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EVENTS OF 1925 SEEN IN REVIEW

Noteworthy Happenings of the Past Year in the United States and Elsewhere.

LOCARNO PACT SIGNED

Powers of Western Europe Make Treaties That Promise Security and Peace—Revolt of Islam Is Growing—Prosperity and Tax Reduction for Americans—Storm Over Air Service.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

Standing far above all other events of the year 1925 is the signing of the Locarno treaties. Though they do not mean the immediate coming of the millennium, they do mean that the European powers have decided that war does not pay, and they give to western Europe at least a measurable assurance of security and peace. This holds good so long as the signatory powers keep the promises made in the pacts, and should any of them fail to do so, the League of Nations is ready to step in. Germany has resumed her place in the family of nations, and as the year drew to a close there was great hope that soviet Russia would abandon her voluntary isolation and consent to closer association with the "capitalistic powers" that she has so long contemned. Locarno was a magnificent triumph for Austen Chamberlain, Aristide Briand, Dr Hans Luther and Herr Stresemann, the statesmen mainly responsible for the treaties, and for the legislators and people in their respective countries who gave them hearty support.

Another important development of the year was the growing revolt of Islam against the rule of Christian powers. This manifested itself especially in the war in the Riff maintained against France and Spain throughout the year by Abd-el Krim, and in the rebellion against the French regime in Syria. The latter was primarily carried on by the Druses, nonmoslem tribesmen, but the Mohammedan Arabs took at times an active part in it. Turkey took warlike measures because she was convinced the League of Nations would decide the Mosul dispute in favor of Great Britain, and in Egypt there was unrest that occasionally broke out into violence.

Twelve more months of almost incessant civil warfare, complicated by Bolshevik plotting and threatened uprisings against foreigners, was the record of China. Nevertheless the central government was maintained and the international conference at Peking held out some promise of settling the affairs of the distracted country.

The United States was blessed with general prosperity and progress during the year, and this was reflected in the bill introduced in the Sixty-ninth congress providing for reduction of taxes which would reduce the national revenue by $325,736,000. Enforcement of the prohibition law continued to be a serious problem, but toward the end of the year the government adopted a new policy that promised to go far toward keeping illicit liquor out of the country. During many months a storm raged around the air services of the army and navy, due largely to the sensational charges made by Col William Mitchell, for which he was tried by court-martial, and suspended for five years. His plan of an independent department of aviation was turned down by a board of inquiry appointed by the President. The controversy was accentuated by the tragic destruction of the dirigible Shenandoah in a storm and by the failure of an attempted nonstop airplane flight to Hawaii.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Prompted by Great Britain, the German government suggested the international conference that finally resulted in the Locarno treaties, but there were months of "conversations," exchanges of notes and secret talks before the great fact was accomplished. Briand was forced to move cautiously because of political complications, and Luther and Stresemann always had the irreconcilable German Nationalists to contend with. It was on October 5 that the foreign ministers of France, Germany, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy, Poland and Czechoslovakia came together in the little Swiss town of Locarno. Eleven days later they had completed their task, and on December 1 the momentous treaties were formally signed in London. The main treaty, known as the security pact, binds France and Germany and Belgium to respect the boundaries between those countries as fixed by the Treaty of Versailles; each promises not to attack either of the others; and Great Britain and Italy guarantee the inviolability of the frontiers. Provision is made for referring disputes to a conciliation commission, the permanent court of international justice or the council of the league. Arbitration treaties were signed between Germany and Poland and Germany and Czechoslovakia, and in subsidiary pacts France guaranteed the carrying out of these. The allies made immediate plans for speeding up the evacuation of the Cologne area and the reduction of their forces in the Rhineland.

As soon as the security pact became a certainty, President Coolidge let it be known that he would like to call an international conference on land disarmament in Washington. The reaction to this in Europe, especially in France, was not favorable because the League of Nations was planning the same thing. Early in December the league's disarmament council announced that a special commission would be created to prepare for such a conference, and the United States and Soviet Russia were invited to appoint representatives on that commission.

The League of Nations, which held its annual meeting in Geneva in September with Senator Raoul Dandurand of Canada as president, received Great Britain's protest against violation of the Mosul frontier by Turkey and referred the dispute over that rich oil region to the World court. The court ruled that the league's council was competent to decide the matter and in December the council awarded all of the vilayet except a worthless strip to Irak, at the same time extending the British mandate over Irak to twenty five years. Turkey protested angrily, but was somewhat mollified by Britain's offer to negotiate a permanent peace on the Irak frontier, with hints of compensation for the oil lands. The council of the league was called on to prevent one war and did so Greece and Bulgaria were ready to fight over some trouble on the Macedonian frontier, and the Greeks went so far as to invade Bulgarian territory and occupy several towns. The league council ordered that hostilities cease at once, saw to it that the order was obeyed and sent a mission to settle the dispute. Greece was found at fault and was ordered to pay damages to Bulgaria.

Abd-el Krim's attempt to drive the French from the Riff and establish an independent government in that part of Morocco was not successful, but caused the two European powers much trouble and expense. They joined forces against the Riff leader and after the Spanish effected a landing in Alhoceras bay in September Krim was virtually surrounded and was driven into the mountains. A group of American aviators formed an escadrille and helped in the fight against the Moroccan chieftain.

Strikes in the Shanghai cotton mills fostered by Russian Bolshevist agents who sought to stir up civil war in China, resulted in fatal rioting in May and the anti-foreign threats made necessary the landing of American and European bluejackets and the arming of a force of foreign volunteers. This only enraged the Chinese the more and the government at Peking was utterly unable to straighten out the tangle. On August 5 the Washington treaties relating to Chinese customs and the open door went into effect, and in October the international conference to carry them out began its sessions in Peking. China demanded autonomy in the matter of the tariff and the conferees agreed to give it this not later than January 1, 1929 provided that in the meantime China should abolish the likin.

Great progress was made in the settlement of international debts. In August Great Britain granted exceedingly liberal terms to France, but with the provision that if France obtained less favorable terms from the United States the British would insist on the same terms that the United States exacted. The French mission spent some time in Washington but was unable to satisfy the demands of the American debt commission and went home with a temporary plan which was rejected by the French parliament. In December, when Briand became premier again M. Beranger was appointed ambassador to Washington for the purpose of reopening negotiations. The American debts of Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Italy and Rumania were arranged satisfactorily to those countries.

President Coolidge, to whom the long standing dispute between Peru and Chile over Tacna and Arica provinces had been referred, sent General Pershing down there to arrange and conduct a plebiscite of the inhabitants of the region. The Chileans protested when he deferred the date of the plebiscite until April 15, 1926, and appealed to President Coolidge.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Politics in Great Britain were not especially eventful. The Liberal party recovered somewhat from its crushing defeat in the elections of 1924, and Herbert Asquith, who was raised to the peerage as the earl of Oxford, was continued as its leader. Lloyd George pledged to him his unqualified loyalty. The Labor party did all in its power to combat the Baldwin government but was itself badly split between radicals and conservatives. All these parties and elements except the radical Laborites were kept busy fighting the schemes of the Communists. The government refused to admit foreign Communists to the country to attend the conference of the British Communist party in Glasgow, and later canceled the permits of many Communists to live in Great Britain.

What was called one of the most important events in the post-war history of the British empire occurred on April 28, when Great Britain returned to the gold standard. Australia and New Zealand took this step at the same time and the Union of South Africa followed suit on July 1. Canada was already back on a gold basis, so that at the mid-year the currency of the entire empire was virtually on a pre-war footing.

France's troubles, aside from the warfare in Morocco and Syria, were mainly financial. Premier Herriot held on until April 10, when the government's finance bill was defeated in parliament. Paul Painleve thereupon became premier and he gave the finance portfolio to Joseph Caillaux, who was convicted during the war of treason. Aristide Briand took the post of foreign minister. Caillaux was no more successful than his predecessors and the cabinet resigned October 27. Painleve formed a new ministry, but this went on the rocks in November. Briand was made premier again and Louis Loucheur, one of the wealthiest of Frenchmen, became minister of finance. His plans were rejected and he gave place to Paul Doumer.

The revolt of the Druses in Syria, held by France under a mandate, became serious in July and the tribesmen defeated the French forces several times. They filtered into Damascus and started an uprising there in the suppression of which the French shelled the Moslem quarters of the ancient city and battered it to pieces. Reinforcements were poured into Syria but the tribesmen kept up a harassing guerrilla warfare which was extended into Lebanon.

Germany's new reichstag convened January 5 and Dr Hans Luther became chancellor, pledging himself to maintain the republic and the Dawes plan. The Monarchists and Nationalists were strong in his cabinet. March 29 the first popular elections for President were held and resulted in no candidate receiving a majority. The Nationalists and several other groups then made Field Marshal von Hindenburg their nominee, and at the second elections held April 26, he was elected. It was freely predicted that this meant the early restoration of the German empire but the old soldier took the pledge of loyalty to the republic and thereafter gave not the slightest indication that he desired a return to monarchism.

In December the cabinet resigned so that a new ministry fully in favor of the Locarno treaties might be formed.

Benito Mussolini continued to rule Italy with a firm hand and the position of the Fascisti was strengthened in the autumn by a split in the opposition, the Maximalist Socialists severing their connection with the other groups forming the Aventine bloc. The dictator began the year by taking steps to suppress the opposition organizations and newspapers, and before the twelfth month was ended the parliament had at his behest passed a number of laws, electoral and otherwise, that made Fascismo supreme and Mussolini's dictatorship complete. In November the police uncovered a plot to assassinate the premier and overthrow the government, and one result of this was a renewal of measures to suppress the Freemasons.

Primo de Rivera, dictator of Spain caused some surprise in December by announcing that the time to end the military dictatorship had come. He formed a civilian cabinet, retaining the position of premier. On the whole the rule of the directory seemed to have been beneficial to the country. In Portugal cabinet crises, small military revolts and Communist uprisings were rather frequent. Belgium experienced several changes of ministries, and so did Poland. Where realized. When congress met a large number of bills with this in view were introduced.

General Pangalos led a successful military and naval coup d'etat in Greece in June and the government was upset without bloodshed. Pangalos thereupon became premier. In September he dissolved the national assembly and ordered new elections.

Soviet Russia did not gain the confidence of the other powers to any great extent, for the diplomatic efforts of her rulers in that line were offset by the continuance of bolshevist propaganda abroad. Having failed to entice the proletariat of western Europe, they turned their attention especially to Japan and China. At home their chief concern was the state of mind of the Russian peasantry, which was so dissatisfied that revolt was in the air. As usual, there were crop failures in various districts and famine conditions were predicted, despite which the government exported wheat for political purposes.

To foster industries and attract foreign capital the Soviet government took steps during the year which led it farther and farther away from its Communist ideals. Industrial plants were returned to their former owners under lease and private capitalists were permitted to enter trade. Graft in government circles was sternly suppressed, on one occasion 12 officials being sentenced to death for this crime.

Egypt got into trouble with Great Britain when a group of radicals murdered Sir Lee Stack, the sirdar. The British exacted the death penalty for the assassins and compelled the Egyptian government to yield certain concessions that tightened the British grip on the disputed Sudan territory.

Ahmad Mirza, the young shah of Persia, enjoyed life so much in Paris that he refused to return to his country, so on October 31 the parliament deposed him and put an end to his dynasty. Riza Khan, the premier who once was a common soldier, assumed the throne as King Pahlavi. A. C. Millspaugh, American, is still administrator general of the finances of Persia, having made an excellent record for the year.

Conditions in Arabia were unsettled during the year, owing to the intermittent warfare between Ali, king of the Hedjaz, and Ibn Saud, king of Nejd and leader of the Wahabis. Ibn captured Mecca, but was defeated by Ali at Jeddah.

Captain Amundsen made a spectacular attempt to fly over the North pole, hopping off from Spitzbergen with two planes on May 21. The expedition succeeded in getting within 150 miles of the pole but was forced to descend and lost one of the planes. After great hardships the intrepid explorers returned to Spitzbergen on June 18.

Latin America had a comparatively uneventful year, which means there were fewer revolutions than usual. On January 23 the navy junta government of Chile was overthrown by army officers and a few days later the army and navy reached a peaceful agreement and recalled President Alessandri from his voluntary exile in Europe. In October Alessandri resigned and was succeeded by Emiliano Figueroa. Solarzano was inaugurated President of Nicaragua in January, and Barahona of Honduras. On August 3 the American marines were withdrawn from Nicaragua after keeping the peace there for 12 years. In Bolivia Jose Villanueva was elected President but would not promise subservience to the party of President Saavedra, so at the instance of the latter the congress declared the election void. On September 8 Saavedra turned over the office of chief executive to the president of the senate and new elections were ordered.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS

Presidential electors of the states met January 12 and went through the formality of voting for President and vice president of the United States. Calvin Coolidge and Charles Gates Dawes were declared elected, and on March 4 they were duly inaugurated. Before that event congress had put through the usual grist of appropriation bills and had passed a measure increasing postal rates and the pay of postal employees. It also raised the salaries of its own members to $10,000 and of the cabinet members to $15,000.

Associate Justice McKenna of the Supreme court resigned January 4 and the President appointed Attorney General Harlan F. Stone to the vacancy. A few days later he nominated Charles B. Warren of Michigan to be attorney general. When the senate met in special session after the inauguration one of its first acts was to reject the Warren nomination because of his former business connections. The President sent in the name again, and again it was rejected. Mr Coolidge thereupon nominated John G. Sargent for the place and he was accepted. Secretary of State Hughes retired from the cabinet on March 4, and was succeeded by Frank B. Kellogg, then ambassador to Great Britain. Secretary of War Weeks, who had been ill for many months, resigned on October 13, and Dwight F. Davis, assistant secretary, was given the portfolio. Mr Davis' position was filled by the appointment of Col Hanford MacNider, former national commander of the American Legion. William M. Jardine of Kansas was made secretary of agriculture on February 14. A change in the White House itself that was of especial interest to politicians was the resignation of C. Bascom Slemp as secretary to the President and the appointment of Everett Sanders of Indiana.

President Coolidge spent the summer vacation at Swampscott, Mass., and during the year he made several trips for the purpose of delivering addresses. The more important of these were to St Paul, Minn., for the Norse-American centennial celebration, to Omaha for the meeting of the American Legion, and to Chicago for the convention of the American Farm Bureau federation. Vice President Dawes was exceedingly active in carrying on his campaign for revision of the rules of the senate, making speeches on that topic in many parts of the country. When the Sixty-ninth congress opened its sessions on December 7 he was ready to go on with his fight, but without glittering prospects of success.

The Republicans were in full control of the new congress, but the old insurgent bloc in the party was there again undaunted by disciplinary measures by which its members were deprived of most of their important committee assignments. In the lower house they refused to support the Republican candidate for speaker, Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, who nevertheless was elected. The Republicans also amended the rule concerning discharge of committees so that a majority of the house must sign a petition to take legislation out of a committee's hands and place it before the house. In the lower house sat three women members—Mrs. Rogers of Massachusetts and Mrs. Kahn of California on the Republican side and Mrs. Norton of New Jersey on the Democratic side. With a vast number of bills introduced at the beginning of the session, the house put at the top of the list the tax reduction measure that had been prepared by the ways and means committee during the fall, and at once went to work on it. This bill proposed a cut in income and other taxes that would reduce the national revenues by more than $325,000,000. It was virtually a nonpartisan measure and seemed assured of passage.

Aside from Vice President Dawes' effort to reform the senate procedure, interest in the upper house at first centered on the attitude of Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., of Wisconsin, who had been elected to succeed his late father, the leader of the insurgents. The young man gave every indication that he would follow closely in the footsteps of his sire. Another of the radical senators had passed away—Senator Ladd of North Dakota—and Governor Sorlie had appointed Gerald P. Nye, an avowed follower of LaFollette, to succeed him. Some of the senators opposed the seating of Mr. Nye on the ground that the governor had no right, under the state constitution, to fill a senatorial vacancy. Senator Ralston of Indiana, a Democratic wheelhorse, died October 14 and A. R. Robinson, Republican, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Senator Spencer of Missouri also passed away and his place was filled by George H. Williams.

One of the most spectacular political battles of recent times was that waged for the mayoralty of New York. It began with a hot contest for the Democratic nomination between Gov. Al Smith and Tammany, whose choice was State Senator "Jimmy" Walker and the Hearst following, which urged the renomination of Mayor Hylan. Tammany won out, and in the election Walker was easily the victor over F. D. Waterman, the Republican nominee.

Col. William Mitchell, by his determined fight to improve the air service of the army and navy, made his name a household word. Early in the year his outspoken criticisms of his superiors resulted in his removal from the office of assistant chief of the army air service, but he kept on talking and writing until the War department had to order his trial by court-martial. Meanwhile the President had appointed a special board to inquire into the condition of the air service and this board, after lengthy hearings, made a report upholding Mitchell in many of his criticisms. It condemned, however, his pet scheme for making the air service an independent department.

Having no warfare, no really serious business or economic troubles, and not much in the way of politics the people of the United States devoted a great deal of attention to prohibition, its enforcement and its violation. It could not be denied that the dry law was not being thoroughly enforced, so in June General Andrews, assistant secretary of the treasury, was put in full charge of the job. He made a sweeping reorganization of the federal enforcement machinery, depriving Prohibition Commissioner Haynes of most of his powers and dividing the country into 24 districts with administrators responsible to him.

There is little need to remind readers of the Scopes trial in Dayton, Tenn., in which the school teacher was convicted of violating the state law forbidding the teaching of any theory of the origin of mankind contrary to that found in the Bible. With William Jennings Bryan leading the prosecution and Clarence Darrow, Chicago atheist, as chief counsel for the defense, the contest was between fundamentalism and liberalism, and the people of the country learned more about Charles Darwin and the theory of evolution than they would otherwise in a lifetime. However, there could be no "decision" in this contest. Mr Scopes was found guilty on his own admission that he had violated the law. Only a few days after the close of the trial, on July 26, Mr. Bryan was found dead in bed.

INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR

Only one great strike marred the year's record in the United States. The anthracite miners had been demanding an increase in wages and the adoption of the check-off system by the operators, and after long and futile negotiations the men were called out of the mines on September 1. Because the stock of coal was large and owing to the use of oil and other substitutes, the consumer did not suffer greatly, but the effects of the strike on the miners and operators and the business men of the mining towns were serious. President Coolidge refused to interfere but asked congress to give the Chief Executive and the secretaries of commerce and labor the authority to intervene in such crises.

The American Federation of Labor held its annual meeting in Atlantic City in October, turned down all propositions for co-operation with the Russian trade unions and recognition of the Soviet government, and re-elected President Green and all other officers.

The Supreme Court of the United States on April 13 held unconstitutional that part of the Kansas industrial court act providing for compulsory arbitration of labor disputes. In October it ruled against the Arizona minimum wage law for women. A special federal court of equity exonerated the International Harvester company of trust charges, and Secretary of Agriculture Jardine dismissed the federal charges against the merger of the Armour and Morris packing concerns. Violent fluctuations of prices on the Chicago Board of Trade aroused the ire of farmers and of Secretary Jardine, and at his insistence the board in October adopted stringent rules to prevent price manipulation.

DISASTERS

Nature was not kind to the human race during the year, for earthquakes, tornadoes and floods took heavy toll of lives and property. In the United States the spectacular disaster was the destruction of the great navy dirigible Shenandoah in a storm over Ohio on September 3 as the airship was on her way to some state fairs in the Middle West. Commander Zachary Lansdowne and 13 men of his crew were killed. Another misfortune befell the navy on September 24 when the submarine S-51 was rammed by a steamship off the Rhode Island coast and went down with 33 men. Among other disasters were these: In February: Mine explosion in Dortmund, Germany, killed 168; Kansas City live stock pavilion and motor show burned, the loss being $2,500,000; mine explosion at Sullivan, Ind., killed 51. In March: Thousands died in earthquake in central China; tornadoes in southern Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Tennessee and Alabama killed about 800. In May: Mississippi river steamer capsized, 22 drowning; destructive earthquake on Japan's west coast; explosion in North Carolina coal mine killed 52. In June: Seventeen killed by mine explosion at Sturgis, Ky., 45 killed in train wreck in New Jersey; earthquake wrecked Santa Barbara, Cal., killing 11 and destroying $25,000,000 in property. In July: Fifty killed by collapse of dance hall in Boston. In August: Fifty killed by boiler explosion on excursion steamer near Newport, R. I.; Italian submarine lost with crew of 49. In September: Mine explosion in Corea killed 150. In October: Eighteen killed in train wreck near Memphis, Tenn. In November: British submarine lost with crew of 8; three million dollar fire on New Orleans docks; west coast of Florida ravaged by storms. In December: Fifty-three miners killed by gas explosion near Birmingham, Ala.

NECROLOGY

Outstanding among the names of those claimed by death during the year are these: In January: Archbishop Henry Moeller of Cincinnati; Guernsey Moore and George Bellows, American artists; Dr Norman Bridge, Chicago physician and philanthropist; Harry Furniss, English cartoonist and author; D. G. Reid, "tin plate king"; John C. Eastman, publisher of Chicago Journal; Field Marshal Baron Grenfell, British soldier; George W. Cable, American author.

In February: John Lane, English publisher; Julius Fleischmann, Cincinnati millionaire; Thomas W. Lawson, Boston financier; Mrs. Clio Bracken, American sculptress; Fred W. Upham, Republican leader of Chicago; M. H. DeYoung, publisher of San Francisco Chronicle; President Marion Burton of University of Michigan; James Lane Allen, American author; Hjalmar Branting, former premier of Sweden; Medill McCormick, U. S. senator from Illinois; Friedrich Ebert, President of Germany.

In March: William A. Clark, copper magnate; Bishop W. A. Quayle of Kansas; Dr Sun Yat Sen, first president of Chinese republic; Marquis Curzon of Kedleston; Lord Hewitson, commander of British forces in India.

In April: Jean de Reszke, famous tenor; Archbishop Christie of Oregon; Elwood Haynes, inventor of first automobile; John S. Sargent, American painter; Ralph D. Paine, American author; G. S. Sanderson, secretary of United States senate.

In May: Viscount Leverhulme, English "soap king"; Maj. Gen. H. A. Bandholtz, U. S. A.; Herbert Quick, American author; W. F. Massey, premier of New Zealand; Miss Amy Lowell, poet and critic; Gen. Charles Mangin, defender of Verdun; Viscount Milner, English statesman; Sir Henry Rider Haggard, English author; Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles; S. P. Spencer, U. S. senator from Missouri; Field Marshal French, earl of Ypres; Dr. Ernest D. W. Burton, president of University of Chicago; Louis Falk, noted organist.

In June: Former Vice President Thomas R. Marshall; Camille Flammarion, French astronomer; Pierre Louys, French author; Vance Thompson, American author; Warren S. Stone, president of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Julius Kruttschnitt, railway magnate; Edmund J. James, American educator; R. M. LaFollette, United States senator from Wisconsin; E. F. Ladd, United States senator from North Dakota.

In July: D. W. Tryon, American painter; Rear Admiral G. W. Williams; Cardinal Begin, archbishop of Quebec; Dr A. J. Ochsner, famous American surgeon; William Jennings Bryan; Mrs Helen H. Gardner, author and educator; Edgar A. Bancroft, American ambassador to Japan.

In August: George Gray, former senator from Delaware; John Temple Graves of Georgia; Victor F. Lawson, publisher of Chicago News; Sir George Goldie, founder of Nigeria.

In September: E. R. Stettinius, New York banker; Reginald C. Vanderbilt; Rene Viviani, French statesman; Paul Bartlett, American sculptor; A. C. Bedford, Standard Oil magnate; James Deering, Chicago capitalist; Ada Lewis, American actress; Leon Bourgeois, French statesman.

In October: Christy Mathewson, famous baseball pitcher; James B. Duke, tobacco magnate and philanthropist; S. M. Ralston, United States senator from Indiana; Eugene Sandow, famous strong man; Gen. Isaac Sherwood of Ohio; Bishop Frederick Burgess of Long Island; Bishop E. M. Parker of New Hampshire; Dr. H. J. Waters, agricultural expert and editor; Job Harriman, Socialist leader; M. E. Ailes, Washington banker; Gen. Felix Agnus, publisher of Baltimore American.

In November: P. A. Lannon of Salt Lake City; Khai Dinh, emperor of Annam; Eldridge G. Snow, New York financier; Domicio Da Gama, Brazilian statesman; A. J. Earling, former president of C. M. & St. P. railway; Alexandra, queen dowager of England; Clara Morris, actress; Rama VI, king of Siam; Andrew Fletcher, president American Locomotive company.

In December: Dr. A. F. Nightingale and Dr. F. A. Parker, veteran educators; Ladislas Reymont, Polish author; Ed. H. Moore, Democratic leader of Ohio; P. S. Hill, president of American Tobacco company; Rev. William Wilkinson, "bishop of Wall Street"; John R. Booth, Canadian lumber magnate; Maj. Gen. Harry L. Rogers, retired; F. C. Hicks, alien property custodian.

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NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

W. J. McAllister, proprietor of the Hotel Deming, was held up and robbed while seated in his office.

Announcement has been received at Las Vegas from Wichita, Kan., capitalists that the comptroller of currency has approved and issued a charter to the incorporators of the Las Vegas National Bank.

Rural schools of the state are to have traveling libraries, at least some of them, thanks to Miss Mary H. Eckles, rural school assistant of the State Department of Education. It is Miss Eckles' hope to put them in all small county schools, but her ability to do this depends upon whether she can get enough books. Enough to fill four cases, or "libraries," have been donated already.

Although he has asked early trial, Carl C. Magee, Albuquerque editor, charged with manslaughter for the slaying of John B. Lassetter last August, probably will not be tried before next June. The second day of the next court session, which will be June 8, was set for the trial by District Judge L. E. Armijo of East Las Vegas, after Magee pleaded not guilty upon arraignment. Magee's attorneys asked that the trial be expedited by a special term of court in January or February.

A standard sanitary code for railroads already in force in forty-three other states has been adopted by public welfare board. The code was worked out by the conference of state and territorial health authorities and has been approved by the United States Public Health Service and railroad surgeons. The idea is to secure a uniform set of rules in all states. In New Mexico, the adoption of the code means no drastic changes, according to Dr George B. Lockett, state health director.

Carl C. Magee, Albuquerque, N. M., editor stands acquitted of the last of the criminal contempt charges against him arising from his utterances and publications during the litigation which has been in progress in the courts of San Miguel county for the past several years. His freedom came in the decision handed down by the State Supreme Court at Santa Fe, which upheld the power of a New Mexico governor, under the state constitution to pardon persons convicted of direct contempt of court.

No visible effect on the liquor situation in New Mexico is apparent as the result of the Supreme Court's action in knocking out the state prohibition law passed in 1923. An earlier prohibition law, forbidding the transportation, manufacture or sale of liquor, is still in effect and the federal enforcement authorities have exhibited a stiffening up of the dry barriers in the past month. The state law held unconstitutional, attempted to incorporate the imprisonment provisions of the Volstead act. Its nullification leaves no state statute against possession or providing for search or seizure.

A decrease in deer and wild turkey in the Santa Fe National forest is indicated by the game census just completed by the supervisor's office at Santa Fe with a falling off of the former from 1,300 to 900, while there are 1,500 turkeys against 1,900 last year. The rangers report seventy elk, 231 white tail deer, 650 mule deer, 144 black and brown bear, one silver tip, 1,075 coyotes, 810 bob cats, forty-nine mountain lions, six wolves, fifty-two beavers, eighty mink and 897 badgers. A total of 545 hunters this year killed thirty-five mule deer and forty-eight turkeys. Predatory animal hunters killed twenty-three lions this year in the forest as against nine last year.

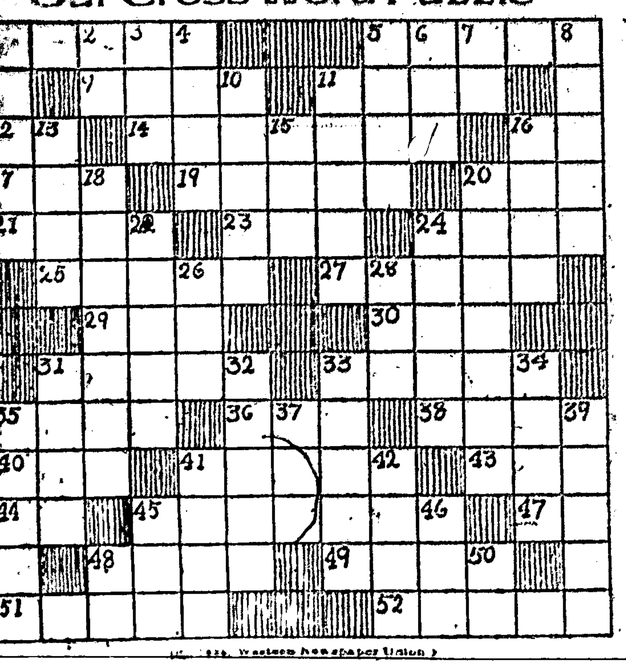
At the annual meeting of the Springer Kiwanis Club the following officers were elected for the year of 1926: Dr. L. A. Thompson, president; Frank C. Felix, vice president; C. H. Fisher, secretary and treasurer, and George D. Parrish, district trustee. Building, Bettering and Boosting is the slogan for the new year.

The Artesia oil field of Eddy county has opened a deeper oil reservoir than that from which production has been coming heretofore, and when the Ohio Oil Company drilled into this new pay for the first time the biggest well of the Artesia region was brought in. The discovery was made by Ohio Oil's No. 6 well on the Toomie Allen lease, in the southeast quarter of section 28-18-28. Drilled to a total depth of 2,802 feet, with the top of the new pay found at 2,710 feet, the well surprised the drilling crew and officials of the company by running wild, while an attempt was made to install an eight and a quarter inch control head. Flowing for a period of twenty minutes 100 feet over the crown block, it was the first well in the field to flow natural with such force.

C. T. Hixon of Aztec designed and has perfected a lens for automobiles that gives promise of having a wide sale. This new lighting device throws a glareless light for hundreds of feet ahead of the car, also a side light for long distance. No dimmers are required—a feature that drivers will appreciate.

Fire of an unknown origin destroyed the Harkey cotton gin at Malaga, the blaze having gained such headway at the time it was discovered that little could be done to check it. The loss is estimated at $30,000.

Our Cross Word Puzzle



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Horizontal.

Tiny of little length
Bits or pieces of lumber
Kind of
11 To dread
Preposition
Preposition
Novel
Fruit (pl.)
20
Apparatus for steering a boat
Worth
Man's title of address
In music the octave above the treble staff
To guide
31 Heavy
Retained
Coarse ribbed cloth
Journey
40 Guilty
Day hence
43 Period of time
That thing
Exclamation of hesitation
To look furtively
Happy
51 Note
Period of time

Vertical.

1—To incline
2—To pilfer
3—Ness
4—Home
5—To shore
6—Auditory organ
7—Land measure
8—To take
9—To talk about
10—To dry
11—Blazes
12—Pair of horses
13—Hence
14—Related
15—To struggle more to lean
16—Anything especially important
17—Attempted
18—Lowest class serf among an ancient Spartans
19—Anger
20—To make a certain kind of lace
21—Dispatchably
22—To imitate
23—Branch of a plant or shrub
24—To become fatigued
25—To take
26—To conserve
27—To dry
28—Having depth
29—Eastern university
30—Jewel
31—Short sleep
32—To perform

Solution will appear in next issue.

HOW TO SOLVE A CROSS WORD PUZZLE

Where the correct letters are placed in the spaces this puzzle will spell words both vertically and horizontally. The first letter in each word is indicated by a number, which refers to the definition listed below the puzzle. Thus, 1 under the column headed "Horizontal" defines a word which will fill the white spaces up to the first black square to the right, and a number under "Vertical" defines a word which will fill the white squares to the next black one below. No letters go in the black spaces. All words used are dictionary words, except proper names. Abbreviations, slang, initials, technical terms and obsolete forms are indicated in the definitions.

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Land Office Practice a Specialty
ROSWELL, N. M.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Ring out the Old, ring in the New.

A Happy New Year to all its friends and patrons is the wish of The Capitan Mountaineer.

Six cars of cattle were shipped from this point to the Kansas City market Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Phillips will leave shortly for Hot Springs in Sierra county, where they go to seek health for Mr. Phillips.

The schools, which have been closed since Wednesday for the holidays, will open Monday and the teachers expect all their pupils to be in their places to answer roll call.

A light snow fell here Wednesday and Thursday, covering the ground to a depth of about two inches. It is still threatening, and may end in a big snow.

Mrs. Mildred Sears, who has been spending the holidays with relatives here, will leave the last of the week for her home at Carlsbad.

Upon receipt of a telegram stating that her mother, Mrs. George Bowers, was dead at Corona, N. M., Miss Mary Jane Harrison left Wednesday for that point.

An extreme cold wave struck this section the first of the week, causing the mercury to drop to the zero mark. The previous cold spell, however, was still colder, the thermometer registering two below.

The different business houses of Capitan are increasing their stocks, preparatory to filling up with new goods for 1926, which they seem to think will be the best year in many.

The Christmas festival passed over very pleasantly. Special services were held in the Nazarene church; Christmas trees for the kiddies were numerous; giving and receiving presents, social calls, and all the dear old customs incident to the season were observed.

Last Friday nine cars of mules and horses were shipped from here to Mexico for government service. The horses, to be used as mounts for the cavalry, had to be at least 14½ hands high, and the mules were taken on their looks, as they are intended for pack animals.

Mr. Eugene Frame and Miss Drura Peters, both of Ancho, were married here Dec. 22, the Rev. J. H. Thompson officiating. Mr. Frame is well known among railroad circles as a clean, upstanding young man, and Miss Peters has a host of friends in this part of the county who wish for the couple a long, prosperous and happy life.

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Bromo Quinine
Eye Salve, Etc., Etc.

Our Prices Are Reasonable

The Titsworth Company, Inc.

APPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean of the Evening School, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(©, 1925, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for January 4

THE SON OF GOD BECOMES MAN

LESSON TEXT—John 1:1-18.

GOLDEN TEXT—And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us (and we beheld His glory, the glory of the only begotten of the Father) full of grace and truth.—John 1:14.

PRIMARY TOPIC—John Tells the People About Jesus.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Why God Came to Earth in Jesus Christ.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Purpose and Power of the Incarnation.

The lessons for this quarter are taken from the Book of John, giving us an opportunity as teachers to present this great message from God. In teaching the lessons the teacher must get John's central purpose and bend every lesson to it. Happily the writer has plainly declared it in chapter 20:30, 31. It is twofold. 1. To prove that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God. 2. To show that eternal life is to be obtained through faith in Him. With this twofold object before him, John proceeds lawyer-like, to lay down his propositions and then to introduce his witnesses, one by one, to establish them. The section for our lesson is the prologue to the Gospel according to John.

I. The Pre-existent Word (vv. 1-4).

The Eternal Son is called the Word of God because He is the expression of God to man. He is the one who utters to men the Father's will. "The only begotten Son which is in the bosom of the Father, He hath declared Him" (v. 18). Observe:

1. The Son Is a Person Separate From the Father.

There is at the same time an inseparable union existing between them.

2. The Son Is Eternal.

He was with God in the beginning. He did not begin to exist when the heavens and the earth were created, neither did He become the Son at His baptism, for He was before all things (Col. 1:17).

3. The Son Is Divine.

The Word was God. He is a being equal with God and one in essence with Him.

4. The Word of God Is the Omnipotent Creator.

By Him were all things made, the world and all things therein. The One who died to redeem us made us.

5. The Word of God Is the Source of All Life.

He is the eternal fountain from which all life has been derived.

6. The Word of God Is the Light of Men.

Man's power to reason has come from Him. The conscience, and even the illumination of the Holy Spirit, have their source in Him.

II. The World's Attitude Toward the Word of God (vv. 5-10).

1. Men Are Insensible to the Presence of the True Light (vv. 5-10).

No doubt is the ignorance of mankind that the presence of the very Lord of Glory is unrecognized. Christ not only was in the world but was in the world directing and governing the whole creation before the incarnation. He is the preserver of all its forces and interests. Being thus unrecognized, God in His grace sent John the Baptist as a witness that all men might believe (vv. 6, 7). God was not willing that men should grope in darkness, so He sent a man with a true testimony to point out that light to them.

2. The Desperate Wickedness of Man's Heart (v. 11).

The Word was rejected by the chosen nation. They would not receive the one whom God had anointed to be their King.

3. Some Received Christ and Thus Became the Sons of God (vv. 12, 13).

While the nation rejected Him, some individuals embraced Him and were crowned heirs of immortal glory. In this section we are shown how men become children of God. It is not by blood relation with the Covenant people "of blood"; (grace is not inherited); not by the efforts of their hearts, "the will of man; but of God." The new birth is God's work; man cannot change himself, neither can one man change the other.

III. The Eternal Word Became Incarnate, "Made Flesh" (vv. 14-18).

In these verses we are taught the Eternal Word became the Incarnate Son. The eternal Son of God became man, born of a woman. He passed through childhood and youth into manhood. He was tested; He suffered and died in order that He might become identified with the race and lift it to Christ, and thus restore the broken fellowship. This Incarnate Son tabernacled among us.

Into the Will of God

Study the singular benefits and advantages of a will resigned and melted into the will of God. Such a spirit hath a continual Sabbath within itself, and its thoughts are established and at rest.—Flavel.

Wonders in God's Word

The word of God will stand a thousand readings; and he who has gone over it most frequently is the surest of finding new wonders there.—J. Hamilton.

A Wonderful Offer

The Capitan Mountaineer and five standard magazines, mailed free for one year for only $2.25. Pick your choice of five out of nineteen. See add elsewhere in this issue.

Gift & Novelty Shop

Capitan, N. M.

MEXICAN LACE AND DRAWN WORK

POTTERY & BASKETRY ZARAPI

HORN NOVELTIES

Navajo and Chimayo RUGS and BLANKETS

Papago, Hopi, Zuni and Santa Clara POTTERIES & BASKETS

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HAMMERED BRASS AND COPPER NOVELTIES AND TAGS FOR SUIT CASES

Hand-Finished WOODEN NOVELTIES

Silk Lined ARMADILLO BASKETS

MANTILLAS and SCARFS

CACTUS CANDY In Boxes, Dowes, Baskets and Keds.

Anything you need, if not in stock, we will order for you.

GIFT & NOVELTY SHOP

At The Titsworth Co. Store, Capitan.

MRS. G. S. HOOVER, Manager.

Just have a look at our Show Windows.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.,
Dec. 12, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Filomon Cordoba, nephew and heir of Santos R. Lopez, deceased, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on December 20, 1920, made Additional H.E., Roswell No. 015638, Las Cruces, No. 029117, for S½NE¼, SE¼, E½SW¼, Sec. 21, Township 9-S., Range 18-E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Roswell, N. M., on the 22nd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Francisco Analla, Juan Mirelles, Felix Torres, Procopio Gustamante, all of Tinnie, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.,
Dec. 12, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Procopio Gustamante, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on August 4, 1920, made Hd. Addl. S. R. Entry No. 032607, for NE¼ SE¼, Sec. 3; NE¼NE¼, Sec. 10; NW¼, W½NE¼, Section 12, Township 10-S., Range 16-E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 23rd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Juan Mireles, Rumaldo Moya, Paz Moya, Feliz Torres, all of Tinnie, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO.

In the matter of
Official Newspapers in Bankruptcy Proceedings.
No. 15 Miscellaneous

ORDER

It appearing to the court that the Carrizozo News is no longer operating as a newspaper publication in Lincoln County, State and District of New Mexico

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the order of court made and entered November 16, 1923, in so far as it designates the said Carrizozo News as the official publication for bankruptcy notices for Lincoln County, be and the same are hereby revoked and set aside, and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to Section 28 of the Bankruptcy Act that the Capitan Mountaineer, a newspaper published at Capitan, New Mexico, be and the same is hereby designated as the official publication for Lincoln County, in which notices required to be published by the bankruptcy law or by the orders of this court relating to bankruptcy shall hereafter appear.

Santa Fe, New Mexico, this 16th day of December, 1925.

COLIN NEBLETT,
U. S. District Judge.

Attest:
A true copy.
Wm. Rose, Clerk.
By H. B. Gerhart, Deputy Clerk.

LOST—Check for $6.37, drawn by the El Paso Creamery Co., in favor of Joe Koprain. Finder please leave at this office.

Grazing Permits for 1926

Those desiring to make application for a permit on the White Mountain, Patos or Tucson Grazing Districts for any part of the 1926 season please arrange to meet me at one of the places:

Carrizozo
[illegible]

NOTICE
Department
U. S. Land
[illegible]
stead entry, SW¼NE¼, Sec. 3; W½ 10-S., Range notice of year proof before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Roswell, N. M., on the 22nd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Filimon Cordova, Frank Parcella, Procopio Gustamente, Juan Mirelez, all of Tinnie, New Mexico.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Denatured Alcohol and Gasoline. [illegible]

[illegible] Sweet—$1.50 an hour for spare time. Introducing Finest Guaranteed Hosiery—126 styles and colors. Low prices. Auto furnished. No capital or experience necessary.—Wilknit Hosiery Co., Dept. B-47, Greenfield, Ohio.

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Published each Friday in the heart of America's Summer and Health Resort and of a vast Agricultural, Horticultural, Mineral and Stock-raising district.

L. L. BEARD, Editor and Owner

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office in Capitan, New Mexico.

POLITICALLY INDEPENDENT

Any erroneous reflection on the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the Mountaineer, will gladly be corrected as soon as it is brought to the attention of the publisher.

Official publication of United States district court in Lincoln county in bankruptcy matters.

Official publication for Department of Interior in this district in public land matters.

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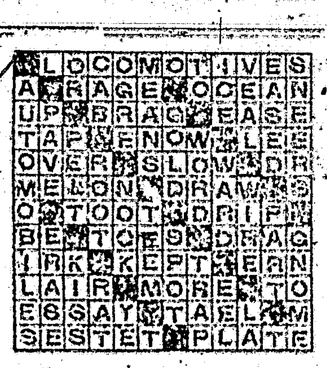
Solution of Last Week's Puzzle



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CONDITION

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New Mexico Gets the First Touch of Winter.

Capitan and surrounding country was visited by a real sample of winter weather Sunday and Monday, the mercury falling to zero Sunday and 3 above Monday. About an inch of snow fell Sunday night. For a while it looked as if we were booked for a heavy snow storm, but the air currents dispersed the snow clouds, and the extreme cold moderated somewhat.

Press reports state that the severe cold wave was general over the state.

The weather still remains cold for the season, and old timers predict when it warms up the clouds will return and a big snow fall may be expected—from 18 to 24 inches.

Weather reports show that cold weather has settled down on the entire Rocky mountain section and east and south to the Atlantic, while west of the mountains normal temperatures for the season prevail.

Astronomers and weather prophets, who recently warned of bitter cold weather the latter part of December, have seen their predictions come true

Sweeping out of the northwest the icy breath of winter has invaded almost every section of the United States and Canada. Florida and the extreme south [illegible] did not escape.

[illegible] the Rocky mountains to [illegible] freezing and sub-[illegible]ther prevailed. The [illegible]ther caused 16 deaths [illegible]—four men being fro[illegible] in the streets.

[illegible] Kentucky reported [illegible].

[illegible] and Baltimore two [illegible]. Worcester, and Yon[illegible].

[illegible] and Wyoming had a [illegible] weather. Montana [illegible] reported 7 above and [illegible]—warmest place in [illegible]

[illegible] above with an inch [illegible] from the biting [illegible] predicted.

[illegible]cks Over Holidays [illegible] State

[illegible], Dec. 23.—Fifteen [illegible] injured in automo[illegible] near here over the [illegible] The most serious ac[illegible] in a collision of the [illegible] McGrea, state gas[illegible] collector with a car [illegible] John Lynch. Five [illegible] the two cars were [illegible] not seriously hurt. [illegible] American who col[illegible] car occupied by five [illegible], fled after the ac[illegible] has not been located. [illegible] were not seriously [illegible].

[illegible], Dec. 23.—Arthur [illegible], a Santa Fe engineer, [illegible] fatally killed yesterday afternoon, and James Pierce, his father in law, died shortly afterward from injuries received, when a roadster in which they were riding overturned north of the city. Broken glass and debris from the car were strewn for a considerable distance, indicating that the car had overturned several times before coming to a stop.

San Francisco, Dec. 26.—The Christmas holiday in California was marred by at least 12 deaths in numerous accidents and the injury of about two score others.

Automobile mishaps took the lives of four men and one woman in a southern central California town, while in other parts of the state accidents occurred and many reported injured.

Twenty Million Automobiles Registered in 1925

New York, Dec. 26.—More than 20,200,000 motor vehicles were registered in this country in 1925, an increase of 2,192,758 over last year's number, the current issue of Motor Magazine says.

Of this total 17,653,101 were passenger cars.

A Valuable Cargo of Liquor Captured Near Roswell Valued at $10,000

Roswell, Dec. 28.—Alcohol, tequila and "bonded" whiskey valued at more than $10,000, a Dodge closed in delivery car and Chevrolet truck, were captured near Roswell early this morning by local officers.

Liquor itemized as follows was taken from the two cars:

36 cases of grain alcohol, with 9 gallons to the case. The wholesale price of alcohol is $25 a gallon, which would bring the value to $8,000. The retail distributor realizes as high as $75 a gallon for this class of goods.

There were 14 cases of tequila with 12 quarts to the case. It retails for $8 a quart, making the value $1344.

There were also eight cases of whiskey valued at $800, bringing the value of the two loads, not counting the two cars, which will be confiscated, to more than $10,000.

The officers here believe that the liquor was going to Texas gulf points. The quality of the liquor was the best that can be obtained in Mexico.

These are the largest individual loads of liquor ever taken in Chaves county.

HONDO SCHOOL NOTES.

The Alpha Dramatic Club gave the play, "Too Much of a Good Thing," on December 12. It was a great success. A dance followed and a good time was enjoyed by all. There was quite a sum of money made, which will go the High School library.

The Hondo School gave a Xmas program and dance on the 23rd of December which was well attended.

The Hondo Spanish Class of the Tenth grade will give a Spanish play soon, entitled "Uno de Ellos debe Casarse."

Both the Zeta and the Alpha dramatic clubs will give a play sometime the last of January.

The Hondo Boys Basket Ball team went to Lincoln on December 11th and played the Lincoln team. The Hondo boys were defeated by two points.

The Hondo girls and boys basket ball teams are planning on playing Corona sometime in January. They are also planning on playing Carrizozo in the near future.

Down in Texas Governor Ma Ferguson is after the scalp of one crowd and the crowd is after Ma's official scalp. And in the midst of it all, which is a Democratic scrap, there is every indication that the period of women executives in the Lone Star state will end with the fest one.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N.M., Dec. 21, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that William H Evans, of Ruidoso, N.M., who, on December 18, 1920, made Additional S-R Homestead Entry, Las Cruces No. 031561, Roswell No. 039107, for N½ SW¼, W½NW¼ and NE¼NW¼ Sec. 29, NE¼SE¼, E½NE¼, NW¼NE¼ Sec. 30, Twp. 10-S, Range 14-E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 13th day of February, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

M. C. West, Ernest R. Blood, and D. S. Williams, these of Alto, N. M.; Monroe Howard, of Capitan, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

1-1 to 1-29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M., Dec. 23, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Floyd Hale, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on April 1st, 1922, made Hd. Entry, Roswell No. 050223, for SW¼; W½SE¼, Section 27; S½ Sec. 28; N½NW¼, Sec 34, Twp. 9-S, Range 18-E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year homestead proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U.S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N.M., on the 17th day of February, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Robert J. Latham, Arthur Peppers, Roal Allen, these of Tinnie, N. M., Hansford Hale, of Roswell, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

1-1 to 1-29

OUR

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Capitan, New Mex.

The Capitan Mountaineer

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☐ Woman's World

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Your first long ride in the Better Buick will show you how restful miles can be.

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Division of General Motors Corporation

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Agents
Caiptan, N. M.

premé court ordered the discharge of Carl Magee, sentenced for direct contempt of the district court of San Miguel county. Governor Hinkle issued a pardon of Magee, and the sheriff refused to recognize it on the ground it was beyond the executive power. The opinion was by Chief Justice Parker, Justices Bickley and Watson concurring. Magee's bondsmen, Arthur Seligman and Bronson M. Cutting were ordered discharged.

5,768 Deaths by Auto in 78 Cities During Past Year

Washington D. C., Dec. 22.—The department of commerce announces that reports of automobile fatalities in 1925 have been received from 78 cities of 100,000 or over. The total number of such fatalities in these cities from Dec. 28, 1924, to Dec. 5, 1925, was 5,768, and the daily average was 16.8.

So far this year New York has reported 919 auto fatalities, Chicago 557, Philadelphia 288, Detroit 275, Los Angeles 213, and Cleveland 211, while the last four week period the figures are New York 88, Chicago 58, Detroit 46, Philadelphia and Cleveland each 27, and Los Angeles 23.

FOR SALE—New Savage automatic pistol—never been shot—or will trade for cow.—Call at this office.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land Office
Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 16, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that John Wade Carrigan, of 121 E. Second St., Roswell, N. M., who, on April 22, 1922, made Homestead Entry No. 051246, Santa Fe, formerly Fort Sumner, No. 02[illegible]957, for NW¼NW¼ Sec. 35; W½SW¼ and SW¼NW¼ Sec. 26, Township 5-S., Range 18-E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year homestead proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 28th day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Winfield McInnes, Dan McFarland, and Pete Louissana, these of Roswell, N.M.; and Louis Purcella, of Arabela, N. M.

A. M. Bergere, Register.

12-25 to 1-25

DAN C. SAVAGE
U. S. Commissioner.
Qualified to Attend to Matters Pertaining to Homesteads.
ROSWELL, N. M.

E. F. DAVIDSON
U. S. Commissioner
Real Estate and Insurance
CORONA, N. M.

Semi-Weekly Farm News
Capitan Mountaineer
Both One Year
Two Dollars.

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Real Estate-Rentals
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Post Office Drawer 231
CAPITAN, N. M.

NOTICE—We have the [illegible] Hair Tonic, Kokin's gua[illegible] dandruff exterminator.—[illegible] Barber Shop.

Leave your laundry at the [illegible]itan Barber Shop, agent [illegible] Roswell Laundry Co.—the [illegible] water plant.

FOR SALE—Kansas Bla[illegible] Bacterin.—The Titsworth [illegible]pany, Inc.

FOR RENT—Five room [illegible]nished house. Bath.—See J. [illegible] Beard.

FOR SALE—Bayer's As[illegible] Tablets at The Titsworth C[illegible]pany, Inc.

FOR LEASE OR RENT—Q[illegible]ter section of land, five [illegible] northwest of Capitan. F[illegible] acres in cultivation. Call [illegible] write Mountaineer for pa[illegible]ulars.

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Bld[illegible]
Carrizozo New Me[illegible]

J. S. HINCKLEY
Attention Given to Business [illegible] the U. S. Land Office
LAS CRUCES, N.

DAVID L. GEYER
Ex-Receiver U. S. Land Office
EXCLUSIVE PRACTICE IN UNI[illegible] STATES LAND MATTERS
Roswell, N. M.

PAINTS, Varnishes, P[illegible] Brushes, Lime, Cement, Be[illegible] Board, Heating Stoves, etc. [illegible] the Fisher Lumber Co.

BUILDING materials, lum[illegible] shingles, roofing, nails, do[illegible] sash and builders' hardw[illegible] heating stoves at Fisher Lum[illegible] Co.

FOR SALE—Beaver boa[illegible] Fruit Jars, Jar Rubbers, P[illegible] wax, etc.—The Titsworth [illegible]

LOOK!

For the best letter written to Santa Claus by any boy or girl under 8 years, we will give a Doll, valued at $2.50.

For the best letter by a little girl we will give a Doll, valued $2.50.

For the best letter by a boy we will give a baseball outfit, consisting of a baseball, glove and cap, valued at $2.50.

Be sure to address your letter to Santa Claus, care of Sunshine Pharmacy, in time to reach us before noon December 24.

We have a letter from Santa Claus and he instructs us to give a present to every little person who visits our store on December 24. Get yours.

A full line of Toys and Gifts of every description

Sunshine Pharmacy

J. W. EZELL, Mgr., CAPITAN, N. M.

Capitan Barber Shop

JOHN L. WALKER, Prop.

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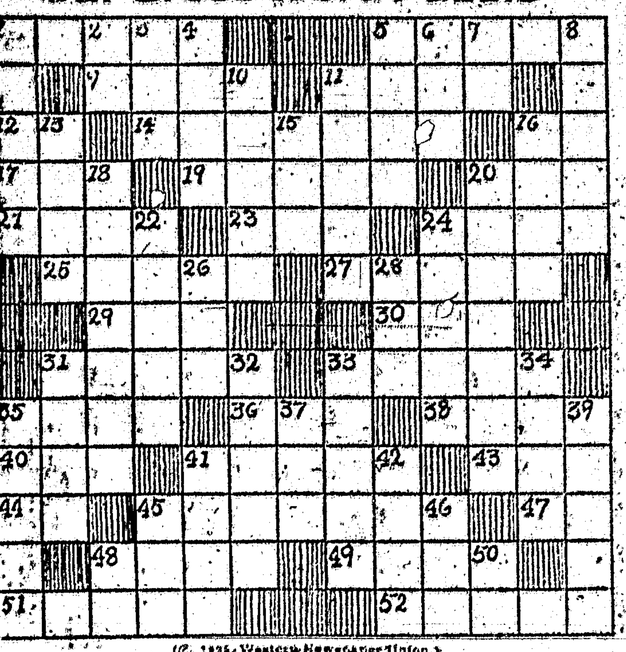
Next to SUNSHINE PHARMACY

Our Cross Word Puzzle



(©, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

Horizontal.

Having little length
Heavy pieces of timber
Kind of
Preposition
Preposition
Fruit (pl.)
Key
A operator for steering a vessel
Worth
Man's title of address
In music, the octave above the treble staff
To guide
Refined
Coarse ribbed cloth
Journey
Day book
That thing
Exclamation of hesitation
To look furtively
Happy
Period of time
11—To dread
14—Stockade
17—Novel
20—Preposition
23—Devoured
27—In place of
32—Heavy
40—Unity
43—Period of time
45—Kind of flower
51—Hobo

Vertical.

1—To incline
2—Bone
3—To pilfer
4—To snare
5—Asks
6—Auditory organ
7—Land measure
8—To race
10—To talk about
11—Blazes
12—Pair of horses
15—Rodent
16—Related
18—To struggle man to man
20—Anything especially important
22—Attempted
24—Lowest class serf among ancient Spartans
26—Anger
28—To make a certain kind of lace
31—Dispatched
32—To imbibe
33—Branch of a plant or shrub
34—To become fatigued
35—To raise
37—To consume
38—To dry
41—Having depth
42—Eastern university
44—Jewel
46—Short sleep
48—Father
50—To perform

Solution will appear in next issue.

HOW TO SOLVE A CROSS-WORD PUZZLE

When the correct letters are placed in the white spaces this puzzle will spell words both vertically and horizontally. The first letter in each word is indicated by a number, which refers to the definition listed below the puzzle. Thus if 1 under the column headed "Horizontal" defines a word which will fill the white spaces up to the first black square to the right, and a number under "Vertical" defines a word which will fill the white spaces to the next black square below. No letters go in the black spaces. All words used are dictionary words, except proper names. Abbreviations, slang, initials, technical terms and obsolete forms are indicated in the definitions.

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LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Ring out the Old, ring in the New.

A Happy New Year to all its friends and patrons is the wish of The Capitan Mountaineer.

Six cars of cattle were shipped from this point to the Kansas City market Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Phillips will leave shortly for Hot Springs in Sierra county, where they go to seek health for Mr. Phillips.

The schools, which have been closed since Wednesday for the holidays, will open Monday and the teachers expect all their pupils to be in their places to answer roll call.

A light snow fell here Wednesday and Thursday, covering the ground to a depth of about two inches. It is still threatening, and may end in a big snow.

Mrs. Mildred Sears, who has been spending the holidays with relatives here, will leave the last of the week for her home at Carlsbad.

Upon receipt of a telegram stating that her sister, Mrs. George Bowers, was dead at Corona, N. M., Miss Mary Jane Harrison left Wednesday for that point.

An extreme cold wave struck this section the first of the week, causing the mercury to drop to the zero mark. The previous cold spell, however, was still colder, the thermometer registering two below.

The different business houses in Capitan are invoicing their stocks, preparatory to filling up with new goods for 1926, which they seem to think will be the best year in many.

The Christmas festival passed over very pleasently. Special services were held in the Nazarene church; Christmas trees for the kiddies were numerous; giving and receiving presents, social calls, and all the dear old customs incident to the season were observed.

Last Friday nine cars of mules and horses were shipped from here to Mexico for government service. The horses, to be used as mounts for the cavalry, had to be at least 14½ hands high, and the mules were taken on their looks, as they are intended for pack animals.

Mr. Eugene Frame and Miss Drura Peters, both of Anelio, were married here Dec. 22, the Rev. J. H. Thompson officiating. Mr. Frame is well known among railroad circles as a clean, upstanding young man, and Miss Peters has a host of friends in this part of the county who wish for the couple a long, prosperous and happy life.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean of the Evening School, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(©, 1925, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for January 3

THE SON OF GOD BECOMES MAN

LESSON TEXT—John 1:1-18.

GOLDEN TEXT—And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us (and we beheld His glory, the glory of the only begotten of the Father) full of grace and truth.—John 1:14.

PRIMARY TOPIC—John Tells the People About Jesus.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Why God Came to Earth in Jesus Christ.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Purpose and Power of the Incarnation.

The lessons for this quarter are taken from the Book of John, giving us an opportunity as teachers to present this great message from God. In teaching the lessons the teacher must get John's central purpose and bend every lesson to it. Happily the writer has plainly declared it in chapter 20:30, 31. It is twofold. 1. To prove that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God. 2. To show that eternal life is to be obtained through faith in Him. With this twofold object before him, John proceeds lawyer-like, to lay down his propositions and then to introduce his witnesses, one by one, to establish them. The section for our lesson is the prologue to the Gospel according to John.

I. The Pre-existent Word (vv. 1-4).

The Eternal Son is called the Word of God because He is the expression of God to man. He is the one who utters to men the Father's will "the only begotten Son which is in the bosom of the Father, He hath declared Him" (v. 18). Observe:

1. The Son Is a Person Separate From the Father.

There is at the same time an inscrutable union existing between them.

2. The Son Is Eternal.

He was with God in the beginning. He did not begin to exist when the heavens and the earth were created, neither did He become the Son at His baptism, for He was before all things (Col. 1:17).

3. The Son Is Divine.

The Word was God. He is a being equal with God and one in essence with Him.

4. The Word of God Is the Omnipotent Creator.

By Him were all things made, the world and all things therein. The One who died to redeem us, made us.

5. The Word of God Is the Source of All Life.

He is the eternal fountain from which all life has been derived.

6. The Word of God Is the Light of Men.

Man's power to reason has come from Him. The conscience, and even the illumination of the Holy Spirit, have their source in Him.

II. The World's Attitude Toward the Word of God (vv. 5-13).

1. Men are Insensible to the Presence of the True Light (vv. 5-10).

So dense is the ignorance manifested that the presence of the very Lord of Glory is unrecognized. Christ not only made the world but was in the world directing and governing the whole creation before the incarnation. He is the preserver of all its forces and interests. Being thus unrecognized, God in His grace sent John the Baptist as a witness that all men might believe (vv. 6-7). God was not willing that men should grope in darkness, so He sent a man with a true testimony to point out that Light to them.

2. The Desperate Wickedness of Man's Heart (v. 11).

The Word was rejected by the chosen nation. They would not receive the one whom God had anointed to be their King.

3. Some Received Christ and Thus Became the Sons of God (vv. 12, 13).

While the nation rejected Him, some individuals embraced Him and were crowned heirs of immortal glory. In this section we are shown how men became children of God. It is not by blood relation with the Covenant people, "of blood"; (grace is not in heredity); not by the efforts of their hearts, "the will of man; but of God." The new birth is God's work; man cannot change himself, neither can one man change the other.

III. The Eternal Word Became Incarnate, "Made Flesh" (vv. 14-18).

In these verses we are taught the Eternal Word became the Incarnate Son. The eternal Son of God became man, born of a woman. He passed through childhood and youth into manhood. He was tested; He suffered and died in order that He might become identified with the race and lift it to Christ, and thus restore the broken fellowship. This incarnate Son tabernacled among us.

Into the Will of God

Study the singular benefits and advantages of a will resigned and melted into the will of God. Such a spirit hath a continual Sabbath within itself, and its thoughts are established and at rest.—Flavel.

Wonders in God's Word

The word of God will stand a thousand readings; and he who has gone over it most frequently is the surest of finding new wonders there.—R. Hamilton.

A Wonderful Offer

The Capitan Mountaineer and five standard magazines, mailed free for one year for only $2.25. Pick your choice of five out of nineteen. See add elsewhere in this issue.

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GIFT & NOVELTY SHOP

At The Titsworth Co.'s Store, Capitan.

MRS. G. S. HOOVER, Manager.

Just have a look at our Show Windows.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.,
Dec. 12, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Filemon Cordoba, nephew and heir of Santos R. Lopez, deceased, of Tinnie, N.M., who, on December 23, 1920, made Additional H.E., Roswell No. 016629, Las Cruces, No. 029117, for S½SE¼, SE¼SW¼, Sec. 21, Township 9S., Range 18-E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Roswell, N. M., on the 22nd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Francisco Analia, Juan Miralez, Felix Torres, Procopio Gastamante, all of Tinnie, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N.M.,
Dec. 12, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Procopio Gastamante, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on August 4, 1920, made Hd. Addl. S. R. Entry No. 035607, for SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 3; NE¼NE¼, Sec. 10; NW¼, W½NE¼, Section 12, Township 10-S., Range 16-E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 23rd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Juan Miralez, Romualdo Moya, Paz Moya, Feliz Torres, all of Tinnie, N.M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO.

In the matter of)
Official Newspapers in) No. 15
Bankruptcy Proceedings) Miscellaneous

ORDER

It appearing to the court that the Carrizozo News is no longer operating as a newspaper publication in Lincoln County, State and District of New Mexico

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the order of court, made and entered November 16, 1925, in so far as it designates the said Carrizozo News as the official publication for bankruptcy notices for Lincoln County, be and the same are hereby revoked and set aside, and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to Section 28 of the Bankruptcy Act that the Capitan Mountaineer, a newspaper published at Capitan, New Mexico, be and the same is hereby designated as the official publication for Lincoln County, in which notices required to be published by the bankruptcy law or by the orders of this court relating to bankruptcy shall hereafter appear.

Santa Fe, New Mexico, this 15th day of December, 1925.

COLIN NEBLETT,
U. S. District Judge.

Attest:
A true copy.
Wm. Rose, Clerk.
By H. B. Gerhart, Deputy Clerk.

LOST—Check for $6.37, drawn by the El Paso Creamery Co., in favor of Joe Koppain. Finder please leave at this office.

Grazing Permits for 1926

If you desire to make application for a permit on the White Mountain, Patos or Tucson Grazing Districts for any part of the 1926 season please arrange to meet me at one of the following places:

Carrizozo—Eating House, Jan. 4, 5 and 6.

White Oaks—January 7.

Ancho—January 8.

Capitan—Bank Bldg., January 11 and 12.

Mesa Ranger Station—January 13 and 14.

R. B. Ewing,
Forest Ranger.

Vance A. Thomas, Forest Ranger, will be at the following places on the dates set:

Baca Ranger Station—January 4 and 5.

Merchant Ranch—Jan. 6.

Arabela—Jan. 7.

Lincoln—Jan. 8.

Capitan—Jan. 9.

Baca Ranger Station—Jan. 11.

If you have a garment that needs altering, mending, cleaning and pressing, bring it to the Capitan Barber Shop.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M.
Dec. 12, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that Francisco Analia, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on August 4, 1920, made Add'l Homestead entry, Roswell No. 015749, for SW¼NE¼, S½NW¼, N½SW¼, SW¼SW¼, Sec. 5; W½NW¼, Section 10, Township 10-S., Range 17-E, N.M.P.M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Roswell, N. M., on the 22nd day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Filimon Cordova, Frank Purcella, Procopio Gastamante, Juan Miralez, all of Tinnie, New Mexico.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

12-18 to 1-15

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Denatured Alcohol and Glycerine for the Radiator.—The Titsworth Co., Inc., Capitan, N. M.

Just Received—Car of Steel Roofing, Nails, Etc.—The Titsworth Co., Inc.

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THE TITSWORTH CO., INC.

PINON NUTS.—We will pay cash for Pinon Nuts.—The Titsworth Co., Inc.

FOR SALE—Kelly Springfield and Mansfield Casings & Tubes. Get our prices before buying.—The Titsworth Co., Inc.

FOR SALE or TRADE—A Blacksmith Shop; four 2 room houses, two wells in connection; nine building lots; 99 acre lease. Apply to this office.

FOR SALE—Some Second Hand Pipe at low prices.—The Titsworth Company, Inc.

A good opening for an all-round Blacksmith. Apply at this office.

Hats, Shoes and Ready-to-Wear for men, women and children, at prices you can afford to pay.—The Popular Dry Goods Store, Capitan.

AGENT WANTED in Capitan Territory—sworn proof of $75 a week—$1.50 an hour for spare time. Introducing Finest Guaranteed Hosiery—126 styles and colors. Low prices. Auto furnished. No capital or experience necessary.—Wilknit Hosiery Co., Dept. B-47, Greenfield, Ohio.

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Published each Friday in the heart of America's Summer and Health Resort and of a vast Agricultural, Horticultural, Mineral and Stock-raising district.

L. L. BEARD, Editor and Owner

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office in Capitan, New Mexico.

POLITICALLY INDEPENDENT

Any erroneous reflection on the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the Mountaineer, will gladly be corrected as soon as it is brought to the attention of the publisher.

Official publication of United States district court in Lincoln county in bankruptcy matters.

Official publication for Department of Interior in this district in public land matters.

Subscription Price: $1.50 the Year.

Obituaries, Resolutions, Classified Advertising, Cards of Thanks and other matter not "news" at 10c per line first insertion, and 5c per line for each consecutive insertion thereafter.

Display advertising rates on request.

Foreign advertising, cash in advance unless otherwise contracted.

Telephone 15F2.

Solution of Last Week's Puzzle

Would Exchange State Lands for Government Lands

Washington, D. C.—Representative Morrow, democrat, New Mexico, has introduced a bill to permit the government to receive privately owned lands in Mora grant in New Mexico in exchange for lands of timber within the exterior boundaries of the national forest in New Mexico or Arizona.

The Mora grant includes land in San Miguel, Mora, and Taos counties.

The bill would authorize the secretaries of the interior and agriculture within their discretion to receive in return for Mora land forest tracts or cut timber of equal value.

Consent of the governor of Arizona would be necessary before any timber assets of that state could be acquired.

The government desires land in the Mora grant for a forest reserve. It adjoins the Carson reserve.

Congressman Morrow explained the project was in line with the desire of western states to conserve their forests in mountain regions for moisture which is so valuable to valleys.

Court Upholds Governor's Power to Pardon McGee

Santa Fe, N.M.—"The governor, under the provisions of section 6 of article 5 of the constitution has power to pardon for direct contempt of court."

With this ruling, the state supreme court ordered the discharge of Carl Magee, sentenced for direct contempt of the district court of San Miguel county. Governor Hinkle issued a pardon of Magee, and the sheriff refused to recognize it on the ground it was beyond the executive power. The opinion was by Chief Justice Parker, Justices Bickley and Watson concurring. Magee's bondsmen, Arthur Seligman and Bronson M. Cutting were ordered discharged.

5,768 Deaths by Auto in 78 Cities During Past Year

Washington D. C., Dec. 29.—The department of commerce announces that reports of automobile fatalities in 1925 have been received from 78 cities of 100,000 or over. The total number of such fatalities in these cities from Dec. 28, 1924, to Dec. 5, 1925, was 5,768, and the daily average was 16.8.

So far this year New York has reported 919 auto fatalities, Chicago 557, Philadelphia 288, Detroit 273, Los Angeles 213, and Cleveland 211, while the last four week period the figures are New York 88, Chicago 56, Detroit 46, Philadelphia and Cleveland each 27, and Los Angeles 23.

New Mexico Gets the First Touch of Winter

Capitan and surrounding country was visited by a real sample of winter weather Sunday and Monday, the mercury falling to zero Sunday and 3 above Monday. About an inch of snow fell Sunday night. For a while it looked as if we were booked for a heavy snow storm, but the air currents dispersed the snow clouds, and the extreme cold moderated somewhat.

Press reports state that the severe cold wave was general over the state.

The weather still remains cold for the season, and old timers predict when it warms up the clouds will return and a big snow fall may be expected—from 18 to 24 inches.

Weather reports show that cold weather has settled down on the entire Rocky mountain section and east and south to the Atlantic, while west of the mountains normal temperatures for the season prevail.

Astronomers and weather prophets, who recently warned of bitter cold weather the latter part of December, have seen their predictions come true.

Sweeping out of the northwest the icy breath of winter has invaded almost every section of the United States and Canada, Florida and the extreme southern states did not escape.

From the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic freezing and subzero weather prevailed. The cold weather caused 16 deaths in Chicago—four men being frozen to death in the streets.

Ohio and Kentucky reported three deaths.

New York and Baltimore two each.

Philadelphia, Worster, and Yonkers one each.

Colorado and Wyoming had a touch of zero weather. Montana 10 below.

Santa Fe reported 7 above and Phoenix 52—warmest place in the country.

El Paso 20 above with an inch of snow.

A reaction from the biting cold has been predicted.

Auto Wrecks Over Holidays in State

Albuquerque, Dec. 27.—Fifteen persons were injured in automobile accidents near here over the holidays. The most serious accident was in a collision of the car of Ogden McGrew, state gasoline tax collector with a car driven by John Lynch. Five persons in the two cars were bruised but not seriously hurt. A Spanish American who collided with a car occupied by five Isleta Indians, fled after the accident and has not been located. The Indians were not seriously hurt.

Las Vegas, Dec. 28.—Arthur Langston, a Santa Fe engineer, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon, and James Pierce, his father in law, died shortly afterward from injuries received, when a roadster in which they were riding overturned north of the city. Broken glass and debris from the car were strewn for a considerable distance, indicating that the car had overturned several times before coming to a stop.

San Francisco, Dec. 26.—The Christmas holiday in California was marred by at least 12 deaths in numerous accidents and the injury of about two score others.

Automobile mishaps took the lives of four men and one woman in a southern central California town, while in other parts of the state accidents occurred and many reported injured.

Twenty Million Automobiles Registered in 1925

New York, Dec. 26.—More than 20,200,000 motor vehicles were registered in this country in 1925, an increase of 2,192,759 over last year's number, the current issue of Motor Magazine says.

Of this total 17,658,191 were passenger cars.

A Valuable Cargo of Liquor Captured Near Roswell Valued at $10,000

Roswell, Dec. 28.—Alcohol, tequila and "bonded" whiskey valued at more than $10,000, a Dodge closed in delivery car and Chevrolet truck, were captured near Roswell early this morning by local officers.

Liquor itemized as follows was taken from the two cars:

36 cases of grain alcohol, with 9 gallons to the case. The wholesale price of alcohol is $25 a gallon, which would bring the value to $8,000. The retail distributor realizes as high as $75 a gallon for this class of goods.

There were 14 cases of tequila with 12 quarts to the case. It retails for $8 a quart, making the value $1344.

There were also eight cases of whiskey valued at $800, bringing the value of the two loads, not counting the two cars, which will be confiscated, to more than $10,000.

The officers here believe that the liquor was going to Texas gulf points. The quality of the liquor was the best that can be obtained in Mexico.

These are the largest individual loads of liquor ever taken in Chaves county.

HONDO SCHOOL NOTES.

The Alpha Dramatic Club gave the play, "Too Much of a Good Thing," on December 12. It was a great success. A dance followed and a good time was enjoyed by all. There was quite a sum of money made, which will go to the High School library.

The Hondo School gave a Xmas program and dance on the 23rd of December which was well attended.

The Hondo Spanish Class of the Tenth grade will give a Spanish play soon, entitled "Uno de Ellos debe Casarse."

Both the Teen and the Alpha dramatic clubs will give a play sometime the last of January.

The Hondo Boys Basket Ball team went to Lincoln on December 11th and played the Lincoln team. The Hondo boys were defeated by two points.

The Hondo girls and boys basket ball teams are planning on playing Corona sometime in January. They are also planning on playing Carrizozo in the near future.

Down in Texas Governor Ma Ferguson is after the scalp of one crowd and the crowd is after Ma's official scalp. And in the midst of it all, which is a Democratic scrap, there is every indication that the period of women executives in the Lone Star state will end with the fest one.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office

Las Cruces, N.M., Dec. 21, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that William H. Evans, of Ruidoso, N.M., who, on December 19, 1922, made Additional S-R Homestead Entry, Las Cruces No. 031531, Roswell No. 033127, for Lots 3 SW¼, W½NW¼ and NE¼NW¼ Sec. 2, NE¼SE¼, E½NE¼, NW¼NE¼, Sec. 35, Twp. 8-S, Range 14 E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 10th day of February, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

M. C. West, Ernest R. Blood, and D. S. Williams, these of Alto, N. M.; Monroe Howard, of Capitan, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

1-1 to 1-29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office

Las Cruces, N. M., Dec. 23, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that Floyd Hale, of Tinnie, N. M., who, on April 1st, 1922, made Hd. Entry, Roswell No. 059223, for SW¼; W½SE¼; Section 27; S½ Sec. 28; N½NW¼, Sec 34, Twp. 9-S, Range 18-E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year homestead proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Board, U.S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N.M., on the 17th day of February, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Robert J. Latham, Arthur Peppers, Roal Allen, these of Tinnie, N. M., Hansford Hale, of Roswell, N. M.

K. D. Stoes, Register.

1-1 to 1-29.

— OUR —
Pre-Inventory Sale
Now Starting.

The Popular Dry Goods Store
Capitan, New Mex.

The Capitan Mountaineer and Any 5 of this list of leading MAGAZINES $2.25 Why Pay More?

Take Your PICK 19 to Select From

Here's the way it works: Pick any five of the 19 magazines listed on coupon. Clip coupon, write your name and address and the 5 magazines you want on coupon. Enclose coupon with $2.25 and send to this office. Renewals will be accepted on coupon. Any magazine in club may be replaced for another of equal value if desired. Present subscriptions will be extended. Regular publication price of these magazines is $29.50. Act quickly.

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Gentlemen: I hereby take advantage of your Magazine Bargain Offer. I am enclosing the above amount in payment for a 1 year subscription to your paper and the 5 Magazines I have marked with an X below.

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☐ Home Circle
☐ Home Mirror
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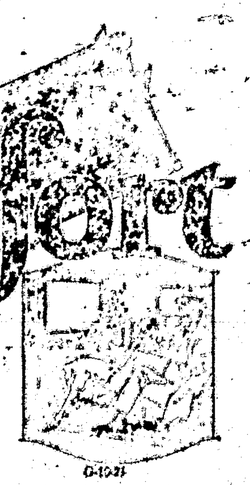


People who look for and appreciate comfort in a motor car are invited to try the added comfort in the Better Buick.

The Better Buick is big enough and balanced correctly to carry itself well on any road, but not too big to be ungainly or hard to handle.

Seating space is generous. Leg room is ample enough for tall people to relax. Cushions are deep and yielding and tilted to a restful angle.

Rear springs are Buick cantilevers, which smooth out road inequalities far better than any other type. Special size low pressure tires are standard equipment on all models.

Your first long ride in the Better Buick will show you how restful miles can be.

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY, FLINT, MICHIGAN
Division of General Motors Corporation

The Liberty Garage
Agents
Caiptan, N. M.

FOR SALE—New Savage automatic pistol—never been shot—or will trade for cow.—Call at this office.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land Office
Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 16, 1925

NOTICE is hereby given that John Wade Carrigan, of 124 E. Second St., Roswell, N. M., who, on April 22, 1922, made Homestead Entry No. 051246, Santa Fe, formerly Fort Sumner, No. 02957, for NW¼NW¼ Sec. 35; W½SW¼ and SW¼NW¼ Sec. 26, Township 5-S., Range 18-E, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year Homestead proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 28th day of January, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Winfield McInnes, Dan McFarland, and Pete Louissana, these of Roswell, N.M.; and Louis Purcella, of Arabela, N. M.

A. M. Bergere, Register.

12-26 to 1-25

DAN C. SAVAGE
U. S. Commissioner
Qualified to Attend to Matters Pertaining to Homesteads.
ROSWELL, N. M.

E. F. DAVIDSON
U. S. Commissioner
Real Estate and Insurance
CORONA, N. M.

Semi-Weekly Farm News
Capitan Mountaineer
Both One Year
Two Dollars.

Capitan Realty Co.
Real Estate-Rentals
Office in Mountaineer Bldg.
Post Office Drawer 23F
CAPITAN, N. M.

NOTICE—We have the F... Hair Tonic, Kokin's guar... dandruff exterminator.—C... Barber Shop.

Leave your laundry at the Capitan Barber Shop, agency for Roswell Laundry Co.—the... water plant.

FOR SALE—Kansas Bee... Bacterin.—The Titsworth ... pany, Inc.

FOR RENT—Five room ... nished house. Bath.—See L... Beard.

FOR SALE—Bayer's As... Tablets at The Titsworth C... pany, Inc.

FOR LEASE OR RENT—Q... ter section of land, five ... northwest of Capitan. F... acres in cultivation. Call ... write Mountaineer for pa... ulars.

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Exchange Bank Bld...
Carrizozo New Me...

J. S. HINCKLEY
Attention Given to Business ... the U. S. Land Office
LAS CRUCES, N...

DAVID L. GEYER
Ex-Receiver U. S. Land Office
EXCLUSIVE PRACTICE IN UNI... STATES LAND MATTERS
Roswell, N. M.

PAINTS, Varnishes, P... Brushes, Lime, Cement, Bo... Board, Heating Stoves, etc. ... the Fisher Lumber Co.

BUILDING materials, lum... shingles, roofing, nails, do... sash and builders' hardw... heating stoves at Fisher Lum... Co.

FOR SALE—Beaver bo... Fruit Jars, Jar Rubbers, P... wax, etc.—The Titsworth ...

LOOK!

For the best letter written to Santa Claus by any boy or girl under 8 years, we will give a Doll, valued at $2.50.

For the best letter by a little girl we will give a Doll, valued $2.50.

For the best letter by a boy we will give a baseball outfit, consisting of a baseball, glove and cap, valued at $2.50.

Be sure to address your letter to Santa Claus, care of Sunshine Pharmacy, in time to reach us before noon December 24.

We have a letter from Santa Claus and he instructs us to give a present to every little person who visits our store on December 24. Get yours.

A full line of Toys and Gifts of every description

Sunshine Pharmacy
J. W. EZELL, Mgr., CAPITAN, N. M

Capitan Barber Shop
JOHN L. WALKER, Prop.
WOMEN'S BOBS A SPECIALTY
Haircuts, Shaves, Tonics, Massages.
Next to SUNSHINE PHARMACY

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

CLEAR YOUR SKIN of disfiguring blotches and irritations. Use

Resinol

For Stiff Joints

Pharmacists say that when all other so-called remedies fail, Joint-Ease is sure to speedily succeed.

It's for joint ailments only—that is why you are advised to use it for sore, creaky, painful, inflamed rheumatic joints.

Joint-Ease limbers up the joints—makes you feel younger—is clean and penetrating and quick results are assured—Sixty cents a tube at druggists everywhere.

Always remember when Joint-Ease gets in joint misery gets out—quick.

Bookkeeper Really Had "Kick" Coming

President Alfred P. Sloan Jr., of General Motors, who has bought the important Austin motor firm of England for his company, said in New York the other day:

"You must keep on the jump if you don't want to meet with unpleasant surprises.

"A staid old bookkeeper—a too staid old bookkeeper had worked for the same concern 27 years, and a new clerk complained to him one afternoon:

"'I've been here three months now, and it's time I had a raise.'

"'Keep your shirt on,' said the old bookkeeper. 'I was here three years before I got my first raise. By the way, what is your salary, anyhow?'

"'A measly twenty dollars,' said the clerk.

"'Holy smoke!' roared the bookkeeper. 'Mine's only eighteen!'"

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red, rough hands.—Advertisement.

Poser for the Bishop

Noel Coward, the English actor and playwright who seems to have taken New York by storm, said at a luncheon:

"The people who declare that these times are more immoral than other times are prudes and prudes are the most immoral creatures in existence.

"A bishop said to me one day in London:

"'Look out for the modern girl. She's very, very fast.'

"'How do you know she's very, very fast?' said I. 'Have you been chasing her, bishop?'"

Water in Steeples

Being desirous of using the steeples of its unused churches as water towers, the village of Podmoshie, in the Dmitrovsky district just outside of Moscow, has applied to the Moscow Soviet for a ruling. The village authorities argue that such a utilitarian diversion would greatly reduce the cost of the new water works system. The provincial Soviet decided that as churches that are not used for divine services can be converted to secular purposes with the consent of their congregations, they might be embodied in the water system provided engineers pronounced them safe.

Sound Salesmen

Judge Gary of steel renown said in a recent address before a salesmen's congress:

"I declared at the New York university the other day that we all talk too much. My declaration excited a lot of comment, and everybody seemed to agree with it."

He smiled and added:

"You, too, will agree with me, I know, when I declare that the soundest salesman makes the least sound."

Willing to See That

Persistent Drummer—This time, sir, I have quite a new departure—

Busy Manufacturer—Good! Let me see you do it.—Stray Stories.

Treat a dog kindly and he'll not desert you when your money is gone.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Feel Young—

Take care of your stomach and preserve your health.

HOSTETTER'S Celebrated Stomach Bitters tone up the digestive organs, stimulate the appetite and promote a feeling of physical fitness. At all Druggists.

The Hostetter Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

A New Year's Surprise

By H. LUCIUS COOK

CONSTERNATION reigned in the Bromley parlor on New Year's Eve. The house was jammed with guests, old friends of the family. It was an exclusive little group, who cherished its traditions, and unless you were a "borner" you could hardly hope to cross the Bromley threshold. The maid had just announced Mr. Smith, and a silence had fallen over the room, because, though Mr. Smith was only an instructor on the faculty, he was author of two books which were quite the vogue in the university town, and even the older members of the set were a little in awe of him. In talking over the evening afterwards, the gossips who thought they were observing insisted that Mrs. Bromley had moved toward the door in special honor of this guest; they were positive, because her welcome was so warm and natural. But a few wise ones who thought they knew, insisted she was more surprised than they, and that she showed it in a little tremble of her hand.

Be that as it may, the Mr. Smith who entered was not the Mr. Smith they knew, but a stranger they had never seen before. Hence the consternation. Nor did Mrs. Bromley try to end the astonishment. In introducing him, she merely said: "I want

Not the Mr. Smith They Know, but a Stranger.

you to meet Mr. Smith," and did not volunteer a single explanation as to his credentials.

It was to be assumed that there was a mixup, somehow, as the real Mr. Smith did not come, but as the evening wore away, the consternation of the little group gradually gave place in spite of itself to admiration of the new Mr. Smith. To be sure, they knew nothing about him, except what they could see, but that was much. Such a handsome fellow! Even the men could hardly take their eyes from him. And such a sense of humor! And such intelligence! If he was not a new professor in the school he ought to be. Yes, surely, he "belonged."

At midnight Katherine and Mr. Smith were dancing a "moonlight" waltz. "How wonderful he dances," was her thought, "and how I love him." But though they were so close together she could feel the beating of his heart, no word was said between them. They merely abandoned their bodies to the rhythm of the dance until the lights went on.

When the party broke up, Mr. Smith asked Mrs. Bromley if there was someone he might see home. "My niece Katherine," she replied, "if you will be so kind." Had the gossips been near just then, they might have noted a slight tremor in the hostess' voice.

For several blocks the handsome pair walked arm in arm in deep silence. Then he drew her suddenly and firmly closer and demanded in all very tones that sounded like New Year's bells on a frosty night: "Tell me, Miss Katherine, if you please, how all this happened. I know you know. But to me it is a mystery, for I know that I was not wanted or expected."

She sighed and remained silent for a moment, but his strong arm linked with hers and gave her the assurance which she lacked, and she responded to the frankness of his healthy curiosity with the ardor of true love.

"You were wanted," she whispered. "And you were expected, too—at least by me. But you are right in assuming there was a mistake."

Here she paused and trembled a little before going on. "It was this way. I work on the university switchboard to help myself through college. When auntie called the U. and asked me for Mr. Smith, I unthinkingly connected her with you instead of the English professor. You see, I was in the president's office when his new secretary arrived, and his name and face were in my mind from that time on. It was all my fault, because I knew which Smith my aunt wanted. But I didn't mean to; really I didn't. And the minute I heard her invite you was the first I realized what I had done. It was too late then to rectify the mistake. Besides—"

"Besides—" he added, kissing her, "you wanted me to come. And I am glad you did, for I have never been so happy in my life. 'Twill be a Happy New Year for us both."

(©, 1925, Western Newspaper Union.)

THE YEAR THAT'S COMING

In the year that's come and gone, dear,
we wove a tether
All of gracious words and thoughts,
binding two together.
In the year that's coming on, with its
wealth of roses
We shall weave it stronger yet, are the
circle closes.

In the year that's come and gone, in
the golden weather,
Sweet, my sweet! we swore to keep the
watch of life together.
In the year that's coming on, rich in
joy and sorrow,
We shall light our lamp, and wait life's
mysterious tomorrow.

—W. R. Manley.

Arrival of the New Year

New Years, 1926

By EDWARD RETICKER
In CHICAGO AMERICAN

NEW YEAR'S,
And so we close this book
to start know.
No sighs,
Nor cast behind a look—
The Book is You.

Shut it up and start again,
And know each day's account
Records the tiniest amount
By which we grow as men.

Mind not the blots. The stain
Fades with the lesson learned.
Our souls are something earned
Through sorrow, grief and pain.

Record the smiles, the Song
Of Life we know as Love
That lifts our course above
The paths of human wrong.

Record it All, and know
No Fate shall hold the pen.
We are not pawns, but men,
And choose the ways we go.

New Year's
Again must close the book
As Time rolls by
God keep
Me unashamed to look—
The Book is I.

New Year's Complications

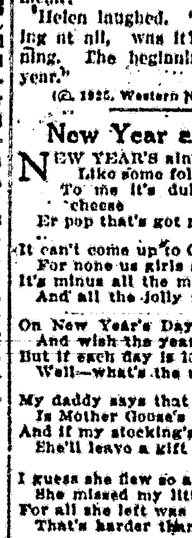
By Eleanor E. King

CRISP, cold and snowy, it conformed admirably with prescribed holiday weather. The wind which blew in Helen's window was a relief from the hot, furnace-heated air of the bedroom. Perhaps the evening's excitement had been too great. She wondered. At any rate it was certainly late enough to go to sleep, but instead she lived over the entire proceedings of the New Year's Eve party which she had attended. The heat of the room was stifling. Helen felt she would smother. She called, but the cry was scarcely audible. The loud snoring in the next room informed Helen that her mother had not heard the desperate call.

After making such an ado over the New Year, welcoming it so heartily, so profusely, was this the way it was going to serve her? On second thought, however, if she had to some way, she concluded that this method would be no worse than any other. Yet, how disgusting to smother to death. Thus reasoning away the hysteria, she relaxed, and as she sank down into the pillow, she continued to go down, down hundreds of feet through endless space. With clenched hands and set teeth she realized that the expected ending had not been as simple as she had anticipated.

Down, down; some water came into sight. A bridge now came into view; a huge span over enormous falls. It was a rushing, tumbling torrent of bluish-green, sparkling water. She tried to hold herself back, to break the fall. When Helen landed, to her surprise, she found herself in a snow bank instead of water. She beheld huge snow banks and little snow banks everywhere. Looking to her right she saw the old grammar school she had attended when a little girl. Forgetting her twenty-odd years accumulated since that time, Helen began climbing up one mound, down and up another. How wonderful the fluffy snow was.

Going between the main school building and the wing, she came to the slide on the school hill. Looking down, she noticed she had skis on, just like olden times. To her delight she went skimming through the air like a bird. As she went the hill rolled out before her like so much dough under the weight of the rolling pin. Around turns and down, every minute gaining more speed, until she wondered how all this accumulated force would avenge itself.



"Helen, Helen, happy New Year!"

Helen looked around in hazy fright. Someone was calling very softly, but she could not see the person. Again and again came the call. It was a haunting sound more like an echo, yet of a very familiar voice. Helen smoothed her ruffled hair as she said to herself, "I can't find you, but in the first place I can at least be courteous." She was coming to an abrupt curb. "Perhaps if I sit down and slide that will slow me down some." She found she could not get down to the ground fast enough.

Again she heard the call, now somewhat louder. She was sitting up, rubbing her eyes. "I can sit up, mother. My legs will work now, and my arms."

Her mother looked at her curiously. "Is this the way the New Year affects you? First you wave your hand frantically, then you mumble some meaningless words. Just what does it all mean?"

Helen laughed. "It wasn't an ending at all, was it? It was a beginning. The beginning of a fine new year."

(©, 1925, Western Newspaper Union.)

New Year and the Boy

NEW YEAR'S ain't no kind of a day
Like some folks thinks it is
To me it's dull as crackers an' cheese
Er pop that's got no fiz.

It can't come up to Chris'mus Day
For none us girls and boys,
It's minus all the merry gifts
And all the jolly noise.

On New Year's Day we stand around
And wish the year away
But if each day is long as this—
Well—what's the use to stay?

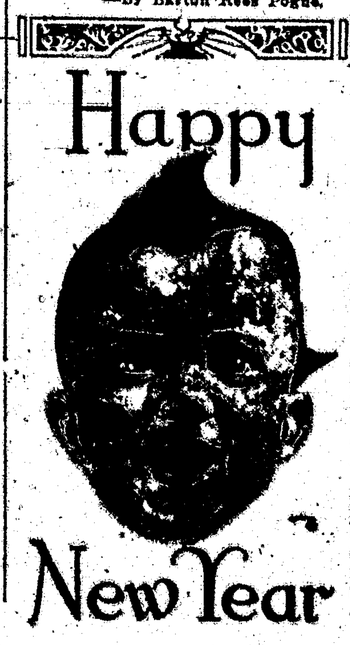
My daddy says that New Year's Eve
Is Mother Goose's night
And if my stocking's hung in place
She'll leave a gift in flight.

I guess she flew so awful fast
She missed my little sock
For all she left was coffee cakes
That's harder than a rock.

If I weren't big I'd cry, I would
This day is such a drone
I feel like some one's took the meat
And left me just the bone.

I tell you New Year's ain't the day
That some folks thinks it is.
To me it's dull as crackers and cheese
Er pop that's got no fiz.

—By Barton Rees Pogue.



LIVE STOCK NEWS

CONSUMERS DEMAND LIGHTER MEAT CUTS

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Agricultural investigators who are responsible for the planning of beef cattle experimental work are turning their attention and energy quite largely to problems concerning the fattening of young cattle, either calves or yearlings, in an effort to ascertain the most satisfactory methods of producing beef from cattle of these ages. The great mass of feeding trials conducted with beef cattle during the last quarter century has been with reference to older cattle—steers two and a half years of age at the time they went on feed and in some cases three and a half years of age.

This is as it should be, says the United States Department of Agriculture, in encouraging the experimental work with the younger class of beef cattle. The beef-cattle industry is going through a marked change at the present time, largely because of the changing taste of the consuming public, which is now demanding lighter cuts of meat. Already this demand has resulted in many retail markets handling only light carcasses of beef, such as those of yearling cattle.

While formerly the demand for heavy cattle seemed to be almost unlimited, the reverse is true today. Packers say that 15 to 20 per cent of the total receipts of beef cattle is ample to take care of the call for heavy carcasses, whereas the remainder is for cattle weighing from 700 to 1,100 pounds on foot, or carcasses weighing from 400 to 600 pounds. This means that the demand today is quite largely for cattle under two years of age.

Some little experimental work has been done with cattle of different ages. The results to date show that calves placed in the feed lot at weaning time and continued therein until finished for market make from 50 to 75 per cent more gain from the same feed than do more mature steers, especially those that are from two to four years of age. This change is due to the fact that part of the gain in light cattle is growth of nonedible parts, whereas most of the gains in heavy steers is meat. Feeder yearlings, eighteen months old, weighing from 500 to 700 pounds, have been found to be relatively efficient as compared to older cattle, although not in a class with the calves from the standpoint of economy of gain.

Sepia Pigs a Surprise in Breeding Experiment

Inbreeding experiments conducted by the bureau of animal industry, United States Department of Agriculture, with swine has resulted in a number of animals possessing very unusual characteristics. The most outstanding result obtained thus far has been the first generation of brother-sister mating in swine has been the segregation of certain peculiar coat-color combinations.

One Poland China line produced four white-spotted sepia-colored pigs out of a total of 35 farrowed. This is apparently a new color in swine. Experiments with pigs of the Chester White breed produced some red-black and white pigs in the first generation of brother-sister mating.

The explanations for such occurrences are somewhat complex but are based essentially on the operation of Mendel's law. The object of the studies is to obtain a more extended knowledge of factors involved in animal breeding and how they operate.

Increase Live Stock Returns

If the live stock we are producing as profitable as it should and can be? It lies within the power of the live stock-producers to increase efficiency, value and net returns from their live stock at least 25 per cent on the average and in many instances at least 50 per cent. It is simply appalling to note the indifference of live-stock producers in general to their opportunity to improve their present situation by producing better live stock.

Live Stock Notes

A breeding sow should be kept just as long as she is good.

* * *

The lazy, sleeping sow is not the one to select for a breeder.

* * *

The sow, like the dairy cow, should not be thin at farrowing time.

* * *

The hog will open its mouth and breathe through that channel, and also through the nostrils, when very warm.

* * *

The curl in a pig's tail is an indication of good health. When the curl begins to straighten out, look for disease and give a change of feed.

* * *

One acre of corn fodder making 20 bushels of grain will put on twice as much gain in the form of silage as it will fed from the shock.

* * *

Cheap horses always have sold at low prices, and they always will. At this time, however, good, young mares and geldings cannot be said to be cheap.

* * *

Salt is a good appetizer. Give live stock plenty of it. Some farmers practice mixing granulated salt in with the grain ration while others make it a point to see that salt licks are placed in the feedlot.

* * *

An underslung, scrawny boar cannot be expected to sire vigorous pigs. The boar should be large for his age, wide and deep, have plenty of bone, and stand on straight legs with strong feet and pasterns. He must also be smooth, well proportioned from end to end, and of the right type.

Pimples

"OH, why can't I have a skin like other girls? Why do I have to have these ugly pimples, blotches and blackheads?

"If I could only find something that would clear up my skin and give me back my soft, rosy complexion, I know I would be the happiest girl in the world! What can I do?"

Is that you talking? If it is, you don't have to worry a minute! Just build up the rich, red blood in your body. Then your skin will be as clear and soft as anybody's.

That's what S. S. S. has been doing for generations—helping Nature build rich, red blood! You can build red-blood-cells so fast that the impurities that cause breaking out on the skin hardly get into the system before the pure blood annihilates them—kills them right out—stops them from breaking out through the skin.

And then this rich, red, pure blood feeds and nourishes the tissues of the skin and keeps it looking healthy.

That's all there is to it. Healthy, vigorous, red blood such as S. S. S. helps Nature build, makes you healthy all over. It beautifies your skin—drives away pimples, blackheads, blotches, rash, boils and eczema—gives you back your appetite—builds firm, plump flesh and fills you full of new life and energy.

All drug stores sell S. S. S. Get the larger bottle. It's more economical.

S.S.S.

Remembered "Young Man" Who Had Helped Her

Nearly two years ago William T. Bailey, assistant city attorney, in the course of charitable work he carries on in connection with his other duties, advanced $20 to a young widow who had appealed for aid.

He had forgotten the incident when he was reminded of it by a letter showing that, although she had not remembered his name, she continued to carry a mental photograph of: "A tall, gray-haired but young gentleman in the office where they help poor people in the City hall, Indianapolis, Ind."

The young woman inclosed a snapshot photo of herself and promised to remit the loan soon, explaining that she had just opened her own millinery shop at Cleveland, and needed her ready money for financing the business.—Indianapolis News.

Fair Tennis Player Laughs at Warnings

That strenuous play in tennis tournaments is fatal to feminine beauty, is a warning usually given to good-looking girls who aspire to tennis honors. But Miss Eileen Bennett, who won the women's singles at the new Cromer club, London, England, shrugs her shoulders at the gloomy predictions of her friends and advisers. She is the prettiest of the first-class players in England and only eighteen. She has shingled hair and the face and figure of a film star. Her tennis game is modeled on that of Mlle. Lenglen and there is every promise of her winning championships. She chooses to ignort the warnings of those who tell her that no regular woman tournament player has preserved her good looks for more than three or four years.

Some Job for Mike

Late one night an excited voice came over the telephone:

"Burglars have broken into No. 64 Lyons street! Send help quick!"

The sergeant looked at the solitary policeman in the station.

"Mike," he said simply. "The house at 64 Lyons street is being robbed. Go along and surround it."

The easiest person to deceive is one's own self.—Bulwer-Lytton.

Boschee's Syrup HAS BEEN **Relieving Coughs for 59 Years**

Carry a bottle in your car and always keep it in the house. 30c and 90c at all druggists.

Try the New Cuticura Shaving Stick
Freely Lathering
Medicinal and Emollient

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

WOLF, COYOTE, RAT AND MICE EXTERMINATOR

Edwards' Formula, simple instructions. Sold for $1.0. Get 9 coyotes one night; furs brought $121.50. Also 2-bait trapping system. Trapped 7 coyotes one night, same place. Bird proof. Formulas, instructions and Trapping system $4.00. Free circular.
GEORGE EDWARDS, LIVINGSTON, MONT.

BATHE YOUR EYES
Use Dr. Thompson's Eyewater. Buy at your druggist or write Jos. Mfg. Co., Troy, N. Y. Author.

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SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

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Roof Coating, Asbestos Fibre Cement or Roofing Materials of any kind. When you want something better than the ordinary or the best of the best write The Western Materite Roofing Co., Office Equitable Bldg., Denver. Ask your dealer or write us.

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Established 1878.
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING
All orders promptly attended to.
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Grund Dry Cleaning
Grund Bldg., 17th at Logan
CLEANING DYEING
DENVER'S MOST SUCCESSFUL DYER
Have your dyeing done by "Denver's Most Successful Dyer;" you'll be pleased with our skillful and careful work. Special prices on dyeing black. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed, $1.00
MEN'S SUITS PRESSED ONLY 50c
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SAVE $10 TO $20 on every saddle or harness. Buy direct from the factory. No middleman's profits. Send for free catalog—maker to consumer. Justin's Boots at Lowest Prices.
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1417 Larimer St. Denver, Colo.

DUPLEX SHORTHAND
Mail taught; 5 parts $1 each, if students pleased. World's wonder system. Preserve this ad. National Shorthand School, Lakeland, Fla.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

THE RURAL TELEPHONE

General

In our previous articles on the rural telephone we made an attempt to cover the proper installation and maintenance of each unit or part separately.

In this article we will attempt to take up one or two ideas which were omitted in the other articles, and also to cover the subject generally in as short a space as possible.

The satisfactory rural line should not exceed ten miles in length and should not have more than ten stations.

It will be wise in making repairs on any part of the telephone system to keep the idea in mind that the repair should be more permanent than the defective part was before. For instance, if you are closing a loose connection in the line, make that connection so that you will not have the same trouble with it at a future time. If a pole has settled into a slanting position, allowing slack to bother you, do not prop the pole up, but dig out around the pole and retamp it.

The same thing holds good with the instrument. Should you have a broken receiver cord that is causing you trouble, do not tie a knot in it to clear the trouble, as that makes a very temporary repair and it is sure to fail you at a time when you most need your telephone. It is much cheaper to replace the defective cord with a new one.

Watch your carbons and do not allow dust to accumulate between the blocks. Keep the dust brushed off the blocks and the particles of carbon scraped off the edge of the mica. This will do more toward keeping your line quiet than anything else, and will save you and others much trouble in ringing over the line.

Remember this and you will save yourself a great deal of trouble and possible expense later. Last, but not least, if you have trouble with your telephone that you do not understand, take it to the man in charge of your central office. He has already experimented and knows by simple tests what the trouble with the instrument may be, while your experimenting to locate the trouble may cost you a new instrument or at least a new part.

As to the instrument. Since this subject was practically covered in the previous article, we will add but three suggestions. Keep the instrument secure on the wall. Do not listen in on the line unless you are using it. It not only costs you money, but it reduces the efficiency of the entire line. Remember that while you are listening in you are not only consuming the energy of your batteries, but at the same time the current from our batteries is flowing through the transmitter, and in doing this the vibration in the transmitter, however slight, is constantly burning and blistering the carbon granules and carbon discs which go to make up the active parts of the transmitter.

Since you can have repairs made for you, and since you may draw from the knowledge of practical men on the instruction and maintenance of your lines, there is no reason why great improvements should not be made in rural telephone service. Why not set aside a little time now and then and devote it to putting your part of the system in such shape that you will get effective use of the greatest convenience inventive genius has ever given to you?

Cattle Industry Shows Gain

Denver.—The industry in Colorado and the Western states is on an upward trend after several years of low prices, it was indicated in a report released here by H. W. French, assistant market specialist in charge of the local live stock bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture. Prices paid for cattle at the Denver yards during the present year show a marked increase over 1924 and the local market has taken on a brighter outlook.

Japan-Russia Sign Oil Pact

Moscow.—The agreement between the soviet government and four Japanese companies for exploitation of oil fields in northern Sakhalin island, hailed by Felix Djerinsky, head of the Russian supreme economic council, "as the first tangible accomplishment in the new economic and political relations of Japan and the soviet union," was informally signed here recently. The concessions, which run for forty-five years, covers half the existing oil fields in northern Sakhalin.