. 12, 1929, made Homestead Entry, No. 040415, for E1/2SW1/4, SE1/4 Sec. 23; W1/2SW1/4, SE1/4SW1/4, Sec. 24; NE1/4, E1/2SE1/4, SW1/4SE1/4, Sec. 25, T. 7 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, New Mexico, on October 10, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses: L. Martin Purcella, Sterling Roberts, E. Pacheco, Lewis L. Purcella, all of Capitan, N. Mex., Spindle Route. V. B. May, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, New Mexico
Aug. 24, 1932

Notice is hereby given that Genova Ybarra, of San Patricio, N. Mex., who, on Sept. 7, 1927, made homestead entry, No. 034103, for Lots 3, 4, SE1/4NW1/4, E1/2SW1/4, W1/2SE1/4, Sec. 30, Twp. 10 S., R. 16 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. Mex., on Oct. 7, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles Fritz, Roman Sanchez, Folgencio Flores, all of San Patricio, N. Mex., Navro Sanchez of Hondo, N. M. V. B. May, Register.

WANTED—Cattle to pasture. Good grass and plenty of good water, 40 miles north of Corona. See Mrs. G. C. Bigelow, Carrizozo, N. M.

Lode and Placer Mining Location Blanks and Proofs of Labor on Mining Claims on sale at this office.

-more Western motorists use "STANDARD" than any other gasoline

THEY LIKE IT AND SO WILL YOU



For High Octane Efficiency STANDARD GASOLINE

At STANDARD STATIONS, INC. AND OTHER STANDARD OIL DEALERS

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

Carrizozo Eating House

We Specialize in Dinner Parties

Best of Accommodations To All the People, All The Time.



Mrs. E. H. SWEET, Proprietor



Folks Who Have

learned to save and to live within their incomes are not greatly affected by depressions.

We pay interest on Savings Accounts.

"Try First National Service"

S - A - V - E !

FIRST NATIONAL BANK Carrizozo - New Mexico

Blub-b-b-b



Sensible Advice

"It was my father's last wish," confides a winsome lass to the Portland Express, "that I should marry a tall man. Now, I had myself madly in love with a very short one. Would you consider it a sin if I married him?" "No," counseled the editor. "It is better to have loved a short man than never to have loved a tall."

Antlers Doubly Forked

The large size of the antlers and the curious angle when disturbed suggested the name Mule Deer says Nature Magazine. The antlers are doubly forked. In the early spring the red-brown does leave the bands with which they have spent the winter and choose secluded canyons or wooded glades where their one to three fawns are born.

Terms

Most of the people we know would like to pay the piper on the installment plan.—London Humorist.

Defect in Speech

Speech defects occurring in children may be caused by disorders in the emotional life, says Calvin T. Ryan in a Hygeia Magazine article. Among the causes he lists: lack of understanding of parents, inconsistency of treatment, laxity in discipline, dependence, dominance on the part of the parent, a too closely planned schedule, influence of a too dynamic personality, overanxiety, quarrelling, partiality, irregularity in the home, and unwise discipline.

Scorpion Drags Mate Around

When it comes to courting, the male of the scorpion family takes the initiative, picking out his own mate and dragging her around until he finds a crevice that satisfies him as a dwelling place. But once established in a home of her own, the wife soon assumes the upper hand. In fact, by the time she has finished her breakfast in the morning there are only a few fragments of the male scorpion left as proof that she ever had a husband.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, New Mexico
Aug. 10, 1932.

Notice is hereby given that George H. Shanks, of Picacho, N. Mex., who on Jan. 25, 1929, made Homestead Entry, No. 038052, for E1/2 Sec. 21; E1/2 Sec. 28, Twp. 12 S., Range 17 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on September 23, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses: Lee B. Corn, Thomas J. McKnight, A. Roy Treat, John R. Warner, all of Roswell, N. M. V. B. May, Register.

UNITED STATES
Department of the Interior
General Land Office
District Land Office
Las Cruces, N.M., Aug. 2, 1932

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has filed in this office its Selection List No. 248, Eastern Normal School, act of March 31, 1932, Serial No. 046563, for the following land:

Lot 7, NE1/4NE1/4, SW1/4SW1/4 Sec. 20; lots 2, 6, SW1/4NE1/4 Sec. 21; lots 2, 3, 5, 8, NE1/4NE1/4 Sec. 22; lots 3, 5, E1/2NE1/4, SW1/4NE1/4, SW1/4SE1/4 Sec. 27; lot 5, NW1/4NW1/4 Sec. 29; lot 8, NW1/4NE1/4 Sec. 30. & lots 2, 8, Sec. 33, T. 12 S., R. 20 E.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file their protests against the approval of the selection. A19-S16 V. B. May, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M., Aug. 10, 1932.

Notice is hereby given that Leoborio Carabajal, of Corona, N. Mex., who on Aug. 23, 1929, made Homestead Entry, No. 040410, for N1/2SE1/4 Sec. 34, E1/2E1/4 Sec. 20, T. 2 S., R. 12 E., and W1/2SW1/4, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1/4N1/4, Sec. 1, T. 3 S., R. 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. M., on September 23, 1932.

Claimant names as witnesses— Martin Lucero, Santiago Ortega, both of Ancho, N. M., D. L. Spald, E. T. Bond, both of Corona, N. M. A19-S16 V. B. May, Register.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE

TO:—

The heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns of the following deceased persons: — B. F. Gumm, W. L. Gumm, Elmer J. Gumm, S. L. Bean, A. H. Whitmore, J. F. Gumm, P. C. Bell, E. Garman, A. A. Brarup, Walter C. Frayley, and John A. Gumm:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the undersigned — THE RICO GOLD PLACER COMPANY, a corporation, co-owner—has caused to be performed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) worth of labor and annual expenditure work for the year ending June 30, 1931 on each of the following placer mining claims, located under the Mining Laws of the United States, in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln County, New Mexico, to-wit:—NORTH ANCHO Claim, recorded in Book 8, page 134 of Mining Records of said county; EAST ANCHO claim, recorded in Book 11, page 350 of said Mining Records; NORTH RICO claim, recorded in Book 8, page 121 of Mining Records of said county; RICO claim, recorded in Book R, page 349 of Mining Records of said county; EAST RICO claim, recorded in Book E, page 348 of Mining Records of said county; SOUTH RICO claim, recorded in the Mining Records of said county; to which reference is hereby made for a full description of said claims.

That said work was done upon said claims to hold the same under the provisions of SEC. 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States.

IF—within ninety (90) days from service of this notice, you as co-owners fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure relative to any one, or all, of said claims, your interest therein will be forfeited, and become the property of the undersigned, under the section of the United States Statutes above referred to. THE RICO GOLD PLACER COMPANY

By M. G. Paden, President.

ATTEST: Geo. W. Pritchard, Secretary.

First Publication August 28, 1932, to Nov. 25, 1932.

For Sale

YEARLING HEREFORD BULLS, at Reasonable Prices. The Titworth Co., Inc., Capitan, N. M.

We Are at War!

By GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING



Article II



LULLED into complacency by prosperity, our citizens passively accepted this poisonous growth with small concern.

Now that our complacency is gone, we begin to study this foul phenomenon more carefully. We see it eating more and more deeply into our national life, infecting politics, extorting tribute from business, threatening our very homes. From my own study as an individual, I am convinced that prohibition has largely financed this new postwar underworld of ours. Vast profits have drawn multitudes into the bootlegging business, and, once outside the pale of the law, they do not hesitate to turn to racketeering and other forms of crime. Thus a criminal army has been built up which defies the very government itself.

I do not question the sincerity of the prohibitionists, nor their nobility of purpose. Yet the inability to enforce the law in this respect has resulted in such tragic consequences that I believe the time has come to face this question squarely and to work together toward some other solution which takes more account of the inevitable traits of human nature.

But neither the repeal nor the modification of the prohibition laws will altogether abolish crime. The estimated one million or more men, accustomed to the easy money of the bootleg and speak-easy business and with an utter contempt for law, cannot be thus converted into virtuous, law-abiding citizens overnight. Many will turn to other forms of illegitimate activity. Corrupt officials, deprived of bootleg tribute, will seek new sources of graft.

Our frontier ancestors, when the criminal element got out of control, formed themselves into vigilance committees, rounded up criminals, and strung them up on the nearest tree. Every red-blooded man, when he reads of the criminal activities of our modern racketeers and of their apparent immunity from capture and prosecution, feels a natural impulse to go out and organize a vigilance committee. But action can be taken, under the law, only through the constituted authorities. Any other course would lead to abuses greater than those it might correct.

The ability of the underworld to terrorize society lies in the fact that it is thoroughly organized, while society is not. At present it is more the gang against the individual than otherwise. Why should we not form neighborhood and community committees, so that the gang will find itself confronted with an organized body of men larger and stronger than itself? The more important his position in the community, the greater the obligation of the citizen to join the committee.

Can Force Action.

Such committees, made up of substantial citizens, who regard citizenship as a paramount obligation, could force action. Suppose a neighbor of yours gets a kidnaping threat, or a merchant is visited by a gangster who tries to extort tribute from him, or a section of the town experiences a series of holdups. If the individual citizen goes to the police station or city hall and fails to get satisfaction possibly because of an alliance between officials and the underworld he is powerless.

But if the neighborhood committee stands ready, at the very first threat of gangster activity within its borders, to take common action against the invasion, the picture changes. The threatened man immediately summons all his trusted friends, who advise with the neighborhood committee. Representing the militant citizenship of its community, it could demand positive action by the police and by the city authorities.

Committees of this kind would be vigilance committees, not in the old sense, but in the sense that they would be ever vigilant in the protection of rights and the performance of civic duties. I would consider it an honor to serve on such a committee myself.

These committees would serve many other purposes beyond the suppression of racketeering. They would present a united front against the grafting of officials. They could hold weekly or monthly meetings to discuss the problems of government. Such meetings would serve to bring out and develop, as no institution we now possess does, new leaders, especially among the young citizens, in every community.

One great aid to crime in America is the veil of anonymity which covers the individual. In any army, every man is accounted for. His name, rank, regiment, and whereabouts are known. If he is wanted, we know where to find him. In America we have no identification. Men can move from city to city, changing their names, as they would their coats. They can register as they please at any hotel, with no questions asked. It is a pleasant, easy-going custom, but it puts an insuperable barrier in the way of the police in the detection of crime. The time has come when we must abandon the right to anonymity, as enlightened European countries have done.

Every resident of our country should have an identification card, a small passport with photograph attached. Change of permanent residence should be reported to the police. The card should be shown, if necessary, upon registration at any hotel, or on any other occasion when demanded by the police. The penalty for forging a

card or disregarding regulations concerning it should be heavy.

I realize that the inconvenience of the card identification system would be burdensome. But it would be considerably less burdensome than the breakdown of our system for apprehending criminals. The cards would not be a cure-all, but they would be a great help. No honest man could object to a plan which would materially aid in rounding up criminals.

Just as the depression has finally opened our eyes to the magnitude of our crime problem, so has it brought home to us the very extravagant activities of unwise politicians during our prosperity orgy. While the citizens have neglected their public duties, the politicians have quietly but enormously increased the cost of government, locally and nationally. Expenditures of the national government in 1913 were approximately \$700,000,000, exclusively of interest payments on the public debt. In 1931 they had increased to approximately \$2,000,000,000, exclusive of interest payments on the public debt and expenses incident to the World War. The cost of administration of local governments throughout the country increased from \$1,844,000,000 in 1913 to \$7,126,000,000 in 1929. The budget of one of our cities, New York, for 1932, is greater than the expenditures of the entire national government for 1903. Some of these increases, unquestionably, have been necessary for expansion and for coping with the more complex problems of today. But an alarming portion of them have been with an eye to jobs for the politicians' friends. Unnecessary offices, boards, commissions, have been prodigally multiplied.

And now, when our national revenues shrink, there is little done toward applying the logical remedy of reducing expenses. Instead, legislators resort to the vicious policy of increasing taxes, both direct and indirect. Thus the citizen finds himself burdened with the staggering load. But can he, with clear conscience, complain? He cannot. He elected these legislators, he saw them pile up lavish appropriations, and he elected them again. During the boom days the citizen was too busy in speculation himself to worry about the national debt or the local debt.

So with municipal affairs. During prosperity the citizens cheerfully looked on while the politicians multiplied unnecessary offices, gave extravagant contracts to their friends for public improvements, passed laws favoring special interests, and loaded the public with invisible taxes in the form of graft. Now many of our great cities are threatened with insolvency. Their depreciating securities imperil the solvency of banks where the citizen has his money. The citizen again discovers that he is the victim. But is he not the victim of his own neglect of the plainest duties of citizenship?

In the situation that now confronts him, the citizen is groping. What can he do now? What practical action can he take?

He is told to go to the polls and cast his vote, which is an old story to him, but by itself it will not remedy the situation, for too often the candidates of each party are incompetent or corrupt.

There is a great deal more to political duty than going to the polls to vote. A body of uninformed citizens knocking to the polls, prompted only by good intentions, is about as effective as an army made up of untrained men marching to battle.

Year after year, under universal suffrage, there has grown a wider divergence between theory and practice in our political economy.



“WHY should we not form neighborhood and community committees, so that the gang will find itself confronted with an organized body of men larger and stronger than itself? . . . Suppose a neighbor of yours gets a kidnaping threat, or a merchant is visited by a gangster who tries to extort tribute from him, or a section of the town experiences a series of holdups. If the individual citizen goes to the police station or city hall and fails to get satisfaction, he is powerless. But if the neighborhood committee stands ready, at the very first threat of gangster activity within its borders, to take common action against the invasion, the picture changes. . . . Representing the militant citizenship of this community, it could demand positive action by the police and by the city authorities.

“Committees of this kind would be vigilance committees, not in the old sense, but in the sense that they would be ever vigilant in the protection of rights and the performance of civic duties.

“I would consider it an honor to serve on such a committee myself!”

at the political clubs, look into the records and alliances of candidates for office.

Even this is not enough, unless there is some organization of non-political citizens to work with united force. Here again the neighborhood committees which I suggested earlier would have their uses. Such committees could compel the respect of the political leader and hold him to an accounting. They could hold meetings and ask candidates to appear before them, address them, and submit to questioning. Moreover, they could and should keep track of the political and financial administration of local and national affairs.

It might be inferred from what I say here that I think there are no good men in politics. On the contrary, we all know many fine men, honest men, able men in politics. But there are not enough of them.

One of our problems is to attract men of higher caliber into public life. Certainly the profession of government is as important as any calling in our nation. Yet it is not even taught in our schools and colleges. We teach political science, yes, but that is a far cry from practical politics. There is no alternative for the aspiring politicians but to learn their high art and profession at the knee of the district leader or ward captain—too often with undesirable results.

Corporations for the conduct of business, education, and charity have multiplied in number and importance in recent years. Service in hundreds of corporations is affording a new discipline for thousands in managing and directing people, and this in turn should be of the highest value toward supporting progress and durability in governmental affairs. But business men too often forget that the government is the most important corporation of all. They passively permit men to occupy public offices to whom they would deny jobs in their own companies. They fail to apply, on election day, the elementary rules they have learned in their business.

No Time for Shirk-ing.

Business men say that politics is “unpleasant.” So is service in the trenches unpleasant, but our citizens do not shirk it when duty calls.

Carelessness, neglect, and ignorance in the conduct of the affairs of government have exactly the same results

as they would have in any army facing the enemy on the field of battle. The obligations of the individual citizen as a part of this government are quite as binding as those of each soldier composing an army. Thorough training and a high sense of duty are as important in one case as in the other.

The preparation of an army for service with any hope of success demands something more than writing out the details of organization and the issuance of orders. It requires the training of each individual of the army in the particular part he is to play at the front. It is the same in the successful conduct of the government. Each citizen must be trained in his duties and be inspired by a high sense of obligation in carrying them out.

Constitutions and laws do not of themselves guarantee either the efficiency or the permanence of government. In a government by the people the responsibility of the individual must be conscientiously fulfilled, or failure will be the result.

Make no mistake about it: Our nation is confronted by a crisis as serious as the crisis of the war. We are at war against depression and crime. And, just as to that earlier crisis, we come unprepared. Our unpreparedness in the war cost us untold billions in money and the lives of some of our finest men. Our unpreparedness for this battle of peace has also cost us dear.

But in the war, once we were aroused, we made effort which astonished the world. Just so today the American citizen, once he is aroused to the dangers that menace his country, will, I devoutly hope and believe, gloriously redeem his indifference of the past.

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French Penal Code

France does not send all persons who commit crimes to the French penal colony on the Isle de Salut, off the coast of French Guiana. The type of prisoners sent is that, generally speaking, of the undesirable habitual criminal whom the French government does not want to return to France. In sentencing the criminal to the colony the type of crime committed is stressed, such as undesirable political prisoners, as well as vicious habitual criminals.

Southwestern Briefs

The Arizona state capital's temperature so far for August has been 40 degrees in excess of normal.

Approximately \$14,000 less will be levied for taxes in Mora county, N. M., this year than a year ago as a result of the county budget hearing, attended by members of the State Tax Commission.

Popples sold next year and thereafter in Arizona by the auxiliary to the American Legion posts throughout the state will be popples made by disabled veterans in hospitals and in their homes.

Corn is used as money by farmers in northern Lea county, N. M. Farmers pay their bills with so many bushels of corn, trade it for necessities and exchange it for livestock and farm implements.

The condition of New Mexico ranges was 82 per cent of normal as compared with 87 per cent last month and 85 per cent a year ago, according to a report released by Fred Daniels, agricultural statistician for New Mexico.

Three firms applied to the state motor bus bureau for permits to operate truck freight lines from Albuquerque to Santa Fe. The applicants are F. W. Bickel, Joseph Burne and the Hunter-Clarkson Co., Inc., all of Santa Fe.

Near Gallup, N. M., three large Indian ruins, one of them virtually under the tangle of the Gamero mine, have been unearthed by miners in their idle time. Discovery of a skeleton over which the miners have trod for a dozen or more years, led to the rush to excavate the ruins.

The New Mexico bureau of child welfare has arranged for one of its field representatives, Mrs. Lydia Elcher Halstead, to carry on a joint program for the New Mexico American Legion and the state bureau for two months, at the request of state and national officers of the American Legion.

Grand Canyon, Ariz., is perhaps the most representative national park of the twenty-two national parks in the United States, according to Superintendent M. R. Tillotson, who points out each month of the summer travel season finds automobiles from practically every state in the Union registered at the park entrance gates.

The New Mexico Bureau of Child Welfare has arranged for one of its field representatives, Mrs. Lydia Elcher Halstead, to carry on a joint program for the New Mexico American Legion and the state bureau for two months, at the request of state and national officers of the American Legion.

Mohave county, Ariz., has a road project, surveyed and estimated, that is second to none in importance of any of the roads of the state. That is the proposed road from Kingman to Boulder dam, which is later to extend to a connection with U. S. 89, which is to become the main line into Mexico and South America.

Having set the state tax rate for the fiscal year 1932-33 at \$1.29, highest in the state's history, the State Tax Commission has also, it announces, reduced the state budget \$255,500 for the same period. The budget reductions were made by request of the departments involved or at suggestion of Governor Hunt.

Louis Casazza, who lives three miles northeast of Farmington, N. M., near the Aztec highway, last year harvested from 2 1/2 acres, over twenty-two tons of potatoes, which he sold at \$1 per cwt., thus taking in about \$450, or an average of more than \$175 per acre. This year's crop is contracted for at \$1.25 per hundredweight.

A group of California men, headed by Cooper Shapley of Bishop, have taken an option on a fluor spar property near Deming, N. M. They are building a mill to crush the ore to 100 fineness and then remove objectionable material, such as silica, by flotation, producing an ore of 90 per cent purity. Fluor spar is extensively used in the porcelain trade.

Articles of incorporation of the Oro Plata Mining and Refining Company, with a capitalization of \$250,000, was filed with the State Corporation Commission. The new corporation is being put over by M. E. Settle, Robert Q. Gruell and Charles P. Elmer. The new company has an option on the old Oro Plata mines group, situated in Todd basin, sixteen miles north of Kingman, Ariz.

With the completion of improvements in the Petrified forest by the government and the stressing of this wonderful national monument by local publicity, it is noted that more tourists make headquarters in Holbrook, Ariz., while taking the short circular drive from this point through the forest, than formerly, all of which indicates the increased commercial advantages now being afforded Holbrook.

Suits to foreclose tax lien certificates have been filed in District Court, naming more than half of the taxpayers of Rio Arriba county, N. M.

Assurance of seven miles of oiling from Gamero to the southern Navajo reservation line on Highway 666 and possible inclusion of a oiling project from Guam to the Valencia county line in New Mexico, are announced for McKinley county's road program this year. A. L. Egan, city attorney, made the announcement following conferences with Governor Seligman and State Highway Engineer Wooler.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. E. B. FURZBATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago) (© 1932, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for September 4

EVILS OF INTEMPERANCE

GOLDEN TEXT—Do not drink wine nor strong drink, thou, nor thy sons with thee, when ye go into the tabernacle of the congregation, lest ye die; it shall be a statute for ever throughout your generations.

LESSON TEXT—Isaiah 5.
PRIMARY TOPIC—The Evil of Drunkenness.
JUNIOR TOPIC—A Wise Man Gives a Warning.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Why Obey the Law?
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Observing and Enforcing Law.

1. Israel, the Favored Nation (vv. 1-7).

This nation's unique relation to God is presented under the figure of a vineyard. Observe:

1. God's peculiar favor (vv. 1, 2). God did for this nation what he did for no other nation in the history of the world. He fenced it when he assigned the boundaries of Israel's inheritance. (Num. 34:1-13.) He gathered out the stones when the Canaanites were exterminated. The choicest vine planted therein was the Israelite nation which had gone through the disciplinary process in Egyptian bondage. He built a tower in it when under David Jerusalem was made its capital city.

2. The obligation of the nation (vv. 2). The purpose of a vineyard is to bring forth grapes. The purpose of God in selecting and blessing the Israelite nation was that it might bring forth fruit to his glory.

3. It bore only wild grapes (v. 4). Instead of sweet, luscious grapes, they bore grapes of a sour and unwholesome kind. How aptly this symbolizes Israel's life!

4. The desolation of the vineyard (vv. 6-7). Since all efforts had been wasted, the owner of the vineyard now resolved to abandon it. He purposed to take away the fences and leave it exposed to wild beasts, to be wasted and devoured by them.

11. The Sins Which Brought Ruin to Israel (vv. 8-23).

The causes of this destruction are presented under six woes, each was pronounced against a particular sin:

1. Monopoly and oppression of the poor (vv. 8-10). The crime against which the first woe is directed is that of avaricious grasping after property which leads to the accumulation of wealth in the hands of the few. "Joining house to house and laying field to field" means the sin of the greedy monopolist who buys up the land on every side and ejects the small land holder. In the agricultural district it takes the form of the "land grabber." In the commercial centers it takes the form of the big man crushing out the small ones. This state of affairs met God's judgment in Judea, as seen in vv. 9 and 10, and one day it shall do likewise in America.

2. Dissipation (vv. 11-17). The sin here denounced is drunkenness. Several features are connected with this one sin:

a. Drinking made the life business of some (v. 11). They got up early and continued until late at night.

b. The effort to give their wicked business a show of refinement (v. 12). This is why pleasing music is heard in dens of infamy over our land.

c. Blindness to God's warnings and judgments (v. 12). Their drinking and dissipation rendered them insensible to the dealings of Providence.

d. God's judgments for such sin (vv. 13-17). They went into captivity. The immediate cause assigned was ignorance, but it was a willful ignorance for which they were held responsible. There was a great mortality among those who drank (v. 14). "Hell hath enlarged herself." The records everywhere show a much higher death rate among drinking men. Drinking degrades all classes (v. 15).
3. Unbelief (vv. 18, 19). This woe is directed against the sinner who presumptuously plunges into vice. He persists in iniquity and scoffs at judgment. This is peculiarly common among those who go about wine-drinking as a business.

4. Moral confusion (v. 20). This woe is pronounced against those who try to adjust moral conditions to suit their sinful appetites.

5. Conceit (v. 21). The fifth woe is pronounced against the sin of self-conceit, which holds a false estimate of human wisdom and acts without reference to God.

6. Perversion of justice (vv. 22, 23). The sixth woe is pronounced against unjust judges.

111. God's Treatment of Israel for Their Sins (vv. 24-30).

1. He stretched out his hand in anger against them (vv. 24, 25).

2. Chastised by the nations (vv. 26-30). God gave the signal and issued the call for the nations to chastise Israel.

GLEANINGS

The first step toward becoming a gambler is to take just one chance in a church raffle.

Some pastors are so busy running their church they have no time to take care of the sheep.

"A man who lives only with himself and for himself is apt to be corrupted by the company he keeps."—Parkhurst.

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Business and Industrial Conference Called by President Hoover—Smoot Predicts Revision of Revenue Law—Walker Case Developments:

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

IN THE nature of a culmination of his program for economic recovery will be the conference which President Hoover has called to open August 28 in Washington. Those summoned are the members of the business and industrial committees recently set up in the twelve federal reserve districts, and the purpose announced by Mr. Hoover is to start a "concentrated campaign along the whole economic front."

Continuing the President said: "The conference will deal with specific projects where definite accomplishments in business, agriculture, and employment can be attained, and will coordinate the mobilization of private and governmental instrumentalities to that end."

Committee chairmen and officials who were to hold the preliminary organization meeting were:

Carl P. Dennett, Boston; Owen D. Young, New York; George H. Houston, Philadelphia; L. B. Williams, Cleveland; Edwin C. Graham, Richmond; George S. Harris, Atlanta; Sewell L. Avery, Chicago; J. W. Harris, St. Louis; George D. Dayton, Minneapolis; Joseph F. Porter, Kansas City; Frank Kell, Dallas; K. R. Kingsbury, San Francisco; Secretary of the Treasury Mills; Secretary of Agriculture Hyde; Secretary of Commerce Chapin; Secretary of Labor Doak; Eugene Meyer, governor of the federal reserve board; Atlee Pomerene, chairman of the Reconstruction Finance corporation; Paul Bestor, chairman farm loan board; Franklin Fort, chairman federal home loan board, and James C. Stone, chairman of the federal farm board.

Much is expected to be accomplished by the home loan banking system created by congress, of which Franklin Fort of New Jersey has been made chairman. In a radio address Mr. Fort explained that the home loan banks will have the power to make direct loans on first mortgages up to the same percentage of the value of the property that they may loan to institutions.

"We shall all be greatly disappointed," he continued, "if the home loan bank system does not put under the real estate and mortgage structure of America the type of underpinning which not only will prevent its collapse in these troubled times, but will form a foundation for the continued expansion and growth of home ownership."

The machinery of the new organization, which will be set up as soon as the board decides upon the sites for the establishment of the eight to twelve home loan banks provided by the law, is designed primarily to advance loans to building and loan associations, savings banks and insurance companies in the mortgage field.

SENATOR SMOOT, chairman of the senate finance committee, realizing there are many inequalities in the new revenue law, expresses the opinion that congress, when it reconvenes, will find necessary a revision of that measure to fit business conditions as they will then exist. And he believes the plan of a general manufacturers' sales tax will be revived. "Personally," said the Utah senator, "I think that the bottom of the business depression has been reached and that conditions are getting better everywhere in the country."

The Chamber of Commerce of the United States has announced formation of a special committee on taxation to examine "the manufacturers' sales tax and other possible sources of federal revenue" as a means "of curing inequalities in the taxation system as set up in the last session of congress."

VICE PRESIDENT CURTIS was formally notified of his renomination by the Republican party at his home in Topeka, Kan. The ceremony was notable for its simplicity, for "Charlie" had said he did not wish his friends and neighbors to go to a lot of expense. There were no parades, but the Topeka Post band of the American Legion played and the same post provided a color guard.

Senator Dickinson, chairman of the notification committee, spoke for about ten minutes, and Mr. Curtis then delivered his address of acceptance, an effort that received high praise from his fellow Republicans.

SOUTH TRIMBLE, clerk of the house of representatives, decided that Speaker Garner and Representative Rainey were right and that it was mandatory on him to make public the details of loans made by the Reconstruction Finance corporation since July 1. In this he disagreed with President Hoover, who sought to

avoid this publicity and who thought further congressional action was necessary if the transactions were not to be held as confidential by the clerks of the senate and house.

FIVE distinguished engineers will pass on all applications for loans for self-liquidating projects as provided for in the relief act carrying a fund of \$1,500,000,000 for construction work to aid the unemployed. At the head of this committee of five is Dr. Charles David Marx, one of the foremost engineers of California.

He is a personal friend of President Hoover, who esteems him highly and has utmost confidence in his ability to handle the big job put in his hands. Doctor Marx, who was born in Ohio in 1857, was educated in Cornell university and in Germany. He was United States assistant engineer on Missouri river improvement fifty years ago, and afterward was on the faculties of Cornell, Wisconsin and Stanford universities. His home is in Palo Alto.

ONE of the strange developments of the times is the farmers' strike that was started in Iowa for the purpose of forcing higher prices for farm produce and that spread to some extent in other states of the central west. The Iowa farmers undertook to compel all agriculturists of the state to withhold their products from market, and in some regions, notably about Des Moines, picketed the highways and stopped nearly all trucks carrying vegetables and live stock to the city. Deputy sheriffs were instructed to keep the roads open, but few farmers cared to run the blockade. City milk distributors obtained sufficient supplies by train, but urbanites had to rely on home gardens for their vegetables.

MAYOR JIMMY WALKER of New York put in another strenuous week trying to convince Governor Roosevelt that he should not be removed from office.

The examination conducted by the governor went into all facts connected with Walker's relations with Russell T. Sherwood, who handled the mayor's financial affairs and has long been missing; and with many other charges made by Samuel Seabury. During the questioning there was a lot about an "unnamed woman" who was unofficially admitted to be Betty Compton, an actress now living in England. The evidence before the legislative committee had shown that this person, whose name was not then revealed, received a check for \$7,500 from a brokerage account of Mayor Walker's and that cash and stocks valued at \$75,000 were turned over to her from the various accounts of Sherwood.

The mayor in his testimony referred to the "unnamed person" as having been his personal friend; he offered to explain his "arrangement" with her, as it was expressed on one occasion, but the governor refused to permit an explanation.

Throughout the trial Governor Roosevelt has shown a commendable determination to get at the truth and frequently found occasion to squelch Walker's counsel, John J. Curtin. To the layman at a distance it seemed that the efforts of the attorney did nothing to help the mayor's case—to put it mildly.

Supreme Court Justice Stanley issued an order compelling Roosevelt to delay his decision in the case until after a hearing on a writ of injunction, and there was a good prospect that court proceedings would block removal of the mayor, if that is decided upon by the governor, until after the Presidential election.

NEWS of interest to all the country came from Englewood, N. J. There, in the Morrow home, a second son was born to Col and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh, and it was announced that mother and child were doing well. The happy event came five months and sixteen days after the kidnapping of the first Lindbergh boy from their home in Hopewell. Colonel Lindbergh issued a plea to the press not to invade the privacy of his home, feeling that the publicity to which the family had been subjected was in large measure responsible for the tragic death of their first child.

RUMORS that Theodore Roosevelt, governor general of the Philippines, would be called home to take part in the Presidential campaign on behalf of Mr. Hoover were strengthened when it was announced that John H. Holliday of St. Louis, Mo., had been appointed vice-governor of the islands by the President. He has been acting as legal adviser to Colonel Roosevelt. The managers of the Republican campaign felt that a few speeches in the middle and far western states by Governor-General Roosevelt would greatly help the Hoover cause because it had been found that many voters out there were going to cast their ballots for Franklin D. Roosevelt under the impression that he is the son of former President Roosevelt, to whose memory they are devoted.

FOR the first time in a year and a half President Hoover took a vacation, but it lasted only a few days. He spent the first part of the time on the Commerce department boat Sequoia fishing in the waters of the Chesapeake, and he and his companions caught a lot of fish and had a good rest. Wednesday evening the President landed at Annapolis, whence he motored to the White House and then went on to the Rapidan camp.

COAL mine fields of central and southern Illinois were greatly disturbed following the acceptance by the union of a compromise \$5 a day rate. Many of the miners rebelled against this and there were mass meetings and picketing activities that gave the authorities much to do. Joe Colbert, a union official at Orient and one of the protesters, was called from his home and shot to death. Many of the larger mines reported that they were operating with full forces at the reduced scale.

STATE politics in New York is getting lively, and the Republicans are preparing to select their candidates at the convention, which meets in September. To oppose United States Senator Robert F. Wagner, Democrat, who seeks re-election, it is likely Charles S. Whitman will be picked by the G. O. P. He is a veteran in politics, having been elected governor in 1914 and re-elected two years later; but he was defeated in 1918 by Alfred E. Smith, since when he has not held or sought office. Mayor Rollin B. Marvin of Syracuse is another possibility for the senatorial nomination.

For the Republican nomination for governor the most conspicuous aspirant to date is Col. William J. Donovan of Buffalo, who acquired the nickname "Wild Bill" in the World War. He commanded the old "fighting Sixty-ninth" and won the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service medal and other decorations. During the Coolidge regime he was assistant attorney general.

WITH economy in mind, Italy is about to reorganize her navy and will retire about 150,000 tons of her fighting ships. These will include two battleships, three heavy cruisers, nine light cruisers, twenty-five destroyers and a dozen submarines, all reasonably old, but still within the age limit. The ships will be stripped of their crews, but not immediately scrapped. In this condition they will continue to serve as a bargaining point when the world disarmament conference resumes its discussions at Geneva, Switzerland, this fall.

GEN. KURT VON SCHLEICHER, minister of defense in the Von Papen cabinet, is moving steadily toward realization of his ambition to become master of Germany. Reports from Berlin intimate that out of the political chaos may emerge a new government with that "strong man" as chancellor and Franz Bracht as premier of the state of Prussia. Von Schleicher is much more highly regarded than Von Papen by the junkers, who have been urging that all pretense of parliamentary government be dropped.

Adolph Hitler, leader of the Nazis, in conference with President Von Hindenburg, demanded not only the chancellorship but the same power assumed by Mussolini after the march on Rome. This the aged president curtly refused, but he did offer to make Hitler vice chancellor and give his party other cabinet offices. Hitler would not accept the minor post, preferring to remain opposition as the prophet of the Nazis. The National Socialists thereupon began an attack on the Von Papen government, and they now have the assistance of the Communists, numbering some 3,500,000. The latter decided to institute a nation-wide strike to force the government to take action for relief of unemployment.

EUSEBIO AYALA, who has become president of Paraguay, is as firm as his predecessor in determination not to yield to the demands of Bolivia concerning the Gran Chaco, but in a public statement he declared that war between the two nations over that issue would be "an absurdity," which was encouraging for the cause of peace.

GOODYEAR SPEEDWAY
(These prices do not include any increase brought about by the Federal tax)

Full Oversize—4-40-21 Ford	Full Oversize—4-50-21 Ford Chevrolet	Full Oversize—4-50-20 Chevrolet
\$3.49 Each In pairs Per single tire \$3.50	\$3.83 Each In pairs Per single tire \$3.95	\$3.79 Each In pairs Per single tire \$3.90
Full Oversize—4-75-19 Ford Chevrolet Plymouth	Full Oversize—4-75-20 Chrysler Plymouth Pontiac	Full Oversize—5-00-19 Chrysler Dodge Nash
\$4.50 Each In pairs Per single tire \$4.63	\$4.57 Each In pairs Per single tire \$4.70	\$4.72 Each In pairs Per single tire \$4.85
Full Oversize—5-00-20 Nash	Full Oversize—5-25-21 Buick Dodge Nash	30 x 3 1/2 Cl. Ford—Model T
\$4.80 Each In pairs Per single tire \$4.95	\$5.82 Each In pairs Per single tire \$5.98	\$3.30 Each In pairs Per single tire \$3.39

GOODYEAR TUBES
are now so low priced it's thrifty to put a new tube in every new tire

DO YOU know what you get for your money when you pay the low prices printed here?

You get the safety of tough new rubber—Goodyear rubber—between your car and the road.

You get full oversized tires—guaranteed for life.

You get Goodyear Supertwist—cord construction—Goodyear quality through and through.

You get the extra value that Goodyear can put into tires because Goodyear builds more tires than any rubber company in the world.

No wonder millions are calling Goodyear Speedway "the greatest thrift tire on the market today."

Read these prices and ask yourself: "Why pay good money for any second-choice tire when FIRST-CHOICE costs no more?"

TUNE IN on the Goodyear Program every Wednesday night over N.E.C. Red Network, WEAJ and Associated Stations

GOODYEAR

SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER FOR THESE VALUES!

Leading for Protection
Hollywood thought a certain motion picture star had "gone crazy" when he began to lend money to certain of his friends. To be sure, the amounts were small, but the fact that he lent any at all was cause for consternation among the people who knew him real well.

"Don't you worry," grinned the star, when it was pointedly suggested that he needed a vacation and mental relaxation. "I haven't loaned a dollar more than I'm willing to pay to feel certain that I'll be left strictly alone. No one comes near you when they owe you money."

It Depends
"What do you mean, you sometimes drive alone, at least technically?"
"Well, whenever my wife is asleep in the back seat."

Night Life
He—Is there any night life in your town?
She—Oh, yes. Every once in a while a member of our lodge dies and we sit up with the corpse.

Man Lost 26 Pounds Looks 100% Better
Feels Stronger Than Ever

Just to prove to any doubtful man or woman that Kruschen Salts is the SAFE way to reduce—let us take the letter of Mr. F. J. Fritz of Cincinnati, Ohio, recently received.

He writes: "I've tried extreme dieting, setting up exercises with very little results—but the results from Kruschen are almost incredible. In 3 months I reduced from 265 to 179 pounds and feel stronger than ever—no more wheezing or gasping for breath—friends say I look 100% better."

FAULTLESS WAY the Easiest Way

THE EASIEST way because Faultless Starch comes to you ready for instant use—no boiling, no mixing. The best way because it does twice as much as ordinary starch and does it nicer.

FAULTLESS STARCH CO. KANSAS CITY, MO.

5c and 10c

Rarest of Women
"So you enjoy showing your wife how to run the car?"
"Yes. It's the first time she ever admitted that I could teach her anything."—Exchange.

You never know the depth or shallowness of a man's good will until you have camped out with him for two weeks.

Some people are so afraid to die that they never begin to live.

Sit in Your Chair at Home... and Shop!

THE things you want to buy...at the time you want to buy them...at the price you want to pay. You can find these right in the paper. Your newspaper advertisements make it possible to do your "looking around" right at home...and then go downtown to do your buying... saving you time and energy.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 35-1662

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Armstrong of Ruidoso, Saturday, August 27, a girl. Mother and daughter are doing nicely.

Bob Brady was here from Hondo the first of the week, attending to his duties as a member of the County Board of Education. Bob said that rain has been abundant in the Hondo Valley and the people there are beginning to look at the depression as a thing of the past.

Hon. J. V. Tully, Chairman of the Glencoe Republican Committee, spent several days in Carrizozo the first of the week, visiting friends and attending a meeting held Tuesday afternoon at the Court House. J. V. wears the same ol' smile and is as cheerful as ever.

Don Cortez and his "Band-Its" will be in Carrizozo for the first time on Friday night, Sept. 2, at Lutz Hall. Very H-O-T!

Alfredo Lopez, Lell St. John, Polo Ortiz, Sat Chavez, Sr., sons Sat, Jr., Reuben and Esequiel attended the game at Tularosa last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Brady and Miss Bernadette Francis were Roswell visitors last Sunday, returning home Sunday evening.

HELP WANTED — Married lady who needs some extra money to collect our small monthly payment magazine accounts in Carrizozo. Small real estate bond required—no cash.—Write 416 Tabor Bldg., Denver, Colo. S2 9

Mrs. Florentino Lopez was taken to her home last Saturday from Johnson's Hospital and is reported now out of danger. Florentino is up also and convalescing nicely, we are glad to say.

Mr. and Mrs. Benigno Gallegos returned last Saturday from Mountainair where they visited friends and relatives for a week.

The Misses Bonnie and Native Brady arrived here Monday from El Paso for a visit with their mother, Mrs. Wm. S. Brady and family.

J. A. Byron and Ashby Roselle were Carrizozo visitors from the Jake Springs locality last Saturday.

T. C. Romero and his father, Refugio Romero were here Tuesday afternoon on their return trip from Albuquerque where they went last Saturday when Tirco was summoned as a juror in Federal Court, but was excused and they returned on the day above mentioned. They stopped over at Yeleta and visited for a day with Father Girma, former pastor of the local Catholic Church. After paying this office a pleasant call, they proceeded on the way to their home in Lincoln.

Mr. and Mrs. V. P. Smith and infant daughter Jeanne were here the latter part of last week from Oscura. Little Jeanne, is but a few days over one month old and besides growing rapidly — she even has made quite a few trips to Carrizozo.

Mrs. Ashby Roselle is home at the Polly-Jake Springs country, after visiting her mother and Miss Kathleen Doering at Lawrence, Kansas for some time. Miss Doering is well known in Carrizozo; she has been instructor of Entomology at the Kansas University at Lawrence for some time.

Ex - County Commissioner Lloyd Hulbert of Lincoln motored a school bus of children to Carrizozo Tuesday.

Methodist Church

Seventy-one in Sunday School last Sunday. And a fine crowd of young people at the Epworth League service in the evening. Regular service in Capitan next Sunday morning; at Angus in the afternoon, and in Carrizozo in the evening.

THE JERICHO CLUB

Promoters of Wholesome Entertainment.

Harry Gallacher, Chairman.
R. A. Walker, Sec'y.

"Geel it's hot in the shade," said the parrot.—He was in the oven.

Enchiladas, Tamales and Chili Con Carne

Every 1st, 15th and 30th of each month and every Saturday and Sunday, beginning Saturday, Sept. 3, at 8:30 p. m.—Mrs. Victoria Lopez, across from Vidaurri's Store.

Cowboy Boot Maker

Ladies' Half Soles 50 & 75c
Men's Half Soles 75c & \$1

GEO. R. HYDE, Prop.
Capitan, N. M.

At a certain country home, the children were accustomed not to say their prayers until the lights were out and the old man gave the command. One night the kids were scuffling and slinging things at each other, and when a shoe caught the house parrot right squarely in the eye, he let out a yelp, "Say your prayers, children, say your pray--?" A total eclipse for that bird, we must say.

Mrs. F. H. Johnson, Mrs. Williams, Dr. Johnson's sister, who has been a guest at the Johnson home for a short while, will leave today for California for a visit of ten days or two weeks.

Miss Anita Bigelow returned Wednesday from Oklahoma, where she visited for three weeks with relatives and friends. While at Shawnee and Sulphur Springs, she attended many parties most of which were given in her honor.

T. E. Kelley, daughter Ruth and Dr. R. T. Lucas left the latter part of last week on a fishing trip to the Chama country in the northern part of the state and were followed on Sunday by Mrs. Kelley and the John A. James family, her guests, of whom we made mention in our last issue. They had a pleasant time and the fishermen brought back some of the largest, finest trout we have seen for years. On leaving the fishing grounds, the James family went to their home at Cleveland, Texas and the Kelleys and Dr. Lucas returned to Carrizozo Monday evening.

Attention, Club Women

Wednesday night, Sept. 14, there will be a re-assembly and reception of the Woman's Club of Carrizozo for teachers, new members, and their friends at the Hi School Auditorium. A good representation is earnestly desired.

The regular meeting of the Club will be held at the home of Mrs. Paul Mayer on the afternoon of Friday, Sept. 16. All members are urged to attend.

Woman's Club of Carrizozo.
Mrs. Zoe Glasco, President.

Prude--Maddox

The El Paso Times of August 26 gives a detailed account of the recent wedding of Miss Lucille Prude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Prude of Mescalero to Paul Maddox, son of Dr. and Mrs. O. P. Maddox of Brazil, South America. After a romance of three years, the wedding occurred at the Prude home at Mescalero and was elaborate in every detail.

There were many guests present on this occasion among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Lovelace and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dingwall of Carrizozo and the remainder from El Paso, Las Cruces, Tularosa, Three Rivers and the bride's home town. The new Mrs. Maddox is a niece of Mrs. Lovelace and a cousin to the Dingwall brothers.

The bride will enter the University of Kentucky at Louisville, where she graduated, and will continue her study of music, majoring in pipe organ, and the groom will also continue his studies in the University at Louisville and Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, where he is undergoing study for missionary and surgical work. They left on the night train for Louisville to make that place their home and carried the good wishes of their many friends with them.

Sad Happening

News reached here the first of the week to Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Sale and Miss Grace Jones to the effect that their sister-in-law, Mrs. Carl Jones of Houston, Texas, had died in an accidental manner as follows: Being ill with a headache, Mrs. Jones arose Friday afternoon for the purpose of taking an aspirin tablet. She opened a box containing bichloride tablets and took one of those instead of an aspirin. Realizing the mistake, a physician was hastily summoned, but the deadly drug had too much of a hold on the victim and death resulted in spite of all medical aid including a blood transfusion.

Mrs. Jones was born and reared in Lincoln County and leaves to mourn her loss, her husband, a little girl, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Highfill of Hot Springs, a sister, Mrs. W. C. Pittman of El Paso and two brothers, Ray and Clyde Highfill of Houston.

Wanderers Return

The party mentioned in our last issue of July 29, with E. M. Swasey, former publisher of the New York Evening Journal, John Quigley, pilot of the Kudner airplane, Lieut. Commander A. W. Gorton and Tom James of the Kudner ranch, all of whom made a trip to Grand Canyon and met mountain guides with horses for the party — and then began their return trip through the mountains with Carrizozo as their destination. They roughed it all the way, sleeping under the stars, eating real he-man grub, and drinking pure mountain water. Oh, boy! What a life!

George R. Hyde, the barber and cowboy shoemaker at Capitan, was a Carrizozo business visitor yesterday. George combines business with pleasure on his trips to Carrizozo. George has an ad in this paper that will interest you. Read it.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Fresquez were here Tuesday from Arabela, Mr. Fresquez attending the meeting of the precinct committeemen of the county for the Republican party, he being a candidate for the nomination for county treasurer on that ticket.

Wm. Wetstain, the popular postmaster of Oscura, was a Carrizozo business visitor Wednesday of this week.

C. C. Gilliland of the Ancho country was a Carrizozo business visitor this Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Farley will be up from Alamogordo tomorrow and will return Sunday accompanied by their granddaughter Frances Charles, who will enroll in the Alamogordo school for the fall and winter term.

Mrs. F. H. Johnson entertained the Carrizozo Bridge Club at her home yesterday afternoon.

Little Virginia Charles, who had been visiting with her grandparents for the vacation period at Alamogordo, is home to be ready for the opening of school.

His Honor Mayor L. A. Whitaker of Oscura was a visitor in town on this Tuesday.

Louis Bacot returned from his vacation trip to California Wednesday. On his trip, he was accompanied by his daughters and they had a pleasant time. The girls remained at Silver City so as to be ready for the opening of school.

Mrs. A. D. Prude and daughter Margie of Mescalero are the guests of Mrs. Morgan Lovelace this week.

"Dance" tonight at Lutz Hall, Don Cortez and his "Band-Its."

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Crowe and baby Peggy are here this week from Alamogordo as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charley Adams.

Mrs. G. O. Adams and little daughter Joetta, of Fullerton, Calif., came in Tuesday from Republic, Mo., where they had been visiting at the home of Mrs. Adams' parents during the vacation period. During their short stay on their return trip, they are guests of Mrs. Adams' sister, Miss Tressie Davis, one of our esteemed teachers in the Carrizozo schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Detloff and baby are here, Mr. Detloff to be teacher of athletics in our schools, as he did last year.

George Young, Jr., was here from Vaughn yesterday, visiting friends.

Last Saturday night, two boys engaged in combat, and one Cosme Gallegos not wanting to see his friends batter each other, took the role of separator. Next day he was wearing a bandage over his left eye to conceal a bad cut, evidently done with a knife. Moral: Put your fists in action more, boys.

WANTED — A used Cook Stove.—Inquire at this office.

Who Remembers

the Al Smith Campaign Song, "The Sidewalks of New York?"

Miss Jane Spencer is visiting friends in El Paso today.

Egg Is Two Foods

The egg, from the standpoint of nutrition, really is two foods instead of one. The white provides protein of high biological value for body-building and maintenance. The yolk supplies concentrated fuel for the body, protein and an unusually rich store of minerals and vitamins necessary for growth and development.

Fitness or Slimness

The tendency to be fat or slender is largely inherited, though most persons who are overweight can achieve a material reduction by proper habits of diet and exercise, says Hygiene Magazine. When one is underweight, there should always be an examination for organic trouble.

In Spare Moments

One thing that renders conversation difficult is the fact that much of it is carried on by people who, having a little spare time, think they will proceed to settle questions that have puzzled the world for centuries.—Washington Star.

—And Then Embrose

The resolution to avoid an evil is seldom till the evil is so far advanced as to make avoidance impossible.—Hardy.

Ziegler Bros.

PHONE YOUR WANTS BACK TO SCHOOL!



School Days are Drawing Near and Ziegler Bros. is well prepared to help every Boy and Girl and their Mothers get ready for the big day. Send the children on the opening day - - - well dressed and well supplied.

SCHOOL NEEDS

Besides Clothes—the children need various other important schoolroom accessories. You can supply all of these needs here, for we have everything they'll need—at prices that save much!

Ziegler Bros.

Parent-Teacher Association Program, Sept. 9, 1932

The Parent - Teachers' Association will hold the first meeting of the school year Friday evening, Sept. 9, at the High School Auditorium. Program follows:

Parent-Teacher Association Songs.....
Directed by Mrs. D. U. Groce

Our School Value to Carrizozo..... Mayor G. T. McQuillen
The Value of Our Teachers to the (Town)..... Attorney E. M. Barber
(Parents)..... The Rev. J. L. Lawson
(Children)..... Mr. Roy Shafer
(Church)..... The Rev. L.D. Jordan

Our School (Its Plans and Purposes for the Year).....
Supt. D. U. Groce

Our Help (Parent Teacher Association).....
P. T. A. President, Mrs. F. L. Boughner

Summer Echoes..... (One Minute Speech)..... Each Teacher

THE BIG DANCE

By the **JERICHO CLUB**

Will be held at LUTZ Hall Saturday Night, Sept. 17

Music by the **"REVELERS"**

Refreshments FREE!

Four Floor Managers

A Good Time Assured

Reserve the Date!

O. K., Dance Fans!