

BY TELEGRAPH.

Dion Bouccicault, the playwright, is dead.

The population of Arizona is 59,000, an increase of 10,000.

New designs are to be adopted in coining silver dollars and nickels.

The President has signed the Anti-Lottery and River and Harbor bills.

The President returned to Washington from Cresson Springs, Pa., last Wednesday.

It is announced that the United States will recognize General Ezeta as President of San Salvador.

The ship Challenger recently lost eight seamen who were blown overboard on the Atlantic and drowned.

There is an epidemic of suicides at Berlin. A number of well-known nobles and public men have taken their own lives during the past few days.

A statue of Horace Greeley was unveiled at the door of the Tribune building in New York Saturday. A number of prominent men took part in the proceedings.

It is reported in New York that a new trunk line is to be built between New York and Chicago. It is to run through Pennsylvania and be much shorter than any other line.

The Commissioner of the general land office has issued an order that no employes of the government in any branch of the land department will be allowed to take up or purchase public land.

A conflict has taken place between Turks and Armenians at Van, in which forty were killed, chiefly Turks. The Armenian priest who was shot recently has died from the effect of his wounds.

The horse Rose Boy has beaten the world's record for high jumping by jumping 7 feet 1 inch at the exposition grounds in Toronto last Thursday. The highest previous record was 7 feet, made by the same horse at Elmira, N. Y., a few days ago.

Experiments were made at Madbury yesterday with the new quick-firing gun of fifty-three centimeters caliber, in the presence of officers from America, England, Russia and other countries. France was not represented. Fifty shots a minute were fired and the trial was a great success.

The Indians on the Sioux reservation are expecting the coming of Christ daily. He is, they suppose, to cover the earth with a stratum of soil thirty feet deep, covering up everybody but the good Indians, who will squirm through to the surface to find a veritable "happy hunting ground" on earth.

A dispatch from Zanzibar says that the Sultan will deal severely with the crew of the Arab slave dealer which was recently captured by boats from a British man-of-war. All the members of the crew with the exception of the captain, who was shot by the English, escaped to the shore at the time, but several have been captured.

The London Times' Berlin correspondent says: It is the clear and deliberate opinion of those best entitled to judge, and not mere flattery that Emperor William, during the recent maneuvers, displayed singular strategic ability, both as an active commander and as a critic of the conduct of others in the field, and that he showed indications of military genius of the very highest promise.

Henry Kuntz, a reporter on the Detroit Journal, was to marry Miss Flora Boers of Windsor next Saturday evening and the announcement had been made in the local papers. Miss Boers' family objected, and the young lady went to Detroit to remain until the marriage. Kuntz was decoyed across the river on Friday night and clapped in jail, charged with abduction. The state department at Washington will be invoked in Kuntz's behalf.

The town of Colon, on the Isthmus of Panama was almost destroyed by fire last Tuesday. Owing to the riotous behavior of a mob of looters, the military opened fire with ball cartridges, killing and wounding several persons. A supply of food has been sent. Everything is reported quiet now. No lives have been reported as lost. The total loss is estimated at about \$500,000. The loss of the Panama railway alone is calculated at \$100,000.

The Santa Fe Mining Company, a London corporation, has discovered another very rich vein in its mine in Mexico, eighteen feet wide. The strike is of free milling gold. Ore miners employed in driving a tunnel on the Santa Fe found an old shaft 100 metres from the crest of outcroppings on the hill. It is believed that the mine was worked by Indians ages ago. The discovery of this shaft adds value to the find and will be a saving in expense.

A practical joke of a heartless character, attended with fatal results, was played on a man named Marlos, who was employed in a Quebec factory. He was called to the telephone and received word from some one unknown to hurry home at once, as his wife, whom he had left in good health, was dying. Remarking to his office mates that he was not accustomed to such shocks, he started for home as rapidly as he could. When about half way he dropped dead in the street. His wife was not sick.

TRIUMPHANT REPUBLICANS.

A Quorum Secured in the House and the Elections Case Decided.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23.—By its action to-day seating Mr. Langston, the House ended what was probably the most protracted and bitterly contested election case it has ever decided. During the closing days of the last congress the Democrats made a desperate effort to unseat Felton and put in Sullivan as a representative from California, but they were defeated by the refusal of a majority of the Republicans to vote upon the proposition.

The result of to-day's proceedings was a surprise to the Democratic minority, which, after two weeks successful operation of what has become known as the "Mason plan of obstruction," was confident that its opponents could not secure a quorum. But the "whips" had been active and the word passed around, before the House met, that a quorum would be present. The result of the first roll call, to approve the Journal, was waited with considerable nervousness by the Republicans.

During the call it was discovered that Mr. Milliken, of Maine, who had just returned to the city, was not present and immediately messengers and pages went to look him up. As the clerk proceeded it was also noticed that Mr. Mudd, of Maryland, failed to respond and Chairman Rowells of the elections committee went himself in pursuit of the absentees. But these apprehensions were groundless, as Mr. Henry, who had hardly been expected so soon, came into the House just in season to cast the vote necessary to make the quorum. The further proceedings were remarkably expeditious and Mr. O'Ferrall, the lonely Democratic sentinel, was absolutely powerless to check the majority in its full swing.

The aye and nay vote declaring that Venable was not elected showed that there were 195 Republicans in attendance. Speaker Reed stood ready to cast his ballot, but did not do so as the quorum appeared without his vote.

The Miller case, which followed the Langston case, was an even greater surprise, and, in fact, it was known generally to the Republicans that the leaders contemplated this move. The resolution which unseated Elliott and seated Miller was cleverly framed, so as to be indivisible, and a single vote sufficient to achieve what had required four separate votes in the Langston case. The Democratic minority was considerably vexed over the result of the day's proceedings, and a call for a caucus was circulated with the purpose of endeavoring to unite the party by way of retaliation upon the policy of the treatment of the conference report upon the tariff bill, which would require the Republicans to maintain a quorum of their own members to dispose of the report. But owing to the lateness of the hour and the small attendance of Democratic members the attempt to caucus was temporarily abandoned, although it was stated that it would probably be renewed tomorrow.

Floods in China.

The Department of State at Washington has received from the United States legation at Peking, China, a report relative to the recent heavy floods in that country. The report says that the floods have been the most serious ever known. It is supposed that an area of 3,000 square miles and a population of several millions were affected by them. Many people have been drowned and tens of thousands are refugees from their homes, living on charity. One result of the floods, the report says, may have far-reaching consequences. Near Luli, which is a point on the railroad from Tong Ku to Tong Shan, the railway embankment has been destroyed by the people for several miles. It was alleged that the embankment dammed up the water and flooded the country. Forcible possession was taken of the embankment, which was cut in many places. The trains were stopped and the employes driven away. It is supposed that the general in command at Luli either instituted or connived at these proceedings, in which his soldiers largely took part. A very serious feature of the case is the supineness of the Viceroy Li. He has done nothing to prevent these lawless proceedings. The Tong Shan colliery is stopped, and 3,000 men are thrown out of employment, and the operation of the railroad is of course suspended. The destruction is wanton and unnecessary for letting off the water. All these proceedings indicate an anti-railroad excitement, which may result in postponing indefinitely any further railroad enterprises in China.

Killed by the Cars.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 23.—E. W. Latin, aged 78, William Vandewater, aged 42, and the latter's wife, aged 40, all of Pleasant Valley, in this county, were to-day instantly killed on the Central New England & Western railroad track. At the time the accident occurred they were seated in a two-seated vehicle driven by Latin. The wagon was struck by the Boston express which was half an hour late. Latin was thrown seventy feet and Vandewater and his wife were thrown still farther. All three were instantly killed and their bodies horribly mangled. The horse was killed and the wagon demolished. Mr. Latin leaves property estimated to be worth \$200,000.

THE WORLD'S FAIR SITE.

Chicago Gives the Use of Three Parks for the Great Exposition.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 22.—South Park commissioners this morning acceded to the request of the national commissioners to allow the use of Washington Park for the World's Fair, in addition to Jackson Park and Midway Plaisance. This practically settles the vexed site question to the satisfaction of the national commission.

At this afternoon's session of the national commission the amended site proposition was presented and unanimously adopted. The site thus provided for includes Washington and Jackson parks, the Midway Plaisance connecting them and the Lake Front, in all about 1,000 acres.

In a sense the chosen site is one of great merit, comprising as it does the entire South Park system of Chicago. There are three separate park systems in the city—the north, the west and the south—each magnificent, but beyond question the finest is that stretching in superb vista from the heart of the city south.

Stepping from the doors of the city's railroad depots, hotels and business houses, visitors to the World's Fair will, as it were, enter directly the vestibule of the exposition on the lake front. This "lake front" is a strip of park comprising sixty acres, upon one side of which the shadow of the massive tall tower of the Auditorium falls daily, while upon the other side ripple the clear waters of Lake Michigan.

Leading from Lake Front Park the finest boulevard of the city goes directly to Washington Park, and connecting directly with the latter is Midway Plaisance, which ends in Jackson Park. Like the lake front, one side of Jackson Park is washed by the waves of the lake. The greater portion of the site is one vast network of pleasure drives, enclosing great stretches of emerald meadow and groves of sturdy oak.

Adjoining Washington Park is a race track capable of accommodating 50,000 people, and this the local directory expects to make a part of the site, also for the purpose of speed display and the live stock show. This improved race track where the live stock show will be made, is within one hundred yards of the point selected for the main building, thus placing the whole fair in one compact quarter of the city, including the government display and the displays to be made by the various states in conjunction with the main exposition buildings.

The site selected and the plan proposed is generally regarded as calculated to be especially gratifying to the live stock men of the country, whose display will be most prominent. There was entire unanimity finally on the part of the national commission, the Chicago directors and the South Park commissioners, each separate body voting unanimously for the combined site embracing the great South Park system. There is great rejoicing in Chicago tonight by all classes over the final settlement of the site controversy in a way that gives universal satisfaction.

Report of the Patent Office.

Commissioner Mitchell of the Bureau of Patents has filed with the Secretary of the Interior a preliminary statement of the operations of his office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890. The report shows that applications and caveats were received as follows:

Applications for letters patent 40,201, for design patents 1,933, for re-issue patents 121, for registration of trade marks 1,617, for registration of labels 865, caveats received 2,330. Total 46,140, as against 42,047 for the previous year. The receipts of the office for the year were \$1,147,203 and the expenditures \$1,031,173; surplus \$206,030, as against a surplus of \$185,859 for the last year. The balance in the treasury of the United States on account of the fund is shown to be \$3,700,550. The report also shows that, while the number of applications for patents, etc., received during the year increased from 39,702 in 1889 to 43,810 in 1890, the number awaiting action had decreased from 7,073 on July 1, 1889, to 6,885 on July 1, 1890—that is to say the last year disposed of 4,286 cases in excess of the number disposed of the previous year.

Wedding Party on Fire.

BELLEN, Sept. 23.—A terrible tragedy interrupted the festivities at a wedding feast here yesterday. Friedrich Klees had invited about thirty of his relatives to attend his marriage in a small room, No. 41 Hochstrasse, and celebrate the event. The room was lighted with kerosene lamps and suddenly a hanging lamp in the center of the room exploded and the burning oil fell on the guests. In an instant nearly the whole of the guests were on fire. The scene was terrible. The bride alone escaped serious injuries. But the bridegroom was uninjured. Both the bride and groom were injured and Max Zeidler had the radial artery at the wrist and the big veins of his arm cut by bits of flying glass.

Lied to Get Married.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 23.—Lucas Salazar and mother, Dolores Marino, were arrested here to-day upon a charge of perjury. Salazar was married by a justice of the peace to Otilia Marcias, a young Mexican girl, without her consent or knowledge of what was being done, being unable to speak or understand English. The charge is brought by Chief of Police Lyons, who claims that a false oath was taken as to the girl's age in securing the marriage license. The young lady was willing to marry Salazar, but wanted the services performed by a priest.

DEATH ON THE RAILROAD.

A Large Number of Accidents That Resulted Fatally.

A Terrible Railroad Accident.

READING, Pa., Sept. 19.—A wreck occurred on the Reading railroad, seventeen miles above this place, about 6:45 to-night.

If everything is borne out by subsequent developments, it is the worst wreck that ever occurred in this section in the history of the Reading Railroad Company.

The train which met with the disaster left this place at 6:05 o'clock, ten minutes late. It was called the Pottsville express and was running at the rate of thirty-eight or forty miles per hour. It had on board possibly 125 to 150 passengers and it consisted of engine, tender, mail and express cars, and three passenger cars.

Above Shoemakersville, this county, about fifteen miles above this city, is a sharp curve, where the railroad is about 180 to 200 feet higher than the Schuylkill River. Here, shortly before 6 o'clock, a freight train ran into a coal train throwing several cars of the latter upon the opposite track, and before the train had had time to go back to warn any approaching train of the danger, the Pottsville express came around the curve and ran into the wrecked coal cars on its track.

The engine went down the embankment, followed by the entire train with its human freight.

The scene was one of great horror. The cries of the imprisoned passengers were heartrending. It was a scene never to be forgotten by those who participated and survived.

Several passengers managed to crawl out and arouse the neighborhood. Word was telegraphed to this city and help summoned. Physicians and surgeons and a force of 300 workmen were taken to the spot by the company and with the aid of a traveling electric light plant the work of clearing away the wreck was at once proceeded with. The work was slow and the dead and dying were taken out with difficulty.

Up to 10 o'clock to-night six dead and some thirty wounded had been taken out. Of the latter some were brought to this city and others taken to the Muehr's hospital at Ashland. The dead and seriously injured are still on the ground.

At midnight thirteen bodies had been recovered and conservative estimates place the number of killed at forty.

An Excursion Train Telescoped.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—A collision between a Burlington suburban train and an Illinois Central excursion train at Eighteenth Street and Kinzie Avenue to-night resulted in the death of five people and the serious injury of a dozen others, three of whom will probably die.

During the day the Illinois Central road had run an excursion to the end of their line, the orphan asylum at Addison, Illinois, and it was this train while "blocked" on the outskirts of the city and waiting to be released, which was crashed into by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy suburban.

The rear car was lifted from the track and forced through the next car ahead, which in turn was forced into the third car from the rear. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy engine lost her pilot, headlight and smokestack and her front head was stove in, while her tender was forced up against the boiler head.

Most of the killed and injured were young men and women.

A B. & O. Wreck in Pennsylvania.

A special from Connellsville, Pennsylvania, says: An east bound freight on the Baltimore & Ohio road, forty miles from here was dashed into from the rear end by a fast time freight running at the rate of forty miles per hour, demolishing the engine and caboose. The engine of the wrecked train was sent for assistance and while returning, through a flagman's carelessness, was run into by the wrecking train near the scene of the first collision. James Shields, the engineer, was killed and his fireman, Harry Cuppers, badly injured internally, while John Reynolds, fireman of the wrecking train was badly cut and scalded. Several others suffered minor injuries, while the wrecked car completely blocked travel.

Through a Burning Bridge.

A frightful railroad accident occurred on the Omaha & St. Louis railroad, about seven miles south of Council Bluffs, Sunday morning between 2:20 and 2:30 o'clock.

A north bound freight train with eighteen loaded cars, which arrived here at 2:45 o'clock, broke through a trestle work fifty feet high. When the train ran on the east end of the trestle and the engineer discovered that the west end was on fire he signalled for brakes, reversed the engine and dropped sand on the rails, but the running of the train was at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour and it was doomed, and as it struck the burning trestle there was a crash and the entire train went to the bottom of the gulch. Three men were killed.

Memorial to Horace Greeley.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A massive statue of bronze of Horace Greeley, by J. O. A. Ward, was unveiled this morning by Miss Gabriel Greeley, the daughter of the great editor, before an assemblage of several thousand people.

The statue stands under the arch of the Park Row entrance to the Tribune building, and was erected by an association of his successors in the office.

The ceremony opened with prayer by Bishop Potter, who was in full Episcopal robes. Colonel John Hay presided, and introduced Dr. Chauncey M. Depew. Mr. Depew said in the course of his remarks:

"Horace Greeley is our best type of self-made man, and of the career possible under American conditions. He was far above the popular ideal, which rises only to the appreciation of the acquisition of money. He was very poor in his youth, and never rich, but his poverty was of the kind peculiar to our people. It neither degrades nor discourages. It accustoms to self-sacrifice; it educates fertility of resources; it is the spur of ambition; it sternly enforces the rule of the survival of the fittest; it has been the parent of a majority of the presidents of the United States and of all our leaders of parties and ideas.

"At twenty, with shuffling gait, poor and badly fitting clothes, a most unpromising appearance and address, utterly ignorant of the world, without friends or acquaintances and with only ten dollars in his pocket, he was in New York seeking his fortune and knocking vainly at the door of every printing office in the city for employment.

"Forty years afterward the land was full of his fame and achievements.

"This statue will stand for centuries as a fitting memorial and living tribute from his friends, but his monument is the prosperity of the republic from the great measures he originated, the example of a worker's public spirited life, the broken shackles of the slave and the great journal which he founded."

Cowardly Brothers.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—To-day it would seem that the entire population of the city was crowding and crushing around the magnificent house, No. 134 Friedrich Strauss, the residence of the retired merchant, Herr Funchs, in which four lives were lost this morning through cowardice and official stupidity.

The governess of the two daughters, Irma, aged 14, and Grete, 10, gave the first alarm to the father and four sons, who were sleeping on the same floor, but in another wing of the building. The father, governess and sons made their escape and ran for the fire brigade, leaving the two children and the servants in the blazing house.

The fire brigade arrived at the scene of action in about twenty minutes and the first act of the commander was to order some gentlemen who volunteered to rescue the children from the fiery furnace to deposit from their brave efforts until he had sent to the engine house for some non-inflammable suits of clothing, whereby eight minutes were lost.

When the valiant firemen were fully equipped in their safety coats, they ventured to bring out the children and August Domske and Louis Graeger, servants, all of whom were covered with burns, and, in fact, charred to the bones. Surgeons were sent for and arrived at 4:15, but the victims were dead before their arrival.

Berlin is wild with excitement at the cowardice of four stalwart men in allowing their little sisters to be a whole hour in a burning house without an effort to save them, and also at the stupid dilatoriness of the commander of the fire brigade.

Delaware's Whipping Post.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 20.—Three hundred people witnessed the whippings at New Castle to-day. Six negroes and two whites for various larcenies received from five to twenty lashes each. One of the negroes, George Cooper, came to the post wearing patent leather shoes and nobby trousers and took twenty lashes without exhibiting much uneasiness. Frank Stanton, after his twenty lashes, coolly drew a cigar from his pocket and lighted it. Besides the whippings, George Cooper, a colored burglar, John Buys, colored, convicted of murderous assault, and Samuel Long for forgery, each stood one hour in the pillory.

A Turkish Steamer Lost.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Advices from Higo state that the Turkish man-of-war Ertogroul has foundered at sea and 500 of her crew are drowned.

The Ertogroul was a wooden frigate of 2,200 tons and mounted forty-one guns of small caliber. She was built in 1863. Osman Pacha and Ali Pacha, envoys of the sultan to the emperor of Japan, are among the drowned.

Osman Pacha, whose victory over the Russians at Plevna gave him high rank as a fighting general, had been on an official visit to Japan, having been entrusted with a special mission from the sultan to the mikado.

The progress of the Ertogroul since she left Constantinople for the East, many months ago, has been most ludicrous. Leaving Turkey short of money it was understood supplies were to be sent her at ports at which she was to coal; the result was that her sojourn in various countries was indefinitely prolonged, as the officers at home were unable to keep their promises.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.

SENATE.—Mr. Plumb offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate whether the rule or policy of the report was the return of the payment in checks for silver bullion over the counter of the sub-treasury, instead of through the proper clearing house does not result in paying out notes of the larger denominations instead of those suited for circulation and use in ordinary business transactions, and whether such method of payment does not result in the payment of gold instead of treasury notes.

Mr. Sherman stated that while he had no objection to the resolution, that which had been done, had been done in strict execution of the law. The Secretary of the Treasury had no right to pay for gold or silver bullion anything but the treasury notes. These treasury notes had been issued in large denominations. There had been only a very short time to prepare for the execution of the law, and a sufficient amount of treasury notes of small denominations could not be prepared.

The financial scare was a manufactured scare. It was gotten up by brokers, by bulls and bears and various kinds of exchange of the market, and the changes of New York.

The Senate then passed the following bills: Senate bill to provide for the inspection of live cattle by the purchase and collaring of where the subjects of interstate commerce. Senate bill to revive the grade of Lieutenant general in the army of the United States.

The Senate bill appropriating \$75,000 for a public building at Colorado Springs, Colorado.

HOUSE.—An attempt was made to take up the contested election case, but a quorum could not be obtained and the House adjourned.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19.

SENATE.—Mr. Voorhees introduced a joint resolution for immediate increase of silver money by the purchase and collaring of 10,000,000 ounces of silver at a price below \$1.20.75 within the next thirty days; this purchase to be in addition to the amount required by the existing law. Referred to the finance committee.

The Senate then, on motion of Mr. Hawley, proceeded to the consideration of executive business. Afterward the Senate passed the House bill to discontinue the coinage of \$9 and \$1 gold pieces and of nickel pieces; also the bill for the protection of trees and other growth on the public domain from destruction by fire.

HOUSE.—The entire day was spent in trying to get a vote on the contested election case. When the roll was called the Democrats withdrew and left the House without a quorum. A call of the House being ordered they came in at once, but as promptly withdrew again when an attempt was made to count the roll.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

SENATE.—Senate bill granting a right of way through the military reservation, Utah, to the Salt Lake City Street Railway Company was passed; also the Senate bill extending the privileges of the free delivery of mails to towns having a population of 5,000, or a gross postal revenue of \$5,000.

The hour assigned to the calendar having expired the Senate resumed consideration of the house bill to define and regulate the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States and of the substitute therefor, reported by Mr. Everts from the judiciary committee. After some discussion the bill was laid aside and eighty-five pension bills were passed.

Senator Plumb offered the following joint resolution: Resolved, That whenever it shall appear by the filing of such evidence in the office of any register or receiver as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the interior, that any settler on the public lands, by reason of a failure of crops, for which he is no wise responsible, is unable to make the payment on his homestead or pre-emption claim required by law, the commissioner of the general land office is hereby authorized and it shall be his duty to extend the time for such payment for one year from the date when the same becomes due, and the failure to pay afterward shall not work a forfeiture of the said settler's land, or in any way prejudice his claim before the general land office, and no penalty shall be exacted for such extension.

HOUSE.—It being impossible to obtain a quorum, the House adjourned until Monday.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22.

SENATE.—Bills on the calendar objected to were taken up for an hour, and the following, among others, was passed. Senate bill to change the boundaries of the Uncompahgre reservation. (This is a modification of a bill having the same title which was voted by the Senate.)

The joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States, in relation to the manufacture, importation, transportation and sale of alcoholic liquors, having been reached on the calendar, Mr. Blair, who had reported it from the committee on education and labor, called for a vote upon it.

The reading of the report having occupied what was left of the hour assigned to the calendar, no vote was taken on the joint resolution.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill to define and regulate the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States. Without discussion of the bill the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE.—No quorum being present, the House adjourned at once.

Mr. Morey, of New Hampshire, introduced a rule making it an offense, punishable by a fine of \$500, for a member to absent himself for the purpose of breaking a quorum.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23.

SENATE.—Mr. Hale introduced a joint resolution, which was referred to the committee on public buildings and grounds, for the erection in the District of Columbia of a memorial building which shall be suitable for a monument to the memory of U. S. Grant, which is to contain a military and naval museum, etc., in the navy court of which may be placed the mortal remains of the distinguished American. The title endorsed on the resolution reads: "In the vault of which shall be placed the mortal remains of Ulysses S. Grant."

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and when the doors were re-opened the Senate proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar objected to.

HOUSE.—Mr. O'Ferrall of Virginia was the only Democrat in the chamber this morning during prayer. The clerk called the roll on the approval of Mr. Everts' amendment. No quorum and a call of the House ordered. A quorum being secured the Journal was approved, and the vote taken on the Venable-Langston election case. The result was 169 votes to unseat Venable, and then Langston was sworn in.

Roswell Register.

JAMES KIBBE, Editor and Prop'r. SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1890.

Democratic Ticket.

For Delegate to Congress, ANTHONY JOSEPH.

Lincoln District, Lincoln, Chaves and Eddy Counties.

For Councilman, G. A. RICHARDSON, of Roswell. For Representative, W. C. McDONALD, of White Oaks.

CHAVES COUNTY TICKET.

For Commissioners, E. T. STONE, A. B. ALLEN, WALTER P. CHISUM.

For Sheriff, C. C. FOUNTAIN.

For Treasurer, JAMES SUTHERLAND.

For Assessor, C. S. MCCARTY.

For Supt. of Schools, JAMES W. MULLENS.

For Probate Clerk, FRANK H. LEA. For Probate Judge, F. WILLIAMS.

For Coroner, T. A. MCKINNEY.

OUR constitutional friends assert by way of argument that the best thing to be done under the circumstances is the adoption of the September caricature—that where it is defective we can amend it afterwards, which is very much like attempting to sieve flour after it has been made into bread. Let it be purged now. What can be more detrimental to a people than to attempt to exercise the functions of government under a charter which its most enthusiastic admirers admit to be lame? Class legislation under the fairest and most impartial of constitutions will creep into our laws. How much more is it to be expected under a constitution in which every page glitters with an implied permission of unwarranted exemptions to particular interests? The good citizens of New Mexico who have the true interest of the state and their prosperity at heart should, on next Tuesday, rise in their majesty as free men and throttle this monster ere it is too late. The cry of this constitution or no statehood is the most palpable buncombe intended to scare those who have not had time to consider the enormity of the defects in that instrument—the attempt to take advantage of the popular desire for statehood and induce the unwary to vote for a constitution which, if adopted, will settle like a pall upon the future prosperity of our land.

How many have seen a copy of the constitution? Why have its advocates been so derelict in its dissemination? Twenty thousand copies have been published and not one voter in twenty has ever read it. Are they afraid to have its merits (?) discussed, or do they assume that the average voter is not possessed of sufficient intelligence to understand it? What can be the matter with them? Citizens of New Mexico, you can solve this dilemma. Next Tuesday is the time for the solution. Will you gulp this constitution down without seeing it, or will you reject it as it deserves and rebuke its instigators for their insolence?

LET it be remembered that the late Judge Warren Bristol—peace to his ashes and all honor to his memory—left that constitutional convention in disgust. Patriots like Judge Bristol were powerless for any good in that assembly.

Do not fail to be at the polls next Tuesday to vote on the constitution. If it carries our only salvation lies in the hope that congress will not admit us under it, and the present congress is a dangerous institution to tamper with.

REMEMBER that a vote next Tuesday against the proposed constitution is not a vote against statehood. It is merely a vote that says you will not place the Santa Fe ring in almost complete control of the new state.

The glaring incongruities in that constitution "puzzles the will, and makes us rather bear the ills we have, than fly to others that we know not of."

WILSON WARDINGHAM, the biggest land grant owner in New Mexico, has declared in favor of the Santa Fe ring constitution. This is significant.

"BE SURE you are right and then go ahead." Be sure you know the concealed dagger in that constitution before you take it to your bosom.

BEER asphered that if the proposed constitution could bear inspection it would have been spotted abroad that all might have seen it.

No good citizen, with the good of the new state really at heart, can vote for a constitution that places the Santa Fe ring in power.

VOTE next Tuesday against the Santa Fe ring constitution.

Democracy and the Constitution.

Lack of space forbids us to publish in full the platform of the Democratic party as adopted in their recent convention at Silver City. The platform as a whole is worthy of the careful attention of every citizen of the territory. We publish the following from the platform showing the attitude of the territorial Democracy on the question of the proposed constitution:

We condemn the Republican party for passing such an act, authorizing the holding of a Constitutional Convention, as deprived the Democratic Counties of the territory of any opportunity to secure a fair and equal representation in said Convention, and of attempting to foist upon the people a Constitution framed in the interest of that party alone, and discriminating in favor of the few at the expense of the masses.

We declare that the Constitution so framed would, if adopted, deprive the people of the State of the right to elect the judges of the Supreme Court, while providing for the election of the judges of District Courts by districts so constituted as to render such right valueless. We further declare that said constitution denies to the Executive the power usually conferred by such instruments, and makes him the mere puppet of the Legislature by subjecting him to suspension from office upon impeachment without trial. We further declare that said Constitution so limits the power of taxation upon personal property as to enable all large property interests of individuals and corporations to escape the just burdens of government, and inequally and unjustly authorize the same to be imposed upon particular articles and occupations.

We further declare that this proposed system of taxation will not produce by proper tax, sufficient revenue to support a State government and meet the public obligations, thereby rendering it absolutely necessary to impose upon particular articles and occupations, thus making the masses pay for the benefits of government received by the property of the few.

We further declare that said Constitution makes such an arbitrary and partisan appropriation for the election of members of the Legislature as to virtually disfranchise opponents to the Republican party. We further declare that the action of the pretended Convention, on the 15th day of August, 1890, was taken without color or legal authority and without the presence of a quorum of said original Convention, and that the manifest object of a change in the date of the submission of said instrument to the people, was for the purpose of defeating a full and fair expression of the popular will thereon.

We therefore call upon all patriotic citizens of New Mexico to go to the polls on October 7th next, and vote against the proposed constitution, to the end that all advocates of Statehood for New Mexico may without regard to the date of future party affiliations unite in an important effort to secure from Congress an enabling Act, for the submission of a fair and just Constitution.

About Exemptions.

The taxation clause in the proposed constitution limits the general tax on lands to one per cent., no matter how much above that the expense of the state government may go. This clause is therefore an "exemption" in favor of the land grant owners and claimants from taxation which the constitution clearly contemplates will go above one per cent.

There is to be no exemption, however, in any amount, manner or form, of the tax on occupations and particular articles, which the constitution authorizes the legislature to levy upon the goods of the tradesman, the implements of trade of the mechanic, and the cattle and horses of the ranchman, and all others, who do not own great land grants.

The carpenter's tools whereby he earns his living are not exempt—the dairyman's cows are not exempt—not a head of the cattleman's herd is exempt. Indeed, they are to be taxed twice—once on the general tax list, and again as occupations and particular articles.

That is the constitution that would be Congressman Otero, one of the largest land grant owners in the Territory, helped to make and hopes to have adopted by disfranchising cattle men and miners.—Headlight.

The Design Apparent.

Some of the advocates of the proposed constitution, in reply to the criticism of the tax clause which authorizes the levy of a tax on occupations, and on particular articles, in addition to the general tax of one per cent., insists that these taxes will never be levied, as it will never become necessary, the general tax being sufficient.

If that is so, why did it authorize a tax on occupations and particular articles? What was the need of it? In any event, why should the tradesman, the mechanic, and the owner of cattle and horses be required to pay a special tax which amounts to a personal imposition, while the great land grant owners remain untouched?

As the constitution stands, the legislature is not required even to exhaust the one per cent. on lands, but may stop at one-half, or one-quarter of one per cent. if it chooses, and make up the balance by a tax on occupations and particular articles.

It is clear that there was design in this occupation tax business, and the fact that a majority of the members of the convention were large land owners, makes that design manifest—to escape their fair share of the expenses of government.—Headlight.

If you fail to vote next Tuesday against the proposed constitution, you practically vote for it. Vote, and vote against it.

The special edition of the Lincoln Independent is now ready.

Extra copies can be purchased at THE REGISTER office. Price ten cents each.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between L. T. Keeper and Henry Rowe, of the town of Roswell, Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, under the firm name of Keeper & Rowe, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1890, John W. Blackwood having purchased the entire interest of L. T. Keeper. All debts due the said partnership are to be received by the said new firm, under the firm name of Blackwood & Rowe, and all demands on said partnership are to be presented to them for payment. L. T. KEEPER. 43-45 HENRY ROWE.

Notice of Dissolution.

To all whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between J. W. Carter and Wm. Martin, doing business in Amarillo, Tex., and Roswell, New Mex., under the firm name of Carter & Martin, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Wm. Martin retiring from the firm. J. W. Carter will collect all debts due the firm and pay all claims against the same. Witness our hands at Amarillo, Tex., this 2nd day of Sept. 1890. J. W. Carter, Wm. Martin.

Notice of Dissolution.

For fine fat beef, mutton, pork or sausage call at Stinnett & Minter's.

You can read the proof of a newspaper article three or four times, and repeatedly pass the same mistake without seeing it. All newspaper men tell you so. But as soon as the press is started and the paper is printed, in its complete shape, there stands the error in front of you so big that you can't see anything else. It's a strange fact and is probably the same reason why it is so easy to read a newspaper after it is printed.—Russ Kistler.

Try Stinnett & Minter for choice mutton, pork and sausage.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

The First National Bank of Eddy has been organized with a capital stock of \$50,000, and will be opened for the transaction of business as soon as the legal requirements can be complied with, probably within sixty days. The officers are C. B. Eddy, president; W. P. Bonbright, vice-president; Harold P. Brown, cashier. The directors are C. B. Eddy, W. P. Bonbright, E. B. Bronson, John A. Eddy, W. A. Hawkins, C. H. McLennan and H. S. Church.

A subscriber writes to us: "Stop my paper, you can have balance of subscription." Thanks, awfully. Sorry can't accept; you have paid for your paper and the paper you must have. Don't propose to place ourselves under obligations to anyone—not even for the balance of a six months' subscription, besides, my dear sir, you may be benefited, all unwittingly to yourself, if you will con the wholesome truths hurled upon the public through our columns.

The charge has been frequently made that ministers are not appreciated in Roswell. Recent events have shown conclusively that Roswell audiences appreciate and respect a minister who can give a reason for the faith that is within him—who can say something of the moral aspect of religion and humanity. But they are completely cloyed and disgusted with emotionalists whose stock in trade consists of experiences interlarded with lachrymal wailings and nasal exuberances.

Some of the cranky old bachelors we mentioned last week have taken us quietly to one side and thanked us for calling the attention of the outside world to the fact that Roswell needed more marriageable young ladies, and one of them went so far as to attempt to exhort a promise from us that, should letters of inquiry come in, we would give him a favorable send-off. Last night's mail brought in the first letter and we expect them to pour in rapidly. Boys, you will be gently dealt with.

Men who come to this country without a dollar and expect to make a fortune without work are sadly mistaken. It is no disgrace to be poor, but it is a disgrace to be poor and lazy combined. It takes muscle and a willingness to use it to get any figure in this country and if you are not built that way you need not come. This is the finest country on the globe to-day but it takes a little money and lots of push and nerve to get there in anything like good shape. Yes, indeed, this is a poor country for a lazy man.

Recently THE REGISTER made mention that there was a man in Roswell who delighted in human misery—a practical joker. It seems that two or three of our soft-headed youths have conceived the idea that they were intended and have worn a black number smile of self complacency ever since. "Lay not that flattering unction to your souls" boys; you were not thought of. The vandals referred to "hath a lean and hungry look."

Seldom he smiles, and smiles in such a sort, As if he mock'd himself, and scorn'd his spirit That could be moved to smile at anything.

White Onks Leader: "Judge Andy Richardson married an old man and his daughter the other day, and Andy knew the relationship when he married them. The old man and father first approached the blonde linked to an old woman and she told him at a steady pace, 'one and one and told to go and sin no more. Then the blooming daughter appeared with her affinity and said she'd take some of the same in her'n, and Andy joined the young couple by the same mystic words he employed in yoking the aged pair.'"

MISCELLANEOUS.

San Antonio is to have a \$200,000 hotel. It is a city that can bear of a female stand costing that amount of money.

A restaurant in Oregon has these words over the door: "Live while you live, for you will be dead a long time."

Dalton, the American who swam the English channel, will try it again in a match against Finny, the English champion.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox asks what is more lovely in woman than her throat and shoulders. We'll tell you, sweet poetess of passion. A sunny temper and a true heart. These are more lovely, and it don't cost anything to chain the one and break the other.

Sarah Bernhardt proposes to produce "Cleopatra" in a more realistic manner than Mrs. James Brown Potter. She will introduce a live rattlesnake in the death scene. If the serpent is any size at all it will be hard to tell the snake from Sarah. Neither will have any clothes on to speak of.

Helpless children are crying for something to eat and grow up in ignorance because they have no clothing to wear to school and no money to buy books; yet some men who say their prayers three times a day can pay \$1,000 for a dog.

In view of the violation of the law which prohibits selling opium or any other narcotic, anti chief of police has issued orders to arrest all children found smoking, and says he will hold them until they tell who sold the contraband goods to them.

\* If you don't believe it, call at Stinnett & Minter's and see if they don't keep the very best of beef.

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Try Stinnett & Minter for choice mutton, pork and sausage.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

T. A. MCKINNEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, ROSWELL, N. M.

Does a general practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics. Office at Zimmerman's Drug Store. Charges reasonable.

G. A. RICHARDSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROSWELL, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

F. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law, ROSWELL, N. M.

Associated with W. B. Matthews, Washington, D. C., as Land and Mining Attorney, and Solicitor of Patents, Patents and Government Claims.

LUCIUS DILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROSWELL, N. M.

E. H. SKIPWITH, Physician and Surgeon, ROSWELL, N. M.

Yee Wah Lee Laundry, JOE YUNG, Proprietor.

All kinds of laundry work done in a first class manner.

MAIN ST., ROSWELL, N. M.

Notice of Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. Sept. 23, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Monday, Nov. 10, 1890, viz: James Chisum, D. S. No. 3574, C. S. N. 1, for lots 3 and 4, and E 1/2 Sw qr, Sec. 18, Tp 11 S, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter P. Chisum, William P. Chisum, Inigo W. Garvey, Samuel Larimer, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

Notice of Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. Oct. 2, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Tuesday, Nov. 18, 1890, viz: Solomon C. Jacobs, Timber Culture Entry No. 47, L. C. S. for the S 1/2 Sw 1/4, Sec. 5, Tp 11 S, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Crow, Harrison Crow, Fred P. Gayle, James Cunningham, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

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LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. Oct. 2, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Tuesday, Nov. 18, 1890, viz: Solomon C. Jacobs, Timber Culture Entry No. 47, L. C. S. for the S 1/2 Sw 1/4, Sec. 5, Tp 11 S, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Crow, Harrison Crow, Fred P. Gayle, James Cunningham, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

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LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. Sept. 27, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Monday, Oct. 14, 1890, viz: Frank S. Hall, pre-emption D. S. No. 58, (R. S.) for the N 1/2 Sw qr, and N 1/2 Se qr, Sec. 5, Tp 12 S, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Leslie M. Long, Robert N. Hughes, John Blackwood, Campbell C. Fountain, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

Notice of Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. Sept. 18, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Monday, Oct. 14, 1890, viz: Frank S. Hall, pre-emption D. S. No. 58, (R. S.) for the N 1/2 Sw qr, and N 1/2 Se qr, Sec. 5, Tp 12 S, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Leslie M. Long, Robert N. Hughes, John Blackwood, Campbell C. Fountain, all of Roswell, N. M. WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

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J. W. CARTER,

Deal'rin Gen'l Merchandise,

Hardware, Wagons and Farm Implements.

ROSWELL, - - N. M.

GARRETT & HILL,

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

WILL FURNISH Plans and Specifications.

ESTIMATES MADE ON MECHANICAL WORK.

We have now on hand a good line of home made Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, Desks and Cupboards. Call and see for yourself.

GO TO

JORDAN & BLACKWOOD'S

SENATE SALOON,

FOR Good Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

E. C. SHIELDS, Land Attorney.—Titles Examined. A. A. MERMOD, Notary Public.—Abstracts Furnished.

SHIELDS & MERMOD,

Real Estate and Insurance Brokers.

FARMING LANDS A SPECIALTY. Agents for Pecos Valley Lands. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

HODSOLL'S

EDGAR B. BRONSON, President. CHAS. B. EDDY, Vice President. WM. H. AUSTIN, Cashier.

# The El Paso National Bank OF TEXAS.

Capital, \$150,000. - Surplus, \$60,000.

United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fireproof vault.

## Roswell Register.

**ROSSELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M.**  
Meets on the first Saturday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.  
W. S. PRAGER, W. M.  
W. H. COSGROVE, Secretary.

**SPRING RIVER LODGE, No. 16, K. of E.**  
Meets the first and second Mondays of each month, at Castle Hall. Visiting Knights respectfully invited to attend.  
E. H. SKEWITT, C. C.  
W. J. SCOTT, K. of R. S.

**SAMARATAN LODGE, No. 12, I. O. O. F.**  
Roswell, New Mexico. Meets in Masonic Temple every Wednesday at 7 p. m. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.  
J. B. YARNEY, N. G.  
T. A. MCKINNEY, F. and C. Secy.

**Announcement.**  
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Chaves County subject to the voice of the People at the polls in November.  
SCOTT JORDAN.

**Announcement.**  
We are authorized and requested to announce F. F. (Neighbor) Gayle as an independent candidate before the People at the coming November election for the office of Probate Clerk.

**Announcement.**  
Believing I can subserve the interest of Chaves County, for the office of Assessor, I respectfully announce myself as a candidate before the People at the ensuing November election.  
L. M. LONG.

## LOCAL NEWS AND VIEWS.

—Chas. Sandstrom is building a new house and otherwise improving his property east of town.

—A large party of Roswellites will take a hunt up in the Pajarita mountains some time this month.

—The citizens of Eddy have organized the Eddy Building & Loan Association with a capital stock of \$100,000.

—Barnett, Sutherland & Co., are building an addition to the house occupied by Billy Gray on Main street.

—Capt. G. E. Overton's address is Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, France. He has been visiting for some time in Geneva, Switzerland.

—The ball at the Hotel Pauley last Friday evening was well attended and a very enjoyable time was spent by everyone present.

—R. M. Gilbert, well known in this neck of the woods, has announced himself as a candidate for county commissioner of Eddy county.

—Claud Hathaway, a right clever boy who grew up in Lincoln county, arrived in Roswell Monday evening and will make his home here in the future.

—Candidates are very numerous in Eddy. The Argus says it is a question which does the most buzzing, the flies or the candidates; they are about equally promiscuous.

—At the request of Rev. I. N. Crutchfield, presiding elder of this district, Rev. Caleb Maule will assume the superintendency of the Roswell Sunday school until his return, which will be in two or three weeks.

—Poll tax for this school district is now being collected by C. C. Perry, special constable, and turned over to the school directors as the law provides. Every citizen who feels an interest in the education of the children of this county, should come up promptly with one dollar and help to swell the school fund.

—G. A. Richardson spent the latter end of last week and the front end of this down in the lower Pecos Valley, discussing the political status of the county with the yeomanry of those dignities. He addressed a large audience at Look-out Saturday evening on the issue of the day and will do likewise at Weed tonight.

—Eddy Argus: "Latest accounts from the railroad states that up to the 25th of Sept. the track had been laid for a distance of forty-four and one-half miles. The pile-driver has completed its work at the Sorensen draw and has been moved on to the Delaware. The progress of the road is more rapid now than at any period since operations begun."

—A little orphan boy named Bart Cash was brought to town this week, by some immigrants from the Chickasaw Nation in the Indian Territory, with a very bad case of typhoid fever, and as it was impossible for them to proceed further with him he was kindly taken in and is now being cared for by our worthy townsman, Mr. C. C. Perry.

—Samuel Hill, of Springer, N. M., representing the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, is here with Dr. Ludlum, examining physician for that company. Mr. H. will leave for Springer shortly and when he returns will bring his family and make Roswell his home. He is thoroughly identified with the interests of the Pecos Valley and will make a very desirable citizen.

—The last Mesilla Valley Democrat says that "Judge S. S. Terrell, formerly of Lincoln county, but now of Chaves, has been spending several days in town. He is accompanied by his wife and are guests of the Commercial hotel." We infer from this that Judge Terrell has finally concluded to locate in Roswell after traveling several months through the Pacific states.

—Won't some of our young men organize a literary society? There is talent enough in Roswell, if properly directed, to maintain a permanent society. Such an one would be of substantial benefit to all, and then it would be such a good place for the young folks to do their courting. Wake up, boys, what are you thinking about anyway?  
\* Stinnett & Minter have fine fat beef always on hand.

## PERSONAL POINTS.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lesnet went up to Lincoln this week.

—S. S. Mendonhall has returned from Fort Worth and Dallas, Texas.

—W. B. Johnson, merchant, and W. H. Sevear, of Lincoln, were sojourning in the city this week.

—C. S. McCarty, the popular Democratic nominee for assessor of Chaves county, is here on land business.

—Capt. J. C. Lea and family left last Saturday on a brief business trip to Texas. They will be absent about two weeks.

—Jas. J. Dolan, ex-receiver U. S. land office at Las Cruces, and Numa Raymond, both of whom have large interests in Lincoln county, are in Roswell.

—Mrs. Skipwith returned from Las Vegas last Saturday with Miss Louise Boughton who, we are pleased to say, will spend the winter in the Pecos Valley.

—Jas. Vegas Bloom has returned from Las Vegas where he took a bunch of steers for the Bloom Cattle company and shipped them to their alfalfa fields near Trinidad.

—Jas. A. Alcock, formerly manager of the Carrizo Cattle company, but now agent for White & Rial, of Kansas, and his very estimable little wife, have been sojourning in Roswell during the past week.

—This office was the recipient of a very pleasant call last Saturday from Mrs. E. Stone and Mrs. C. E. Williams and daughters, Miss Jane and Martha, in the absence of ye scribe which we regret exceedingly. Call again ladies.

—Miss Emma Brockman, of Roswell, Texas, who has been residing in Mason for more than a year, returned to her home last Monday. While in Mason she made many warm friends who regret her departure and whose best wishes go with her.

—G. W. Hodges, a cattleman from Kimble county, Texas, and a former merchant of Junction City, is here on business. He has many friends in this section who speak of him in the highest terms and who are at all times glad to see him.

—A. E. Lea has returned to his home in Denver. Mr. L. made his home in Roswell a short time about five years ago and was astonished at the improvements which has taken place since his departure. He is of the opinion that the Pecos Valley is destined to be a great and glorious country in the near future.

—Jules Horvey has returned from San Angelo, Texas, where he went to visit his two daughters whom he had not seen for several years. Jimmy accompanied his father with the intention of attending school in that city for about a year, but it was too dull for him down there, and no sooner had he seen his sisters than he wanted to return to the Pecos Valley.

—Rev. Isaac N. Crutchfield, presiding elder of the M. E. church of this district, with his mother and sister, passed through Roswell this week enroute to Eddy where they reside. If a suitable house could have been procured he would have remained in Roswell and held services at the M. E. church until the services of a regular pastor could be secured in consequence of the refusal of Rev. Mr. Snow, recently appointed by the yearly conference, to fill this pulpit. Rev. Crutchfield is a very pleasant, and apparently intelligent gentleman, and before leaving assured us of the fact that we would have a good minister here just as quick as he can possibly get one.

—Rev. Cameron, of Denver, Colo., who visited us for the purpose of perfecting arrangements for the establishment of a college, returned to his home Tuesday. We are glad to announce that unless unforeseen circumstances arise to prevent, within a year Roswell will have an institution of learning of which she may well be proud. There can be no more essential prerequisite to the securing of desirable immigration than educational facilities for our young men and women. Everyone should encourage this institution.

## Regarding Taxes.

Capt. Roberts, the tax collector, was in town a few days this week. He reports collections good among small tax payers. The heavy tax payers, he says, are holding off till the last moment in order to have the use of the money as long as possible. He says that notwithstanding the high assessment this year the tax is not as high as last year, being only \$1.70 on the \$100 without cattle tax and \$1.81 with. Last year it was a few cents higher. Capt. Roberts says that the taxes of Lincoln county are low compared with those in other counties in the territory. For instance, the people of San Miguel are compelled to pay \$2.45. In regard to the high tax on lots in Eddy, the captain says that it must be paid, but that a rebate will be given upon satisfactory evidence that such tax is excessive. He says that the Eddy county people who are withholding their tax until the first of January so that it will go to their county are laboring under a misapprehension. All taxes must be paid to Lincoln county, which will give Eddy county its pro rata.—Argus.

## Card of Thanks.

I desire to return the sincere thanks of myself and family to the many friends, who so liberally and generously contributed to our necessities, while I was disabled with my broken leg. Such acts of charity and kindness can never be effaced from memory, and we hope, and believe they will be, in some way or other, returned four-fold to the donors.  
E. H. DUNNAROO.

"Do not look for wrong and evil,  
You will find them if you do;  
As you measure for your neighbor,  
He will measure back to you."

"Do not hurry,  
Do not worry,  
As this world you travel through;  
No regretting,  
No rejoicing,  
Fuming fretting,  
Ever can advantage you,  
Be content with what you've done,  
What on earth you leave undone,  
There are plenty left to do."

## A Quiet Little Wedding.

At 3 o'clock last Sunday evening a few immediate friends congregated at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Fountain to witness the marriage ceremony of their daughter Ida to Mr. DeWitt Scott by Judge Morrison. As soon as the nuptial knot was tied, and their two young hearts were made to beat as one, congratulations and best wishes were showered on the happy couple, after which a bountiful and very palatable repast was served. The blushing and pitiful bride, robed in a beautiful silken gown, and handsome and well dressed groom, then stepped forth to a buggy which was in waiting and drove to church in the country. This was a very pretty and appropriate act and occasioned many complimentary remarks. Both parties are well and favorably known in this community, having resided here for several years, and it is to be hoped by their many young friends that they will not scold themselves as some of our other young friends have done but will continue to manifest the same interest in our social gatherings, and the entertainment of their friends, and remain the same DeWitt and Ida as of former days. They will leave in a few days on a bridal tour through some of the southern states, but will soon return and take up their abode in the midst of their many friends and acquaintances in the Pecos Valley. They start out in life with a future radiance befitting only by a few newly married couples, and that they will prosper and live a long and happy life, to us, is very transparent. At least, we hope, that in floating down the river of time, they will encounter no obstacles in their endeavor to reach fair sailing on a boundless and peaceful ocean, and that when their little barque goes down they can say that they have lived the life of the righteous and enjoyed peace, happiness and prosperity.

## Poll Tax.

We wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that C. C. Perry, constable, has been furnished the poll tax list for the school district by the assessor. Regarding the collection and disposition of such taxes we here submit to our readers Sec. 4 and part of Sec. 5 of the General Laws of New Mexico:

Sec. 4. The constable to whom any such list or lists is delivered as aforesaid shall have the right and it is hereby made his duty to add to the name or names of any person who may be liable to pay poll tax in any such school district, and such name or names when so added shall be deemed to be the name of the assessor had placed them thereon in the first instance.

Sec. 5. Whenever such lists shall come into the hands of any constable, as provided in this act, the same shall have the binding force and effect of an execution issued out of a justice's court, and in case any person whose name is on said list fails or refuses to pay his poll tax after demand, said officer may levy upon his effects by virtue of said list and sell the same or so much thereof, as may be necessary, in like manner as provided by law under execution issued out of a justice's court, except that the officer shall not be required to make any return of his doings to any court, but shall pay the money so distrained over to the directors as in this act provided.

## Lecture by Rev. Cameron.

Rev. Robt. Cameron lectured to a large and appreciative audience at the M. E. church last Monday night. His subject, "The fast young men," was well chosen and the lecturer handled it in a manner which impressed everyone with the belief that he knew whereof he spoke. He selected Absolom as the typical fast young man of biblical history and drew a parallel between that handsome son of David and the "young men of the period." As was to be expected the reverend gentleman was not very enthusiastic in his praises of either. Of course his remarks did not apply to any of THE REGISTER corps, so we can comment without bias. He was a little acrimonious upon some phases of humanity, and the follies of a few escaped without attention. There was nothing of the manner of the carpenter about the lecturer, but an exposition of plain home truths pervaded the whole of his discourse.

## Public Hall Needed.

Roswell needs and must have a public hall. Why cannot some of our citizens with capital take hold of this and push it through to completion? There is not a place of amusement in the county of Chaves, and there is no more fun loving public anywhere than in our midst. A few thousand dollars invested in a building with the lower story arranged for a business house and the upper one for public meetings will pay good interest on the investment. If there was a building obtainable we have assurance that a literary society would at once be organized. Dramatic clubs of home talent (and the talent is here) would be formed and the monotony of frontier life would be enlivened by weekly meetings of the one and occasional public performances of the other. Will some of our citizens interest themselves in this matter.

## Force of Habit.

"Habit is second nature." The crow who is ever repeating: "A quadruped of the genus equus may be conducted to the rippling stream, but it's beyond the power of human science to compel it to partake of the limpid waters," to the contrary notwithstanding, and a horse that is accustomed to be driven a particular route will be prone to follow therein, no matter should it lead to questionable places. It's power of ratiocination are not adequate to the occasion when adolescent manhood, accompanied by the divinity of his dreams of future bliss attempts to pilot this quadruped upon a different boulevard.

## Bulls and Milch Cows.

I have for sale at my farm 3 and 1/2 miles southeast of Roswell, from thirty to fifty bull calves, ready for service spring 91. These are from Shorthorn cows by Pedigreed Hereford bulls. Also some choice milch cows. These are extra good cattle and I will make prices to suit the times. Address:  
Jno. W. Poe,  
30-10 w  
Roswell, N. M.

## Notice.

F. G. Tracy, who has charge of the affairs of the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. at Roswell, now has his office at Lucius Dilla's law office, where he will transact business for the company.  
39-11

## JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S. COLUMN.

# FALL & WINTER!

## NEW SAMPLES JUST RECEIVED!!

## CLOTHING TO ORDER!

Agents for Mills & Averill, Merchant Tailors, St. Louis, Mo., and The American Tailors, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A good suit to order as low as

# \$25.

We guarantee a fit or no sale.

Our Mr. Sam Jaffa is now in New York purchasing our

## Fall Stock

of Dry Goods, Clothing, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, etc., etc., and when it arrives we will exhibit the most complete and most carefully selected stock in these lines ever brought to this section.

Do not send east—wait until you can see what you can do at home.

Respectfully,  
JAFFA, PRAGER & Co.

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LIVERY, FEED and SALE STABLES, ROSWELL, : : : N. M.

Horses bought and sold. First-class rigs. First-class teams. Prices reasonable. Hacks for long trips, with good careful drivers, on short notice. Don't forget the place,

THE NEW BRICK FRONT STABLE.

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