

BY TELEGRAPH.

It is reported that Bismarck will enter the Reichstag.

The Mississippi flood still continues to do great damage in the South.

Ex-President Hayes and daughter Fannie have sailed for Bermuda.

During a bull fight at Guadalajara, Mexico, the bull ring broke and a score of people were badly injured.

Two Senators in the Canadian Parliament had a row the other day, and the big one shook the little one soundly.

A Vermont woman was recently married to the man who had murdered her husband. Her new husband is in prison for life.

A Union Pacific coal mine at Rock Springs, Wyo., took fire on the 22d, and 350 men, mostly chinamen, are out of employment.

Captain Couch, the well-known Oklahoma boomer, has died from the effects of a gun-shot wound received during a quarrel over a claim.

During a tour by President Carnot through France an amusing blunder occurred at Toulon, when his servant was mistaken for the President and escorted through the city while his master was left at the depot.

The people of Laramie, Wyoming, are having a lively time with the gambling fraternity. The latter claim the right to continue running under an old ordinance, but a new council is disposed to close them up.

James Keating, a Kansas City contractor, used an overcharge of dynamite in blasting and damaged buildings and injured persons in the vicinity to such an extent that he spent the rest of the day in adjusting damages.

The Sultan of Turkey is retrenching. He has discharged a large number of palace spies. His action will cause an annual reduction in the expenditures of \$10,000. The department of intelligence will be re-organized and reformed.

A reign of terror prevails in Santiago de Cuba, owing to daring raids of two bodies of bandits who have been ravaging the country. Outlaws recently engaged in a conflict with the guards and three of the latter were killed. Troops are now pursuing the bandits.

The crown prince of Italy who is now traveling in Southern Russia, met with a railroad accident the other day. As the train was leaving Vladikavook, it was thrown from the track by the breaking of a wheel of one of the cars. The prince was severely injured.

The postmaster general favors the House bill providing fifteen days annual leave of absence for clerks and employes attached to the first and second class post-offices, after service for one year, but not for third class offices. He estimates the additional cost at \$105,000 per year.

Strikes are taking place in all parts of the civilized world. In Germany, the executive committee of the united guilds requests members of the guilds to warn workmen who propose to take part in the labor demonstration on May 1, that they will incur the risk of losing their places if they do.

Rev. B. F. Foster, of Topeka, who has been in Alabama for the last two weeks in the interests of the Oklahoma Immigration Society, writes that 10,000 colored people will come from Alabama before July 1 to settle in Oklahoma. He has been making speeches all through the State and has met with marked success.

When Stanley reached Brussels a detachment of the civic guard and body troops was drawn up at the station as a guard of honor. As Stanley appeared the troops presented arms, and the band played Belgian and American national anthems. The court retainers received Stanley, who entered the court carriage and was driven to the royal palace, where he dined with the King.

There is now before the Territories committees of the House and Senate a bill to disfranchise the Mormons of Utah by applying to them a stringent "test oath" like the one recently pronounced constitutional by the United States Supreme Court. It is now proposed to extend the provisions of this bill as to disfranchise the Mormons in all the Territories, including New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

The funeral ceremonies over the remains of Samuel J. Randall took place in the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church on the morning of the 17th. They were simple, but solemn. The attendance comprised the Vice President, members of the Cabinet, members of both houses and other prominent people. When the ceremonies were concluded the procession moved to the Pennsylvania Railroad station. Pennsylvania Avenue was lined with spectators.

Mr. Parnell objects to the Tory land purchase bill. He says that was meant simply to enable one-ninth of the owners of land in Ireland, these being the larger absentee landlords, to sell out at exorbitant prices, leaving their poorer brethren in the lurch. He also objects to the bill on the ground that it does not provide for carrying out what it proposed, while it exhausted the only Irish credit available, without the consent of the Irish and without any local control in the application of the money.

SECRETARY WINDOM'S POLICY.

It is Formally Set Forth in Reply to a Question.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Secretary Windom to-day made the following reply to a question addressed to him by Senator Plumb:

"The operations of the Treasury department have not been conducted with a view to controlling the finances of the country, but in pursuance of a fixed policy to produce the least possible disturbance of the natural current of events. The purpose of the Secretary has been and is to pay out for bonds all the available surplus as rapidly as possible. In pursuance of this policy, and with a view to keeping the money in circulation to the fullest extent practicable, purchases of bonds were so freely made that on Jan. 20 the available balance of public funds has been reduced to less than \$20,000,000, and this entire amount, as well as further sums amounting to about \$18,000,000, was on deposit in national banks. From this it will be seen that the entire surplus and \$18,000,000 in addition were in circulation.

"In view of this fact, and of large disbursements to be made, it was not deemed prudent to draw further upon the reserves in the treasury, and therefore the purchases of 4 per cent. bonds were temporarily suspended, and Government purchases for a time were confined to 3 1/2 per cent. bonds. On the 6th of March, when purchases of 4 per cent. bonds were resumed, the available surplus had reached \$29,000,000, the whole of which was on deposit in national banks. The amount now on deposit in national banks is about \$8,000,000 more than the entire available surplus.

End of the Pan-American Conference.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—At noon to-day the Pan-American Conference adjourned sine die. After the transaction of some routine business and the adoption of resolutions pledging the sympathetic association of the members of the conference with the quadro-centennial celebration of the discovery of America and expressing their gratitude for the hospitality received, a motion to adjourn sine die was made and put to a vote. Mr. Blaine, rising to announce the result, said:

Gentlemen, I withhold for a moment the word of final adjournment in order that I may express to you the profound satisfaction with which the Government of the United States regards the work accomplished by this international conference. The extent and value of all that has been worthily achieved by your conference cannot be measured to-day. We stand too near it. Time will define and heighten the estimation of your work and experience will confirm our present faith, that the final result will be your vindication and your triumph.

It is in this closing hour the conference had been but to celebrate it, we should dare call the world's attention to the deliberate, confident, solemn dedication of two great continents to peace, and to that prosperity which has peace for its foundation. We hold up this new magna charta, which abolishes war and substitutes arbitration between the American republics, as a result of the first great International American Conference.

The delivery of the address was characterized by Mr. Blaine's customary deliberate emphasis, and also with the evidence of deep feeling on his part.

Extravagance in Paris.

NEW YORK, April 19.—A Paris cable to the Mail and Express says:

It is stated that the scandals which have come to light in the municipal government of this city are no way exaggerated by the current reports. The expenditure has been simply reckless, and the cost of fetes, carriage hire, etc., is fully five times what was spent in a similar way under the empire. The sinecures in the gift of the municipality have been trebled and have been utilized entirely for the benefit of relatives of the municipal counselors.

So far has the matter now gone that it will be impossible to hush the scandal or avoid a government inquiry. The revelations will be something astonishing, and will give the enemies of the republic another opportunity to deride it and its results.

Held Up the Wrong Men.

A recent dispatch from Silver City, N. M., says:

John Boyle, Jr., and his brother left Silver City with \$2,200 in gold to pay off men at the Mountain Key mine at Pinos Altos, which is owned by General John Boyle of St. Louis.

When half way up, three men sprang from the rocks, pulled their guns and demanded the money. The Boyle boys replied by drawing their revolvers. A plucky fight followed, which forced the robbers to retreat. The Boyles rode hurriedly to Pinos Altos, where a posse was organized, and the following day the robbers were run down, when, after a fight, they were captured.

Outlaws in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 18.—A dispatch from Harlan Court House says: A deadly fight occurred this morning at 1:30 o'clock, seventeen miles east of here, up in the Black Mountains between a detail of State troops, consisting of sixteen privates under Lieutenant Milton and Sergeant Pullian, and about thirty outlaws who are fortified in an old barn. Five of the soldiers were wounded, but it is not known how many of the outlaws have been killed, as they still have possession of the barn.

Grand Army Encampment.

The Colorado and Wyoming departments of the Grand Army of the Republic opened its encampment in Denver on the 17th. Reports were received from the Department Commander, Assistant Adjutant-General, Assistant Quartermaster General and other officers and referred to appropriate committees. The commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, General R. A. Alger, arrived in Denver in the morning and was received at the Department Encampment in the afternoon. Accompanying General Alger were his wife and family, and noticeably, Mrs. John A. Logan, widow of the lamented General Logan, a lady who occupies in the esteem of the citizen-soldiers of the country no second place.

In the afternoon a reception was tendered General Alger and Mrs. Logan at Fort Logan.

In the evening a reception was tendered General Alger, Mrs. Logan and the Grand Army veterans at the residence of Governor Cooper.

The report of the Assistant Adjutant-General shows a membership of 3,233.

The Tariff Bill.

The bill introduced in the House by the majority of the ways and means committee is accompanied by this statement:

The estimated surplus at the end of the present fiscal year will be \$92,000,000. Deducting the sum required to make payments to the sinking fund, the net surplus of receipts over expenditures will be \$43,079,000. The estimated surplus of the next fiscal year will be \$48,570,000, which, with the amount of cash now on hand and available, reaching \$90,000,000, will justify a reduction of the revenue in the sum contemplated by the bill reported of \$30,037,000, and probably more from customs, and \$10,923,000 from internal revenue, or a total of \$41,205,000. The report further says that the bill as proposed will result in a decreased revenue—that in all cases, except tin, the increased tariff will result in decreased importations and therefore decreased revenue; that the committee aimed to put an increased rate on manufactured goods and farm products producible in this country in order to develop the home market; that the committee is not so much concerned about the prices of articles we consume as to encourage the increase and diversification of home products; that if it is necessary to run the government by taxing foreign imports, then take it from articles which cannot interfere with domestic products; that the entire bill is based upon protection to American industry, but at the same time recommending no duty above the point of difference between the normal cost of production here, including labor, and the cost of like production abroad.

The committee recommends an increase in the duty on wool; no change in pig iron; sugar to come in free, with a 2 cent bounty on the best grades made in this country; an increased duty on agricultural products; hides are placed on the free list.

Trouble in Manitoba.

WINNEPEG, April 16.—Ambrose Leplac, who was secretary of war and commander in chief of the forces under Riel's provincial government from 1869 to 1870, was condemned to be hanged, but was afterwards respited and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, has been appointed by the dominion government to a position in the immigration department. This appointment has raised a war of blood among the old settlers, who suffered imprisonment and indignities at the hands of Riel, and they threaten to raise the worst row the Ottawa government has ever had to deal with in this part of the dominion. The Orangemen are particularly hostile, and unless the appointment is forthwith cancelled, they will call meetings all over the province and adopt resolutions. Mr. Scott, a loyalist who was murdered by Riel's orders, was an Orangeman, and the agitation will at once be commenced to erect a monument to his memory. This is certain to embitter more than ever the race and creed prejudices, and the dominion government will find itself in hot water.

The English Budget.

LONDON, April 17.—Mr. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, presented the budget to the House of Commons to-day. It shows that the expenses exceeded the estimates by £11,600, and that the receipts exceeded the estimates by over £3,000,000.

Commenting on the gross revenue from alcoholic beverages, £29,295,000, Mr. Goschen said that the figures showed a universal rush to the beer barrel, the spirit bottle and the wine decanter. It was a circumstance that must be deplored. A closer examination would not diminish the surprise, for the largest increases had been of all spirits in the world, from rum to whisky. It was mainly at seaports. It was an extraordinary historical fact that in the years 1875 and 1876, the greatest drinking years recorded, there was precisely the same rush and precisely the same proportion of revenue from different spirits. Increased prosperity, therefore, meant a great increase in the consumption of alcoholic drinks.

The total reduction of the national debt for 1889 reached the sum of \$3,295,000. This amount, added to the reductions of the previous two years, make a grand total of \$23,323,000—the largest amount ever had in reduction of the debt in the same length of time.

Proceeding to the estimates for the coming year, he estimated the expenditures at \$60,957,000 and the revenues at \$69,495,000.

CONGRESSIONAL.

FRIDAY, APRIL 18.

SENATE.—Mr. Platt, by request, introduced a bill for the admission of New Mexico. He said he did not intend in doing so to commit himself one way or the other.

Another bill passed over the following: Senate bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river between the city of Chamberlain and Lyman County, S. D. Senate bill increasing the pension of General Milroy's widow to \$75 per month.

On motion of Mr. Hawley, the Senate agreed to consider the World's Fair bill immediately after the morning business meeting.

HOUSE.—Mr. Henderson, of Illinois, reported the river and harbor appropriation bill. Referred to the committee of the whole.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the private calendar.

The court claims bill was the first on the calendar.

Mr. Thomas, of Wisconsin, offered a resolution that the bill be reported to the House with a recommendation that it be recommitted with instructions to the committee on war claims to inquire into the loyalty of each claimant.

He said the bill contained 285 claims based on the pretended findings of the courts. Of this number there were eight cases where no findings were submitted to Congress. In 175 cases the usual method of ascertaining the loyalty of the parties had not been followed. The committee on war claims had bunched these cases with no examination or investigation. The Secretary of War had transmitted to the committee, since the report of the bill, a statement showing that in eighty-four cases the claimant filed vouchers for copies furnished the Confederates or done some other thing indicating disloyalty.

Mr. Cannon said if this was correct the House dare not pass the bill until thoroughly investigated. The report to the House Mr. Grosvenor raised a point of order, and the Speaker ruled the resolution out of order. The bill, therefore, went back on the calendar, and the House took a recess.

At the evening session the House passed fifty private pension bills.

SATURDAY, APRIL 19.

SENATE.—The Vice President laid before the Senate a letter from Mr. Blaine, with a note from the British minister asking if this Government was inclined to pass a law prohibiting the sale of liquor by the retail to citizens of Canada.

A report from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs is also enclosed favoring such legislation and making it applicable to the sales of liquor to all Indians in the United States or Canada.

Mr. Manderson introduced two bills, which were referred to the library committee, for the purchase of Matthews' portrait of Abraham Lincoln and to accept from the G. A. R. a statue of St. Grant and to be placed in the Statuary hall in the Capitol. In connection with this was a communication from a committee of the G. A. R. setting forth that it was G. A. R. men who, by private voluntary contributions, had raised \$10,000 for the purpose of this statue.

Senate bill appropriating \$100,000 for an equestrian statue to General Grant in Washington passed.

HOUSE.—The speaker had laid before the House various public building bills, public business was suspended and the House proceeded to pay tribute to the memory of Samuel S. Cox of New York.

Mr. Cummings of New York, Mr. Cox's successor, addressed the House.

Messrs. Holman of Indiana, Mills of Texas, Butterworth of Ohio, and others, also spoke, and the House then adjourned.

MONDAY, APRIL 21.

SENATE.—Mr. Reagan introduced a bill to repeal all laws for the retirement of army and navy officers from active service on pay.

Mr. Plumb introduced a concurrent resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to increase the purchase and coinage of silver bullion to the maximum amount authorized by the act of July 23, 1873, and gave notice that he would ask for its consideration to-morrow.

The Senate then took up the House World's Fair bill. The only amendment reported by the Senate committee is the insertion of a new section providing for a navy yard at New York Harbor.

Mr. Vest spoke at length in opposition to the bill. In his honest judgment the people outside of the cities engaged in the contest, did not care anything about the exposition. Had the time come when, in this country, the people had to be amused with shows, in their condition of great pecuniary distress, of such laws and outrages perpetrated upon them?

Mr. Cullom said that Chicago would make the fair a grand success and manifested her appreciation of the great honor conferred upon her.

Mr. Hoar moved to amend by striking out the provision for a Columbus statue. Agreed to.

The vote on naval reserve amendment resulted—yeas 27, nays 25—so the provision remains in the bill. The bill then passed—43 to 14.

HOUSE.—Mr. Dorsey of Nebraska introduced a resolution in regard to the coinage of silver. It is similar to that of Senator Plumb.

Mr. Struble (Iowa) submitted a conference report on the bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Oklahoma. Adopted.

THE NECKLACE.

"Now, madame, what do you think of that?" asked Mme. Valois, drawing from a little mauve-colored velvet case a necklace of curious beads of a substance resembling amber, but having in the heart of each a light like that of the finest opal, and being generally of the color of which we speak as crushed strawberry. "What are those stones?"

"I think the necklace beautiful," I replied. "But you must tell me what the stones are, for I can not even guess; I have never seen anything like them, nor do they tally with any descriptions that I remember."

Mme. Valois looked pleased. "Ah, madame, I can not tell you," she said, spreading her hands abroad; "nor can any one, I believe. They have been examined by many people learned in such things without having a name given to them. They are pretty now, but when the warmth of the wearer's neck acts upon them they glow like rubies. The little clasp also becomes transparent, and you see that a toad is carved upon it. It has been in our family a century and a half, and many celebrated jewelers and lapidaries have seen it. I never dreamed that I should be the first to get a clew to the mystery, but I think I have done so. It was by reading your Shakespeare, madame. You look astonished, but it is true. I am much indebted to your Shakespeare," said Mme. Valois. "What a wonderful man he was! It was while reading his plays that I solved a problem that was puzzling many generations of our family. You remember what he said: 'Like a toad, ugly and venomous, still hides a precious jewel in his head.'"

"My necklace, I am assured, made of those jewels that are mentioned by your Shakespeare. I will tell you my reasons for thinking so."

"You must know that I have in Avignon a very old, yet still very pretty, American, which I now lease to an American."

"A hundred and fifty years ago our family resided there, and one day a Valois brought home to the chateau a very gay and pretty Parisian wife. Mme. Valois, coming a young bride to her husband's chateau in Avignon, thought it gray and gloomy, and felt that after Paris it was very stupid. To be sure there was a great garden, but it was so infested with toads that at first her walks among the borders always ended in her flying homeward in an agony of terror, crying out that the little wretches were too disgusting to endure."

"One day, however, as she sat upon a bench beside an old stone fountain, she heard close to her a little singing noise, and saw squatting close beside her on the bench a little toad. It sat quite still and made this little plaintive musical sound continually. Its eyes were fixed upon her, and she noticed that they were very bright."

"Poor little thing," she said to herself. "Really, it looks hungry." And, having a little cake in her pocket, she crumbled it upon the bench.

"The toad looked at her as she did so, and when she said kindly, 'There, toady, is your breakfast,' it hopped forward and ate every crumb. Then it did a strange thing. It sat upon its haunches and touched its forefeet to its forehead, as an oriental does to make an obeisance, and hopped away."

"The next day Mme. Valois awoke thinking of the toad, and whenever she ate anything she liked very much she saved some bits, saying 'Toady would like that; and at sunset she went to the fountain, carrying a basket, and sat down upon the old bench."

"Not five minutes had she been seated there when she heard the soft, singing sound, and there sprang to the bench beside her the toad she had fed the day before and four of the most charming little toads any one ever saw evidently Mme. Toady's family."

"She sat in the middle, with two on each side of her, and they ate the crumbs Mme. Valois gave them, and when all were gone Mme. Toady made a salutation as on the first occasion and hopped away backward, as people are expected to retire from the royal presence, and Mme. Valois went home and wrote in her journal—which is preserved to this day—all the particulars I have recounted to you."

"She was now quite in love with Mme. Toad, and every day she went at the same hour to feed the little creatures. She was very young and very much afraid of her husband, who was a very grave, elderly man, and did not like nonsense, so she did not tell him anything about all this, but kept the secret for her diary until winter came. Then indeed she was obliged to confide the matter to her maid, for the dearth of insects caused a famine among the toads, or so she supposed, for when she went to the fountain hundreds of them came and squatted about her with pleading looks in their little bottle-shaped eyes, and all their little hands clasped imploringly."

"When she saw them thus assembled for the first time, Mme. Valois made them this speech: 'My pretty little toads, I love you all. You are my tenants, being born on my ground. I assure you you shall not starve. Every morning and every evening you shall be fed.'"

"After this the maid always carried a basket of food to the bench and madame distributed it. The army of toads swallowed the last crumb. Mme. Toad thanked her as at first, and away they hopped. All this and much more she has written in her diary."

"Time passed on and one day there came a baby to the chateau—a beautiful little girl. Madame was very happy, but she did not forget her toads. Every day the maid fed them and reported to her. As she lay in bed she

often said to her baby. 'Ah, petite, when you are able to take notice you shall see my toads.' But while she was still an invalid a very curious thing happened."

"The winter was passing; the air was mild; the window of her chamber was left open, and one evening, when the nurse was absent for a time, Mme. Valois suddenly saw a dark object appear on the window-sill—another and another."

"The toads," she said to herself, and, watching, saw the great throngs that she had fed drop from the sill into the room and approach the bed."

"How I would have screamed once!" she writes in her diary. "But now I loved them, and I knew well that they loved me. 'Good evening, my little toads,' I said. 'Do you want to see my baby?'" Then the room was full of the faint little toad music, and I lifted my Celestine and held her up, and one by one the toads hopped to the bed, looked at her, hopped down the other side and out of the window."

"Mme. Toad was the last of all, and made obeisance in the garden. Her four toadlets remained upon the floor and looked up at us."

"Before the nurse returned the room was empty again, but lying at my elbow I found a string of exquisite, jewel-like beads—a chain or necklace such as I had never seen before. The toads had brought it to me, and I wore it at my Celestine's christening, where it was remarked what numbers of toads hopped across the church floor and seemed to stop to listen to the music. But no one can tell me what the jewels are."

"No one has ever been able to tell that madame," continued the speaker. "But my niece now felt that she must tell her husband all, and so she did, and after that the toads were fed every winter as long as this Mme. Valois, of whom I have told you, lived. Also Mme. Toad maintained terms of the most intimate friendship with the family, as far as a toad might. Even yet the toads are always fed in the winter at the Chateau Valois, and the necklace is given to the eldest daughter. So it came to me, and it is I who, having read the account of the jewels in the heads of toads given by your Shakespeare, know of what the necklace of my niece is made."—Mary Kyle Dallas in Fireside Companion.

A MARTYR TO FAITH.

It was Only a Dog, but He was a Better Man Than His Master.

"I have never let any of my dogs retrieve birds since an experience I had with a cruel sportsman over on the Delaware river one day last fall," said a Scotch bird shooter the other day. "The man owned a splendid pointer that knew a good deal more about some things than his master did, and we were both shooting quails over him along the banks of the river. He was harsh with the dog, and the poor creature was often compelled to do what he knew to be senseless things, just because he felt certain that he would be licked like the mischief if he didn't obey. Each side of the river was frozen over out to the main channel, where there was a strip about a foot wide that wasn't covered with ice. One of the quail that I shot started to fly across the river, and dropped dead on the thin ice within a few inches of the open channel. My companion ordered the pointer to go and get it, and the obedient dog dashed out upon the ice until it got within a couple of yards or so of the dead bird, when he halted, for the ice had begun to crack under him. Then he looked back at his master and wagged his tail, and his actions told us as plain as words that he knew it would be dangerous for him to proceed any further. I begged the man to call the dog back and let the minks have the quail, but he wouldn't listen to me. Again he ordered the dog to fetch the quail in, and again, the dog made an effort to reach it, but the ice cracked and he turned about, whined piteously, and in every way that he knew how begged his master to call him back. But the heartless man was determined to make the dog do as he said, and he yelled savagely at the pointer to get the dead bird. Then the dog sprang forward and seized the quail. The ice gave way under him, the current was swift, and out of sight the poor thing went, with the bird in his mouth. That was the last the cruel man ever saw of his obedient dog. He hunted down the river for a long distance, but it was useless, for the dog had perished under the ice while faithfully performing his duty. The man was sorry then, of course, and indeed the poor dog's death taught him a lesson he never forgot."

One Word Told the Story.

Here is one of the stories that A. M. Palmer brought back from his summer's trip to Europe. He overheard an animated discussion in the Victoria Hotel, London, between an Englishman and a "Yankee," as all citizens of the United States are called on the other side. The dispute, of course, was relative to the merits of the disputants' respective countries. It happened that the American was a bit of a leader with his tongue, and maintained his ground so stubbornly that the Briton at last gave it up with the remark:

"Well, you Yankees are getting so bumptious that we shall have to send over an army pretty soon to take some of the conceit out of you."

"The American's reply was one word: 'Again!'"—N. Y. Sun.

As Peter Barr, of Pottsville, was opening a large oyster a strange fish flipped out. It had eaten part of the oyster. It had the head of a catfish.

Pecos Valley Register.

Published every Thursday at Roswell, N. M. ERWIN & FULLER, Proprietors. THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1890.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, D. C. Nowlin; Lincoln. Probate Clerk, Geo. C. Curry; Lincoln. Assessor, W. W. Neathling; Lincoln. Treasurer, G. W. Young; White Oaks. Sup. of Schools, F. H. Richmond; White Oaks. Probate Judge, Fran. Romero; Lincoln.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

First District, J. W. HENKEL; Lincoln. Second District, T. W. HENKEL; Nogal. Third District, A. GREEN; Seven Rivers.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Composed of Lincoln, Sierra, Dona Ana and Grant counties, with headquarters at Las Cruces. District Judge, HON. JOHN H. McFEE. District Attorney, E. C. WADSWORTH. District Clerk, A. L. CHRISTY, Las Cruces.

TERMS OF COURT.

Dona Ana.—Second Mondays in March and Sept. Lincoln.—Third Mondays in April and Oct. Sierra.—First Mondays in May and Nov. Grant.—Third Mondays in February and August.

LAND OFFICE.

The land office for the district to which Lincoln county is attached is situated at Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. The officers are: Register, JOHN H. MILLS. Receiver, FRANK LESNETT.

PRECINCT NO. 7.

FRED W. JOYCE, Justice of the Peace. SCOTT JORDAN, Constable. C. G. ZENNY, Deputy Sheriff. G. A. RICHARDSON, School Directors Dist. No. 18. J. M. BIGGS, School Directors Dist. No. 18. J. R. CUNNINGHAM, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7. A. C. ROBERTS, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7. M. L. PIERCE, S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7.

Signal Service, United States Army. METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Table with columns: DATE, TEMPERATURE, EXPOSURE, SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETER, WIND, HAZE, etc. Includes data for April 20-24 and summary statistics.

They're thick as leaves 'neath autumn's glow. Or beams of Old Sol's taper. The men who know or think they know The way to run a paper.

Statehood Assured.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The feeling here has grown very preoccupied in favor of statehood for New Mexico during the last few weeks. The character of the recent delegations from the Territory has been of a kind to remove much of the opposition heretofore felt by those who looked further than the present political advantage of either party.

With this feeling is another, to admit the Territory and at the same time provide for the removal of the difficulties. It is the talk of those who profess to know the truth inwardness of the status, that New Mexico will be admitted, but in the admission her three greatest troubles will be removed.

The first of these is the uncertainty of her land titles. In their present condition even statehood could not give prosperity to the new state. So part of the scheme not to be divorced from it, is a federal commission for the settlement of disputed land titles.

The difficulty growing out of the absence of a public school system is to be obviated by the establishment for the Territory of a school system by the general government, and the making of the perpetuity of this system a condition of admission. Subsequent legislatures, even if so minded, will thus be prevented from interfering with the efficiency of the school system by disabling structures, as part of the school system will be the gift of sections sixteen and thirty-six for purposes of public education.

Such is the talk now amongst those who are here working in New Mexico's interests, and in view of the fact that the committees of both houses have reported favorably on admission, it now does not seem improbable that the Territory will be added to the sisterhood of states before the present session of congress shall close.

Land Office Filings.

DESBERT AND APPLICATIONS. March 18, '90, Solomon H. 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EDGAR B. BRONSON, President. CHAS. B. EDDY, Vice President. WM. E. AUSTIN, Cashier.

# The El Paso National Bank OF TEXAS.

Capital, Surplus and Profit : \$200,000.  
United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

## Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, \$3.00.  
One copy, six months, 1.50.  
Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The Register cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements \$12 per column, per month; half column \$6 per month. Ad occupying less than half column \$1 per inch per month. Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month in advance. Locals, 10 cents per line, per week. Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until void. All accounts are due and must be paid promptly at the end of each month.

### ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILES.

Eastern mail arrives: Daily at 10:30 p. m.  
Departs: Daily at 7:00 a. m.  
SANTA FE MAIL.  
Arrives: Wednesday and Friday at 8:00 p. m.  
Departs: Thursday and Saturday at 7:00 a. m.  
W. H. COSGROVE, P. M.

ROSWELL LODGE A. F. & A. M.  
Meets on the first Saturday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.  
W. B. FINKBEIN, W. M.  
FRANK H. LEA, Secretary.

### LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—May day  
—May 30th is Memorial day.  
—The bill collector is around to-day.  
—Our citizens are returning from Lincoln.  
—The gallery in front of the hotel is being built now.  
—Rev. Gibbons will hold services at the church Sunday.  
—The "Eddy Boomle" is the way the New Mexican has it.  
—We understand there will be a dance at the school house Friday evening.  
—J. W. Carter, general merchandise merchant, sports a new sign this week.  
—The saloons have been ordered to keep closed doors on Sunday. Correct.  
—Mr. McClary is busy on the stone and brick work of Mr. Sparks's residence.  
—Mrs. Sas, Sutherland is down from the Diamond "A," for a day or two in town.  
—Mrs. A. B. Allen and Miss Cowherd, are in the city the guests of Mrs. Skipwith.  
—J. E. DeLany has been appointed postmaster at Ft. Stanton, vice Mr. Cobean resigned.  
—Mr. Williams of Roswell, was admitted to practice law in New Mexico at the Lincoln term of court.  
—Wool buyers are looking after the spring clip already here. Wool and sheep are both in good demand.  
—Mr. Lund, an attorney of White Oaks, and father-in-law of C. D. Bonney, has been in town for several days.  
—Mr. Geo. Ovard is contemplating a trip to his old home in Utah. He will get about the 10th, accompanied by his family.  
—Our columns are ready at any time to announce candidates for this fall. Don't be backward. You know "the early bird."  
—Col. A. J. Fountain represented the Territory as its prosecutor at the term of court in Lincoln just closed. He is a vigorous prosecutor.  
—Mr. Oliver Erickson the genial and trusting salesman for Gross, Blackwell & Co., was in town interviewing our merchants this week.  
—The democrats will hold a convention in Roswell August 21st, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature and Council.  
—C. J. Booth of Kansas City, representing the packing house of Swift & Co., of Kansas City, is here for the purpose of buying mutton sheep.  
—Hon. Frank Lesnet went up to Lincoln Monday to move his family to Roswell, they will be settled in their new home the first of next week.  
—The hotel is again on a stand still for want of brick; it would have been finished ere this if the brick men had kept the workmen supplied.  
—We understand A. B. Allen will be a candidate for county commissioner. He will if elected make one of the best the county affords. His chances are very good too.  
—Mrs. F. H. Lea was taken quite sick Sunday evening, and for a short time her life was despaired of. We are glad to note the fact that she is now convalescent.  
—George T. Ovard is the owner of a valuable colt from his new mare purchased in Las Vegas a few weeks ago. The colt at a week old is valued at one hundred dollars.  
—Tom York has returned to the Pride of the Pecos. He has sold his cattle in Texas and will stay in Roswell. Mr. York is a good citizen and we are glad to see him among us again.  
—Mr. Buck Garcia came down from Lincoln Monday. That boy is not very lively this term of court. Roswell has more stir every day in the year than Lincoln has at court time.

—B. F. Gullio has secured the contract for carrying the mail from Roswell to Fort Sumner, tri-weekly, from July 1st, 1890, to June 30th, 1891. Compensation per year \$1,683.

—We have not heard anything from the Eddy base ball club yet in response to the challenge sent them there, by our boys. What is the matter? There is no lack of sand or anything is there?

—A very refreshing rain fell in this section Tuesday evening. "It" was not enough to soak the ground thoroughly, but it helped the grass wonderfully and the range herabouts is now very good.

—Dr. Sellers, ex-surgeon for the A. T. & S. F. R. R., at Los Corralles, N. M., passed through Roswell, in company with his family and several others, en-route to Texas, where he will reside permanently.

—Peter McCourt, while at Roswell, secured the contract for the roofing and tin work on the new court house. He also secured other contracts that will keep him busy most of the summer.—Interpreter.

—Col. J. S. Stidger, government land inspector, was in Roswell in the latter part of last week, on business in connection with the land office here. It is yet uncertain as to when the office will open for business.

—We had a job press, shipped from Las Vegas on April 5th, that is still on the road or run in some where. The forwarding merchants of Las Vegas ought to rustle better freighters than some that are in the business.

—The ball boys were around with a petition Monday to raise money to improve the grounds and buy the necessary "implements of war." They succeeded in getting about \$35 and the donation of three ten foot benches.

Fountain and Barnett are making considerable improvements in their school, they will put in glass front and re-put Mr. Lou Keeper we understand has rented the building and will fit up the saloon in first-class style.

—Claud Camp was tried for burglary and larceny last week and found guilty. He was charged with breaking into the house of Charley Abor and stealing Mrs. Abor's bracelets. He was sentenced to serve one year in the Territorial penitentiary.

—Quite an enjoyable time was had last Friday evening at the dance at Mr. Sam Cunningham's about two miles from town. A large number were in attendance from the farms and Roswell and the dizzy whirl was kept up till a late hour.

—G. D. Green, formerly of this place, but who last fall went to Minneapolis, Minn., returned to Roswell last Saturday. Mr. Green announces that he has come to stay and says the Pecos valley is the garden spot of the west. We welcome him back.

—Mr. Ed. McPherson, formerly of White Oaks, is here from Albuquerque doing insurance business for the New York Life Insurance company. He is a smooth fellow and understands his business, which he does in a frank and gentlemanly manner.

—We hear complaints against the way the water is managed in some places through the farms settlement. The roads in some places are almost impassable even for a light buggy. This is all wrong, the water should be taken care of, which can be easily done by making good ditches.

—D. R. Henderson, practical watchmaker and jeweler, formerly of San Marcos, N. M., has located in this city, and will open a shop in J. L. Zimmerman's drug store. Mr. Henderson has had some thirty years experience in his trade and will do doubt give entire satisfaction. Give him a call.

—The railroad news is pretty good now. Mr. Eddy writes from New York that all arrangements are completed for the building of the Pecos Valley railroad, and the contract will be let for building as far as Roswell on the first day of May, that is to day. The Pecos valley will be the first road in. Hurrah.

—W. M. Atkinson has been appointed Justice of the Peace by the county commissioners, vice Fred W. Joyce resigned. Mr. Atkinson will make a good justice, he is cool and deliberate in the exercise of his judgement a thorough respecter of the law and possesses sufficient force of character to make his position respected by all.

—Dr. A. A. Bearup received word, by mail, of the sickness of some of his family, upon his arrival in Roswell Monday. He expected to remain here and attend to professional work, but fearing that his folks might be seriously ill he left for home to attend to them. He expects to return to Roswell just as soon as possible, which he hopes will be but a few days, and do what work is here waiting on him.

—John Pollock and John Niles who were charged with stealing horses and buggy from the stables of Fountain and Hunt, and harness from Booth and Wells, were discharged at the last term of court. Mr. Pollock's case was dismissed by the court, and Mr. Niles was acquitted by instructions from the Judge so jury to that effect. The charge was improperly brought and wholly without foundation.

—Dr. A. A. Bearup returned from Eddy and Seven Rivers Tuesday. He reports lots of wind and dust in Eddy and is stuck on Roswell more than ever. He expects to build a house here and move his family down from his mountain home soon. Roswell is large enough now to support a resident dentist and we think the doctor is wise in his conclusion to locate here.

### In Memoriam.

S. S. Scott, a young man who was on a horse hunt with Mr. Garrett, while out on the prairie was taken sick. He reached Seven Rivers very ill, and died there of congestion of the stomach Friday, after a very short sickness. Mr. Scott was a native of Kentucky and a new comer in this country.

For some years a residence of Texas from where he came to Roswell with his brother who is now engaged in the restaurant business here. He was an exemplary young man in all his conduct, quiet and always attentive to his duties, none knew him except to love him, and all are sorry to grieve over his sudden and untimely death. The Registrar's sympathy is especially with the aged, christian mother back in Kentucky whose idol was this promising son. He was buried in South Park cemetery Saturday, by friendly hands, Rev. Maul performed the last christian rites over his body.

A friend handed us the following tribute to his memory:

Thou art gone from us brother,  
The music that quaked  
From thy lips and thy heart,  
And thy life, has been hushed.  
But its echo remains  
Low and sweet on the ear,  
Though the minstrel hath gone  
His remembrance is here.  
Thou hast gone from us brother,  
Thy parting was brief,  
As the sigh of the zephyr,  
The fall of the leaf,  
The things that brought us  
Were mournful to tell,  
We were even forbidden  
A brother farewell.  
Thou art gone from us brother  
To regions more blest,  
And light to the earth,  
On thy parting rest,  
Still with us lives the hope,  
All our errors forgiven,  
To meet thee once more  
In the loveliest of heaven.

### The Court.

The term just closed was not a very lively one, nor was the docket very large. Judge McFie pushed business as rapidly as possible and the docket was pretty well cleaned up. Attorneys from other counties in attendance were Col. Fountain, prosecuting attorney, Col. Rynerson, Mr. Fall and Mr. Young and Judge Newcomb, of Las Cruces and Mr. Ferguson of Albuquerque. Judge McFie is growing more popular with both the people and the bar the longer he sets on the bench, his administration is clean, free from prejudice or politics, and justice alike to the weakest or strongest is what he gives. The court business of this district is arranged and done in a most efficient manner, the efficiency of A. L. Christy clerk of the court is recognized by everybody; in fact the court is surrounded by men who are thoroughly qualified to fill their respective places. If we get a new judicial district we will lose Judge McFie, that is to be regretted.

### Census Taking.

The arrangements for taken the census of the territory is near about completed. Supervisor Sanchez has submitted plans of districting to the authorities at Washington and upon the return and approval of which appointments of special agents will be made and work begun. The old Lincoln county embraces one district and is divided into sub-districts as follows:  
Precinct 14, Lookout; 5, Seven Rivers; 15, Lower Pecos.  
Precinct 9, Upper Pecos; 16, Weed; 3, Ruideros; 4, Picocho; 2, San Patricio.  
Precinct 1, Lincoln; 6, Las Tablas.  
Precinct 12, Bonito; 11, Nogal.  
Precinct 8, White Oaks; 13, Red Cloud; Precinct 7, Roswell; 19, South Spring river; 17, upper Pecos; 18, Eddy.

### Score Another for the Climate.

From the El Paso Tribune.  
The Rev. P. W. Rhoads, of Roswell, N. M., arrived this morning after an overland trip of 225 miles on a buckboard. He will remain a week or two. Mr. Rhoads came to the southwest two years ago, a consumptive whose life was despaired of. A man who can make such a trip as he has just completed evidently has a good chance for life. His case is a pretty good commentary on this climate.

### An Old Chestnut.

Col. Heman returned home on Friday morning, too late to be interviewed. We learn, however, that he expresses confidence that dirt will fly on our railroad in 30 days.—Lincoln County Leader.

—The round up reached Roswell Tuesday, Mr. Sutherland worked down the Honda, Mr. Hinkle worked the Felix country. Both men say the cattle are in better shape than they expected to find them, they have gathered large steer herds to drive and they are strong and all right. Now that the rains have begun and grass is growing nicely the prospect is much brighter for cattle men. The last week has made the prairies look quite green.

—The sight of Roswell has an electrifying effect on the weary traveler as he approaches it from any direction. The other day on our return from sun burnt and rock bound Lincoln, the sight of the trees and green grass, straight streets and single roofs was a most pleasing contrast to the crooked streets, lined with low broken down adobe houses, that gives one a pain to look at. Citizens of Roswell you may well be proud of our young city, it is indeed the Pride of the Pecos.

—A. B. Allen came down from the "V" ranch Monday morning. He reports a very heavy rain from his place to Sumner, beginning last Wednesday, with frequent good showers since. The Pecos is up pretty high as a result. The dam put in by Haynes, Garred and Ewing was broken and about half of it washed away. We are very sorry to hear this, these men have done lots of hard work there and it is a hard blow to lose it. They are going to rebuild however and in such a manner as to insure success.

—Peter McCourt, accompanied by Dan Diehl, have just returned from Roswell, and Pete reports that Roswell is alive with first-class enterprising citizens and good mechanics. There is a large force of men employed in erecting the foundation for the new court house. Mr. Sparks will build a fine residence and Trotter and Daniels, have the contract for building the same. There are a great many other buildings in course of construction. Roswell will not fail in building up and becoming a first-class town for the want of citizens pulling together.—Interpreter.

Roswell will not fail in building its self up and becoming a first-class town on any account. She will become the Pride of the Pecos and a city of wealth and beauty of culture and refinement.

## JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S. COLUMN.

# 100 DOLLARS!

IN PRIZES!

## FOR THE CHILDREN!!

To the little girls and little boys of Lincoln county: We are anxious to see what improvement you have made this year in penmanship.

We want every boy and girl in Lincoln county, from 6 to 12 years of age, to write us a letter. You are to tell us your name and age, how long you have been going to school, what books you are studying, how many scholars are in your school, your teachers name, and as much more news as you wish to give us. Also your papas name, his occupation and address, so we can send your present in his care, should you win a prize.

No letters will be entered for competition after June 15th, so write early.

Your letters will be carefully read by a committee appointed for that business, and on the 4th of July a prize will be sent to each writer of the best letter according to age—one for a boy and another for a girl. In all there will be 14 prizes, one of which will be given to the 6 year old girl who writes the best letter, and one to the 6 year old boy; one to the 7 year old girl and one to the 7 year old boy, and so on to the 12th year. The persons who examine the letters will consider the composition as well as the penmanship.

The value of prizes to be given away amounts to One Hundred Dollars.

Letters to which prizes are awarded will be published in the PECOS VALLEY REGISTER, with name of writer. All letters must be addressed to "EDITH," care Jaffa, Prager & Co., Roswell, N. M., and she will acknowledge receipt of same.

Yours truly,  
JAFFA, PRAGER & CO.

## J. W. CARTER. New Store! New Goods!

We have just opened up a full and complete line of General Merchandise,

—CONSISTING OF—  
Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Ladies Fine Shoes, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Stoves and Tin-ware, Agate Iron ware, House Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc.

## Hardware And Farm Implements.

We have a first-class line of Farm Machinery, including the Standard and Buckeye Mowers, Standard Rakes, Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Forks, Shovels and Field Implements of all kinds. We also have a large stock of FARM WAGONS, all of which we will sell at the lowest possible price. We invite the people to call and

## EXAMINE OUR GOODS & PRICES.

We have come to stay, and will endeavor to satisfy you in our dealings. We have a complete stock of CLOTHING to which we invite your special attention. Call and see us.

## A. M. Robertson & Co.,

DEALERS IN—

## Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, &C.

Roswell, - - - New Mexico.

## J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

## Druggist and Chemist.

POPULAR PROPRIETARY MEDICINES.  
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Staffs, Hair and Tooth Brushes,  
Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Sponges, and all Varieties of Druggists' Sundries. Cigars.  
Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use. Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

JOHN W. FOX. J. S. LEA. W. H. COSGROVE

## Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

Dealers in—  
General Merchandise of Every Kind,  
Roswell, New Mexico.

## R. G. McDONALD,

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealer.  
Choice Wines & Cigars.

Ranch Trade Solicited. Bottle Goods A Specialty.  
Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

## JENKINS & DAVIDSON, Brick Makers, Builders & CONTRACTORS.

We will build you a house with first-class brick cheaper than an adobe.

CALL ON US FOR ESTIMATES.

## GARRETT & HILL, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

WILL FURNISH  
Plans and Specifications.

ESTIMATES MADE ON  
MECHANICAL WORK.

## STANTON HOUSE,

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

For Rickets, Marasmus, and all Wasting Disorders of Children.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is unequalled. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful.

For Fifty Years the Standard Blood-purifier and Tonic, Ayer's Sarsaparilla has no equal as a Spring Medicine.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SICK HEADACHE! Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Discomforts from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Acidity.

DRINK LION COFFEE A TRUE COMBINATION OF Mocha, Java and Rio.

When you buy your Groceries try a package LION COFFEE. It is the best in the United States—made up from a selection of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land.

Woolson Spice Co., Manfrs., Kansas City, Mo. TOLEDO, O. MERCHANTS WRITE YOUR JOBBERS FOR PRICES.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHILDREN Suffering from COLD IN HEAD OR CATARRH OF THE NOSE AND THROAT.

PATENTS AND PENSIONS. PATENTS. PATENTS. NO PATENT PAY! Save Money! Telegraphy. OPIUM HABIT.

STANLEY'S NEW BOOK. RIDDER'S PASTILLES. \$60 5-Ton Wagon Scale.

RIDGE'S FOOD. THE TIDE AT MINAS BASIN. A Wall of Water Eight Feet High Running Ten Miles an Hour.

The Bay of Fundy forms a cul-de-sac at which the Atlantic Ocean seems to have taken a spite, and at regular intervals pours in its waters slowly and with intent to do all possible harm.

I have described the narrow gorge through which the St. John River is forced into the Bay of Fundy. At low tide, where the water drops into the bay, there is a fall of some ten feet, the channel being very rough and totally impassable for vessels of any description.

I saw the tide come in around the headland at the Minas Basin, and it is a sight worth going to see. The head of the advancing tide is called "a bore."

At the extreme head of the Bay of Fundy the tide rises from sixty-five to seventy-five feet, and runs at the rate of fifteen miles an hour.

Great Society Beauties. The great beauties who take the social prizes in marriage, says a London letter in the Ladies Home Journal, are almost all bred in the lesser towns.

Just How to Out a Justice's Gown. The Supreme court is a place of traditions and precedents, and even the out and make of the gowns of the justices are so well defined by custom that there is but little scope left for the individual taste of the owner.

When her liver is all out of gear! She is in a miserable state if she will only take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, it will cleanse and stimulate her disordered liver, purify her blood, make her complexion soft and rosy, her breath wholesome, her spirits cheerful and her temper sweet.

Deafness Can't be Cured by Local Applications, as they can't reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies.

LIKE A WATER TOBOGGAN. An Old Miner's Floating Trip on a Ragging Torrent.

"We had some high water in 1852," said James Siddons, of San Rafael, to a San Francisco Examiner man, after he had lit his pipe in the lee of the chain-box on the Tiburon boat.

"Then an idea struck me. I saw the flood going down and asked myself why I shouldn't go down with it. So I gathered a great quantity of dry tule, bound it firmly into three big bundles, caught some boards out of the drift, lashed the boards on the bundles, making a raft; fashioned a rough oar and launched myself on the river with the few provisions I had left.

"I was nearly knocked off into the torrent by colliding with the branches of a tree that was going my way. Then I was flung forward at something less than a mile a minute, as soon as I got out of the tree, and my hair stood up like converts in an experience meeting.

Saying Discreetable Things. Nothing is easier than to say disagreeable things, and there are people who labor under the mistaken opinion that there is nothing more clever.

Every Meal is a Trial To the dyspeptic. Flatulence, heartburn, oppressive fullness of the stomach, are the inevitable sequences of his use of the knife and fork.

Oh how can a fair maiden smile and be so lovely and loving and dear, As sweet as a rose and as bright as the May.

Never put on airs. If your wife finds one on your coat collar, and the color isn't just right, there'll be trouble.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it. Never put on airs. If your wife finds one on your coat collar, and the color isn't just right, there'll be trouble.

Morse's School Shoes. Made in our large factory at Omaha, Nebraska. Ask your dealer for them.

W. V. MORSE & CO. Shoe Manufacturers, Omaha, Neb. Wales' Goodyear-Rubbers are the best.

A Boon to Wives. Having used "Mother's Friend" I would not be without it. It is a boon to wives who know they must pass through the painful ordeal of childbirth.

Unions of the blue and gray are heavenly. They can be seen in skies and clouds any day.

A Sensible Investment of a Big Louisiana State Lottery Prize. San Francisco (Cal.) Call, March 15.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SYRUP OF FIGS, Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system.

WYOMING'S CAPITAL. In the Congressional report upon the admission of Wyoming, many facts were given going to show her as rich in resources as any of her sisters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Unions of the blue and gray are heavenly. They can be seen in skies and clouds any day.

A Boon to Wives. Having used "Mother's Friend" I would not be without it. It is a boon to wives who know they must pass through the painful ordeal of childbirth.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A complete country paper including a weekly very cheap. enough mailing type to 3,000,000 names.

Two or three newspapers in Flourish, Colorado town. For particulars address J. S. TEMPLE, Denver, Colo.

St. Jacobs Oil Cures Backache, Backache, Backache. I could hardly walk or lie down from lame-back, suffered several weeks.

The Honest Doctor. "Yes, my friend, I have been practicing my profession of medicine for thirty years, and have studied this matter of blood disease closely, and to-day I am frank to say that Swift's Specific is the only remedy which I have ever found for this hydra-headed monster called contagious blood poison, and its consequences.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection.

NEW MUSIC BOOKS. CLASSIC FOUR-HAND COLLECTION. (1) Nineteen superior Duets for Piano, by Gounod, Bohm, Hoffmann, Brahms, and other first-class composers.

YOUNG PLAYERS! (1) \$1.00. POPULAR GOLFING. (1) \$1.00. Best and very best games for beginners, filling 143 pages. Heartily commended to Piano Teachers as the first book of pieces (or recreations) to use.

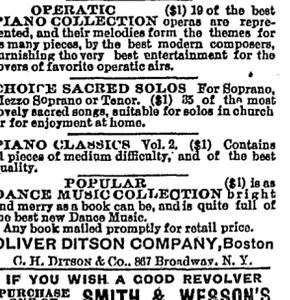
WHITNEY'S (2) \$2.00. 33 good pieces for ORGAN ALBUM. Manual and Pedal, by 20 good composers.

OPERATIC (3) \$1.00. The best PIANO COLLECTION operas are represented, and their melodies form the themes for many pieces, by the best modern composers, furnishing the very best entertainment for the lovers of favorite operatic airs.

CHOICE SACRED SOLOS for Soprano, Mezzo Soprano or Tenor. (1) \$1.00. The most lovely sacred songs, suitable for solos in church or for enjoyment at home.



A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY. "You certainly are mistaken," said one young man to another at an evening party, "but that cannot be the young lady I met last winter, though the name is the same. Judge for yourself. This girl has a glorious complexion, while the other young lady—Good heavens, what a skin she had! Covered with blotches and red-headed pimples; it was like a nutmeg grater. Oh no, this cannot be the young lady." But it was, though, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery had worked the miracle.



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. Red Cross Diamond Brand. The only reliable pill for sale. Safe and sure. Ladies, ask Druggists for the Diamond Brand. Beware of cheap imitations.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. \$500 OFFERED for an incurable case of the proprietors of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

THE ELKHART GARRAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO. 14, Tight bottom and deal.