

CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER.

VOL. II

CAPITAN, N. M., NOVEMBER 15, 1916.

NO. 30

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
TELEGRAPHIC EVENTS
Nov. 27-30—Meeting State Education Association at Albuquerque.
June 14-17—Cowboys' Rendezvous at Las Vegas.

The Maxwell and French beet crop is being harvested.

A new high school building is being erected at Magdalena.

Heavy stock shipments are being made from Beaumont.

The Loyal Order of Moose has recently taken on new life in Gallup and has a rapidly growing membership.

At the state land sale held at Deming by Capt. Fred Mueller, a total acreage of 40,470.25 was sold for the sum \$8,75.

The New Mexico public utilities commission has given the railroads permission to increase demurrage rates to \$3 per day.

There were only five cloudy days in October, according to the monthly summary just issued by Section Director Charles E. Linney of Santa Fe.

Major Henry Winterfeld, of Albuquerque appointed delegates to the Ozark Trail convention, to be held in Oklahoma City, Okla., on Nov. 21 and 22.

Lucius C. Hightower is to be hanged at Silver City on Friday, Nov. 16, the state Supreme Court having affirmed the sentence imposed for first degree murder.

Incorporation papers were filed with the state corporation commission by the Western Mineral Products Company of Denver, capitalized at \$10,000.

Of the 78,482.76 acres of New Mexico, nearly half is public land and 14,000,000 state land, according to a report issued by the United States geological survey.

The state tax commission adjourned after ten days' session, during which the levies by the various boards of county commissioners were examined, corrected and approved.

LaVerne Kerschner, a contractor of Roswell, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court at Santa Fe, giving his assets as \$2,150 and his liabilities at \$8,124.

Charles Mayer, aged 20 years, died at the home of T. G. Evans in Las Vegas. Mr. Mayer was one of the pioneers of New Mexico, coming to Las Vegas from Missouri thirty-five years ago and residing there until his death.

Nathan Boyd of Las Cruces, the organizer of the Elephant Butte dam project, motored into Santa Fe from Washington, D. C. With him was his fiancee, Mrs. George C. Dewey, and children.

The Texico-Farwell Creamery Company of Texico, Curry county, filed incorporation papers with the state corporation commission. The capitalization is \$100,000 and \$1,000 of the capital stock is paid up.

Homestead entries made by soldiers who are now doing duty along the Mexican border are protected, and service time is to be counted on the entry tabulations, according to a ruling of the general land office received at Santa Fe.

The discovery of a poisonous spring, which appears to be poisonous only part of the time, and whose poisonou

s principle is of such an obscure nature as to baffle even the experts of the national bureau of chemistry, is anounced by forest officers at Albuquerque. The spring is located in the Cimarron district of the Carson national forest.

Because congress failed to make the Grand Canyon a national park, it being merely a national monument at present, the Santa Fe system will not expend the million dollars it had set aside in its budget for work at the Grand Canyon.

At the county court house in Deming, Fritz Mueller, representing Robert P. Erlien, state land commissioner, sold 30,376.25 acres of state and school lands, the actual sale occupying one hour's time and the state will receive \$130,000.

In the \$5,000 damage suit of Mrs. M. A. Wright vs. The Rocky Mountain and Santa Fé railway at Santa Fe, heard before United States District Judge John C. Pollock, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

The school census of Eddy county just received by the department of education shows that there are 2,996 persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years in the county; 1,498 below 16.

NEWS TO DATE IN PARAGRAPHS

CAUGHT FROM THE NETWORK OF WIRES ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD.

DURING THE PAST WEEK

RECORD OF IMPORTANT EVENTS CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

ABOUT THE WAR

Austrian attacks on Italian positions on the Carso front were beaten off at the point of the bayonet, the war office announced at Rome.

Transsylvania struggle still in progress, with neither the Austro-Germans nor the Russ-Romanians having a decided advantage. No news arrived Sunday from the Dobrudja sector.

Italian war report chronicles continued triumph for the Italian arms in the new drive against the Austrians. Prisoners taken since Aug. 1 number 40,385, the statement says.

Important advances have been made on the Somme and Meuse sectors by the allies. British advance, 1,000 yards while French capture three trenches and all the German positions in the St. Pierre Vuast wood.

The Bucharest war office announces that Romanian forces in Dobrudja have compelled the retirement of Tauric forces, which in their retreat set fire to several villages. The villages burned were Deacu, Garlici, Rosu and Galdu.

Berlin announced officially that the central powers have agreed to grant independence and a constitutional monarchial government to Poland at the conclusion of the war and that plans for stabilizing the government will be placed in effect at once.

After more than a week of doubt concerning operations in the Dobrudja region of Romania, where the Tauric allies had been marching almost unimpeded northward from the Black sea to the Danube, comes the report that the Romanians have taken the offensive. It is wrong to think that bridgegroom and bride-to-be have to meet often by special invitation; they live in harmony together; there is no petty jealousy, each knows that the law allows the husband a certain number of wives. It is wrong to think that bridgegroom and bride-to-be have to meet each other by the will of the parents. The parents certainly make the proposal, but the young people are allowed the final word.

Western people have learned the Turks of polygamy, which is denied by the Oriental and the accusation returned with the remark, "The Western men are worse, for they flee from flower to flower, but no one brings any of these flowers home to make her his wife."

Reforms and Western modes have brought much unhappiness into the harems, and often when too late Moslem women have found out that they were wrong.

The Oriental, rich or poor, does not allow his wife to do laborious work; she has to live for her husband and children only. He wants her to live in ease and comfort, and to accomplish this, the husband deprives himself of many things to give his wife and children all the comfort possible.

The Oriental works and is thrifty, while his wife sits at home on the carpet.

Advances within a week in the prices of thirty-two items of their stocks were enumerated for retail grocers of San Francisco by the Retail Grocers' Association.

The women of San Antonio, Tex., are to be asked to bake sufficient cakes, pies and cookies for the Thanksgiving dinner of the 15,000 troops stationed at Camp Wilson.

The women of San Antonio, Tex., are to be asked to bake sufficient cakes, pies and cookies for the Thanksgiving dinner of the 15,000 troops stationed at Camp Wilson.

Anyone who imagines that life on board the Vaterland, the largest steamer in the world, which has been docked in Hoboken since the outbreak of the war, is a rather dull affair at the present time will have a pleasant surprise should an opportunity present itself for a visit to the mighty liner.

These opportunities are few and far between. No one is permitted to approach the Hamburg dock, so carefully

is the Vaterland guarded from cranky

and families, unless possessed of some magic password. At present there are more than 200 persons on board who are making it their home. In every way they have many more comforts than in a hotel, and indeed, the Vaterland is more like a palace than a ship.

One of the chief attractions on board

during the hot weather is the swimming pool, and as there is no possibility of a shark finding its way into the water anyone wishing to take a daily dip may do so with entire peace of mind.—New York Times.

He Overdose.

An Ohio street florist was spurred

to unusual activity a few evenings

ago when, at about closing time at

an important young man called and gave

no notice for an engagement.

TURK'S 'SANCTUM'

HOW THE HAREM FIGURES IN LIFE OF THE ORIENT.

German Writer Asserts That Western Travelers Have Given Out an Entirely Wrong Impression of the Institution.

The West brought its civilization to the East, but one thing the Western people were unable to drive away from the Orient was the harem. The Oriental will stick to his harem. To overturn the old institution would make an end of culture in the Orient.

The harem is a home for women members of the family, widowed mothers, old maid aunts and others of the family branch. Even old servants, unfit for further service, are taken into the harem.

The word harem means "holy place," a protected home, and not what is falsely understood a place where the Orientals hide and maintain their wives. The children born in harems are kept there and carefully nursed by their mothers. Therefore the death rate in these refugees is

very young man was very particular, and said the bouquet must be ready by 7 a. m. next day, as he was to be married at 7:30 a. m., and the flowers were a necessary part of the ceremony.

"Now be sure to have the flowers ready at 7 a. m. I will call for them," were his parting words.

The florist got to his store half an hour earlier than usual next morning and had the bouquet ready in the box at 7 a. m. The young man did not arrive at the appointed hour, at exactly 8:45 o'clock, the customer rushed in panting and out of breath.

"For God's sake, give me the bouquet quick," he gasped, "I overslept."

—Indianapolis News.

MAY MAKE "KAPOK" OF VALU.

Fiber That Is Abundant in Haiti Has Been Mentioned as a Substitute for Wool.

There are two varieties of kapok fiber to be found in Haiti, both products of trees of the Eriodendron family and both of good quality. The local names for the fiber vary according to locality: "maroden," "cotton impon" and "cotton noir" are those most commonly used.

Kapok is fairly abundant all over Haiti, but in commercial use has been made of it. The natives sometimes stuff pillows with it, and occasionally mattresses, but this is about the extent of its utilization.

Indeed, all over the West Indies it is little used and has no fixed market value, except in Cuba, where it is well-defined article of local trade, and where considerable quantities are brought from the Dominican Republic.

There has been noted of late some interest in the substance in the United States, and it is being advertised under fancy trade names as a new discovery for life preservers, cushions on steamers, pillows and the like. As filling for mattresses it is an ideal substance, exceedingly light, abundantly sanitary and possessing such resilience that even after long use it does not lump or pack. As a quilting material for comforters and other bed coverings it equals wool. In warmth and exceeds cotton in softness and lightness. For dressing gowns, smoking jackets and other padded garments it has much to recommend it. For upholstery it is superior to most materials now in use.

Kapok is used in England to some extent in the manufacture of hats and certain of the longer varieties are mixed with cotton to impart a silky luster to fabrics. The regular kapok however, has too short a fiber to spin.

It is extremely inflammable, and this is its chief drawback. If the fiber could be so treated with chemicals as to eliminate this dangerous quality it would be very much more valuable.

Reforms and Western modes have brought much unhappiness into the harems, and often when too late Moslem women have found out that they were wrong.

The Oriental, rich or poor, does not allow his wife to do laborious work; she has to live for her husband and children only. He wants her to live in ease and comfort, and to accomplish this, the husband deprives himself of many things to give his wife and children all the comfort possible.

The Oriental works and is thrifty, while his wife sits at home on the carpet.

The service of philosophy, of speculative culture, toward the human spirit is to come, to startle it to a life of constant and eager observation.

Every moment some form grows perfect in hand or face; some tone on the hills or the sea is clearer than the rest; some mood of passion or insight or intellectual excitement is irresistibly real and attractive to us—for that moment only. Not the fruit of experience but experience itself, in the end. A counted number of pulses only is given to us of a variegated, dramatic life. How may we see in them all that is to be seen in them by the finest senses? How shall we pass most swiftly from point to point and be present always at the focus where the greatest number of vital forces unite in their purest energy?

To burn always with this hard gem-like flame, to maintain this ecstasy, is success. In life . . . Great passions may give us this quickened sense of life ecstasy and sorrow of love, the various forms of enthusiastic activity, disinterested or otherwise, which come naturally to many of us.

Only be sure it is passion—that it does yield you this fruit of a quickly multiplied consciousness.

Walter Pater.

Life on the Vaterland.

Anyone who imagines that life on board the Vaterland, the largest steamer in the world, which has been docked in Hoboken since the outbreak of the war, is a rather dull affair at the present time will have a pleasant surprise should an opportunity present itself for a visit to the mighty liner.

These opportunities are few and far between. No one is permitted to approach the Hamburg dock, so carefully

is the Vaterland guarded from cranky

and families, unless possessed of some

magic password. At present there are

more than 200 persons on board who

are making it their home. In every

way they have many more comforts

than in a hotel, and indeed, the Vater-

land is more like a palace than a ship.

One of the chief attractions on board

during the hot weather is the swim-

ming pool, and as there is no possibil-

ity of a shark finding its way into the

water anyone wishing to take a daily

dip may do so with entire peace of

mind.—New York Times.

He Overdose.

An Ohio street florist was spurred

to unusual activity a few evenings

ago when, at about closing time at

an important young man called and gave

no notice for an engagement.

TOILET ARTICLES

Of all kinds and descriptions at popular prices.—PRICES that will meet with the approval of your POCKET BOOK.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

—filled with ACCURACY by Pharmacists of years experience, thus insuring prompt and satisfactory service to our patrons.

GIVE US YOUR BUSINESS

The Nyal Store
ROLLAND | BROS.
"The House of Quality"

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

CAPITAN GARAGE

If your Automobile is sick and under the weather, bring it or send it to us. We treat all diseases of the AUTO including the most difficult and contagious. SURGICAL OPERATIONS A SPECIALTY.

FREE AIR
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

John M. Penfield

(Successor to H. Lutz & Co.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Wagons and Vehicles—Pay the highest price for hides and pelts.

LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.

The Capitan Bar

CAPITAN, N. M.

Choice Liquors, Brandies and Wines
Billiard and Pool Parlor.

The Marlin Model 20

REPEATING RIFLE</h3

CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER.

Published Weekly by Neil H. Bigger & Company.

Neil H. Bigger,

Editor.

Subscription per year

\$1.50

Subscription six months

\$1.00

Entered as second class mail matter May 14, 1915, at the post office at Capitan N. M., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

A New County.

New Enterprise for Capitan.

It is not altogether out of the range of possibility that the people of this county will soon be involved in a contest even more exciting than the one just closed. The idea has already been suggested and in one quarters is finding much favor, that a new county should be organized out of part of Lincoln's present territory. It is claimed that the county embraces sufficient territory for two good sized counties. That's the situation now stands the people in the entire east end of the county are compelled to travel a distance of 60 and 70 miles to the county seat to attend the courts and to transact other business, which is an inconvenience that they should not be expected to endure much longer. That is a question which will inevitably come up sooner or later, and many express themselves that there will never be a better time to bring it up than now. It has been suggested that the west line of the new county should be established near Nogal, which could give each of the two counties about an equal division of territory and population.

In case the matter should come up soon, it is not probable that there would be much agitation about the county seat; that would come as an after consideration and would most likely be settled in the end without prejudice or bad feeling. It would be pretty safe, however, to say that either Capitan or Lincoln would be selected for the county seat.

Government Land to be Sold

General Land Office, Washington D. C., October 25, 1916. The Secretary of the Interior has authorized the sale at public auction, at the United States Land Office, Las Cruces, New Mexico, on November 22, 1916, of the property known as the Ojo Caliente Reservation, situated in Socorro county, New Mexico. It comprises five sections of land on which were situated the buildings of the agency of the former Hot Springs Reservation.

There are 3,200 acres to be sold, and the lands are reported valuable for grazing purposes. They contain about 20 springs, though there is considerable running water on the reservation. The city of Monticello claims certain rights by appropriation of the waters from the springs. The offering will include such rights to said springs as may be in the United States. The land is to be sold in one body to the highest bidder, who will be required to make a deposit at the time of sale equal to 20 per cent of the amount of his bid, and increase said deposit to 40 per cent within ten days thereafter, the balance to be paid in two equal annual installments.

Persons desiring further information may secure the same by addressing the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, Las Cruces, New Mexico, or the Commissioner of the General Land Office, Washington, D. C.

R. C. James, the forest ranger, was over from Glenwood a few days ago to receive a shipment of fish furnished by the government to stock the Ruidoso Mountain trout were selected and it will only be a short time until there will be fine fishing in that stream.

The first snow of the season was seen on the summit of the Capitan Monday morning. Snow was observable on the crest of White mountain more than two weeks ago.

Methodists Take Notice.

Rev. G. H. Gran, the Presiding Elder, writes me that he will be in Capitan Nov. 25 and 26. Will the Methodists see to it that some one to represent them meet him here and arrange for preaching at places to compose the Capitan Mission. If you want preaching by the pastor be sure to come or send him some place where he thinks I should preach, viz: Nogal, Lincoln, Fort Stanton, Angostura, Mountain View, Alto and Mesa.

I live at the Miss Shepherd place, Capitan, call on me when in the town.

L. W. CARLTON, P. C.

For Sale.

Ninety acres patented land, fenced, four room house, cellar, barn, corral, etc. Sixty bearing fruit trees, well, spring for garden, plenty of outside range, fifteen acres in cultivation, one and a half miles from school. Price \$600; inquire at Mountaineer office.

Wright's Liquid Smoke for curing meats at Tidsworth Co's.

Lumber! Lumber!

BACA CANYON MILL

We are running our mill at full capacity and can fill all orders for lumber promptly. First-class Pine lumber eighteen dollars per thousand.

HUTCHISON & JOHNS

W. W. SLACK

Dealer in all kinds of native lumber. Mill near Alto, New Mexico. Prices as low as any other mill in the County. All orders filled promptly.

MAKING DUTY EASY

HOUSEWIFE'S SCHEME DECIDEDLY WORTH CONSIDERATION.

Much Less a Task When One Can Contrive to Turn Necessary Work Into Something That May Be Term'd Amusing.

"Dear, will you see to Horace? I think he's hungry," remarked the hostess to her husband.

"Who is Horace?" asked the weekend guest. The hostess laughed.

"Why, it's the furnace," she admitted. "You see, we have got into the merry way of playing a game with our housekeeping, and naming everything in the house. It isn't nearly as much of a task to tend the furnace when it is named Horace and is, in a way, a helpful, active member of the family, as when it is regarded merely as a nuisance."

Margarito Silva, Modesto Montijo, these of Capitan, N. M., Francisco Gonzales, of Encino, N. M., Forencio Zamora, of Lincoln, N. M.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

125249

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico.

Nov. 6, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Petra M. Serna, of Encino, New Mexico, widow of Jose Serna, deceased, N. M., who, on October 19, 1907, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 025289, for NE1/4, SE1/4, Section 29, and SW1/4 NW1/4, Section 28, Township 7-S, Range 14-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitan, New Mexico, on Dec. 15, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Margarito Silva, Modesto Montijo, these of Capitan, N. M., Francisco Gonzales, of Encino, N. M., Forencio Zamora, of Lincoln, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,

Nov. 15, cc. 13 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

025493 025778

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico.

Nov. 8, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Isidro Serrillo, of Rabenton, New Mexico, who on Dec. 11, 1911, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 025493, for NE1/4, NW1/4, Section 22; and on Oct. 9, 1916,

Additional Homestead Entry, Serial No. 035773, for NE1/4, Section 24; and SW1/4, Section 22, Township 6-S, Range 14-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office in Capitan, New Mexico, on December 18, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Eduardo Gutierrez, Augustin Chavez, Aurelio Sanchez, Belin Zamora, all of Rabenton, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,

Nov. 15, cc. 13 Register.

Better Than Faucets.

Foot power is required to wash your hands in one of the new washbowls designed for use in schools, public institutions and offices, as well as private homes. The faucets supplying the water have no handles. They are operated by pedals underneath the stand. Pressing one pedal gives hot water and the other supplies cold. This permits the user to have his water at the temperature he desires.

As soon as the pressure upon pedal is released, its waterflow stops. Physicians and dentists find this foot controlled water supply a great convenience because it does not require the use of a hand to secure water. It is claimed that it would lessen the water waste in all public places where the washstand is in almost continual use.

Capitan Mercantile Co.

Dealers in General Merchandise.

We are still doing business at the Old Stand, and will sell you dry goods, clothing, hats, shoes, groceries, etc., as cheap as you can get them anywhere else.

We buy wool, mohair, hides, pelts, etc.

Capitan N. M.

W. O. NORMAN.

THE MAN WHO ALWAYS HAS THE GOODS AND MAKES THE LOWEST GASH PRICES ON

Everything For Everybody.

My Motto: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Peters' Black Diamond Shoes.

For all wear Peters' "Black Diamond Brand" of Shoes are the best on the market. They are honestly made of solid leather throughout, with solid leather heel and toe too. Try a pair and be convinced.

Country Produce bought and sold.

Lincoln, New Mexico.

120 N. Main St.

.....That's all.....

For rapid lunch and best cigars in Roswell.

W. S. BREUNIG

Mountaineer 150

General Local News.

Old newspapers at this office for sale at 10 cents per hundred.

Mercury dropped two degrees below zero in Capitan Monday night.

Constable Lon Hunter and Forest Ranger F. C. James were looking after business in Capitan Tuesday.

Mrs. Atkins, of Corona, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Clements, in Capitan.

For Sale—Park-Davis & Co's. Blackleg oids.

The Titsworth Co.

Clement Hightower was up the first of the week surveying for Mr. DeBore, who recently bought the Ellis place west of town.

Just received a shipment of genuine Navajo rugs.

The Titsworth Co.

The wife of Mr. J. W. Coleman, living near Alto, died at Fort Stanton last night and will be buried here this afternoon.

Geno Banty has moved his family to Capitan, and he has entered the employ of Lee Prude who is holding a herd of cattle in the Indian Reservation.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Bonnell were over from the Ruidoso last Saturday visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will Titsworth.

Mr. Fred Bitters, of the Nogal Mesa, passed through Capitan Monday on his way home from the lower Bonita, where he had been threshing alfalfa.

Come in and look over our line of stationery before you buy. We handle the very latest.

Sunshine Pharmacy

It is said that there is likely to be a contest over one of the county offices. Should this be done, it may affect one or two others.

Messrs. John Copeland, Fred Pittston and Dotson Bros. shipped out a car load of fine hogs Tuesday. They went to the Oklahoma City market.

Mrs. Larayne and of Alto, nominee on the socialist ticket for state school superintendent, received one complimentary vote in the Capitan box.

Alfredo Gonzales, tax assessor elect, and Johnny West, merchant, both of San Patricio, passed down the road on the mail car Tuesday on their way home from Carrizozo.

Your complexion depends largely on the kind of soap you use. We handle the best only Sunshine Pharmacy.

An error was made in the Mountaineer last week in the county election report. Alfredo Gonzales was reported as getting 61 votes for tax assessor in this precinct. He received 71 and Salazar 70.

Don't forget the Sunshine Pharmacy for high grade stationery, perfumes, etc.

John Copeland, of the Angus community, moved this week to Kansas City, Mo. It is not because Mr. Copeland has become dissatisfied with the country that he is leaving here; it is because the altitude is too great for Mrs. Copeland's health. Mr. Copeland still owns his place and may return at some future time.

Highest prices paid for hides, sheep pelts and goat skins.

The Titsworth Co.

Mr. Clarkson and family, from Clay County, Texas, came in the first of the week. He has rented a house and will place three daughters in the High School. He wants to rent a farm for the coming year until he can find a suitable place to purchase. It is an encouraging indication of the communities improvement when such men like Mr. Clarkson come to settle among us.

A small residence to sell on terms to suit the purchaser. Address P. O. Box 226, Capitan.

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Jerry Weeks, who's Peanut Stand went into the hands of receivers some time ago has gone into the farming business and bought himself a Plow Plane.

Veck-Stirrit & Co's drummer was in the Corners two days this week and came very neat getting an order from our Merchant.

The Old Needle Doctor succeeded in collecting all the money slop bucket Dick owed him yesterday and the general opinion is that he will recover.

At a meeting of the Good Roads Club, a petition was signed and presented to the road man asking him to stop all traffic possible on the roads until we can get it fenced and planted; he has it all well plowed and pulverized.

Windy Jim, a refugee from old Mexico and an old timer from this part of the country arrived in the Corners today and says he expects to stay sober.

The on Wampus creek filled Mr. Whitesides Cistern, brimming full of water and now he has withdrawn the ad he had in the papers offering his place for sale, and says he never realized how convenient his place was located, this is the first time his Cistern has been even damp since the Newton Boy spit in it.

The unofficial count gives New Mexico's electoral vote to Wilson. The Democrats have elected Jones U. S. Senator, Walton to Congress; de Baca, Governor; Lucero, Secretary of State; Paton, Attorney General. So far the vote shows that the Republicans have elected Judge W. E. Lindsey, Lieutenant Governor; Roberts, Supreme Judge; Eriyen, State Land Commissioner and Wagner, Superintendent of Schools.

Married.

At the Catholic church in Capitan, on last Sunday the 12th inst. Jamie Torres, son of Constable Jose Torres, and Miss Sofia Secha, daughter of Julian Serna and wife, were united in the bonds of matrimony, Rev. J. H. Girma officiating. There were a large number of invitations sent out and the ceremony took place in the presence of a crowded church.

Rev. L. W. Carlton was in the Mountaineer office one day this week when he learned that Judge W. E. Lindsey has been elected Lieutenant Governor. He said: "Judge Lindsey and I were close neighbors in Portales. We were not only close neighbors, but were closer friends. He is a Republican and a Presbyterian; I am a Democrat and a Methodist, but such affiliations never cut any figure in our friendship." Judge Lindsey is not only a first-class citizen, but is a man of good ability and I am sure that he will fill the office of Lieutenant Governor in a most creditable manner."

Nogal Nuggets.

The Electric power has been transmitted from White Oaks to the celebrated Hoppers mine at Parsons and the machinery is now in operation, so we learn.

Mr. Bush, in charge of the Bender and Brannum mines near the American mine, in Nogal vicinity, is steadily forging ahead again. Excellent results are expected very soon.

The youngest son of our J. P. constituted himself a bronco buster on last Saturday in the absence of his father, Mr. Joe Geohran, and was thrown from the pony and dragged some distance. Fortunately no bones were broken, but numerous all bruises all over his body.

The singing choir at Nogal meets every Saturday and Sunday nights with Prof. McDaniel and have a good time.

Our deputy gave werden seal the state treasurer \$100 on the 11th inst. for the month of October for licenses.

Corn Meal.

The public can get their corn ground into meal at P. G. James just east of Mr. Hobbs'.

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

Notes from Luke's Corners

Four Years More of Woodrow

</

RECOGNIZE VALUE OF SALT.

Scientists Now Are Practically unanimous in Their Appreciation of the Humble Mineral.

The preservative, the cleansing and soothng effects of salt have been known for ages. To this extent, and with some recognition of existing practices, the use of saline solutions in British military hospitals, noted to a cable despatch, is not new. The interesting points are in the evolution of salt to the position of a sole healing agent, and in the method of application by a constant stream which, in a single flowing, washes the wound, guards it from infection and contributes disinfecting power.

An excellent and common household article thus supplants after the initial disinfecting the highly scientific, microscopic appliances of the day.

This elaboration of an old remedy recently received the medical stir which followed in 1901 the publication from the University of Chicago, by Dr. George Ladd and Prof. Dr. J. Lindo of the theory that a solution of common salt in the blood neutralized by chlorine and possibly potassium salt solutions "was the cause of the rhythmic beating of the heart." All due to the action of saline injections to stimulate the heart. Those who started over the new proposal can understand the physiological importance of salt and its ability after a hemorrhage to supply the deficiency in circulation until new blood is made.

Indeed people of old esteemed salt as a gift of the gods. Egyptian priests actually used salt as a medicine. In the Bible, salt was mentioned in the Book of Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy, and Joshua. The salt was offered as a pledge of friendship. Numerous ancient emperors in their diets had salt enough to satisfy the desire for salt for supper. It may well be reverent in a sense of its relation to life itself, and the soul of man measured.

Watertown "Kid."

Another word *conservator* is used and recognized by lexicons. It means the person who has all the tools and the resources, the knowledge, and the ones that come to him more than all those, who is the Master in Cartoons.

In 1901 I took up a bid. How did I do in the war? What memory of the war? I was a 10 year old, and at school at the Vauvert because that was then the "Slavey du Poitou Imperial". It was in July, and the war had just been declared.

I became a Master. Michel held his class to teach on those historic days and not because of this, but because he had arrived at Charles VII he referred to us the glorification of Joan of Arc.

And there was one pupil who remained. Questioned, he refused to answer, and our venerable professor said, "I still remember

"No, I will not punish you," he said. "One does not punish young Frenchmen who are not interested in Joan of Arc." Rather one pillow there.

We did not understand very well why Michel Michel had suddenly become a master and representative but we felt that there was a depth of meaning in his words. Thus meaning continued to live on.

This is a "Master" Country. It is the tradition of "Colonels" who are the brutal leaders of the army to be the cut of their tongue. America is essentially a "Master" country. We're in the United States of a newspaper that would go to the extreme of the London Chronicle.

If the Woodrow Wilson is again returned to the White House he will endeavor to experience the fate of the only other unsuccessful democratic candidate, President Hayes of Cleveland. In Cleveland's case however Brigadier General Benjamin Harrison served between the terms of office.

Our son's military title is only a bugle call in most of America. The London Chronicle, however, referred to William McKinley when he was president of the United States and commander-in-chief of the army and navy, as Major McKinley, using his Civil war rank—Minneapolis Journal.

Echo From San Francisco. An event which was not without its regrettable aspects was the recent wrecking of the beautiful buildings and monuments of the exposition at San Francisco, which were erected only about two years ago, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. Despite any desire to preserve them that admirers may have had the temporary character of the buildings made their demolition advisable. Many of the fine monumental structures, such as the "Arch of the Rising Sun," surmounted by a group entitled "The Nations of the East," were thrown to the ground by exploding charges of dynamite under them.

Precious Time. "Mr. Johnson, you will have to wait on our customers with more plenty." "To you, sir, I would speak in my garden this morning that I am tired out."

"Is your garden doing well?"

"Oh, yes, sir. I'm growing some of the finest vegetables you ever saw."

"Hum. A garden ~~means~~ the cost of living. In that case I presume you can stand a slight reduction in your salary."

ARGENTINA LAND OF LUXURY. POWER OF THE HUMORIST

South American Country Almost Paris in France With Its Great Honor, The United States.

For the "Buenos" colonies which are among the United States, the United States, the "United" colonies of the Rio de la Plata," leaving their independence on July 9, 1816, had to make good their losses by a long war. The Argentine lasted from 1817 to 1822; it was not until 1842 that Spain conceded to Argentina her freedom.

Having received liberty by their arms, the United provinces fell apart and were not brought together until 1852 when a Congress, at Entre Rios, agreed upon a union which they called the "Confederation of the Argentine." They were then the Argentine. There was no stable government until some time after the adoption of a Constitution in 1853. For Buenos Ayres repeatedly refused to accept the document. Argentine's present provincial estate is the work of men of 30 years. Her capital may be said to have paralleled ours since it emerged from the wastage of our civil war.

Her great first growth has been indicated by the following details: their impressive statistics. In Buenos Ayres, subscriptions, 1,234 a day. The fee for membership in a well known club is \$1,500. The membership is not much either. Travellers leaving Buenos Ayres sometimes pay a whole day's express train without once having sight of enormous herds of grazing cattle. In La Prensa the country has a news sheet with correspondents in all parts of the world, from whom they receive at the cost of heavy cable fees, despite the fact that three pages cost \$1. The Argentine has replaced the North Americans as the principal nation of intelligent critics in Europe.

The North American country of magnificence and of equally magnificent prices as well.

They used the old Spanish coin whose value would be were they alive today in the pastoral wealth they overruled before. In their view the only wealth was gold, silver and gold; they excited in the Jews of Peru and left the rest of the Rio Plata. They left the itself, having found that the Paraná and Paraguay rivers hid none of the silver that the early explorers had dreamt of finding. But this very need was Argentina's good fortune. Her colonists were left to develop the country for themselves when the wave of the liberation came, they found few sentimental ties to bind them to Spain, and they possessed already the spirit of self-help necessary to insure the future of their country.

Bell Historic Jail.

The old Alvarado county (Buenos) courthouse and jail have just been sold at auction for \$4,000. The county board of education was permitted to bid them in that they might be offered to state or the establishment of an industrial branch of the University of CABA.

Spring Place, fallen into decay since it was founded 100 years ago, three miles away, was once one of the famous resorts of Georgia. In the old jail, dissolved since the county seat was removed to Columbus some time ago, there is a cell where once was confined John Howard Payne, the author of "Home Sweet Home," who never slept in a home of his own.

Payne, tradition says, was arrested at Rock Landing the site of Chatanooga, for sedition in connection with the removal of the Cherokee Indians. While a prisoner in the Spring Place jail, he had the soldiers on guard outside stamp his own "Home Sweet Home" signature on Athens girl, finally succeeded in liberating him.

Costly New papers.

A Belgian banker who has been permitted to be the German ambassador to come to Paris on business connected with relief work states that the chief luxury of life in Brussels is the purchase of London and Paris New papers, which can be had easily if one will pay the exorbitant price demanded.

The price of London is worth \$6.40, The Times of Paris \$1.10, the *Midi de Paris* 80 centimes, the other French papers \$3.00. The penalty for being caught with one of these papers is not severe and is usually not enforced against persons of good standing, but the penalty for the agency which distributes the papers would be very severe. The German officials have had no success in running down the distributors so it is thought that perhaps German soldiers have their hand in it, for the profits on a couple of hundred copies of The Times each day are considerable. —New York Sun.

Robins Travel by Train.

When a booby was pulled into this city the other day for repairs it was found that a robin had built her nest under the car and had hatched three young eggs.

When the car was pushed on the rough track the mother bird flew around greatly excited and could not be driven away. The men searched the car and found the nest. They put the nest in a small bag, cut a hole in it and nailed it to a post.

The mother bird took possession immediately and was feeding her young numerous times daily.—Vancouver (Wash.) Dispatch to Seattle Times.

Furniture Needed Dyes.

This country's demand for dyes is being met in part by greatly increased imports of dyes from Burma.

FAMOUS OLD PORT

MARSEILLES A POINT OF IMPORTANCE FOR CENTURIES.

French City, Older Than the Country Itself, Is Now the Naval Base of the Forces of the Entente Allies.

Marseilles, the unwearied center for Mediterranean trade during 26 centuries, and the city wherein the earliest naval traditions of France were formed whence fleets were sent before Rome's day of power to challenge the great Mediterranean port city, Carthage, is today the principal naval base for the allies upon the Middle ocean; and, with the shifting of the stress of the world-war toward the east, to the Balkans, to Turkey-in-Europe, to Syria and Mesopotamia, it is become a place of first strategic consequence, while, from its harbor, a steady stream of the "ships of warfare" is pouring into the vital fields bordering the Eastern seaboard, beginning the primer on war geography issued today by the National Geographic Society.

Marseilles has been an important city through all of Europe's historic ages. It has been in competition for the commerce of its inland sea from earliest times; has seen its competitors, one by one, reach their zenith and decline, while it still remains a foremost Mediterranean port. Its rivals today are of the younger set of cities, Genoa, comparatively youthful, and Triest, a newcomer into the fold of contending world-powers.

Genoa, though of about equal age with Marseilles as a harbor, first came into commercial fame during the early middle ages. Sidon, Tyre, Athens, Corinth, Carthage, Ragusa, Pisa, Venice and a host of other cities have at one time and another fought a bitter rivalry with Marseilles, and of some of these even the history of their efforts is forgotten, while their one-time rival has passed through several declines toward an even greater future.

Tracing its descent from early Phoenician times, the fortunes of Marseilles have fluctuated with the fortunes of civilization upon the Mediterranean coasts. The Phoenicians, a Greek people whose trading instincts carried them beyond the confines of the known world of their day, came after the Phenicians, took Marseilles from them and made it the New York of the ancient world. Due to their enterprise Marseilles became the first of trading cities, and, during the Punic wars, its aid saved Rome.

Situated in the center of things Mediterranean, on the Gulf of the Lion, enjoying the advantages of an excellent harbor, well equipped, together with a rich and productive hinterland, Marseilles has again become the first port on the inland sea, the first city of France and one of the wealthiest communities in Europe. It lies 334 miles south-southeast of Paris, with which it is connected by the Paris-Lyon-Mediterranean railway. The manufacturing city of Lyons lies 210 miles to the north upon the River Rhone, whose principal channel reaches the Mediterranean sea, 25 miles west of Marseilles.

While Marseilles possesses few architectural extravagances, it is well and solidly built and thoroughly modern. It has preserved no interesting remains from ancient times; for the modern spirit, which has characterized its long life, has left it little appetite for reminiscence, and the wars that have swept over it have destroyed much of its heritage. The public works of the city and its conveniences, however, are on a par with those of the best-administered municipalities of today.

The port does a vast export and import in peace times; buying cattle, coffee, raw cotton and silk, hides and grain, and selling cotton and woolen goods, ribbons, soap, silk, sugar, grain, fruits, wine, oil and perfumes. Its shipping business is carried on along 12 miles of model quays where 2,500 vessels can be accommodated at one time.

New Life Preserver.

A novel life preserver has been devised to supplement the ordinary cork jacket in rough water. By its use the person in distress is able to breathe, even when the waves sweep over his head. The appliance adds to the cork jacket a light metal chamber which floats high, a sput leading from it rising two or three feet above the water level. A tube leads from this chamber to a face mask, through which the wearer of the jacket breathes. Even if the water sweeps over his head the sput of the air chamber is still clear and the air supply unimpaired.

A portion of *newspaper* at Santa Fe in the United States district clerk's office by La Verne Keraner of Roswell, a contractor, who gives his assets as \$3,450 and his liabilities \$3,124.

Word comes from H. W. Henshaw, chief of the bureau of biological survey, that the federal law does not carry any provision on the question of a Sunday closed season on game, as has been reported. Under the state law, hunting on Sunday of any kind of game is lawful.

Tecilo Lujan, aged 40 years, was found dead in the garden of F. E. Nuding, at Santa Fe. It seems that Tecilo tried to sit on a fence separating the premises of Leo Hersch and Nuding and lost his balance, breaking his neck by the fall.

The Capitan Mountaineer

An All Home Printed Newspaper

Established April 14th, 1915.

The Mountaineer now has 600 bonifide subscribers, and its circulation is principally confined to home readers--residents of Lincoln county, New Mexico.

IT IS A WEEKLY INDEPENDENT NEWS-PAPER

that gives the news of the county—a home journal in every respect.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 A YR., 6 MONTHS 50cts

Correspondence is solicited from all points in the county. Two yearly subscriptions, stamps and stationery to each regular correspondent. Names of correspondents must be known to the Editor.

We have a good Job Printing Department in connection with the Newspaper and turn out good work on short notice. Call or write us and get our prices.

Mail orders receive close attention

Published By

Neil H. Bigger and Co.

WHEN TRAVELING

Through the country, especially when you are tired and hungry STOP AT THE COTTAGE HOTEL where you will enjoy solid comfort at a refined place where you will be treated both entertainingly and courteously.

COTTAGE HOTEL
MRS. LENA MORGAN Proprietress.

John M. Penfield

(Successor to H. Lutz & Co.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Wagons and Vehicles—Pay the highest price for hides and pelts.

LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.