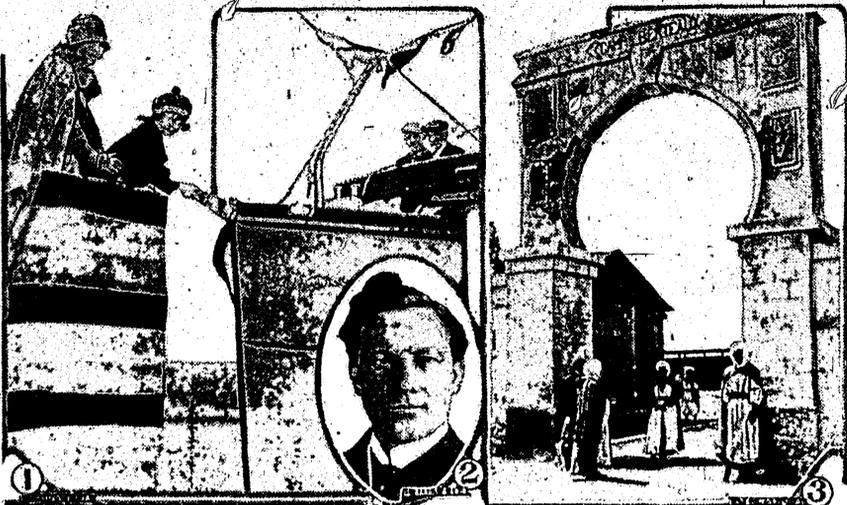


THE CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER

Seventh Year—No. 50

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1926

Subscription Price, \$1.50 a Year



1—Launching and christening of MUI at Wilmington, Del., a boat that will be both participant and broadcaster in the New London-Hofnuda race. 2—United States Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, who was nominated by the Republicans to succeed himself. 3—The famous gateway of Camp Berteaux at Oujda, Morocco, scene of the futile peace negotiations between the Rifians and the French and Spanish.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

British Nation Contending With Paralyzing General Strike of Unions.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

GREAT BRITAIN entered on one of the most critical periods of her recent history last week. Because the mine owners and miners could reach no settlement of their disputes and the government would no longer continue the mine subsidy, the miners of the nation had struck. This was bad enough, but the general trades union congress promptly ordered that the miners be supported by a general strike of about 5,000,000 union workers to begin at midnight Monday. Prime Minister Baldwin, declaring the constitutional rights had been challenged, asserted negotiations could not proceed until the general strike order had been withdrawn. The king issued a proclamation of state emergency under which Baldwin was empowered to rule by decree and which made Sir William Mitchell-Thomson, postmaster general, the economic dictator of the country. The law does not permit the prime minister to order compulsory military service or industrial conscription, but every other step to meet the situation was taken by the government and volunteer workers by thousands came to the front.

At the appointed time the general strike went into effect, the first workers called out being those in transport, including railways, ships and docks; printing, including the press; metal and heavy chemical groups; building trades except those at work on hospitals and housing; electricity and gas, including power lines. Of these only the chemical workers did not obey the call. Sanitary and health services were not interrupted. All over the United Kingdom business was paralyzed, and in various parts of London and other cities and towns there was bloody rioting. Naturally the situation was most serious in London and the government's efforts to meet it were concentrated there, though troops and warships were moved to strategic points elsewhere. Organized labor in America, France, Belgium and other countries showed sympathy for the miners' strike but rather refrained from approval of the general strike. Soviet Russia, however, did not hesitate to show its delight at the plight of Great Britain, and it was reported that the Moscow government had forbidden the export of foodstuffs to England. The French miners took steps to prevent the shipment of French coal across the channel.

As the days went on the situation gradually improved, according to the statements in the British Gazette, the government's newspaper. This was notably true of railway transportation of the food supply and the light and power services. Prime Minister Baldwin told the house of commons that "the general strike threatens the existence of the ordered government and comes nearer to a proclamation of civil war than we have known for hundreds of years." This would appear to be true; but the assertion of labor leaders and of Lloyd George, that not 90 per cent of organized labor in Great Britain would vote for a revolution, seems equally true, because almost all the workers are of British nationality and at heart loyal to their country.

At this writing there are rumors afloat in London that some sort of a compromise will soon be reached. It is difficult to understand how this can be, since the government cannot and will not recede from its position that the strike must be called off before negotiations can be reopened, and the trades union congress still has plenty of funds and claims that the workers' response to the strike call exceeded all expectations.

FRANCE felt the effect of the British strike when the franc began to tumble, reaching on Thursday the new low mark of \$2.14 to the dollar. Finance Minister Peret, who called a

conference of bankers, said he thought the franc's fall was due to the sale of francs by the British government to bolster up the pound sterling. The French produce markets also were glutted because of the crippling of shipping lines to England. In Paris the debt settlement with the United States was considered to be contributory to the crash of the franc, for the opposition groups in the parliament were preparing for an attack on the Briand cabinet on the score of the arrangement signed in Washington by Ambassador Berenger.

In the United States senate, also, the settlement will be assailed by the group headed by Borah, Reed of Missouri and Pat Harrison of Mississippi. Harrison has asked a public hearing at which the terms agreed upon can be attacked and defended. This group probably cannot prevent ratification by the senate, but it could delay this consummation injuriously.

ON MONDAY, for the tenth time in the history of the United States, the senate sat as a court of impeachment when Federal Judge, English of the eastern district of Illinois was summoned for trial on the charges preferred by the house of representatives. Vice President Dawes presided and nearly every senator was in his seat. The defendant, through counsel, made a general and particular denial of all the charges against him. On Wednesday, when the case was resumed, Senator Willis of Ohio moved to postpone the trial until November 10, mainly for the reason that the senators, especially the 34 who come up for re-election on November 2, will be "more composed in their minds and in better humor in the cool of November than if they took up their duties as judges during the broiling heat that soon will envelop Washington." Despite bitter opposition the motion carried, it being understood that Mr. English shall not sit as a judge in the interim.

THERE was rejoicing in army circles when the house passed the five-year program bill for the army air service. The expenditure of \$75,000,000 for new airplanes, two 6,000,000 cubic foot capacity dirigibles, and a number of training balloons, is expected to make available 1,723 airplanes for active flying units of the regular army and 371 for allocation to National Guard and organized reserve flying units. By providing for the training of enlisted men as pilots, the creation of temporary ranks in the corps, and correction of existing injustices in flying pay the bill is counted upon to relieve conditions which have caused complaint in the present air service.

CORN BELT congressmen and the farm organizations that are supporting the Haugen price fixing farm relief bill served notice on the Republican and Democratic leaders that they will not accept the Fletcher bill or any other as a substitute for the Haugen measure. However, passage of their pet bill in the house now seems less likely than ever, since some of the Southern Democrats on whom they relied, are backsliding. These Southerners say the tariff features of the Haugen measure would "commit them to support of the protective tariff principle."

JAMES E. WATSON, who seeks to succeed himself as senator from Indiana, easily defeated Claris Adams of Indianapolis for the Republican nomination. Senator Arthur Robinson was nominated to fill but the unexpected part of the late Senator Ralston's term. For the Democratic nomination there were six candidates, and as none of them obtained a clear majority the choice of a man to oppose Watson is left to the state Democratic convention.

District of Columbia affairs and on veterans' legislation.

REPRESENTATIVE EDITH ROBERTS of Massachusetts made her maiden speech in the house, pleading for passage of the Johnson bill to include as eligible for hospitalization those World war veterans whose service records do not clearly indicate their disabilities are the direct result of their service in the army or navy. Mrs. Roberts was warmly applauded but the bill was shelved when it was shown that estimates of its cost to the government varied from \$500,000 to many millions a year.

PEACE negotiations between the Rifians and the French and Spanish at Oujda, Morocco, broke down completely when the tribesmen demanded that the allies release fifty prisoners in exchange for as many which they were willing to set free, as a preliminary to further discussion. The French offensive against Abd-el-Krim had been prepared and began promptly, the attacking columns striking north toward the Mediterranean.

PROBABLY very few people in this country knew there was another revolution in progress in Nicaragua. Well, there is, and it has gone so far that the Nicaragua government has declared a state of war. This seems an unwise step for it virtually recognizes the rebels as belligerents and gives them the privilege of obtaining arms and munitions from neutral countries. The movement is led by Luis Beltran Sandoval and Eliseo Duarte. They have captured Bluefields and other towns and at last accounts were in control of the Ito Grande valley, which is the great banana belt. They stole \$100,000 in unsecured currency from the safe of the Bluefields branch of the National bank of Nicaragua, which is chartered under the laws of Connecticut and of which Robert F. Loree of New York is president. The American cruiser Cleveland has been sent to Bluefields.

WARD T. VAN ORMAN with the Goodyear Fly won the national elimination balloon race that started at Little Rock, Ark., and will again represent the United States in the international contest for the Bennett cup. Van Orman landed near Petersburg, Va., having made 345 miles. This beat last year's international mark by eight miles.

NORGE, the great airship in which Amundsen and Ellsworth hope to sail over the North pole, started from Leningrad for Kings Bay, Spitzbergen, Wednesday, and made a successful flight to Vadssoe, northern Norway, where it stopped for fuel. The date of the start from Kings Bay has not been announced but it probably will be soon for Amundsen does not wish the Byrd expedition to get ahead of him. Byrd and his party already are at Kings Bay but were delayed by a mishap to one of their Fokker planes.

SEVEN long-term convicts from Chicago escaped from the Illinois penitentiary at Stateville after murdering a deputy warden and kidnaping a guard and a trusty. Five of them a few hours later encountered a posse in the village of Leonore and an exciting battle ensued. Three of the posse were wounded, one of the convicts was shot full of holes and three others were caught.

TIED TOGETHER, MAN AND WIFE END THEIR LIVES

Leave Note Saying "We Made Up Our Minds to Die Together."

St. Louis.—"We made up our minds to die together. Both want to die at the same time. When the rich can't live, how can the poor? We are poor." A policeman who entered an attic bedroom at 3417-17A Lemp avenue found this note pinned in German on a paper bag. In the bed were the gasphyliated bodies of Joseph M. Oswald, fifty-three years old, and his wife, Mary, forty-three, who owned the whole building and lived in the attic.

The policeman opened the windows. An ambulance was summoned and the bodies sent to the morgue. Carefully Planned. Great care had been taken to prevent failure of the suicide plans. The door and windows had been locked, and carpets draped over the door. A rubber tube had been suspended from an open gas light jet in the ceiling to a point directly over the foot of the bedstead, to which it was tied with string. Then the couple lay down in bed with their faces close to the escaping gas, and to make certain they did not move, a clothesline had been looped under the bed and over the hooded, and tied, with the knot resting within reach of Oswald. The odor of gas reached a second-floor tenant, Mrs. Mary Prethor, and she called Patrolman William A. Krueger, who broke in the bedroom door and found the note and the bodies.

Rented Part of House. On the reverse of the note, which was translated into English by neighbors, was written the name, "Joseph M. Oswald," a quotation, "Live With



Thus They Died.

God," three crosses and an "Amen." There were also the name, address and telephone number of a niece, Kate Schiebel, employed at 3034 Castleman avenue.

The Oswalds lived frugally. They bought the house several years ago. It is a two-story, four-family brick flat with a large attic. They rented the lower floors and reserved the attic for themselves having a bedroom, living room and kitchen. They derived a monthly income of \$35 in rentals from the flats and garages in the rear. No money or bank book was found in their rooms.

Oswald had worked as a machinist until ill health kept him unemployed in recent years. His wife also suffered from illness. They once moved away from the city for the sake of their health, but were not benefited and they returned to the attic eighteen months ago. Their niece, Miss Schiebel, visited them weekly. Oswald was last seen alive Friday night when he went downstairs into the back yard.

Hens Eat Nails and Then Lay—Dead as Doornails

Lamon, Iowa.—Hereafter if a chicken belonging to W. W. Simpson gets hold of a nail it will have to kill it out of a fence or a roof, because none will be left lying around for eating purposes. Some thirty chickens on the Simpson farm became ill and no remedy he gave helped. Several died and a post-mortem was held on one. A nail was found in its gizzard. Believing the other sick chickens were suffering from the same cause, Mr. Simpson called in a veterinarian and operations were performed on the chickens. From one to five nails were found in the craws and gizzards of each. Simpson had left a keg of nails uncovered and the chickens ate them all.

Fire Reveals Fortune Hidden in House Wall

Greenfield, Mass.—Fire in the home of Anthony Lamont, near here, revealed a fortune in the wall of the building. When it appeared that the house would be destroyed, Mrs. Lamont went into the cellar, removed a loose stone from a wall, and took out a huge roll of bills. She told firemen there was between \$2,000 and \$3,000 in the hoard.

MYSTERY CLOAKS GIRL'S QUEER ACTS

Say "Spirit" Is Trying to Communicate With Her.

Oshkosh, Wis.—Marie Maybourne, eleven-year-old foster daughter of a farmer living in the vicinity of Delhi, Wis., has been the center of much discussion in this community during the last three months.

Whether the child is a ventriloquist and is enjoying the startled expressions of those about her when they hear strange noises, ranging from a shrill whistle to tapping sounds apparently coming from the wall, has not been determined. However, since Christmas day, when her mother said she heard noises indicating that toys were being dropped on the floor and there were no toys to drop, Marie has aroused much interest.

Persons living here, who are spiritualists, declare there is a spirit that desires to communicate with the girl. The strange sounds are not the result of pranks by Marie, they say, but really efforts of the "spirit" to communicate some message.

Marie may be playing, as normal children play, when a shrill whistle will announce the beginning of many strange manifestations, according to those who have witnessed them.

The first of these strange performances occurred in the farm home of her foster parents Christmas day. Since that time, in four different houses where the child has been taken, witnesses say, strange noises and sounds have been heard.

Among the more interesting things are the sound of familiar voices, when the owner of the voice has not spoken, the whistle, the tapping and the moving of various objects about the room. Rev. William Grace, adviser of the family, who has watched the child carefully, says he is able to explain some of the peculiar happenings if it is proved the girl is a ventriloquist, but some other happenings are not so easily explained.

Budapest Finds First Known "Radio" Crook

Budapest.—What with new broadcasting stations appearing all over Europe and long distance tests with America, Budapest has developed a radio thief.

Police on the Andrassy Ut. seeing a man carrying a suspicious-looking bundle, stopped him and asked for a look inside. The man dropped the bundle, hit one of the policemen and ran. He was caught after a hot chase.

In the police station he made a confession. His plan, he explained, was to examine roof tops for antennae. When he discovered an intake the rest of his work was easy. First he drummed lightly on a window pane with his fingers. If the people inside were not listening to a program some one would be aroused by the tapping and would approach the window. Then the thief would slip away, if no one came he would open a window, slip in and make his haul.

He said when a program was on, every one in the household, even the cook and the maid, would be listening. By using the radio method he had robbed many apartments.

Cause Fire With Penny Behind Blown Fuse Plug

Springfield.—The practice of plugging pennies behind blown fuse plugs is likely to receive a death sentence from radio fans, State Fire Marshal John G. Hamber said here.

"The practice," the fire marshal said, "has been a prolific cause of fires and a bugaboo of fire officials. It has been discovered that one penny behind a fuse plug ruined radio reception in an entire neighborhood."

The story of the offending penny reached the fire marshal from Little Rock, Ark., where residents of a certain section were in a furor because of persistent radio interference for several nights. An electrical man finally ran down the trouble and located the seat of the trouble. On removal of the penny and insertion of an approved fuse, radio reception immediately cleared up.

Tigress Mauls Trainer as Hundreds Look On

Los Angeles, Cal.—Before the eyes of hundreds of spectators, a tigress, on the occasion of her first public appearance, mauled her trainer, Louis Roth, at a matinee performance of the circus here. Although Roth was carried to the floor under the weight of the snarling animal, he managed to regain his feet and brought her under control of his whip. Roth was treated at the receiving hospital for severe lacerations of the face, head, arms and shoulders. The attack was the second unbridled thrill in the two days the circus had been here. The day before, Hermilia Atayde, star trapeze performer, was seriously injured in a thirty-foot fall.

Rancher Put to Flight by Cheeping Chickens

Sand Point, Idaho.—George Sanders, sixty-seven, a Lightning Creek rancher, has disappeared and neighbors are looking after his thousand baby chicks and, awaiting a consignment of another thousand. Sanders left a note saying the incessant "cheep" of the infant poultry was threatening him with insanity. The prospect of another thousand was too much and he asked his neighbors to see that they were fed.

Great Plain of Saloniki



The Arch of Galerius in Saloniki.

(Prepared by the National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.)

THE greatest engineering enterprise undertaken in the Near East during modern times is to be performed by American engineers near Saloniki, Greece.

Much of the Great Plain of Saloniki, (or Plain of the Yurdur) lying to the west and to the north of the city, is like the Roman campagna, a country of swamps and frequently overflowed land. For centuries this over-moist region has been the source of malaria due to the millions of mosquitoes which it breeds. Yet that portion of the plain which is dry is of wonderful fertility, producing grain, cotton, and tobacco to perfection. The enterprise will consist in draining the swampy regions and protecting the plain from overflows by controlling several rivers, this work to cost between sixteen and seventeen million dollars. In addition the course of the Yurdur river will be bodily shifted at a cost of an additional ten million dollars, to protect Saloniki harbor from silt.

By the undertaking, the Greek government will itself become possessed of approximately 100,000 acres of land now submerged which, it is estimated, will be worth \$27,000,000; while other lands will be benefited by about \$11,000,000 and will swell the taxes.

The Saloniki plain has been famous through the ages. This level region was the heart of Macedonia, and there Alexander was born. The devastating Macedonian plagues there learned its evolutions. At Philippi, near by, Caesar and Pompey fought their important battle. Xerxes crossed this plain with his huge army of Persians to strike at the Grecian city of Athens; later Mithridates traveled the same road to meet the Romans. Saloniki city, then Thessalonika, flourished during New Testament times. Paul labored there and had to flee for his life. The Byzantines, then the Venetians controlled the port; and finally it fell to the Turk and remained under his heel for four centuries.

Saloniki's Fine Situation. The city stands on rising ground at the head of a long gulf, shaped very much like what the classicists call a Phrygian cap, or what is perhaps more familiar to us as the liberty cap of the French Revolution. This gulf, bending to the east in such a way that its inner recesses can never feel the disturbances of the open sea, is formed by that peninsula of Chalcedon whose three long promontories of Kasandra, Longo and Athos are the most salient feature of the northern Aegean. The longer western shore of the gulf sweeps in a curve of over a hundred miles from Saloniki to the tip of the peninsula of Thessaly.

For the greater part of their course these spreading coasts are both high and admirable to look upon. But the line of the Greek mainland is in particular notable because above it tower the three classic peaks of Olympus (9,900 feet), Ossa or Kisavros, as it is now known (6,400 feet), and Pelion or Plessithi (5,800 feet).

As regards approaches from the land, Saloniki is also happily placed. The city faces west and south, toward Macedonia and Thessaly, looking out at Olympus through the gate of the inner bay. The immediate grades of the bay are flat, having been gradually leveled by the three rivers that pour into it. But at no great distance from the water the final spur of the Rhodope mountains make an amphitheater which rises east of the city into three peaks of 3,000 feet each.

On the north the hill of Dhaod Babs reaches a height of 1,500 feet, whence the ground drops away into the plain of the Yurdur.

It is not surprising that a city so admirably placed, whether for defense or for communication, enjoying the temperate climate of the northern

Aegean, and amply provided with the various resources of field, wood, and water, should long have been known to men, and that its possession should often have been disputed.

Founded by Kassander of Macedon. Yet compared to its two great neighbors, Athens and Constantinople, Saloniki is relatively a modern town. Founded originally as an Ionian colony, the place was first known as Spermei, or Therma, from the hot springs which still exist in that eastern district of the bay.

The present town was founded about 315 B. C. by King Kassander of Macedonia, and named after his wife, Thessalonike, half sister to Alexander the Great. The adjoining peninsula of Kasandra takes its name from the king himself, who founded another city on its shore.

Under the Romans, Saloniki grew greatly in importance. Made a free city, the capital of the surrounding region, it became the home of many Roman colonists, and not a few famous names associate themselves with the town. Cicero lived there for a time in exile.

During the Byzantine period Saloniki became the second city of the empire. Its situation made it the commercial capital of the Balkan peninsula, and it rivaled Constantinople as a port of traffic between eastern Europe and Alexandria.

Saloniki has been compared to Genoa. But one's first impression is of a disappointing flatness, not in the least comparable to the lofty air-filled, bastioned, heaven-scaling air-ports of the Italian city. Yet Saloniki scales heaven, too, in her more discreet manner.

And there is even something faintly Italian about her. This is most palpable on the broad quay of the water front, especially when a veritable row of fishermen from the Adriatic are drying nets or sails under the sea wall, just as they do in Venice. The crescent of white buildings facing the blue bay would not look foreign in any Rimini or Spessia. The White Tower, which is the most conspicuous of them, might have been the work of an Italian prince.

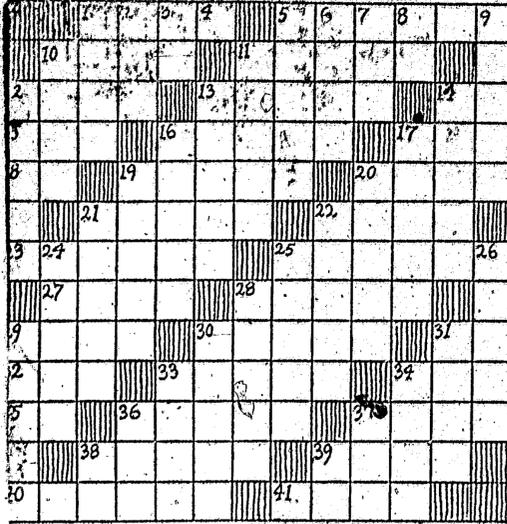
What the People Are Like. As for the people, a good many would pass without question. Just such slight and trim young men in Italy would sit at little tables on the sidewalk. Just such young women, rather pale and powdered as to complexion, rather dusky as to eyes and hair, would sit beside them. And you hear a good deal of Italian. But you hear more of other and less familiar languages. And those red fezies are a new note.

A more striking note is afforded by numerous dignified old gentlemen taking their ease in bathrobes, as it were, sitting a little up the side and tied about the waist with a gay silk girdle. Over the bathrobe they usually wear a long, open coat lined with yellow fur, which guards them from the cold in winter and in summer from the heat. And none of them is without a string of beads, preferably of amber, dangling from his hand and giving him something to play with.

A dozen different estimates of the population will be given an engineer, varying according to the race of the informant; but they all agree on the point that Saloniki contains not far from 100,000 people, and that more than half of them are Jews.

There is also a considerable Moslem population of Hebrew origin, mainly descended from the followers of Sabatal Levi of Smyrna, a would-be Messiah of the Seventeenth century, who created a great stir in this part of the world, and who, being at last offered his choice between death and Islam, elected the latter.

Our Cross Word Puzzle



- Horizontal.
- 1-Nothing of cost
 - 2-You or rural piece
 - 3-It is used through the ear
 - 4-It is used through the ear
 - 5-It is used through the ear
 - 6-It is used through the ear
 - 7-It is used through the ear
 - 8-It is used through the ear
 - 9-It is used through the ear
 - 10-It is used through the ear
 - 11-It is used through the ear
 - 12-It is used through the ear
 - 13-It is used through the ear
 - 14-It is used through the ear
 - 15-It is used through the ear
 - 16-It is used through the ear
 - 17-It is used through the ear
 - 18-It is used through the ear
 - 19-It is used through the ear
 - 20-It is used through the ear
 - 21-It is used through the ear
 - 22-It is used through the ear
 - 23-It is used through the ear
 - 24-It is used through the ear
 - 25-It is used through the ear
 - 26-It is used through the ear
 - 27-It is used through the ear
 - 28-It is used through the ear
 - 29-It is used through the ear
 - 30-It is used through the ear
 - 31-It is used through the ear
 - 32-It is used through the ear
 - 33-It is used through the ear
 - 34-It is used through the ear
 - 35-It is used through the ear
 - 36-It is used through the ear
 - 37-It is used through the ear
 - 38-It is used through the ear
 - 39-It is used through the ear
 - 40-It is used through the ear
 - 41-It is used through the ear
- Vertical.
- 1-To be afraid
 - 2-Flowing instrument
 - 3-Substitution
 - 4-Anger
 - 5-Buick
 - 6-Printing measure
 - 7-Commercial announcement
 - 8-Intelligence
 - 9-To whip
 - 10-Branch of law
 - 11-Understands audibly
 - 12-Mother's death
 - 13-Social affair
 - 14-Intestine
 - 15-Hale
 - 16-To swell
 - 17-Ability
 - 18-Mortgage
 - 19-Preys
 - 20-To ride on ice
 - 21-Adjusts a musical instrument
 - 22-Broached bread
 - 23-Put away for future reference
 - 24-Part tree
 - 25-Game played on horseback
 - 26-Born
 - 27-To jump
 - 28-Note of scale
 - 29-Father

The solution will appear in next issue.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Ed Downing was in from the Block ranch Wednesday.

Lloyd Taylor was in from the Block ranch Thursday.

Mr. R. M. Hipp of the north-side is visiting his daughter Mrs. Mamie Coor of Capitan.

Rev. Onell has returned from New Orleans where he has been studying in the military work, and is now ready to take up the duties of his church at Carrizozo.

Judge J. H. Kingston has returned from Ruidoso, where he has been constructing an addition to the Navajo Lodge.

Bob Hale, J. W. Ezell and Dave Whitely were Roswell visitors Monday.

WANTED—A girl, not over 40 must be blonde, or brunette, to go with Reese Dean. Apply within 40 days.

Contract Let

Santa Fe, May 17. (AP). Bids were opened by the state highway commission on three bridges and the contract will be awarded probably this afternoon.

The low bids:

No. 11 (reopened) over Salda creek, Lincoln county, J. C. Haulvey, Santa Fe, \$14,550.

DRUG STORE CHANGE

J. W. Ezell who has been manager of the Sanalino Pharmacy in this city for the past year, has purchased the entire interests of Jack Price in the business.

Mr. Ezell has been in our community long enough to give us a clue on his sterling qualities and able business ability and his many friends are pleased at the turn the business has taken.

Mr. Price left Thursday for Clovis where he has been employed since selling his interest in the Pecos Valley Drug Store at Roswell.

LOST—A right good shoe the one that fits the left foot, size no. eleven if found please return to Joe Evans and receive liberal reward.

FOR SALE—Some good second hand harness—The Titsworth Co. INC.

FOR SALE—Sumac Cano Seed German Millet Seed Kaffir Corn Seed Milo Maize Seed—The Titsworth Co., Inc.

Reach Perfection Slowly
Arts and sciences are not cast in a mold, but are formed and perfected by degrees, by often handling and polishing; as bears tirelessly lick their eyes into form.—Montaigne.

Andrews Repair Shop
GAS and OILS

Taking the Profit Out of War

By BERNARD M. BARUCH

Reprinted from The Atlantic Monthly.

It was to start, in the event of another war, at the place where we were industrially when the World War ended, the President, acting through an agency similar to the War Industries Board, would have the right to fix prices of all things as of a date previous to the declaration of war when there was a fair peace time relationship among the various activities of the nation. It would be illegal to buy, sell, serve or rent at any other than these prices. Brakes would be applied to every agency of inflation before the inflation process started. An intelligent control of the flow of money and materials would be imposed, instead of having the blind panic heretofore ensuing on the first appearance of the frantic demands of war. The Draft Board would have before it the rulings of the priority committee, together with the estimated needs of every business and profession in its relationship to the conduct of the war, and men would be selected accordingly. The Draft Board could more intelligently decide, with the advice of the priority committee, many of the problems with which it would be faced. There would be no sending of men to the trenches who were needed for expert industrial work, and then bringing them back again. Business not necessary to the winning of the war would be curtailed. The Draft Board would have that information before it.

The prices of all things being fixed, the price fixing committee would make any necessary adjustments, as was done during the war. Under the system used in 1918 those prices were made public and adjusted every three months, so that any consumer or producer had his day in court when he considered prices unfair. Those who complained that during the war prices were too high had this ready recourse to hand.

In the meantime all the industries of the country would have been mobilized by the formation of committees representative of each industry as was done in the World War. Over them would be placed a government director or commodity chief. The various government departments would appoint committees representing their requirements, so that on one committee the resources of the nation would be represented and on the other the demands of the government. The government director would stand between to decide, in conjunction with the priority committee, to what department supplies should go.

Money would be controlled and directed like any other resource. "Taking the profit" out of war is not synonymous with "conscription of wealth," as it is sometimes regarded. The latter is a theoretical project, prohibited by our Constitution, contrary to the spirit of our social and political institutions, and impossible in practice. Taking the profit out of war is an orderly and scientific development of the economics and conduct of modern war, necessary to the effective mobilization of national resources and indispensable to equalizing the burdens of war among the armed and civilian population. Born of experience and proved by practice, it removes some of the most destructive concomitants of modern war—the confusion and waste incident to war time inflation.

This term "conscription of wealth," used by so many, has created a hope among those of socialistic tendencies, and a fear among those who, like me, believe in our system based upon personal initiative and reward, of a taking of money, without payment, for the use of State. Neither the hope nor the fear is justified by the recommendation here contained or by our experience in the war. The use of money should be controlled and directed in a national emergency. A man should be permitted to use his money as he wishes, but he should be permitted to use the production of his mine, mill or factory except through the general supervising agency. This was being done toward the end of the war.

During the final phase of the World War no man or corporation or institution could raise money without the approval of the Capital Issues Committee of the Treasury Department, which committee in turn would not permit the borrowing of money unless the War Industries Board approved the use to which it was to be put. Thus the City of New York was not permitted to spend \$3,000,000 for the building of schools. The City of Philadelphia was prevented from making improvements that in peace time would have been necessary, but in war time were not. Various states, counties and cities, and a vast number of private concerns, were denied the use of money and materials for purposes not necessary for the winning of the war. Each part of the community had to adjust its wants to the whole great undertaking.

Continued in an early issue.

Extinct Indian Tribes
Most was a small Sioux tribe formerly living in southern Mississippi, now nearly or quite extinct. The first direct notice of the Dilut is that by Thierthle, who found them in 1689 about Dilut bay, on the gulf coast of Mississippi, in connection with two other small tribes, the Dakagula and Mectob, the three together numbering only about twenty cabins.

Tiny Church
The smallest Catholic church in the world is on the Old Palo Alto plantation in Louisiana. The chapel is large enough for a small altar and standing room for the priest celebrating mass. The congregation occupies benches outside of the chapel.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL Sunday School Lesson

Lesson for May 23

ISAAC AND HIS WELLS

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 26:12-25.
GOLDEN TEXT—A soft answer turneth away wrath, but grievous words stir up anger.—Prov. 15:1.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Isaac. Refuses to quarrel.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Isaac Refuses to Quarrel.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Isaac the Peacemaker.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—How to Deal With Aggressors.

Isaac was a child of the covenant and given in the time of the old age of Abraham and Sarah in fulfillment of God's promise (Gen. 15:1-5). His name means laughter, a reminder of the gladness of the heart of his mother when she learned that she was to have a son. As to character he was gentle, meek, meditative and peace loving. He was a remarkable contrast to his father Abraham. Two things may have affected him to his disadvantage.

1. The shadow of his illustrious father.
Sons of great and rich men commonly do not make much of life. The necessity of struggle is not forced upon them.
2. He was brought up as the only child of his mother.
The tendency in such a case would be to shield him from the necessity of self-effort so that he would be unable to meet life's stern realities. Every child should be compelled to think for itself and to fight its own battles. While not a mighty man by nature's gifts, through the blessings of God's grace he became the inheritor of the covenant promise. He was not only a meek man, but a man of brave as well (Gen. 21:33; 25:21; 27:23-25).

1. Isaac in Gerar (vv. 12-17).
1. The Lord appeared unto him (vv. 1-4).
Because of famine in the land Isaac went into the country of the Philistines. This distress should have moved him to call upon the Lord (Gen. 5:18). It were better to suffer in the land than to go among the enemies of God's people. The Lord graciously appeared to him there and directed him not to go into Egypt, thus avoiding the error of his father.

2. His lapse (vv. 7-11).
He fell into the same temptation as Abraham many years before (Gen. 20; 12). When one goes into the enemy's country he can expect to be tempted to do wrong.

3. His prosperity (vv. 12-17).
Isaac did not intend to make Gerar his permanent place of abode. He intended only to sojourn there. While there he sowed and reaped bountifully. This prosperity was no proof that God approved of his course.

4. Isaac's Enemies (vv. 18-25).
Isaac was not permitted long to enjoy this fruitful land. His prosperity incited the envy of the Philistines. Success in any calling in life will provoke envy. Ministers and Sunday school teachers sometimes become envious of each other. The Philistines ordered Isaac to leave them. Wherever envy has begun its deadly work there must be separation. They took as the method of getting rid of him the stopping up of the wells. Isaac did not contend with them but peacefully withdrew to another place where he proceeded again to dig the wells of his father. The Philistines again strove with him. He named this place Esau, which means contention, and again he removed from them. The second name he gave was Sitnah, which means enmity. This willingness to remove from the enemy shows his willingness to be imposed upon rather than to fight. The third time he dug wells there was no strife. The name given to this was Rehoboth, which means room. We should learn from his behavior that the way to have peace is to wear out our enemies with patience.

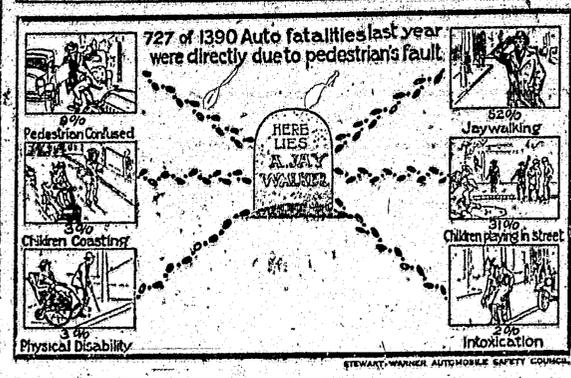
5. Isaac in Beersheba (vv. 22-33).
Immediately upon Isaac's going up from among the Philistines the Lord appeared to him. The Lord permits envy and strife in the world in order to get his children separated from them. Following this visitation by the Lord, Isaac built an altar and called upon his name. As soon as a meeting place with Jehovah was established he pitched his tent there. Following this his servants dug a well. No use going among the Philistines to get water.
After Isaac was established in Beersheba, Abimelech came desiring to make an alliance with him. He gained influence by peacefully withdrawing from them. Being thus convinced they desired to enter into covenant relationship with him. The way to gain influence with the world is to withdraw from it.

Noblest of All Victories
For a man to conquer himself is the first and noblest of all victories; whereas to be vanquished by himself is the basest and most shameful of all things.

Believing in Truth
Trying to have the courage of other people's convictions is a difficult task. One must really believe in a truth himself before he is willing to suffer for it.

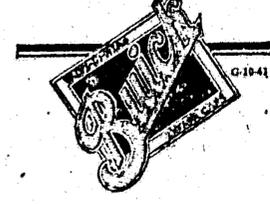
Hats, Shoes and Ready-to-Wear for men, women and children, at prices you can afford to pay.—The Popular Dry Goods Store, Capitan.

Jay Walker to Blame for Half of the Deaths by Auto



MANY a motorist whose car has figured in a fatal accident will be able to present a clear sheet to Saint Peter when his time comes, when one considers all the contributing factors outside of the driver's own fault. A total of 1,390 auto fatalities on record with the Stewart-Warner Safety Council for the prevention of automobile accidents, covering a period of seven months, shows that in 727 cases the fault was clearly the pedestrian's and cannot be put down to the driver, the weather or unavoidable circumstances.

The careless pedestrian's footsteps lead him to the grave by six distinct routes, says the Safety Council, and the most travel-worn of these is jaywalking. Sixty-two per cent of the 727 auto fatalities just referred to were due to straggling across busy streets without using the intersections. Children's playing in the streets was responsible for 31 per cent and coasting for another 2 per cent. Confusion on the part of the pedestrian, not hearing whistles and turning back in his tracks, brought about 9 per cent of these 727 deaths, while physical disability and intoxication rate 3 and 2 per cent respectively.



With Buick mechanical 4-wheel brakes, the brake on the outside front wheel releases on making a turn. The outside front wheel needs to turn in a larger circle to avoid skidding—and Buick brakes let it turn.

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY
Division of General Motors Corporation
FLINT, MICHIGAN

Liberty Garage
CAPITAN, N. M.

DAVID L. GEYER
Ex-Receiver U. S. Land Office
EXCLUSIVE PRACTICE IN UNITED STATES LAND MATTERS
Roswell, N. M.

Capitan Mercantile Company

Groceries, Hardware, Ford Parts, Fresh Fruits, Vegetables and Bread.

We Will Please You
Capitan Mercantile Co.

List

Your property with us today. We can sell it.

Let us show you a few of the bargains we have in city property and close-in acreage.

Capitan Realty Company
Real Estate and Rentals
Capitan, N. M.
Mountaineer Bldg. Post Office Drawer 234

INSURANCE Better Safe than Sorry

Fire—Tornado—Automobile
L. L. BEARD, Agent.

The Titsworth Company, Inc.

- Carry in Stock
- NATIVE SEED CORN
 - ONION SETS
 - PLOWS
 - PLOW POINTS
 - SWEEPS
 - DYNAMITE
 - FUSE
 - BLASTING CAPS
 - HOT SHOTS
 - COLUMBIA DRY CELLS
 - BABBETT METAL
 - SOLDER
 - MATCHED PINE FLOORING
 - DRESSED LUMBER
 - GALVANIZED STEEL ROOFING
 - PAINTED STEEL ROOFING
 - FELT ROOFING
 - LIME and CEMENT
 - WALL PLASTER
 - BLACKSMITHS' COAL
 - BEAVER BOARD
 - BUILDING PAPER
 - RIDGE ROLL
 - BAVE THROUGH

Our Prices Are Reasonable

The Titsworth Co., Inc.

CAPTAN MOUNTAINEER

Published each Friday in the heart of America's Summer and Health Resort...

L. L. BEARD, Editor and Owner. Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office in Capitan, New Mexico.

POLITICALLY INDEPENDENT. Any erroneous reflection on the character, standing or reputation of any person...

Official publication of United States district court in Lincoln county in bankruptcy matters.

Subscription Price: \$1.50 the Year.

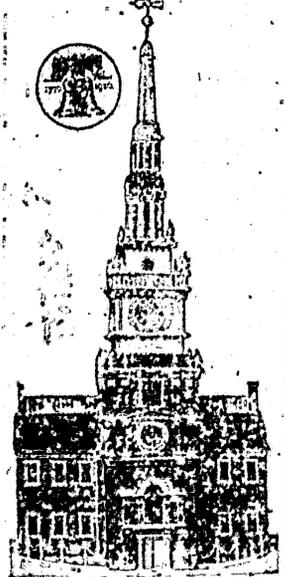
Obituaries, Resolutions, Classified Advertising, Cards of Thanks and other matter not "news" at 10c per line first insertion...

Telephone 1512.

Solution of Last Week's Puzzle

W H A B I T
R I P P L E H O P E T W
I M P R O M I S E T I
N O D S W O R E G A S
S O R T E W E V E N T
T O W E R D R I N K
S P A R S A I P T
S P I N S S W E L L
M I E N T A P R E A D
O L D T A M E D R I A
T O M O R T A R S R R
O P U N T R O P E N
R O A D S P Y R E S

HISTORY IN CAKE



This replica of historic Independence Hall in Philadelphia is a fine example of the baker's art. It was made by the chef of one of Philadelphia's leading hotels to advertise the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition...

1ST AMERICAN YOUTH ENTRY



Edith May Adams, eighteen-year-old Harrington, N. M., girl, presenting her entry blank to Mayor Kendrick in his office at City Hall, Philadelphia.

Edith May Adams, eighteen-year-old Harrington, N. M., girl, presenting her entry blank to Mayor Kendrick in his office at City Hall, Philadelphia.

Edith May Adams, eighteen-year-old Harrington, N. M., girl, presenting her entry blank to Mayor Kendrick in his office at City Hall, Philadelphia.

Institute Wins

The New Mexico Institute Juniors defeated Lincoln and Capitan school Saturday in a track and field meet held on the Institute field. The cadets made a total of 58 points. Lincoln was second with 22 1/2 points and Capitan was third with 18 1/2. The high point man of the meet was Tom Reid of the Institute, with a total of 11 1/2 points. Reid was first in the 50 and hundred yard dashes and a member of the Institute winning relay team. Reid covered the century in 10.8 seconds, considered to be a remarkable record. Poindexter, of the Institute, was second high point man with 10 points.

Fudge Making Finds Favor With Co-Eds

Fudge may be classed with pie as a typical American dish. It has a place in every young man's heart and every girl's category of a accomplishment. Co-eds swear by fudge and "fudge shiners" in college parlors are the very latest wrinkle in collegiate circles.

There's a big wallop in a plaster of fudge, the co-eds explain, because it's one of the greatest sources of energy, containing both milk, the "perfect food," and sugar. If you've any doubt of the place fudge occupies in the young man's heart, try these recipes on him and hear his own answer. Each of the appended dishes was prepared by Miss Mita Given, doing research work in the home economics department of the University of Chicago, and they are the result of much experimentation.

Chocolate Fudge. 2 cups sugar, 2 squares chocolate, 1/2 cup evaporated milk, 1/2 cup water, 1/2 cup corn syrup, 1/2 tsp. vanilla.

Cocoanut Candy. 1 1/2 cups sugar, 1/2 cup butter, 1/2 cup evaporated milk, 1/2 cup water, 1/2 tsp. vanilla.

Ice "Telescopes". Melts (one of the inventors of the telescope) was led to the discovery of optic glasses by observing some conchshells at play upon the ice...

Log Famous for Cutlery. From very early times Maltonshire, the old name for the country around Sheffield, England, was renowned for its cutlery. The poet Chaucer, who lived in the latter part of the fourteenth century, speaks of these products.

This Brief Existence. We are such stuff as dreams are made on, and our little life is rounded with a sleep. —Shakespeare.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., April 29, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that James Stacey, of Capitan, N. M., who, on April 9, 1921, made Add'l. SR. H.E. No. 027023, Las Cruces, formerly Roswell, No. 048924, for NW1/4SW1/4, W1/2NW1/4, NE1/4NW1/4, Sec. 33, SW1/4 Sec. 28, Township 6 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 8th day of June, 1926.

HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

BIDS MAY 17, 1926.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Highway Commission, Capitol Building, Santa Fe, N. M., on May 17, 1926, at 10 a. m. for the construction of Federal Aid Projects, at which places and time bids will be opened and publicly read.

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. 11 Re Opened.

Federal Aid Project No. 11, re-opened, Lincoln county. Length 0.151 miles, located over the Salado Creek, approximately two miles east of Capitan. Construction consists of the erection of 1-89 foot steel span bridge and 2-15 foot approach spans, together with graded approaches.

Approximate Quantities. 68 cu. yds. Class "1" Borrow, 2051 cu. yds. Class "1" Borrow, 304 cu. yds. One Course Gravel Surfacing.

Form for proposals, contract, bond, instructions to bidders, plans and specifications for New Mexico Federal Aid Project No. 11, re-opened, may be examined at the office of the District Engineer, W. C. Davidson, at Roswell, N. M., and at the office of the State Highway Engineer, Santa Fe, N. M.

Complete plans together with proposal blanks for this project may be obtained from the State Highway Engineer, Santa Fe, N. M., upon receipt of twenty-five cents per sheet for blue prints. In all cases these blue prints become the property of the prospective bidder. Price for plans for Project 11, R. O., is \$2.50.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., April 17, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles M. Martin, of Roswell, N. M., who, on July 23, 1921, made Add'l. H.E. Entry Roswell No. 042954, Las Cruces for E1/2 Section 23, Township 6 S., R. 18 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on the 25th day of May, 1926.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., May 3, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charlotte M. Allen, of Pecos, N. M., who, on October 12, 1922, made H. E. Orig. Roswell No. 033222, now Las Cruces, No. 022932, for E1/2 Sec. 9, SW1/4 Section 10, Township 19 S., Range 19 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 14th day of June, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Crescencio Salas, of Pecos, N. M., who, on April 25, 1922, made Add'l. H. E., No. 041551, Roswell, now Las Cruces, No. 023332, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4 Section 5, Township 11 S., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 14th day of June, 1926.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., May 6, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Crescencio Salas, of Pecos, N. M., who, on April 25, 1922, made Add'l. H. E., No. 041551, Roswell, now Las Cruces, No. 023332, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4 Section 5, Township 11 S., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 14th day of June, 1926.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., May 6, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Crescencio Salas, of Pecos, N. M., who, on April 25, 1922, made Add'l. H. E., No. 041551, Roswell, now Las Cruces, No. 023332, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4 Section 5, Township 11 S., Range 13 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 14th day of June, 1926.

SPECIAL NOTICE

A amateur Entertainers Attention. \$60.00 to be given away in prizes. Sketches-Individual Performers. Show given near beginning of June. Communi ate with Mr. Frank Wells, President. THE CINEMA CLUB. FORT STANTON N. M.

Stoic Philosophy. Stoics were the disciples of Zeno, the Greek philosopher who taught during the Second century before the Christian era. These disciples were called Stoics because they listened to Zeno's teachings in a porch at Athens, and the Greek word for porch, expressed in Latin letters, which are the ones we use, was stoia. Zeno taught that man's supreme happiness consisted in living agreeably to nature and reason.

Father of Italian Poets. Guido Guinicelli, an Italian poet, a native of Bologna, who died in 1274, is called by Dante in his "Purgatorio" "the father of Italian poetry." Guido was a Ghibelline and was banished from Bologna in 1274.

Nazarene Church. Sunday School 10 o'clock. Preaching, 11 o'clock. Y P S., 7 p.m. Preaching 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. "Good music" Come out and help us. Your presence will help. P. A. Powell, Pastor.

THE POPULAR STORE

We are just in receipt of large shipment of Merchandise, everything in Springs and Summer Goods and Ready to Wear for Men, Women and Children.

Beautiful Dresses, Hats, Children's Gingham Dresses.

ALL the Newest Materials in Piece Goods. A Vast, French Prints, Etc. a large variety to choose from. A full line of LADIES' HOSIERY.

Including All Sizes, Full Fashioned and Clifton Hose, Small the latest colors, at Real Bargain Prices.

THE POPULAR STORE

Capitan, New Mex.

OUR Soda Fountain is now open and we are prepared to serve you in the best the market affords. Give us a trial.

Sunshine Pharmacy

J. W. EZELL, Mgr., CAPITAN, N. M.

Low Prices on CASINGS and TUBES

Table with columns for size and price. Includes items like 30x3 KELLY SPRINGFIELD Fabric Casings, 30x31, 30x35, 31x4, 32x4, 30x3 GREY TUBES, 30x31, 30x34 REED, 31x4, 32x4, 31x4 1/2.

The Titworth Co., Inc. Capitan, N. M.

Some Good in It

A farmer surprised his wife by buying two tickets for a whist drive. "But you can't play whist," she said. "No," replied her husband, "but I thought the drive would do us good."

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., May 5, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Carl J. Harrington, of Tinnie, New Mexico, who, on July 7, 1922, made Homestead Entry, No. 027777, formerly Roswell, No. 050560, for all of Section 33, Township 6 S., Range 14 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to the land above described, before F. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 12th day of June, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses: Fred F. Clark and William B. Payne, these of Capitan, N. M., and L. N. Bell of Jicarilla, N. M., and R. T. Freeland of Tinnie, N. M. K. D. Stoes, Register. 5-7 to 6-4

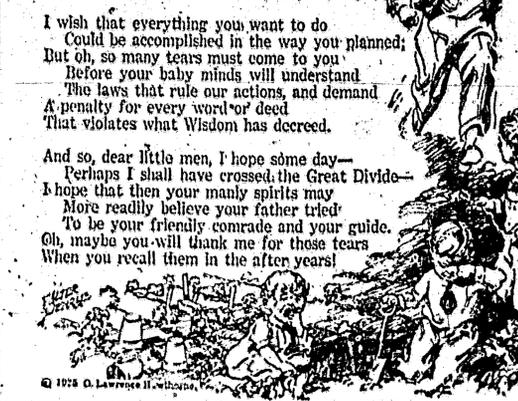
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., May 5, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Roland S. Allen, of Pecos, N. M., who, on July 25, 1922, made Orig. H.E. Roswell No. 050716, now Las Cruces No. 027857, for E1/2 Sec. 10, W1/2 Sec. 11, Township 10 S., Range 19 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 14th day of June, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses: John Cave, Edward Q. Roberts, Frank James, and Ed. W. Nelson, all of Pecos, N. M. K. D. Stoes, Register. 5-7 to 6-4

You'll Understand Some Day

Oh, little men, whom God has given me To cherish and to nurture through the years Of childhood, how it hurts my heart to see Your faces clouded with unbidden tears...



To Be Treasured. All other goods by fortune's hands are given; a wife is the peculiar gift of heaven.— Pope.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., April 24, 1926.

Notice is hereby given that Rex G. Chessor, of Roswell, N. M., who, on June 12, 1922, made Original H.E. Entry Las Cruces No. 027733, for Lots 1, 2, E1/2NW1/4, NE1/4, Section 31, and on July 18, 1922, made Add'l H. E., for Lots 3, 4, E1/2SW1/4, SE1/4, Section 31, Township 7 S., Range 20 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, New Mexico, on the 5th day of June, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas W. Allen, Harford Hale, Robert Latham, Walter Jones, all of Roswell, N. M. K. D. Stoes, Register. 4-23 to 5-23

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. M., April 29, 1926.

Notice is hereby given that William D. Evans, of Pecos, N. M., who, on May 17, 1924, made Original H.E. Entry Roswell No. 042954, and on July 12, 1924, made Add'l H.E. Entry Roswell No. 042954, for S1/2SW1/4, NW1/4, SW1/4, SE1/4, SW1/4, Sec. 23, Township 19 S., Range 19 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 25th day of May, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses: L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 25th day of May, 1926.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., April 29, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that James Stacey, of Capitan, N. M., who, on April 9, 1921, made Add'l. SR. H.E. No. 027023, Las Cruces, formerly Roswell, No. 048924, for NW1/4SW1/4, W1/2NW1/4, NE1/4NW1/4, Sec. 33, SW1/4 Sec. 28, Township 6 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 8th day of June, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses: Dick Burch, Abe Foster, Floyd Dean, and John Foster, all of Capitan, N. M. K. D. Stoes, Register. 5-7 to 6-4

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Las Cruces, N. Mex., April 29, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that James Stacey, of Capitan, N. M., who, on April 9, 1921, made Add'l. SR. H.E. No. 027023, Las Cruces, formerly Roswell, No. 048924, for NW1/4SW1/4, W1/2NW1/4, NE1/4NW1/4, Sec. 33, SW1/4 Sec. 28, Township 6 S., Range 15 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 8th day of June, 1926.

White Line Stage Co. Operating Daily Between Roswell and Carrizozo Roswell and Alamogordo. LONG DISTANCE TRIPS TO ANY POINT A SPECIAL BEST OF EQUIPMENT, CAREFUL DRIVERS. HOME OFFICE, 106 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Roswell, New Mexico.

Professional Card

A. H. HUDSPETH ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office Exchange Bank Bldg Carrizozo New Mex.

L. L. BEARD U. S. Commissioner NOTARY PUBLIC Capitan, N. M.

DAN C. SAVAGE U. S. Commissioner Qualified to Attend to Matters Pertaining to Homestead Roswell, N. M.

E. F. DAVIDSON U. S. Commissioner Real Estate and Insurance Corona, N. M.

HAROLD HURD Attorney at Law Special Attention Given to Land Office Matters Roswell, N. M.

LINCOLN ABSTRACT and INVESTMENT TRUST

General Office for Abstract Accounting, Bonds, and Surrender of all kinds. CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Chickens For Sale. FOR SALE—New lot of 1 White Leghorn hens and 1 lot. Inquire at this office.

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ROOFING
Best Contracting, Asphaltum, Fibre Cement or Roofing Materials of all kinds. When you want something better than ordinary for the best work, call on the Denver Roofing Co. Office, 1515 Broadway, Denver. Ask your dealer or write us.

Grind Dry Cleaning
Grand Bldg., 11th at Logan.
CLEANING, DYEING.
DENVER'S MOST SUCCESSFUL DRY CLEANING, HIGH-CLASS DYEING. We clean silk dresses, blouses, coats, lamp shades, blankets, overcoat suits, ties, silk dresses and hats with excellent results. Note: We do not clean with ammonia. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed \$1.00. Three days service on parcel post.

WANTED, SALESLADIES
FOR SINK LINEN AND DISHES. The proposition, good commissions, \$100.00 per month. Write to: KAYES, 1515 Broadway, No. 8, P.O. Box 1124, Denver, Colo.

BOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.
Established 1876.
MANUFACTURERS OF REPAIRING. All orders promptly attended to. Denver, Colorado.

SAVE \$10 TO \$20 on every saddle or harness. Buy direct from the factory. No middleman's profit. Send for free catalog. Justine, 1515 Broadway, Denver, Colo.

RAZORS
The famous Gillette safety razor. The only razor that has been tested by the U.S. Army and Navy. Price \$2.75. Gillette Safety Razor Co., Boston, Mass.

"E-Z" SEAT SPRING
W. W. Edwards, 1515 Broadway, Denver, Colo.

BABy CHICKS
W. W. Edwards, 1515 Broadway, Denver, Colo.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT
Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

DEDICATE MONUMENT TO SALLIE HOOK

In simple tribute to a true worker who labored that she might give the lives of others high officials of the Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company and practically the entire population of the little town of Folsom, New Mexico will gather that Friday May 15, at the grave of Sarah J. Hook to dedicate a monument erected to her memory by her fellow workers in the telephone industry. Men and women who were warned by Mrs. Hook in time to escape a flood which devastated Folsom eighteen years ago will look on with a grateful boulder, mounted with a bronze tablet, recording the brave operator's sacrifice, is unveiled for the first time.

August 27, 1908, was stormy in northern New Mexico. Heavy rains fell, and the Dry Cimarron usually only a sandy arroyo, ran bankful from the waters of a cloudburst several miles above the village. A ranchman telephoned to the Folsom exchange that the flood was coming. Unmindful of her own danger, "Sallie" Hook stayed at her post and one by one, rang the people of her little town to warn them to fly for their lives. She was still calling out her warning when the crest of the flood swept the little cottage office from its foundations and, seven months later, her body was found in the driftwood miles below.

The grave remained unmarked until recently, when John F. Greenawald, publicity manager of the company, learned of the lonely cemetery, and the story of sacrifice of Mrs. Hook. Eighteen other graves, the toll of the flood he heads that of the brave telephone operator. When the story was told to employees of the Mountain States company for the Folsom exchange never was served by the bell system—dimes and dollars poured in, until nearly 4,000 telephone men and women had contributed to the fund to erect a monument.

A hauler of Balda granite, untouched by chills, was purchased and has been placed over the resting place of the heroine of Folsom. J. E. Macdonald, secretary-treasurer of the Mountain States company, will deliver the address at the unveiling. C. J. Dunahoo, manager of the Folsom Telephone Company, which operates the Folsom exchange, will preside. Mr. Greenawald and A. U. Mayfield, editor of the Monitor, the employees' magazine of the Mountain States company, will attend the ceremony and probably will participate actively in it.

A bronze tablet has been set into the boulder. It bears this inscription: In Honored Memory of SALLIE J. HOOK, Telephone Operator, Who perished in the floodwaters of the Dry Cimarron at Folsom, New Mexico, August 27, 1908, while at her switchboard warning others of their danger.

"Greater Love Hath No Man Than This."
Erected by her fellow-workers.

Widowers Would Marry for Money.
Princeton, N. J.—Sixty-five members of the senior class of Princeton University would marry for money, they would not, and the remaining twenty-two would—providing the sum was satisfactory. It was revealed here by a vote tabulated for the Nassau Herald class year book. The favorite argument of almost half the class was money, the rest preferring reading and golfing. Don Juan was named as the favorite poem. Byron was the world's best poet.

PREFERENCE

Of all the cars you see on the streets, two-thirds are equipped with Champions. This outstanding preference is very definite evidence that Champion is the better spark plug.



CHAMPION
Dependable for Every Engine
Toledo, Ohio

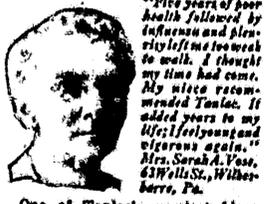


Hotel President
KANSAS CITY
Invites You
The Most Popular Hotel in the Southwest
Rates \$3.00 to \$4.50
One Price to All at All Times
Geo. H. Steinhoff, Pres.

Wheat Products for Food
It has been calculated that wheat flour bread and crackers, pastry and similar products constitute 19 per cent of the total food of the average American family, furnishing about 27 per cent of the total protein, 4 per cent of the total fat and 46 per cent of the total carbohydrates. They contain a high percentage of starch and may be profitably combined with materials rich in protein, meat, eggs, etc., to form a well balanced diet.

Question
"Brown knows all the best people in town."
"Yes, do they know him?"

Young vigor to old folks



"Five years of poor health followed by influenza and pleurisy left me unable to walk. I thought my time had come. My niece recommended Tanlac. It added years to my life! I feel young again."
Mrs. A. A. Voss, 631 W. 15th St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

hanclem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, biliousness and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL
corrects internal troubles, stimulates vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Inset on the original genuine Gold Medal.

BABIES LOVE Mrs. Wainwright's Syrup
The Infant and Children's Remedy Pleasant to give—pleasant to take. Guaranteed purely vegetable and absolutely harmless. It quickly cures whooping cough, croup, colds, sore throat, and all the ailments of the throat. It is the best remedy for all ailments of the throat. It is the best remedy for all ailments of the throat. It is the best remedy for all ailments of the throat.

NELLIE REVELL Says:

SOMETIMES people wonder just how these discreetly-expensive little shops, tucked away in odd corners on the Avenue, manage to exist. And the answer is—charge account. Without credit there would be very little business transacted anywhere and there is hardly a person who does not have a charge account some place.

Not long ago there sat by my bedside a gentleman who congratulated me sincerely on my returning health. My reply was that I really should be felicitated on having been ill in the first place, and allowed to recover in the second; that it had all been actually a double blessing. The conversation took a sudden turn to his own affairs and he made me a confidante of the unhappy period he was going through, due to an estrangement from one of the members of his family and what he would give if the whole misunderstanding could be wiped away. Then it was that I asked him if he had a charge account.

"A dozen," was his answer. "I couldn't do business without them."
"You liquidate your accounts every month?" I said.
"Absolutely. Otherwise my credit wouldn't be good for very long."
He recognized every obligation of credit, for he is a good business man and good business men are honest and punctilious. He knew that if he saw a hut in a shop-window and was induced to purchase it, sooner or later he would have to give up something in exchange. He could not have the hat and his money also and without thinking much about it he realized that such an arrangement was only equitable. But he was unprepared for my next question.

"Have you ever thought of opening a charge account with God?"
He had never explicitly considered God as the source of human happiness and blessings, nor that in return for what God gives us we must give something. It had never occurred to him that if he wanted a reconciliation with that member of his family he must deprive himself of something else. He had not until then caught the idea that only by giving of our own love generously and without stint can we merit the love of others.

As we talked I told him of the time when I was working on a Chicago newspaper and as a matter of convenience opened a charge account with a department store near my office. For three months I paid my bills promptly when they were rendered. The fourth month I was out of the city on an assignment and did not return for several weeks. When I did get back I found a rather curt letter on my desk from the credit man of the store, asking me to kindly remit. Then it was I realized that God was the most lenient creditor I had. My account with the store was but a few weeks overdue, and I had been reminded of it at once. But my bill with God had stood for years and He was still patiently waiting for me to pay something on account. I knew of course that I could never redeem the principal, but at least I could have kept up the interest on it.

One of the reasons for my recovery, I am sure, is the charge account I have had with God. I knew that what He gave me would come when I wanted it. I knew it would not be shoddy nor second-rate. I knew that He cared for my interests, but I realized, too, that I must give Him something in return.

So I have done the only thing I could do to pay that debt. I have endeavored to have nothing but love in my heart, to come as close to the spirit of the Sermon on the Mount as my limited powers would permit; and for loving a great many people He has sent a great many people to love me. He has given me returning health, the strength to write a book, the friends to help me sell it. My charge account with God has not been unavailing.

Al Johnson included this story in a recent letter to me:
"What's de cognomen of dis chiller" asked the colored preacher who was doing the honors at the christening of Mandy's latest offspring.
"Her name am Opium Bryant," was the reply.
"Opium ain't no fit name for a gal," was the reply.
"Well, it fits dis gal," answered mammy, "for dey say opium comes from de wife poppy and dis chiller's poppy ahuh was wileo."

Irvin S. Cobb recently acquired a non-in-law and before and during the ceremony a number of questions were put up to him to settle as the nominal head of the family. One problem was submitted by his (then) prospective son-in-law.
"I don't know how to address Mrs. Cobb," he said. "How did you address your mother-in-law?"
"Well," replied Mr. Cobb, "it was this way: For the first year I called her 'Sey' and after that we all called her 'Grandma.'"

The nearby horizon has signs in plenty, but the one that intrigues me most is the one which reads in part, "The first cost is practically the last." I can't see what artifice it advertises for the roof hides that from me. But there's only one thing I can think of whose first cost is less than the upkeep. The sign must be advertising a funeral.

Shorts
The greatest ocean depth recorded, 22,111.8 feet, is off Mindanao. Earthworms have no eyes, so they "feel" light through their skin. By lightbulbs and towers, America protects 25,000 miles of coast line. A new discovery is said to add to conductivity of copper 14 per cent. Whittier paid for his education by making slippers at 35 cents a pair. Holland's windmills are disappearing before the advance of electric power.

WOMAN COULD NOT SLEEP

Her Mother-in-Law Knew A Remedy

Mrs. Belle Thompson was in a very weak and run-down condition for four years. She had great difficulty in getting to sleep at night and even then did not sleep soundly. She would wake up again and again. Besides this her appetite was poor. My mother-in-law told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash, she writes: "I took six bottles of the Vegetable Compound and I was not the same woman at all. I could sleep and would get up in the morning singing and feeling fine. I am the mother of three children and always after the babies came I had to take treatments, but I can truly say that this last time I have only used the Sanative Wash. It does me more good than the treatments. It keeps me on my feet to care for my children and I do most of my work. I feel it my duty to let you know how both of the medicines have helped me."
—Mrs. Belle Thompson, R. 2, Rossville, Georgia.



Are you on the Sunlit Road to Better Health? If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped others, why shouldn't it help you?
"Have you ever thought of opening a charge account with God?"
He had never explicitly considered God as the source of human happiness and blessings, nor that in return for what God gives us we must give something. It had never occurred to him that if he wanted a reconciliation with that member of his family he must deprive himself of something else. He had not until then caught the idea that only by giving of our own love generously and without stint can we merit the love of others.

Our Progressive Age
The pioneer woman, who had to chop ice out of the well at 6 a. m. to get water, has an intrepid granddaughter who goes around with her goggles unattached.—Detroit News.

Natural Consequence
"How old are you, Tony?"
"Pleaza, feeb, I dunno; my fadder loozza do track."

Have Good Hair And Clean Scalp
Cuticura Soap and Ointment Work Wonders. Try Our New Shaving Stick.

Sure Relief
BELLANS INDIGESTION SURE RELIEF
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief
FOR INDIGESTION
25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

Queer Look
Commissioner McLaughlin of New York was talking about certain investigations.
"Some of it has a queer look," he said. "Yes, in its queerness some of it reminds me of the Moorish millionaire."
"The Moors are great gamblers and very fond of horse racing. Well, this millionaire set up a racing stable and did well. One day, though, just after a horse of his had won a race, he rushed up to the judges' stand and yelled:
"I protest! I protest!"
"But your horse won," said the judge.
"I know it," said the Moor millionaire. "That's why I protest. I didn't want him to win!"

"BAYER ASPIRIN" PROVED SAFE
Take without Fear as Told in "Bayer" Package



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-five years for

Colds, Headache, Neuritis, Dumbago, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain, Pain

Each unbroken "Bayer" package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100.

CORNS
In one minute the pain is Gone!
Gets at the cause of corns

Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads work like magic, because they remove the hard, corn or rubbing of them. The pain goes instantly. Amputation of a burning with "drops" (acid) is dangerous—and Scholl's Zino-pads are safe, gentle, antiseptic, healing. They protect while they heal. Get a box at your druggist's or shoe dealer's—30¢.

For Free Samples Write to Scholl Bros., Chicago

Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads
Put one on—old pain is gone

WANT TO HEAR FROM OWNER OF THIS FINE HOME? Write to: J. H. GARDNER, 1000 E. 10th St., Denver, Colo.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

Lesson for May 23
ISAAC AND HIS WELLS

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 26:12-25.
GOLDEN TEXT—A soft answer turneth away wrath, but grievous words stir up anger.—Prov. 15:1.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Isaac Refuses to Quarrel.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Isaac Refuses to Quarrel.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Isaac the Peacemaker.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—How to Deal With Aggressors.

Isaac was a child of the covenant and given in the time of the old age of Abraham and Sarah in fulfillment of God's promise (Gen. 15:1-5). His name means laughter, a reminder of the gladness of the heart of his mother when she learned that she was to have a son. As to character he was gentle, meek, meditative and peace-loving. He was a remarkable contrast to his father Abraham. Two things may have affected him to his disadvantage.

1. The shadow of his illustrious father.

Sons of great and rich men commonly do not make much of life. The necessity of struggle is not forced upon them. They are tempted to live in the shadow of their fathers.

2. He was brought up as the only child of his mother.

The tendency in such a case would be to shield him from the necessity of self-reliance so that he would be unable to meet life's stern realities. Every child should be compelled to think for itself and to fight its own battles. While not a mighty man by nature's gifts, through the blessings of God's covenant he became the inheritor of the covenant promise. He was not only a meek man, but a man of prayer as well (Gen. 24:33; 25:21; 26:25-25).

1. Isaac in Gen. (vv. 12-17).
1. The Lord appeared unto him (vv. 1-4).

Because of famine in the land Isaac went into the country of the Philistines. This distress should have moved him to call upon the Lord (Jas. 5:13). It were better to suffer in the land than to go among the enemies of God's people. The Lord graciously appeared to him there and directed him not to go into Egypt, thus avoiding the error of his father.

2. His lapse (vv. 7-11).

He fell into the same temptation as Abraham many years before (Gen. 20: 13). When one goes into the enemy's country he can expect to be tempted to do wrong. It was when Esau warmed himself at the fire of the enemy that he was tempted to deny his Lord.

3. His prosperity (vv. 12-17).
Isaac did not intend to make Gerar his permanent place of abode. He intended only to sojourn there. While there he sowed and reaped bountifully. This prosperity was no proof that God approved of his course.

4. Isaac's Enemies (vv. 18-22).
Isaac was not permitted long to enjoy this fruitful land. His prosperity incited the envy of the Philistines. Success in any calling in life will provoke envy. Ministers and Sunday school teachers sometimes become envious of each other. The Philistines ordered Isaac to leave them. Wherever envy has begun its deadly work there must be separation. They took as the method of getting rid of him the stopping up of the wells.

Isaac did not contend with them but peacefully withdrew to another place where he proceeded again to dig the wells of his father. The Philistines again strove with him. He named this place Esau, which means contention, and again he removed from them. The second name he gave was Sitnah, which means enmity. This willingness to remove from the enemy shows his willingness to be imposed upon rather than to fight. The third time he dug wells there was no strife. The name given to this was Rehoboth, which means room. We should learn from his behavior that the way to have peace is to wear out our enemies with patience.

5. Isaac in Beersheba (vv. 23-33).
Immediately upon Isaac's going up from among the Philistines the Lord appeared to him. The Lord permits envy and strife in the world in order to get his children separated from them. Following this visitation by the Lord, Isaac built an altar and called upon His name. As soon as a meeting place with Jehovah was established he pitched his tent there. Following this his servants dug a well. No use going among the Philistines to get water, other wells besides theirs, are to be found.

6. After Isaac was established in Beersheba, Abimelech came desiring to make an alliance with him. He gained influence by peacefully withdrawing from them. Being thus convinced they desired to enter into covenant relationship with him. The way to gain influence with the world is to withdraw from it.

Worship
Worship as though the Deity were present. If my mind is not engaged in my worship, it is as though I worshipped not.—Confucius.

God's Offer
God offers to every mind its choice between truth and repose. Take which you please, and you can never have both.—Emerson.

Viewing the World
We view the world with our own eyes each of us, and we make from the world within us the world which we see.—W. M. Thackeray.

Something Worthy to Do
Have something worthy to do for that keeps many a man going after he is through.—Western Christian Advocate.

Ask Your Dealer



ASK your local dealer to recommend a practical decorator. If you are unable to secure one you can do the work yourself, tinting and staining your walls to give beautiful results.

Alabastine

Instead of Kalsomine or Wall Paper
Buy Alabastine from your local dealer, white and a variety of tints, ready to mix with cold water and apply with a suitable brush. Each package has the cross and circle printed in red. By intermixing Alabastine tints you can accurately match draperies and rugs and obtain identical treatment of each room.



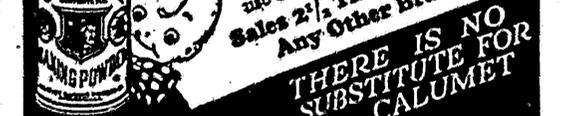
Write for special suggestions and latest color combinations
ALABASTINE COMPANY
1647 Grand Blvd., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Just for Curiosity

If you are curious about the results of using Calumet—bake a cake and use some other baking powder, then use the same recipe and employ CALUMET THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

Compare the texture of the two cakes—the way they look—the way they taste. The difference will make you join the millions who use Calumet daily.

Sales 2 1/2 Times Those of Any Other Brand



THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR CALUMET

Women in Hall of Fame

The women of the Hall of Fame are Mary Lyon, Emma Willard, Maria Mitchell, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Frances E. Willard, Charlotte Cushman and Alice Freeman Palmer. The first three were chosen in 1905; the next two in 1910; Charlotte Cushman in 1915, and Mrs. Palmer in 1920. Four of the seven are teachers, two reformers and one an actress.

"DIAMOND DYES" COLOR THINGS NEW

Just Dip to Tint or Boil to Dye
Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can tint soft, delicate shades or dye rich, permanent colors in lingerie, silks, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings—everything!

Buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

New Idea for Organ
Prof. Max Meyer of the University of Missouri has invented an organ, with which it is possible to play music written upon a scale of twenty-four tones instead of the usual twelve. The tip of each key is detached on the instrument and when depressed produces a tone halfway between that of the key of which it seems a part and the next lower one.

Cuticura for Sore Hands.
Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Advertisement.

Be slow in choosing a friend, slower in changing.—Franklin.

Many things difficult to design prove easy to perform.—Johnson.

ECZEMA

Relieve that itching, burning torment and start the healing with Resinol

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Stops the pain of Corns, Bunions and Calluses. Before putting on your shoes, sprinkle into them some Allen's Foot-Ease and walk all day or after all evening without the nerve-racking pain of hot, tired, swollen feet. It gives immediate relief. Allen's Foot-Ease the Anti-Pruritic, Itching Powder for the Feet, takes the itching from the shoes and gives new life to old shoes. Always use it for breaking in new or tight shoes. Sold by all drug and department stores. Allen's Foot-Ease, 150 West 13th St., New York, N. Y.

DON'T BE GRAY

Darken your gray hair gradually, surely and safely in privacy of your home. Guaranteed by millions. Money-back guarantee. 200 West 13th St., New York, N. Y.

Kill All Fleas!

THEY SPREAD DISEASE! Food poisoning. DASH FLY KILLER, effective and safe all over the house. Kills all insects. Kills all fleas. Kills all ticks. Kills all lice. Kills all mites. Kills all beetles. Kills all crickets. Kills all cockroaches. Kills all ants. Kills all wasps. Kills all bees. Kills all flies. Kills all mosquitoes. Kills all moths. Kills all worms. Kills all maggots. Kills all pupae. Kills all larvae. Kills all eggs. Kills all spores. Kills all bacteria. Kills all germs. Kills all viruses. Kills all fungi. Kills all parasites. Kills all toxins. Kills all poisons. Kills all diseases. Kills all death.

Novel California Race

An annual "snow-to-surf" race is held in California from Lake Arrowhead to Newport-Balboa. Starting in the snow the participants go through several snow stunts, then by auto to the sea, and finally change their winter raiment for bathing suits and dive overboard from their canoes. All contestants must carry full equipment from the time they take off on the ski jump to the time they jump into the briny deep.

Varied Electric Signs

Out of 17,000 electric signs in New York below One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street 2,800 are restaurant signs, 1,500 advertise barber shops, 1,100 tobacco, white theaters come seventh on the list.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA



MOTHER—Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve infants in arms and children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of **Dr. J. C. Hathcock** Apothecary, Hamilton, N. C. Physicians everywhere recommend it.