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LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS

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VOLUME X—[Carrizozo News, Vol. 25] CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JULY, 13 1934 NUMBER 7

NOTICE

BOARDS OF REGISTRATION OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

The Board of County Commissioners at the regular meeting July 2, 1934, appointed the following named persons members and alternates of the Boards of Registration for the various precincts and districts, and designated the places of meeting of said boards of registration as provided by law, as follows:

Precinct No. 1, Lincoln:

Mrs. J. M. Penfield,	Chairman	Democrat
Frank Salazar,	Member	Democrat
H. M. Maes,	Member	Republican
Roy Ramey,	Alternate	Democrat
T. C. Romero,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: J. M. Penfield's Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 2, Hondo:

Leo Joiner,	Chairman	Democrat
Max Sanchez,	Member	Democrat
John Mackey,	Member	Republican
C. P. Fritz,	Alternate	Democrat
Candido Chavez,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: A. S. Bishop's Store:
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 3, Arabela:

Hirenio Ortega,	Chairman	Democrat
Leandro Ortega,	Member	Democrat
Granville Richardson,	Member	Republican
Andres Sedillo,	Alternate	Democrat
Aaron Montoya,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Arabela School House:
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 4, Picacho:

Viola Kimbrell,	Chairman	Democrat
Perfecto Sandoval,	Member	Democrat
Inez Sandoval,	Member	Republican
Joe Woods,	Alternate	Democrat
Elma Fresquez,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Picacho Trading Company:
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 5, Rabenton:

Frank Haskins,	Chairman	Democrat
W. P. Ragsdale,	Member	Democrat
George Torrez,	Member	Republican
Mrs. W. P. Ragsdale,	Alternate	Democrat
Eusebio Sedillo,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Rabenton School House:
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 6, Encinoso:

Marie Merchant,	Chairman	Democrat
Arthur Clark,	Member	Democrat
Albino Romero,	Member	Republican
John Shaw,	Alternate	Democrat
Macario Vigil,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Encinoso School House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 7, Jicarilla:

Mrs. Barney Wilson,	Chairman	Democrat
A. Youngblood,	Member	Democrat
Kathryn Bilbo,	Member	Republican
M. H. Bridges,	Alternate	Democrat
Juan Chavez,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Bilbo's Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 8, White Oaks:

Mrs. Earl Harkey,	Chairman	Democrat
Mrs. Julia Cook,	Member	Democrat
D. L. Jackson,	Member	Republican
Mrs. F. P. Cleghorn,	Alternate	Democrat
Sam Wells,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Van Schoyck's Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 9, Capitan:

V. L. Thompson,	Chairman	Democrat
V. A. Mosley,	Member	Democrat
S. E. Greiner,	Member	Republican
S. P. Ochoa,	Alternate	Democrat
T. C. Key,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: City Garage.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 10, Ruidoso:

W. B. Rose,	Chairman	Democrat
J. H. Jackson,	Member	Democrat
J. V. Tully,	Member	Republican
Ira Miller,	Alternate	Democrat
Prospero Gonzales,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: W. B. Rose's Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 11, Nogal:

Floy Skinner,	Chairman	Democrat
M. G. Zumwalt,	Member	Democrat
Homer L. McDaniel,	Member	Republican
J. L. Gatewood,	Alternate	Democrat
Rich Hust,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Nogal Hall.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 12, Bonito:

R. V. Traylor,	Chairman	Democrat
Dave Sehrier,	Member	Democrat
Hugh Grafton,	Member	Republican
Warney West,	Alternate	Democrat
Scott Hagee,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Angus School House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 13, Corona:

Lonnie Atkinson,	Chairman	Democrat
W. A. Mays,	Member	Democrat
T. M. DuBois,	Member	Republican
W. H. Thomas,	Alternate	Democrat
George Simpson,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Corona School Building.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 14, Election District A, Carrizozo:

Eugene C. Dow,	Chairman	Democrat
Otto Prehm,	Member	Democrat
John Wright,	Member	Republican
Maggie V. Chavez,	Alternate	Democrat
Mrs. C. D. Mayer,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Court House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 14, Election District B, Carrizozo

Lees Harmon,	Chairman	Democrat
Mrs. Edith Crawford,	Member	Democrat
Mrs. Grace Hobbie,	Member	Republican
Fay Harkey,	Alternate	Democrat
R. E. Lemons,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Community Hall.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 15, Oscura.

Mrs. Maggie Brazel,	Chairman	Democrat
Sam Ward,	Member	Democrat
C. H. Thornton,	Member	Republican
Mrs. Ethel G. Robinson,	Alternate	Democrat
Miss Cora Crews,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Wettstein Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 16, Ancho:

Mrs. Jack Pruitt,	Chairman	Democrat
Mrs. Bryan Hightower,	Member	Democrat
Mrs. Maude Warden,	Member	Republican
Harry Straley,	Alternate	Democrat
John Dale,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Ancho School House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 17, Spindle:

Lyman Strickland,	Chairman	Democrat
Mrs. G. Yriart,	Member	Democrat
Graciano Yriart,	Member	Republican
Mrs. Louis Purcella,	Alternate	Democrat
Santa Cruz Gusbara,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Bethel School House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 18, Joneta:

Mrs. J. E. Moseley,	Chairman	Democrat
G. R. Wilson,	Member	Democrat
Clint Brooks,	Member	Republican
J. E. Moseley,	Alternate	Democrat
A. P. Alexander,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Joneta School House.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Boundaries of Precinct No. 18, Joneta:

Beginning at a point on the North boundary line of Lincoln County where said boundary line is intersected by the line between Ranges 17 and 18 East, thence South 11 miles to the Northwest corner of Section 31, Township 1 South Range 18 East, thence East 3 miles to the Northeast corner of Section 33, Township 1 South Range 18 East, N. M. P. M., thence South 1 mile to the Southeast corner of Section 33, thence East 3 miles to the Southeast corner of Section 36, TownsThip 1 South Range 18 East, thence South 6 Miles to the Southwest corner of Section 31, Township 2 South Range 19 East; thence 6 miles East to the Lincoln County line, thence South along the Lincoln County line 12 miles to the Southeast corner of Township 4 South of Range 19 East; thence West along the Township line between Township 4 South and 5 South, 24 miles to the Southwest corner of Township 4 South, Range 16 East; thence North along the Range line between Ranges 15 East and 16 East, 30 Miles to the Northwest corner of Township 1 North, Range 16 East; thence East along the Township line between Townships 1 North and 2 North, Ranges 16 East and 17 East to the Northeast corner of Township 1 North, Range 17 East, place of beginning.

This Precinct embraces all of Townships 1 North Range 16 East, 1 North Range 17 East, and all of Townships 1 South Range 16 East, 1 South Range 17 East, and all of Sections 31, 32 and 33, Township 1 South Range 18 East, and all of Townships 2 South, Range 16 East, 2 South Range 17 East, and 2 South Range 18 East, and all of Townships 3 South, Range 16 East, 3 South Range 17 East, 3 South Range 18 East and 3 South Range 19 East, and all of Townships 4 South Range 16 East, 4 South Range 17 East, 4 South Range 18 East and 4 South Range 19 East, N M. P. M.

Precinct No. 19, White Mountain:

B. J. Gardner,	Chairman	Democrat
Giles L. Mathews,	Member	Democrat
W. C. Austry,	Member	Republican
Lee S. Drake,	Alternate	Democrat
Pete Keck,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: Travis Courts.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and 28th and August 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th, 1934.

Precinct No. 20, Ramon:

E. F. Jones,	Chairman	Democrat
Lewis Johnston,	Member	Democrat
Bud Harbert,	Member	Republican
W. H. Prestage,	Alternate	Democrat
Grace Harbert,	Alternate	Republican

Meeting Place: B. Johnston's Store.
Meeting Dates: July 27th and August 25th, 1934.

Boundaries of Precinct No. 20, Ramon:

Beginning at a point on the North Boundary line of Lincoln County where said boundary line is intersected by the line between ranges 17 and 18 East, thence South 11 Miles to the North West corner of Section 31, Township 1 South, Range 18 East, thence East 3 miles to the North East corner of Section 33, Township 1 South, Range 18 East N. M. P. M.; thence South 1 mile to the South East corner of said section 33, thence East 3 miles to the South East corner of Section 36, Township 1 South Range 18 East; thence South 6 miles to the South West corner of Section 31, Township 2 South Range 19 East; thence 6 miles East to the Lincoln County line; thence 18 miles North to the Lincoln County line; thence West 12 miles to the point of beginning.

This Precinct embraces all of Township 1 North, Range 18 East, Township 1 North, Range 19 East, New Mexico Principal Meridian, and all of Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 35, and 36, Township 1 South Range 18 East, and all of Townships 1 and 2 South Range 19 East, N. M. P. M.

The Boards of Registration shall meet at 9 a. m., and remain in session until 6 p. m., and so long thereafter as there are persons present seeking registration, pursuant to Chapter 41, paragraph 205 of the 1929 Statutes.

Board of County Commissioners of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

T. E. KELLEY, Chairman.

ATTEST: ERNEST KEY, Clerk.

Friendship

It helps us to bear with the trouble;
It helps us to stand in the strife;
It brightens the skies
For the sorrowing eyes,
And lightens the burden of life,

It makes the rose bloom in the desert
And brings down the dew on the sod;
And tempests they beat
But the pathway is sweet
With the roses and lilies of God.

No words of praise are too extravagant, no expressions of thanks are adequate to tell my friends how I appreciate their kindness and calls and the beautiful flowers. Friends have come from every point in the county; flowers have been sent from Capitan, Lincoln Roswell and many other places. One and all— I thank you

Mrs. Sarah C. Gray.

The new Democratic state chairman elected to succeed Mr. Swope is Mr. John E. Miles of Santa Fe.

Mr. T. A. Spencer has in charge the purchase of cattle for the drouth relief program. A number have been killed, but to date none have been shipped.

Lyric Theater

SATURDAY ONLY

Clyde Barrow and Bonnie Parker picture also a Good Western and Comedy.

SUNDAY—MONDAY—TUESDAY

"Man's Castle" featuring Spencer Tracy, Loretta Young, Arthur Hohl, Glenda Farrell, Walter Connally, Marjorie Rambeau and Dickie Moore. "Love me more today than yesterday and less today than tomorrow" says Trina. Also "Stable Mates" and "Sandman Tales" A Columbia Picture.

WEDNESDAY — THURSDAY

"Social Register" with Colleen Moore, Chas. Winninger, Alexander Kirkland, Paulene Fredrick and Margurite Livingston in a delightful musical comedy. Also "When do we eat" and "Stage Krazy" A Columbia Picture

DANCE
Community Hall
Friday July 20
Al Stovall's
dances are always full of pep

THE WHOLE COUNTRY HAS GONE "G3"

Tremendous welcome—huge sales—follow announcement of sensational new Goodyear tire—keeps us and factory on jump—Users say "43% more non-skid mileage" understates it.

MARVELOUS NEW "G-3" GOODYEAR ALL-WEATHER

Look What You Get—No Extra Cost: 43% More Miles of real non-skid safety . . . Flatter Wider Tread . . . More Center Traction (16% more non-skid blocks) . . . Heavier Tougher Tread (average of 2 lbs. more rubber) . . . Supertwist Cord Body (supports heavier tread safely)

We've never seen the equal of it—the way car owners have flocked in, looked, listened, bought new G-3's these last ten weeks—and it's the same everywhere we hear. What's more, people who got G-3's months before the public announcement, report it's better than claimed! They cite mileage records to prove they're getting better than the 43% more non-skid mileage averaged by Goodyear's test fleet. Buy no tires until you let us show you this wonderful new Goodyear All-Weather which gives so much more safety and service without costing you a cent extra!

Sure, we have Goodyears at ALL Prices! Because Goodyears are the largest selling tires, you get more for your money no matter what you pay.

City Garage
V. Rell, Prop. Carrizozo, N. M. Phone 36

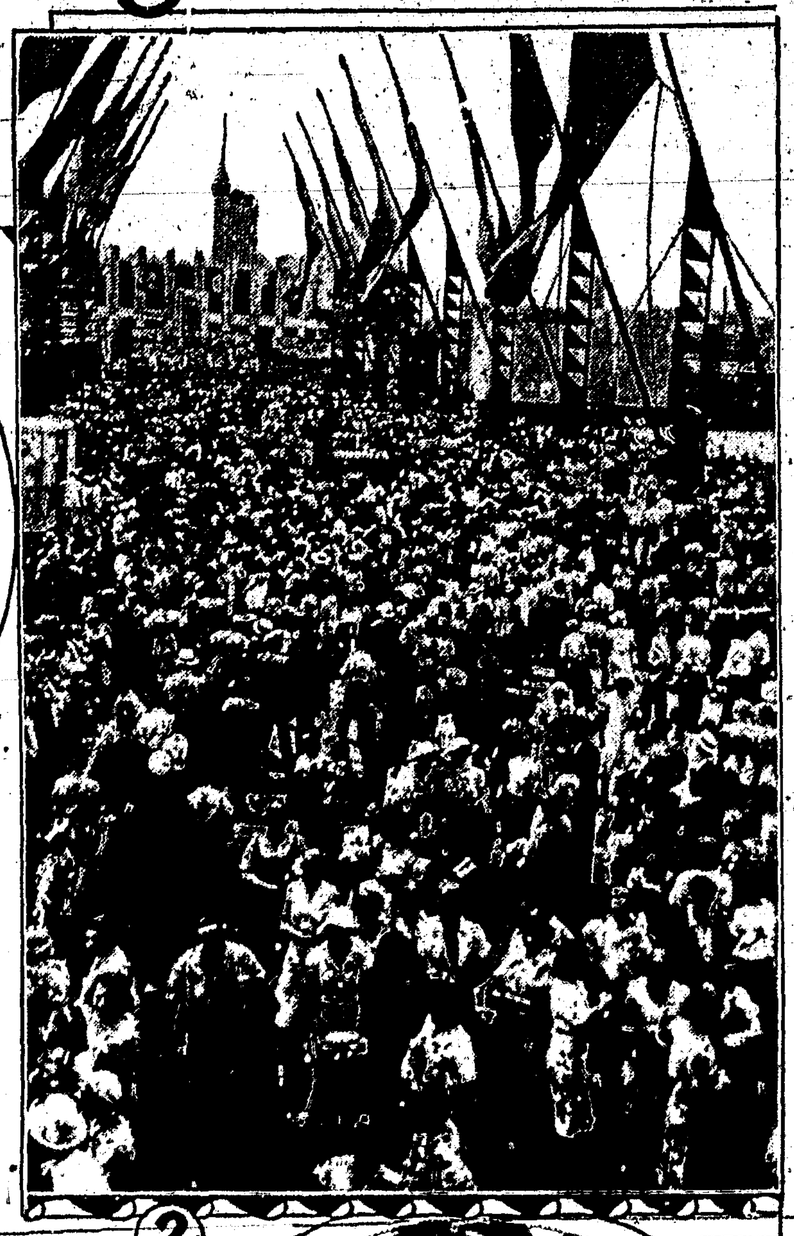
Money-Savers!
GOODYEAR TRUCK TIRES

GOODYEAR SPEEDWAY
Built with Supertwist Cord . . Center traction tough thick tread full oversize

4.40-21 $4.95
30x3½ $4.40
Other sizes in proportion expertly mounted on wheels
Prices subject to change without notice and to any State sales tax

Before You
Start on your summer vacation
See Us
We can recondition your car, promptly and efficiently.

When Young America Goes to the Fair



By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

THURSDAY of every week is Young America's day at the 1934 Century of Progress exposition in Chicago. For that is the day when boys and girls under the age of twelve are admitted to the grounds for a nickel and the concessionaires make a special price to the youngsters. And does Young America take advantage of the opportunity for seeing at this small cost the modern version of "the greatest show on earth"? He (and she) does indeed!

They come by the scores, by the hundreds, by the thousands. They pour through the various entrances and scatter to all parts of the exposition grounds, there to see all the wonders of modern science and industry and invention which is spread before them and to enjoy all the different forms of amusement indulged in when youth takes a holiday. This day the world is very much their oyster, and they know it.

If you happen to visit the fair on a Thursday and, in the midst of those juvenile crowds, find yourself saying, "I didn't know there were this many children in the world—where do they all come from?" ponder for a moment upon this statement: The sight you may be seeing is as nothing, compared to the sight which you would have seen at the fair if you had been there on Thursday, May 31, 1934. Aye, that was a day! The like of it has probably never been seen before and may never be seen again.

It was the first "children's day" of the 1934 fair. The Chicago schools had been closed for the occasion. To the youthful part of Chicago's three and a third millions were added several thousand more from the outlying Cook county towns, from other counties near by and even from points in Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan.

Over 500,000 boys and girls, over half a million pushing, shoving, wriggling, whooping, super-charged-with-energy units of young humanity descended upon the fair. They broke last year's one-day attendance record of 367,004 made on September 4, 1933. They broke all one-day attendance records of any fair anywhere, with the exception of the record of 761,942 on Chicago day at the World's Columbian exposition of 1893. That wasn't the only thing they broke—but that's another story!

Early on the morning of that historic May 31 they began streaming toward the fair grounds. Massed from rail to rail on the painted bridges, they moved forward slowly but unceasingly, toward the turnstiles. Half an hour before the time to open the gates they were packed tight about the seven entrances.

From outlying parts of the city came the news that street cars, "L" trains and busses were jammed beyond capacity with youngsters bound for the fair. Immediately orders were sent out summoning all exposition policemen off duty to report at once. Five hundred exposition employees were sworn in as special officers. Meanwhile every passing moment saw the crowds outside the gates growing denser and denser.

Up from the milling mob rose a strange variety of cries—"We —— want —— in! —— Let's go! —— Hey, stop your shovin'! —— Lay off, louse guys! —— Look out! Ya nearly jammed me in the eye with that lollipop! —— Hey, that ice cream bar is meltin' and drippin' all down my back! —— Oh, I've dropped the sack with my lunch in it! —— Stop pushin'! —— Quit your crowdin'! —— Stop it, I tell you!"

Bewildered gatemen tried in vain to hold them back. The turnstiles couldn't click fast enough to let them through. A hurry-up call was sent for 200 city policemen—then for 200 more. In the administration building telephones were ringing wildly, incessantly. From box offices came word of exhausted ticket supplies, of turnstiles out of commission and of guards trying vainly to maintain an orderly flow of eager youngsters through the gates. Then came the news that the crowds were becoming absolutely unmanageable. They were forcing their way through the service entrances through which supplies are brought into the grounds. They were beginning to scale the walls. They were dropping down inside by the hundreds and paralyzing the bus traffic which runs just inside the western walls.

Officials of the fair realized that something must be done quickly in order to avoid injury to the youngsters jammed outside the gates. "Let 'em all in free!" was the order flashed out. All gates, including the service entrances were thrown wide open. And then—the deluge!

Attempts to coin appropriate similes for the sight which followed failed. One observer said "like a swarm of hungry locusts." Another compared it to the stampede of a vast herd of Texas steers. "The surge came up and across the causeways in a spectacle seldom if ever seen before—certainly never seen before in an American city," declared one eye-witness.

Can you visualize a crowd of 500,000 people? Remember there are only 13 American cities which have more than a population of 500,000 and in the largest of these the density of population is less than 5,000 to the square mile, or 640 acres. Now, the Century of Progress grounds comprise less than 400 acres of available "walking space." Pour 500,000 people into that amount of space, and what do you get? A crowd, of course.

Yes, the fair was "crowded" on May 31. It would have been crowded even if the horde of youngsters had been evenly distributed about the grounds, which they weren't. They streamed down the Avenue of Flags in an endless procession of closely packed humanity to which only the milling crowds at Forty-second and Broadway in New York and State and Madison in Chicago are comparable. From the terraces of the Hall of Science as far as the eye could see these thousands of boys and girls were moving north and south so close together that the streets themselves seemed to be moving. So steady was the stream of young visitors across the bridges over the lagoon that solid lines of policemen were stretched across the approaches to prevent the weight of too many from endangering the structures.

Over on the Enchanted Island, the part of the fair most popular with Young America, the congestion became so great that it was necessary to establish and enforce a one-way traffic rule. The eager youngsters massed ten deep around some of the amusement centers and from 25 to 50 deep around others. Some of them spent most of their day standing in line, waiting for a chance to ride on the ferris wheel, or roller-coaster or slide down a synthetic mountain.

But if many of them were intent upon such pleasures, there were thousands of others who jammed the exhibit buildings until every aisle was packed solidly with a slow-moving throng. It was in some of these buildings that other things besides records were broken. In justice to Young America, however, it must be stated that officials in charge of the Hall of Science, one of the principal points of attraction, say that the crowd there was mainly an orderly one and more easily handled than an adult crowd of the same size.

But sightseeing wasn't their only activity. There was the matter of eating and drinking to be taken care of. Early in the day it was announced that 125,000 bottles of milk would be distributed free. It was, and it vanished like a light summer shower on the face of the Sahara desert. In the struggles around the booths where it was distributed some of the bottles were broken and this caused the only serious injuries of the day—a few minor cuts from the shattered bottles.

So the milk disappeared (as did hundreds of thousands of hot dog and hamburger sandwiches, thousands of gallons of ice cream and of soft drinks, and hurry-up calls for fresh supplies were sent out throughout the day) and there was left behind all over the grounds a trail of discarded milk bottles and pop bottles. A force of 200 extra workmen, called into service to gather up the abandoned glassware, the papers, the boxes and other trash, which was ankle deep in places, soon gave up hope of picking up all these things one at a time. So they brought shovels and scooped the debris into wheelbarrows. And they were scooping far, far into the night.

By the middle of the afternoon the surging crowds through the entrances had died down to a thin trickle. All over the grounds tired youngsters, heedless of "Keep Off the Grass" signs, were stretched out in every available spot of shade. The hot sun had wilted most of them and overcome some. These were rushed to the hospital maintained by the fair, given a bath and made to rest for awhile. Lifeguards in cahoes and motor boats were kept busy patrolling the lagoon to see to it that no venturesome youngster tumbled in, but they couldn't stop many of them from doffing shoes and stockings and splashing hot, tired feet in the cool water any more than guards on shore could stop others from jumping into pools and fountains in various stages of dress and undress.

Refreshed by such interludes they were off again to join the mob still milling everywhere through the grounds as individuals, in couples, in groups chaperoned by harassed teachers trying in vain to keep track of their charges. One teacher solved the problem by using lengths of string to tie 16 of them together, wrist to wrist. As she led the way through the grounds, they trailed along behind her like the tail of a kite—that is, until they attempted to spread out in the midst of the crowd. Then "tangle" is a mild word to describe the resulting situation.

She didn't lose any of her little flock, however, but there were plenty of "lost children" that day—1,400 of them to be exact, fourteen hundred who became separated from parents or teachers or companions. But thanks to a "clearing house" maintained by the Travelers' Aid society all of the lost were found eventually. Urged by the public address system to seek their stray charges at the society's headquarters, anxious parents and teachers stood in line for hours until policemen or Fair attendants pushed their way through the crowd with their weeping charges. Older children who knew where they lived were given carfare and sent home. Younger ones were comforted by the young women in charge of the "clearing house" and an harassed staff of overworked volunteer assistants.

By the time evening came and the thousands of twinkling lights which adorn the buildings of the fair were being reflected in the waters of the lagoon, an army of weary youngsters was trudging its way to the exit. By 9 o'clock the shrill clamor which had echoed throughout the buildings all day was dying down to a murmur. There were still thousands of children in the grounds but after the spectacle of the day the grounds seemed strangely deserted. By midnight all of them had gone—except for 65 unfortunate youngsters who were still "unclaimed" at the "clearing house." But by 1:30 in the morning the very last of these had been returned safely home. And policemen, Fair attendants, concessionaires, street car conductors, exposition officials (yes, and teachers and parents, too!) heaved the biggest sigh of relief in their lives. The record-breaking first "children's day" at the 1934 fair was over.

Above are pictures taken on May 31, which was the first "Children's day" at the 1934 Century of Progress exposition in Chicago, and which broke all attendance records for the Fair.

1. "What's your name, little girl, and where do you live?" A Travelers' Aid Society worker talking to one of the 1,400 children who were "lost" in the crowds.

2. This is how the Avenue of Flags looked during most of the day when 500,000 children invaded the Fair grounds.

3. Guards and other employees of the Fair formed human chains in an effort to restrain the children awaiting their turn to get in.

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Southwestern Briefs

De Baca county, New Mexico, lost $531.50 in a recent robbery of the county treasurer's office at Fort Sumner.

Buying of cattle by the agricultural adjustment administration has started in southern Arizona, according to Dr. George W. Barr, acting director in the state.

The government has allotted an additional $100,000 to Arizona for relief of farmers, Florence M. Warner, Arizona federal emergency relief administrator, has been advised.

An exhaustive statistical investigation is being made of the labor and unemployment condition in McKinley county upon instructions of the McKinley County Welfare Association.

Tax collections remitted to the state treasury for the month of May totaled approximately $108,000, which is below average collections. According to reports reaching the statehouse, June collections will be unusually heavy.

The Arizona highway patrol heads the list of states in excellent work during the past year, according to word received by Gov. B. B. Moeur from C. F. Cline, Los Angeles, special agent of the national automobile theft bureau.

Miss Emma Dutcher of Prescott, Ariz., was named chairman for 1934-35 of the west central region of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Club in joint convention at Yellowstone Park with the western region.

The Navajo Indian exhibit from New Mexico at the Century of Progress consists of a rug weaver, silversmith and a sand painter who left recently for Chicago in charge of Col. B. I. Staples of Coolidge, president of the Indian Traders' Association.

For the first time in many years, Gila county, Arizona, heads have been able to return money to the general fund. V. C. Murphy, clerk of the board of supervisors, said $7,400.95 has been returned to the general fund from the 1933-34 budget.

Threat of the Indians at Isleta to dam one of the big conservancy drainage ditches to obtain water for the parched crops on the west side of the Rio Grande was averted when conservancy officials agreed to permit the Indians to take water from the ditch.

Edward L. Sweeney, Phoenix, Ariz., consulting mining engineer, said recently that enactment of the initiative constitutional amendment to place a production tax on copper mined in the state will result in cessation of copper mining in Arizona and force other classes of property to bear a heavier tax burden.

Levy on cattle and horses for the 1934-35 fiscal year, beginning July 1, was cut to four mills from four and one-half mills by the New Mexico state cattle sanitary board. The board also elected M. A. Atkinson of Corona as president to succeed the late Tom P. Talle of Vermijo Park.

After strenuous work, farmers completed a big ditch across the Rio Grande just north of the old Albuquerque bridge, and had water from the east side conservancy drain flowing toward their parched crops. The 200 men, striving to beat drouth, performed an almost superhuman job in record time.

Drouth conditions in New Mexico counties are much worse than reports carried in newspapers, according to Homer Powers, state and regional FERA director. Powers recently made a checkup of conditions which resulted in addition of Torrance county to emergency relief designations by the federal government.

Gov. B. B. Moeur received a telegram from members of the Arizona congressional delegation saying early consideration of a joint application of Governor Moeur and Governor Hockenhull of New Mexico, for establishment of a federal erosion control project on the Gila river in Arizona and New Mexico has been promised.

Five unemployed Arizona teachers were named to take the workers' education teacher-training course at Occidental college, Los Angeles, in July under the joint auspices of the ERA and the state department of education.

Florence M. Warner, Arizona federal emergency relief administrator, has announced that the government has allotted an additional $100,000 to Arizona for relief of farmers, as distinguished from cattlemen.

The following hostesses have been named to serve one month each, without salary, at New Mexico's exhibit at the Century of Progress in Chicago: Mrs. Grace George of Tucumcari; Mrs. Manor D. McGee of Las Cruces; Miss Betty Hensley of Portales; Miss Virginia Woods of Artesia, and Miss Mary Pollard of Raton. Wilson Pollard of Raton was named as exhibit courier, also to serve without salary. Mrs. Hazelle Camp of Alamogordo was named secretary to the manager at the exhibit.

Arizona will receive $1,371,174 during the next three years for forest highway construction. This state's share for forest roads and trails in state apportionments will be about $120,000 each year of the three-year period, or a total of $360,000. Arizona will receive sufficient federal aid funds in the 1934-35 fiscal year to complete all but $900,000 of the improvements designated in the 1934-35 budget. The total amount expected to be received will approximate $7,000,000 if no changes are made in the rules of designating the federal funds.

Poultry

USE SURPLUS MILK TO GROW BROILERS

Weight Is Added Faster and Meat Is Better.

By R. E. Cray, Extension Specialist in Poultry Husbandry, Ohio State University.—WNU Service.

A use for some of the surplus milk on the farm is seen in the practice of milk-fattening broilers. This practice may lead to four possible gains.

Milk-fattened broilers add weight faster than do cockerels on range. Their meat is of better quality, and in some markets the broilers will command a better price because of it. By hastening the maturity of the cockerels for broilers the poultryman can separate them from the pullets sooner, which will result in better laying stock.

Fattening cockerels in feeding batteries leads to best results, and very fine results may be secured by pen-fattening if the pens are darkened between feedings so that the birds exercise less than they do normally.

A good fattening ration may be made of three pounds of yellow corn meal and one pound of wheat flour middlings, mixed with liquid milk to the consistency of a batter that pours readily from a bucket.

If liquid milk is not available, semi-solid buttermilk may be used in place of the skimmilk at the rate of 1½ pounds to each gallon of water.

Very little feed should be given the birds the first day a fattening ration is put before them. Let the birds get hungry. Give them as much feed as they can clean up in five minutes the morning of the second day, and in the evening, as much as they will eat in ten minutes.

Not until the third day should the chickens be given full feedings as much as they will eat in 10 to 15 minutes morning, noon, and night. Nothing to drink should be given the chickens. As much liquid as they need is contained in the wet mash.

Early Care of Goslings Cited by an Authority

Goslings do not need feed until they are from thirty-six to forty-eight hours old, when they should be fed stale bread soaked in milk, or a mash made of four parts corn meal and one part middlings, says an authority in the Missouri Farmer. Green grass should make up most of their feed and only a limited amount of grain should be fed. Plenty of fresh, clean drinking water should be supplied. After two weeks, if the goslings have plenty of grass, they will not need any other feed. In case extra feed is needed a suitable mash can be made of two parts shorts, one part of corn meal or ground oats. After six weeks old, if extra feed is still needed, the mash should be changed to equal parts shorts, corn meal, and ground oats with 5 per cent meat scrap. Where pasture is good, most goslings are raised from the time they are two or three weeks old to fattening time without additional feed. Whole grain should not be fed until the goslings are well feathered. Because of a limited demand, it is doubtful if geese can be profitably raised except where they have good range.

Cutting Range Costs

Next to the feed cost, the greatest expense in brooding and rearing of chicks is in labor. Any poultryman, observes a writer in the Country Gentleman, whose range is not already so equipped can well consider installing certain practical labor-saving devices. A lot of time can be wasted carrying water in pails, so any range on which a considerable number of chicks is reared should be piped for water. Three-quarter-inch pipe for leaders one-half-inch pipe for laterals, with an automatic, self-feeding shut-off near each colony house, will more than pay for the complete cost before the season is half over. To keep the water cool, the pipe should be laid in a furrow which has been plowed up and laid back over the pipe. Once a day the pans can be rinsed with a large bottle brush, which is all the labor required in the watering operation. In the fall the pipes can be taken up and stored till spring comes again.

No Cure for Stunted Chicks

Start a chick in the way he should go—and you will reap the reward, says Miss Cora Cooke, extension specialist in poultry, University farm, St. Paul. Flocks in which some chicks lag behind the rest, carry evidence that something is wrong. Some chicks, unfortunately, are "born runts." There is nothing to do but put them out of their misery. Some of these runts could have been avoided, however, if the parent stock had been selected with care—selected for health, vigor.

Production of Geese

According to the 1930 census, Missouri ranks fourth in the production of geese, says a writer in Missouri Farmer. Geese production in the United States has, since 1910, passed completely from the South Central to the North Central states. This shift is attributed to the fact that geese were formerly produced in the South mainly for the feathers, and that as the demand for feather declined in that section the production of geese was abandoned.

News Review of Current Events the World Over

President Cleans Desk for Hawaii Cruise—Drouth Relief Funds Allocated for Middle West—Federal Reward for Dillinger's Arrest.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

© by Western Newspaper Union.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, back from his brief trip to New Haven, New London and his home in Hyde Park, put in a busy week clearing up his desk for his departure on the long planned cruise through the Panama canal to the West coast and Hawaii. All those who have had occasion during the last generation to call at the White House are glad to learn that Rudolph Forster was selected by the President to make the voyage with him. Since the days of McKinley this able and courteous gentleman, now executive clerk in charge of the White House executive offices, has been on duty and never before has he accompanied any President on a trip. Now Mr. Forster is going to have a real vacation, and Secretaries Howe, McIntyre and Earle will remain behind to take care of the White House. There will be no other civil officials aboard the cruiser Houston.

Rudolph Forster

On the way down to the canal Mr. Roosevelt will visit Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. From Panama City he will go to the Hawaiian Islands, first making a brief stop in Colombia. Returning to the Pacific coast early in August Mr. Roosevelt will travel overland by rail, and there is a possibility he will make some speeches, probably in Minneapolis and Green Bay, Wis., where the tercentenary of the Badger state will be celebrated.

IMMEDIATE relief for the drouth stricken areas in the Middle West was decreed by the President in an executive order which allocated $50,250,000 for direct aid. The remainder of the first distribution of federal relief for the drouth area included $43,750,000 for purchase of seed, food and live stock; $25,000,000 for seed and feed loans, $12,500,000 for purchase of lands in the drouth regions, and $12,500,000 for establishment of civilian conservation camps in the stricken region.

FINAL settlement of the questions in dispute between the steel masters and their workers is expected and the threatened strike probably will be averted. The President, invoking his new emergency powers, named a three-man board to arbitrate the industry's troubles, and both sides indicated they would accept its decisions. The members of the board are Admiral Henry A. Wiley, James Mullenbach of Chicago and Judge Walter Stacy of the North Carolina Supreme court. The two latter have had long experience as labor mediators. Under the emergency law this group can order and police elections in all steel plants to determine which union shall represent the men in collective bargaining. The board can also hand down decisions on all complaints brought by either workers or employers.

President Roosevelt ordered the board to report to him from time to time through Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins.

IT MAY be necessary to resort to the emergency labor legislation to put an end to the street car strike in Milwaukee. A minority of the company's employees went out and by violence forced the suspension of service. The mobs fought the police and attacked the company's electric plant and its cars.

The American Federation of Labor unions are trying to compel the company to recognize their representatives in dealing with employees instead of the company union with which it has had a labor contract for 16 years.

Rev. Francis J. Haas, formerly of Milwaukee and now chief conciliator for the national labor board, was sent to the Wisconsin city with full authority to act. Mayor Hoan, a Socialist, held the company responsible for the strike and ensuing riots.

FEDERAL JUDGE J. P. BARNES of Chicago gave one phase of the New Deal a rap by granting an injunction restraining the government from enforcing the provisions of the AAA milk licensing agreement against the independent milk dealers in the Chicago area. In effect, the judge ruled that the government, through the AAA, has usurped powers which under the Constitution it had no authority to assume.

The AAA officials in Washington declared they would seek to have Judge Barnes' ruling set aside. Jerome Frank, general counsel for the AAA, admitted that if the decision were upheld by higher courts, the fifty marketing agreements now in force under the farm act and hundreds of the codes under the NRA would be without constitutional sanction.

HARRIMAN hosiery mills, the concern that was deprived of its Blue Eagle last April, has been forced to close down, and its 653 workers are out of jobs. The little city of Harriman, in Tennessee, depended largely on the mills and the company had the support of practically all the people there in its dispute with the NRA. The officials of the company sent to Administrator Johnson—and to President Roosevelt—a vigorous protest, asserting the concern had been unjustly and unfairly deprived of its property rights in the Blue Eagle.

"We would like to know," said the letter, "if the Blue Eagle is the property of the law-abiding citizens of the United States or if it is a plaything to be held over the heads of honorable and decent employers as a cudgel to browbeat and bulldoze them into surrendering their constitutional rights for the benefit of outside agitators whose only purpose is to exploit labor for their own personal gain."

General Johnson's reply was in effect that the company could stay closed forever if it wished to, but it must comply with the NRA regulations to get back its Blue Eagle.

The dispute started last October, when about 300 employees went on strike with the claim that the company would not reinstate twenty-three workers who had joined the United Workers' Textile union.

Fred Held, vice president of the American Federation of Hosiery Workers, went to Harriman after the mills closed, but was taken from the train by a band of armed men, taken some distance in an automobile and released on promise not to return.

POSTMASTER GENERAL FARLEY and Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau came forward with an announcement of their plans for the spending of $110,000,000 in the construction of new post offices and federal buildings.

In all, 626 communities in every state and four territories have been selected for new federal buildings, according to the announcement. Half of the program—302 buildings—will be undertaken with $63,000,000 authorized for that purpose in the recently enacted deficiency-emergency appropriation bill. It was explained that 324 buildings will be constructed with "funds already available from other sources."

UNCLE SAM is determined to get John Dillinger, the country's most notorious desperado. A few days ago Attorney General Cummings offered a reward of $10,000 for the capture of the murderer and bank robber, and half as much for information leading to his arrest. At the same time the attorney general offered $5,000 for the capture of Lester M. Gillis, alias "Baby Face" Nelson, Dillinger's right-hand man. Information leading to Gillis' capture will be rewarded with $2,500.

John Dillinger

This action was followed up by consideration of plans for co-ordinating federal, state, and local efforts to catch Dillinger. It was understood that plans using the army and National Guard in the offensive were under discussion.

The federal charge against Dillinger is transporting a stolen automobile across the state line. Nelson is wanted in connection with the murder of W. Carter Baum, Department of Justice agent, near Rhinelander, Wis., April 23.

In addition to the federal prize, the person who can catch Dillinger will receive $1,000 reward from each of five states—Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio and Minnesota.

SITTING in his White House study, President Roosevelt talked over the radio directly to millions of his fellow countrymen, seeking to reassure those who have been alarmed by the frequent allegations that the New Deal is becoming radical. He rebuked his critics as "doubting Thomases," "prophets of calamity" and "theoretical diehards," and by implication defended the brain trust. He highly praised the departing congress for its work in the lines of relief for the distressed, recovery and "reform and reconstruction."

Mr. Roosevelt told his listeners the simplest way they could judge recovery was to consider their own situations.

"Are you better off than you were last year?" he asked. "Are your debts less burdensome? Is your bank account more secure? Are your working conditions better? Is your faith in your own individual future more firmly grounded?"

SOMETHING like a hundred thousand Americans and Canadians gathered in Detroit for the good will celebration which was held on the Ambassador bridge under the auspices of the American Legion and the Canadian Legion. The bridge, which links Canada and the United States across the Detroit river, was turned into a huge playground and customs and immigration barriers were lifted for the day.

GIVING up hope for a disarmament pact at Geneva, the British government has under way extensive plans for strengthening its air force for defense of the country. This was announced to parliament by Lord Londonderry, secretary for air. He turned down a suggestion for an imperial air force for the defense of the empire, but said there would be close co-operation with the air forces of the dominions.

IN A note to Secretary of State Hull, the British government rejects his suggestion that the war debt might be paid in kind, holding that such a procedure would be impractical and dangerous to Anglo-American trade. The British expressed a wish for settlement of the debts problem "whenever it may appear that the present abnormal conditions have so far passed as to offer favorable prospects for a settlement."

NAZI storm troops in Germany have demanded that the Stahlhelm, or Steel Helmets, composed of war veterans, be banned by the Hitler government. But the leaders of the organization reply that it shall not be suppressed or absorbed in the storm troops. The existence of the Stahlhelm, they assert, is guaranteed by President Von Hindenburg, Chancellor Hitler, and other Nazi chiefs.

ON THE twentieth anniversary of the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand at Sarajevo, the event that precipitated the World war, there were bombing outrages throughout Austria directed against the Dollfuss government and possibly instigated by the Nazis. Certainly the disorders were political in nature. Power plants, railway lines, and one newspaper office were blown up.

WITH congress adjourned and the President preparing for his Hawaii cruise, Miss Margaret Le Hand, confidential secretary to Mr. Roosevelt, decided to take a vacation, so she sailed for Europe. Now comes from Paris the positive statement that Miss Le Hand is to be married to William C. Bullitt, American ambassador to Russia, and that she was making the final arrangements in the French capital. The young lady would say nothing in confirmation or denial except to declare that she was not going to Russia, but the correspondents were sure the plans were well advanced for what it had been hoped would be a secret wedding. It was understood that Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., a close friend of the President, would act as best man for Mr. Bullitt. Mr. Vanderbilt is in the Riviera, and Miss Le Hand also was booked to go there before returning to America late in July.

Margaret Le Hand

Ambassador Bullitt is a widower and has a young daughter who is now with him in Moscow.

INFORMATION was given the house committee investigating War department expenditures that prices quoted the government on automobiles have jumped since the issuance of the executive order excluding Henry Ford from bidding until he certifies compliance with the NRA. Representative Kvale of Minnesota said he had evidence to back up this charge, and that the situation has cost the government thousands of dollars already.

"For Henry Ford to submit a certificate of compliance," Mr. Kvale said, "would mean he would have to secure 5,000 certificates of compliance from those who furnish parts and products for his cars. That is obviously impossible."

The committee called on War department officials to reply to this accusation.

HERE is more woe for President Mendieta of Cuba. The A. B. C. society, strongest of the secret political associations in the island, has announced that it would no longer support the Mendieta government. The reason given was "the lack of firmness displayed by the government in dealing with terrorists, especially with men responsible for the assault on the A. B. C. parade June 17."

The A. B. C. manifesto said the society would continue to work for the good of Cuba against terrorism and other forms of "gangsterism" which "are directly traceable to the influence of Moscow gold."

A crisis in the cabinet resulted and several members, who belong to the A. B. C., offered their resignations, as did 000 employees of the treasury department.

A committee of conciliation was at work on the government's troubles and it was reported that it might suggest a parliamentary form of government headed by a prime minister. The A. B. C. leaders would agree to this if the premier were chosen from their ranks.

BILATERAL conversations on naval strength, being conducted in London by the United States, Great Britain and Japan preparatory to the coming conference, did not appear to be getting anywhere. The British submitted a plan whereby the United States should sink its battleship fleet and Britain should be permitted to build a large number of small cruisers, airplane carriers and airplanes, and they, the proposers, were frightened by their own temerity. Meanwhile the Japanese delegate told the American representative that his government was increasingly suspicious of an understanding between Britain and America that would work to the detriment of Japan.

GREEN NEEDLES

By Mae Foster Jay

Copyright, by W. A. Wilde Co.
WNU Service

SYNOPSIS

Mary, daughter of a millionaire, has the idea that her personality is obscured by the fact that she is the child of the "rich David Brown," and determines to make her way in life unaided. She has a million dollars, which she insists her father invest in the "wildest dream" imaginable, and about which she must know nothing. She is a graduate engineer. As "M. Brown" Mary secures a position as engineer with the Paradise Valley Project, a development concern. She is engaged by letter. On the train, on her way to her job, she meets Denis Craig, who immediately antagonizes her. Alighting from the train, Mary is left at a way station, practically penniless. Craig, coming to her assistance, is also left behind. He befriends her, despite her coldness toward him, enabling her to continue her journey. Arriving at the Project, she is accused by John Stark, chief engineer, of deception in concealing her sex, and again meets Craig, who is the promoter of the project.

CHAPTER III—Continued

—5—

"Beautiful!" Mary cried.

"What's beauty?" demanded her companion. "No money in it!"

Another person, whose god was money!

"You must 'a' been readin' the kingpin's blarney! Here," as they turned off the road into a private drive, "is the old James ranch house. The offices," contemptuously, "of the Paradise Valley Project. Where," facing her belligerently, "are you calculatin' on livin', young lady?"

He sounded like a crabbed old bachelor. Mary asked, curiously, "Have you a family, Mr. Johnson?"

"My wife's dead!" shortly. "You haven't told me where you figure you can live."

"Where do the engineers live?"

"Single ones live in camps on the ranch. You can't live there, the only girl. Married ones lives in Foggy Gulch, since the kingpin won't have no woman in his paradise."

"Then I shall live in Foggy Gulch."

"How would you get back and forth?"

"How do the others get back and forth?"

"Have cars."

Mary hadn't thought of this. She didn't intend to think of it now. That was a mere detail to be taken up later. Now, just before her, lay a crucial moment. She flung up her head, straightened her shoulders to bolster up her courage, and stepped from the car.

"Wait, please, Mr. Johnson."

"Mebbe I will. Mebbe not. If I do, I'll charge you plenty."

With this comforting assurance, Mary left her bristling taxi man parked under a live oak, and went across the veranda of the veteran ranch house.

She paused in the hallway and looked about her. Over their drawings or blue-prints or estimates leaned khaki-clad, puttee engineers. One of them came quickly forward.

"Something I can do for you?"

"May I see Mr. Stark?"

"This way."

Mary ran the gamut of curious eyes through two rooms toward a smaller one at the rear. She didn't mind the curiosity. These boys would get used to a girl in the profession just as her classmates had done. But she walked among them threatened to be overcome with inner disturbance. It had seemed such a trivial thing at home—the bit of information about this job she had withheld from her father. Trivial, across the continent and as something to be faced in the future. It did not seem trivial now. It loomed, even though her father had assured her John Stark was the right sort.

Her guide tapped at the door which bore the sign in important letters: John Stark. Chief Engineer.

"Come!" came the command so sharp and brusque as to make Mary jump.

She entered.

A large rugged man with gray hair, ominous gray brows and a bristling stub of mustache sprang to his feet in a soldierly fashion and regarded her with his piercing eyes.

Mary produced his letter and handed it to him silently. The chief glanced it through and looked at her with inquiry. "What," his unspoken question, "have you to do with this letter I wrote to one M. Brown?"

"I," said Mary unfalteringly, "am M. Brown. I have reported for work, according to orders."

"Work! A girl! A girl-engineer? A—girl—on this man's job?" He laughed at the sheer monstrosity. It was in the days before girls generally had discovered that they can do other things than teach school and pound typewriters.

"As I told you in my application, I am a graduate of a technical school."

"And you thought you'd get yourself a man's job by signing merely your initial?"

"An engineering job," Mary corrected.

"Deliberately you deceived me? What good did you think it could possibly do you?"

"Just what it did. It got me a job. I'd tried in vain for one, divulging that I was a girl. I was just an interesting anomaly. So I tried this scheme. It worked. You hired me, you know, Mr. Stark."

"All right," he answered crisply. "Have it so, if you will. But remember this. I can hire, and I can fire. And—you're dismissed, M. Brown."

Mary paled. She shifted. She hadn't—oh, she hadn't expected this! Hadn't thought he really would do—this! Her eyes roamed the room desperately. She wasn't used to cutting inconsideration! She was used—

A little smile came to her lips. Why, she could make this towering man right-about-face in a second! All she needed to do was to tell him that she was the daughter of his old friend, David Brown. That annihilated all defenses, always. She opened her lips— And closed them, suddenly, fearfully. Just in time she remembered that she no longer was using that sesame. The fire came back to her eyes.

"You wouldn't do that, Mr. Stark! You couldn't be so unfair as to dismiss me without notice? I—have to have a job! I need the money. You can—give me a trial. Why condemn me without a hearing? Maybe I really do know my stuff."

"You must know, too, that this," sternly, "is no place for a girl."

"I've worked with male engineers all through school."

"School! Mere child's play. This is a job." He laughed. "I suppose you figure on some soft berth in the office. Well, my pink ears have to be ready to go into the field whenever they're sent."

"My specialty," said Mary quietly, "is design. But I don't mind going into the field. I can do anything a man can do. I'm big. Strong. My health is perfect."

He motioned her to desist. "That is beside the point, Miss Brown. You don't understand. It's against my precedent to have a girl on the job. My word! The complications a girl could introduce! We have plenty of grief without the upsetting influence of the fair sex.

"The promoter of this estate," he now thought to argue, "won't so much as let an engineer's wife live on the job, until the travail chaos is over. What do you think he'd say to you?"

"Tell him," placidly, "that I'm here, not in the capacity of an engineer's wife, but of an engineer."

"Suppose," with a triumphant narrowing of his eyes at her, "you tell him that. He's coming down the path now."

An outside door opened. Mary turned toward it; gasped.

Denis Craig had halted in surprise upon the threshold.

CHAPTER IV

"I Can Do Anything a Man Can Do!"

Craig came forward as he credited what his eyes told him, hand outstretched, his face flooded with his charming smile.

Mary Brown's head was in a whirl. Denis Craig—the promotor of this project? Denis Craig—who (Hank Johnson's expression rang in her ears) who was raking in the dough from suckers?

"How interesting," she managed, "to discover that this is your real estate game!"

Craig threw back his head and laughed, ignoring the little edge of sarcasm on her voice. "I'd have told you all about it if you would have let me, you know. But what," eagerly, "do you think of the project? Isn't it all its name claims for it?"

"I've seen only a little corner of it—"

"But you will see more of it?"

"I hope so. Mr. Stark and I were just discussing that possibility."

Silently John Stark handed young Craig the letter. Craig glanced it through quickly, noticed the non-committal initial in the heading, and looked up at Mary. "M. Brown." He whistled; grinned. "So—you're an engineer. A girl engineer who, I take it, concealed her sex in order to land her job. A stowaway route of sorts to her destination."

"Mr. Stark," Mary said calmly, "had just suggested that I ask you what you thought of a girl on the job. I understand that women are not allowed in your paradise."

"I'll welcome them with open arms," he assured her, "in due course. For the present, I've had to rule them out. You'll understand. We can't be bothered with settlers while the project is nothing but virgin wilderness. We couldn't take care of them decently. I've even asked the engineers not to bring their wives yet. We men can get along roughing it in camps.

"But—so far as hiring a girl as one of the engineers, there's no reason why Mr. Stark should consult me. He's ruler of his own domain."

Mary's eyes went from one to the other of them. "Passing the buck," she told herself uncomfortably.

The soldierly John Stark walked to the end of the room, then whirled suddenly to demand: "Young lady, you told me you needed the money! How true is that? How much money have you?"

"I have—minus three hundred dollars," she answered defiantly.

Denis Craig came to her rescue.

"I happened to be present at the unfortunate moment when Miss Brown lost her purse on the way out, Mr. Stark."

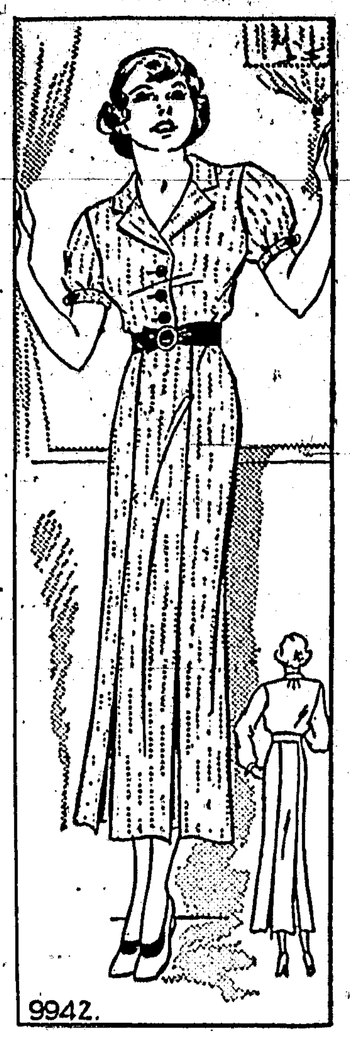
"It contained all I had," Mary explained. "I had to wire for a loan. That's why I'm in debt."

John Stark threw out his hands in desperation. "I can't turn you out, of course, in such straitened circumstances. Jobs are scarce. We've plenty of work here. Still—if you were a man—"

TO BE CONTINUED.

SHIRTWAIST DRESS HAS SMARTNESS AND HIGH VERSATILITY

PATTERN 9942



9942.

"My life really isn't complete without a shirtwaist dress!" says the gay girl who goes places and does interesting things. And that's really true of almost everybody. This type of frock is smartly appropriate for sports, office and street wear. It's comfortable, with its box plaits in the front and back of the skirt, and its short-sleeved well tailored blouse. Smart in pin striped or checked cottons, silks and linens, or in a plain fabric. Long sleeves are included.

Pattern 9942 may be ordered only in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Size 16 requires 3⅝ yards 39-inch fabric.

Complete, diagrammed sew chart included.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Be sure to write plainly your NAME, ADDRESS, the STYLE NUMBER and SIZE.

Send your order to Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 232 West Eighteenth Street, New York, N. Y.

Smiles

FOLLOWS ORDERS

"Why does your lazy son lie in the hammock all day eating apples?"

"Well, one doctor told him to eat an apple every hour, and another told him to rest an hour after eating."

Not in Dictionary, but—

"You know," said Mr. M—— to his wife, "I really do not like that young R—— Mary has around here. He is always prophesying evil and misfortune. I never knew such a pessimist."

That afternoon Mary's small brother, who had overheard the remark, said to her:

"You can't marry Mr. R——, Sis. Father says that he is always pessifying."

Weather "Sharp"

Judge (in traffic court)—I'll let you off with a fine this time, but another day I'll send you to jail.

Driver—Sort of a weather forecast, eh judge.

Judge—What do you mean?

Driver—Fine today, cooler tomorrow."

QUALITY GUM

Lincoln County News

Published Every Friday

Entered as second-class matter July 26, 1929, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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MEMBER, National Editorial Association, 1933

NEW MEXICO NEWSPAPER ASSOCIATION

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1934

Mrs. Era B. Smith, Editor and Publisher

Sidelites

By Will Robinson

(From the Tucumcari American)

The little town of Carrizozo has attracted a good deal of attention by its pluck in meeting a situation in which the cards seemed stacked against it.

Carrizozo is one of the most peculiarly laid out towns in the state The soil is all sand. When it is dry it is passable at all times. When there is a real rain, there is no bottom to it. In an hour after a heavy rain the streets furnish the supply for the goshdarnedest dust storms imaginable.

There never was such a disirable location for the use of asphaltic oil.

The government is spending around $35,000 for the construction of a viaduct over the Southern Pacific railroad at the north end of town that is just about as much needed as the monument to jassackery at Alamogordo.

The town tried to get that money used to oil the streets of town and serve a real need, but got exactly nowhere. After which it used its head, got all of the relief work possible to prepare the ground, and started to oil the streets itself. The Business Men's Club, which takes the place of the ordinary service units there, led the way by asking for the imposition of a one-cent gasoline tax to pay for the job. It hit a popular chord. If there were anybody opposed to it, they would be lynched. The city council passed the necessary ordinance and the work will start pronto.

That is a case of getting results instead of faunching and cussing the government. A good part of the expense will be borne by the traveling public who won't notice the added penny. The town gets not only the improved streets but the viaduct, which may be useful some day.

The Carrizozo brand of common sense is positive.

(Editors Note. While we do not agree with Mr. Robinson entirely about this being the sandiest place in the world, we clip the article because it contains complimentary mention of our enterprising business men.)

040742

Notice for Publication

Department of The Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N. M., June 20, 1934.

Notice is hereby given that George Davalos, of White Oaks, N. Mex., who, on October 8, 1929, made forest homestead entry List 3 2450, No. 040742, for NW¼, Section 11, Township 6 S., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, a Notary Public, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 3 day of August, 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Frank Mankins,
Matias Sedillos,
Dolores Lucero,
Relies Maraje, all of White Oaks, N. Mex. Reventon Rt.

Paul A. Roach,
Register.

June 29—J'ly 27.

Village Report

Minutes of special call meeting held at City Hall, June 22, 1934 at 7:30 P. M.

Present: F. H. Johnson, Mayor; Members, F. E. Richard, Shirley Phipps, Juan Martinez; Morgan Lovelace, clerk.

Absent: C. E. Smith.

Application and bond of James E. Compton for a Special and Dispenser license for the sale of all kinds of alcoholic liquors was discussed and on motion of Shirley Phipps seconded by F. E. Richard that said application and bond be accepted, subject to approval by the State Liquor Board of Control. Motion carried.

The application of A. J. Rolland for a dispenser license was tabled pending arrival of Surety Bond.

A motion was made by F. E. Richard seconded by Shirley Phipps that Rule No. 1 in Book of Rules and Regulation be amended to read as follows: That the regular meetings of the Board of Trustees shall be held on the First Tuesday of each month at 7:30 P. M. Motion carried.

Motion by F. E. Richard seconded by Shirley Phipps that Rule No. 12 in the Book of Rules and Regulations be amended to read as follows: That Ordinances may be introduced and passed at special call meetings, and that each member shall be notified in writing of the purpose of said meeting. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned to meet on call by the Mayor on June 23, 1934 at 7:30 P. M.

Meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Carrizozo held at City Hall June 27, 1934, at 8:00 P. M.

Present: F. H. Johnson Mayor; Members F. E Richard, Shirley Phipps, Juan Martinez, Morgan Lovelace, Clerk.

Absent- C. E. Smith.

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss an Ordinance levying an excise tax of 1c a gallon on gasoline sold within the limits of the Village of Carrizozo.

After some discussion a motion was made by Shirley Phipps seconded by Juan Martinez that Ordinance No. 38, an Ordinance levying an excise tax of 1c per gallon on gasoline sold within the limits of the Village of Carrizozo, be enacted to take effect July 1st, 1934 Motion carried. F. E. Richard voting against.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

Minutes of the regular meeting held at City Hall July 3rd, 1934. Present: Dr. F. H. Johnson, Mayor; Members: Shirley Phipps, Morgan Lovelace, Clerk Absent: F. E. Richard, Juan Martinez, C. E. Smith. There being no quorum present the meeting adjourned to meet Thursday July 5th, 1934.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid.

Cash vr. 1000 1c. envelopes 13 40; Standard Sanitary Mfg., 12 3 4 Arco Copper Unions 1.24; K. D. McCrary, Meter deposit refund 2.50; State Tax Commission, Application for license $1.; Roswell Typewriter Co., Typewriter for office, 45.00; Art Concrete Works, 6 meter boxes 1 50, 9.00; Roy Richard, Frt. and Drayage on boxes, 8.88 & 50c 9.38; Sam Farmer, Marshal's Salary for June, 100.00; John W. Harkey & Son, Water Supt., salary for June 17.50; J. M. Beck, Fire Chief salary for June, 5.00; Morgan Lovelace, clerk, salary for June, 60.00; State Tax Commission, 2 per cent on gross water sales, 12.73; El Paso-Arizona, Freight on copper pipe, 4.11; J. W. Harkey & Son, repairs on water lines, 45.93; Leo Weaver, meter deposit refund 2.50; Carrizozo Outlook, printing and publishing, 27.26; Carrizozo Bat. & Elec., Material for street lamps, 64 79; Carrizozo Auto Co., labor on light poles, 15 00; Bob Whittus, City S. S., gas for fire truck, 60c; Roy Richard, freight on meter, 2 91, dray 26c, 3 16; Carrizozo Hdws. Co., material for street work, 2 50; N. M. L. & P. Co, street lights, 33 96; N. M. L & P Co., street lights, 2 40; Rolland's Drug Store, miscel. & light bulbs, 8.29 Badger Meter Co., one 1½ meter, 40; Total $527 35.

Minutes of meeting held at City Hall, Thursday July 5th, 1934. Present: Dr. F. H. Johnson, Mayor; members: F. E. Richard, Shirley Phipps, Juan Martinez, Morgan Lovelace, clerk. Absent; C. E. Smith.

After some discussion in regard to liquor Ordinanc No. 36, a motion by Juan Martinez seconded by F. E. Richard that part of Section 9, Ordinance No. 36, be amended to read as follows: That liquor license be issued to expire June 30th, each year. Motion carried.

A motion by Shirley Phipps seconded by F. E. Richard that part of Section 6, Ordinance No. 36 be amended to read as follows:

For all kinds of alcoholic liquors,	100 00	per annum
For beer only	50.00	" "
For wine only	50.00	" "
For beer and wine only	75 00	" "

Motion carried.

After auditing June bills a motion by Juan Martinez seconded by F. E. Richard that said bills be approved and ordered paid. Motion carried.

There being no further business the board adjourned.

F. H. Johnson,
Mayor.

Attest: Morgan Lovelace,
Clerk.

045052

Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, N. Mex., June 28, 1934.

NOTICE is hereby given that Simpson I. Pearson, of Carthage, N. Mex., who, on June 6, 1932, made homestead entry, No. 045-052, for NW¼, NE¼ SW¼, Section 33, Township 4 S., Range 6 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, Notary Public, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 10 day of August, 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ernest L. Dean, of Carrizozo, N. Mex.,
Pearl M. Pearson, Carthage, N. Mex.,
Alline B. Dean, of Carrizozo, N. Mex.,
Sam Bingham, of Carthage, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach,
Register.

J 5—Ag. 3.

042106

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, June 20, 1934.

Notice is hereby given that Robert H. Ashby, of Ancho, N. Mex., who, on July 15, 1930, made homestead entry, No. 042106, for S½ SE¼ Sec. 9, SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 10, T. 8 S., R. 10 E., NW¼, S½, SW¼ NE¼, Section 29, Township 5 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J, Sager, Notary Public, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 4 day of August, 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses:

B. F. Ham,
William W. Gallacher, both of Carrizozo, N. Mex.,
John Ellison,
Fred Sweet, both of Ancho, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach,
J29 —Jy. 27. Register.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior

043887–045674

U. S. Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, July 6, 1934.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lonie D. Gentry, widow of Younger D. Gentry, deceased, of Hope, Arkansas, who on May 28, 1931, made original homestead entry No. 043887, and who, on April 6, 1932, made additional homestead entry, No. 645674, for N½ NW¼ Sec. 14, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S½ N½ Sec. 1, and NE¼ SW¼, N½ SE¼ Sec. 9, N½ SW¼, NW¼ SE¼, Section 10, Township 5 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dale Jones, Clerk of Hempstead Circuit Court at Washington, Ark., and that the testimony of my witnesses be taken before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner at Capitan, N. Mex., on the 17 day of August, 1934.

Claimant names as witnesses:

S. V. Harcrow,
Alvin Harcrow, both of Roswell, N. Mex.
Vernon Payne,
W. B. Payne, both of Capitan, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach,
Register.

July 13—A 10.

State of New Mexico
County of Lincoln } SS.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

In The Matter of The Last Will and Testament of Edward Hepprech, sometimes known as, and called, Erdman Hepprech, deceased. | No. 271

Notice of Appointment of Executor

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was, on July 5th, 1934, appointed executor of the last Will and Testament of Edward Hepprech, sometimes known as, and called, Erdman Hepprech, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same with the undersigned in the manner and within the time required by law.

R. S. Fagan, Executor,
Fort Stanton, New Mexico.

July 13—A 3.

"Can You Come Over Today?"

A MAN's at work all day, seeing people and exchanging news. But a woman at home is often alone. She needs a telephone to keep in touch with friends, to bring her news, to break the day's monotony. A telephone also helps her shop and run countless errands.

Any employee will take your order or call our office

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.

ATTENTION!

Beginning July 1st the Lyric Theatre will give a prize of $5.00 each Thursday night (on a 35c ticket) and if the party whose name and number is called is not in the house the ticket will be put back in the box and you will get another chance at $10.00 the next Thursday night, and so on up to $50.00. Good only on 35c tickets and you must be in the house when your name is called.

CARRIZOZO HOME LAUNDRY

Work Called For and Delivered

All Work Guaranteed

Phone 50 Carrizozo, N. M.

NRA

- Patronize The -

CARRIZOZO EATING HOUSE

NIGHT and DAY SERVICE

Dinner Parties our Specialty

Business Men's Lunch, 11:45 to 2:00 o'clock

50c

Rolland's Drug Store

IN choosing our medicines we have been careful to select those compounded by the greatest chemists in the world. They have built up their reputation because they are reliable.

Magazines, Candy
Cigars Cigarettes

Prescriptions carefully Compounded

Rolland's Drug Store

THE SANITARY DAIRY

Price List

Whipping cream		Table Cream		Sweet Milk	
Per qt.	.70	Per qt.	.50	Per Gal.	.40
" pt.	.35	" pt.	.25	" 2 qts.	.20
" ½ pt.	.20	" ½ pt.	.15	" qt.	.10
				" pt.	.06

Phone No. 136-F3

Joe West, Proprietor — Carrizozo N. M.

Before You Buy Any Car At Any Price.

Drive The Ford V-8 For 1934

CARRIZOZO AUTO CO.

Sales Ford Service

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

CARRIZOZO NEW MEX.

"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE."

Deposits insured under U. S. Government Plan

The Garrard Hotel

Serves delicious Home-cooked meals. We are always prepared to serve you.

Mrs. B. D. Garner.

T. E. KELLEY

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer

Phone 33

Carrizozo N. M.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Lincoln County Board of Education will receive sealed bids for contracts for the transportation of school children in the following districts for the school year 1934 35:

District No. 1, Lincoln, 2 trucks.
District No. 2, San Patricio, 1 truck.
District No. 4, Picacho, 1 truck.
District No. 8, White Oaks, 1 truck.
District No. 9, Ramon, 2 trucks.
District No. 11, Nogal, 1 truck.
District No. 14, Jicarilla, 1 truck.
District No. 15, Alto, 1 truck.
District No. 17, Bluewater, 1 truck.
(This truck line will begin at Black water and continue to the Arabela school.)
District No. 20, Hondo, 3 trucks.
District No. 21, Ancho, 3 trucks.
District No. 28, Capitan, 3 trucks.
District No 30, Joneta, 4 trucks.
District No. 32, Arabela, 1 truck.
(This truck line will begin at White Flats and continue to the Arabela school.)
District No. 35, Glencoe, 1 truck.
District No. 45, Macho 1 truck.

All bids must be in the office of the County School Superintendent at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on or before 5 P. M. July 14, 1934. Said bids will be opened and considered on July 16, 1934.

In awarding contracts the Board will consider the equipment of respective bidders and reliability of proposed drivers. The amount to be paid for said contracts will be governed by the budget allowance for respective routes. All truck drivers will be required to carry liability insurance. Details concerning these routes may be secured from the Local Board of Directors of respective school districts.

The County Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Lincoln County Board of Education.
By Ola O. Jones,
Secretary.

FRANK J. SAGER
U S COMMISSIONER
HOMESTEAD FILINGS AND PROOFS
Insurance Notary Public
Office opposite Telephone Ex.
Carrizozo, N. M.

Send $1. *for the next 5 months of*
THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY
MAKE the most of your reading hours. Enjoy the wit, the wisdom, the companionship, the charm that have made the ATLANTIC, for seventy-five years, America's most quoted and most cherished magazine.
Send $1. Mentioning this ad to *The Atlantic Monthly, 8 Arlington St., Boston.*

JOHN E. HALL
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Carrizozo Hardware Building—Upstairs
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

FOR SALE:—Yearlings, two year olds and three-year old Hereford bulls. Will sell at reasonable prices, or, will trade for good, young stock cattle.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan, New Mexico. tf.

State of New Mexico
County of Lincoln } ss.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

In The Matter of The Estate of Silverio Jimemez, Deceased. } No. 375

Notice of Appointment of Administrator

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, at the regular May, 1934 term of the Probate Court was appointed administrator of the estate of Silverio Jimenez, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the time and in the manner provided by law.

Sabino Vidaurri, administrator.
Postoffice address:
Carrizozo, New Mexico.
June 29—Jy. 20.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Several telegrams were received here on July 6th stating that the Forest Service had recommended re-establishment of CCC camp F17N near Capitan under the new allotment of camps for drouth areas. Arrangements are being made to start the camp at once. This will be of great advantage to the entire county.

Mr. Hugh Grafton of Angus was in town on business last Monday.

Mrs. C. I. Joyce has returned home after a visit to Lawrence, and other points in Kansas.

Bargains in new and used merchandise at the RE SALE STORE.

Miss Haldane Stover of Belen spent the 4th of July with friends here and at Fort Stanton.

Dr. Fred R. Baker, eye specialist and his assistant from San Angelo, Texas, left for Estancia Tuesday after keeping their regular appointment here.

Gone—The High Cost of Stomach Trouble

Don't pay $2 50 to $5 00 for relief from stomach pains, indigestion. Try Dr. Emil's Adla Tablets—3 weeks treatment only $1. Relief or your money back. Rolland's Drug Store.

Mr. Kudner will leave for Chicago Sunday night on No. 4.

Mrs. Clifton Zumwalt of Phoenix, Arizonr, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Lovelace have purchased the residence now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Zumwalt and will move there shortly.

Without a doubt President Roosevelt has retained his popularity through some of the most trying crises and it is reasonable to suppose he will continue to do so. According to the final returns on the Literary Digest's poll of public opinion which closed last week, three out of every five persons approved of his policies.

Gov't Buys Westinghouse

Continuing the policy of equipping its officers, quarters with modern conveniences, the War Department has awarded a contract to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company through its Washington, D. C. office for 1,467 electric refrigeators, according to Mr. T.E Kelley, local Westinghouse dealer.

"These refrigeators, of six and nine cubic foot sizes, will be installed in thirty Army Posts extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast and from the Canadian border to the Mexican boundary", Mr. Kelley explained, in announcement of large government order.

"Models selected by the government officials were of the "C" line, recently announced by Westinghouse Company. These models were subjected to various tests by officials directing the purchase. A group of War Department engineers headed by J. R. Gramm, Senior Engineer, Construction Division, Office Quatermaster General, U S War Department, visited the East Springfield Plant of the Westinghouse Company to complete the tests and make final arrangements for the shipment of the electric refrigeators" the local Westinghouse representative concluded. He added that the "C" line of refrigerators is now on display at his store on Alamogordo Avenue.

Placer, Lode and Proof of Labor blanks for sale at the News office.

Jicarilla and Jacks Peak Items

On the 4th of July the W. B Payne ranch was the scene of a merry picnic and rodeo. The dinner was served in an open hay loft. About 100 people gathered at the tables loaded with many good things to eat. A toast was given to the three couples who would celebrate their wedding anniversaries the next day (the fifth). These couples were Mr. and Mrs. Bob Freeland, married 35 years; Mr. and Mrs. J A. Morrow, 31 years; and Mr. and Mrs. Bill Nix, 12 years. Mr. and Mrs J. A. Morrow had tied on their car the same red, white, and blue ribbon that they had used to decorate their horse and buggy 31 years ago. After dinner the rodeo took place. Cigarette race 1st place Milt Jones; Cigar race 1st place Milt Jones; Goat roping Milt Jones and Cal Lewis tied. Cal won the tie off. Calf roping Jack White; Bronc riding Cecil Philpots; Wild cow milking Bill Nix. At 6 o'clock supper were served. The rest of the evening was spent in dancing. At 12 o'clock ice cream and cake was served. The crowd then started home, tired but happy and declaring that they had never spent a more enjoyable 4th

Mr. and Mrs A. J. Morrow and Mr. and Mrs. Milt Jones were dinner guests last Sunday in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cal Lewis

Bob White, Raymond Scott and Paul Mullennix were visitors at the rodeo at Ft. Stanton the 4th Mr. White declares it had been many a day since he saw so much to eat and so many people.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Morrow, Mr. and Mrs. Cal Lewis and Mr and Mrs. Milt Jones were dinner guests on the E H Hendricks ranch last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown have been visiting in the Roy Dyer home. They report an enjoyable day the 4th. Mr. and Mrs Brown returned to their home the 5th.

R. D. Sterling and Paul Mullennix attended bussiness in Carrizozo Saturday.

Cal Lewis, Milt Jones, Alex and Harve Fambrough were business visitors in Carrizozo Saturday.

A. O. Parker is now planting after a good shower on his homestead.

Mr. George Fitzgibbons spent the week end at home, after working the first part of the week in Carrizozo.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Drake and daughter Olecta were visitors in the A. O. Parker home last Sunday.

Mr. John and Fred Dale and Misses Lallah Lee and Lucille Drake were visitors in Cloudcroft he 4th of July. They report the rodeo was unsusually good

Good For All Time
ROBERTS MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS
A product that you can buy with Absolute Confidance in its Beauty and VALUE!
T. E. KELLEY, Representative
CARRIZOZO, N. MEX.
It will be a pleasure to serve you without obligation on your part.

New Mexico Century of Progress Commission

Carrizozo, N. M.
July 9, 1934

Re: Quota for Lincoln Co. $500. and New Mexico Day at Fair Aug. 14, 1934.

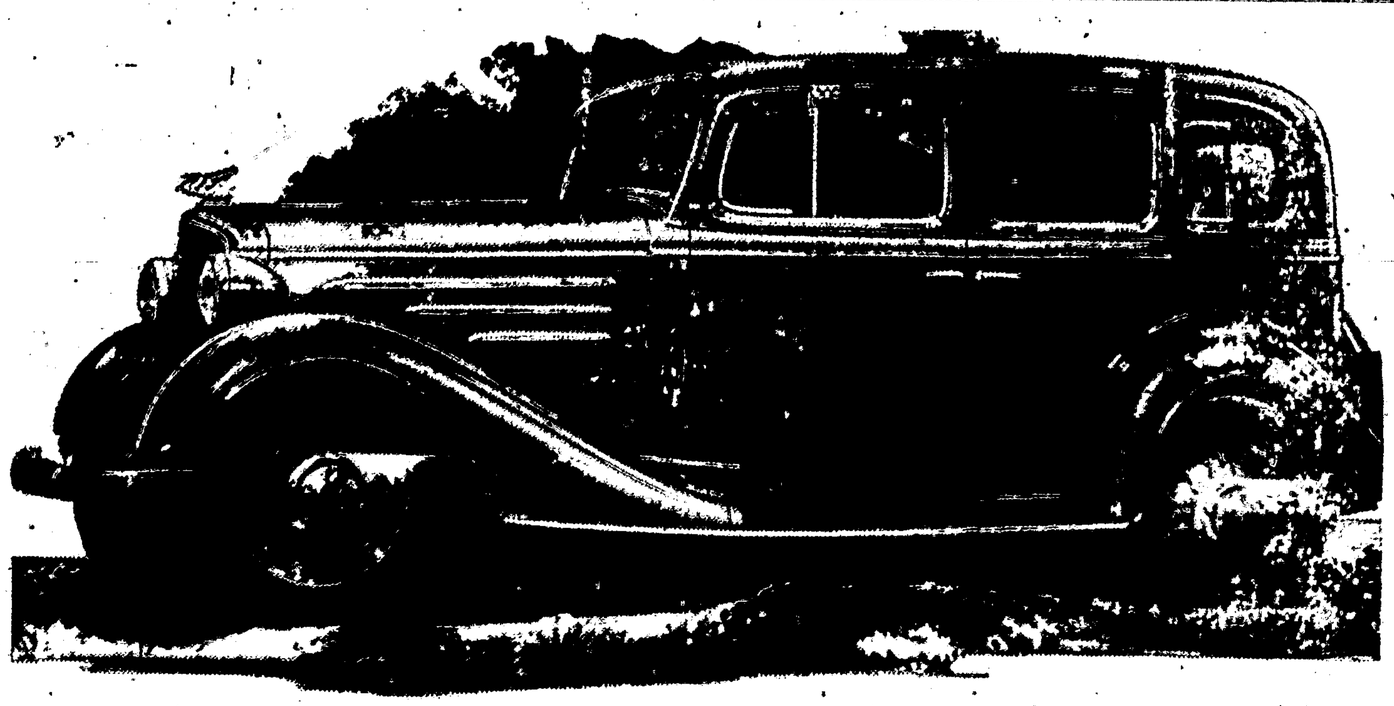
To All Chairmen;

If possiable we want to get to Governor Hockenhull this week our quota. They want to complete preparations for New Mexico Day at the Fair and it be necessary to know the exact amount of money that may be depended upon. Kindly send me by return mail an estimate of the amount we may expect from your District and we will advise the Governor promptly if our quota for the County can be raised. We are rapidly drawing to the top and with a little extra effort we should soon go over. Tinnie, Ruidoso and Carrizozo have reached their quota. Below is a statement to date:

Glencoe	$ 3 50
Ruidoso	60 00
San Patricio	5 50
Tinnie	15 00
Carrizozo	161 56
Capitan-Ft Stanton	100.96
Lincoln	16.00
Picacho	7,50
Hollywood	10.00
Oscura	2.00
Corona	32 50
Hondo	4.50
Ancho	7.00
Total	438 52

Signed, E M. Brickley Chairman for Lincoln County.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Rohde of of Tucumcari were here from Wednesday until Saturday visiting relatives. They spent the 4th at Fort Stanton.



KNEE-ACTION

tops a 22-year record of engineering progress that makes Chevrolet the best riding car in the low-price field

CHEVROLET Year after year, it's been the same story: Chevrolet FIRST with the NEWEST and BEST! Chevrolet *leading*—others *following*. Chevrolet *out in front* with the latest proved advancements. Self-starter! Sliding gear transmission! Streamlined design! *It was Chevrolet aggressiveness and progressiveness that forced all low-priced cars eventually to adopt these and other major improvements.* And now, this year, comes the climax of Chevrolet's engineering leadership: *the Knee-Action ride!* This newest of motoring sensations is a marvel of smooth, easy, gentle motion. No other ride in the world can even compare with it. It makes Chevrolet far and away the best riding car in the low-price field.

Have you noticed how America has taken to the Knee-Action ride? *In the first 6 months, demand for Chevrolet cars sent production to the highest total attained by any automobile during 1934.*

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., DETROIT, MICH.
Compare Chevrolet's low delivered prices and easy G. M. A. C. terms. A General Motors Value

DEALER ADVERTISEMENT

FIRST in the low-price field with THE SELF STARTER

FIRST with the SLIDING GEAR TRANSMISSION

FIRST with the SAFETY GAS TANK

FIRST with MODERN DYNAMIC LINES

FIRST with NO DRAFT VENTILATION

CHEVROLET

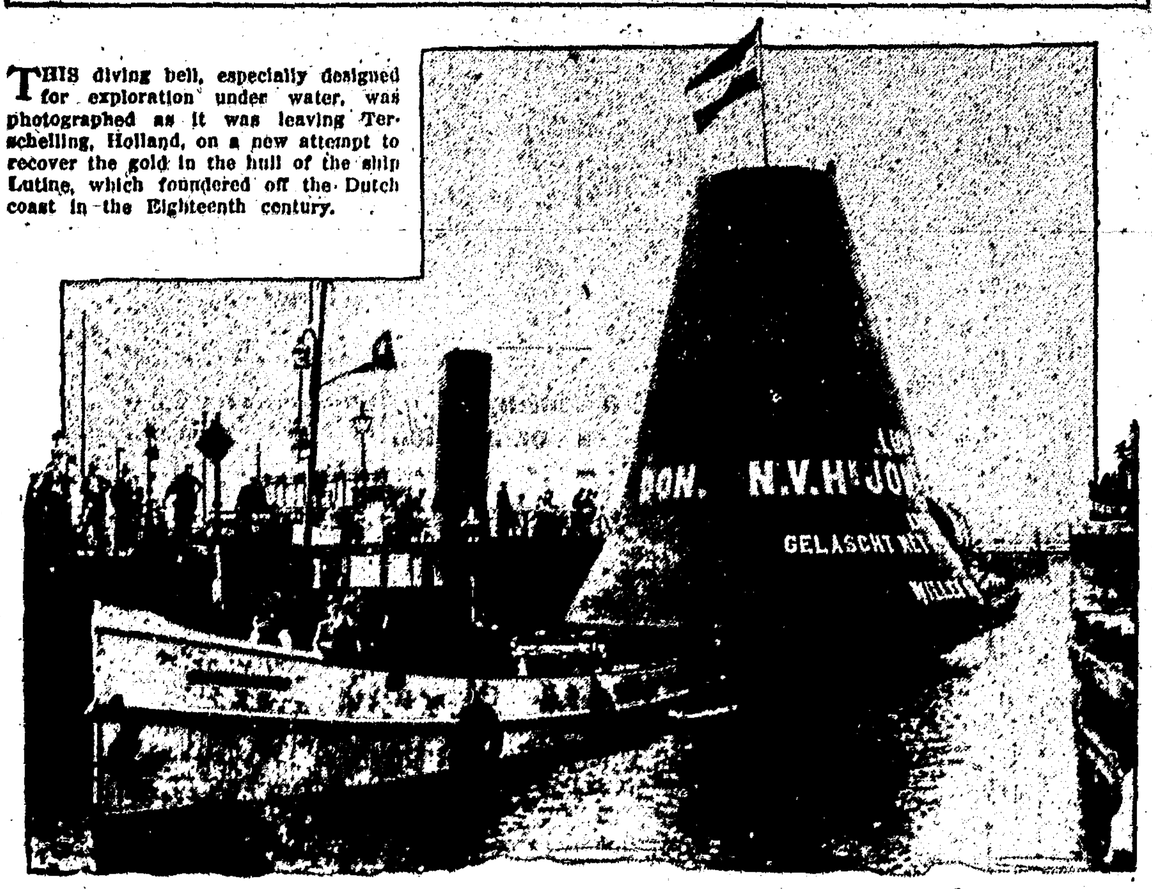
City Garage

Carrizozo
New Mexico

V. Reil, Prop.
Phone 36

Another Search for the Lutine's Gold Cargo

THIS diving bell, especially designed for exploration under water, was photographed as it was leaving Terscheiling, Holland, on a new attempt to recover the gold in the hull of the ship Lutine, which foundered off the Dutch coast in the Eighteenth century.



BEDTIME STORY FOR CHILDREN

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

THE JOKER OF THE OLD ORCHARD

AS PETER RABBIT sat blinking and staring at the sober-looking stranger who was sitting where he had expected to see Glory the Cardinal, the stranger opened his mouth, and from it came Glory's own beautiful whistle. Then the stranger looked down at Peter and his eyes twinkled with mischief.

"Fooled you that time, didn't I, Peter?" he chuckled. "You thought

From That Wonderful Throat Poured Out Song After Song.

you were going to see Glory the Cardinal, didn't you?"

Then without waiting for Peter to reply this sober looking stranger gave a concert such as no one else could give. From that wonderful throat poured out song after song and note after note of Peter's familiar friends of the Old Orchard, and the performance wound up with a lovely song which was all the stranger's own. Peter didn't have to ask who the singer was; it was Mocker the Mockingbird.

"Oh!" gasped Peter. "Oh, Mocker, how under the sun do you do it? I was sure it was Glory whom I heard whistling. Never again will I be able to believe my own ears."

Mocker chuckled. "You're not the only one I've fooled, Peter," said he. "I flatter myself that I can fool almost anybody if I set out to. It's lots of fun. I may not be much to look at, but when it comes to singing there is no one I envy."

"I think you are very nice looking, indeed," replied Peter politely. "I've been finding out this morning that you can't tell much about folks just by their looks."

"And now you've learned that you can't always recognize folks by their voices, haven't you?" said Mocker.

"Yes," replied Peter. "Hereafter I shall never be sure about feathered folks unless I can both see and hear them. Somebody told me once that down in the South you are the best loved of all the birds. Is that so?"

"That's not for me to say," replied Mocker modestly, "but I can tell you this, Peter. They do think a lot of me down there, and it is all on account of my voice. I would rather have a beautiful voice than a fine coat."

Peter nodded as if he quite agreed, which, when you think of it, is rather funny, for Peter has neither a fine coat nor a fine voice. A glint of mischief sparkled in Mocker's eyes. "There's Mrs. Goldy the Oriole over there," said he. "Watch me fool her."

He began to call an exact imitation of Goldy's voice when he is anxious about something. At once Mrs. Goldy came hurrying over to find out what the trouble was. When she discovered Mocker she lost her temper and scolded him roundly. Mocker and Peter laughed, for they thought it a good joke.

© T. W. Burgess.—WNU Service.

Handkerchief Linen

This cool blue and white polka dot handkerchief linen dress is the last word in morning wear.

PAPA KNOWS—

"Pop, what is hospitable?"
"Steak and onions."
© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

WITTY KITTY

By NINA WILCOX PUTNAM

The girl chum says no young man need feel that he is going to lose feminine admiration if he becomes slightly stoop-shouldered from carrying orchids.

WNU Service.

QUESTION BOX

By ED WYNN . . . The Perfect Fool

Dear Mr. Wynn:
Is Florida a good place for one's nerves?

Yours truly,
JACK SUNVILLE.

Answer—I'll say it is. I know a man who went to Florida five years ago and opened a hotel. He used to charge $2 a night for a room and bath. Now he has the NERVE to charge $10 a night for the same room.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
Will you please settle a dispute between my wife and me? My wife has a brother who always goes to other people's houses just so he can get drinks of whisky for nothing. I claim a fellow who does a thing like that is a "sponge." My wife says he is not a "sponge." Who is right?

Yours truly,
A. GNOO.

Answer—Your wife is right. Her brother fills up on whisky while a "sponge" generally fills up on water.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
What is meant by "Race Suicide?"

Yours truly,
POLLY TISHAN.

Answer—When a man goes to the track, bets on a horse, loses all his money, becomes despondent, and kills himself—that's "Race Suicide."

Dear Mr. Wynn:
I am a boy fifteen years of age. I applied for a job in a grocery store, and when the grocer asked me how many ounces make a pound, I said 16 ounces. He wouldn't give me the job. I wonder why?

Truly yours,
D. LIVERYBOYE.

Answer—The next time you ask for a position in a grocery store, if the grocer asks you how many ounces make a pound just say 14 ounces, and you'll get the job.

Dear Mr. Wynn:
A friend of mine who has just returned from a motor trip of 3,000 miles, told me he enjoyed touring on the roads built by Americans. I asked him what he meant "roads built by Americans," and he said: "Why, Roosevelt boulevard and Lincoln highway." Then he told me the worst roads he had to travel over were built by a Frenchman. I did not want to appear ignorant so did not ask him who he meant. Will you please tell me the name of the Frenchman who built the bad roads he refers to?

Yours truly,
MAG NEETOW.

Answer—He is referring to "Detour."

© by the Associated Newspapers
WNU Service.

THE VINE

By ANNE CAMPBELL

THE vine is trying vainly to climb
high
Upon the smooth boards of my little
shack,
The sun is peering from an azure
sky,
But there is something here that holds
it back.
Nothing to climb on, that's the rub!
It falls
Back on the brick of the foundation
walls.

Today I'll buy a trellis for my vine,
And guide its tendrils up the strong
white wood,
Reflecting as I do on the divine
And lofty way God labors for our
good,
Giving us room to climb to heights
above
Upon the golden trellis of his love.

Copyright.—WNU Service.

Mother's Cook Book

FOR THE TEA TABLE

SO MUCH depends upon the attractiveness of the tea table—simplicity is the rule, even where the pocketbook need not be considered. One need not buy expensive teas, either, for the ordinary ones when treated to a bit of orange peel, a flower or two of jasmine will have a flavor which will be found quite distinctive.

Dainty open sandwiches which take time to prepare but are so fetching in appearance are often all that is served with the cup of tea. Cut the bread into one-half inch slices or a bit thicker, then into rounds or in any design. One may have hearts, clubs, diamonds or spades if so inclined, as there are all sorts of sandwich cutters on the market. Spread the bread lightly with mayonnaise, then pipe on cheese with whipped cream, decorate with finely minced parsley, peppers or candied fruits. There is no end to the variety which anyone may think up, and use almost any food at hand.

Many hostesses like to serve preserved fruits for sweetening, such as pineapple, candied cherries, orange quarters, glaced, and various other combinations. With the fragrance of the tea and fruit one needs some sweetening. Rock candy makes a delightful one as it may be bought in various colors to match the decoration. This adds much to the appearance of the table. This is never placed in the tea, but passed that the color may add delight to the partakers.

Other candy flavors are in vogue—mint is always enjoyed. Fresh mint dusted with powdered sugar is especially attractive.

Peanut Muffins.

Mix and sift two cupfuls of pastry flour with four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half cupful of granulated sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth cupful of peanut butter, and two tablespoonfuls of butter, add one cupful of milk, mix well and bake in well greased muffin tins twenty minutes. Serve hot with a salad for a main course at luncheon.

© by Western Newspaper Union.

Highest Mountain

Measuring from the center of the earth, instead of from sea level, the highest mountain of the globe is not Mt. Everest, but Mt. Chimborazo, in the Andes, according to calculations made by a German scientist, says Literary Digest. On this scale Chimborazo's peak is 3,960.99 miles from the center of the earth; Everest's only 3,963.66. Four other peaks, Huascaran (Peru), Cotopaxi (Ecuador), Kenia (East Africa) and Kilimanjaro (Africa) are also "higher" above the earth's center than Everest. The difference in the measurement is due to the bulge of the earth at the equator.

Lee and Grant Fight on Same Side

WHENEVER the baseball team of St. Alban's school in Washington has a game, two descendants of Gen. Robert E. Lee and Gen. Ulysses S. Grant are to be seen fighting for the same cause. Lewis Vandergrift Lee of Virginia (left) is a descendant of the great southern commander, and Charles Scribner Grant of Chicago (right) traces back to the equally great Union general. Both are outfielders, and they are close friends.

That Body of Yours

By JAMES W. BARTON, M. D.

Eyes and Teeth

A YOUNG man was having his eyes examined by a physician, and to the surprise of physician and patient the eyes had improved considerably since the examination one year previous.

As his work and reading habits had not changed, the physician was at a loss to account for the improvement until he asked some questions.

"You are feeling better physically than you were a year ago, are you not?"

"Yes!" the patient answered, "I feel brighter and more like work; not so lazy as I was a year ago."

"Had any dental work done?"

"Yes, I had an X-ray of my teeth and the dentist found three teeth that were badly infected and removed them. I felt lazier than ever for a few weeks but I feel fine now."

This was the explanation of the improvement in the eyesight.

Dr. William F. C. Steinbugler tells us in the New York State Journal of Medicine that pyorrhoea, dental decay, and root infection are frequently causes of eye infection, and, in addition to affecting the eyesight, set up local inflammations in and about the eyes. The most dangerous form of tooth infection is that in which the pulp (nerve and blood vessels) is affected, as this diseased or poisonous material is forced into the blood stream and hence goes to all parts of the body including the eye.

Doctor Steinbugler admits that every effort should be made to preserve the teeth owing to their importance in breaking up food and allowing the digestive juice in the mouth to moisten and soften food, and turn starch into sugar, nevertheless it should be remembered that in doubtful cases the eye should be given first consideration and the removal of infection from the mouth should come before preserving the teeth.

During the war a very skillful pilot began to make poor landings. He was ordered to report for medical examination and it was found that his tonsils were in very bad condition. Removal of tonsils restored his vision to normal and there were no more poor landings. Infection was the cause of the trouble.

If therefore your eyesight seems to be failing or you are troubled with any inflammation about the eyes, a visit to the dentist is advisable before having your glasses changed.

• • •

Asthma and Hay Fever

I SOMETIMES wonder what hay fever and asthma sufferers must think as they read daily of the wonderful cures being obtained by various physicians throughout the world, and yet despite the various treatments they have received, they still suffer with hay fever and asthma.

What are the various "cures" that are thus recorded?

The cures are first aimed at the causes of these two ailments—sensitiveness to certain foods, furs, feathers, pollen of plants, various dusts in the home; ailments or deformities in the nose, throat, or bronchial tubes; acute infections such as influenza, bronchitis, pleurisy, scarlet fever, whooping cough, measles.

Before treatment is undertaken the patient is thoroughly examined and tested by the various substances, now known to be hundreds in number. Treatment is then given according to what the examination and various tests showed.

This treatment consists of various drugs, of which adrenalin stands first; proper attention to diet, rest, and outdoor exercise; vaccines; the surgical removal of adenoids, tonsils, growths, or deformities in nose and throat; the use of pollen extracts before and during the hay fever season.

Dr. T. S. Heaton, Toronto, who made a study of the various causes and different methods of treatment, gives conclusions reached after reviewing some of the work and writings of sixty-six physicians doing research work on hay fever and asthma.

He believes that the treatment of hay fever and asthma by the avoidance of the substances that cause these conditions is the best method at this time. Rooms in which these substances cannot enter and the use of air filters are of great value in fighting these ailments. Avoiding the foods known to cause hay fever or asthma is the best method of treating this particular type. "Certainly asthma and hay fever are difficult to cure. Certainly, too, the special treatment by extracts can help many at any age."

So, if you are an asthma or hay fever sufferer and think you have tried everything, just ponder over these remarks by Doctor Heaton, and try to discover if there is not something you have left undone.

(Copyright.)—WNU Service.

"The Worsted People"

In a certain English community the people produced an unusually high grade of woolen cloth. Persecuted and forced to move, they were thenceforward called "the worsted people," and their product the worsted people's cloth, or plain "worsted."

Find Happiness in Contentment

Great Philosopher Right in His Summing Up of Life's Joys.

"To think I used to complain of monotony and boredom in our suburban life! Why, my idea of heaven now would be just having things back to what they used to be!"

The woman who said that was one of a group who had little to worry about except the shortcomings of suburban life—until a series of events which began with a bank failure and a scandal touched the lives of all of them.

The turn of a week had left her father impoverished, her best friend's husband a suicide, another friend with grounds for divorce. No wonder her idea of happiness now was not something new, not more excitement, but "just having things back to what they used to be!"

"I'm getting to be like my grandmother," she added. "All she ever wanted out of life was just to go on without getting a telegram."

And many of us will agree that her grandmother had the right idea. The more we see of life and of people, the more likely we are to come to the conclusion that the nearest approach to happiness is found in peace and contentment. Those who struggle restlessly for something they have not got are usually found, on achieving that, to be just as restlessly struggling for something else again. And it is doubtful if they ever get as near to happiness, or give as much happiness, as those who are content to "pursue the even tenor of their way," liking what they have, and therefore having what they like. There is a limit, of course, beyond which content may become stagnation, but as we look about us the dangers we see are usually of the other extreme, the discontent of people with what they have, the restlessness which distorts their sense of values, the fear of boredom which enslaves them to empty excitements that can give no real joy or lasting satisfaction.

The great philosopher, Shopenhauer, seems to have seen eye to eye with the grandmother who wanted merely to go on without receiving bad news. These are his words:

"The happiest lot is not to have experienced the keenest delights or the greatest pleasure, but to have brought life to a close without any very great pain."

© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Sounds Like Lying

Little Boy—What's etiquette?
Slightly Bigger Brother—It's saying "No, thank you," when you want to say "Yes."

THE EASY WAY TO IRON!
KEEP COOL
SAVE TIME
SAVE WORK
SAVE MONEY
with the
Coleman Quick Iron

THIS Coleman Self-Heating Iron will save you more time and work than a $100.00 washing machine! It will save your strength . . . help you do better ironing easier and quicker at less cost.

Instant Lighting! . . . no heating with matches or torch . . . no waiting. The evenly-heated double pointed base irons garments with fewer strokes. Large glass-smooth base slides easier. Ironing time is reduced one-third. Heats itself . . . not by numbers. Economical, too . . . costs only ½¢ an hour to operate. See your hardware or housefurnishing dealer. If local dealer doesn't handle, write us.

THE COLEMAN LAMP AND STOVE CO.
Dept. WUN, Wichita, Kans.; Chicago, Ill.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Los Angeles, Calif.; Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

Little Girl's Face Inflamed by Psoriasis

Healed by Cuticura

"My little girl's face was so inflamed that her eyes were swollen almost shut. The trouble was diagnosed as psoriasis. She scratched night and day and was not able to obtain rest. The scratching aggravated the trouble and each finger tip was red and swollen with infection. She became so emaciated that she was very pathetic looking.

"After three months' suffering I recalled the Cuticura treatment used by my mother. I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and used them according to directions. The first treatment brought relief and she is now healed." (Signed) Mrs. Marie I. Johnson, 4720 Ames Ave., Omaha, Neb., March 14, 1934.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold Everywhere. One sample each free. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. R, Malden, Mass."—Adv.

KILLS ANTS

Sprinkle Ant Food along window sills, doors and openings through which ants come and go. Guaranteed to rid quickly. Used in a million homes. Inexpensive. At your druggist's.

PETERMAN'S ANT FOOD

Story of Silver

An Afghan Silversmith's Shop.

Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service.

THE story of silver is a very old one. For ages it has been popular among coin and ornament makers; yet today its name flares in the news headlines to an even greater extent than that of its fellow precious metal, gold.

Less costly than gold or platinum, almost plastic in the hands of clever silversmiths, silver's everyday uses are legion.

Not every one is born with a silver spoon in his mouth; yet the spoon, in some form, is almost as old as man, or at least, as one witty Frenchman said, certainly as old as soup.

One Greek example in the British museum has a stem ending in a goat's hoof. Pliny speaks of spoons whose handles were shaped like spikes to perforate eggs. The famous Apostle spoons, usually in sets of 13 (the additional one with the figure of Christ), were once popular gifts to a new-born child. Made in 1640, its handle an image of St. Peter, one such spoon is on view now at Wanamaker's in New York.

Knives and forks came much later. That the head of the family should carve at table may have come from the fact that in old days men carried knives for defense. Forks were not generally used till the early 16th century, when Italian nobility started the fashion.

The practice, though some thought it effeminate, gradually spread to other countries. The English novelist James Payn wrote of "the culture of the silver-fork school without their affectation." The "Lytyl Reporte of How Young People Should Behave" gives these guides to correct table manners: "Your knife is to be kept clean and sharp.... Eat your broth with a spoon, not sip it. . . . You are not to leave your spoon in your dish nor dip your meat in the salere (salt)."

Old beliefs cling to some silver articles. Malays make a betrothal cup. It is filled with sirih (betel pepper) leaf, and sent by a man to the girl he wishes as a wife. If she is agreeable, she accepts the cup and eats some of the leaf.

Malays also use a silver box, rounded like an apple, for ceremonies at the first shaving of little boys' heads and at ear piercings. Sometimes this box is brought to a wedding when a lock of the bride's hair is buried in it under a banana tree for good luck.

Odd Uses of Silver Articles.

In tsarist Russia the proposer of a toast stood in the center of the room, drained his silver bratina, or drinking cup, and then, to prove his sincerity, turned it upside down over his head! The sumptuousness of the tsars' plate was proverbial. In this collection was a famous English wine cistern weighing 3,000 ounces, with a bathtub capacity. How this vessel, raffled off in 1735, when funds were sought for a bridge over the Thames, finally came to the winter palace at Petrograd (now Leningrad) has long been a mystery.

Barcelona, Spain, used to present each visiting member of royalty with a magnificent silver service, reminiscent of a similar courtesy sometimes extended by one of our own states when a new ship has been named in its honor.

On dining tables of the rich from the Fifteenth to the Seventeenth centuries, silver ships, originally designed to hold the knives and napkins, and sometimes the wine, made striking center pieces. In Madrid, Spain, is one such vessel which belonged to the daughter of Isabella and Ferdinand. Nefs, these ships were called. As early as 1862 Italy records a silver nef on wheels, a foreshadow of the popular German and Dutch models of later years.

After the conquest of Mexico and Peru, silver flooded the markets of Europe, especially Spain. One visitor to the Spanish capital in the Sixteenth century observed: "Utensils of common metal are not employed here, only those of silver or of ware. . . . Upon the death of the Duke of Albuquerque, six weeks were needed to make inventory of his gold and silver services."

Nearly a century before the Revolution, pioneer New England silversmiths were busy at their benches. Among this group was William Moulton, of Newburyport, Mass. Pieces designed by him are among silver treasures shown in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York.

Once Newburyport rang with the sound of hammer and saw, and ships built there carried Colonial wares to the ends of the earth, bringing back coins which its silversmiths melted for use in their art. This was known as "coin silver." Itinerant artisans worked even into our Far West until well past the 1800s, making knives, forks and spoons from silver dollars.

Colonial Silversmiths.

Newburyport, however, is unique for its continuity in silverwork since 1690. One family, the Moultons, made sterling through six generations, the fourth being competitors of Paul Revere.

When the last of the Moultons laid down his tools, some years before our Civil war, an apprentice, Anthony Towle, was among those who carried on the ancient traditions of the craft, and today the pioneer factory bears his name.

Colonial silversmiths flourished in spite of such Puritan sentiments as John Adams expressed in a letter to his wife: "If I had power I would forever banish from America all gold, silver, silk, velvet and lace."

In Boston, before 1800, more than 150 names of silversmiths are recorded, and its rich merchants bought much costly silverware. British officers stationed in New York before the Revolution were astonished at the wealth of silver used in fashionable homes there.

Our own Navajo Indians are good silversmiths. Using merely a forge and hand bellows, with a small anvil and other simple tools, they make buttons, beads, bracelets, rings, crosses, bridle mountings and buckles, as native works; as a concession to American demand, they add miniature canteens, stickpins, hat-bands, knives, forks and spoons.

In such studios as that of Gorham's in Providence, designers create an amazing variety of silver prize cups and trophies, often in the form of horses, sailing craft, or athletes in action. Tiffany, Wallace, International and others are also known for artistic creations in this field.

Silver in Olden Times.

Silver jewelry was not new when wives of the Pharaohs "dressed up." Helen of Troy used a burnished silver mirror to admire the face that launched a thousand ships. When Cleopatra flirted with Mark Antony on the Nile, gleaming silver oars splashed softly in the moonlight.

Silver jewelry is worn in the Orient to guard against evil. Charms made from coffin nails covered with silver are common in parts of China.

In India a peasant father may mortgage his whole future to deck a marriageable daughter with silver. Wealthy Indian women carry many pounds of this jewelry at one time, and tinkle liked belled cows as they walk.

In Visigothic Spain, gold and silver were reserved for the ruling class, whose passion for show led to fabulous decoration. Then the Moors came with greedy hands for the treasure. After the battle of the Guadalete, 711, "Muslim victors, stripping the Visigothic dead, identified the nobles by golden rings upon their fingers, and those of less exalted rank by their silver rings."

Serenely indifferent to the Koran's ban on gold and silver ornamentation, the Moors embellished everything from dress to furniture, and even trappings for horses and mules. Similarly, modern South American cattle barons use bits and bridles of pure silver, as well as cruel, sharp-edged stirrups.

"He bids his horse to dig for him a grave," said one writer describing Turkish scenes, "with silver-plated hoofs."

"Seven" Long Regarded as the Mystic Number

The figure seven seems to stand out prominently among its monosyllabic companions. Is it because it is the only numeral that has two syllables? Whatever the explanation, it is certain that seven is regarded as a mystic number, and has always had a peculiar attraction for us.

In the first place we have the "Seven Wonders of the World":

The Egyptian Pyramids.

The Mausoleum erected by Artemisia at Halicarnassus.

The Temple of Artemis at Ephesus.

The Walls and Hanging Gardens at Babylon.

The Colossus of Rhodes.

The Statue of Zeus, by Phidias, in the great temple of Olympia.

And the Pharos, or Lighthouse, at Alexandria.

Secondly, the Seven Wonders of the Middle Ages:

The Coliseum at Rome.

The Great Wall of China.

The Catacombs of Alexandria.

The Ruins of Stonehenge.

The Porcelain Tower of Nanking.

The Mosque of St. Sophia, at Constantinople.

The seven wonders of the New world are: Yellowstone Park, The Garden of the Gods, Niagara Falls, Natural Bridge, Yosemite Valley, Mammoth Cave, and Giant Trees.

The seven virtues are: Faith, Hope, Charity, Prudence, Temperance, Justice, and Fortitude; the seven deadly sins, Pride, Envy, Anger, Greed, Sloth, Gluttony and Covetousness; the seven champions of Christendom, St. George (England), St. Andrew (Scotland), St. David (Wales), St. Patrick (Ireland), St. Denis (France), St. James (Spain), and St. Anthony (Italy); while the seven Sages of Greece (the Seven Wise Men) were Solon of Athens, Thales of Miletus, Periander of Corinth, Pitterus of Mitylene, Cleobulus of Lidus, Bias of Priene, and Chilon of Sparta.

The Seven Hills of Rome are the Palatine, Capitoline, Quirinal, Aventine, Caelian, Esquiline, and Viminal. The Seven Sleepers of Ephesus were said to be Seven Christian youths who fell asleep in a cave and did not awake till two or three hundred years later. The Seven Seas are North and South Atlantic, North and South Pacific, the Arctic, the Antarctic, and the Indian ocean; and the Seven Stars (or planets), the Sun, the Moon, Mercury, Venus, Mars, Saturn and Jupiter.

There are also the Seven Ages, Seven Liberal Arts, the Seven Psalms and the Seven Great Hymns.
—Montreal Family Herald.

Woods Fires Increase

That greater care must be exercised by motorists when discarding cigars and cigarettes is demonstrated by the fact that last year careless campers and smokers ignited the woods in 1,872 places. This represented an increase of 31 per cent over the year before. In California, where there is a law prohibiting the discarding of smokes from automobiles, many owners carry a special ash receiver which not only holds the discarded cigar or cigarette, but provides a sure means of extinguishing it.

Allay Pimply Skin
Help nature clear up the blotches and make your skin lovelier the safe easy way—use bland, effective
Resinol

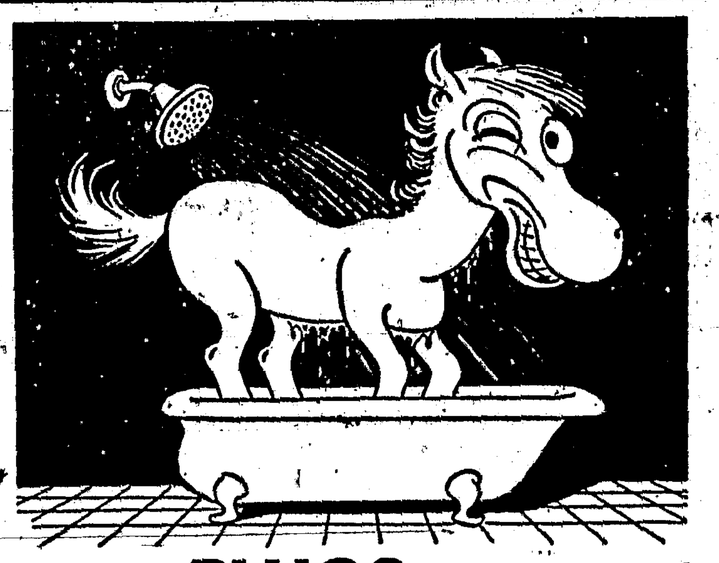
BERMUDA ONIONS

The fact is that the importation of onions from Bermuda has been greatly reduced, due to the phenomenally successful production of Bermuda onions in Texas in recent years. The Texas crop is closer at hand and can be brought to northern cities with one shipment, while the genuine Bermudas must be handled twice. The number of people who can tell the taste of a Texas Bermuda from that of a Bermuda is so small as to have little or no effect on the trade. There is but a single crop a year in either place. The Bermuda crop is in the neighborhood of 10,000 pounds to the acre. The Texas yield averages better than this—another reason for its successful competition—and occasionally goes as high as 34,000 pounds to the acre.

Only Real Victory

You are never really victorious over an enemy until you have made him a friend.

T&T ROOT BEER
at 1¾¢ A QUART
MAKES 40 PINTS
T&T Root Beer
15¢ a Pkg.
MAKE IT AT HOME



Clean PLUGS save gas!
GET RID OF OXIDE COATING . . . STOP WASTING GAS . . .
Replace badly worn plugs with new AC's
AC The Quality Spark Plug
HAVE YOUR SPARK PLUGS CLEANED BY THE AC METHOD . . . 5¢ PER PLUG
Oxide coating forms on all spark plugs—wastes 1 gallon of gas in 101. Have it *thoroughly* and *quickly* removed by the AC Spark Plug Cleaner. . . . At all Registered Dealers, Garages, and Service Stations.
Look for the "Plug-In-Tub"
Tune in: RAYMOND KNIGHT and the CUCKOOS—Saturdays, 10:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Saving Time

MEN *Risked their lives*, STAKED THEIR FORTUNES
SMASHED WORLD RECORDS FOR
Your Safety!

SAFEST TIRE FIRESTONE EVER BUILT

THE New Firestone High Speed Tire for 1934 was built to give you the same dependable service it provided for the 33 drivers who started in the torturous 500-mile grind at Indianapolis May 30.

This new tire has a wider tread of flatter contour, deeper non-skid, more and tougher rubber, giving you more than 50% longer non-skid mileage.

Besides being Safety Protected on the outside it is Safety Protected on the inside. Eight additional pounds of pure rubber are absorbed by every one hundred pounds of cords. This additional rubber surrounds every cotton fiber inside every cord in every ply. This is accomplished by soaking the cords in liquid rubber by *Gum-Dipping*, a Firestone patented process.

Heat caused by internal friction of cotton fibers destroys tires—causes separation and blowouts.

Gum-Dipping counteracts friction and heat—provides greater adhesion and strength, assuring car owners of the greatest Safety, Protection and Economy that it is possible for human ingenuity to build into a tire.

Every one of the 33 drivers at Indianapolis chose and bought Firestone High Speed Tires. Race drivers KNOW tire construction—they will not risk their lives or chance of victory on any other than Firestone.

At terrific speeds the cars plunge into the treacherous turns—tires are braced against the scorching brick track—so hot the tires fairly smoke at times—they give—yield and stretch—every conceivable force works to tear the tire to pieces, yet Firestone High Speed Tires "come back" on the straightaways. Not once during the entire race did a tire fail.

Surely this is the most amazing proof ever known of Extra Strength, SAFETY and Dependability. Call on the Firestone Service Dealer or Service Store nearest you TODAY. Equip your car with new Firestone High Speed Tires for 1934.

Unparalleled
'STAMINA
FIRESTONE HIGH SPEED TIRES
★ *For fifteen consecutive years have been on the winning cars in the 500-mile Indianapolis Race.*
THIS MEANS BLOWOUT PROTECTION
★ *For seven consecutive years have been on the winning cars in the daring Pikes Peak climb where a slip meant death.*
THIS MEANS NON-SKID SAFETY AND TRACTION
★ *For three consecutive years have been on the 131 buses of the Washington (D. C.) Railway and Electric Company covering 11,357,810 bus miles without one minute's delay due to tire trouble.*
THIS MEANS DEPENDABILITY AND ECONOMY
★ *Were on the Neiman Motors' Ford V-8 Truck that made a new coast-to-coast record of 67 hours 45 minutes, 30 seconds actual running time.*
THIS MEANS ENDURANCE

ANNOUNCING 12 MONTHS' GUARANTEE AGAINST ALL ROAD HAZARDS*
Effective today, Firestone guarantees their complete line of tires against all road hazards for 12 months*. In addition, Firestone gives the industry lifetime warranty against defects in workmanship and materials.
*When used in commercial service, these tires are guaranteed for 6 months.

Firestone
MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Quality — Service

BRANUM'S
Cash Grocery & Market

Handles Best Meats
SEE US for fresh vegetables
AND FRUITS

ONLY
Standard

brands of both staple and fancy
GROCERIES HERE!

We sell Luckey's milk, butter milk and cheese
FRESH Daily at our GROCERY

Hansonburg News

Mrs. Turner and son of Claunch are here holding a meeting. Large crowds are in attendance.

Rev L. D. Jordan of Carrizozo preaches here every second Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Dean, Mrs. Eula Foster and Mrs E. E. Shook were in Carrizozo Monday and took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Paul Wilson and little son.

Miss Velma Wilson is spending the week with her brother, Mr Paul Wilson and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Wilson visited their family Saturday.

Mr. E. L. Dean was a Carrizozo business visitor Monday.

Drouth relief measures are already in evidence. Things are humming at the court house as well as on the streets and at the cemetery; when the other projects that have been planned are approved other men will be put to work. The re-establishment of Capitan CCC Camp will help also.

Mr. and Mrs. S.I Pearson were in Carrizozo on business Tuesday

Mr. and Mrs. Garrison motored to Socorro Saturday. Mrs. Garrison's brother is visiting them

Jess Garrison is working at his job at Fort Stanton this week.

Messrs. E. I. Griffin and Bob Cotter were in Carrizozo on business Saturday.

Attention Cattlemen!

We Carry in Stock

Pine Tar, Germite, Screw Worm Killer, Dehorning Paint, Dehorning Spoons, Dehorners, Blackleg Bacterin, Blackleg Syringes, Fly Spray and Sprayers.

IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD OR REPAIR
We can Furnish You

Sash and Doors, Window Glass, Screen Doors, Screen Wire, Screen Door Sets, Ridge Roll, Roofing, Eave Trough, Nails, Cement and Lime, etc.

We carry a good line of staple
AND FANCY GROCERIES

HAY and GRAIN, Poultry Feed, Cow Feed, and Don't forget our Fresh Meats

We will Furnish You Prices Upon Request

THE TITSWORTH COMPANY, Inc.
Capitan, N. Mex.

Additional Local

Mrs. B B. Potts of El Paso who was injured when their car turned over on a curve south of town two weeks ago, is recovering at the Johnson hospital. Mr. Potts who had two ribs broken, has returned to El Paso. They were enroute to Colorado Springs for a visit when the accident occurred.

Mr. M Doering of the Doering Bargain store will leave Sunday for the World's Fair. He will visit relatives in Indiana on his return trip.

For Anything in the line of household furniture see the RE-SALE STORE—first.

Mrs E. A. Orme Johnson and Mrs. George Dingwall entertained several guests at their Eagle Creek cabin this week. Mrs. Ernest Dingwall and Mrs. Dawn of Tucumcari were members of the party.

We invite you to visit the RE-SALE STORE before buying elsewhere.

WESTERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Cement, Plaster, Paint, Glass, Builders' Hardware, Barbed wire, Sash, Doors, Pipe, 3 Ply Wall Board, etc.

Honest Grades

FAIR PRICES

New Mexico day at "A Century of Progress" exposition will be Tuesday, Aug. 14 At least one special train will be run to the exposition. It will likely start from Albuquerque Aug. 11 and rates will be reasonable.

Stomach Gas

One dose of ADLERIKA quickly relieves gas bloating, cleans out BOTH upper and lower bowels, allows you to eat and sleep good. Quick, thorough action yet gentle and entirely safe.

ADLERIKA

Rolland's Drug Store. —In Corona by DuBois Drug Store.

Mrs Annie E. Lesnet is driving a new Ford purchased this week from the Carrizozo Auto Co.

Lack of rainfall during June caused the condition of ranges to continue a downward trend. The need for rainfall is state wide. The situation in nearly all drouth stricken areas is said to be the worst in the memory of oldest residents In the high altitudes feed is not unusually short yet, but rain is badly needed. The stock water supply is diminishing daily, while grave concern is felt for the winter feed supply which will undoubtedly be short.

Century of Progress Drive

Nogal has sent $2,25 and White Oaks sent $10 25 for the Century of Progress drive bringing the total up to $438 52: Tinnie, Ruidoso, Carrizozo, White Oaks and Capitan have reached the goal set. Mr. Brekley anticipates the entire amount will be raised by the 15th inst.

Otto Prehm, Notary Public, Prehm's Bargain House

The Up-and-Up

The homely Rooseveltian philosophy thrills the President's partisans, encourages his opponents, and gives hope to all that the country is around that "corner" that we heard so much about a year and a half ago.

"The simplest way for each of you to judge recovery," observed the President in his most informal manner, "lies in the plain fact of your individual situation. Are you better off than you were last year? Are your debts less burdensome? Is your faith in your own individual future more firmly grounded?"

That the nation has been on the up-and-up for many months is beyond question when the answers of individuals are given to the above straightforward questioning by the President.

In a recent statement that voices the views of organized industry, no discontent and doubt is voiced by Lewis H. Brown, one of their leaders. He said: "I am no longer concerned about the 'brain trusters.' We are on the way out of the depression. Recovery is taking place. The emergency is over. The time of desperate measures hurriedly conceived is past." Mr. Brown declares that "we are not going to lift ourselves by our bootstraps." He asks for sound measures" for what he describes as the "long run" to help permanent recovery.

Labor strikes are threatened daily. President Green of the American Federation of Labor, issues statements that are nothing short of pessimistic, and certainly he withholds constructive suggestions for getting 9,000,000 men back to work—and that at the very moment when the largest employers are frankly appealing to the administration and the country for "the application of sound economic principles" to replace so much that has grown into what are called "experimental theories." The President warns that our ills have not been cured. Therefore, only "sound remedies" should be given the sick nation

JUST ARRIVED!

A Car of barbed wire, nails, etc.

See Us For Prices

Carrizozo Hardware Co.

Card of Thanks

We wish to extend our heart felt thanks to the kind friends who assisted us during our bereavement in the loss of our beloved husband and father, for the beautiful flowers and to Brother Jordan for the comforting words spoken.

Mrs. T. J. Grafton
Hugh Grafton
Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Stewart and family.
Mr. and Mrs B. C. Baird and family.

Mrs. Rebekah Townsend left this morning for a visit to her father, who lives at Tatum. She will also spend some time with relatives at Hobbs and Lovington.

Mrs. Chas. Coplin and children of St. Louis, are visiting Mrs. Coplin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ziegler.

ALBERT MORGAN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Fairview Hotel Carrizozo, N. M.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS

Summer Clearance

SALE

This event coming as it does, in the very heart of the Summer Buying Season, presents to you a remarkable opportunity for Money-Saving on all Your Seasonable Needs

Men's Suits
Men, you'll know you're correctly attired in one of these Marx Made Suits so be wise and buy at:—
15 per cent discount

Children's Dresses
Girls will love these gay patterns and 'pert' styles designed to make them very proud at
20 per cent Discount

Summer Coats and Suits
Out they go! Entire stock of Spring Coats and Tailored suits, each a wonderful value AT..... **1-3 off**

Smart Millinery
Gay hats to answer the call for summer coolness. You'll find the very one you've been wanting, at... **1-2 Price**

Silk and Rayon Dresses
Regular $4.50 and 4 85 value SALE PRICE... **$3.25**

Men's Straws
Every conceivable block and style is represented in this new collection of Summer Straws, at..... **1-3 off**

Silk Wash Dresses
The Season's leading styles in Smart Frocks. Regular $7 85 and 8 50 VALUES AT.... **$5.65**

Wash Dresses
Fashionable simplicity holds these cottons as smart house frocks, regular $1 25 to 1 50 value. Sale price **95c**

Florsheim Oxfords
Men's Florsheim Tan Oxfords, regular 9 85 value SALE price **$6.50**

Tub Frocks
Crisp smart cotton wash frocks, in styles that are sure to please. Regular $2 25 to 2 50 value SALE PRICE ... **$1.65**

By attending this Sensational Event, you'll find many OTHER OUTSTANDING VALUES

Starting Saturday July 14th

ZIEGLER BROTHERS

Don't make a "wanderer" out of your dollar. Buy from your home merchant who helps support your town. Your "wandering" dollar may not get back home.

Mr. J. B. McManus is the new appointment for warden at the penitentiary to succeed Mr. Swope who became warden at the Federal penitentiary at Mc Neil island.

WESTINGHOUSE MOTOR IS OILED FOR LIFETIME
T. E. KELLEY
Hardware & Sport Shop