

Pecos Valley Register.

VOL. I. NO. 37

ROSWELL NEW MEXICO THURSDAY AUGUST 8, 1889.

\$3.00 A YEAR.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Shah is now visiting in Paris. Sam Jones is preaching in Omaha. Extensive forest fires have been raging in Montana. Heavy rain storms have done much damage in New Jersey. It is reported in Paris that General Boulanger will flee to New York. The Richmond Paper Company, of Providence have made an assignment. The Montana fires have destroyed an immense amount of valuable timber. The Montana Constitutional Convention has decided against woman suffrage. Wholesale fruit dealers are said to be forming a trust to control the Florida orange crop. Seven hundred operatives at the Fishback, Pennsylvania, Rolling Mill have struck for increase of pay. A very pretty fight is in progress between New York and Chicago for the capture of the proposed World's Fair. Near Marion, Indiana, Saturday, Mrs. Susanna Jones, 70 years old, was set upon and nearly torn to pieces by dogs. New York printers have determined to resist to the utmost any reduction of compensation. A big strike seems imminent. Ex-State Senator Creighton of California has been sent to the penitentiary for five years for attempting to bribe a jury. In England there are over 800,000 more widows than widowers. In France there are 104 widows for every 100 widowers. An eight-year-old son of a farmer named Benjamin, living near Ponker, Nebraska, was shot dead by a drunken Indian recently. Guthrie, with its suburbs, has now 15,000 inhabitants, six banks, eight newspapers, thirty seven lumber yards and hundreds of stores. Russell B. Armstrong, a Kansas City newspaper man, was run over by a train and so badly injured that both his legs had to be amputated. San Luis, a village near Santiago de Cuba, has been visited by a disastrous fire. Sixty houses were destroyed and two children were burned to death. Dr. A. E. Jones, one of the best known citizens of Cincinnati, was murdered a few days ago by his colored coachman and his body thrown into a sewer. The marriage of Princess Louise and the Earl of Fife took place in Buckingham Palace Saturday. It was attended by royal personages from all over Europe. Chicago was visited by a terrific storm of wind and rain last Saturday. A great deal of damage was done to property and a number of persons lost their lives. The Anarchists of Chicago celebrated the 100th anniversary of the fall of the Bastille by a monster meeting last Sunday. Lucy Parsons made the principal address. Reports to the United States fish commission say that a new cod bank has been discovered in the Pacific, eight miles off Nantuxca, Oregon, sixty-five miles south of Columbia River. The wedding presents received by Princess Louise of Wales are valued at \$150,000. The jewels alone are valued at \$120,000. Mrs. Mackay sent a pair of turquois and diamond pendant earrings. It is said that William L. Scott of Pennsylvania is figuring with an English syndicate for the entire Spring Valley, Illinois, coal mine, including the machinery and 40,000 acres of land. The price is said to be \$4,000,000. Nearly 200 persons were made very ill by poisoning at a Seely's Bay (Ont.) picnic. The people partook freely of ice cream which had been kept for several hours in zinc freezers. Lactate of lead permeated the ice cream. The French Government has expressed its willingness to make ample reparation to the two prominent American ladies who were thrown into prison some time ago at Mentone on account of a dispute over a dressmaker's bill. A Boston dispatch says a cyclone storm of wind and rain Sunday afternoon uprooted orchards, ploughed a furrow fifteen feet wide a long distance, and threw water out of the Chicopee River fifty feet high. The streams are rising rapidly. An artesian well in North City, a suburb of St. Augustine, Florida, is said to have the largest flow of any artesian well in the world. It is an 8-inch well, and its flow exceeds the highest expectations. From a measurement made by Dr. J. K. Rainey, the flow exceeds 8,000 gallons per minute, or over 11,500,000 gallons every 24 hours. The Attorney General has appointed James I. Caldwell, of Nebraska, special assistant attorney to act in the prosecution of the Government suit against the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company under the act of August 7, 1883, with special reference to the operation of telegraph lines owned by the railroad company.

WYOMING'S SENSATION.

Arrest of the Lynchers of Jim Averill and Ella Watson.
Special to the Denver News.
CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 25.—The excitement in Wyoming over the lynching of Jim Averill and Ella Watson continues unabated. To-day Sheriff Hadsell of Carbon County returned from the scene of the lynching, having in custody Thomas Sun, A. J. Bothwell, Ernest McLean and Robert Connor, four of the men charged with the lynching. A fifth, John Durbin of Cheyenne, was telegraphed to by Sheriff Hadsell to come to Rawlins and give himself up to the authorities. Durbin complied with the order and is now en route for Rawlins. The arrested men are all prominent stockmen of Carbon County, and are the heaviest tax-payers in the region. Tom Sun is an old pioneer scout and is known all through the West. He has a large herd of cattle and is wealthy. A. J. Bothwell is a wealthy man, manager of the Bothwell Cattle Company, and is largely interested in oil lands near the town of Bothwell. John Durbin is president and manager of the Durbin Land and Cattle Company, owning one of the largest herds of cattle in Central Wyoming. He lives in Cheyenne and is a member of the Cheyenne School Board and of the Methodist Church. The identity of the lynchers was revealed to the authorities of Carbon County by Buchanan, who witnessed the capture and lynching of Averill and Mrs. Watson. Buchanan tried to prevent the lynching, shooting once at the party and slightly wounding John Durbin. He was chased off by the lynchers who returned his fire. He rode sixty miles to Casper and gave the names of the participants to Deputy Sheriff Watson, who made the arrests and held the men for Sheriff Hadsell. The arrested men were given a hearing before Justice Emery this morning. They waived an examination and were held in \$5,000 bail each. There is a growing feeling that the lynchers, notwithstanding their position, will be made to suffer the full penalty of the law for their acts.

The Pope's Health.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Bishop McQuaid, of the Diocese of Rochester, who has been in Rome for several months, returned home yesterday on the steamer La Normande. The Bishop declared that the reports of the Pope's ill health were in the main exaggerations and promulgated for various reasons. He had had numerous interviews with his holiness and had even seen him the day before his departure for this country. He was then in excellent health and buoyant in spirits and seemed to carry his four score years as lightly as many men carry half that number. Other reports which have been published of late that the Pope was preparing to leave Rome and has already made arrangements to purchase a seat in Spain, were, he thought, groundless, as the clergy of Rome know nothing of such a plan. Regarding Cardinal Gibbons' chances of becoming Pope which have been talked of and thought of recently, the bishop said that they amounted to practically nothing. "In fact," said the good-natured bishop, with a broad smile upon his lips, "the latest report which I heard before I left Rome was that a certain member of the New York press was to be chosen successor of Pope Leo. I only say that," he added, breaking into a laugh, "to prove what little truth there can be in such rumors. Naturally the fact of his being an American does not bar him from succession to the pontifical chair, but the cardinals of the papal college recognize that, owing to the present state of affairs and the peculiar political combinations and complications in Italy, an Italian Pope is an absolute necessity."

A Straw Board Trust.

CHICAGO, July 24.—The straw board makers of the country have united in one mammoth company or trust. R. E. Newcomb of the Quincy, Ill., mill, acknowledges the existence of the trust and says its name is "The American Straw Board Company." Twenty-six mills are embraced in the combination, located in various sections of the country. It also takes in the largest dealers in straw board, who practically control the trade. Mr. Newcomb says the trust intends to conduct business so that the production shall not exceed the demand and will be satisfied with a fair profit.

A Victim of Superstition.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 24.—That a child was sacrificed to the pseudo Messiah, who has been working among the negroes of Liberty County, has just been discovered in a remote part of that county. The child was black, and its throat was cut and its ears are missing. The negroes are possessed by a religious craze, created by Orth's or Bell's preaching, and they will not talk of the murder, but it is believed that the parents did the killing. They are among the disciples of this false Christ, who has preached frequently of human sacrifices. The coroner is investigating the matter.

The Governor of Alaska has requested the officials of the War Department to furnish the Territory with 250 stand of arms with which to equip Territorial militia. There is no record of any militia organization in Alaska, but inasmuch as the War Department will be secured against loss the arms will probably be issued in accordance with the request.

A BIG FAILURE.

The Dry Goods Firm of Lewis Bros. Make an Assignment.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The announcement that the notes of the heavy dry goods firm of Lewis Bros. & Co. had gone to protest was the all-absorbing topic in mercantile circles to-day. According to current report the liabilities of the firm amount to nearly \$4,000,000. The parties will make a statement in a few days. Bliss, the assignee, says the firm's statements for the past sixty days showed a surplus of over \$1,000,000, but that was not available now. A large part of it was in accounts which they could not collect immediately. He thought the assets would make a fair showing. The liabilities were to banks and trust companies. There will be a meeting of the creditors in ten days, he said. A man familiar with the firm's affairs said to-day that nearly all the banks in New England held the firm's paper, especially in cities where they had mill accounts. Boston, Providence, Hartford, New Haven and New Bedford banks are reported to hold considerable paper. The New York banks mentioned are the First National, Ninth National, Central National and the Central Trust Company. Philadelphia banks are the heaviest holders. The firm has been extended and over loaded. They suffered a severe loss in the death of Henry Lewis, the founder of the house, who was well known, particularly in Philadelphia. It was learned from another source that the firm own their store property in Philadelphia and also their store building on Ground Street, New York, which is on leased ground and which, it is said, was mortgaged a few months ago. The business of the firm has amounted to as much as \$15,000,000 a year. Lately it is said to have fallen to \$8,000,000 or \$10,000,000 annually. They claimed that their capital was \$1,500,000, and they made money every year. Since January they have been doubly pressed about their financial standing, and in March last Bradstreet took away their capital rating and reduced their credit rating a grade.

An Editor Bounced.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 26.—It is now boldly stated by the gentlemen interested in the Times investigation, that Mr. James J. West has ceased to have any control whatever of that paper. One of the investigators said to-day: "Last night, in a prolonged discussion with his recent partners, Messrs. H. J. and H. A. Huyskamp and Mr. John N. Irwin, Mr. West pleaded to have his name kept at the head of the editorial columns for sixty days longer, so that he might get out of a bad plight as gracefully as possible, but his request was firmly refused and he was forced to submit." It is understood that this morning's issue is the last upon which "By James J. West" will appear. The stockholders are now debating on a successor to Mr. West. By common consent Mr. Joseph Dunlap is given the post of honor, but there is no authority yet for the statement. The beautiful home in Kenwood which seems to have been the primary cause of Editor West's misfortune was entered by the sheriff yesterday afternoon and its elegant contents marred by the chalk marks of an attachment. This was done to further secure the Commercial National Bank, which secured judgment for \$13,000 against Mr. West some days ago.

A Projected Wedding Culminates in a Three-Fold Tragedy.

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., July 26.—An elopement which occurred here a few days ago culminated in a tragedy this afternoon. A wedding was to have taken place last Monday between a young man named Raymond Bierce and Miss Ella Adkins. The day before the wedding Miss Adkins went to a neighboring town with Neil Hubbs, who was to have been Bierce's best man at the wedding, and married him. This morning they returned and called upon the bride's mother. Bierce was at the house, and when they entered opened fire on Hubbs with a revolver. Hubbs returned the fire. Several shots were exchanged, and Hubbs ran out of the room. Bierce then fired on the bride, inflicting a serious wound. Hubbs re-entered the room and beat Bierce to the floor with a revolver. Bierce then, dragged himself into an adjoining room, placed a pistol to his head and blew his brains out. Hubbs was shot through the abdomen, the ball penetrating the spine. His recovery is doubtful.

A Vessel Caught in the Ice.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—The bark Ivigtut, which arrived from Ivigtut to-day, encountered a remarkably stormy and serious passage, during which forty-seven icebergs were passed. She sailed on June 6, any on that day became fast jammed in an ice pack, the area of which could not be determined. From aloft, as far as the eye could reach, nothing but the long waste of thickly stacked ice could be seen. For many long days and nights and amid great suffering the battle with the ice continued, until finally the craft found itself sliding through clear water. On the following day twenty-five tremendous glittering monsters loomed up in full view. On the 15th seventeen bergs were sighted and on the 16th five more.

"Too Particular."

The current number of one of the magazines reads the world at large and the American people in particular a lesson on carelessness in conversation, taking as its text the remark of the delinquent who transformed a well-known quotation into this: "There is no Watsonism but Thingummy, and Whatyoucallit is his prophet." The magazine declares that such thing should not be. But, after all, how delightful it is to converse with a man who makes his quotation this way; you are instantly at home with him; you feel that he doesn't know any more than you do; you know that at your worst you can do as well as he can. But the man who always has a quotation absolutely correct to the very pauses—the very capitals—and tells exactly where it occurs—the book, yea, the chapter—and says as plainly as if he put it in so many words that he actually knows the date of both the birth and death of the author, this man is—at least, he is quite another creature. With the one you can lean back, cross your feet and enjoy yourself; with the other you sit up on the edge of your chair and vainly ask yourself why you did not study some ten or fifteen times harder at school and become an intellectual giant. Theoretically absolute correctness is beautiful but practically it is a weariness of the flesh. Our magazine friend reasons that to attain perfection in speech, not only in quotations but in other things, the training should begin in youth; that, in fact, as the twig is bent the child is inclined—though we cannot guarantee the absolute correctness of this quotation. When the child's rocking-horse treacherously throws him off and bumps his head against the piano-stool, his remarks should do no violence to the precepts of the great Lindley Murray; he should occasionally sit up in his cradle, remove his teething ring from his mouth and conjugate a verb. But this sort of a child is not the one that anybody cares to cultivate, nor is he the one that makes his mark in the world when he grows up. Who cares to be approached by the 10-year-old boy who announces that, "owing to the inclemency of the weather, I have to-day remained at home instead of attending school as usual?" But, on the other hand, who can for a moment resist the one who comes in with a shout and says that "it's pouring cats and dogs, so I won't have to go to no school to-day, and I'm jolly glad of it and hope it'll rain tomorrow?" The latter is a boy, the former an interesting young person; and twenty years later you will find the boy at the head of a prosperous business with the young person as his book-keeper.—Ex.

Brains in Demand.

"I hear a good many young fellows," said an old New York merchant, recently, "growing nowadays that the chances to make a fortune in this city are all gone, that is, for men whose only capital is their brains. They look around at the great business houses already established and consider the fierce competition in every branch of trade, and their hearts fail them. The truth is that there never were such chances to make money as now for young men of real ability in this city. It is a hard place, of course, for men of mere average talent to get along in, but brains are needed here as never before. Merchants who have built up great trades and want to 'let up' a little in their labors, must have smart men to whom they can safely entrust details.

"The complaint that the 'bosses' relatives are put over the heads of the more deserving clerks is not true. That scheme is playing out and will not work. No wise man will risk his business in the hands of an incompetent son or nephew if he can get a better and more faithful employe to attend to it. It would pay him better to pension the relative. These men get salaries that were unheard of in my day, and although the prices of land have risen greatly since then, the opportunities for a young fellow to secure a home of his own, were never better than they are in New York to-day.—New York Tribune.

A Man of Expedients.

Of all the dispositions with which moral man may be born, there is no other that on the whole is so likely to assist him to make his way through life satisfactorily as that of being born a man of expedients. Whatever gifts of wealth one may chance to inherit, he is sure sooner or later to come to grief, unless he inherits also the art of managing them. It is by no means enough to get a fortune; it is necessary to use one's wits to preserve it. But fortune is, after all, only one of the innumerable elements of which life is compounded, and as it becomes

every year necessary to have a large fortune to hold one's own among the wealthy of the land, so does it become every year of less importance whether one does have a fortune, since there is constantly a larger proportion of people who do not have the enormous amount which goes to make up the modern fortune, and the majority will assert itself, even to the extent of breaking away from the domination of wealth.

In every department of life, in the greatest affairs with which he is called upon to have to do as well as in the most minute, there is room for the display of this faculty of being prepared for the emergency. To be a man of expedients it is necessary to have much mental dexterity, much power of adaptability, and wide fertility of resource. Indirectly there is needed a large imagination, and the man of expedients is above everything else, perhaps, a man of imagination. He is able to put himself in different relations to any given problem, and if the first does not furnish him solution of any difficulty that may perplex him, he is capable of looking the whole matter over from a new standpoint, and thereby selecting some hitherto unsuspected means of escape from the entanglement which annoys him.—Ex.

A Happy Medium.

Have aim in life and set your sum And stick to it, whatever come. Don't lounge about, a-chewing gum, And be a good for-nothing chum, But strike a happy medium.

Don't work too hard or you'll become A nervous wreck with feelings glum. With sleepless nights, and aching thumb, Don't slave to death to grab each crumb, But strike a happy medium.

Swoop on by titles of wrong and rum, Don't drift and drift, like worthless scum, And make the fairest land a slum, Lend ear to truth and not be mum, Oh, strike a happy medium.

Oh! sweet is this, that there are some Who roar not loud, or keep not dumb, Who rightly work, who work and hum, And thus deserve their sugar plum, So strike a happy medium. —J. B. Blackwell, Chicago Times.

When Robert Was a Boy.

John W. Burdette, for many years editorial writer and business manager of the Burlington Hawkeye, is a younger brother of the famous humorist. He says: "Bob always bubbled over with fun, and his stock of stories was exhaustless, even when a child. He could make us a good fairy tale or adventure at a moment's notice, and his younger brothers were always after him for 'just one more story, Bob,' whenever we got him alone. At bed-time we were especially annoying to him. After we were all cuddled up—for we slept three in a bed—Bob would tell us a score of stories, and we constantly begged for one more until he would become weary. I guess that some of Bob's best stories were told to us in those days. I would not like to say a thousand times for fear of exaggeration, and if I said less than a thousand times it might not be up to the number of occasions when Bob was obliged to kick us both out of bed and roll himself up in the blankets and go to sleep in spite of us, for we never tired of hearing him, no matter how sleepy and tired he might become. Yes, if one hundredth part of the fancies, witticisms and inventions which Bob entertained his little brothers with could be printed, the world would call him a genius of the most marvelous kind; for the thousand tales of the Arabian Nights were never more interesting than those winter nights' tales of my good brother Bob. There was never a better brother."

Clean Milk.

When we look upon the beautiful whiteness of milk we are led to believe it is absolutely clean. It seems so natural to believe that anything so white and pure-looking must be clean. When we remember, however, that water that seems perfectly clear and sparkling to the naked eye may contain the worst impurities, we are prepared to hear and understand that apparently clean white milk may be impure. We recently had exhibited to us the residuum cleaned out of apparently pure milk by an ingenious system of centrifugal cleansing employed by one of our condensed milk companies. This residuum consists of blood, putrescent matter, hair, dust and other impurities taken from the bottom of one of these centrifugal cleansers. The question suggests itself, may not the continued use of milk containing such impurities be the source of typhoid and other fevers just as much as impure water? And if this is so, why should not the same prophylactic care be exercised in cleansing milk as in distilling water? Here is a fresh opportunity for microscopical and bacteriological investigation, to which we shall again refer.—American Analytic.

LIVELY TURNS OF THOUGHT.

California sent 3,600,000 pounds of honey to Europe last year. Paris Figaro prints a special edition in an office 500 feet up in the Eiffel tower.

Paper tough as wood is said now to be made by mixing chloride of zinc with the pulp in the process of manufacture.

The skeleton of the largest elephant ever killed in India is to be sent to the museum at Madras. It is 10 feet 6 inches high.

The cultivation of pineapples is rapidly extending to southern Florida. One grower will have 103,000 pines to ship this season.

A farmer by the name of Josh Wiggins, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, who is short of stock, works his boy instead of a mule.

Last year the number of visitors to Shakespeare's birthplace was 16,800, Americans constituting one-fourth of the number.

Twenty-two cases of insanity have been brought before the judge at Tacoma, W. T., since last March, and one-half of the cases are of persons who came from the east.

Look out for your rubber boots. A Yale sophomore is very seriously ill in New Haven, his blood having been poisoned by the aniline dyes of the lining of his rubber boots.

The height of snobbishness is reached at English bazars, where money is taken, as the price of an introduction to this and that beauty or titled lady presiding over tables.

The supreme court of Mississippi has imposed two fines of \$300 each upon a railroad for failure to provide separate but like accommodations for the black and white races.

Of this year's graduating class at Princeton, thirty-two will, it is said, become lawyers, twenty-one ministers, fourteen doctors, twelve business men and two newspaper men.

Down in North Carolina an eleven-year-old son of the boss brick mason is earning his \$3.50 a day. He is at work on the outside of the wall, where none but experts handle the trowel.

The ruling passion was exemplified in a Williamsport, Pa., lady who, seeing flood-stained baby clothes sold at a sacrifice, expressed regret that she hadn't a baby to utilize the bargains.

The greatest snuff-taking country in the world is France, though it shows a decline in the habit. In 1869 the consumption was 18,000,000 pounds, or seven ounces per head. Now it is five ounces.

A tramp stole a clothes line worth 25 cents from an Indiana farmer, and eighteen men turned out and pursued him for thirty miles to give him a switching. The object was to convert him to honesty.

The total Indian population is less than 250,000. Of these 21,333 live in houses and 9,612 families are engaged in agriculture. And among these so-called savages there are 28,663 church members.

A Mexican robber who was shot by order of the government received six bullets in his breast and got up and ran thirty rods before falling down to die. The Mexican tough is a hard chap to kill.

The hotels in some of the larger Mexican cities are now run after the American fashion, except that if you kick to the landlord about the bugs he has the porter go up and shoot as manag as he can find.

The State Geologist of West Virginia believes there are caves in that state twice as large as the mammoth, but the trouble is to find them. Whenever a hunter's foot slips into a hole he should investigate.

A Frenchman tried his flying machine in the suburbs of Paris the other day. He flew off a barn and it will be several months before his broken legs will allow him to canter around as blithely as before.

Great Britain counts on soon having the largest dynamo in the world. It is being made for the new electric light works at Deptford. The shaft of the machine will be turned out of a block of steel weighing seventy-five tons, which has just been cast in Glasgow.

There are some curious men on the legal bench in this country. A Connecticut court fines a man \$3 for lying in wait to kill his wife and stabbing her, and an Ohio court calls it assault and battery when four bullets are fired into a farmer and he is robbed of his wallet.

A setter dog, owned by Robert Bruden, of Bristol, Pa., has just been found after having been locked up in a barn without food or water for a period of six weeks. When discovered the dog was as thin as a shingle and unable to stand up. He, however, soon revived on being fed.

The experiment of going down the Idaho mine at Grass Valley, Cal., in submarine armor to put out the fire has been unsuccessful. The heat was too great and gas passed under the helmets of the two men who descended. They reached the 900-foot level, or within 100 feet of the fire.

On the lawn of Joel Scarlett, at Kennett Square, Pa., a few evenings since, a circle about four feet in diameter seemed to have been scalded in the grass. On closer look it was found covered with yellowish fungi, which turned bluish-black when the sun came out. The phenomenon has been observed several times, and was called a "fairy circle."

A milkman at Pottstown, Pa., served a well-to-do family whose regular supply was a cent's worth of milk a day, the cent being left outside in a cup. He lost on measure, but filled the cup daily to oblige them. But when on a recent morning he found three cups set out with a penny in each instead of a larger vessel with three pennies, he thought it time to drop the contract and drive away.

A housekeeper gives the following rule for keeping ice-water: To keep ice-water in an ordinary pitcher fold several newspapers into a square which will not cover and entirely cover your pitcher. Line with cotton flannel, stitching all tightly into place; cover with dark flannel (green looks cool), make a handle across the top to lift it by, and you find that you have a small, convenient and effective cooler.

Pecos Valley Register.

Published every Thursday at Roswell, N. M.
ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1889.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, D. C. NOWLIN, Lincoln.
Probate Clerk, Geo. Curry, Lincoln.
Assessor, L. W. NEATHERS, Lincoln.
Recorder, R. M. JOHNSON, Lincoln.
Supt. of Schools, F. H. RICHMOND, White Oaks.
Probate Judge, FRAN. ROMERO, Lincoln.

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Composed of Lincoln, San Miguel, Colfax and Mora counties, with headquarters at Las Vegas.
District Judge, B. T. LONG, Las Vegas.
District Attorney, M. W. MITCHELL, Springfield.
District Clerk, S. M. ASHLEY, Silver City.
District Clerk, R. M. JOHNSON, Las Vegas.

LAND OFFICE.

The land office for the district to which Lincoln county is attached is situated at Las Cruces, Dona Ana county, N. M. The officers are:
Register, EDWARD G. SHIELDS.
Receiver, JAMES BROWN.

PRECINCT NO. 7.

J. C. RESEILLER, Justice of the Peace
C. C. PERRY, Deputy Sheriff.
S. H. DUNNHOOD, School Directors Dist. No. 18
A. H. WHEATSTONE, School Directors Dist. No. 18
E. F. GARRETT, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7
W. H. MILLER, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7
A. B. LILES, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7

Rail Road Prospects.

From the Mora Chronicle.
A glance at the railroad maps will show that the lines in course of construction will afford the most perfect system of rail transportation in the west.

The important line of the Santa Fe system, from Galveston to San Francisco, connecting the Pacific coast with tide water of the Atlantic, will pass through the lands under both the canals of the company, traversing the Pecos valley for fully one hundred miles of its length. The locating surveyors are now engaged on the line between Ballinger—the present western terminus of the line—and Eddy, the company headquarters, for the purpose of continuing construction the coming season.

The Santa Fe Company also has its extension from Southern Kansas to the centre of the Pan Handle in operation, and it is being built through to El Paso across the Pecos valley.

The Rock Island road is completed to Liberal on the northern line of the Pan Handle, and announcement made that construction is to commence immediately on its line through the Pecos valley to El Paso.

The building of these three great trunk lines will not only afford very perfect facilities for transportation, but they insure a rapid enhancement of value to the land which the company may bring under irrigation.

It May Be So.

Hon. Thomas W. Henley has gone to Lincoln, under a writ of mandamus, issued out of the district clerk's office, to order the election for delegates to the constitutional convention. Mr. Henley did all in his power to get the board to do this at their last meeting, but being a minority, he could not. There is never anything to be gained by disobedience to the law. It is childish folly to imagine the law will not be enforced, whatever may be our feelings in regard to it. Col. M. Cronin, the chairman of the board, we learn, has gone, where to or what for we are unable to say. At any rate, he avoided the mandamus by his absence.—Nogal Nugget.

It is also asserted that Mr. A. Green was anxious to comply with the law at the last meeting of the board and call the election, but failed on account of the opposition of the other members of the board. Now how is it that if both Henley and Green were anxious to make the call that they did not do so, they are a majority? Perhaps if Cronin can be heard from, he wanted to make the call also, but could not on account of opposition.

We are in receipt of the premium list of the territorial fair, to be held at Albuquerque September 30th to October 5th, 1889, it is a neatly gotten up book printed by the Citizen office. The list is full and complete, embracing stock, agricultural, mineral, horticultural, mechanical and art productions of all kinds, liberal premiums will be awarded to exhibitors. The Albuquerque Citizen and Las Vegas Stock Grower offer special premiums for a number of exhibits, and Mrs. J. G. Albright offers to the baby taking first premium, one large picture of the lucky baby; to those company taking first prize in dry test, one large picture of the company; to lady taking first prize for riding, picture of lady and horse.

The St. Louis Republic displays headlines which announce that St. Louis must have the world's fair. And all the people of St. Louis drowsily assent "Yes, we must have it, for this is a live town," and then they fall asleep once more.—Kansas City Journal.

No treasury in the world ever contained so vast a sum of money as that of the United States. The last statement shows that there is in the treasury vaults over six hundred million in gold and silver coin and bullion.

That mammoth edition of the Albuquerque Democrat has not yet made its appearance. Whenever Albright can receive a sufficient subsidy from the people of the territory, whom he is continually villifying, it will doubtless make its appearance.—Silver City Enterprise.

Irrigation in the Rio Pecos Valley, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

From the Folsom Idea.
The canals are absolutely secure from floods. On the Hondo the reservoir at the dam backs fully half a mile up stream, making dead water, and giving perfect control. The principal part of the supply comes from regular and permanent springs, and there are never any serious floods in the stream.

It is the same latitude as San Diego, with an altitude of 3,500 feet, giving an equable, healthful climate, and one in which every day of the year can be utilized in productive labor.

It produces all the grains, grasses, vegetables and fruits of both the northern and southern states in highest perfection. All fruits and nuts of California, except the citrus fruits, grow in greatest abundance on these lands.

Alfalfa, the most remarkable of the forage plants, thrives here, and yields from three to five crops annually. Lands in cultivation to alfalfa, near Roswell, by hundreds of acres, are paying a net profit annually of more than \$20 per acre, net of all expenses, although two hundred miles from railroad.

There can never be an over production of this grass, as it can be fed to an unlimited extent into cattle and hogs, and yield as large returns as before stated.

As a fruit producing region it is more than 1,000 miles nearer market than the California fruit lands.

Fruit can be gathered in better condition for shipment, and can be transported with less injury.

All varieties of forest trees grow luxuriantly, and in perfect health. The whole face of the upper valley is being changed, where water is available, by the rapid growth of cottonwoods, many fence rows showing long lines of trees closely set, and upwards of forty feet high, and six to ten inches in diameter, within six years' time.

These lands produce two or three crops annually, by reason of the long season, and the perfect control of water which avoids loss of time between crops.

The home markets, which are enlarged rapidly in the mining and ranch districts, consume a large production of fruit and farm products, at prices which are far in excess of those usually realized.

A glance at the railroad maps will show that the lines in course of construction will afford the most perfect system of rail transportation in the west.

No Rivalry in the Pecos Valley.

L. W. Holt, manager of the Holt Cattle Company, stopped a day or two in Roswell on his return from the mountain country to his home in Eddy. He says things in the lower part of the valley are booming, the town of Eddy is rapidly building up and work on the big ditch steadily progressing. The most important item of news gathered from Mr. Holt was the fact that two colonies of settlers have arranged to settle in the country just as soon as water is turned in the big ditch. We are very glad to learn this encouraging news; Eddy and Chavis counties will go hand in hand in the march of development, there is no chance for rivalry, and the building up of the one is bound to add to the development of the other. Eddy has a promising future and we are glad of it, for we are certain that if that place grows Roswell will be proportionately benefited. Seven Rivers has a prospect that is also encouraging for the future, it is a rich country and happily situated, and has an opportunity to do as much for itself as any other point in the valley. Of course our neighbors will allow us the opinion that Roswell has just a trifle the best opportunity at present. We have the two spring rivers, and they are a host you know, and then our land is second to none, but we are certain that when Roswell becomes a town of thousands our neighbors will have also taken on city proportions, and that will certainly be the result of the development of the great Pecos valley, which with a population of 100,000 can support more than two good towns.

A Good Move.

WASHINGTON, August 2d.—C. A. Kastenon, of the geological survey, has been appointed by the secretary of the interior as special commissioner of the department to visit France for the purpose of studying the irrigation systems of that country with a view to improve our own. The reclamation of arid regions of the west is regarded by Secretary Noble as of such vast importance that an effort will be made to utilize all available knowledge of the best systems in use throughout Europe. Mr. Kastenon has been supplied with letters of introduction to French members of public works and agriculture and to Minister Reid.

It has been announced by Edison in this country and by an electric journal in Germany that an invention has been perfected by which the picture of the person using a telephone is clearly presented to the person at the other end of the line. In other words, light can now be conveyed through the wires as well as sound. The advantage of this is that parties using the telephone can see each other as well as carry on a conversation. As the old German said, when he saw an elephant for the first time, "Great is the invention of man."—Albuquerque Dem.

The referee who is obliged to listen to all the evidence for and against electricity as a death agent will soon be in so reckless a frame of mind that he will offer himself to be experimented upon in order to settle the dispute.

Important.

The committee on irrigation is now actively engaged in the discharge of the important duty imposed upon them by the last congress. This week they are in Montana, where they are holding sessions and gathering what information they can. The following extract from the Chicago Inter Ocean shows what has already been done by that committee:

"It is an important duty that the special committee of the Senate which is to hold its first session at St. Paul on the first day of next month is charged with. The Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth congresses appropriated \$350,000, to be expended in the survey of the arid lands of the west, with a view of determining upon sites for the formation of reservoirs to be used as sources of irrigation, and supplementary to these appropriations, the General Land Office was directed to withdraw from sale all land which may be recommended by the government surveyors as suitable for the sites of reservoirs. Pursuant to this direction some 500 lakes of great and small magnitude already have been withdrawn, as well as many sections in high altitudes. The Senate committee will hear the reports of surveyors as to actually accomplished and as to future projects, and will receive testimony from residents and experts as to the needs and possibilities of the arid lands of the states and territories. It is not contemplated that the General Government should furnish funds for the construction of reservoirs, but only that it should make surveys and retain the yet unappropriated sources of water for the benefit of the people."

As yet we know of no mention of the Pecos valley by this committee, and they apparently are going to be allowed to complete their work and make their report, in which this great valley where the grandest reservoirs in the whole arid region may be established, will not receive so much as honorable mention. What are our citizens doing that the attention of this committee is not called to this country? What is "The First New Mexico & Irrigation Company" doing that arrangements are not being made to have that committee on the ground and that enterprise brought prominently before the world by this action of the U. S. Congress. This is a matter of importance and the opportunity should not be lost.

War on the Mormons.

NASHVILLE, (Tenn.) July 28th.—Two hundred people in the twenty-third district of Wilson county have banded together for the purpose of driving the Mormon elders and converts from that county. This action has been taken on account of the conduct of the Mormons on a recent occasion. While the Rev. John Barrett, a Baptist preacher, was holding services in Wetmore's school house he was interrupted by some of the Mormon converts present, who asked him several questions, and then became insulting in their language. The members of the congregation made a move to resent this interference, whereupon the Mormons jumped out of the window and dared them to come out and fight.

Two Justices of the Peace subsequently prepared a big dinner and invited the community at large to come and hear Mr. Barrett preach and give him protection. Every one expected that a fight would take place, but the Mormons staid away.

The preacher called on the congregation to know how many would help drive the Mormons out of the county. In response to his invitation all the men in the congregation, about 200, gave their hands, promising to drive the Mormons out by whatever means would be necessary and without any attempt at concealment. The Mormons have been forbidden to travel on the roads and notified to leave the county or stop holding meetings.

The Golden Harvest of 1889.

With a view to accommodate thousands of people in the New England, the Eastern, the Middle and Southern States, who are anxious to see the West, Northwest and Southwest under the most favorable auspices and at the least possible expense, the CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY will sell season tickets to all points in Kansas and Nebraska (west of but not on the Missouri river), Colorado, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Texas, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Dakota, Arizona, Northwestern Iowa and Northwestern Minnesota, at ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP.

Dates of sales, August 6th and 20th, September 10th and 24th, and October 8th, 1889; return limit 30 days from date of sale. This affording opportunity for inspection and the location of farms or homes in growing sections of new country such as were never before offered—the territory to choose from being very much larger than that included in the any previous excursion of this kind.

The solid vestibule express trains of the Rock Island, composed of elegant day coaches, Pullman palace sleepers, first reclining chair cars and dining cars, run daily to and from Omaha and via Kansas City and St. Joseph, (superb dining hotel west of these cities), through the most desirable portions of Kansas and Nebraska to and from Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, where (also at St. Paul) direct connections are made with lines diverging to all points in the States and territories above named. This will be the best chance ever before offered to behold, at a merely nominal cost, the magnificent maturity of crops of wheat in the great corn, fruit, dairy, wheat and grass belts of the continent—the splendid farms, orchards, cattle, horses, sheep and swine, in both old and new areas of country West, Southwest and Northwest of Chicago—an exhibit worth traveling thousands of miles to see.

For further information apply or write to any representative of the Rock Island, or John Sebastian, General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Chicago, or E. F. Boyd, Assistant General Ticket and Passenger Agent, at Topeka, Kansas.—Western Trail.

The Rock Island Route is one of the progressive roads of the west, and we believe it is a fact that it does more towards the development of the west than any other road in operation.

Judge Whitman has rendered a decision declaring R. E. Twitchell the legally appointed attorney general of New Mexico.

Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., July 15th, 1889.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on September 18th, 1889, viz: Robert Farnsworth, on 11, 2, 2018, for the w 1/2 ac. or less of sec 5, n 1/2 ac. sec 6, tp 18 n, r 23 e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Wm. Breeson, Hadley Winfrey, F. H. Carter, W. W. Carter, all of Lincoln, N. M.
EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

LAWYERS OF NEWSPAPERS.

GIVE EXPRESS NOTICE.
1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.
UNTIL ARREARAGES ARE PAID.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE UNTIL YOU PAY UP.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.

REMOVING.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
INTENTIONAL FRAUD.
5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

AND FINALLY.
6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on and the subscribers will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

THE LATEST POSTAL LAW.
The latest postal law decision is to the effect that publishers of newspapers can, under the law, arrest any man for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law it is a dangerous trick for a man to allow his subscription account to run on from six months to a year and a half unpaid, and then take the postmaster to mark it "refused," or send the editor a postal card to discontinue the paper.

Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., July 15th, 1889.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk Lincoln county, at Lincoln, N. M., on August 31st, 1889, viz: George W. Braddock on D. S. 3571, for the n 1/2 ac. sec 5, n 1/2 ac. sec 6, tp 18 n, r 23 e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: George Lofton, W. A. Miller, S. W. Braddock, George A. White, all of Lincoln county, N. M.
EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., July 15th, 1889.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Probate Clerk Lincoln county, at Lincoln, N. M., on August 31st, 1889, viz: William R. Lawton on D. S. 3512, for the w 1/2 ac. sec 5, n 1/2 ac. sec 6, tp 18 n, r 23 e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: George Lofton, W. A. Miller, S. W. Braddock, George A. White, all of Lincoln county, N. M.
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EDMUND G. SHIELDS, Register.

J. A. ERWIN,
Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Will practice in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Register office building.

JOHN J. COCKRELL,
Attorney at Law,
LINCOLN, N. M.
Will practice in Lincoln and adjoining counties.

L. M. LONG,
Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Plans, specifications and estimates of all mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and Pecos.

P. F. GARRETT,
Surveyor & Notary Public. Real Estate Dealer.
UPSON & GARRETT,
Land Agents and Conveyancers,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands embraced in the Pecos Valley. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

OFFICE:—Garret's Ranch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co.
Postoffice address: UPSON & GARRETT, ROSWELL, N. M.

Drugs, Stationary
& Toilet Articles.

M. WHITEMAN,
Formerly of White Oaks, has opened up a first-class
General Merchandise Business
—IN—
ROSWELL, New Mexico,
And will carry a full line of Groceries, Etc.

Farming Implements.
The custom of country trade specially solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed as to prices.

THE LADIES' FAVORITE
THE LIGHT RUNNING
THE FINEST
WOODWORKING ATTACHMENTS
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES
CHICAGO, ILL. 28 UNION SQUARE, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. ST. LOUIS, MO. FOR SALE BY DALLAS, TEX.

JAMES H. HAMPTON.

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HAMPTON & HILL,
CONTRACTORS
AND
HOUSE BUILDERS,

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

Plans and Specifications Furnished Upon Application.

All Kinds Brick, Stone & Adobe Work
A SPECIALTY.

Best of References Furnished When Desired.

H. H. PIERCE,
Real Estate, Insurance & Loan Agent

ABSTRACTING, CONVEYANCING, ETC. NOTARY PUBLIC.

MY SPECIAL ATTENTION WILL BE GIVEN TO ALL LAND LOCATING.

Roswell, New Mexico.

Money to Loan on Improved Irrigated Lands.

Abstracts of Lands in Chaves and Eddy Counties.

Full Information Concerning the Pecos Valley Cheerfully Furnished on Application.

STANTON HOUSE,

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

trees! Trees! Trees!

In large quantities and of every kind for the Farmer and Townsman. I will offer

Acclimated Fruit Trees

and Shrubbery to the citizens of Roswell soon, at the very lowest possible price. I have a full stock of all goods in my line.

L. HALE, Rindoso, N. M.

A. H. WHEATSTONE. F. H. LEA. G. A. RICHARDSON, H. H. FERGUSON, Lincoln, New Mexico. Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Whetstone & Lea,

REAL ESTATE

AGENTS,

Surveyors, Conveyancers and Notaries Public.

Complete abstract of all lands on the Pecos. Prompt attention to all business in the U. S. Land Office.

HODSOLL'S

Photographic & Art Gallery,

Roswell, N. M.

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.

Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.

All Work Guaranteed.

D. J. Gorman & Co

CONTRACTORS

& BUILDERS.

Jobbing at Shortest Notice.

TEXAS HOUSE,

Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

E. H. SKIPWITH,

Physician and Surgeon.

ROSWELL, N. M.

L. A. Stephens,

PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Fine Watch Work a Specialty.

J. C. LEA, Manager, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands: Both on left side

Also run cattle in this brand, which is kept up

Ear marks, number half crop left ear

LEA CATTLE COMPANY.

J. C. LEA, Manager, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands: Both on left side

Also run cattle in this brand, which is kept up

Ear marks, number half crop left ear

MILNE & BUSH LAND AND CATTLE CO.

Postoffice, Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Pecos and Berando rivers. Main brand. Horse brand same as cow on left side.

W. H. LUMBLEY,

Brand, Z E D left shoulder, side and hip.

Range, Arroyo Seco, north side Captain mountains.

P. O. of Stanton, N. M.

ZED

The El Paso National Bank OF TEXAS.

Capital, \$150,000. : Surplus, \$45,000.
United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.
Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, \$3.00.
One copy, six months, 1.50.
Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The Register cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements \$12 per column, per month; half column \$8 per month. Ad. occupying less than half column \$1 per inch per month. Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month, in advance.

PREPUBLISHING SERVICE.

Services will be held in this circuit at the following times and places:
On the First and Second Sunday of each month in the school house at Roswell. Morning service at 11 o'clock, a. m. and evening service at 7 o'clock p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.
On the Third Sunday of each month in the school house at Seven Rivers, at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m.
On the Fourth Sunday of each month at Lookout, at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m.
Everybody is respectfully invited to attend.
W. F. GIBBONS, Pastor.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Eastern mail arrives: Daily at 10:30 p. m.
Departs: Daily at 7:00 a. m.
SEVEN RIVERS MAIL.
Arrives: Wednesday and Friday at 8:00 p. m.
Departs: Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m.
W. H. COSGROVE, P. M.

Locals.

—Minstrel.
—School house.
—To-morrow night.
—Help the band boys.
—Joe Lea has gone to White Oaks.
—J. A. Kinner invested in Roswell real estate this week.
—Don't forget to attend the Minstrel show to-morrow evening.
—Bob Burns who had his leg broken some time ago is out on crutches.
—Mrs. Dr. Skipwith's mother left Roswell for her home in Emporia, Kansas, Wednesday morning.
—A number of lots in Ovard's addition sold this week. There is no evidence of dull times in that direction.
—Captain J. C. Lea and wife returned to Roswell last Saturday night, after an extended trip through the east.
—A. E. Fleitz purchased property in the Ovard addition this week, where he expects to fit up an elegant park.
—There will be a big dance at the school house Friday evening immediately after the minstrel performance.
—Mr. Williamson will leave for New York City next week, where he goes to buy a fall and winter stock of goods.
—Our "Village blacksmith", William Straight, was on the war path Sunday, he was hunting a Mexican and found him.
—Capt. Pat. Garrett is in from the Pecos valley and he reports the big irrigation ditches moving right along. He says a very large number of men are at work, and has the greatest faith in the success of the enterprise.—El Paso Tribune.
—M. V. Corns' colt that has been advertised as stolen, was found the other day in the bog on South Spring river. It had mired and choked to death and no trace of it being left it was thought someone had stolen it.
—Mr. and Mrs. Piper left Roswell yesterday morning for Midland, Texas, where they will take the train for Dallas. We regret to lose them from our town. The Register wishes them success in their newly chosen home.
—Be sure and see the minstrel show at the school house to-morrow, (Friday) evening. The boys are doing everything possible to raise the money to pay for the new instruments and you should help them by attending their entertainment.
—Frank Rheinboldt of Seven Rivers, is boring for artesian water at that place, we hope he will succeed. Mr. Rheinboldt is an old settler at Seven Rivers, was the store-keeper there in 1882, and has large interests in and around the town.
—Phelps White has had a very neat cottage erected on the east side of town, it is more modern in appearance than most of the houses in town. We don't know if Phelps is going to get married or not, but it will be a comfortable place to bring a wife.
—Mr. C. E. Seelye of New York City, is stopping with Capt. J. C. Lea. Mr. Seelye is a New York business man and has been spending the heated term in the northwest, taking in the various pleasure places of the country. He will stay a week or two in Roswell before returning to the metropolis.

Disfranchised.

The action of the Lincoln county commissioners have practically robbed the people of this portion of the county of the privilege to vote at the election, day before yesterday, for delegates to the constitutional convention. We understand there was an attempt on the part of one or two of the commissioners to call an election, but if so it was so late an hour that notice of it failed to reach the outside precincts before the election day. A ballot box was sent here addressed to Messrs. Prager, Milne and Miller, but these gentlemen had no notice of their appointment as judges, neither had they any notice of the call of an election, the ballot box came late Monday night without any instructions, notice or appointments, by whom sent was not known, and the parties to whom sent did not consider that they had the right to open and conduct the election without any authority or notice.

Governor Prince's proclamation, recommending "That the legal voters in each precinct assemble at the usual place of voting therein, at 9 o'clock, on the morning August 6, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and that those so assembled then and there appoint judges as aforesaid. And I advise the people of the respective precincts, if there shall be time for such action, to apply to the probate clerk for poll books and ballot boxes, and in case in which they cannot be procured to provide suitable books and boxes and in all things to conduct said election as nearly as practicable in conformity with the forms of law," reached this postoffice on Tuesday evening, the 6th, after the time for the closing of the polls, so that it is an unquestionable fact that the people were denied the privilege of voting on account of the stubborn action of our commissioners.

As matters are in the territory, the Democrats wanted it this way, but their are others than Democrats in Lincoln county, and we had the right, under the laws of the territory, to cast our vote. We were deprived of that right without just cause by Democratic leaders, who are Democrats for spoils only. We are glad to say we have Democrats in Chavis county who condemn the actions of their party leaders as severely as the Republicans do. They are men, however, who are true American citizens, and believe in upholding the institutions of the country rather than achieve party power by their overthrow and destruction. We condemn this action of the county commissioners, not as a Republican voter but as an American citizen who appreciates and demands his franchise, as cowardly and disloyal.

Shooting Affray.

Sheriff D. C. Nowlin had an experience out on the plains, a short distance from the Texas line, the other day that had some of the spice of olden days when the Lincoln county war was in progress. The sheriff went out to the ranch of H. L. Adams on some civil business connected with his office, and while at the ranch, himself, Mr. Adams and another gentleman were engaged in conversation about three miles from Mr. Adams' house, at his elevator, when three men rode up who had on their persons revolvers. The sheriff noticing the arms stepped up to one, James Highsaw, and asked him for his gun, it being a violation of the law to carry them and the sheriff's imperative duty to arrest any person violating the law. Highsaw answered, "I can't do it," and immediately drew his revolver and began firing at the sheriff. Of course Mr. Nowlin exchanged shots with them, but without effect. Highsaw and another of the party, it is said, fired at least twelve shots at the sheriff, one ball passing through his coat under his left arm. Mr. Nowlin not only stood his ground but with a little 41 marched right on the desperadoes, firing as rapidly as possible, and not flinching a step from the No. forty-fives in their hands. After Nowlin emptied his revolver he ran to his buggy to get his Winchester, but by the time he got it the men were over one hundred yards away and running their horses at such speed as to make it impossible for him to make any shots from it effective, although he sent three balls somewhere in close proximity to them.

After the shooting the sheriff came to Roswell and summoned a posse of men, and Tuesday night returned to the plains in search of the outlaws. If they meet we expect to hear of pretty sharp work, but we are of the opinion that they will not find their men. C. C. Perry, Scott Jordan, William Hunt, Frank Smith and J. B. Trotter accompanied the sheriff to the plains to make the search for the men.

The Nogal Nugget has been carrying at the head of a long article entitled, "Nogal and Vicinity," the following statements: "Nogal is a mining town. Nogal is a stock-raising town. Nogal is an agricultural town." All of which may be strictly true, and this seems pretty certain also, that Nogal is not a business town, and if they would add the following, "Nogal is a cemetery of a town," it would complete the description of the place. Start something new, you have carried that article so long that people will begin to believe the first three statements in it.

The territorial fair will offer twice the attractions ever before attempted. The exhibition will be first-class in every department. The big show will open on the 30th of September, and continue for five days.

A Daily Mail Desired.

The demand of the hour would seem to be a daily mail from Las Vegas to Roswell. It is understood up here that proposals were at one time invited and the contract was let, but the bidder placed his figures so low that his bondsmen took the matter in hand and "prevalled" upon a special agent of the postoffice department who happened that way to have the route discontinued by condemning it! It takes twenty four hours longer for mail to reach Roswell by way of Cathage and Lincoln than if it went directly down the Pecos from Las Vegas, from which place the bulk of the Roswell mail goes. U. Ozanne, who runs the stage and carries the mail from the railroad at Carthage to Lincoln, would place a bid and, in the event of his being awarded the contract, he would put on a daily stage between here and Roswell. Let us be up and doing in this matter and let the people of Roswell give us a helping hand in our endeavors.—Optic.

"Opposition is the life of trade" is directly applicable in the above matter. Roswell attempted to secure a daily mail from this place to Las Vegas and that town never gave it any attention, you see it would not have added any to the bulk of trade from this valley, but now that there is a strong probability of the trade taking another channel they cry out "Let us be up and doing, etc." We assure you Roswell will give you a helping hand full as heartily as you gave Roswell when she called upon Las Vegas to help in the same matter. Don't understand us to be opposed to this proposed route, go ahead and secure its establishment, we will read the Optic if delivered by the Las Vegas and Roswell, as well as if delivered by the Carthage and Lincoln mail route. We will enjoy seeing you work and appreciate your feeling if you fail, for have we not tried and failed, and largely on account of the indifference of Las Vegas. Now it is your turn.

Minstrel Program.

Grand Negro Minstrel exhibition to be given at the school house on Friday evening, August 9th, 1889. The proceeds of this entertainment is to go for the purchasing of instruments for the brass band organized in the town of Roswell.

PROGRAM—FIRST PART.

J. HERVEY, Bones. P. S. TATE, Tambo.
Grand Overture, BAND.
Opening Chorus, COMPANY.
Song—Kansas Exodus, J. L. ZIMMERMAN.
Song—Bang, Bang goes the Whip,—P. S. TATE.
Song—Hail Jerusalem Hail, COMPANY.
Anjemima Johnson, (Laughable) HERVEY.

PART SECOND.

Overture, BAND.
Wonderful feats of Legordemain, JOE JAFFA. L. O. FULLEN, assistant.
Overture, BAND.
Double Song and Dance, REPELOE AND ZIMMERMAN.
Overture, BAND.
Damon and Pythias, HERVEY & TATE.
Overture, BAND.
Glory Hallelujah (Dance), REPELOE AND ZIMMERMAN.
Overture, BAND.
The Three Hunters, DONALDSON, HERVEY AND BAPTISTE.
Overture, BAND.
The whole to conclude with the side-splitting after-piece "Barnum's Ball," by the entire company.
Leader of Orchestra, GEO. REPELOE.
Stage Manager, JULE HERVEY.
Ticket Agent, A. E. FLEITZ.

A grand ball will be given immediately after the performance. Admission to the Minstrel and dance, 75 cents, children 25 cents. Tickets can be procured at all the business houses in town.

J. A. Gilmore has just received a nice stock of Tobacco and Cigars.

Notice.
All parties who subscribed to the Roswell Band Band petition are hereby requested to call at the store of Jaffa, Prager & Co. and pay said subscriptions to Mr. Joe Jaffa, treasurer of the band. The instruments have been ordered and the money must now be collected to pay for them. Please pay your subscription as soon as possible.

J. A. Gilmore has just received a fine stock of Tobacco and Cigars.

To close out all Summer Dress Goods we will for the next 30 days sell:
10 yards Best Lawn for \$1.00
14 yards next best Lawn for \$1.00
20 yards next best Lawn for \$1.00
14 yards Challie for \$1.00
White lawns and all other Summer Goods in proportion of the family paper
JAFFA PRAGER & CO.

Honey.
Nice strained honey to be found at Gilmore's Drug Store.

Amateur Ball Players.
The New York Sporting Times is the leading Baseball and Athletic authority of America. It publishes all the Baseball News, and contains each week a handsome Portrait of some prominent player. News of all the Baseball Leagues is published each week, and all lovers of the National Game should read the New York Sporting Times. Send for sample copy to:
NEW YORK SPORTING TIMES,
73 Park Row, New York City.

Honey.
Nice strained honey to be found at Gilmore's Drug Store.

You Should Take It.
Harper's Monthly for October has this to say of the Free Press:
"The Free Press is a weekly literary and family paper, with a funny department that has given it a reputation and circulation in every part of the United States, and made profitable the publication of a special edition in England to be sold in Europe. The writer of the most popular humorous articles and sketches for The Free Press is Charles B. Lewis, whose nom de plume is 'M. Quad.'"
"The reputation of the Free Press was not built up exclusively on the reputation of M. Quad's funny articles, nor is it retained solely or chiefly by them. The proprietors have made of it a popular literary and family paper. The expectation of finding something funny in the 'Band' or 'Lime-skin Club' papers may cause one who has never seen a copy of The Free Press to buy it to read upon the cars or in a leisure hour. This interesting character of the general contents causes that purchaser to subscribe for it for a year."
This is high praise from a high quarter, but is deserved. You can have this great family paper and the Pecos Valley Register both for one year for \$3.25.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO.,

ROSWELL, New Mexico,
CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF

General Merchandise, Farming Im-

PLEMENTS & RANCH SUPPLIES.

WE MANUFACTURE
HARNESS and SADDLES,

And Solicit an Inspection of our Stock. Call in our Store and see us.

GEO. W. HARTMAN. A. WEIL.

HARTMAN & WEIL,
Wholesale Commission Merchants.

Bridge Street, Las Vegas, N. M.

NEW MEXICO SEED HOUSE.

Headquarters for Alfalfa and Johnson Grass Seeds. Wholesale and retail Seeds, Hay, Grain and Feed. Send for free catalogues.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

Williamson and Sanders,

Dealers in
General Merchandise,
ROSWELL, N. M.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,
DEALERS IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and
MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, &C.

Roswell, - - - New Mexico.

BOOTH & McDONALD,
Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers.

Choice Wines & Cigars.
Ranch Trade Solicited. Bottle Goods A Specialty.

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

Dealers in
General Merchandise of Every Kind,
Roswell, New Mexico.

OVARD'S :: ADDITION.

GOOD LOTS! GOOD WATER! GOOD SOIL! GOOD VIEW!

On the West side of Roswell within

Four Blocks of Main Str.,

CHEAP.

Call on or Address J. A. ERWIN, Agent.

SPEED OF A BULLET.

How the Government Learns the Rapidity of a Rifle Ball.

How fast does a bullet travel? If it is in proper shape for traveling Col. Flagler and his officers say it ought to go at a rate of 1,275 feet a second upon leaving a rifle.

This matter of speed is very important, and if a cartridge is five or ten feet too fast or too slow the quantity of power must be changed. This matter of speed is tested in a very interesting way.

At the northern end of the arsenal grounds is a long wooden shed, in which a distance of 100 feet has been carefully marked off, says the Philadelphia Record. At either end of this space is a stand something like a target, with a large circular opening where the bullet's eye would be.

Across each opening is stretched a small electric wire connected with a delicate instrument in another room.

The rifle from which the bullet is fired is so aimed that the bullet which flies from it cuts both wires. Obviously the difference in time between the cutting of the first and of the second wires will mark the speed of the bullet through 100 feet.

The measurement of this brief space of time is done by an instrument of French invention called the Boulling chromograph. When the first wire is cut an electric circuit is broken and a rod which is suspended from a magnet falls a short distance, touching in its descent a point which makes a mark on its side.

The breaking of the second wire lets drop a second smaller rod in the same way. By means of the difference in the marks on the rods it is possible to estimate the difference in the time of their falling, and from this the speed of the bullet per second. There is a provision for detecting any error, and nearly absolute accuracy is secured.

If it is found that a bullet has traveled too fast or too slow that means that there is too much or too little powder in the charge, that the atmospheric conditions are unfavorable.

The charge of powder varies from sixty-nine grains, and is varied by as little as a tenth of a grain to secure just the right speed. The compression may also have to be changed.

The tests of speed are made throughout the day, eight cartridges being fired at a time, and if any error is detected the necessary change is made at once.

If it is found that the speed is all right, then the accuracy of the bullets in hitting an object must be determined. For this purpose they are fired over a 600-yard range at a twelve-foot square target, near the river bank.

By an ingenious device by which the aid of photography is called in the exact point of each bullet is rapidly noted, and the general average of accuracy is afterward obtained.

Accuracy is, of course, absolutely essential in warfare, and the greatest care is taken to see that each bullet will go straight to the mark if the rifle is properly aimed.

Deception Among Women.

"It is frequently remarked," said an American mother the other day, "that women are, as a rule, more deceptive than men. If this be true I am sure it is the result of education more than disposition. I am often sorely puzzled in bringing up my own girls how to be decorous and polite in other ways, fulfill all the requirements of what are considered good manners, and at the same time be truthful. Women are not allowed to express their own real desires and deepest feelings, but are rather schooled to repress themselves and conceal any thing in their nature that would offend the rules of propriety. The world, they are taught, expects them to be models of decorum whether their inclinations are to be decorous or not. Hence deception is one of the first things they learn, and small wonder if a habit of lying grows on some of them."

\$1,000,000 in Stamps.

At a recent sale of rare postage stamps in London a single British guinea stamp, of 1856, brought \$250, and was considered cheap at that price. Some Russian stamps are so rare that they will command almost any price, and attempts are frequently made to forge them. The great collection of Philippe Ferrari, of Paris, contains a quarter of a million dollars. Mr. Philbrick recently sold his collection to M. Ferrari for \$50,000; and Sir Daniel Cooper, the well-known Australian collector, has sold his fine collection to the same collector for \$15,000. The collection of the late Duchess de Galliera is said to have cost nearly \$300,000, and the cost of the 3,000 volumes in which it is contained is about \$65,000. At the Paris mint there is a remarkable collection, while the Rothschild collection in Paris is almost priceless in value. Rare stamps sell at \$100 to \$1,000, and the collectors keep a close watch on all the sales throughout the world in order to secure the specimens they desire. Although the craze represents a factitious value of millions of dollars.—New York Tribune.

Mrs. Popinjay—"What does your husband think of your new hat?" Mrs. Blodson—"He hasn't looked at it yet. The bill has attracted his entire attention for the past two days."—Burlington Free Press.

It Was the Cook.

Percival sat upon a hammock in the back yard of the country boarding-house. His little slipped feet patted the grass gleefully, and the book in his hand hung lazily athwart the gunwales of the swinging net-work of the aerial couch. There was a cynical expression upon his innocent face, and his Titian mustache curled like the tail of a full-blooded pug.

There was a titter. It could not be called a laugh. There was a distinctly audible titter swishing against the leaves of the locust trees above him. It came from the door of the kitchen. No human being in sight; and the parrot had never been taught to titter nor to twitter. The ugly-mouthed bird lazily winked his watery eyes as he stood upon his swinging perch. The titter was not his'n. Percival wondered where the titter came from. He determined to investigate.

Slowly he knocked the ashes from his malodorous cigarette. Gradually he permitted his angular and attenuated form to elevate itself into perpendicular longitudinality. Carefully adjusting his eye-glasses, as a confirmed detective is wont to do, he ambled gracefully towards the kitchen. Some one was behind the door. He pushed it, said "Peekah-ah-boah," and grasped the embroidered white skirt which protruded. A voice tittered and giggled, and then ejaculated:

"G'way fum dab, Massa P'siv'l. Ah! you 'shamed flirtn' wid a yallar gal like me?"

Lo, Tillie the cook came forth and clamped two glistening yellow arms about his Adams-apple-throat and glued two watermelon-loving lips to the thin compression of mouth of which Percival was so proud. Just then Blanche, his fiancée, came across the lawn. Percival has returned to his country in "The Fair," and will not leave Chicago again during the summer.

Let Women Try if they Want to.

"One of the most absurd arguments used against a girl who wishes to become a physician," said a blue-eyed, fair haired medical student in petticoats the other day, "is that the disagreeable sights and experiences of the dissecting room, if they do not altogether overpower her fortitude, will curdle her feelings and destroy her delicacy. Bah, I say, to such mawkish sentimentality. No one thinks it hardens a girl to nurse a sick person, and yet I tell you that in ministering to the sick and the dying and the dead, in the capacity of a nurse, I have seen sights and performed more distasteful and exhausting labor than I would have been called on to do if I had been the physician; and all the time I knew nothing of that iron work in the scientific part of the work which I now have, which so absorbs my attention and thoughts that what is revolting to others is by me almost unnoticed."—New York Tribune.

Wouldn't Buy Whisky.

"Simon," said the governor of Mississippi, speaking to an old negro who had nursed him, and who had just asked for fifty cents, "why don't you stop drinking?"

"Wall, I tell you Mars Bob, I would do dat but I'se erferd, sah, dat it mout injure my self."

"Injure your health!" the governor exclaimed.

"Yes, sah, disergree wid my 'ternal gestions."

"You are foolish, Simon. Cold water is the salvation of the human family."

"Dat's whar you're wraung, Mars Bob; dat's zackly where you is wraung. Water is de cause o' er good oal o' de misery o' dis yere worl'. It swep, de country wid er food way back yander, an' has caused er mighty heep o' stress since dat time. Tuther day, sah, it rushed down on dat town way up norf yander, sommers, and killed thousands o' folks. Doan come talkin' ter me erbout water, sah, caze I knows it—knows it frum de beginnin', I does. Ef dar wuz ez much whisky ez dar is water, w'y it mout cause jez ez much harm, but ez dar ain't, w'y I reckon water has got de bulge. But be dat ez it may, gubner, gim me fifty cents."

"Not to buy whisky with, Simon."

"I swar ter de Lawd, sah, I ain't gwine ter buy whisky wid dat money."

"All right, then, here it is."

"Thankee sir, thankee. Good day (bowing when he had reached the door) none o' dis money doan go fur whisky. Too much o' er gernerman fur dat. Gwine git gin wid dis money."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Color of the Hair and Eyes.

M. Topinard has been making a statistical inquiry into the colors of the eyes and hair in France, and from his 180,000 observations he deduces many interesting results, one of the most curious being that where the race is formed from a mixture of blondes and brunettes the hereditary blood-coloring comes out in the eyes, and the brunette element reappears in the hair. To this tendency probably is to be attributed the rarity of a combination of light hair with dark eyes. Several observers have asserted that the American people, who are pre-eminently a mixed race, are becoming a dark-haired and blue-eyed nation, and if this be true, such a development must be owing to the working of the new law formulated by M. Topinard.

NONE OF IT IN THEIRS.

Several Irish Societies Decline to Participate in the Coming Annual Picnic.

For some years past the Irish societies of every character in this city have been holding a united picnic and celebration, the proceeds of which have been by consent turned over for supposed national purposes.

About three weeks ago a convention of representatives from the various societies met at Fitzgerald's hall to make preparations for a demonstration on the approaching 15th of August but the indications are that if it take place at all it will be a fiasco and in no sense representative. Heretofore, and principally for the sake of harmony, a certain Clan-na-Gael element have been allowed to conduct the celebration undisputed but recent revelations are likely to sadly interfere with any of these future efforts in the same direction. The united Irish societies are no longer united with the controlling gang of the clan, and if the demonstration take place with the fervor and unanimity of former years the proceeds will have to be differently disposed of and accounted for. These August picnics had become general through the United States and were an immense source of revenue to the "triangle." They made no small figure in the grand total of \$1,250,000 which the late leaders of the Clan-na-Gael are said to have appropriated to themselves. Father Mathew and Ancient Order of Hibernian men appear to be no longer willing to give their time and means to the swelling of receipts for misappropriation.

A meeting of several representatives of Irish societies was held last night, and the feeling among those present was to sever themselves from any demonstration which might be attempted on the day named. They did not doubt that a certain element could get up a big crowd at Ogden's grove, but it would be in no sense representative, nor patronized as formerly by all Irish organizations. The united Irish societies hereafter will only unite when they know the exact purpose and aim in view and will insist on knowing the disposition of the proceeds.—Chicago Times.

What Berliners Eat.

The amount of animal food disposed of in the German capital is such that, divided up equally among the population of the city, it yields an allowance of two and a half pounds of meat a week to every man, woman and child in the place, including infants in arms, members of the legislature and paupers. In other words, says the London Telegraph, each and every Berliner, irrespective of age, or sex or political opinions is officially credited with the consumption of 141 pounds weight of beef, mutton, veal, pork, lamb and horse-flesh per annum. No fewer than 7,000 horses are slaughtered yearly for the Berlin meat market, their flesh being partly sold as "butcher's meat," in shops specially affected to the retail trade in "perdefleisch," and partly "worked up" into sausages, a popular variety of which is hawked "all hot" about the streets late in the evening and during the smaller hours of the early morn.

Poor Prussians are much addicted to horse-flesh stewed in a savory sauce; nor do the well-to-do disdain it as an occasional viand served under its own name. In Germany, Italy and even France the flesh of horses and asses in unquestionably "converted into essengers," like unto the aged hero of one Samuel Weller's most gruesome anecdotes, in vast quantities, and imparts to them close texture, rich color, and aromatic flavor, in particular to Brunswick "wurst," "martadella of Bologna," and "saucisson de Lyon."

This bulk of the substance to which these dainties owe their being, however, is pork, fresh or salted; and in all probability the 470,000 pigs that annually pay the debt of nature in tribute to Berlinese appetites find their way to the table in the shape of either sausage or ham; for Prussians rarely eat roast pork or fried bacon, whereas they never weary of smoked and cured preparations of pig. Besides devouring this porcine host, Berlin stands accountant yearly for the violent death of 127,500 head of cattle, 131,500 calves, and 346,000 sheep, besides a multitude of minor animals, all of which vanish in due course down her capacious maw.

An Incredible Story.

A gentleman who has recently returned from quite a long trip through the "Land of the Aztecs" has been giving some interesting details of his experiences to his friends. Among other things he said that when he was in the City of Mexico he was shown through some ancient buildings, convents and jails that were erected by the Spaniards several centuries ago. In the wall of these ancient edifices he saw a small opening, so he naturally inquired of his Mexican guide what purpose it served. He was told that it was one of those buildings in which criminals were walled up alive. "But what was the use of the hole in the wall?" he asked. "Well, senior," replied the guide, "as long as the prisoner lived his food was handed to him on a plate, and he handed back the empty plate through the hole, but when the prisoner handed back the plate with the food on it untouched, then the jailer knew that he was dead already, and didn't give him any more."—Texas Sittings.

National Importance of Coal.

The vital importance of coal to a nation, both politically and industrially, was well shown in the events which followed the recent strike of the colliers in Germany, writes Mr. Geo. G. Ande, in the Colliery Guardian. Within a week of the stoppage of the pits, half the iron works in the country were running short time, and other manufacturing industries were in difficulties for want of fuel. But what caused consternation in high government circles and led to the prompt and energetic interference of Prince Bismarck and the Emperor was the prospect of the whole railway system being paralyzed within a month of the cessation of the output. The extreme gravity of this danger in the case of war rendered it necessary to send back the men to the pits at any cost, and this it was above all else that induced the government to deal so sharply with the colliery owners. To prevent a recurrence of this difficulty, orders have been given to increase the railway stores of coal in hand ten-fold, and to maintain henceforward a much larger quantity at the wharves than there has been in the past.

Manufacturers have, as pointed out in a former note, resolved to take, for their protection in the future, similar measures to those adopted by the state railway authorities. That is, they are determined to hold larger stocks of coal in hand. The buying, especially on the part of railway authorities, will doubtless be effected gradually, so as not to disturb the market.

The German Government, besides providing against the inconvenience and danger of a sudden interruption of the output of coal, by increasing ten-fold the stores of railway coal, are seeking to prevent the recurrence of a general strike by establishing some kind of board of conciliation to settle disputes between masters and men.

Save that Sweet Girl!

Don't let that beautiful girl fade and droop into invalidism or sink into the most critical stage of her life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will aid in regulating the health and establishing it on a firm basis and may save her years of chronic suffering and consequent unhappiness.

A more pleasant phsyio You never will find Than Pierce's small "Pellets," The Purgative kind.

The President observes the sacredness of the day on sea or land as he yachts to.

"Penny wise and pound foolish" are those who think it economy to use cheap soda and rosin soaps, instead of the good old Dobbin Electric Soap, for sale by all grocers since 1874. Try it once. Be sure, Buy genuine.

Love is blind, which probably accounts for the spectacles some young lovers make of themselves.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25 cents.

Some barbers are illiterate, and will always remain so in spite of constant application and headwork.

Cheap Railroad Rates.

The roads running from the Missouri River west have authorized a series of "Harvest Excursions" from all territory east of the Missouri River to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Dakota, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico, Indian Territory and Texas. The rate will be one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold on Aug. 10th and 20th, September 10th and 20th, and October 10th. The tickets will be limited to thirty days for the round trip. Stop-over privileges will be allowed, either going or returning, within this limit.

College students make successful waiters at summer resorts because they have fetching ways.

Ask your druggist for "Fansill's Punch."

It doesn't seem possible that Gen. Crook can be straight in his dealings with the Indians.

Through Cars to the East via Union Pacific Railway.

If you are going east and desire the greatest amount of comfort with the fewest possible changes, bear in mind that train No. 303, leaving Denver via Union Pacific Railway at 8 p. m. daily has Pullman sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and dining cars from Denver to Chicago, without change, via Omaha, Council Bluffs and Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Train No. 307, leaving Denver at 9 p. m. daily, has Pullman sleeping cars and reclining chair cars to Kansas City. Direct connections made in Union Depots for all eastern points in the United States and Canada; fast time and unparalleled advantages.

For rates, tickets or detailed information regarding the Union Pacific, "The Overland Route," call upon your nearest ticket agent or address,

D. B. KEELER, General Agent, 1703 Larimer St., Denver, Col.

The average man is apt to be the next thing to a fool when he is beside himself.

A Lucky Lady.

Weatherford (Texas) Constitution, July 3. "Yes, sir; I have received the coin, and shall apply it to good purposes," replied Miss Annie Dawce, of Strawn, Texas, to our reporter. Miss Dawce was the fortunate holder of one-fortieth of ticket No. 61,605, which drew the first capital prize of \$600,000 in the drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery on June 18th. Miss Dawce modestly stated that she had been investing in the monthly drawings for some time with more or less fortune, and had always been confident of winning one of the large prizes. "I represent in this ticket," she said, "a pool of seven, who are equal sharers in my good fortune." The following named ladies and gentlemen comprise the "lucky seven," each of whom received \$2,141.10 after paying the expenses of collection: Miss Dawce, Mrs. J. J. Coe, J. S. Crouch, John Grant, J. M. Bullard, J. S. Haggood and W. B. Dowell. All of the parties are connected with the Bridge Department of the Texas & Pacific R. R.

There is nothing in any pound ordinance of the city to prevent a boxing match. HALL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally. Sold by druggists, 75c.

He "Saved" His Nickel.

Washington Post.

A clean, shrewd-looking gentleman stepped into a street car on Pennsylvania avenue yesterday afternoon and took a seat inside. The conductor, who was in a conversational mood, turned to a gentleman who stood upon the platform and said:

"You saw that man who just got on?"

"Yes."

"Well, I saw him do the fooliest thing one day last winter that any man ever did."

"What was it?"

"He got on my car and gave me a dime out on the platform. I handed him a nickel and in trying to put it into his pocket he dropped it and it rolled off into the slush. He made a dive for it, and in jumping off the car fell down and daubed himself all over. I stopped the car, but he said to go on, that he was going to find his nickel. So he pawed around in the soft snow till he found it, hopped aboard the next car, paid the nickel to that conductor, and reached home one car later and a good deal madder and mossier than he would if he had stayed on my car and let his nickel go."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

If you happen to see a small boy chasing a bumble-bee you will know when he yells that he has caught it.

St. Jacobs Oil
Cures
LUMBAGO, BACKACHE,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE, SCIATICA

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Discomfort from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Liver Troubles. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Costive Habits, and all the ailments of the Liver. Purely Vegetable.

Price 25 Cents.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SMITH'S Bile Beans.
For the Sick, For Bad Liver, For Biliousness, For Weak Stomach, For Fever, For the Debilitated, For the Bilious, For the Bile, For the Complexion, For Neuralgia, For Colds, For Indigestion, For Constipation, For Dysentery.

Act on the Bile.
Best medicine to prevent many diseases as well as to cure them. In small watch shaped bottles. Price 25c.

J. F. SMITH & CO., Props., St. Louis, Mo.

Wm. S. Fowler's Kidney and Bladder Pills.
THE BEST
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Kidney and Bladder Pills
No Other
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No Other

Wm. S. Fowler's Kidney and Bladder Pills are the best for all ailments of the kidneys and bladder. They are sold by all druggists.

MOTHERS' FRIEND
MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY
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LESSENS PAIN
DIMINISHES DANGER TO LIFE OF MOTHER
"MOTHERS' FRIEND" FOR CHILDREN
BRADFORD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA GA
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LONDON BALM
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
CATARRH
COLD IN THE HEAD
AND CATARRH OF THE EAR
CLEANSING ANTISEPTIC
PRICE 50c

THE BEST PRICE COUGH MEDICINE
PISO'S CURE
FOR CONSUMPTION.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE QUESTION

one asks themselves after a night made unpleasant by a barbarous toothache, is: What shall I get to cure it? Were that question addressed to a Druggist

THE ANSWER

would be: Procure a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, and use it according to directions. It cures like magic. In such cases what a happiness to have at hand an instant relief such as

PAIN-KILLER

has proved itself to be. Physicians say it is one of those Remedies which is calculated to relieve an immense amount of suffering.

RESULTS

show that almost every other description of pain is relieved by its application, external and internal.

All Druggists sell Pain-Killer. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 a bottle.

Johnstown Horror!

Our new book, THE JOHNSTOWN HORROR OR VALLEY OF DEATH, the most thrilling book ever issued. AGENTS WANTED in every locality. For terms and circulars, address National Pub. Co., 218 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

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A SURE ASTHMA
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CURE FOR
STOMACH, BILIOUSNESS, AND
ALL THE THROAT.

ORATORS
Cure for
Croup, Whooping Cough,
Sore Throat, and
All the Throat.

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SALESMEN by the oldest, largest
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Write at once. Get to work NOW, while it is easy
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SPECIAL AGENTS. ST. LOUIS, MO.
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Wanted in every county. Shrewd men to act under instruction,
in our Secret Service. Experience necessary. Send to St. Louis,
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MOORE'S MAMMOTH SHOE HOUSE,
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Mail orders promptly attended to.

IRRIGATED LANDS in the richest valley
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the West. No consumption, no malaria. 25 acres
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I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only
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of this disease.
H. L. INGRAM, M. D.,
St. Louis, Mo.

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Makes a clean sweep. Every
swarm will kill a quart of flies.
Stops buzzing. Kills mosquitoes,
dying at eyes, tickling your
nose, biting hard words and
scurrying about at dinner time.
Send 25 cents for 5 sheets to
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