Lincoln County Leader.

Devoted to the Best Interests of Lincoln County and the Development of Its Resources.

VOLUME 3. WHITE OAKS, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1890. NUMBER 22

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

[illegible] NEW YORK

[illegible]

[illegible] ATTORNEY AT LAW.

[illegible] Lincoln County

New Mexico.

GEO. F. BARRETT,

Attorney at Law

White Oaks, N. M.

[illegible]

R. M. TWITCHELL,

[illegible]

Lincoln County Leader.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, $2 PER YEAR.

[illegible]

[illegible] Editor & Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office at White Oaks, N. M., as second class matter.

The Chicago Weekly News and Leader Co. [illegible], 1 year $2.75

Independent Independents.

"Leader" desires to know something of the "Australian ballot system" recently adopted [illegible] of Massachusetts and [illegible] following known [illegible] System," is [illegible] Great Britain, [illegible] the Australian [illegible] features are—no [illegible] mitted but those [illegible] nished by the State [illegible] political affiliations [illegible] to be voted for at [illegible] printed on one [illegible] thus:

[illegible] Anderson. [illegible] Republican

[illegible] Democrat

[illegible] Prohibition

[illegible] Independent

[illegible] that any name [illegible] on the ticket at the [illegible] a number of vot- [illegible] but very small in [illegible] total.

[illegible] mitted to the in- [illegible] booth, and one [illegible] him. This he [illegible] slip at one side [illegible] name of each can- [illegible] he desires to vote [illegible] thus, X.

[illegible] made in some States [illegible] providing a sworn [illegible] prepare a ticket [illegible] voter as he may [illegible] to do.

[illegible] permits no man [illegible] such aid. The [illegible] adviser at the [illegible] shake eliminat [illegible] thing for him to [illegible]

[illegible] the ballot is ab- [illegible] so far as the vot- [illegible] may desire to preserve it.

The system is a considerable improvement, doubtless, upon our old system, and will probably become universal in the United States, as it is nearly universal now in the British Empire.

We shall be glad to see it's universal adoption. The advocates of such adoption, who hail it as the panacea for political corruption, the impregnable defence of the independence of the individual voter, and the insurmountable obstacle to bribery and fraud at elections, are subjects for serious disappointment. Reform, independence and purity are not to be absolutely secured by any machinery whatever. The stream will not rise higher than it's source, the machine will not be any better than the men who work it.

Given the Australian system, and to a corrupt and unscrupulous politician the nomination of all the temporary officials to work it at any election, and his job is easier, cheaper, than under any other.—Tickets may be substituted and voters bribed in perfect secrecy by the very men placed inside to guard and protect the ballot. Independence cannot be forced upon the voter who does not wish to be independent. Men who when [illegible] purchasers under any system.

We favor the adoption of the Australian system for several reasons, among others because it eliminates the noisy loiter, who makes himself a nuisance at nearly every poll. But we don't expect, by its adoption, to begin a political millenium. Our elections will be just as pure as our people—no purer. Reform must begin at the bottom. If men are honest, fair-minded, and content with nothing less than honest victory, then their elections will be all that they are.

Apropos of what we said two weeks since about Speaker Reed's rulings in Congress, a "Democrat" asserts that counting members who do not vote is unconstitutional. A "Democrat" is misinformed. The Constitution provides that any number less than a quorum may sit to compel the attendance of absent members—Compel their attendance for what? To make a quorum, of course. If they could not be counted when brought in there would be no object in bringing them in. In fact the Constitution by necessary implication authorizes the Speaker to do just what he did do, count the visible quorum.

BEN. HENRY'S LETTER.

Washington, D. C.,
Feb. 19, 1890.

Dear Mason:

Since Speaker Reed has submitted his rules the volume of work pouring into the big printing office has increased very materially, and now 7,000 bills are in from the House and about 3,000 from the Senate.

Pension matters are being discussed and differences of opinion are being discovered. A pension is a reward for service rendered the Nation in time of need. So, did not the soldier who was fortunate, and fought on and through all and won, serve the Nation?—Why should it be necessary that we become paupers before we can receive that for which we have paid? Gen. Alger favors the Dependent Pension Law, as also do those who are now receiving a pension, and I am led to think and to ask, did he win any battles with sick, crippled and wounded soldiers, and I wonder would we have a government to pay a pension of any kind were it not for those who were fortunate and fought through? Do the Confederates, who lost, get pensions? Why not set an example to those who may be called to defend the Nation, that they will be rewarded through the soldier pension.

Ohio has been redistricted, and McKinley's "goose is cooked."—The Democratic side in Congress will thus be increased.

HENRY.

ANYTH TO NOTHING.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. Depend upon it mothers it will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. It is perfectly safe in all cases of dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

OUR SCHOOLS.

White Oaks, N. M.,
March 3rd, 1890.

Editor Leader:—

The Albuquerque Democrat of a recent date containing an article relative to the public school of White Oaks is misled or misleading, as it's statements lack foundation in fact. While all good citizens of the Territory must honestly compliment the Democrat for it's unfaltering defence of public schools as in the best interests of the welfare of the rising generation, yet it is to be deprecated when uttering unwarranted statements.

The facts are simply these:—The public school of White Oaks is presided over by Mrs. M. M. Dudrow, a most successful and efficient teacher and an accomplished lady, and when the room became too crowded for successful results, and an assistant was talked of owing to the lack of room it was suggested that it might be well to transfer a class of the most advanced scholars from the public school to the White Oaks Academy—because, first, it would be economy and a saving of money. Second, the scholars would have an opportunity for advancement superior to that offered in the public school. Third, the advantage of more room for the remaining scholars would be greatly increased. No knowledge of this project so far as we know, was in the possession of the County Superintendent—he was not advised either by the directors or teacher, and had he been it would only have been a matter of courtesy at most as it would cave been immaterial what his views in the matter were and only to see that the money set apart for the public school in this district was not misappropriated; and this project, had it been carried out, would have perfectly conserved the spirit of the law. The Board of Directors concluded, after mature deliberation, that it would be wise to make no change at that time, such as this proposition looked to, and thus the matter was settled to the general satisfaction and harmony of the community. Miss Abbie Hull, the Principal of the Academy, is thoroughly competent, and having a most admirable education is in all respects fully qualified for the position she fills, and those who come under her instruction and methods are most fortunate. Hence, had the directors decided differently they would have been fully justified so far as the interests of those who had been sent to her are concerned.

We feel sure there must have been a motive for the article above referred to other than the simple statement of the truth, and we regret such misstatements in print, but as the author does not feel brave enough to sign his name, there must be a lurking fear of exposure by it's publicity.

The full expression of opinion in the Press of this Territory is, in a degree, misleading, owing to the fact that political bias has much to do with its real facts are frequently covered and the truth is very often distorted. While it is a fact that the public schools, and the school law of this Territory are not all that could be wished, yet we of Lincoln County have reason for congratulation that if the articles recently appearing in the Albuquerque Democrat relative to the deplorable condition and character of the public schools in other counties is true, we can only say we pity the rising generation and the Territory for the reputation that is due for this condition of things.

Many people seem to consider that a public school which is not in all particulars fully up to the best Eastern standards is an outcrying shame and disgrace, while they ought to remember the material with which we have to deal in this Territory is far different from that where all the scholars are English speaking and who have become imbued with true American ideas of civilization, and untrammeled and unsectarian education. Most of these are just emerging from an old effete and deformed civilization and it's prejudicial results, and hence the most poisoning, untutored condition of mental capacity is met with, and such a general and universal absence of home training is manifest that the standard of scholarship and discipline must, in the necessity of the case, be comparatively faulty.

I can show to those who may be interested to witness some schools in this county, that considering the mental and moral make up of the scholars and the natural disadvantages with which they have had to contend, comparatively the schools are models in many respects. If the political bosses of either party are responsible for the deficiency of our school law, let the voters chastise them in a becoming manner at the next election and thus teach them that it is not safe to tamper with the richest birthright of an American citizen, the right to a fair, common sense education in our public schools.

Shall we gain glory by parading before the world the deficiencies of our public school system in this Territory for political purposes, or can we gain more by endeavoring to correct them irrespective of party, for the good of our children and the good name of our magnificent Territory, which is now knocking loudly at the gateway for admission to the proud position of Statehood.

Yours, Sincerely,
N. W. LANE.

A young lady asked an editor this extraordinary question—Do you think it right for a girl to sit on a young man's lap, even if she is engaged?

Whereupon the editor told this extraordinary lie—We have had no experience in matter referred to.

Why didn't he say—If it was our girl and our lap, yes if it was another girl and our lap, yes; but if it was our girl and another fellow's lap never, never, never!

PROPRIETORS: "Keep o' the windy side of law."—Twelfth Night.

EDITORS: "Take away the sword—states can be saved without it—bring the pen."—Richelieu.

SUB-EDITORS: "Like the best women—least talked about."—Schiller.

COMPOSITORS: "Set thy words in order!"—Job.

A Canadian paper, after speaking of the Premier's love for all that is beautiful, including woman and wine, of his happy family and 12 interesting children, says: "A few days ago he went on an excursion, having for his companion a beautiful woman, the daughter of a respectable citizen and merchant of Winnipeg. They drove around the city, taking refreshments here and there, about midnight arrived at the Nicollet Hotel, on the outskirts. This hostlery is a great rendezvous for evening parties, and the proprietor is one of those men who rake in the shekles without asking questions. The Greenway party halted there for the night. Toward the small hours of the morning the hotel proprietor stole softly up stairs to the room in which his distinguished guests lay. All was quiet. With quick fingers he deftly opened the door and made for the garments, and having secured these he vanished. The premier, bethinking himself of his official duties, had given notice that he wished to be called early. His instructions were carried out. Sharp at 7 o'clock he was awakened. In the dim light of the early morning he sought his clothes, but they had mysteriously disappeared.

While both the premier and his companion were in the height of their distress, the good natured hostess came to their relief. He explained the whole matter to them and told them of his own distress and proverty. The tale so affected the premier that he at once drew a check for $5,000, and the landlord, not to be outdone by his guest soon returned with their wearing apparel. The story gradually became known bit by bit, and in a few days became public property in Manitoba.

We want a girl to do general housework, and if our readers are interested in the success of the paper they will help us to secure one. We can't do housework and at the same time edit this paper as well as we would like to. We do not dislike to edit the paper, nor do we dislike the housework particularly, but we find that we can't together. We find we cannot think prodigious tariff thoughts in a satisfactory way while washing dishes and bedclothes; nor does the divine afflatus seem to hover round about us when engaged in such work. We may not be as versatile as a man should be to occupy our position, but we can't help that.—While, as we have remarked, we do not specially dislike the necessary work about a house, we prefer, under the circumstances to hire a girl rather than an editor, principally because of the difference in cost. You will get a better paper if you send us a girl, not too attractive, and one who does not require too much superintending.

REPORTERS: "Set it down in a note-book."—Julius Caesar.

STEREOTYPERS: "Throw up the steaming column."—Cowper.

MACHINE MEN: "Produce that which makes millions think."—Don Juan.

Advertising enables a business man to place his goods before the eyes of thousands who would otherwise never know of their existence, or that of the owner.

Lincoln County Leader.

Saturday, March 1, 1890.

BOOTHILL.

K. of P.—Baxter Lodge No. 9, Knights of Pythias, meet every Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
JAS. REID, C. C.
EDWARD UHRICK, K. of R. & S.

I. O. O. F.—White Oaks Lodge No. 49, meets every Saturday night, at Castle Hall, 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brothers earnestly invited.
J. A. WOODLAND, C. P.
JAMES H. PARKER, Sec.

G. A. R.—Sedgwick Post, No. 10, meets on the first Monday night of each month, at their hall.
N. W. LAKE, P. C.
J. C. KLEININGER, Adjt.

WHITE OAKS CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Lord's Day Services—Morning, 11 o'clock. Evening—7:30 o'clock.
Sunday School 9:45 a. m.
Weekly Bible reading Wednesday Eve. at 7:30 o'clock—Seats free. All are welcome.
N. W. LAKE, Pastor.

DIRECTORY OF THE METHODIST CHURCH.
Preaching every Sunday in the month except the third, at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Prayer Meeting every Thursday evening at 7 p. m.
W. H. HEAD, Pastor in charge.
A. POTTER, P. P.

LOCAL ROUNDUPS.

Luck sometimes comes to a man,
But mostly in the form of a dream,
Will stay with him a week or a month,
Then suddenly changes and—is gone.

MARCH

WINTER has gone.

THE days are lengthening.

CONGRESS has ratified the LEADER's judgment expressed months ago, and decided on Chicago as the point for holding the World's Fair in 1892.

SUBSCRIBERS to the LEADER are cautioned against allowing their wives and daughters to use the paper for bustles as there is much danger in it and they might catch cold. Chestnut.

MR. HENRY, the Mayor of East Las Vegas, spent a couple of days in town this week. He paid his respects to the LEADER. He is a genial old gentleman and we hope to see more of him.

DR. GOULD, of the Albuquerque Democrat, spent a couple of days in our camp this week for the benefit of his health and the paper he represents. Both sick ones were improved by his visit.

Waked Up Effectually.

A lethargic, dormant condition of the liver is hardly to be overcome with drastic cathartics and nauseous cholagogues. A gentler, pleasanter and far more effective means exists of arousing the organs when sluggish. This is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, vouched for by the medical fraternity, tested by the public for many years. A resumption by the biliary organ of its secretive function, with the activity attendant upon health, a return to regularity of the bowels, and a renewal of digestion, are the no less happy and certain results of using the Bitters systematically. Its laxative effect is never sickful and drenching, its tendency being rather to perpetuate regularity than to produce a copious action. Malaria, nervousness, debility, kidney troubles and neuralgia it subdues effectually.

SLIGH recently swore out a warrant against a cattle thief. The party complained of got wind of his danger and skipped. The fellow's pals then had a grievance against the ex reverend and editor, and one day this week two of them armed to the teeth, trailed him from Nogal to a point midway between that point and White Oaks, where S. took refuge and through smooth talk placated the enemy. He informs us that when his enemies were close upon him and he expected that every minute would be his last—that peril rode swifter than his charger, and death stalked in his front—that during this exigency his brain flashed with the thought, "Here is Caffrey's wished for opportunity—Lord, what an obituary he will write up for me." Bro. Sligh's brain was completely excited. We are in no hurry to write his obituary. The Lord doesn't want him and the devil won't have him. We desire that he shall prayerfully read the LEADER yet a few years longer and quietly fit himself for a respectable exit from a world in which he has so long disgracefully posed.

EDITOR LEADER—

Some ignoramus has been trying to make capital for his party by lying about school matters in Lincoln County thro' Gelbright's Democrat. For "Escolastico's" information we will state that the County Superintendent knew nothing whatever about the proposition to set apart a portion of the public school scholars into the Academy at the expense of the school fund, and it would have been none of his business had he so favored. The proposition was made to the School Board and promptly vetoed by it's Republican members.

DIRECTOR.

AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE!

Prices reduced. Every family *now* can have the *best* Automatic Sewing Machine in the market at reduced price. For particulars send for our new Illustrated Circular with samples of stitching. Our Illustrated Circular shows every part of the Machine perfectly, and is worth sending for even if you *have* a Machine. Kruse & Murphy Mfg. Co., 455 and 457 West 26th St., N. Y. City.

GOODY, for March, is on our table in advance of all the other magazines, looking as fresh and beautiful as a rose at dewey morn. It's wide awake publisher follows in the footsteps of it's founder and is never parsimonious in money outlay to make the LADY'S BOOK better each succeeding month.—Each number contains illustrations and matter that would cost, to buy separately, three times the price of the book. Only $2.00 a year. Goody Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

JUST before going to press we received a letter from our old fellow townsman, Mark Patty, informing us that "is wif and hims'lf were enjoying robust health in their California home. Any enclosure of a $5 bill leads us to believe his narrative, and all of their White Oaks friends will unite with us in congratulations.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, has been used for fifty years by millions of mothers, and has never failed in one instance to effect a cure. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest to the mother. Price 25c. a bottle.

AN old soldier in Maine, after waiting 21 years, has just discovered that the late war has made a wreck of him, and he wants a pension. The unfortunate man asserts that he "is suffering from a weakening of the brain, general debility, and chronical information of the spontaneous hilarity system."

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.
181 Pearl St., New York.

O merchant, in these hours of RT
ft on this paper you should CCC.
fake our advice, and may be YY
Go straightway out and advertise III.
You'll find the project of some U U
Neglect can offer no ex QQQ.
Be wise at once, prolong your d AA
A silent business soon d K K K.

Advertisers have been taught that, if they wish to attract custom and sell their wares, they must do more than make a simple business announcement. They must make their announcement in a pleasing and attractive fashion.

To take the advertisement out of the paper during the present dull season is about as bad a job as selling the horse because the present weather is unsuitable for sleigh riding.

MEMORY

MARSHALL PARKER DEAD.

Last Sabbath morning, before Old Sol had taken his place in the heavens, Death, with fleshless knuckles, rapped at the fisherman's door of Marshall Parker's soul and in response as noble a spirit as ever cleft the azure vaults flitted leaving stricken wife, son, other relatives and innumerable friends to bewail the dispensation.

Marshall Parker was born June 1820, in New Hampshire. May 1853, in Massachusetts, he was married. In the winter of '58-59 he moved to St. Louis, returning after a brief absence to N. H., where he resided until the war when he enlisted in the 4th Mass. Battery, serving 3 years, when he was honorably discharged bearing home several severe wounds from which he suffered until his death. He came to this Territory early in '82, locating here but later settling in Bonito, where he died.

Mr. P. was taken seriously ill Feb. 12th., with typhoid pneumonia, from which he died Sunday, the 23rd.

Thus another landmark has been stricken down, leaving thoughtful survivors to feel as though they were trees in the forest of humanity, with stays and trusted supports constantly falling from outsides, and our foliage loosening until we feel naked and the cold winds playing hide-and-seek in and around our defenseless limbs.—We are here to-day, under the clods to-morrow.

How many of us can "wrap the drapery of our couch about us and lie down to pleasant slumbers," as did Marshall Parker, conscious of having filled our allotted time and space on this terraqueous sphere in the line of rectitude, leaving none powerful enough to even lisp suggestion of treachery or over-reaching in life? Such a last resting place, though mid the rocks of White Oaks Cemetery, and in a box destitute of satin furnishing, genuine silver and rich gilt attachments will open on the Resurrection morn and send forth it's holding to meet a purer reality inheritance than that which held the grappling, grovelling, subject laid away in the most pretentious grey of the dead and surrounded by the most expensive trappings.

The body of Mr. Parker was brought here on Monday. On the afternoon of that day Town Hall was filled to hear Rev. Lane's eloquent funeral discourse and show respect to the memory of the dead and regard for the stricken ones, after which he was tenderly laid away. Vale.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, John Hale and Nellie Hale, his wife, of Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, by their certain mortgage deed, dated the 8th day of February, in the year 1889, and recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Lincoln County, in Book H of the records of deeds and conveyances, pages 101-102, and conveyed to the undersigned, A. L. Powers, his heirs and assigns, the interests, due to loan, the real estate, situated in the county of Lincoln and Territory of New Mexico, as follows, to-wit: [illegible] and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, together with all interest that may have accrued thereon, when the same should become payable, by the terms of said note, and said mortgagee has elected to declare the whole of said mortgage debt, principal and interest, due and payable, and has given notice of the time and place of said sale, by publishing a notice in some newspaper published in the County of Lincoln, for not less than twenty days before the day of such sale, and to their name, or some other person, to deliver to the purchaser or purchasers of said estate, a good and sufficient deed of said premises.

And whereas, also, default has been made in the payment of principal and interest on said note, which is due and payable, and the same has been duly demanded of said mortgagee, and said mortgagee has elected to declare the whole of said mortgage debt, principal and interest, due and payable, and has given notice of the time and place of said sale, by publishing a notice in some newspaper published in the County of Lincoln, for not less than twenty days before the day of such sale, and to their name, or some other person, to deliver to the purchaser or purchasers of said estate, a good and sufficient deed of said premises.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that on the

10th day of March, A. D. 1890,

[illegible] at the hour of ten o'clock of said day, in front of the court house door, in the town of Lincoln, Lincoln County, N. M., at which place, and time, the undersigned will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the premises and interests described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said mortgage, and the costs of sale, and a reasonable attorney's fee.

A. L. POWERS, Mortgagee.
Office N. Powers, Atty.
White Oaks, N. M., Feb. 22, 1890.

Successor to the Leader.

MINING APPLICATION NO. 1

United States Land Office,
Roswell, N. M.,
December 19, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Gallinas Mining and Smelting Company, by William J. Spence, its president and duly authorized agent, whose postoffice address is White Oaks, Lincoln County, New Mexico, has made application for a patent for a claim in the Red Cloud mine or vein, bearing gold, silver and copper, with surface ground 600 feet by 1500, situated in Red Cloud mining district, Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as survey No. 690 in twp. 1, south of range 11 east of New Mexico principal meridian, said survey No. 690, being described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at corner No. 1, a granite stone 20x8x10 ins. set 2 ft. in ground, marked 1, 690, whence S. 1/4 sec. cor. sec. 25, twp. 1, s. r. 11 e. N. M. prin. mer., bears n. 19° 39' 30" w. 2813 feet dist.—thence n. 11° 20' e. var. 12° 23' e. 1500 feet to cor. No. 2, a quartzite stone, 22x16x6 ins. set 2 ft. in ground, marked 2, 690—whence cor. No. 3, Summit Lode, survey No. 603 A, bears n. 74° 14' 40" e. 2528.68 feet dist.—thence n. 63° 00' w. var. 12° 30' e. 600 feet to cor. No 3, a conglomerate stone 21x18x4 ins. set 2 ft. in ground, marked 3, 690—thence s. 41° 30' w. 873.03 feet, intersect L-3 line Deadwood Lode, survey No. 701, at a. 79° 50' w. 6.87 feet from cor No. 2 thereof, 1500 feet to cor No 4, a granite stone 20x16x8 ins. set 2 ft. in ground, marked 4, 690—thence s. 50° 00' e. var 12° 30' e. 346.12 feet, intersect 1-2 line survey No. 701, at n. 8° 50' west 514.80 feet from cor No. 1 thereof, 200 feet to cor No 1, place of beginning, containing an area of 20.65 acres, of which an area of 2.6747 acres is in conflict with survey No. 701, and is hereby expressly waived and excepted. Total area claimed in this application 17.9753 acres, located in the w. 1/2 of sec. 25, twp 1, s. r. 11 e. N. M. principal meridian.

The location of this mine is recorded in the Recorder's Office of the County of Lincoln, at Lincoln, in the County and Territory aforesaid, in Book K, at page 33 of the mining records.

The adjoining claimants are—easterly and westerly, the Gallinas Mining & Smelting Company—elsewhere unknown.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the said "Red Cloud" mine or surface ground, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Las Cruces, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days' period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

18 JOHN H. MILLS, Register.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

W. L. HUGHES,

Stands prepared at all hours to operate on the head or face of all patrons and will guarantee satisfaction. Shop on White Oaks Avenue, just east of the Postoffice. Clothes cleaning and repairing neatly, well and cheaply done by Mrs. Hughes. Bring on your garments.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

The W. & P. Coal will be delivered anywhere in White Oaks at the usual price, $6 per ton. All competition will be met and discounted promptly.

J. P. C. LANGSTON, Ag't

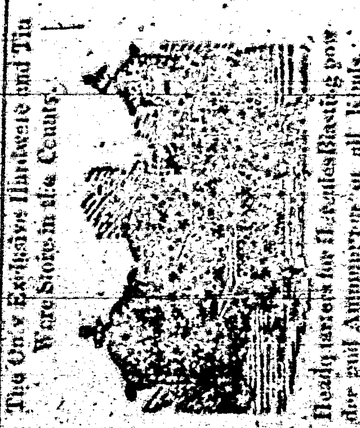
A. O. UPSON, Surveyor & Notary Pub. P. E. GARRETT, Des'rte Realty
UPSON & GARRETT,
Land Agents and Conveyancers,
Roswell, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands embraced in the Pecos Valley. No charge for inspection. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

Office—Garrett's Ranch, head of Northern Canal of Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. Post office address—"Upson & Garrett, Roswell, N. M."

C. L. FEARBAN,

DEALER IN HARDWARE.



The Only Exclusive Hardware and Tin Ware Store in the County.

Headquarters for Heaters, Range, Stoves and Ammunition of all Kinds.

WHITE OAKS, N. M.

To sufferers from Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy,

SMITH'S

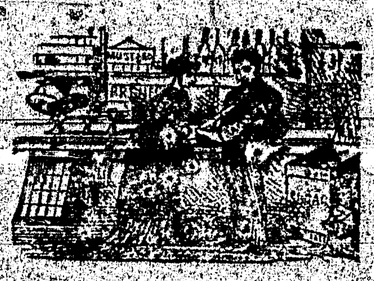
BILE BEANS

Try the SMALL Size (Little Beans) in the bottle. THEY ARE THE MOST EFFECTIVE. Sugar-coated, easy to take. Price of either size, 25c. per Bottle.

KISSING 7-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24

Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, by addressing the proprietors, SMITH & SMITH, Chemists, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sole agents for the Lincoln County Leader.



FINE TEAS — TOBACCO — CIGARS

John A. Brown & Bro.

Staple & Fancy Grocers, White Oaks, N. M.

CALL AT THE

LITTLE CASSINO,

—FOR—

Fine Imported and Native

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

GUS. SCHINZING, PROP.

The Carrizozo Meat Market

(OPPOSITE WEEDS.)

Treat, Cline & Gibbons, Proprietors.

Time strictly limited to 30 days. J. P. C. Langston, Collector.

at Native Beef and Mutton constantly on hand. Sausage of every description.

LARGEST STORE

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These form a quartette of desirable store inducements. I can safely and truly lay claim to all of them. Every item which goes to constitute Men and Boy's Apparel I have; and at prices which commend themselves to the judicious and economical buyer. Also, everything which goes to make up a well dressed Lady, from Hosiery and Shoes, to Hats and Feathers.

I extend a cordial invitation to the general public to visit my emporium, where they will find what is enumerated above, as also, Groceries in profusion, Hardware and Tinware, and everything ever exhibited in a General Store.

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This Hotel is a new brick structure and is furnished throughout with new furniture. Sleeping rooms are well supplied with clean and comfortable beds and provided with light and ventilation. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Every care taken of and attention paid to visitors of transient guests.

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We have the CHEAPEST and Best WOVEN WIRE FENCING Wire Rope Bottom.

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Lincoln County Leader.

Devoted to the Best Interests of Lincoln County and the Development of Its Resources.

VOLUME 3. WHITE OAKS, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1890. NUMBER 22

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

THIS PAPER ... NEW YORK

JOHN E. ... ATTORNEY AT LAW. ... Lincoln County New Mexico.

GEO. K. BARBER, Attorney at Law, White Oaks ..... N. M. ... Clerk District Court of the 7th Judicial District ... U. S. Land Office.

E. MCG. TWITCHELL, Late Chief U. S. Land Office, Santa Fe, Surveyor General, Santa Fe. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office—White Oaks Avenue. ..... N. M.

D. J. M. J. ROBERTS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. WHITE OAKS N. M.

J. E. SLIGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Mogul ..... N. M.

WILLIAM S. RYAN, Counselor at Law, Lincoln ..... New Mexico. Will practice in all the Courts. O. L. Jackson, Socorro.

Catron, Catron & Jackson, Attorneys at Law, Albuquerque and Socorro, N. M. Will practice in Lincoln County.

PROF. W. HEMAN ... and Notary Public. Fire Insurance and Notary Public. WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

W. C. McDONALD, U. S. MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR, —AND— Notary Public, White Oaks, New Mexico.

JAS. A. TOMLINSON, Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Offers his services to the public. Office in Drug Store, Lincoln.

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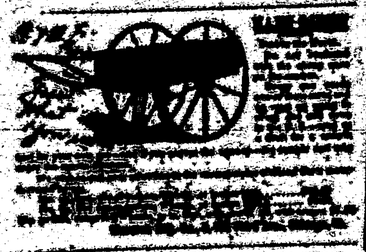

Lincoln County Leader.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, $2 PER YEAR.

Entered at the Post Office at White Oaks, N. M., as second class matter.

The Chicago Weekly News and Leader-Do. Issues, 1 year $3.75

Intent is Independence.

"Inquirer" desires to know something of the "Australian Ballot System" recently adopted by the State of Massachusetts and elsewhere.

The system of balloting known as the "Australian System," is the system in use in Great Britain, South Africa and the Australian Colonies.

It's prominent features are—no tickets are permitted but those printed and furnished by the State. The names and political affiliations of all candidates to be voted for at any election are printed on one piece of paper, thus:

County Assessor.

John Jones.....Republican
Robert Scott.....Democrat
Chas. Rober.....Prohibition
Amos Long.....Independent

It being provided that any name shall be placed on the ticket at the formal request of a number of voters fixed by law, but very small in proportion to the total.

The voter is admitted to the inside of the polling booth, and one ticket is furnished him. This he takes into a box or slip at one side and opposite the name of each candidate for whom he desires to vote he makes a cross, thus, X.

Provision is made in some States for illiteracy by providing a sworn officer who will prepare a ticket for the illiterate voter as he may be by him directed to do.

Massachusetts permits no man to vote who needs such aid. The vote distributor and adviser at the polls is thus at one shake eliminated. There is nothing for him to do.

The secrecy of the ballot is absolutely secured, so far as the voter himself may desire to preserve it.

The system is a considerable improvement, doubtless, upon our old system, and will probably become universal in the United States, as it is nearly universal now in the British Empire.

We shall be glad to see it's universal adoption. The advocates of such adoption, who hail it as the panacea for political corruption, the impregnable defence of the independence of the individual voter, and the insurmountable obstacle to bribery and fraud at elections, are subjects for serious disappointment. Reform, independence and purity are not to be absolutely secured by any machinery whatever. The stream will not rise higher than it's source, the machine will not be any better than the men who work it.

Given the Australian system, and to a corrupt and unscrupulous politician the nomination of all the temporary officials to work it at any election, and his job is easier, easier, then under any other.—Tickets may be substituted and voters bribed in perfect secrecy by the very men placed inside to guard and protect the ballot. Independence cannot be forced upon the voter who does not wish to be independent. Men who will be unscrupulous will find purchasers under any system.

We favor the adoption of the Australian system for several reasons, among others because it eliminates the noisy scatter who makes himself a nuisance at nearly every poll. But we don't expect, by its adoption, to begin a political millenium. Our elections will be just as pure as our people—no purer. Reform must begin at the bottom. If men are honest, fair-minded, and cannot with nothing less than honest victory, then their elections will be all that they are.

Apropos of what we said two weeks since about Speaker Reed's rulings in Congress, a "Democrat" asserts that counting members who do not vote is unconstitutional. A "Democrat" is misinformed. The Constitution provides that any number less than a quorum may sit to compel the attendance of absent members.—Compel their attendance for what? To make a quorum, of course. If they could not be counted when brought in there would be no object in bringing them in. In fact the Constitution by necessary implication authorizes the Speaker to do just what he did do, count the visible quorum.

BEN. HENRY'S LETTER.

Washington, D. C.,
Feb. 19, 1890.

Dear Major:

Since Speaker Reed has submitted his rules, the volume of work pouring into the big printing office has increased very materially, and now 7,000 bills are in from the House and about 3,000 from the Senate.

Pension matters are being discussed and differences of opinion are being discovered. A pension is a reward for service rendered the Nation in time of need. So, did not the soldier who was fortunate, and fought on and through all and won, serve the Nation?—Why should it be necessary that we become paupers before we can receive that for which we have paid? Gen. Alger favors the Dependent Pension Law, as also do those who are now receiving a pension, and I am led to think and to ask, did he win any battles with sick, crippled and wounded soldiers, and I wonder would we have a government to pay a pension of any kind were it not for those who were fortunate and fought through. Do the Confederates, who lost, get pensions? Why not set an example to those who may be called to defend the Nation, that they will be rewarded through the soldier pension.

Ohio has been redistricted, and McKinley's "goose is cooked."—The Democratic side in Congress will thus be increased.

Henry.

ANVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

OUR SCHOOLS.

White Oaks, N. M.,
March 3rd, 1890.

Editor Leader:—

The Albuquerque Democrat of a recent date containing an article relating to the public school of White Oaks is liable to mislead, as it's statements lack foundation in fact. While all good citizens of the Territory must heartily compliment the Democrat for it's unfaltering defence of public schools as is the best interests of the welfare of the rising generation, yet it is to be deprecated when uttering unwarranted statements.

The facts are simply these:—The public school of White Oaks is presided over by Mrs. M. M. Michelle, a most successful and efficient teacher and an accomplished lady, and when the room became too crowded for successful results, and an assistant was talked of owing to the lack of room it was suggested that it might be well to transfer a class of the most advanced scholars from the public school to the White Oaks Academy—because, first, it would be economy and a saving of money. Second, the scholars would have an opportunity for advancement superior to that offered in the public school. Third, the advantage of more room for the remaining scholars would be greatly increased. No knowledge of this project so far as we know, was in the possession of the County Superintendent—he was not advised either by the directors or teacher, and had he been it would only have been a matter of courtesy at most as it would have been immaterial what his views in the matter were and only to see that the money set apart for the public school in this district was not misappropriated; and this project, had it been carried out, would have perfectly conserved the spirit of the law. The Board of Directors concluded, after mature deliberation, that it would be wise to make no change at that time, such as this proposition looked to, and thus the matter was settled to the general satisfaction and harmony of the community. Miss Abbie Hull, the Principal of the Academy, is thoroughly competent, and having a most admirable education is in all respects fully qualified for the position she fills, and those who come under her instruction and methods are most fortunate. Hence, had the directors decided differently they would have been fully justified so far as the interests of those who had been sent to her are concerned.

We feel sure there must have been a motive for the article above referred to other than the simple statement of the truth, and we regret such misstatements in print, but as the author does not feel brave enough to sign his name, there must be a lurking fear of exposure by it's publicity.

The full expression of opinion in the Press of this Territory is, in a degree, misleading, owing to the fact that political bias has much to do with it's real facts are frequently covered and the truth is very often distorted. While it is a fact that the public schools, and the school law of this Territory are not all that could be wished, yet we of Lincoln County have reason for congratulation that if the articles recently appearing in the Albuquerque Democrat relative to the deplorable condition and character of the public schools in other counties is true, we can only say we pity the rising generation and the Territory for the reputation that is due for this condition of things.

Many people seem to conclude that a public school which is not in all particulars fully up to the best Eastern standards is an outcrying shame and disgrace, while they ought to remember the material with which we have to deal in this Territory is far different from that where all the scholars are English speaking and who have become imbued with true American ideas of civilization, and untrammeled and unsectarian education. Most of these are just emerging from an old effete and deformed civilization and it's prejudicial results, and hence the most poisoning, untutored condition of mental capacity is met with, and such a general and universal absence of home training is manifest that the standard of scholarship and discipline must, in the necessity of the case, be comparatively faulty.

I can show to those who may be interested to witness some schools in this county, that considering the mental and moral make up of the scholars and the natural disadvantages with which they have had to contend, comparatively the schools are models in many respects. If the political bosses of either party are responsible for the deficiency of our school law, let the voters chastise them in a becoming manner at the next election and thus teach them that it is not safe to tamper with the richest birthright of an American citizen, the right to a fair, common sense education in our public schools.

Shall we gain glory by parading before the world the deficiencies of our public school system in this Territory for political purposes, or can we gain more by endeavoring to correct them irrespective of party, for the good of our children and the good name of our magnificent Territory, which is now knocking loudly at the gateway for admission to the proud position of Statehood.

Yours, Sincerely,
N. W. Lane.

A young lady asked an editor this extraordinary question—Do you think it right for a girl to sit on a young man's lap, even if she is engaged?

Whereupon the editor told this extraordinary lie—We have had no experience in matter referred to.

Why didn't he say—If it was our girl and your lap, yes if it was another girl and our lap, yes; but if it was our girl and another fellow's lap never, never, never!

Proofreadings: "Keep o' the windy side of law."—Twelfth Night.

Editors: "Take away the sword—stabs can be saved without it—bring the pen."—Richelieu.

Sub-Editors: "Like the best women—least talked about."—Schiller.

Compositors: "Set thy words in order."—Job.

A Canadian paper, after speaking of the Premier's love for all that is beautiful, including woman and wine, of his happy family and 12 interesting children, says: "A few days ago he went on an excursion, having for his companion a beautiful woman, the daughter of a respectable citizen and merchant of Winnipeg. They drove around the city, taking refreshments here and there, about midnight arrived at the Nicollet Hotel, on the outskirts. This hostlery is a great rendezvous for evening parties, and the proprietor is one of those men who rake in the shekles without asking questions. The Greenway party halted there for the night. Toward the small hours of the morning the hotel proprietor stole softly up stairs to the room in which his distinguished guests lay. All was quiet. With quick fingers he deftly opened the door and made for the garments, and having secured these he vanished. The premier, bethinking himself of his official duties, had given notice that he wished to be called early. His instructions were carried out. Sharp at 7 o'clock he was awakened. In the dim light of the early morning he sought his clothes, but they had mysteriously disappeared.

While both the premier and his companion were in the height of their distress, the good natured landlord came to their relief. He explained the whole matter to them and told them of his own distress and poverty. The tale so affected the premier that he at once drew a check for $5,000, and the landlord, not to be outdone by his guest soon returned with their wearing apparel. The story gradually became known bit by bit, and in a few days became public property in Manitoba.

We want a girl to do general housework, and if our readers are interested in the success of the paper they will help us to secure one. We can't do housework and at the same time edit this paper as well as we would like to. We do not dislike to edit the paper, nor do we dislike the housework particularly, but we find that we can't together. We find we cannot think prodigious tariff thoughts in a satisfactory way while washing dishes and bedclothes; nor does the divine afflatus seem to hover round about us when engaged in such work. We may not be as versatile as a man should be to occupy our position, but we can't help that.—While, as we have remarked, we do not specially dislike the necessary work about a house, we prefer, under the circumstances to hire a girl rather than an editor, principally because of the difference in cost. You will get a better paper if you send us a girl, not too attractive, and one who does not require too much superintending.

Reporters: "Set it down in a note-book."—Julius Caesar.

Stereotypers: "Throw up the steaming column."—Cowper.

Machine Men: "Produce that which makes millions think."—Don Juan.

Advertising enables a business man to place his goods before the eyes of thousands who would otherwise never know of their existence, or that of the owner.

Reminiscences of Lincoln County, —AND— White Oaks.

By Old Sagers and Stagers.

NO. XIV.

BY G. GAGER.

Lincoln, N. M., Jan. 15, 1890.

Dear Leader:

You promised to the readers of your Leader that I would tell all I knew about the escape of Billy the Kid from the county jail at Lincoln after killing the two deputy sheriffs. I would have done so long before this had I not been slightly indisposed during the holidays. It is certainly very singular that during my long life, I have, since I can remember, generally about Christmas time, been afflicted with the same symptoms, and as I am not the only sufferer, but all my acquaintances generally complain of a like indisposition, I am under the impression that this Christmas distemper was over 1800 years ago imported from the Orient by the three wise men who came to adore the Jesus child, and that it has followed the Christians who celebrate properly, wherever they go. The disease is painfulynot in the least dangerous. If any man is fool enough to consult his family physician the doctor is very apt to inform him that he is similarly affected, and that the only medicine he himself takes and that he would advise others to take, is Sofa, Vip. Gill in small and often repeated doses, to be washed down before taken. If you are unwarrantably in taking your medicine the disease will leave as it came as soon as the holidays are over. That I am right in the theory that the Christmas distemper was imported from the East nobody will dispute who takes into consideration that Asiatic Cholera, Influenza, or La Grippe, and perhaps many other infirmities human flesh is heir to, travel from East to West. Speaking of the grippe, I hope Providence will preserve our statesmen in Washington in such manner that Congress may continue in working order and enabled to pass at least the most pressing laws, for instance, to reimburse the members who were robbed by the Democratic rascal, Silcott, and a pension law to divide the surplus in the Treasury among the veterans, their widows and descendants.

But I have been digressing, as I started in only to tell of the escape of Billy the Kid.

Once upon a time, it was, if I mistake not, in the month of April 1880, 1881, or perhaps 1882, whilst Mr. Sam. Wortley, the now possessor of a rich coal mine at Salado, and myself, were raising a vegetable garden behind the court house at Lincoln, that Billy the Kid was brought back from Dona Ana County, where he was tried for murder and sentenced to be hanged by Lincoln. About a week after the date I am writing about, he killed his two keepers and escaped. As the County had no jail then he was kept under guard in the upper story of the court house. Sam and myself lived in a house to the west behind the court house. That memorable day I was sitting in my room, when I heard a commotion in the court house, made by Billy the Kid taking the stairs, and, single handed, knocking down his guards, who were trying to stop him. He came down the stairs, and ran out the door running toward me. He ran right into my arms, expired the same moment, and fell down dead. The noise had led him to seek assistance, or perhaps to save myself everybody will believe.

When I arrived at the garden gate leading to the street, in front of the court house, I saw the other deputy sheriff, Olinger, coming out of the hotel opposite, with the other four or five county prisoners where they had taken their dinner. I called to him to come quick. He did so, leaving his prisoners in front of the hotel. When he had come close up to me, and while standing not more than a yard apart, I told him that I was just after laying Bell dead on the ground in the yard behind, and before he could reply, he was struck by a well directed shot fired from a window above us, and fell dead at my feet.

I ran for my life to reach my room and safety, when Billy the Kid called to me: "Don't run! I would'nt hurt you—I am alone, and master, not only of the court house, but also of the town, for I will allow nobody to come near us. You go," he said, "and saddle one of Judge Leonard's horses, and I will clear out as soon as I can have the shackles loosened from my legs." With a little prospecting pick I had thrown to him through the window he was working for at least an hour, and could not accomplish more than to free one leg, and he came to the conclusion to await a better chance, the one shackle to his waist belt, and start out. Meanwhile I had saddled a small skittish pony belonging to Billy Bell, as there was no other horse available, and had given to Billy's command, and a pair of red blankets behind the saddle. I came near forgetting to say that while I was busy saddling and Mr. Billy Kid trying and to get his shackle off, my partner, Mr. Sam. Wortley, appeared in the door leading from the garden where he had been at work; into the yard, and that when he saw the two sheriffs lying dead he did not know whether to go in or retreat, but on the assurance of Billy the Kid that he would not hurt him he went in and made himself generally useful.

When Billy went down stairs at last, on passing the body of Bell, he said, "I'm sorry I had to kill him but could'nt help it." On passing the body of Olinger he gave him a tip with his boot, saying, "You are not going to round me up again."

We went out together where I had tied up the pony, and he told me to tell the owner of same, Billy Bell, that he would send it back next day. I, for my part, did not much believe in this promise, but sure enough, next morning, the pony arrived safe and sound, tied to a long lariat, at the court house in Lincoln.

And so Billy the Kid started out that evening, after he had shaken hands with everybody around and after having had a little difficulty in mounting on account of the shackle on his leg. He went on his way rejoicing. That he was afterwards killed at Fort Sumner by Pat. Garrett, is known to everybody.

In conclusion, I would like to say, that I have had no [illegible] to the reward offered by Governor Wallace and Pat. Garrett to anyone who would secure the capture of the Kid, whenever a friend introduced him to me, the latter will have [illegible] Ah, [illegible] Billy the Kid [illegible] Billy the Kid [illegible] Pat. Garrett [illegible]

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TEMPERANCE,
INTEMPERANCE,
MINES and MINING
LIVE STOCK INTERESTS,
AGRICULTURE,
SENSE,
NONSENSE,

in fact EVERYTHING

of interest, good or bad, will be discussed or cussed in these columns.

W. McCafferty ... Engineer.

Lincoln County ... Mines.

Two-thirds of the county consists of fine grazing land, mostly well watered, and stocked with 200,000 head of cattle, an increase of 1,000 per cent in 5 years. The Angora goat has made his appearance in the mountain of Lincoln county, and he is here to stay. He ranges where nothing else will, and is exceedingly profitable to his owner. There are but few sheep in the county; about 15,000 horses and mules, and burros, (Aug'ia Jacksseas,) like the sands of the seashore for multitude.

On the Pecos, Rudolfo, Bonito, Hondo, Seven Rivers, Black River, and Pecos, there are the finest of agricultural lands. Fine farms have been opened on all those streams, and upon them have been produced in exceptional quality and quantity every farm products which can be raised at such an elevation. The experience of the late Chas. Fritz demonstrated that Lincoln county will produce in abundance all the northern fruits. The agricultural interest is already important, and growing. Experiments show that in most portions of the county crops can be raised without irrigation.

Ruby was first discovered in the county in 1869. Nothing was done in the way of mining until 1879. Because of lack of capital and distance from communication, the mining industry languished until 1884. Now the product of Nogal and White Oaks districts is an important part of the total gold production of the Territory of New Mexico, and the prospect is that it at production will be trebled in 1889.

The climate ... Sometimes the cold ... excessive, or being continued ... Our people are ... robust ... open, hospitable ... You are coming to visit us ... as much as it is acceptable ... leaving society that he left behind ... welcome, more than welcome, if they come to settle ...

The county has an efficient Public School system, managed by a County Superintendent, and the Directors of twenty-two school districts. Upward of twenty-nine efficient teachers are in operation in 1888, and the number will be greater in 1889. Public sentiment votes a liberal expenditure of public money for educational purposes, and private liberality carries relief to many in make good use of the opportunity. There are no "land grants" in Lincoln county, no horrid octopus stretching out its tentacles to crush our people, no Chinese dragon to ... Our every citizen is free and a free soil freedom. There is no alliance between religion, politics and manliness. Man is privileged to worship God in what form he pleases, or without form, to vote what ticket he pleases, or disfranchise himself. The Bible's theory is our only creed, viz:

"Rank is but the guinea's stamp,
A man's a man for a' that."

The population of Lincoln county is mainly American—White—and is distinctively an American town. We have room, and in spare, for many thousand yet, of farmers, merchants, artisans, manufacturers, miners, prospectors, and ladies.

There is a piece of ground in this county for every inhabitant of the United States, 100x125 feet, or if the land of this county should be distributed among all the people of the world there would be a piece for each man, woman and child 1,250 feet, or a lot 50 feet wide and 125 feet long. The assessed valuation of the county is $4,070,800, an increase of 400 per cent in 5 years. The ... county, containing ... square miles ... time ... population ... one white ... Lincoln ... per ... $1 25 per ...

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Probate Clerk ... Geo. Curry
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Assessor ... J. W. Nickerson

County Commissioners,
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County School Superintendent,
E. H. RICHMOND.
Precinct No. 3, Directory.
Justice of the Peace ... J. B. Collier
Constable ... P. H. Lane

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

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Secretary ... H. M. Thomas
Chief Justice ... E. V. Long
Associate ... W. H. Whiteman
Justices ... J. Bantista
Surveyor General ... K. F. Hart
U. S. Marshal ... Trinidad Romero
U. S. District Attorney ... F. A. Fiske
Collector Int. Rev. ... F. Blackwell

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Las Cruces ... E. G. Fitch
Santa Fe ... Stephen Wheeler
Roswell ... J. H. Mills

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If you want address cards, visiting cards, or any kind of business cards, envelopes, neatly printed letter heads, statements, in fact any kind of blanks, call on us we'll do it. Job work done neatly quickly, and in a manner to suit all. Do you want posters, dodgers, handbills, programs, and in fact, anything that can be done with type and ink, if you call on us we will do it for you, for

WE PRINT

Bills,
Cards,
Blanks,
Tickets,
Posters,
Receipts,
Programs,
Envelopes,
Bill Heads,
Pamphlets,
Statements,
Note Heads,
Letter Heads,
Visiting Cards,
Funeral Notes,
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And everything else commonly done in a printing office. Call and see our samples and learn our prices.

Dobbins' Electric Soap
THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.
It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.
It is the original formula for which we paid five hundred pounds, has never been equalled or changed in the slightest. This soap is identical in quality to-day with that made twenty years ago.
It contains no rosin, is kind to the finest fabric, it lights easily and bleaches white.
It washes flannels and blankets as no other soap in the world does—without shrinking—leaving them soft and white and like new.
READ THIS TWICE
THERE has grown up a saving of time, of labor, of soap, of fuel, and of the fabric, when Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.
ONE trial will demonstrate its great merits. It will pay you to make that trial.
LIKE all best things, it is extensively imitated and counterfeited.
Beware of Imitations.
INSIST upon Dobbins' Electric. Don't take Magnetic, Electro-Magic, Philadelphia Electric, or any other brand, simply because it is cheap. They will ruin clothes, and are dear at any price. Ask for
DOBBINS' ELECTRIC
and take no other. Nearly every grocer from Maine to Alaska keeps it in stock. If your have not, he will order from his nearest wholesale grocer.
BEAR in mind the Dobbins wrapper around each bar, and be sure to follow all directions on each package received. You cannot afford to wait longer before trying for yourself this old, reliable, and very wonderful
Dobbins' Electric Soap.

Reminiscences of Lincoln County, AND White Oaks.

By Old Sagers and Stagers.

NO. XIV.

BY G. GALLEN.

Lincoln, N. M.
Jan. 15, 1890.

Dear Mason:

You promised to the readers of your Leader that I would tell all I knew about the escape of Billy the Kid from the county jail at Lincoln after killing the two deputy sheriffs. I would have done so long before this had I not been slightly indisposed during the holidays. It is certainly very singular that during my long life, I have, since I can remember, generally about Christmas time, been afflicted with the same symptoms, and as I am not the only sufferer, but all my acquaintances generally complain of a like indisposition, I am under the impression that this Christmas distemper was over 1800 years ago imported from the Orient by the three wise men who came to adore the Jesus child, and that it has followed the Christians who celebrate properly, wherever they go. The disease is epidemic, but not in the least dangerous. Any man is fool enough to consult his family physician the doctor is very apt to inform him that he is similarly affected, and that the only medicine he himself takes and that he would advise others to take, is Spts. Vini Gall. in small and often repeated doses, to be well shaken before taken. If you moderate in taking your medicine the disease will leave as it came as soon as the holidays are over. That I am right in the theory that the Christmas distemper was imported from the East nobody will dispute when takes into consideration that Asiatic Cholera, Influenza, or La Grippe, and perhaps many other infirmities human flesh is heir to, travel from East to West. Speaking of the grippe, I hope Providence will preserve our statesmen in Washington in such manner that Congress may continue in working order and enabled to pass, at least the most pressing laws, for instance, to reimburse the members who were robbed by the Democratic rascal, Silcott, and a pension law to divide the surplus in the Treasury among the veterans, their widows and descendants.

But I have been digressing, as I started in only to tell of the escape of Billy the Kid.

Once upon a time, it was, if I mistake not, in the month of April 1880, 1881, or perhaps 1882, whilst Mr. Sam. Wortley, the now possessor of a very fine coal mine at Salado, and myself, were raising a vegetable garden behind the court house at Lincoln, that Billy the Kid was brought back from Doña Ana County, where he was traced for murder, and sentenced to be hanged in Lincoln. About a week after the date I am writing about, he killed his two keepers and escaped. As the County Jail no jail then he was kept under guard in the upper story of the court house. Bonney and myself dived under a house to shoot rabbits behind the court house. That memorable day I was the only one in my room, where I had gone to dress, but my pipe and tobacco, the cord behind the court house, when I heard a shot fired in the court house. I ran to look down stairs, and almost collided with Billy the Kid, who was coming toward me. He ran right into my arms, expired the same moment, and fell down, dead. That I was a fool to seem astonished, or perhaps to save myself everybody will believe.

When I arrived at the garden gate leading to the street, in front of the court house, I saw the other deputy sheriff, Olinger, coming out of the hotel opposite, with the other four or five county prisoners where they had taken their dinner. I called to him to come quick. He did so, leaving his prisoners in front of the hotel. When he had come close up to me, and while standing not more than a yard apart, I told him that I was just after laying Bell dead on the ground in the yard behind, and before he could reply, he was struck by a well directed shot fired from a window above us, and fell dead at my feet.

I ran for my life to reach my room and safety, when Billy the Kid called to me, "Don't run, I won't hurt you—I am alone, and master, not only of the court house, but also of the town, for I will allow nobody to come near us. You go," he said, "and saddle one of Judge Leonard's horses, and I will clear out as soon as I can have the shackles loosened from my legs." With a little prospecting pick I had thrown to him through the window he was working for at least an hour, and could not accomplish more than to loosen one leg, and he came to the conclusion to await a better chance, file the shackle to his waist belt, and start out. Meanwhile I had saddled a small skittish pony belonging to Billy Bell, as there was no other horse available, and had led it to Billy's command, with a pair of red blankets behind the saddle. I came near forgetting to say that while I was busy saddling Mr. Billy Kid tried to get his shackle off, my partner, Mr. Sam. Wortley, appeared in the door leading from the garden where he had been at work, into the yard, and that when he saw the two sheriffs lying dead he did not know whether to go in or retreat, but on the assurance of Billy the Kid that he would not hurt him he went in and made himself generally useful.

When Billy went down stairs at last, on passing the body of Bell, he said, "I'm sorry I had to kill him but could not help it." On passing the body of Olinger he gave him a tip with his boot, saying, "You are not going to round me up again."

We went out together where I had tied up the pony, and he told me to tell the owner of same, Billy Burt, that he would return it next day. I, for my part, did not much believe in this promise, but, sure enough, next morning the pony arrived safe and sound, tied to a long lariat, at the court house in Lincoln.

And as Billy the Kid started out that evening, after he had shaken hands with everybody around and after having had a little difficulty in mounting on account of the shackle on his leg, he went in his way rejoicing. That he was afterwards killed at Ft. Sumner by Pat. Garrett, is known to everybody.

In conclusion I would say, for, that I have lately come in possession of a copy of Pat. Garrett's book, that when Garrett first met Billy the Kid, accompanied by a friend introduced him to Garrett as the latter's friend, the latter, if he meant all he said in his book, was very much pleased to meet Billy, and he (Garrett) was only sorry that he had to kill Billy, as he (Garrett) was a little in debt at the time and was in hopes of collecting the reward himself. It is possible, and does it not look very much like it, that Mr. Pat. Garrett is sorry for having killed Billy—poor Pat. Garrett! Yours truly,

G. GALLEN.

P. S. If this should be the case I will tell him the way in which he may yet realize his consolation. Let him turn over to him, Wortley and myself half of the money we have by killing Billy the Kid, let him join a church no matter of what denomination, and we will promise to take up our shoulders half of the sin, if there was any committed, and in the bargain we promise to intercede for him on the other side of Jordan," and use our best endeavors to secure forgiveness for his ofttimes and long comings on this sphere.

This bargain Mr. Garrett should be very willing to make with us, as he had, we doubt our duty, as good an opportunity to say to this day and have killed Billy the Kid, instead of letting him get away in some not near so dangerous game, for instance, of which he is also, it might truly be said, an adept, namely, the business of horse stealing.

In regard to the guilt of innocence of Billy the Kid, I will state, that Billy himself, in many conversations I had with him during the two or three years I was acquainted with him, never denied the fact of stealing cattle from John Chisum, of Roswell, against whom he, he said, had a claim, for wages I believe, which Chisum refused to pay, and hence he was determined to secure him self. He always said to me, that he had never killed anybody, and would never do so except in self defense. A couple of years before his tragic end he told me that during the time he was an outlaw in the Capitan Mountains all of Pat. Garrett's deputies, who tried to round him up, were once in partnership with him stealing cattle from John Chisum.

I do not now recollect for what murder Billy the Kid was tried and sentenced to death, but let me tell you, readers, that the late Judge Leonard, who defended him at his trial in Doña Ana County, often told me that he was convinced by a prejudiced jury, solely because his name was Billy the Kid, under which name many heinous crimes had been committed by Mexicans and outlaws from Texas and other States imported in this country, and by Billy the Kid, but by the principals of the then fighting two factions which caused the "Lincoln County War," and was hammered able pieces all over the country.

When Billy the Kid, the hero, killing his two guards at the time of his escape from Lincoln, I did not think of the book knowledge. Thinks I to myself, only a few of Billy's exploits. I did not blame him then—I don't blame him now. Life is sweet.

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THE SAN FRANCISCO WEEKLY CALL is a handsome eight-page paper. It is issued every Thursday, and contains all of the important news of the week, gleaned from every quarter of the globe, complete up to date of publication. It contains the choicest special correspondence from all of the principal cities of the world and a vast amount of the best selected and original general literature. It furnishes the latest and most reliable financial news and market quotations, and gives special attention to Horticultural and agricultural news, and is in every respect a first-class family paper, appealing to the interest of every member of the household.

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I CURE FITS!

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

LANDS—MINES

PATENTS

PENSIONS

INVENTORS

Patent Laws, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, Decisions, Terms, Forms, Information, Advice, Instructions, Hints, Suggestions, Comparations, Reports, Opinions, Models, Drawings, Specifications, Assignments, Patents, Reissues, Extensions, Interferences, Infringements, Appeals, Suits, Patent Property, Patent Law Decisions, Patent Office Decisions, Patent Office Rules, Patent Office Forms, Patent Office Information, Patent Office Hints, Patent Office Suggest

Lincoln County Leader.

Saturday, March 8, 1890.

SOCIETIES.

Ko-fi-a.—Baxter Lodge No. 9, Knights of Pythias, meet every Thursday night, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
JAS. REID, C. C.
EDWARD UHRMCK, K. OF R. & S.

I. O. O. F.—White Oaks Lodge No. 49, meets every Saturday night, at Castle Hall, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers earnestly invited.
J. A. WOODLAND, C. T.
JAMES H. PARKER, Sec.

G. A. R.—Kearney Post, No. 10, meets on the first Monday night of each month, at their Hall.
N. W. LANE, P. C.
J. C. KLEPINGER, Adjt.

WHITE OAKS CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Lord's Day Services—Morning, 11 o'clock. Evening—7:30 o'clock.
Sunday School—9:45 a. m.
Weekly Bible reading, Wednesday Eve. at 7:30 o'clock—Seats free. All are welcome.
N. W. LANE, Pastor.

DIRECTORY OF THE METHODIST CHURCH—Preaching each Sunday in the month except the 2nd, at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 3 p. m., and Prayer Meeting every Thursday evening at 7 p. m.
W. W. THOMAS, Pastor in charge.
A. POTTER, P. E.

LOCAL ROUNDUPS.

Locals sometimes make a name,
But printers ink so black and solemn,
Will give a man peculiar fame,
When put in this peculiar column.

LOCALS have been scarce this week.

WISH we could report death of the devil. He's a local.

THE next holiday will be Saint Patrick's Day in the Morning.

MRS. S. W. LLOYD, of Three Rivers, was in town this week.

MRS. PETER REED and JAS. A. Alcock arrived home by Friday morning's stage.

MRS. Capt. Kempton, who has been quite ill for nearly a month, is recuperating.

FOR the benefit of those who wanted extra copies of Gauss' reminiscences published last week, we re-publish them on our second page this week.

THE Grippe struck Nogal hard. It hit everybody but Grand-pa Henley. The old gentleman was in town on Wednesday feeling as frisky as a billy goat.

WE regret to learn that S. W. Lloyd is not improving. Measures are being taken for his removal to an asylum, but it is believed that his reason is forever dethroned.

AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE!

Prices reduced. Every family now can have the best Automatic Sewing Machine in the market at reduced prices. For particulars send for our new Illustrated Circular with samples of stitching. Our Illustrated Circular shows every part of the Machine perfectly, and is worth sending for even if you have a Machine. Kruse & Murphy Mfg. Co., 655 and 657 West 30th St., N. Y. City.

BORING on or in the Picacho well was resumed this week and the managers evince a determination to keep on until they strike water, China or hell.

MISS LETTER, who has been visiting Mr. Grosheeber for some months, went to the Bonito this week, Wednesday, to be a companion to Mrs. M. W. Parker, who still resides at the old homestead.

OUR public school averaged an attendance of 45 for the month of January notwithstanding the prevalence of la grippe. There are 52 pupils enrolled and only 12 are over 10 years of age, the larger ones now being sent to the Academy.

DR. LANE, Frank Conger and Peter Reed took a trip last week to the south-west of the White Mountains. They brought back with them some fine looking ore containing gold, silver, and a large percentage of lead. Its location could not exactly be ascertained as the parties are not yet ready to admit the public to their secret.

MRS. CHERRILLE PARKER, the mother of E. W. Parker, resumed her journey toward the Pacific Coast on Monday morning of this week, after a visit here of some six weeks. Mr. E. W. Parker takes her to Carthage by private conveyance and will accompany her to Albuquerque. She will go west by the P. & P. R. R. to Barstow, and thence to Los Angelos, where she will spend some time among friends and acquaintances, and thence to San Jose, where her daughter, Mrs. Spencer, awaits her coming.

IT is with pain that we learn of the dementia of J. J. Cockrell, of Lincoln. His father, bearing of the situation, left his seat in the U. S. Senate, came hither and took his son back to Missouri for treatment. It is devoutly hoped by the friends and acquaintances of the gifted lawyer and his accomplished wife that the derangement will prove but temporary, and that soon he will return to us with mind and constitution unimpaired.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.
181 Pearl St., New York.

THE public school of this district will close it's regular term of five months next Friday. It is most likely a short term of two months will immediately follow. We have heard of no intention to change teachers and therefore most likely Mrs. M. M. Rudisille will continue to teach the New Mexican idea how to shute.

Wasted by Miscreantly.

A lethargic, dormant condition of the liver is hardly to be overcome with drastic cathartics and nauseous chalybeates. A gentler, pleasanter and far more effective means exists of arousing the organ when sluggish. This is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, vouched for by the medical fraternity, tested by the public for many years. A resumption by the biliary organ of its secretive function, with the activity attendant upon health, a return to regularity of the bowels, and a renewal of digestion, are the no less happy and certain results of using the Bitters systematically. Its laxative effect is never painful and drastic, its tendency being rather to perpetuate regularity than to produce a confirmed action. Malaria, nervousness, debility, kidney troubles and rheumatism it also cures.

"I understand," said a handsome young woman entering the printing office, "that you employ only girls, and that you are in need of a forewoman."

"Yes," replied the printer. "Can you make up a form?"

"Look at me and see," she answered, turning herself around.

She was engaged.

Johnson—Newspapers are believed to be an unmitigated nuisance, are they not?

Poison—Not many, I guess.

Johnson—Oh yes; they all claim to be first class advertising mediums.

PATENTS

NO. 1683 and 1684.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
LAS CRUCES, N. M.
February 26th, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that John W. Reed, whose post-office address is White Oaks, Lincoln County, New Mexico, has this day filed his application for a patent for fourteen hundred and ninety-nine linear feet of the Keystone lode, mine or vein bearing copper and other metals, with surface ground 807.7 to 900 feet in width, together with 4.9646 acres of surface ground claimed for the Keystone mill site, both situated in Oscura Mining District, county of Socorro, and Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plats on file in this office as Lots Number 901, A & B, in township 7, s. of r. 6, e., N. M. principal meridian, said lot No. 901, A., being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at cor. No 1, a limestone 20x8x8 ins. marked 1, 901, A.—whence cor. secs. 13, 24, 25 and 18 of the 7 and 8 tiers bears s 67° 07' 06" e 19,196.28 feet dist. U. S. locating monument No. 1. Oscura District bears s 28° 01' e 7,900.22 feet dist. Thence s 88° 30' w 1000 feet to cor No 2, a limestone 20x12x4 ins. marked 2, 901, A. Thence n 21° 30' w 900 feet to cor No 3, a limestone 20x16x8 ins. marked 3, 901 A.—Thence n 70° [illegible] feet to cor No 4 a limestone [illegible] marked 4, 901 A.—Thence s 21° 30' e 807.7 feet to cor No 1, place of beginning. Contents 19,014 acres located in a [illegible] w ¼ of s e ¼ sec 9, t 7, s r 6 e, magnetic var 13° 54' 10" e.

And said Lot 901 B is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at cor No 1, a limestone 22 x14x8 ins. marked 901, B—whence cor secs 13, 24, 25 and 18 of the 7 and 8 tiers bears s 67° 29' 36" e 21,000.02 feet dist. Cor No 1 survey 901, A bears s 89° 06' 53" e 2856.02 feet dist. and U. S. locating monument No. 1 Oscura District bears s 39° 10' 23" e 9,796.2 feet dist. Thence n 5° 51' 56" w 555.21 feet to cor No. 2, on w face of a slab of slate of rocks, marked X 2 901, B. Thence w 298.9 feet to cor No 3, on face of limestone cliff, marked X 3, 901, B—Thence s 3° 55' 52" w 558.02 feet to cor No 4, a limestone 24x11x6 ins. marked 4, 901 B. Thence e 294.5 feet to cor No. 1, place of beginning. Contents 4.9646 acres, located in n e ¼ s w ¼ sec 9, t 7, s r 6 e, magnetic variation 13° 54' 10" e.

Recorded mine in Book—at page—, and mill site in Book—at page—of the Mining Records of Socorro County, New Mexico.

The adjoining claimants are U. S. public lands.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Keystone Mine or Keystone Mill-site or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Las Cruces, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

SAMUEL P. McCREA,
Register.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing Notice of Application for Patent be published for the period of sixty days, (ten consecutive weeks), in the Lincoln County Leader, a weekly newspaper published at White Oaks, in Lincoln County.

SAMUEL P. McCREA,
Register.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, John C. Hale and Mattie Hale, his wife, of Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, by their certain mortgage deed, dated the 8th day of February, in the year 1889 and recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Lincoln County, in Book K, of the record of deeds and conveyances, pages 130-131-132, did convey to the undersigned, A. B. Powers, his heirs and assigns, as mortgagee, the following described real estate, situated in the County of Lincoln and Territory of New Mexico, as follows, to-wit: [illegible] sec. 27, and s w ¼ n w ¼ sec. 34, in township 11, south range 18 east, containing 320 acres, more or less, according to the United States survey, to secure the promissory note of said John Hale, of even date with said mortgage, for twelve hundred dollars, payable to the order of the said A. B. Powers, one year after date, with interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from date until paid, and attorney's fee, if said promissory note is placed in attorney's hands for collection.

And whereas, it was provided in and by said mortgage, that if default should be made in the payment of said note, together with all interest that may accrue thereon, when the same should become due and payable, then in such case the said mortgagee, his agent, or legal representative, might sell at public auction, and mortgaged premises, to the highest bidder for cash, first giving notice of the time and place of said sale, by publishing a notice in some newspaper published in the County of Lincoln, for at least twenty days before the date of such sale, and in their name or names, might make and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers at such sale, a good and sufficient deed of said premises.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of principal and interest due upon said note, which default still continues: Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that on the

10th day of March, A. D. 1890,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in front of the court house door, in the town and county of Lincoln, the said A. B. Powers or his legal representative, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the premises mortgaged and in said mortgage described, pursuant to the power and provisions of said mortgage. The amount claimed to be due under said note, on the day of said sale, is $1,[illegible].

A. B. POWERS, Mortgagee.
Geo. R. Robson, Atty.
White Oaks, N. M., Feb. 22, 1890. 10

THE STERLING CO.

[redacted]

THE [illegible]

MEMORY

MINING APPLICATION NO. 1

United States Land Office,
Kearney, N. M.
December 18, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Gallinas Mining and Smelting Company, by [illegible] J. Barker, its president and managing director, whose postoffice address is White Oaks, Lincoln County, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for 1500 linear feet of the Red Cloud mine or vein, bearing gold, silver, and copper, with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in Red Cloud mining district, Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as survey No. 790 in twp 1, south of range 11 east of New Mexico principal meridian said survey No. 790, being described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at corner No 1, a granite stone 20x8x6 ins. set ¾ in ground, marked 1, 790—whence n. ¼ sec. cor. sec. 25, twp. 1, s. r. 11 e., N. M. prim. mer., bears n. 18° 30' 30" w. 2318 feet dist.—thence n. 11° 30' e. var. 12° 30' e. 1500 feet to cor. No. 2, a quartzite stone, 22x16x8 ins. set ¾ in ground, marked 2, 790—whence cor. No. 3, Summit Lode, survey No. 606 A., bears n. 74° 14' 45" e 452.08 feet dist.—thence s. 80° 00' w. var. 12° 30' e. 600 feet to cor. No 3, a conglomerate stone 21x16x4 ins. set ¾ in ground, marked 3, 790—thence n. 11° 30' w 570.08 feet, intersect 2-3 The Deadwood Lode, survey No. 791, at s. 79° 06' w. 8-37 feet from cor No. 2 thereof 1500 feet to cor No 4, a granite stone 20x14x8 ins. set ¾ in ground, marked 4, 790—thence s. 80° 00' e var. 12° 30' e 344.17 feet, intersect 1-2 line survey No. 791, at s. 8° 30' west 814-80 feet from cor No. 1 thereof, 900 feet to cor No 1, place of beginning, containing an area of 20-60 acres, of which an area of 2.6747 acres is in conflict with survey No 791, and is hereby expressly waived and excepted. Total area claimed in this application 17.9753 acres, located in the w ½ n e ¼ sec 25, twp 1, s r 11 e N. M. principal meridian.

The location of this mine is recorded in the Recorder's Office of the County of Lincoln, at Lincoln, in the County and Territory aforesaid, in Book K, at page 28 of the mining records.

The adjoining claimants are—easterly and westerly, the Gallinas Mining & Smelting Company—elsewhere unknown.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the said "Red Cloud" mine or surface ground, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Las Cruces, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days' period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

JOHN H. MILLS, Register.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

W. L. HUGHES,

Stands prepared at all hours to operate on the head or face of all persons and will guarantee satisfaction. Shop on White Oaks Avenue, just east of the Postoffice. Clothes cleaning and repairing neatly, well and cheaply done by Mrs. Hughes. Bring on your garments.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

The W. & P. Coal will be delivered anywhere in White Oaks at the usual price, on tens. All competition will be met and discounted promptly.

J. P. C. LANGSTON, Ag't.

A. S. UPSON, Surveyor & Notary Pub. | P. E. GARRETT, Dealer in Realty
UPSON & GARRETT,
Land Agents and Conveyancers,
ROSWELL, N. M.

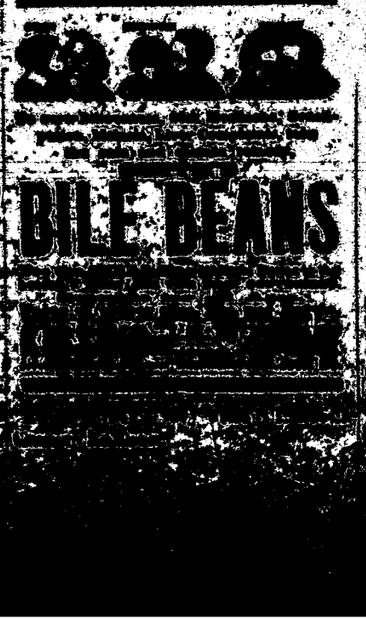
Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands embraced in the Pecos Valley. No charge for inspection. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

Office—Garrett's Ranch, head of Northern Canal of Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Post office address—"Upson & Garrett, Roswell, N. M."

C. L. PEARMAN,

DEALER IN HARDWARE.

WHITE OAKS, N. M.



John A. Brown & Bro.

Staple & Fancy Grocers, White Oaks, N. M.

CALL AT THE

LITTLE CASSINO,

—FOR—

Fine Imported and Native

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

GUS. SCHINZING, PROP.

The Carrizozo Meat Market

(OPPOSITE WEEDS.)

Treat, Cline & Gibbons, Proprietors.

Time strictly limited to 30 days.—J. P. C. Langston, Collector.

at Native Beef and Mutton constantly on hand. Sausage of every description.

LARGEST STORE.

Best Goods! Latest Styles!

LOWEST PRICES.

These form a quartette of desirable store inducements. I can safely and truly lay claim to all of them. Every item which goes to constitute Men and Boy's Apparel I have, and at prices which commend themselves to the judicious and economical buyer. Also, everything which goes to make up a well dressed Lady, from Kitchen and Shoes, to Hats and Feathers.

I extend a cordial invitation to the general public to visit my emporium, where they will find what is enumerated above, as also, Groceries in profusion, Hardware and Tinware, and everything otherwise exhibited in a General Store.

Ranch Supplies!

a Specialty.

Don't fail to visit the "Old Reliable."

W. H. WEED.

Southwestern Hotel.

WEST END WHITE OAKS AVENUE.

Jno. A. Brothers, Proprietor.

Comfortable rooms, good beds, and the table supplied with the best the market affords.

Carizo Hotel.

WHITE OAKS.....New Mexico

WM. GALLAGHER, Prop.

This Hotel is a large brick [illegible]

HOW'S YOUR FENCE?