CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER.

VOL 2 — CAPITAN, N. M., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1916. — NO. 27

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

COMING EVENTS.

Nov. 27-30—Meeting State Educational Association at Albuquerque.

Socorro county has 5,454 pupils of school age.

The new Carlsbad armory building is a fine one.

Sugar beets will be raised next year by Deming farmers.

Operators are now at Santa Fé preparing to drill for oil.

The Santa Fé tax levy has been fixed at $2.52 per $100.

Claude Hoskins of Roy ground his fingers in a cider press.

There are 179 cadets enrolled at the Roswell Military Institute.

W. H. Burns of Mountaineer had his jaw broken by a well drill.

The sale of 42,000 acres of Mimbres valley land was reported at Deming.

Ernest Leatherman was burned by a bucket of blazing gasoline at Roy.

After years of idleness, the saw mills at Alamogordo are again busy.

Two men alleged to have taken gold ore from the Aztec mine made their escape.

The Curry county grand jury was discharged after indicting twenty-four persons.

There are twenty-seven student teachers enrolled at the New Mexico Normal University.

Three tons of gold and silver ore were shipped from the Mogollon mines in September.

The grand lodge of Masons will meet in Las Cruces next year on the first Monday in October.

The boys' and girls' dormitory at Rehoboth Mission, six miles east of Gallup, was destroyed by fire.

Beans are yielding from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds per acre in the Moriarity section, bringing over $50 per acre.

The mountain town of Chama is now a busy place, as 100,000 lambs are being shipped from that section to market.

Union county farmers are happy over the big crop yields this season, and the high prices prevailing for all farm crops.

Santa Fé merchants are making plans for the entertainment of the Educational Association during Thanksgiving week.

Ray Malcolm of Hillsboro was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun in the hands of Harry Benson.

A large class was initiated into the Shrine at the session held at East Las Vegas by Ballut Abyad temple of Albuquerque.

Rupert F. Asplund of the State Tax Commission has begun the systematic and detailed investigation of school finances in New Mexico.

Nineteen Mexicans were indicted on murder charges at Deming for alleged connection with the raid on Columbus on March 9.

Two carloads of hoisting engines and derricks are on the ground at Cimarron for the construction work of the Eagle's Nest project.

Bud Clayton, a well-known rider, was so badly injured on the first day of the roundup at Tucumcari that he was almost put out of the contest on later days.

Chief of Police Ben Coles of Las Vegas arrested one Albert Mazon, alias Roy Purcell, on suspicion of being the thief who has been robbing Albuquerque residences.

The funeral of the late State Senator Epimenio A. Miera of Sandoval county, who died at his home near Jemez Pueblo, took place from the Cathedral of St. Francis at Santa Fé.

The government forecast of New Mexico crop yields this year follow: Corn, 2,590,000 bushels; wheat, 2,100,000; oats, 1,910,000; potatoes, 810,000; hay, 362,000 tons; apples, 119,000 barrels.

Two prisoners arrived at the Santa Fé penitentiary from Guadalupe county. They were G. W. Seela, six to ten years, voluntary manslaughter; Francisco Rael, six to eight years, rape.

Lying on the foot of his bed, dressed in an undershirt and a pair of trousers, the lifeless body of Hugo Haas, aged about 55 years, was found at Santa Fé in the room he had rented for several months.

RURAL CREDIT LAW MAKES MONEY CHEAP

High Interest Agencies Rush to Reduce Rate to Farmers.

BIGGER LOANS AT LESS COST

Effect of New Administration Act Strongly Felt, Although Law Is Not Yet In Operation—Will Reduce Interest on Land Loans to Less Than 5 Per Cent.

The effect of the new rural credit law, passed by the Democratic Administration, already is being felt in lower interest rates, although the land banks have not yet been organized. Testimony to this effect is being given at the hearings held by the Federal Farm Loan Board in various western cities.

At the hearings in Nebraska, numerous farmers stated that interest rates in the homesteading section of that State already have been reduced from one to two per cent by the prospective competition of the thirty to forty-year loans that the land banks soon will be making.

The average loan that an insurance company or other agency would make on a 640-acre Kinkaid claim was $1,000. The commission deducted from this left the farmer $850. He paid interest at from 8 to 10 per cent for five years on $1,000, making his average net interest rate from 11 to 13 per cent.

This now is stopped by the coming competition of the new rural credit law. Loan agents are rushing into Nebraska to make five-year loans at lower rates, to forestall the operation of the new law.

The farmers of the West, who have suffered exorbitant interest rates for years, are not worrying about the banks. Their testimony before the Farm Loan Board showed that they are enthusiastic over the new law, and ready to help put it in successful operation.

The new farm loan act provides means by which farmers can form co operative or joint stock associations and borrow from the regional Federal Farm Loan Bank on the security of their land. Ten farmers can form one of these associations. They can borrow up to 50 per cent of the value of their land, for a period running up to forty years.

The loan is repayable in small annual instalments, or can be paid in full at any time. The estimated interest rate is 5 per cent. The farmer who borrows will share in the profits of the business, thereby reducing his interest rate to a still lower figure.

The Democratic National Committee has issued from its headquarters, at No. 30 East Forty-second Street, New York, a pamphlet for free distribution, fully explaining the rural credits law. It may be obtained from your Democratic state or County Committee.

TEN QUESTIONS FOR VOTERS.

Ten questions for voters to answer in advance of Election Day:

1.—Why are the Kings of Wall Street supporting Mr. Hughes?

2.—Why are the great financial interests which favor a central bank, in substitution for the Federal Reserve system, supporting Mr. Hughes?

3.—Why are the high protective monopolists who prepared the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff for Mr. Hughes?

4.—Why is every enemy of American neutrality for Mr. Hughes?

5.—Why are all advocates of armed intervention in Mexico for Mr. Hughes?

6.—Why are the trusts and organized greed in every section of the United States for Mr. Hughes?

7.—Why are the heroes of military conscription for Mr. Hughes?

8.—Why is every political reactionary and bourbon for Mr. Hughes?

9.—Why is every enemy of industrial reform for Mr. Hughes?

10.—Why is every boss and political grafter in the Republican party for Mr. Hughes?

If only he would shave off those whiskers and let the public see his face!

DO YOU WANT PEACE WITH WILSON OR WAR WITH HUGHES?

There is only one choice as against peace, and that is war. Some of the supporters of that (the Republican) party, a very great body of the supporters of that party, outspokenly declare that they want war; so that the certain prospect of the success of the Republican party is that we shall be drawn in, one form or another into the embroilments of the European war, and that to the south of us the force of the United States will be used to produce in Mexico the kind of law and order which some American investors in Mexico consider most to their advantage. * * *

There is a more serious aspect even than that. There is an immediate result of this thing, my fellow citizens. From this time until the 7th of November it is going to be practically impossible for the present Administration to handle any critical matter concerning our foreign relations, because all foreign statesmen are waiting to see which way the election goes; and in the meantime they know that settlements will be inconclusive.—*From President Wilson's Address to the Young Men's Democratic League at Shadow Lawn, Sept. 30.*

Editorial Comments

WHAT IS BACK OF HUGHES?

Who nominated Hughes?

The Republican national convention under the control of the Republican bosses, captained by Penrose, Barnes, Smoot, Crane, Cannon, et al., watch dogs of privilege, repudiated as political crooks by Roosevelt and the Progressives four years ago.

Who managed Hughes's campaign in the convention?

Taft's former campaign manager, ex-Postmaster General Hitchcock, whose function in previous conventions has been the delivery of the corrupt Republican delegations from Southern States.

Who is supporting Hughes's candidacy?

Wall Street, the predatory trusts, the tariff beneficiaries, the seekers and holders of special privilege, the exploiters of Mexico, the munition manufacturers, the railroads, the bankers, united plutocracy, even its women folks, all enemies of fundamental democracy, who hope to prostitute government for selfish gain.

What prominent statesmen are supporting Hughes?

William Howard Taft, foremost apostle of reaction; Theodore Roosevelt, disciple of Bernhardi and advocate of war for war's sake; Elihu Root, attorney for malefactors of great wealth, and all the tory mouthpieces of privilege.

Why are the "interests" supporting Hughes?

Because they expect to receive in return for financial aid, special legislation that will add enormously to the wealth of the few at the expense of the many; because they see in Woodrow Wilson the greatest exponent of democracy since Jackson, and seek to destroy him lest this nation become a real democracy.

What will Hughes do, if elected?

The nearest he has come to saying what he would do was at Milwaukee, when he declared that La Follette's Seaman's bill must be repealed, the Underwood tariff replaced by a higher tariff, and the "whole administrative legislative accomplishments wiped off the books for the good of the country."

What is included in these legislative accomplishments?

The Income Tax, the Inheritance Tax, the Child Labor Law, the Federal Reserve banking system, the Farm Loan system, the Good Roads program, the Federal development of Alaska, the Tariff Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Shipping bill, autonomy for the Philippines, the Clayton Act curbing government by injunction, the preservation of neutrality, the maintenance of peace, and the enlarged army and navy.

What would Hughes's election signify?

The triumph of reaction and all that it signifies in thwarting human progress.

That Made Them Pay.

A small tradesman once put up the following sign in his shop: "Please don't ask for credit, as a refusal often offends." Finding that this had little effect and that his credit book was attaining great proportions, he resolved on trying another plan, and immediately fixed up another notice in place of the former one: "The names and addresses of all those who buy goods at this shop, and don't pay for them, can be seen in the credit book on payment of a fee of ten cents." The result was miraculous. Not only did the curious pay their ten cents by the dozen, but those owing accounts speedily settled them until the credit book was a thing of the past.

BOLTS G. O. P., BACKS WILSON

Frederick Ayer, of Union League, Makes $1,000 Contribution.

Frederick Ayer, a member of the Union League club—the center of Republicanism in New York city, if not in the country—has sent a check to Chairman Vance McCormick, of the Democratic National Committee, for $1,000 his contribution to the campaign fund for the re-election of President Wilson. With his check he sent a letter, in which he said:

"Convinced as I am that Mr. Wilson is one of the greatest Presidents we ever have had, his hatred of war and love of his country perching like jewels in his crown of office, I send you herewith inclosed my check for $1,000, to be added to the National campaign fund for his election."

Mr. Ayer is a lawyer and financier a life-long Republican and a stockholder and one of the few directors of the New York Tribune Association, publisher of the New York Tribune, which is supporting Hughes.

FEAR FOR HALIBUT YIELD

Important Northern Pacific Fishery is Believed to Be in Danger of Extinction.

Halibut fisheries in British Columbia are reported in danger of depletion, the Toronto Globe states. The yield is now second only to that of the salmon in the coast fisheries. During 1914 the quantity landed at Canadian ports was over 61,000,000 pounds, and it is expected that the record for the last year will be slightly greater. These years show a marked increase over the total of 55,000,000 pounds in 1913. The advance is said to be due mainly to the adoption of more effective methods of fishing and to the better profits obtained through facilities for preserving, shipping and marketing. Cold storage and refrigerator cars make it possible to place the catch of the northern Pacific fresh on the markets of California and the cities of the East in Canada and the United States.

More information is necessary regarding the special circumstances of the Pacific coast before effective means of protection can be devised. The hair seal is suspected of being among the destroyers. A government bounty for destruction, established chiefly as a means of protecting the salmon, has led to the destruction of many seals. It is claimed that only about one in five shot in the water is recovered to make a claim for the bounty. Sea lions are also destructive. As they herd on known islands during their breeding season systematic means can keep them in check. Methods of fishing may some day need regulation.

Although a bottom fish, and keeping in comparatively deep water, the halibut comes to the shallows to spawn. The government is alive to the importance of the industry, and signs of serious depletion should prompt immediate efforts toward protective measures.

Valuable Bird of Trinidad.

The natives of Trinidad make use of the young guacharo in an unusual manner. The young are very fat, and are frequently found to weigh more than the full-grown birds. Their fat is used by the natives to produce an oil which is a substitute for butter. Also it is frequently the custom of the natives to draw a wick through the body of a young guacharo and use it as a lamp or candle. Thus the guacharo is sometimes called the oil bird.

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Interest paid on Time Deposits.

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If your Automobile is sick and under the weather, bring it or send it to us. We treat all diseases of the AUTO including the most difficult and contagious. SURGICAL OPERATIONS A SPECIALITY.

FREE AIR

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

-----Conclusions-----

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in a radius of 20 miles.

"We Are In Business For Your ---Health"

THE SUNSHINE PHARMACY
CAPITAN, NEW MEX.

CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER.

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Entered as second class mail matter May 14, 1915, at the postoffice at Capitan N. M. under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Democratic Candidate Announcements.

For Sheriff,
W. C. HYDE

For Clerk,
Wm. E. KIMBRELL

For County Treasurer,
W. O. NORMAN

For Tax Assessor,
FRANCISCO SALAZAR

For School Superintendent,
I. E. KOONCE

For Commissioner Dist. No. 1
JOHN L. BRYAN, Jr.

J. V. Tully for Senator.

J. V. Tully, of Glencoe, Lincoln county, is the nominee of the Republican party for State Senator from the 15th Senatorial District of New Mexico, composed of the counties of Torrance, Lincoln, Otero and Socorro. Setting party feeling aside, Mr. Tully's nomination is something that all our people, democrats as well as republicans, should consider as a compliment and as honor given to this county. This paper can consistently and very heartily endorse Mr. Tully's candidacy not because he is a republican, but because he is a good man, will make a good senator, and because Lincoln county needs all the power we can have in the legislature. In other words, let not be blinded or so preoccupied by our preconceived notions of "party loyalty" as to "turn down" a good county man like Tully to vote for a man living in another part of the district and would really have no common interest with Lincoln county and her people, but simply because he is a democrat, but not nominated in any regular convention. It only once in sixteen years that Lincoln county has a chance to get a senator in this shoe string district. Its opportunity has now come and we should have the prize, regardless of political affiliation. Owing to a peculiar state of affairs Lincoln county is situated in two senatorial districts. One is composed of the counties named above, the other composed of Lincoln and Otero counties with a republican candidate in the field, with no democratic opponent. This candidate lives in Alamogordo, Otero county. Mr. Tully's opponent, also resides in the same county and town. In case Mr. Tully's opponent should be elected Otero county would have the two senators and Lincoln county would have none. Would this be fair for the people of Lincoln county? Would senators living east in Otero county feel the same interest in our welfare that Tully would feel? They won't not. Mr. Tully would enter the senate with an extensive acquaintance with members who will compose the two houses of the legislature, as well as an experience previously acquired when a member of the lower house, these are qualifications and acquirements that a young and inexperienced man would not have. Without partisan bias and for the best interest of Lincoln county, Mr. Tully should be elected.

J. F. Betts will hereafter furnish the town with beef. Until cooler weather he will butcher on Tuesdays and Fridays and deliver the meat at Smith & Son's shop. Later he will open up a shop and keep beef and pork continually on hand.

Candidates Take Notice.

All candidates wanting "Stickers" with their names printed on them, should call or write this office and have in their order as early as the 20th of this month.

Republican Candidate Announcements.

For Senator 15th Senatoral Dist
J. V. TULLY.

For Representative,
IRA WETMORE

For Sheriff,
HENRY M. CORN.

For Clerk,
O. T. NYE

For Treasurer,
A. J. ROLLAND.

For Tax Assessor,
ALFREDO GONZALES.

For Superintendent Public Schools,
Mrs. G. E. de NISSON.

For Probate Judge,
ELERADO CHAVEZ.

For Commissioner Dist. No. 1.
MANUEL ANALLA.

For Commissioner Dist. No. 3.
FELIPE SANCHEZ.

For Commissiner Dist. No. 2.
FRED LALONE.

What a Republican Says.

EDITOR MOUNTAINEER: I see from reading the papers that Gov. McDonald is charged by the republicans with wrong doing in some state land transactions. In justice to the Governor and with your permission, I will make a short statement concerning some transactions and experience I have had with him along the same lines. Some time ago Gov. McDonald and myself put in applications to purchase from the state certain lands in the vicinity of the Black ranch, and it turned out that our applications conflicted. When the Governor's attention was called to the matter, he proposed to me that I withdraw my application for a tract near a certain watering place owned by him and that he would give me two acres for one at any other place where his application covered, and this was more than satisfactory to me. There was no commission in the matter and the Governor told me that in case I did not care to make this proposed exchange that he would not bid against me, but merely asked for the exchange as a favor.

I am a republican, but I believe that justice should be done Gov. McDonald in regard to these land transactions, and without his request or knowledge I take pleasure in stating how fairly Gov. McDonald treated me in my dealings with him.

W. H. SELLARS.

Dexter, New Mexico.

Republican Speaking.

Hon. H. O. Bursum, republican candidate for Governor, and Hon. W. E. Lindsey, republican candidate for Lieut. Governor, visited Capitan last Saturday and addressed the voters. The speaking took place in the auditorium of the school house, and the speakers were introduced to the audience by Sam Bigger, who was selected to preside over the meeting.

Mr. Bursum made a very able speech from a republican standpoint, which was entirely devoid of bitterness and personalities, and seemed to take well with most all who heard him.

Judge Lindsey followed Mr. Bursum with a good speech, and which was also without bitterness or personalities. Judge Lindsey is an able man and very popular in the east of the state where he is best known.

The candidates went from here to Encinoso, thence to White Oaks, and from there to Carrizzo that night, where a large and enthusiastic rally was had.

Advertisement

CULTURED CANDIDATE OF THE DEMOCRATS FOR GOVERNOR HAS OWN SCHOOL RECORD

Ezequiel C. de Baca on One Occasion Loaned Portion of Schools Funds of His District to a Friend to be Used for Political Purposes—Succeeding Board Checks up Little Transaction and Forces Restoration—De Baca's Record as a Fighter Also Shows "High Character."

Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 25.—In the state at large Ezequiel C. de Baca Democratic candidate for governor, is represented by his sponsor, Governor W. C. McDonald, and other Democrats as the last word in polished, cultured gentility and as the soul of honor.

In Las Vegas, which is Mr. de Baca's home town and where he is known, it is known that he was once fined in Police Court for assault and battery—attacking a fellow-citizen—and that as a member of a district school board he and another member lent the school money for what is reported in the school records as "political purposes."

De Baca's record is known in San Miguel county and he is not being acclaimed by his neighbors and acquaintances here as the man whom the state should honor by electing governor of the state. A man who would lend public money—belonging in reality to the school children of the district for obscure political purposes does not inspire confidence or suggest that he should be placed in control of the state's affairs.

In 1892 E. C. de Baca was a member of the school board for School District No. 4 in this county. He was the secretary of the board and Romulo Ulibarri was president of the board. During the time they held these offices on the school board two warrants were issued to Ulibarri, amount to $300. One was warrant No. 2, for $225, purporting to have been drawn to pay for "miscellaneous work"; the other was warrant No. 112, for $75, purporting to have been drawn to pay for "fuel and repairing furniture."

When a new school board succeeded in 1895, examination was made into these two warrants. Ezequiel C. de Baca and Romulo Ulibarri were asked to appear before the new board, which they did October 31, 1895, and explain the warrants.

The new school board had made some inquiry into them at a meeting held July 6, 1895, at which Romulo Ulibarri was present and stated that the warrants had been drawn in order that $250 might be loaned to Felix Martinez to cover expenditures had in the political campaign in the election held in November, 1892. This is taken from the official records of the school district.

That de Baca agreed with Ulibarri's explanation of the rather curious lending of public school money may be seen from the following, taken from the minutes of the school board meeting in District No. 4 on October 31, 1895 at which time both de Baca and Ulibarri were called upon for explanations:

"In accordance with the communications sent to Messrs. E. C. de Baca and Romulo Ulibarri to make an explanation regarding the entries made for warrants dated September 7th, 1892, No. 2 and No. 112, and more particularly appearing on page 131 of this record. The said E. C. de Baca and Romulo Ulibarri appeared on this day to give said explanation, and both agreed that the sum of $300.00, corresponding to the two warrants, were drawn in favor of the said Romulo for the sums of $225.00 and $75.00 respectively, for the purpose of lending the same to Felix Martinez and others, but that the said Romulo Ulibarri after cashing the same retained the sum of $50.00 and the balance of $250.00 was loaned to the said Felix Martinez, et al."

De Baca and Ulibarri both claimed that the district subsequently recovered the money, although they were unable to agree as to whether an item of $20.00 of it had ever been accounted for.

Whether the money was paid back or not, people are asking if a man who would draw public school money to be lent for unexplained political purposes is the sort of man who should be placed in charge of the state government, as governor.

Las Vegas people have not forgotten that time, February 21, 1914, when the so-called gentle and cultured Democratic candidate for governor was haled into a Justice Court here on complaint of a citizen that de Baca had attacked him, knocked him down and then kicked him while he was down. De Baca pleaded guilty to the charge of assault and battery and was fined ten dollars and costs by the court.

People generally were shocked and indignant when de Baca, as acting governor, in the absence of his chief, Governor W. C. McDonald, pardoned Jose Eufracio Vigil, serving a term of life "imprisonment" at the penitentiary for the brutal murder of his wife a few years before. Not six months after de Baca had liberated the wife murderer, Vigil committed another murder. For this he was returned to prison and his term of "life imprisonment."

Baca Canyon Ripples.

Grandpa J. A. Dean was quite painfully injured last Thursday when he was jolted off of his wagon while hauling off a load of brush. He fell on his left side and was unconscious for about 30 minutes, when he was able to walk to the house, but has since been confined his bed. Reports are that he is slightly better at this writing. We all hope for Mr. Dean's speedy recovery.

Mrs. J. W. Yates is entertaining her mother, Mrs. W. R. Trimble, and her two sisters, Miss Trimble and Mrs. W. T. Coppedge, all of Rotan, Texas. The ladies arrived on the 20th and will return to their homes next Saturday.

Mr. C. R. Dean this week sold 25 cows and calves to Mr. John Owns, of Corona, N. M. The price paid was $55 per cow and calf. Mr. Owens will drive them through to his ranch.

Mr. Luther Keeling went over to the north side Saturday to gather the rest of the cows he bought some time ago, and returned home Sunday.

Mr. Bundy Avent brought a Mr. Carpenter, cattle buyer from El Paso, up in the Canyon Saturday looking for cows. This is a good place to come as our cows were never in better shape and there are some for sale.

The two Roberts Bros. have into camp at the saw mill where they have been employed by Mr. Jim Hutchison, the owner.

Mr. Will Riley, of Carrizozo, is also here buying fat cows.

Mr. Riley McPherson, of Capitan, made a visit to J. L. Bryan, Jr., on Monday Oct. 23.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

026513—032795
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico,
Oct. 2, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Robert C. Freeland, of Acabela, New Mex., who, on Oct. 5, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 026513, for SW¼NW¼; N½SW¼; NW¼SE¼; and on Sept. 30, 1915, made Additional Homestead Entry, Serial No. 032795, for S½SW¼; S½SE¼, Section 15, Township 7-S, Range 19-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, N. M., on Nov. 11, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Prager Miller, Jaffa Miller, Lon Vancleave, Logan Freeland, all of Roswell, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Oct. 11—Nov. 8

Notice to the Public

Notice is hereby given to the public that I will not be responsible for any debts made by Mrs. Clara Bino, my wife, who is not living with me as such.

25t2 Abel Pino.

FOR SALE—Two Studebaker buggies at a bargain.
The Titsworth Co.

Capitan Mercantile Co.

Dealers in

General Merchandise.

We are still doing business at the Old Stand, and will sell you dry goods, clothing, hats, shoes, groceries, etc., as cheap as you can get them anywhere else.

We buy wool, mohair, hides, pelts, etc.

Capitan N. M.

J. V. Tully, Candidate for Senator 5th District

Lumber! Lumber!

BACA CANYON MILL

We are running our mill at full capacity and can fill all orders for lumber promptly. First-class Pine lumber eighteen dollars per thousand.

HUTCHISON & JOHNS

General Local News.

Lincoln County High School Notes.

Mrs. Grace E. de Nisson, principal of Capitan grade school and Republican candidate for Lincoln County School Superintendent, has been on a campaign trip for the past week. Miss Mildred Peters is substuting in the primary room during the absence of Mrs. de Nisson.

Last Friday evening occurred the opening of the picture shows in the Lincoln County High School. These public shows are to be given throughout the coming school year to defray the expenses of the slides used in the school room in the furtherance of visual education. The school appreciates the large attendance of its patrons and sincerely hopes that community will continue to support the school, as has always been done in the past.

Work has been started under the direction of Superintendent Belknap, to be presented some time before the Christmas holidays.

CAPITAN GIRLS WIN GAME.

Last Saturday's basket ball game played with the girls' team from Carrizozo High School was won by the Capitan girls by a score of 13—6. After the first five minutes of play the game was never in doubt, the ball being in the Capitan end of the court practically the entire time. Four of Carrizozo's six points were scored on fouls by Capitan, while Capitan scored 12 of 13 on field throws, making only one point on fouls.

Although there was at no time any doubt regarding the result, the game was interesting and hard fought from start to finish, Carrizozo, although badly outplayed, putting up a stiff fight to the last. The Carrizozo girls, considerably outmatched in size and experience, deserve full and hearty credit for their gameness.

Both teams were apparently a little on edge during the first half a little too eager and anxious for good play, but during the second half settled down to steady game The score at the end of the first half was Capitan 5, Carrizozo 2. During the second half Carrizozo scored 5 points and Capitan 8.

The best playing was probably done by Adams of Carrizozo, who scored four foul goals without a miss, and by P. Clements and M. Bryan of Capitan, whose steady guarding hold the Carrizozo score low. Only one field goal was scored past the Capitan guards.

The members of the team were accompanied by the following teachers, Miss Baker, Miss Peters, Mr. Koogler and Mr. Belknap. A number of the high school boys also made the trip. A delightful luncheon was served to the visitors by the Carrioozo Domestic Science class, under the direction of Mrs. Jewett. The Capitan team is very appreciative of the courteous welcome given it.

ATTENDANCE BANNER.

Lincoln County Teachers' Association Starts a New Work.

The Lincoln County Teachers' Association which last year distinguished its splendid meeting at Capitan, has again taken its place in the lead of all the county associations in the state by starting a campaign to secure better attendance in all the schools of the county.

A large banner, bearing the words, "Lincoln County Attendance Banner, Presented Each Month by the Lincoln County Teachers' Association to the Room Having the Best Attendance," has been donated the association by one of its members, and each month during the coming year will be awarded to the room in the schools of the county which shows the most perfect attendance of all the children enrolled.

During the past two weeks the officers of the association have been introducing the project to all the members, and a gratifying response has been the result. Practically every teacher in Lincoln county has enrolled in the work, and it is the confident belief of the Association that it will be able, in this manner, to do a great deal toward improving the attendance records of Lincoln county during the coming year.

The first month for which the banner is offered is the present one of October, and the announcement of the percentages of the different rooms entering the contest will be published in this paper immediately after the end of the school month.

Billy Kimbrell for Clerk.

The name of Mr. William E. Kimbrell, the democratic nominee for District and County Clerk, appears in our announcement list this week. Nearly everybody in the country knows "Billy," because he was born and raised in this county. He served four years as district and county clerk when the county seat was at Lincoln, and it is said that the county has never had a better clerk than he made it, or a more obliging one. Mr. Kimbrell lives at Picacho, in the east end of the county, a section that has not been favored very much of late years in the distribution of offices and this fact should be taken into consideration in the present election. In such matters it is but fair to the all that the county offices should be alloted as equally as possible to different sections of the county where capable men can be found to fill them In this case the democrats have not only placed before the voters a good and capable man for clerk, but the office seems to have sought the man. Mr. Kimbrell made no effort to get the nomination, but it was given to him by a unanimous vote of the convention. Remember "Billy" on election day.

Wanted

To buy heifer calves.
Fisher Lumber Co.

The Lincoln county democratic candidates met the voters in Capitan Wednesday. The gathering took place at the school house where a good sized crowd gathered. C. C. Merchant, precinct chairman, presided and introduced the candidates, most of whom made short talks. Mr. John A. Haley, of Carrizozo, was present and made an enthusiastic talk in support of the county ticket.

Wright's Liquid Smoke for curing meats at Titsworth Co's.

Mrs. G. A. Titsworth returned home last week from a two months visit in Maryland. She expresses herself glad to be back with her family and friends in Capitan.

Highest prices paid for hides, sheep pelts and goat skins.
The Titsworth Co.

In Mr. Salazar's announcement last week we stated that he is at present deputy sheriff under Mr. Chavez. Since that time our attention has been called to the fact that Mr. Salazar served under four former sheriffs of the county, namely; E. Fritz, Alfredo Gonzales, R. D. Armstrong, and John Owens.

LOST—One little black dog belonging to Dr. J. R. Walker, of Deseo, N. M. Would would be glad to hear of the dog.
J. R. Walker.
Deseo, N. M.

For Sale.

Eighty acre relinquishment, fenced, cross fenced, shack and extra lumber; one-horse Climax planter, buggy, two horse light spring wagon, harness and one horse, seven years old, ride or, drive, double or single; also six rolls slate Impress Roofing 110 square feet per R. Sell together or separately.
RICHARD BROCKMAN.
Fort Stanton, N. M.

Advertisement

WHAT THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR THINKS ABOUT THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR AUDITOR

LAST WEEK in Las Vegas Miguel A. Otero, treasurer of the New Mexican Printing Company at Santa Fé, publishers of the Santa Fé "New Mexican," and candidate on the Democratic state ticket for auditor, spoke to a small but interested audience of his former fellow townsmen. Having heard that Otero recently had paid up ten years of unpaid back taxes, and that Eziquiel C. de Baca, the Democratic candidate for governor, would appear on the platform with him, the neighbors of both went to the meeting to hear what would be said. San Miguel county had just about given up hope of ever getting Otero's delinquent tax money, and as his nomination by the Democrats permitted him to make a raise and pay up, Las Vegas people look with favor on his nomination, although this will not affect the way they vote. Likewise they remembered all the nice things Lieutenant Governor de Baca had said about Otero in his paper, La Voz del Pueblo, published at Las Vegas, and so they turned out to hear de Baca reconcile his former condemnation with his present fulsome praise. It was an interesting meeting.

Otero, as is his custom when in a political contest, opened up with the "race issue." He charged that the Republicans had been using the "race issue" in the Pecos Valley. This well-worn old charge has been used in every election for many years. Otero is not an original man. His methods as governor of the territory were those of the parasites of all ages; and as an attache of the Santa Fé New Mexican and its millionaire backer, he has not changed. Otero told the people what he and de Baca had done in this campaign to prove all the Republicans liars and thieves; and de Baca then told the people what he and Otero had done to prove the Republicans all liars and thieves. State Chairman Arthur Seligman's instructions to all his candidates and speakers appear to be to call all Republicans liars and thieves.

It was an attentive, dignified, courteous audience, but when de Baca and Otero began to exchange compliments and dwell on the integrity, patriotism and high character, each of the other, the people began to laugh—and a cruel young man with a sense of humor began passing around the hall copies of translations of paragraphs quoted verbatim from La Voz del Pueblo, de Baca's paper, of a few short years ago. While de Baca told the people of his home town what a nice chap he now thinks Otero, his audience was reading a long line of paragraphs from de Baca's La Voz, of which the following are a few samples:

> "The fact that not a single native son of the territory appears on the list of delegates which the governor (Otero) appointed to go to Chicago on the 21st day of June, to represent the Republican party in the national convention, admits only one explanation, and that is the aversion which the said Otero evidently has to the race, one half of whose blood runs through his veins. . . . This and his many other acts to which so repeatedly we have called the attention of the people, prove conclusively what we believe and that is, that the governor (Otero), imitating the boss during the times of "peonage," considers that the New Mexican people are just good enough to work and not to sit at the table with their "Lord."

OTERO, WHEN HE UNDERTOOK TO RAISE THE "RACE ISSUE" AGAINST THE REPUBLICANS IN HIS LAS VEGAS SPEECH, DID NOT SUCCEED. BUT HE DID SUCCEED IN RAISING SOME OF HIS PAST WHICH WAS NOT HALF AS DEAD AS HE HOPED.

De Baca is now going about the state telling the people that Otero is their friend, an honest man and a good citizen. During the eight years that Otero was governor de Baca hardly passed an issue of his paper without some statement like the one quoted above, which he evidently sincerely believed.

Las Vegas citizens have been infinitely amused at the exchange of pleasant fiction about each other between de Baca and Otero. As the bouquets were passed back and forth the people remembered. When Otero raised the race issue they recalled how de Baca had proven Otero's attitude toward the Spanish-American people, or against them, while he was governor And when Otero told of the high character and personal integrity and clean record of E. C de Baca, the people remembered his years of roosting in Las Vegas and the outstanding incidents therein They recalled practically the time when de Baca as a member and secretary of the Las Vegas school board, loaned $300 of the public school funds to his political boss, to be used for the purposes of a local election campaign.

Men who harbor hatreds as do Baca and Otero do; men who have records behind them such as are behind these two, are bold indeed and give little credit to the intelligence of the people when they go on the public platform as candidates for office together and for the sake of the effort to get votes, forget their pasts. The people have always been regarded by Otero as fools His whole official record proves his point of view. But the people are not fools and the people do not forget. The people will not forget on election day that the same newspaper at Santa Fé, "The New Mexican," under a different management, supported Otero when he was governor that it gave to him the same large proportion of its space and the same fulsome praise as is being given him now. They remember Otero's relation to the former management of the New Mexican, and they know his relation to the present management

Otero has resorted and will continue to resort to unfair, ungentlemanly, crooked methods in this campaign It is the only system he knows. The Republicans need go no further than his record and the general public knowledge of that record to guarantee Otero's overwhelming defeat. Such strength as de Baca had has been lost to him largely by his abandonment of principle, his complete change of front and his public repudiation of his fight on Otero and his statements about him covering a period of nearly twenty years of active direction of his newspaper.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

025752 029445

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
Oct. 17, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Jeff J. Alderson, of Capitan, New Mexico, who, on February 23, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 025752 for W½NE¼; N½SE¼; and on Oct. 12, 1914, made additional Homestead Entry, Serial No. 029445, for the E½W½, Section 18, Township 10-S, Range 14-E N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capiton, New Mexico, on Nov. 27, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Perry Hamphrey, David C Parker, John E. West, Monroe Howard, all of Capitan, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON,
Oct. 25—Nov. 24 Register.

For Sale.

Eighty acres patented land, fenced, four room house, cellar, barn, corrall, etc Sixty bearing fruit trees, well, spring for garden, plenty of outside range, fifteen acres in cultivation, one and a half miles from school. Price $600; inquire at Mountaineer office.

FOR SALE—Park-Davis & Co's. Blackleg oids.
The Titsworth Co.

To Goat Men.

Can see my Billy Goats at my ranch in the San Andres mountains, where they have lately been moved from my place on the upper Bonita.
G. B. Greer.
Parsons, New Mexico.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the W. O. W's Saturday night 28th, called by G. E. McDonald. All members requested to be present. Geo. Smith.

THE TITSWORTH CO

We Carry In Stock

COAL
STUDEBAKER WAGONS
BLACK LEAF 40 SHEEP DIP
BINDER WIRE
DYNAMITE FUSE & CAPS
PORTLAND CEMENT
GRAIN BAGS
FRUIT JARS
PARAFINE
LIME & ETC.

Our Stock is large and our prices reasonable

THE TITSWORTH CO.
CAPITAN , NEW MXICO.

W. O. NORMAN.

THE MAN WHO ALWAYS HAS THE GOODS AND MAKES THE LOWEST CASH PRICES ON

Everything For Everybody.

My Motto: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Peters' Black Diamond Shoes.

For all wear Peters' "Black Diamond Brand" of Shoes are the best on the market. They are honestly made of solid leather throughout, with solid leather feet and full toe. Try a pair and be convinced.

Country Produce bought and sold.

Lincoln, - - - - New Mexico.

John M. Penfield

(Successor to H. Lutz & Co.)
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Dealer in
Agricultural Implements, Wagons and Vehicles.
Pay highest market price for Hides and Pelts.
LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

Advertisement

TO THE VOTERS
OF NEW MEXICO

Mr. Arthur Seligman, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has caused a vicious attack to be made on H. O. Bursum, Republican candidate for Governor, because Mr. Bursum during a number of years, has cashed wild animal bounty warrants for neighbors, employes and others, at the face value of the warrants, and has held them until such time as funds had accumulated in the wild animal bounty fund of his home county with which to pay the warrants.

It has been shown from the records of Santa Fe county that as a single-handed cashier of wild animal bounty warrants Mr. Arthur Seligman has all competitors distanced—and Mr. Seligman has not yet stated whether he paid face value for those warrants, or whether he exacted a "reasonable per cent." Mr. Seligman is a business man. He may decide not to [illegible] details of his wild-animal bounty transactions in his home county.

Mr. Arthur Seligman, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has caused his Democratic press bureau to make an even more vicious attack on H. O. Bursum, becau e Mr. Bursum has undertaken to aid the development of the stupendous resources of western Socorro county, by the building of roads thereto—and because Mr. Bursum, as the records show and as his neighbors testify, has used his own money freely in the furthering of the enterprise WITHOUT EXPECTATION OR DESIRE FOR REWARD.

[illegible] Mr. Bursum owns a part interest in a store at Socorro, which was willing to [illegible] Socorro county road construction account, when other firms did not care to do so [illegible] competitive basis with other stores, as the owners of the other stores have stated [illegible] signatures, Mr. Seligman has caused his libel bureau to multiply the amount of [illegible] by three, and has tried to brand H. O. Bursum as a "grafter" and a taker of [illegible] from public work.

Governor William C. McDonald, during this campaign, has repeated these libels from the platform knowing his statements to be outside the records and the facts.

YOU HAVE HAD THE SELIGMAN RECORD ON WILD ANIMAL BOUNTIES.
NOW CONSIDER THE SELIGMAN RECORD IN STATE ROAD FINANCE:

Consider that record in connection with the road record of Governor McDonald, and in [illegible] with the following facts

Seligman negotiated the sale of New Mexico's first $500,000 state highway bond issue.

Governor McDonald, boss of the State Highway Commission and of state road finances, approved the Seligman plan for the sale of the bond issue.

Governor McDonald brought about the selection of Seligman as Democratic State Chairman.

Seligman is making a desperate effort to elect McDonald's dummy candidate for Governor, De Baca, and thus retain William C. McDonald in the executive authority if not in the actual office chair.

The Democratic state platform declares for a second state highway bond issue of $500,000, and stands for continuation of the State Highway Commission in its present form, WITH THE GOVERNOR AS THE BOSS OF WHAT, IF, WHEN AND HOW STATE ROAD WORK SHALL BE DONE, BY WHOM, AND FOR HOW MUCH—AND WHERE AND HOW STATE ROAD MONEY SHALL BE KEPT.

NOW READ THE RECORD THAT GOVERNOR McDONALD, AS BOSS OF THE STATE'S ROAD WORK AND FINANCE, AND ARTHUR SELIGMAN, THE GOVERNOR'S FINANCIAL EXPERT IN HANDLING STATE HIGHWAY FUNDS, HAVE WRITTEN:

In providing for the state road bond issue of $500,000.00 stipulated that the bonds [illegible] interest at 4% and should not be sold for less than par. There was difficulty in [illegible] bonds, a conflict of authority arose between Governor McDonald and the State Treasurer, O. N. Marron. The sale of the bonds hung fire.

Appears on the scene Mr. Arthur Seligman, a "deserving Democrat" and a proven [illegible] with a scheme to help the state sell its bonds, he, Seligman, in this altruistic effort, becomes the representative of certain dealers in state and municipal bond issues.

The [illegible] represented by Mr Seligman bid only 94 for the bond issue, or 6% less than [illegible] nothing of accrued interest. High finance was ready. Several of the counties [illegible] to pay out of their treasuries a proportion of the deficit between 94% and 100% [illegible] They were assessed in proportion to the portion of the state highway bond issue [illegible] them. THE COUNTIES WERE REQUIRED, BY THIS SHREWD SCHEME, TO AID MR. SELIGMAN TO MAKE A PROFITABLE BOND DEAL—to pay a bonus for the use of their own money.

The deficit between 94% and 100% was not met. Some of the counties refused the bond speculation extended to them.

There came the real exhibition of Seligman's ability as a State Road financier. With the aid of the [illegible] of the Highway Commission, with the acquiescence of the State Engineer, [illegible] an appointee of the Governor—AND AGAINST THE ACTIVE AND CONTINUED OPPOSITION OF ROBERT P. ERVIEN, State Land Commissioner, a Republican, and the third member of the Road Commission—Seligman made a deal with certain banks by which the banks advanced the difference between the bid made by Seligman's bond house and the 100% which the law specified the state should receive for its bonds—and that these banks should be reimbursed by having the proceeds of the bond issue, $500,000 of public money, drawn out of the public treasury and left on deposit with these banks—WITHOUT INTEREST TO THE STATE—until they had paid themselves back the amount of the advance.

No blame attaches to any of the banks entering into this "GENTLEMEN'S AGREEMENT"—for it was a fact Mr. Voter, that your state road money, half a million dollars of it, WAS LET GO OUT IN THIS WAY WITHOUT A SCRATCH OF A CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT IN WRITING. With the banks it was a profitable and—from their standpoint—a perfectly square business deal.

These banks secured the free use of almost the whole of the half a million dollars for at least six months. They enjoyed the use of more than one half of it for fifteen months—or until the present boom brought with it an epidemic of new road camps and furious state road construction. REMEMBER the banks got this money without paying the state a cent of interest, and for the cost only of the [illegible] cent that on they made of the difference between the bid made by Seligman's bond house and the par. BANK RATES IN NEW MEXICO RANGE FROM 8 PER CENT TO 10 PER CENT. You can figure for yourselves what the banks have been able to realize. THE STATE GOT NOTHING AT ALL WHILE ITS ROAD MONEY WORKED FOR THE BANKS; NOT EVEN ROADS.

As for Mr. Seligman, he was financial adviser to the State Highway Commission on the one hand and for the bond buyers on the other, and maker of the deal with the banks. You can bet that he was a business man. He was within the law at every step—and he was also within the law to do it. But to make this notable deal it was necessary first to find a way to get the half a million out of the state treasury. William G. Sargent, the State Auditor, a Republican, refused to draw a warrant upon the state where the state was to "get off." But McDonald and Seligman were ready. There was a [illegible] State Highway Commission fund balance in the state treasury—a matter of $16,000 or so. The [illegible] court found that under the law the STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION HAS A RIGHT TO DRAW ITS MONEY IN A LUMP, AND THAT THEREFORE AUTHORITY OF THE STATE TREASURER AND AUDITOR CEASES.

Mr. Voter, you will remember, vetoed a road bill passed by the 1915 Legislature, which [illegible] the [illegible] regard and in many other beneficial ways.

Armed with this decision, Governor McDonald and his State Highway Engineer, a majority, went into a meeting of the State Highway Commission, with Robert P. Ervien, the minority Republican member, and with the ever ready counsel of the self-sacrificing Seligman, made the following official record:

From the minutes of the State Highway Commission: "At a special meeting of the Highway Commission, held this 19th day of July, 1915, there were present Governor McDonald, chairman; Commissioner of Public Lands R. P. Ervien, Secretary, and State Engineer James A. French. Motion made by the Governor that the following resolutions be adopted:

"Whereas, we are informed there is now, or will be immediately, the sum of $475,000 available from the sale of the state road bonds, in the state treasury, which is subject to the order of the State Highway Commission AND TO BE EXPENDED BY THE COMMISSION IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved, that $475,000 of the said funds be placed in the following banks of the state for the use of the State Highway Commission, upon the furnishing by the banks named of good and sufficient bonds to be approved by the State Highway Commission of the sums mentioned to be placed in said banks respectively. (Follow a list of nine banks to receive amounts varying from $25,000 to $125,000)

[illegible] you will note, as to how [illegible] money. Not a word about [illegible] to a state. Not a word in the public record even to show that the [illegible] for the use of $475,000 of public money had been [illegible] a private agreement between public [illegible] and private interests.

[illegible] the banks? Not a bit. Can [illegible] Not a bit. YOU CANNOT BLAME SELIGMAN FOR WANTING TO ELECT McDONALD AGAIN. It is a matter of no [illegible] if the Democratic party were not pledged to issue another $500,000 road bond issue, if returned in power.

To the resolution quoted above State Land Commissioner Robert P. Ervien objected on six counts, one of which would seem adequate from the standpoint of the state. The record shows voting for the resolutions Governor McDonald and James A. French.

"I therefore vote against the resolutions," said Mr. Ervien, after stating his objections. Ervien held that the Highway Commission had no authority to pass out money other than by a warrant drawn by the State Auditor. He held the money should be kept in the state treasury and be spent there as provided by the law. SOME OF THE COUNTIES HAVEN'T SEEN ANY OF THE MONEY SHARE YET. He did not like the deal between the state, the bond house and the banks, and said so. He pointed out that no account was started for withdrawing the money from the banks, or for using it on road work. He held that it was money belonged subject to the order of the state treasurer and to no other order—and that state money deposited in banks should draw interest for the state.

Did they listen to Ervien? Not much. Governor McDonald was then and is now boss of state road work and funds. He approved the Seligman scheme—and it went through. It was [illegible] today in the middle of a political campaign that the chairman of the Democratic State Committee is asking that the Governor see fit to cooperate with him, start road camps all over the state—hire men all over the state—for the money is available—SUBJECT TO THE UNCHECKED ORDER OF THE HIGHWAY COMMISSION, OF WHICH THE GOVERNOR IS BOSS.

GOVERNOR McDONALD SAYS THAT IF ANY SUCH THING IS GOING ON HE KNOWS NOTHING ABOUT IT.

Whatever that may be, Mr. Taxpayer, do you want Mr. Arthur Seligman in charge of the negotiations for your next road bond issue? Do you want to continue this form of high finance in your state road work?

McDonald says DeBaca will be the same kind of a governor he (McDonald) has been.

CAN YOU STAND TWO YEARS MORE OF THIS?

Advertisement

Harmony Rules in Every Republican County on the Eve of Election

CONVENTIONS LAST WEEK AND THIS NAME STRONG COUNTY TICKETS AND PASS WITHOUT DIFFERENCES OF ANY KIND.

A United Party Stands Ready for Final Effort

Indications Now Are That State, District, Legislative and County Candidates on Republican Ticket Will Go in on Wave of Victory.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 26.—Harmony and enthusiasm marked the Republican county convention held here last week, which named what is regarded as the strongest Republican ticket Bernalillo county has had in years. The elements of the Republican party in Bernalillo county united in naming the county ticket and will work enthusiastically for its election.

Together with the strong county tickets put up by the Republicans in Taos, Colfax and San Miguel counties following the enthusiastic county convention held the week before in Lincoln and Rio Arriba counties, it has been proved with much satisfaction by Republicans all over New Mexico.

Everywhere county tickets have now been named by the Republicans, there is unity of purpose and confidence in victories and a feeling that they are certain, in the election now [illegible].

The strength of the county tickets [illegible] and the good feeling evidenced in the conventions means at the least the outlook for the Republican state, congressional and national tickets. The party and enthusiasm of Republicans in their local affairs and the full and united vote of the Republican party in the state [illegible] down the line for Harbor, for Sena, for Hubbell and Hernandez [illegible] whole state ticket and for the [illegible] and legislative tickets. In addition there is every indication that the Republican tickets will attract [illegible] Democrats.

The Bernalillo county Republican convention was held in Albuquerque [illegible] after rivalries were settled [illegible] the delegates united on what is believed to be the best ticket ever put up in Bernalillo county. Even the Albuquerque Journal had to admit that the convention was "harmonious and a welding march." Following is the ticket named:

Senator from Bernalillo county: George A. Richardson; representatives: E. P. Barnes, Felipe J. Armijo of Sandoval, Sotero Chavez of Bernalillo, commissioner, Gabriel Sanchez of Pancho; Antonio Atrisco, Manuel R. Sapata of Old Town, Alfred Grossetti of Atrisco, Jesus Romero, county clerk, Nicasio Montoya, assessor, O. A. Matson, sheriff, Jesus Maria Sandoval, probate judge, Francisco Lucero, commissioner of Alameda, superintendent of schools, Antonio Montoya, surveyor, A. E. Hightower.

George N. Gray, will receive the support of Bernalillo county for district attorney of the Second Judicial district, and W. H. Chapman of Sandoval county, for district judge of the Second judicial district.

The county Republican convention was unanimous in the nomination of the entire ticket.

State senator, Ramon Sanchez of Los Lunas; representatives, Clevelo E. Martinez of Peña Azul and Santa Fe; [illegible] Martinez of Taos, W. F. Mapes of Colfax, Manuel Baca of Bernalillo, probate judge, Emilio Montoya of Los Lunas; commissioner, Francisco de Lucero of Taos; sheriff, Jesus de Jesus Trujillo of Taos; assessor, Jesus Maria Sandoval of Cerro; treasurer, Cornelio Lucero of Arroyo Seco; superintendent of schools, Pablo Quintana of Taos; surveyor, J. N. Seligman of Los Lunas. A. D. Trujillo was re-elected chairman, and Orie L. Phillips of Raton indorsed for state senator.

The Republicans say that men of the strength and popularity of W. F. Mapes on their ticket makes it a winner.

The Republicans in all the counties that have named tickets are now on a strong hard for them, and for the state and county tickets as well. Differences of opinion of the party through the entire state have settled down to a united effort for a clean Republican success in New Mexico.

How We Waste Wood.

There are more than 48,000 sawmills in the United States, and their output of waste in the form of sawdust, shavings, slabs and other wood refuse is estimated at 36,000,000 cords a year—enough to fill a bin one-half mile high with a base covering a forty-acre lot, or to make a solid block more than a quarter of a mile on each edge.—Literary Digest.

C. C. Merchant
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
U. S. COMMISSIONER
NOTARY PUBLIC
CAPITAN NEW MEXICO

John W. Norton
NOTARY PUBLIC
CAPITAN NEW MEXICO

Advertisement

SELIGMAN DEMANDS MONTH'S PAY FOR MEAGER INCOMES PAID TO POSTMISTRESSES BY UNCLE SAM

Chairman of Democratic State Committee, Mighty Hunter of Wild Animal Bounties, and Road Finance Expert, Undertakes to Levy Heavy Tribute for Political Purposes on Women Employes of the Federal Government in New Mexico.

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 25.—Coming on the heels of the emphatic declaration from Chairman Vance McCormick of the Democratic National Committee, that the committee is not permitting the assessment of postmasters for contributions to the Democratic campaign fund, complaints of postmistresses in the little towns through New Mexico that they have been asked by Arthur Seligman, chairman of the New Mexico Democratic state committee, to give up a month's salary to his committee, have caused a sensation.

The Democratic statechairman's letter politely levying tribute of one month's salary was sent to all the postmasters and postmistresses in the state. In many little towns women eke out an existence as postmistresses for Uncle Sam and they say that to send a whole month's salary to Seligman would work a hardship on them.

Mollie A. Fraser, postmistress at Carter, N. M., made public the letter she received from Seligman and expressed indignation at the request, and at the amount asked by Seligman. Another postmistress sent Seligman's letter to the Republican state committee, at the same time denouncing Seligman and his Democratic organization for their attempts to finance the Democratic campaign in New Mexico with the meager salaries of working women.

Many of the women struggling along at their postmistress jobs and many postmasters have declared that they will not submit to Seligman's assessment.

Following is the letter, received by a postmistress, signed by Arthur Seligman and written on stationery of the Democratic State Central Committee at Santa Fe under date of September 28, 1916:

My Dear Madam:

We are now preparing for an active and energetic campaign and I assure you that it will be our aim to continue the present administration in power, but it will be necessary, in order that we may conduct an aggressive fight, that contributions reach us quickly as in 1911 and 1912—we must fight the same money power and, if you will do your part, I am convinced that success will be our reward.

I cannot but feel that one whom the party has desired to honor and assist, must have more than an ordinary interest in its present and future welfare.

We are very much in need of funds and may I suggest that you send us at a very early date your contribution, and may we hope that it will not be less than an amount equal to one month's salary.

Will you do your part? You can help us most now and we need your help. Sincerely yours,

ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Chairman.

The other day in New York Vance McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, made public a letter sent out by Democratic leaders in Texas demanding campaign contributions from postmasters on penalty of losing their jobs if they refused, McCormick accompanying it with the statement that the national committee had stopped the letters and that the Democratic organizaion would not permit the assessment of postmasters for campaign donations.

Seligman does not state in his letter what use will be made of the hard-earned salaries of women and small town postmasters. His letter implies that the money will be used for the "success of the party," but it is well known that Seligman's chief interest in this campaign is to re-elect the McDonald-De Baca combination to power in the state's government.

Are the wages of workingwomen to be used in Seligman's attempt to put W. C. McDonald, E. C. de Baca and their ticket over on the people of New Mexico again?

LIFELONG DEMOCRAT DECLARES McDONALD CHARGES AGAINST BURSUM WICKED FALSEHOOD

Uncle Harry Hermann, Pioneer Mogollon Business Man, Refuses to Endorse Libelous Statements Spoken from Platform at Silver City by Agent Democratic Boss—Cites Interesting Instances in Bursum's Life to a Developer of New Mexico and Makes a Few Comparisons.

Silver City, N. M., Oct. 25.—"I will give Governor McDonald $100 if he can prove that Mr. Bursum got one cent of graft money out of the building of the Mogollon-Socorro county road in 1908."

This is the unequivocal statement made to the Silver City Enterprise by Uncle Harry Hermann, for thirty years a resident of Mogollon and a lifelong Democrat.

"I don't want to be mixed up in politics," said Mr. Hermann in explanation of his statement, "but I will not stand idly by and see the reputation of a man libeled by a false declaration, when I know absolutely of my own knowledge that it is not so.

"Governor McDonald either has not investigated the facts or else he is willfully misrepresenting them, and I will give him or any other man $100 if he will prove that Mr. Bursum used the public road fund for graft purposes.

"Why the men will make these statements when they know that we in Mogollon, who were there when the road was built, know better, is more than I can understand. Not only did Mr. Bursum not profit by the building of the road, but he actually lost money, as he gave personally of his private funds to help in the construction of the highway when the funds, which were inadequate from the beginning for such a huge undertaking, began to run low."

Mr. Hermann made his statement with some vehemence, and after Governor W. C. McDonald's speech in Silver City. Mr. Hermann is known throughout the part of the state as "Uncle Harry." He is highly respected; is regarded as the soul of integrity and his word is as good as his bond wherever he is known.

"I was running a sawmill in the Mogollon mountains just above the camp of Mogollon," his statement continues, "at the time and had built a private road to my mill at my own expense, it costing me about $3,000. They used part of this road for the Mogollon-Socorro road. They had only a small sum of money to start with, which later was added to by appropriations; but the undertaking was a large one and anyone who has tried to build mountain roadways knows that the actual cost nearly always exceeds the estimate.

"It was so in this case, and Mr. Bursum went down in his pocket and helped out with his own private funds. But even this was soon eaten up. But they build a road that has lasted and even today the Bursum road across the mountains is one of the best examples of mountain highway construction that we have in the state.

"I want to say further that I have known Mr. Bursum as man and boy for thirty years; that I have never known him in that time to do a little mean, a dishonorable thing—or one that reflected on his honesty. And I have had close personal and business dealings with him for twenty years of that time.

"The people of New Mexico, if they believe these lies that are told about him are doing a good man a great wrong. I don't care what his political fortunes are, but I will not stand by and see a man's reputation slandered when I know of my own personal knowledge that the man is as honest and clean as any man I have ever known. As I said before, I am a rock-ribbed Democrat; have always voted the Democratic ticket, and I believe the men at the head of the campaign really do not realize the real character of the man they are trying to wreck."

Uncle Harry Hermann is one of the pioneers of New Mexico. He came to Mogollon in 1886, and for thirty years conducted a sawmill, retiring a short time ago. He is rugged and plain-spoken and quick to redress an injury or injustice.

"You may state further," said Mr. Herman, "that I knew Mr. Bursum to do a thing some years ago that I consider one of the finest things I have ever known a man to do.

"About sixteen years ago he became a member of a mining company in Mogollon which later went into insolvency, due to the mismanagement of the company by one of the members. The company left $15,000 worth of liabilities with little or no assets. Most of this was owing to Mogollon merchants for supplies and eastern concerns for mining machinery. Mr. Bursum went to work raising sheep and stock, and never stopped until he had paid every cent of that indebtedness himself. It took him years of effort to do it.

"Ask any of these creditors what they think of this man who took a company's debt as a personal liability. Democrat or Republican, they will tell you that Holm O. Bursum has not a dishonest drop of blood in his veins, and that a man who will do a fine thing like that will never stoop to the skullduggery in the vilest slanders that I have ever seen in print."

That is what a lifelong Democrat thinks of Holm O. Bursum, Republican candidate for governor of New Mexico.