

BY TELEGRAPH.

Cardinal Newman died last Monday. Governor Warren, of Wyoming, is seriously ill. Corn will be but a half crop in Indiana this year. The cholera is rapidly spreading in the south of Spain. The President has approved the original package bill. Emperor William left England Friday for Heligoland. A total failure of the potato crop is imminent in Ireland. About 750 new buildings are being erected at Salt Lake City. An international congress of medical men is in session in Berlin. The island of Heligoland was turned over to the Germans on Saturday. The Kansas wheat yield has turned out much better than was feared. The great parade of Odd Fellows took place at Chicago on the 9th. Twenty miners were drowned the other day by the flooding of a Mexican mine. The backbone of the great strike on the New York Central railroad has been broken. Emperor William had a narrow escape from being run over in London the other day. One hundred and seventeen persons died from cholera in Mecca Tuesday. In Jeddah 79 died. The census supervisor reports the population of Utah at 233,659, an increase over 1880 of 80,236. First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson has tendered his resignation to take effect Sept. 1. The G. A. R. parade in Boston was a big affair. More prominent men participated in it than usual. The original package saloons of Kansas and Iowa have been closed as suddenly as they were started. The State National Bank of Wellington, Kansas, closed its doors Friday. The liabilities are about \$100,000. Ogden, Utah, is trying to secure a fight between Sullivan and Jackson. A purse of \$30,000 is offered, \$25,000 to the winner. John Boyle O'Reilly, editor of the Boston Pilot, died very suddenly at his summer home at Nantasket Beach last Sunday. Mr. Joseph R. Dunlop, editor of the Chicago Times, was married last week to Mrs. Wilbur F. Storey, widow of the former editor. Senator Plumb's resolution to remove the remains of General Grant to Arlington with the consent of his widow, has passed the Senate. All the union printers employed on the four daily papers of Los Angeles, Cal., are on a strike against a reduction of 20 per cent in their wages. A convention of 600 negroes was held at Salina, Kansas, last week, to decide upon a colored man as candidate for State Auditor on the Republican ticket. There was an enormous socialist demonstration in behalf of universal suffrage at Brussels last Sunday. Forty thousand persons took part in the parade. Three hundred sailors and marines have deserted from the men-of-war Chicago and Atlanta since they have been lying in New York harbor. The police have arrested fifty of them. The President has sent to Congress a letter from Gov. Steele, of Oklahoma, representing that great distress prevails among the residents of the Territory, and requesting that the attention of Congress be called to the fact. The Democrats of Wyoming have nominated George W. Baxter for Governor and George T. Beck for Congressman. The Republicans have nominated Francis E. Warren for Governor and Clarence D. Clark for Congressman. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding says that the department having decided that a laundryman is a laborer, a Chinaman who is the proprietor of a laundry would not, under the act of October 1, 1888, be allowed to re-land in the United States after visiting his native country. Charles Cosgrove, an aeronaut, was instantly killed Sunday afternoon while making a parachute descent at Portland, Oregon. Cosgrove made a successful ascension in the afternoon to a height of about 1,000 feet, at which distance the parachute was loosened. When about 200 feet from the ground he lost his hold and fell, landing on a paved street. He was mangled almost beyond recognition. The number of acres of taxable land in Kansas under cultivation is 2,917,005; not under cultivation, 5,795,110. The aggregate value of all taxable land is \$169,285,199.17; aggregate value of all town lots, \$72,874,878.70. The value of all personal property is \$49,750,913.33. The value of railroad property in the State that is taxable is \$347,716,632.34. The total tax levy is \$1,450,952.40. Shawnee County has the largest valuation, aggregating \$17,010,000.

PARADE OF THE G. A. R.

Lovely Weather and Great Crowds of Spectators Smile Upon the Old Veterans at Boston. BOSTON, Aug. 12.—The day opened perfectly for the Grand Army demonstrations. Light clouds obscured the sun's rays. The thermometer was 67 at 9 a. m., with a nice breeze. It is estimated that 100,000 strangers were in the city. Before 8 o'clock the roar of cannon from the fleet in the harbor announced that the Dispatch, with Secretary Tracy, Vice President Morton and General Sherman, was coming up the bay, and half an hour later another salute announced its arrival in the harbor. President Harrison breakfasted early, and shortly before 9 o'clock he received the Governor and State delegation, and the party took carriages and rode over a portion of the route of the parade to view the decorations. During the ride the President was the recipient of many expressions of good-will and respect from the crowds along the way. Meantime the formation of the great parade was proceeding on Commonwealth Avenue. The Common and the streets adjacent were black with marching hosts, while many thousand spectators witnessed the maneuvers from the public garden and every other spot in the neighborhood where space could be procured. There was an unexpected delay in the formation of the column, owing to the lateness of the arrival of some delegations and the difficulty of massing so large a force in such narrow quarters. The departments ranged on Commonwealth Avenue in the order of seniority, Illinois leading and Massachusetts at the receiving department, occupying the left of the line. At 11:30 a. m. all was ready, and Commander-in-Chief Alger, with a full staff of mounted men, escorted by the One Hundred and Thirtieth Massachusetts Cavalry and headed by a corp of mounted police, rode to the head of the Illinois department, the band struck up "God Bless the Soldiers," and at the command of the leader the greatest military street pageant ever seen in Boston began marching. At 10:20 strains of "Hail to the Chief" and rousing cheers announced the coming of the President, and a few minutes later a carriage drawn by four horses, drove hastily up and Governor Brackett sprang out, quickly followed by President Harrison. The second carriage bore Vice President Morton and Mayor Hart, followed by the carriages of Secretaries Noble, Proctor, Tracy, Rusk, Private Secretary Hallford, Admiral Girard, Governor Dillingham and staff of Vermont, Hon. Wm. McKinley, Hon. Cabot Lodge, General Daniel Sickles, Governor Davis of Rhode Island, ex-Governor Barlow and other prominent people. Scarcely had the applause which greeted the Presidential party subsided when there was a flutter of excitement, which broke into hearty cheers as the familiar face of Mrs. John A. Logan appeared above the sea of upturned faces. Mrs. Logan was accompanied by Mrs. Alger. These ladies were followed by Mrs. McKee, Lillian Nordica, the prima donna, and their hostess, Mrs. A. L. Coolidge. Mrs. McKee was the center of attraction, quite overshadowing her illustrious father in her fresh beauty. Miss Noble, accompanied by a friend, was also of the waiting party. The party broke into groups. Mr. Harrison entered into conversation with Mrs. Logan, gallantly handing her the small bouquet which he carried. Just as the chimes of new Trinity rung at 11 o'clock, a great cheer went up which simultaneously announced the arrival of General Butler. The appearance of General Alger, who rode a spirited bay, was the signal for the arising of Mr. Harrison and cabinet. As each department came in front of the stand, colors were dipped, hats raised, and in many instances rousing cheers given for the president, "Uncle Jerry" coming in for the lion's share of the attention when Wisconsin passed in review. At 1:30 p. m. a squad of mounted police, immediately followed by Commander-in-Chief R. A. Alger and staff, made their appearance in Adams Square. The commander and staff were received on the reviewing stand by General E. S. Butler and others. General Butler had been on the stand since 1 o'clock, having come over from Copely Square. Hardly had he taken his position in the reviewing stand, when the head of the procession came into sight. Generals Alger and Butler stood side by side saluting column after column as they passed. After the long march which the veterans had undergone, they braced themselves for a good appearance as they passed their commander and did finely. Some of the posts seemed to be in as fresh condition as when they started. Post C, of Chicago, gave the first cheers at a call of "Hurrah for our next President," and they were given heartily. Next came a call for "Three cheers for General Butler," from a Wisconsin post and they were given with a will. In fact, the honors were well divided between the two throughout the passing of the procession. On the appearance of the Pennsylvania posts with their battered battle flags, rousing cheers went up from the crowds on all hands. The entire parade was a series of ovations for all the departments along the line from scores of thousands of patriotic citizens. Clouds protected the marching veterans from the sun without wetting them, while the rain which had fallen last night made the streets as hard as a floor.

EXECUTED BY ELECTRICITY.

Death of the Murderer, Kemmler, at Auburn Penitentiary. The first man to be executed under the new law of New York State, which provides for the use of electricity in executing capital sentences, was William Kemmler. A number of invited guests, mostly doctors, were present at the hour for the execution—six o'clock. The stated hour had arrived and fifteen minutes more before Dr. Spitzka arrived with a case of instruments in hand. Drs. Shardy and Jenkins, of New York, were yet missing. They were yet at the hotel table. At 7 o'clock the 1,200 convicts would be marched out from the mess-room to the shops, and then the belting to operate the dynamo way down in the left of the marble shop could not be run on without the prisoners' knowledge that Kemmler was to die. No one could tell what spirit might be developed by the men in striped clothes if such knowledge was forced upon them. The agent and warden therefore grew momentarily more impatient. "Gentlemen, I will not wait any longer for those who are not here," he exclaimed at length, after peering a last time down to the iron gate. "This affair cannot be made subject to personal convenience, and I think it unfair to me that I should have been kept waiting until this hour. The party proceeded at once to the execution room where chairs were placed for the visitors. In the meantime Kemmler in his cell was being prepared for death. It was explained to him that he must have the top of his head shaved. The prisoner demurred. He had taken great pains dressing his hair, and besides, as he explained to the warden, he did not want to be disgraced. He wanted the people to see and know that he was not a man of repulsive appearance, as had been stated. Nevertheless his head was shaved and then the death warrant was read to him. Having been taken to the death chamber he was asked if he had anything to say before he died. His answer was: "Well, I wish everybody good luck in the world," he said in easy, steady tones, "and I'll go to a good place; and the papers have been saying lots of stuff about me that ain't so." The mask covered his eyes, grasped his chin and firmly pressed his forehead. "It was not well fitted," Kemmler said, and he spoke to direct its proper adjustment. "Do everything right, Mr. Dunston," said he, "and push down that more on top of my head." He referred to the electrode which was being fitted to the top of his head. It was done, seeming to push his head down between the shoulders while the mask was buckled back so tightly that the edge was buried in the skin of the nose and forehead. Once more he spoke, and they were his last words. "Well, I want to do the best I can; I can't do any better than that," he said. "God bless you, Kemmler, you have done well," spoke Dr. Spitzka, in his quick, nervous way, and there were plying tears in many eyes, and husky voices muttered: "You have, Kemmler, you have." Every strap had been tightened, each electrode had been pressed to the seat of life; the warden's deputy stepped back. There was a hush. The warden inquired of Drs. McDonald and Spitzka how long the current should be maintained in Kemmler's body. The first response was twenty seconds, which was almost instantly changed to ten seconds. "Very well, gentlemen," responded the warden, and he moved toward the door of his secret room. And at that moment Dr. Fell of Buffalo, who made the death-chair, was dropping water from a bulb syringe through a long rubber tube into the electrode sponges. The warden reappeared from the ante-room. "Well, everything is ready," he said, while he faced the death chair, six feet away. The bound man in the chair had heard every word. His hands were clinched and rigid. He awaited the shock. The hour was 6 o'clock and 48 1/2 minutes. The warden turned and nodded his head to some one who stood in the secret room at the fatal switch. There was a convulsive start of the bound figure in the chair, a little "squeaking sound of straining straps, breathless watchers with every sense bent upon the moveless wretch bound head and foot, and no sound save bird songs in the bright sunshine outside the windows. Drs. Spitzka and Dr. Shardy drawn by deep interest almost unconsciously from their places, moved on tiptoe to places by the chair. But all was still and no one spoke. Every faculty was contributing to that of vision. Such a scene there never was on earth before. No man had ever before died thus by the deliberate purpose of his fellow man. After the convulsive start that marked the stroke of lightning upon Kemmler, there was no movement of muscle or twitch of nerve. The features from bridge of nose to chin seem to have been pursued up as one facing a sleety storm or of one breathing a powerful dust wind. But was it death? Who should say? The law demanded that the current of electricity should be maintained against the vitals until death should come. But what should tell when death had come? The men of science believed that the nerve centers were being beaten as with heavy hammers at the rate of 280 times each second. They thought the blood was becoming by mechanical change, fluidized and useless to sustain life. And so they watched and listened in the silent room—five, ten, fifteen, seventeen seconds. "There, that's enough, take off the cur-

rent," said the warden's chosen physician, Spitzka, and the warden passed the word within the adjoining room, where someone had turned on the current and where the same one cut it off. Then spoke the doctors: "There," he exclaimed, as he strode away from the chair, to a knot of witnesses at the other end of the room, "there is the culmination of ten years' work and study. We live in a higher civilization from this day." But even while he spoke, a quick, sharp cry went up from those yet closely watching about the silent figure in the chair. There had been a movement in the breast of the man whom all believed had died one minute and forty-seven seconds before. Soon there was another movement, accompanied by a sudden gasp, and then the breast began to heave with long, deep, stertorous respirations. "Start the current, start the current, again," shouted Dr. Spitzka. All crowded about the chair and watched the laboring wretch whose breast, despite the broad tight bands about him, was rising and falling with strong force. The doctors declared, however, that the man was beyond consciousness, and some thought the action which had started and sent the warden away with a white face to order the current renewed, was only a reflex muscular action. Not so. Meantime Mr. G. G. Linn, of Washington, D. C., had fainted and lay upon a bench where he was being fanned. This spectacle was continued from 6:45 to 6:51. Then there came again to the figure in the chair another shock in which the straps were strained again. The lungs, however, filled again and again while the current was pouring through the unconscious body. At 6:51 smoke was observed curling up from Kemmler's back. "He's burning," shouted one of them. "Cut off the current," cried another. "There's no use keeping up the current longer," said some one else. Again the warden gave the signal to open the switch, and the body in the chair, surcharged with four distinct shocks that had been given it, developed no further movement. And the murderer was dead.

A Feud in Western Colorado.

News has reached Glenwood Springs of a battle between two parties of men near the head of Muddy creek, near the corners of Pitkin, Gunnison and Garfield Counties. In that wild and almost uninhabited region is situated the ranch of Thomas Welch and his son. The land lies in the form of a park and is sown to grass. Welch claims about 400 acres, but a neighbor named Alex Labelle has for some time disputed Welch's title to a part of the land. Last fall Labelle, who is a French-Canadian, erected a cabin on the land, and this season began cultivating part of it. This began the trouble which led to the awful sequel of yesterday. Tuesday afternoon Labelle and his hired men, consisting of H. D. Jones, who brought the information to town, Charles Major, E. Harvest, Charles Perham and Pete Small, entered the park for the purpose of cutting the grass on the land claimed by Labelle. All were armed, as trouble had been anticipated for some time with the Welch party. Immediately upon entering the park they were fired upon by Welch, his son and three others. Jones claims an ambuscade was set by Welch and his men, and that they opened fire without warning and were concealed behind boulders and trees. The firing was promptly returned, notwithstanding the disadvantages labored under by Labelle's party, and a terrible duel ensued, some three hundred shots being exchanged. When the firing ceased and the combatants withdrew, Alex Labelle and Thomas Welch, the son of the owner of the ranch, were found dead. Charles Perham was shot through the right lung and left thigh, and sustained a flesh wound in the back. He will undoubtedly die. Pete Small received a serious wound through the shoulder and was also shot in the arm. Welch has the reputation of being a very dangerous individual. Laving "planted," it is said, two or three men in his time. His son, though only about 16 years of age, it is said, was a "chip of the old block" and was extremely handy with his gun. Those who know Welch best think he will make a determined resistance against arrest. Last Monday afternoon Sheriff Harvey of Kiowa County received a telegram stating that William Lotz, a German, had stolen a mule in Pueblo that morning, that he was headed this way and to arrest him if possible. A close watch was kept, and at 9 o'clock he rode into Arlington stating that he was looking for stray mules. He bought feed for his mules, ate his supper at a restaurant and went to the shipping yards one mile south of town to camp for the night. In town he was identified, and word was immediately sent to the sheriff that he had appeared. The sheriff immediately organized a posse of four deputies and repaired to his camping place. He stationed his men so that the thief could not escape, and waited for him to show himself. About 1 o'clock he got up and started to lead the mule out of the yard. As soon as he appeared he was halted by the sheriff who covered him with a six-shooter. The thief answered with two shots from a revolver. Then commenced a battle in which the posse fired nine shots and the thief five. Just as he fired the last shot he fell and was dead in a few minutes. None of the posse were hit.

CONGRESSIONAL

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 6.

SENATE.—The Senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Morgan's amendment to the paragraph in regard to iron ore. Mr. Gorman resumed his argument. Mr. Gorman spoke at great length in favor of the reduction of the duty on Bessemer ore, having, in the course of his remarks, colloquies with Mr. Sherman, Mr. Culom, Mr. Spooner, Mr. Blair, Mr. Dawes and other Senators. Mr. Gorman moved to amend by reducing the duty on iron ore from 75 to 50 cents per ton. Mr. Plumb moved to amend the amendment by making the rate 60 cents per ton. The amendment was rejected—yeas 21, nays 29. Messrs. Dawes, Ingalls, Paddock and Plumb voted aye with the Democrats, and Mr. Payne was paired with a Democrat—Mr. Barbo. Mr. Read presented the conference report on the "original package bill." The report was the bill exactly as it passed the Senate, and is disented from by Mr. Oates, of Alabama, one of the conferees. After debate the conference report was adopted—yeas 130, nays 98. The House then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Payson, of Illinois in the chair), on the general deficiency bill. Without disposing of the bill the committee rose and the House adjourned. THURSDAY, AUGUST 7. SENATE.—The tariff bill occupied most of the morning session. The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was reported by Senator Allison, and went over until it should be presented. Mr. Hoar, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported a substitute for the election bill and it was placed on the order. The minority of the committee, he said, dissented from the report. Mr. Frye gave notice that he would not ask the Senate to take up the river and harbor bill until Friday of next week. Mr. Mitchell said he was hoping that the consideration of the tariff bill will be practically finished with the next week. Mr. Mitchell expressed his regret at the postponement of the river and harbor bill. Important works were now stopped in Oregon, and he would give preference to the river and harbor bill rather than to the tariff bill. Mr. Edmunds would not consent to any arrangements that would displace the tariff bill until it was ended for good or evil. The conference report on the fortification bill was presented but went over without action, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned. HOUSE.—A resolution was adopted calling for the Postmaster General for copies of agreements for the transportation of mails between the United States and foreign countries, the conditions upon which the awards are made and rates of payment. The House went into committee of the whole on the general deficiency bill. FRIDAY, AUGUST 8. SENATE.—The Senate passed Senator Plumb's concurrent resolution providing for the transfer, with Mrs. Grant's consent, of the remains of General Grant from New York to Arlington Cemetery. The conference report on the fortification bill was taken up for consideration. After discussion it was agreed to. The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was then taken and the action of the conference committee on the subject of the bridge and viaduct at Rock Island (declining to require the municipality to share the expense and ownership) was adopted and condemned by Mr. Edmunds, who contrasted the liberality of the committee with its meanness and parsimony in refusing to the widow of a dead chief justice the balance of his salary. A further conference was ordered on the tariff bill, which had been postponed, and Messrs. Allison, Hale and Gorman were reappointed conferees on the part of the Senate. The tariff bill was then taken up, the pending paragraph being No. 134, page 27, as to hoop, band, scroll or other iron, steel to which Mr. Butler had offered yesterday an amendment (in place of Mr. Cook's) providing that such hoops used for making cotton shall be taxed at the rate of 35 per cent valorem, the present rate. The bill went over without action on the cotton amendment. A joint resolution was passed to accept from the national equipment of the pedestal of the Republic at New York, erected in the late Gen. U. S. Grant, to be erected in the capital. The Senate then adjourned. HOUSE.—Consideration of the general deficiency bill was resumed and finally passed by the House. The session was spent in a squabble over the rules. SATURDAY, AUG. 9. SENATE.—Mr. Hoar offered the following resolution, which was referred to the committee: Resolved, That the rules of the Senate be amended by adding the following: When any bill or resolution shall have been under consideration for a reasonable time in order for any Senator to demand that debate thereon be closed, if such demand be seconded by a majority of the Senators present the question shall forthwith be taken thereon without further debate, and the pending measure shall thereupon be taken. If the demand be not seconded, the question shall be put upon the pending amendments, upon amendments which notice shall then be given, and upon such motions shall have been lost or shall have failed of a second it shall not be in order to renew the same until one Senator shall have spoken upon the pending measures or one vote upon the same shall have been recorded. The tariff bill was then taken up. HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, (by unanimous consent) the Senate joint resolution was passed accepting from the G. A. R. a statue of General U. S. Grant. The House then proceeded under the special order to the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill. Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, commented upon the extraordinary rule which took the Senate amendments out of the committee of the whole, and provided that the House should vote in bulk upon 101 amendments. Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, approved the resolution. Defending the Speaker from attacks made upon him, he said that the presiding officer was impartial and courteous. He knew that he was

able, and he desired to say that no man occupying the chair by permission of a Democratic House had ever occupied that chair with more integrity, more manliness or more fidelity to the public good than the man whom the Republicans of this House had honored by their votes. For integrity, for manhood, for impartiality, he was willing to put the Speaker in comparison with those whom the Democrats had honored in days gone by. The Republicans had no apologies to make, here or elsewhere, for the votes they had cast for Thomas E. Reed. (Republican applause.) The vote then returned upon the motion to re-concur in the Senate amendments. This was agreed to—yeas 159, nays 1. The House then adjourned.

MONDAY, AUGUST 11.

SENATE.—After routine business the tariff bill was taken up. Mr. Sherman spoke of the little progress that was being made with the bill. Nearly three weeks, he said, had been spent upon it, and not one-fifth of it had been disposed of. Unless Senators on the other side would be satisfied with one vote upon a question, and would then go right along, the Senate would have to continue in perpetual session. He did not wish to see any change in the rules of the Senate if it could be avoided. But there was a duty imposed upon the majority. It was responsible for the delay, although it did not cause the delays. Senators would have to perceive as sensible men that some time or other the majority would have to take the responsibility of limiting debate. Mr. Teller said that as to the question of haste in passing the bill, he was not disposed to deny his opponents a fair and free discussion. He was willing to stay and discuss the tariff question, or allow it to be discussed, because he believed the American people wanted to know whether the bill was a proper revision of the tariff. If it occupied the Senate till December the Senators could not complain, unless there was an undue consumption of time. HOUSE.—The House proceeded to the consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. After a brief debate, in the course of which Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, predicted a deficiency of between \$20,000,000 and \$28,000,000 in the revenue of the government during the current fiscal year, the conference report was agreed to and a further conference ordered upon the amendments still in dispute. The floor was then accorded to the committee on the District of Columbia and conferring certain privileges on the Baltimore and Potomac railway was taken up, but without action upon it the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 12.

SENATE.—Mr. Edmunds presented his motion for a change of rules by limiting debate on the tariff bill. Laid on the table and ordered printed. Mr. Blair also offered a resolution for such change of rules as will permit the previous question to be moved after the proposition has been considered for two days, and the same disposition was made of it. The tariff bill was then taken up, the pending question being on Mr. Vest's amendment (offered yesterday), reducing the duty on tin plates from 2 cents per pound to 1 cent, the present rate. Without action upon it, the Senate, after an executive session, adjourned. HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. Hutcheon, of Mississippi, the Senate amendments were non-concurred in to the House bill for the establishment of a national park at the battlefield of Chickamauga, and Mr. Grosvenor, Mr. Snyder and Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, were appointed conferees. On motion of Mr. Dingley, a resolution was adopted for the arrest of the absent members. The Senate bill was passed extending the time of payment to purchasers of land of the Omaha tribe of Indians in Nebraska. The House then adjourned.

UNFORTUNATE KANSAS.

Prairie Fires Destroying What the Sun had not Burned Up. That which the Kansas farmers have feared has come to pass. Prairie fires are devastating the western counties of the State and are spreading in spite of the most strenuous efforts of the people to check them. In Ford and Edwards counties the fires appear to break out from spontaneous combustion, and they burn so fiercely that they sweep over large tracts of country, leaving nothing but the bare ground in their track. In the northern part of Ford County, a tract twenty miles square was burned over inside of two hours after the flames started. The cornfields are like so much tinder, and when the fire strikes one edge of a field it passes through it with the quickness of a flash of lightning. Nearly all the farmers are preparing for the advent of fire by burning patches around their homes, and this has proven to be a wise precaution in the case of Francis E. Clark, who lives in the northeast corner of the county. When the farmers began to patrol the country for the purpose of preventing fires, Clark strongly advocated the protection of each house by burning a strip around the buildings. He thus protected his own property. On Friday a fire was started about ten miles northeast of Dodge City and rapidly made its way before the southwest wind. Clark's house stood in the center of a large field of corn which was dried yellow by the sun's action. A space of about one hundred feet had been cleared around the houses and the ground was perfectly bare. When the fire reached the corn it was but an instant until it had passed clear across the field and the house stood in the center of a roaring mass of flames. It took the constant efforts of the entire family to prevent the houses from catching and for two hours the fight was continued. Dozens of times the roof or sides of either the house or outbuildings were on fire and when the danger was over the house had the appearance of having received a coat of black paint. Two fine colts and a cow that were in a lot broke away and fled before the fire and their charred bodies were found in the field after the flames had passed. Reports from these fires come from all parts of the counties mentioned, and in many instances there have been hair-breadth escapes from loss of life. So far there has been no loss of either life of people or of buildings, but in numerous instances the live stock has been destroyed in addition to the total destruction of crops of all kinds.

Democratic Ticket.

Lincoln District, Lincoln, Chaves and Eddy Counties.

For Comptroller, G. A. RICHARDSON, of Roswell. For Representative, W. C. McDONALD, of White Oaks.

CHAVES COUNTY TICKET.

For Commissioners, E. T. STONE, A. B. ALLEN, WALTER P. CHISUM.

For Sheriff, C. C. FOUNTAIN. For Treasurer, JAMES SUTHERLAND.

For Assessor, C. B. MCCARTY. For Supt. of Schools, JAMES W. MULLENS.

For Probate Clerk, FRANK H. LEE. For Probate Judge, F. WILLIAMS.

For Coroner, T. A. MCKINNEY.

Make another prediction: Inside of one year the foot of the iron horse will be heard in Roswell.

Next year Roswell will hold the first Pecos Valley Fair. It is not too early now to commence the work of preparation for it, either.

This Deming Headlight sarcastically remarks: "There are worse fellows than those who control the Republican party in New Mexico—but they are rare."

The ROSSIER is bound to keep before the country the facts that the Great Pecos Valley is the coming country and that Roswell is 'The Pride of the Pecos.'

Don't forget, gentlemen, in the heat of election trials and tribulations, that the interests of the town of Roswell and the Great Pecos Valley must not be neglected for one moment!

The Roswell brass band is an organization which must be encouraged and commended on every possible occasion. It is one of the institutions of the town, and we couldn't well get along without it.

As soon as we get our through line of railroad connecting us with Albuquerque, the Pecos Valley will furnish all northern New Mexico and southern Colorado with early watermelons, garden truck fruits, etc. Mark the prediction.

When a man sells out his business, good will and all, for a good round sum, on account of "ill health," and then turns around and uses the money for embarking in the same business, and in trying to "down" the party he sells out to, is he to be considered an honorable gentleman?

It is reported that the Commissioner of the Land Office has issued an order stopping all entries in the arid regions, in accordance with the Attorney General's opinion on the act of Oct. 2, 1888. This is probably done for the purpose of forcing the present Congress to repeal the obnoxious act at once.

The Democratic tickets, both District and County, will be elected by a good voting majority, if the true Democrats will do their duty. The chances are good for electing a Democratic Legislature in New Mexico this fall, and if the Lincoln District does her duty she will have two Democratic legislators in that body which will be a credit and a material benefit to our section.

ROSWELL and Eddy are the twin sisters of the Pecos Valley, the one the Pride, the other the Pearl. The Roswellites hope that the beauty of the Pride and the lustre of the Pearl will never fade. Let us have no jealous bickerings, either, in future. What we need is the development and advancement of the entire valley. The interests of the two towns will not materially clash. There is plenty of room for both of them to make prosperous, bustling cities, and this they are both bound to do.

The people of the arid region are apparently very slow in their comprehension of the situation in regard to the act of 1888. That act, if enforced according to the decision of the Attorney General, will ruin the arid region, or at least give us a set-back that we cannot recover from in ten years. Right now the investment of half a million dollars (private capital) in an enterprise for reclaiming 350,000 acres of desert land adjacent to Roswell, is being retarded owing to the decision. There are hundreds of other enterprises of the same kind that are being delayed, if not abandoned. The people of the arid region must be up and doing if they wish to accomplish anything. And the press of the section most injured has been strangely silent on the subject.

"There is not a section of life in this territory (McKinney) bill that will open a market for another bushel of wheat or another barrel of pork." From James G. Blaine's letter to Senator Frye.

GOOD NEWS.

G. A. Richardson has received a letter from Hon. A. Joseph, dated Aug. 14, saying that the petition for increase of mail service between Seven Rivers and Roswell, was indorsed by him and he had recommended that it be granted. So we will undoubtedly soon have another daily mail line connecting us with the outside world. Mr. Joseph's letter winds up with a most important postscript, containing great good news for our people. It says: "The act of Oct. 2, 1888, in relation to reservoirs and canals, will undoubtedly be repealed at this session of Congress."

Our people should organize a Roswell Sanitary and Street Improvement club, to which every citizen should belong and take an active interest in. There will be plenty of strangers in Roswell during the next few months, and many of them will be capitalists seeking locations for profitable investments. If we can succeed in making a favorable impression upon them, our chances for inducing them to invest here will be materially advanced. Let us organize, keep our streets, back yards alleys and ditches clean, control the water flowing through the town, keep streets graded up, plant out more shade trees, and protect those now growing. The cost will be repaid a thousand fold in increased property values, to say nothing of increased healthfulness and comfort, besides the favorable impression we will make upon our visitors. We have all the natural advantages for making a large and prosperous city. If we do not improve them no one will suffer so much as ourselves, whilst other towns will profit by our neglect.

They Will Not Fail.

From the Santa Fe New Mexican. Mr. J. J. Hagerman, the organizer of New Mexico's latest railway enterprise, the Pecos Northern railroad, is a man of remarkable success, and that road will surely be built. Mr. Hagerman was the projector of the Colorado Midland road, an engineering wonder that has attracted the attention of the world, as it tunneled miles of rocks and pierced the very clouds in order to give the mining camps of Colorado a standard gauge outlet for their ores. Many predicted its failure when it commenced but had to applaud the men who carried it through in the end. For the past two years Mr. Hagerman has joined forces with Hon. C. B. Eddy in the Pecos Valley and there these gentlemen have scored a triumph none the less great than that achieved by Mr. Hagerman in Colorado, for the desert has been made to more than blossom at their bidding. Having conquered the mountains and the plains, it seems that Mr. Hagerman is the proper man now to undertake the tying together of the mountains and the gulf. Already his forces are at work constructing the Pecos Valley railroad to Eddy and when that is finished, November 5 next, the chances are that all the details for continuing the construction of the road into northern New Mexico will have been completed. Such men Messrs. Hagerman and Eddy know no such word as fail.

AN INTERESTING INTERVIEW.

A Lincoln, N. M., Gentleman Talks About the Pecos Ditch. From the Albuquerque Citizen. When a good man from New Mexico visits the east and a newspaper reporter asks him about the news pertaining to his territory he usually gives out for publication encouraging reports, as for instance read what the Chicago Post gleaned from Dr. W. S. Block, of Lincoln, who was recently on a visit to that city: "One of the largest—if not the largest—irrigation ditches known is rapidly nearing completion in the southwestern part of my territory. The speaker was Dr. W. S. Block, of Lincoln, N. M., who is stopping at the Leland hotel. "This ditch starts just above the town of Eddy, 150 miles from Lincoln. The ditch extends from the starting point in two directions, one arm reaching forty-five miles out and the other arm 75 miles. The top width of the ditch is 150 feet, the bottom 120 feet, and the depth, I think, is twenty feet. From these two arms lateral ditches will be dug as fast as land is taken up by settlers. You see this land can be bought for \$1.25 an acre. The cost of irrigation is \$2.50 an acre for the digging of the lateral and \$1.50 an acre per year for the water. This makes the land itself cost \$5.25 an acre, although the purchaser after paying 25 cents an acre to the government has five years in which to pay the \$1 balance. From the lateral running through a man's land sub-laterals may be dug, as many as the owner of the land pleases to dig, the contract with the irrigation company being that the company shall furnish all the water the lessee may desire. Should the water supply stop the company is liable for heavy damages. But there is little likelihood of there ever being any shortage, much less stoppage of water, as the Pecos River, from which the water is obtained is large and inexhaustible. The two arms of the ditch have cost \$1,000,000, and the dam for storing water cost \$500,000. The course is through Pecos Valley, at present dry and unproductive, but designed when the ditch is in full operation to be one of the most fruitful spots in the country. The soil is exactly like that of Salt River Valley where 600,000 acres, formerly arid, have by irrigation been transformed into fertile farms and orchards, and a like transformation is in store for the Pecos Valley."

I sympathize with the wanderer, with the vagrant out of employment, with the sad, weary man seeking work. When I see one of the men, poor and friendless, no matter how bad he is, I think that somebody loved him once; that he was once held in the arms of a mother, that he slept beneath her loving eyes and wakened in the light of her smiles. I see him in the cradle listening to lullabies soft and low, and his little face is dimpled as though by rosy fingers of joy. And then think of the strange and wandering paths, and weary roads that he has traveled from that mother's arms to vagrancy and want.—Ingersoll.

Hon. Leonidas J. Moore, one of the most prominent Republicans of North Carolina, thus defines himself on the Forum: "For twenty years past in every election, both national and state, I have cast my ballots for the Republican party. I have continued in the same old course. The time has come, however, in my judgment, when no man who lives in the South can longer affiliate with the Republican party without an utter indifference to the welfare and well-being of the whole people of the Southern states. The legislation of the present Congress has been such as to convince me of a man of sense that if the South does not, to a man, resist the encroachment of the Republican party upon its rights and interests very soon we will be but provinces, so to speak, and the general legislation of the Republic will not apply to us."

Notice for Publication. LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., Aug. 15, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Monday, Sept. 20, 1890, viz: William S. Prager, Hd. No. 1783, (R. S.) for the W 1/2 N 1/4, Sec. 22, T. 33, R. 22 E., Tp. 11 S., R. 22 E.

MORE LOCAL ITEMS.

—Chas. B. Eddy, J. C. Lea, James F. Hinkle, Pat Coghlan, and Courty Bennett are well known names on the U. S. grand jury list for the next term of court at Las Cruces. On the petit jury list appear the names of Ph. Motherhill, Chas. Fritz, J. B. Mathews and E. W. Parker.

It appears that there is only \$75 left of the fund appropriated for the feeding of jurors in murder cases, consequently Judge McPhee has determined to try no more murder cases in any counties in this district, unless the county commissioners will agree to pay the necessary bills incurred. If they should refuse to do this and they undoubtedly will in cases where defendants are out on bail, there will be few, if any, murder trials at the fall terms of court in the counties composing this district.—Las Cruces Republican.

BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NOTES.

D. J. Gorman's residence, adjoining the M. E. church, is nearing completion. It is a neat, roomy building, and will be nicely finished.

It is reported that several nice houses will be built on the heights across the river, to keep the homes of Messrs. Sparks and Wilson company. W. H. Guyse will probably be the first to commence work.

The school house foundation is finished. We are going to have a building that we will not be ashamed of. It will cost nearly \$5,000, besides the furniture and school apparatus, which will all be of the latest approved patterns.

Jaffa, Prager & Co. now sport a fine new sign on the front of their building. If they take good care of it, it will be almost pretty enough to adorn their two-story brick front when it is erected.

The new restaurant building, adjoining Barnett & Sutherland's new livery stable, is fast approaching completion. It has a neat brick front, and that's what makes it a noteworthy improvement.

—Excavating for the dam at the big headgate of the P. I. & I. Co's Northern canal near Roswell, has been commenced. Trotter & Daniel are already busy building the headgate wood work.

The brick work on the Court House has actually been commenced, and will be pushed along as fast as the limited supply of brick layers can do the work. More bricklayers are expected in a few days.

BUSINESS POINTERS.

* Barnett, Sutherland & Co. now have their new brick-front stable in good running order, and are ready to accommodate the public. They have the best of various kinds of good horses, and will treat you right in every way.

* Dr. A. A. Bearup desires to inform the people of Roswell that he will leave in a few days to fulfill his engagements at Eddy. Those desiring his services should call at once.

* When you come to Roswell, put your horses in Barnett, Sutherland & Co's stables. They will receive the best of attention, and the charges will be reasonable.

Mr. Joseph has reconsidered his intention of retiring from politics, and will be a candidate for re-nomination before the Silver City convention. His admirable record in congress makes him a mighty hard man to beat for nomination or election.—Albuquerque Democrat.

Mr. Joseph is in a position to do more for New Mexico, than any other man who can be sent to Washington. He is experienced, is held in high esteem by members of the House, of both parties, and he rarely fails to get what he asks for. We are aware that it distresses the Republican leaders to see Democrats united upon Mr. Joseph, but really, we feel that we must look to the best interests of the Territory, even at the risk of defeating the Republican nominee.—Deming Headlight.

Hon. Leonidas J. Moore, one of the most prominent Republicans of North Carolina, thus defines himself on the Forum: "For twenty years past in every election, both national and state, I have cast my ballots for the Republican party. I have continued in the same old course. The time has come, however, in my judgment, when no man who lives in the South can longer affiliate with the Republican party without an utter indifference to the welfare and well-being of the whole people of the Southern states. The legislation of the present Congress has been such as to convince me of a man of sense that if the South does not, to a man, resist the encroachment of the Republican party upon its rights and interests very soon we will be but provinces, so to speak, and the general legislation of the Republic will not apply to us."

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Notice for Publication. LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., Aug. 15, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Friday, Oct. 5, 1890, viz: Charles S. McCarty, pre-emption D. S. 23 (R. S.) for the W 1/2 N 1/4, Sec. 22, T. 33, R. 22 E., Tp. 11 S., R. 22 E.

Bulls and Milch Cows.

I have for sale at my farm 3 and 1/2 miles southeast of Roswell, from thirty to fifty bull calves, ready for service spring 91. These are from Shorthorn cows by Pedigreed Hereford bulls. Also some choice milch cows. These are extra good cattle and I will make prices to suit the times. Address: Jno. W. Poe, Roswell, N. M. 30-10 w

Wanted 500 Men.

The Rio Grande Southern Railroad Company, of Colorado, is engaged in the construction of its railroad from Durango to Rico, Telluride and Dallas, and Carleton & Westbyco who have the contract for the grading desires to secure five hundred men to work. The wages are \$2 per day, and board is \$5 per week. Free transportation from Las Vegas to the work, and for all men who work faithfully until October 25th, free transportation to return to Elmhurst will be furnished. I will personally guarantee that Carleton & Westbyco will keep their engagements. Apply to me at East Las Vegas, N. M. PHILIP HOLZMAN.

T. A. MCKINNEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, ROSWELL, N. M.

Does a general practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics. Office at Zimmerman's Drug Store. Charges reasonable.

G. A. RICHARDSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROSWELL, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

F. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law, ROSWELL, N. M.

Associated with W. B. Mathews, Washington, D. C. as Land and Mineral Agent, and Solicitor of Patents, and Government Claims.

LUICUS DILLS, Attorney at Law, ROSWELL, N. M.

E. H. SKIPWORTH, Physician and Surgeon, ROSWELL, N. M.

Walter E. Sparks, Real Estate & Insurance, ROSWELL, N. M.

Makes investments, looks after property of non-residents, pays taxes, makes collections and prompt remittances.

TEXAS HOUSE, Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

M. C. NETTLETON, THE ALBUQUERQUE JEWELER.

—DEALER IN— Fine Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Solid Silverware, Clocks, Etc., Etc.

Fine Watch Repairing and Diamond Setting. Manufacturer of Filligree Jewelry. WATCH INSPECTOR FOR A. T. & S. F. R. R. ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY FILLED.

Fence Your Farms!

We are now prepared to furnish WOVEN WIRE FENCE,

That will turn anything from a rabbit to a cow at REASONABLE PRICES. Examine our fence and get our terms.

G. W. & J. A. DONALDSON, Roswell, N. M.

Notice for Publication. LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., Aug. 12, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Saturday, Sept. 27, 1890, viz: Zack Light, pre-emption D. S. No. 78, (R. S.) for the N 1/2 Sec. 20, Tp. 17 S., R. 22 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas Runyan, Zack Light, Joseph Beasley, David Runyan, all of Seven Rivers, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBMAN, Register.

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas Runyan, Zack Light, Joseph Beasley, David Runyan, all of Seven Rivers, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBMAN, Register.

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles B. Grant, Charles C. Perry, Nathan Jaffa, Leslie M. Long, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBMAN, Register.

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SHIELDS & MERMOD, Real Estate and Insurance Brokers.

FARMING LANDS A SPECIALTY. Agents for Pecos Valley Lands. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

J. H. MORRISON, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

Will buy and sell Lands; Rent houses and collect rents. Investments made and taxes paid for non-residents.

GARRETT & HILL, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

WILL FURNISH Plans and Specifications. ESTIMATES MADE ON MECHANICAL WORK. We have now on hand a good line of home made Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, Desks and Cupboards. Call and see for yourself.

GO TO JORDAN & BLACKWOOD'S SENATE SALOON.

—FOR— Good Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

LINCOLN HOTEL, LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.

Beautiful Gardens and Surroundings; old Shade Trees, Mountain air and Scenery. Strictly First-Class

HOTEL AND HEALTH RESORT, Thoroughly remodeled, refurnished and enlarged, offers to the traveling public and Health Seekers superior accommodations and comforts. Vegetables, Fruits and Milk, from our own farm.

WHELAN & CO., Proprietors.

Drugs, Stationery & Toilet Articles.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED. J. A. GILMORE.

WHITE & HUGHES, Tonsorial & Art Parlors.

Shop on Main Street. Hot and Cold Baths WORK FIRST-CLASS. CHARGES REASONABLE. Clothing cleaned and repaired neatly and cheaply. Roswell, N. M.

HODSOLL'S Photographic & Art Gallery

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty. Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon. All Work Guaranteed.

Yee Wah Lee Laundry, JOE YUNG, Proprietor.

All kinds of laundry work done in a first class manner. MAIN ST., ROSWELL, N. M.

DAVIS & SLACK, Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.

Custom Work Solicited. Fine Steel Work A Specialty. ROSWELL, N. M.

MILNE & BUSH LAND AND CATTLE CO.

Postoffice, Lincoln county, N. M. Range on the Pecos and Berrendo rivers. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Bar marks sometimes reversed.

LEA CATTLE COMPANY.

J. C. LEA, Manager. M. Atkins, Range Foreman. P. O. Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range on the Pecos and Berrendo rivers. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Bar marks sometimes reversed.

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Beautiful Gardens and Surroundings; old Shade Trees, Mountain air and Scenery. Strictly First-Class

EDGAR B. BRONSON, President. CHAS. B. EDDY, Vice President. WM. H. AUSTIN, Cashier.

The El Paso National Bank OF TEXAS.

Capital, \$150,000. - Surplus, \$60,000.

United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Roswell Register.

ROSWELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M.
Meets on the first Saturday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. W. S. PRAGER, W. M. FRANK H. LEA, Secretary.

SPRING RIVER LODGE, No. 10, K. of P.
Meets the first and second Fridays of each month at Castle Hill. Visiting Knights respectfully invited to attend. W. J. SCOTT, K. of H. S.

Announcement.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Chaves County subject to the voice of the People at the polls in November. SCOTT JORDAN.

Announcement.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate before the People of Chaves County, at the ensuing November election, for the office of Probate Clerk. SCOTT THURTON.

Announcement.
We are authorized and requested to announce E. P. (Neighbor) Guyse as an independent candidate before the People at the coming November election for the office of Probate Clerk.

Announcement.
Believing I can serve the interest of Chaves County, for the office of Assessor, I respectfully announce myself as a candidate before the People at the ensuing November election. L. M. LONG.

LOCAL NEWS AND VIEWS.

—We had a welcome rain yesterday afternoon.

—Say, boys, who was it that got lost on their way from the dance?

—Capt. P. F. Garrett authorizes the REGISTER to withdraw his announcement as a candidate for sheriff of Chaves County.

—The Bank of Roswell is still improving its interior arrangements. Hand-some new curtains with neat lettering on them, are the latest.

Do you want to help the Pecos Valley and your town? If so, subscribe for as many copies of THE REGISTER as you can afford and have them sent to your friends in the north and east.

—The testimony in the big land case, J. A. Erwin vs. J. C. Lea, guardian for Harry W. and Ella Lea, was closed Monday noon, after a siege of six and one-half days. The decision of the Register and Receiver has not yet been given.

—A cowboy named Walter Brookings, working for the Milne-Bush Co., was brought in Thursday from the roundup, near the head of South Spring River, with a broken leg, caused by a horse falling with him. Dr. Skipwith is attending him and the chances for a speedy recovery are good.

—At the Republican primary held at Roswell last Tuesday, J. A. Erwin was elected chairman and W. E. Sparks secretary. The following delegates to the district convention, to be held here today, were selected: Thos. Long, A. C. Rogers, W. S. Coburn, M. L. Pierce and W. E. Sparks. The delegates were sent unaccompanied.

—The Republicans of Lincoln county met at Lincoln Wednesday and nominated the following ticket: Probate Clerk, George Sena; Treasurer, Wm. Rosner; Judge, Jose Montano; Supt. of Schools, N. W. Lane. The Democratic candidate for Sheriff, Capt. D. W. Roberts, was endorsed by the convention.

—The Lincoln county Democrats met in convention last week and nominated the following ticket: Probate Judge, M. Cronin; Sheriff, D. W. Roberts; Probate Clerk, Will Taliaferro; Assessor, George Curry; Treasurer, Sipi Salazar; Supt. of Schools, J. E. Wharton; Commissioners, J. F. Hinkle, of Penasco, Paul Mayer, of White Oaks, and Roman Lujan, of Lincoln. There was considerable wrangling over the nomination for sheriff, but otherwise the convention was harmonious.

There was a dance given at the residence of Mr. Lib Rainbolt, two miles from town, which is said by all who were present to have been the best dance of the season. Several of the town boys were in attendance and vow that they have "got Uncle Lib's gait" for all the dances he may treat them to in the future. Everyone present took hold as if their lives depended upon it and dancing prevailed till the "wee sma' hours."

—A lot of Mexicans were in from the ditch camp last Sunday and were found to have six-shooters on. Deputy Sheriff Wright "took them in"—that is three of them—and Justice Morrison promptly gave them a hearing Monday morning and by Monday afternoon they were on their way to Lincoln to serve out a 60 day's sentence in the county jail. Deputy Wright, accompanied by E. F. Barnett and Mr. McGuire, took them up. The names of the victims of misplaced six-shooters are Maseciano Reyes, Nestor Ochoa and Fernando Castenado.

It was a saying of Peter Cooper, the philanthropist, that "in all towns where a newspaper is published every man should advertise in it, even if nothing more than a card, stating the business he is engaged in." It not only pays the advertiser, but lets the people at a distance know that the town you live in is a prosperous community of business men.

NOTICES.

F. G. Tracy, who has charge of the affairs of the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. at Roswell, now has his office at Lucius Dille's law office, where he will transact business for the company. 39-4f

* Fish poles,—a lot of elegant ones—just received at Jaffa, Prager & Co's. Call early and take your pick.

PERSONAL POINTS.

—L. M. Long returned from Eddy the first of the week.

—A. B. Liles and wife were among our visitors Thursday.

—J. W. Turner, of Tar Lake, was in town Thursday and Friday.

—Sebe Gray, of Fort Stanton, was here this week, accompanied by his family.

—Wm. Stone, of Eddy, was in town the first of the week, and returned home Thursday.

—John F. Rivers returned Tuesday from a trip to the northern part of the territory.

—J. S. Williamson, of the Pecos Valley Mercantile Co., left Wednesday for the railroad.

—James R. Brent and Mrs. Fritz returned from Lincoln and went on to Eddy Monday.

—C. W. Haynes and wife, from the Ft. Sumner country, were among our visitors this week.

—Geo. Sena, deputy U. S. marshal, of Lincoln, has been rounding up the Pecos Valley folks this week.

—A. B. Allen and wife were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Skipwith during their stay in town this week.

—James Ferrell, of the "Diamond A" ranch, has been circulating amongst his Roswell friends this week.

—W. H. Guyse, foreman of the Lea Cattle company, passed through town this week with the round-up outfit.

—W. S. Ryan, of Lincoln, chairman of the District Executive committee, came down Wednesday with R. F. Barnett.

—R. W. Cloud, of Roswell, a brother of the celebrated and popular Harry, was in town a few days this week—Argus.

—C. S. McCarty and wife and Miss Laura Smith, sister of Mrs. McCarty, were guests of Capt. and Mrs. Lea this week.

—C. C. Fountain returned Tuesday, from a trip to Tularosa. He left his family and a party of friends in the mountains.

—Harvey Biggs, a brother of J. M., arrived Tuesday from Albany, Texas, to visit his brother and to see "The Pride of the Pecos."

J. E. Lewis and family, from the Upper Pecos, have been visiting here the week. Mr. Lewis was a delegate to the County Convention.

—J. A. Manning and family returned Monday from the mountains, where they had been enjoying mountain air and fishing, for several days.

J. F. Hinkle, of the CA—outfit and Emil Fritz, of the flying H ranch, were in town Thursday from the round-up, which was working up the Honda.

—It is reported that Nathan Jaffa's eyesight is improving rapidly during his sojourn at Lincoln. It is even said that he can now see how to play croquet in the dark.

Dr. Bearup has declared his intention of becoming a citizen of Roswell, and will move his family here ere long. He will be a voter, so you candidates had better "cultivate" him.

—A. M. Blackwell, of the firm of Gross, Blackwell & Co., the well known Las Vegas wholesale merchants, has been here this week, accompanied by Ollie Erickson, one of his salesmen.

—Messrs. A. A. Breeco and Peoples, came in Thursday from the mountains with two wagon loads of fine potatoes. As two or three loads had struck the town a day or two previously, they concluded to go on to Eddy.

—W. M. Atkinson returned Wednesday from Liberal, Kansas, where he delivered 1,600 head of steers for the Lea, El Capitan and Milne companies. Billy had a fine trip, and had good grass on the road for almost the entire distance. The steers stampeded once, but only four head were lost.

—Fred Joyce left Thursday for Eddy, where he expects to hold forth for a while. Sorry to lose Fred, even for a short time, and hope the Eddies will deal with him gently. Bro. Howe, of the Argus, had better not monkey with Fred, for he has the reputation of being a regular little buzz-saw when editors cross his path.

Hon. E. McBratney, Gen'l Geo. Ulrich, Col. Theo. W. Heman, Major Schinzing and Capt. Ed. Eubrick, all of White Oaks, and Republicans all, are here to attend the Republican District Convention which meets today. Lincoln is represented by those wheel-organs of Republicanism, Judge Isaac Friedrich, Hon. J. J. Dolan and Sheriff D. C. Nowlin.

—Judge Frank H. Lea left Thursday morning for Las Vegas, N. M. where he takes the cars for Kansas City and Jackson county, Mo., on a business and pleasure trip. There is his old home, and the Judge will probably take great pleasure in renewing old acquaintances and visiting scenes familiar to the early years of his life, notwithstanding the many and startling changes he will encounter at every hand.

—Miss Sadie Williamson, who has been teaching school at the Chisum Ranch for the past six months, leaves today, accompanied by Mr. James Chisum, for Las Vegas, where she will take charge of a school. Miss Sadie has made many friends in this section who regret to see her leave, but who are glad to know that she expects to return to Roswell next Summer and make this place her permanent home.

—Chas. H. Sparks left Roswell last Saturday, for St. Louis and Washington D. C. Mr. Sparks will be absent several weeks. He goes on business connected with the Reservoir Co., and while in Washington will try to see if something can be done which will change the attitude of the Government toward private reservoir companies. The people of Roswell, one and all, hope and pray that he may be successful in his mission.

—THE REGISTER learns, from a reliable source, that Jno. J. Cockrell's health is now gradually improving. His physicians state that he is not suffering from softening of the brain, but from nervous paralysis, and that if no other paralytic attack can be ward off he will be a perfectly well man again inside of one year's time. Mr. and Mrs. Cockrell's many friends in New Mexico sincerely hope that this may be the case.

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