THE WORLD.

Two thousand Berlin bakers have

The reports from Europe are daily becoming more warlike.

The Texas fever is said to be playing havoc with cattle in Oklahoma.

The Government has totally suppressed the Lutheran Church in Russia.

Nearly \$2,000,000 have already been expended by the Johnstown Commission.

Senator Washburne, the big miller of Minneapolis, is said to be virtually bankrupt.

The Michigan Legislature has reduced sleeping car rates from 25 to 40 per

A determined effort is being made to keep Kansas City saloons closed on Sundays,

For the first half of 1889 the Burlington shows a gain of over \$2,000,000 in earnings as compared with 1888.

A long snow shed on the Union Pacific Road in Wyoming was burned Sunday, delaying all trains fourteen hours.

Sunday was the one-hundredth anniversary of the destruction of the Bastile and was appropriately celebrated by all

Frenchmen. A Topeka paper which has investigated the matter asserts that there are 580 empty business houses and 3,900 vacant res-

idences in Kansas City. A special from Bar Harbor says that Secretary Blaine denies with his own lips the story of his resignation sent out

from Washington Saturday night. Mr. Lincoln, the United States Minister, and his wife, and Mr. Russell Harrison, son of President Harrison, dined

with the Queen at Windsor Monday. At Clay Center, Kansas, Mrs. Olney, after rescuing her two children from her burning house, returned to save some household goods. She was overcome by

the heat and burned to death.

It is reported that the residents of New Foundland are becoming very much dissatisfied with their connection with and other eastern cities to be used as fer-Great Britain and are agitating the aucs. ____amexation to this country.

Prof. J. R. Dodge, statistician, has been detailed by Secretary Rusk to investigate the agricultural statistics of the States and Territories of the Rocky Mountain region. He will leave Washington

Commander-in-Chief Warner has issued a general circular to all G. A. R. posts urging members to attend the national encampment at Milwaukee despite the refusal of the railroads to allow the 1 cent per mile rate.

Henry O. Bowen, editor of the New York Independent, was badly bruised and suffered a severe shock by a carriage accident Friday afternoon. Mr. Bowen was taken to his home in Woodstock. As he is 76 years of age there are fears the shock may prove serious.

A committee of the vigilantes numbering several hundred broke into the jail at Springview, Neb., and shot to death H A. Maupin, a squaw man. Maupin was charged with being a "rustler," or cattle thief. There was no one on guard at the time of the shooting.

Ex-Governor Crawford, attorney for the Cheyenne and Aprapahoe Indians, has ssued an address to the United States Commissioners who are about to negotiate for the Cherokee Strip, in which he presents the claims of his clients to 4,000,000 acres of land also claimed by the Chero-

The Osage tribe of Indians are the wealthiest people on earth. There are but 1501 of them and they have in the United States Treasury \$7,758,694 in cash, besides which they each own 1,000 acres of land. I'ho land at a low valuation is worth \$10 an acre. This gives each member of the tribe over \$15,000.

Nine hundred and fifty members of the Connaught Rangers have been sent to Malta to take the place of troops who have been dispatched to Egypt. Four regiments at Aldershot have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to the front in Egypt at a moment's notice.

Representatives of the London gas syndicate are in Chicago. They propose to organize a company with \$20,000,000 captal to promote water gas companies in all cities in the United States large enough to , pay, taking in local capitalists. It is said water gas can be manufactured and sold tor about 25 cents per 1,000 feet.

The Rhode Island Legislature met Tuesday in adjourned special session to anact the license law. The bill reported provides for wholesale license fees from \$500 to \$1,500, to be determined by the license commissioners, and retail fees \$400 in Providence, running down to \$25 in small towns according to their population.

The Cherokee Cattle Association will make propositions to the next Cherokee Council to extend its lease of the Cherokee outlet for ten years beyonds its termination. The company offers to pay in all \$5,000,000 for the use of the strip next twelve months with the systematic for ten years. The total would be almost as much as the Government offers to pay second to none in camp both as to quantity the Indians for the outright sale of the

THE GOVERNOR AROUSED.

He Wants Legal Advice as to His Proper Gourse in Relation to Charges of Legislative Robbery.

On the 16th Governor Cooper Addressed the following letter to the Attorney Gen eral:

Sir:-My attention has been called to the scrious allegations made by the press of the State to the effect that cortain parties who have furnished labor and supplies to the various departments of the State have made charges and collected moneys from the State in excess of the amounts to which they are justly entitled under the law and their contracts; also statements have been made that the prices charged were excessive and unreasonable, and in some in stances that all the property paid for was not delivered to those legally authorized to receive it for the State. The constitution of our State makes it the duty of the Governor to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed." It is one of the essentials af good government that all officials shall faithfully observe the letter and spirit of the law, and the people have a right to expect and demand that their public servants shall do everything in their power at all times to protect and promote the welfare of the State. of the State.

If it be true, as alleged in the press, that the meney paid by the people of Colorado for the maintenance of the State government has been improperly taken or with-held from the State treasury, I desire that you inform me fully as to my duties in the

premises, and what power, if any, I am clothed with to right the wrong.

I should also be glad to have you inform me what power or authority you may have to correct these abuses, and if it is your duty to take the necessary steps to recover any money or property that may have been wrongfully obtained from the State and held by its possessors unlawfully.

Wrongs and abuses are incidents of public offices, but their ovil offects should always be kept within the narrowest possible bands. ble bounds. I adjure you to be prompt and onergetic in making such researches and inquiries, and consulting with such assistant counsel as in your judgment may be necessary to advise me fully as to my duties and powers, that I may take such steps as may be proper and necessary.

Yours respectfully, Jon A. Cooper, Hon. Samuel W. Jones, Governor. Attorney General, Denver, Colo.

Indian Bone Gatherers.

HELENA, Mont., July 16. - For the past few months a large party of halfbreeds have been working from the mouth of the Leton up, gathering bones and hauling them to the different railway stations along the road for shipment to Chicago dilizara. This band has been working the range north of here for several summers, and scarcely a station along the road but has two or three pyramids of bleached bones awaiting shipment.

To the traveler they have the appearance, at a distance, of hills covered with snow, but upon a ser examination the skulls, ribs and other bones of humans as well as animals are revealed in all their bideousness and he is amazed at the enormity of the collection. These half-breeds have worked industriously at the gathering of the bones, as the absence of them on the prairies will attest. They are well paid for their work.

Lost in the Fog.

Boston, Mass., July 16.—The fishing schooner Edith Emery, Captain Patcick Sullivan, arrived to-day with only three of her crew of 19 men.

Sunday morning when the Emery was about 90 miles off Highland, the missing men set out in the dories to tend to the trawls. The weather was very thick and the for became so heavy as to shut out all sight of them from the vessel. Search was kept up until Monaay afternoon, fog horns being blown and as much noise made as possible to attract attention, but nothing could be seen or heard of the men.

The captain is nearly distracted over the loss of men although he believes they have been picked up by a passing vessel, as fishing vessels were numerous where they were lost. The wind was not blowing heavily and he sees no reason for fear of their capsizing even should the men be adrift 48 hours before being picked up. All but two of the crew are married and have large families.

Heavy Cattle Shipments.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Arrangements have been made for the exportation of an unusually large number of cattle within the next three or four months. Nelson Morris, a heavy cattle dealer of this city, has secured all the vacant space on all the out-going steamers from New York for Liverpool, Glasgow and London for a period of two or three months.

J. L. Hathaway, of Boston, and his syndicate have engaged all the room on the steamers of the lines from Boston for July, August and September, and Meyer Goldsmith, of New York, on the same line of steamers for October.

The reason of this heavy export is the low price here and a shortage of the Euro, pean cattle crop and consequent high prices

The first consignment this season of range cattle arrived here this morning. They are from the range of Pierra Wieaux and consist of nine carloads of steers and six carloads of cows. They were shipped at Mingusville, Montana.

The output of the Continental Chief for June was 1,100 tons and the net profit was \$100,000. The full capacity of the mine has by no means been reached and within the development now in progress it will stand and quality of ore in sight.—Leadville Dis-

THE SPECKLED BEAUTIES.

Extensive Preparation for the Breeding of Trout Near Leadville.

From the Denver Republican. Representatives of the fish commission were in town yesterday on their way to Leadville. The party occupied a special car bearing the name of the Commission and was composed of Colonel Marshall Mc-Donald, Commissioner, Captain J. W. Collins, in charge of the fisheries division; Colonel John Gay, inspector of stations; J. J. O'Connor, chief clerk; George H. H. Moore, superintendent of distribution; E. C. Bryan, clerk of Captain Collins, and Angus McDonald, son of the Commissioner.

The object of the party is to establish a fish hatching station at Evergreen Lakes, near Leadville. Their business at Denver was to perfect arrangements for advertisng bids and making other preparations towards the construction of the new buildings. Colonel McDonald also desired to have an interview with Colonel Pierce of this place, who is the best authority in Colorado as to its streams and fishes. The mission of the party is to carry out the national policy some time ago set on toot to take control of the supervision of fish culture. In the East extensive preparations have been made by the fish commission for hatching shad, and it is the intention to bring the western slope up to an equal

The station near Leadville is to be given to the hatching of trout. Senator Teller in the last session of Congress secured the passage of an act appropriating \$15,000 for that purpose. Evergreen Lakes present & splendid opportunity for the operation of this trout breeding industry. The supply of water is unlimited, and there is an excollent field for obtaining the parent trout. The method of the hatching industry is to collect the male and female trout into pawn beds, press the seed from one and the milk from the other, when the generation will take place and little trout will spring into being. These will be kept in the spawn beds until they are a year old, and then they will be set free to sail about the lake at their pleasure. The breeding of the trout will be attended with very little hazard. If the water is cold generation will simply be delayed. And then there are but very few enemies to contend with. In fact, about the only enemy to the youngsters will be the elder trout. The business is quite simple. The artificial means resorted to are but fow, and the breeding is station. The station will have a capacity to breed from 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 trout a year. But it is probable that Congress will make further appropriations in the fu ture to expand the works. The station will stand upon 2,000 acres of public land which President Harrison has set apart as a res-

Buffalo in Wyoming.

ervation for it.

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 16.—It has been generally understood that herds of buffalo are almost altogether extinct, except in Yellowstone Park. Occasionally on the round-up a small bunch was come across, but within the last few years this has been so infrequent that every such event caused lively comment.

A rumor that a band of buffalo were on the red desert, seventy-five miles west of Rawlins aroused the attention of a ranchman named W. A. Williams, who started with two hired men last Thursday to hunt the bison. They had no difficulty in coming across a bunch of about fifty of the buffalo and they set about capturing one alive, but such was their success that they succeeded in lassoing six. One of these, a big fine bull, was hitched to a wagon and finally threw himself in such a way as to break his neck. The head of the dead buf falo reached Laramie City to-day, having been shipped by Williams to his brother. The other five buffalo were taken to the Williams ranch at Rock Dale in Carbon County, where they will be cared for until such time as they may be sold to a show

A Flour Mill Syndicate.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 15 .- Indications are favorable to the consumma. tion of a deal by which a syndicate will obtain a big interest in Minneapolis flour mills. If the deal succeeds the property in question, including mills with a daily capacity of 22,000 barrels, or two-thirds of Minneapolis' total capacity, is to be capitalized at \$6,000,000.

The controlling interest in this amalgamated organization in the shape of stocks or bonds is to be sold to an English syndi-

C. A. Pillsbury is to be retained as manager, perhaps of the entire business, certainly of the Pillsbury mills.

The Socialist Congress Opens. Paris, July 15.—The Senate passed

the multiple candidate bill to-day by a vote of 213 to 64.

The International Socialist Congress opened in Paris to-day. There are present 188 French and 189 foreign delegates. Of the latter, 82 are Germans and include Liebknecht, who is one of the Reichstag representation, addressed the Congress. He declared that working Germany and working France were united in this congress. It was not a theoretic union; on the contrary it would result in an alliance which would exercise an influence throughout the entire world.

JOHNSTOWN RELIEF FUNDS.

The Citizens Protest Against the Method of Distribution.

Johnstown, Pa., July 13.—A large nass meeting of citizens was held this afternoon to protest against the manner in which the relief fund is being distributed. Burgess Horrel in a speech said that people of the valley should themselves have the disbursement of contributions, as the State Commission had shown no capacity for the work, urging that the relief fund be as speedily as possible distributed in money directly to the people, for whose benefit it was devoted.

The resolutions state that if the assertion imputed to Gov. Beaver, that \$1,500,-000 has already been expended in Johns town and vicinity, has any foundation in fact it is the strongest possible argument that the funds have not been wisely distributed. Only by gross extravagance and carelessness could such a sum have been used, and the people have received no adequate returns. The disbursements of the fund directly will provide for builders and trade for merchants, will stimulate business, restore confidence in the community. and thus directly and indirectly help those for whom the fund was intended.

The resolution closed with an appeal to the custodians of funds at Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg and other localities to transmit funds in their hands intended for the Conemaugh Valley sufferers direct to the local financial committee, to be dis_ tributed in cash on the requisition of the Board of Inquiry. An additional resolution was passed requesting the State Commission to furnish an itemized account of expenditures to date.

Trouble at Carnegie's Works—Deputy Sheriff's Driven Away.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 12.—One hundred Pinkerton men armed with Springfield rifles, arrived here this morning and were taken to the Homestead Bessemer Steel Works. They will be placed about the mill to protect it and the workmen from the strikers. The sheriff will also swear in 100 deputies for the same purpose.

The struggle promises to be the most bitter in the history of the strikes and lockouts in this section. Both sides are determined and a long fight is anticipated.

At noon 125 deputies had arrived at Homestead. They were immediately surrounded by the strikers to the numbe enective. Colonel Gay will stop at the nearly 1,000 and requested to return to the lakes to superintend the building of the city. The deputies refused, and the crowd would not allow them to enter the mill.

The deputies had their badges torn from their coats and were driven away. Sheriff McCandless is now swearing in additional deputies and will have 400 or 500 more on the ground to-morrow. If necessary he says he will increase the number to 2,000.

Capitalization on Trusts.

NEW YORK, July 12.- James Meeks, chairman of the Committee on Unlisted Securities of the New YorkStockExchange, has succeeded in learning the amount of certificate the various trusts have out standing. The biggest one turns out to be one of the newest-the lead trust. Its officers sent word that there had been issued 830,789 certificates of a par value of \$100 each, representing a capitalization of \$83,-013,800. Less than two months ago it was known that the capital of the trust was about \$32,000,000.

This increase of over \$50,000,000 in so short a period has paralyzed Wall Street. and there was a rush to dispose of these certificates. This forced prices down and made the lead trusts very weak and shaky. The following table shows the capitalization of each of the five trusts: Lead.....\$83,018,800

 Sugar
 49,856,500

 Cotton oil
 41,185,200

 Distillers and cattle feeders
 30,726,600

 American cattle...... 13,396,100 \$219,183,200

The War in Egypt.

CAIRO, July 12.—Dervish prisoners arriving at Assouan are terribly emaciated, having suffered greatly from hunger and thirst. Among them are many women and boys. On the march many died and deserted, while many others were killed. Colonel Wodehouse estimated the dervish killed and wounded at 2,500.

The Government is forming grain depots

along the Nile for the purpose of support-ing fugitives fleeing before the advance of the dervishes.

LONDON, July 12.—Nine hundred and fifty members of the Connaught Rangers have been sent to Malta to take the place of troops who have been dispatched to Egypt. Four regiments at Aldershot have been or-dered to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to the front in Egypt at a moment's notice.

Wandering Utes. Special to Denver Republican.

RICO, Colorado, July 12.—There is much complaint among ranchmen and pros. pectors living near the heads of Hermosa and Las Animas Valleys over the appearance of a band of about 100 Indians, who are terrifying families, robbing them of their supplies, and wantonly slaughtering the game of that section.

A band of bucks the other day invaded the home of Dan Murnan, in Hermosa Valley, during his absence, frightened his wife and ate up and carried away all the supplies the family had. In hunting further up the valley, they

divided in numerous bands and practically

corraled and killed all the deer and elk in a section of country twelve miles square. The large game is slaughtered simply for the hides, and a number of ponies loaded with green hides are daily seen returning

to the reservation.

DEATH OF MRS. TYLER.

The Ex-President's Widow Expires at Richmond.

RICHMOND. Va., July 10.—Mrs. ex-President John Tyler died at the Exchange Hotel this evening from congestive chills. She had only been at the hotel since Sunday evening and was to have left on Monday to visit a son on the James River. On Tuesday forenoon she was taken with congestive chills. Medical skill proved of no avail and she died at 5:15 this evening.

Mrs. Tyler leaves four children. Lucien G. Tyler, president of William and Mary's College, Virginia; Gardner G. Tyler, who lives in Charles City County, Virginia; Dr. Rocklan Tyler of Washington City and Mrs. William Ellis of Montgomery County.

Julia Gardiner, second wife of John Tyler tenth President of the United States, was born on Gardiner's Island, near East Hampton, N. Y., in 1820. She was educated at Glegary Institute, New York City, and after a short time spent in travel through Europe she came to Washington with her father in 1849. A few weeks after their arrival they accepted an invitation from President Tyler to attend a pleasure excursion down the river on the war steamer Princeton. The festivities on this occasion were sadly marred by the explosion of a gun on the vessel, causing loss of life. Among those killed was Miss Gardiner's father. His body was taken to the White House and Miss Gardiner was thrown a great deal into the society of the President, owing to the peculiar circumstances of her father's death. President Tyler's first wife had died shortly after he entered the White House and he paid Miss Gardiner marked attention, which resulted in their marriage in New York City, June 26, 1844,

For the succeeding eight months of President Tyler's term she presided over the White House with tact, grace and dignity. After March 4, 1845, Mrs. Tyler retired with her husband to the seclusion of their country place, "Sherwood Forest," on the banks of the James River in Virginia. She remained in Virginia until after the civil war, her husband having died about the beginning of the strife, and then went to reside at her mother's residence on Castleton Hill, Staten Island. After several years' residence there she removed to Richmond, Virginia, where she died. Mrs. 'yler was a Roman Catholic in religion.

Agricultural Prospects.

WASHINGTON, July 10 .- The June crop report returns of the Department of Agriculture make an increase in the area planted in maize of about 1,333,000 acres and the total over 77,000,000. The condition of the crop is only medium, and lower than usual at this period of its development. West of the Mississippi, in the sub-humid belt and the border of the arid region, the crop is generally in fine condition, though injured at points by overflows and excess of moisture. The great American desert is green with American cereals in high development. The general average of condition is about 90.

The condition of winter wheat is well sustained, notwithstanding the injury by storm and floods, the general condition standing at 92. Occasional reports of injury from the Hessian fly, chinch bug, midge and rust are received, but local estimates of the condition of the crop do not indicate much damage. The averages of condition of the principal States are as follows: New York, 96; Pennsylvania, 96; Virginia, 90; Georgia, 94; Texas, 86; Tennessee, 95; Kentucky, 88; Ohio, 88; Michigan, 89; Indiana, 89; Illinois, 94; Missouri, 94; Kansas, 98; California, 97.

The returns concerning spring wheat in Dakota are very unfavorable, from the results of long-continued drouth. The averages of Wisconsin and Nebraska are each 95, Iowa, 97; Minnesota, 87, and the averages of Montana, Idaho and Washington are low. The general average is about 83, which is very low at this stage of growth. Rye maintains its condition and barley declines to about 92.

Encampment Rates. 9

CHICAGO, July 10.—The fight between the Grand Army of the Republic and the various railroad companies reached an acute phase this evening. This was the last day of the period named by the Grand Army men in which the railroads might gracefully surrender and give the usual rate of 1 centa mile to persons attending the great annual encampment as announced to take place this year at Milwaukee. No surrender was make by the railroads, and this afternoon the committee of G. A. R. department commanders who have been agitating the subject held a meeting here and proceeded with an attempt to carry out the threat that in the event of the railroads proving obstinate the encampment should be made if possible merely an assemblage of delegates instead of a huge popular gathering. The committee voted to send a circular letter to all department commanders throughout the country urging that attendance on the encampment be limited so far as practicable in the manner described. Preparations at Milwaukee for the entertainment of great rowds expected at the encampment have seen virtually suspended owing to the dissute with the railroads, and to-day's action if the committee of commanders may, it is eared, render the stoppage permanent.

ANOTHER WAR SCARE.

Sudden and Unusual Movement of

Troops Throughout Europe. NEW YORK, July 14.—A London

cable to the Times says:

All at once, with scarcely a word of warning, England finds herself holding councils of war, nervously hurrying troops to ports of embarkation, and keeping the military factories at Woolwich and Enfield at work by night. Ostensibly this new commotion has been stirred up by the advance of some 5,000 dervishes down the Nile toward Wady

Halfa. According to the officials the Connaught Rangers, who were playing cricket at Al dershot on Thursday, when they got summons for instant preparation, and who sailed from Devenport to-day, are going to Malta to replace the Black Watch, who proceed up the Nile with the other regiments. But there is something more serious in the air than a brush with the Sou-

danese. Daily councils of war are being held here and the utmost haste is used to get the other regiments ready for foreign service. There is more widespread activity and vastly more haste than when England was preparing for Wolseley's great expedition to Khartoum, and is it ridiculous to assume that all this flurry is occasioned by the advent of a few thousand halfstarving, thirst-consumed barbarians above the second cataract in upper Egypt. Just what this something else is, is not apparent, but it is tolerably safe betting that the Connaught Rangers will see the Straits of the Dardanelles before they do the Lina. reto of Alexandria.

Perhaps there is a clue to this sudden hurry here in the rumors which are exciting Vienna to-day. These are to the effect that Servia is again going to attack Bul garia, the present pretext apparently being Prince Ferdinand's alleged intention to assume the title of King of Bulgaria next

Nothing substantial is known of this iere, but the Servian Regency ordered 80,-000 rifles distributed promptly among the peasantry up to the third reserve. The measure is officially described as intended to suppress brigandage, but Vienna laughs at this as a pretense, and believes firmly that an attack on Bulgaria, under Russian auspices, is intended instead.

Simultaneously there comes reports of the fresh arrival of Russian troops on the authoritative ments that the Czar will not visit Germany atall this year, and news of increasing disorders in Crete. Out of these things will come a new war scare.

The Strike Settled.

PITTSBURG, July 14.-The great strike at the Homestead Steel Works of Carnegie, Phipps & Co. is practically over. A conference between the amalgamated officials and the firm, arranged by the Sheriff, was held yesterday. A number of essential points were agreed upon, and a further discussion will be held on Monday. This is regarded as a virtual settlement of the trouble, and it is expected that the immense plant will soon be again in full oneration.

LATER-The strike at the Homestead Works was definitely settled this evening and work will be resumed as soon as the furnaces are heated. The terms of settlement are not positively known, but it is understood that some concessions were made on both sides.

A New Wheat Disease.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 13.—Horace E. Stockbridge, director of the government agricultural experiment station for Indiana, has been investigating a new wheat disease which has appeared in certain sections of the State, particularly in Lagrange County and which is seriously effecting the wheat crop over considerable areas. The disease is a fungoid growth known as "Bunt," or "Stinking smut," on account of its strong and disagreeable odor. It is rarely found in America. The wheat head on ripening may possess very nearly a normal appearance, but on shelling the grains are found to be filled with a black, greasy powder, the result of growth of fungus beginning with the very germination of the seed and keeping pace with the growth of the plant. Its action is no more harmful than that of common smut, but its odor renders it more objectionable. It is very apt to occur so abundantly in a field as to render the entire crop well nigh worthless. Seed wheat may be freed from spores by being soaked in a solution of blue vitriol and sulphate of copper for thirty-six hours four ounces of sulphate to one gallon of water.

The Paris Celebration.

Panis, July 14.—The one hundredth anniversary of the fall of the Bastile was celebrated by public meetings and fetes in Paris and throughout the provinces.

A band of roughs gathered at Imoda's cafe on the Rue Royale and demanded that a flag be hoisted. An Italian flag was displayed which so enraged the mob that they tore it down and trampled it in the mud. They then made an attack on the cafe and completely wrecked it.

The fire-works at the fetes this evening was somewhat marred by rain, but the Place de la Concorde, the Champs Elysees, the Bois de Boulogne, the Eiffel tower and the Trocadero palace were a blaze of light. At midnight thousand of persons thronged the Bois de Boulogne and there were no signs of any abatement of the fun-

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

TERMS OF COURT. San Miguel county,—May 14 and November 12, Lincoln county,—February 13 and August 27. Colfax county,—March 12 and September 17. Mora county,—April 2 and October 8.

PRECINCT NO. 7. E. C. Bessellieu, Justice of the Peace C. C. Perry, Deputy Sheriff

R. H. DUNNAHOO, A. H. WHETSTONE, C. C. FOUNTAIN, School Directors Dist. No 18 PAT. F. GARRETT, W. H. H. MILLER, A. B. LILES,

The Colfax land office will be opened for business on August 12th.

The Western Liberal, a first-class pa per published at Lordsburg, N. M., is placed on our exchange list this week.

That "Mammoth edition" may appea in the sweet bye and bye, but it is not safe to bet on.—Albuquerque Citizen.

We rather think that "Mammoth edition"will appear in the soup bye and bye, and it is pretty safe to bet on.

The county commissioners of Lincoln county declined to issue an election proclamation and to provide for the necessary election machinery, as directed by law. The county commissioners of that litter and manure may be disinfected by county should be taught that the mandates of the law are superior to those of the Democratic central committee. A wholesome lesson might be administered in this instance.-New Mexican.

Washington, D. C., July 12.—There is likely to be a general shaking up in the solving four ounces of chloride of lime to land office pretty soon, as the new special each gallon of water.—New Mexican. agents who have been looking into affairs out west have made some rather nasty discoveries. It appears that during the reform administration of Gen Sparks the latter was so much occupied in seeking reasons for refusing homestead claims that he entirely overlooked the frauds that were being perpetrated in his name. The officers of the interior department declined to show the reports or give any details as to their contents, but the president and Secretary Noble have had two or three earnest interviews over the matter, and have about decided that it is useless to go on with the investigation until a good many changes have been made in the list of registers and

receivers.

Charles W. Greene, in a private letter, writing of the Pecos canal company says: "Four hundred thousand dollars par value of the stock has been sold, realizing \$200,000, and \$200,000 of bonds have been issued, of which \$150,000 have been sold and the balance can be placed at the pleasure of the company. Contracts have been let for the construction of both the northern and southern canals, to be across this fall if I can make up the completed about the 15th of December this year, for an aggregate length of ninety-five miles, and with capacity to irrigate and reclaim upward of 200,000 leaving. Will you kindly say to him that acres of as choice land as there is in the I called twice on Monday but failed to western country. The undertaking is one of very great importance to the territory as a whole, as it is developing an interest that can be extended to reclaim millions of acres of land within the territory. It is in the hands of strong men, and as above stated, the money is at upon me, etc.,) which I thought he might command to do the entire work without delay. The valley is capable of support. | connection, however, that through the ing a population of 100,000 people, and the company is advertising extensively given me, i. e., a decently loose tongue, I with a view to making its resources known and attracting the better class of immigrants.-New Mexican.

Lincoln County.

Lincoln county contains 17,000,000 acres of land. It is larger than New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Deleware combined. Every man, woman and child in the United States could have over a quarter-acre plat within its limits. It is full of cattle ranges and mining camps and is directly on the border of Texas and Mexico, so that some crime might be expected; yet it presents the extraordinary spectacle of having its jail closed because there is not a single prisioner, either serving a sentence or awaiting trial, in the county.

Texas Fever.

KANSAS CITY, July 15th.—A dispatch from Wellington, Kansas, says arrivals from the Cherokee strip to-day report that Texas fever is playing havoc with cattle there. Forty head were seen dead

for some months.

QUARANTINE REGULATION.

Official Advice from Sec. Rusk-Matters of Moment for Stockmen.

Gov. Prince is in receipt of the following, which will be of interest to stockmen throughout New Mexico:

To the Managers and Agents of Railroad and Transportation Companies of the United

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D, C., July 3, 1889.

In accordance with Sec. 7 of an act of ongress approved May 29, 1884, entitled 'An act for the establishment of a bureau of animal industry, to prevent the exportation of diseased cattle and to provide means for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic an imals," you are hereby notified that a contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic or Texas fever exists among cattle in the following described area of the United States:

All that country lying south and east of a line commencing at the northeaster-ly corner of the county of Crittenden, in the state of Arkansas, thence running in a northwesterly direction to the Osage agency, in the Indian Territory, and thence running southwesterly to the Rio Grande river at the intersection of the southeasterly corner of Pecos county and the northeasterly corner of Presidio county in the state of Texas.

No cattle are to be transported from said area to any portion of the United States north or west of the above described lines except in accordance with

the following regulations: First.—On unloading north or west of this line any cattle in course of transportation to be fed and watered on the way, the places where said cattle are to be so fed and watered shall be set apart and no other cattle shall be admitted into said places. Once a week from the date hereof until the first day of December, 1889, these watering and feeding places shall be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected.

Second.—On unloading said cattle at their points of destination the regulations relating to the movement of Texas cattle, prescribed by the cattle sanitary officers of the state where unloaded, shall be carefully observed. The cars that have carried said stock shall be cleansed and disinfected before they are again used to transport, store or shelter animals The cars used to transport such ani-

mals and the pens in which they are fed and watered shall be disinfected in the following manner:

(a) Remove all litter and manure. This mixing with lime, diluted sulphuric or carbolic acid, or if not disinfected, it may be stored where no cattle can come in contact with it until after December 1. (b) Wash the cars and the feeding and

atering troughs with water until clean. (c) Saturate the walls and floors of the cars and the fencing, troughs and shutes of the pens, with a solution made by dis-

A Friendly Railroad Letter. DENVER, Colo., July 16th, 1889.

Mr. Will. S. Prager, Roswell, New Mexico.

My Dear Sir:-This to advise you of my safe return here, as, also, to perform a very important duty overlooked in the hurry of our departure from your little

I wish to acknowledge on my own behalf and upon the behalf of Messrs. Ware and Hazzard, our appreciation of the kindnesses and courtesies showered upon us during our stay in Roswell by the citizens of the town, but by yourself and your household, in particular. We came to you as strangers and you sheltered us with a kindly hospitality which will never be forgotten by me. When I can reciprocate it I trust that I may be en abled to do so in that happy and most agreeable manner which marked your entertainment of myself and companions.

Our trip home was one of pleasure and enjoyment; in fact the same may be truthfully said of the entire journey. I enjoyed it. I know, and may take another right sort of a party.

It occurred to me after leaving town that I had failed to see Mr. Erwin before find him in on either occassion. Assure him for me that I regretted it very much as I wished to discuss some points with him having reference to the proposed mail route; and, also, allow him to interview me on the valley (its impressions work up into an article. Tell him, in this medium which a kind providence has am doing my level best to advertise your country and your people to the best advantage my powers will admit of. Whenever and wherever a good word can be said of Roswell, its advantages, present and prospective, or its whole-souled and thrifty people, the opportunity will not be lost sight of when I am present.

Expressing again my grateful appreciation of your many kindnesses and hoping that when I can serve you in any way you will not fail to command me, I am, with assurances of my most distinguished regard,

Sincerely and faithfully,

J. C. LEARY.

If it will not be too much trouble, will you not make up the estimate of business done throughout your valley and the adjacent county at your early convenience, and mail to me here. Will write you as soon as I have seen our general manager,

Kansas O. K. This Year.

An enthusiastic Kansas correspondent writes: No hot winds in Kansas this year. For the past ten days southwestern Kansas and the No Mans Landhave in one pasture yesterday, and in others | been having very heavy rains and the dry from seven to twenty-five carcasses were lakes and buffalo wallows are full of lying around. Hundreds of cattle are water, and Kansas will have the largest dying in Oklahoma and they predict that | crop of wheat, oats, corn, sugar cane, kafnot a hoof will be taken from there north | fir corn, milo maiz, millett and broom corn that ever has been known before.

THE DEEP HARBOR.

The Texas Cost Pretty Certain of Securing it at an Early Day.

GALVESTON, July 17 .- A syndicate has been organized in the state of Texas, styled the Brazos Harbor & Dock company, and stocked for several millions of dollars. The company proposes to dredge the mouth of the Brazos river, cut a canal a quarter of a mile long to give force to the rush of waters, and place jetties that will forever keep the bar clear from sand and admit the passage of the largest vessels that float.

Congress has passed an act authorizing the company to proceed with the work which must be finished within thirteen months, and which the government can buy back for the original cost at their pleasure. At the present time 500 men are hard at work removing the sand to the clayey bottom of the harbor, and placing heavy willow netting along the sides of the same, as the mouth of the Mississippi was banked up in order to obtain deep water. George Wilkes, the engineer employed by Eads when the experiment was tried with the Mississippi, has charge of the work, and is progressing favorably.

It is necessary to remove 1,000,000 yards of sand, in order to clean the bar, and the interwoven mats will keep the sands from drifting in from the sides, while the stray jetties will keep the bar clean. The scouring current of the great river is strong now, but on account of the bend in the stream at the gulf, much of its force is exhausted. There is about seven feet of water on the bar at low tide, which will be thirty feet when the work is finally completed. This will float the largest of sea going vessels. The harbor at the present time is land-locked, the bar being only 1,000 feet from the main land. The canal will, in all likelihood, be cut through this winter.

The Brazos river is the largest steam in Texas, and several rivers are tributary to it. so that the flow of water is tremendous. It empties a stream eight feet deep and 1,000 feet wide into the Gulf of Mexico.

What it Costs to Irrigate.

The first outlay for irrigation will cost not less than ten dollars an acre. The after expense will be very light. Irrigation is no more expensive than non-irrigation. Men who with hoe and shovel attend the flow of water cost no more money per diem than men who sit under cover when it rains. The same number of farm hands that would tend a hundred acre field in the rain districts will tend a hundred acres under irrigation. The certainty of a crop where there is ir-1 Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public, igation is worth the cost of the insurance. These are simple problems that need but the facts to demonstrate.

Experience in irrigation will show that an expenditure of from \$10 to \$15 per acre is justifiable. That is to say, the production of land when placed under cultivation will pay a handsome profit on the investment, over and above the value of the raw land. That may seem to be a large estimate, but it is less than the cost of clearing a farm in the timbered sections of the country. It is a low estimate to place the cost of clearing a farm in the heavily timbered country at \$30 per acre. And when it is cleared, it will not begin to pay the same profit to the tiller of the soil that an irrigated

farm in Colorado will pay. An acre of rich land under perfect irrigation will just as easily produce twenty-five bushels of wheat as the same quality of land and without irrigation will produce twelve or fifteen. It is fair to assume that irrigated lands will at all times and under all circumstances produce one-third more than will the nonirrigated.

The Arkansas valley was a waste without irrigation, and for twenty years made no progress, but with irrigation it has become a very garden spot. The same may be said of the San Luis and the valley of the Grand, And in conclusion we will assert that the farmer who has once farmed by irrigation would never ex change for non-irrigation.-Field and Farm.

A Tribute to Mrs. Hayes.

CHICAGO, July 12 .- Frances E. Willard, president of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union, has issued an address to the officers and members of the association eulogizing the character of the late Mrs. ex-President Hayes, and stating that no woman ever lived who did so much to discountenance the social use of intoxicants. It requests that memorial services be held in all local unions on Sunday, July 28.

Leading Base Ball Paper of America. The New York Sporting Times, published every Sunday, is the brightest and most complete base ball paper published in America. Each number contains a complete history of base ball from ocean to ocean, and no one that is interin the popular American game should be without a copy. With each issue there appears portraits of the leading ball players, managers and athletes. Price 5 cents per copy, and can be bought from any newsdealer, or subscribe, two dollars per year, from The Sporting Times, 73 Park Row, New York City.

FORT STANTON, N. M., July 3d, 1889. To whom it may concern:

We, the undersigned, hereby appoint Leslie M. Long, of Roswell, N. M., our agent in connection with all our real es-tate interests in Lincoln county, N. M., with full power to act for and represent us in all matters connected therewith. JENNIE D. OVERTON. G. E. Overton.

-Help the school fund.

LAWS OF NEWSPAPERS.

GIVE EXPRESS NOTICE. 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to con-tinue their subscription.

UNTIL ARREARAGES ARE PAID.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid, YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE UNTIL YOU PAY UP. 3. If subscribers neglector refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are di-rected, they are responsible until they have set-tled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.

REMOVING. 4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

INTENTIONAL FRAUD. 5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional fraud.

6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on and the subscribers will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

THE LATEST POSTAL LAW. The latest postal law decision is to the effect that publishers of newspapers can, under the law, arrest any man for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law it is a dangerous trick for a man to allow his subscription account to run on from six months to a year and a half unpaid, and then tell the postmaster to mark it "refused," or send the editor a postal card to discontinue the paper.

Notice for Publication.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Las Crudes, N. M.,
July 15th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk Lincoln county, at Lincoln, N. M., on August 81st, 1889, viz: George W. Braddock on D. S. 3571, for the n hf sw qr sec 5, n hf se qr sec 6, tp 18 s, r 23 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:
George Lofton, W. A. Miley, S. W. Braddock, George A. White, all of Lincoln county, N. M.

55 Edmund G. Shields, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., July 15th, 1889, 5
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk Lincoln county, at Lincoln, N. M., on August 31st, 1889, viz: William R. Lawing on D. S. 8612, for the whine of and whise or, see 4, tp 11 s, rg 24 c.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: P. H. Boone, N. W. Boone, L. Walters, J. M. Rowden, all of Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. 85-pd EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

A. ERWIN,

Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law,

ROSWELL, N. M. Will practice in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Register office building.

JOHN J. COCKRELL,

Attorney at Law,

Will practice in Lincoln and adjoining coun-

L. M. LONG,

Plans, specifications and estimates of all Me-chanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and Pecos.

M. A. Upson.
Surveyor & Notary Public. Real Estate Dealer

UPSON & GARRETT. Land Agents and Conveyancers,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands em-braced in the Pecos Valley. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

OFFICE:—Garret's Ranch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Postoffice address: UPSON & GARRETT, ROSWELL, N. M.

& Toilet Articles.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

J. A. GILMORE.

M. WHITEMAN.

Formerly of White Oaks, has opened up a first-class

Business General Merchandise

ROSWELL, New Mexico, And will carry a full line of Groceries,

Farming Implements.

The custom of country trade specially solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed as

to prices.

WOODWORK OF ATTACHMENTS ON HOME SEWING MACHINE & DRANGE MASS CHICAGO 28 UNION SQUARENY SANTANCISE

JAMES H. HAMPTON.

MAMPTON & HILL,

⋄ONTRACTORS

AND

LOUSE BUILDERS,

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO. ::

Plans and Specifications Furnished Upon Application.

All Kinds Brick, Stone & Adobe Work A SPECIALTY.

Best of References Furnished When Desired.

H. H. PIERCE,

Real Estate, Insurance & Loan Agent ABSTRACTING, CONVEYANCING, ETC. NOTARY PUBLIC.

MY SPECIAL ATTENTION WILL BE GIVEN TO ALL LAND LOCATING.

Roswell, New Mexico.

Abstracts of Lands in Chaves and Eddy Counties. Full Information Concerning the Pecos Valley Cheerfully Furnished on Application.

STANTON * HOUSE, ₩

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

In large quantities and of every kind for the Farmer and Towns-

man. I will offer Acclimated Fruit Trees

L. HALE, Rindoso, N. M.

A. H. WHETSTONE.

Whetstone & Lea,

REAL ESTATE

ACENTS, Surveyors, Conveyancers and Notaries Public.

Complete abstract of all lands on the Pecos Prompt attention to all business in the U.S Land Office.

HODSOLL'S Photographic # Art # Gallery,

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty. Enlargements made to any size, either

Roswell, N. M.

All Work Guaranteed.

Bromide or Crayon.

CONTRACTORS . & BUILDERS.

Jobbing at Shortest Notice.

TEXAS HOUSE. Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates E. H. SKIPWITH,

Physician and Surgeon.

ROSWELL, N. M.

L. A. Stephens, PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER. ROSWELL, N. M.

Fine Watch Work a Speciality.

W. H. LUMBLEY,



J. A. HILL

Money to Loan on Improved Irrigated Lands.



Roswell, New Mexico,

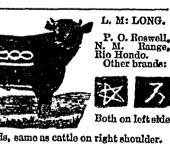
and Shrubbery to the citizens of Roswell soon, at the very lowest pos-

sible price. I have a full stock of all gooods in my line.

G. A. RICHARDSON, Lincoln, New Mexico.

Warren, Fergusson & RICHARDSON. ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.





LEA CATTLE COMPANY.

J. C. LEA, Man-W. M. Atkin-

ADDITIONAL BRANDS:

E side, and also some on side and hip. W side,
JB on hip or loin. LEA on side, or shoulder,
side and hip. Crose on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.
Horse Brand: Same as cow on left shoulder
and left hip or thigh.
Part branded only on left shoulder.

MILNE & BUSH LAND AND CATTLE CO. Postoffice, Ros-well, Lincoln

Brand, ZED

Range: Arroyo Seco, north side Capitan moun-

OF TEXAS. Capital, \$150,000. : Surplus, \$45,000. United States Depository.

-W. D. Whetstone, who has been-

things so slow and tame that the west-

building now on hand, and the board

have been presented with a petition ask-

ing for the erection of a two story bulld-

-William Fountain, the "big jocker"

Hold on Caffrey.

popularly expressed, gone asleep. In the latter case the man usually endeavors to

This is what we should do, as a people,

in White Oaks.—Lincoln County Leader.

county dead wrong. The "nerve center"

tion. You are right about shaking and

the resources and wealth to make use of

the statement that you have gone to

sleep, but we hope it will not be Rip Van

Winkle like. Don't forget that the

"nerve center" of Lincoln county is

-There will be a meeting held on Sat-

urday night of next week for the pur-

Afficiation. Everybody invited.

awake and fully alive to her interests.

You have the anatomy of Lincoln

more than they are able.

farmers.

home for a visit.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted. Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The Register cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES. Standing advertisements \$12 per column, per month; half column \$8 per month. Ad. occupying less than half column \$1 per inch per month.

Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month, in advance. Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until paid.

PREACHING SERVICE. Services will be held in this circuit at the fol

Services will be held in this circuit at the following times and places:
On the First and Second Sunday's of each
month in the school house at Roswell. Morning
service at 11 o'clock, a. m. and evening service at
7 o'clock p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.
On the Third Sunday of each month in the
school house, at Seven Rivers, at 11 o'clock a. m.
and 7 o'clock p. m.
On the Fourth Sunday of each month at Lookout, at 3 o'clock p. m. On the Fourth States, out, at 3 o'clock p. m.
Everybody is respectfully invited to attend.
W. F. Gibbons, Pastor.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS. Eastern mail arrives: Daily at 10:00 p. m. Departs: Daily at 7:00 a. m. SEVEN RIVERS MAIL.

Wodnesday and Friday at 8:00 p. m. Thursday and Saturday at 7:00 a. m. W. H. Cosgnove, P. M.

Locals.

-R. F. Barnett has bought an interest in the saloon of Fountain & Hunt, and 18 now engaged at that place.

-A genuine soaking rain fell Sunday afternoon and night. It has done the country an immense amount of good. A —C. C. Fountain, one of our enterpris ing farmers(?) has rented his place to

Mr. Milligan, who is a recont nomer from -Mr. Calloway and family left Ros- much attention as the valley of the Lowwell for the east last week. They expect | or Pecos. Ditches are being construct to make their home in Tennesses. Mr. ed, thousands of acres of land reclaimed.

Mendenhal took them to Pecos City. -C. C. Champion is building a large to the country. Of the towns in this addition to his house on Main street. It section Roswell is easily foremost. From is nearing completion and will make a a small hamlet two years ago, she has very comfortable residence when done.

-Rev. Gibbons of the the M. E. church requests us to announce that his pulpit will be vacant during August, he will not preach here until the first and second Sundays in September.

-Mr. Willie Ballard had the misfortune to have his arm broken last week we will have one of the largest towns in by a horse falling with him while riding. the territory. We need many things in The fracture is unfortunately so near the our town, but foremost of these is a good wrist joint that the healing process will be unusually slow and painful.

.-We were out to the Diamond "A" but this is not enough. Let the public roundup last week, and took dinner with spirited people of our town and sur-Mr. Collier, and we are bound to say he rounding country raise an equal amount is one of the best cooks in the country, and then a good edifice is an easily ache could take the premium at the terri- complished fact. They cannot spend torial fair for making good bread.

-We hope Mr. C. B. Eddy will attend the constitutional convention since he has been appointed, he is in every way qualified to be one of the framers of the constitution, and we trust he will not allow anything to interfere with his going to Sante Fe.

-J. J. Cockrell was back in Roswell the first of the week again engaged in the trial of the Pierce vs. Stinnett land porarily benumbed, or, as is usually and case, which closed before the commissioner for taking testimony Tuesday evening. The matter is now in the hands | rise, shake the sleepy member, slap 11 of the register and receiver for review and start the blood in circulation again. and decision.

-G. A. Richardson, Esq., after a somewhat prolonged stay in the east has returned to his home in Roswell, and is of Lincoln county is full of vigor and life, now ready to attend to business. He and never was so active as it is now. says his old state, Kentucky, never look- White Oaks may be gone to sleep, but ed better than it does this year, but still we of the Pecos valley feel no deading it does not have attractions enough to effects on account of its dormant condihold him in it.

-Rev. P. W. Rhoads of the Baptist slapping the sleepy member to start the church, preached in the old school house | circulation, do so and work up to life, if last Sunday morning and evening. He you have resources use them, and if you had a good audience, and those who were cannot wake the old stump up, leave it present speak very highly of the Rever. and come down to the Pecos valley, end gentleman, his sermons, they say, where there is room and plenty for all. were elequent. Rev. Rhoads will preach | We are sorry to hear this complaint of again next Sunday, morning and evening. | hard times however. White Oaks has

-Bishop Kendrick came in on this mornings train to spend several days with his family, who are staying here for the summer. He is in return from a trip to White Oaks, and expresses the opinion that an Episcopal church cannot easily be established there before a railroad reaches it, as it is so far out of the way, and it is too expensive getting there. When he leaves here he will take a trip through the Peccs valley, visiting Ros- pose of organizing a Building and Loan well and Flddy.-Optic.

Las Vegas Anxious. The opening of the new road from Roswell to Amarillo is a matter of more than ordinary concern to Las Vegas, and is causing that town to "hump herself" lively in the endeavor to prevent a loss of trade from this section. The Optic, always alive to the best interests of that city and foremost in all movements for her good, has taken the matter up, and very frankly admits that Las Vegas cannot afford to lose the trade of this section, which it seems to think Las Vegas has an indisputable right to. It says, Las Vegas is of right the best trading point for this country which is being settled so fast." Now we hope our esteemed and valuable neighbor, the Optic, will pardon us if we choose to think we have a point in view where Roswell's interests may be better served in the way of trade visiting his brother and friends in this than to be entirely dependent on a road, city and vicinity for a month past, will the A. T. & S. F., and a town both of return to his home in Louisiana next which have been wholly indifferent to week. We regret to see him go without our interest until they find our comfirst making arrangements to return merce about to take another chanal. So here as a permanent resident, but we belong as the people of this valley were lieve he has become so in love with our willing to haul their wool 200 miles over beautiful country that when he goes a sandy and almost dry road to Las back to his southern home he will find Vegas and bring back in exchange therefor goods, they were willing to leave us ern fever will cause him to secumb to alone, and we do not complain of them the charms of the Pecos valley. A. H. for any other town or railroad would Whetstone expects to accompany him have done the same, but Roswell and the Pecos valley is becoming so impor--The members of the board of educatant and her trade so considerable that tion are ready and willing to do just the old slow way through the hills and what the people want in the way of a over the sands is insufficient for the preschool building, providing the people are sent demands, and as the Optic truly willing to furnish the necessary funds, says, this town "is willing to send its and this is perfectly proper. There is trade to the town that offers the best infunds enough only to erect a one story ducements." The D., T. & F. W. railroad propose, in connection with the enterprising town of Amarillo, to establish and put in first-class order a road to this ing, but no funds are provided for the point, and supply it with water by means payment of such a building, and the of wells at frequent intervals. The counpetitioners seem to have forgotten that try is comparatively level and no sand, fact. Do not expect the board to do water can be had by wells fifty feet deep and less. Then the D., T. & F. W. will lay our freight down at least 80 cents per n this pack of people, who has been at hundred cheaper at Amarillo than the Ft. Sumner for the last three months in A., T. & S. F. will at Las Vegas. Our the interest of the cattle men of this secmail and express from the east would tion, spent the latter part of last week reach us at least from two to three days

and the front end of this week with his earlier than by way of Carthage, and family in Roswell. For a wonder he left railroad fare from Amarillo to points town without playing any very serious east would be from \$10 to \$20 less than practical joke on anyone. Mr. Fountain from our present railroad connection, i. says the prospects for a boom at the old e., Carthage. Now all these things are fort are good. The big ditch which has to be considered by us in connection been contemplated being taken out from with the new route, and they score largely in its favor. Now what has Las Vegas the 'Pecos river, it is reported will be made this fall, and if this is done it will got to offer to induce us to keep in the make room for quite a settlement of old chanel? We are anxious to hear and are willing to consider anything that is Communicated. A board of trade is suggested by the Roswell, N. M., July 22, 1889. At the present time there is no pertion of New Mexico that is attracting so

Optic: "The prominent business men of Las Vegas should read the article clipped from the Roswell Register, which appears in this issue, and then consider whether it is necessary to form a board of trade or not." Again it says: "We and hundreds of settlers are flocking incannot afford to lose this trade, and therefore must do something in this direction, and that, too, at once." Now in all candor we believe you are right, you grown to be the first town in Lincoln cannot "afford to lose this trade." The county. Roswell is the county seat of Optic again says, most truthfully, "to Chaves county, and the land office for take this trade from Las Vegas would the new land district will be located here mean more than most people, who do not in October. During a residence of ten closely observe the amount of business years I have never talked with a man that we get from this section think, and but that has said to me you have the best portion of New Mexico. In a few years thus cutting it off from here. We cannot afford to sleep while other sections are endeavoring to drag our legitimate trade from us, and the people of Las school house. The directors have \$1,000 Vegas must be up and doing in the matavailable for the erection of a building, ter of holding the trade of the Pecos

Now we are willing to consider any propositions Las Vegas people may offer, and we believe if the men of capital in that town had ere this been alive to their their money for a better purpose. Let it interests, as the Optic is now, we would be given forth that we not only have the be connected with Las Vegas by a daily best portion of New Mexico, but also a mail and express route, a thing this counpushing, enterprising and intelligent try has asked for, and Las Vegas failed to take any interest in. We would also have a good road direct, with a bridge over the Pecos, and plenty of water pro-There is no disguising the fact that times in White Oaks are now hard, and vided for men and teams on the way. These things have been neglected and now Las Vegas is behind in attempting to remedy the difficulties.

County Commissioners Liable.

Attorney General R. E. Twitchell, in a letter to the Taos county commissioners, has the following to say in regard to the calling of the election on August 6th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the constitutional convention. It is now the 25th of July and our county commissioners have refused to make the call required by law. It is now too late. They are therefore liable to the penalty prescribed in Section 1205 of the general statutes, which says: "Not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars," and "not less than six months nor more than one year." A little ticklish, eh?

Sir: I am in receipt of your favor of the 9th, asking me whether, under the them if you have the life and energy to tion, is it necessary to issue an election apply it. There must be some truth in proclamation and appoint the judges and

Size: I am in receipt of your favor of the 9th, asking me whether, under the circumstances related by you, i. e., that neither of the political parties in your county intend to nominate candidates for the coming constitutional convention, is it necessary to issue an election proclamation and appoint the judges and clerks of the election.

Replying, I desire to inform you that your duties as a board of county commissioners, in so far as the said election is concerned, are clearly defined in section 3 of the act of the 28th legislative assembly entitled "An act to provide for a constitutional convention and the formation of a state constitution and for other purposes." That section provides that the election shall be held on the first Monday in August, 1889; that the

election shall be conducted in all respects as elections under the general laws of the territory; that the several boards of county commissioners of the territory are required to issue notice of such election at least twenty days prior to said date; you are also required to appoint judges of elections, receive and canyass the returns and do and perform all other things requisite and necessary in the premises. In fact, I do not see how any question could arise as to your duties in this matter. The statute pre-

of will be all that is neces The statute prescribed that the elec-tion in question shall be conducted in all respects as elections under the general laws of the territory. Of course any dereliction of duty on your part will render you and each member of your county board liable to the penalties imposed for failure to comply with the general election laws of the territory, so far as they relate to the calling of elections, etc. What that penalty is, is prescribed in Section 1205 of the Compiled Laws of New Maxico 1884

scribes your duties and a perusal there-

New Mexico 1884. Your duties are plain and they should be followed to the letter. It can make no difference to you in your official capacity what plan or course has been determined upon by any political party, and in matters of this kind, involving a public and official duty, you are supposed to know no party whatever; the question of saving of expenses does not enterinto the matter and your action must not be prejudiced on that ground or by any lapse of political interest in your com

Land Excursions Over the Santa Fe-Hint for Progressive People.

To the Editor of the New Mexican. Las Vegas, N. M., July 15th, 1889.-Dear Sir-Onr general passenger and ticket agent has notified me that arrangements have been made for selling excur sion tickets to points in New Mexico on August 6th and 20th, September 10th and 24th, and October 8th. The rates from Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph to New Mexico points will be one first-class fare for the round trip. The return limit will be thirty days from date of sale.

While these excursions will be exten sively advertised by the company throughout the east, it might be well to call the attention of your readers to the fact, in order that they may notify their friends in the states who desire to visit New Moxico with a view to locating. By this means the citizens who take an interest in the development of the territory can very materially assist the railroad company, and the press of the territory, which has always been extremely iberal in advertising the resources of Yew Mexico.

I presume that our connecting lines east will make liberal reductions from the usual rate for these excursions, but I am not yet advised on this point. If those who have friends in the east

desiring to come out will write to me, I will be glad to obtain all the information I can for them. Yours truly, EDWARD HAREN, Special immigration agent, A. T. & S. F.

Now would be a good time to specially advertise this country. If the Pecos valley was properly represented along the line of the Santa Fe through Kansas, we

would get many visitors on these ex-

Roswell Brass Band.

Ere long the echoes of the Pecos will be reawakened by the new, and never before heard, blasts of the tuba and thump of the bass drum, as well as the various shricks and screams of the smaller horns of the new brass band of Roswell. The organization has been effected, the instru- Roswell, ments ordered, and everything in shape for a good start when the horns arrive. Mr. Zimmer would materially damage this city by man is the president, L. L. Wells vice-president, and Joe Jassa, secretary and treasurer, besides there are ten other members who have no official dignity, but every one or whom will shout blasts of brass that will echo and re-echo to their glory. In short we have organized a band of fourteen members, all capable, and about half of them old band men, and we will be ready to enter a contest for the grand prize in less than one year.

Insurance, both fire and life, placed in most reliable companies, by H. H. PIERCE. Roswell.

Strayed.

A bay mare colt about 4 months old, marked by a very small white spot on its forehead and a little white on both hind feet; a well made square built colt, very gentle so that children can handle it. It left my place last Sunday, the 14th inst. Any information of its whereabouts or for its return will be liberally M. V. CORN.

Sheep For Sale.

3,000 head sheep, Mexican stock, at \$1.15, delivered at Roswell. Will throw in 1,000 this spring lambs.
H. H. Pierce, Roswell, N. M.

-Parties having farms, relinquishments, or town property for sale, can secure buyers by placing same in my hands.

H. H. Pierce, Roswell.

Wanted-Ranch and Cattle.

Have a purchaser for a small stock of good cattle with range. Parties having same, and desiring to sell cheap for part cash and balance on easy payments, address or call on H. H. Pierce, Roswell. Bargains in town property and farms can be had by applying to H. H. PIERCE,

Roswell. Money to Loan—on improved irrigated lands. Apply to H. H. Pierce,

You Should Take It.

ROSWELL, New Mexico,

CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF

General Merchandise, Farming Im-

PLEMENTS & RANCH SUPPLIES.

WE MANUFACTURE

HARNESS and SADDLES,

And Solicit an Inspection of our Stock. Call in our Store and see us.

HARTMAN & WEIL, Wholesale Commission Merchants. Bridge Street, Las Vegas, N. M.

NEW MEXICO SEED HOUSE.

Headquarters for Alfalfa and Johnson Grass Seeds. Wholesale and retail Seeds, Hay, Grain and Feed. Send for free catalogues

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

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BOOTH & McDONALD.

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers. Choice Wines & Cigars.

Ranch Trade Solicited. ● Bottle Goods A Specialty.

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

JOHN W. POE.

W. H. COSGROVE

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

General Merchandise of Every Kind. Roswell, New Mexico.

OVARD'S :-: ADDITION

GOOD LOTS! GOOD WATER!

On the West sid of Roswell within

Four Blocks of Main Str., CHEAP.

Call on or Address J.-A. ERWIN, Agent

Bishop a Trick Performer. "The whole question of mind-readwith the phenomena of little things."

The speaker was Charles Howard Montagu of Boston, says a letter from that city to the New York Herald, who is the only American who has accomplished in public tricks practiced by the well known performer who has just died.

"I have read the stories of Mr. Bishop's sad ending, and will say without reserve that the act of discovering the word in the book calls for no great mental effort. The trick is one of the simpler ones.

"The claim publicly made by Mr. Bishop," Mr. Montagu continued, "was that he passed into a hypnotic condition similar to but not as intense as the hysterical trances into which some of Charcot's patients pass at La Salpetriere, Paris. Hypnotized, but not completely so, was Bishop's assertion. There was, of course, nothing of the kind. There was naught that savored of a metaphysical phenomenon. It was simply the clever act of a very clever and almost abnormally acute

"Mr. Bishop admitted to me without any reserve that he depended upon the same means as myself. This conversation occurred after I exposed his claims of hypnotization. We met and compared notes. He explained that it was a matter of business with himdollars and cents-the same as with fakirs and sleight-of-hand performers.

"Mr. Bishop associated during his earlier days with palmers, magicians, sleight-of-hand mon or whatever you may call them. The so-called science of mind-reading was known to some of those people years ago. One in particular, a man of the name of Brown, used to perform in a rather crude way the act of reading names from letters strung across the stage on a line. Mr. Bishop obtained his start from Brown, and he improved the original idea so that you would not have recognized it. He used to peek down beneath his bandage whenever he could, and every act was accomplished in a theatrical sort of way. He would locate satisfactorily to himself the object borne in the mind of the person whose hand he held and then he would turn away only to return and reach the object with an impressive gesture of his hand.

"The simple act of touching the object unaccompanied by a stagy gesture would not have the impressive effect on the audience that the other method would. He informed me that he practiced a great deal in finding an object in the dark. He would observe a speck on the wall and then he would darken the room and train himself to walk toward the given point and touch it with his finger promptly.

"The whole question of 'mind-reading' depends upon a familiarity with and the ready observance of trifles. The world is full of little things which pass unnoticed by 999 men out of 1,-000. The story of the basis of my success is that I depended upon two rules. First, I followed the line of least resistance in favorable subjects whose hand or arm I held. Second, with contrary subjects I acted opposite the line of the greatest resistance. Mr. Bishop did likewise and so does the Englishmen, Stuart Cumberland, by all means the cleverest 'mind-reader' in the world. Mr. Cumberland exposed the metaphysical or hypnotic claims of Mr. Bishop in a recent article in the Nineteenth Century Review.

"Th prove a good natural subject for successfully going through the tricks you must be of a delicate physique, quick of perception, have a keen active brain, and possess a familiarity with the ways of mankind. This last qualification was one of Mr. Bishop's strongest points. By concentrating your mind upon the object under consideration, and by following the involuntary and almost imperceptible muscular movements of the person whose mind you are supposed to be reading, you will accomplish your end. There are subjects who will fool you, however, every time. John Boyle O'Reilly, the editor of the Pilot, used to circumvent me in every experiment. He would likewise circumvent Mr. Cumberland or poor Mr. Bishop. The subject may not be conscious of muscular action. I used to induce it by pulling the arm in an opposite direction."

I asked Mr. Montagu especially if the effort of finding an object by holdthe arm of a second person caused intense nervous strain and subsequent prostration. Washington Bishop, it is claimed, died from the convulsions caused by the intensity of his brain efforts.

The reply was: "Not all. After a long evening's work with trying unsatisfactory subjects I used to feel fatigued. No more, I fancy, than an actor who feels his part-Booth or Salvini for instance, or perhaps, to afford a better illustration, Jane Hading or Clara Morris-feels the strain of a hard night's performance. I think I fell asleep with greator from which he suffered for years. epileptic convulsions.

"Bishop has recently pulled the wool over the eyes of some clergymen and alloged scientific men at St. Louis, him.—New York Sun.

Thear. I am reminded of a remark of his to me in regard to the scientific Ing as practiced by the late Washing- investigations into his case in Engton Irving Bishop lies in familiarity land. 'The scientists were the biggest fools I came in contact with,' ho said. 'I humbugged them the easiest. nervous manifestations, was far more difficult to influence." "

Worse and Worse.

As additional facts reach the public from Johnstown the responsibility of the occurrence is more directly traceable to certain individuals and organized bodies. The mayor of Johnstown is one of the men who should at once be brought before a grand jury, and indicted for a culpable complicity in manslaughter. The members of the lake club who threatened to discharge an employe if he did not cease to warn them that the dam was liable at any moment to give away, ought to be arrested as criminals and tried as such, and if convicted, as they should be, should be sent to prison for life, or hanged, according to the nature of their complicity and responsibility.

One of the monstrous features of the dam was that it was not a granite wall laid on rock, but a mass of earth heaped up, with some rough stones heaped up against its sides. Here for years has death been piled up, and liable at any moment to be launched on the thousands of unsuspicious residents below. There was a time when sluice-gates could be opened and extra pressure against the dam be relieved; but this permitted the fish to escape, and the Pittsburg sportsmen allowed the gates to become worthless from disuse. To preserve game for some Pittsburg swells, the lives of fifteen thousand people were sacrificed.

These wealthy sportsmen, these pleasure-seekers, sat in a secure place, in the amphitheatre, like the noble Roman spectators when they gave the signal when the wild beasts were to be admitted into the arena to rend the bodies of the human victims. The Pittsburg pagans did not give the signal, but they were told that the massacre was about to occur and made no effort to stop it.

Somehow it seems as if the Quaker state is marked in the perpetration of certain oppressions in which the poorer elements are the sufferers. For years the details of coal mining in that state have contained tales of horror but little less revolting and distressing than the calamity which has just eventuated at Johnstown. Every year the world learns that thousands of minors are thrown out of employment to suffer and starve while the mine-awars manipulate the supply so as to regulate the market. The blackest, wickedest, cruelest aggregation of wretchedness, oppression and tyranny in all the continent is to be found in the anthracite coal mines of Ponnsyl-

Constructively, the action of the owners of the Conemaugh lake is as brutal, as murderous, as the atrocious exactions of the coal tyrants, and equally deserving of punishment. It is an inconsistent record for a state which claims the highest order of refinement and civilization, and which takes its namu from a Quaker whose chief characteristics were fraternal love and universal peace.-Chicago Herald.

Would Go That Far. "Say, come into the bank and identify me, will you?" he asked of an ac-

quaintance on the srteet. "Identify you as what?"

"As John Blank."

"Why, yes, I'll go that far, I guess, though perhaps it is taking a risk. I didn't know but what you wanted me to vouch for your honesty and responsibility."-Detroit Free Press.

This May Be True.

While farmer Solomon Titsworth was sowing grain in Tunkhannock township on a cloudy afternoon last month, a flock of 200 or 300 pigeons began to gobble up his grain at a rate that he didn't like at all. Farmer Titsworth couldn't scare them away. As fast as he drove them from one part of the lot they flew to another, and picked up his grain as if they hadn't any food for two or three days. Then the farmer got a beech gad and set to beating the hungry birds, but they were too hungry for him, even though he had killed a dozen or so. The hunger of the pigeons overcame their fear, and they stayed in the field until they had filled their crops, when they rose in a body and sailed away toward the north.—Scranton (Pa.) Correspon-

A Penitent Monkey.

Spring brings the turnpike musicians and menkeys in great numbers. While one pair of these were giving a concert on Main street in Carbondale, Pa., to a crowd of youngsters and two inebriated countrymen, one of them gave the monkey a cent, for which it doffed its hat jauntily. Then the countryman teased the little animal, until at last it readiness after an evening's 'mind buried its teeth in the man's finger to reading than otherwise. Mr. Bishop's the bone. When the blood gushed epileptiform attacks-they were not from the wound the monkey looked catalepsy-were caused by a disease regretfully at the finger and then into the man's face, and handed back his Congestion of the brain and death money. No amount of persuasion supervened, as it sometimes does after | would induce the penitent animal to again accept the coin, though it was repeatedly offered, and though he accepted money from others all around

Swindling at Calais.

There was one fellow in particular whose roguery impressed me by its sheer boldness and nerve. He was a tall, gaunt ruffian, with a broken mose and a goiture like an Italian Swiss. A thick-headed fellow, with but little His hat was a dingy old English derby, his shabby dress showed not even the faintest notion of imitating a uniform. and he spoke only a few words of English. Yet he was going around and collecting from all the passengers whom observation showed knew zo French, the sum of 6d. for each piece of luggage they had brought over on the steamer. In this he was sided by all the porters, who, because they spoke English, had been employed to carry this luggage. These thieves having satisfied themselves that their particular patron knew no French, would beckon to this chief swindler, and then say: "This is the agent of the steamship company. You must pay him 6d. each for nine pieces of luggage." Of course this sweeping fraud would now and again strike a snag. Some passenger who retained his senses in the tumult and crush would explain that he was not born yesterday. Then the tout would make a pretense of looking at this wise man's luggage ticket, and, with unabashed effrontery, say: "Oh, see you paid on the other side." To talk to the station-master or train officials about this impudent rascality would be like whistling to the moon. They are all leagued together, from the top to the bottom, and they are the cheekiest crew of villains to be found at the present moment anywhere outside a prison.—Cor. New York Times.

He Got His Bath Free.

A good story is told on Baily Magrudor, keeper of a bath house at Sanford, Fla. A boy applied to him for a bath but as he had no money he was told that he could not get one. However, upon reflection, Bailey said to him: "I will tell you what I will do. If you go and get six other boys I will det you have your bath free." The boy agreed to the proposition, and went and got the requisite six boys and all were admitted to the bath room. Mr. Magruder told the attendant of the agreement, and told him not to charge the boy any thing for his bath. After waiting awhile the attendant went in to collect fares. What was his surprise to see the six boys perched upon the benches watching the one boy take his free

The "Yellow Fever in New York Society has the yellow fever. Not the scourge, but an insatiable taste for the color. The fancy has been raging for some time and still the cry is more. Palms are displayed in windows, corners and hallways, and in nothing but a yellow jardiniero is the beauty of color and foliage so effectively brought out. No cabinet is considered relieved without a bit of yellow porcelain, and a drop lamp or pedestal burner of orange china, with trimmings of blackened iron, is the very acme of artistic taste. Then there is the king's blue candlestick, with the candle of gilded vellow was; and how can you imagine a bunch of mignonette more poetic than when displayed in a smooth bowl of underglazed yellow? These craze colorists, who are a law unto themselves, go so far as to worship the marigold, "that molten thing of beauty," which the florists were obliged to force and which brings as good returns as the queen of flowers, the rose. But think of putting yellow marigolds in a yellow bowl, and then say who dictates in chromatics.-New York Sun.

A Picket Fence Over a Hill.

"R. D. C." asks if it will take more pickets to build a fence through a hill than over it, the pickets to be set two inches apart, and to be two inches wide in both cases. It will depend on how the pickets are set. If in both cases they are set perpendicularly to the plane of the hill the same number will be required in both cases. But if the pickets over the hill are set perpendicularly to the surface of the hill it will require more, but how many more will depend upon the difference in distance over and through the hill. -Chicago News.

Very Amusing.

Second Husband-Are you fond of me as you were of your first husband,

Wife-Yes, indeed, and if you were to die I would be just as fond of my third. I'm not a woman to marry for anything but love. - Omaha World.

Choosing a Profession-Pretty Girl-"I have called, sir. to ask if I am beautiful enough for the stage?"

Theatrical Manager (kindly)-"No-o, my child, yours is not a good stage face; but don't despair. You would be a brilliant success as a typewriter."-New York Weekly.

We desire again to call attention to the dvertisement of the Inter-State Town & Land Company's excursion to Ogden on the 23d of this month. A more delightful su mer trip for the money cannot be imagine

Rejoice, O young man, in the days of thy youth, but remember that, big as he is, the whale does not blow until he reaches the

J. S. PARKER. Fredonia, N. Y., says "Shall not call on you for the \$100 reward, for I believe Hall's Catarrh Cure will cure any case of catarrh. Was very bad." Write him for particulars. Sold by Drugglets \$20.

Willie Johnson," said the teacher, if you had five doughnuts and your mother were to give you four more, how many would you have?"

Willie twisted the corners of his jacket, moved his lips and tried to think, but he couldn't.

"Don't count 'em up," said the teacher, "tell me right off. "I should have—a—a—a-a

"Well how many?" "Huh! I sh'd have 'nough, I guess!" said Willie, grinning broadly

Our Girls. Kitty is witty, Nettie is pretty, Lutie is cute and small; Irene is a queen,
Annette is a pet,
Nellie is the belle of the ball; Diantha is wealthy, Bertha is healthy,

And health is the best of all. Perfect health keeps her rosy and radiant, beautiful and blooming, sensible and sweet. It is secured by wholesome habix and the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Bertha takes it, and she also "takes the cake." The only guaranteed cure for those distressing ailments peculiar to women. Satisfaction or your money returned.

For Constipation or Sick Headache, use Dr. Pierce's Pellets; Purely Vegetable. One a dose.

It is easier for New York people to se-lect the site for a monument than to secure a sight of the monument itself.

Keller's Luck.

amar (Mo.) Democrat, June 13. Having been asked many times regarding my fortunate investment in the Louisiana State Lottery, I do not object to making a statement concerning it, said A. Keller, as our reporter asked for a statement. Some time since I was a member of a club for one month and sent a couple of dollars to the Louisiana State Lottery, but without drawing any prize. This time I sent one dollar in my own name and received one twentieth of ticket No. 34,281 in return. This ticket drew the third capital prize of \$50,000. I sent my ticket for collection and within five day I received a draft on the Bank of Commerce, at St. Louis for \$2,500. I have not used the money yet. I am well pleased with my investment of one dollar. Of course I was delighted. I have determined this money in real estate, and hope and hope to double it by another fortunate investment. The Lottery company cortainly dealt fairly with me, and I shall pat ronize them again.

Quite naturally it is the man of seasoned ntellect and ripe experience who does not [

We recommend "Tansill's Punch" Cigar. "See here! The calico you sold me won't wash." "It won't, ch! Then let me sell you a wash-machine."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Almost everybody will agree that the American flag is a daisy. If so, then we already have a National flower.

THIS IS

You want a good Liniment for Burns, Sprains and Bruises. No family should pretend to keep house without a Liniment. Let us name a remedy,

RECOMMENDED

by thousands, who bear willing testimony to its virtues and action when applied externally. Persons of every degree of intelligence and every rank

Perry Davis' Pain-Killer

If any of our readers doubt the magic of this old standard remedy, we advise them to buy one twenty-five cent bottle and give it a trial.

Persons Traveling

should always have a bottle of Pain-Killer with them, as accidents are liable to occur.

Sold Everywhere at 25c., 50c., and \$1 a Bottle,

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Our new book, The Johnstown Horror or Valley of Death, the most thrilling book ever issued. Agents Wanted in every township. Terms, for per cent. Outfit 20 cents. National Pub. Co., 218 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

\$75 TO \$250 A MONTH can be made ferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be projitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and clies. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1009 Main St., Richmond, Va.

N. B.—Plense state age and business experience. Never mind about sending stamp for reply. B. F. J. & Co.



tive, more of it, more for the money, and in the form of a powder for your convenience. Takes, as it were, the fabric in one hand, the dirt in the other, and lays them apart comparatively speaking, washing with little work.

As it saves the worst of the work, so it saves the worst of the wear. It isn't the use of clothes that makes them old before their time; it is rubbing and straining, getting the dirt out by main strength. For scrubbing, house-cleaning, washing dishes, windows and glassware, Pearline has no equal.

Beware of imitations, prize packages and ped-

It would be well for some of our base-ball teams to imitate the example of the modest unassuming hen, who never scores a goose-

Don't you want to save money, clothes, time, labor, fuel, and health? All these can be saved if you will try Dobbins' Electric Soap. We say "try," knowing if you try it once, you will always use it. Have your grocer order.

No matter how timid a tailor is naturally, he has one advantage as a wooer over other men—he can always warmly and of fectually press his suit.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25 cents.

The report that the Rochester policemen are laying in a stock of seventeen-year lo-custs is denied. THE TAKEN DURING CHANGES OF LIVE GREAT, DANGER & SUFFERING WILL BE AVOIDED ADD K TO WOMAN MAILED FREE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA GA.

FOR Sale by J. J. REITEMAN, DENVER.

THE COMPANY PAYS THE FREIGHT On their common sense new steel whim for \$125, Will holst 25 tops of Rock, Ocal or Water \$50 foet ench shift at a cost of 16 Cents per ton. Cheapest Hoisting on earth. Is just as safe and reliable as an engine. 90 per cent is wrought iron and steel. Can be packed anywhere. Special whims for derricks, coal hoists, etc. For circulars, The Whim Co., 1220 and 1222 Curtis St., Denver, Colo.

We have sold Rig G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfication.

Ohto.

D. R. DYOHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

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Makes a clean sweep. Every sheet will kill a quart of flies. stops buzzing around ears, diving at eyes, tickling your nose, skips hard words and se-

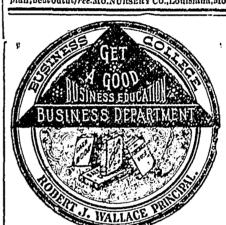
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Fourth Ogden Excursion. Train leaves Denver July 23d, 8:50 p. m.

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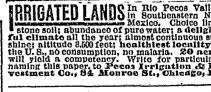
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VV. L. DOUGLAS. BROCKTON, IVIASS.



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