Lincoln County Leader.

Devoted to the Best Interests of Lincoln County and the Development of the Territory.

VOLUME 2. WHITEOAKS, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1890. NUMBER 2

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

THE [illegible] OF NEW YORK

[illegible] practices, with which to substitute [illegible] Chicago, will [illegible] at Roswell [illegible]

LOCK & THOMAS.

Wm. Y. Hewitt,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

[illegible] LINCOLN COUNTY

New Mexico.

GEO. B. BARBER,

—ATTORNEY AT LAW—

White Oaks.....N. M.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory and in the U. S. Land Office.

E. McB. TIMONEY,

Late Register U. S. Land Office, Boise City, Idaho.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office—White Oaks Avenue,

White Oaks.....N. M.

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Real Estate and Mining Agent,

White Oaks, N. M.

P. O. BELL,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER.

Stands prepared to take contracts for erecting cut stone, rock, marble, adobe, or any other kind of building. Satisfaction guaranteed

Carizo Hotel.

White Oaks.....New Mexico

WM. GALLAGHER, Prop.

This Hotel is a new brick structure and is furnished throughout with new furniture. Sleeping rooms are well supplied with clean and comfortable beds and provided with light and ventilation. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Every care taken for the comfort of guests. Rates paid by guests of reasonable means.

Lincoln County Leader.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, $2 PER YEAR

Saturday, April 12, 1890.

Wm. Caffyn, Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post office at White Oaks, N. M., as second class matter.

THE CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS and LINCOLN CO. LEADER, 1 year $2.75

WE AGREE.

We are pleased to record the fact, unwittingly omitted last week that Messers E. F. Comery and H. C. Williams have been entirely successful in their search for water at a point six miles east of Pinos Wells.

These gentlemen dug 31 feet [illegible]um. They then [illegible] tools and drove [illegible]th of 174 feet. [illegible] struck quick [illegible]y of water un- [illegible] water has ris- [illegible] of the sur- [illegible]ubt that if the [illegible]ater will flow [illegible] the well. This [illegible]ce regarded as [illegible] remedy. The [illegible]se of Messers [illegible] has opened a [illegible] stock men of [illegible] is very little [illegible] the same or [illegible]water can be [illegible] of the new [illegible]. If so, ma- [illegible]les of splen- [illegible]sloping, will [illegible] that just [illegible]e of the old [illegible]tically valu- [illegible]

[illegible]rter Journal [illegible] fact, that [illegible] at three [illegible]n of two [illegible]ured by the [illegible]ecently vis- [illegible]e all other [illegible] far reach- [illegible]re swept a- [illegible] the hand [illegible] We trow [illegible]ock keepers [illegible] give de-

The Interrupter to the contrary notwithstanding, there has been no change in the time table of the stages departing from White Oaks or of the closing of mails at the P. O. When the schedule time is changed the LEADER will announce it, but it never anticipates news.

The grip got an extra hold on John Walcher. It entailed upon him other distress and on Tuesday he started for Brooklyn, N. Y., where he will have the advantage of skilful medical treatment and salt water baths. We hope that he may speedily return in renewed health.

[illegible] for the Supreme [illegible]

Answers to Correspondents.

"A Friend" wishes to know something about "Nationalism," as expounded by Edward Bellamy and "Marriage Reform," as set forth by Chas Bellamy.

In reply we beg to say that our limits will not allow of any lengthy treatment of subjects so large.

We may premise that Nationalism seems founded upon an admitted evil, to-wit: the immense aggregation of capital in these days and the unhealthy influence of corporate and capitalistic control in public affairs.

For this evil the Nationalist suggests an extraordinary remedy,—nothing less, in fact, than the creation of one vast and overshadowing corporation called the "Nation," or "Government," which shall control all things, dictate production, control distribution, transportation and compensation. To this overshadowing corporate entity the Nationalist proposes that we shall all surrender our individual tastes, tendencies, affections and capacities. That it shall control us from the cradle and pursue us to the grave. It shall originate all things, own all things, dispose of all things; it shall be the sole patentee, the sole farmer, manufacturer, merchant, banker, carrier, paymaster and distributor; all, he is good enough to say for the common benefit, but none the less certainly at it's own despotic will. The Nationalist eliminates from his system all personal freedom and all incentive for personal progress and effort. He is good enough to propose that we shall elect our masters; but that does not leave them any the less our masters. Oblivious to all the lessons of human history, he presents his extraordinary system as a panacea for political corruption. But until God shall create a race of men who shall neither desire wealth, nor be fond of power, a system which places all the wealth of a nation within the control of an official class, elective or not, and subjects the sum of national and individual liberties to their mercy, will give rise to a condition of corruption and peculation such as the world has not seen since the days of the decay of the Roman Empire.

The extraordinary propositions of these people are enforced by arguments appealing to the passions and the ignorance of men, and to the extent of the ignorance are dangerous.

The arguments are fortified by a recklessness of assertion which appals. For instance, Mr. Bellamy appeals to the ignorant passions of the mob by the statement that one hundred citizens of the United States have absorbed more than half the possessions of the Nation. Now the truth of this assertion would require it to be a fact that we had one hundred citizens of the United States worth on an average $650,000,000 each. Now we know, as a fact, that there is not a single one of the citizens of the U. S., who is worth the sum of $320,000,000, and that since the death of Anthony Rothschild in 1867, there has not lived a man in the world worth that amount of money. We know, as a fact, that while wealth in the United States has been too largely centralized, that there are not one hundred people in the United States who are worth actually on an average one-tenth of the sum assumed by Mr. Bellamy's statement.

[illegible] Bellamy is a mere detail of the Nationalist system. In all of its details it cannot be discussed in a family newspaper. But for the admitted evils of loose marriage and divorce laws, and for the consequent loosening of family bonds, he suggests the remedy of the practical abolition of parental duties and responsibilities. From the birth of children they are to be the children of the State, cared for, sustained, educated and controlled by the gigantic corporate Nation of his brother's dreams.—The natural parents being thus kindly relieved from the maintenance, nurture and control of their offspring are to be allowed to control their matrimonial relations at their own sweet will.

So long as the marriage tie is perfectly satisfactory to both, good. When either feels the yoke too heavy, or has seen some other person of the opposite sex more to their mind, by the simple act of filing a renunciation of the marriage bond in a public office, the matrimonial partner is dismissed, the marriage is at an end, and the dissatisfied husband or wife may at once form a new connection, again for such a length of time as may be perfectly satisfactory to both, and so on *ad infinitum*.—There is no limit to the number of marriages one person may contract successively, nor any objection under this system to the filing a bill of divorce, and a new marriage each year, or month, or every day.

When the systems of the brothers Bellamy become institutions of our country we shall take to the woods.

Did you ever hear two married women take leave of each other at the gate on a summer morning. This is the the way they do it:

"Good-bye!"

"Good-bye! Come down and see us right soon."

"I will. Good-bye!"

"Good-bye! Don't forget to come up soon."

"I want be sure and bring Sally Jane with you next time."

"I will. And you be sure and bring the baby."

"I will. I forgot to tell you that he's cut another tooth."

"Do'n, sa,! How many has he got now?"

"Five. It makes him awful cross."

"I guess it does this hot weather. Well, good-bye! Don't you forget to come down."

"No, I won't. Don't you forget to come up. Good-bye!"

And so they separate.

"WAY."—This is the unique name of an unique journal lately established in Denver. It is finely illustrated and it's letter press is perfect. It is largely devoted to fun. Politically it is inclined to be Democratic—but Democracy is funny now-a-days. Mrs. Tilley will show you a copy and take no [illegible]

Republican Meeting.

A meeting of the [illegible] of White Oaks will be held at [illegible] at 8 o'clock [illegible] of completing the organization of [illegible] transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

D. J. M. A. JEWETT,
Chm. Special Committee.
E. McB. TIMONEY,
Sec. Special Committee.

Perpetuating the Parties.

Under the above caption one of our contemporaries objects to recent action of Republicans here looking toward organization.

Our good friend appears as the champion of a special interest, worthy of all honor and protection, an interest which has been the especial care of the Republican party from it's foundation to the present day.

We desire to say to him, however, that he mistakes the means by which the special interest that he represents can be best assisted.

American political history is full of third parties founded upon special and single interests. All of them have been failures from the standpoint of their sincere and honest supporters. As tenders to the Democratic party some of them have been successful from the standpoint of their insincere, but most far-seeing sponsors.—There is no single interest or doctrine, industrial, political or moral which supplies a foundation sufficiently broad for a successful American party. Anti-Mason, Native American, Know Nothing and Prohibitionist, have all illustrated this axiomatic principle of American politics.

The American farmer represents the most important single interest in the country. Upon his labor every other interest finds a foundation and in his prosperity every other department of industry has a direct interest. Nevertheless, the farmer, if he appears in arms against every other interest in the country, seeking his own good and will, regardless of others, he will be paralized under the combined resistance of all.

In the prosperity of the Republican party, the only political organization both able and willing to help him, the American farmer has a most direct and personal interest. And in despite of special organizations seeking his votes on various pretences to the party that has been his consistent friend, his votes in mass have been given, and will continue to be.

[illegible]

Idaho and Montana have been admitted as States. New Mexico is still sticking her heels out in the cold.

A Notable Life.

Died, in New Orleans last week Gen. Thos. C. Anderson, [illegible] years.

The Republican party, [illegible] the South their legal rights [illegible] most eminent and ancient [illegible].

Gen. Anderson was born in [illegible]. At the age of 18 years he found [illegible] commercial business capacity he soon [illegible] a very large fortune. Early in life he became prominent in State politics, in which, prior to 1861, he always acted independently.

At the outbreak of the war he reluctantly followed the fortunes of his State and attained the rank of Major General in the Confederate army. After the close of the war he followed Longstreet into the Republican party, of which he remained a conspicuous and honored member until the day of his death. He sat for 24 years in the State Senate, beyond which he sought nothing. In the bitter campaign of 1876, he had in the county of his long residence, (St. Landry,) a majority of 439, while the Democratic State ticket had a majority of 1,313, thus demonstrating his strength among his old neighbors over and above party.

The great heart of the man endeared him to all alike. No man within his reach ever suffered want or disaster which the means and good will of Tom Anderson could avert.

Exposed as a member of the famous Returning Board to bitter and violent criticism, yet the city of New Orleans, Democratic by 10,000 majority, en masse bore his body to the grave on Saturday last, and mourned a good and great citizen gone to his eternal rest.

Gen. Anderson was an uncle of our friend, George L. Ulrick, who has our sincere sympathy in his loss.

The following story, which has never appeared in print, is told about the editor of one of Maine's most prominent dailies: When a small boy, his father now one of the most prominent men in the State, was then running a printing office and publishing a weekly paper in one of the largest towns in Kennebec county. One day the advance agent of a show came along and ordered some posters printed upon cotton cloth. His order was filled, but for some reason he neglected to call for them, and they were thus left on the printer's hands. The printer's wife ran across them, and as cloth was then high, she took the cloth and used it to line a pair of pants she was then making for the editor above mentioned, then a boy about ten years of age.

As the months rolled by the pantaloons grew threadbare, and at school one day he accidentally tore the seat out, leaving about one foot of lining exposed to view. This in itself would have the boys smile, but they laughed till the tears came when they observed the following words standing out boldly upon the lining in large type:

"Doors open at 7:30. Performance begins at 8."

It is needless to state that the boy went home to his mother in tears.

Lincoln County Leader,

Saturday, April 5, 1890.

SOCIETIES.

K. of P.—Baxter Lodge No. 8, Knights of Pythias, meet every Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend. JAS. REID, C. C.

EDWARD UHLMACK, K. of R. & S.

I. O. O. F.—White Oaks Lodge No. 49, meets every Saturday night, at Castle Hall, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers earnestly invited. J. A. WOODLAND, C. T.

JAMES H. FARMER, Sec.

G. A. R.—Kearney Post, No. 10, meets on the first Monday night of each month, at their Hall. N. W. LANE, P. C.

J. C. KLEPINGER, Adjt.

WHITE OAKS CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Lord's Day Services—Morning, 11 o'c. Evening—7:30 o'clock.
Sunday School—9:45 a. m.
Weekly Bible reading, Wednesday Eve. at 7:30 o'clock—Seats free All are welcome.
N. W. LANE, Pastor.

DIRECTORY OF THE METHODIST CHURCH—Preaching each Sunday in the month except the 2nd., at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9 a. m., and Prayer Meeting every Thursday evening at 7 p. m. REV. CHILMAN, Pastor in charge.
A. POTTER, P. E.

LOCAL ROUNDUPS

Look sometime: I make a name,
But printers ink shrinks and solemn.
Will give a most peculiar fame,
When put in this peculiar column.

ON the 21st inst., the district court for this county will convene at Lincoln.

A slip of the foot may soon be recovered; but that of the tongue perhaps never.

LANGSTON and Bellomy, after a week's visit to the Las Cruces court, returned last Tuesday.

J. M. BUCK, deputy assessor, has been in town all week trying to ascertain what everybody was or is worth.

MILK—Sam Wells is now prepared to sell and deliver cow's milk to customers at the rate of 12 quarts for $1.

THE wife of Jones Tallaferro played a huge joke on her liege lord on April fool's day—she filled his arms with a brand new baby boy.

Prof. Loisette's Memory System is creating greater interest than ever in all parts of the country, and persons wishing to improve their memory should send for the prospectus free as advertised in another column.

THE first day of the first Spring month was more wintrish than any day in Winter. It was cold, windy and altogether mean. November was meaner than any winter month, and April seems to have entered for sweepstakes.

DR. BEAVER wishes those whom it may concern to know that he can be found at Dr. Paden's office on the 12th inst., (Saturday of next week,) where he will remain until demand for dental work is fully satisfied.

THE following named White Oaks people attended the funeral of Mrs. Sligh at Nogal on Monday last: Mrs. Annie Reed, Miss Brice Lane, Will Lane and wife, H. S. Comery, Mrs. and Miss Emma Brothers, Mrs. and Miss Pauline Davies, Mr. Jas. Redman and Mrs. J. A. Alcock.

MARRIED—On the 2nd inst., at the home of the bride's parents, by Rev. Dr. N. W. Lane, George McLellan Brown and Miss Lizzie R. Collier. Probably no couple in town are better known than this couple. The groom is the junior partner of Jno. A. Brown & Bro. and commands not only the respect but esteem of everybody. The bride has grown in this town from the condition of innocent childhood to that of cultivated and refined womanhood. Long may they live to revel in each others holy love.

Rev. E. Lyman Hood, Superintendent of the American Home Missionary Society of New York, and also Superintendent of the New West Education Commission for Arizona and New Mexico, will leave his field of labor on the 1st of May for the annual meeting of the A. H. M. S. at Saratoga, N. Y., and will then go abroad for a brief vacation. Dr. Hood is an earnest, eloquent speaker, and an indefatigable worker in his field, and as an educator has no superior. His scholastic attainments eminently fit him for the responsible position he has held for the last three years, and which we hope he will continue to fill long into the future. As he leaves for his vacation he will carry the best wishes of his wide circle of acquaintances in both of those Territories and he will be a most worthy representative of this south-west Territory abroad. He will receive a right royal welcome on his return.

APRIL FOOL Day was duly observed in White Oaks. People were very busy for the first day of the month Mr. John Woodland was an important personage that day. It seemed so strange that so many of our citizens had such important business relations with him. While sitting in his office for only a few moments the callers were numerous, and when it was found that in each case the visit was the result of the 1st day of April, Webster would have been astonished at the abundant and emphatic language employed to express the visitor's sentiments.

THE Congregational Church will be dedicated May 4th, when several ministers and interested parties from a distance will be present A programme will soon be promulgated when the LEADER will give it's readers full information.

THE Messers Conger and Reid returned a few days since, after a few week's sojourn in developing their property at Leadville, Dona Ana County. The boys brought back some fine specimens of ore and feel sure they have an excellent prospect in their new find. May it's reality far exceed their fondest expectation.

A busy life with good principles, strong purposes, and wisdom enough to secure cultivation of the different ideas of the nature, is one the most important factors for securing a ripe and happy old age.

Senator Sherman in an able argument in favor of his bill against trusts said: "If this country will not endure a king in political power it should not endure a king over the production, transportation and sale of the necessaries of life. If it will not submit to an emperor it should not submit to an autocrat in trade." He alluded to the Standard Oil company, the Diamond Match company and the sugar trust as the kind of organizations the measure was aimed at.

LOOK out for bogus checks.—Two of our merchants were recently caught by a Las Vegas gent named Mendenhall.

MEMORY

Mind wandering cured. Books learned at one reading. Postage paid from all parts of the World. Prospectus post free. Prof. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave, New York.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

W. L. HUGHES,

Stands prepared at all hours to operate on the head or face of all patrons and will guarantee satisfaction. Shop on White Oaks Avenue. Just east of the Postoffice Rather cleanly and repairing neatly well and cheaply done by Mrs. Hughes. Bring on your garments.

Subscribe for the LINCOLN COUNTY LEADER.

B. B.

The base ball season was opened in White Oaks on last Sunday afternoon by a game between two picked nines. The winners were managed by Oscar Hill and the defeated nine by George Lee. Owing to the high wind it was mutually agreed to play seven innings, which resulted in a victory for Mr. Hill's team by a score of 32 to 20 Of the individual play special mention should be made of the work of Otero and Hunter, and George Lee and P. Gumm, the batteries of the two nines, and the faultless playing of S. J. Woodland on 1st, and R. Lee on 3rd base. The outfield had very little to do except chase grounders.

The following is the score:

Pos.	O	R	Pos.	O	R
Otero, P	3	2	P. Gumm, C	1	4
Kane, 2nd B	1	1	G. Lee, P	2	3
Conger, L F	1	3	Grumbles, 2d b	2	4
Woodland, 1st B	2	2	J. Gumm, 1st B	2	3
Hall, 3rd B	2	4	F. Lee, 3rd B	1	5
Hunter, C	3	1	McCourt, S S	1	1
Ransom, S S	0	5	Timoney, L F	2	2
Dyer, R F	2	3	Ramsdale, C F	1	1
Woodland C F	0	5	Schaefer, R F	1	1
	21	32		14	24

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Hills	2	1	7	8	7	9	0	32
Lees	3	6	7	2	3	1	4	20

An exchange says "one-third of the fools of the country think they can beat the lawyer in expounding law, one-half think they can beat doctors healing the sick, two-thirds of them think they can beat the minister preaching the gospel, and all of them know they can beat the editor in running a newspaper."

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully.
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.
181 Pearl St., New York.

TOMORROW will be Easter Sunday, the day devoted to the demolition of hen fruit.

PROPOSALS FOR FUEL, FORAGE & STRAW. Headquarters Department of Arizona, Office of the Chief Quartermaster, Los Angeles, Cal. March 1890. Sealed proposals will be received at this office, and at the offices of the quartermasters at each of the stations named, until 11 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, April 22, 1890, and then opened immediately thereafter in the presence of bidders, for the furnishing and delivery thereafter in the presence of bidders, for the furnishing and delivery during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, of forage and straw, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, at the stations named in the Department of Arizona, as follows:—Forts Apache, Bowie, Grant, Huachuca, Lowell, Mojave, Thomas and Verde and San Carlos, Whipple Barracks, and Tucson, A. T., Los Angeles and San Diego Barracks, Cal., and Fort Bayard, N. M., Camp Union and Wingate, and Santa Fe, N. M. Preference given to articles of domestic production and manufacture, conditions of price and quality being equal, and a preference given to articles of American production and manufacture on the Pacific Coast to the extent of the supplies required by the proposals. Proposals for either of the supplies mentioned or for quantities less than the whole required for the delivery of the supplies at points other than those above named will be entertained. Circulars, general instructions to bidders and blank forms of proposals will be furnished on application to this office, or to the Assistant Quartermaster at Tucson, A. T. or Santa Fe, N. M. A. E. KIMBALL, Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Chief Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.—Headquarters Department of Arizona, Office Chief Quartermaster, Los Angeles, Cal., March 17, 1890.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 11 o'clock, m., on THURSDAY, April 17, '89, and opened immediately thereafter in the presence of bidders, for Transportation, by wagon, of military supplies during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, on routes in the Department of Arizona, as follows:—Route No. 1.—From any station on the Atlantic and Pacific, or Prescott and Arizona Central Railroad, to Fort Verde, A. T.—Route No. 2—From Phoenix, A. T. to Fort McDowell, A. T. Route No. 3—From Bowie Station, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No. 4—From Bowie Station, or Willcox, A. T. to Fort Thomas, and San Carlos, A. T. and from Fort Thomas to San Carlos, A. T.—Route No. 5—From Willcox, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No. 6—From Holbrook, A. T. to Fort Apache, A. T.—Route No. 7—From Tucson, A. T. to Fort Lowell, A. T.—Route No. 8—From Huachuca Station, A. T. to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No. 9—From any station on A. T. & S. F. R. R. to Fort Stanton, N. M. Route No. 10—From Willcox, N. M. to Fort Union, N. M.—Route No. 11—From Wingate Station, N. M. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No. 12—From Silver City, N. M. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No. 13—From Railroad Station at Santa Fe, N. M. to Fort Marcy, N. M. Specifications, general instructions to bidders and blank forms of proposal will be furnished on application to this office, or to the Assistant Quartermaster at Tucson, A. T. or Santa Fe, N. M. A. E. KIMBALL, Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Chief Quartermaster. 32-37

NO 533 and 534.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
LAS CRUCES, N. M.
February 20th, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that John C. Root, whose post office address is White Oaks, Lincoln County, New Mexico, has this day filed his application for a patent for fourteen hundred and ninety-nine linear feet of the Keystone lode mine or vein bearing copper and other metals, with surface ground 357.7 to 600 feet in width, together with 42919 acres of surface ground claimed as the Keystone mill site, both situated in Oscura Mining District, county of Socorro, in the Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plats on file in this office as Lots Number 801, A & B, in township 7, s. of r. 6, e. N. M. principal meridian, said lot No. 801, A., being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at cor. No 1, a limestone 20x8x6 ins. marked 1,801, A.—whence cor sec 18, 24, 6 & 7 s r 6 e bears s 67° 07' 0" e 18,126.28 feet dist., U. S. locating monument No 1, Oscura District, bears s 28° 41' e 7,319.83 feet dist. Thence s 68° 30' w 1138.4 fee to cor No. 2, a limestone 32x12x4 ins marked 2,801 A. Thence n 21° 30' w 600 feet to cor No 3, a limestone 20x16x5 ins marked 3-801 A.—Thence n 70° 07' e 1469 feet to cor No 4, a limestone 24x8x6 ins marked 4-801-A.—Thence s 21° 30' e 557.7 feet to cor No 1, place of beginning. Contents 18,914 acres located in n ½ and s w ¼ of s e ¼ sec 9, t 7, s r 6 e, magnetic var 12° 55' to 57°.

And said Lot 801 B is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at cor No 1, a limestone 23 x14x6 ins. marked 801.B—whence cor secs 18, 24, 6 & 7 s r 6 e bears s 67° 23' 20" e 2,980.02 feet dist. Cor No 1 survey 801.A bears s 69° 08' 58" e 2856.02 feet dist. and U. S. locating monument, No. 1 Oscura District bears s. 89° 10' 28" e 9,786.2 feet dist. Thence n 5° 57' 38" w 555.21 feet to cor No. 2, on w face of a slab of bluff of rocks, marked X 2 801.B. Thence w 298.9 feet to cor No 3, on face of limestone cliff, marked X 3-801.B.—Thence s 8° 55' 53" w 553.502 feet to cor No 4, a limestone 24x11½x6 ins. marked 4,801 B. Thence e 394.5 feet to cor No. 1, place of beginning. Contents 4,3949 acres, located in s e ¼ n w ¼ sec 9, t 7, s r 6 e, magnetic variation 12° 54' to 59° e.

Recorded mine in Book—at page—, and mill-site in Book—at page—of the Mining Records of Socorro County, New Mexico.

The adjoining claimants are U. S. public lands.

Any and al persons claiming adversely any portion of said Keystone Mine or Keystone Mill-site or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Las Cruces, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

SAMUEL P. McCREA,
Register.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing Notice of Application for Patent be published for the period of sixty days, (ten consecutive weeks), in the Lincoln County LEADER, a weekly newspaper published at White Oaks, in Lincoln County.

SAMUEL P. McCREA,
Register.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

The W. & P. Coal will be delivered anywhere in White Oaks at the usual price, or less. All competition will be met and discounted promptly.

J. P. C. LANGSTON, Agt.

A. D. UPSON, Surveyor & Notary Pub. J. F. GARRETT, Deals in Realty

UPSON & GARRETT,

Land Agents and Conveyancers,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands entered in the Pecos Valley. No charge for inspection Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

Office at Garrett's Ranch, head of Northern Canal of Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Post office address—Upson & Garrett, Roswell, N. M.

C. L. PEARMAN,

DEALER IN HARDWARE

The Only Exclusive Tin, Iron and Steel House in Lincoln County.

WHITE OAKS, N. M.

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WHITE OAKS, N. M.

TOBACCO CIGARS

John A. Brown & Bro.

Staple & Fancy Grocers, White Oaks, N. M

CALL AT THE

LITTLE CASSINO,

FOR

Fine Imported and Native

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

GUS. SCHNEIZING, PROP.

The Carrizozo Meat Market

(OPPOSITE WEEDS.)

Treat, Cline & Gibbons, Proprietors.

Time strictly limited to 30 days J. P. C. Langston, Collector

at Native Beef and Mutton constantly on hand. Sausage of every description.

LARGEST STORE.

Best Goods! Latest Styles!

LOWEST PRICES.

These form a quartette of desirable store inducements. I am safely and truly lay claim to all of them. Every item which goes to constitute Men and Boy's Apparel, I have, and at prices which commend themselves to the judicious and economical buyer. Also, everything which goes to make up a well dressed Lady, from Hosiery and Shoes, to Hats and Feathers.

I extend a cordial invitation to the general public to visit my emporium, where they will find what is enumerated above, as also, Groceries in profusion, Hardware and Tinware, and everything ever exhibited in a General Store.

Ranch Supplies!

a Specialty.
Don't fail to visit the "Old Reliable."

W. H. WEED.

Southwestern Hotel.

WEST END WHITE OAKS AVENUE.

Jno. A. Brothers, Proprietors.

Comfortable rooms, good beds, and the table supplied with the best the market affords

Carizo Hotel.

WHITE OAKS..... NEW MEX. ICO

WM. GALLAGHER, Prop.

This Hotel is a new brick structure and is furnished throughout with new furniture. Sleeping rooms are well supplied with clean and comfortable beds, and provided with light and ventilation. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Every care taken of and attention paid to wants of transient guests.

CRAGESR REASONABLE

HOW'S YOUR FENCE?

We have the CHEAPEST and BEST WOVEN WIRE FENCING and Wire Rope Fencing.

Lincoln County Leader.

Devoted to the Best Interests of Lincoln County and the Development of Its Resources.

VOLUME 2. WHITE OAKS, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1890. NUMBER 48

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

THE [illegible] IN NEW YORK

[illegible] LORD & THOMAS,

John Y. Hewitt,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
[illegible] New Mexico.

GEO. B. BARBER,
—Attorney at Law—
White Oaks, N. M.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory and in the U. S. Land Office.

E. McK. TIMONEY,
Late Register U. S. Land Office, Boise City, Idaho,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—White Oaks Avenue,
White Oaks, N. M.

D. J. M. A. JEWETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WHITE OAKS, N. M.

WILLIAM H. RYAN,
Counselor at Law,
Lincoln, New Mexico
Will practice in the Courts of Lincoln and adjoining counties.

Childers, & Jackson,
Attorneys at Law,
Albuquerque and Socorro, N. M.
Will practice in Lincoln County.

THEO. WEEMAN
Mining Agency
Fire Insurance and Notary Public
[illegible]
U. S. MINERAL SURVEYOR.
—AND—
Notary Public
White Oaks, New Mexico.

JAS. A. TOMLINSON,
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur,
Offers his services to the public.
Office in Drug Store, Lincoln.

Lincoln Hotel.
(Opposite Court House,)
LINCOLN, N. M.
This Hotel, under new and efficient management, having been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, offers to visitors superior accommodations.
Good Standing Attached.
WEEMAN & CO., Props.

ED. R. BONNELL,
Real Estate and Mining Agent,
White Oaks, N. M.

P. C. BELL,
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER.
Stands prepared to take contracts for erecting cut stone, rock, marble, adobe, or any other kind of building. Satisfaction guaranteed

Carizo Hotel.
White Oaks.....New Mexico
WM. GALLAGHER, Prop.
This Hotel is a new brick structure and is furnished throughout with new furniture. Sleeping rooms are well supplied with clean and comfortable beds and provided with light and ventilation. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Every care taken of, and attention paid to wants of transient guests.
CRACKER REMEDIES

Lincoln County Leader.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, $2 PER YEAR

Saturday, April 12, 1890.

Wm. Gallagher, Editor & Proprietor

Entered at the Post Office at White Oaks, N. M., as second class matter.

THE CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS and LINCOLN CO. LEADER, 1 year $2.75

WATER.

We are pleased to record the fact, unwittingly omitted last week that Messers E. F. Comery and H. C. Williams have been entirely successful in their search for water at a point six miles east of Pinos Wells.

These gentlemen dug 31 feet and struck gypsum. They then put in the drilling tools and drove the hole to the depth of 174 feet. At that point they struck quick sand bearing a body of water under pressure. The water has risen to within ten feet of the surface.

There is no doubt that if the well is cased the water will flow from the mouth of the well. This is in a region hitherto regarded as dry beyond hope of remedy. The enterprise and success of Messers Comery & Williams has opened a new region to the stock men of New Mexico. There is very little if any doubt but that the same or similar bodies of water can be found anywhere east of the new well toward the Pecos. If so, many thousand square miles of splendid range, hitherto valueless, will be made available, and that just when the overstocking of the old ranges renders it practically valuable.

The Louisville Courier-Journal remarks as a notable fact, that three saloons situated at three corners of the junction of two streets were not injured by the terrible cyclone which recently visited it's fair city, while all other buildings contiguous and far reaching on both streets were swept away. Can any one see the hand of Providence in this? We trow not unless it be the saloon keepers and we doubt if they will give devout thanks.

ADVICE TO RETURNS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is beyond computation. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

The Interrupter to the contrary notwithstanding, there has been no change in the time table of the stages departing from White Oaks or of the closing of mails at the P. O. When the schedule time is changed the LEADER will so announce it, but it never anticipates news.

The grip got an extra hold on Jake Weisher. It entailed upon him other diseases and on Tuesday he started for Brooklyn, N. Y., where he will have the advantage of skilled medical treatment and salt water baths. We hope that he may speedily return in restored health.

Subscribe for the LEADER.

Answers to Correspondents.

"A Friend" wishes to know something about "Nationalism," as expounded by Edward Bellamy and "Marriage Reform," as set forth by Chas Bellamy.

In reply we beg to say that our limits will not allow of any extended treatment of subjects so large.

We may premise that Nationalism seems founded upon an admitted evil, to-wit: the immense aggregation of capital in these days and the unhealthy influence of corporate and capitalistic control in public affairs.

For this evil the Nationalist suggests an extraordinary remedy—nothing less, in fact, than the creation of one vast and overshadowing corporation called the "Nation," or "Government," which shall control all things, dictate production, control distribution, transportation, and compensation. To this overshadowing corporate entity the Nationalist proposes that we shall all surrender our individual tastes, tendencies, affections and capacities. That it shall control us from the cradle and pursue us to the grave. It shall originate all things, own all things, dispose of all things; it shall be the sole patentee, the sole farmer, manufacturer, merchant, banker, carrier, paymaster and distributor; will, he is good enough to say for the common benefit, but none the less certainly at it's own despotic will. The Nationalist eliminates from his system all personal freedom and all incentive for personal progress and effort. He is good enough to propose that we shall elect our masters; but that does not leave them any the less our masters. Oblivious to all the lessons of human history, he presents his extraordinary system as a panacea for political corruption. But until God shall create a race of men who shall neither desire wealth, nor be fond of power, a system which places all the wealth of a nation within the control of an official class, elective or not, and subjects the sum of national and individual liberties to their mercy, will give rise to a condition of corruption and speculation such as the world has not seen since the days of the decay of the Roman Empire.

The extraordinary propositions of these people are enforced by arguments appealing to the passions and the ignorance of men, and to the extent of the ignorance are dangerous.

The arguments are fortified by a recklessness of assertion which appals. For instance, Mr. Bellamy appeals to the ignorant passions of the mob by the statement that one hundred citizens of the United States have absorbed more than half the possessions of the Nation. Now the truth of this assertion would require it to be a fact that we had one hundred citizens of the United States worth on an average $320,000,000 each. Now we know, as a fact, that there is not a single one of the citizens of the U. S., who is worth the sum of $320,000,000, and that since the death of Anthony Rothschild in 1867, there has not lived a man in the world worth that amount of money. We know, as a fact, while wealth in the United States has been too largely centralized, that there are not one hundred people in the United States who are worth actually on an average [illegible] each of the sum assumed by Mr. Bellamy's statement.

The [illegible] is a mere detail of the Nationalist system. In all of its details it cannot be discussed in a family newspaper. But for the admitted evils of loose marriage and divorce laws, and for the consequent loosening of family bonds, he suggests the remedy of the practical abolition of parental duties and responsibilities. From the birth of children they are to be the children of the State, cared for, sustained, educated and controlled by the gigantic corporate Nation of his brother's dreams.—The natural parents being thus kindly relieved from the maintenance, nurture and control of their offspring are to be allowed to control their matrimonial relations at their own sweet will.

So long as the marriage tie is perfectly satisfactory to both good. What either feels the yoke too heavy, or has seen some other person of the opposite sex more to their mind, by the simple act of filing a renunciation of the marriage bond in a public office, the matrimonial partner is dismissed! If the marriage is at an end, and the dissatisfied husband or wife may at once form a new connection, again for such a length of time as may be perfectly satisfactory to both!! and so on *ad infinitum*.—There is no limit to the number of marriages one person may contract successively, nor any objection under this system to the filing a bill of divorce, and a new marriage each year, or month, or every day.

* * *

When the systems of the brothers Bellamy become institutions of our country we shall take to the woods.

Did you ever hear two married women take leave of each other at the gate, on a summer morning. This is the the way they do it:

"Good-bye!"

"Good-bye! Come down and see me right soon.

"I will. Good-bye!"

"Good-bye! Don't forget to come up soon."

"I wont, be sure and bring Sally Jane with you next time."

"I will. And you be sure and bring the baby."

"I will. I forgot to tell you that he's cut another tooth."

"Don't say! How many has he got now?"

"Five. It makes him awful cross."

"I guess it does this hot weather. Well, good-bye! Don't you forget to come down."

"No, I wont. Don't you forget to come up. Good-bye!"

And so they separate.

"Way."—This is the unique name of an unique journal lately established in Denver. It is finely illustrated and it's letter press is perfect. It is largely devoted to fun. Politically it is inclined to be Democratic—but Democracy is funny now-a-days. Mrs. Tilley will show you a copy and take your name.

Republican Meeting.

A [illegible] held at [illegible] at 6 o'clock [illegible] of completing [illegible] organization of the Republican party of Lincoln county, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

D. J. M. A. JEWETT,
Chm. Special Committee.
E. McK. TIMONEY,
Sec. Special Committee.

Perpetuating the Parties.

Under the above caption one of our contemporaries objects to recent action of Republicans here looking toward organization.

Our good friend appears as the champion of a special interest, worthy of all honor and protection, an interest which has been the especial care of the Republican party from it's foundation to the present day.

We desire to say to him, however, that he mistakes the means by which the special interest that he represents can be best assisted.

American political history is full of third parties founded upon special and single interests. All of them have been failures from the standpoint of their sincere and honest supporters. As tenders to the Democratic party some of them have been successful from the standpoint of their insincere, but most far-seeing sponsors.—There is no single interest or doctrine, industrial, political or moral which supplies a foundation sufficiently broad for a successful American party. Anti Mason, Native American, Know Nothing and Prohibitionist, have all illustrated this axiomatic principle of American politics.

The American farmer represents the most important single interest in the country. Upon his labor every other interest finds a foundation and in his prosperity every other department of industry has a direct interest. Nevertheless, the farmer, if he appears in arms against every other interest in the country, seeking his own good and will, regardless of others, he will be paralized under the combined resistance of all.

In the prosperity of the Republican party, the only political organization both able and willing to help him, the American farmer has a most direct and personal interest. And in despite of special organizations seeking his votes on various pretences to the party that has been his consistent friend, his votes in mass have been given, and will continue to be.

Notices in Correspondence

[illegible] Tutonic eruptions, epidemic contagions are certainly and unmistakably poisonous, but extremely disruptive to system, and often by the administration of medicines which produce convulsion, and agony in the abnormal portion of the human frame. Such is the effect of the old fashioned violent purgatives logically hating many and worse than disease, and of which Dr. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Lincoln County Leader

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

Saturday, April 12, 1890.

Entered at the Post-Office at White Oaks N. M. as second class matter.

THE OJITAGO WEEKLY NEWS and LINCOLN CO. LEADER 1 year $2.75

(Republished by Request.)

COAL.

One of our readers writes to know something about White Oaks Coking Coal, therefore, for the benefit, and that of the general public, we append certain information.

Analysis of our coals have been made by experts in New York, San Francisco and St. Louis, by Mr. Dye, Col Jewett and others. Careful tests of their coking capacity and percentage of production have also been made. All the above mentioned gentlemen, who at different times, in different places and without communication with each other, have tested our coals and have reached substantially the same results.

We have now before us the report of an analysis made in St. Louis by very high authority, which we give, that will serve to show an average of a very large number of tests:

Constituent.	Per cent
Moisture	2.35
Volatile matter	35.53
Fixed carbon	50.21
Ash	11.88
	100.00
Sulphur	0.61

Calorific power 14,700 British Thermal Units per lb of coal.

It makes a strong silvery coke with a yield of 63 per cent of the original coal.

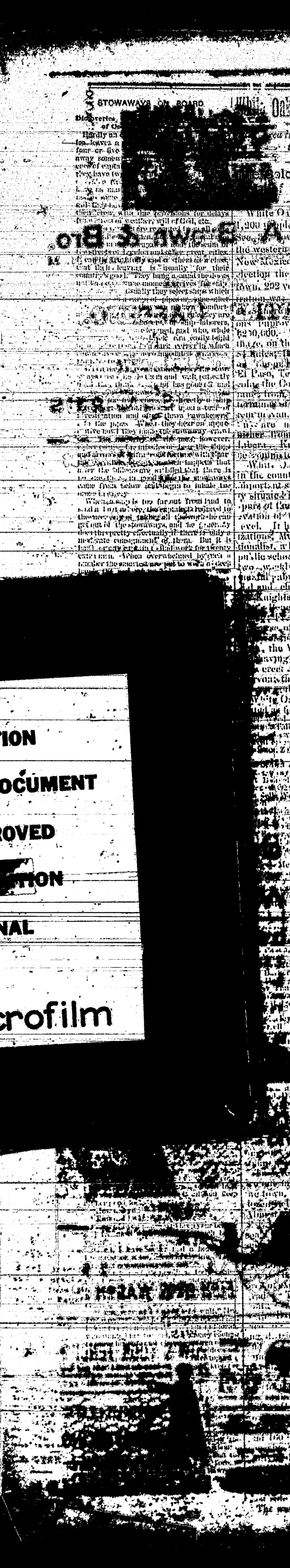
The percentage of ash in this coal is not in excess of the percentage in many of the best coking coals in the U. S. The percentage in Jagger's Alabama coal is 11.38. In the Bozeman seam, Montana it is 10.80 in the Flagg, Montana, it is 10.00 and in the old bank of Wheeler's Colorado it is 9.6. In the Breckenridge coal of the "Little Giant" field, Colorado, it is 7.5. In the famous Georges creek coals of the Cumberland region of Pa, the ash ranges 6 to 8 per cent.

The White Oaks coals are high in volatile matter gas. Alabama [illegible] Arkansas 13.68 Wheeler's Banks, Colorado [illegible] Four Mile, Colorado [illegible] Grand River [illegible] Highland [illegible] Flagg, Montana [illegible] Bozeman [illegible] Trinidad [illegible] Indian Territory [illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] Kansas coals produce but 50 per cent.

In strength, that is, capacity to bear up a charge in the smelting furnace, White Oaks coke excels that from the coals of Colorado, Montana, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Pennsylvania and Kansas.

In capacity, our coals fall slightly behind the best coals of Pa., exceed those of Colorado, Montana and Tennessee, and equal the highest grades of W. Va.

[illegible] Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., March 17, 1890. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock, a. m., on THURSDAY, April 17, 1890, and opened immediately thereafter in the presence of Bidders, for Transportation of Mail supplies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, on routes in the Department of Arizona, as follows:—Route No 1 From Fort Bayard, N. M. to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, at Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 2 From Fort Bayard, N. M. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 3 From Fort Bayard, N. M. to Fort Cummings, N. M. Route No 4 From Fort Bayard, N. M. to Fort Stanton, N. M. Route No 5 From Fort Stanton, N. M. to Fort Union, N. M. Route No 6 From Fort Stanton, N. M. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 7 From Fort Stanton, N. M. to Fort Union, N. M. Route No 8 From Fort Stanton, N. M. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 9 From Fort Wingate, N. M. to Fort Defiance, A. T. Route No 10 From Fort Wingate, N. M. to Fort Apache, A. T. Route No 11 From Wingate Station, N. M. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 12 From Fort Wingate, N. M. to Fort Lowell, A. T. Route No 13 From Fort Lowell, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 14 From Fort Lowell, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 15 From Fort Lowell, A. T. to Camp Rincon, A. T. Route No 16 From Fort Lowell, A. T. to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No 17 From Fort Lowell, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 18 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 19 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Thomas, A. T. Route No 20 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 21 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Apache, A. T. Route No 22 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 23 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 24 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Lowell, A. T. Route No 25 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Camp Rincon, A. T. Route No 26 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 27 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 28 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No 29 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Apache, A. T. Route No 30 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Defiance, A. T. Route No 31 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 32 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Stanton, N. M. Route No 33 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Union, N. M. Route No 34 From Fort Thomas, A. T. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No 35 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No 36 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No 37 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No 38 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Lowell, A. T. Route No 39 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No 40 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Thomas, A. T. Route No 41 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Apache, A. T. Route No 42 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Defiance, A. T. Route No 43 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No 44 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Stanton, N. M. Route No 45 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Union, N. M. Route No 46 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No 47 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No 48 From Railroad Station, A. T. to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No



White Oaks & Lincoln Co.

Queen of the Gold and Hesperides of the World.

White Golconda and Elysium of the Continent.

White Oaks is a town of about 1,200 people, and is situated on See... in the western part of Lincoln County, New Mexico. At the last general election there were cast in the town, 292 votes, while the Registration was 315. During the year ... improvements upwards of $20,000. The distance from Carthage, on the A. T. & S. F. R.R., is 84 miles; 193 miles from Socorro; 55 miles from Corona; 155 miles from El Paso, Texas, and 46 from Lincoln the County seat. The distance from Ft. Stanton, the terminus of the Rock Island system, is 568 miles. R. R. are now being constructed either from El Paso, Texas and Liberal, Kansas. Both lines will be completed before Jan 1st 1890.

White Oaks is the largest town in the county, and the seat of an important supply trade. It is lovely situated in a valley, among the pines of the Carizo range, at an elevation of 6470 feet above sea level. It has two religious organizations, Methodist and Congregationalist, a large and prosperous public school, and an Academy, two weekly newspapers supply mental pabulum. The various social and charitable organizations ... Knights of Pythias, Young ... Benevolent Associations, Free ... Masons, with a Hall ... Constellation, Grand ... Republic and its auxiliary, the W. R. C., are strong. ... having purchased a lot will ... erect a Hall of their own ... the Athletic Club, which ... quarters in Athletic Hall. ... White Oaks business is represented as follows:

... Gen'l Merchandise
... Zeigler & Co.
... Dry Goods, Clothing &c.
... Building Materials
... Furniture
... Hardware and ...
... Meat Market, Transf. Corral
... Bakery.
... Saloon
... Livery and Feed Stable
... Blacksmith
... Physicians and Surgeons
... Attorney
... Drug Store
... Millinery
... Billiard Parlor
... Hotel accommodations

The people are intelligent, energetic and progressive. The American White Oaks is distinctively an American town. Wide, large room, and space for every enterprise. Farmers, merchants, mechanics, manufacturers, miners, prospectors and ladies.

There is a piece of ground in the county for every inhabitant of the United States, 100x125 feet, or such family in the United States and a half. Of ... in this county a good ... and the ... Every ... Every ... Every

Lincoln County Leader

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

Saturday, April 12, 1890.

Entered at the Post Office at White Oaks, N. M., as second class matter.

The Daily and Weekly News and Leader, 1 year $12.00

The Weekly News and Leader, 1 year $2.00

[Republished by Request.]

COAL.

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We have now before us the report of an analysis made in St. Louis by very high authority, which we give, that will serve to show an average of a very large number of tests:

Constituent.	Per cent
Moisture	2.25
Volatile matter	35.59
Fixed carbon	50.21
Ash	11.88
	100.00
Sulphur	0.61

Calorific power, 14,700 British Thermal Units per lb. of coal.

It makes a strong silvery coke, with a yield of 62 per cent. of the original coal.

The percentage of ash is high, but not in excess of the percentage in many of the most valuable coals in the U. S. The percentage in Jaggers (Alabama) coal is 11.38. In the Bozeman seam, Montana, Lesley in the Flaxey, Montana, Rib Hill and the old Bank of Wheeler, Colorado, it is 20.4. In the Pocahontas seam, Little Birch Creek, Colorado, 11.5. In the famous George's Creek coals of the Cumberland region of Pa, the ash is 6 per cent.

The White Oaks coals are high in volatile matter—gas. Alabama coals average in this [illegible] 11.

Arkansas [illegible] 13.05
Thacker's Banks, Colorado [illegible]
Four Mile [illegible]
Grand River [illegible]
Highland [illegible]
Flaxey, Montana [illegible]
[illegible]

In calculating White Oaks coke [illegible] the average of [illegible] coke of the U. S.

[illegible] this, there [illegible] this office.

The percentage of coke which is yielded by this coal is [illegible] the general average of the coals in the United States.

The percentage in Penna. coals is 67, and Pocahontas [illegible] of the total amount. Connellsville [illegible] West Va. [illegible] coke, [illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] full dollar on [illegible] but losing Illinois with 45 [illegible] the next lowest, Kentucky, Tennessee, with 54 per cent each, Kansas coals yield 58 per cent.

In strength, there is quite a [illegible] White Oaks coke exceeds that from the coals of Colorado and West Virginia, and is only excelled by three of the Connellsville [illegible] produces 5.5 per cent more coke than the New Mexican coals from which coke has hitherto been made in commercial quantities, and will bear 8 per cent. heavier charges.

In [illegible] power, i. e. bearing capacity, our coals fall slightly behind the best coals of Pa., exceed those of Colorado, Montana and Tennessee, and excel the highest grades of W. Va.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Lincoln Co Leader.

WHITE OAKS, N. M.

Devoted to

NEWS,
POLITICS,
RELIGION,
TEMPERANCE,
INTEMPERANCE,
MINES and MINING
LIVE STOCK INTERESTS,
AGRICULTURE,
SENSE,
NONSENSE,

in fact EVERYTHING

of interest, good or bad, will be discussed or cussed in these columns.

Wm Caffrey - - - - Engineer

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

CONSUMPTION

STOWAWAYS ON BOARD

Discoveries of Cockroaches and Other Vermin.

Hardly an ... ica, leaves a ... fare or five ... away some... ence of vanis... they have ... ...

Lincoln County Leader.

Saturday, April 12, 1890.

SOCIETIES.

K. of P.—Hunter Lodge No. 9, Knights of Pythias, meet every Thursday night, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.

JAS. REID, C. C.

EDWARD UNDERWOOD, K. of R. & S.

I. O. O. F.—White Oaks Lodge No. 29, meets every Saturday night, at Castle Hall, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers earnestly invited.

J. A. WOODLAND, C. P.

JAMES M. FARMER, Sec.

G. A. R.—Kearney Post, No. 10, meets on the last Monday night of each month, at their Hall.

N. W. LANE, P. C.

J. H. KLEINSMAN, Adjt.

WHITE OAKS CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Lord's Day Services—Morning, 11 o'c. Evening—7:30 o'clock.
Sunday School—9:45 a. m.
Weekly Bible reading, Wednesday Eve. at 7:30 o'clock—Seats free. All are welcome.

N. W. LANE, Pastor.

DIRECTORY OF THE METHODIST CHURCH.—Preaching each Sunday in the month except the 2nd, at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 2 p. m. and Prayer Meeting every Thursday evening at 7 p. m.
S. W. THOMAS, Pastor in charge.
A. PORTER, P. S.

LOCAL ROUNDUPS

Lent sometimes makes a name,
But printers think so black and solemn,
Will give a man peculiar fame,
When putting this peculiar column.

LENT is over—save for editors.

ROLLA WELLS and wife arrived in town Thursday afternoon.

JOHN A. BROWN has been confined to his house and bed for over a week, but is now recuperating.

MILK—Sam Wells is now prepared to sell and deliver cow's milk to customers at the rate of 12 quarts for $1.

MRS. CHOW and Irene will leave in a day or two for their old St. Louis home. All our people join in regrets on parting with them.

EVERY base ball player should provide himself with the "Players' National League Base Ball Guide for 1890," which contains much information. The boys can secure it through Mrs. Timoney.

Prof. Loisette's Memory System is creating greater interest than ever in all parts of the country, and persons wishing to improve their memory should send for his prospectus free as advertised in another column.

DR. BRAZIER wishes those whom it may concern to know that he can be found at Dr. Paden's office on the 19th inst., (Saturday of this week,) where he will remain until demand for dental work is fully satisfied.

TOO LATE for extended notice comes the painful intelligence that S. W. Lloyd, of Three Rivers, died on Thursday afternoon. We will endeavor to secure some data and in the way of an obituary throw a wreath upon his coffin in our next issue.

COMRADES Lane and Riddle were the only delegates from Kearney Post, G. A. R., to the Encampment at Socorro on Thursday who attended. We were unable to attend in consequence of having no help in our office, and felt like a boy on the outside of a circus tent, unable to pay in or crawl under the canvas as we bid them adieu Monday afternoon. Dr. Lane will write up the conclave for the LEADER.

JERRY HOOKAPAUS and Henry Stutz, of the Nogal district, gave us a call on the 5th inst. Jerry is one of the old-timers of Lincoln County, and well known as an energetic, level headed mining man. Dry Gulch has a faithful, progressive man in Jerry. Many mining men are now turning their attention toward Nogal mining district, and we may soon look for a right royal boom in that, hitherto quiet locality.

Jicarilla Mining Notes.

Mr. Gilmore Moulton, of the Phantom Mine, says the Jicarillas are looking up in the prospects of a good mining camp. The Phantom, Mr. Moulton stated to a LEADER reporter the other evening, is improving with depth.—A shaft 48 feet deep, encountered two ore bodies. They had run a drift 26 feet to the mouth of the shaft and encountered a good, rigid vein of ore. No assays have been made, but from pannings the value is estimated $5 to $7 50 per ton. Mr. Geo. B. Barber, our popular attorney, and Mr. Moulton, are the owners.

On the Buckeye State property Mr. A. N. Price last week encountered a fine body of ore at a depth of three feet, which pans well and gives hope of a valuable deposit.

There is no doubt of the value of the Jicarillas. It holds a vast amount of low grade ore and with sufficient water to run a milling plant to work the ore will develop one of the prominent and leading mining camps of Lincoln Co.

The boys are working energetically on the artesian well in Ancho Gulch, and with the vein of water already encountered at a depth of not more than 500 feet, there is a good prospect of a successful result when the proper depth has been reached.

A CARD.

Red Canyon,
Socorro Co., N. M.,
April 5th, 1890.

EDITOR LEADER—

Dear Sir—I understand to-day, from a party who was present at Justice Court a few days ago during the trial of one Mr. James and Mr. Richardson, for some violation of law that one Richard testified that I had told him Richardson, that the Carrizozo people were coming down to Moro Sp'gs and murder him and all of his outfit with the exception of the woman on the ranch. You will please look over the evidence and if such testimony was given, inform the public through the columns of your paper that I say the whole story is a d—n lie. I never mentioned such a thing to Richardson or any one else. If he made such statement publish this disclaimer, mail him a copy and send your bill to me. Yours Respectfully,

A. E. POWERS.

We would say to Mr. Powers that we never visit Justice's courts or other disreputable places save on compulsion, hence have not examined the evidence referred to—further, that during the progress of the trial we heard upon the streets that such testimony had been submitted in court, hence have no doubt Mr. P. was correctly informed.—further, we have at Mr. Richardson's post office address, hence cannot mail him this week's LEADER.—ED. LEADER.]

LAST Saturday the bodies of John G. Shannonhouse, and his infant child, were exhumed and the remains taken for final interment to Nogal, there to rest with the lamented Mrs. Sligh mother-in-law of the one and grand-mother of the other. The child, Jas. Sligh Shannonhouse, at the age of two months, was buried in White Oaks Cemetery, May 1st., 1887. The father was laid beside it on the last day of January, 1888.—The coffins were intact, but the bodies were very much decayed—indeed that holding the casket of the infant had entirely rotted.

AWKWARDNESS OVERCOME. HANDSOMENESS

Prizes refunded. Every family now [illegible] the "Ladies' Favorite" [illegible] prize in the [illegible] of redeemed [illegible] and [illegible] will [illegible] Chromo with [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] Our Illustrated Circular [illegible] every part of the [illegible] [illegible] which explains the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]