

LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS

Official U. S. Land District Paper

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CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, AUG. 31, 1934

NUMBER 14

Congressman Dennis Chavez Praised

Santa Fe, August 30.—Congressman Dennis Chavez has drawn high praise from the Veterans of Foreign Wars organization, which declares that he is 100 per cent with the veterans.

In a letter received by A. L. Atherton of Albuquerque, G. K. Broback, legislative representative of the VFW in Washington, writes:

"In reply to your letter addressed to Comrade James A. Sheehan, which has been turned over to me for my attention. You will find tabulated below the voting record on veterans legislative issues of Congressman Dennis Chavez:

"Economy act, - No. Steiwer-Cutting Amendment *Yes. Lundeen Petition on HR 1 - Yes.

Vote on Hr-1 (Bonus Bill) - Yes.

Vote to concur in Senate Amend.-Yes.

Independent Office App. Bill Yes.

"In other words Congressman Chavez is one hundred per cent with the veterans."

It is the business of the veterans organizations in Washington to keep a close check on each vote on legislation affecting them. This they have done in the case of Congressman Chavez. They have found that he has stood by the veterans in every case where the welfare of the veterans was concerned.

James E. Van Zandt, commander in chief, was a recent visitor in New Mexico.

Nogal News By "Onab"

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Chappell of Capitan moved into Mr. LeBaron's house here Saturday. Mrs. Chappell will teach the Nogal School the coming year starting Monday Sept. 3.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hunt, Mrs. Peacock of Oscura visited Mr. and Mrs. Tommy Zumwalt, Sunday.

Mrs. Sam Cox of Fort Stanton is spending the week with her mother Mrs. Skinner and doing some canning.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hunt of Oscura visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Lois Hunt of Alamogordo is spending the week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. L. McDaniel.

The drought seems to be broken for a while from the looks of the showers we have been getting.

A. E. Zumwalt and Jack Aguayo went to Socorro Friday where the latter went from there to Arizona with a prospective buyer for their mines.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton Graves and children spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Graves.

Le Nora Cochran returned Sunday from Lordsburg where she has been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Cochran and daughter Le Nora Mrs. Jim Gatewood and daughter Helen were Alamogordo visitors Monday.

Order Creating Sunset Game Refuge May 26, 1934

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by the State Game Commission that the following described tract of land, be, and the same is, hereby set aside as a State Game Refuge, to be known as the Sunset Game Refuge: Sec. 31 and 32, and a portion of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 29, and a portion of the S 1/2 of Sec. 30, lying south of Highway No. 70, T. 11 S., R. 19E. All of said tract being enclosed by a fence belonging to G. A. Titworth, and comprising 1500 acres, more or less. Situate in Lincoln County. Dated at Santa Fe, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1934.

STATE GAME COMMISSION By: Colin Neblett, Chairman. Attest: Elliott S. Barker, Secretary.

Card of Thanks

We take this method of thanking our friends for their many acts of kindness and sympathy in our recent bereavement.

Mrs. John Roberts and son, Marvin. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Edmiston and family. Mrs. Anna Roberts and family. Mrs. Alice Roberts. Mrs. Mattie Backues and family. Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Roberts and family.

Full line of school necessities at Paden's Drug Store.

L. P. Hall's Platform

Announcement of L. P. Hall for County Representative, subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

A brief summary of what I stand for:

- A living price to the producer. A better wage for the laborer. Better Schools with less expense. The elimination of unnecessary office holders. Discontinuance of the sales tax at its expiration. Reduction of taxes. State poll tax as a revenue. State pension of dependent altitons at the age of sixty-five.

I will appreciate your careful consideration.

L. P. HALL.

P. T. A. Reception

The P. T. A. cordially invites all members of the Carrizozo school faculty and patrons of the school to attend a reception to be given at the High School Auditorium Friday, at 8:00 P. M. September, 7th.

An exchange says, Dennis Chavez intends to "go through on the President's coat tail." I can't even conjure up a mental picture of the dignified young Congressman clinging to anyone's coat tail. Besides he has a vast following in New Mexico which will make the performance entirely unnecessary.

John Roberts

John Roberts was born in Llano County, Texas, March 4, 1869. He departed this life August 24, 1934. On March 6, 1911 he was married to Miss Alice Duncan of Llano County, Texas. To this union was born one son, Marvin.

Mr. Roberts came to Lincoln County in 1895, forty years ago. He had resided here continuously since that time. He was active till the hour of his death. The morning of his passing, he did his accustomed chores. This was better so as it would have been a trial to a man of his type to have been helpless.

Mr. Roberts was a useful and conscientious man, always ready and willing at all times to be of service to his fellow man. In his passing we lose a loving friend and neighbor.

He leaves to mourn his loss, a wife, a son, one twin sister, Mrs. Backues in Montana, one brother W. R. Robert in Texas, and a host of friends to all of whom we extend our deepest sympathy.

The following is a verse that Mr. Roberts liked very much and truly expresses his sentiments.

MY CREED

I do not fear to tread the path that those I love have long since trod; I do not fear to pass the gates and stand before the living God. In this world's fight I've done my part; if God be God He knows it well; He will not turn his back on me and send me down to blackest hell.

Because I have not prayed aloud and shewed in the market place,

"Th' what we do, not what we say, that makes us worthy of his grace."

-B. S. N.

Yesterday, while little Jimmie Dutton, age 9 years was riding on an oil truck, the truck lurched and threw him under the wheels killing him instantly. Jimmie's father is superintending the oiling of the Capitan road. Everyone is deeply sympathetic with the grief-stricken father.

At last the drought is broken. Last Sunday the entire Carrizozo flat was blessed with big rains. Flood water from the mountains did some damage. Cellars and basements were flooded, but even at that no one complained; the rain was too welcome. Showers have fallen every day this week.

Mr. Porfirio Chavez received word Monday that his brother Flavio, met with an accident at Tularosa while driving a truck.

5-Room furnished house for rent. Inquire at Harvey's Service Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Jones spent the first of the week at Eagle Creek.

Dr. T. H. Williams, dentist will be in Carrizozo, on Wednesday Sept. 5th for one week.

Mrs. J. B. French entertained twenty-four guests at the Carrizozo Eating house last Sunday evening in honor of her husband's birthday. The dinner was very elaborate, and table appointments were beautiful. Mr. French was genuinely surprised, when he entered the dining room and found his friends awaiting his entry. He was greeted with the singing of "Happy Birthday to You" and was presented with a handsome gift.

Jicarilla Notes

Jane Payne was the week-end guest of Helen Porter in the J. A. Morrow home last week-end. The big event of the visit, to the children was a tea party given Sunday afternoon. Cake and punch were served and the children were delighted.

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hendricks, Mrs. Demie Blasingame, and Mac Weaver were visitors in the Morrow home.

This community has received several good rains recently. We are very thankful for them and hope the good-work goes over.

Miss Bernice Parker is now employed in Carrizozo. She is helping Mrs. Hubert Reynolds.

On Monday 21, the W. B. Payne ranch was the scene of much excitement. O'Dell Payne ran up on a big bear, he turned him toward the ranch house and ran him for about 5 miles. O'Dell was on horseback, Mr. Harrow and son Bill, in their car, were on their way to Payne's. They helped O'Dell drive the bear on in, at times the car made 30 miles per hour and the bear made the same speed. Red Lewis, of Monahan, Texas, and Bill Nix roped the bear. The fight was on to get him chained to take to Roswell. The fight lasted over an hour, but at last the bear was chained and in the car on its way to Roswell. But the fight was too much of a strain and the bear died; where it came from or where it was going is very much a mystery.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Morrow left Monday for Seminole, Tex.

Mr. and Mrs. Carros Harder and sons returned to their home in Slaton, Texas last week, after an extended visit in the Bill Sparkman home.

A number in our community have made recent trips to the Hondo valley and bought fruit to can.

Moved To CARRIZOZO El Capitan Boot Shop Next door to Pehma's ELECTRICALLY EQUIPPED -SHOP- Hand made boots Expert shoe repairs "It's Leather, Come to Us" Satisfaction Guaranteed

Mrs. Dean Cabello and Mrs. Percy Welch and children left today for Tatum, N. Mex. to visit relatives.

Mrs. Rebekah Townsend has gone to Lovington, N. Mex. where she has leased a cafe.

Mr. G. T. McQuillen had as a visitor last week, his nephew, Lawrence McQuillen of Dallas, Texas.

"We who support this New Deal do so because it is a square deal and because it is essential to the preservation of security and happiness of free society."

-President Roosevelt.

Baseball Sunday - Carrizozo vs. Mesclero on local park. Carrizozo Eastiders vs. San Pedro on Eastside park.

Enjoy Your Labor Day Trip on New Goodyears

Stopping to change tires in heavy traffic spoils a holiday—not to mention the risk. Better put on new Goodyears—world's most popular tires—then your car will be safely equipped also for the fall and winter to follow. Today's prices are low—take advantage of them! Come in, let us fix you up—all sizes—all prices.

GOODYEAR SPEEDWAY

Thick tough Center-Traction tread—Full Over-size—Built with Superwrist Cord.

4.40-21

\$4.45

4.50-21

4.90

4.75-19

5.20

Prices subject to change without notice. State tax, if any, additional.

Sensational NEW

GOODYEAR ALL-WEATHER

See it! Let us explain why it actually delivers 43% More Miles of Real Non-Skid. Costs more to build but no more to buy!

GOODYEAR PATHFINDER

New type Center-Traction tread with deep-cut blocks. Built with Superwrist.

4.40-21

\$5.13

4.50-10

5.58

4.50-21

5.85

4.75-19

6.21

Prices subject to change without notice. State tax, if any, additional.

SPECIALS

For Labor Day

Complete

Tune up and valve job thoroughly conditioned for your Labor Day driving.

ASK US

GOODYEAR

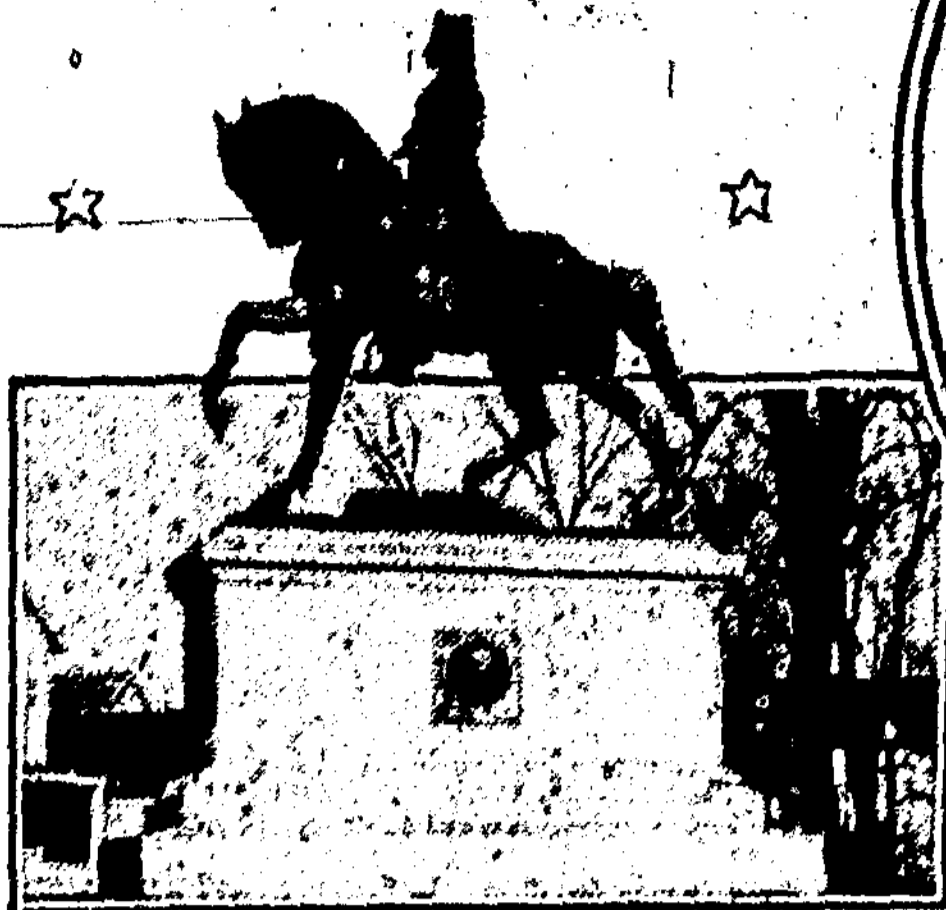
PUBLIC'S FIRST-CHOICE TIRES FOR 19 YEARS

City Garage

V. REIL, Prop. Phone 36 Carrizozo, N. M.

"MAD ANTHONY'S" VICTORY

at FALLEN TIMBERS



Wayne Statue in Fort Wayne, Ind.



Gen. Anthony Wayne



Wayne Memorial at Maumee, Ohio



By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

AUGUST 20 marks the one hundred fortieth anniversary of a battle that is unique in American history. For it is doubtful if there has ever been a military engagement of more far-reaching consequences won as easily and as quickly as was "Mad Anthony" Wayne's victory over the confederated Indian tribes of the Old Northwest at Fallen Timbers on the banks of the Maumee river in northwestern Ohio on August 20, 1794.

Not only was it all the more brilliant by contrast with the disasters which had befallen two American generals who had previously tried to subdue these same red men, but it led directly to another victory, won around the council fire instead of on the battlefield—the Treaty of Greenville, signed just a year later. Without these two the settlement of the Ohio country, the pushing of the frontier line clear to the Mississippi river and the opening up of the rich inland empire of the Mississippi Valley to the land-hungry Americans of the early Nineteenth century might have been postponed indefinitely. So the Battle of Fallen Timbers is a milestone in the history of our westward expansion.

That expansion began even before the Revolution was over and the decade which followed the signing of the Treaty of Paris saw thousands of settlers streaming through Pittsburgh, "the Gateway to the West" of that period, and floating down the Ohio to seek new homes both to the north and to the south of that river. The Indians of that region—the Miamis, Wyandots, Delawares, Shawnees, Ojibwas and Pottawatomies—watched with alarm this ever-increasing tide of white men pouring into their hunting grounds.

British imperial officers in Canada also watched the flood of immigration with dismay. If it kept up, it meant the end of the profitable fur trade in that area. So if they did not actually encourage the Indian attacks on the American settlers, they certainly did not discourage them, and the forts and trading posts which they still held in the West in spite of the terms of the Treaty of Paris were outfitting points for many a scouting party that went out to harass the immigrant traffic on the Ohio.

Not only were they threatening to wipe out these new settlements, but back in Philadelphia the new federal government seemed to be tottering to its ruin because of the blows which the Indian attacks on the American settlers, they certainly did not discourage them, and the forts and trading posts which they still held in the West in spite of the terms of the Treaty of Paris were outfitting points for many a scouting party that went out to harass the immigrant traffic on the Ohio.

Wayne's popular nickname of "Mad Anthony" was a misnomer insofar as it implied rashness and recklessness during. But it was true as a synonym for one poet's characterization of him—"fery heart and cool, clear brain." And if ever adequate preparation, caution and eternal vigilance had a splendid reward, they had it in Wayne's campaign which culminated at Fallen Timbers.

When Wayne took command of the army in April, 1792, he found its men untrained, lacking in discipline and with little faith in their officers—not much to be wondered at considering what had happened in 1790 and 1791. But Wayne brought about a thorough reorganization, and to the name, which he changed to "The Legion of the United States" and which he began drilling at Pittsburgh in June, 1792.

It was his original plan to form an army of some 5,000 men, but he soon saw that this would be impossible with the recruits that were furnished him. There were almost constant desertions, even at Pittsburgh, which was not far enough away from the Indian country to allay the fear of some of his soldiers who expected the redskins to come whooping out of the forests and scalp them as they drilled.

From December, 1792, to May, 1793, Wayne was camped some 27 miles below Pittsburgh at a place he named Legionville and during this time his army of 2,500 men was being whipped into some semblance of a military organization. On May 8 he camped at Hobson's Choice, so named because he could find no other suitable ground in the vicinity. In August negotiations with the Indians were finally broken off and Wayne, who already had been advancing toward the Indian country, prepared for a campaign which he saw would mean the success or failure of the United States in enforcing its rights against the British as well as the Indians in the Ohio territory.

The next stopping place noted in his orderly book was "Head Quarters near Fort Hamilton," on October 9, 1793. At this point he began a rigorous order of march and constant vigilance against surprise attacks.

"Mad Anthony," bearing in mind the earlier failures, was at great pains to impress upon the troops the necessity of constant vigilance. On October 19 two soldiers were shot for sleeping while on sentry duty. In that month cold weather



Chief Little Turtle

began to set in. General Wayne ordered the army to "hut" for the winter. Fort Greenville was built, and there the expedition passed the winter, during which Wayne continued drilling his men.

From Fort Greenville he sent a detachment to St. Clair's battlefield to bury the dead and to build another fort to which was given the significant name of Fort Recovery.

Skirmishes during the spring brought heavy losses on both sides, but they did not stop General Wayne's preparations to advance. The Indians began to gather in force, and on July 30 a body of about 1,500 or 2,000 men and a detachment of 150 men and officers near Fort Recovery. The battle lasted all day. More than 22 officers and men were killed, but at length the attackers withdrew in confusion.

On July 27, preparations having been made, the main advance began again. The long and hard drill had transformed Wayne's men into veterans. In June the army had been re-enforced by 1,600 mounted militia from Kentucky. Wayne had also enlisted a force of frontiersmen familiar with life in the forest and trained in Indian warfare to be used as scouts. In this "Corps of Spies," as it was called, were two brothers named Miller, who had been captives among the Indians, an experience which made their services of special value. Still another was Capt. William Wells, who had also been a captive, had been adopted by the Miamis, married a daughter of Chief Little Turtle and as a "white Indian" had actually killed and scalped men of his own race at St. Clair's defeat.

General Wayne's first encampment was at Stillwater, 12 miles from Greenville. The second was at "Indian Encampment," near Fort Recovery.

The expedition then stopped long enough to build Fort Randolph. Another delay was caused when a falling tree struck and nearly killed General Wayne on August 3.

While the main body remained at the fort, which was also known as Fort St. Mary and Girty's Town, after Simon Girty, the notorious white renegade, a detachment went down St. Mary's river and built a post called Fort Adams. This move was made to confuse the Indians, implying as it did that Wayne intended to continue down the river. Instead, he proceeded toward the Maumee.

A deserter had warned the Indians of his approach and, unprepared to resist, the savages had deserted their villages and houses, leaving large fields of standing corn. The army came to several large villages, and for miles they passed through the fields. The troops were surprised at the fertility of the country and the industry of the Indians, none of whom had remained in any of the villages or settlements. It was soon made known, however, that they had congregated up stream in force to make a stand against the expedition. Apprised of this situation and expecting the attack at any time, "Mad Anthony" steadily continued his advance.

At the confluence of the Maumee and Au Glaize rivers he paused to build Fort Defiance on August 9. At this place he also stopped to parley with the Indians, bearing in mind the desire of the government to make a peaceful settlement if possible. Christopher Miller carried on negotiations, which ended when the Indians asked ten days to reach a decision.

Wayne, suspicious of the delay and having reason to believe that the Indians were only waiting for re-enforcements and British aid, had already prepared for a further advance. On that day, August 16, he went forward 12 miles. The next day he advanced another 10 miles, and on August 19 he commenced the erection on the banks of the Maumee of a fort which he called Camp Depost. This was built primarily for the protection of his heavy baggage, with which he did not care to be encumbered when the battle began.

From Camp Depost a British fort (Fort Miami) could be seen. This camp was commanded by Maj. William Campbell of the British army, and it was believed that it was a rallying point for the Indians. Both the Indians

and Wayne expected the British to join in the attack upon the Americans when the time was ripe, and Wayne made plans to receive the British with his horsemen; the Indians with the infantry.

The long-expected battle came on the morning of August 20. As Wayne's army advanced cautiously along the western banks of the Maumee, the American general saw that the Indian general, Little Turtle, had chosen his battlefield with great skill. Here a tornado had swept through the forest, covering the ground with fallen trees. The left flank of the Indians' position was covered by a tangle of logs which, in the words of Wayne, "rendered it impracticable for cavalry to act with effect, and afforded the enemy the most favorable covert for their savage method of warfare."

Undaunted by this, Wayne at once deployed his forces in two lines with his Kentucky volunteer cavalry on his left flank and sent these under General Scott "to gain and turn their right with spirit and promptitude." Wayne's official report of the battle that followed is a laconic account of this battle which was over almost before it began. He says:

"I ordered the front line to advance with trailed arms, rouse the Indians from their coverts at the point of the bayonet and, when up, to deliver a close and well-directed fire on their backs, followed by a brisk charge so as not to give time to load again. . . . Such was the impetuosity of the charge by the first line of infantry that the Indian and Canadian militia and volunteers were driven from all their coverts in so short a time that, although every exertion was used by officers of the second line of the legion, and by Generals Scott, Todd, and Barber of the Mounted Volunteers to gain their proper positions, yet but a part of each could get up. . . . season to participate in the action, the enemy being driven in the course of an hour more than two miles through the thick woods already mentioned by less than one-half of their numbers. . . . From every account the enemy amounted to two thousand combatants, and the troops actually engaged against them were about five hundred."

The rout of the Indians was complete and they fled toward the British fort whose gates they expected would be opened to them. Instead, the British kept their outer wall tightly closed, and the confused Indians, closely followed by the American riflemen, abandoned their camp and equipment, and fled to the woods.

The next day Wayne marched his men so close to the fort as to bring from its haughty commander a demand to know "as speedily as possible in what light I am to view your making such near approaches to this garrison." To this "Mad Anthony" sent a characteristic reply: "Without questioning the propriety, Sir, of your interrogatory, I may observe, to you that were you entitled to an answer, the most full and satisfactory one was announced to you from the muzzle of my small arms yesterday morning in the actions against the hordes of savages in the vicinity of your post. . . . But had it continued until the Indians etc. had been driven under the influence of the post and guns you mention they would not have much impeded the progress of the Victorious Army under my command."

Later Wayne fell back to Fort Defiance, but the next month he advanced to the Miami villages near the scene of Harmer's defeat and for the next month his men were busily engaged in the destruction of the villages and crops of the Indians. Next he built a post to which he gave the name of Fort Wayne (from which grew the modern city of that name) and then "replied to Fort Greenville to go into winter quarters."

The last act of the drama came in the summer of 1795 when Chief Little Turtle, who had warned the Indians against trying to oppose this "chief who never sleeps" and advised them to make peace while there still was time, led his defeated tribesmen and their allies to the fort to engage in the negotiations which resulted in the historic Treaty of Fort Greenville. In the words of a recent historian (Beverly W. Bond, Jr., author of "The Civilization of the Old Northwest," published by the Macmillan company), "this treaty marked the first important victory over the Indians in the Old Northwest. By its terms, all of Ohio, except approximately the section west of the Cuyahoga, was opened to settlement, as well as the elongated strip in southeastern Indiana known as the 'gorge.' The treaty also included cession of small strategically located areas in the Indian country for military posts, with lines of communication between them and thus made it possible to establish such posts as Fort Wayne at the head of the Maumee and Fort Dearborn at the mouth of the Chicago. . . . The surrender of Detroit, the center of British influence among the Indians, in 1796 after Jay's treaty had been ratified, rounded out the results of Wayne's victory."

Southwestern Briefs

In a great mobilization of civic forces, the state of Arizona, made Arizona Day at the World's Fair an outstanding success.

Receding previous action, the Arizona Farm Bureau Federation has announced that it will not sponsor a state fair this fall or winter.

The State Tax Commission has disclosed that retail sales brought the largest return in sales taxes during the first year of operation of the law.

The Las Vegas, N. M., city schools have a bonded indebtedness of \$122,500, a report on financial conditions of the system for the year 1933-34, revealed.

With the public works fund nearly exhausted, a survey showed New Mexico has received a total of \$20,888,728, including money for roads and for the civil works program.

More fires already have been reported this year in New Mexico and Arizona national forests than for any years, according to southwestern regional forest officials.

July, with an average mean temperature of 75.3 degrees, was the warmest month ever recorded in the climatological history of New Mexico, according to E. L. Hardy, meteorologist.

Naul C. Keefe of Clarkdale, Ariz., has been appointed district deputy grand exalted ruler of the Elks for the district known as Arizona North, according to word received from Michael F. Shannon of Los Angeles.

Another chapter in the nation's program to develop waterways and promote irrigation projects was opened near Yuma recently, when construction work on the giant thirty-eight and one-half million dollar all-American canal was started.

The Gallup branch of the Federal Loan and Savings Association will start with a capital of \$20,000, which is expected to be boosted to several hundred thousand by attracting postal savings funds to the new government sponsored institution.

Reopening of the famous Octave gold mine, near Congress Junction, in Arizona, one of the oldest and richest properties in the state, has been announced. The mine, first discovered in the early 80's, has produced more than two million dollars in gold.

Ranges over New Mexico during July showed a still further decline in condition below the record low figure of a month ago, Fred Daniels, agricultural statistician, said in his monthly livestock and range report. Lack of rain was blamed for the continued decline.

Santa Fe is preparing for its annual Fiesta which opens Sept. 1, with the Conquistadores ball, and runs through the following Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, reaching a climax with the Hysterical Pageant, in which artists, writers and others lend their talents to make a roaring success.

Sheep have begun dying on the Navajo reservation as a result of drought, and the Navajo attitude toward government buying of their stocks in connection with erosion control, has changed from reluctance to willingness, it has been reported by the Central Navajo agency.

Sale of Gila county, Ariz., cattle to the government under the drought relief plan has been of immense benefit to cattlemen in this county. Many of the cattle that have been sold to the government under the drought program would have died on the ranges due to a lack of water and feed.

Receipts in the fiscal year ending June 30 of the United States forest service southwestern region, comprising the states of New Mexico and Arizona, totaled \$348,749.53, or \$46,439.61 less than for the previous fiscal year, according to an annual report released in Albuquerque at the regional office.

All units of the Arizona National Guard are encamped at Fort Alexander M. Terrell for their summer maneuvers. Many improvements included in a \$25,000 public works program have been completed for the opening of the camp. Among these were the installation of 266 tent floors, the enlargement of three buildings and plumbing improvements.

The final work of Mrs. Mary Austin of Santa Fe, noted American writer, with more than a score of books credited to her, will never see a publisher. Mrs. Austin, at work on a sequel to her "Starry Adventure," published in 1921, ceased her writing recently to lie down for a nap. Heart disease claimed her life as she slept. She had been in ill health for many months.

"Home, Home on the Range, Where the Deer and Antelope Play," said State Game Warden S. L. Lewis, is going to be just a song to antelope hunters in Arizona this year if he has anything to say about it. The game warden said there have been demands for an Arizona antelope hunt this year, and warned "if we start hunting antelope in Arizona now the animals will not last long."

The painting given to the Hatch city library under the public works of art project has been received and is now in its place in the library, where it has received high praise from library visitors. The painting, a six-by-eight canvas by Charles Berzinskas of Taos, depicts the old Maxwell mansion at Cimarron, a covered wagon before the mansion, the old grist mill in the background. The work of Mr. Berzinskas is well known in Hatch, and the picture at the library has proven as satisfactory as was expected.

POULTRY FACTS

MANGELS ARE GOOD WINTER HEN FEED

Beet Family Crop That Will Be Great Help.

By Lee A. Somers, Horticultural Specialist, University of Illinois—WNU Service. Green succulent feed, which would be greatly relished by chickens during the winter months, can be easily and cheaply produced by devoting a small portion of the farm garden to mangel-wurzels.

Although succulent feed may not be classed as an essential in poultry production, many farmers have found that such a winter supplement adds variety to the ration, and by wetting the birds' appetites, indirectly encourages greater egg production. Mangels will supply this winter succulence quite satisfactorily. They are easily grown, yield tremendously and may be stored with little inconvenience.

Mangels belong to the beet family and should be raised in the same manner as the fall beet crop. The seed may be sown late, dropping the seeds at the rate of six to eight to the foot. Later the plants should be thinned out to from eight to twelve inches apart. Generally, there are neither insect nor disease enemies serious enough to demand consideration.

The roots of mangels do not make much growth until the cool weather of late September and October, when they begin to expand and increase to surprising length. An individual root often weighs from five to eight pounds, while yields of 12 to 20 tons to the acre are common. A 100-foot row will usually supply enough mangels for a flock of 50 chickens during an entire winter.

Current Turkey Models Are Bigger and Heavier

Shifting of styles in turkeys is under way, according to L. E. Cline of the Nevada agricultural extension service, who recently finished a study of the present market for the holiday birds. The 1934 model will be bigger and heavier, Mr. Cline says, reflecting a consumer demand for a different type of bird which has been increasing since last Christmas.

The shift is a return to the turkey in greatest demand some time ago, the extension man says, and may be an indication of better economic conditions. In recent years the smaller birds have brought the best prices. Demands from restaurants and cabarets for larger breast meat has been an important factor in the change in consumer requirements.

A premium of one or more cents a pound is now being paid for the heavier turkeys, while for the last two or three years the price was that amount under the sum paid for lighter birds. This condition always shows a decidedly healthy tone of the market, and if it prevails through the coming marketing season, as indications point, there will be a distinct advantage to the turkey producer.

Varieties of R. I. Reds

Formerly, there were three varieties of Rhode Island Red fowls—the rose-comb, the single-comb, and the pea-comb varieties. Those who developed the rose-comb variety clung tenaciously to breed and developed a fowl of true type having the color described for the breed and a comb like that of the Wyandotte. The quality attained in the rose-comb variety attracted the attention of those partial to low-set combs; the result was that the pea-comb variety gained no further recognition. Fanciers adopted either the single-comb or the rose-comb variety.

Types of Geese

In a choice of geese, most prefer one of the heavy breeds, such as the Toulouse, Embden, or African. Standard weights for the noble Toulouse, largest of all, are: Adult gander, 26 pounds; adult goose, 20; young gander, 20; young goose, 15 pounds. Other standard breeds, according to an authority in the Wisconsin Agriculturalist, are the Chinese, Canadian and Egyptian, some of them so popular as the big gray Toulouse.

Hot Weather, Smaller Eggs

The old hens need care as well as the young stock. When the temperatures go up the egg size usually goes down. Therefore, in order to keep the egg size as good as you can you should see to it that the laying house is comfortable. Be sure it is clean; that there is plenty of ventilation. Open the ventilators so the hot air which rises can be taken out of the house. Provide shade for the hens and plenty of fresh water, as most of the egg is water.

Heat Affects Eggs

A \$15,000,000-a-year loss, due to the partial hatching of fertile eggs, is sustained by poultry raisers in this country. The rooster makes the eggs fertile. The fertile eggs develop a blood ring. Moral: Retire the rooster. He does not help the hens to lay. He merely fertilizes the germ of the egg. Summer heat has the same effect on fertile eggs as a setting hen or an incubator. Gather the eggs twice a day and get them to a cool place as the heat won't get in its work.

Our Only Sultan



Sultan of Sulu is a Modern Ruler.

Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service.

THE sultan of Sulu, the only oriental potentate ruling under the protection of the United States, has recently been bereft of all political power, although he still exercises religious authority over his Moro subjects in a little group of islands which are part of the Philippines. The new governor of the Philippines, Frank Murphy, decided not to appoint the sultan to the Philippine senate. Although the sultan seldom took his seat, the honor had been accorded him since the time of Gov. Gen. Dwight F. Davis.

"In real life the sultan of Sulu is not the amusing semi-savage that George Ade put into comic opera three decades ago, but a decidedly modern ruler of the Sulu archipelago, which forms a series of oceanic stepping stones from the Philippine group to British North Borneo," writes George M. Hanson, former United States consul at Sandakan, British North Borneo.

"Although he partly acknowledged the temporal sovereignty of the United States in 1890, and completely so in 1915, he retains some of the glamor ascribed to him by the dramatist and remains locally a potentate to the native Sulus, or Moros. He formerly maintained at Malimbu, on the southern coast of the island of Jolo, a two-story frame 'palace' for himself and six smaller dwellings for his wives and retainers. In 1932 a storm wrecked most of the buildings.

"Purely religious, his title connotes nothing more than leadership of the Mohammedan church within the limits of his sultanate. The sultan of Brunei, British Borneo, the recognized 'royal highness' in the greater part of the territory, is inclined to regard him as a poor relation who pays tribute to Brunei; but nevertheless he is a full-fledged sultan and has authority of a sort over perhaps 300 small islands and that part of British North Borneo with administrative headquarters at Sandakan.

"In Borneo, as elsewhere, the British are good colonizers. They believe it is wiser to placate the Sultan on the Borneo side of the Sulu sultanate than to run risk of trouble; consequently they still pay tribute to the sultan and accord him military honors on his visits to Sandakan. He is given a salute of guns when he comes to collect his annual tribute, and is entertained for two weeks or more by British officials at Government house. Here he receives local native chiefs and other notables.

Many Wives but No Children. "The sultan prides himself on being an American, though his domestic arrangements have hardly been of a kind sanctioned in the United States. Under the Koran he may have four wives at one time; and, since he has power to dismiss a wife or divorce her by waving his royal hand, the limitation of number has not been irksome. It is said that in his day he espoused many wives. He has no children, however, and the Rajamuda, or heir apparent (muda is a Malay word meaning 'unripe'), is his younger brother. Although the 1915 treaty recognized him as the spiritual head of the Sulu Mohammedans, his terms were such as will eventually cause polygamy to be abandoned.

Matrimony is somewhat casual among the Sulus, and it is not unusual for girls of thirteen, twelve, or even eleven to be claimed as brides. When I was United States consul at Sandakan, I had an amusing experience which impressed upon me the peculiarity of native marriage customs.

"Shortly before the sultan's visit to Borneo that year, a German landholder whom the British had ordered out of the country for the duration of the World war requested me to take charge of his rubber plantation near Sandakan. I agreed, since it was then my duty to take over representation of German interests, to go there on each pay day and check the accounts, but I declined to assume official control of the plantation. Thus I became for a short time 'master' of the Malay laborers, pending appointment of a permanent superintendent.

"Upon my arrival on the first pay day, the accountant, a Singaporean from Ceylon, brought to my attention a plea from Alus, the house boy, who needed an advance of \$10, Singapore currency, for wedding expenses. Alus' prospective bride, the intermediary explained, was Canapa, daughter of Sinaat, the chief tapper.

Canapa Was Too Young. "Canapa was rather a little girl, and it seemed to me when her moth-

er presented her for inspection, much too young to be thinking of matrimony. I decided a little delay would do no harm. Although the mother, herself only twenty-four, argued that Canapa was 'long past eleven and ready to marry', I announced kindly but firmly that no girl under twelve could be married without my special consent.

"The mother asked if the wedding could take place when the girl was twelve. Not wishing to seem over-harsh, I assented. I even offered to take a photograph of the supplicants and to give them a print as a memento for their disappointment. They eagerly posed for the picture and went away seemingly well pleased.

"On my next visit to the plantation, I sent for Canapa and her mother and gave them a print of the photograph I had taken of them two weeks earlier. They seemed very happy, and the mother asked again if Canapa could be married when she was twelve. Again I said yes, and told her to go ahead and prepare for the wedding. Alus also asked the same question, and I repeated my assurance to him. Canapa would be twelve at the full moon, which would occur, so he had learned from the accountant, on Sunday of the next week.

Entertaining the Sultan. "A week after this episode the sultan arrived and received official entertainment at government house. I could not let the British outdo me in showing him the courtesy due his position and influence, and accordingly I invited him and his party to the consulate to tea. The guests included the sultan, the rajamuda, the sultan's minister, and several datus, or chiefs.

"I offered them cigarettes and handed the sultan a package labeled 'Egyptian Cigarettes, Turkish Tobacco.' He examined the package critically, and when he saw the hieroglyphics he was delighted. Egyptian cigarettes, he said, were made by the followers of the Faithful and not by Christian infidels. I did not disturb his sublime faith, though I could have told him that those cigarettes were machine made in North Carolina from tobacco grown in Asia Minor.

And So They Were Married. "While I was entertaining the sultan at the consulate, it occurred to me that it would be a fine thing to have him perform the wedding ceremony. This would be an unexpected honor to Alus and Canapa and no doubt would prove highly gratifying to all concerned. The more I thought of the idea the better I liked it. I would have the young couple come back with me to Sandakan on Saturday, and invite the sultan to another tea, where he could smoke his fill of Turkish cigarettes made by the 'Faithful' in North Carolina. The wedding of Alus the Bajao and the twelve-year-old Malay beauty, Canapa, would follow. The incident was all but closed.

"When I went to the plantation the following Saturday, the full moon that regulated Malay birthdays for the month had waned perceptibly. The accountant met me as usual, but no smiling Alus stood in the doorway to greet me.

"Where is Alus? I asked.

"He is here no more. He and Canapa live in the little house behind the rubber factory with Surlina, the kaboon (gardener), and they went to Sandakan today in the hope of getting to see the sultan."

"Living with Canapa?" I muttered.

"What do you mean?"

"They were married at the full moon, a week ago, as the tuan had said, and he is at this house no more."

"Married a week ago? Who married them?"

"Why you, Tuan; you married them."

"I married them! What are you driving at?"

"It was the full moon, Tuan, and Canapa was twelve. And so they were married, as the tuan had said. They sleep in the house of the kaboon, who is Canapa's uncle. Is not the tuan pleased?"

"Then the whole thing suddenly dawned. The accountant was right, and all my paternalistic plans for giving the house boy and his child-like fiancee a wedding of regal pomp and circumstance had come to naught. I had married them, however, unintentionally, but none-the-less certainly. Because of my intemperance with native customs in affairs of the heart, I had spoken fateful words too casually. The tuan had signified his consent and had fixed the time. That was enough."

Cattle Guide to Crop Adjustment

Retirement of Land Demands Plans to Use Grain and Forage Yields.

By R. F. Snapp, Associate Chief in Beef Cattle Husbandry, University of Illinois—WNU Service. Retirement of some 1,500,000 acres of corn and wheat land from normal production under the AAA program is likely to be successful only if live stock numbers are adjusted to the new levels of grain and forage production.

Cattle constitute a "lock washer" which can be used to hold steady and give permanence to many adjustments which may be made in agricultural practices.

Farmers with cattle will quickly see the advantages to be gained by raising less grain and more forage and pasture, since this new supply of forage can be used effectively in beef production. Consequently, changes made by such farmers in their cropping systems will be relatively permanent. On the other hand, farmers without cattle will find their hay and pasture crops even more difficult to dispose of at remunerative prices than were their former surpluses of corn and wheat.

Cattle contribute further to the success of the government's adjustment programs through the aid which they furnish in maintaining the fertility of high-grade land. If marginal and sub-marginal land is entirely removed from cultivation, it will be imperative that the land used for the growing of harvested crops be maintained in a high state of fertility. For this purpose, cattle manure has no equal.

Furthermore, beef cattle aid in the elimination of burdensome surpluses through their ability to convert a million bushels of corn into five million pounds of beef. The million bushels of corn in its natural state would supply the total cereal needs of 800,000 people for an entire year, while the 5,000,000 pounds of beef will suffice only for 100,000 persons a year at the present scale of beef consumption.

Small fluctuations in the corn, barley and oat crops, amounting to a few million bushels either way, have but slight effect on the grain market so long as there are sufficient cattle in the country to permit the utilization of the surpluses, or to permit the release of sufficient grain to make good the deficit by the varying number of cattle given a grain feed. Without sufficient cattle to furnish this safety factor, relatively small fluctuations in the grain crops may have a great influence on market prices.

Concrete Silos Can Be Put Into Good Condition

Concrete silos which have softened and sloughed off on the inside due to the use of too little cement or to mistakes in mixing or handling the concrete, can be repaired by chipping off the defective material with hammer and cold chisel, soaking the concrete thoroughly several times, crushing with a cream-like grouting of cement and water, then plastering with rich cement mortar.

If the defective concrete extends clear through the silo walls, says a writer in the Montreal Herald, the entire wall can be replaced by cutting out a section at a time and replacing it with good material. When these have set thoroughly, the remaining parts can be replaced in the same way.

Leakage of air through silo walls is a common cause of moldy silage. Hollow tile, concrete block and concrete stave silos are often coated with a cement and water wash with the idea of stopping such air leaks; but this does little good, since any cracks will open up again as soon as the pressure comes on the walls. What is needed is a more elastic coating, which will stretch slightly.

Mosquitoes on Farms

A common source of mosquitoes on farms is ponds which provide drinking water for live stock. Obviously, it is inadvisable to treat these ponds with poisonous substances, kerosene, or other material which will impart a taste to the water which would be revolting to live stock, and to drain them of course is also out of the question. If such ponds are made deep enough so that they will not dry up frequently during summer heat can be introduced which will feed on the larvae of mosquitoes.

Rye Hay

Rye hay has about the same feeding value as oats hay, except that it does not contain quite as much digestible protein. The rye should be cut while the grain is in the early milk stage, at which time the stems and leaves may be cured to a bright, dust-free hay of good quality. At that time the awns or beards have not hardened as to become objectionable. This hay may be fed to live stock as any other cereal hay.—Indiana Farmer's Guide.

Better Pastures

The heretofore careless attitude taken by many farmers toward their pasture land is to be changed, if the Department of Agriculture has its way. Efforts will be made to convince the live stock raiser and the general farmer that by proper care in the type of grass planted in pasture a return which will more than compensate for the trouble will be obtained. The usual pasture land on American farms is the most worthless land, which can be used for no other purpose with any success.

GREEN NEEDLES

by Mae Foster Jay

Copyright by W. A. Wilde Co. WNU Service.

Mary, daughter of a millionaire, has the idea that her personality is obscured by the fact that she is the child of the "rich David Brown," and determines to make her way in life unaided. She has a million dollars, which she insists her father invest in the "wildest dream" imaginable, and about which she must know nothing. She is a graduate engineer. As "M. Brown" Mary secures a position as engineer with the Paradise Valley Project, a development concern. She is engaged by letter, on the train, on her way to her job, she meets Denis Craig, who immediately antagonizes her. Alighting from the train, Mary is left at a way station, practically penniless. Craig, coming to her assistance, is also left behind. He betrays her, despite her coldness toward him, enabling her to continue her journey. Arriving at the Project, she is accused by John Stark, chief engineer, of deception in concealing her sex, and again meets Craig, who is the promoter of the project. Mary is given a position. She cannot take her job, but she is given a position in an honest vocation, as "M. Brown" Mary "makes good" on her job, winning the friendship and esteem of her fellow engineers. In an accident, at the risk of her life, she saves a valuable instrument and, through the incident, is drawn closer to Craig.

CHAPTER VI—Continued

—12—

"Put this on!"

There was flattering solicitude in Denis Craig's face and tone, something pleasant about his officiousness, and promise of comforting warmth in the closely-woven coat he was offering. But Mary jerked away from it, and stamped a soggy foot at the promoter of the Paradise Valley project.

"Certainly not. Why should I?"

"Why shouldn't you?"

She gave him a withering glance and turned her back to him. Couldn't the man understand anything? Nobody was trying to bundle up Hilton Dorsey. Nobody was worrying about those boys up to their necks in the stream. Why must he add to her chagrin by angling her out for codding—because she was a girl?

Now John Stark turned and looked at her. "What progress today?" he asked brusquely.

Since Hill had gone down-stream to signal the men to shore, Mary answered.

"About five miles, through Devil's gap and up over the divide."

But her jaw set ironically. Progress—at a moment like this!

"We lost two mules, Mr. Stark," Hill, returning, announced.

Stark shrugged, deprecatorily. What were two mules—if the progress report was creditable?

"You'd better get to camp," he advised tersely.

"We'll freeze if we don't!" agreed Hill.

Mary sprang forward beside Dorsey, but John Stark stopped her summarily.

"I'd offer you my horse, Miss Brown, but you must exercise to keep warm. Suppose you make for the headquarters house. We can take care of you there."

"Thank you," Mary answered with a dignified contrasting indelicacy with her bedraggled state. "But I need no looking after. I shall be quite warm by the time I reach Camp O."

"Miss Brown!" commanded the soldierly John Stark. "Report at headquarters at once. How about walking over with her, Craig?"

"I was about to suggest it." He placed a peremptory hand under Mary's elbow.

"That's the dope," seconded Hilton Dorsey. "Trot along, Mary. I'll phone Creesh so she won't worry."

Mary could have murdered Hill as well as other members of the group as she doggedly set out to obey orders.

"In other words," she summarized the situation to Craig as they struggled up a steep slippery slope, "this is what comes of having a girl on the job!"

"If you were a kitten and we wanted to drown you, the time-honored method of bricks in a gunnysack would be no good!" exploded Craig irrelevantly.

"When I think of you going down in that pool! The weight of your clothes and boots was hazard enough. And then—to hang on to that confounded transit—a man would have let the thing go!"

"A man would have hung on to the thing without bragging about it, even to be facetious."

"Don't worry," laughed Craig. "You were plucky, all right" (Ah, she had heard those words, then!) "I'll write the article for my Thunderbolt, as you call it. And you'll get your medal from Stark."

"Medal!" she scoffed. "From John Stark? You go to the bottom of the sea with his old transit, and as soon as your head shows above water his shouts at you—'last you carry the secret to a watery grave.'—How much progress?"

Craig threw back his head and laughed. "You'll be surprised, M. Brown!"

"Not I. But John Stark may be." "How so?"

"If he thinks this is his golden opportunity to prove a girl a nuisance on the job."

"Designs on him?" looking down at her quickly through the slanting rain. Not all girls can be drenched little rats and still be good to look at.

"You'll be surprised, too!" mischief mixing with the maliciousness as she kept the tail of her eye on the camp and meekly followed up the rugged slope. Several times Craig had offered an assisting hand, only to have it grandly waved aside.

They came to the top of the slope, and waiting for her to come up with him, Denis Craig looked about. Mary Brown, who had been following him with such surprising docility, was nowhere to be seen. His questioning eye caught sight of the camp, and he understood her inferences about surprises. A moment later he discovered her, half-way down the slope, running madly, leaping over small clumps of underbrush, tearing ruthlessly through others, and dodging "overhanging boughs."

Craig started in pursuit, but he did not gain on her in any flattering way. It was only when, turning to look back, she ran into a dangling branch of a white oak and was knocked to the ground, that Craig overtook her.

When Mary opened her eyes, her head was pillowed upon a wet knee, the rain was bathing her upturned face, and Denis Craig was conscripting as much rainfall as possible in his palm to bathe a black welt on her temple.

"Dear!" he said.

He looked—and sounded—like a despairing mother reproaching a wayward child.

Mary sprang to her feet. "I'm going to camp—and home as usual. I haven't the slightest intention of going to headquarters—and proving Mr. Stark's point," she announced coolly. "I knew you'd argue if I told you—so I ran."

Denis Craig swept his cap from his blond head, stepping widely aside.

"Go. I didn't come along to do police duty, Miss Brown. Use your own judgment. But permit me to say that I think it darned rotten judgment to ride half a dozen miles at a snail's pace in your condition, or utterly fatigue yourself by walking that distance, when hospitality is proffered you. And, of course, stated in technical terms, a case of pneumonia is not commensurate with progress. But—it's your own funeral!"

Mary, who had been staring in amazement at the cool, angered insolence of the man, broke suddenly into laughter. "It might be my funeral, I concede. You win, Mr. Craig. I give up, for the sake of the progress to which I am so indispensable. Lead on to the slaughter!"

Her frankness was to Denis Craig's anger like sunshine to an icicle. They went on together through the next draw and up the side of a second young mountain. A mile, two miles, they covered. Conversation lagged; and, Craig gradually discovered, Mary Brown did, too.

Every step became more excruciating to Mary. She was in absolute torture as to her feet, cold, and nastily wet all over, nervous from the day's harrowing work and accident, apprehensive of what lay ahead.

Before she realized it, she was feeling overwhelmingly sorry for herself. It was hard sledding, this life! That's what it was! She thought of her sheltered home back east—her own home—with a great wave of homesickness. Two big tears rolled down her cheeks. In just a little while now John Stark would make quick work of her!

Denis Craig, looking down, differentiated tears from raindrops.

"See here, now, girl! Suppose you use the sense you were born with." He put a steady arm about her. "Now put your hand across up onto my shoulder. That's the way. Helps somewhat, doesn't it?"

"Oh, a lot!" as she gratefully shifted part of the weight from her feet to him. In fact it would have been rather nice—if it hadn't been for her heels.

"I wasn't crying about my heels," she assured him presently.

"What then?"

"Oh, just sort of—sort of—crying. Thinking about my father."

"Homesick. I don't wonder. My hat's off to you. You're a good little sport, Mary Brown. But I don't like the idea of the stiff fight you're having to put up."

"I'm having—just what I want!" she broke in hastily. "I wouldn't change a thing if I could!"

But presently she made an amendment. "Yes, I would change one thing. My shoes." She stopped. "It's no use, Mr. Craig. I can't stand this, even with you practically carrying me. I'm going to take off my boots and go bare-foot."

TO BE CONTINUED.

Use for Elder Stalks

Elderberry is named Sambucus from the Greek name of an ancient stringed instrument, probably of Semitic origin, a harp with cords of different substances and lengths, not very unlike our modern harps, but made of the elder stalks. Some were small, like the Welsh harp, and others powerful and as big as the modern instrument. The sambuca was, in Greece, female harpists who mostly came from Egypt or from Asia and who played standing, or sitting. Greek dancing girls, who swayed to the music of the sambuca were of indifferent morals, often, but always beautiful. They swathed their bodies in a square white cloth which was held by fingertips.

INCREASE IN MARRIAGES

An increase in the number of marriages during 1933 has been reported by the statistical bureau of a leading life insurance company. Re-employment, larger earnings, and better prospects have given young men and women confidence in their ability to establish homes.

The statistical bureau based its conclusions on preliminary figures from officials of 21 states. There was a 4.3 per cent increase in the number of marriages in 1933 over the preceding year. The figure is low in comparison with normal years, but presents a strong contrast to what happened between 1929 and 1932, when the marriage rate dropped a total of 22.4 per cent.—Literary Digest.

Week's Supply of Postum Free

Read the offer made by the Postum Company in another part of this paper. They will send a full week's supply of health giving Postum free to anyone who writes for it.—Adv.

Brutal Truth

Some of the "ravages of time" are the ravages of a bad diet.

MURINE

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Out of Her Class

"I hear she married beneath her." "Yes, he plays a wretched game of golf."

RHEUMATIC?

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For over 2,000 years the great mineral waters of the World, given to us by Mother Nature, have proven themselves very beneficial in the treatment of "rheumatic" aches and pains, arthritis, sluggishness, certain stomach disorders and other chronic ailments.

It has been estimated that Americans alone have spent \$100,000,000 a year in going to the mineral wells and health resorts of Europe. Over \$1,000,000 of these foreign mineral waters are imported annually into this country to help suffering humanity.

But it isn't necessary to go to Europe to find fine natural mineral water. We have many marvelous mineral waters in our own country—many excellent health resorts to which you can go for the mineral water treatment for "rheumatic" aches and pains.

Most surprising of all, however, is the fact that today you can make a natural mineral water in your own home at a tremendous saving in expense. For Crazy Water Crystals bring you, in crystal form, healthful minerals taken from one of the world's fine mineral waters. Just the natural minerals. Nothing is added.

All you do is add Crazy Water Crystals to your drinking water, and you have a great mineral water that has helped millions to better health and greater happiness.

A standard size box of Crazy Water Crystals costs only \$1.50 and is sufficient for several weeks thorough treatment for rheumatic pains. Crazy Water Co., Mineral Wells, Texas.

Crazy Water Crystals

are for sale by dealers displaying the red and green Crazy Water Crystals sign. Get a box today.

Sleep for Baby Rest for Mother

When Children Sleep and Mothers Rest, Both are Well.

All mothers should know that when little ones are sleepless, fretful and cross because of pimples, rashes, irritations and chafing of infancy and childhood, Cuticura will quickly soothe and heal. Baths with Cuticura Soap and gently apply Cuticura Ointment.

Cuticura Ointment 50c and 25c. Fragrant Factor Drug & Chemical Corporation, Malden, Mass.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

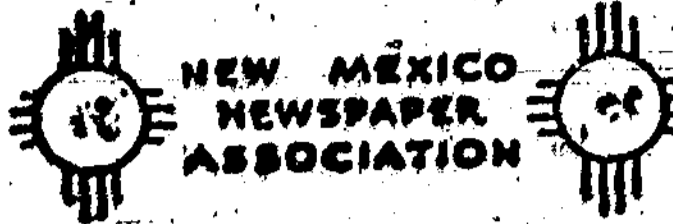
Removes Dandruff, Itches, Redness, Irritation, and restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Parker, Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

WNU—4 24—24

Lincoln County News

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 MEMBER, National Editorial Association, 1933



FRIDAY, AUG. 31, 1934

Mrs. E. B. Smith, Editor and Publisher

Political Announcements

For Assessor

The News is authorized to announce Mr. Larry Dow as a Candidate for the nomination of Tax Assessor for Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Treasurer

We are authorized to announce Mr. L. J. Adams as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff

The News is authorized to announce Mr. A. S. McComant as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff

The News is authorized to announce Mr. Frank Abel as a candidate for Sheriff of Lincoln County, subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff

The Lincoln County News is authorized to announce Mr. Fred Morgan as a candidate for Sheriff of Lincoln county, subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff

We are authorized to announce Mr. Bundy Avant of Captain as a candidate for nomination for the office of Sheriff of Lincoln county, subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

For School Superintendent

The News is authorized to announce Mrs. O. C. Jones as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools, Lincoln county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Probate Judge

The Lincoln County News is authorized to announce Mr. Manuel Corona for the nomination for Probate Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For County Clerk

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for County Clerk of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Republican party.—Ernest Key.

For Representative

We are authorized to announce Mr. L. P. Hall as a candidate for the nomination of Representative subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF LINCOLN COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

In The Matter of The Last Will and Testament of John F. Fears, Deceased.

Notice

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
 Notice is hereby given that an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of John F. Fears, the name person as J. F. Fears, deceased, has been filed for probate in the Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, and that by order of said court the 15th day of September 1934, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the court room of said court in the County Court House in Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico, in the day, time and place set for hearing proof on said Last Will and Testament. THEREFORE any person or persons wishing to enter objections to the probating of said Last Will and Testament are hereby notified to file their objections in the office of the Clerk of the Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, on or before the time set for said hearing. WITNESS MY HAND AND THE SEAL OF SAID COURT at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 14th day of August 1934.
 Ernest Key,
 County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico.
 A 17—Sept. 7.

1934 is Most Serious Fire Season in the Southwest

Mr. Stanley F. Wilson, Assistant Regional Forester in charge of the Branch of Operation for the Southwestern Region, comprising the states of Arizona and New Mexico, in commenting on the forest fire situation this year, states that this is one of the worst, if not the worst, fire seasons in the history of the Region. This statement, he says, is based on the long continuation of the drought with the resulting high inflammability of the forest litter, and the excessive numbers of picnickers, campers, and other forest travelers. He points out that the cumulative fire record for the season up to August 10, as revealed by the last-10 day fire report, shows that date this year there have been a total of 1,382 fires. This is higher than any previous entire year. The nearest previous approach of this was in 1928 when there was a total of 1,224 fires during the year. In no other year has the number reported reached as high as a thousand.

Mr. Wilson also points out that the Secretary of Agriculture has given the Forest Service authority to close areas of high fire hazard against public use during critical periods. But, he explains that his organization has been trying to meet the situation in another way, by a campaign of education and persuasion to get the forest visitors to realize the extreme danger of fire in the mountains, and induce them to adopt careful practices. In this connection, Mr. Wilson feels that practically none of the public are willfully negligent in the use of fires in the forest areas, but they simply do not realize the danger and do not fully understand what constitutes proper care with fire in the woods.

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 Upstairs
 CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Notice For Publication
 Department of The Interior

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, August 17, 1934.
 NOTICE is hereby given that Talmage F. Fegus, of Pecos, New Mexico, who, on October 15th, 1929, made Homestead Entry, No. 039302, for E1/4 NW1/4, Section 21; E1/4, Section 25; W1/4 SE1/4, N1/4 NW1/4, Section 23; S1/4 NW1/4, Section 23, Township 13 S., Range 17 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, New Mexico, on the 28 day of September, 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses:
 Herbert F. Joyce, Hondo, New Mexico;
 Thomas J. McKnight,
 Frank W. McKnight,
 William C. Butler, those of Roswell, New Mexico.
 Paul A. Roach,
 Register.
 A 24—Sept. 21.

Notice for Publication
 Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, Aug. 9, 1934.
 Notice is hereby given that Dave S. Ramsour, of Capitan, N. Mex., who on April 18, 1931, made original homestead entry, No. 043574 and on May 4, 1931, made additional homestead entry, No. 043575, for N1/4 Sec. 8 and Lots 1, 2, E1/4 NW1/4, NE1/4, Section 7, Township 6 S., Range 17 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. Mex., on the 21 day of September, 1934.
 Claimant names as witnesses:
 Guss Everett,
 Fred C. Clark,
 Guy Mix,
 Hansford Hale, all of Capitan, N. Mex.
 Paul A. Roach,
 Register.
 A 17—S 14.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route of 800 families. Write immediately. Rawleigh Co., Dept. NM-16-8A, Denver Colo., J. 22 Jy. 6-20 A. 3-17-31

FOR SALE—Yearlings, two year olds and three-year old Hereford bulls. Will sell at reasonable prices, or will trade for good, young stock cattle.—The Titworth Co., Inc., Capitan New Mexico.

Agricultural Drought Relief Service

Lincoln County Office, Carrizozo, N. M.
 Aug. 28, 1934.—To all owners of goats and sheep. The government buying program is about to begin. Before the government will buy any sheep or goats application must be made at the office of T. A. Spencer, County Director, Drought Relief Service, in Carrizozo. If it is impossible for any owner to come in to the office a letter of inquiry will receive prompt attention. The government will buy only Ewes and Angora Nanny Goats.
 T. A. Spencer,
 County Director,
 Drought Relief Service

Hate of Korea
 With the exception of the dancing girls of the country, the Korea women wear no head covering other than their hair and this is twisted in the shape of a coil on top of the head to act as a pad in order that they may balance rather heavy bundles upon their heads. The men are rarely without the hat which is perched on top of the skull and not much of a protection. The dancing girls never appear without an elaborate headdress, resembling a four-pointed crown, tapering to the top.

READ THE El Paso Times

The Southwest's Home Newspaper
7 ISSUES EACH WEEK
 Including the Big Sunday Times, delivered right to your door by carrier every day of the week, only:
 18c Per Wk. 65c Per Month
 Give Your Subscription To **Bill Dambert**, Times Agent Carrizozo, New Mexico
 or write The El Paso Times El Paso, Texas

We invite you to visit the RUSSELL STORE before buying elsewhere.

Notice For Publication
 Department of the Interior

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Aug. 9, 1934.
 NOTICE is hereby given that Leandro Zamora, of Box 282, Fort Stanton, N. Mex., who, on June 5, 1931, made Additional homestead entry, No. 043195, for W1/2 W1/2, Section 23, Township 9 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. Mex., on the 22 day of September, 1934.
 Claimant names as witnesses:
 George Chaves,
 Jesus Baca,
 Abeslin Lujan, all of Lincoln, N. Mex.,
 Emelio Zamora, of Fort Stanton, N. Mex.
 Paul A. Roach,
 Register.
 A 17—S 14.

FRANK J. SAGER
 U. S. COMMISSIONER
 HOMESTEAD FILINGS
 AND PROOFS
 Insurance Notary Public
 Office opposite Telephone Ex. Carrizozo, N. M.

ATTENTION!

Beginning July 1st the Lyric Theatre will give a prize of \$5.00 each Thursday night (on a 35c ticket) and if the party whose name and number is called is not in the house the ticket will be put back in the box and you will get another chance at \$10.00 the next Thursday night, and so on up to \$50.00. Good only on 35c tickets and you must be in the house when your name is called.

Predict Business Pick-Up

Washington—As the result of mid August appraisals of business conditions throughout the country, business and labor leaders confirmed forecasts of prospects for a Fall pick-up of considerable proportions as reflected in reports to the Departments of Commerce and Labor.
 William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, predicted "a very substantial increase in business" supported "by the tonic of the continuing NEA"

In making a similar forecast, Henry I. Harriman, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, said: "business is really better than we had reason to expect" then added that "there has not been a full seasonal slump" this summer. Business men, he said, "accept the basic idea of self-regulation of industry with government supervision," which, he declared "is sound," the housing program he said "is a constructive measure."

Department of Commerce reports show production during August at 79 per cent of the computed normal. Secretary of Labor Perkins announced strikes "much fewer in number, more readily adjusted and the loss of man hours of work less than in periods of recovery from past depressions."

Notice

There is to be a Civil Service examination for the Corona Postmaster. Receipt of applications will close September 7, 1934.

For Anything in the line of household furniture see the RUSSELL STORE—first.

CARRIZOZO HOME LAUNDRY
 Work Called For and Delivered.
All Work Guaranteed
 Phone 50 Carrizozo, N. M.

CARRIZOZO EATING HOUSE
 Patronize The
Dinner Parties our Specialty
 Business Men's Lunch, 11:45 to 2:00 o'clock
50c
 NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE

Rolland's Drug Store
 IN choosing our medicines we have been careful to select those compounded by the greatest chemists in the world. They have built up their reputation because they are reliable.
 Magazines, Candy Cigars Cigarettes
 Prescriptions carefully compounded
Rolland's Drug Store

THE SANITARY DAIRY
Price List

Whippingcream	Table Cream	Sweet Milk
Per qt. .70	Per qt. .50	Per Gal. .40
" pt. .45	" pt. .35	" 1 qt. .13
" 1/2 pt. .25	" 1/2 pt. .20	" 2 qt. .25
		" pt. .08

Phone No. 136-F3
Joe West, Carrizozo
Proprietor N. M.

Before You Buy Any Car At Any Price.
Drive The Ford V-8 For 1934
CARRIZOZO AUTO CO.
Sales Ford Service

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
CARRIZOZO NEW MEX.
"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE."
 Deposits insured under U. S. Government Plan

Otto Frehm, Notary Public, Frehm's Bargain House.
 Bargains in new and used merchandise at the RUSSELL STORE.
 Place, Lode and Proof of Labor blanks for sale at the News office.
T. E. KELLEY
 Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
 Phone 33 Carrizozo N. M.

NOTICE

WHEREAS, this Board has been presented with a Petition as required in such cases by Section 4-305 of the Laws of New Mexico, 1929 Compilation, signed by twenty-five residents of the platted and unincorporated town of Ruidoso and Additions thereto, located in the County of Lincoln on the Rio Ruidoso. Now, Therefore, it is hereby Ordered by the Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico, that the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, sheep, goats, burros and other domestic animals within the limits of said platted townsite and recreational area of said unincorporated town of Ruidoso and Additions thereto in this County, be and the same is hereby prohibited and rendered illegal.

Be it further Ordered, that this Order of this Board of County Commissioners be published once each week for four consecutive weeks in the Lincoln County News, published in the town of Carrizozo in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, and that the Clerk of this Court see to the Publication of such Order herein, and that he also be and is hereby directed to cause printed handbills containing this order to be posted in at least three public places in said town of Ruidoso and Additions thereto, as required by the Statute.

T. E. Kelley,

Chairman, Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

Attest: Ernest Key, Clerk.
Aug. 24—Sept. 14.

NOTICE

The P. T. A. bookstore will be open both Friday and Saturday afternoons, Sept. 30 and 31. Students may bring books those afternoons.

For Rent 5 room house. Inquire at Paden's Drug Store.

El Cibola Hotel

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF Mrs. B. D. GARNER

Beautiful, Airy Rooms

DELICIOUS HOME-COOKED MEALS

We are always prepared to SERVE YOU

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Lincoln County Board of Education will receive sealed bids for contracts for the transportation of school children in the following districts for the school year 1934-35:

District No. 21, Rt. 4 Aucko.

All bids must be in the office of the County School Superintendent at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on or before 7 p. m. September 15, 1934.

In awarding contracts the Board will consider the equipment of respective bidders and reliability of proposed drivers. The amount to be paid for said contracts will be governed by the budget allowance for respective routes. All bids must be stated in dollars and cents. All truck drivers will be required to carry liability insurance. Details concerning these routes may be secured from the Local Board of Directors of respective school districts or from the office of the County School Superintendent.

The County Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Lincoln County Board of Education.
By Ole C. Jones, Secretary.
Aug. 24—S 14.

Statement by Jno. E. Miles

Chairman of The Democratic State Central Committee

From a study of conditions in various counties in New Mexico, it is apparent that the people generally are strongly back of the New Deal.

Everywhere a spirit of trust and confidence is shown in the Roosevelt program, and in the state administration.

The people are deeply appreciative of the prompt and vigorous methods employed to relieve suffering in the drought stricken areas. These areas now include the whole of New Mexico, and the entire population of the state has benefited.

They appreciate the liberal terms of the government under which they can borrow monthly sums sufficient to provide feed for their livestock. Hundreds of farmers and ranchers are taking advantage of the "honesty policy" of the government under which loans are made for feed and seed without any security, other than a personal note being given.

Home owners who have been saved from foreclosure through the HOLC are not forgetting that it was the New Deal which made this possible.

Bankers and farmers who have received liberal sums for cattle which otherwise would have died on the range for lack of feed are deeply grateful for this government relief.

Farmers and ranchers who have obtained liberal land loans appreciate the fact that this service was given them by a democratic administration. Republican administrations might have offered such relief, but failed miserably.

I have found everywhere a general feeling of security and of confidence in the leadership of the democratic party, state and national, and a bright hope for the future.

Thousands in New Mexico have benefited directly through the constructive policies of the government, which have been extended to all citizens alike, regardless of politics.

That impartial, non-partisan service is appreciated throughout the state.

Thousands of independents and republicans have indicated their intention to fight with the democratic party to preserve that type of leadership in the state and in the nation. We welcome these into our ranks. Exponents of liberal thought and advanced principles will always find a welcome in the democratic party.

I have found no evidence that any considerable number of voters republican or independent, intend to follow the doubtful leadership of the opposition.

From present indications there is every reason to believe that the liberal and constructive measures of the democratic party will attract to it thousands of new converts who will swell the tremendous majorities which the party received in 1932.

CARRIZOZO to Las Cruces
By TELEPHONE .75
AFTER 8:30 P. M. .45
Station - to - Station rates.
TELEPHONE Them if You Are Delayed.

Card of Thanks
We wish to thank each one for the courtesies extended during our recent sojourn.
Mrs. David R. Stewart,
D. Wightman Stewart,
Luella Stewart.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Vaughn Hobbie and little daughter, Eliza, left last Tuesday for Portland, Oregon where Eliza will enter the Episcopal school for girls.

Mr. B. Prior is spending a few days at different points in Texas.

Come to Paden's Drug Store for school supplies.

Mrs. Frank Maxwell and children returned home last Tuesday from a visit to relatives in Kansas.

Mr. Riley McPherson went to El Paso last Tuesday to consult his physician.

Miss Lucile Stewart left last Tuesday night for her home in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. Henry Hoffman and son, Harold went to El Paso last Tuesday.

Full line of school necessities at Paden's Drug Store.

Messrs. I. N. Wingfield and C. G. Chase of Ruidoso were here last week on business.

William Nickels will teach the 5th and 6th grades at the Capitán school this year.

Drink Water With Meals Good For Stomach

Water with meals helps stomach juices, aids digestion. If bloated with gas add a spoonful of Adierika. One dose cleans out poisons and washes BOTH upper and lower bowels.

Rolland's Drug Store. — In Corosa by DuBois Drug Store.

Adobe Items

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sager of Carrizozo passed through Adobe Monday on their way to meet their daughter, Miss Lorena of Santa Fe.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Roy Agarn have returned from a trip to Clouderoft.

Messrs. Wayne Withers and Leon Houston spent Monday night at the Griffin home.

Rev. Sherman of Roswell, New Mexico filled his regular appointment at Adobe Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Turner have moved to Albuquerque, N. M.

Mr. C. S. Rockwell of Capitán spent a few days at the J. T. Gaines ranch.

Mrs. A. L. Griffin has been on the sick list this week.

Messrs. E. R. Clifton, Lonnie Moon and Bob Cettar made a business trip to Socorro the first of the week.

We are in hopes the drought is broken as so many nice rains have fallen the last few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Houston were in Adobe Saturday.

060038

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 21, 1934.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jerome M. Messley, of Lon, N. M., who, on Nov. 7, 1930, made Homestead, entry No. 060038, for E₁, E₂, W₁, W₂, NE₁, NE₂, Sec. 11, W₁ NE₁, SE₁ NE₂, Sec. 14, W₁ NW₁, Section 18, Township 8 S, Range 17 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before U. S. Commissioner, at Corosa, N. M., on the 3rd day of Oct. 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses: Clinton Brooks, Bill Elliott, Tom Grimmett, Marion Conn, all of Lon, N. M. M. F. Miers, Registrar. A 21—S 28

Farm Loan News

Local farmers who have a farm mortgage loan from the Federal Land Bank of Wichita are doing a good job generally in paying their loan instalments. They are avoiding endangering possession of their home and farm and making it easier, with no overburdening delinquencies, to pay future instalments.

Word to this effect has been received from L. H. Call, president of the land bank at Wichita, by Mrs. Eunice R. Hall, who is secretary-treasurer of the Capitán National Farm Loan Association at Capitán, New Mexico, and who handles applications for long-time farm mortgage loans at a low rate of interest from the land bank for farmers in Lincoln County and part of Chaves County.

"The fact that farmers in Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico, and Oklahoma have used approximately 90 per cent of the more than \$75,000,000 they have received in land bank and land bank commissioner loans since the first of this year to pay standing debts, is proof, points out President Call, "that these farmers are not risking their reputations for honesty and for paying what they owe. They are working hard, and even with the weather odds against them, with their systematic planning and with their sacrificing, they are repaying thousands of dollars of their loans to the land bank."

President Call quotes to Mrs. Hall the following letter from an Oklahoma farmer as typical of the many the land bank is receiving from farmers throughout this Ninth Federal Land Bank district who are repaying their loans:

"My plan to meet my obliga-

ANNOUNCING!

Our Appointment as Philco

radio dealers for this territory. 49 models for 1935

\$21.00 TO \$275.00

Remember, we also service and repair all makes in our modern and fully equipped laboratory which is the only place in Lincoln County offering up to date and experienced service.

We also handle:—TUBES, BATTERIES, and parts for all Radios

CARRIZOZO BATTERY & ELECTRICAL SERVICE
"Automobile & radio Electricians"

D. X. LaVallee, Mgr.

Carrizozo, New Mexico

NOTICE

County Health Department
Carrizozo, N. M.
Official Notice

The Public Health Law of New Mexico, Ch. 110, Sec. 325, New Mexico Statute 1029, reads: "It shall be unlawful for any child to attend school, or for any teacher to allow such child within any school house unless so vaccinated" against small-pox. Please comply with this law before child returns to school.

COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER

tion-is to diversify my crops so I will not make an entire failure. Raise wheat, corn, oats, and a little cotton some years. Cows, hogs, and chickens pay most of our living expenses. Raise sweet slover for pasture and soil improvement. Also raise enough potatoes and garden vegetables for home use.

"I farm with horses. Have not raised any colts. They have been too low until last year. Will raise some next year from my four young mares. I do not buy on credit, things that I consume. The lower rate of interest on my loan is a great help."

NOTICIA

Departamento de Sanidad del Condado
Carrizozo, N. M.
Noticia Oficial

La Ley de Sanidad Publica de Nuevo Mexico, C'lo 110, Sec. 325, estatuto 1029 de Nuevo Mexico, lee: "Sera ilegal que una criatura atienda la escuela, u que una maestra permita dentro la casa de escuela una criatura menoa que este vacunada" (encontra de viruela.)

Por favor cumplan con esta ley antes que la criatura regrese a la escuela.

OFICIAL DE SANIDAD DEL CONDADO.

Masonic Festival

Dates Changed

Albuquerque, August 26th.—Dates for conducting the Albuquerque Masonic York Rite Festival have been changed to Thursday and Friday, September 6th and 7th on account of other state and local activities on the original dates. Opening at nine o'clock on Thursday morning the Chapter degrees will be conferred throughout the day with luncheon at noon.

The Most Accurate Way to Judge Motor Cars

TRY THE OWNERSHIP TEST



Let us lend you a Chevrolet. Drive it yourself in your own way over the same route and streets you drive every day! Take your family and friends. Chevrolet is confident that if you make this test you'll never be satisfied with any other low-priced car

CHEVROLET PRICES HAVE BEEN REDUCED AS MUCH AS

\$50

NOW **\$465**

AND UP. List price of Standard Six Sport Roadster is \$515.00. With bumpers, spare tire and tire lock, the list price is \$530.00 additional. Prices subject to change without notice. Compare Chevrolet's low delivered price and easy C. M. A. C. terms. A General Motors Value.

CHEVROLET is the only low-priced car with this vital combination of modern features: Fisher Body, cable-controlled brakes, Blue-Flame engine and, on the Master models, patented Knee-Action.

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

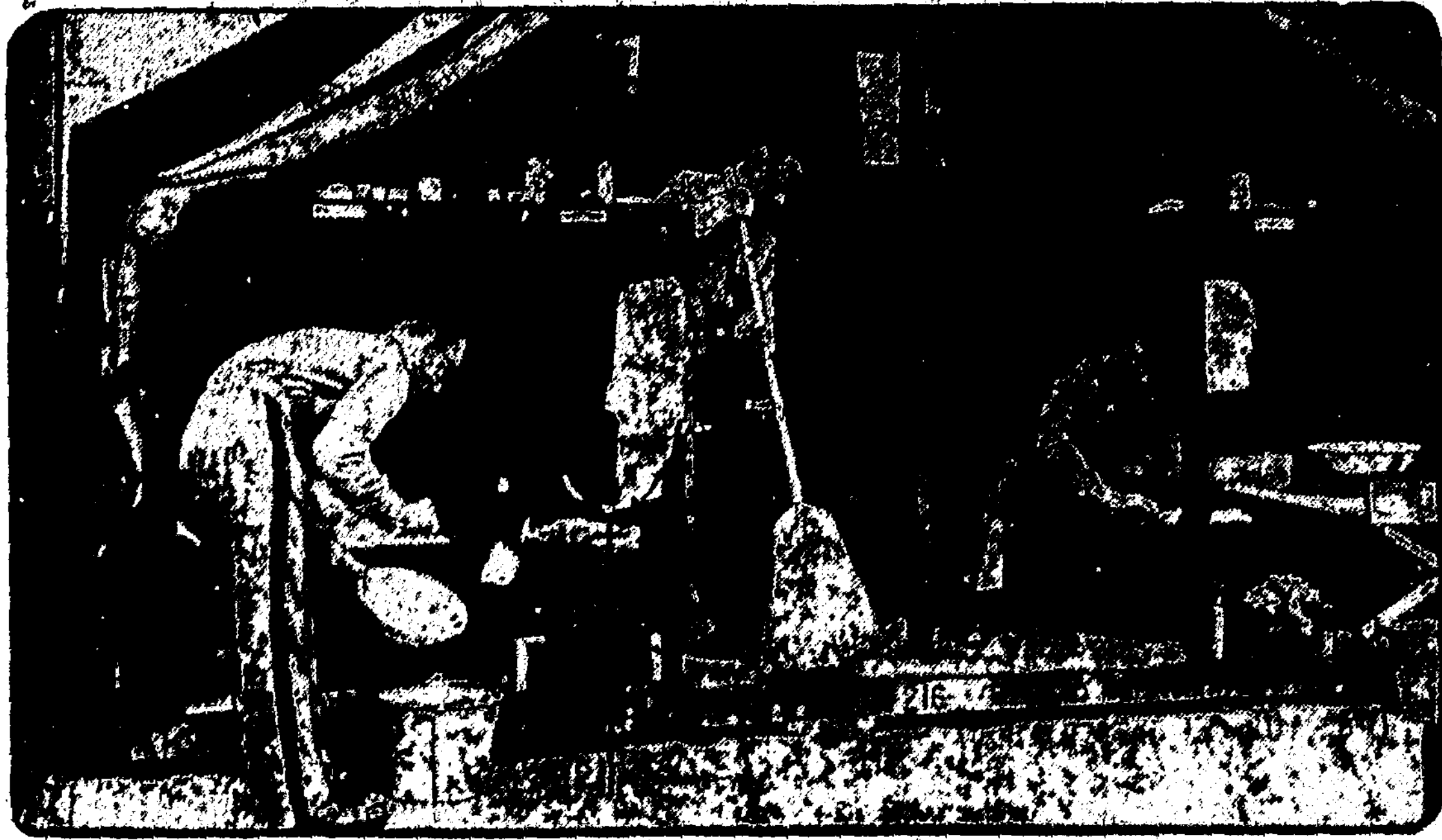
CHEVROLET

V. Reil, Prop. Phone 36

City Garage

Carrizozo N. Mex.

West Point Cadets Get a Taste of Tent Life



EVERY summer as a part of the regular routine the third and fourth-class cadets at the West Point Military academy are given a chance to live in tents at Camp Clinton. Several members of the third-year class are here seen getting their tent ready for inspection.

Bedtime Story for Children

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

JENNY AND MR. WREN ARE BUSY

JENNY and Mr. Wren were busy. Yes, indeed, they were busy. If there were any busier little folks anywhere Peter Rabbit couldn't imagine who they could be. You see, every one of those seven eggs in that nest had hatched, and seven mouths are a lot to feed, especially when every morsel of food must be hunted for and carried from a distance.

There was little time for gossip now. Just as soon as it was light enough to see, Jenny and Mr. Wren began to feel those always hungry babies, and with hardly time for an occasional mouthful themselves they kept at it until the Black Shadows came out from the Purple Hills. Wren babies, like all other bird babies, grow very fat and this means that each one of them must have a great deal of food every day. A Wren baby often eats its own weight in food in a day, and all this food has to be hunted for and carried back and put into the gaping little mouths.

With seven such gaping little mouths you can imagine how busy the Wrens were. Hardly would Jenny disappear in the little round doorway of her

home. Of course they had to rest once in a while, but it was never for a very long time. Whenever she did stop to rest, Jenny looked worried. She had the care of that big family on her mind every minute.

So at last Peter gave up the idea of trying to find out from her certain things he wanted to know and hopped off to look for some one who was less busy. He had gone but a short distance when his attention was caught by a song so sweet and so full of little trills that he first stopped to listen and then hurried to look for the singer.

G. T. W. Burgess—WNU Service.

QUESTION BOX
By ED WYNN...
The Perfect Fool

Dear Mr. Wynn:
Can you help me out? The inside of my home has been painted and the odor of fresh paint annoys me. What shall I do to take away the smell of the fresh paint? There are nine rooms in the house.

Yours truly,
L. M. CHOKING.

Answer: In a house of nine rooms use the following formula: Fourteen pounds of onions—slice fine; two pieces of garlic—crushed; then, mixed into the onions. Place about one and one-half pounds of this mixture in each room. That will take away the smell of fresh paint.

By the way—if the onions are too strong for you just put another coat of paint in each room.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
Do you believe it is right to turn tramps away from your door?
Truly yours,
MAY B. U. KNO.

Answer: By no means turn a tramp away from your door. Let him sit there as long as he wishes.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
I read in a newspaper where you said: "The most disappointed man you ever met was a chap who has spent six months curing himself of 'hallucinations' only to find out he was unpopular anyway. Can you tell me of any other fellow who could be as nearly disappointed as that one?"
Truly yours,
L. M. NOSEY.

Answer: Yes; I once knew a fellow who took a bath and the next morning he looked all over the house for the Sunday papers. It turned out that it was Thursday. He wasn't disappointed because he couldn't find the Sunday papers, but his disappointment came when he found out he had taken a bath and it wasn't Saturday.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
We are organizing a fishing club and we were told to have our camp on the Delaware river right across from Wilmington, Del. We were also told that fishing there is wonderful. Is it true that the fish, in that spot, bite so easily?

Truly yours,
ANN OLSEN.

Answer: I'll tell the world those fish bite. They are absolutely ferocious. Why you have to hide behind a tree to put a worm on your hook.

Mother's Cook Book

CULINARY KINKS

WITH mustard, pickles, chow-chow, capers, anchovy paste, chutney and such condiments as most housewives either put up or purchase, there is a great variety to vary the sameness in salads and salad dressings. These same condiments may be frequently used for fillings for sandwiches or for casseroles when these latter foods are required.

When there is crisp green lettuce for the base of a salad one need not de-

spair. Sprinkle with rolled, freshly roasted peanuts and serve with a bit of shredded onion and french dressing.

Use tender leaves of endive sprinkled with chopped stuffed olives and dressed with tarragon vinegar in the french dressing.

Try ripe even-sized tomatoes stuffed with chopped cabbage to which a slice or two of pineapple finely chopped is added. Mix with a good boiled dressing.

Nowadays with flour prepared especially for cake making, one is assured against coarse grained and heavy cake, if rules are followed.

Folding in the stiffly beaten egg is another important step, not to destroy the lightness by breaking down the air cells in the egg.

For the hostess who wishes to serve pies as individual ones, there could be nothing more attractive than the pumpkin, the cranberry or the custard.

Fruit should always be dredged with flour to keep it from sinking in the batter. Milk and flour added alternately with much beating after each addition makes a fine texture in the cake.

Measure time for baking into quarters, in the first quarter the cake should begin to rise, in the second quarter, finish rising and begin to brown, the third quarter should finish browning and begin to shrink from the pan, and the last quarter finish baking. Test before taking from the oven, then cool before frosting.

G. Western Newspaper Union.

DADA KNOWS—



"Pop, what is complication?"
"Triangle."
G. Hall Syndicate—WNU Service.

Giants' Bones Found in Reich
Skeletons of prehistoric giants were found when a sand pit was excavated near Munich, Germany. The workers uncovered forty well preserved skeletons averaging seven feet in height.

Japan Prepares in Every Way for War



EVIDENTLY Japan wants to be prepared for every contingency that can be brought about by war. The civilian population is being thoroughly acquainted with the use of gas masks in case a next possible conflict is carried right to the people. These telephone operators are important cogs in the communication system and therefore get special gas mask training under the eyes of military experts.

A MOTHER'S LOVE

By ANNE CAMPBELL

IN MY back yard a morning-glory vine Grows wild, and if I do not weed it out, It will destroy each pretty rose of mine, And spill the poppy petals all about.

Just so my love might grow on roots as strong And choke each pretty flowering thought you hold, I must take care! A mother's love is wrong That stifles the young bloom—its leaves enfold.

Copyright—WNU Service.



"No matter how you look at it, a woman's path is no bed of roses," says disillusioned Dot, "many a girl has had to walk back from a horse back ride too."
G. Hall Syndicate—WNU Service.

In White Crepe



Lucile Paray decorates the dolman sleeves of this handsome white crepe gown with a wide band of shining black sequins and continues it across the back of the neck to form the shoulder straps for the extremely low back decolletage.

Delayed by Ox Teams

A round century ago, railway locomotives in America frequently had to crawl for hours behind slow ox teams, or wait on a siding while a balky mule changed its mind. For approximately ten years after the first rails were laid down, their use was open to anyone who had a vehicle with flanged wheels, regardless of the type of motive power. Consequently the early trains were slowed down to the speed of an ambling team of oxen.

That Body of Yours

By JAMES W. BARTON, M. D.

Food and Mental and Physical Work

DURING the World War, nations found it necessary to conserve their food resources, and experiments were conducted to learn just how much food an individual needed to do his mental and physical work properly.

The Nutrition laboratory of the Carnegie Institution conducted experiments which gave very interesting information.

Balanced or "all round" diets were used. One squad of ten subjects received 3,000 calories (heat units) of food daily, the other only 1,800 calories, through a period of two months.

Mental addition showed the full ration squad to gain through practice double their accuracy in the first month, while the reduced ration squad had increased their accuracy only half at the end of two months. The reduced ration squad also made 50 per cent more errors than the full ration squad at the end of the second month.

Similar differences in memory appeared between the two squads, but the reduced ration squad actually "went back" in the memory test, during the course of the second month.

Using the tuning fork, and also sensitivity to electric currents, showed the reduced ration squad had gone backward.

In commenting on these brain tests, Dr. Donald C. Laird, Colgate university, believes that it is the better general physical condition of the full ration squad that gives them the superiority rather than any real damage to the brain of the reduced ration squad.

What about the physical or body tests?

In a "steadiness" test made by tracing with a pencil between two parallel lines, the squad on reduced rations not only made more mistakes but showed less improvement in two months' practice than the full-ration squad did in the first month.

Strength of grip was decreased 8 per cent by the reduced diet, the left hand being more affected than the right.

Speed of eye movement was reduced 5 per cent in the reduced diet group. Finger movement was also reduced in the reduced diet group.

What do these experiments teach us?

They teach us that the body can adjust itself so that life is not endangered by the reduced diet, but it can readily be seen that mental and physical ability are certainly lessened.

Physical Examination at School

YOU may have a youngster starting off to school for the first time. If you have sent other children to school you are acquainted with some of the regulations and have learned that these regulations have all been adopted to help your child.

If, however, this is the first time you have sent your youngster to school try to remember that regulations are for the good of the majority.

One of the regulations is that your child must be examined by a nurse, doctor and dentist.

Instead of becoming indignant about this because you have had your child under the care of a child's specialist, be wise enough to take advantage of these examinations by those who see and examine your child from a different standpoint than that of the specialist.

While food is the most important point in the health and safety of children, and our children's specialists save thousands of lives yearly, there is the general physique or structure of the child, the way it stands or sits, its walk, the straightness of the spine, the condition of the teeth as to straightness, the presence of little cavities in the teeth, the shape of the mouth and face, the condition of the nose and throat and many other things about youngsters that school nurses, dentists and doctors have learned in their experience with thousands of children.

The very fact that you object to this complete examination which means the removal of the child's clothing so that the back and spine may be examined, will get your youngster off on the wrong foot at school. He may get the idea that he should have a little different treatment at school than that given to other youngsters and may have trouble adjusting himself to the other youngsters.

And as you know, it is this adjusting of children to regulations, to the rights and privileges of other children, that keeps them from being "odd" and possible mental cases in the future.

Instead of objecting to it, make sure that your child gets this thorough examination.

Copyright—WNU Service.

Kerman Rugs

Kirman or Kerman rugs are woven in Persia and are made of cotton warp; two or three lines of blue warp; and the Behna knot. They are finely and closely woven, and of medium thickness, and have naturalistic floral patterns and soft but rich coloring, including several light tints. Some modern Kermans introduce figures and abstract subjects.

Thrills Here for the Young Lady

PATTERN 1722

As to fashions for the younger set—they're cute and pert as can be, with necklines and sleeves designed to thrill any young heart. The adorable model sketched here has several possibilities, all of which Mother will want to work up. The complete way is the frock boasting the high collar, youthful shoulder ruffle and adorable sleeves. The ruffle may be omitted, if you like, and for summer days the frock would be cool and just as smart without the collar and



sleeves. The new semi-belted waist-line and front panel are designed to make you look divinely tall. Perfect for gayly printed cottons!

Pattern 1722 is available in sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12. Size 6 takes 2 yards 38 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included with each pattern.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.

Address orders to Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street, New York City.

Smiles

PREPAREDNESS

Johnny was very hard on trousers. One day, while shopping with a friend his mother bought cloth for a pair of trousers for Johnny, but ordered a good bit more than seemed necessary.

"Why do you get so much?" asked the friend who was with her.

"Oh," was the reply, "this is for reserved seats."

Thoughtfulness

Housewife (unsuccessfully)—I see you have put all the best tomatoes on top.

Grocer—Yes, we do that to save you the trouble of hunting through the box for them.

His Little Slam

Wife—So you think my new ball gown looks like the dence?

Hub—In the card sense, my dear. The dence, you know, is the lowest possible cut.—Boston Transcript

Do YOU Know—



That it took George L. Hathaway, a World war veteran, three years to construct a table inlaid with 50,619 pieces of wood gathered from all parts of the world. He started it in 1923 while a patient in a San Diego hospital and the only tools used were a small saw and a pocket knife.

ENJOY

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT GUM

5c

AND WORTH IT!

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Eugene Black to "Sell" New Deal to the Banks—President Warns Against Food Profiteering—Cotton Textile Strike Voted.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

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EUGENE R. BLACK has resigned as governor of the federal reserve board, and President Roosevelt has given him a new position—contact officer between the banks and the government. This means that Mr. Black is expected to "sell" the New Deal to the financial institutions, which in the past have been among the severest critics of the President's program for recovery. He returns to his former position of governor of the Atlanta Federal Reserve bank which he left in May, 1933, to assume the direction of the whole reserve system.

Mr. Black himself said his new assignment is "to muster the strength of our financial institutions behind recovery in America." Some observers in Washington thought the move indicated that the administration was going to make another attempt to thaw out the vast sums in commercial credits that are lying idle in the banks. "You can do much good," President Roosevelt wrote Black in accepting his resignation, "by presenting the recovery program to the country's reserve banks, commercial banks and other financial institutions, by acquainting them with the successive steps taken by the administration which have resulted in the present prosperous condition of these institutions and which make possible their co-operation with the administration in its program of complete business rehabilitation."

"I am pleased to think that your position as governor of the Federal Reserve bank at Atlanta will give you opportunity to undertake this work and that that bank, together with the federal reserve board, will co-operate with you in its performance."

Among those mentioned as likely to succeed Black as governor of the federal reserve board was Marriner S. Eccles, Utah banker, who is now a special assistant to Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau. He is close to Rexford Guy Tugwell.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, it turns out, is not at all dismayed by the catastrophic drought that has afflicted a large part of the country. To the White House correspondents he indicated his belief that the drought was in a way a blessing, in that it was wiping out farm surpluses two years sooner than could have been done by the Wallace crop reduction plan. He expressed the belief that there will be plenty of food for all, and made it clear that the administration would not stand for any profiteering in food prices or grain speculation to the detriment of the farmer and the public. "Chiselers," it was promised, will be promptly and severely punished.

The federal grain futures administration directed by J. M. Mehl, it was revealed, is watching grain trading closely. The first evidence of manipulation will bring punitive action.

The consumers council of the AAA under Dr. Frederic C. Howe, is charting food prices. Housewives will be warned of any increase out of line with market supplies.

Secretary Wallace has admitted that there will necessarily be increases in food prices, and figures released by his department show they are already beginning to go higher.

WHILE Harry Hopkins, federal relief administrator, is vacationing in Europe, his place is taken by Aubrey Williams, his assistant. Mr. Williams has been in conference with the President, laying out the plans for drought relief and the conservation of food supplies. Among the first things the relief administration will do is to buy up hay and fruit that otherwise might go to waste. Hay on public lands also will be cut and baled. The complete program was being formulated by Mr. Williams and Secretary Wallace. It was expected this would include expenditure of \$350,000,000 left in the special drought appropriation, and distribution of food and clothing to the needy by the surplus relief corporation. Aid for live stock is to be provided.

Mr. Roosevelt is determined that the relief administration shall be kept clear of politics. At his suggestion telegrams were sent to relief directors and workers everywhere telling them to keep out of partisan politics and to resign if they wish to run for office.

WHEN the NRA is reorganized and put under control of a committee—a change that is soon due—Gen. Hugh E. Johnson may still be in the picture, despite the belief that he would retire completely. He told something of the plans for the shake-up and at the same time said: "If the President wants me to stay, I

might serve as chairman of the board, provided it did not take all of my time."

Johnson said he expected the whole reorganization of the NRA to be completed within the next 60 or 90 days. The first step, he said, will be the formal submission of plans to the President. Congress will be asked next winter to enact the revised NRA set-up as a permanent government control over industry, Johnson disclosed. It will be the New Deal for business which President Roosevelt will try to fix on the country for all time.

This "permanent" NRA, as sketched by Johnson, would consist of a general governing board, a single administrative officer to carry out the board's dictates, and a long string of government representatives sitting on code authorities as umpires in disputes between employers and workers and between industry and the public. Broadly speaking, the NRA might retreat and allow business greater freedom.

UNLESS President Roosevelt can prevent it, about half a million workers in the cotton textile industry will be on strike on or about September 1, because they are utterly dissatisfied with their NRA code. The convention of the United Textile Workers of America in New York voted mandatory instructions to the union's executive council to call this general strike, and if it goes into effect it may later spread to other branches of the industry, involving an additional 250,000. Leaders in the strike movement are Norman Thomas, former Socialist candidate for President, and the younger element in the union.

The specific aim will be to obtain a reopening of the textile code and its revision along lines demanded by the union. Demands will be made for the 50-hour week with 40-hour pay, elimination of the stretch-out system with corresponding readjustment of machine loads, and a universal system of collective bargaining on the basis of free choice of representatives by the workers.

PRIMARY elections in several states brought about interesting results. In Nebraska Representative E. R. Burke of Omaha, advocate of the New Deal, won the Democratic nomination for senator, defeating Gov. Charles W. Bryan by an astonishing plurality of more than 60,000. The Republicans nominated Robert G. Simmons. It was predicted by friends of Senator Norris, radical Republican, that the progressive Republicans would support Burke, for Simmons, a member of congress, has been attacking the NRA and the AAA.

Ohioans are given their choice between two veteran politicians in the race for the senate. A. V. Donahey, three times governor of the state, was made the nominee of the Democrats, running far ahead of Gov. George White and Charles O. West. The last named was the choice of the national administration but he made a poor showing. Senator Simeon D. Fess, one of the most vociferous opponents of the Roosevelt programs, easily won re-nomination by the Republicans. For governor the Democrats nominated Martin L. Davey, the "tree doctor," and the Republicans put up Clarence J. Brown.

Gov. J. M. Futrell of Arkansas was renominated, as were all but two of the state's congressmen who sought re-election. Democrats of Idaho are so well satisfied with Gov. Ben C. Ross, former cowboy, that they renominated him for a third term. The Republican nominee there is Frank L. Stephan.

Looking over these primary results and considering the prospects all over the country, Democratic leaders in Washington predicted their party would gain six senate seats. Republican campaign managers said the G. O. P. will hold its own. As for the house, the Democrats admit they will lose at least twenty-five seats, and their opponents claim the Republican gain will be between fifty and seventy-five seats.

RELATIONS between Russia and Japan have been further strained by the arrest of 17 Soviet subjects, all officials and employees of the Chinese Eastern railway, by Manchukuo authorities. They are accused of plotting against Manchukuo and Japan and of being in collusion with bandits in recent attacks on the railway. The Russian consul general at Harbin vainly demanded the release of the prisoners. In Moscow the arrests gave rise to rumors that Japan was preparing to declare military law and take over the railway, the sale of which has long been a subject of fruitless negotiation.

Tokio dispatches quoted a foreign office spokesman as saying the government was considering sending a general warning to Moscow.

WITH the sanction of the American Federation of Labor a strike was called in the plants of the Aluminum Company of America, which is controlled by Andrew W. Mellon, former secretary of the treasury, and his family. Six of the plants, at New Kensington, Arnold and Logan's Ferry, Pa., Alcoa, Tenn.; East St. Louis, Ill., and Massena, N. Y., were closed, and those at Fairfield, Conn., and Baden, N. C., were about to shut down. The company normally employs about 15,000 persons. Proposals offered by the workers' representatives late in July were flatly rejected by the company.

PRINCE RUDIGER VON STARHBERG of Austria, who has just been in Italy consulting with Premier Mussolini, says the Austrian government expects a new Nazi outbreak in that country within the next few months.

He says he has information that a putsch is being prepared, and that he distrusts the peace talk of the German government. He also doubts the reports of the dissolution of the Austrian Nazi Legion in Germany, and believes the reich is still financing the Nazi in Austria. The prince's statements are borne out by the fact that Austria has sent a note to Great Britain, France and Italy, asking permission to enlarge its army because it fears another Nazi putsch is imminent.

Starhemberg asserts that an overwhelming majority of the Austrian people are in favor of the Hapsburg restoration, that the Vatican is for it, and that Italy and England are neutral; but that France and the little entente would oppose it.

TWENTY years ago, August 16, 1914, the Panama canal was opened to traffic, and the figures given out on the anniversary are interesting. During the canal's existence 80,122 commercial vessels have passed through it. Tolls collected totaled \$300,287,018. A total of 808,000,037 tons of cargo were carried, and the net tonnage of the ships using the canal was 368,040,519.

United States shipping totaled 35,123 vessels, which paid \$161,638,419 in tolls and carried 177,908,314 tons of cargo. It had 43.8 per cent of the vessels, 47.0 per cent of the tonnage, the same percentage of tolls, and 45.5 per cent of the cargo carried.

British shipping was second, with 21,674 ships, \$90,022,032 in tolls, and 66,204,912 tons of cargo. The Norwegians were third, with 4,672 vessels, \$10,316,789 tolls, and 20,143,449 tons of cargo. German ships numbered 3,317; Japanese, 2,538; Dutch, 1,670, and then came the French, Danish, and Swedish.

SENATOR HUEY LONG was marching rapidly toward victory over his arch foe, Mayor T. Semmes Walmaley of New Orleans, and there didn't seem to be anything the latter could do to stop the Kingfish. The state legislature, safely in the control of Long and his henchman, Governor Allen, was swiftly pushing through a series of measures designed to put every parish and city of Louisiana in the grip of those two gentlemen before the state primary on September 11. The legislators also passed a bill for an investigation into the affairs of New Orleans.

ABOUT 600 grizzled members of the Grand Army of the Republic were able to attend the sixty-eighth encampment at Rochester, N. Y., and many of them even insisted on marching in the parade, scoring the automobiles that carried their feeble brothers. Commander-in-Chief Russell O. Martin presided over the sessions and the chief speaker was Secretary of War Dern. Mr. Dern told the veterans that the world was seething with unrest and that weak nations might become involved in chaos and war. America, he asserted, is in the grip of another kind of war—one against economic adversity intensified by the terrific drought—but he expressed confidence "American character, American grit" will win out. He added:

"We will surmount the obstacles ahead of us. And because of this period of trial, ours will be a stronger nation, more ready to meet the other crises which lie in the future. We must be strong."

ADMINISTRATOR JAMES A. MOFFETT inaugurated the housing administration's billion-dollar home repair program, the first loan being made by a Washington bank to Miss Alma McGrum, a home owner, in the presence of many bankers and government officials. Mr. Moffett said credit facilities were available in cities and towns with populations aggregating 50,000,000.

A booklet issued by the housing administration explains that any property owner may apply for a housing loan to any bank, building and loan association, or other finance company approved by the administration for a loan of \$100 to \$2,000 for improvements on the property. Notes are made to run up to three years and the only security is a good credit standing in the community and a regular income.

The finance companies may not charge more than 35 per cent in fees, interest, or discounts, and the notes are to be repaid in equal monthly installments. Applications may be made for family residences, apartment buildings, stores, office buildings, factories, warehouses, farm buildings, garages, or any other kind of housing or business property.

THE INDIANAPOLIS DESTRUCTION TEST Proved YOU USE LESS OIL



WHEN you drive with New and Improved Conoco Germ Processed Motor Oil, you not only give your motor greater protection against wear—you also use less oil.

That was definitely proved in the famous Destruction Test at Indianapolis Speedway. In this test against five other nationally famous oils, in identical cars, five quarts of New and Improved

Conoco Germ Processed Motor Oil carried its car 4,729 miles—3,015.8 miles farther than the first oil to fail and 1,410.2 miles farther than the best of the five oils. Convincing proof of lower oil consumption and greater motor protection!

Protect your motor! Lower your oil expense! Drive into one of the 18,000 Conoco stations for a fill today.

CONOCO
New and Improved
CONOCO
GERM PROCESSED
(PARAFFIN BASE)
MOTOR OIL
ONE OF THE PRODUCTS OF CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY
CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY PRESENTS—Every Wednesday Night, over N. B. C., including KOA at 7:30 M. S. T.—Harry Richman, Jack Denny and His Music and John B. Kennedy

Mr. COFFEE - NERVES... he gets bounced from the store

WHILE MANY PEOPLE can safely drink coffee, there are a great many others who cannot. Perhaps... without realizing it... you are one of these.

The caffeine in coffee may be robbing you of sleep, upsetting your digestion, or undermining your nervous system.

If you have any reason to suspect that coffee is disagreeing with you... why don't you switch to Postum for 30 days? You'll find it a delicious drink... and it may be a real help. Postum contains nothing that can possibly harm you. It is economical, easy to prepare. A product of General Foods.

FREE—Let us send you your first week's supply of POSTUM—FREE! Simply mail the coupon.

General Foods, Battle Creek, Mich. W.N.U. 5-5854
Please send me, without cost or obligation, a week's supply of Postum.
Name _____
Street _____
City _____ State _____
Fill in completely—print name and address.
This offer expires July 3, 1934

30 DAYS LATER...

IVE TOLD YOU THREE TIMES... WE CAN'T MATCH YOUR SAMPLE. DO YOU THINK I'M LYING, OR WHAT?
HOW TELL HER YOU PITY HER MISTAKE... THAT ONE ALWAYS DRIVES 'EM WILD.

THIS IS THE THIRD TIME A CUSTOMER HAS COMPLAINED ABOUT YOU, MISS JACKSON! WE CAN'T AFFORD TO LET OUR CLIENTS BE RUDE, YOU KNOW!
TELL HIM YOU JUST WORK HERE! HE CAN'T TALK TO YOU THAT WAY—YOU'RE NOT HIS WIFE!

I DIDN'T MEAN TO BE RUDE, MR. SIMPSON! BUT THIS CONSTANT HEADACHE MAKES ME IRRITABLE!
TELL HIM WHEN YOU NEED MEDICAL ADVICE YOU'LL ASK FOR IT! WHAT IS THIS... A DEPARTMENT STORE OR A CLINIC?

YOUR CASE HAS ALL THE SYMPTOMS OF COFFEE-NERVES. I SUGGEST YOU CUT OUT COFFEE... AND DRINK POSTUM INSTEAD FOR 30 DAYS.
CURSES! I'VE LICKED! WHY COULDN'T THAT STORE MANAGER LOOK AFTER HIS NERVES AND PINS... AND LEAVE MY BUSINESS ALONE!

WELL... ALL RIGHT, IF YOU SAY I MUST!

WELL, MY ADVICE TO YOU IS... GO SEE A DOCTOR! YOUR CASE SOUNDS LIKE COFFEE-NERVES TO ME!

THIS IS THE THIRD TIME CUSTOMERS HAVE TOLD ME THEY LIKED TO HAVE YOU WANT ON THEM, MISS JACKSON. YOUR PATIENCE AND BENEVOLENT DISPOSITION ARE MAKING SUCH A HIT WITH 'EM. YOU'VE GOT TO FIND YOU A BETTER JOB AROUND HERE!

THANK YOU, MR. SIMPSON... BUT YOU KNOW ALL THE CREDIT IF YOU HADN'T LEFT ME TO THE DOCTOR I MIGHT NEVER HAVE SWITCHED TO POSTUM!

Quality

Service

BRANUM'S Cash Grocery & Market

When You are Hungry

COME to us for choice Sandwich Spread, Lunch Meat, Sausage and Fresh Meats of all Kinds

We Handle best Brands

Of black and green Tea. Try our Honey Hunks and Honey Chunks

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

Lettuce, Cabbage, Celery, Grapes, Oranges, Bananas.

Granulated Sugar for Canning

Also Full Line Jars, Lids, etc.

Picnic Supplies

School Supplies

We sell Lucky's milk, buttermilk and cheese
FRESH Daily at our GROCERY

Good For All Time

ROBERTS MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTS

A product that you can buy with Absolute Confidence in its Beauty and VALUE!

T. E. KELLEY, Representative
CARRIZO, N. MEX.

It will be a pleasure to serve you without obligation on your part.

To Remind You

- THAT -

We Carry in Stock

Galvanized & Painted Roofing
Ridge Roll
Eaves Trough
Screen Doors

Window Glass
Cement & Lime
Nails
Doors & Windows
Screen Wire

Pipe and pipe fittings, Building Hardware, etc.

We also carry a good line of Men's Work Clothing, SHOES, For Men, Women and Children

SCHOOL SUPPLIES, Medicines, Notions, WOOL BLANKETS

DON'T Forget

Our Fresh Meats. We butcher our own, corn-fed beef and Pork and have our own Refrigeration.

Our prices are in line and mail orders given our best attention. We solicit your inquiries for prices.

THE TITSWORTH COMPANY, Inc.

Capitan, N. Mex.

Additional Local

Mr. W. J. Sander, of Tinnie, New Mexico, was in town on business last Wednesday.

Wightman Stewart was in Albuquerque on business the first of the week.

Mrs. Max Hale was an El Paso visitor last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sager, daughter Miss Lorena, Virginia Spence and Dixie Harman motored to Lincoln last Wednesday.

Blackleg serum for sale at Paden's Drug Store.

Mrs. G. L. Strauss and children will arrive home from California tomorrow.

Mr. H. Detloff and family arrived last week and will occupy one of the Burke cottages for the school term.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Carl and three sons went to El Paso Wednesday.

The Oscar Snow family left for Lubbock, Texas, last Wednesday where they will make their home. They have been living here about eight years and have a host of friends who regret their departure.

Mr. Louis Nalda was in town on business Wednesday.

Miss Tressie Davis, teacher of Home Economics, who spent the summer in Missouri, is here to take up her school duties next Monday.

Mrs. D. R. Stewart and son and daughter are back from Stamford, Texas, where Mr. Stewart was buried last week. Miss Lucille will stay with her mother a few days and will then go to her home in Dallas.

Mr. and Mrs. Sager went to San Antonio last Monday to meet their daughter, Miss Lorena, who conducts a studio of music in Santa Fe. They found the Rio Grande at San Antonio on a rampage. The recent dry river bed had been transformed into a swift torrent, awelled by recent big rains. Miss Sager will stay until next Saturday at which time she will return to Santa Fe, accompanied by her parents and niece, Virginia Spence, who will attend the Fiesta.

Misses Laura Sullivan and Florence Ward of White Oaks were Roswell visitors last Thursday. Miss Nadine Leasnet took Mrs. Sullivan's place in Paden's drug store for the day.

Amos Emerson and Orville Runnels were in town Wednesday from Mon Jean.

Notice

By mutual agreement the Carrizozo dairies have decided on the following milk prices, which will prevail on and after September 1st:

Milk: 1 pint 8c; 1 quart 13c; 2 quarts 25c.
Table cream: 3/4 pint 20c; 1 pint 35c.
Whipping cream: 3/8 pint 25c; 1 pint 45c.

Lucky's Jersey Dairy,
Sanitary Dairy,
Mal Pais Dairy.

Baptist Church

Rev. L. D. Jordan, Pastor

Sunday School Meets at 10:00 A.M.

There is a place for you in this Bible School and it will do you good to attend and study the Bible with us. Come.

11:30 A. M. Preaching Service, Sermon by the Pastor.

7:45 P. M. Song Service, followed by a short sermon by the Pastor.

The church building is resplendent in a new coat of paint, inside and out.

Notice

The Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico, hereby call for sealed bids of Contractors for furnishing not to exceed Fifty Tons of Coal to the Court House and Jail of Lincoln County, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, in such lots as from time to time shall be specified by the Board of County Commissioners in Contract. Proposals are to be Addressed to Ernest Key, County Clerk at Carrizozo, New Mexico, and are to be in the office not later than 10 o'clock, Monday, October 1st 1934, at which time said bids will be received by the Board. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. A. 24-S 14.

Rent this NEW

Johnson Electric Floor Sander

and Refinish your floors yourself.

Save 70% of the cost.



CARRIZO HARDWARE CO.

Special Meeting of Woman's Club

Monday the 27th, a meeting of the Woman's Club was called by the President Mrs. C. W. Young, to consider the proposition set before it by the FERA that the club sponsor its county canning project, the making of mattresses, and the serving for relief work.

The work itself is to be done by those new on direct relief and will be paid for at the rate of 40c per hour; the club only supervising the activities, getting together the articles necessary for the work, and providing a place where it can be done.

In spite of the inclement weather, a surprising number of members were present voting unanimously to further the cause as outlined by the FERA.

The FERA urged that work begin at once, as beef and apples are now on hand ready to be canned.

A committee of Mrs. J. M. Beck, Mrs. Hall, and Miss Hazel Melara was named to solicit loans for articles required. To expedite this part of the work, the club decided also to make calls through the papers; so if anyone has an oil stove, a pressure cooker, a skillet, or a sewing machine to lend for the purpose, the club would greatly appreciate it, if Mrs. Young or Mrs. Beck be notified. Clean rags for tea towels and dish cloths would be acceptable.

Gard of Thanks

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to our friends for their kindness and devotion to our beloved mother during her long illness and for the beautiful flowers and many acts of love and sympathy at the time of her death.

Charlotte M. Rice, Ft. Stanton; Helen A. Rice, Lincoln; Myra Rice Welch, Dawson; Irene Rice Weber and family, Rexburg, Idaho.

T. E. Kelley is in Albuquerque today.

Ferry Sears of Capitan was a business visitor here Saturday.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS

Everything Your Child Needs to Go Back to School

See that he is dressed neatly and economically. You will find that Ziegler Bros. is fully prepared to meet every requirement of both the school boy and school girl, no matter of what age.

SEE OUR LINE OF

Brownbilt Sturdy, Comfortable SHOES

that stand rough, tough wear, and Buster Brown Shoes for school.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS

Lyric Theater

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
Voice In The Night

With Tim McCoy, Billie Seward, Joseph Grehan, Ward Bond. A thrilling, action-crammed picture of a telephone trouble-crew battling storm, flood and villainy risking their lives - that others might live!

- ALSO -

"Ten Baby Fingers" and "Wacks Museum"

Don't send your tickets by the kid! Come yourself

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday
Devil Tiger

Featuring Marion Burns, Harry Woods and Kaue Richmond. Last week we went to the Arctic and this week we go to the Malay Jungle from which the Fox Expedition brought back sights hitherto unrevealed - because no white man escaped alive!

- ALSO -

"Gypsy Fiddler" and "Air Maniacs"

Mr. Brickley and his daughter and sister came home last Wednesday from their trip to the Grand Canyon and Yellowstone National park.

The Masonic Picnic

The Eastern Star and Masonic picnic was held Sunday and although the weather man saw fit to send a good rain just when it was time to start, the picnic was held in spite of his interference. A number of cars went as far as Nogal but found the fields and roads in that section covered with water and returned to the Masonic Hall and held the picnic in the dining room. After dinner a social hour was spent. Section two was held at the Stearns ranch as planned. Those coming from the east side of the county met with the water and rain but were able to reach the ranch where they enjoyed the day. A little disappointing not to be together, but all were grateful for the rain.

BEGINNING

Sept. 1st.

Camp Mal Pais

Will be operated on a CASH BASIS

-B. Prior, Prop.

BURNETT'S

Are back home and will be open for business at the Kelley building (Formerly occupied by The Kelley Hardware Store.)

Sat. Sept. 1st.

FREE REFRESHMENTS WILL BE SERVED SATURDAY FROM TEN UNTIL FOUR O'CLOCK

We Hope To Meet All Of Our Old Customers AND ALSO LOTS OF NEW ONES

Burnett Cash Grocery & Market