

# LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS

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CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY MAR 15, 1935

NUMBER 41

## Public Domain Closed

President Roosevelt's order withdrawing all remaining public land from use, affecting about 100,000 acres in 12 states and supplementing his withdrawal order of last November, is in preparation for a nationwide conservation program. It completes withdrawal from settlement of the entire 165,695,000 acres of public domain as authorized under the land program section of the Recovery Act. The November order was to make possible reclamation of 80,000,000 acres of permanent livestock grazing areas under Taylor act.

The President explained that the latest withdrawal was ordered pending determination of the most useful purposes to which they may be put in furtherance of the land program and conservation and development of natural resources. He added that this land, not suitable to profitable growing of crops, was destined for forests, creation of additional grazing districts and establishment of game reserves and bird refuges.

A ban on further homesteading was one of the urgent recommendations of the National Resources Board headed by Secretary Ickes.

## ANCHO NEWS

The snow which fell Sunday night was appreciated by every one.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pruett have been visiting in El Paso since Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. Straley and young son are at home now.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Goodson were White Oaks visitors Sunday.

Miss Crawford spent the week-end at Hollywood, N. M. She reports a very nice time.

Mrs. J. C. Johnson and daughter spent Saturday and Sunday in Tularosa visiting Mrs. Carter. Mrs. Carter lived at Ancho away back in 1917.

Mr. Craig was at Fort Sumner over the week-end while Miss Berry visited home folks at Fort Stanton.

Mrs. M. R. Hendrix is enjoying a visit from her daughter of Oklahoma.

Pete Frame of Odessa, Texas was an Ancho visitor last Friday.

Mr. F. C. Strawbridge has returned from Las Cruces where he has been employed.

## CORONA NEWS

Mrs. Tommy DuBois has been visiting in Albuquerque.

The Boy Scouts of Corona presented a play, "Coming Clean" at the Corona Gym, Tuesday, March 12. A pie supper followed the play. The cast will later take the play to Vaughn, Duran and Cedarvale. The boys are raising money to go to Carlsbad Cavern in the spring.

Ray Mosaly, of Lon, was injured while working on the new highway south of town. His family are in Corona with him.

Mrs. John Messer was up from Alamogordo for a short visit with relatives.

The town team won the tournament which was held at Capitan last week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Alec Jenkins and daughter, Ruth, were in Albuquerque last week-end.

Perle Messer is visiting in Alamogordo.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Chappell and children visited in Corona Sunday.

Miss Minnie Bea Chappell was in Santa Fe Saturday.

Mrs. Noble Dunlap spent the week-end in Encino.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thomas and Miss Dell Roberts were Carrizozo visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Caraley Baker were in Encino Sunday.

Mrs. Ernest Windham has returned to Corona after a two months' visit with relatives in Denver.

## Singing Convention

The Lincoln County Singing Convention will be held at Capitan Sunday, April 14th. It will be an all day affair, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. Everybody who enjoys good singing is invited to come. A basket dinner at the noon hour. Everybody bring a well filled basket.

## Grand Chapter, O. E. S.

Grand Chapter, Order of Eastern Star is to be held at Clovia, March 21-22-23. Those who will attend from here are Mrs. R. E. Lemon, Mrs. Paul Mayer, Mrs. R. E. Blaney, Miss Ella Brickley, Mr. E. M. Brickley and Mrs. G. A. Titworth of Capitan.

## Mrs. Garnett Passes Away at Brownwood

Mrs. B. D. Garner left last Friday for Brownwood, Texas to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Maria Jane Garnett, age 80, who passed away Friday, at the home of her daughter there. Death followed an illness of only a few weeks.

Mrs. Garnett had made her home here with Mrs. Garner since October, 1932, and had endeared herself to everyone by her lovable traits of character. Few round out a life so full of good deeds, right living, and making the world a better place in which to live. She was a Christian whose fine spirit and gentle ways will abide in our memory. An unusual woman intellectually and spiritually she will be sadly missed. Funeral services were conducted at the Baptist church in Brownwood last Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock with all her children present except one son who resides in Mexico City.

We clip the following from a Brownwood paper:

Mrs. James B. Garnett, 80, Brown county pioneer died at 4:20 Friday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Will Talbot, 1304 Coggin avenue. Funeral services for Mrs. Garnett and her husband will be held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock at First Baptist Church with Rev. Karl H. Moore officiating. Interment will be in Greenleaf Cemetery with White & London Funeral Home in charge of arrangements.

Maria Mitchell Garnett was born on June 12, 1855, at Blue Springs, Trigg county, Kentucky. She was converted and joined the church when a girl and was a true and faithful Christian and church worker through all her life.

She was married at the age of 19 to James B. Garnett on February 12, 1875. The family came to Texas from Kentucky in 1881 and came directly to Brownwood. Mr. and Mrs. Garnett lived here from then until 1910 when they moved to San Diego, California, where they were living at the time of Mr. Garnett's death.

When Mr. Garnett died on January 27, 1918, his request was that his body be cremated and his remains be held until the death of his wife so they could be buried together. This wish has been observed and his ashes are being brought from San Diego by a son for the double service here.

Mrs. Garnett has been in ill health for several months and was only recently returned here by a son, J. L. Garnett, from New Mexico, where she had been living. She has been making her home with her children since the death of her husband.

She is survived by seven children, namely: Dr. W. L. Garnett, Mexico City; Mrs. Byrd D. Garner, Carrizozo, New Mexico; E. E. Garnett, San Diego, California; S. S. Garnett, San Antonio; Mrs. Marion Ford, Mrs. Will Talbot and J. L. Garnett, all of Brownwood. She is survived by her sister, Mrs. H. E. Conway of Los Angeles, California. Twenty-five grandchildren and four great grandchildren survive.

## MAN WITH CAR

To take over profitable Watkins Route in this County. Established customers. Must be under 50 and satisfied with earnings of \$30.00 a week at start. In reply give your age, type of car and farm experience. Write The J. K. Watkins Company, Rural Dept., 186 Liberty Street, Winona, Minnesota.

## Grand Jury

The following named citizens composed the District Court Grand Jury in session here last week: J. B. Dean, B. D. Holguin, Roy Shafer, Tom Yarbro, W. H. Evans, Cruz Otero, W. E. Lair, J. M. Shelton, C. A. Brannum, Manuel Sanchez, Abe Sanchez, John W. Dale.

The District Court has been engaged this week in the trial of criminal cases.

The following Petit Jurors are sitting in these cases:

Leonard E. Hunt, George A. Titworth, Homer Foster, G. C. Bigelow, John Littleton, C. F. Smith, Wm. J. Langston, E. W. Myers, C. P. Huppertz, Enrique Otero, J. H. Howard, Raymond R. Sale, T. A. Spencer, F. H. Hall, Otis Huat, M. G. Peckham, J. K. Akers.

IN THE PROBATE COURT IN AND FOR LINCOLN COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

In The Matter of the Estate of Louis Moya, } No. 354.  
Deceased.

Notice of Hearing Upon Final Account And Report of Administratrix.

State Of New Mexico,

To Carlota Moya, and all unknown heirs of Louis Moya, Deceased, and all unknown persons, claiming any lien upon or right, title or interest in or to the estate of said deceased:

You and each of you are hereby notified that Carlota Moya, Administratrix of the Estate of Louis Moya, Deceased, has filed her final account and report as such Administratrix together with her petition praying for her discharge, in the Probate Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, in the above entitled cause and that the 6th day of May, 1935 at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M. at the office of the Probate Court in the Court House at Carrizozo, New Mexico, has been fixed and appointed as the time and place of the hearing of objections, if any there be, to said final account and report and that at said time and place said Probate Court will proceed to determine the heirship of said decedent, the ownership of his said estate and the interest of each respective claimant thereto and thereunder and the persons entitled to the distribution thereof.

You are further notified that persons having objections to such final report should file the same with the Clerk before the time of the hearing.

Claude J. Nels is attorney for the Administratrix and his post office address is Roswell New Mexico.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this 6th day of March, 1935.

(Seal) Ernest Key, County Clerk.

By Frances R. Aguayo, Deputy.

Mar. 15 - Apr. 5.

Thomas Carlton Cook arrived March 12, 1935 at Johnson's Hospital. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. Tommie Cook of Carrizozo. His maternal grandparents are Mr. and Mrs. Carlton W. Northrup of Alamosa, Colorado and maternal grand parents are Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Cobb of El Paso, Texas, and Mrs. C. M. Northrup of Greenburg, Kansas. His paternal grand parents are Mr. Thos. J. Cook Sr. of Ruston, La. and Mrs. Julia S. Cook of Carrizozo: while the young man has plenty of grand parents he has only one aunt, Miss Ruth Northrup of Alamosa, Colorado and one uncle Mr. E. W. (Dink) Myers of White Oaks. He has a host of more distant relatives and friends who wish him a long life filled with happiness and prosperity.

Mrs. L. J. Adams has recovered from a severe attack of influenza.

## Hondo Juniors to Present Play

The Junior Class of Hondo will present their play, "The Road to the City," tomorrow night at 7:30. Following the play the opening of the new auditorium will be held. Also, a dance.

## Call For Bids

Proposals are hereby solicited to be received in the Office of Post Office Inspector S. L. Robinette at Albuquerque, New Mexico to furnish quarters suitable for Post Office purposes at Carrizozo, New Mexico.

For complete information see Herman E. Kelt, Postmaster.

LOST--In Carrizozo near El Cibola Hotel, a package of note books, court records, and an appeal to the Supreme Court. Note books for Lincoln and Otero counties. Finder return to clerk's office and receive reward.

Mrs. Ola C. Jones spent Saturday and Sunday in Santa Fe. She was accompanied home by Mrs. Ellen Sellers, who visited Fort Stanton for a day then returned to Santa Fe.

The work division of the FERA has moved from the basement at the Masonic temple to the first floor. It is being nicely painted and varnished inside.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Grayson of Boone, Iowa, spent the week-end with Dr. and Mrs. Blaney. The Graysons were school mates of Mrs. Blaney. They spend the winters in California, and enroute have visited many interesting places in New Mexico, which they think very fine.--Contributed.

H. B. Jordan, of Albuquerque, was a guest of his parents, Rev. and Mrs. L. D. Jordan, Wednesday.

Born To Mr. and Mrs. Tommy Cook, Tuesday March 12, a boy. He has been named Thomas Carlton.

Mrs. Garrard will serve regular meals at Hotel Garrard beginning with the 16th. The public is acquainted with the wholesome, well cooked meals she serves and the homelike atmosphere of the hotel when she presides.

Mrs. O. T. Keathley is in Capitan with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Geo. R. Hyde, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Sproles left for their old home in Virginia last Wednesday evening an account of the serious illness of Mr. Sproles' father.

Mrs. A. S. McCamant and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Carter, went to Albuquerque yesterday for a few days' visit.

The Big Event - our 9-CENT SALE. DORRINO'S STORES.

The Rebekahs will initiate three candidates tomorrow night. The degree team from Alamogordo is expected to exemplify the work.

Mixing Bowl Special at Carrizozo Hardware Co. tomorrow and all next week.

Mrs. J. B. Hurley and children returned to their home in Albuquerque Thursday after visiting her parents, Rev. and Mrs. L. D. Jordan, for several days.

New Machines MODERN SHOP "Let Me See Your Sew"

Hyde's Shoe Shop Capitan, N. M.

## Cattlemen Convention

Albuquerque, N. M. March 14. The tariff, always a vital problem for the New Mexico livestock grower, is of particular importance now on the eve of the annual convention of the state cattle growers and wool growers conventions at Roswell.

Fluctuations in international currency exchange are causing livestock men to cast an apprehensive eye on the financial pages as they consider what might happen if the dollar become depreciated too such in terms of currency of other livestock producing countries.

If the dollar gains 10 per cent in terms of the Mexican peso, for instance, the tariff against Mexican cattle and sheep is lowered 10 per cent.

For this reason the tariff will be gone into thoroughly by both wool growers and cattle growers at their separate sessions and at the joint meeting March 26.

The tariff problem has always been with the livestock man, but this year he has a new problem that, for the present at least, will overshadow the tariff.

Passage of the Taylor Bill providing for Government administration of the public domain through organization of grazing districts has created new problems for the wool grower and cattle grower.

Report of a special committee appointed to draft a tentative public domain policy for the livestock men will be presented to the joint convention. New Mexico livestock men are expected to favor inclusion of the entire domain of some 173,000,000 acres under the Taylor Act, instead of the 80,000,000 now included, although most of New Mexico's domain is now included.

The cattle growers' convention will be March 25, the joint convention March 26, the wool growers' meeting March 27.

All livestock men are invited to attend a meeting of the Cattle Growers' Association executive committee at 7:30 p. m. March 24.

## Constipated 30 Years Aided By Old Remedy

"For thirty years I had constipation. Souring food from stomach choked me. Since taking Ad-Lerika I am a new person. Constipation is a thing of the past."—Alice Burns.

Rollands Drug Store -- In Corona by DuBois Drug Store.

Imagine This Value!

8 1/2-Inch MIXING BOWL

Beautiful Clear Polished Green Glass

Only

This Week's SPECIAL! 14c.

LARGE ROLL-EDGE RIM; CORRUGATED SIDES FOR EASY HOLDING; BEST SHAPE FOR MIXING

LIMIT-2 TO A CUSTOMER

CARRIZOZO HARDWARE CO. PHONE 96

The Waffle House ANNEX

LIQUORS WINES BRANDIES CORDIALS ETC.

Appetizing lunches favorite Beers

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# HILLTOPS CLEAR

By EMILIE LORING

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WNU Service.

### SYNOPSIS

Prudence Schuyler comes to Prosperity Farm to make a new life for herself and her brother, David, his health broken by tragedy. The second day Prue falls from the barn loft into the arms of Rodney Gerard, rich young man, a neighbor. There is at once a mutual attraction, but Prudence suspects men since her sister's husband ran away with her brother's wife, Len Calloway tries to buy Prue's timber, but she contracts with Rod to dispose of the trees. David comes to the farm. Prue's associates Rod and Jean, Rod's thirteen-year-old niece, to a circus. Chitot, an old clown, is accidentally killed. He was the grandfather of Milly Gooch, one of the circus riders. Rod became friendly with Milly when she lived on Prosperity Farm. Calloway intimidates laborers so that they cannot be hired to cut the timber for Rodney Gerard. Altar Chitot's death Rod calls on Milly to see if he can be of any help. Prue sees in a newspaper a flashlight picture of him with Milly. Rodney goes to New York for timber cutters, taking David with him to help select men from among the Rescue Mission hangers-on. Rod sends word of his coming, with a crew of laborers. To keep the knowledge of the workers' arrival from Calloway, Prudence enters her timber tract with him on the pretense of bargaining on the lumbering. He confines her in a cabin. An escaped convict appears and robs Prudence of her pearls. Then Rod arrives and holds a gun on Calloway and the convict, recovering the jewels.

### CHAPTER IX—Continued

—14—

If he spoke to her again in that unsteady voice, she would cry her heart out on his shoulder, then where would she be?

"Warmer—but—a roaring fire, and a cup of hot tea will seem like heaven, Jim will."

"Jim! Jim! You think of him every minute. Why don't you marry him?" Prudence shut her eyes. She had been about to say that Jim would think him lost. He had handed her a weapon of defense. She rushed to her own destruction.

"I have had that idea myself—in fact it is quite settled."

The words seemed to twang in the air long after they were spoken, to vibrate like a violin string which had been roughly struck. What a lie! What an outrageous lie! She had stripped off honor and truth in a determination to protect herself from future heartache. What would Jim Armstrong say if he knew? He mustn't know. After what seemed hours of time and miles of road, she begged in what she recognized as absurd anticlimax.

"Please don't mention what I told you to anyone—even David. We— we don't want it known—at present. I— I—well, you made me angry and—and I just flung it at you."

"Don't worry. I shan't broadcast the good news. You are hoarse. Still chilly?"

"I'm warmer, but thank heaven, we are almost home! There's the red brick house!"

"David and I had planned for you to dine at High Ledges tonight—he wanted to tell you of our experiences—but if you've taken cold—"

"I never take cold. As soon as I get off these wet clothes I'll be all right." How could she face Jim Armstrong, she wondered.

He lifted her out of the roadster and pulled off the robe. "You're shivering. There isn't a light in the house. Where is Jane Mack?"

"Having tea with Mrs. S-S, probably."

"You're shivering again. Come out! I'm going in with you!"

"No! No! Go home! I don't need anyone."

"See you! Come on!" He laid a compelling arm about her shoulders and drew her along the path. The knob of the front door turned under his hand. He followed her into the living room which was faintly lighted by blinking coals on the hearth.

"Sit in that wing chair. Don't try to talk."

He hung pine cones from the big copper kettle beside the fireplace on the embers. They blazed. Carefully he laid birch kindling; when that caught he piled on large logs and lighted the lamp.

Prudence protested hoarsely: "Please don't do anything more. I can take care of myself."

"Got a heater in the house? Is your room warm?"

"My own room upstairs? Only when I have a fire in the stove."

"Then I'll get your dry clothes, you can't stay in those wet things, and you are not going up to that cold room to change. Sit out to your feet."

He dropped to one knee and unlaced the boot she automatically held out. For an instant she was dumb from surprise, but only for an instant.

"Rodney Gerard, don't dare go to my room."

"Did you say 'dare'? I'm going under the Trading with the Enemy act. It's being used this year."

He carefully removed the other boot, placed the pair side by side on the hearth, and crossed the room.

Seated in the wing chair, she reviewed him as he returned. Green-golden pajamas hung over an arm, her diamond house coat striped in blue and

green over the other. How had he known what to bring?

"Here you are! Get out of those wet things and into these."

He drew a chair in front of the fire and laid the garments over its back. Prudence regarded him with a superior smile, as superior as a smile could be with chattering teeth behind it.

"Just naturally helpful; aren't you? I haven't the slightest intention of changing. I'll stay here until M-Macky gets back."

"You have another guess coming to you. You'll change to dry clothes while I'm in the kitchen making a cup of hot tea. Now get this. If you haven't when I come back, I'll peel off those wet things myself." He paused on the threshold. "Make it snappy. It doesn't take long to boil water."

Prudence wrinkled her nose at his back. The act of defiance precipitated a body-wrenching sneeze. Let him try to make her change. Just let him try.

She glanced furtively at the pajamas and coat over the chair. They looked blissfully warm, and she was frozen. Why not put them on? Why freeze for the pleasure of defying Rodney Gerard?

What was that sound? Was he coming already? With shaking hands she pulled off the green cardigan. Of course, the lordly male would think he had frightened her into obedience. She knotted the cord of the green and blue house coat. He hadn't. It wasn't that she was too proud to fight—was her reaction to that thought a chuckle or a shiver—she was too cold to fight. Silly not to have put these toasty warm things on at once.

It was coming! She caught up the wet clothing and jammed it into the wood box. Back in the wing chair she thrust her bare toes, still white from cold, into sandals and sat on them.

When Gerard entered he glanced quickly at the chair in front of the fire. He drew forward a Chinese tureen and set down the tray in his hand.

"There you are!"

He poured tea, strong enough to curl the straightest lashes up tight, and passed her the cup.

"Drink it while it's hot."

She took a hasty swallow.

"It's boiling! You—haven't a c-copper-lined mouth up your sleeve, have you? You're such an efficient p-person."

"Did it burn?"

"Oh no, it froze and frosted all the way down."

"Don't try to be funny. Drink it. At least, you're not shivering now. What the dickens have you done to this room?"

"Paper and paint. I wanted it fresh for David when he returned." She started to her feet. "David! How could I have forgotten? He must be wild with anxiety about me."

"Sit down! Finish that tea! I phoned him from upstairs. Told him that you were okay and that you would be at High Ledges for dinner. I— a door banged. "Who's that? Sit still!"

Before he could reach the hall, Jane Mack appeared on the threshold.

"Miss Prue! Miss Prue! They've caught the escaped prisoner! Now perhaps you'll get your jewels." She took a step into the room and pulled down her spectacles. "What's the matter, child? What happened to her, Mr. Rodney?"

Prue reassured quickly:

"Nothing happened, Macky, except that I went to look at my timber and got wet. Mr. Gerard made some tea and—here we are."

Jane Mack put her hand against Prue's cheek. "You look feverish. Sure you haven't taken cold?"

"Of course not. I never have a cold. What did you hear about the convict, Macky? Tell us, quick."

Gerard lifted the heavy coat from Jane's thin shoulders—Prue wondered if that attention ever had been shown her before—and drew forward a chair.

"Sit here, Miss Mack. How did you hear about the capture?"

"The news was broadcast about ten minutes ago. The convict was brought to the county jail by a leading citizen—didn't tell his name over the radio—who caught him in the woods, dared death from the desperado's revolver, and captured him single-handed."

Jane Mack's theatrical "dared death" unleashed Prue's shivers.

"Single-handed!" she echoed.

The leading citizen was Calloway, of course. Evidently he had forgotten to mention Rodney Gerard's timely entrance at the cabin, had forgotten her mastery stroke with the ax.

"Single-handed!" she repeated, and looked at Rodney Gerard. He shook his head, as his eyes met hers. She turned to Jane Mack.

"So the leading citizen caught him single-handed. Ain't human nature grand!"

to the warning call "Timber!" before the crash of a tree; to the clop of axes, the rasp of saws that shattered the brooding silence of the woods. Was it only two weeks since Rodney Gerard and David had personally conducted their crew from New York? Probably it seemed months to the men, who, unused to hard work, had been instructed gradually in the art of handling and grinding axes, twisting peaveys, and pulling on cross-saws.

If it didn't seem long to them, it seemed an aeon or two to her since that cabin adventure of recent and thrilling memory. The convict was safe behind bars, but hadn't a man quite as dangerous to the Schuyler and Gerard interests been left at large? Had Calloway given up the fight to stop them from cutting the timber? She couldn't believe it.

Two weeks since they had arrived, and this was the first time she had seen them at work. Absorption in work and sports was not the only reason that had kept her from the log-



"Don't Try to Be Fanny. Drink It."

victors' jubilating about goal posts would be a Sleepy Hollow compared to the inside of that cattle barn."

"Can they get a drink, Dave?"

"Not unless they walk miles for it, and by the time they have tramped back to the bunk-house at the end of their work day they've had all the walking they care for. They are happy enough, with a radio and one of those snail-moving picture machines—but in spite of that, I can't explain it, I feel a pricking in my thumbs."

"Have you heard from the two whom Calloway subtracted?"

"Not since the night they appeared at the bunkhouse to make a neighborly call. On that occasion they were greeted with such a storm of abuse and such a fusillade of missiles that the place looked as if it had been the storm center of a five-and-ten store explosion. They won't try that again. Here comes Rod."

Rodney Gerard, leagued against a small tree and regarded Prudence with smiling aloofness.

"We have with us today—Prue of Prosperity farm. What do you think of our logging enterprise, partner?"

She gripped the stump with both gloved hands. A small cold tremor of fear quivered through her. He hadn't moved, yet she felt as if irresistibly she were being drawn into his arms. Why, why did it have to be he who set her heart thumping, whose eyes seemed to stop her breath? How could he in a few weeks have so possessed her? Magic? Black art? Almost she began to believe in them. Why couldn't it have been Jim Armstrong, who had had neither time nor money to finance circus riders?

She kept her eyes on her brother as hands deep in the pockets of his heavy sweater he walked away. She said unweary:

"David is unbelievably better, isn't he?"

"Better! He's pretty nearly okay. When we were in New York, I persuaded him to see a specialist. I know. He said that if your brother would keep out of blankety-blank—I am giving you a carefully expurgated version of his opinion—places full of dead air and live in the country for a time, that nature, who is the greater repair specialist in creation, would have him on his feet in—"

"Timber!"

Gerard jumped to his feet at the warning call. Prue's eyes followed him. The men had taken to the cover of big trees. All except one. Why—why didn't the stupid creature—

"Hi! O'Shea! Look out!"

Gerard yelled the warning as he dashed toward the red-headed giant. Prudence clutched her hands over her heart. Would he be in time? Didn't Rodney realize his own danger when he hurled himself at the man? The tree was down! So were the two men. Crushed? The crew dropped their axes and rushed forward.

She shut her eyes for an instant. When she opened them, Gerard was on his feet with his hand on O'Shea's shoulder.

"Sorry to treat you rough, Shance. You had to take the chance of being knocked out by the tree or by me."

The dazed man blinked small red eyes at the prostrate forest monster—harmless now—which had cleared him by an inch.

TO BE CONTINUED.

### Ants Outdo Man in Many Demonstrations of Skill

With well trained soldiers, skillful builders, successful farmers, and able rulers many of the ant nations challenge some of man's most outstanding accomplishments, says Pathfinder Magazine. These wonderfully organized tribes perform wonders which are hard to understand. They pursue methods remarkably similar to those of man. Their formations in war show a perfection which is not only similar to bit rivals that of the world's best armies. Working tirelessly some of them, instead of hunting all of their food, actually produce part of it themselves. Certain varieties of mushrooms have been domesticated by them and are grown in underground beds receiving careful cultivation and watering.

Most striking of all is their building. Some of the tower-like structures ants erect would far outstrip those of man if they were considered in view of the comparative sizes of the builders. Some of the buildings reach a height of 20 feet and withstand severe storms remarkably well. Workers in the tribes are aided by slaves captured in wars.

Undersecretary of State

The undersecretary of state is the principal assistant of the secretary of state in the discharge of his various functions, aiding in the formulation and execution of the foreign policies of the government, in the reception of representatives of foreign governments, etc. In matters which do not require the personal attention of the secretary of state he acts for the secretary of state, and in the absence of that official he becomes acting secretary of state. His duties also include general direction of the work of the Department of State and of the foreign consulates.



U. S. Bureau of Standards Building at Washington.

Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service.

IN THE nation's capital, scientists and laymen employed by the United States government and private institutions are quietly at work making life easier and safer.

Washington today has the largest number of scientific men and women gathered in any one spot of equal size in the world. In the government service alone are more than 5,000 scientists, attached to more than half a hundred bureaus and commissions whose research has uncovered many a new fact and created many a new instrument.

Would you believe that the mere weight of your finger could bend a 5-inch steel bar? Not—well, wizards of the bureau of standards built an instrument so delicate that with it you can see the big bar bend when you lay your finger on it. Near by is a precision balance with an accuracy of one fifty-millionth of a pound. This scale is so delicate that, if you stand too near, the mere heat of your body affects its balance.

Practical tests giving results useful in many trades go on all the time.

You and other motor-car owners in America have saved millions of dollars through experiments made here with fuel, brake linings, tires, road material, etc. In simulating road tests for tires, for example, an automobile wheel with a nice new tire is put on a motor and speeded up. It runs against another wheel, a device which literally "runs the road past the wheel." This not only shows how fast the tire wears out, but it shows, too, how power is lost with different types of tires.

That's a Wind Tunnel.

That long, queer-looking structure out in the yard, with that big motor-driven fan roaring in one end, is a "wind tunnel." In it aerial models, bombs, etc., are used, to learn the effect of wind streams, on them. In such tunnels tests are also made to show pressure on skyscrapers during wind storms; with the fan revolving in one end, an artificial wind is blown through these tunnels at a speed of from 75 to 180 miles an hour.

When a house with a shingle roof gets a high wind, neighboring houses are in danger from flying sparks. To study this hazard in winds of different speed, the bureau built a shingle roof, used an airplane propeller to make the wind, and set fire to the roof. Thus it could study the flight of the embers.

A device by which airships recover ballast was made at the bureau. An airship ordinarily loses weight equal to that of its fuel burned, but by this device the moisture from the exhaust is condensed, thus recovering more than a pound of water for each pound of gasoline consumed. This saves the waste of much lifting gas; hydrogen or helium, which formerly had to be released to maintain static equilibrium.

And there are standards of performance. The bureau aids industry in work with ships' watches, sextants, scales, airplane instruments, radio sets, lamps, milk-testing machines, and so on.

Loss from waste in industry, amounting to many millions a year, is avoided now by the bureau's work in simplified practice. In the case of hotel chinaware alone, for example, 700 sizes and varieties were reduced to 67 by agreement among factories, dealers, and consumers.

The bureau aids industry to achieve trade standards, too. Makers of many things, from locks and hinges to dress patterns and wall paper, come to it and agree that their products shall conform to certain standards.

But the bureau does not impose its tests or conclusions on the people. They voluntarily bring their problems to it for aid in their solution.

Other Scientific Groups.

In Washington, too, are located the National Academy of Sciences, the National Research Council, the Carnegie Institution of Washington, with its department of terrestrial magnetism and geophysical laboratory, and the National Geographic Society.

Certain of the national societies, in addition to the National Geographic, such as the National Education Association, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Chemical Society, the American Forestry Association, and the American Engineering Council, maintain their headquarters in the nation's capital.

The most extensive scientific group under one administrative head comprises the 18 bureaus of the Department of Agriculture.

The oldest of the governmental scientific organizations is the coast and

geodetic survey. For more than a century, many a ship and crew have owed salvation to the tireless, painstaking efforts of this bureau, to which is entrusted the survey of all coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States, including rivers to the head of tidewater, deep-sea soundings and currents off our shores, as well as magnetic observations and researches. The results of such important studies appear in official sailing charts, tide tables, "notices to mariners" of floating wrecks, newly discovered rocks and other menaces to navigation.

A technical library, founded a century ago, has been assembled by this survey. Its maps, photographic negatives and prints, pamphlets, and field reports from surveying parties dealing with Alaska and with our various boundary surveys, aggregate tens of thousands.

When congress, in 1879, set up the geological survey, under the Department of the Interior, there was imposed on it the task of classifying all public lands, and the study of their geologic structure and mineral deposits.

Through the years, to quote its former director, George Otis Smith, this has meant "helping a pioneering people to settle a vacant land, an industrial people to harness the forces of nature in the great work of development—all this with the well-defined purpose of safeguarding the future of America."

As our nation grew, this survey's functions multiplied. As the west was settled, the problems of conserving water for use on arid lands became one of its tasks.

In time, too, there fell to it the work of surveying forests, and studies in mining technology. When these activities became too intense, they led to the formation of separate bureaus, sometimes under other departments, such as the forest service and bureau of mines. In the same way the construction program, based on the study of reservoir sites, first made by the survey, became the work of the reclamation service when it was formed.

Being among the older scientific groups in the government, this survey has thus mothered many infant bureaus, and today among its major activities are things geologic and topographic, as well as water resources, conservation, and many Alaskan explorations.

Scientific Publications.

The official and private scientific publications issued annually from Washington make a most impressive exhibit, difficult to visualize.

If typhus breaks out in Teheran, plague in Peking, or cholera comes down the Yangtze, the United States public health service soon knows it. Our consuls in every corner of the world cable the news when certain diseases appear in foreign ports. This is so quarantine may be arranged where needed.

Bats by the myriad have been gazed out of incoming ships. Hides, furs, rugs, many kinds of cargo, must be fumigated abroad before shipment here. Immigrants are examined, too, in various foreign ports where medical officers of the United States public health service are stationed. The Panama canal, for example, works like a strainer on all ships passing through it bound for American ports.

This finger of government, known then as the marine hospital service, was first established in 1793. Through generations it grew, till now—with its subsidiary, the National Institute of Health, at Washington—it is one of the world's foremost medical research agencies.

Though at first it merely did relief work for seamen, today its manifold functions include: the protection of the United States from the introduction of disease from without; the medical examination and inspection of all arriving aliens and prospective immigrants; the prevention of interstate spread of disease and the suppression of epidemics; co-operation with state and local health authorities in public health matters; investigation of the diseases of man; the supervision and control of biologic products; public health education and dissemination of health information; the maintenance of marine hospitals and relief stations for the care and treatment of certain beneficiaries prescribed by law; the confinement and treatment of persons addicted to the use of habit-forming narcotic drugs who have committed offenses against the United States and of addicts who voluntarily submit themselves for treatment; and the providing of medical service in federal prisons.

### CHAPTER X

Perched on a stump among others which remained here of Henry Hudson's goblin crew in the forest set of Rip Van Winkle, Prudence looked

# News Review of Current Events the World Over

## President Returns From Vacation to Face Critical Test of His Administration Policies as Foes Stand Firm on Prevailing Wage Clause.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

President Roosevelt ended his vacation at Hyde Park and left for Washington where his administration faces serious trouble, involving the prestige of the White House. Capitol Hill is full of lively curiosity over the President's program, and whether he will fight the present congressional defiance of his leadership and go before the people with one of his famed fireside talks, or whether he will agree to a compromise. Mr. Roosevelt left at the end of his second year in office faces a predicament in his relations to congress similar to that which confronted Mr. Hoover in 1931.

Unless he regains control his entire program is likely to bog down. The fight hinges on the \$4,850,000,000 work-relief program, the first item in the President's budget message and the principal mainstay of his program. Secret conferences at which slices of pork were reported to have been dangled before the avid eyes of revolting senators were said to have been held. A few supporters of the McCarran prevailing wage amendment which wrecked the bill and forced its recommitment to the appropriations committee were said to be wavering under the pressure. Senator Robert F. Wagner, who voted for the amendment, acted as peacemaker. He intimated the possibility of a compromise by paying more than the so-called security wage of \$50 a month, but still lower than the prevailing rates. Other leaders declared they would not budge from their positions.

Secretary Ickes has been no help to the President in quelling the revolt. In his recent testimony, Ickes was reluctant to tell a senate committee about allocation of \$238,000,000 for a naval shipbuilding program. The senators finally pried out information which would indicate that the navy and the speculators knew all about the appropriation, but none of the members of congress knew about it. The money was to be spent at executive discretion, and senators feel this does not auger well for the proposal to hand to Mr. Roosevelt unlimited power in spending the proposed five billion dollar appropriation.

Since next year will bring another Presidential election, a third of the senators will be up for re-election, and all of the house members. They are watching closely the present situation because, if the President is slipping, they want their own records back home in good order.

MUSSOLINI has sent 5,000 more Italian troops to east Africa, making 10,000 that have been dispatched for the possible war with the empire of Ethiopia. With the latest contingent went Gen. Rodolfo Graziani, who will be in command of the expeditionary army. The soldiers were given a fine send-off at Naples, Crown Prince Humbert being present.

Mussolini has set European governments buzzing in a speech in which he roared defiance at Italy's foes, asserting that he could put eight million armed men in the field if necessary. Newspapers during the past few weeks have openly referred to the possibility of a war between Italy and Germany over Austria, and it was thought that Il Duce's speech was made to impress upon the Nazis that he was prepared to defend Brenner pass, although a part of the troops are being used in Ethiopia.

Britain is keeping a close watch on Ethiopian developments. Sir John Simon, foreign secretary, told the house of commons. Simon said that the agreement of 1908 between Italy, France and Great Britain to preserve the political and territorial status quo in Ethiopia is in force and that Britain has drawn Italy's attention to this fact. He added that the whole trouble is over the frontier between Ethiopia and Italian Somaliland which has never been properly defined.

THE Blue Eagle lost another tail feather the other day, when Federal Judge Nields at Wilmington, Del., held that the collective bargaining provision of NIRA is unconstitutional when applied to companies not engaged in interstate commerce. The administration and organized labor immediately joined in a fight to preserve the validity of Section 7-A, and announced that an immediate appeal would be taken before the United States Supreme court.

The Wagner labor relations bill making Section 7-A the law of the land and outlawing company unions may have to be revised, if Judge Nields is upheld by the high court. The ruling also gives support to opposition now forming in congress against extension of NIRA unless it is reorganized.

Judge Nields' ruling was on an injunction suit brought by the government against the Weirton Steel company to enforce the steel firm from alleged violations of Section 7-A of NIRA and the labor section of the fair com-

petition code of the iron and steel industry. He upheld the right of employees to form company unions for collective bargaining, thus upsetting the claim of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, that the company intimidated employees and dominated the company union. The court held that the company is primarily engaged in state, not interstate commerce, which congress is not empowered to regulate. Judge Nields stated:

"Power to enact Section 7-A was not conferred upon congress by the 'general welfare' recital in the preamble of the Constitution, nor by the welfare clause, Article I, Section 8, of the Constitution."

Unless the Supreme court reverses Judge Nields, the decision will prevent the New Deal from interfering with employee-employer relationships of a vast majority of American business.

New Deal policies received another jolt the same day when Judge Charles L. Dawson on application of 85 west ern Kentucky coal operators issued a writ enjoining the government from enforcing the bituminous coal code, reaffirming an earlier decision that the national industrial recovery act was unconstitutional. Judge Dawson declared that the coal mining is an interstate business, and beyond the power of congress to regulate.

He had previously issued a temporary writ, on petition of the operators on the ground of invalidity of the code, but the court of appeal remanded the case for a finding of fact on the question of irreparable injury. "When the government unconstitutionally interferes with the right of a citizen to do business in his own way, that interference constitutes an injury to the property rights of the citizen," said Judge Dawson, who labeled as fallacious the government lawyers' contention that gains resulting from the coal code should offset losses.

FEDERAL JUDGE W. I. GRUBB of Alabama gave the New Deal a sharp rap that threatens the great electric power development in the Tennessee valley. He ruled that the Tennessee Valley Authority has no legal authority to dispose of surplus power generated at hydro-electric plants on the Tennessee river. The administration is depending on this enterprise to bring about the lowering of private power plant rates, and it was believed there would be an immediate appeal from the decision.

In Washington especial note was taken of the fact that Judge Grubb made permanent an injunction restraining 14 north Alabama cities and towns from negotiating with the Public Works administration for loans to build electric distribution systems. There was speculation as to what effect, if any, this might have nationally on PWA's policy of giving financial encouragement to municipal power developments.

INTERNAL troubles continue to rock Cuba, and President Carlos Mendicta's regime appears tottering. Manuel Despaigne, the only member of Mendicta's cabinet who was in office, has resigned as secretary of the treasury, completing the rout of the ministry brought about by the school strike. And twelve assistant cabinet secretaries have also deserted the administration.

The cabinet resignations began over differences of opinion as to how to deal with the strike of several hundred thousand students and teachers which has developed into a national movement to oust the Mendicta administration. Communist-led labor organizations are ready to throw their strength behind a revolutionary general strike, and the situation is becoming critical. Although armed forces are being held in readiness to quell disorders, there is some doubt as to their loyalty to the president. Col. Fulgenio Batista, army chief of staff, was reported ready to throw his support to Dr. Carlos Manuel de la Cruz for president if the Mendicta government falls, but leaders of the anti-Mendicta movement have indicated Batista's choice would not be acceptable to them.

Terrorism continues rampant. Bombing has become general, railroads have been blown up, and Havana has suffered considerable damage to property.

POSSIBILITIES of a merger of Democrats with Republicans in fighting for repeal of the "pink slip" or income tax publicity section of the 1934 revenue act was seen as Representative Bell, Missouri, pleaded for immediate passage of his bill eliminating the publicity provision.

"Not only is there fear on the part of the people of the country on account of gangsters and racketeers," Bell asserted "but there also is concern among business men, because their competitors will have the opportunity of nosing into their secret files."

ASWEEPING investigation of NRA and charges of graft and corruption was started by the senate, when it passed the Nye-McCarran resolution for a finance committee inquiry after a series of floor conferences between the sponsors, administration leaders, liberal Democrats, and western progressives. Sponsors of the bill originally demanded a special committee to investigate NRA, but finally agreed to the finance committee handling the inquiry. Since the finance committee is headed by Senator Pat Harrison, administration followed, this may mean little. However, it is understood that Harrison agreed that counsel and professional investigators be employed, and also yielded to demands that the committee confer with McCarran and Nye in planning the investigation. If Harrison attempts to "whitewash" the NRA, it is rumored that Nye will take the floor to demand that the inquiry be placed in the hands of the judiciary committee.

THIS irrepressible Huey Long announced in Baton Rouge that he will be a candidate for governor of Louisiana in 1936. That may be just more Kingsfish conversation. However, it is known that Long has not preferred the office he now holds, and there is some possibility that he may seek the chief executive's chair of his state. When asked what would become of his candidacy for the presidency, he said that being elected governor and being a candidate for president would not interfere with each other.

DETERMINED not to accept the McCarran-Federation of Labor prevailing wage amendment, the administration forces in the senate sent the work relief bill back to the committee.

What will happen now to the President's big program is problematical. Senator Byrnes of South Carolina, one of the administration men, declared the measure had met its death.

Instating he was expressing his own belief and not talking for the President, Byrnes said, "There is no prospect of reviving the works program and 'The committee probably will do nothing about it.'"

The President stated that if the McCarran amendment were adopted he would not sign the bill. Byrnes said, "The senate adopted it, therefore, so far as the works part is concerned, the bill is gone."

He expressed the thought the committee would report out an appropriation of \$850,000,000 or \$1,850,000,000 to carry out the present relief program for six months or a year.

Adoption of the McCarran amendment by the senate was brought about only after a hard fight and by means of a rather tricky shifting of pairs in which Huey Long took a leading part. It won by a margin of one vote, whereupon Senator Robinson, Democratic leader, moved that the bill be sent back to the committee. This was done, Senator Glass expressing the hope that the committee would report out a bill "that will not be quite so controversial."

Senator Long, who loses no opportunity to pester the administration and to display his political shrewdness, has started a movement for the specification of \$2,500,000,000 of the work relief measure's total for the purpose of highway construction. Highway commissions in every state were asked by him to endorse this plan. Long said he had discussed it with some other senators and that they liked it.

CHANCELLOR HITLER has been forced to abandon his intensive campaign against the Jews. Economic pressure has caused Dr. Fuehrer to give up public manifestations of his cherished anti-Semitic policy, speeches at a meeting of political leaders and Nazi party members indicated. Boycotts, foreign exchange difficulties and other troubles cannot be risked by the reich at the present moment.

THE Saarland after fifteen years under League of Nations rule returned to Germany. Baron Pompeo Aloisi, Italian chairman of the league's Saar committee, took over the reins from Col. Geoffrey Knox, British chairman of the territorial governing commission. The next day, Aloisi formally surrendered the Saar to Germany, and the German flag was hoisted over the territory for the first time since the World war.

CELEBRATING the seventeenth anniversary of the establishment of its army of 900,000 men, Soviet Russia renewed its defiance of "imperialistic" nations. All over the country there were fetes, and the speakers took occasion not only to glorify the Red warriors but also to attack Germany and Japan.

CHANCELLOR KURT SCHUSCHNIGG of Austria paid a visit to Ramsay MacDonald, British prime minister, and was told that while Britain is all for maintaining the independence of Austria, return of the Hapsburgs in Austria and more British loans were strictly tabooed. Incidentally, Britain hinted that Austria might be a little more popular if it were a little less rough with the Socialists and trade unionists. Austria saw the light, and gave a half promise to be a little gentler. Everything was very friendly, but the Austrians came to London without invitation, and little effort was made to conceal official Britain's feeling that they would rather they had stayed at home.

# Ethiopia Takes Prominent Place in Current News

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY  
RESUMPTION of an Italian imperialism that has not flowered since the crushing of the plans of Francesco Crispi in 1896, may find its beginning in the current Italian "adventure into Africa." Perhaps not strangely, what appears to be the object of Mussolini's ambitious eye today is the same nation that thwarted Crispi with the complete annihilation of 20,000 Italian troops nearly 40 years ago.

It is Ethiopia, often called Abyssinia, the last independent nation in the Dark Continent, and the seat of one of the few absolute monarchies left in

set sail from Naples, even as they have in the past few weeks. Urged to withdraw the African forces by nearly all political parties at home, Premier Crispi refused on grounds of upholding the national honor, and Italy continued to occupy points along the Abyssinian plateau. Development of this policy reached its crisis when the Italian army was wiped out by the forces of Menelek near Adowa, March 1, 1896, temporarily ending Italian colonial ambitions and causing Crispi's political downfall. Yet Italy retained possessions in Somaliland, bordering Ethiopia on the south and east. Libya, to the north and west



Ethiopian Troops on the Border Passing in Review with Arms Upraised, Typical Ethiopian Soldier.

the world, a dynasty that claims to trace its rulers back in an unbroken line from the days of the Old Testament. Here is a nation fertile of soil, rich in undeveloped natural resources and possessing one of the most livable climates in the world, yet it is only now beginning to emerge from the Dark Ages socially and politically. A full-fledged member of the League of Nations, it yet abounds in slavery. One of the oldest Christian nations in the world, its people yet practice polygamy.

Ethiopia occupies something more than 350,000 square miles, an area equal to France and Germany combined, in East Africa south of the Red sea. Always a menace to the power of the Pharaohs of Egypt in Biblical days, its population, variously estimated at from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000, now is composed chiefly of scattered tribes, semi-civilized and often migratory. Their local governments are administered by feudal bodies headed by fierce and resplendent chieftains who bear but little relationship to the central government. Yet history has shown that these people, accustomed to and expert in warfare of a guerrilla nature, are more than capable of forgetting their own community problems when the destiny of the entire nation is at stake. At such a time they have proved themselves instantly able to ally themselves with their monarch, who today is a story-book paradox of medieval ruler by divine right and Twentieth century business manager.

Land of Glorious Sheba. This country, in whose rugged, 10,000-foot highlands are the sources of the great Nile and Atbara rivers, is the legendary land whence came the glorious Sheba to become the friend of Solomon the wise, King of Kings. Indeed the man who now rules Ethiopia claims direct descent from that illustrious union, including as one of his many titles Negus Negast, or King of Kings. And that isn't all. He is also "Emperor of Abyssinia by Power of Trinity, Conquering Lion of the Tribes of Judah, the elect of God and the Light of the World."

A stronghold of the Coptic religion, similar in many respects to the Roman Catholic, except for the fact that its priests are allowed to marry, Ethiopia was shut off from the rest of the world in the Sixth century by the closing in of Mohammedan nations on all of its borders. Not until the Fourteenth century was it destined to begin asserting its power over East Africa once more, and that revival lasted only until 200 years later, when Mohammedanism again isolated the nation. In the Sixteenth century or an even earlier day its people have remained until the last decade or two.

In 1868 Great Britain invaded the country and punished it severely for the depredation of certain British outposts. In the ignominy of utter defeat the king killed himself. His successor was Menelek II. Menelek I was said to have been the son of Solomon and Sheba, although genealogists have never been able to establish proof of the Ethiopian assertion of lineage. Ij Yasu succeeded Menelek in 1908 and was deposed in 1916, when Princess Walsem Zauditu, daughter of Menelek, was proclaimed empress. Ruling with her for twelve years as regent was Menelek's nephew, Tafari Makonnen. The princess died and in 1930 Tafari was made king, calling himself thereafter Haile Silassie.

Ethiopia for centuries had prospered in a way, despite its backward civilization, undisturbed by any but its more immediate neighbors, until the African conference of Berlin in 1884, when European awards for the first time began dividing up the colonial pie that was Africa.

Italy Starts Spreading. Italy began her colonial empire building in 1835 by occupying Massawa, the natural port of trade of northern Ethiopia. This invasion came as a result of a situation much like that of today. In 1834 a military party of Italians on an official mission had been slain at the hands of Ethiopian natives; it was the third such outrage in three years. Expeditionary forces

of Ethiopia, although cut off by the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Italy gained by the terms of peace in the Balkan war in 1912. This she all but lost while engaged in the World war, but regained once more in 1930. Libya is now governed by Gen. Italo Balbo. In the peace with Ethiopia, Italy was granted Eritrea, which lies along the Red sea north and east of Ethiopia. This strip of land, almost barren of natural resources, is hardly an economic asset. It has no importance geographically or politically, except as a commercial outlet for northern Ethiopia. Yet Italy has tried hard to tempt her people to colonize it, as well as Italian Somaliland. The ceding of part of French Somaliland to Italy recently has strengthened her position along the Ethiopian frontier.

Whether Mussolini is planning to establish an Italian protectorate in Ethiopia, and thus share in the rich profits of the development of her great resources, which include gold, silver, iron, salt and coal; is a problem. Ethiopia, under Haile Silassie, seems at least bent on modernization. For that reason it is held by some that Italian operations in Ethiopia may merely be



Emperor Haile Silassie.

with the view of getting commercial and financial concessions and power to command the routes of trade from Ethiopia to the sea, for Ethiopia's trade will be bid for by many nations, even far off Japan.

What seems to give credence to the protectorate plan is the curious parallel between the situation today and that preceding 1896, when Crispi's similar plans were defeated. Claiming they had been wrongly attacked by Ethiopians, Italian soldiers last September slew 110, losing some soldiers themselves in the skirmish, at Ualul. Ethiopia claims Ualul is within its boundaries by 100 kilometers, and the Italians had no right being there, but Italy counter-claims the place to be part of Italian Somaliland. Additional skirmishes have occurred between the two factions in the same neighborhood of late weeks. On January 29 an Ethiopian band attacked an Italian outpost at Adyib, south of Ualul, and on February 9 there was another battle along the border.

Mussolini Protests. Incensed, Dictator Mussolini instructed his minister at Addis Ababa, inland capital of Ethiopia, to protest formally. He demanded that the African monarch turn over an indemnity of \$44,500 for the lives of the Italian soldiers that were lost, and order a salute to be fired to the Italian flag in Addis Ababa. Also demanded was the establishment of a neutral zone between Ethiopia and Italian Somaliland, and Eritrea, from which all Ethiopian troops must be immediately withdrawn; final definition of boundary lines, and the exercise of greater control over the warlike tribes along the border by Haile Silassie. The Ethiopian emperor refused the indemnity and the salute. He denied that the incident at Ualul had been provoked by his countrymen and challenged the story that one of the subje-

quent battles ever took place. "The conflict on January 29 involved 25 Ethiopians armed simply with rifles, who were attacked by an Italian band armed by machine guns after various reconnaissance flights by Italian airplanes over Gorogubi," he said.

Ethiopia, as a member of the League of Nations, appealed almost at once to that body against the Italian "aggression," and suggested that the dispute be submitted to arbitration. This Italy openly refused, in effect warning the League to keep out, recalling to mind the Corfu incident of 1923, when Mussolini brazenly demanded that the League keep out of his affairs. With Great Britain and France rumored to have secretly agreed to allow Italy an open hand in Ethiopia, the League evaded the issue nicely by returning a suggestion that Mussolini and Haile Silassie try to iron out their own difficulties by negotiation.

The two had seemed good enough friends in the past. In 1925 the man who was later to become Ethiopia's King of Kings paid an official visit to Rome and was received in cordiality and lavish splendor. The two agreed at the time to do nothing to strain the good relations between their countries, and signed a treaty of arbitration.

Midway through February Rome began mobilizing troops, largely from its celebrated "Class of 1911," and shipping them off to her possessions bordering Ethiopia. Several hostesses of thousands of fighting men, led by the nation's most distinguished soldier in colonization, Gen. Rodolfo Graziani, departed for Africa within a few days, accompanied by additional thousands of workmen to build barracks and other necessary equipment. By early March it was expected the Italian expeditionary forces would number 15,000.

### No Easy Pickings.

Ethiopia's standing army numbers about 100,000 men. The militia contains another 300,000 or 400,000. All of the latter are but loosely organized and are virtually without modern fighting equipment. However, knowing the country as they do, possessed of an almost irrepressible fighting spirit, they present no "easy pickings," even for the most up-to-date armies. The Ethiopian charge d'affaires in Rome, Negrasdas Yessou (meaning Jesus), declared "With 6,000 years of independence behind us, we would fight to the last man, woman and child if Italy declared war." Italy's chief espoused reason for refusing to submit to League arbitration was its contention that Ethiopia never should have been admitted to the League in the first place. She asserted that Ethiopia had never fulfilled the condition of her admission to the League, which was the abolishment of slavery, and she was correct in the assertion. Another objection was the general disunion among the tribes in peace time.

Whether the current friction can be regarded as of major international importance is a matter for the future to decide. Interesting to watch has been the reaction of newsmen in America to the Ethiopian situation. "Abyssinians are not true negroes, although thousands of years of slave trading with the African interior has brought in considerable negro blood. They seem to be Hamitic basically, with a Semitic strain from the nearby Arabs. Their color varies from dark brown to almost black."

Negro newspapers in America have demanded that Italy not begin direct conflict by invading Ethiopia. A New York paper declared editorially "Colored America demands that civilization does not permit Italy to precipitate a world race war by invading Abyssinia. Let civilization beware." A. W. Berry, general secretary for the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, demanded "hands off Abyssinia" in the Negro Liberator. With France and England staying out, Ethiopia would have little assistance from other powers in the event of war. Her only hope would be the League. For the League was mor-

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Mrs. Era B. Smith, Editor and Publisher

043819  
Notice For Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GENERAL LAND OFFICE at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Feb. 8, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin Drago, of Ancho, N. Mex., who, on October 28, 1931, made homestead entry, No. 043-319, for S $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 29, E $\frac{1}{2}$  Section 30, Township 3 S., Range 10 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 22 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Bruck Sloan, of Carrizozo, N. M., Frank Montgomery, of Corona, N. Mex., Curtis Weathersbee, Robert Story, both of Ancho, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.  
F. 15--Mr. 15.

041846  
Notice For Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GENERAL LAND OFFICE at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Feb. 7, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Guillermo A. Sierra, of Box 174, Corona, N. Mex., who, on Jan. 27, 1930, made homestead entry, No. 041846, for all of Section 19, Township 3 S., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. Mex., on the 23 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Santiago Torres, Eugenio Jaramillo, Jose Jaramillo, Willis Lovelace, all of Corona, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.  
F. 15 Mr. 15.

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044249  
Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

General Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mex., Feb. 7, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Ramon C. Tenorio, Jr., of Claunch, N. Mex., who, on July 28, 1931, made homestead entry, No. 044-249, for all of Section 26, Township 1 S., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. Mex., on the 22 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Abran Miller, Henry Bucklin, Finis Jones, all of Claunch, N. M., Emiliano Lueras, of Corona, N. Mex.

2-15-3-15 Paul A. Roach, Register.

044654  
Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

General Land Office at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Feb. 7, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Foster, of Adobe, N. M., who, on February 18, 1932, made homestead entry, No. 044654, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 33, T. 4 S., R. 6 E., Lots 3, 4, SW $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 4, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{2}$ , NW $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{2}$ , Section 5, Township 5 S., Range 6 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 23 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: E. I. Griffin, Eula Foster, both of Adobe, N. Mex., Ernest L. Dean, Alline Dean, both of Carrizozo, N. Mex.

2-15--3-15 Paul A. Roach, Register.

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We are always prepared to SERVE YOU

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF SUIT  
No. 4256

IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO WITHIN AND FOR LINCOLN COUNTY

O. F. BEAVERS and WILLIE BEAVERS, Plaintiffs, vs. Fernando Herrera (impleaded) with the following defendants against whom substituted service is hereby sought to be obtained, to-wit: Fernando Herrera, if living, and his unknown heirs if deceased, Herrera, his wife if any and living, and her unknown heirs if deceased, the unknown heirs of Frank Lesnett, deceased, Teodorita Herrera, if living and her unknown heirs if deceased, the unknown heirs of Andres Herrera, deceased, Jennie Sanchez, if living, and her unknown heirs if deceased, Dona Gill, if living, and her unknown heirs if deceased, Alin Hale, if living and his unknown heirs if deceased, William Gill, if living, and his unknown heirs if deceased, Stella Gill, if living and her unknown heirs if deceased, the unknown heirs of James E. Cras, deceased, and all unknown claimants of interest in the hereinafter described premises adverse to the plaintiffs, Defendants.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO to the above defendants, GREETING:—

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiffs have filed their complaint against you in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln; that the general object of said action is to quiet the said plaintiffs' title to the following described lands situate in the County of Lincoln, State of New Mexico as follows, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, the south half of the southeast quarter of section 26, the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, the north half of the northeast quarter of section 26, all in township 11 south of range 14 east, N. M. P. M.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance on or before April 12th, 1935, judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default. The name and address of plaintiff's attorney is John E. Hall, Carrizozo, New Mexico. Witness my hand and seal of said Court at Carrizozo, New Mexico this 21st day of February, 1935. (Dist. Court Seal.) ERNEST KEY, District Court Clerk. (March 1--March 22)

040936  
Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior.

General Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, March 1, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Jose Jaramillo, of Corona, N. Mex., who, on November 13, 1929, made homestead entry, No. 040936, for W $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 15, W $\frac{1}{2}$  Section 22, Township 3 S., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. Mex., on the 12 day of April, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Eugenio Jaramillo, Santiago Torres, Guillermo Sierra, Pablo Moya, all of Corona, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.  
3-8-April 5

041961  
Notice For Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

General Land Office at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Feb. 13, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Manuel Sals, of Carrizozo, N. Mex., who, on Feb. 13, 1931, made homestead entry, No. 041961, for SW $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 28, N $\frac{1}{2}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{2}$ , Sec. 33, Township 6 S., Range 8 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Frank J. Sager, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, N. Mex., on the 29 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Juan Morales, Coame Gallegos, Eufraia Gallegos, Gregorio Trujillo, all of Carrizozo, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.  
Feb. 22--Mar. 22.

JOHN E. HALL  
Attorney and Counselor at Law  
Carrizozo Hardware Building—Upstairs  
CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

Oscura News

Miss Dorothy Arnold, of Oscura, entertained Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hust and small son, Leebey at dinner Sunday evening, March 10. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Mr. C. H. Thornton is serving on the jury at Carrizozo this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Champ Ferguson and Mrs. Beulah Hartley visited the Mack Brazel family last Sunday.

Mr. Bill Wettstein was a business visitor at the county seat last Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. Shelton has been ill for several days.

From a Former Carrizozian

A letter from Mr. A. W. Adams, says: "Enclosed is renewal to keep the paper coming to us. We surely enjoy the news it brings from the home folks. We like Arizona fine. It has a great climate and excellent people, but we think often of Carrizozo friends and the old home there. Please give my regards to all of them."

T. E. KELLEY  
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer  
Phone 33  
Carrizozo : : : N. Mex.

Information about Farm Loans

Mrs. Unice P. Hall, who is secretary-treasurer of the Capitan National Farm Loan Association at Capitan, New Mexico has made available the following information about the Federal Land Bank system of making farm mortgage loans through the local association to farmers in Lincoln and part of Chaves Counties. This is the association in which local farmers have bought stock amounting to 5 percent of the land bank loan they obtained through the Federal Land Bank at Wichita.

"Farmers who are borrowers through the Capitan NFLA, each have a personal and a financial interest in the operation of their local association. It is in reality a cooperative affair. Local farmers have obtained their land bank loans by each mortgaging his farm security to our local cooperative NFLA which in turn endorsed the mortgage over to the Wichita land bank for it to use in raising loan funds.

"I believe that farmers generally feel that the cooperative principle of farm financing is sound. Whether or not our local credit institutions affiliated with the Federal Land Bank of Wichita in time come to be owned entirely by farmers--this is made possible by the law--depends largely upon the ability of the local institutions to operate soundly and secure prompt collection of loan installments. The only way to have a self-supporting farm credit system is to borrow money cooperatively and repay it promptly when due.

"If loans were made by the Government with Government money, the obligation to repay would be to the Government. In a cooperative credit system such as we now have, the obligation to make prompt payments is an obligation from farmer to farmer and to bondholders who supplied the money to lend; the delinquent borrower, unless he has cause, is imposing upon his fellow farmer, impairing his stock, and impairing the credit standing of the community.

"A farmer-borrower from a credit cooperative can well afford to make prompt payments, when he is at all able to, because of the advantage of cooperative borrowing. He gets his concession of a low interest rate because by cooperative action farmers are tapping central investment markets. These borrowers are also getting a longer term loan than is elsewhere obtainable. If farmers wish to retain these advantages and benefits, they must live up to them."

040790  
Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior.

General Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, February 13, 1935.

Notice is hereby given that Antonio Lucero, of Corona, N. Mex., who, on December 23, 1929, made homestead entry, No. 040790, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ , S $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 3, Township 8 S., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. DuBois, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. Mex., on the 29 day of March, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: J. R. Jenkins, Emiliano Lucero, Victor Lucero, Elauterio Lucero, all of Corona, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.  
2-22--3-22



**1935 BUICK PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN BUICK HISTORY**

Think what that means—for true Buick quality and style; economy (15 miles per gallon) and dependability; performance; ease and luxurious room. Now come and see the big, roomy Buick.

**Delivered**  
Complete, including tax, so low as  
**\$1021.00**

Series 40 Coupe with Deck  
**In Carrizozo**

This price includes features and accessories provided by no other car Buick valve-in-head straight eight engine; original sealed chassis; torque-tube drive; Buick's built-in Knee-Action; Silent Synchro-Mesh transmission; front and rear Delco-Lovejoy hydraulic shock absorbers; automatic starting; choke, spark control, carburetor heat control; octane selector; fenders and other sheet metal parts boderdized against rust; pick-proof lock for ample glove compartment; radio aerial in roof; dual down-draft carburetor; crankcase ventilator; artillery type steel wheels; gravel deflector on rear bumper. Prices subject to change without notice. Special equipment extra.

**BUICK**  
WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT... BUICK WILL BUILD THEM  
**CITY GARAGE**  
V. Reil, Prop. Phone 36  
DEALER ADVERTISEMENT

**FRANK J. SAGER**  
U. S. COMMISSIONER  
HOMESTEAD FILES  
AND RECORDS  
Insurance Notary Public  
Office opposite Telephone Bldg.  
Carrizozo, N. M.

# Avoid Being Left Out of the Crowd

It Pays to Have Your Own

## TELEPHONE

040133

### Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior.

General Land Office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, February 21, 1935. Notice is hereby given that Norman E. Lamb, of Gran Quivera, N. Mex., who, on April 27, 1929, made homestead entry, No. 040133, for E 1/2 Sec. 33, T. 2 S., R. 8 E., Lots 1, 2, S 1/2 NE 1/4, SE 1/4, Section 4, Township 3 S., Range 8 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before M. O. Shockey, Notary Public, at Mountainair, N. Mex., on the 12 day of April, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses:

H. Claunch, Fred Phipps, both of Claunch, N. Mex., L. H. Claunch, Bill Wiswell, both of Gran Quivera, N. Mex.

Paul A. Roach, Register.

8-8: April 5.

### Re-Sale Bargains!

Stoves—Radios—Dishes  
Utensils—Furniture—  
Rugs—Men's Coats, Guns  
Petty's Re Sale Store

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

You are cordially invited to a benefit entertainment at the Community Hall, Friday evening March 15, 1935. The proceeds will be donated to the High School Activity Fund. Program will be followed by a "jitney" dance, music by "Los Rancheros." Admission: Children 10c; High School Students 15c; Adults 25c. Family Tickets \$1.00. Program starts at 8:00 p. m.—Community Hall Committee.

Mrs. A. E. Lesnet has moved to the Ed Harris home which she purchased recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Raehn of Los Angeles, and their mother, Mrs. Bixler of Tucumcari visited the Carl family here last Saturday enroute to Silver City to visit relatives.

Mrs. Oscar Snow returned last week from Lubbock, Texas, where the Snow children are attending school. She and Mr. Snow have moved into Mrs. Zoe Glassmire's house.

Hon. C. J. Neils of Roswell was in Carrizozo on court business last week.

### 10,000 Chevrolet Dealers

"Never forget a customer—Never let him forget you."

Originated by William E. Holler, general sales manager of Chevrolet Motor Company, this now famous slogan is placed above the desks of Chevrolet dealers throughout the country, and it is a guide to relations between Chevrolet owners and dealers everywhere.

"The value to the motorist of his contact with the automobile dealer of today," said Mr. Holler, in commenting on this subject, "is determined largely by the ability of the dealer to meet the motorist's demands. Especially is this true as it applies to service on cars already sold."

"Today Chevrolet is in the hands of approximately 10,000 dealers in this country alone. This means that the complete service facilities of one of the world's largest distributing organizations are at the disposal of owners of more than 5,000,000 Chevrolet cars now in operation in every state in the Union."

"It has been, and always will be the constant aim of Chevrolet dealers to serve car owners with complete maintenance facilities," said Mr. Holler. "The service rendered to Chevrolet owners is not only thorough and comprehensive, but scientific and meticulous. We insist that every dealer's service man be a specialist in his line."

"Chevrolet maintains a service manager and a crew of service instructors in every one of its 43 zones for the purpose of training dealers' service managers and mechanics in the best-known methods of shop practice and service station management. At regular intervals, classes are held in each zone for service men from sur-

Mr. and Mrs. House and daughter have moved to one of the Pehm apartments, and Mr. Burnett will move into his residence which has been occupied by the House family.

Fred Cruse has recovered from an attack of pneumonia.

Among those who attended the state basketball tournament at Albuquerque were: Prof. H. C. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Beck, Mrs. T. A. Spencer, Mrs. Nellie Branum, Mrs. Margie Clouse, Doyle Miller, Johnson Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Will Gallacher, Mr. and Mrs. Detloff and baby, Mr. and Mrs. Sabino Vidaurri and children.

Miss Jane Spencer has been ill the past week.

Mr. H. B. Hamilton of El Paso is defending some clients before the court here this week.

### rounding territories.

"Another distinctive feature of Chevrolet service," Mr. Holler pointed out, "is the special tool and precision machinery equipment which is available to every Chevrolet dealer. The use of these practical counterparts of the production tools actually used in the manufacture of Chevrolet cars, greatly lessens maintenance cost and insures standard methods of repair."

"Dealers, by the use of these tools and the special instruction afforded their service departments, may perform adjustments and services for owners with the same unvarying precision and speed that the factory does in manufacturing the car. It goes without saying that it is to the owner's advantage to make use of the special facilities of Chevrolet dealers for the servicing of Chevrolet cars."

## Rolland's Drug Store



IN choosing our medicines we have been careful to select those compounded by the greatest chemists in the world. They have built up their reputation because they are reliable.

Magazines, Candy  
Cigars, Cigarettes

Prescriptions carefully  
compounded

## Rolland's Drug Store

## Wood and Coal

Delivered in any quantity  
**PRICES RIGHT**

John Ellison

Residence opposite  
Court House

### For Corona School Board

Wilbur Dishman, of the Corona Trading Co., and Dr. L. H. Barry, of Corona, have announced for the two vacancies appearing on the Corona School Board this year. These public spirited gentlemen will doubtless help steer the excellent equipment of the Corona schools to the best educational advancement.—(Advertisement. Mar. 8—22.

Mrs. G. L. Strauss and Helen have returned from California where they spent two weeks.

Last Wednesday evening a special dance was held at the Carrizozo Country Club.

FOR SALE—Fine shade trees, limited number. Also shrubs, fruit trees, grape vines, roses. —C. H. Thornton, Oscura, N. M. Mar. 8-15

Mr. and Mrs. Don English went to Pueblo with Mr. L. E. Mendenhall the past week-end. Their little son remained here with his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. English.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Adams accompanied their nephew, Mr. Byrl Lindsey to Corona last Sunday. Mr. Lindsey is employed at Corona.



CHEVROLET

Truck owners  
know economy  
**THAT'S WHY THEY  
BUY CHEVROLET  
TRUCKS**

**MEN** who study haulage costs know that Chevrolet trucks are as outstanding in economy and durability as they are in price. Chevrolet trucks handle tough hauling jobs day after day at small operating cost, because they are built to Chevrolet's own high standards of quality in every part. The powerful six-cylinder valve-in-head engines are truck motors, especially designed to give sustained pulling power. Chevrolet trucks offer maximum capacity, economy and quality—because Chevrolet is the world's largest builder of trucks.

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., DETROIT, MICHIGAN  
Compare Chevrolet's low delivered prices and easy G.M.A.C. terms. A General Motors Value

SEDAN DELIVERY.....\$515	1 1/2-TON CAB AND CAB.....\$605
HALF-TON EXPRESS (117" Wheelbase).....\$555	1 1/2-TON STAKE (117" Wheelbase).....\$660
HALF-TON PICK-UP (117" Wheelbase).....\$465	1 1/2-TON HIGH (117" Wheelbase).....\$745
HALF-TON PICK-UP WITH CAB (117" Wheelbase).....\$495	1 1/2-TON OPEN EXPRESS (117" Wheelbase).....\$655
HALF-TON PANEL (117" Wheelbase).....\$560	1 1/2-TON STAKE (117" Wheelbase).....\$720
1 1/2-TON CHASSIS (117" Wheelbase).....\$485	1 1/2-TON PLATFORM (117" Wheelbase).....\$630

These are list prices of commercial cars at Flint, Michigan. Special equipment extra. \*Dual wheels and tires 50¢ extra. Prices subject to change without notice.

# CHEVROLET TRUCKS

World's Lowest Prices

V. Reil, Prop.  
Phone 36

CITY GARAGE

Carrizozo,  
New Mex.

Troops Move In to Clean Up Kentucky "Crime Zone"



KENTUCKY National Guardsmen moved secretly into Manchester, Ky., to carry out an order to "clean up" Clay county, whose bloody history led a federal investigator to call it "the worst criminal stronghold in the United States."

Bedtime Story for Children

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

DANNY MEADOW MOUSE VISITS THE SMILING POOL

DANNY MEADOW MOUSE had taken it into his funny little head to go over to the Smiling Pool. Just why he did it nobody knows.



"What Are You Doing Over Here, Danny Meadow Mouse?"

green lily pad. "Good morning Grandfather Frog," squeaked Danny. Grandfather Frog turned about in a funny little hop of startled surprise.

almost every day, and I have an idea that he would just as soon and perhaps a little rather, have a fat Meadow Mouse for his dinner as an old frog like me.

Wrote Most Famous Document - Thomas Jefferson required only one sitting to write the Declaration of Independence.

QUESTION BOX by ED WYNN, The Perfect Fool

Dear Mr. Wynn: I am a boy twelve years of age and have been offered a job after my school hours.

THE OLD HOME GOES

By ANNE CAMPBELL

THE house went long ago. Its walls are crumbled; And the barn door, once painted red, has tumbled.

Mother's Cook Book

THIS AND THAT

CANDIES make a delicious garnish for simple desserts, and save the time necessary for preparing more elaborate ones.

To make an old dust mop practically as good as new put a large tablespoonful of concentrated lye in a pail half-full of boiling water.

One or two tablespoonfuls of kerosene put into the boiler with the clothes will whiten them.

Begin early and start right with the child; this is especially important if he is to be a strong, well and an efficient citizen.

The normal child eats with zest the food placed before him. Dawdling over food or refusing to eat it will need hard work to overcome.

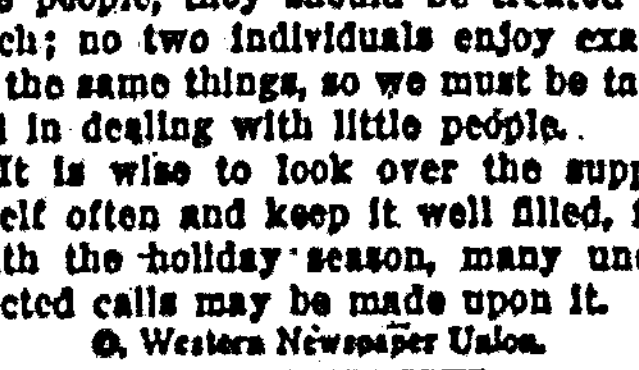
If the child is accustomed to a variety of foods very early, before he begins to form likes and dislikes, he will like and eat everything as he grows older.

It is the very exceptional child who is made ill by certain foods; of course, one must eliminate them if it is found to be a real case.

One's methods in dealing with the food question—must vary with the child. It will work with some to insist on the food on the plate being eaten before he has dessert.

It is wise to look over the supply shelf often and keep it well filled, for with the holiday season, many unexpected calls may be made upon it.

WITT KITTY by NINA WILCOX PUTNAM



The girl chum says a garden is something that never has been known to live up to promise of the seed catalogs.



The girl chum says a garden is something that never has been known to live up to promise of the seed catalogs.

Microbes Microbes undoubtedly present the greatest extremes in nature. They vary greatly in size, some being 5,000 times larger than others.

The Pampas The pampas are the vast, grassy plains in central Argentina. Their area is equal to the state of Texas.

acting childish at the last fire." What do they mean by saying, "he acted childish?" Truly yours, HOOKER LADDER.

Eyes of Scientific World on Student



ROBERT J. WEST, University of California sophomore, is going through his daily school work with the eyes of the scientific world upon him.

Southwestern Briefs

Frank S. Boice, Sonoita, Ariz., chairman, is now head of the Arizona Cattle Growers' Association.

The appointment of A. B. Campbell as secretary of the Arizona farm-loan board was approved at a meeting of the board in Phoenix.

Roswell will be host to the annual convention of the New Mexico Cattle Growers' Association and the New Mexico Wool Growers' Association the latter part of March.

Polo teams from the Los Angeles Junior Chamber of Commerce and the Hollywood movie colony competed in the southwestern polo championship tournament, held at Phoenix.

Planting of 2,000 bass and blue gills in Clear creek, in Arizona, has been reported by George Wrench, state game commissioner.

Written into the general appropriation bill after it came out of the committee are appropriations of nearly \$250,000 for the New Mexico state police, an organization to supplant the New Mexico motor patrol.

Forest grazing policies, marketing and truck control legislation will be among the many problems of interest to New Mexico's livestock interests that will be discussed at the association's annual convention in Roswell March 25.

The twelfth annual Arizona state DeMolay convocation was held in Phoenix, with approximately 300 members in attendance.

Appointments to two boards of regents of New Mexico educational institutions were recently confirmed by the State Senate.

Miss Janet Kovalscheck, district supervisor of social relief work for New Mexico, who replaced Miss Zoe Sator as acting social division supervisor of Dona Ana county, has taken over her new duties.

The University of Arizona experimental farms claimed a world record for high cotton production per acre, over 4.6 bales.

The United States government, under its rural rehabilitation program, is now engaged in transplanting 117 families from marginal lands at Crater, a few miles west of Las Cruces, N. M., to other regions where they will have a better chance to make a living.

Allocation of \$110,000 to New Mexico and Arizona for additional work on Indian irrigation projects already under construction, has been reported by H. C. Neuffer, supervising engineer for the Indian irrigation service.

The new Fred Harvey Bright Angel hotel, the site of which is on the south rim of this national park in Grand Canyon village, is now approximately 50 per cent complete.

Full control and management of the hydro-electric plant to be developed from enlargement of the proposed Caballo dam in New Mexico, should be vested in the bureau of reclamation, Department of the Interior, irrigation, reclamation and farm officials, in session at Las Cruces, agreed.

With ceremonies of stately splendor, the bodies of two Franciscan fathers who more than a century ago built the mission of San Xavier del Bac, ten miles south of Tucson, Ariz., were transferred forty miles from the abandoned Tumacacori mission to new graves in the floor of San Xavier's chapel.

New Mexico is facing one of the biggest shortages of good seed in history and some counties have absolutely no planting seed of the principal crops grown locally.

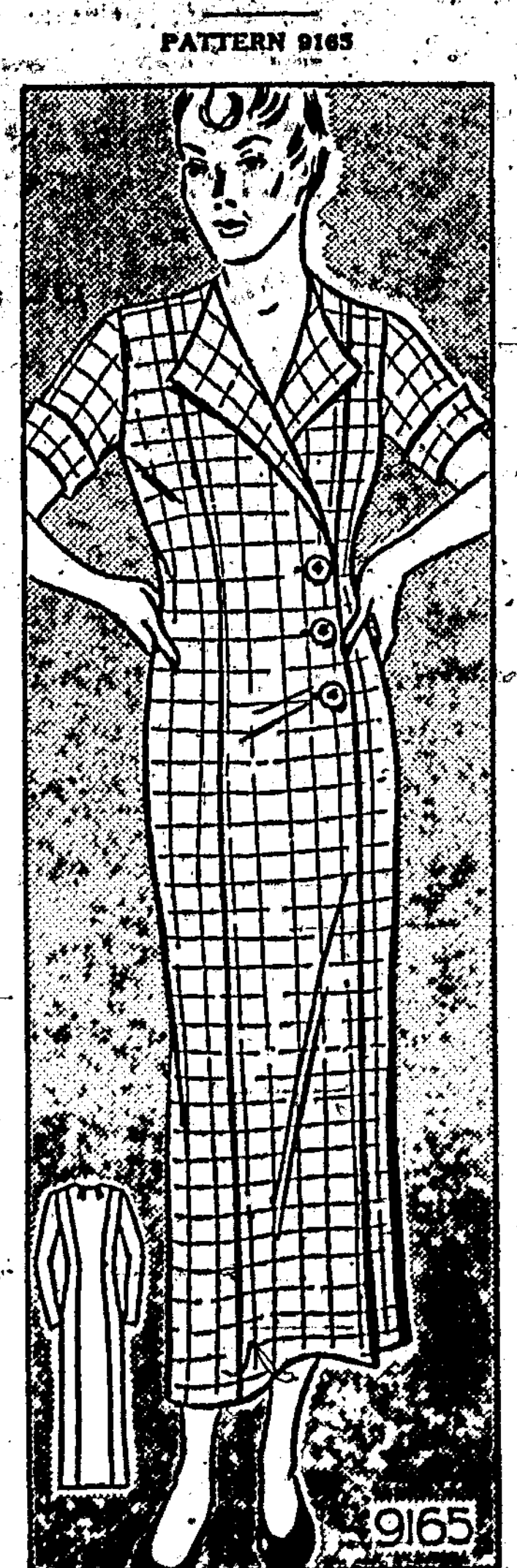
The Scott's Basin cattle killer, near Prescott—a 200-pound mountain lion, nine feet long—has at last been laid low by Giles Goswick, predatory animal hunter, and his pack of hounds.

The Coconino, Ariz., county planning board has sent to Howard S. Reed of Phoenix, state PWA engineer, applications for federal aid on approximately \$1,325,000 of new projects.

S. A. Spear, Arizona director of the federal housing administration, returning recently from a visit to eleven cities, reported there was state-wide interest in the government's program.

S. A. Spear, Arizona director of the federal housing administration, returning recently from a visit to eleven cities, reported there was state-wide interest in the government's program.

House Frock on Coat-Like Lines

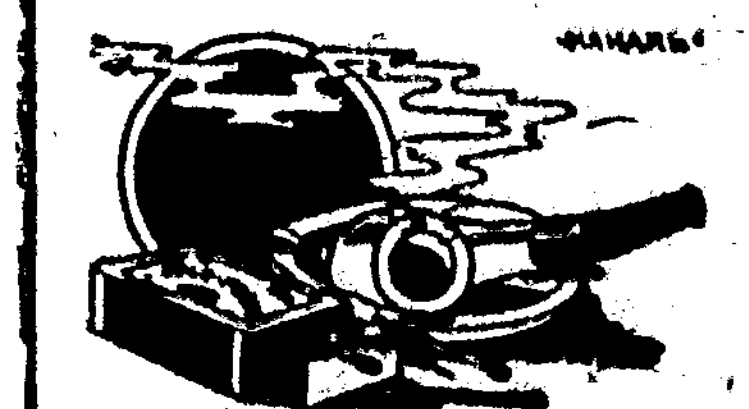


Here's a house frock that's not only slenderizing and trim because of its coat-like lines—but essentially practical at the same time.

Smiles

AFFABLE BROKER "What kind of money do you prefer?" "I'm not fastidious," answered Mr. Dustin Stax. "What kind have you?"

Do YOU Know—



That friction matches were invented in England in 1829, and first used in the United States in 1831-32, being sold in boxes containing 25 matches for 25 cents.

Dear Mr. Wynn: I am the mother of a girl seventeen years of age. I want her to take up golf, tennis, swimming and other outdoor sports.

Answer: An indoor sport is all right for a girl, if she knows when to send him home.

Dear Mr. Wynn: I am in love with a boy twenty-one years of age. He wants me to marry him but he is a spendthrift.

Dear Mr. Wynn: My husband, who was a fireman, was discharged by the city. The only reason given in his discharge was "Too

Advertisement for JULY FRUIT GUM, THE SWEET FLAVORED GUM.



When you entertain your club or the society to which you belong

# Remember That

BRANUM'S have the best of every thing for a course or PLATE LUNCHEON

School Children, Buy Your Tablets, Loose Leaf Paper, Pencils here on your way to school.

WE SELL LUCKEY'S MILK AND BUTTERMILK

Branum's Cash Grocery & Market

### School Notes

(By Ola C. Jones, Co. School Supt)

The Junior Athletic Association of the Tinnie school will hold their boys basketball tournament at Hondo March 30th. Games will be drawn for and they will hold one game elimination. The cup will be awarded to the winners. Charges for spectators will be 10c for each morning and afternoon games. The Tinnie P. T. A. gave a program and Enchilada supper, March 8th and cleared \$12.00. Their new aim is to pay for a set of Compton's Encyclopedias they purchased recently.

The Baca Canyon meat project and the Jack's Peak ranching project will be exhibited at the annual State Livestock Association to be held in Roswell March 25th.

The superintendent made a trip to Santa Fe Saturday to attend the three fold called meeting issued from the state Superintendent of Public Instruction's office. The purposes were to discuss the needs for revision of the present curriculum, the adoption of additional new texts, and the preparation for revision or adoption of new state courses of study.

Spring Activity Day will be held in Carrizozo on April 20th. A large attendance is expected.

The office purchased a Sanitor Vaporizer Machine for disinfecting library and text books before distributing same for use next year.

### Ramon News

E. C. Bruce, John Tate, and Iva Jane Tate were Roswell visitors Saturday.

Isaac Rogers accompanied by his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Rogers went to Portales last week where his father received medical treatment.

C. C. Harbert and J. H. Tate spent a few days in Roswell last week.

Miss Grace Harbert and H. W. Kennedy took Walter Harbert to Carrizozo last Monday where he had been summoned for jury service.

E. F. Jones and Mr. Wells of Stanton, Texas were at Ramon last week on business.

Charles Mosteller and Lewis Johnston spent last Saturday in Roswell.

Mr. M. McLemore is back at his home northwest of Ramon after working for several months in the oil fields near Big Springs, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Prestage were in Roswell last Saturday.

Mr. George Turner and sister, Mrs. Sheila Myricks, and Sam Fain made a business trip to Ft. Sumner last Tuesday.

A crew of surveyors were at work east of Ramon surveying a route for U. S. Highway No. 285. This new route will shorten the distance between Vaughn and Roswell by several miles.

Mrs. Agnes St. John arrived Wednesday on No. 12 from Alamogordo.

Good Shoes-- are cheap in the end-- but "cheap" shoes are seldom good. Cheap Shoes stick you-- Good shoes stick with you  
**ZOZO BOOT SHOP**

### "Shoot The Works"

AT Lyric Theatre March 14, 15 and 16

WITH Jack Oakie, Arline Judge, Allison Skipworth, Roscoe Karns, Wilson Frawley

Ben Bernie's Band Benefit Odd Fellows Lodge

Sun. Mon. and Tue.

### "Stand Up and Cheer"

All Star cast with Shirley Temple.

### Additional Local

Mr. and Mrs. Murph Muirhead came up from El Paso last Friday to visit Mrs. E. H. Sweet and Mrs. Jimmie Lea.

Mr. W. J. Balow, Ancho Justice of the Peace was a business visitor here last Friday.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route. Real opportunity for right man. We help you get started. Write Rawleigh Co., Dept. N. M. C. 14-0, Denver, Colo.

Mrs. E. A. Orme Johnson returned to her home in El Paso Wednesday after spending a few days here with her mother, Mrs. Lesnet, and other relatives.

Mr. John Fargeros of Ancho was a Carrizozo business visitor last Friday.

MALE HELP WANTED STEADY WORK--GOOD PAY Reliable Man Wanted to call on farmers in Lincoln County. No experience or capital needed. Write today. McNeas Co., Dept. H, Freeport, Ill.

Mrs. G. L. Strauss left for Yuma, Arizona last night on account of the sudden death of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Harry Latham.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Clements of Roswell accompanied Mrs. Garner to Brownwood last Monday. They returned home Wednesday.

Save money at our 9-CENT SALE. DORRING'S STORE.

W. H. Broadus-Optical Specialist--will be in Carrizozo, Wednesday, March 20, at the office of Dr. Shaver, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Specialized Eye Service

The Music Drama Study Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Albert Ziegler Thursday evening March 28th. Miss Hazel Melas has charge of music and Miss Fay McGee the drama. The program will consist of individual numbers.

Dr. T. H. Williams, is at Paden's Drug Store and will remain until the 20th, inst. Those needing dental work are invited to call.

Mr. Schryer, Justice of the Peace at Alto, was a business visitor here yesterday.

FOR SALE:--1 Frame house, cement blocks, 7 doors 2 ft. 8 in. x 6 ft. 8 in., 1 plate glass 64x84 in. Also saddle and work horse for sale for cash.--C. H. Thornton, Oscura, N. M.--Mar.-8-15

## ZIEGLER BROTHERS

### Three New Fashions to Complete The Ensemble

YES, the suit will probably come first on your list, or the frock or coat, but after all, "It's the little things in life" that count.

### Let us Help You Select your Accessories for Your Spring Wardrobe

See our New Spring line of Hats, Dresses, Coats, Suits and Shoes.

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### Go to Church Next Sunday

Carrizozo churches invite you to join them in Bible Study and Worship next Sunday.

#### Methodist Church

Rev. Edgar H. Johnson, Pastor  
Mrs. F. L. Bonghner B. S. Supt.

Sunday School 10:00 a. m.

#### Saint Paul's Church

Episcopal  
Rev. L. R. Pateo, Vicar

1st Sunday in Lent, March 17.  
11:00 a. m.--Holy Communion and Sermon.

2nd Sunday in Lent, March 24.  
7:30 p. m.--Evening Prayer and Address by The Rt. Rev. F. B. Howden, D. D.

Monday, March 25.  
8:00 a. m.--Holy Communion, Celebrant, The Rt. Rev. F. B. Howden, D. D.

#### Santa Rita Church

Catholic

(Rev. Fr. Salvadore, Pastor)

Sunday Mass, 8:00 a. m.

Evening Service 7:00 p. m.

Everybody Cordially Invited

### Baptist Church

Rev. L. D. Jordan, Pastor  
Reid Dudley, B. S. Supt.

Preaching service at eleven a. m. and seven-thirty p. m.

If you are without a church home, come and be at home with us.

The Bible School meets at 10 a. m., and we will be glad to have you join us in the study of the "Book of books."

041768

### Notice For Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
GENERAL LAND OFFICE at Las Cruces, N. Mex., Feb. 20, 1935.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florencio G. Gonzales, of San Patricio, N. Mex., who, on May 5, 1930, made homestead entry, No. 041768, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1 N1, S1, Section 5, Township 11, S., Range 16 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Eunice P. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. Mex., on the 5 day of April, 1935.

Claimant names as witnesses: Lorenzo Zanbran, George Romero, Vicente Herrera, all of San Patricio, N. Mex., Ben Salas, of Picacho, N. Mex., Paul A. Roach, Register.

Mar. 1 Mar. 29.

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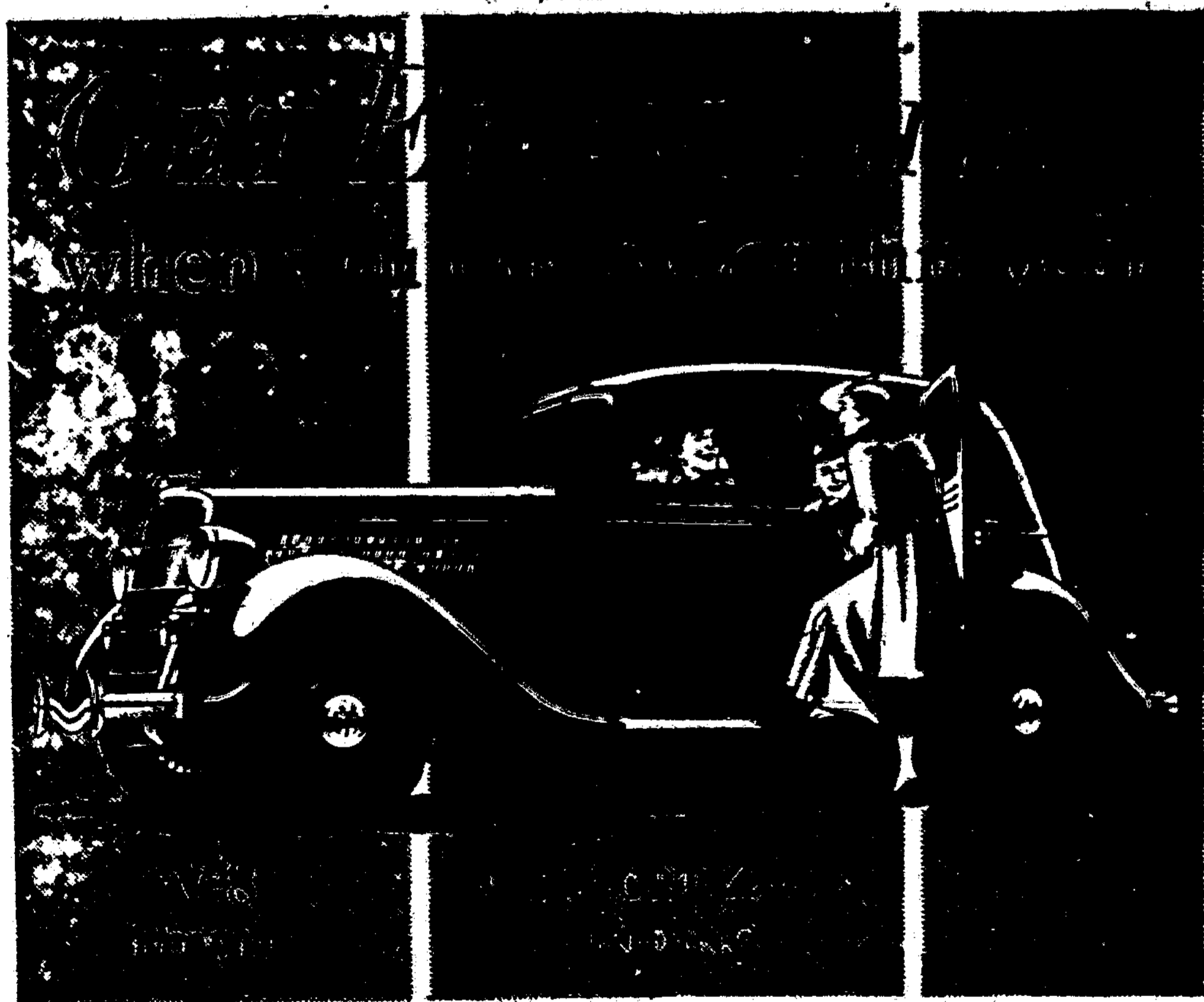
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