

CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER.

Vol 2

Capitan, New Mexico, January 24, 1917

No. 40

When You Do Business

with a bank, why not do it with a strong, safe bank, yet is as liberal as the principles of sound banking will allow to its patrons.

So why not deposit with us and should you get into a "tight" we probably can help you?

First National Bank

Roswell, New Mexico.

Good Roads vs Harmony.

I read with much interest Dr. Johnson's article "Don't Divide the County" in the January 10th issue of your valuable paper.

No, don't let's split the pot on good roads.

The substance of the Doctor's article was, to quote him, "We are doing well enough as things are. Instead of division let us harmony. Distance counts for little where roads are good."

Agreed. A commendable spirit. Speaking of good roads, there ain't no such animal on this side of the Capitan Mountains.

Why? We have had harmony. We have set back and listened to harmony talks to our own sorrow. We have a shadow of a chance now for good roads and we are going after it.

The north side of the Capitan mountain has been cajoled and tweedled out of her share of good road, and for harmony's sake have not contended for them, until we say "Less harmony and better roads." Distance counts for much where roads are bad.

It is a notorious fact that the road for the north side of the Capitan mountain is the worst road in Lincoln county. It is a dread to traffic and an obstacle to the development and prosperity of this section.

Then a little political salving twice in five years. The road has been worked on, or rather fooled with, crooked, twisted, changed, projected and reprojected and in the end nothing done. If there has been a single lick of permanent work done where is it?

We asked for a few dollars for a culvert or two—Boo! Boo! We are answered, "There is no money in the fund for such." Lincoln county has never heard a chirp from this portion of the county on wantin' money for our roads. However, the commissioners have

We have been wholly unselfish in this matter. We have petitioned and asked and have been promised without fulfillment so much that things got to be a matter of course. Individuals have done much work and spent much time making the roads road passable, but a public road is not an individual matter.

In this matter of course-mindedness, we have let our past road pie go to the Hondo and Ruidoso country and a few other more favored sections.

Harmony and roads, roads and harmony, both are good. We'll take good roads; harmony will follow. Does Lincoln county want the north side's vote in the bond issue?

Sign up. Our ancestors were Missourians. Hint to the wis is not needed.

Quoting further from Mr. Johnson's article concerning the bond issue: "While this includes many of the roads of the county it does not include all of them."

Why not? Why not the principle ones? Who showed the government officials just how to run the road that the Federal Government wishes to see built so badly?

Quoting further: "It ought to be clearly understood in making such communities as Paradise Valley to vote for the bonding of the county, that the roads they need will be built out of other funds available."

Will they be built? Why not

commence over here and go round? Road work for a year or two has been going steady in nearly every vicinity. Paradise Valley and the north side of the mountain with its adjacent territory is the biggest and most important farming section in Lincoln county. It far surpasses any other portion of the county in stock raising. By reaching out just a little and taking in White Oaks, it is the most important in coal and minerals.

Why not now commence over here on road work? We have no apologies to make in this article. We'll accept a few choice ones—strictly choice ones in behalf of the bad roads. This article, let it be clearly understood, is not a reflection on any one's word or integrity. We are after good roads not men. We have the men. We don't have to import them.

So don't think we are hitting anyone. We are just sore from joy riding over a road where cussin' is not sin, but the spontaneous expression of the bruised and burdened soul. Yours for good roads, harmony will follow. Distance counts for much where roads are bad.

D. E. SPINDLE

Road Bonds and a Division of County.

I have been expecting to see in the Mountaineer an answer to Dr. S. M. Johnson's article, "Don't Divide the County." I will not attempt a lengthy reply, but call attention to a few facts. The Doctor tries to show that it would be a terrible calamity on the people to divide the county; that a new county would lose railroad taxes, place a bonded indebtedness on the people in the new county, etc. Then he proposes to impose a bond issue of \$55,000 on the people for road improvements. It looks to me very much like there is a "Nigger in the Wood Pile," behind the Doctor's solicitude for the dear people, and if he isn't careful we'll jump the nigger out. It is a known fact that the Doctor is anxious to sell his holdings on the Ruidoso, and I have heard he wants \$50,000 for them. I presume the "Pre-Historic Ditch" would be included in a deal of such magnitude. With all his astuteness and cunning, he let "the cat out of the bag" when in the same issue of the paper that his article "Don't Divide the County" appeared, he put an advertisement in the paper advertising his property for sale. No, I don't think it is love for the dear people that prompts the Doctor to oppose county division and advocate so strongly the county being bonded so heavily for road improvements. He knows that if this large sum of money is raised for road improvements, a large share of it would be expended on the Ruidoso, as has been the case in the past, and would likely increase land values and he would be a beneficiary. The people ought to take such preparations as the Doctor is prescribing with caution. I may have something to say about dividing the county in next week's paper.

A Tax-Payer.

There will be a meeting of the Capitan Commercial Club Saturday night the 27th. The meeting is called for the purpose of considering matters calculated to promote the town and country's interest. Let everybody attend as it is for everybody's interest.

The Fisher Lumber Co. has received a car of Texas lumber. floor, ceiling, etc.

Vacant School Sections.

The following is a list of the unleased school sections in Lincoln county, furnished this paper by the Commissioner of State Lands, taken from the records in his office Dec. 1, 1916.

For blanks or other information, write to the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, N. M.

In some instances only part of sections are vacant, but the subdivision is not given in this list. Part of sections vacant will be given upon request.

Sec.	Twp.	Rge.
16	1 n	17 e
36	1 n	17 e
16	1 n	18 e
32	1 n	18 e
18	1 s	18 e
16	1 s	18 e
36	1 s	18 e
2	5 s	17 e
32	5 s	17 e
16	7 s	10 e
32	8 s	6 e
2	8 s	9 e
16	8 s	9 e
2	8 s	11 e
6	8 s	12 e
32	8 s	12 e
32	8 s	18 e
2	9 s	6 e
2	9 s	14 e
36	9 s	14 e
2	10 s	7 e
36	10 s	7 e
32	10 s	9 e
2	10 s	16 e
32	11 s	20 e
36	11 s	20 e
16	12 s	19 e
2	12 s	20 e

An Old Pioneer Gone.

Mr. O. K. Chittenden died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Burleson, in Lincoln, Sunday morning January 14, at 9 o'clock. Mr. Chittenden was the father of Mrs. Burleson, and had resided with her family continuously for the past eight years. His death came after a short illness, and was due to senility, as he had passed his 84th birthday. Interment took place at the Lincoln cemetery. A simple religious service was conducted by the writer.

Orson Kelsey Chittenden was born in the state of Connecticut, August 28, 1832, and was the son of James and Elizabeth Kelsey Chittenden, and was the second child of a family of five boys and two girls. While still a small child his parents moved to the state of Missouri, where he grew to young manhood. When gold was discovered in California in 1849, he was among the who rushed across the continent and dared the hardships of a journey over the deserts, making the trip in ox-carts. After staying in California several years, he returned to Missouri by way of the Isthmus of Panama. In 1861, he was married to Mary Jane Searcey, and reared a family of five children, two of whom survive him. M. S. Chittenden died at Lincoln in April, 1909.

The subject of our sketch came to New Mexico in 1865, and settled in Mora county. From there he moved to Colfax county, where he was elected sheriff of that county, when that region was full of desperadoes and outlaws. He served in that capacity two terms, and was successful in running down bad men and enforcing the law. His record is well known in northern New Mexico. He came to Lincoln county in 1898, where, with the exception of one year, which he spent in San Juan county, he has resided since.

Being raised in the frontier, Mr. Chittenden had limited school advantages, but as he had an intellect above the average, he took advantage of his opportunities to learn, and thus acquired knowledge which was in some respect, superior to that of other men who had better opportunities. His memory was remarkable, and it was a treat to listen to his stories of early and pioneer days. He always took a keen interest in current events, and even to a short time before his last illness, he would discuss every subject with intelligence and a clear mind.

Mr. Chittenden had no church affiliation, but was broad-minded in his views, and believed in that great rule taught by the Master,

which says: "And as ye would that men should do unto you, do ye also to them likewise," and tried to live accordingly. A FRIEND.

FIGHTING MACHINE OF FUTURE

Huge Airplane Undoubtedly Will Be Landing Fighters if Wars Are to Continue.

Control of the seas has been the dominant factor in this war. Britain's naval supremacy gives her a grip upon the sea lanes of all nations. Claude Graham White and Harry Harper, writing in the Fortnightly Review upon "Two Years of Aerial War," predict that in coming wars the control of the air will be even more essential than control of the seas. Charles DeWitt Strayer writes in Leslie's "The Search" of the allies on the western front, the superiority of their reconnaissance gives them great advantage. However, it is the growing effectiveness of the airplane as a fighting machine, carrying death and destruction to the enemy, that is the most significant development of the war. Messrs. White and Harper predict that in future wars it will be the "great fighting airplanes, the machines for destroying hostile craft, or for laying waste land positions, which will be to the forefront," the scouting airplane playing a minor part in the general scheme.

In all defensive plans the United States has placed great reliance on its isolation. Our isolation may always have been its measure of protection, but our long coast line, facing two oceans, makes us vulnerable as are few nations. In the wars of the future, the attack will be led by huge airplanes having a speed of 200 miles an hour or more. Nations may go down to defeat by aircraft attack which, in a few hours, could hopelessly cripple the nation not ready to defend itself in the air. It is argued that Great Britain, if she is to maintain her empire, must match by control of the air the control she now has of the sea. But what of the aerial defense of our own tremendous coast line, and our outlying possessions?

We gave birth to the first heavier than air flying machine, and it is to our everlasting discredit that as a nation we have done so little to develop it. That the airplane occupies so small a place in plans for the nation's defense. The peaceful possibilities of the airplanes have not begun to be grasped by the average person. Mr. Glenn L. Martin, one of the pioneer aviators and constructors of this country, says: "In developing flying we have outdone the birds and this is only the beginning" Mr. Martin is also authority for the statement that there is no means of transportation yet devised that will make 60 miles an hour as safely as an airplane.

Go a Long Way to School. Conveying her three children to school is considerable of a problem to Mrs. James Doyle, who resides near Verona, a hamlet situated on the northerly line of Yoh county, California. State Superintendent of Schools Hyatt says that Mrs. Doyle has more difficulty than any other school mother in California. He may establish a new district school for the convenience of the family. After awakening at three o'clock each school morning Mrs. Doyle must get the youngsters from under their sheets, attire them, wash their faces, prepare their lunches and then pilot them in a rowboat across the Sacramento river.

Reaching the other side they take a horse and buggy and drive two miles, where they again row across the same Sacramento river. Once more they hitch up a horse and drive two miles to the end of the road, from where they must walk three miles to school.

Nogal Nuggets.

Col. J. C. Bender has been appointed superintendent of the Nogal group of mines in place of Mr. Charles Pusch removed by the Chicago Company. Work that was stopped a few days ago will be resumed at once.

The snow around Nogal is fearful, coupled with extreme cold, makes business very dull.

Justice court will be in session next week under the new officers.

La grippe seems to be subsiding since the snow has purified the air. The fields are wet to a great depth.

The Nogal store is doing a big business these days. Instrumental music can be heard most every night at some house in town, making a social gathering indeed.

SPENCE & MERCHANT LAWYERS

Office in Exchange Bank Bldg CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO.

---Rainy Days---

Come to everybody. Right now, while you are making, you ought to be saving; then when the rainy day comes, you will have something to fall back on.

Your account will be welcome.

EXCHANGE BANK, CARRIZOZO, N. M. Interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts.

TOILET ARTICLES

Of all kinds and descriptions at popular prices.—PRICES that will meet with the approval of your POCKET BOOK

PRESCRIPTIONS.

filled with ACCURACY by Pharmists of years experience, thus insuring prompt and satisfactory service to our patrons.

GIVE US YOUR BUSINESS

The Nyal Store

ROLLAND BROS.

"The House of Quality"

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

John M. Penfield

(Successor to H. Lutz & Co.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Wagons and Vehiices—Pay the highest price for hides and pelts.

LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

025551

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico,
Dec. 5, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Jacobo Trujillo, Alfredo Freaquez, Antonio Sanchez, Francisco Rcyes, all of Arabela, New Mexico.

Claimant names as witnesses: EMMETT PATTON, Receiver.
Dec. 12—Jan. 10

For Sale—

Two Ranches on the Ruidoso. S. M. JOHNSON, Ruidoso, N. M.

The Capitan Bar

Choice Liquors, Brandies and Wines, Billiard and Pool Parlor.

CAPITAN, N. M.

Three room house, two lots large cistern and some outbuildings. \$100.00 down and balance to suit the purchaser.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

028060—034803

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
Dec. 27, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Lucia G. de Abilla, of Picacho, New Mexico, who, on Dec. 9, 1913, and March 16, 1916, made Homestead Entries, Serial Nos. 028060 and 034803, for E1SW4; SE1NW4; SW1SW4, Section 20, Township 11 S, Range 18 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver U. S. Land

Claimant names as witnesses: Jesus Perea, Guillermo Nunez, Geo. Kimbrell, Estaban Gacia, all of Picacho, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON, Receiver.
Jan. 3—31

C. C. Merchant

ATTORNEY AT LAW
U. S. LAND COMMISSIONER
NOTARY PUBLIC
CAPITAN, N. M.

CAPTAN MOUNTAINEER.

Published Weekly by Neil H. Bigger & Company.

Neil H. Bigger, Editor.

Subscription per year \$1.50
Subscription six months \$1.00

Entered as second class mail matter May 14, 1915, at the postoffice at Capitán N. M., under the Act of March 8, 1879.

THE MISSING LETTER

By LOIS PIKE.

Things happened very rapidly in the slow old village of Columbus. The first thing that happened to rouse the people was the fact that Miss Ruth White's aunt died in her fur-off state and left her a legacy of \$5,000. Miss Ruth was the belle of the village, notwithstanding that her father was a carpenter.

Then it became widely known that Dave Johnson, son of Squire Johnson, had made new proposals of marriage to Miss Ruth—making three in all in one year.

Then Abner Taylor's widow, who had been postmistress for several years, went suddenly blind. She had the legal right to name an assistant and she named Miss Ruth White. The two had been good friends for a long time and the girl took the place of assistant that the widow might hold her place and not come to poverty.

These incidents were gossip for a week or two, and then sleepy old Columbus went to sleep again. The fact that Miss Ruth was at the general delivery window gave Dave Johnson opportunities to see her and speak with her which he had not had before, and there was scarcely a day in the week that he was not a caller at the post office. His father, a justice of the peace, received more mail than any five other persons in the village put together, and his son's excuse every time he came in was to get his father's mail or mail letters for him.

As for Ruth, the girl had little to say to him, for she had refused him absolutely, but as a public official she had to treat him with courtesy. One day when there was no one in the office but the two he said to her:

"Miss Ruth, I love you and am going to have you for a wife. If you keep on refusing me I shall play you some trick to make you wish you had accepted me."

His speech angered the girl, and she gave him back such hot words that he slunk away while she was still talking. He went direct to his father's office and told his parent that the assistant postmistress had vilified the whole family. He told her after he got the old man excited and revengeful, and the squire was ready to enter into any plan.

"The idea that you are not good enough for her and her family!" he shouted. "Dave, you have not the best of reputations; but we must go to work to take some of the conceit out of that slip of a girl. She seems to think she runs this whole town, but she won't even run the post office when we get through with her."

There was scheming and planning for the next month. The first thing to be done, as father and son looked at it, was to cause the girl to lose her position and under a cloud of suspicion at that. But no opening presented itself for a month or two. Dave kept away from the post office and the squire got his mail himself.

One day he entered the office in his postman's uniform and said to Ruth:

"I wish to enter a complaint to the postal authorities, and it may turn out to be very serious for you."

"Very well," was the reply. "I will take your complaint and forward it. Has there been anything wrong about your mail?"

"Yes, ma'am, there has. A letter containing money addressed to me, and which I believe reached this post office all right, has not come to me, and I want to know where the trouble lies."

"In about a week the inspector on that route arrived. He was a young and good-looking man, and his impression of the assistant postmistress was very favorable. She had probably made some mistake in boxing the mail. The squire was sent for, and the story told was that a man named Harkness, over at the village of Milford, had bought a horse of him and had paid all but \$10 of the price. He was to pay that on a certain date. He said he would send a \$10 bill over in a letter, and he was a man whose word was as good as his bond. He surely had mailed the letter and it ought to have reached the squire next day, but weeks had elapsed and the letter had not yet arrived. He was asked by the inspector if he had telephoned Harkness, and he replied that he had not. Ruth quietly and calmly protested, and she could do no more. The inspector was about to go across the street and telephone to Harkness himself when old Uncle Doremus came in with a letter in his hand and exclaimed:

"I am getting to be a darned old fool. I got a letter in my box some days ago and put it in my pocket to take home. But when I got home I

found the missing letter, but just this morning! It wasn't for me any more. It was for Squire Johnson here, and it was put in the wrong box."

The squire received and opened the letter. There was no \$10 bill in it. Instead of sending him the money, Mr. Harkness called him a cheat, a liar and a swindler, and said he might sue and be hanged to him. The squire walked out of the post office without a word. The inspector said such mistakes often happened, but could be overlooked. Dave Johnson did not appear to renew his proposal, but six months later Miss Ruth received one that she accepted—and the inspector's husband still permits her to act as assistant postmistress.

(Copyright, 1916, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

NOW THE LIMOUSINE LOOK

Attitude That More Than Savors of Snobocracy Is Condemned in Its Own Stronghold.

Perhaps it is hypocritical of us, riding in a limousine is a magnificent and awful thing, and how should any plain mortal be expected to endure it, without amendment to his soul? Still, from our sidewalk we do observe and protest. Can no human being, even though to the limousine horn, learn to ride in a closed car and avoid the closed face, that blank, tolofty aloofness of expression so alien to normal American worry and cheerfulness?

The limousine look, attacks any happy, laughing debutante or bank president the instant the door opens and they sink back in what is technically known in motor car literature as "mildly" drawing room" on wheels." It comes on or off the face very much as do the detachable tops that convert an ordinary touring car of commerce into a miniature palace fit to stand before the blazing glory of an opera house with a uniformed attendant handling in a very charming and expensive wife.—New York Tribune.

New Use for Bark.

The forest products laboratory experts at Madison, Wis., in their efforts to reduce the amount of waste in the lumber industry, have long declared that they have been able to utilize everything but the bark, but as the pork packer is said to market everything but the squeal of the hog.

Now they have even found a way to use the bark. By a new process waste bark can be used to partially replace expensive rag stock in the manufacture of felt roofing, and is already being used commercially by mills co-operating with the laboratory experts. The bark thus used is that remaining after the extraction of the tannin for leather work, and the same waste bark has been used successfully for the making of a commercial wallpaper. Experiments now in progress indicate that the hemlock bark may be used for sheathing paper, carpet lining, bottle wrappers and deadening felt.

Shipping on the Ohio.

There are yet some persons, uninformed, of course, who believe it is folly to think of navigating the Mississippi river and its tributaries with anything larger than a scow of shallow draft. For the benefit of those persons the Cincinnati Enquirer printed recently an article about the many ships that were built along the Ohio river and loaded cargoes there for ports across the sea, and sailed down the Ohio and Mississippi and thence out upon the Gulf of Mexico and the broad Atlantic.

They were not small craft, either, but schooners, brigs, barkantines and full-rigged ships with square yards, big and seaworthy enough to voyage to any port in the world.

Strategy.

"Let's cut across the street."
"What's the matter?"
"I see an acquaintance coming who was in London during a Zeppelin raid. I haven't time this morning to hear him tell about it."
"Leave him to me. I'll introduce him to a man who was on board a neutral steamer when it was torpedoed by a submarine."

Came Nearly Century Old.

William A. J. Gilles of Concord, N. H., bought a case in an auction shop, some weeks ago, to help him in his lameness. He supposed it was an ordinary case, but William H. Harris, when inspecting it, pulled out the handle, and with it a steel blade about 15 inches in length. On the blade was engraved the words: "William Mattocks, June 2, 1832."

That the ~~blade~~ ~~was~~ ~~made~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~First~~ ~~New~~ ~~Mexico~~ ~~Infantry~~ ~~are~~ ~~among~~ ~~the~~ ~~best~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~guardsmen~~ ~~now~~ ~~on~~ ~~the~~ ~~border~~ ~~and~~ ~~that~~ ~~they~~ ~~are~~ ~~fast~~ ~~reaching~~ ~~the~~ ~~efficiency~~ ~~standards~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~regular~~ ~~army~~, is the opinion of Phil McLaughlin, representative of the Associated Press at Columbus.

New Mill.

I have just put in a new mill, with French Burs, which has greatly increased my capacity for grinding. Will grind corn, also wheat for Graham bread. Will grind for the people on Saturday of each week, or on any other day when as much as a thousand pounds is brought in.

E. S. RUSSELL.

Five miles southwest of Capitán.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

026808

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico
Dec. 27, 1916

Notice is hereby given that Oscar L. Patterson, of Encinosa, New Mexico, who, on Aug. 9, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 026808, for W1SE1; SE1SE1, Section 22; and NE1 NE1, Section 27, Township 7-S, Range 15-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitán, N. M., on February 8, 1917.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charles A. Thompson, John H. Mobley, Robert B. Ferris, James B. Mocho, all of Encinosa, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON,

Jan. 3—31 Register.

TWELVE GREAT SERIALS IN 1917.

Some of these are story-groups like those inimitable stories of old home down in Maine in which C. A. Stephens shows himself a master. There will be serials for girls, serials for boys, serials that hold the rapt attention of all readers of either sex and all ages. And the fiction is only a corner of The Companion. It is brimful and running over with a manner of good things. There is not a better \$2.00 worth of periodical reading anywhere. Send for the Forecast for 1917, which discloses some of the delightful secrets of the new volume.

New subscribers for 1917, who send \$2.00 now, will receive all the issues for the remaining weeks of 1916 free: also The Companion, Home Calendar or 1917.

By special arrangement, new subscribers for The Companion can have also McCall's Magazine for 1917, both publications for \$2.10.

This two-at-one price offer includes:

1. The Youth's Companion—52 issues in 1917.
2. The Companion Home Calendar for 1917.
3. McCall's Magazine—12 fashion numbers in 1917.
4. One 15-cent McCall Dress Pattern—your choice from your first copy of Call's—if you send 2-cent stamp with your selection.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
St. Paul St., Boston, Mass.

Fish and Game Protection.

Something like a score of fish, game and bird protective organizations have been organized in Indiana within the last few weeks under the auspices of the Indiana fish and game commission, and there is the report of splendid co-operation by farmers, deputy game wardens and others for the protection of native wild animals and the preservation of birds that destroy the insect pests. It is probable that the fish and game laws in Indiana were never so well enforced as at the present time. There are still occasional infractions, of course, but the activity of the game wardens and the changed public attitude which now seeks to help rather than hinder this work are showing most excellent results.—Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Cared for the Wrong Hand.

The Broad Ripple car was crowded and she and her young man were standing just inside the rear door.

She leaned against the young man and he held to the door which served as a support for the conductor also. She reached over and patted a hand—the conductor's hand. Passengers on the rear platform smiled. The conductor winked and squeezed her hand. Block after block the caresses continued. She looked contentedly up at her young man—and he didn't know what he was missing nor what the rear platform passengers were laughing about. Neither did she.—Indianapolis News.

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

COMING EVENTS.

Feb. 18-21—Twenty-third Annual Reunion of the Scottish Rite Masons at Santa Fé.
June 14-17—Cowboys' Reunion at Las Vegas.

The saw mills at Romero were destroyed by fire.

J. A. Murray, 70, was killed in an auto accident near Clovis.

The coal shortage at East Las Vegas has been relieved.

Up to Dec. 30 over 3,100 automobile licenses had been issued for 1917.

Santa Fé employes in Clovis received bonus checks to the amount of \$17,733.69.

Dennis Chavez of Albuquerque was appointed state game and fish warden by Governor de Baca.

The new State Reform school building at Springer, which has been under construction for several months, has been finished.

Beans, copper, potatoes and cattle were the chief factors in giving New Mexico a year of unprecedented prosperity in 1916.

S. Murray, an old Confederate soldier, was run down and killed north of Mesquite, by a car driven by another old soldier, J. B. Simmons.

The ice house belonging to the Santa Fé railway at Deming, located near the round house west of the town, was destroyed by fire.

Word has been received at Albuquerque that the Santa Fé will begin operating passenger and freight trains into St. Louis by Jan. 1, 1918.

Harry S. Clancy, for the last eight years assistant attorney general, has taken a position with the State Corporation Commission as law clerk.

The first session of the January term of the State Supreme Court at Santa Fé will be a memorial for Wm. H. Pope, at one time chief justice.

That New Mexico loses approximately \$15,000,000 on sheep, wool and horses because of inferior breeding, is the statement issued by the State College.

A reward of \$100 has been offered by relatives of Miss Bessie French, daughter of J. L. French, who disappeared from her home in Old Albuquerque.

About a dozen speakers from outside the state delivered lectures at the sixth annual Farmers' and Home Makers week at the State College, Mesilla park.

Private James Dewees, of Company F, First Arkansas Infantry, died at the Camp Deming hospital of pneumonia. The body was shipped to his former home at Hope, Ark.

Governor McDonald gave a conditional pardon to Thomas A. Inley of Albuquerque, sentenced in November, 1911, to twenty to twenty-five years, for the killing of his brother-in-law.

The State Corporation Commission has been informed by the Santa Fé that the new stockpans at Berino have been completed, and that work has been begun on the pens at Leesburg.

The State Board of Education has now a vacancy, as Bonifacio Montoya, of Bernalillo, Sandoval county, has tendered his resignation as he has assumed office as a state corporation commissioner.

It has been an unusually good year for the potato growers. Banneryields in the Las Vegas district have reached 150 and 170 bushels per acre. A Torrance county farmer reports \$90 an acre from potatoes.

Two more cars have been shipped from Mounta air, bringing the total to eighty-two cars.

W. H. Copeland of Capitán has sold his 30,000 pound crop of beans at 8 cents, which with other products of his farm, have brought him over \$1,700 more than he offered to sell his place for last spring.

Luis Madril, who is accused of killing Cristóbal Martínez by striking him with a teacup, was bound over at Las Vegas to await the action of the grand jury, under a bond of \$2,000, which has been furnished.

The largest bond ever given by a New Mexico official was filed with Secretary of State Lucero by H. L. Hall, the new state treasurer. It is for \$351,000 and the annual premium, which the state pays, is over \$2,500.

Henry G. Coors of Las Vegas has been appointed a member of the board of directors of the New Mexico insane asylum, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Ezequiel C. de Baca, New Mexico's new state executive, who served as president of the board during the administration of Governor McDonald.

The publicity department of the State Land Office, now in charge of H. B. Heising, sent to commercial organizations and individuals in New Mexico thousands of illustrated New Mexico folders, for distribution by outside of the state.

W. O. NORMAN.

THE MAN WHO ALWAYS HAS THE GOODS AND MAKES THE LOWEST CASH PRICES ON

Everything For Everybody.

My Motto: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Peters' Black Diamond Shoes.

For all wear Peters' "Black Diamond Brand" of Shoes are the best on the market. They are honestly made of solid leather throughout, with solid leather heel and full toe. Try a pair and be convinced.

Country Produce bought and sold.

Lincoln, New Mexico.

W. H. OSBORN

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Real Estate-Abstracts-Insurance

HANDLES ALL KINDS OF LAND AND REAL ESTATE BUSINESS STOCKED OR UNSTOCKED RANCHES, FARM LANDS, STATE AND HOMESTEAD LANDS; AND TOWN PROPERTY.

Full Set Of Land Office Records Covering The Entire County.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

026512

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
Dec. 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Esa Duran, of Arabela, New Mexico, who, on Oct. 4, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 026512, for W1NW4, Section 33, Township 8-S, Range 18-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, on Jan. 19, 1917.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Felipe Sanchez, Seferino Archuleta, Leandro Gueteres, these of Arabela; N. M., Jesus S. Carrillo, of Roswell, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,

Dec. 20—Jan 17 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

024783

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico,
Jan. 9, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Robert Shields, of Meek, N. M., who, on May 15, 1911, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 024783, for NE1SE1, Section 19; and N1SW4; NW1SE1, Section 20, Township 7-S, Range 17-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, N. M., on Feb. 16, 1917.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Lloyd Taylor, of Capitán, N. M., Jesse VanWinkle, Joseph P. Pendergrass, Jobe A. McPherson, these of Meek, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,

Jan. 17—Feb 14 Register.

FOR SALE.

A Good Cream Separator. Price Reasonable.

APPLY TO ABE FOSTER, DESEO, N. M.

O. P. HUNT

NOTARY PUBLIC

The Titsworth Company,
Capitán, New Mexico.

That \$25,000,000 was expended during 1916 "for influencing elections" was the declaration of United States Senator Robert L. Owen, at the opening session of the National Popular Government League.

T. E. KELLEY.

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer

Phone 96.

Carrizozo New Mexico

Cow Boy Boots

\$11.00 to \$15.00 per pair.

Also

BARBER SHOP

Come in and let me give you a good hair out and shave.

Geo. H. Hyde,

CAPTAN, NEW MEXICO

THE NEW MAID

By MAY HAWKINS.

She got off the Broadway car at the identical minute that he got on and she opened her silk umbrella at the same instant that he closed his. There was a sound of tearing and a six-inch aperture appeared in hers, through which daylight and rain came pouring. "Oh, I beg your pardon," said he. "I'm terribly sorry." His eyes were even more apologetic than his voice, his distress evident.

"It's all right," smiled the girl; "it doesn't matter at all."

Dick had splendid opportunity to take in the beauty of her dark, reddish gold hair which curled so tantalizingly under the little dark green velvet hat, the gray eyes, smooth skin and the dimple in her left cheek when she smiled.

"You're sure I can do nothing?" he said.

"Nothing, thank you." And the girl was gone, leaving Dick standing disconsolately in the rain.

Mrs. Jarvis Howe came into the room looking ready to cry. Her sister looked up in surprise. "Why, what's wrong, Lucy?"

"To think that of all days Ellen has to choose this one to go and get sick. Here I've invited the Parks and Murrays and Richard Goddard to dinner tonight because it's your birthday, and now will you tell me who's to serve it? It's bad enough to be left with only one maid, but Ellen was so competent I thought we could manage. Now with her gone will you kindly tell me what I'll do?"

"Call it off."

"No, I've invited those people and they wouldn't understand."

"All right. Go ahead. Why are you having Richard Goddard?"

Mrs. Howe shrugged her pretty shoulders. "Why anybody? I asked him for you. Look here, May, I wish you'd stop making grimaces whenever I ask him around. Richard Goddard is rich."

"And young?"

"Well?"

"Too young for me?"

Her sister shrugged impatiently and went to the phone. "Send some one right away, please," she instructed the manager of the employment agency that she called up, "who is competent and can cook. And a serving maid also. What! None to be had today? Well, send the cook anyway."

"I'll have to take a chance on the serving," she said, turning wearily away. "I can coach the cook about serving perhaps, and bribe her into doing her best."

At four the cook arrived. Mrs. Howe, who had been watching anxiously, could have kissed her.

"What's she like?" drawled May later.

"I don't know. She's pretty—but her clothes. I'll have to go and dig up a black dress and white cap and apron of Ellen's for her. But if she can cook I won't worry about the serving."

And she could cook!

The dinner guests came and Dick Goddard attached himself to May. To please her sister she had done her best with her toilet and was as interesting as any one could wish. Mrs. Howe was jubilant.

"Dinner is served, Mrs. Howe," announced the maid from the doorway. The guests took their places in the dining room and all went merrily.

Then in came the new maid with the soup. In the shadowy candle light Richard did not notice her at first, but as she put Mrs. Park's plate before her the light fell on her reddish gold hair and her gray eyes looked full into Dick's.

"You!" he cried, and at the evident surprise of the few who had noticed, he coughed and went on: "You were speaking of the Army and Navy game, Mrs. Murray. Well, I saw—and on he went! But he was greatly bewildered. Surely this was the girl of the night."

The soup was served and removed without catastrophe, the first and dinner course passed without event. But Mrs. Howe was growing a bit nervous. Twice the girl had laughed broadly at a table joke and said something when a fork was dropped.

The salad was uneventful. But when the ice was served the dozen tiny candles on the cake lighted, and May given a large silver knife to cut the first slice, the maid asked audibly, "How old are you, Miss May?"

"I'm twenty-seven," answered May truthfully.

"Why did you do it?"

Dick Goddard got on the car the new maid had boarded with her suitcase next morning.

"I'm writing a book."

"But you did a dreadful thing," Dick grinned.

"To tell you that Mrs. Howe was trying to get you for a girl three years older than you? Besides, I didn't do it, she did it herself."

"There wasn't any danger after yesterday," returned Dick. "After I tore your umbrella I kicked myself all day for letting you go."

"Well, here's where I leave you again," said the girl. "I have to get off here. Good-by!"

Dick picked up her bag. "Not if I know it. Where you go I go, forever more, amen."

"Silly!" said the girl blushing softly and smiling her consent.

(Copyright, 1915, by The McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Deterioration of Eskimo By Contact With White Man Discredit to "Civilization"

It is or ought to be a little disquieting to all accustomed to think well of themselves as "civilized," in distinction from "barbarous" or "savage," to note the quick deterioration in the Eskimos reported by Doctor Anderson as the result of contact with white men.

Of course it is a commonplace of ethnology that such contact has always been injurious and often fatal to primitive peoples, but usually the humiliation of this fact has been mitigated by the possibility of saying that the primitives suffered because the first visitors were exponents of the vices rather than the virtues of civilization—rough sailors, for instance, or conscienceless traders ruthless in exploiting nature's untutored children. This theory would be the better if in many instances missionaries of the most respectable sort had not brought about changes in the peoples they tried to serve which, though different from those worked by the sailors and traders, still led only with more or less speed to extermination.

It falls utterly in the case of these Eskimos, who have had, as yet, association only with white men who were as little inclined to make money out of them by selling cheap rum as they were to change the ancient habits of life dictated by experience as best adapted to the arctic environment. Yet they say that the Eskimos of Coronado Island and thereabouts have already lost their pristine virtues and learned both to beg and to steal.

"Learned," however, is hardly the right word. It would be more nearly correct to say that they have developed in a very natural way tendencies hitherto kept latent by circumstances. The members of a small, isolated clan do not beg or steal from each other, since all their property is practically owned in common. The arrival of aliens so strange as to seem a different species creates wholly new conditions, and begging and stealing from them are only manifestations of immemorial instincts from which none of us is yet free.

"Natural" man takes what he can from a stranger with no more thought of wrong than if it were a bear or a deer he was despoiling—or than if he were a spider taking possession of a fly.—New York Times.

PARAPHRASES

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

ABOUT THE WAR

El Arah, an Egyptian town on the frontier of Palestine, has been captured by the British after a siege of two years.

Since Dec. 23, says Berlin, more than 8,900 prisoners and twenty-seven machine guns have been captured in Rumania.

Germany is ready to grant greatly modified terms, according to information obtained in official circles at Washington.

In Mesopotamia the British forces are still in quest of Kut-el-Amara, in which sector they have made further advances on the right bank of the Tigris.

Gen. Carranza, first chief of the de facto government, has ordered Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador-designate, to withdraw from the United States.

A message confirming the report of the capture of Torreón by Villa forces was received at San Antonio, Tex., by Gen. Funston from Brig. Gen. George Bell, commanding American forces at El Paso.

Artillery duels, sapping operations and attacks by small patrol parties continue to feature the fighting on the front in France. The usual bombardment is in progress in the Austro-Italian war theater. In Macedonia comparative quiet prevails.

The Teutonic allies have captured Rimnik-Sarat, thirty miles southwest of Brasila, Rumania's oil and grain center on the Danube. The guns of the Dobrudja army are hammering on the bridgehead of Stachin, on the east bank of the Danube opposite Brasila. Previous to the fall of Rimnik-Sarat the Teutonic allies defeated the Russians on a front of ten and a half miles southwest of the town.

Rumania continues the theater of the greatest activities. In northern Wallachia, along the southern Moldavia border, and in Dobrudja, the Teutonic allies continue to make gains over the Russians and Rumanians. Thirty miles southwest of Brasila the invaders have captured Filipecht and west of Rimnik-Sarat are on the offensive. In this latter region during the past few days 5,500 Russians have been made prisoners.

WESTERN

More than twelve inches of snow fell in Utah within twenty-four hours, breaking all previous storm records.

Police, in raiding blind tiger joints at Memphis, Tenn., found most bottles of liquor bore Red Cross stamps.

At Chicago seven railroads were fined \$3,700 by Federal Judge Carpenter for working employes more than eight hours.

At San Francisco, Edward von Walden, who robbed a Mission bank of \$8,000 in gold recently and fled in an automobile, was sentenced to serve ten years in Folsom prison.

One man is dead and two others and two boys are wounded as a result of a shooting that occurred during a Christmas tree entertainment at Harris Creek, Casey county, Ky.

BITS ABOUT BABIES

INTERESTING FACTS ELUCIDATED BY WOMAN MEDICO.

Infant's Smile, She Says, Is a Much Misunderstood Thing—Jealousy and Sympathy Manifest Themselves in the Second Year.

In the course of a lecture a distinguished woman physician said that the inability of a baby to hold up its head was not due to the weakness of the neck, but to the lack of development of its will power, an exchange remarks. The act of standing was instinctive and imitative, while facial expression and gesture were due almost wholly to imitation.

A baby's smile, she said, was the most misunderstood thing in infancy. A real smile must have an idea behind it, but the expression resembling a smile which is so often seen on a very young baby's face was without an idea and was due to the easy condition of the stomach or to some other physical satisfaction.

The smile with an idea does not appear earlier than the fourth week. So, too, with the crying of a baby. The contortion of the features is due to physical causes. The baby sheds no tears because the lachrymal glands are not developed for several weeks after birth.

The chief pleasure of all children is to change from one condition to another by their own effort. This is the beginning of the development of the will power, and is often attested in what has been called the "imperative intention of tears." This is not disclosed until after the second or third month.

A baby tests everything by its mouth, its sense of taste being the surest and most reliable guide it has.

The attention of all young children is difficult to attract, and they must attain considerable age before they begin to notice. Then colors and sounds are most potential. Fear has been known to be manifested by a baby only three weeks old, and in all cases the sensation is produced by sound more than by sight.

Children of luxurious and carefully guarded homes are almost wholly without fear, but the children of poor and exposed parents always manifest it.

Jealousy and sympathy begin to manifest themselves in the second year. Curiosity also begins to develop here, and proves to be a self-feeder throughout childhood. A little later the ego begins to appear and the baby has the first consciousness of itself.

The ego first appears as a muscular sense, and the infant gradually learns to distinguish itself from surrounding objects. It is first the hand that is distinguished, and then the foot, and finally the whole body.

Memory does not appear before the child is two years of age. All the reasoning of children is primitive and elementary and develops slowly. Darwin noted an association of ideas in the mind of his child when it was only five months of age.

The lecturer related experiences of babies with the first view of mirrors and showed that their actions under the new conditions were similar to those of anthropoid apes and dogs under like conditions.

A large number of cablegrams from people and organizations in Holland, Switzerland and the Scandinavian countries were received at the White House, endorsing President Wilson's recent note to the belligerent nations.

The federal farm loan board announced the following cities in which farm loan banks will be located: Springfield, Mass.; Baltimore, Md.; Columbia, S. C.; Louisville, Ky.; New Orleans, La.; St. Louis, Mo.; St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Neb.; Wichita, Kan.; Houston, Tex.; Berkeley, Cal.; and Spokane, Wash.

The Capitan Mountaineer

An All Home Printed Newspaper

Established April 14th, 1915.

The Mountaineer now has 600 bonafide subscribers, and its circulation is principally confined to home readers—residents of Lincoln county, New Mexico.

IT IS A WEEKLY INDEPENDENT NEWS-PAPER

that gives the news of the county—a home journal in every respect.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 A YR., 6 MONTHS 50c

Correspondence is solicited from all points in the county. Two yearly subscriptions, stamps and stationery to each regular correspondent. Names of correspondents must be known to the Editor.

We have a good Job Printing Department in connection with the Newspaper and turn out good work on short notice. Call or write us and get our prices.

Mail orders receive close attention

Published By

Neil H. Bigger and Co.

WHEN TRAVELING

Through the country, especially when you are tired and hungry STOP AT THE COTTAGE HOTEL, where you will enjoy solid comfort at a refined place where you will be treated both entertainingly and courteously. Meals 50 cents, Special rates given to regular boarders.

COTTAGE HOTEL

MRS. LENA MORGAN Proprietress.

Lumber! Lumber!

BACA CANYON MILL

We are running our mill at full capacity and can fill all orders for lumber promptly. First class lumber eighteen dollars per thousand.

JIM HUTCHISON, Proprietor.

CAPITAN MERCANTILE CO.

CAN AND WILL SELL YOU

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, groceries, Hardware, Leather Goods Etc., at astonishing low prices taking into consideration that these are the days of unparalleled high prices on every commodity that used brought about directly by the mighty conflict--THE HORRORS OF WAR--which every American sternly realizes is now transpiring in unhappy Europe--we would gladly rectify these deplorable conditions if were in our power, but on the other hand it behoves us as loyal Americans to manfully accept the situation.

We buy wool, mohair, hides, pelts, etc.

General Local News.

Notes from Mountain View

O. K. Chittenden.

On account of sister DeArman's illness, Bro. Short came over to preach for us, but the weather has been so bad we have been unable to have church, Sunday school nor Endeavor.

We will have preaching here Wednesday night instead of prayer meeting, by Rev. Jake Hulse.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Thompson are the proud parents of a big girl, born the 4th of January.

Hugh Thompson, who has been working at Three Rivers, came in sick a few days ago. Is better now, and will go back as soon as able.

Miss Myrtle Gunnells, who has been working at Three Rivers, is home on a visit.

Mr. and Mr. Ralph Read have moved to their homestead in this community.

Mr. R. E. Ferris who has been away for some time, came in the other day.

The influenza has been going through the country, but most everybody seem to be improving.

Mr. Andrew McBrayer, of Nogal, has been visiting the Mountain View community, but will return soon.

T. O. Luster Dead.

Thomas O. Luster, editor and publisher of the Carrizozo Outlook, died at his home in that town on Tuesday of this week. Mr. Luster had been confined to his bed for several months with a complication of diseases and the end has been expected for some time. The remains will be buried in the cemetery at Carrizozo. Mr. Luster leaves a wife and some relatives in Illinois.

Mr. Phil Blanchard was over Tuesday from his sheep ranch near Arabela.

Mrs. S. T. Gray, of Carrizozo, is here looking after her real estate interests.

Ranger Ben Nabours is in the country taking grazing permits.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hulbert, of Lincoln, spending a few days in Capitan with their daughter, Mrs. Bert Proxme.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Coor were over from Paradise Valley last Saturday making final proof on Mrs. Coor's homestead.

Mr. C. A. Reynolds, of Albuquerque, has been employed to teach in the gradas in the Capitan school. He takes the place of Miss Mathes, resigned.

Found A string of beads in Capitan, which the owner can have by calling at this office, describing them and paying for this notice.

T. P. Knight has bought the Baca Canyon saw mill from Jim Hutchison. It is Mr. Knight's intent to move the mill to a location near Pine Lodge a little later on.

Mr. Ira Taylor has moved to town and is establishing a real estate business. He will sell lands on the usual commission, and if you list your land with him he will use his best effort to sell it.

Riley McPherson will handle all kinds of live stock and other kinds of personal property, such as automobiles, farm implements, etc., on commission. He has made arrangements to have stuff listed with him advertised in the Capitan Mountaineer. He can hereafter be found at the Mountaineer office when not out of town on business. In that event property will be listed by the editor.

Mr. John E. West, living on Little Creek, and one of the most prosperous farmers and highly esteemed citizens in the county, was married in Roswell on Thursday of last week to Mrs. A. C. Thomas, of that city. We learn that the bride lived in White Oaks some years ago, and later in Lincoln, and has acquaintances in Capitan, who speak of her in the highest terms. Mr. West's many friends here and elsewhere will congratulate him on the step he has taken and on his good fortune in securing such an estimable lady for his partner.

A well written sketch of Mr. O. K. Chittenden, who died in Lincoln on Sunday the 14th inst. appears in this week's paper, signed by a friend. Two years ago when the editor of the Mountaineer was coming to Capitan he stopped over night at the Burleson Hotel in Lincoln, and there met Mr. Chittenden and a talk with him followed. It was soon apparent to the writer that he was conversing with a man of extraordinary intelligence who possessed a wonderful fund of information, principally gained by experience. Several months later he met Mr. Chittenden again while spending a night in Lincoln at the same house. After supper, seated on the porch, a drizzling rain pattering on the roof, we talked two hours or more. Mr. Chittenden related many incidents of the old days in New Mexico in which he had been an actor or was familiar, all of which would make interesting history. It had been the writer's intention to spend a full day or more with this old Pioneer and take sketches from his wonderful store of reminiscences for publication, but he deferred the matter too long. Mr. Chittenden was very unpretentious in his demeanor and showed no readiness to impart his knowledge; it had to be gotten from him by solicitation. The writer has met no more interesting character since he has been in the country than this old pioneer, and men of his kind are nearly all gone.

Card of Thanks.

We hereby thank all our neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted us and sympathized with us during the sickness and death of our dear father and grand father. May the Lord repay them in our sincere wish.

Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Burleson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank English, Fred Burleson, Tom Burleson.

Forest Service.

Applications for permit to graze livestock on the Lincoln National Forest for the season of 1917 must be filed in the Supervisor's office at Alamogordo, New Mexico, not later than January 31, 1917.

Applications should be submitted through the ranger in charge of the district where the stock are to graze. Blank forms for submitting applications may be obtained from the Supervisor or the local ranger.

A Forest Ranger will be at the following places on the dates given for the purpose of receiving applications.

Carrizozo, N. M.—Railroad Eating House 3 p. m. Jan 21 to 12 at noon Jan 22; Nogal, New Mexico—Nogal Hotel, 2 p. m. Jan 22 to 2 p. m. Jan 23; Mesa Ranger Station 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. Jan 23rd; Bonito Creek—Tom Bragg's Ranch 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Jan 24; Alto, New Mexico Postoffice 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. Jan 25; Capitan, N. M.—Forest Office 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Jan 23 and 26; Lincoln, N. M.—Lincoln Hotel 12 noon to 5 p. m. Jan 24; Baca Ranger Station 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Jan 25 and 26; Raton Ranch 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Jan 27.

Very truly yours,
Forest Ranger.

Application for Grazing Permits.

Notice is hereby given that all applications for permits to graze cattle, horses, hogs, sheep and goats within the LINCOLN NATIONAL FOREST during the season of 1917 must be filed in my office in Alamogordo, New Mexico, on or before January 31, 1917. Full information in regard to the grazing fees to be charged and blank to be used in making applications will be furnished upon request.

CHAS. H. JENNINGS,
Supervisor.

Roswell Auto Company

The Best Equipped Garage in the State. We give the best of service and insure all customers entire satisfaction. A large assortment of Tires, Tubes and General Accessories.

"Everything for the Ford."

Methodist Preaching.

Capitan—Second Sunday 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

Gap School House, first Sunday 11 a. m.

Mountain View, fourth Sunday 11 a. m. Paradise Valley 3 p. m.

Tucson School House, fifth Sunday 11 a. m.

For Sale—

Good Hereford bull, five years old.
3874 A. C. DAHLKE

Cows Wanted—

Ten to 75 good young cows. Call this office for particulars.

Strayed—

One large size milk cow; red with some. Three different brands, M and O and V on left side. Notify at Peters' store. A reward.

Blacksmithing—

I have established a blacksmith shop at Deseo and will do general blacksmithing. Until further notice I will be in the shop on Tuesday and Saturday of each week. Your patronage solicited.
J. A. ADAMS.

Wanted—

Old rasps at Smith & Son's blacksmith shop. Capitan, N. M.

Calves Wanted.

Want to buy 15 or 20 heifer calves, well graded. Address me at Encinosa, New Mexico.
W. P. Green.

Wanted

To buy about 320 acres of improved land which has access to grass. For particulars apply at this office.

For Sale—

Two good Hereford bulls at a bargain, quick sale. See R. R. McPherson, Capitan Mountaineer office.

Chickens Wanted.

Two or three dozens large hens wanted. Call at this office.

Don't fuss any more about bricks for building chimneys and flues. We have just received a car of bricks.
3714 Fisher Lumber Co.

A Bargain—

320 acres, all four wire fence, five acres in alfalfa, between 40 and 50 acres in cultivatin, good bottom land; two room house, cellar; out houses, good well, one mile from public school. At a bargain; cash or terms. Call at this office.

Corn Meal.

The public can get their corn ground into meal at P. G. James' just east of Mr. Hobbs'.

R. R. McPherson

DEALER IN
Real Estate.

I have for sale a number of good farms at bargains. They are mostly well improved, and some of them under irrigation. I can give you good bargains. Call and see me, Headquarters at Capitan Mountaineer office. Have a good car and show parties what I have to offer them.

Capitan, N. M.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

026467
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
Jan. 5, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Fowler, of Encinosa, New Mexico, who on Sept. 19, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 026467, for the W1 SW4 Section 13; N1NW4, Section 24, Township 7-S, Range 15-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before C. C. Merchant, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Capitan, New Mexico, on February 9, 1917.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rufus M. Hipp, James A. Hipp, Charles A. Thompson, Frank McCasland, all of Encinosa, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON,
Jan. 10—Feb. 7. Register.

CARBON Remover

The best scientifically prepared lubricant in the world. It will remove carbon and dirt from gas engines as nothing else does, buy a can and you will find that your car will run as well as well as when first bought.

Newt. Kemp,
Agent.

Books for Distributions.

House of Representatives, Washington, D. D.—I have at my disposal a number of books on "Diseases of the Horse," and "Diseases of Cattle," as well as the Agricultural Year Book for 1916, and shall be pleased to mail same to any one desiring them.

B. C. Hernandez.

IRA TAYLOR
REAL ESTATE AGENT
Capitan, New Mexico.

Does a general real state business. List your property with me, and I will do my best to find you a buyer.

Office with C. C. Merchant.

Bean Worse Than Alcohol. That brewer isn't the only thing that will cause a wild, unsophisticated Indian of the American plains to rear up on his toes, become indignant to bulldogs and see pink elephants with wings, is the declaration of Earl B. Putt, a chemist, who is endeavoring to have the government place a ban on the sale of the Mexican Peyota bean to Indians on the South Dakota reservations.

It is reported that the Indians, having discovered the exceptional qualities of this brand of bean, have been using large quantities of it and make a brew from it which excels in effect any product of the paleface. The authorities do not know whether or not the bean can be barred from the reservations under the Harrison anti-brewer act, but they are going to see what can be done about it.

Recklessness. "Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Terkins, "the baby next door swallowed a quarter."
"It won't hurt the child."
"I know. But isn't it terrible how incontinent some people are with money?"
—Washington Evening Star.

THE TITSWORTH CO

We Carry In Stock

—Plows, wagoas, coal, cotton seed cake, mill run bran, cement, lime, dynamite, blasting caps, fuse, drill steel, grain bags, mining candles, dry batteries, barbed wire, steel roofing, eave trough, cotton waste,--

--Denatured alcohol, carbon, chloride of lime, formaldehyde, Hare's colic cure, Mellin's food, malted milk, clinical thermoters, nursing bottles, rubber syringes, hot water bags, fountain syringes, adhesive plaster, absorbent cotton etc.

Our Stock is large and our prices reasonable

THE TITSWORTH CO.
CAPITAN NEW MEXICO.

You Know Your Merch ant

You know your Grocer and Doctor. GET acquainted with the Sunshine Pharmacy

Your Drug Store

the store that wants to sell you your Drugs. We have the most complete line of Drugs Sundries, Patent Medicines, Face Powders, and Etc.

To Be Found

in this section of the state and you can be sure of getting fresh stock only and we will guarantee the price to be right and all our medicine to be full strength.

The House That Appreciates Your Trade--lets Get Acquainted

THE SUNSHINE PHARMACY
CAPITAN, NEW MEX.

CAPITAN GARAGE

If your Automobile is sick and un () the weather, bring it or send it to us. We treat all diseases of the AUTO including the most difficult and contagious. SURGICAL OPERATIONS A SPECIALITY.

FREE AIR

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

WANTED--FAT HENS