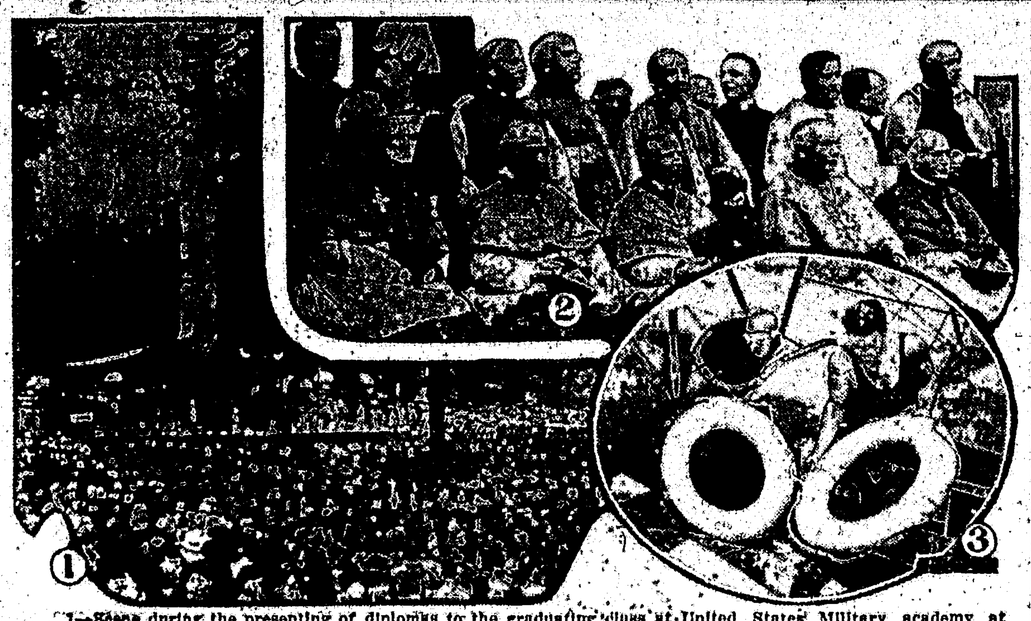
THE CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER

Twelfth Year—No. 4 | CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. M., FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1926 | Subscription Price, $1.50 a Year



1—Scene during the presenting of diplomas to the graduating class at United States Military academy at West Point. 2—Cardinals from European countries reviewing New York parade in honor of Papal Legate Cardinal Bonzano. 3—Airplane life guard patrol established at Santa Monica beach, near Los Angeles.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Politics in Pennsylvania as Revealed to the Senate Committee of Inquiry.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

DISGUST rather than astonishment was the emotion generally aroused by the revelation of political corruption made before the senate committee investigating the recent Pennsylvania primary contest. Though the total of money expended in the campaign for the Republican senatorial nomination and other offices was extraordinary—in round figures $2,000,000—the fact that political conditions in the Keystone state were rotten was not "news."

Congressman William S. Vare, who defeated Senator Pepper and Governor Pinchot for the nomination, told the committee the expenses of his organization were nearly $600,000; but he insisted only a fraction of this should be charged up to his own candidacy. The remainder, he said, was expended in the interest of the candidacies of Beidleman for governor, James for lieutenant governor, Ward for secretary of internal affairs, and of scores of congressmen, state legislators and state, county and precinct committeemen constituting the Vare organization, and a considerable proportion of the 5,000 candidates for all offices in that primary. For himself, it was necessary to carry on a gigantic letter-writing campaign because the newspapers of the state were all against him and would give him no publicity.

According to other witnesses, the Pepper-Fisher campaign, which was backed by the Mellons, cost in the neighborhood of $1,100,000; the main purpose in that fight being to retain the leadership in the state Republican organization for Secretary of the Treasury Mellon. That gentleman said in an interview that he thought the committee would find all the expenditures were legitimate and essential in the circumstances. Huge sums were paid out to "watchers" employed in great numbers, but Mr. Mellon said these watchers were legalized under the Pennsylvania law. The sources of the funds interested the committee very much. Senator Reed, chairman, inquired especially into the $307,575 contribution made by Joseph R. Grundy, president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' association, and the $90,000 note signed jointly by Grundy and Folwell, seeking to compel the latter to admit that they confidently expect that note, at least, to be fully repaid. It was obvious to observers that the senator suspected that the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' association would reimburse Grundy and Folwell.

Mayor Kline of Pittsburgh was embarrassed and angry witness. He was questioned concerning a speech in which he was quoted as threatening city employees with discharge if they did not deliver their wards and precincts to Vare. Mayor Kline has strenuously denied the accuracy of this report, but when it appeared that the account of the speech was transcribed from stenographic reports, Kline admitted he might have said some of the things attributed to him.

Harry A. Mackey, city treasurer of Philadelphia and chairman of the Vare campaign committee, entertained and enlightened the committee with his frank testimony, but he denied that any of the contenders in the primary had spent a penny to buy votes or that there was any debauchery of the ballot box in Pennsylvania. He asserted that Vare's candidacy was a mere incident in the whole campaign and that every cent of $900,000 or more that was spent for the ticket would have been spent if the senatorship had not been at stake at all.

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon league, having stated publicly that liquor dealers and wets generally had made large contributions to the Vare campaign fund, was promptly subpoenaed by the committee. Reed then had a chance to examine Wheeler concerning the league's pay roll in congress and its political activities generally. The names of many senators and representatives who are paid for dry speechmaking revealed [illegible]

JOHN CARDINAL BONZANO was given an extraordinary welcome on his arrival in New York, Gov. Al Smith and Mayor Walker heading the demonstration in honor of the legate of the pope. Monsignor Bonzano then, with nine other cardinals and other high churchmen, was carried in a specially designed and decorated train to Chicago for the Eucharistic Congress. There the party was met by cheering thousands and escorted through the handsomely bedecked city in an impressive parade to the Holy Name cathedral, where a te deum was sung and the legate was formally welcomed by Cardinal Mundelein. On Sunday the Eucharistic Congress was opened by the celebration of mass in the cathedral, which was lavishly decorated. President Coolidge was unable to go to Chicago but was represented by Secretary of Labor Davis.

WHEN the French franc had another bad slump, to 37 to the dollar, Finance Minister Peret gave up the job of saving it and resigned. He was followed out by the entire cabinet, but President Doumergue persuaded M. Briand to remain as premier, and that veteran undertook to create a "national union" cabinet which might obtain a right-center majority in parliament. It was said Poincare was offered the post of finance minister with the understanding that he should not treat the ideas of the left too roughly, and the radical Socialists after a stormy meeting gave permission to Heriot to enter the cabinet if he wished. The radicals are in the majority but admit they cannot handle the country's finances. In their caucus they decided unanimously that the Berenger accord on the French debt to the United States was on the whole very advantageous to France.

BRAZIL, as was expected, has announced her withdrawal from the League of Nations, giving the two years' notice required by the covenant. President Bernardes sent the notice to the secretary general at Geneva. He goes out of office in November and the league supporters have some hope that his successor, Senhor Luis, may withdraw the resignation. Otherwise, they fear, the league may before many years find itself made up only of European nations. The representatives of other South American nations say their governments will not be influenced by Brazil's action, but probably if South America is depleted of any of its three nonpermanent seats in the council there will be other withdrawals. Spain may resign anyway, and there are indications that China and Persia may leave the league because Asia has been given no permanent seat. Dictator Primo de Rivera still insists Spain must have a permanent seat in the council, if Germany is granted one, and it is predicted that if Spain resigns there will be formed a Spanish-speaking league including South and Central America.

ADOPTING the motion of General Lassiter, its chairman, the Tacna-Arica plebiscite commission declared the proposed plebiscite, to determine whether those provinces should belong to Peru or Chile, was impracticable because of the impossibility of establishing sufficient guarantees to insure a fair vote. Chile was blamed for existing conditions, and the angry Chilean government cabled its ambassador to Washington to break off the diplomatic negotiations for settlement of the quarrel with Peru. Thus seemingly the whole effort to compose that old dispute has collapsed, and it is feared in Washington that the failure will be a severe blow to the prestige of the United States throughout the western hemisphere. The Chileans are enraged, and the entire chamber of deputies arose and cheered leading members who violently denounced the United States and General Lassiter and attacked the Monroe doctrine.

COUNT SKRZYNSKI, former premier of Poland, and General Szeptycki, chief aide to Marshal Pilsudski, fought a picturesque duel with pistols in Cracow. At the word of command the general fired, the bullet grazing the count's scalp. The count then aimed at his adversary's head and dropped his weapon without firing, saying: "I do not know how to miss and I don't want to kill." Thereafter in Poland, in his honor or conscience, thinks he has a right to shoot at me and that which I represent let him shoot. I won't shoot back."

The referee decided the honor of all parties had been vindicated. The affair grew out of the general's refusal to accept the ex-premier's proffered hand after a political dispute.

UNDER the terms of the debt-funding agreements, 10 nations paid into the United States treasury last week a total of $77,783,127. Great Britain and Italy paid in securities; Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Esthonia, Hungary, Poland, Lithuania, Rumania and Finland paid in cash.

COL. CARMI A. THOMPSON of Cleveland, accompanied by Mrs. Thompson, two secretaries and some press correspondents, has sailed from Seattle for the Philippines, commissioned by the President to make a complete survey of the government of the islands and of general conditions there; and it is possible he will extend his inquiry to other American insular possessions in the Pacific. He goes as the personal representative of Mr. Coolidge and has a free hand, and it is not unlikely that his trip will result in the devising of a new system of government for the Philippines, Samoa and Guam by which a civil commission would replace the army and navy in authority and would report directly to the President. At Manila he will put himself in full accord with Governor General Wood, whose official acts have the approval of the administration.

SECRETARY MELLON probably gave the corn-belt farm relief bill its death blow when, in response to the request of Representatives Haugen, Dickinson and Anthony for his views, he declared the measure economically unsound and inherently harmful to both producers and consumers. His expression was taken to mean that President Coolidge would veto the bill if it were passed.

The sale abroad of crop surpluses at lower prices than obtained on the American market would amount, in the opinion of Secretary Mellon, to subsidizing foreign competition with American industry and with American labor, whose buying power would also be reduced by increased cost of food. The treasury head thinks the plan would operate to increase production and decrease consumption, thereby producing a still greater surplus.

The soundest policy of farm aid, according to Secretary Mellon, is to develop orderly co-operative marketing, eliminating waste between producer and consumer and to effect an increase in prices at home through stimulation of foreign demand for American farm products. Foreign demand can be increased, says the secretary, by the restoration of European monetary stability and consequent capacity to buy, which may be expected from the settlement of the war debts and financial assistance by American bankers and investors.

Corn-belt legislators were enraged by the secretary's letter and denounced him and the administration unsparingly. There were open threats of a revolt within the Republican party in November, and the Democrats were quick to take advantage of the situation. After a conference of leaders, Senator Robinson declared his party would stand solidly against the corn-belt bill, but in favor of the Carl Vrooman measure providing for government loans to promote foreign buying of American farm products and in favor of tariff revision for the benefit of the farmer. Senator Robinson called upon his fellow Democrats and the dissatisfied western Republicans to join now and keep congress in session until the tariff is revised and farm relief legislation passed.

TWELVE senators, mostly from the lake states, have made an agreement to filibuster against the omnibus rivers and harbors bill because it carries the authorization for the Illinois link of the lakes-to-the-gulf waterway. The filibusters are led by Willis of Ohio and they planned to delay the measure as long as possible in committee and to talk it to death on the senate floor. Senator Deneen of Illinois said the bill could not be killed by such tactics, and house leaders declared congress would not adjourn until the bill was passed.

First Suicide in Monte Carlo Casino

London.—An unlucky gambler has committed suicide in the casino at Monte Carlo for the first time in its history.

Many other losers have killed themselves outside the building, but the last suicide, an Italian, succeeded in slashing his throat in the famous sporting club before guards could interfere.

The room was cleared for a few minutes, and the blood stains on the floor covered with carpets. Then gambling was resumed.

DESERT REVEALS TRIPLE TRAGEDY

Mother, Bitten by Snake, Kills Children and Self.

Casa Grande, Ariz.—A grim tale of triple death on the desert was unfolded near here with the finding of the bodies of Mrs. E. J. Cox and her two children, aged six years and four months.

The woman killed her children, she explained in a note, to keep them from starving to death on the desert and then ended her own life because she could no longer stand suffering resulting from a rattlesnake bite.

The woman's husband found the bodies when he returned to the homestead, 23 miles southwest of here. Mrs. Cox had shot herself through the heart. A four-page note to her husband explained her action.

Parts of the note were written Sunday, Monday and Monday night. Toward the last the woman apparently weakened to such an extent that the handwriting was almost illegible.

The note disclosed that Mrs. Cox was bitten on the foot by the reptile Sunday night. She finally slit the wound with a knife after home remedies failed to alleviate her suffering. In so doing she severed an artery.

Weakened by loss of blood, she was unable to crank an automobile to go for aid. She fired a rifle several times, but this failed to attract the attention of neighbors, the closest seven miles away.

Cox had been working on a ranch a score of miles away.

Duck "Kid They Didn't Like" in Stagnant Pool

Boston.—Three East Boston boys are charged by the police with having stripped the clothing from a five-year-old youngster and tossed him into a pool of stagnant water, where he would have drowned but for the sharp eyes of a commuter on a passing train. They did it because they "didn't like the kid," one of them is said to have told the policemen.

According to the police report, the three boys were playing "hookey" when James McGinn, five, came along. He had mud stains on his trousers, and one of the older boys offered to clean them if he would take them off. He finally consented and the three removed all his clothing. They picked him up, carried him to the edge of the pool and threw him in. Then they fled.

A short time after a train passed and one of the passengers saw the body. He jumped off, ran to the pool and dragged the youngster to the surface. The boy was unconscious, but the commuter, whose identity the police do not know, went to work on him and by means of artificial respiration partly revived him. When he saw the child was returning to consciousness, he summoned the police.

Negro Boys Attempt to Crucify Companion

Atlantic City, N. J.—The story of how a group of negro boys tried to crucify one of their companions was brought to light when the parents of eleven-year-old Harry Brown, a negro, took him to the Atlantic City hospital for treatment of a deep flesh wound in the palm of his right hand.

Harry said he was playing in a vacant lot near his home in North Kentucky avenue recently when his companions conceived the idea of staging an impromptu Passion play—with Harry picked for the leading role. All went well until the crucifixion scene. They laid Harry out on his back and on an improvised cross made of old boards.

He said he was innocent of their intentions until one of them started to hammer a twenty-penny nail into his hand, with a large rock. Harry howled, and the Passion play stopped right there.

Angry Elephant Kills

Calcutta.—Tormented by a boy, an elephant, walking in a religious procession, later recognized the youngster, picked him up in his trunk and dashed him to death against the ground.

Mauls Preacher

Whitesburg, Ky.—Martha Bates drew a thirty-day jail sentence here for hitting Rev. Arlie Brown. The minister preached a sermon against bobbed-haired women.

Find Killer in Church

Derry, N. H.—Frank Owens, a farm hand, sought for the murder of an Atkinson farmer, was found kneeling in a pew of St. Thomas Aquinas Catholic church here.

BUNKER HILL FOREVER SACRED GROUND

Lost for years, John Trumbull's famous painting, "The Battle of Bunker Hill," has been found in Washington and now hangs in the office of Secretary of the Treasury Mellon.

Glorious Memories of Bunker Hill

ON THE seventeenth day of June, 1775—151 years ago—during two hours of a hot Saturday afternoon, was fought the first battle of the war that made America a nation. There had been preceding skirmishes and bloodshed, but the engagements at Lexington and Concord were merely the unorganized resistance of a suddenly aroused countryside, a mob, fighting in self-defense. The sequel to his mob of Minute men was a mobilized army with an aggressive plan, and its engagement with the troops of England on this date was a battle in the military sense, that committed the Colonies beyond recall to open war. It was familiar to every one as the battle of Bunker Hill, and perhaps not one in a thousand are aware that it was not fought on Bunker hill, that the famous monument bearing that name does not stand on Bunker hill, and that Bunker hill has little more to do with that memorable fight than did any one of a half-dozen other nearby hills. The confluence here of the Charles and Mystic rivers has made an intricate and peculiar system of channels, bays and peninsulas. One of these peninsulas, separated from the one on which Boston stands by the Charles, rose here and there into hills that if fortified would command the water on three sides and also the town of Boston. These eminences were known as Bunker hill, Breed's hill, Morton's hill, Town hill, etc. Town hill probably took its name from the village of Charlestown, which stood on the peninsula; who or what Bunker's hill was named for the historians do not say.

Intrenched on Bunker Hill.

Bunker hill, its crest about ten feet above the water level, was the highest, but Breed's was within easy gun range of Boston. When the American army invested the city the fortification of the Charlestown peninsula was a matter of military importance to both belligerents, and the provincial command forestalled the British in its possession by sending a force to intrench itself on Bunker hill, the first eminence after crossing the isthmus. The commander of the detachment, after consulting with his officers, chose the next elevation, a half mile nearer Boston, and thereon built the redoubt. The work was mostly done on the night of the sixteenth, and the first intimation that the British had of it was soon after daylight of the seventeenth, when one of their frigates lying in the harbor opened fire on the fortifications where the provincials were still busy. It took from then till noon for the English to organize the attack. Incensed by sniping from Charlestown, the English threw red-hot shot that fired the village, and while it burned, to the accompaniment of cannonading of the fortified height by the English vessels and the batteries on the Boston shore, the redcoats marched up the hill slope three times, only to be mowed down each time and routed temporarily by the musketry of the patriots. Thousands of Boston citizens watched the fight from their housetops.

Great American Victory.

The defenders were driven out finally owing to their shortage of ammunition, but the effect was that of an American victory, and an important one. It taught the English what they had not before realized, that the Colonists were in deadly earnest. As one historian says: "From that moment there was no possibility of a return to a colonial position, and though more than seven years of battle followed, this battle of the beginning, the most bloody of all, and the most sharply contested, has proved to be also the most critical."

Concerning Bunker hill the same writer says: "The height on which the battle was fought had no distinctive name before that time, but was known as pastures belonging to different men, Breed being one of them. After the battle the hill was called Breed's hill, but as the detachment was sent to put up fortifications on Bunker hill, that designation clung to the fight. Hence the confusion of names which puzzles every reader out of Massachusetts."

New view of Bunker hill monument, looking up Monument street from Medford street, Charlestown, Mass.

Washington in Command.

It was on June 15, two days before Bunker Hill, that the congress elected Washington to be commander in chief of the Continental army. This was done on the initiative and strong urging of John Adams of Massachusetts and on the motion of Thomas Johnson of Maryland, and the vote was unanimous. We should remember, too, that the army thus created was called not the American but the Continental army, while that of General Gage at Boston was referred to as the Ministerial army; so general was the feeling that this was merely a civil war, like that between the parliamentary and royalist forces in Cromwell's time, and was not an actual revolution for severance from the British empire. On June 16, the day before Bunker Hill, Washington formally accepted the election, uttering as he did so words worthy of all remembrance as a vivid and vital revelation of the spirit of "the greatest man on that floor":

"Lest some unlucky event should happen unfavorable to my reputation, I beg it may be remembered by every gentleman in the room that I this day declare, with the utmost sincerity, that I do not think myself equal to the command I am honored with. As to pay, I beg leave to assure the congress that, as no pecuniary consideration could have tempted me to accept this arduous employment, at the expense of my domestic ease and happiness, I do not wish to make any profit of it. I will keep an exact account of my expenses. Those I doubt not they will discharge; and that is all I desire."

Colonial Army Inadequate.

The next day, at the very hour when the battle was raging at Bunker hill, the congress, all unconscious of what was happening at Charlestown, formally approved the form of commission to be given to Washington; on June 19 the commission was signed and delivered to him; and on June 21 he set out on horseback from Philadelphia for Cambridge. Four days later, at New York, he first learned of the battle which had been fought eight days before; whereupon he pushed on with redoubled energy. He reached Cambridge on July 2, and slept that night in the Vassall mansion, afterward known as the Cradle house, and still later the home of Longfellow. On the next morning, July 3, he assumed command of an army of about 17,000 men, of whom not more than 14,500 were fit for duty. The pitiful inadequacy of equipment may be estimated from the fact that there was enough powder to provide only eight cartridges to each man. No wonder that Washington's first two letters to congress were urgent pleas for more ammunition!

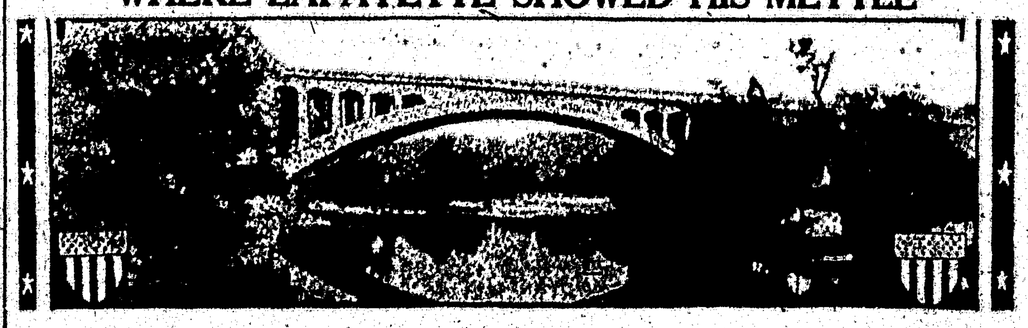
Proved Colonists' Caliber.

Such were the circumstances of Bunker Hill; a battle of an hour and a half, in which the patriots never had more than 1,500 men engaged at once, yet which, according to a great British historian, "exhibited the Americans to all the world as a people to be courted by allies and counted with by foes."

From the end of the Middle Ages to the close of the Thirty Years' war in 1648, the most important conflicts were religious in character. For the next hundred years, struggles were dynastic or colonial. From Bunker Hill to Waterloo there raged the grapple of opposing political ideas.

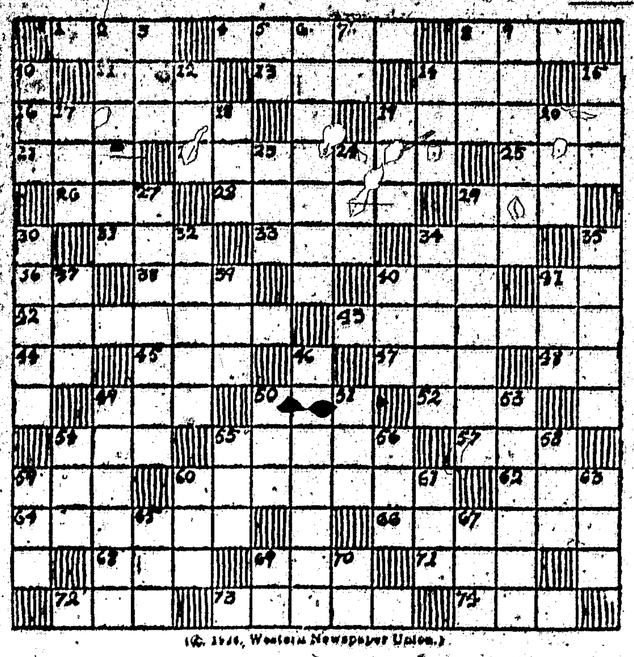
In another way Bunker Hill is notable. It was one of the earliest battles in which marksmanship showed itself a factor of possible decision. Twice the deadly fire of the colonists broke the stubborn British infantry and drove them back, and would have done so a third or fourth time had ammunition been supplied in proper quantities. Almost for the first time firearms, unassisted by either bayonets or maneuvers, showed what they could do when rightly used.

WHERE LAFAYETTE SHOWED HIS METTLE



A present-day picture of the Brandywine, at Wilmington, Del., where the Marquis de Lafayette, at the head of American troops, administered a beating to British troops on September 11, 1777.

Our Cross Word Puzzle



(©, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

Horizontal.

1—Frozen water
4—Fancy eating rooster
9—Liquid measures (abbr.)
21—Part of the human body
23—A color
24—Organ of hearing
26—Not wide
29—Something to be done
31—A number
33—One of minute elevations of the skin
35—Female of fallow deer
36—A small mischievous spirit
38—Pertaining to a duke
39—100 years (abbr.)
41—Juice of trees
43—To work steadily
44—A means of travel
46—Exclamation of surprise
48—Perceived
49—A little way off
51—Note of musical scale
52—A flowering house plant
53—Neither on, one side nor the other
54—A linear measure (abbr.)
55—A possessive pronoun
57—A spring of mineral water
59—A Southern state (abbr.)
60—Fish stews
61—Contractions of over
63—And so forth (abbr.)
64—Pale
65—Relative by marriage
67—Part of a circle
69—A small plot of ground
70—Merchandise shipped
72—An infinite space of time
73—The whole thing
74—A yellow and black song bird
75—One out of many
76—Established value
77—Central state (abbr.)
78—A girl's name
79—A spring medicine
80—A meadow

Vertical.

1—Songs sung at Christmas
2—To make a mistake
3—Preposition
4—A cluster of flowers on one stem
7—A preposition
8—Equality of values
9—A merchant
10—A high explosive (abbr.)
12—An implement for cleaning floors
14—An epoch
15—A lyric poem
17—Veneration
18—Small bunches
19—Right-angled addition to house
20—Prefix meaning not
22—A young dog
24—Song
27—Prevailing style
29—Anagram set to music
30—A child's favorite candy
33—A sticky substance
34—A closed car
35—A kind of food
37—A small house
39—The Badger state (abbr.)
40—An affirmative
41—A laborious drudge
46—A large water fowl
47—A plant of India used for seat work
50—A unit
51—A tattered cloth
53—Person of European descent born in a colony
54—Succeeded
55—Anger
56—Which person
58—Western state (abbr.)
59—Allow
60—To cook in grease
61—A prefix meaning three
62—Born
63—A tavern
67—Sick
68—Place where mail is received (abbr.)
70—New England state (abbr.)

Solution will appear in next issue

List

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Know Your Cook Book, Girls, Advice of Diva

Margery Maxwell, prima donna with the Chicago Civic and Ravinia opera companies, and who enjoys the distinction of being among the first American girls to be recognized in grand opera circles, takes particular pride in her culinary skill. Cooking, in her estimation, is a fine art which is rapidly being lost.

Margery Maxwell.

"Doubtless one of the big reasons for this condition is that modern young men don't expect the girls they marry to know much about cooking," said Miss Maxwell.

"In the future, before man pops the question, he's going to find out whether the girl knows what calories are and whether she's wise to the elements of a balanced diet.

"A few questions before the minister asks, 'Do you take this woman?' would save a thousand recriminations later."

There are certain dishes to which Miss Maxwell is partial. As she explains them, they are readily prepared. Miss Maxwell uses for

Maryland Chicken.

Two 2½ lb. chickens (broilers)	1 cup water
Salt	2 eggs
Pepper	Fine bread crumbs
1 cup evaporated milk diluted with	Fat
	1-2 cup butter
	1 tsp. salt
	Dash pepper
	1 tbsp. flour

Dress, clean and cut up chickens. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, dip in crumbs, egg, and crumbs. Place in a well-oiled dripping pan, and bake twenty minutes in a 450-degree F. oven, then reduce the temperature to 350 degrees F. and cook until tender, about twenty minutes longer. Baste every ten minutes during cooking with ½ cup melted butter. Remove to platter and pour around a cream sauce made of fat in dripping pan, the flour, diluted milk, salt and pepper.

Asparagus on Fri.

1 bunch fresh asparagus	½ cup water
6 rounds toast	2 tbsp. butter
6 poached eggs	2 tbsp. flour
½ cup evaporated milk diluted with	1 tsp. salt
	Pepper
	½ cup grated cheese

Prepare a white sauce of the butter, flour, salt, pepper and diluted milk. Cook the asparagus in boiling salted water. Drain and add to white sauce. Place a poached egg in center of toast. Pour asparagus around the egg and sprinkle grated cheese over top of all. Serve at once. Serves six.

The Solution

Tommie, aged four, was very anxious to whistle. He had tried and tried, but all in vain. While he was out walking one day with his mother, a colored boy passed them whistling, and Tommie cried excitedly: "Mamma, buy me, that mouth!"—Charleston News and Courier.

Speed of Wireless

It would take nearly 35 years for an airplane, traveling at two miles a minute, to fly from the earth to Mars. It would take 89 years to the sun and 20,000,000 years to the nearest star; yet a wireless signal could travel to Mars and back in less than seven minutes.

Valuable Cotton Plant

A new kind of cotton, known as tangis and immune to wilt, has come to the front in Peru. It is descended from a single plant, which stood perfect in an infected field and the seed from which produced other perfect plants true to type. It yields about 800 pounds to the acre.

Hats, Shoes and Ready-to-Wear for men, women and children, at prices you can afford to pay.—The Popular Dry Goods Store, Capitan.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

A big treasure hunt was held Sunday afternoon in Baca Canyon. The hunt was given by Elizabeth Titsworth, Julia Penfield and Frank Titsworth, and some twenty-five attended from here as well as from Lincoln and vicinity.

The treasure, consisting of fifty pennies and a box of chocolates was found by Miles Awalt, who beat Jeff Herren to the treasure by a scant margin.

All came away declaring the afternoon a pleasant one and insist the affair was a success.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Comrey, Mrs. C. M. Fisher, and Bob Hale made a business trip to El Paso Sunday, returning Wednesday.

R. M. Hipp was here this week from his north side ranch.

A large number of Capitan, Carrizozo and Nogal people spent Sunday fishing on Nogal Lake. The fish were biting fast and everyone was landing them. The writer, together with Bob Hale, landed some seventy-five and a fish fry was indulged in at the point.

Robert L. Hale, successful bidder on the Spindle mail route will assume his duties on that line Friday of this week. He will go over the line Wednesday in company with Melcor Chaves, who finishes his four year contract on that date.

Jno. Lacy and Frank Ellis were in from Block ranch this week.

A picnic party, composed of Mesdames Ezell, Garrod Coor, Will Titsworth, Coombes, George Titsworth, and Smith, of Memphis, Texas, and Misses Elizabeth and Helene Titsworth; and Messrs. Ezell, O'neill, Garrod, Coombes George Titsworth, Awalt, Andrews and Beard.

After the chicken fry a bountiful feast was participated in by all present and all went away with the feeling that a most pleasant evening had been spent.

All this took place at Nogal Lake.

Rev. J. I. O'neil will leave Friday for Corona to fill his regular appointment at that place. From Corona he will go to Montezuma where he will attend the the B. Y. P. U. convention.

HONDO NEWS

The farmers are busy putting out cabbage plants. Some 100 acres more will be planted this year.

The Fruit crop is fair this year, and the rains have put the Ranges in a good condition.

J. D. Rose and family of Hereford, Texas, are visiting this week with the W. B. Rose family. J. D. Rose is a breeder of the fine Hereford cattle of the Bradly strain.

Miss Lattie Rose and Mrs. Fern McKinney of Gollsboro, Texas, are visiting their uncle, W. B. Rose, and family.

Mrs. L. E. Miller and Mrs. V. A. Bodine are visiting their sister, Mrs. J. Morgan, at Roswell.

Jonny Cox is keeping his truck busy on the Roswell-Ruidoso line and will probably be rushed until the close of the season.

J. E. Maryfield has been very busy with his farming, but says he had rather farm in Los Angles.

Fred Pfingsten has purchased a new power baler with a capacity of 8 bales per minute or 1600 to 2,000 bales per day. With a few days run he could bale all the hay in the valley, and we doubt if there will be any hands left.

Many Have Glass Eyes

Out of every two hundred persons in this country, it is said, one is wearing a glass eye. They are often difficult to detect, however, owing to the improvement in their making in the last few years.

Andrews Repair Shop
GAS and OILS

First 24 Hours of Life Baby's Hardest Time

By MARIE K. JOHNSON

Undernourishment is one of the most common of the causes of infant mortality, according to a survey recently undertaken in Chicago. Statistics show that of 4,522 babies under one year of age that died in 12 months, 988 died in the first 24 hours.

Marie K. Johnson

Eight hundred and seventy-six died in the first six days, exclusive of the first 24 hours, and 1,708 died from the seventh day to the sixth month. Eight hundred and sixty died in the last six months of the year. The survey indicated that a surprisingly large number of infants are artifically fed, which condition, doctors agree, had a marked bearing on their undernourished conditions. Naturally, no one food may prove satisfactory in every case, although the survey showed that evaporated milk in many cases had proved an excellent substitute for mother's milk. This may be explained by reason of the fact that evaporated milk is simply pure, concentrated cow's milk from which 60 per cent of the water has been removed. It contains practically every element necessary for good health and is consequently an excellent builder of bone and tissue.

Although authorities on health recommend evaporated milk as a baby food, like other substitutes for the natural supply, it should not be considered as a food complete in itself. Addition of orange or tomato juice, barley water or lime water is important in providing adequate diet for the infant.

For babies, milk of dependable purity is essential. Market milk will not keep for any length of time and is also liable to contamination, especially in hot weather, while evaporated milk, hermetically sealed in sterilized containers, remains as fresh and pure as on the day it was canned.

Sterility in evaporated milk, authorities agree, is one of the most important points in its favor. In processing, evaporated milk is subjected to 240 degrees heat for a half hour, thereby removing all possibility of bacterial life being present in the milk. Heat is the only preservative for this type of milk and the heat has the further beneficial effect of making the curds of milk more flocculent and easier to digest.

Milk Gives Most Food Value At Least Cost

Milk gives more food value for less cost than any other food known to man, according to Herbert C. Hooks, secretary of the Evaporated Milk association.

H. C. Hooks.

"Dietitians are unanimous in advocating the use of milk by men, women and children," said Mr. Hooks. "Milk and evaporated milk supply some of all the materials necessary for the growth and maintenance of the body; they furnish energy for work, play and warmth.

"Milk helps repair the wear and tear of the body. It is as good as meat for building muscle. Moreover, it is cheaper. A quart of milk will supply as much protein as seven ounces of sirloin steak or four large eggs. Milk, particularly evaporated milk, which has twice the mineral content of market milk, is one of the best and cheapest sources of lime, which is a form of calcium. Infants and growing children need lime to build bones and teeth. It is just as necessary for adults to keep their bones in good condition. One quart of milk, or one pint of evaporated milk, furnishes as much calcium as ten large oranges, thirty-two eggs or twenty pounds of beef. Milk also is a valuable source of phosphorus and supplies a certain amount of iron.

"By some authorities milk is said to be an aid in longevity. Dr. Herman Bigelow, health commissioner for Chicago, gives his prescription for long life as follows: Drink one quart of milk a day and mix with one hour of sunshine. Repeat ad infinitum.

"Due to the efforts of health officials to get across to the public the message of milk, its general use in the United States has advanced tremendously in the last decade. This is especially true of evaporated milk for reasons of its convenience and economy. Housewives know there is no fear of obtaining contaminated evaporated milk, because it is not only the best grade of market milk rendered double-rich by dehydrating, but it is sterilized as well."

Last Slave Last Victim

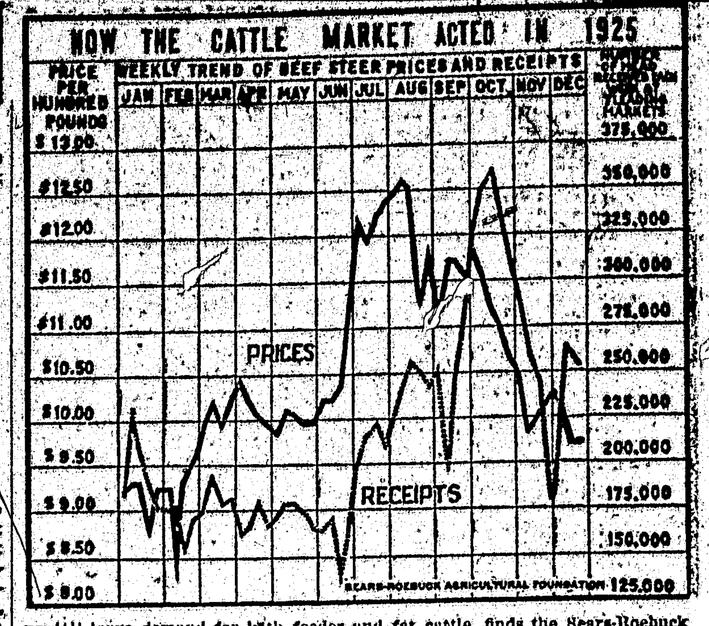
Anthony Burns, who escaped from slavery in 1853, was the last slave to be seized in Massachusetts under the fugitive slave law of 1850. He was arrested in 1854 and was sent back to his owner.

Probably She Was Wise

Singleton—"There goes a woman I owe a great deal of happiness to." Wigwag—"How's that?" Singleton—"Well, about five years ago I asked her to marry me." Wigwag—"But she evidently didn't." Singleton—"Exactly."

Up-to-Date Builder

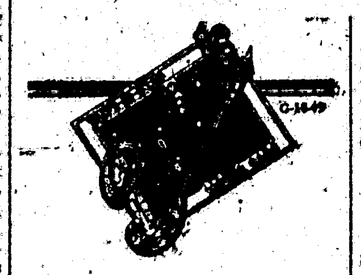
Underneath the foundation stone of a new building there were recently buried a newspaper, a gramophone record and a cinema film.—London Punch.



THE large demand for both feeder and fat cattle, finds the Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation in its cattle marketing investigations, has inspired a much greater confidence in the future of the industry. The first recovery of the beef cattle market came early in 1925 with a steadily progressing trend of prices from February to August. The average prices paid to farmers, states the Foundation, in the first ten months of the year ran 65 cents higher than the prices of last year and the highest since 1920. Chicago prices were also the highest for that period for the last five years.

Liquidation of western cattle herds was much less noticeable in 1925 than in any year since 1919, showing that the cattle industry is gradually getting back to a state of normalcy. The total number of cattle slaughtered under federal inspection in 1925, was 5 per cent greater than in 1924.

Baby beef, made from young cattle that have been pushed to a desirable market weight of around 1,000 pounds at an early age, brought the highest prices. Public demand for smaller cuts of choice beef have made the half-ton baby beef popular on the market.



There is extra strength in Buick extra quality. Big volume makes it possible at the moderate Buick prices. Buick staying power earns your good will and saves your money.

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY
Division of General Motors Corporation
FLINT, MICHIGAN

Liberty Garage
CAPITAN, N. M.

DAVID L. GEYER.
Ex-Receiver U. S. Land Office
EXCLUSIVE PRACTICE IN UNITED STATES LAND MATTERS
Roswell, N. M.

Keeping Sweet

A sunny face is a solvent for many ills. If we could early learn to keep sweet, to have that sort of courage which sees the light ahead long before the dawn, it would not matter what misfortune or trouble might come it could not harm us.—Exchange.

GAME WARDEN

J. W. Ezell of Capitan has been appointed Fish & Game warden and is now ready to serve you with your fishing license the season will open the 31th of may

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Good milch cow—Apply to T. C. Key.

FOR SALE—Sumac Cane Seed German Millet Seed Kaffir Corn Seed Milo Maize Seed —The Titsworth Co., Inc.

TURNIP seed for sale The Titsworth Co. Inc.

FOR SALE—Some good second hand harness — The Titsworth Co. INC.

We Carry in Stock:—
Shilling's Coffees
Hill Bro's. Coffees
Maxwell House Coffees
Chase & Sanborn Coffees
THE TITSWORTH CO., Inc.

BUILDING materials, lumber, shingles, roofing, nails, doors, sash and builders' hardware; heating stoves at Fisher Lumber Co.

If you have a garment that needs altering, mending, cleaning and pressing, bring it to the Capitan Barber Shop.

EMMETT PATTON
Attorney-at-Law
Land Office Practice a Specialty
ROSWELL, N. M.

PAINTS, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, Lime, Cement, Beaver Board, Heating Stoves, etc., at the Fisher Lumber Co.

The Titsworth Company, Inc.

Carry in Stock

NATIVE SEED CORN	MATCHED PINE FLOORING
ONION SETS	DRESSED LUMBER
PLOWS	GALVANIZED STEEL ROOFING
PLOW POINTS	PAINTED STEEL ROOFING
SWEEPS	FELT ROOFING
DYNAMITE	LIME and CEMENT
FUSE	WALL PLASTER
BLASTING CAPS	BLACKSMITHS' COAL
HOT SHOTS	BEAVER BOARD
COLUMBIA DRY CELLS	BUILDING PAPER
BABBITT METAL	RIDGE ROLL
SOLDER	EAVE TROUGH

Our Prices Are Reasonable

The Titsworth Co., Inc.

Capitan Mercantile Company

Groceries, Hardware, Ford Parts, Fresh Fruits, Vegetables and Bread.

We Will Please You

Capitan Mercantile Co.

CAPITAN MOUNTAINEER

Published each Friday in the heart of America's Summer and Health Resort and a very Agricultural, Horticultural, Mineral and Stock-raising district.

L. L. BEARD, Editor and Owner

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Post Office in Capitan, New Mexico.

POLITICALLY INDEPENDENT

Any erroneous reflection on the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the Mountaineer, will gladly be corrected as soon as it is brought to the attention of the publisher.

Official publication of United States district court in Lincoln county in bankruptcy matters.

Official publication for Department of Interior in this district in public land matters.

Subscription Price: $1.50 the Year.

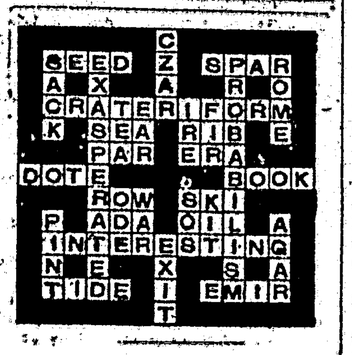
Obituaries, Resolutions, Classified Advertising, Cards of Thanks and other matter not "news" at 10c per line first insertion, and 5c per line for each consecutive insertion thereafter.

Display advertising rates on request.

Foreign advertising cash in advance unless otherwise contracted.

Telephone 15F2.

Solution of Last Week's Puzzle



Capitan Camp No. 247

W.O.W.

Meets Second and Fourth Wednesday Evenings each month at Bank Building

L. L. BEARD, Consul Com'dr

J. W. EZELL, Clerk.

Notice for Bids.

Bids for transportation of School Children in Districts 1, 2, 4, 13, 20, 21, 28 36, will be let July 5th. Send sealed bids to office of County Superintendent marked "Transportation Bids". Before bidding read contract which is filed with Clerk of School Board.

County Board of Education.
Mary C. Fritz, Sec.

Purity of Milk Protected Now By Scientists

By KATHRYN ST. JOHN

Careful housewives constantly make it a point to ascertain the quality of each item that goes on their tables. Preparing food for the family is an extremely important job, for the proper selection and preparation of foods make in a large measure for the health and happiness of the family.

Milk is the most nearly perfect food, but it is a very delicate one as well. The keeping qualities of milk are slight. Danger from contamination is ever present. Evaporated milk, which is double rich because of the removal of 60 per cent of the water, is science's solution to these conditions.

Safeguarding evaporated milk is worked out as perfectly as man's ingenuity has been able to make the process. From cow to can, the milk which goes into the evaporated product is watched every step of the way.

Cows of the dairy herds are guarded with constant care and are subjected to regular inspections by veterinary surgeons. Herds are carefully groomed, and their yards and barns are kept scrupulously clean, as are all utensils. Milk condensaries are located in the heart of the big dairy regions to facilitate speedy handling, for this is essential if the milk is to be canned at "its moment of maturity." Canvas-covered trucks haul the milk to market, thus protecting the product from contamination on the way. Arriving at the condensary, the milk goes through tests for acidity, sediment, fever and butterfat content before it is accepted.

Experts watch the progress of the milk through every step of its way. Sterilizers, the evaporating machines, to the homogenizer, which breaks up the fat globules so that the milk may be easily digested by the consumer; by way of the almost human filling machine into sterilized cans; then into the sterilizer, where the cans are surrounded by steam and boiling water, destroying any possible bacteria. Inspectors handle the product as the last step to see that the canning job has been perfectly done. Labeling and packing follow. The housewife obtains the milk as fresh and sweet as when it came from the cow.

Identified.

There's one born every minute. You can recognize him by his conviction that he can beat Wall street.—Rochester Times-Union.

INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean of Day and Evening Schools, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(© 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for July 4

ISRAEL ENSLAVED IN EGYPT

LESSON TEXT—Exodus 1:1-14.

GOLDEN TEXT—The Lord will not cast off His people.—Ps. 94:14.

PRIMARY TOPIC—A Wicked King Is Cruel to God's People.

JUNIOR TOPIC—The Israelites Become Slaves.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Israel Oppressed by a Despotic King.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Modern Forms of Oppression.

I. The Increase of the Chosen Seed (vv. 1-7).

This miraculous increase seems only to have begun after the death of Joseph and the passing of his generation. After this Israel quickly grew into a nation. This amazing increase "is expressed as is usual in Hebrew by a climax of verbs; where fruitful is taken from the vegetable world in which the increase varies from the multiple to several hundredfold; increased (spawned—swarmed) is borrowed from the finny tribes in which the rate of increase rises to many myriads; multiply is a general word referring to number; and 'waxed exceedingly mighty' is a similar phrase alluding to the strength which numbers confer, composed of verb and adverb repeated and therefore well adapted to complete the climax."—Murphy. This increase can only be accounted for by admitting the hand of the Almighty to be in it.

II. A New Dynasty Appears (vv. 8-10).

Joseph's elevation as prime minister in Egypt was during the reign of the Hyksos kings. Being of Semitic origin, they were not hostile to the Hebrews, but when "there arose up a new king which knew not Joseph" (v. 8) their troubles began. This affords a striking illustration of God's providence in history. His purposes include the means to carry them out. The amazing growth of the Israelites excited the envy and fear of the king (vv. 9-10). Fear was twofold—

1. In case of war they might join the enemy and fight against them.

2. Lest they should remove from the land, thus cutting off a vital source of revenue and also exposing to danger the eastern border of the land.

III. Measures to Check the Growth of Israel (vv. 11-22).

These measures with their outcome expose the folly of world wisdom (I Cor. 3:19). If they could have eliminated God from the affairs of men their policy would have been a good one, but it proved to be altogether vanity. The greatest mistake a man can ever make is to leave God out of his calculations. God had promised that His people should become mighty in power as well as great in numbers.

1. Placed under cruel taskmasters (vv. 11-14).

The first measure he adopted was to put Israel into cruel bondage by afflicting them with heavy burdens. Cruel taskmasters were placed over them, who forced them to labor in building treasure cities and all manner of service in the field. They expected of them hard service, but this measure was ineffectual for "the more they afflicted them the more they multiplied and grew." This rapid growth resulted in more intense burdens being heaped upon them. The Egyptians meant this for evil to the Israelites, but God blessed it to their good. It was part of His plan for them (Gen. 15:13, 14). Indeed, the righteous may expect such treatment of the world (II Tim. 3:12; Heb. 12:6). Prosperity and adversity constitute God's teaching and discipline. While their burdens were heavy and their sufferings very intense, they had the consolation that it would not last forever. The presence of Joseph's dead body was a guaranty that they would one day be delivered. Though the Christian's burden may be heavy and his sufferings keen, he has the guaranty that they shall not last always.

2. The authorized murder of the male infants by the midwives (vv. 15-21).

This measure also miscarried as the midwives feared God and chose to obey Him. Because they refused to destroy God's people He gave them homes and children and the joys thereof.

3. The drowning of the male children in the river (v. 22).

The king having heretofore been baffled, he now gave the heartless command to cast the male infants into the river. This mandate seems to have been given shortly before Moses was born. This plan likewise failed, and the very child who ultimately upset Pharaoh's throne, was sheltered and nurtured in his own palace.

The Values That Abide

We acquire, discard and cherish; and the things that we retain are those which can endure the light of the presence of God. And these are the things which are eternal.—Isaac Ransom.

Studying the Bible

We have been studying the Bible in the light of modern scholarship. The time has come for us to study modern scholarship in the light of the Bible. —A. C. Dixon.

Sanskrit Old Language

Sanskrit was the language of the Brahmans of India and was in use at the time of Solomon, king of the Children of Israel. A complete literature in Sanskrit has been discovered in India, and considerable was translated in 1786 by Sir Wm. Jones.

Zeal and Knowledge

Through zeal knowledge is gotten, through lack of zeal knowledge is lost. Let a man who knows this double path of gain and loss thus place himself that knowledge may grow.—Buddha.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. Mex.
June 9, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gregorio Salas, of Picacho, New Mexico, who, on August 19, 1921, made Homestead Entry, No. 027197-049388, W½SE¼, E½SW¼ Sec. 6; W½NE¼, E½NW¼ Section 7, Township 11 S., Range 18 E. N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, New Mexico, on the 3rd day of August, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Crecensio Salas, Jose Maes and Perfecto Sandoval, these of Picacho, New Mexico, and Federico Montoya of Tinnie, New Mexico.

K. D. STOES, Register.
6-18 to 7-15

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Santa Fe, N. M., May 29, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bryan E. Foster, of Hillrose, Colorado, who, on August 4, 1921, made Stock-raisig HE. No. 020421, for N½ Section 10; N½ Section 11, Township 4 S., Range 16 E. N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before E. F. Davidson, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, New Mexico, on the 6th day of July, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Frank H. Armstrong and Henry L. Foster of Corona, New Mexico, and Ellis R. Omer and Milton G. Leatnott, of Roswell, New Mexico.

A. M. BERGERE, Register.
6-4 to 7-2

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. Mex.
May 28, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Pablo Fresquez, of Box 16, Picacho, New Mexico, who, on March 1, 1921, made H. E. No. 026069, Roswell No. 045338, for SW¼SW¼ Section 25; SE¼SE¼ Section 26; NE¼NE¼, S½NE¼, SE¼, E½SW¼ Section 35, Township 10 S., Range 18 E., N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Hd. Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, United States Commissioner, at Roswell, New Mexico, on the 16th day of July, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Victor Pineda, Toma Pineda, Lutario Fresquez, and Crescensio Salas, all of Picacho, New Mexico.

K. D. STOES, Register.
6-11 to 7-9

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER FORECLOSURE DECREE

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of the terms of the final decree of foreclosure and sale, entered by the Third Judicial District Court of the State of New Mexico, for the County of Lincoln, on the 27th day of April, 1926; in cause numbered 2535 on the civil docket of said court, wherein J. D. Jones and Mary E. Jones are plaintiffs, and Clark Morris and Dorothy R. Morris are defendants, the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at ten o'clock a.m., on the 28th day of July, 1926, at the front door of the courthouse in Carrizozo, New Mexico, the following described property, situate, lying and being in Lincoln County, New Mexico, to-wit:

All of the south half of the southeast quarter of section six, and all of the south half of the southwest quarter of section five, in township eleven south of range fifteen east, N.M.P.M., not heretofore conveyed to Roberto Chavez, about 25 acres, and to Reyes Mirabel, about 25 acres, and one certain tract of 150 yards in circumference, surrounding the chapel, which is granted to the church (see deed of same). The tract of land herein containing 110 acres, more or less. All water rights in the Ruidoso River, comprising two ditches known as the "Old Gregorio Garcia Ditches," one on the north side of the river, and one on the south side of the river. The ditch on the south side of the river is owned equal interest by Roberto Chavez. The road to the church is to remain where now established, and to be not more than 10 feet wide. The description of the dividing line between this land and the Roberto Chavez land is as follows: Beginning at a white oak tree 12 inches in diameter, situate on the south side of the main road, seventy (75) feet east of dam in Rio Ruidoso; thence south, to a point on the south bank of the river, about 50 feet; thence, following the west bank of said river, to a groupe of three white oak trees, about 6 inches diameter; thence along line of fence, to a stone marked RC JPV at a point of intersection with fence running east and west; thence due south to south line of section 5, township 10 south, range 15 east; together with, all and singular, the lands, tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining.

Notice is further given that the amounts awarded by the court in said decree, and to be realized at said sale, are as follows:

Principal debt, and interest calculated to date of sale	$4005.66
Attorney's fees	200.00
Costs	28.70
Special master's fee	10.00
TOTAL	$4344.36

together with all costs of sale.

GRACE M. JONES
Special Master

Dr. E. O. SELLERS

Dr. Sellers will conduct a meeting at First Baptist church late in August.

Elephant's Tomb

A minaret, 90 feet high, has been erected over the tomb of a favorite elephant by Akbar the Great at Futtypore Sikri, in India. It is studded with elephant tusks.

Says the Deacon

Never mind about "genius," my son. If you have it all well and good; if you haven't, hitting hard licks is the next best thing to do.—Atlanta Constitution.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
ISOLATED TRACT
PUBLIC LAND SALE
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. Mex.
June 5, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land office, under provisions of Sec. 2455, R. S., pursuant to the application of John C. West, San Patricio, New Mexico, Serial No. 031372, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than $1.25 per acre, at 10 o'clock A.M. on the 29th day of July, 1926, next, at this office, the following tract of land: SW¼SW¼ Section 24, Township 10 S., Range 16 E., N. M. P. M., containing 40 acres.

The sale will not be kept open, but will be declared closed when those present at the hour named have ceased bidding. The person making the highest bid will be required to immediately pay to the Receiver the amount thereof.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.

K. D. STOES, Register.
6-11 to 7-9

Nazarene Church

Sunday School 10 o'clock.
Preaching, 11 o'clock.
Y.P.S., 7 p.m.
Preaching 8 p.m.

Prayer meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Good music. Come out and help us. Your presence will help.

F. A. Powell, Pastor.

National Music

The only music typically American is that made by the mocking bird, the saxophone and the cash register.

NOTICE OF CONTEST
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M. June 3, 1926.

To Sam Dotson, of Abilene, Texas, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that Paul R. Owen, who gives Corona, New Mexico, as his post office address, did on April 9, 1926, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead Entry, Serial No. 027281-027481, made October 6, 1921, and January 19, 1922, for NE¼ Sec. 35; and Add'l for N½, E½SE¼, W½SW¼ Section 22, Township 2 South, Range 14 East, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman has wholly abandoned said homestead for more than two years last past, and has not cultivated any part thereof during said period of abandonment. That he has failed to make any improvements of a permanent character upon his additional entry that will tend to increase its value for stockraising purposes, as required by the Act of Dec. 29, 1916.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be cancelled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

K. D. STOES, Register.

Date of first publication June 18, 1926.
Date of second publication June 25, 1926.
Date of third publication July 2, 1926.
Date of fourth publication July 9, 1926.

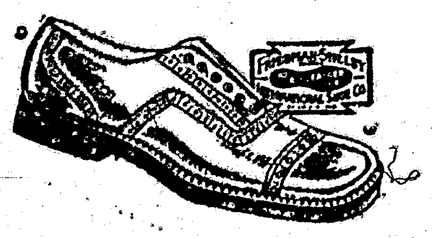
Tragic Dirge

A nice mixture of metaphor and ornithology occurs when the lame duck sings his swan song.—Arkansas Gazette.

THE POPULAR STORE

One more shipment of beautiful dresses has arrived, in flowered crepe de chines and Canton crepes, in the newest colors and styles.

Also men's tan calf oxfords of the well known Friedman Shelby Brand. Special $3.95



THE POPULAR STORE
Capitan, New Mex.

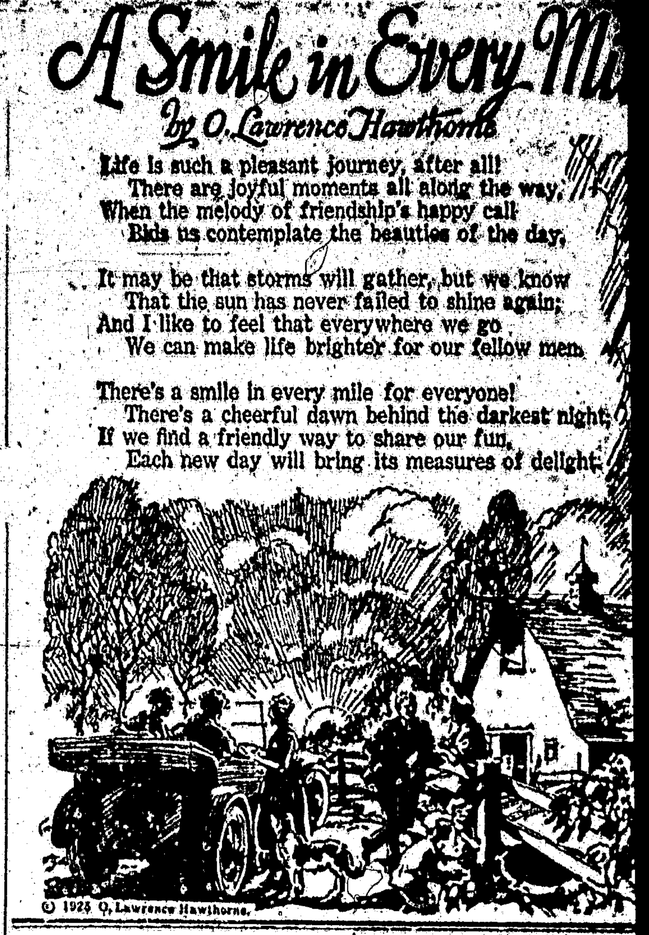
OUR

Soda Fountain is now open and we are prepared to serve you in the best the market affornds.

Give us a trial.

Sunshine Pharmacy

J. W. EZELL, Mgr., CAPITAN, N. M



Savage Russian Custom

Wild geese cast their feathers in summer, losing almost all the feathers from their wings simultaneously. During this season they are helpless and the natives of northern Russia take advantage of their condition and net them by the thousands. These are buried in the mud of the swamps and left to rot. Later they are dug up and fed to the half-wild dogs and are even eaten by the undiscriminating natives.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. Mex.
May 28, 1926

NOTICE is hereby given that Ben Salas, of Picacho, N. M., who, on September 18, 1922, made Hd. Orig. Roswell No. 050897, now Las Cruces No. 027961, for S½NW¼, SW¼NE¼, N½SW¼, W½SE¼ Sec. 21, T. 10-S., R. 16-E. and Lots 1 and 4, SE¼NE¼ SW¼NW¼, N½S½ Sec. 4, Township 11-S., Range 16-E., N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Beard, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M., on the 16th day of July, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

E. R. Gonzales, F. Flores, John Mackey and E. Gonzales, all of San Patricio, N. M.

K. D. STOES, Register.
6-11 to 7-9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office
Las Cruces, N. M., May 23, 1926.

NOTICE is hereby given that Epaminandas R. Gonzales, of San Patricio, N. M., who, on September 11, 1922, made HE Orig. No. 050869, now Las Cruces No. 027931, for W½SW¼ Sec. 28, W½NW¼, SE¼NW¼, W½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, S½ Sec. 33, Township 10-S., Range 16-E N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before L. L. Board, U. S. Commissioner, at Capitan, N. M. on the 16th day of July, 1926.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ben Salas, F. Flores, John Mackey, and E. Gonzales, all of San Patricio, New Mexico.

K. D. STOES, Register.
6-11 to 7-9

Professional Cards

A. H. HUDSPETH
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Offices Exchange Bank
Carrizozo, New M

L. L. BEARD
U. S. Commissioner
NOTARY PUBLIC
Capitan, N. M.

DAN C. SAVAGE
U. S. Commissioner
Qualified to Attend to Ma
Pertaining to Homestead
ROSWELL, N. M.

E. F. DAVIDSON
U. S. Commissioner
Real Estate and Insurance
CORONA, N. M.

HAROLD HURD
Attorney at Law
Special Attention Given to L
Land Office Matters
ROSWELL, N. M.

LINCOLN ABSTRAC
and
INVESTMENT TRUS
General Office for Abstrac
Accounting, Bonds, and I
surance of all kinds.
CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Fly in the Ointment

The scientist's statement that of the future will be able to liv long as they like carries with it gestion that a long life is not n sarily a merry one.—Boston T script.

TUESDAYS & SATURDAYS
8 A.M. TO 8 P.M.

Capitan Barber Shop

R. C. HAMMETT, Prop.

WOMEN'S BOBS A SPECIALTY

Tonics of All Kinds

Next to SUNSHINE PHARMACY.

White Line Stage Co.

Operating Daily Between

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Roswell and Alamogordo

LONG DISTANCE TRIPS TO ANY POINT A SPECIALTY
BEST OF EQUIPMENT, CAREFUL DRIVERS

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Roswell, New Mexico

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Roof Coating, Asbestos, Fibre Cement or Roofing Materials of all kinds.
Ask your dealer or write us for
BATERITE
The Western Elaterite Roofing Co.
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Grand Dry Cleaning
Grand Blvd., 1719 at Logan.
CLEANING DYEING
DENVER'S MOST SUCCESSFUL DYER
Garments cleaned the EFFICIENT GRAND WAY are free from odor and have that new appearance, that 28 years in business is your assurance of satisfaction. Note—We do not clean with gasoline.
Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed, $1
Three days' service on parcel post.

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Established 1870.
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING
All orders promptly attended to.
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SAVE $10 TO $20
on every saddle or harness. Buy direct from the factory. No middleman's profits. Send for free catalog—maker to consumer.
Justin's Boots at Lowest Prices.
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MINERAL SPRING
For Rheumatism, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, High Blood Pressure and Liver Troubles go to the
CLARK MAGNETIC MINERAL SPRING
Pueblo, Colo. Write for Booklet

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT
Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

INDUSTRIAL SURVEY REPORT

The Industrial and Employment Survey Report of the mountain district recently issued by Quincy Record, district director of the U. S. Employment Service of the U. S. Department of Labor at Denver, is given in part as follows:

Colorado

Increased activities in all lines of seasonal pursuits has resulted in employment for several thousand additional workers, chiefly in connection with sugar beet field work, highway construction, municipal improvements, railroad maintenance of way and construction work, and at plants manufacturing building and construction equipment and mining machinery. The surplus of resident common labor has been practically absorbed in diversified seasonal lines. Several thousand workers have been imported into the state for hand work in the sugar beet fields. The tourist business is increasing and affords employment to several thousand part time workers. Several hundred railroad workers have been added to forces, principally in connection with maintenance of way work, the relaying of steel and general construction.

New Mexico

A continued industrial upward trend and expansion has been noted, affecting practically all lines of industry, particularly agriculture, metal mining, irrigation and power projects, building and oil. Resident labor of all classes reported steadily employed. Increased activity in seasonal pursuits has given employment to practically all seasonal workers heretofore unemployed. As a result of ample moisture both in the irrigated and dry farming districts, demands for seasonal agriculture workers increased with a sufficient supply available. Metal mining increasingly active, labor in connection sufficient, except for a slight shortage of skilled workers. Oil field activities and construction is increasingly active. The tourist season will afford employment to large numbers of male and female workers; plenty of this class of help will be available.

Arizona

Practically all resident labor is steadily employed. Hundreds of migratory workers from other states are also afforded employment in diversified lines, chiefly on large irrigation and power projects, and new railroad construction. A slight shortage of married men and field workers for agricultural work exists. Hundreds of seasonal farm workers are engaged in cotton chopping, hoeing, harvesting and in connection with the citrus fruit and vegetable industry. Metal mining continues active and steady. There is a great amount of new development work under way in the gold, silver and copper mining districts. Skilled metal miners are scarce, a shortage being noted in the Ajo district. It is indicated that a surplus of metal mine labor will be noted in the Jerome district during the early summer when a large mining company will discontinue steam shovel operations.

Wyoming

The general industrial and employment situation showed a material improvement during May and June, particularly in agriculture, oil fields, and public improvement activities. Resident labor of all classes quite steadily employed, except for a considerable number of temporarily released coal miners, many of these workers, however, are finding employment in diversified seasonal lines. Competent general farm workers are in demand.

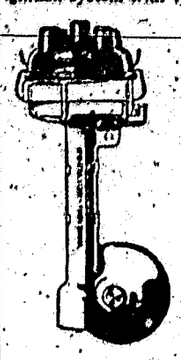
Radio Messages by Extension Service

A new method of giving out agricultural information to farmers was inaugurated on June 1 by the Extension Service of the Colorado Agricultural College in the form of short radio talks every Tuesday evening. This has been arranged through the courtesy of KOA, the General Electric Company's broadcasting station in Denver. These talks are of fifteen minutes' duration, are planned for Tuesdays, and will continue as a regular weekly feature if they prove sufficiently popular.

ATWATER KENT IGNITION *for Fords*

Thousands of Ford owners have found that the Atwater Kent Type LA Ignition System for Fords lasts longest, is least trouble, means a smoother running motor, easier starting, picks up quicker and gives more power.

Of the same general character as the Atwater Kent Ignition Systems furnished as standard equipment on many of America's foremost cars, it is a complete scientific ignition system with twenty-six years' experience in making scientific ignition systems back of it.



As carefully made as an Atwater Kent Radio Set.

Installed in less than an hour.

Everlastingly dependable.

Type LA
Price
$10.80
Including Cable and Fittings

ATWATER KENT MFG. CO.
A. Atwater Kent, President
4859 Wissahickon Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
Makers of Atwater Kent Receiving Sets and Radio Speakers

Ingrowing Wisdom

"I have discovered in my time," philosophically remarked Uncle Fogy, "that it is easy enough to raise money if you plant it properly. I have arrived at the decision that one of the worst habits a boy can have is the foolish mother habit. I have observed that many a man who is hunting a soft snap would save himself unnecessary exertion by feeling of his own head. I have noticed that the older some men get the more they admire the gals, either b'ens ago brings appreciation or b'ens there is no fool like an old fool. The foregoing are a few of the many truths I have picked up as I journeyed through life. The only trouble is that now that I have them, I don't know how to put them to profitable use."—Kansas City Times.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red, rough hands.—Advertisement.

Be Careful of Father

"Fathers should cultivate an unwavering intimacy with and interest in their sons," says a Methodist pastor of Houston. We hesitate to approve this, unless the Society for the Protection of Fathers guarantees to see that the boys don't lead their s'res too far astray.—Houston Post Dispatch.

Not for the Jury

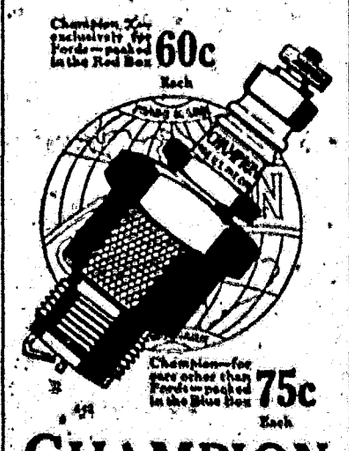
Citizen—Your honor, I'm too sick to do jury duty. I've got a bad case of the itch.

Judge (to clerk)—Scratch this man out.—Briefs.

TOURING

Have you changed your plugs within the last year?

If not, your contentment and satisfaction on your tour will be insured if you install a full set of dependable Champion Spark Plugs before you start.



CHAMPION
Dependable for Every Engine
Toledo, Ohio

PLAY PIANO BY EAR, SIMPLE METHOD. New chart and instructions, $1. D. W. Shanahan, 692 E. Park Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

World's Largest Shoe Dealers
Want a representative in every town to show samples and take orders direct-to-consumer. Call or write manager.
FELTMAN & CURMI SHOE STORES CO.
411 Cooper Bldg., Denver, Colo.

ITCHING RASHES
quickly relieved and often cleared away by a few applications of
Resinol

NELLIE REVELL Says:

EVERY woman in the world dates her calendar from her first operation. In the years gone by they used to date all important events from the year of the big frost or the year the children had the measles. But now, I reckon, they don't have children, and, if they do, the children don't have measles. Nothing else stamps itself so indelibly on mamma's mind as her last operation, and every woman seems to have had one some time in her career.

The operationless woman would be as much out of style as a petticoat or a woman who doesn't roll her own (sox), and the way their imagination runs riot when they are describing it to their friends! A woman who wouldn't think of distorting the truth on any other subject just refuses to be hampered by facts during her organ recital and nine out of ten greet their post-operative visitors with a speech something like this:

"Oh, yes, I suppose I am looking pretty good today. But you should have seen me yesterday! The doctor was really frightened; he told me so today. I hadn't had one wink of sleep for five nights. Oh, yes, I'm glad I had the operation. The doctor says it was the worst case he ever had seen. If he had postponed it one hour longer, nothing on earth could have saved me; and it was only my will power and the help I gave him that pulled me through. I was on the operating table six hours and have fifty stitches in me. I had to be etherized twice and the anesthetician says I take as much ether as a man does. You know men are harder to etherize than women, because the men are stronger minded. The doctors all say they never saw a patient so brave and one that could stand so much pain as I did. For they knew what I was suffering. I was unconscious three weeks. They wonder how I ever lived with all that was the matter with me. Of course, I'm glad it's over. It was the only thing to do, but it was terrible."

They all say it!

The old Roman epicureans thought that eating was the world's greatest indoor sport. But I'm sure none of them ever got such a thrill out of the dinner hour as I did the first time I looked at a menu card last fall after four years of table d'hote service in the hospital, and ordered from it just what I wanted. It was roast pork. Nor did any of them ever tingle with such exquisite happiness as I felt when the waiter presented the tab.

There was a time when I signed tabs in half the restaurants on Broadway, and the old order, it seemed to me, had returned. I was again a citizen and had, not a number, but a name. I signed the check merely "O. K. Revell," but if it had been the Declaration of Independence I should have been no surer that once again I had attained to freedom.

Before I was taken to the hospital I had lived forty-six years—a life I was in no way responsible for. I lived, as other people do, mostly because no one had killed me and I had not killed myself. But in the four and a half years of my illness I feel that I have earned the right to live. I have paid for my life with blood, scars, pains and tears. This life is mine. And it brings a feeling of achievement and victory that only those who have gone through it can experience. But it is a wonderful feeling.

Anyone who has a hankering to search out his family tree and discover how he happens to be here, had better first consult Senator Francis Murphy of vaudeville fame. It may prevent much embarrassment in the end. Mr. Murphy was telling me of the old Irishman of his acquaintance who felt sure he had descended from Brian Boru and finally saved enough money to go to the old country and look up his family tree. The senator ran into him on the street six months later.

"Well, Mr. Connelly," he asked, "did you find out anything about your family tree?"

"I did," said Connelly. "I found out enough so that if it will just let me alone, I'll let it alone."

If you had a "spinach complex" and for five years was forced to eat it, at least once a day, till you loathed the sight of it, and just when you were arriving at the stage where you could give it the "ha ha" when you saw it on the menu, you acquired a brand-new nurse who sits at the table with you, and orders spinach twice a day and swears that she likes it—just how would you proceed?

DEAD SURE

Here lies the body of William Jay,
Who died defending his right of way;
For William was right and he sped along,
But he's just as dead as if he'd been wrong.

"The difference between the upper and lower classes," concludes Florence Flinn, "is that the former are tired in the morning and the latter tired in the evening."

"You can't make me believe we are not improving our minds," Carroll McComas asserts. "I have heard three persons quote Shakespeare and credit it to the Bible this week."

(Copyright by the McNaught Syndicate, Inc.)

From Here and There

In the open ocean the tide wave is about four feet high.

Many natives in the Philippines still build their houses in trees.

Japan is the second largest user of electricity as a means of lighting.

The manufacture of feather flatirons is almost entirely done by hand.

A Dutchman by the name of J. B. Van Helmond discovered gas in 1600.

The sap, leaves and flowers of the century plant are commercially valuable.

EAGER SHOPPERS THRONG STORES

Salesgirls Dread Bargain Days

Louisa was tired. From morning until night she had been on her feet in a busy department store. No matter how she felt, she must serve her customers with a smile. Her head throbbed and her feet ached. Week after week, she felt her strength ebbing until she was in a run-down condition, not fit to work.

"My mother suggested that I try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound," she writes. "I took only three bottles and it brought me about all right." Through the Vegetable Compound, she found better health to do her work and she told the other girls about it.

That was several years ago. Louisa is now Mrs. L. G. Van Dyke of 1246 Spring St., Morrell Park, Baltimore, Md. She is the mother of three healthy, active children. She says that she found the tonic effect of the Vegetable Compound helpful to her during this critical period.

Every working girl knows that to do her work properly and easily she must have good health. She can not afford to lose time from her work.

Girls who suffer from weakness and run down condition should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ask your neighbor.

Cuticura Soap
Pure and Wholesome
Keeps The Skin Clear
Soap, Ointment, Talcum sold everywhere.

Powerful Locomotive

A new type of freight locomotive has been designed which is said to be capable of hauling 125 cars of freight across the Rocky mountains at the rate of 50 miles an hour. The engine is the first to have three cylinders in combination with six pairs of drive wheels. It is 102 feet long and weighs 782,000 pounds. It cost $105,000. It is 16 feet high, 7 feet wide, carries 15,000 gallons of water and consumes between six and seven tons of coal an hour.

Should Please Anglers

Gov. Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania is the designer of an improved fishing rod. It is made of split bamboo in three sections, is nine feet long and weighs six and a quarter ounces. It is especially adapted for casting weighted lures such as small plugs, feathered minnows and frogs.

CORNS
In one minute the pain is Gone!
Gets at the *cause* of corns
Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads work like magic, because they remove the cause—pressing or rubbing of shoes. The pain goes instantly. Amateur paring or burning with "drops" (acid) is dangerous—and doesn't stop the cause. Zino-pads are safe, sure, antiseptic, healing. They *protect* while they *heal*. Get a box at your druggist's or shoe dealer's—35c.
For Free Sample write The Scholl Mfg. Co., Chicago
Dr Scholl's Zino-pads
Put one on—the pain is gone

Keep Stomach and Bowels Right
By giving baby the harmless, barely vegetable, infants' and children's regulator.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP
brings astonishing, gratifying results in making baby's stomach digest food and bowels move as they should at teething time. Guaranteed free from narcotics, opiates, alcohol and all harmful ingredients. Safe and satisfactory.
At All Druggists

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE
Placed any where, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed. Sold upon trial from your dealer.
DAISY FLY KILLER
HAROLD SOMERS Brooklyn N. Y.

Real Assistance

An understanding partner is a big help at a dance, in the opinion of one coed who attended a sorority affair held recently in the Claypool hotel. During the execution of the strenuous charleston her "store hair," used to conceal the bobbed locks, became loose and threatened disaster.

"My hair, it's falling!" she gasped. With that, the young man caught the wayward tresses as they slid down her neck and stuck them in his coat pocket and continued the dance.—Indianapolis News.

Good Hunting

First Farmer—Welf, how did you keep the wolf away from the door this winter?

Second Farmer—Shot it and got the bounty.

Butterscotch was not of Scotch origin, as the word is a colloquialism meaning "to scorch."

Sure Relief
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

HOW TO KEEP WELL

DR. FREDERICK R. GREEN
Editor of "HEALTH"

(©, 1930, Western Newspaper Union.)

SCARLET FEVER WITHOUT RASH

IN THE early days of medicine diseases were named from their more obvious and common features. So any illness in which the patient had a fever and a bright scarlet rash on the body was called "scarlet fever." Before these days, any illness in which the patient had a fever, as shown by the skin feeling hot and dry to the hand of the attending physician, was called a fever. Fevers were divided into groups, according to their duration, as continuing fever, intermittent fever, relapsing fever, etc.

With the invention of the clinical thermometer, it became possible for the doctor or nurse to determine whether there was any fever and how much, although even now the thermometer is not an absolutely accurate guide. But an increase of temperature is found in many conditions and to say, today, that a patient has a fever means little.

When fevers began to be divided and classified, naturally the next most prominent symptom was taken. So scarlet fever was recognized by its bright red rash, typhus fever by the stupor or mental dullness, which its victim showed, typhoid, which for many years was confused with typhus, by the fact that the stupor was like typhus but not so deep.

But symptoms are largely a matter of individual peculiarity. So until the cause of a disease is found and recognized, it is not possible to recognize any disease with accuracy.

Since scarlet fever has always been identified by the rash, the generally accepted rule has been, no rash, no scarlet fever. But it has long been suspected that many cases, in which no rash appeared, were really scarlet fever but that the rash was absent on account of some individual peculiarity. The discovery and positive proof that scarlet fever is due to a minute germ or plant, growing in the throat, has made it possible to decide, in doubtful cases, just what any particular infection may be and we now know that there may be cases of true scarlet fever with no signs of a rash.

In a recent issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association, Doctor Stevens and Doctor Dochez of New York describe an epidemic among the nurses in the Presbyterian hospital. In many of these cases, sore throat, fever, inflammation of the kidneys and all the other usual signs of scarlet fever were present, without any skin rash whatever. Tests of the blood showed that the germ now recognized as the cause of scarlet fever was present in all cases.

DOING JUSTICE TO POTATOES

THE potato is an original American. Before Columbus' voyage in 1492, the then civilized world knew nothing about potatoes. Not only the sweet potato or yam but also what we now erroneously call Irish or white potatoes were unknown as food. It is claimed that the celebrated English explorer, Sir Walter Raleigh, first among Englishmen, discovered the potato on Roanoke Island. It was planted and grown by the Virginia Indians. So that Sir Walter was probably the first Anglo-Saxon who ever tasted the delights of a boiled or baked potato. Such delicacies as French or German fried, potatoes au gratin and O'Brien were still to come.

Sir Walter brought back some potatoes to England on one of his voyages. They were not received with enthusiasm at first. Like tobacco, tomatoes and Indian corn, other exclusively American plants, it took years for Europe to adopt them. Like most new foods, potatoes were accused of being responsible for all sorts of diseases. They were said to cause leprosy and rheumatism, just as tomatoes, for years, were suspected of causing cancer. Pure nonsense! Doctors now order tomato juice for babies instead of more expensive and less effective orange juice, as we know that tomato juice, either fresh or canned, has more vitamines in it than any other substance.

In the Eighteenth century potatoes were taken up as food and grown in large quantities both in this country and Europe. In Ireland, especially, they were grown in large quantities and used for food so generally that an epidemic of potato rot in Ireland in the middle of the last century caused one of the worst famines that country has ever known.

For the last 20 years food faddists have been whacking the potato at every opportunity. They contained a large amount of starch; they caused fat; they should not be included in any diet. Much of this is nonsense.

So it is a pleasure to see How to Live, the bulletin of the Life Extension Institute, do justice to the potato. It is one of our most valuable foods. It does contain starch but the human race has lived, largely on starch of some kind for 5,000 years. Starch does form fat, but so do all foods taken in excess. Potatoes are 75 per cent water. They are alkaline and if eaten in moderation are a wholesome and valuable food. Fat is due to too much food and too little exercise, not to eating or abstaining from any one food.

Hint for Husbands

A thoughtful husband should remember that his poor tired wife likes to be taken out to dinner once in a while and let some one else open the cans for a change.—Ohio State Journal.

Not a Fixed Star

The naval observatory says no star has been certainly identified as the star of Bethlehem. It is a common belief among Christians that this was a supernatural phenomenon.

FIRST
to develop and use the self-starter

The first practical self-starting and lighting system, the Delco, was invented in Dayton, Ohio, in 1910.

It opened a new era in the history of the automobile, extending its service to women, making night driving safe and *all* driving vastly more comfortable and secure.

Delco was first used by Cadillac, a General Motors car.

The inventor of Delco is today head of the Research Section of General Motors, whose personnel includes scientific leaders in every phase of automotive development.

General Motors operates the largest automotive research laboratories and proving ground in the world. They are added assurance that whatever is *best* and *soundest* in scientific progress will be found in General Motors products.

GENERAL MOTORS

CHEVROLET · PONTIAC · OLDSMOBILE
OAKLAND · BUICK · CADILLAC
GMC TRUCKS
YELLOW CABS, BUSES AND TRUCKS
"A car for every purse and purpose"

A New Nest Egg

"For the luve Mike where is my cue ball?"

"Oh, I'm so sorry, dear; I lent it to old Mrs. Jones for a nest egg. Couldn't you use Jimmy's baseball this one time?"

The Difference

"What is the difference between a snake and a piano?"

"Give it up."

"None. You write both with 'b'."

"What—snake and piano?"

"No—both!"

Grandpa Roach's Story

END the roach nuisance *now*. Flit will do it. Flit spray destroys roaches, bed bugs and ants. It searches out the cracks and crevices where they hide and breed, and destroys insects and their eggs.

Kills All Household Insects

Flit spray also clears your home in a few minutes of disease-bearing flies and mosquitoes. It is clean, safe and easy to use. Spray Flit on your garments. Flit kills moths and their larvae, which eat holes. Extensive tests showed that Flit spray did not stain the most delicate fabrics.

Flit is the result of exhaustive research by expert entomologists and chemists. It is harmless to mankind. Flit has replaced the old methods because it kills *all* the insects—and does it quickly.

Get a Flit can and spray it today. For sale everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (NEW JERSEY)

FLIT
DESTROYS
Flies Mosquitoes Moths
Ants Bed Bugs Roaches
"The yellow can with the black band"

The modern method of cutting diamonds to show off the play of colors was developed 450 years ago.

Tourists to Canada this year were so numerous that retail stores prospered.

The population of the whole world is estimated to be approximately 1,800,000,000.

Gold, diamonds and coal represent half of the total exports of South Africa.

Shake it into Your Shoes
Sprinkle it into the Foot-bath
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
THE ANTISEPTIC, HEALING POWDER FOR THE FEET
Takes the friction from the shoe, relieves the pain of corns, bunions, callouses and sore spots, freshens the feet and gives new vigor.
Makes Tight or New Shoes Feel Easy
At night, when your feet are tired, sore and swollen from excessive dancing or walking, sprinkle Allen's Foot-Ease in the foot-bath and enjoy the bliss of feet without an ache. Over One Million five hundred thousand pounds of powder for the feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war. Trial package and a Foot-Ease Walking Doll sent FREE. Address
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Capitan Mountaineer.

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