THE WORLD.

Jeff Davis celebrated his eighty-first birthday last Monday.

Governor Hill of New York has vetoed the High License bill.

Aid for the Pennsylvania sufferers is pouring in from every direction.

The price of lead has reached four cents and the miners are happy.

It is now thought that the losses in the vicinity of Johnstown will be about \$11,000,000.

The Massachusetts Legislature has appropriated \$30,000 for the Pennsylvania sufferers.

The coroner's jury is investigating the cause of the breaking of the Pennsyl-

Ex-Senator Tabor has again obtained possession of the Vulture Mine in Arizona.

The arrest of Alexander Sullivan for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin is likely to occur any day.

The Kurds continue to perpetrate atrocities in Armenia. Roasting and outraging victims is the constant practice.

At a meeting of 400 of the Banama Canal shareholders in Paris it was decided to send a commission to Panama at once to inspect the canal works.

Governor Hill was hissed at the Cleveland banquet in New York when in his speech he attempted to justify his veto of the Ballot Reform Bill.

Secretary Windom is said to work harder than any other man in Washington. He is at his desk day and night and indul-

ges in no known recreation. Associated Press dispatches from many points show an aggregate collection during the afternoon and evening of Monday for

the flood sufferers of \$305.091. The wedding of Justice Gray and Miss Matthews takes place next Thursday. and just a week later ex-Secretary Bayard

and Miss Clymer will be married. Governor Warren, of Wyoming, has issued a proclamation calling a constitutional convention to be held in Cheyenne

on the first Monday in September. Washington was threatened with an inundation last week. The Potomac was so high that the water put out the fires in the furnace room at the Washington monu-

Scattle, in Washington Territory, was visited by a very disastrous fire on the ith. Over thirty blocks of buildings were destroyed, the money value of which

reaches the millions. The Santa Fo statement for April shows gross earnings of \$2,287,110; operating expenses, \$1,728,127; net carnings,\$558, 983. This is an increase in not earnings over

April, 1888, of \$323,148. The London Daily News refers to the Pennsylvania disaster as "the saddest, most striking and most overwhelming misfortune that ever befell a people of the English-speaking race."

The public debt statement out June 1st shows the total cash in the Treasury to be \$629,169,888; total debt, \$1,662,911,493; decrease during May, \$8,702,877, decrease since June, 1888, \$72,682,105.

The French President has considered favorably the request of the American residents, for permission to hold a public celebration in Paris on July 4. President Carnot consented to unveil the statue of liberty.

Brigadier-General Drum, who has just been placed on the retired list, is be lieved to be the first private soldier that ever attained the rank of Brigadier-General in the regular army of the United

The Bank of Omaha, which was incorporated last fall with a capital of \$100,-000, very little of which was paid in, closed its doors on the 5th. The liabilities are between \$60,000 and \$70,000; assets nominal. The failure is due to bad loans.

Father Arnold Damen has been stricken with paralysis at Evanston, Wyoming. Father Damen is over 75 years old. As a missionary he has long been famous among Catholics from New York to San Francisco and from St. Paul to the

The President has made the following appointments: Receivers of public money. John S. Carlin of Montana at Bozeman. and James J. Dolan of New Mexico at Las Cruces. Registers of land offices, Frank E. Baldwin of Colorodo at Pueblo and Eddy F. Ferris of Montana at Bozeman.

A Pittsburg dispatch says the coffin manufacturers there are worked to their fullest capacity and coffins are being shipped rapidly. Sunday morning 10 carlonds were sent down containing 2,200 coffins. They were distributed at various points along the river where the dead had been collected.

The Union Pacific Company is making extensive developments at the Dana coal mines in Carbon County, Wyoming. Two slopes are down 600 feet and three levels are being pushed ahead at the rate of 300 yards per month. The town of Dana is being built to accommodate employes of the new mine. New houses are going up rapidly but a large number of people are living in tents.

A FLOOD OF DEATH

A Cloud Burst in Pennsylvania Creates Awful Havoc.

Thousands Drowned and Whole Towns Destroyed.

PITTSBURG, May 31.—A flood of death wept down the Allegheny mountains this rushing angry tide. Dead bodies are float- 20 feet. ing about in every direction and almost every piece of movable timber is carrying from the doomed city a corpse of humanity drifting with the raging waters God knows

The disaster overtook Johnstown about 6 o'clock this evening. As the train bearing the Associated Press correspondents sped eastward the reports at each stop grew more appalling. A train of railway officials were gathering who had come from Bolivar, the end of the passable portion of the road westward. They had seen but a small portion of the flood, but enough to through the Panhandle came the rushing waters. The wooded heights of the Alleghenies looked down in solemn wonder at the scene of the most terrible destruction that over struck the romantic valley of the Conemaugh. In the death battle amid floating boards and timbers were agonized men, women and children, whose heartrending shricks for help filled with horror the breasts of lookers on. The cries were of no avail. Carried along at railway speed on the breast of the rushing torrent, no human ingenuity could devise a means of rescue. With pallid cheek and hair clinging wet and damp to her check a mother was seen grasping a floating timber while with her other arm she held her babe.

The special train pulled in at Bolivar at 1:30 and the trainmen were there notified that further progress was impossible. The greatest excitement prevailed at this place and parties of citizens are out all the time endeavoring to save the poor unfortunates that are being hurled to eternity in the rushing torrent. The tidal wave struck Bolivar just after dark and in five minutes the Conemaugh rose from six to forty feet and the waters spread out over the whole country and soon houses began floating down and clinging to the debris were men, women and children shricking for

A large number of citizens at once gathered on the county bridge, and they were re-enforced by a number from Garfield, a town on the opposite side. They brought a number of ropes and these were thrown over into the boiling waters as persons drifted by, in the efforts to save some poor being. For half an hour the efforts were fruitless, until at last as the rescuers were about giving up all hopes, a little hov on a shingle roof managed to catch hold of one of the ropes. He caught it under his left arm and was thrown violently against the abutment but managed to keep hold and was pulled on the bridge amid the cheers of the lookers-on. The boy's name is Edward Hessler, aged 14. At midnight your correspondent secured an interview with him. His story of the frightful calamity "With my father I was spending the day

at my grandfather's house in Cambria City. In the house at the time were Theodore Enwart and John Kintz, Jr., Miss Mary Kintz, the wife of John, Jr., Miss Tracy Kintz, Mrs. Riba Smith, John Hirsch and four children, my father and myself. Shortly after 5 o'clock there was a noise of roaring waters and screams of people. We looked out the door and saw persons running. My father told us to never mind as the waters would rise no further, but we soon saw houses swept away and then ran up to the floors above. The house was three stories and we were at last forced to the top one. In my fright I jumped on a bed. It was an old-fashioned one with neavy posts. The water kept rising and my bed was soon affoat. Gradually it was lifted up. The air in the room grew close and the house was moving. Still the bed kept rising until it pressed the ceiling. At last the posts pushed off the plaster. It yielded and a section of the roof gave. Then sud. denly I found myself on the roof and was being carried down the stream. After a little this roof commenced to part and I was afraid I was going to be drowned, but just then another house with a shingle roof floated by and I managed to crawl on it and floated down, until nearly dead with cold, I was saved. After I was free from the house, I did not see my father. My grandfather was on a tree but he must have been drowned as the water was rising. John Kintz, Jr., was also on a tree. Miss Mary Kintz and Mrs. Mary Kintz I saw drown. Miss Smith was also drowned. John Hirsch was in a tree but the four children were drowned. The scenes were

terrible. "Live bodies and corpses were floating down with me and away from mc. I would hear a person shriek and then they would disappear. Along the line were people who were trying to save us, but they could do nothing and only a few more were caught."

This boy's story is but one incident. It shows what happened to one family. God only knows what has happened to the hunwater. It is impossible to get anything in the way of news save meager details.

In order to understand the nature of this calamity it is necessary to describe the location of the reservoir at Johnstown. The reservoir lies about 18 miles northeast of Pennsylvania Canal. This sheet of water the entire level of the valley upon which sides.

It is from 200 to 300 feet above the level of Johnstown, being in the mountains. It is about three and a half miles long and from a mile to a mile and a quarter in width and in some places it is 100 feet in depth. It holds more water than any other reservoir, natural or artificial, in the United States; the lake has been quadrupled in size by artificial means and was held in check by a dam 700 to 1,000 feet wide. It is ninety feet afternoon and to-night almost the entire in thickness at the base and the height is city of Johnstown is swimming about in a 110 feet. The top has a breadth of over

Recognizing the menace which the lake presented to the region below, the South Fork Club, which owned the reservoir, had the dam inspected once a month by Pennsylvania railroad engineers and their investigation showed that nothing less than some convulsion of nature would tear the barrier away and loosen the weapon of

The steady rains of the past 48 hours increased the volume of water in all small mountain streams, which were already swelled by lesser rains earlier in the week. From the information obtained at this time allow them to imagine the rest. Down it is evident that something in the nature of a cloudburst must have been the culmination of the struggle of water against the embankment.

The difficulty of obtaining definite information has added tremendously to the ex citement and the apprehension of people who had relatives and friends at the scene

of the disaster.
The course of the torrent from the broken dam at the foot of the lake to Johnstown is almost 18 miles and with the exception of one point the water passed through a narrow V shaped valley. Four miles below the dam lay the town of South Fork, where the South Fork itself empties into Conemaugh River. The town contained about 2,000 inhabitants. It has not been heard from, but it is said that four-fifths of it has been swept away.

Four miles further down on the Cone maugh River, which runs partly parallel with the main line of Pennsylvania Railroad, was the town of Mineral Point. It had 800 inhabitants, 80 per cent. of the houses being on a flat and close to the river. It seems impossible at this time to hope that any of them have escaped.

Six miles further down was the town of Conemaugh, and here alone there was a topographical possibility of the flood breaking its force. It contained 2,500 inhabitants, and must be wholly devastated.

Woodvale, with 2,000 people, lay a mile below Conemaugh in a flat, and one mile ter of sister towns.

On made ground and stretched along the right at the river's verge were the immense ironworks of the Cambria Iron and Steel Company, who have \$5,000,000 invested in their plant. Besides this there are many other large industrial establishments on the banks of the river. How bad ly they are damaged cannot now be esti

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 31.—The last re ports of reliable information received from Johnstown come through the Pennsylvania Railroad officials, and show that over 200 dead bodies have been counted floating down the stream at Johnstown alone, while along the line many additional lives have been ascertained as lost.

There are but two houses in Johnstown proper entirely above water line.

A special, bearing Pennsylvania Railway officials and Associated Press correspondents, has left the city for the scene.

Telegraphic communication is entirely cut off, and until telegraph repairmen and operators with necessary instruments open up at the nearest point, but little reliable information can be obtained.

BOLIVAR, Pa., May 31.-A courier from the scene of the flood near Johnstown reports that the loss of life will reach 1,500.

Further Particulars.

SANG HOLLOW, June 2.—1 a. m.-The first accounts sent out of Johnstown of the disaster are far below the latest es timate placed upon the extent of the calamity, and instead of 2,000 or 3,000, it is probable that the list will reach 8,000. It is now known that two passenger trains, two sections of the express on the Pennsylvania Railroad, had been thrown into the maddened torrent and the passengers drowned. These trains were held at Johnstown from Friday at 11 a. m., and were lying on the siding between Johnstown and Conemaugh stations. The awful torrent came down the narrow defile of nine miles and with a fall of 300 feet in that distance, sweeping away the villages of South Fork, Mineral Point, Woodvale and Conemaugh, leaving but one building standing-a woolen mill, where but an hour before had stood hundreds. Dashing on with the roar of a cataract and speed of the wind upon | Soon their most horrible fears were realthe fair city at the foot hills on the plain in | ized. The Hungarians were out for plunwhich but yesterday sat Johnstown in the der. Lying upon the shore they came mountains like a jewel in a diadem. The upon the dead and mangled body of a womgreat Gautier steel works sat in this place and the city below it, and the railroad tracks bounding it at the base of the mountains on the north. Here is where the trains were standing when the tide of water like a catapult came down upon them with such resistless force that heavy trains, locomotives and all were overturned and swept down the torrent and dreds who were in the path of the running | lodged against the great stone viaduct, along which forty-one locomotives from the Johnstown round house, heavy machinery and ponderous framework of the Gautier mill had accumulated the debris of more than 1,000 houses of furniture, bridges, lumber, drifts and human beings. The low Johnstown, and is the site of an old reser- arches of the stone viaduct were choked voir which was one of the feeders of the up immediately and the water backed over was among the number of involuntary sui-

was formerly known as Conemaugh Lake. | the city stood, to a depth of what from the waterworks indicate about thirty-eight feet. In the great sea thus formed thousands of people were struggling for life.

The scene to-day is one of the most heart rending possible for the imagination of man to conceive. The accumulated drift gorged up at the viaduct to a height of forty feet and then took fire from the upsetting of stoves or lamps. Then were the strong made sick at the sight. As the flames crackled and roared among the dry timber of the floating houses human bodies were seen pinioned between house roofs, locomotives, iron beams, freight, passenger Pullman and baggage cars, the greedy flames licking with haste their diet of human flesh. The scene was horrible beyond description. From infancy a few cays old to wasted figures of age, all were burned before the eyes of the beholders and no rescue from fate was possible. Strong men turned away with agonized expression and women shricked at the horrors of the scene. The dead are estimated at not less than 8,000 and the number may even exceed this estimate. This seems incredible, but antil the waters will have abated and the work of removing the dead bodies from this tremendous mass, it will be impossi ble to tell how many lives have been lost.

Johnstown, Pa., June 2.-Johnstown is the most complete wreck that the imagination can portray. Probably 1,500 houses have been swept from the face of the earth as completely as if they had never been erected. May Street from end to end is piled fifteen to twenty feet high with debris, and in some instances it is as high as the roofs of the houses. This great mass of wreckage fills the street from curb to curb and frequently has crushed the fronts of buildings in and filled the space with reminders of the terrible calamity. From the woolen mill above the island to the bridge, a distance probably of two miles, a strip of territory nearly half a mile in width has been swept clean, not a stick of timber or one brick on top of another being left to tell the story. All day long men, women and children were plodding about the desolate waste trying in vain to locate the boundaries of former homes. Nothing but a wide expanse of mud, fornamented here and there with heaps of driftwood, remains, however, for their contemplation, These losses, however, are as nothing compared to the frightful sacrifices of precious human lives to be seen on every hand. During all this solemn Sunday Johnstown has been dronched with the tears of stricken mortals, and the air is filled

Six hundred bodies are now lying in Johnstown and a large number have al. ready been buried. Four immense relief trains arrived last night and the survivors are being cared for. A portion of the police force of Pittsburg and Allegheny are on duty and better order is maintained than prevailed yesterday. Communication has been restored between Cambria City and Johnstown by a foot bridge. The work of repairing the tracks between Sang Hollow and Johnstown is going on rapidly and trains will probably be running by to morrow morning. Not less than 15,000 strangers are here.

Now that the waters have receded there is great danger from falling walls. All day long the cracking of walls could be heard across the river. Before daybreak this morning the sounds could not but make one shudder at the very thoughts of the horrible deaths that awaited many who had es. caped the devastating floods. Library Hall was another office building of the many in the city that were destroyed. Of the Episcopal Church not a vestige remains. The parsonage was swept away and the rector of the church, Rev. T. Dillon, was

drowned. Richard Davis ran to Prospect Hill when the water raised. As to Deechert's mes. sage, he says just such a message had been sent down at each flood since the lake was made. The warning so often proved useless that little attention was paid to it this time. "I cannot describe the mad rush," he said. "At first it looked like dust, that must have been spray. I could see houses going down before it like children's playblocks set on edge in a row. As it came near I could see houses totter for a moment, then rise and the next moment be crushed like egg shells against each

As the roads to lands round about are opened tales of almost indescribable horror come to light and deeds of the viles nature perpetrated in the darkness of night are brought to light. Just as the shadows began to fall upon the earth last evening thirteen Hungarians were noticed stealthily picking their way along the banks of the Conemaugh toward Sang Hollew. Suspecting their purpose, several farmers armed themselves and started in pursuit. an. Upon her person were a number of trinkets, jewelry and two diamond rings. In their eagerness to secure the plunder the Hungarians got into a squabble, during which one of their number severed the finger upon which were the rings and started to run with his fearful prize. The revolting nature of the dead so wrought upon the pursuing farmera, who by this time were close at hand, that they gave immediate chase. Some of the Hungarians showed fight, but, being outnumbered: they were compelled to flen for their lives. Nine of the brutes escaped, but four were literally driven into the surging river, and to their denth. The ishuman monster whose atrocious act has been described The Coroner's Jury.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., June 5 .- The jury to-day proceeded to South Fork and investigated the cause of the breakage of the reservoir dam.

Witnesses testified that slight breaks had appeared in the dam several times in past years, but had each time been clumsily repaired with straw, sticks and rub-

The general impression is that the jury will declare the Pittsburg Fishing Club, that owned the reservoir, guilty of gross negligence. In that event many suits for damages against this millionaire club will doubtless follow.

The question of accident and life insurance is at present assuming large proportions here. Various insurance companies having policies in Johnstown are represented by their agents in large numbers E. E. Clapp, superintendent of the Fidelity and Casuality Company and Adrian Schariff, their solicitor, are in town. In speaking of the cause of their presence, Schariff

"We have not a great many policies here, only 200, and the amount of insurance does not exceed \$130,000. Our object in coming here was to aid the sufferers. We came armed with our draft book and were ready to liquidate all claims at a moment's notice. We find, however, that affairs are in such confusion that it is impossible to do anything. In many cases whole families are wiped out and then beneficiaries reside at such distance that communication with them cannot be had at once. But money is practically valueless in this place at present as far as securing commodities even after the dam broke. with it is concerned."

Aid from Paris.

PARIS, June 5th .- A meeting of Americans was held to day at the United States legation to express the sympathy of the Americans in Paris with the Johnstown sufferers. The rooms of the legation were densely packed, and many went away unable to gain admittance. United States Minister Reid presided. Among the resolutions adopted expressing sympathy was the following: "That as American citizens we congratulate them upon and thank them for the numerous acts of noble heroism displayed under circumstances calculated to unnerve the bravest. Especially do we admire them for the capacity shown for local self-government, upon which the stability of republican in stitutions depends, the military organizations sent from distant points to preserve order during the chaes that supervened having been returned to their homes as no longer required. Within forty-eight hours after the calamity the civil power asserted itself and resumed sway without the aid of counsel from distant authorities, but solely by and from the inherent power which remained in the people of Johnstown themselves."

Brief and touching speeches were made by General Laytor, late United States Minister to Austria, Abram S. Hewitt and others. A committee was appointed to receive subscriptions and about \$2,000 was subscribed en the spot. The American bankers all agreed to open subscriptions at their banking hoases. "Buffalo Bill" subscribed the entire receipts of one entertainment.

The Sioux Commission.

ROSEBUD AGENCY, June 5 .- Indians have been counselling all last night and to-day. At their request General Crook met with them. They stated it was impossible for them to make up their minds as rapidly as white people, and they must have time to consider among themselves. General Crook told them the Commission fully appreciated all these facts, but they could not remain here indefinitely. He went over the conditions with them, pointed out the benefits which the act would confer. It they accepted they would become self-supporting and independent, with all advantages which would accrue from citizenship. The difficulty which at present confronts the Commissioner is that so long as the Indians remain here they must be fed, and so long as they are fed they will endeavor to delay action, and when the rations stop many of them will return to their farms, which are scattered over the reservation. Some of the distant ones are more than 100 miles.

A Burglar Lynched.

TOPEKA, Kans.. June 4.—Early this morning A. T. Rogers, of the firm of Rogers & Stranohan, merchant tailors, was fatally shot by a burglar and Mrs. Rogers was shot so that her recovery is doubtful The burglar escaped badly wounded, but later in the day was captured. When it became known that he was in custody, the people surrounded the jail to guard against any attempt to remove him elsewhere. During the evening the crowd increased, and at 7 p. m. the jail was stormed. The officers made a desperate resistance, and it was 11 o'clock when the wretch was dragged out and hung to the nearest telegraph pole.

The prisoner denied his guilt and told several conflicting stories, which were readily found to be false. He gave his name as Nat Oliphant and his home at Pueblo,

Joseph Kemmler, upon whom the first experiment with electricity as an instrument of death is to be made in New York, is in a cheerful frame of mind and expresses himself as much interested in the coming experiment.

Fatal Wreck on the Rio Grande Near El Moro

TRINIDAD, Colo., June 6.—Yesterday morning a freight train left the track near El Moro and Engineer Henthorn jumped from his engine, which resulted in a broken leg.

This morning another wreck of a more serious nature occurred near the same place. As the Denver & Rio Grande fast freight was coming in, the engine jumped the track at the switch near the stock yards, the result of a defective frog.

The engineer jumped from his engine and escaped uninjured. Fireman Roberts also jumped, but did not escape so luckily. As he left the engine an iron rail caught him and pinned him to the ground so that he was unable to extricate himself. He escaped with a broken leg.

The head brakeman, Sims, was on the tender at the time and it seems kept his place until the engine turned over. He was caught under the tender.

The concussion killed him instantly, and it was several hours before the body could be removed.

Eight cars loaded with general merchandise were piled up in one mass and it took the wrecking train nearly all day to clear the track.

Placing the Blame.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 6.—Thomas Jacobs, of Morrellville, is one of the oldest inhabitants of the Conemaugh Valley He said to-day that the water of the river was much higher in 1837 than last Friday,

"The whole trouble about this deplorable affair," he continued, "seems to be from the narrowing of the channel of the river and the deflection from its natural course. I remember well when the channel ran down where the mill below the bridge now stands. The Conemaugh has always been a shallow stream. After heavy rainfalls it rises rapidly, as all mountains streams do. Its watershed is large and the hillsides so constructed that the water runs down rapidly, causing quick rises and turbulent currents.

"Primarily, I hold the Cambria Iron Company responsible for narrowing the channel, secondly, the South Fork Club for not having made the dam secure beyond all possibility of a break, especially when they caused the dam to be enlarged by raising the breast and thirdly, the Pennsylvania Railroad for having constructed a viaduct with such low arches and with bs calculated to eaten pieces of ATIL wood, if they happen to strike diagonally at the piers. The dam made by the gorge at the bridge is what engulfed the town"

Figuring the Loss of Life. Johnstown, Pa., June 6.—Doubt

has been expressed as to the estimate that 12,000 to 15,000 were lost in the flooded district. Of course there is no way of determining with any degree of exactitude, but in guessing, reasonable and conservative, based on close figuring, at least 2,500 bodies have been found. Two thousand at the lowest calculation are in the burned debris in the river, 3,000 in the unsearched sand banks, around the Cambria works, down along the river and in the lower part of Johnstown. From 1,000 to 2,000 are scattered in the valley from Woodville to the bridge, and a thousand or two below the bridge between Johnstown and Bolivar. Hundreds were carried down to the broad rivers in the tremendous current and may never come into the hands of the living.

Said Adjutant General Hastings this morning: "In my opinion the loss is greater than we can now show figures for."

Decrease in Circulation.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 6 .- A Washington statement prepared at the Treasury Department shows there was a net decrease of \$16,780,608 in the circulation during the month of May last and a net increase of \$1,973,910 in money and bullion in the Treasury during the same period. The principal loss in circulation was in gold certificates, United States notes and National Bank notes, and the principal gain in the Treasury holding was in standard silver dollars, United States notes and gold coin, in the order named.

The total circulation at June 1 is stated at \$1,397,470,251, and the total money and bullion in the Treasury on the same date \$664,692,230.

Professors Can't be Imported.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5 .- An attorney of this city recently wrote to the Secretary of the Treasury in behalf of the Catholic University of America, located in the District of Columbia, saying that the university desired to have the services of several learned European professors for the divinity department of the University, and inquiring whether the immigration of such persons would be regarded by the departments as a violation of the terms of the alien contract labor law. The Solicitor of the Treasury has given his opinior that the immigration of foreign professors under any contract, expressed or implied, would be clearly a violation of the alien contract labor law.

A missionary letter to the Anti-Slavery Society says that the Mahdists have made Western Abyssinia a desert. Whole flocks and herds have been destroyed, thousands of Christians thrown into slavery, thousands of others have been butchered, and hundreds of the noblest inhabitants have been taken to Mecca as slaves, in violation of treaties.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1889.

A Tax Payers Protest.

Roswell, N. M., June 20, 1889. ED. REGISTER:-

An editorial in the Nogal Nugget of date June 13th, compliments the county commissioners for their "fair dealing between the county and the people." I, together with a majority of the real estate owners in this section, deny this fair dealing asserted by the Nugget.

My real estate was raised by the commissioners \$7,500 above the amount sworn to by me in making my tax resturns, and my neighbors in the same proportion.

It is easy to conceive how exaggerated ideas of the value of our lands are atstained, especially by our commissioners, as they are unacquainted with them, and do not appear to understand that it is water on the land, not the land alone which has enhanced the value of realestate in this vicinity, and water is not taxable. Yet, were both land and water taxable, the value is vastly exaggerated. Who ever knew lands in this section to ., be sold for \$20 per acre? If the owners of our lands have exhalted notions as to the value thereof, parties outside, who judge by hearsay, have surely gone wild because, as the Nugget asserts, fabulous prices are demanded.

Let us state the simple facts. We pay \$1.25 per acre for lands. By the expenditure of time and labor we conduct water upon them and enhance the actual value of all that portion which can be ira sufficiency of water to irrigate our whole area and yet it is not feasible, for any reason, to do so, only that portion which can be profitably watered is benefitted. There are enterprises of vast magnitude, as irrigating canals and reservoirs, with their adjuncts, in course of construction, aimed to reclaim immense areas of land now in a desert state; yet our commissioners place an excessive tax value upon these lands, when the improvements are in embryo and the results conjectural-in fact they are assessed at more than double the price of our best lands, which have been under cultivation for years. An immense amount of money is already invested in these schemes for reclaiming such arid districts, and owners of lands which are subject to the success of these enterprises for such reclamation, can only obtain benefit from them by sharing the cost of their construction. They hold their lands by legal tenure and await results. If these owners are confident, they hold their lands at, what the Nuc get terms, "fabulous prices," because they can afford to so hold them; and yet, were they to place them in the market, naked and dry, depending upon contingencies for their advance in value, they would be unable to realize the original government price per acre.

The value of our property we presume and the law avers, (so far as our taxes are concerned.) must be controlled by its market value. Who will take the chances of success, speculate on such success where it is attained, and pay \$20 per acro for desert land,-under the meaning of the law? And such lands as these are raised (for taxes) away beyond the assessed value of lands which have been successfully cultivated for more than ten years last past.

These are grievances of which we of the Pecos valley have a right to complain. Many of us have exhausted years of toil and sweat to reclaim this "wilderness," at a period when there were no markets, no outlet for the results of labor-the pioneers who have converted this prairie to waving fields and luxurious gardens. "Where late was bareness and waste, the perfumed blossom, bud and blade, sweet bashful pledges of approaching harvest, giving cheerful promise to the hope of industry." And this is our work; yet when our enterprises bear fruit, and we essay to extend our improvements the hard hand of oppres sion smites us—a more unjust tribute than was exacted by imperial Caesar 18 laid upon us to rough-lock our success.

I do not intend-I have no design to censure our county commissioners, further than to presume that they have de-'cided without having duly investigated and considered the facts in the matter. It is not to impungue their honesty or question their intelligence, but this communication is offered more especially to the commissioners, with implicit confidence that they will do us justice after exhaustive investigation. Yet, should our hopes of fair and honest administration be denied, we shall, most surely, only submit to extortion through the decision of the highest courts.

Thankfully to you Mr. Editor, respectfully to our commissioners and faithfully to the public, I am

Yours truly,

P. F. GARRETT. Ten years ago the superintendent of an Iowa railroad booted a tramp out of his office for having the cheek to ask for a pass. To-day that tramp is the superintendent of that same road, while the man who lifted him on his boot keeps a

The territorial fair will be held at Albuquerque, commencing September 30th and continuing five days.

restaurant and sends him over lunches.

W. C. BRADBURY'S FORCE IN-

CREASED VERY LARGELY. Warde & Courtney, Contractors from Arizona, on the Upper Ditch

with 200 Teams. The big ditch work has taken a new an even more vigorous start than ever before. Mr. Bradbury has a full force of men and teams employed on the lower canal, and has let the contract for the building of the entire upper one to Warde & Courtney, a firm of heavy rail-

road contractors from Arizona. These gentlemen are on the ground with a large force of teams and men; they began work last Monday, morning at Mr. Garrett's place, and are now throwing out the dirt as rapidly as 200 teams can do it. They are a little short for men and anyone out of employment can get a job by applying to these gentlemen at their camp at Mr. Garrett's farm. They are both pleasant gentlemen who understand and appreciate the needs and

wants of their men.

Mr. Bradbury was over the whole line of the ditch last week and says things are in a better shape now than at any time since beginning the work. When he came down here he was compelled to pick men of all sorts to get enough to handle his teams, and the result was he got a lot of tramps and dead beats who would not or could not do a days work; this retarded his progress for a time, but now he has plenty of men, and good ones, and has the whole work thoroughly organized. The new men on the upper canal, Messrs. Ward & Courtney, are practical men and there will be no delay or stops until the ditch from the Hondo righted, and thus cultivated. If we have to the Felix is completed and the water running through. Farmers who have taken up land under the ditch may now calculate upon getting water in time for fall work on their land. We expect to see considerable building on farms under

> the canal this fall and next spring. Surely the Pecos valley is making rapid strides to the foremost place in New Mexico locations, and the Pecos Irrigation and Investment company are doing more than any other one thing to develope it. Their reward is sure.

Love and Shop

[From a letter by Miss Arabella Leslie to Miss Bessie Chamberlin.]

And now, dear Bess, I must tell you about the charming call which I enjoyed from my fiance, Mr. Stubpen last evening. He is so witty and does say such delightful things, you know! I don't wonder that he is such a popular newspaper man. He came rather early, and we drifted to the sofa as usual, and began talking about the usual subjects, whon he suddenly remarked that he was afraid he had actually gone to press without thinking of the leading article! I asked him what the "leading article" was, and he said that in love it is always a not be well and fashionably dressed, kiss—an article of "unvarying priority" when they can see so many pretty styles (whatever that means.) I blushed, of in "Godey," is a mystery hard to solve. course, but said nothing; and presently he | and also when they can select the patapologized for talking shop and asked if he could print a kiss on my lips. I said I supposed I couldn't prevent his attending to his own professional duties, if he choose to; and so-well, he printed maybe an edition. I don't know how many. Then what do you suppose the unconsionable wretch asked me? He asked me if I thought he had made an error. I told him I thought he had, certainly. "Then," said he, "there is nothing for me to do but take a proof and see." Then he kissed me about six times more! I couldn't help laughing, because I do know what a "proof" is, and I ought to have been smart enough to have pre-

vented him. About three minutes later he asked me if I could let him have a "revise." Of course, I hadn't the slightest idea what a revist was, but replied that if there was one in the house, I would get it for him. He told me to sit perfectly still and he would help himself. And he did! (It seems that a revise is a second

Mamma came in just then and Mr. Stubpen made only two jumps from the sofa to the piano stool and began playing "Abide with Me" I thought I should die laughing! Fred is just the funniest, nicest, handsomest fellow in the world! After mamma went he began to talk shop again-about "setting up" and "locking up the form" and "holding copy" (he said I was just the copy of dear mamma) and lots of other delightfully funny nonsense that I have forgotten. I began to think he would never go, but about 12 o'clock a messenger boy came with a note from the managing editor of the paper Fred is connected with, and it seemed to frighten him almost to death. He dashed away without even his hat, and I heard him mutter something about "scare head" and "double lead." I thought it must be something dreadful had happened or would happen to my Fred, but papa said this morning it was nothing but a railroad accident, in which ninety people were killed.

Your own

ARABELLA. Mr. C. B. Eddy, of Eddy, Eddy county, has been appointed postmaster of his town. Honors are pouring thickly upon his blushing forehead. A town and county named after him, and now postmaster.

New Mexico and Utah have about the same area of irrigated land, but the projected canals of New Mexico will soon bring it far in the lead.

A Splendid Enterprise.

The rapid growth of the town of Eddy, in the Pecos valley, seems assured. It is located nearly in the center of the new county of the same name, as established by the last legislature. It is near the, head of the southern canal of the Pecos Irrigation & Investment company, and the headquarters of the company is located there. The first plat of the town site was recently published, and one-half of the lots were sold at from \$50 to \$100 a lot almost before the plats were received from the printers.

The Pecos Valley Town Site company is a special company engaged in the location of town sites in the valley, and its policy is to reserve one-half of the land. The same policy has been adopted as in Colorado Springs and Greely, Colo., providing in the deed against the sale of

iquors, with a penalty of forfeiting title. The streets are laid out eighty feet wide with four rows of trees and a special acequia for each row. A \$15,000 hotel has been contracted,

\$1,500 school house is being built, one store building is already being erected, and others are proposed. Several offices and residences are being erected, a Baptist church is to be erected soon, and other similar improvements indicate the energy and money which is backing this undertaking.

The water company to utilize the water of the large spring only a mile away from the town site is about being organized. This spring furnishes more water than is used by the city of Denver, and

is of a very superior quality.

The Pecos Valley Irrigation company is acting with great prudence, if very energetically, and its officers are surely exhibiting great business sagacity and wisdom. Such enterprises, and conducted in such manner, will build this territory up very rapidly. The president is J. R. McKay, a well known and successful Chicago business man; the vice president is Mr. C. B. Eddy, of Eddy county, the pushing and energetic president of the Eddy-Bissell Cattle company; Gen. L. P. Bradley, stationed here as colonel of the 13th U.S. infantry and commanding of-ficer of the district for several years, and highly respected by our people, is the secretary; Mr. G. B. Shaw, another well known Chicago business man, is the treasurer; among the directors we notice Chas. W. Green, formerly editor and manager of the New Mexican, as hard working and energetic and honest a man as ever lived; Pat Garrett, the ex-sheriff of Roswell, with a splendid record, E. B. Bronson, president of one of the El Paso national banks, and Robert W. Tansill, of Chicago, who is making \$200,000 a year out of the tobacco brand called

"Tansill's Punch." Success to the company. It is doing great and good work for New Mexico.—

Santa Fe New Mexican. Eddy is rapidly coming to the front and with the men and money back of the place is bound to become a leading city in the great Pecos valley. It is 80 miles, south of Roswell, and there is plenty of good territory to support both towns and make them great booming cities. Eddy and Eddy county are natural allies to Roswell and Chaves county, and we rejoice in its rapid development.

"Godey's Lady's Book," for July, is just out; the number is especially attractive,, with a pretty frontispiece, "Geo Up," numerous fashion and work illus trations, besides an architectural design for a church. Why every lady should tern for the garment they desire, by sending the coupon to the publisher. This is a most generous offer which every lady should at once avail herself of, by subscribing for the magazine.-Godey's Lady's Book, Box H H. Phila., Pa.

The meaning of "Oklahoma" in Indian tongue is "Beautiful Land." In the English language it signifies "A Stampede of Idiots." You pays your money and takes your choice.

Notice.

We are prepared to move merchandise freight from Carthage to Roswell at \$1.25 per hundred pounds. Average time made by our teams, 6 to 8 days. Special rates on 20 thousand pounds or more at one time. Consign shipments in our care at Carthage, N. M. Address all mail to A. H. Hilton Mercantile Co. San Antonio, N. M.

Zimmerman is receiving goods almost on every freight wagon that comes to

-Parties having farms, relinquishments, or town property for sale, can secure buyers by placing same in my H. H. Pierce, Roswell.

Death to Flies! Use Persian Insect Powder, at Zimmerman's Drug Store.

Wanted-Ranch and Cattle.

Have a purchaser for a small stock of good cattle with range. Parties having same, and desiring to sell cheap for part cash and balance on easy payments, ad dress or call on H. H. Pierce, Roswell.

Insurance, both fire and life, placed n most reliable companies, by H. H Pierce, Roswell.

Have your Prescriptions and Family Receipts filled at Zimmerman's and get the purest drugs.

Bargains in town property and farms can be had by applying to H. H. PIERCE,

Notice. All parties interested are hereby noti

fied not to handle or sell any of my cattle in the following brands: D on left side, D on left hip, ear mark eft crop. Two 9 one reverse on left hip, ear mark

right swallow fork. 2 lazy E, ear mark right swallow fork. L. D. Mays, of Dark Canyon, is the only authorised agent to handle or sell

my cattle. Furthermore I am not responsible for any debts contracted by my husband, J. G. Danner.

Susan A. Danner. Lookout, N. M., May 13th, 1889. 26-6t Money to Loan-on improved irrigated lands. Apply to H. H. PIERCE,

Stockholders Meeting.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 2d, 1889. To the stockholders of the Peccs Irrigation & Investment Company of New

You are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at 84 Monroe St., Chicago, on Tuesday, the 11th of June, 1889, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of electing the Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may be properly presented. L. P. Bradley,

Zimmerman keeps the best Nickle eigar in town, also Whiskey and Wines for medicinal use.

Sheep For Sale.

3,000 head sheep, Mexican stock, at \$1.15, delivered at Roswell. Will throw in 1,000 this spring lambs. H. H. PIERCE, Roswell, N. M.

For all kinds of Patent Medicines call at Zimmerman's Drug Store.

-Wanted, two or three bushels of sorghum seed, will pay a good price for it Apply at this office.

Notice for Publication. [Desert Land, Final Proof.]

[Desert Land, Final Proof.]

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, LAS Cruces, N. M., May 31, 1820.}

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Cruse, of Ft. Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M., has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert land claim No. 665, for the se gr ne gr, ne gr se gr, sec 19, s hf nw gr w hf se gr sw gr sec 20 nw gr and w hf ne gr sec 20 tp 12 s, r 25 e, before Probate Clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on Tuesday, the 23d day of July, 1839.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: Mark Howell, M. E. Taylor, J. T. Enbanks, W. V. Wagnor, all of Lincoln county, N. M.

28

EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Las Chuces, N. M... }

Notice is hereby given that the followingnamed settler has filed notice of his intention to
make final proof in support of his claim, and
that said proof will be made before Probate
Clerk of Lincoln county, at Lincoln, N. M., on
June 27th, 1889, viz: Fred Nymeyer, on D. S. No.
3569, for the n hf ne qr sec 18, s hf se qr sec 7 tp
22 s range 27 cast.

He names the following witnesses to prove
his continuous residence upon, and cultivation
of, said land, viz:
Geo. W. Witt, D. Gilckriest, Fred G. Hodsoll,
Geo. F. Pennebakea, all of Lincoln county, N. M.
EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

Notice.—Timber Culture.

U. S. Land Office, Las Chuces, N. M., June 1st, 1889. S

Complaint having been entered at this office by Benjamin W. Miller against William L. Hollman for failure to comply with law as to Timber-Culture Entry No. 21, dated September 2d, 1879, upon the sw qr section 5, township 11 south, range 25 o, in Lincoln county, Now Moxico, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the requirements of the timber culture law have not in any particular been complied with. There is not now and nover has been any cultivation or improvement; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of F. H. Lea at Roswell, N. M., on the 27th day of July, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish tostimony concerning said alleged failure.

29 EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

Notice for Publication. [Desert Land, Final Proof.]

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Las Cruces, N. M., June 4, 1889. Las Cruces, N. M., June 4, 1889. S

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin H. Rogers of Ft. Reno, Indian Territory, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert land claim No. 715, for the lots 3 and 4 s hf sw qr sec 5 lots 1 and 2 se qr se sec 6, e hf ne, ne qr se qr sec 7, nw qr and n hf sw qr sec 8, tp 12 s, rg 25 e, before Probato Clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on Tuesday, the 23d day of July, 1889.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: Scott Truxton, A. M. Richardson, M. E. Taylor, Thomas Cruse, all of Lincoln county, N. M.

EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

EDMUND G. BHIELDS, Register. Notice for Publication.

[Desert Land, Final Proof.] United States Land Proc. J

United States Land Oppice, }

Las Cruces, N. M., June 4, 1889. }

Notice is hereby given that Marcus E. Taylor, of Ft. Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M., has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert land claim, No. 691, for the se gr se gr sec 7, s h fn off, ne gr sec 8, w hf and w gr ne gr sec 7, o h fn off, ne gr sec 18, tp 12 s, r 28 e, hefore Probate Clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on Tuesday, the 23c day of July, 1859.

Clerk at Lincoln, R. M., C., of July, 1889.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
A. M. Richardson, J. T. Eubanks, George Robben, James R. Brent, all of Lincoln Co., N. M.
29

EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

HODSOLL'S

Photographic # Art # Gallery,

Roswell, N. M.

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.

Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.

All Work Guaranteed.

WHITEMAN,

Formerly of White Oaks, has opened up a first-class

General Merchandise Business

--IN--

ROSWELL, New Mexico.

And will carry a full line of Groceries,

Farming Implements.

The custom of country trade specially solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed as

W. T. THORNTON, JOHN J. COCKRELL, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Lincoln, New Mexico THORNTON & COCKRELL

Attorneys at Law,

- -NEW MEXICO, Will practice in Lincoln and adjoining coun

J. A. ERWIN,

to prices.

Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law, ROSWELL, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Register office building. G. A. RICHARDSON, Lincoln, New Mexico

Warren, fergusson & RICHARDSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

⇒HAMPTON & HILL, <

ONTRACTORS

LOUSE BUILDERS,

.. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO. .:

Plans and Specifications Furnished Upon Application.

All Kinds Brick, Stone & Adobe Work A SPECIALTY.

Best of References Furnished When Desired.

H. H. PIERCE,

Real Estate, Insurance & Loan Agent ABSTRACTING, CONVEYANCING, ETC. NOTARY PUBLIC.

MY SPECIAL ATTENTION WILL BE CIVEN TO ALL LAND LOCATING. Roswell, New Mexico.

Money to Loan on Improved Irrigated Lands.

Abstracts of Lands in Chaves and Eddy Counties. Full Information Concerning the Pecos Valley Cheerfully Fur $iished\ on\ Application.$

STANTON * HOUSE, ₩

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

In large quantities and of every kind for the Farmer and Townsnan. I will offer

Acclimated Fruit Trees and Shrubbery to the citizens of Roswell soon, at the very lowest pos-

sible price. I have a full stock of all gooods in my line. L. HALE, Rindoso, N. M.

Drugs, Stationary

& Toilet Articles.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. A. GILMORE.

A, H. WHETSTONE.

Whetstone & Lea,

REAL ESTATE

ACENTS,

Surveyors, Conveyancers and Notaries Public,

Complete abstract of all lands on the Pecos. Prompt attention to all business in the U.S. Land Office.

D. J. Gorman & Co

CONTRACTORS

& BUILDERS.

Jobbing at Shortest Notice.

TEXAS HOUSE,

Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

L. M. LONG, Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public,

ROSWELL, N. M. Plans, specifications and estimates of all Mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and

E. H. SKIPWITH,

Physician and Surgeon.

ROSWELL, N. M.

L. A. Stephens. PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER

ROSWELL, N. M. Fine Watch Work a Speciality.





ADDITIONAL BRANDS:

E side, and also some on side and hip. W side,
JB on hip or loin. LEA on side, or shoulder,
side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.
Horse Brand: Same as cow on left shoulder
and left hip or thigh.
Part branded only on left shoulder.



O. Roswell,

El Paso National Bank.

(NO. 3608.)

Capital, Surplus,

\$150,000 \$37.500

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business. ≈ Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire

zanares & Co. of Las Vegas, and a prom-

inent citizen of that place, spent the fore

part of this week in Roswell. He was

appointed by the Grand Lodge A. F. &

A. M., as instituting officer for the lodge

here. He performed his duties in a most

-The following gentlemen were in

stalled as officers of the Masonic lodge

for the ensuing year: W. S. Prager, W

M; John W. Poe, S. W; J. Phelps White,

J. W. H. Milne, Treasurer; Frank H. Lea

Secretary; E. T. Stone, S. D; A. W. John-

son, J. D; H. Biggs, N. W. Neatherlin,

-Phelps White, one of the most prom

inent cattlemen of the lower country

and a member of the Littlefield Cattl

company, is at the Plaza, from Roswell

Mr. White returned home Sunday

-We have received the prospectus of

the First New Mexico Reservoir & Irri-

gation company. It is a complete and

exaustive little work and treatise on res-

ervoirs; it fully sets forth the advantages of this system, but we think in a

-Mr. A. B. Smith, of the First Na-

tional Bank of Las Vegas, is in Roswell.

He is canvassing the advantages of Ros-

well for a place to open up business, and

if his conclusions are favorable we may

expect a new bank in a short time; we

are glad to say the chances are largely

in our favor. Mr. Smith is a genuine

good fellow and reliable business man,

and we hope we have inducements

The following mysterious article was

"On a quiet eve in leafy June, when

walked beneath the moon. The night was fair, so was the maid: they walked

to harm or make afraid. Her name was

and he was slim. He took to her and she to him. Says Jim to Sue, "By all the

count me in; I'll court no other girl ag'in.'

his nose just touched her jocky brim;

four lips met—went shem! shem!! And

the silvery moon, when frogs and crick-

ets are in tune, least you get your name

wood to the editor of the REGISTER, be-

this country paying a big price for a

Fourth of July Program.

The admittance to the picnic grounds at Poe's

grove, four miles east of Roswell, on the Fourth

will be free. Mr. Piper will have a lunch stand

in the evening for the benefit of any who may de-

sire to stay for the dance. Program of exercises

pendence; Music—Band; Speeches of five minute

Declamations—By pupils of city schools: Song

-Selections, Joyce and Zimmerman; Dinner

Music-Band; Egg Race, Fat Man's Race, Saci

Race, Potato Race, Fat Woman's Race; Races fo

Boys and Girls under 13 years; Game of base bal

Prizes will be given to the winner of the var

ious races. Parties who attend must bring their

baskets with them, as there will be no dinne

served on the ground. Dancing will begin with

and gentleman waltzer on the ground. Ice cream

lemonade, candr, etc., will be in abundance

Tickets for dancing \$1. G. W. Donaldson, A. E.

Brass Band.

All parties interested in organizing a

brass band in Roswell will please meet

at this office on Friday evening, at 8 p.m.

between Lincoln and Roswell nines.

Fleitz, Park Lea. managers.

duration; Oration, Major Wiley; Music-Band;

Music-Band; Reading of Declaration of Inde

in The Gleaner soon."

our section.

enough to bring him here.

the Gleaner please explain. .

evening, and took a big part in the

Masonic institution and installation.

Stewards; Joseph Bowman, Tyler.

excellent manner we are told.

-Mr. R. C. Stewart, with Brown, Man Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The REGISTER cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements \$12 per column, per month; half column \$8 per month. Ad, occupying less than half column \$1 per inch per month. Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month, in advance.

Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at trancient rates and published until paid.

Locals.

-Assessor Neatherlin was in town this week.

-J.A. Hill is building a carpenter shop on Main street.

-Messrs. Nymeyer and Pennebaker, are in the city from Eddy.

-Nathan Jaffa will land in New York about the 24th of July, from Europe.

-Dr. W. F. Graham has his house nearly completed; they will move in a few days.

-C. B. Eddy and W. C. Bradbury were in town last Monday. They were looking after the work on the upper ditch.

-Col. W. H. Weed will move his store building from Weed to Eddy, Lincoln county, where he will establish a mammoth branch store.—M. V. Democrat.

-Mr. T. Baldwin, manager of the Cedar Canyon pool, is in town with his wife, who is very sick. Mrs. Baldwin is at Dr. Skipwith's receiving medical treatment.

-L. C. Kyce and wife passed through Roswell Monday morning en route to bees and birds were all in tune, two lovers Eddy. Mr. Kyce is the foreman of the Rosenfeld construction company on the and talked beneath the shade, with none

-A pleasant social dance was held in the new building of Williamson & Sanders last Friday evening. It was a roomy place and the merry dance was kept up until the wee sma' hours.

snakes that squirm among the bush and brakes, I love you better'n buckwheat cakes." Says Sue to Jim, "Since you've begun it, and come and been and gone and done it, I love you next to a new spring bonnet." Says Jim to Sue, "Through thick and thin, for your love -Lots in the Ovard addition are selling almost every day. Mr. C. P. F. King has just purchased two, upon which he will build a house at once and bring his Jim leaned to Sue, Sue leaned to Jim,

family to Roswell to live. -A coal strike of considerable value then-and then-and then! Oh, girls is reported to have been made about five | beware of men in June, and underneath miles from Ft. Stanton, Lincoln county, by Capt. Overton and Waverly Johnson. They will supply the fort with coal.-

Citizen. -Mr. Metcalf of the ditch force, is back from the north, where he went in serch of his mules that strayed off. He found eleven out of twenty-five; two of them were in Raton being driven to a Butcher wagon.

-Mr. Wm. Peacock, of Las Vegas, was in town for a short time last week. Mr P. is well known throughout the territory, having been interested in the cattle business with the late Mr. Cox at Ft. Sumner. He is now in the livery business with Blodgett of Las Vegas.

-Married, at the residence of the brides father, Jacob Harris, Mr. Malvay W. Milligan to Miss Alice L. Harris, Sunday last at 11 o'clock a. m., Rev. Maule officiating. A large number of friends were present and witnessed the ceremony and partook of a bounteous repast.

-A party reported to us the other day the startling information that he had seen a group of water nymphs in Spring River. We asked him to explain, and after swearing us to secrecy he reported that it was a party of Roswell damsels enjoying a swim all by themselves.

-It will be but a short time until Ovard's addition is covered with residences, a number of houses are soon to be built. M. Whiteman, Mr. Clarkson, Mr. King, Messrs. Booth & Wells. and others have recently purchased lots for the purpose of building upon them.

-Roswell is having a steady and rapid growth. New buildings are constantly going up and the town has the appearance of being entirely new from the numerous new roofs to be seen. We prefer to see it so, and do not desire a rushing boom that will come and go leaving fatal results behind.

-A party of fishermen went across the Pecos last Saturday evening to entrice some of the finny tribe from the deep lakes with the cruel hook. They ty since the meeting of the legislature. the meeting, and was seconded immeditell big stories of the large scaly beau- Judge Chavez opens court the first Mon- ately and vigorously by A. Green of ties they caught, but as they only brought back a half dozen fish to show for the labors of four men, a liberal al- knowing how to proceed. Hurry up the people of his part of the county. The lowance must be made.

TAX PAYERS PROTEST.

A ROUSING MEETING OF PROPER-TY HOLDERS OF THE UP-PER PECOS VALLEY.

A Unanimous Protest Against the Unjust Valuation of the County Commissioners.

As previously announced in our last issue a meeting of the tax payers of Chavis county was held in Manning & Co's. hall, to discuss and take some action in the matter of the new assessment of lands and town property in our valley. It was a large and enthusiastic gathering of men who came together for no childs play, but impelled by the single motive of protecting their homes from the hands of the despoiler.

The meeting was unimpassioned and harmonious. It seemed to be the opinion of the majority present that the county commissioners were led into the error by exaggerated reports of the value of property here, rather than that it was a wilful attempt to discriminate against our county; it was decided however, in either event, to contest the matter thoroughly, and the first step taken was to appoint a committee to represent the tax payers of the valley at the next meeting of the board, and acquaint them with the true values of property. Every farmer in the county is interested and they all say it is an unjust burden they are not willing to stand. The action of the board has completely stirred them up, and they are all ready to follow the matter to the last resort in order to have a just assessment of their property. Report of the meet-

ing by the secretary: At a meeting of the tax payers of the vicinity of Roswell, June 22d, 1889, Col. H. Milne was elected to the chair and W. M. Atkinson, secretary.

very modest manner. The company is The chairman stated that the object not over representing anything, and the system will upon examination prove of the meeting was to take some steps of protest against the excessive and unitself capable of everything they claim reasonable assessment of lands of the Pecos valley for 1889.

> On motion of Judge E. T. Stone, that a committee of five, members of the meeting, be appointed to draught resolutions expressive of the grievances of the tax payers of the Pecos valley against the unreasonable assessment of the lands of this valley for the year 1889, the chairman appointed E. T. Stone, Pat. F. Garrett, W. H. H. Miller, M. V. Corn, and W. M. Atkinson.

The committe on resolutions reported the following: clipped from the Gallup Gleaner. Will

That Whereas, We think the assessed value as placed upon the lands of the Pecos valley of \$20 per acre is exorbitant Just, and that we are willing to be a sessed the same for the year of 1889, and

Sue, and his was Jim; and she was fat RESOLVED, That the county commissioners be requested to reconsider their action and place the rate of assessment for this year as established heretofore. Resolusions adopted and unanimously

> accepted by the meeting. Moved, seconded and carried that these proceedings be presented to the board of county commissioners at their next regular meeting, July 1st, 1889, by the ing and fruit gardening near Roswell, chairman. Meeting then adjourned.

W. M. ATKINSON, H. MILNE,

Secretary. Chairman. In view of the importance of this matter we think a comment upon it is in order. While we are willing to agree The "write up" man for the Albuquer- with the sense of the meeting of last Satque Democrat boom edition spews all urday in saying that they believe the give a sufficient amount of gall and worm- matter, but made a mistake through ignorance, we must say it is a species of been prompted by a determination to

"two for a nickle" write up in that harm. edition. We are in favor of general ad-If this matter was allowable the Pecos vertising, but we are in favor of doing it valley counties, i. e., Chavis and Eddy, where it will do the most good. Paid would be compelled to assume almost "write ups" is an idea of the past and are the entire indebtedness of the present looked upon with suspicion. Editions Lincoln county after division in 1891. of that kind generally do not contain The recent act provides that the county facts, and people east and north have commissioners of Lincoln county in the formed the habit of laying them aside month of December, 1890, shall ascerunheeded. The writer is mistaken in be- tain the total indebtedness of Lincoln lieving that we are opposed to advertis- county and shall also ascertain from the ing in the Democrat; we simply do not assessment rolls of 1890 the value of all believe this the best plan to advertise taxable property in the counties of Lincoln, Chavis and Eddy, and the counties of Chavis and Eddy shall pay to the county of Lincoln respectively their pro rata share of such indebtedness. Now the counties of Chavis and Eddy already have more taxable property than Lincoln, and by the recent act of the commissioners the value of that property has been more than quadrupled, so that we would have to pay more than threefourths of the whole indebtedness of the old county. It is an attempt, whether wilful or not, to saddle the indebtedness of Lincoln county on the two young counties of Chavis and Eddy. The lands in the upper Hondo and Bonito valleys have been assessed at \$1.25 and \$10 per Grand March at 1:30 p. m. Prize to the best lady nore, while that in the lower Hondo and Pecos valleys at \$5 and \$20 per acre.

It was an unwise movement, for it will defeat itself; it is unequal taxation, it is unlawful taxation, and we are sorry that, if such has been the case, any of our county commissioners would lend themselves to machinations of any evil disposed person who may have suggested For want of the session laws there has the thing. We are informed that Mr. been no probate court held in this coun- Henley of Nogal, proposed the matter in day of every month and then adjourns, Seven Rivers, the very man who ought as he cannot transact business, not to have been alive to the interests of the session laws.—Rio Grande Republican. | public lives of these gentlemen are run

unless they undo by their own acts the wrong they have done. Mr. Cronin, we are glad to learn, was opposed to the measure and fought against it, but without avail.

We want nothing but what is fair gentlemen, and that is all we ask when we request you to place a true value on our property as has been done heretofore.

Hon. E. T. Stone's Report to the Bureau of Immigration for 1889.

[Continued from last week.] QUESTIONS OF THE HOME SEEKER AN-SWERED.

Before these things are accomplished is the time for the settler to come. If he would make the most of his opportunity he would be here before values increase. He should anticipate the locomotive; that pioneer of progress and change will set the owners of lands and corner lots crazy, speculation will be rife and values out of all proportion to the buyers expectation. If however he is not willing to submit to the inconveniences-and they are many-of isolation and the crudeness of frontier life, he had better wait for the palace car. To those who desire to come and take the chances for better or for worse, we will give, with some detail, the facts the home seeker desires to know before settling in a new

The first inquiry is health. To this we reply, there is no healthier country. It is free from the maleria of the south and the blizzards of the north. Winds blow here, and blow hard, generally in the spring. The winters are generally moderate, but some times the weather gets very cold. The mid-summers are hot in the sun, but it is always cool in the shade and at night. The writer of this has lived in California and Colorado, famed for their climate, and he thinks this climate surpasses both. Water.-In the mountains the running water is good; in the valleys it is impregnated with alkali and salt. On the mesas good water can be secured near the surface by digging wells. Schools.-We have a good system with efficient trustees and competent teachers. The county commissioners are allowed to levy taxes of three mills for school purposes. Churches.-Few in the county; school houses principally used for worship; preachers of various denominations have regular service. In respect to churches and church service there will be marked improvement in the near

The finances of the county are in a healthy state and the debt small. Population of the county about 10,000, and rapidly increasing. The tax assessment is five million dollars. About 300,000 head of cattle. One of the best locations for cattle business in the west; depressand unreasonable, and that the rate of ed now but certain to improve. Sheep assessment as established heretofore is 350,000 head; good grass and good climate for sheep. Five newspapers in the county. No land grants, with their clouded titles and vexation litigation, in this county. This is a strong inducement to settle here. Good mechanics of all kinds in demand. Carpenters \$3.50 to \$5.00 Farm hands \$1.00 per day or \$25 per month. Living in the towns is high; also rents; hard to get any kind of a house. There is a fine opening for dairy-Lincoln or White Oaks. Farming of that is entirely neglected. Butter is 50 cents, eggs, etc., in proportion. Bacon 121/2 to 25 cents, when forty hogs can be raised on an acre of alfalfa. This next to fruit is the most profitable crop. It is a perennial grass; can be cut three and four times in the season, and will raise from over the editors sanctum in trying to commissioners acted no vile part in the 31/2 to five tons, bringing without R. R. facilities \$8 to \$10 per ton on the farm. It can be put in by a "seeder," which cause we were opposed to the people of ignorance as sensurable as if the act had saves expense of plowing. The seed costs here about 12 cents per pound; it takes I5 to 20 pounds to acre. The cereals do well, but barley and oats are adapted to soil and climate. But little attention is paid to wheat raising owing to scarcity of mills; and corn is so poorly tended as to yield less than it should. The present average yield with one ploughing is about 30 bushels. The more advanced farmers are using best modern agricultural implements, from the sulky plows to the self binder and reaper. All the grasses flourish; blue grass grows luxuriantly the first season. The climate and the grasses are adapted to horse and mule raising. There is money in both. especially in connection with alfalfa farming. Nurseries are very much needed and

would pay. The demand for trees is and will constantly increase. Prices high; apple trees fifty to seventy-five cents, others in proportion. Sorghum is a very profitable crop. A farmer near Roswell realizes eighty gallons to the acre. This, with poor culture and crude appliances for making syrup.

In speaking of fruit culture we failed to mention a striking advantage in favor of this section; trees here are free from the diseases peculiar to the east. Besides the perfect fruit they bear, our trees have a beauty of appearance unequalled; the bark is clean, clear and sleek, sure evidence of health and thrift. Two year old apple trees will begin to bear the third year. Planting winter apples, for commerce, on a large scale, is an inviting field here. Intelligent enterprise in this direction is sure to be

[To be continued.]

To the people of Roswell and surrounding country: We are now opening up in the town of Roswell a large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, and cordially invite the general public to call and examine stock and get prices.

PRAGER &

ROSWELL, New Mexico,

CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Merchandise, Farming Im-

PLEMENTS & RANCH SUPPLIES.

WE MANUFACTURE

HARNESS and SADDLES,

And Solicit an Inspection of our Stock. Call in our Store and see us.

\$30,000 Stock of GOODS!

TO BE CLOSED OUT IN 60 DAYS AT

De Lany & Terrell's, Ft. Stanton, N. M.

Having been appointed Receiver of the entire mercantile business of De Lany & Terrell, at Ft. Stanton, N. M., by the Judge of the Third Judicial District of New Mexico, in accordance with an order of said Court I will sell goods

At Cost For Sixty Days

from this date, and will then sell the remainder of the stock in one or more large lots. Legal steps will be taken to collect all notes and accounts due said firm. Parties in debt should settle at once and save costs. Very Respectfully,

J. S. LEA, Receiver.

FORT STANTON, N. M., April 29th, 1889.

GEO, W. HARTMAN.

A. Weil.

HARTMAN & WEIL, Wholesale Commission Merchants.

Bridge Street, Las Vegas, N. M.

MEXICO SEED HOUSE.

Hendquartors for Alfalfa and Johnson Grass Seeds. Wholesale and retail Seeds, Hay, Grain and Feed. Send for free catalogues. Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,

.---DEALERS IN-

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and

MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, &C.

Roswell,

New Mexico.

BOOTH & McDONALD,

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers.

Choice Wines & Cigars.

Bottle Goods A Specialty. Ranch Trade Solicited. ***

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

W. H. Gosgbove

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove.

General Merchandise of Every Kind, Roswell, New Mexico.

OVARD'S :: ADDITION.

|GOOD LOTS! GOOD WATER! GOOD SOIL! GOOD VIEW!

On the West side of Roswell within

Four Blocks of Main Str., CHEAP.

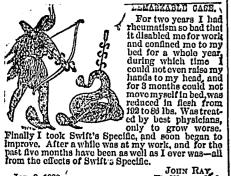
Respectfully, WILLIAMSON & SANDERS, Call on or Address J. A. ERWIN, Agent

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the fact that Merit Wins. It is the best blood purifier and actually accomplishes all that is claimed for it.



They also relieve Dis tress from Dyspepsia, In digestion and TooHeart tiges of the late in the Mouth, Coated.
Tongue, Pain in the Side.
TONPID LIVER. They
regulate the Bowels.
Purely Vegetable.
Price 25 Cents:

Carter medicine co., new york. Small Pill. Small Dose, Small Price.



For two years I had rheumatism so bad that it disabled me for work

John Ray. Ft. Wayne, Ind. Jan. 8, 1899. Books on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY

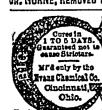
IF USED BEFORE CONFINEMENT. BOOK TO "MOTHERS" MAILEDSFREE. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, IQA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

For Sale by J. J. REITHMAN. DENVER, 55 to S8 a day. Samples worth 52.15 FREE. Lines not under horses' feet. Write Brew-ster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mica.

\$75 T.0 \$250 A MON'TH can be made ferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed rise. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1000 Mail St., Richmond, va.

K. B., - Picase state age and business experience. Never mind about sending stamp for reply. B. F. J. & Co.





I prescribe and fully en lorse Big G as the only pecific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y. We have sold Rig G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.

Ohio.

D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ili.

Hark \$1.00. Sold by Druggista

ROPSY TREATED FREE. Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies.
Have cured many thousand cases. Cure patients pronounced hopeless by the best physicians. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in tendays at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. Send for free book of testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days treatment furnished free by mail. If you order trial, send 10 cents in stamps to pay postage. Dit. H. G.R.E.IN & SONS, Atlanta, Gs. If you order trial return this advertisement to us.



tain and safe Pain REMEDY in the world that instantly stops the most excruciating pains. It is truly the great CON-QUEROR OF

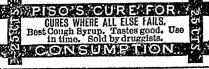
The most cer-

PAIN, and has done more good than any known remedy. For Sprains, Bruises, Backache, Pain in the Chest or Sides, Headache, Toothache, or any other External Pain, a few applications rubbed on by the

hand act like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop. For Congestions, Inflammations, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Cold in the Chest, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pains in the Small of the Back, etc., more extended, longer continued and repeated applications

are necessary to effect a cure.

Instantly relieves and quickly cures all INTERNAL PAINS, Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Colic, Flatulency, Fainting, Spells, Sold By Druggists. 50 Cents a Bottle.



THE COMPANY PAYS THE FREICHT On their common sense new steel whim for \$125. Will hoist 25 tons of Rock, Coal or Water 800 feet each shift at a cost of 16 Cents por ton. Cheapest Hoisting on earth. Is just as safe and reliable as an engine. 90 per cent is wrought iron and steel. Can be packed anywhere. Recini whims for derricks, coal hoists, ste. For circulars, The Whim Co. 1220 and 1222 Curtis St., Denver, Colo.

W. N. U. Denver Vol. VI. No. 23. When writing to advertisers, please say that you any il a advertisement in this paper. MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

BY'MRS. BOWSER.

"What did that man want?" asked Mr. Bowser, as he came up to dinner the other day, just as a strange man left the door.

"He was astramp," I replied. "And you, turned him away without

even a crust!!" "Haven't you often told me to look out for those gentry? He looked like

a hard case. 167 "He didn't look anything of the sort! The man appeared in ill-health, and it was a mean thing to turn him off in

that way. Mrs. Bowser, you've got a heart like a stone." "Well, he is standing on the corner, and if you feel for him you can give

him something." "Oh, I can! How liberal you are! Well, I'm going to hand him a quarter, anyhow. No one knows what the poor fellow may have suffered. I'll let him

wheel those ashes out of the yard and give him a dollar for the job." He beckened the man into the alley

and asked him if the wanted a job. "What is it?" was the cautious

"Wheeling out those ashes. You can do it in an hour, and I'll give you

a dollar." "I haven't come down to that yet,

old man!" "But don't you want work?" "Not that sort. I want a quarter to

get a square meal." "But you ought to be willing to work

for it."

"Would you wheel out anybody's ashes for any price? Not much, you old bloke! There's a ring of you fellows who have got us poor chaps by the neck, and you want to tread us into the earth. Don't try to step on me, old man!"

"I did feel for you at first, but now---"

"Oh, yes, you felt for me the same as a tiger does for an orphan baby. You wanted to get \$5 worth of work for fifty cents. Go to grass, you old bondholder!"

"Do you know who you are talking to?" domanded Mr. Bowser.

"No, and I don't care! Don't you give me any of your lip or I'll punch your head!"

Mr. Bowser started to pull off his coat, but the man hit him in the eye and knocked him against the fonce and then went off saying that it was lucky for Mr. Bowser it didn't happen to be his well day.

"He couldn't have been a hard case, could he?" I queried as I went out to Mr. Bowser.

He was holding his hand to his eye, and didn't roply.

"He appeared to me to be in ill-I softly continued. "Mr. Bowser, you have a heart of stone!"

He didn't say a word until he had washed his eyes in salt and water and eaten his dinner. Then, as he took his hat to go, he turned on with me:

"It was the way in which you treated is request that drove him to desperation, and it will be singular if he doesn't return and burn our barn! Mrs. Bowser, I've got to have a plain talk with you! This thing can't go much farther!"

But it did. He got half the police force after the tramp, cecured his arrest, and then had him sent up for three months.

One day a woman called and asked for aid and told a pitiful story of distress. I was asking for her street and number when Mr. Bowser came in. "Do you mean to insult the woman!"

he brusquely demanded as I wrote down he information.

"I am going to help her, if she has told me a straight story." "Straight! Do you think she has sat

here and lied to you!" "Heaven forbid!" exclaimed the woman as she rolled her eyes to the ceil-

"My good women," said Mr. Bowser. as he turned to her, "you have no doubt spoken the truth. Anyone can see that you are frail and delicate and greatly worried. Expect no sympathy from my wife. She'd demand a certificate of character from an angel. Here are a couple of dollars, and if you will call again I'll do something further."

heart, indeed." When she had gone Mr. Bowser said

to me: "You'll get your pay for such conduct, old lady! No wonder you are in such mortal terror of thunder storms!" "I'll bet the woman is a fraud!" I hotly replied.

That's a poor way to sneak out of it. haven't a doubt every word she has spoken has been the solemn truth."

That afternoon I rode over to the street and number she had given me, but could find nothing of her. I made persistent inquiry for blocks around. but she was not to be heard of. I had just returned home when she came along and sat down on the front steps to wait for Mr. Bowser. I thought she acted rather singular, and when Mr. Bowser came up the suspicion was verified.

"Whoop! Hooray!" she shouted as he came near. "Shay, old man, you're a

daisy!" "W-what's th's!" demanded Mr.

Bowser as he stopped short. "Olegal's zhrunk again-zhat's all!" she replied as she tried to throw her

arms about him. "Are you the -the woman who called here this forencon?" he asked.

"You bez I am!"

"And I gave you \$2." "Sho, you did, ole boy, and I've come back for two more! I'll bez on you every time, ole lily of the valley." "Woman, did you spend any of that money for drink?" he demanded.

"Did I! Shertingly I did! Shay, ole man, zhere ain't no flies on you! Let me kiss you for your muzzer!" "Go away woman!"

"Who's go away, woman! Don't talk zhat way to me! I'm muzzer of five lizzle children, I am, and they hain't got nuthing to eat or wear."

"I believe you are an impostor!" "Whaz zhat! Don't shass me, you ole reprobate or I'll make it sad for

you! I want \$2 right away!" He got by her and got into the house, probably hoping I hadn't seen

or heard anything. But I said: "Mr. Bowser, do you want to insult the woman?"

He didn't reply. "I called at the address she gave, but no one in the neighborhood ever heard of her. However, I don't want to prejudice you against---"

"Her troubles have made her luny, I think," he interrupted. "Poor thing? Then you will see

about having her sent to the asylum?" "Mrs. Bowser, will you keep still!"

he exclaimed. "But you said I was-"

"Or must I leave this house to find peace and comfort?"

But next morning whon I referred to the matter in an incidental way he put on a very innocent look and replied:

"What woman do you refer to? You must be losing your mind, Mrs. Bowser. Perhaps it would be well for you to take a week in the country this spring. I noticed for some time past that your memory seems to be gradually getting away from you!"-Detroit Free Press.

Bats are Benefactors.

Prof. De Vere in Appleton's Journal: Bats are real public benefactors. When the first warm sun of spring arouses them from their long winter sleep, which they onjoy hanging by their hind feet, head down, and the whole body carefully wrapped up in the wide cloak of their wings, they begin their night hunts. A dozen fat beetles hardly suffice for the supper of a hungry member of one variety; and sixty to seventy house flies, of another kind. All night long they pursue with indefatigable energy every variety of beetle and moth, of fly and buff, and enjoy most of all those which do the greatest injury to our fruit trees and cereals. Yet among the projudices cherished by the masses against harmless animals, few are stronger than that felt almost universally against bats, arising probably from the simple fact that they are children of the night, and forced to carry on their search after food in the darkness.

Woman Suffrage in England.

Woman suffrage is making even more rapid progress in England than in America. Henry George, writing from London, calls attention to some facts which will be surprising to the great mass of American readers. Women in England already vote at the school board and municipal elections. For several years, and until very recently, Miss Helen Taylor was an influential member of the London school board. She is the step-daughter and literary executor of John Stuart Mill, and is an ardent convert to Mr. George's economical teachings. Since her retirement two other ladies of almost equally wide reputation have taken her place on the London school board-Mrs. Annie Besant and Mrs. Ashton Dilke.

But this is not all. English women who aspire to office are by no means limited to the school boards. There are two female members of 'the new London county council, which consists of about 60 members and is practically a parliament for the city of London. These are Miss E. J. C. Cobden, daughter of the famous free trade statesman, and Lady Sandhurst. This council chooses 20 aldermen, and among the "aldermen" so chosen is Miss Emma "Heaven bless you sir! You have a Cohs.

Mr. George's observations lead him to believe that woman suffrage is likely to become an accomplished fact in England within two or three years. Already two bills are pending in parliament, each introduced by a Gladstonian liberal, one conferring the full right of suffrage on women not married, and the other conferring it upon all women, whether married or not, on equal terms with men.

It would be queer indeed if monarchial England should get a head of republican America in the march of universal suffrage. This country must be up and doing if it is going to keep the lead .- New York World.

The Farmers Have Much Corn. Reports from the principal corngrowing states, compiled by the Farmers' Review, of Chicago, represents that there is still remaining in the hands of farmers about one-third of the large corn crop harvested last fall.

The detail report of quantities unsold is as follows: Ohio, 39,000,000 bushels; Indiana, 51,000,000; Illinoi: 95,000,000; Iowa, 107,000,000; Missouri, 64,000,000; Kansas, 37,000,000; Nebraska, 45,000,000; total for seven

The Eastern and Western Soldier.

Captain Henry King writes as follows in a paper on "The Western Soldier," in The Century for May: "The thing about the man from the Potomac that the Westerners thought most peculiar was his persistent admiration of McClellan. They could not understand why he should think a man a great soldier who had organized so much victory that never came to pass, and avoided so many defeats by reversing the theory of Hudibras, that military honor is to be won, like a widow with brisk attempt, 'not slow approaches, like a virgin.' It seemed to them that while their eastern brother's McClellanism, as they denominated it, included certain technical virtues that were undoubtedly worth having, it also tended to confuse and hamper him in the presence of circum. stances to which they were always superior. He excelled them in drill, they frankly acknowledged; he wore his uniform as if he had never worn anything else, and in all his actions there was a distinct and self-conscious air of martial propriety. It was not true, as was grotesquely asserted, that he wore a corset, used cosmetics, and slept with gloves on. But it was true that he was remarkably fastidious, and attached much importance to his wardrobe. The deprivations of the siege of Chattanooga would probably not have vanquished him, had he been complaints as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morthere to bear them, but his endurance would have lacked the capital cheer-

It is impossible to incorporate the soundest business principles into love. Affection always has to be taken on trust.

fulness which was displayed in that

extremity of hunger and raggedness.

An El Paso Man Draws \$5,000.

El Paso (Texas) Tribune, May 9. A Tribune man, hearing that a gentleman in the city by the name of E. A. Rippey had drawn \$5,000 at the last Louisians State Lottery Drawing, called on him this morning, and found him at his instrument in the dispatcher's office in the Southern Pacific depot. He was just doing some telegraphing and when he had finished it the reporter accosted him with a "good morning," and asked if he were Mr. Rippey, and the gentleman replied in the af-

pey, and the gentleman replied in the firmative.

"I hear," said the reporter, "that you drew \$5,000 in the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lettery. Is that so!"

"Yes, sir, I did, and I have it deposited in bank," said Mr. Rippey.

"What do you intend doing with it!" the

reporter queried. I am going to invest it in real estate. Yes, sir, I was paid every dollar of the money, and invested in some more tickets.

I have been buying tickets for some time, and the last time I bought I was ro warded,"
Mr. Rippey is night dispatcher in the Southern Pacific office, and did not seem to be affected in the least at his good luck.

It was a woman who saw the first snake but since then the men have attended to that sort of thing.

Shiftlessness catches water in leaky tubs and then complains that there was no

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equa b'o climate, certain and abundant crops. Beat fruit, rrain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information free. Address the Oregon lumigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

Claim jumpers are so unpopular in Oklahoma that a man who has a jumping toothache is regarded with suspicion.

The Last Act.

Adding to a long series of continued success, the Union Pacific again takes the lead in running superb dining cars on the solid Union Pacific and Northwestern train from Denver to Chicago. Meals, 75 cents.

The stars differ from electric and other lights in that it is only when they are out that they seem to burn.

Happy Homes.

Here's a health to the wives and mothers Who sit in our households to-day; Who are glad when the y brighten for others.
The hours that go di ifting away. May their eyes keep the light of the glad-Their hearts hold the fullness of bliss

That banishes shadows and sadness,
And what need we ask more than this?
But—how can this happiness be kept?

What shall protect those we love,—those who make a Heaven of the Home,-from the ravages of disease that is often worse than death,—that is, in fact, a lingering death? The question is easily answered: Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—the standard remedy far all of those peculiar diseases to which women are subject,—is what must be relied on to preserve the health of wives and mothers. It prevents those diseases, and it cures them. It is a olessing to women and therefore a national blessing, because it gives health to those about whom the happiness of home centers, and the strength of a nation is in its happy

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Anti-bilious Granules, in vials, 25 cents; one a dose. Druggists.

The way bucket-shop transactions pan out sometimes shows them to be beyond the pale of decency.

If afflicted with Sore Eves, use Dr Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25 cents. The first impulse of a boy with a new watch is to assure himself that none of its

175 parts are missiug. Consumption Surely Cured. To the Editor .- Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for Coners that I have a positive remedy for Consumption. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption, if they will send me their express and P. O. address.

Respectfully. T. A. SLOCUM, M. C. 18 Pearl St., N. Y. It isn't what a slugger does in this world that makes him great. It is what he says he is going to do.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castorla

In order to be an efficient officer a policeman need not be an agriculturist, but he should be a good man to pull beats.

DR. L. L. GORSUCH, Toledo, O., says: 'I have practiced medicine for forty years, have practiced medicine for forty years, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with so much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure." Sold by Druggists, 766,

"So far, so good," said the boy, after eat ing the stolen tart. After reviewing the thousands and tens of thousands of colds and coughs that have been conquered by

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup we can readily say, so far, so good. Price 25 cents. "I have found a sure cure for my weak ankle," she said. "What can it be?" Fancy a woman never having heard

of Salvation Oil at twenty-five cents a bot-The sealskin sacque season is the season

of woman's fur-vid love. Dobbins' Electric Soap has been made for 24 years. Each year's sales have increased. In 1888 sales were 2,047,620 boxes. Superior quality, and absolute uniformity and purity, made this possible. Do you use it? Try it.

Only colors that will not run should be put in the American flag.

SCHOOL BONDS.—Highest price paid for County, Town or School Bonds. Can save School Districts fifty per cent. on cost of printing. Denver Real Estate bought and sold. Apply in person or by letter to F. G. Patterson, 7 Tabor Blk. Denver The hen may get the garden seed by a scratch, but she gets it all the same.

Sheriff's Sale. Smoke Sheriff Sale Segar, a straight 10c Havana cigar for 5c.

living at a distance from a physician should at all times be prepared to treat such common but by no means simple bus and Cramps.

The Best Remedy

for such disorders is Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, which never fails to afford relief. A single dose will do more to drive away pain and promote the natural action of the stomach than any remedy you ever tried. The virtues of

are not confined to the human raceit is used with equal success either ex-

ternally or internally for HORSES & CATTLE.

It cures Lameness, Sores, and Cuts, while for Colic it is the best remedy in the market.

Sold by all Druggists at 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 a BOTTLE.

KING PIANO (10, 807 16th St. Denver. tell Chickering Sohmer, Hazelton, Behning, Bah hallett & Cumston, Vose and Gilbert PIANOS. Also Wilcox & White, ORGANS and the musical Newman, and Taber ORGANS

wonder the Aolian Organ

ALL CHEAP FOR CASH, OR OF MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.

RRIGATING BOOTS

Warranted for six months at

MOORE'S MAMMOTH SHOE HOUSE, 1410 15th Street, DENVER. Mail orders promptly attended to.

J. JAY JOSLIN, DRY GOODS.

Our exhibit of SPRING GOODS oxcels in quantity, style, beauty and cheapness any stock we have ever before presented. J. reas 44.000 Soring Wraps, trainings, etc. are particularly beautiful this season and our strek comprises all the latest novelties of all foreign countries as well as America. Our Mailinery it, all charped departments are also very attractive. Buying as we do, direct from the manufacturer. In large bulk, we are enabled to charge eastern p. ices. Our Mail Order Depar in-aris a model t. 1 its management. Orders filled the day received. Careful and explicit description of the articles wat ted will insure complete satisfaction or money re, unded. Write for samples and our latest illustratet, catalogue, sent free. J. JAY JOSLIN, Cor. luga and Curtis Sts., Denver, Colo.

Four-in-Hand

Ties of washable materials, are the neat-Ties of washable materials, are the neatest ties worn, and at the same time the most economical. We have them in white pique and colored linen, at from 25c to 75c. When washed they look as well as new. Write to us when you want Neckwear, Underwear, Gloves, Shirts, or any kind of Furnishings. We will send you the latest fashions every time.

STRAW HATS

Aro now seasonable. \$1.00 buys a stylish Muckinaw, worth \$1.50 or \$2.00. Straw and light weight Wool Hats in all variety.

BUSINESS SUITS

For men and Boys in all materials. We sell a beautiful, stylish Sack Suit for \$10.00, Don't forget that this is headquarters for

Shoes.
Catalogue, samples and prices sent free



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 & \$2 SHOES LADIES. Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting. W. L. Douglas' 33.00 Shoe, shown in cut below, is made of fine Calf, on lasts modelled for the foot; smooth inside as hand-smeed choses.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

ALWAYS

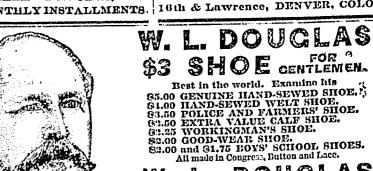
are always Fresh. If your grocer does not keep them, write to

Factory, Hineteenth and Blake W. CROCKER & CO., Factory, Hineteenth and Blat



The near who has invested from three to five dollars in a Rubber Coat, and at his first half hour's experience in a storm finds to his a storm finds to his sorrow that it is hardly a better protection than a mosquito netting, not only feels chagrined at being so badly taken in, but also feels if he does not look exactly like

We offer the man who wants service (not style) a garment that will keep him dry in the hardest atorm. It is called TOWEIS FISH BRAND "SLICKER," a name familiar to every Cow-boy all over the land. With these the only perfect Wind and Waterprod Goat is "Tower's Fish Brand Slicker,"



his de as hand-sewed shoes, and no tacks or w to hart the feet. Every pair warranted.

to hart the feet. Every pair was to hart the feet. Every pair was the bottom of all Shoes advertised by him before leaving his factory; this protects the wearers against lifeli prices and inferior goods. If your dealer offers you shoes without W. L. DOUGLAS' mane and price stamped on them, and says they are his shoes, or just as good, do not be deceived thereby. Dealers make more profit on unknown shoes that are not warranted by anyhody; therefore do not be induced to buy shoes that have no reputation. Buy only those that have W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price stamped on the hottom, and you are sure to get full value for your money. Thousands of dollars are saved annually in this country by the wearers of W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES.

If your dealer will not get you the kind or style you want, send your order direct to his factory, with the price enclosed, and they will be sent you by return mail, postage free consequently, no matter where you live, you can always get W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES. Be sure and state size and width you wear; if not sure, send for an order blank giving full instructions how to get a perfect fit.

W. I. DOUGLAS Be a perfect fit. WLOOUGIAS 3 SHOE SEAMLES

HARVEY & PARKER, Sole Proprietors, Denver, Colo., Lealers wanted in every town.

MADE EXCLUSIVELY OF BEST COLORADO FLOUR Which is admited by all to be the Best Flour made. CROCKER'S CRACKERS

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



states, 878,000,000 bushels.

feels if he does not hour executy that he had and take no other. It you motion Masse does not have the fish mann, eard for descriptive catalogue. A. J. Tower, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Masse and take no other test mann, eard for descriptive catalogue. A. J. Tower, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Masse and take no other test mann, early for the strength of th